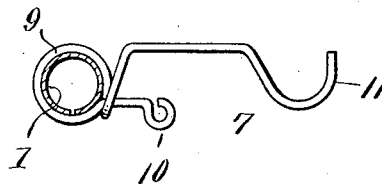
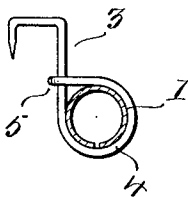
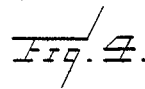
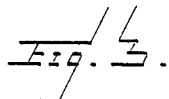
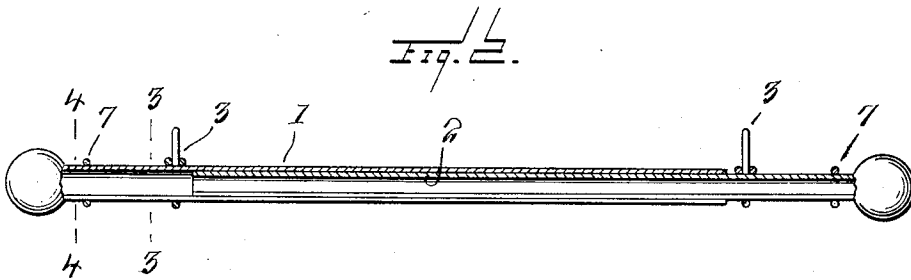
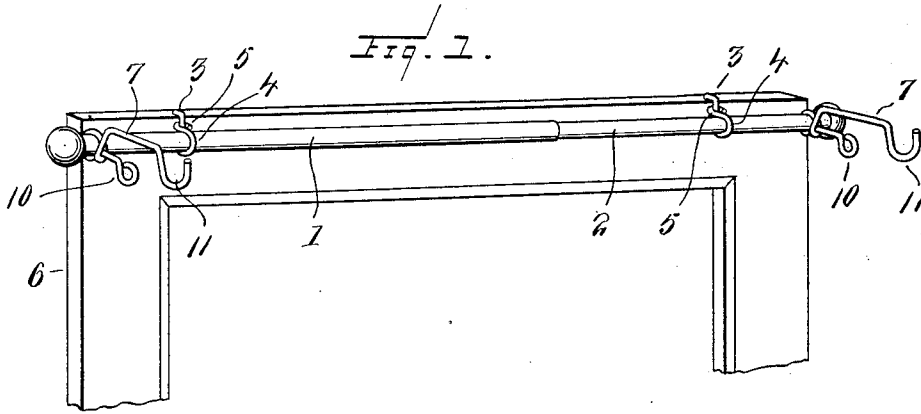


J. F. SOFRANKO.
CURTAIN BRACKET.
APPLICATION FILED MAY 13, 1911.

1,039,606.

Patented Sept. 24, 1912.



Witnesses
E. R. Ruppert.
Wm. North.

Inventor
John F. Sofranko
By Victor J. Evans
Attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN F. SOFRANKO, OF ALBIA, IOWA.

CURTAIN-BRACKET.

1,039,606.

Specification of Letters Patent. . Patented Sept. 24, 1912.

Application filed May 13, 1911. Serial No. 626,899.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, JOHN F. SOFRANKO, a citizen of the United States, residing at Albia, in the State of Iowa, have invented
5 new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Brackets, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to a combined lace curtain pole, shade support, and pole support for lambrequins or other draperies, the primary object being to provide a device of this class which is longitudinally adjustable to accommodate themselves to the various sizes of windows, which is provided
15 with means whereby the support may be attached to the window frame without marring the same.

The invention further consists in the novel construction of window shades, rollers, and pole supports for lambrequins and draperies, as will hereinafter be more fully described and claimed.

In the drawings accompanying this specification, there has been illustrated a simple and preferred embodiment of the improvement, and in which drawings,—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the improved device, showing the same in applied position upon the window frame or casing.
30 Fig. 2 is a central longitudinal sectional view through the support. Fig. 3 is a transverse sectional view upon the line 3—3 of Fig. 2. Fig. 4 is a similar sectional view upon the line 4—4 of Fig. 2.

35 Referring particularly to the accompanying drawings, it will be noted that my improvement comprises essentially two independent members, each comprising slitted hollow rods which are indicated by the numerals 1 and 2. Both of the rods are constructed of some resilient material, and the rod 2 which telescopes within the rod 1 is adapted to exert a pressure toward the said rod 1, while the rod 1 is adapted to exert a pressure upon the rod 2. Each of the rods are provided with suitable attaching elements designated by the numeral 3. These attaching elements are each preferably constructed of a single strand of wire having
45 a loop portion 4 which is wound around either of the rods and which has one of its extremities formed with an eye 5 which embraces the vertical extension of the said element. The vertical extension is off-set and provided with a downturned portion
55

forming a tooth which is adapted to be inserted within the top member of the window casing 6, or to be arranged between the said member and the wall.

Each of the rod members 1 and 2 is provided adjacent its headed end with a combined shade roller and pole support. These supports, each designated by the numeral 7, are each of a substantially similar formation, and the reference characters applied
60 to one of the said members may be also taken in connection with the second member. The members 7 are each formed of a single strand of suitable material, the same being provided with a loop 9 which encircles the rods. The lower member adjacent the said loop 9 is projected upwardly a suitable distance and has its end formed with an eye
65 10. The opposite strand provided by the loop is bent upwardly and outwardly over the member provided with the eye 10 and has its extremity formed with a downwardly curved end 11, the latter being adapted for the reception of the drapery rod while the eyes 10 of the lower member
70 are adapted to receive the ends or pintles of a shade roller. The members 9 are connected with the rod sections in any desired manner, such as by a socket, indenting the loops within the rods or other analogous
75 means. It will be noted that the said members being slitted and being constructed of resilient material will exert a tension upon the loops 9 to sustain the members 7 in a proper position thereon.
80

From the above description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, the simplicity of the device, as well as the advantages thereof will, it is thought, be perfectly apparent to those skilled in the art to which such inventions appertain, it being understood, however, that while I have illustrated and described the preferred embodiment of the improvement as it now appears to me, changes in the minor details
85 of construction which fall within the scope of the appended claim may be made, if desired.

Having thus fully described the said invention, what I claim is:—

In combination with a slitted pole constructed of resilient material, of a support for the purpose set forth, said support being formed of a single strip of wire and having a looped portion which surrounds and
105 110

tightly engages with the slitted resilient pole, the loop being extended adjacent the lower portion of the pole to provide a short arm which terminates in an eye, the opposite
5 terminal of the loop being twisted around the arm at its juncture with the loop and extended upwardly and outwardly above the arm, but in a plane parallel therewith, the said outwardly extending portion being of

a greater length than the arms and having 10 its extremity curved.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN F. SOFRANKO.

Witnesses:

A. B. CROWLEY,
L. C. BAXTER.

Copies of this patent may be obtained for five cents each, by addressing the "Commissioner of Patents, Washington, D. C."
