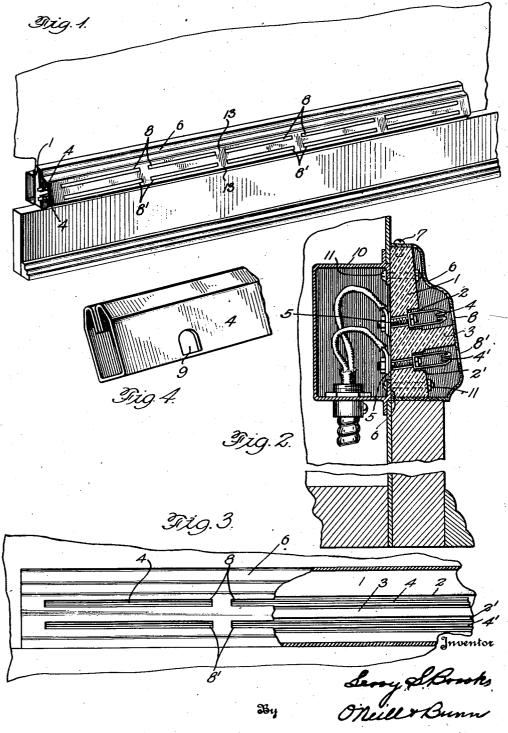
CONTINUOUS OUTLET RECEPTACLE

Filed June 18, 1929



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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CONTINUOUS OUTLET RECEPTACLE

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The invention relates to continuous outlet receptacles simulating finishing or molding strips for baseboards, so that the outlet device may be applied as an integral part of 5 the molding trim and at the same time afford means for making multiple electrical connections by means of most of the standard plug connectors, thereby avoiding the necessity of cutting the baseboard of a room 10 or apartment, or mutilating the wall structure other than to provide a single opening for a standard wall box or condulet to receive the end of the supply cable or the conductor wires furnishing the current.

The invention is illustrated in the accom-

panying drawing, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of the outlet device, with one end thereof in section, the device being shown as applied to the baseboard or wash-board of a room or apartment.

Fig. 2 is an enlarged sectional end eleva-

Fig. 3 is a front elevation, partly broken

Fig. 4 is a fragmentary perspective of a

conductor strip.

Referring to the drawing, 1 indicates the base of the continuous outlet receptacle, 30 which base is formed as an elongated strip of insulating material, such as bakelite, which strip may be provided with a beveled front face, in which is formed two parallel longitudinal grooves 2, 2', preferably coexten-sive with the length of the strip, and an outwardly projecting tongue 3 between the grooves to constitute a barrier between the

contacts mounted in the grooves.

The contacts 4, 4' are preferably of the form illustrated in detail in Fig. 4, each consisting of a strip of copper or copper alloy bent to substantially U-shape, with the free edges turned inward to form spring jaws to be engaged by the tines or legs of any 45 standard connector plug, the base portion of the U-shaped strip being flat to engage the bottom of the corresponding groove. Each contact strip is secured in the corresponding groove by means of bolts engaging registering openings in the bottoms of the contact with one tine or leg of the plug entering the

Two of the connecting bolts, such as vals. 5, 5, pass through the base 1 and are provided with lock nuts and washers whereby the supply wires may be connected to the conductor strips, said bolts, therefore, constituting terminal connectors for the respective strips. To facilitate the insertion of the bolts in the openings in the bottom of the strips, the latter may be provided with lateral openings; such as 9, at proper intervals. The 60 terminal contact bolts 5, 5 may be located at any point in the base, but are preferably applied near one end thereof, the other bolts for securing the conductor strips in place, preferably, being passed through appropri- 65 ate openings in the bottom of the contact strips and either tapped into threaded openings in the base or secured by nuts let into countersunk openings in the back of the base In either case, the bolts do not extend entirely 70 through the base, so that the openings in the base which are not occupied by the screws may be plugged with suitable insulating ce-. ment.

Associated with the bases a cover 6, which 75 is preferably made of a flexible insulating material, such, for example, as sheet bakelite, which is molded or otherwise formed to simulate molding, which may correspond with the regular molding trim employed in the 80 room or apartment, in which the outlet is to be applied. Preferably, the cover extends over the top and under the bottom of the base and may be secured to the top of the base by screws 7 and locked in engagement 85 with the bottom of the base by means of an upwardly extending tongue 6 engaging a groove in the lower rear marginal edge of the base. The front of the cover is provided with two series of parallel slots 8 and 8' in alignment with the contact strips 4 and 4', the slots in each series being separated by narrow bridge pieces of uncut material, which preserve the necessary strength in the cover to prevent the same buckling, but which also admit of the insertion of the legs or tines of a contact plug in straddling relation with strips and in the base 1, at appropriate inter- end of one slot 8 and the other leg entering 100

the end of the next slot 8' in advance or to the rear of the slot 8.

The electrical connections to the continuous outlet receptacle are preferably made

by way of a standard wall box or condulet

not which is preferably secured to the base 1

by bolts 11 or may, if desired, be secured directly to the wall structure or to the base or wash-board, said wall box having the usual

nipple opening through which the cable or

conducting wires pass.

The outlet device may be made in strips of any desired length to accommodate a number of plug connectors, and, as stated, the 15 cover 6 may be designed to conform to the configuration of the molding strips usually applied to the wash-boards or baseboards of a room or apartment, so that the outlet will constitute a component part of or a con-20 tinuation of the molding trim without, in any way, detracting from the appearance of the latter, as the slots in the cover are quite narrow and inconspicuous. Obviously, the multiple outlet may be applied to any desired position and in any desired length on the top of the baseboard, either as an integral part of the molding trim of the latter or entirely independent of any molding, so that any desired number of translating devices in the 30 room or apartment may be connected with the electrical circuit by the usual standard cord and plug connectors.

What I claim is:

A continuous outlet receptacle, comprising
an elongated base strip of insulating material, continuous parallel contact strips
mounted on and extending longitudinally
thereof, and a cover of sheet insulation enclosing the front of the base strip and having
parallel slots interrupted at intervals by narrow bridge pieces, said slots being in align-

ment with the contact strips.

In testimony whereof $\bar{\mathbf{I}}$ affix my signature.

LEROY S. BROOKS.

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