C. W. STRAYER.

DAILY APPOINTMENT CALENDAR.

APPLICATION FILED AUG. 22, 1910.

1,018,641. Patented Feb. 27, 1912.

Fig. 1.

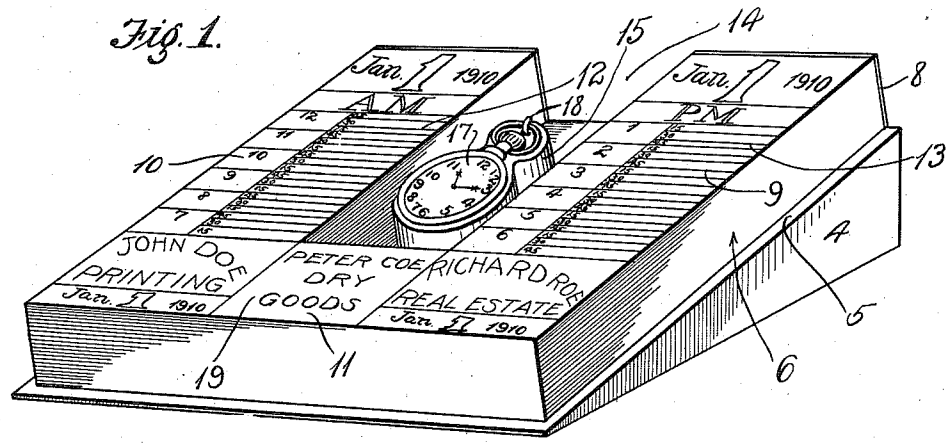


Fig. 2.

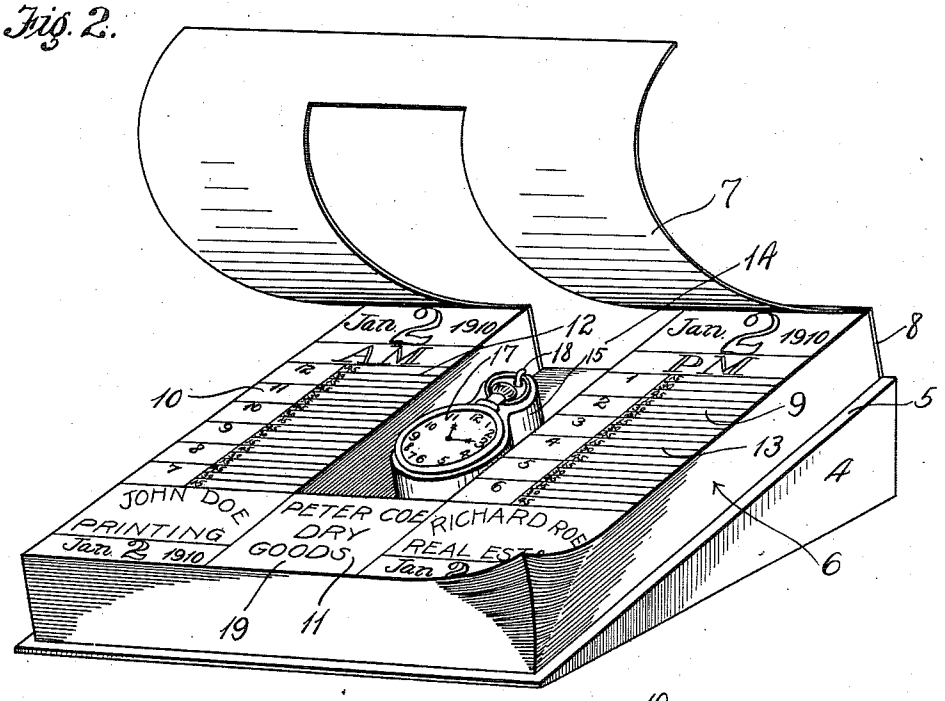
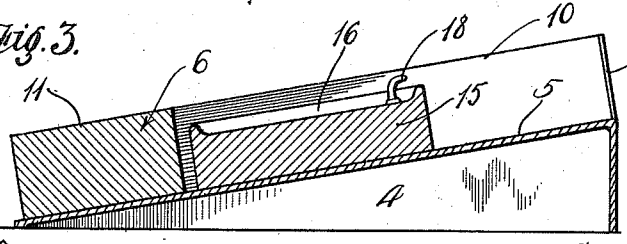


Fig. 3.



Witnesses.
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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DAILY APPOINTMENT-CALENDAR.

1,018,641. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Feb. 27, 1912.

Application filed August 22, 1910. Serial No. 578,390.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES W. STRAYER, a citizen of the United States, residing in Los Angeles, in the county of Los Angeles and State of California, have invented new and useful Improvements in Daily Appointment-Calendars, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to calendars and is particularly applicable as a desk calendar in which appointments may be entered.

The object of the invention is to produce a desk calendar of this type having a construction adapting it for the entry of memoranda of future appointments and which is adapted for use in connection with a time piece indicating the moment when the appointment on the calendar falls due.

In the drawing forming a part of the annexed specification, Figure 1 is a perspective showing a calendar constructed according to my invention. Fig. 2 is a view similar to Fig. 1 but showing one of the calendar leaves thrown back so that entries may be made for appointments at a future date at any hour. Fig. 3 is a vertical section taken through the calendar and through the rest for the time piece.

Referring more particularly to the parts, 4 represents a base for the calendar which is of tapered form so that it presents an inclined back 5. Upon this back a pad 6 is mounted, said pad comprising a plurality of leaves 7, which are detachably secured together at their upper edges by a suitable binding 8, which permits the sheets to be torn off in succession. Each sheet represents one day, and is formed with two divisions corresponding to the forenoon and afternoon respectively. These sheets are of U form, presenting a right hand section 9 and a left hand section 10, said right and left hand sections being connected by a transverse bottom section 11.

At the upper portion of the left section 10, the month, the day of the month, and the year are printed together with the letters A. M., as shown, and at the left edge of this section the numbers 7 to 12 are placed in a vertical row, in inverted order, indicating the hours of the day from seven a. m. to twelve noon. At the right of these numbers horizontal division lines 12 are placed indicating the quarter hours after each hour. If an appointment is to be made for any given day at any given hour or quarter hour the pad may be opened at the proper point as indicated in Fig. 2, and a suitable entry made. A similar arrangement is adopted at the right hand extension 9, the month, the day and the year being printed at the upper portion of the sheet at this point together with the letters P. M., and this side of the pad is numbered from one to six to indicate the hours of the afternoon. To the right of these numbers division lines 13 are provided corresponding to the quarter hours and upon which entries may be made for afternoon appointments. Near the bottom edge of each sheet the day, year and the month are also printed in small type, as shown, and this facilitates the finding of any date in the calendar for the entry of future appointments.

On account of the U shaped form of the sheets, the pad presents a central opening or gap 14, and in this gap a block or rest 15 is mounted, the said block being attached rigidly to the back 5 in any suitable manner. The upper face of this block is hollowed out to form a pocket or recess 16 to receive a watch 17, and the upper portion of the pocket is provided with a hook 18 to which the ring of the watch may be attached, as shown. At the lower end, in the middle of each sheet a blank space 19 is formed to receive advertising matter, as indicated.

With a calendar constructed as described it will be evident that a business man at his desk may remove his watch from his pocket and place it on the rest 15 during office hours. A glance at the pad will indicate the appointment for any hour or quarter hour of the day, and a glance at the watch will apprise him of the moment an appointment falls due. Attention is called to the fact that the hour hand of the watch points to the side of the pad and toward the very point where the appointments lie for that time of day. The sheets of the calendar are torn off in succession in the manner usual with calendars of this kind.

What I claim is:—

A calendar comprising a back, a pad mounted thereon having a plurality of detachable U shaped sheets so as to form a central space in the pad, said sheets being provided with dates indicating successively the days of the year, the right and left extensions of said U shaped sheets having appropriately designated spaces thereupon indicating the hours of the forenoon upon one

side of the gap and the hours of the afternoon upon the other side of the gap, and means mounted centrally of said gap capable of holding a time piece in such a position that the hour numbers upon one side of the face thereof will correspond with the spaces on the pad indicating the hours of the forenoon and the hour numbers upon the other side of the time piece face will correspond with the spaces upon the other side of the pad designating the hours of the afternoon, the arrangement being such that the hour hand of the time piece will always point approximately to the correspondingly designated spaces upon the sides of the pad.

In witness that I claim the foregoing I have hereunto subscribed my name this 12th day of August, 1910.

CHARLES W. STRAYER.

Witnesses:
F. D. AMMEN,
EDMUND A. STRAUSE.