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(72) Inventeurs/Inventors:
TSUBOUCHI, MINA, JP;
SAITO, TAKAO, JP;
TOBA, MASAMICHI, JP;
KOUDA, NORIYUKI, JP;
SHINKAI, SHOJI, JP

(73) Propriétaire/Owner:
OTSUKA PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD., JP

(74) Agent: MARKS & CLERK

(54) Titre : SOUCHE DE LACTOBACILLUS ONRICB0240 ET SON UTILISATION DANS DES PROCEDES ET DES PREPARATIONS POUR AMELIORER OU MAINTENIR LA QUALITE DE LA VIE

(54) Title: LACTOBACILLUS STRAIN ONRICB0240 AND USE OF STRAIN IN METHODS AND PREPARATIONS TO IMPROVE OR MAINTAIN QUALITY OF LIFE

(57) Abrégé/Abstract:
An object of the present invention is to provide a QOL improving or sustaining agent, a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent, or an anti-fatigue agent.

A QOL improving or sustaining agent, a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent, or an anti-fatigue agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Abstract

An object of the present invention is to provide a QOL improving or sustaining agent, a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent, or an anti-fatigue agent.

A QOL improving or sustaining agent, a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent, or an anti-fatigue agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

LACTOBACILLUS STRAIN ONRICb0240 AND USE OF STRAIN IN METHODS AND PREPARATIONS TO IMPROVE OR MAINTAIN QUALITY OF LIFE

[Technical Field to Which the Invention Pertains]
[0001]

The present invention relates to a Quality of Life (QOL) improving or sustaining agent.

[Background Art]
[0002]

In the present day, great value is placed on Quality of Life (QOL) in all fields. QOL is a concept that takes into consideration affluence in the physical aspect and the mental aspect, and it is desirable to maintain both of these aspects in fine condition.
[0003]

However, the physical aspect, i.e., physical health, is often impaired in everyday life due to disarray in lifestyle habits including insufficient rest and sleep, irregular meal patterns, and lack of exercise. One can recover from declined physical health normally by resting, sleeping, or the like; however, when the decline in physical health becomes seriously advanced or is prolonged, it becomes difficult to recover therefrom, resulting in problems such as easily being fatigued, chronic fatigue, or the like. Such decline in physical health brings inconvenience to everyday life, becomes a stress for some people, and may result in impairment of mental health. Therefore, maintaining physical health in fine condition is very important.
[0004]

In addition, the present situation is that such decline in physical health is occurring not only in elderly people whose physical strength is in decline, but

also in younger people. Therefore, there is a strong call for maintaining physical health in fine condition regardless of the age.

[0005]

Meanwhile, Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) strain, which is one type of lactobacilli, is known to have a mucosal immunization activation effect, in particular, is known to have an IgA production stimulatory effect (Patent Literature 1 and 2), and is known to have an anti-avian flu antibody production stimulatory effect (Patent Literature 3). However, there have not been any reports about this lactobacillus regarding an improvement in physical health or an improvement in QOL based thereon.

[Prior Art]

[Patent Literature]

[0006]

[PTL 1] EP1661983B1

[PTL 2] EP1854363B1

[PTL 3] Japanese Laid-Open Patent Publication No. 2010-222329

[Detailed Description of the Invention]

[Problem to be Solved by the Invention]

[0007]

An object of the present invention is to provide a QOL improving or sustaining agent, in particular, a physical health improving or sustaining agent, using Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) strain (hereinafter, also represented as Lactobacillus b0240 strain). Furthermore, another object of the present invention is to provide a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent, or an anti-fatigue agent using the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain.

[Means for Solving the Problem]

[0008]

The present inventors have conducted thorough research in order to solve the above described problem, and discovered that the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain has an effect of enhancing physical health, in particular, an effect of enhancing vitality such that fatigue is not likely to occur, and an effect of lessening or alleviating fatigue. In addition, the present inventors have discovered that, as a result of such effects, physical health can be improved and thereby QOL can be improved from the physical aspect. The present invention has been accomplished based on these findings and additional studies. More specifically, the present invention provides the invention set forth in the following.

(1) QOL Improvement or Sustainment

Item 1-1. A QOL improving or sustaining agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 1-2. The QOL improving or sustaining agent according to item 1-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 1-3. The QOL improving or sustaining agent according to item 1-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 1-4. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 1-1 to 1-3.

Item 1-5. A QOL improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of QOL, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the QOL improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 1-1 to 1-3.

Item 1-6. A QOL improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of

QOL, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation according to item 1-4.

Item 1-7. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing a QOL improving or sustaining agent.

(2) Physical Health Improvement or Sustainment

Item 2-1. A physical health improving or sustaining agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 2-2. The physical health improving or sustaining agent according to item 2-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 2-3. The physical health improving or sustaining agent according to item 2-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 2-4. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the physical health improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 2-1 to 2-3.

Item 2-5. A physical health improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of physical health, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the physical health improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 2-1 to 2-3.

Item 2-6. A physical health improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of physical health, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation according to item 2-4.

Item 2-7. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing a physical health improving or sustaining agent.

(3) Vitality improvement or Sustainment

Item 3-1. A vitality improving or sustaining agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 3-2. The vitality improving or sustaining agent according to item 3-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 3-3. The vitality improving or sustaining agent according to item 3-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 3-4. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the vitality improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 3-1 to 3-3.

Item 3-5. A vitality improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of vitality, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the vitality improving or sustaining agent according to any one of items 3-1 to 3-3.

Item 3-6. A vitality improving or sustaining method for an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of vitality, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation according to item 3-4.

Item 3-7. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing a vitality improving or sustaining agent.

(4) Fatigue Recovery or Alleviation

Item 4-1. A fatigue recovery or alleviating agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 4-2. The fatigue recovery or alleviating agent according to item 4-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 4-3. The fatigue recovery or alleviating agent according to item 4-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 4-4. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical

preparation containing the fatigue recovery or alleviating agent according to any one of items 4-1 to 4-3.

Item 4-5. A fatigue recovery or alleviating method for an animal that requires fatigue recovery or alleviation, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the fatigue recovery or alleviating agent according to any one of items 4-1 to 4-3.

Item 4-6. A fatigue recovery or alleviating method for an animal that requires fatigue recovery or alleviation, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation according to item 4-4.

Item 4-7. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing a fatigue recovery or alleviating agent.

(5) Anti-fatigue

Item 5-1. An anti-fatigue agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 5-2. The anti-fatigue agent according to item 5-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 5-3. The anti-fatigue agent according to item 5-1, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

Item 5-4. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the anti-fatigue agent according to any one of items 5-1 to 5-3.

Item 5-5. An anti-fatigue method for an animal that requires anti-fatigue, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the anti-fatigue agent according to any one of items 5-1 to 5-3.

Item 5-6. An anti-fatigue method for an animal that requires anti-fatigue, the method comprising a step of causing the animal to take in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation according to item 5-4.

Item 5-7. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing an anti-fatigue agent.

[Effect of the Invention]

[0009]

With the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention, QOL on which great value is placed in the present day can be improved or sustained. In particular, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain has an effect of enhancing physical health. With this, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention can improve or sustain QOL particularly from the physical aspect. In addition, with this, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention is particularly useful as a physical health improving or sustaining agent. In addition, in more detail, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain has an effect of enhancing vitality, an effect of making fatigue unlikely to occur, and an effect of lessening or alleviating fatigue. Therefore, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention is also useful as: a vitality improving or sustaining agent; a fatigue recovery agent or a fatigue alleviating agent, particularly, a physical fatigue recovery agent or a physical fatigue alleviating agent; or an anti-fatigue agent.

[0010]

With the present invention described above, it is possible to prevent or lessen a decline in physical health resulting from disarray of lifestyle factors including insufficient rest and sleep, irregular meal patterns, lack of exercise, intense exercise, aging, and stress. Furthermore, with the present invention described above, shifting to or advancement of a constitutional predisposition of being easily fatigued or chronically fatigued, or a weak constitution can be prevented or

suppressed. Still further, with the present invention, even when one has a constitution of easily feeling fatigued such as in the case with a weak constitution, it is possible to prevent worsening of the constitution or to improve the constitution.

[0011]

From the above described standpoints, the present invention can improve or sustain physical health regardless of age or sex.

[Mode for Carrying out the Invention]

[0012]

Embodiments of the present invention are set forth in the following.

The QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention is characterized by containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) strain as an active ingredient. As described above, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention can be used particularly as a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery agent, a fatigue alleviating agent, an anti-fatigue agent, or the like. Therefore, similarly, these are also characterized by containing the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain as an active ingredient.

[0013]

The Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain used in the present invention is a lactobacillus isolated from a natural source, and was deposited to the International Patent Organism Depositary of National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), which is an independent administrative institution and whose address is Tsukuba Central 6, 1-1-1 Higashi, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, Japan, on August 6, 2003, under an accession number of FERM P-19470. Currently, it has been

transferred to the International Depository Authority and has an accession number of FERM BP-10065. The bacteriological nature of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is known. It should be noted that the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain used in the present invention was classified as belonging to Lactobacillus plantarum at the time of deposition to the International Depository Authority; however, associated with a later change in the standards for classification (Francois Bringle et al., International Journal of Systematic and Evolutionary Microbiology, Vol. 55, 2005, p.1629-1634), the present strain is classified as Lactobacillus pentosus.

[0014]

The Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain, which is contained in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, the physical health improving or sustaining agent, the vitality improving or sustaining agent, the fatigue recovery agent, the fatigue alleviating agent, the anti-fatigue agent, or the like (hereinafter, also represented as the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc.,) of the present invention, may be in a state of a live bacterium, in a state of a dead bacterium, a processed product of bacterial cells, or in a state of a mixture thereof. Here, a live bacterium is a lactobacillus in a live state, also includes: a culture liquid medium of a lactobacillus, a suspension, a crude purified product, or a purified product of the culture liquid medium; and bacterial cell powder obtained by drying the live lactobacillus with lyophilization, spray drying, or the like, and is not limited as long as it is in a live state. Furthermore, a dead bacterium is a lactobacillus in a killed state obtained by performing a chemical treatment or a physical treatment such as heat treatment, radiation treatment, or the like on a lactobacillus in a live state, also includes bacterial cell powder obtained by drying the lactobacillus

in the killed state with lyophilization, spray drying, or the like, and is not limited as long as it is a dead bacterium. Still further, a processed product of bacterial cells is a bacterial cell disruption obtained by disrupting a lactobacillus using homogenization, an enzymatic treatment, an ultrasonic treatment, or the like, and also includes powder of the bacterial cell disruption obtained by drying the bacterial cell disruption with lyophilization, spray drying, or the like. The Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain contained in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc. of the present invention is preferably in a state of a live bacterium, a dead bacterium, a processed product of bacterial cells, or a mixture thereof, more preferably is in a state of a dead bacterium, or a mixture of a live bacterium and a dead bacterium, and further preferably is in a state of a dead bacterium.

[0015]

The Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain used in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention can be grown by culturing thereof in a medium suitable for the growth of the strain. The culturing method is not limited, and, for example, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain can be grown by culturing thereof in a medium such as MRS medium, LBS medium, Rogosa medium, or the like at 30°C for about 16 hours. Furthermore, after the culturing, bacterial cells can be harvested by, for example, centrifugal separation (e.g., 3,000 rpm, 4°C, 10 minutes) of the culture (culture fluid). Furthermore, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain used in the present invention may be cultured (fermented) in the presence of materials such as milk, vegetables, fruits, soy milk, or the like. Similarly as described above, the bacterial cells can be harvested by centrifugal separation after the culturing. The following can also be used in the present

invention: a culture (fermented product) or harvested bacterial cells obtained as described above; a suspension or concentrate of the culture or bacterial cells; or powder obtained by drying the obtained culture, bacterial cells, suspension, or concentrate, using lyophilization, spray drying, or the like. The preparation for them may be performed in accordance with methods commonly known in the art. Furthermore, from the point of more efficiently performing the culturing (fermentation), before fermentation, the materials such as milk, vegetables, fruits, or soy milk preferably have a fluidity equal to or higher than a certain level such as that of a liquid.

[0016]

As described above, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention has to contain the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain as an active ingredient. Therefore, for example, as the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., the culture may be used without having any processes performed thereon or after having performed thereon a process such as homogenization or the like, or the above described preparation may be used as the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc.

[0017]

When the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is contained in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention in a live state, from the point of further finely sustaining the live state, it is preferable that the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc. further contain a nutritional component suitable for the growth of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., as necessary. Such a nutritional component includes respective components of, for example, carbon sources such as glucose, starch, sucrose, lactose, dextrin, sorbitol, fructose, and the like, nitrogen sources such as yeast extract, peptone, and

the like, vitamins, minerals, trace metallic elements, and other nutritional components. Specific examples of vitamins include vitamin B, vitamin D, vitamin C, vitamin E, vitamin K, and the like. Specific examples of trace metallic elements include zinc, selenium, and the like. Specific examples of other nutritional components include various oligosaccharides such as lacto-sucrose, soy oligosaccharides, lactulose, lactitol, fructo-oligosaccharides, and galacto-oligosaccharides.

[0018]

Furthermore, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention may contain an optional component as necessary. As the optional component, for example, an edible or pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, additive, or the like may be contained. Examples of the edible or pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or additive include aqueous media, excipients, binders, disintegrants, lubricants, thickening agents, surfactants, osmo-regulators, wetting agents, pH regulators, sweeteners, flavorings, pigments, and the like. These are commonly known for those skilled in the art, and can be appropriately selected to be used. Specific examples thereof include: aqueous media such as water, saline solutions, fruit juices, and the like; excipients such as lactose, white soft sugar, sodium chloride, glucose, urea, starch, calcium carbonate, kaolin, crystalline cellulose, silicic acid, potassium phosphate, corn starch, dextrin, and the like; binders such as water, ethanol, propanol, simple syrup, glucose solutions, starch solutions, gelatin solutions, carboxymethyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, methyl cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and the like; disintegrants such as carboxymethyl cellulose sodium, carboxymethyl cellulose calcium, low substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, dry starch, sodium alginate, powdered agar, laminaran powder, sodium bicarbonate,

calcium carbonate, and the like; lubricants such as purified talc, stearates, boric acid powder, polyethylene glycol, and the like; thickening agents such as gelatin, gum arabic, dextrin, methyl cellulose, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohol, hydroxypropyl cellulose, xanthan gum, pectin, tragacanth gum, casein, alginic acid, and the like; surfactants such as polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, sodium lauryl sulfate, stearic monoglyceride, and the like; and sweeteners such as stevia, saccharin, acesulfam K, aspartame, sucralose, and the like.

[0019]

By those skilled in the art, components that are used as necessary can be appropriately selected, and the blend amount of the components can be adjusted as appropriate so as to conform to an intended form, preference, or the like, as long as the effect of the present invention is not obstructed.

[0020]

The form of the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention is not particularly limited, and includes, for example: solid forms such as powder, granules, tablets, pills, troches, and the like; semi-solid forms such as jellies, mousse, yogurt, pudding, and cream; and liquid forms such as liquid agents, suspensions, emulsions, syrups, and the like. Furthermore, these forms may be loaded in a microcapsule, a soft capsule, a hard capsule, or the like, to be made into a capsule form. In addition, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention may be made into an effervescent preparation form. The production method of these forms can be conducted in accordance with methods commonly known in the art.

[0021]

The contained amount of the Lactobacillus

ONRICb0240 strain in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention may be set as appropriate in accordance with a per-day administration dose, an administration mode, the number of administrations, usage purpose, or the like. The contained amount of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention is not limited insofar as the effect of the present invention is not adversely affected, and the total number of bacterial cells (i.e., the total number of live bacteria, dead bacteria, processed product of bacterial cells) of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is, for example, not less than 10^4 cells/mg, preferably 10^5 to 10^{12} cells/mg, and more preferably 10^6 to 10^{11} cells/mg, based on a single unit of the agent.

[0022]

Furthermore, the contained amount of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention is not limited insofar as the effect of the present invention is not adversely affected, and the total number of bacterial cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in a single unit of the agent is also, for example, not less than 10^4 cells, preferably 10^6 to 10^{12} cells, more preferably 10^7 to 10^{12} cells, and further preferably 10^8 to 10^{12} cells. From the point of efficiently obtaining the desired effect, the total number of bacterial cells is particularly preferably 10^8 to 10^{11} cells, and the total number of bacterial cells is further preferably 10^9 to 10^{10} cells.

[0023]

Furthermore, the administration dose of the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention may be adjusted as appropriate in accordance with age, sex, symptoms, or the like. With regard to the administration dose per day for an adult, the total number

of bacterial cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is, for example, not less than 10^4 cells, preferably 10^6 to 10^{12} cells, more preferably 10^7 to 10^{12} cells, and further preferably 10^8 to 10^{12} cells, and, from the point of efficiently obtaining the desired effect, it is particularly preferably 10^8 to 10^{11} cells, and further preferably 10^9 to 10^{10} cells. The above described dose may be administered once a day, or may be administered in several portions a day. Although the administration method is not limited insofar as the effect of the present invention is not adversely affected, oral administration is preferable.

[0024]

The total number of bacterial cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain may be measured using a bacterial number measuring method or a bacterial number measuring device that are commonly known in the art. For example, as the bacterial number measuring device commonly known in the art, a microscope, a flow cytometer, or a Rapid Microbe Measuring System BIOPLORER (Registered Trademark) (product of Panasonic Ecology Systems Co., Ltd.) can be used. In Examples described later, the total number of bacterial cells was measured using a flow cytometer at a stage when lyophilized bulk powder was produced.

[0025]

Furthermore, an application subject of the present invention is not limited as long as it is an animal whose object is to improve or sustain QOL through improving or sustaining physical health. Examples of the animal include mammals such as human; however, in addition thereto, various animals such as pets and livestock other than mammals may be included. There is no limitation in the age or sex of the application subject of the present invention.

[0026]

The QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention can be applied to food or a beverage. More specifically, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention can be used as an additive to food or a beverage. With such food or beverage containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention, the effect resulting from the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention, i.e., the effect resulting from the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain, can be obtained. Furthermore, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention can be directly used as a pharmaceutical preparation. In addition, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention can be used as an additive to a pharmaceutical preparation. With such a pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention, the effect resulting from the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention, i.e., the effect resulting from the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain, can be obtained.

[0027]

When the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention is applied in a food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation, the type of the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation is not limited, and the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain may be blended in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation as one component. Furthermore, in accordance with needs, an optional component may be further contained therein, such as, for example, an edible or pharmaceutical acceptable carrier, additive, or the like. Examples of the edible or pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, additive, or the like include, but not limited to, the above described aqueous

media, excipients, binders, disintegrants, lubricants, thickening agents, surfactants, osmo-regulators, wetting agents, pH regulators, sweeteners, flavorings, pigments, and the like. By those skilled in the art, these components can be appropriately selected, and the blend amount of the components can be adjusted as appropriate so as to conform to an intended form, preference, or the like, as long as the effect of the present invention is not obstructed.

[0028]

The food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention is also not limited as long as the effect of the present invention is exerted. The food and beverage include, but not limited to, for example, snacks (gum, candies, cookies, gummy candies, rice crackers, biscuits, jelly, mousse, cream caramels, carbonated candies, edible sheets, edible films, troches, etc.), mouth deodorants (gum, candies, gummy candies, edible films, troches, etc.), beverages (carbonated beverages, soft drinks, milk beverages, alcoholic beverages, fruit juice drinks, tea, energy drinks, etc.), powdered beverages (powdered juices, powdered soups, etc.), dairy products (cheese, yogurt, etc.), bread, noodles, cereals, and the like. Furthermore, the food and beverage may include, for example, food for specified health use, dietary supplements, food products for the sick, and the like. Still further, the pharmaceutical preparation is also not limited, and includes the above described preparations in solid forms, semi-solid forms, or liquid forms, capsules, effervescent preparations, and the like. The production method of these can be conducted in accordance with methods commonly known in the art.

[0029]

The contained amount of the Lactobacillus

ONRICb0240 strain in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent, etc., of the present invention may be set as appropriate in accordance with a per-day administration dose, an administration mode, the number of administrations, usage purpose, or the like. The total number of bacterial cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation is, for example, not less than 10^4 cells/mg, preferably 10^5 to 10^{12} cells/mg, and more preferably 10^6 to 10^{11} cells/mg, based on a single unit of the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation, however it is not limited thereto insofar as the effect of the present invention is not adversely affected.

[0030]

Furthermore, the contained amount of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation is not limit insofar as the effect of the present invention is not adversely affected, and the total number of bacterial cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in a single unit of the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation is also, for example, not less than 10^4 cells, preferably 10^6 to 10^{12} cells, more preferably 10^7 to 10^{12} cells, and further preferably 10^8 to 10^{12} cells. From the point of efficiently obtaining the desired effect, the total number of bacterial cells is particularly preferably 10^8 to 10^{11} cells, and the total number of bacterial cells is further preferably 10^9 to 10^{10} cells.

[0031]

Furthermore, the administration dose of the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation may be adjusted as appropriate in accordance with age, sex, symptoms, or the like. With regard to a per-day administration dose for an adult, the total number of bacterial cells of the

Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is, for example, not less than 10^4 cells, preferably 10^6 to 10^{12} cells, more preferably 10^7 to 10^{12} cells, further preferably 10^8 to 10^{12} cells, and, from the point of efficiently obtaining the desired effect, it is particularly preferably 10^8 to 10^{11} cells, and further preferably 10^9 to 10^{10} cells. The above described dose may be administered once a day, or may be administered in several portions a day.

[0032]

As described above, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain can effectively promote improvement or sustainment of QOL, etc. Thus, the present invention further provides a method for improving or sustaining QOL, etc. using the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain. The method for improving or sustaining QOL, etc. of the present invention can be conducted by administering the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain to an animal seeking improvement or sustainment of QOL, or the like. That is, the present invention's method for improving or sustaining QOL, etc. of the present invention incudes a step of causing an animal that requires improvement or sustainment of QOL, or the like, to take in the QOL improving or sustaining agent, or the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent. For the method of the present invention, administration dose, the number of administrations, method of administration, site of administration, and the like for the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain, the QOL improving or sustaining agent, or the food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or sustaining agent, are determined in accordance with the description above.

[0033]

As described above, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention can improve or sustain QOL. In particular, the QOL improving or

sustaining agent of the present invention has an effect of enhancing physical health. Thus, the QOL improving or sustaining agent can improve or sustain QOL particularly from the physical aspect, and thereby can be used as a physical health improving or sustaining agent. Furthermore, the QOL improving or sustaining agent of the present invention has, in particular, an effect of enhancing vitality, an effect of lessening and alleviating fatigue, and an effect of making fatigue unlikely to occur. Therefore, the QOL improving or sustaining agent can also be used as: a vitality improving or sustaining agent; a fatigue recovery agent or a fatigue alleviating agent, particularly, a physical fatigue recovery agent or a physical fatigue alleviating agent; an anti-fatigue agent; or the like.

[0034]

With the present invention described above, it is possible to prevent or lessen a decline in physical health resulting from disarray of lifestyle factors including insufficient rest and sleep, irregular meal patterns, lack of exercise, intense exercise, aging, and stress. Furthermore, with the present invention described above, shifting to or advancement of a constitutional predisposition of being easily fatigued or chronically fatigued, or a weak constitution can be prevented or suppressed. Still further, with the present invention, even when one has a constitution of easily feeling fatigued such as in the case with a weak constitution, it is possible to prevent worsening of the constitution or to improve the constitution. That is, the present invention is applicable when seeking improvement or sustainment in physical health, and thus is obviously applicable to healthy people who do not require any treatments from a medical standpoint, and outpatients living lives similar to healthy people. Furthermore, the present invention can

achieve improvement or sustainment of QOL from the physical aspect as described above, and thereby it can, although indirectly, improve or sustain mental health affected by stress and inconvenience in everyday life resulting from a decline in physical health. Therefore, the present invention enables to sustain both physical and mental aspects in a fine condition, which is strongly sought in the present day.

[0035]

In particular, with the present invention, as shown in the Examples described later, QOL based on physical health has been significantly improved in study subjects having physical health more superior than that of the ordinary. Generally, since such study subjects are extremely healthier than the ordinary, significant differences hardly appear in terms of the effect. However, even under such circumstance, a significant improving effect has been seen in the later described Examples. This clearly indicates that the QOL improving or sustaining effect of the present invention from the physical aspect is significantly superior. It should be noted that, in the Examples, the effect was evaluated based on SF-36v2 (Registered Trademark). SF-36 (Registered Trademark) is a scale that is valid, reliable, and scientific and is widely used internationally for measuring health-related QOL. SF-36v2 (Registered Trademark) is an improvement over SF-36 (Registered Trademark). Details of SF-36v2 (Registered Trademark) are described in SF-36v2™ Japanese version manual published by, an NPO, the Institute for Health Outcomes & Process Evaluation research, on October 2009.

[Examples]

[0036]

In the following, the present invention will be

described using Examples; however, the present invention is not limited to those Examples.

Example 1: QOL improving or sustaining agent

Two types of QOL improving or sustaining agents having different contained amounts of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain were produced in accordance with the following procedure.

[0037]

Cultured Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain was collected using centrifugal separation and suspended in distilled water, and a lyophilization process was performed thereon to obtain lyophilized bulk powder of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain. The number of bacteria in the bulk powder was counted using a flow cytometer (EPICS (registered trademark) XL-MCL, product of Beckman Coulter, Inc.) in accordance with a manual. Then, the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain was added to an excipient so as to achieve 4×10^{9} cells/tablet, and a tablet was produced using a high-speed, rotary, small-sized research tablet machine (VIRG 0512SS2AZ, product of KIKUSUI SEISAKUSHO Ltd.). This is referred to as Composition 1. Furthermore, another tablet was produced similarly, except that the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain was 4×10^{10} cells/tablet. This is referred to as Composition 2.

[0038]

The QOL improving or sustaining agent obtained as described above can be used as a physical health improving or sustaining agent, a vitality improving or sustaining agent, a fatigue recovery agent, a fatigue alleviating agent, an anti-fatigue agent, or the like.

Experimental Example 1

1. Study method

Prior to Study, elderly people aged 65 or older (age: 65-84) from whom informed concent were acquired voluntarily were selected as study subjects. The age and

sex ratio of the subjects were adjusted as appropriate, and 300 subjects were randomly allocated into 3 groups, each containing 100 subjects.

[0039]

Three patterns were prepared as objects to be tested: a placebo composition, Composition 1 (containing 4×10^9 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain) produced in Example 1, and Composition 2 (containing 4×10^{10} cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain) produced in Example 1. The placebo composition was produced similarly to Compositions 1 and 2, except for not using the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain.

[0040]

A group administered with the placebo composition is referred to as "group (I)," a group administered with the composition containing 4×10^9 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is referred to as "group (II)," and a group administered with the composition containing 4×10^{10} cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is referred to as "group (III)."

[0041]

For each of the groups, the administration of the objects to be studied was performed such that one tablet was taken every day for 20 consecutive weeks. The tastes and the colors of the objects to be studied were made identical, and identical packaging containers were used. It should be noted that the study was performed so as to be a randomized double-brined, placebo-controlled trial was conducted between parallel groups.

[0042]

In addition, at the beginning and end of the study, a total of 36 questions were asked for measuring effects on eight health concepts (subscale) using a SF-36v2 questionnaire form. Answers to the questions were obtained as a review of health conditions in the previous

month.

[0043]

The obtained answers were processed in accordance with the manual for SF-36v2 (registered trademark). Specifically, they were processed in accordance with the SF-36v2™ Japanese version manual published by the Institute for Health Outcomes & Process Evaluation Research, an NPO, in October 2009. Described briefly, raw scores were calculated in accordance with the manual from the answers obtained with regard to each of the health concepts (subscales) and were converted into subscale scores ranging from 0 to 100 points. For each of the health concepts, a value obtained by subtracting an average of subscale scores obtained at the beginning of the study from an average of subscale scores obtained at the end of the study was shown as a delta value (Δ value), and delta values were compared between groups. The comparison between groups was conducted using the Dunnett test, and dose dependency was evaluated using the Jonckheere trend test (two-tailed test).

[0044]

At the very end, evaluation was conducted based on the results obtained from 93 subjects in group (I), 92 subjects in group (II), and 93 subjects in group (III).

2. Study Results

A comparison between averages (physical healthiness scores) of the subscale scores for the study subjects before study and the averages from nationwide survey sampling is shown in Table 1. SF-36v2 can evaluate eight health concepts (subscales), which are physical functioning PF, role physical RP, bodily pain BP, general health GH, vitality VT, social functioning SF, role emotional RE, and mental health MH. It has been determined that five of these items, which are physical

functioning PF, role physical RP, bodily pain BP, general health GH, and vitality VT, are involved in physical health (physical healthiness). Therefore, in the present Experimental Example, evaluation was conducted mainly on these five health concepts. Here, the averages from nationwide survey sampling are the values described as national averages for Japanese on page 101 of the SF-36v2™ Japanese version manual published by the Institute for Health Outcomes & Process Evaluation Research, an NPO, in October 2009.

[0045]

[Table 1]

Comparison of physical healthiness scores of study subjects at the beginning of study and averages from nationwide survey sampling

		Physical functioning PF	Role Physical RP	Bodily pain BP	General health GH	Vitality VT
Averages from nationwide survey sampling	Overall	89.1	89.2	73.8	62.9	62.8
	Age: 60-69	84.9	87.3	73.1	60.7	67.0
	Age: 70-79	74.9	78.0	66.1	58.4	64.9
Averages of study subjects at the beginning of study	Group (I)	91.1	92.9	76.0	72.0	76.6
	Group (II)	92.1	93.1	81.6	70.9	78.0
	Group (III)	90.8	92.2	78.1	73.2	78.2

[0046]

As is obvious from Table 1, when the scores of the study subjects and the averages from nationwide survey sampling were compared, the study subjects showed significantly higher values in all the evaluation items. Although the study subjects in the present Experimental

Example were elderly people aged 65 or older (age: 65-84), their values were markedly better than the averages of nationwide survey sampling of people aged 60 or older (age: 60-69 and 70-79). Furthermore, the values of the study subjects in the present Experimental Example were better even when compared to standard values (overall) from nationwide survey sampling of an average age of 50.5, and the study subjects scored highly particularly in general health GH and vitality VT. Therefore, it was determined that the study subjects in the present Experimental Example were significantly healthier than the national average.

[0047]

Normally when evaluating influences on physical health improvement, effects on healthy people hardly appear since they are healthy to begin with. Therefore, it was predicted that in the present Experimental Example with study subjects who were extremely healthy, significant differences would hardly occur in groups (I) to (III) with regard to improvement in QOL based on physical health, particularly with regard to improving effects of general health, vitality, etc. However, unexpectedly, significant differences were confirmed in groups (I) to (III) as shown in the following.

[0048]

Scores for general health GH before and at the end of the study (20^{th} week) from groups (I) to (III) were compared. The results are shown in Table 2.

[0049]

[Table 2]

Score comparison of general health GH before and at the end of the study

		Before study	At the end of study	Delta value
Score averages	Group (I)	72.0	69.3	-2.6
	Group (II)	70.9	72.1	1.2
	Group (III)	73.2	75.2	2.0

[0050]

Shown in Table 2 are scores at the beginning of the study, scores at the end of the study, and differences (delta value: value obtained by subtracting the score before study from the score at the end of the study) between scores at the beginning and end of the study.

[0051]

As described above, the study subjects were all healthier than elderly people around the same age and healthier than the national average; therefore, it was predicted that differences would hardly occur in groups (I) to (III) with regard to improvement effects on physical health. However, group (II) and group (III) showed higher scores when compared to group (I).

[0052]

Furthermore, the twentieth week, which is when the study was ended, was summer, and thus it was predicted that general health would be reduced even for healthy study subjects. In fact, as is obvious from Table 2, in group (I), which is the placebo composition administration group, the score at the end of the study was reduced by 2.6 from the score obtained at the beginning of the study. As this indicates, since the season was one in which general health is easily impaired, it would have been satisfactory if the scores at the beginning of the study were at best maintained in group (II) and group (III);

therefore, the situation allowed evaluating that a sufficiently satisfactory effect was obtained if the scores were maintained. However, as is obvious from Table 2, in group (II) and group (III), not only were the scores maintained, but the scores at the end of the study exceeded the scores at the beginning of the study.

[0053]

In addition, since the delta value was larger in group (III) when compared to group (II), it became clear that general health is enhanced with the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain in a dosage-dependent manner.

[0054]

From the above-described results, it was shown that general health can be significantly improved with the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain.

[0055]

Furthermore, scores for vitality VT were similarly compared between groups (I) to (III). Table 3 shows the number of study subjects whose scores for vitality VT before study worsened by 20 or more (-20) when compared to the scores at the end of the study.

[0056]

[Table 3]

Comparison of numbers of study subjects whose scores for vitality VT worsened by 20 or more

	Number of test subjects
Group (I)	14 people
Group (II)	10 people
Group (III)	7 people

[0057]

As is obvious from Table 3, the number of study subjects whose scores for vitality VT worsened by 20 or more was as large as 14 in group (I), and was sequentially reduced to 10 and 7 in group (II) and group (III).

[0058]

As described above, the study subjects were all extremely healthier than the national average, and the time when the study was conducted was a season in which physical strength can easily deteriorate. Regardless of such circumstances, the fact that such a significant difference was observed indicated that vitality can be significantly improved by taking the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain.

[0059]

Given in the SF-36v2™ Japanese version manual is a table that compiles the relation of the score (score-sorted category) for vitality VT, proportion of people who answered "always" and "almost always" feeling full of vitality, and proportion of people who answered as feeling fatigued (p.132, Table 11.2). A partial excerpt of the table is shown in the following as Table 4.

[0060]

[Table 4]

Partial excerpt of Table 11.2 on p.132 of SF-36v2™ Japanese version manual

Score-sorted category	Average VT	Number of subjects	People with vitality (%)	Fatigued people (%)
100	100.0	89	100%	0.0%
90-99	93.7	77	100%	0.0%
80-89	83.9	329	93.9%	0.1%
70-79	75.0	309	84.0%	2.3%
60-69	65.6	546	49.9%	2.4%
50-59	53.1	513	12.2%	17.1%

[0061]

With regard to this table, for example, a classification of score-sorted category 80-89 indicates that among the 329 people belonging to this score-sorted category, 93.9% answered as feeling full of vitality, and 0.1% answered as feeling fatigued.

[0062]

In the present Experimental Example, the average of the score-sorted category related to vitality VT before the testing for the study subjects was 70. From this it can be said that the study subjects were a group in which 84% felt full of vitality and 2.3% felt fatigued before the study. In this group, if the score after the end of the study worsened by 20, the score-sorted category would have shifted down to 50-59. As is obvious from Table 4, the score-sorted category 50-59 indicates that the group was one in which 12.2% felt full of vitality and 17.1% felt fatigued. As shown here, to have a score worsen by 20 in the present test means that a proportion feeling full of vitality was significantly reduced from 84% to 12.2%, and a proportion feeling fatigued was significantly increased from 2.3% to 17.1%. To suppress such a worsening is extremely important.

[0063]

As is obvious from the above-described Table 3, worsening of the score by 20 or more was suppressed in group (II) and group (III) when compared to group (I). Thus, considering a comparison of Table 3 and Table 4, it was shown that in group (II) and group (III), unexpectedly, deterioration in vitality was effectively suppressed and an effect of alleviation of or recovery from physical fatigue was exerted.

[0064]

Scores for role physical RP were similarly compared between groups (I) to (III). Table 5 shows the number of study subjects whose scores for role physical RP before testing worsened by 20 or more (-20) when compared to the scores at the end of the study.

[0065]

[Table 5]

Comparison of number of study subjects whose scores for role physical RP worsened by 20 or more

	Number of study subjects
Group (I)	12 people
Group (II)	10 people
Group (III)	6 people

[0066]

As is obvious from Table 5, the number of study subjects whose scores for role physical RP worsened by 20 or more was 12 in group (I); however, it was sequentially reduced to 10 and 6 in group (II) and group (III). Role physical RP is a scale that evaluates increase/decrease of everyday activity time and the ability/disability of everyday activity. As shown here, since worsening of the score was able to be suppressed also for role physical RP, it was shown that taking the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain allows reducing the possibility of an occurrence of a physical problem that may interfere with work and everyday activities.

[0067]

Furthermore, as described above, physical health (physical healthiness) is evaluated by using five health concepts (the five items being physical functioning PF, role physical RP, bodily pain BP, general health GH, and vitality VT). Therefore, scores regarding the five health concepts were similarly compared between groups (I) to (III). Specifically, with regard to physical health (physical healthiness) evaluated by using the five health concepts, Table 6 shows the number of study subjects whose scores worsened in two or more of the health concepts by 10 or more, or 20 or more at the end of the study when compared to before study.

[0068]

[Table 6]

Comparison of number of study subjects whose scores for physical health (physical healthiness) worsened by 10 or more, or 20 or more

	Number of study subjects whose scores worsened by 10 or more in two or more items	Number of study subjects whose scores worsened by 20 or more in two or more items
Group (I)	41 people	16 people
Group (II)	33 people	11 people
Group (III)	32 people	6 people

[0069]

As is obvious from Table 6, with regard to physical health (physical healthiness), the number of study subjects whose scores worsened by 10 or more in two or more items and the number of study subjects whose scores worsened by 20 or more in two or more items were greatly reduced in group (II) and group (III) when compared to group (I). This showed that taking the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain significantly improves physical health.

[0070]

From these results, it became clear that the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 strain is useful for improvement or sustainment of physical health, particularly for improvement or sustainment of QOL in physical aspects, such as vitality improvement or sustainment, recovery from physical fatigue, physical fatigue alleviation, and anti-fatigue.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

1. An agent containing Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for improving or maintaining quality of life (QOL) in a subject, wherein the QOL improvement or maintenance is at least one physical health improvement or maintenance comprising (1) improvement or maintenance of general health, (2) improvement or maintenance of vitality, (3) fatigue recovery, fatigue alleviation, or anti-fatigue, or (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning, wherein the (1) improvement or maintenance of general health and the (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning is based on 36-Item Short Form Health Survey SF-36™.

2. The QOL improving or maintaining agent according to claim 1, containing not less than 10^4 cells/mg of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

3. The QOL improving or maintaining agent according to claim 1 or 2, containing not less than 10^4 cells of the Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065).

4. The QOL improving or maintaining agent according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) is in dead state.

5. A food, beverage, or pharmaceutical preparation containing the QOL improving or maintaining agent as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.

6. Use of Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for manufacturing an agent for improving or maintaining quality of life (QOL) in a subject,

Date Reçue/Date Received 2020-05-22

wherein the QOL improvement or maintenance is at least one physical health improvement or maintenance comprising (1) improvement or maintenance of general health, (2) improvement or maintenance of vitality, (3) fatigue recovery, fatigue alleviation, or anti-fatigue, or (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning, wherein the (1) improvement or maintenance of general health and the (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning is based on 36-Item Short Form Health Survey SF-36™.

7. Lactobacillus ONRICb0240 (FERM BP-10065) for use in improving or maintaining quality of life (QOL) in a subject, wherein the QOL improvement or maintenance is at least one physical health improvement or maintenance comprising (1) improvement or maintenance of general health, (2) improvement or maintenance of vitality, (3) fatigue recovery, fatigue alleviation, or anti-fatigue, or (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning, wherein the (1) improvement or maintenance of general health and the (4) improvement or maintenance of physical role functioning is based on 36-Item Short Form Health Survey SF-36™.

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