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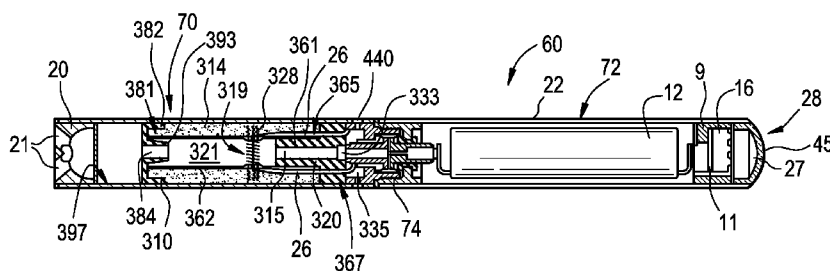
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(54) **Title:** E-VAPING SECTION FOR AN E-VAPING DEVICE

**FIG. 2**



(57) **Abstract:** An e-vaping section includes a power supply, control circuitry and a removable insulator. The removable insulator is operable to prevent an electrical connection between the power supply and the control circuitry during manufacturing and shipment of the section when the e-vaping section is in a stored configuration.

**E-VAPING SECTION FOR AN E-VAPING DEVICE****PRIORITY STATEMENT**

This application is a non-provisional application that claims priority to U.S. provisional app. no. 62/072,101, filed on October 29, 2014, the entire contents of which is incorporated by reference  
5 in its entirety.

**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**Field of the Invention

Example embodiments relate generally to an electronic vaping (or, e-vaping) section and/or e-vaping device. The e-vaping section may be combined with another section to form an e-vaping  
10 device.

Related Art

E-vaping devices may be used by adult vapers as a portable means of vaping. The e-vaping device may be capable of delivering a pre-vapor formulation from a supply reservoir to a heater. Specifically, e-vaping devices may include a heater capable of vaporizing a pre-vapor  
15 formulation to produce a vapor that may be inhaled by the adult vaper. E-vaping devices may also include a sensor and control circuitry for powering the heater. A power supply within the e-vaping device, or within a section of the e-vaping device, may be used to provide an electrical current to the sensor, the control circuitry and the heater in order to operate the device. During manufacturing and shipping, the power supply may be activated, thereby reducing an overall life  
20 of the power supply.

**SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

At least one example embodiment relates to an e-vaping section.

In one example embodiment, the e-vaping section includes a power supply; control circuitry; and a removable insulator configured to interrupt an electrical connection between the power supply  
25 and the control circuitry.

In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is slideably removable from the e-vaping section in order to allow the electrical connection between the power supply and the control circuitry to be made.

In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is made from a non-electrically conductive  
30 material.

In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is made from one of paper, polymers, fabrics, plastics, and combinations thereof.

5 In one example embodiment, the e-vaping section further includes a ground terminal on the control circuitry; a ground wire electrically connected to the ground terminal; and an outer housing extending in a longitudinal direction, the outer housing being configured to form a part of an electrical circuit that includes the control circuitry and the power supply; wherein a distal end of the removable insulator is positioned between the ground wire and the outer housing.

In one example embodiment, a proximal end of the removable insulator is positioned to extend from the e-vaping section.

10 In one example embodiment, the e-vaping section further includes an end cap near an end of the e-vaping section, wherein a midsection of the removable insulator is positioned between the end cap and the outer housing.

In one example embodiment, the ground wire is biased to press the ground wire toward the outer housing.

15 In one example embodiment, the e-vaping section further includes a gasket holding the control circuitry, the ground wire being positioned between an outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing, the distal end of the removable insulator being positioned between the outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing.

20 In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm in length, about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm in width, and about 0.001 cm to 0.5 cm thick.

In one example embodiment, a proximal end of the removable insulator is textured.

At least another example embodiment relates to an e-vaping device.

In one example embodiment, the e-vaping device includes a reservoir configured to contain a pre-vapor formulation; a heater configured to heat the pre-vapor formulation to form a vapor; a  
25 wick configured to draw the pre-vapor formulation from the reservoir to the heater; a power supply capable of sending an electrical current to the heater to heat the pre-vapor formulation; control circuitry configured to cause the power supply to send the electrical current to the heater if the control circuitry senses an adult vapor inhaling from the e-vaping device; and a removable insulator configured to disrupt an electrical circuit including the power supply, the heater and the  
30 control circuitry.

In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is slideably removable from the e-vaping device in order to allow the electrical circuit to be completed.

In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is made from a non-electrically conductive material.

5 In one example embodiment, the removable insulator is made from one of paper, polymers, fabrics, plastics, and combinations thereof.

In one example embodiment, the e-vaping device further includes a ground terminal on the control circuitry; a ground wire electrically connected to the ground terminal; and an outer housing extending in a longitudinal direction, the outer housing being configured to form a part  
10 of the electrical circuit, wherein a distal end of the removable insulator is positioned between the ground wire and the outer housing.

In one example embodiment, a proximal end of the removable insulator is positioned to extend from the e-vaping device.

In one example embodiment, the e-vaping device further includes a midsection of the removable  
15 insulator that is positioned between the end cap and the outer housing.

In one example embodiment, the ground wire is biased to press the ground wire toward the outer housing.

In one example embodiment, the e-vaping device further includes a gasket holding the control circuitry, the ground wire being positioned between an outer surface of the gasket and an inner  
20 surface of the outer housing, the distal end of the removable insulator being positioned between the outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is an illustration of a top planar view of an e-vaping device, in accordance with an example embodiment;

25 FIG. 2 is an illustration of a side cross-sectional view of an e-vaping device, in accordance with an example embodiment; and

FIG. 3 is a magnified illustration of an end of a section of the e-vaping device, in accordance with an example embodiment.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION

30 Some detailed example embodiments are disclosed herein. However, specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are merely representative for purposes of describing example

embodiments. Example embodiments may, however, be embodied in many alternate forms and should not be construed as limited to only the embodiments set forth herein.

Accordingly, while example embodiments are capable of various modifications and alternative forms, embodiments thereof are shown by way of example in the drawings and will herein be described in detail. It should be understood, however, that there is no intent to limit example  
5 embodiments to the particular forms disclosed, but to the contrary, example embodiments are to cover all modifications, equivalents, and alternatives falling within the scope of example embodiments. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout the description of the figures.

It should be understood that when an element or layer is referred to as being "on," "connected  
10 to," "coupled to," or "covering" another element or layer, it may be directly on, connected to, coupled to, or covering the other element or layer or intervening elements or layers may be present. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being "directly on," "directly connected to," or "directly coupled to" another element or layer, there are no intervening elements or layers present. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout the specification. As used herein, the  
15 term "and/or" includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items.

It should be understood that, although the terms first, second, third, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, items, regions, layers and/or sections, these elements, items, regions, layers, and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element, item, region, layer, or section from another region, layer, or section.

20 Thus, a first element, item, region, layer, or section discussed below could be termed a second element, item, region, layer, or section without departing from the teachings of example embodiments.

Spatially relative terms (e.g., "beneath," "below," "lower," "above," "upper," and the like) may be used herein for ease of description to describe one element or feature's relationship to another  
25 element(s) or feature(s) as illustrated in the figures. It should be understood that the spatially relative terms are intended to encompass different orientations of the device in use or operation in addition to the orientation depicted in the figures. For example, if the device in the figures is turned over, elements described as "below" or "beneath" other elements or features would then be oriented "above" the other elements or features. Thus, the term "below" may encompass both  
30 an orientation of above and below. The device may be otherwise oriented (rotated 90 degrees or at other orientations) and the spatially relative descriptors used herein interpreted accordingly.

The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing various embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of example embodiments. As used herein, the singular forms "a," "an," and "the" are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will be further understood that the terms "includes," "including,"  
5 "comprises," and/or "comprising," when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or items, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, items, and/or groups thereof.

Example embodiments are described herein with reference to cross-sectional illustrations that are  
10 schematic illustrations of idealized embodiments (and intermediate structures) of example embodiments. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result, for example, of manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, are to be expected. Thus, example embodiments should not be construed as limited to the shapes of regions illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing. Thus, the regions illustrated  
15 in the figures are schematic in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the actual shape of a region of a device and are not intended to limit the scope of example embodiments.

Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which example embodiments belong. It will be further understood that terms, including those defined in  
20 commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.

When the word "about" is used in this specification in connection with a numerical value, it is intended that the associated numerical value includes a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$  around the stated  
25 numerical value (or range of values). Moreover, when reference is made to percentages in this specification, it is intended that those percentages are based on weight (i.e., weight percentages). The expression "up to" includes amounts of zero to the expressed upper limit and all values therebetween. When ranges are specified, the range includes all values therebetween such as increments of 0.1%.

Moreover, when the words "generally" and "substantially" are used in connection with geometric  
30 shapes, it is intended that precision of the geometric shape is not required but that latitude for the

shape is within the scope of the disclosure. When used with geometric terms, the words "generally" and "substantially" are intended to encompass not only features which meet the strict definitions but also features which fairly approximate the strict definitions.

FIG. 1 is an illustration of a top planar view of an e-vaping device 60, in accordance with an example embodiment. The e-vaping device 60 may generally be formed of two major sections: a first section 70 that may be a replaceable section (which may be referred to as a "cartridge" section), and a second section 72 that may be a reusable fixture containing a power supply. Optionally, both sections 70/72 may also be disposable sections. Both of the sections 70/72 may be enclosed by a housing 22. The outer housing 22 may be formed of any suitable material or combination of materials. The outer housing 22 may be cylindrical and may be formed at least partially of metal and may be part of the electrical circuit. Although the housing is described herein as cylindrical, other forms and shapes are also contemplated.

The sections 70/72 may be coupled together by a threaded joint 74, or by another mechanism such as a snug-fit connection, a snap-fit connection, a detent, a clamp and/or a clasp. Optionally, the two sections 70/72 may instead be one single section (that may be disposable), such that a joint 74 is not needed. One or more air inlets 440 may be included in the first section 70.

A removable insulator 8 may be positioned on an end 28 of the second section 72. Specifically, a portion of the insulator 8 may extend into the second section 72, where a midsection 8c of the insulator 8 may be held between the outer housing 22 and the end cap 45, such that a portion of a distal end 8a of the insulator 8 may be positioned between a control circuitry gasket 9 (where gasket 9 holds control circuitry 11) and the housing 22 to ensure that ground wire 10 may not contact outer housing 22 (as shown in detail in FIG. 3). A distal end 8b of the insulator 8 may extend beyond the confines of section 72, allowing the insulator 8 to act as a "pull tab." The specific features and function of the insulator 8 is described in greater detail in relation to FIG. 3, below.

FIG. 2 is an illustration of a side cross-sectional view of the e-vaping device 60, in accordance with an example embodiment. Specifically, in this illustration, the e-vaping device 60 is shown in an operational configuration, where the insulator 8 has been removed from the device 60, allowing the e-vaping device 60 to be powered-up in order to vaporize a pre-vapor formulation.

The first section 70 may extend in a longitudinal direction with an inner tube (or chimney) 362 coaxially positioned within the outer housing 22. The first section 70 may include a mouth-end

insert 20 at one end, with outlets 21 located at ends of off-axis passages angled outwardly in relation to a longitudinal direction of the e-vaping device 60. In an embodiment, there may be only a single centrally located outlet 21.

5 A nose portion 361 of a gasket (or seal) 320 may be fitted into an end portion 365 of the inner tube 362, where an outer perimeter 367 of the gasket 320 may provide a liquid-tight seal with an interior surface 397 of the outer housing 22. The gasket 320 may also include a central, longitudinal air passage 315, which may open into an interior of the inner tube 362 to define a central channel 321. A transverse channel 333 at a portion of the gasket 320 may intersect and communicate with the central, longitudinal air passage 315 of the gasket 320. This channel 333  
10 assures communication between the central, longitudinal air passage 315 and a space 335 defined between the gasket 320 and the threaded connection 74.

A nose portion 393 of a gasket 310 may be fitted into an end portion 381 of the inner tube 362. An outer perimeter 382 of the gasket 310 provides a substantially liquid-tight seal with an interior surface 397 of the outer housing 22. The gasket 310 may include a central channel 384  
15 disposed between the central passage 321 of the inner tube 362 and the mouth end insert 20.

A reservoir 314 may be contained in an annulus between the inner tube 362 and the outer housing 22, and between the first gasket 320 and the second gasket 310. Thus, the reservoir 314 may at least partially surround the central air passage 321. The reservoir 314 may contain a pre-vapor formulation. The reservoir 314 may also optionally include a storage medium (not  
20 shown), such as a fibrous and/or gauze structure, capable of suspending the pre-vapor formulation.

The pre-vapor formulation may include a tobacco-containing material including volatile tobacco flavor compounds which may be released from the pre-vapor formulation upon heating. Alternatively, or in addition, the pre-vapor formulation may include a non-tobacco material. For  
25 example, the pre-vapor formulation may include water, solvents, active ingredients, ethanol, plant extracts and natural or artificial flavors. The pre-vapor formulation may further include a vapor former. Examples of suitable vapor formers may be glycerine, propylene glycol, etc. Because of the diversity of suitable pre-vapor formulations, it should be understood that these various pre-vapor formulations may include varying physical properties, such as varying  
30 densities, viscosities, surface tensions and vapor pressures.



A heater 319 may extend through the central air passage 321 of the inner tube 362. The heater 319 may be in contact with a filamentary wick 328, which may extend between opposing sections of the reservoir 314 so as to deliver the pre-vapor formulation from the reservoir 314 to the heater 319. Electrical leads 26 may be electrically connected to the heater 319 in order to energize the heater 319 when the device 60 is actively being used by an adult vaper. One or more air inlets 440 may be positioned near an end of the first section 70.

The second section 72 may include a power supply 12, which may be a battery that may be either disposable or rechargeable. The power supply 12 may be operable to apply a voltage across the heater 319. Thus, the heater 319 may volatilize the pre-vapor formulation according to a power cycle of either a time period, such as a 2 to 10 second period. The second section 72 may include a puff sensor 16 with control circuitry 11 which may be on a printed circuit board. The control circuitry 11 may also include a heater activation light 27 that may be operable to glow when the heater 319 is activated. The end cap 45 may be positioned on a distal end of the second section 72.

#### The E-Vaping Device in Use

In use, an adult vaper may draw air from the e-vaping device 60 into their mouth via the air outlets 21 of the mouth-end insert 20. This draw of air may cause air to be pulled into the device 60 via the one or more air inlets 440, where this entering air is then directed through air passage 315, central channel 321, and channel 384 before being discharged from the outlets 21. This air movement may create a vacuum force that may be sensed by puff sensor 16. In response to output from the puff sensor 16, the control circuitry 11 may cause an electrical circuit to close that includes the outer housing 22, the battery 12, the electrical leads 26, and the heater 319, such that the heater 319 may become electrically energized. The energized heater 319 may vaporize the pre-vapor formulation that may be drawn from reservoir 314 through wick 328 into the central channel 321. The vapor formed by the energized heater 319 may become entrained in the air flowing through the central channel 321, such that air and entrained vapor then passes through outlets 21.

FIG. 3 is a magnified illustration of an end 28 of section 72 of the e-vaping device 60, in accordance with an example embodiment. Specifically, FIG. 3 depicts a distal end 8a of the removable insulator 8 positioned between gasket 9 and housing 22. When the removable insulator 8 is fitted into the end 28 of the section 72, the distal end 8a may prevent an electrical

connection between the power supply 12 and the control circuitry 11, thereby preventing an activation of the e-vaping device 60 prior to an adult vaper pulling the insulator 8 from the end 28. With the distal end 8a of the insulator 8 positioned within the section 72 to disrupt the electrical circuit that would otherwise be available to allow the control circuitry 11 to send  
5 electrical power to heater 319 (for instance, when the e-vaping device is in operational use by an adult vaper), the section 72 of the e-vaping device 60 may be considered in a “stored configuration,” such that the insulator 8 does not allow the control circuitry 11 to be powered on and actively operated.

In an embodiment, ground wire 10 may be electrically connected to a ground terminal 11a of the  
10 control circuitry 11. In operational use, the e-vaping device 60 may rely on the ground wire 10 to make contact with the housing 22 (which may be made of metal) in order to ground an electrical circuit that may energize the control circuitry 11, where this electrical circuit may also provide electrical power from the power supply 12 to the heater 319 as needed (e.g., when an adult vaper inhales from the e-vaping device, as described in detail above). To this end, the  
15 ground wire 10 may be biased to ensure that the wire 10 contacts and presses up against housing 22, especially following removal of the insulator 8 from end 28 prior to the e-vaping device 60 being powered on. For instance, the wire 10 may be biased by the gasket 9, where the gasket 9 may be made from a resilient material. The resilient material may be, for instance, silicon, nitrile rubber, or another suitable non-electrically conductive material that may effectively press the  
20 wire 10 in a radially outward direction, thereby ensuring that the wire 10 adequately contacts the housing 22 once the removable insulator 8 is slideably removed from section 72. Likewise, the wire 10, or a portion of the wire 10, may be made from a resilient material that provides a spring force that ensures that the wire 10 adequately contacts the housing 22 once the removable insulator 8 is slideably removed from section 72. Once the insulator 8 is slideably removed from  
25 the section 72, the control circuitry 11 may be electrically powered by the power source 12, such that the section 72 may be considered in an “activated configuration.”

The insulator 8 may be formed of a non-electrically conductive, insulating material such as paper, polymers, fabrics, plastics and combinations thereof. The insulator 8 may be a small strip made from a low-friction material in order to avoid removing electrical components, or in  
30 particular removing the ground wire 10, as the insulator 8 is pulled from the end 28 prior to an activation and operational use of the device 60.

The insulator may be long enough to provide a sufficient amount of material to be grasped by an adult vaper. For instance, the insulator 8 may be about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm in length. The insulator 8 may also be about 0.2 cm to 0.9 cm long, or about 0.3 cm to 0.8 cm long, or about 0.4 cm to 0.7 cm long, or about 0.5 cm to 0.7 cm long. The insulator 8 may also be about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm  
5 in width. The insulator 8 may also be about 0.2 cm to 0.9 cm wide, or about 0.3 cm to 0.8 cm wide, or about 0.4 cm to 0.7 cm wide, or about 0.5 cm to 0.6 cm wide.

The proximal end 8b of the insulator 8 (if not the entirety of insulator 8) may be textured to allow an adult vaper to more easily grasp the end 8b and remove the insulator 8 from the end 28 of the e-vaping device 60. The insulator 8 may be any color, and may include indicia, such as  
10 instructions for removal and/or trademark information. The material used to form the insulator 8 may be strong enough to withstand a force needed to pull the insulator 8 and fully remove the insulator 8 from between the outer housing 22 and the gasket 9 in order to activate the e-vaping device 60.

Example embodiments having thus been described, it will be obvious that the same may be  
15 varied in many ways. Such variations are not to be regarded as a departure from the intended spirit and scope of example embodiments, and all such modifications as would be obvious to one skilled in the art are intended to be included within the scope of the following claims.

What is claimed is:

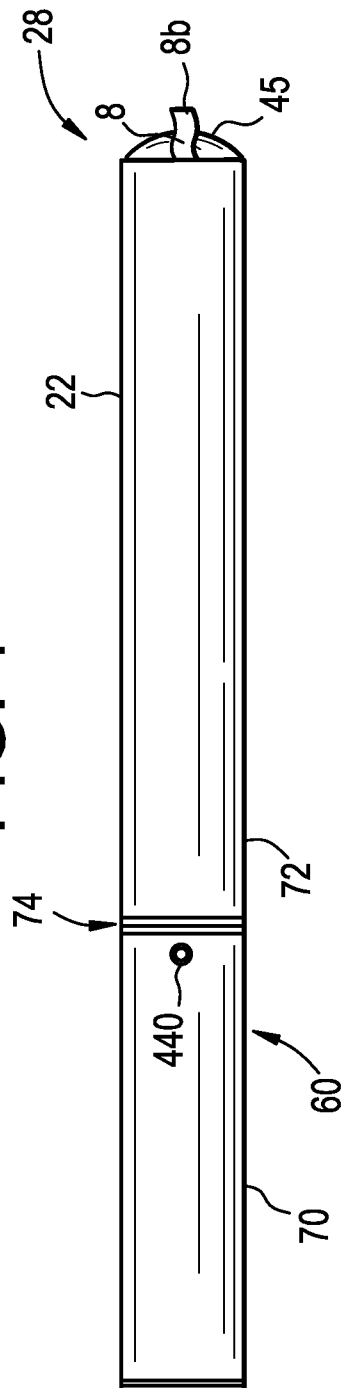
1. An e-vaping section, comprising:  
a power supply;  
control circuitry; and  
a removable insulator configured to interrupt an electrical connection between the power supply and the control circuitry.
2. The e-vaping section of claim 1, wherein the removable insulator is slideably removable from the e-vaping section in order to allow the electrical connection between the power supply and the control circuitry to be made.
3. The e-vaping section of claim 1, wherein the removable insulator is made from a non-electrically conductive material.
4. The e-vaping section of claim 3, wherein the removable insulator is made from one of paper, polymers, fabrics, plastics, and combinations thereof.
5. The e-vaping section of claim 1, further comprising:  
a ground terminal on the control circuitry;  
a ground wire electrically connected to the ground terminal; and  
an outer housing extending in a longitudinal direction, the outer housing being configured to form a part of an electrical circuit that includes the control circuitry and the power supply;  
wherein a distal end of the removable insulator is positioned between the ground wire and the outer housing.
6. The e-vaping section of claim 5, wherein a proximal end of the removable insulator is positioned to extend from the e-vaping section.

7. The e-vaping section of claim 5, further comprising:  
an end cap near an end of the e-vaping section,  
wherein a midsection of the removable insulator is positioned between the end cap and the outer housing.
8. The e-vaping section of claim 5, wherein the ground wire is biased to press the ground wire toward the outer housing.
9. The e-vaping section of claim 8, further comprising:  
a gasket holding the control circuitry, the ground wire being positioned between an outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing,  
the distal end of the removable insulator being positioned between the outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing.
10. The e-vaping section of claim 1, wherein the removable insulator is about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm in length, about 0.1 cm to 1.0 cm in width, and about 0.001 cm to 0.5 cm thick.
11. The e-vaping section of claim 1, wherein a proximal end of the removable insulator is textured.
12. An e-vaping device, comprising:  
a reservoir configured to contain a pre-vapor formulation;  
a heater configured to heat the pre-vapor formulation to form a vapor;  
a wick configured to draw the pre-vapor formulation from the reservoir to the heater;  
a power supply capable of sending an electrical current to the heater to heat the pre-vapor formulation;  
control circuitry configured to cause the power supply to send the electrical current to the heater if the control circuitry senses an adult vaper inhaling from the e-vaping device; and  
a removable insulator configured to disrupt an electrical circuit including the power supply, the heater and the control circuitry.

13. The e-vaping device of claim 12, wherein the removable insulator is slideably removable from the e-vaping device in order to allow the electrical circuit to be completed.
14. The e-vaping device of claim 12, wherein the removable insulator is made from a non-electrically conductive material.
15. The e-vaping device of claim 12, wherein the removable insulator is made from one of paper, polymers, fabrics, plastics, and combinations thereof.
16. The e-vaping device of claim 12, further comprising:
  - a ground terminal on the control circuitry;
  - a ground wire electrically connected to the ground terminal; and
  - an outer housing extending in a longitudinal direction, the outer housing being configured to form a part of the electrical circuit,wherein a distal end of the removable insulator is positioned between the ground wire and the outer housing.
17. The e-vaping device of claim 16, wherein a proximal end of the removable insulator is positioned to extend from the e-vaping device.
18. The e-vaping device of claim 16, further comprising:
  - an end cap near an end of the e-vaping section,wherein a midsection of the removable insulator is positioned between the end cap and the outer housing.
19. The e-vaping device of claim 16, wherein the ground wire is biased to press the ground wire toward the outer housing.
20. The e-vaping device of claim 19, further comprising:
  - a gasket holding the control circuitry, the ground wire being positioned between an outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing,

the distal end of the removable insulator being positioned between the outer surface of the gasket and an inner surface of the outer housing.

FIG. 1



**FIG. 2**

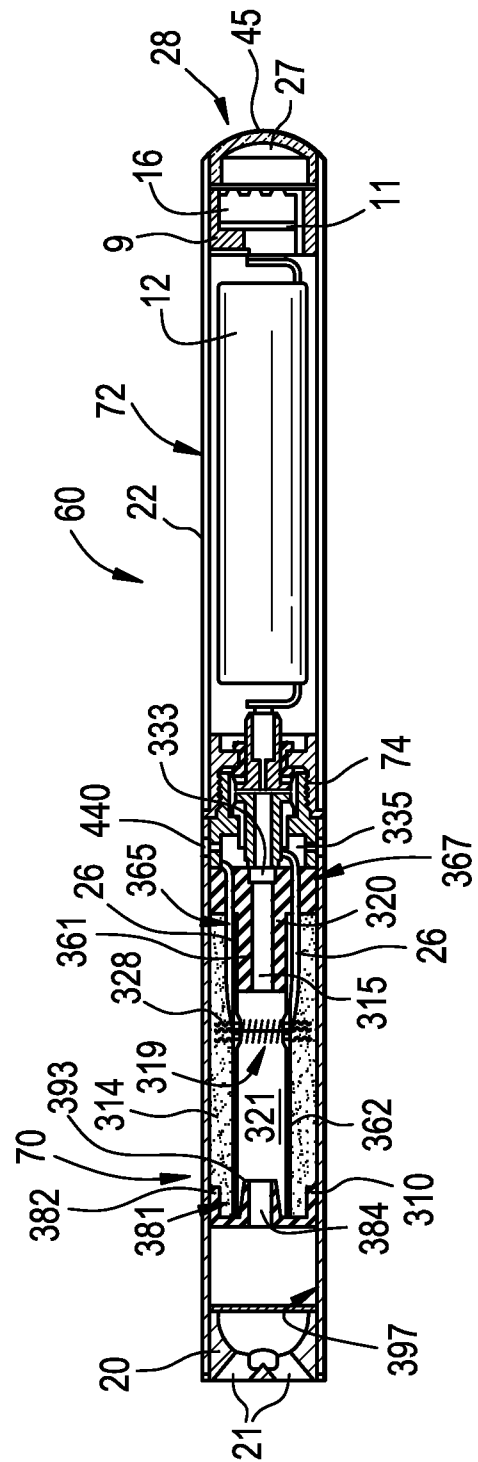




FIG. 3

