Sept. 7, 1937. A. M. SHANK 2,092,705

TRANSPORTATION LINE DOUBLE SERVICE ENVELOPE REPEATER

Filed Nov. 5, 1936

Fig. 1.

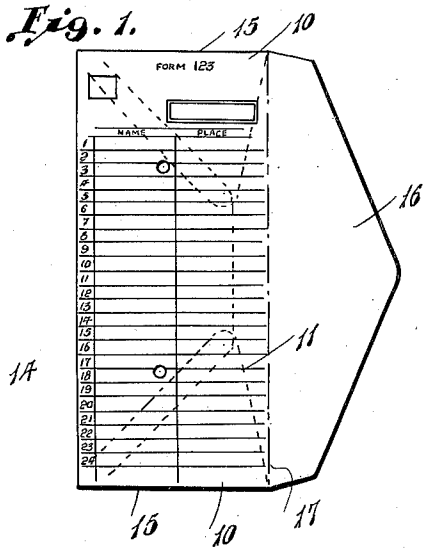


Fig. 3.

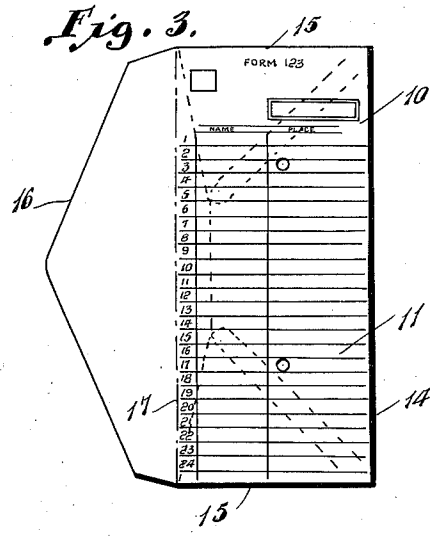


Fig. 2.

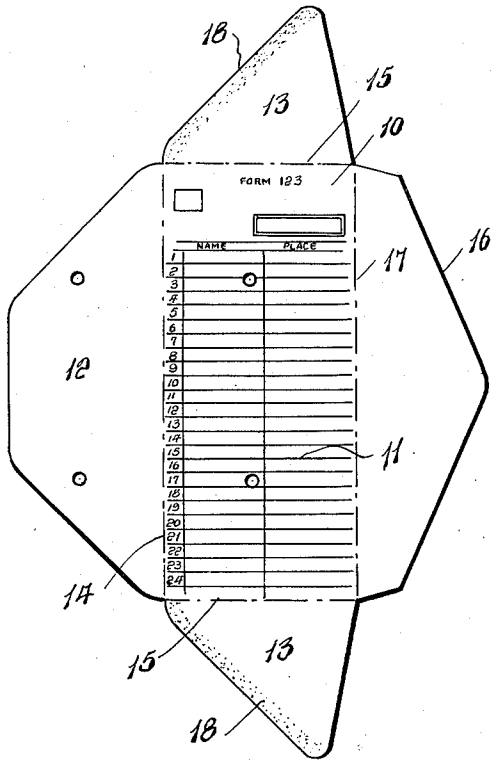
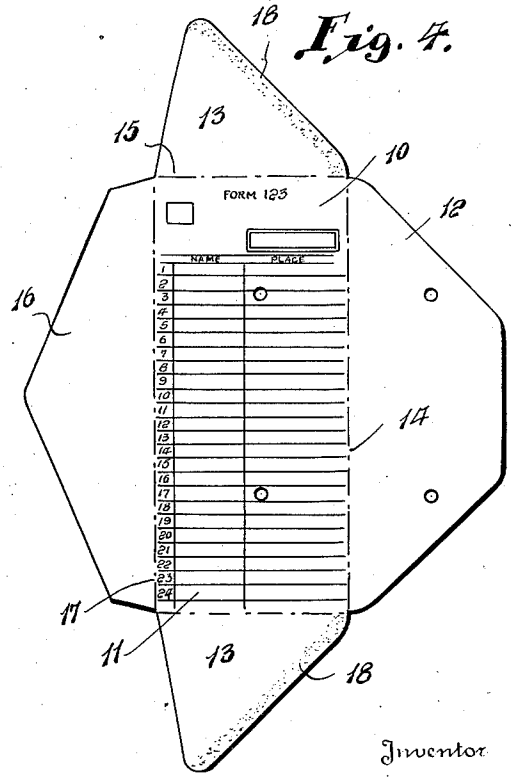


Fig. 4.



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TRANSPORTATION LINE DOUBLE SERVICE ENVELOPE REPEATER

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Application November 5, 1936, Serial No. 109,379

3 Claims. (Cl. 229—68)

This invention relates to a transportation line double service envelope repeater.

It is primarily aimed to provide a novel structure whereby an envelope which is practically standard with all railroad companies for railroad business can be used twice as often, and particularly after all blanks of one side have been used, the envelope is convertible to arrange such blanks innermost and present the other blanks on the outer side with the structure again in envelope form. At the present time, the envelope usually contains twenty-four blanks on one side and by reason of the invention, such blanks are duplicated on the opposite side, whereby forty-eight blanks are provided, and means are also provided whereby the envelope may assume envelope form with either blanks on the exterior.

The more specific objects and advantages will become apparent from a consideration of the description following taken in connection with the accompanying drawing illustrating an operative embodiment.

Referring specifically to the drawing,

Figure 1 is a plan or elevation of the service envelope;

Figure 2 is a plan view thereof in blank form;

Figure 3 is a plan view of the envelope of Figure 1 having the parts reversed, and

Figure 4 is a plan view of the reversed side of the blank of Figure 2.

Referring specifically to the drawing wherein like reference characters designate like or similar parts, the opposite sides of the blank are shown in Figures 2 and 4. Such blank has a main panel 10 on both sides of which there is indicia at 11 providing spaces preferably numbered as shown from one to twenty-four in which names and places may be written. The envelope is of paper or the equivalent having a rear flap 12 and end flaps 13, respectively foldable on the lines 14 and 15. It also has a closure flap 16, foldable along the line 17.

On opposite faces of the flaps 13, adjacent the side edge, adhesive 18 is applied. As a result, the flaps 13 may be folded flat against the flap 12 and the adhesive 18 of one side or face of the flaps 13 through the aid of water, united with the flap 12, thereby providing an envelope as shown in Figure 1, the same being adapted to be closed by folding and insertion of the closure flap 16 into the interior of such envelope.

In the condition mentioned, the envelope of Figure 1 is used until all of the entries or blanks have been used. Thereupon, the previously adhered flaps 12 and 13, are severed at the lines of adherence of the engaged adhesive, the paper or material being sufficiently strong to permit this severance without mutilation or tearing of the envelope. Thereupon, the envelope is reversely folded and the previously unused adhesive 18 is moistened and adhered to the flap 12, the inner or other face of the main wall 10 being thus exposed as in Figure 3 for use of the various blanks thereof, the closure flap 16 being adapted for reverse folding and extension into the interior of the envelope.

As a result of the construction described, the envelope will give double service.

I claim as my invention:—

1. A structure of the class described having a main wall, flaps in foldable relation therewith and adhered together to form an envelope, certain of said flaps containing adhesive on the outer surface thereof at zones directly opposite the zones of adhesion, the structure being of a material permitting separation of adhering flaps without mutilation, whereby the envelope after separation of the flaps may be reversely folded and adhered.

2. A structure of the class described having a main wall, flaps in foldable relation therewith and adhered together to form an envelope, certain of said flaps containing adhesive on the outer surface thereof at zones directly opposite the zones of adhesion, the structure being of a material permitting separation of adhering flaps without mutilation, whereby the envelope after separation of the flaps may be reversely folded and adhered, said wall having entry indicia on both faces thereof.

3. A structure of the class described having a main wall, flaps in foldable relation therewith and adhered together to form an envelope, certain of said flaps containing adhesive on the outer surface thereof at zones directly opposite the zones of adhesion, the structure being of a material permitting separation of adhering flaps without mutilation, whereby the envelope after separation of the flaps may be reversely folded and adhered, said wall having entry indicia on both faces thereof, and a closure wall connected to the main wall and adapted to be extended interiorly of the envelope in each form.

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