May 22, 1928. 1,671,094

A. M. WIDDOWS

HAIR BOBBING COMB

Filed Nov. 8, 1926 2 Sheets-Sheet 1

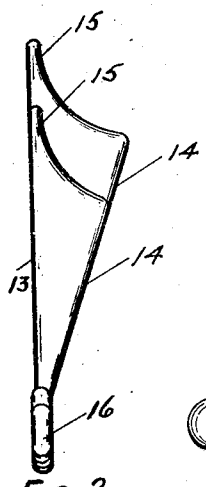


FIG. 2

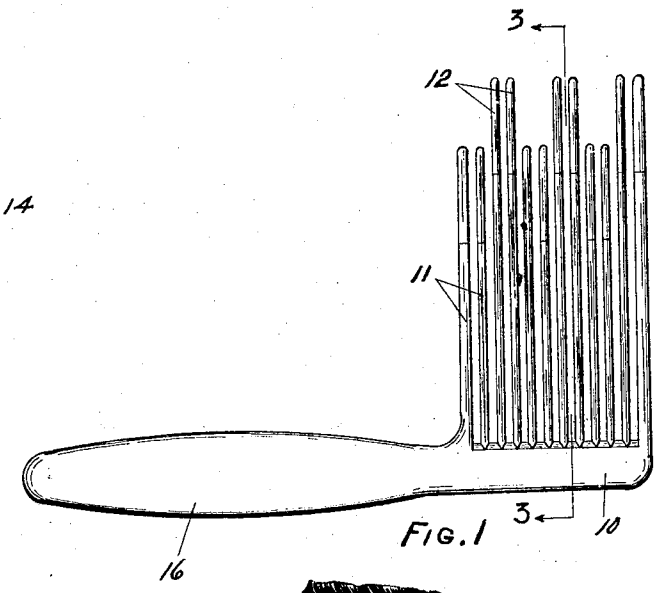


FIG. 1

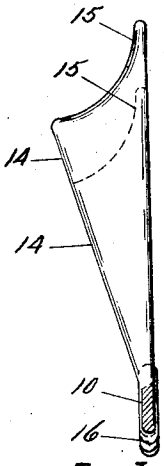


FIG. 3

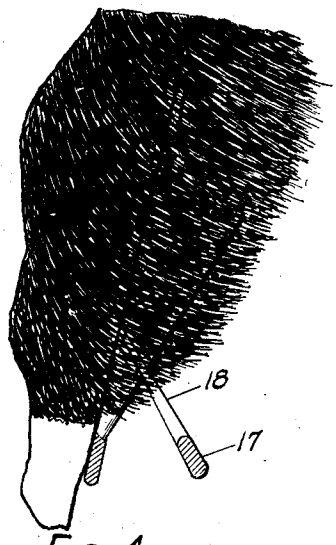


FIG. 4

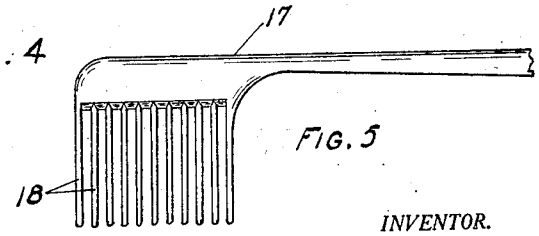


FIG. 5

INVENTOR.
ANNA M. WIDDOWS.
BY Ely & Berrow
ATTORNEYS.

May 22, 1928.

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A. M. WIDDOWS

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2 Sheets-Sheet 2

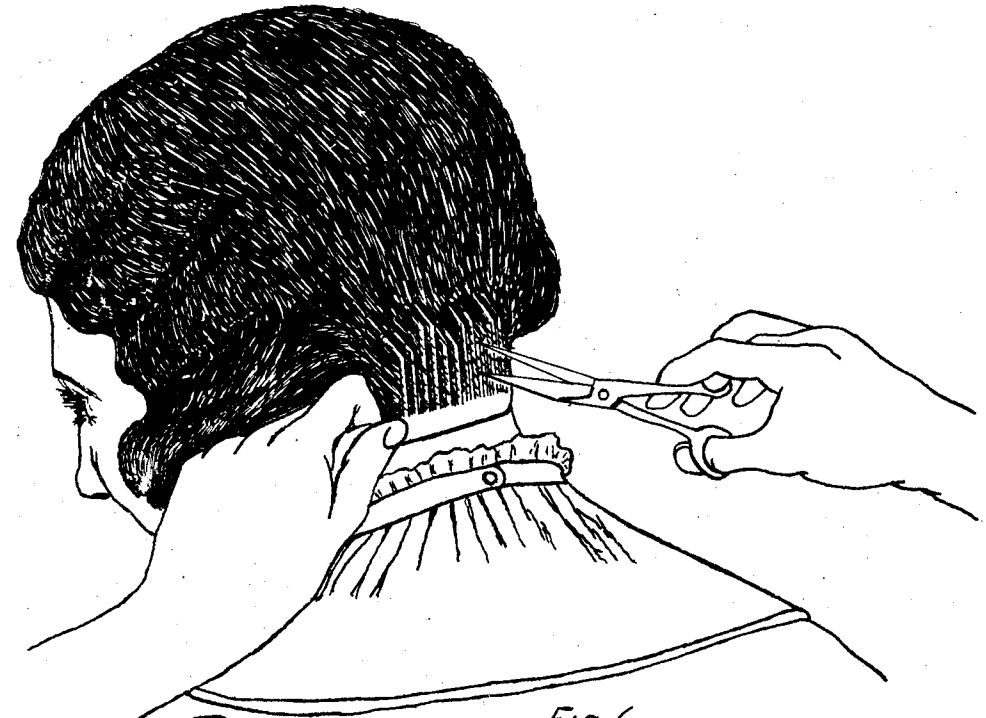


FIG. 6

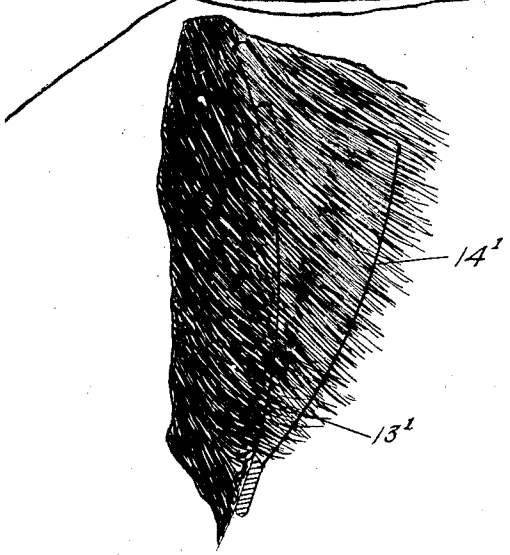


FIG. 7

INVENTOR.
ANNA M. WIDDOWS.

BY Ely & Barrow
ATTORNEYS.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ANNA M. WIDDOWS, OF AKRON, OHIO.

HAIR-BOBBING COMB.

Application filed November 8, 1926. Serial No. 146,930.

This invention relates to combs for use in bobbing hair.

The invention has for one of its objects the provision of an improved comb for use in bobbing hair, including teeth for providing a gage for the scissors so formed as to, in effect, plough upwardly into the hair and effectively distribute the hair between the teeth thereof.

Another object is to provide teeth of different heights whereby the scissors may be guided against the teeth to varying heights and "crock cuts" will be avoided.

Another object is to provide for use with the above comb a second comb having teeth adapted to pass between the teeth of the first comb to comb the hair between the teeth of the latter upwardly.

The foregoing and other objects of the invention may be obtained by the devices illustrated in the accompanying drawings and described below. It is to be understood that the invention is not limited to the specific form thereof shown and described.

Of the accompanying drawings:

Figure 1 is an elevation of a comb embodying the invention;

Figure 2 is a left end view thereof;

Figure 3 is a section on line 3—3 of Figure 1;

Figure 4 is a diagrammatic view illustrating the comb in a cutting position and a second comb operable between the teeth thereof to comb the hair upwardly;

Figure 5 is a side elevation of the second comb;

Figure 6 is a perspective view illustrating the manner of use of the comb; and

Figure 7 is a diagrammatic view of a larger size comb in cutting position.

Referring to the accompanying drawings, 10 designates a base shank having blade-like teeth 11, 11 and 12, 12 thereon arranged alternately in pairs, the teeth 12 being of greater height than teeth 11. Each of the teeth is formed substantially plough-shape, having a head-engaging edge 13 and a scissors-guiding edge 14 arranged at such an angle and of such shape (herein shown straight) as to give the desired style of haircut.

Above the gaging edges of the teeth 11 or 12 they narrow to plough-like prongs 15, 15 at their upper extremities adapted to divide the hairs effectively between the teeth when the comb is pushed upwardly into the hairs in the position shown in Figure 4.

The comb is preferably provided with a handle 16 extended from the shank 10 thereof.

A second comb 17 may be provided with teeth 18 of such thickness and spacing as to readily pass between teeth 11 and 12 to comb hair upwardly between said teeth.

In the use of the comb, it is pushed upwardly into the hairs substantially to the position shown in Figure 4, prongs 15 ploughing into the hair and dividing the hairs between teeth 11 and 12. The comb 17 is then employed to comb the hair upwardly between the teeth 11 and 12. The cutting is then performed against the edges 14 of the teeth from the bottom upwardly to the tops to a line level with the tops of teeth 11. Working with the points of the scissors the cutting is continued further upwardly along teeth 12 to obviate a "crock cut". It will be understood that the cutting of the hair will be progressively performed about the head, the comb being moved after each cutting operation as required. With the particular form of comb shown a so-called "semi-shingle bob" is given.

It will be understood that combs of various sizes will be provided. In Figure 7 a larger comb is shown having head engaging edges 13′ curved substantially to fit the curvature of the back of the head. The gage cutting edges of these teeth may also be curved as indicated at 14′. This form of comb is suitable for giving what is known as the "boyish bob".

It will be apparent from the foregoing that a simple, effective and economical device has been provided, whereby hair may be quickly and effectively bobbed even by an inexperienced person. It will also be apparent that modifications of the invention may be resorted to without departing from the spirit thereof or the scope of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A comb including a base shank and teeth having hair-cutting gaging edges thereon extending upwardly from said shank, said edges extending to different heights.

2. A comb for use with a comb having

hair-cutting gaging teeth, said first mentioned comb having teeth adapted to pass between said gaging teeth.

3. A comb of the character described comprising blade-like teeth having edges adapted substantially to fit the curvature of the back of a person's head and having cutter gaging edges curving outwardly at an acute angle thereto.

4. A comb for use in hair cutting comprising a shank, and teeth integral therewith and projecting therefrom, each tooth being substantially triangular in shape and fixed to the shank at the apex of one of the angles, and having its longest edge curved concavely to fit the curvature of the head, and also having one of its shorter edges curved concavely to define a cutting gage.

ANNA M. WIDDOWS.