



(51) International Patent Classification:

G06F 17/30 (2006.01) G06Q 30/02 (2012.01)
G06T 11/00 (2006.01)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/IL2014/050032

(22) International Filing Date:

13 January 2014 (13.01.2014)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

61/757,277 28 January 2013 (28.01.2013) US

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(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM,

DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Declarations under Rule 4.17:

— of inventorship (Rule 4.17(iv))

Published:

— with international search report (Art. 21(3))

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: DYNAMIC PROMOTIONAL LAYOUT MANAGEMENT AND DISTRIBUTION RULES

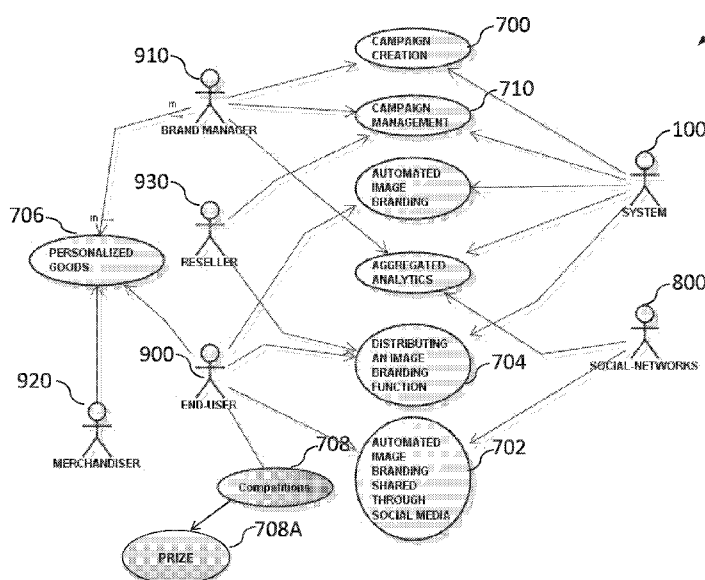


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: Systems, methods and computer readable products are provided for enabling dynamic loading of one or more digital image branding functions associated with one or more distribution rules. A distribution rule is used to target a group of end users that are selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end-users according to one or more distribution rules. Instructions are forwarded to present an indication the digital image branding function to each member of the end users group.



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- *before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments (Rule 48.2(h))*

DYNAMIC PROMOTIONAL LAYOUT MANAGEMENT AND DISTRIBUTION RULES

FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 The present invention, in some embodiments thereof, relates to promotional content distribution and, more specifically, but not exclusively, to systems, methods and a computer program product for dynamic promotional layout and image processing functions management and/or distribution.

10 The design and development of mobile device applications for use by end users partaking in social media network conversations has experienced a significant growth in the past decade. This was stimulated in part by an increase in client-terminal computing power and by end-user accessibility to large-scale non-volatile storage, which facilitated the near real-time efficient long term storage of socially related digital images.

15 These contemporary advances may facilitate the technological underpinning for taming user-driven experiences. For instance, template-based face detection and feature extraction techniques may be readily realized on a client-terminal such as an entry level Smartphone.

20 A client terminal owned by an end user may be utilized for capturing digital images of people or experiences at social, cultural, sporting or other events. Client terminals with integrated cameras or image sensors are widely used by children and adults. This is in view of the fact that inexpensive image sensors and image processing software became readily available to mobile device manufactures.

25 Images and videos captured by integrated cameras may be stored locally in the mobile device and/or persisted via an application program interface (API) to remote repositories and/or transmitted via a network to a remote server for further processing.

30 Socially related video data created and posted to websites by end users such as internet users and bloggers alone, *per diem*, surpasses the terabyte range and is projected to grow exponentially. To illustrate, according to a study conducted by Martin, (*The Third Screen: Marketing to Your Customers in a World Gone Mobile*, ISBN 10: 1857885643) in more than seventy five countries, the number of mobile devices already surpasses the country's population.

 For that reason, resellers and merchandizes interested in expanding their market share and increasing their exposure to potential end users quickly recognized the

prospective marketing potential of social media networks and strategic brand management.

For instance, one such brand management strategy is generating analytics based on measurements and statistics of geo localized client terminal usage in a social media network, in order to target a particular end user group. Strategies for profiting from embedding coupons, into images quickly emerged: such promotional content came in a variety of assorted forms including banners and sponsored links.

As used herein, the term near real time refers to a time interval of few seconds or less. For instance, the time interval that passes in response to a first triggering event and to the activation time of a subsequent second event.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to some embodiments of the present invention, there is provided a computerized method of distributing a digital image branding function, the computerized method comprising:

receiving the digital image branding function associated with at least one distribution rule;

matching, using a processor, a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users according to the at least one distribution rule; and

forwarding instructions to present an indication of the image branding function to each member of the group, the indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with the member; and

wherein the image branding function is set to process a digital image designated at the client terminal to create a branded digital image.

Optionally, wherein the image branding function is an image layout branding function that is set to embed a graphical.

Optionally, wherein the distribution rule is a distribution rule targeting at least one member of at least one member's group of at least one social media network.

Optionally, wherein the image branding function is a content processing function that analyzes a content depicted in the digital image to create accordingly the branded digital image.

Optionally, further comprising:

receiving, at a matching module, current data metrics from at least one sensor on the client terminal;

in response to the receiving, matching by a matching module, the current data metrics to a second distribution rule; and

forwarding the second distribution rule to each member of the group.

Optionally, wherein a plurality of image branding functions are cascaded thereby creating the image branding function.

Optionally, wherein the at least one sensor is at least one of an image sensor, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a location determining device, light sensor, temperature sensor, blood rate monitor, heart rate monitor, and moisture sensor.

Optionally, further comprising:

processing a digital image designated by the member at the client terminal according to the image branding function to create a branded digital image; and

outputting the branded digital image.

Optionally, further comprising rewarding each the member of the group of end users with at least one monetary reward in response to distributing the branded digital image to at least one social media network by each the member of the group of end users.

Optionally, wherein a measure of the at least one monetary reward is a frequency at which at least one member of at least one social media network members group responds to the distributing of the branded digital image.

Optionally, further comprising enabling end users to order at least one paid personalized gift from at least one physical fulfillment service thereby allowing printing of the branded digital image on the at least one paid personalized gift.

According to some embodiments of the present invention, there is provided a computerized system of distributing an image branding function, comprising:

a database which documents a plurality of image branding functions each of the plurality of image branding functions is associated with at least one distribution rule;

a processor;

a matching module which matches, using the processor, to a first of the plurality of image branding functions a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a

plurality of end users according to a respective the at least one distribution rule;

a network interface which forwards instructions to present an indication of the first of the plurality of image branding functions to each member of the group, the indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with the member; and

5 an image processing module which processes a digital image designated by the member at the client terminal according to the image branding function to create a branded image and outputs the branded image.

According to some embodiments of the present invention, there is provided a client terminal used by an end user, the client terminal comprising:

10 an image sensor for capturing at least one digital image;

a processor;

a memory including computer program code for one or more programs, the memory and the computer program code configured to, with the processor, cause a resident application executing on the client terminal to perform at least the following:

15 initiate presentation of a graphical user interface (GUI) on the client terminal;

receive at least one image branding function displayed on a first palette in a first area on the GUI;

capture using the image sensor, at least one digital image displayed on a second palette in a second area on the GUI;

20 identify at least one region of interest within the at least one digital image;

apply at least one image branding function to the at least one region of interest thereby transforming the at least one digital image to at least one branded digital image; and

output the branded digital image.

25 Optionally, further comprising:

provide the end user, access to a dataset comprising at least one image processing function in a third area displaying a third palette,

select by the end user, at least one of the at least one image processing function; and

30 in a forth area displaying a button which when clicked by the end user, applying the at least one of the at least one image processing function to at least one of the at

least one digital image, thereby displaying in a fifth area, a group of at least one branded digital image to the end user.

Optionally, wherein the receiving further comprising:

5 accessing a third party image sharing service which provides at least one image filter; and
unifying the at least one image branding function with the at least one image filter.

Optionally, further comprising:

10 receive by the resident application, current data metrics from at least one sensor attached to the client terminal; and
in response to the receiving, modify the image branding function.

Optionally, wherein in the outputting, the at least one branded digital image is in a Joint Photography Engineering Group (JPEG) image format associated with an exchangeable image file format 'EXIF' attachment, wherein 'EXIF' attachment
15 comprises at least one of time and date, location, a campaign reference id, device type, an end user ID and end user details.

Optionally, wherein to a first client terminal establishes near field communications (NFC) with a second client terminal thereby allowing a first end user of the first client terminal to transmit at least one resident application to a second end
20 user of the second client terminal.

Optionally, wherein the image processing function is at least one of de blurring, color correction, auto focus, fill flash, cropping, de motion blurring, black and white, sepia, antique, overlay, pinch, zoom and rotation.

Optionally, further comprising:

25 accessing a third party image sharing service which provides at least one image filter;

forwarding by the resident application the at least one image branding function to the third party image sharing service; and

30 in response to the forwarding, unifying by the third party image sharing service the at least one image branding function with the at least one image filter.

According to some embodiments of the present invention, there is provided a computer program product comprising a non transitory computer usable storage medium having computer readable program code embodied in the medium for distributing an image branding function, the computer program product comprising:

5 first computer readable program code for enabling a processor to receiving a digital image branding function associated with at least one distribution rule;

second computer readable program code for enabling a processor to matching, a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users according to the at least one distribution rule;

10 third computer readable program code for enabling a processor to forwarding instructions to present an indication of the image branding function to each member of the group, the indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with the member;

15 forth computer readable program code for enabling a processor to processing a digital image designated by the member at the client terminal according to the digital image branding function to create a branded digital image; and

fifth computer readable program code for enabling a processor to outputting the branded digital image.

20 Unless otherwise defined, all technical and/or scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which the invention pertains. Although methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of embodiments of the invention, exemplary methods and/or materials are described below. In case of conflict, the patent specification, including definitions, will control. In addition, the materials, methods, and
25 examples are illustrative only and are not intended to be necessarily limiting.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Some embodiments of the invention are herein described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings. With specific reference now to the
30 drawings in detail, it is stressed that the particulars shown are by way of example and for purposes of illustrative discussion of embodiments of the invention. In this regard,

the description taken with the drawings makes apparent to those skilled in the art how embodiments of the invention may be practiced.

In the drawings:

FIG. 1 is a unified modeling language (UML) use case diagram of an exemplary
5 image branding function distribution system, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an exemplary block diagram illustrating elements of a system of image branding function distribution, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

10 FIG. 3 is a flowchart of a method of distributing a digital image branding function, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart of a method of distributing a digital image branding function and processing a digital image, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

15 FIG. 5 is a diagram of an exemplary client terminal having graphical user interface (GUI) and a resident application, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 6 which is an illustration of resident application awareness process, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

20 FIG. 7 is a time lagged flowchart illustrating an exemplary sequence of events occurring during a creation of a branded digital image on a client terminal, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 8 illustrates how end user information such as a location, may be used in order to distribute a personalized branded image function, according to some
25 embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 9 is an illustration of an exemplary near field communications (NFC) session between two NFC enabled client terminals, under some embodiments of the present invention;

30 FIG. 10 is an illustration of a method for applying an image processing function to a digital image, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 11 is an illustration of a method for monitoring branded digital image distribution, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 12 is an exemplary entity relationship diagram (ERD) of a campaign management database managed by a system, according to some embodiments of the present invention; and

FIG. 13 is an exemplary event distribution monitoring system, according to some embodiments of the present invention;

FIG. 14 is an illustration of an exemplary distribution rules database entry, according to some embodiments of the present invention; and

FIG. 15 is an illustration of an exemplary branded skin creation by a brand manager, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF SPECIFIC EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION

The present invention, in some embodiments thereof, relates to promotional content distribution and, more specifically, but not exclusively, to systems, methods and a computer program product for dynamic promotional layout and image processing functions management and/or distribution.

In some embodiments of the present invention, the systems, computer program products and methods enable dynamic loading, for instance, at a client terminal, one or more digital image branding functions. An image branding function is a function that when applied to a digital image processes the image by applying a transformation according to the function. For instance, applying a function that adds an icon or that alters the digital image layout and/or the like. An image branding function may be associated with one or more distribution rules. A distribution rule is a rule used in determining how to target a group of end-users, for instance, a rule that determines that only a group of end users having certain characteristics and/or match a certain requirement, for example currently watching a specific content via their client terminal, for example a soccer game, are associated with the image branding function. It should be noted that the one or more distribution rules may be altered in real-time, by an administrator such as a brand manager, based on the state of various relevant conditions such as the location of end users as described in detail hereinbelow.

One or more indications of the digital image branding function(s) may be displayed by a client terminal, in a graphical palette, allowing the user to select a digital image branding function for processing a selected or captured image in real time.

Digital image branding functions may be distributed according to one or more distribution rules, end users having specific demographic characteristics, located in a certain area, optionally at a certain time, using a certain application that is installed in their client terminal and/or the like.

5 Processing a digital image designated by the member at the client terminal according to the selected digital image branding function results in a branded digital image. The branded digital image may be processed by an image processing filter, such as a Gaussian smoothing function. The end user who created the branded digital image using the digital image branding function is optionally presented with the option to
10 share the branded digital image with his friends in a social media network and/or to post the branded digital image in a digital billboard.

 Optionally, an image branding function is matched to a group of end users from a database according to relation to an event, a socially connected group of end users and/or the like. In such embodiments, instructions to present an indication of the image
15 branding function are sent to client terminal of one or more members of the group.

 According to some embodiments of the present invention, there is provided a system that allows a brand manager to create, retrieve, aggregate, organize, analyze and/or distribute one or more image branding functions, for example as part of a campaign. The system allows end users to interact with a brand and to be involved
20 actively in a creation of an image that includes the brand.

 Brand managers may leverage end user generated content for the purpose of brand and/or product promotion.

 As used herein, the term user generated content refers to any type of data that is typically created on a client terminal. For instance, graphical data, including but not
25 limited to digital images, photos, graphics, drawings, paintings, pictures, videos, images extracted from videos, information related to the photos and/or the videos and/or a combination thereof. For instance, audio and speech, including but not limited to, voice(s), singing, background sounds, and/or playing musical instruments.

 The system may allow a brand manager to grant monetary and/or non-monetary
30 reward to certain end users, for instance based on the distribution of the branded digital images he created, for example by counting the number of times other end users responded to and/or viewed post(s) with the branded digital images.

The system may allow a brand manager to enable end users to purchase paid personalized gifts, based on data metrics collected on the end user's client terminal and subsequently allow the end user to commercially engage with a physical fulfillment service.

5 We now present for the purpose of subject matter introduction and by way of example only, and not limitation, the exemplary use case diagram of FIG. 1.

In FIG. 1 the UML notation is utilized in order to present use case models and actors interacting with the use case models, according to some embodiments of the present invention. As used herein, the term actor refers to a role played by a human user
10 or a component.

Referring now to FIG. 1 which is a use case diagram 80 of an exemplary image branding function distribution system, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

Campaign management and branding systems such as system 100, allow brand
15 manager 910 to segment end users 900 each having a client terminal (not shown) into targeted end user groups using one or more distribution rules. The system 100 may allow a brand manager to distribute personalized content such as a branded application having a custom made visual appearance (skin) and/or a digital image branding function, to the targeted end user groups using the one or more distribution rules.

20 The system 100 may allow branding campaigns to be executed partly simultaneously, or in overlapping periods according to parameters such as campaign duration, configured in the system 100 by a brand manager during a campaign creation 700 processes.

As used herein, the term client terminal refers to any network connected device
25 including, but not limited to, personal digital assistants (PDAs), tablets, electronic book readers, handheld computers, cellular phones, personal media devices (PMDs), smart phones, and/or the like.

The client terminal may be used to host and execute one or more resident applications which initiate presentation of a graphical user interface (GUI) on the client
30 terminal. The client terminal may also be used to accept input entered by an end user, to display information such as a branded image, to apply image processing functions such as sharpening, and/or to participate in campaign competitions, as described below.

The system 100 may allow different actors such as the brand manager 910, to interact, in a campaign creation 700 process, with the system 100 and with the end user 900 in order to distribute an image branding function 704 to end user 900. The system 100 may also allow the end user 900 to automate the process 702 of image branding, and/or share branded images to social networks 800 such as Facebook. The system 100 may be in addition utilized in order to:

- I. Change, remove or promote in real time branded skins to end users either targeting end users participating in the campaign or targeting end users at least one specific geographic location.
- II. Assign, increase or decrease the number of end users receiving a specific branded skin.
- III. Utilize the proactive transmission of notifications to a selected group of end users. Manage promotions, competitions and incentives for use by a targeted group of end users.
- IV. Censure and moderate digital images forwarded to the system by end user.
- V. Shorten or extend the duration of one or more campaigns.
- VI. Generate detailed end user analytics such as analytics based on end user usage of branded images and/or analytics based on data metrics relevant to quantifying campaign effectiveness.

The system 100 may be part of a photo marketing platform targeted predominantly to address the business needs of the brand manager 910, for instance, in configuring the various components of a strategic marketing program, in presenting aggregated analytics, and/or in establishing the relationships between a merchandiser 920 and a reseller 930.

Optionally, the system 100 may include an administrative console and/or a user interface such as a campaign management web interface (refer for instance to numeral 912 of FIG. 2) that allows the brand manager 910 to manage resources such as a merchant/reseller catalog, promotional content, branded image functions and/or the like.

The system may allow a brand manager 910, who is the marketing executive responsible for creating a campaign, to configure additional parameters pertaining to the campaign such as an objective of reaching a minimum number of end users, scheduling

campaign delivery, coming up with the content of the campaign and/or establishing costs associated with maintaining the campaign.

The system 100 may also be used by a reseller 930 such as a marketing agency, or one acting as a channel partner, such as one that operates several campaigns in tandem
5 each targeted to address the requirement of a different client.

The system 100 may also be used by the merchandiser 920, such as a supplier of goods personalized with the use of a branded image.

Once a campaign is created, the system 100 may allow the participation of various end user types. An end user 910 may be an anonymous end user or participant, such as a
10 user who downloads a branded application to a client terminal, a registered end user or participant, such as a user who signs up to a service offered by the system 100 by creating an account. Optionally, the system 100 supports several revenue generating models. The system 100 may enable the end user 910 to purchase personalized goods 706, which are be offered by the merchandizer 920 and marketed by the reseller 930
15 through the distribution of promotional content such as a coupon.

As used herein, the term promotional content refers to any category of content which conveys information relating to a promotional, commercial, marketing, or monetary prospect of which one or more users may financially benefit from. Consequently, promotional content may contain, for instance, commercial
20 recommendations, offers, coupons, discounts, subsidized products, marketing materials, and/or the like.

Before explaining at least one embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not necessarily limited in its application to the details of construction and the arrangement of the components and/or methods set forth in the
25 following description and/or illustrated in the drawings and/or the Examples. The invention is capable of other embodiments or of being practiced or carried out in various ways.

As will be appreciated by one skilled in the art, aspects of the present invention may be embodied as a system, method or computer program product. Accordingly, aspects
30 of the present invention may take the form of an entirely hardware embodiment, an entirely software embodiment (including firmware, resident software, micro code, etc.) or an embodiment combining software and hardware aspects that may all generally be

referred to herein as a “circuit,” “module” or “system.” Furthermore, aspects of the present invention may take the form of a computer program product embodied in one or more computer readable medium(s) having computer readable program code embodied thereon.

5 Any combination of one or more computer readable medium(s) may be utilized. The computer readable medium may be a computer readable signal medium or a computer readable storage medium. A computer readable storage medium may be, for example, but not limited to, an electronic, magnetic, optical, electromagnetic, infrared, or semiconductor system, apparatus, or device, or any suitable combination of the foregoing. More specific examples (a non exhaustive list) of the computer readable
10 storage medium would include the following: an electrical connection having one or more wires, a portable computer diskette, a hard disk, a random access memory (RAM), a read only memory (ROM), an erasable programmable read only memory (EPROM or Flash memory), an optical fiber, a portable compact disc read only memory (CD ROM),
15 an optical storage device, a magnetic storage device, or any suitable combination of the foregoing. In the context of this document, a computer readable storage medium may be any tangible medium that can contain, or store a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

A computer readable signal medium may include a propagated data signal with
20 computer readable program code embodied therein, for example, in baseband or as part of a carrier wave. Such a propagated signal may take any of a variety of forms, including, but not limited to, electro magnetic, optical, or any suitable combination thereof. A computer readable signal medium may be any computer readable medium that is not a computer readable storage medium and that can communicate, propagate,
25 or transport a program for use by or in connection with an instruction execution system, apparatus, or device.

Program code embodied on a computer readable medium may be transmitted using any appropriate medium, including but not limited to wireless, wireline, optical fiber cable, RF, etc., or any suitable combination of the foregoing.

30 Computer program code for carrying out operations for aspects of the present invention may be written in any combination of one or more programming languages, including an object oriented programming language such as Java, Smalltalk, C++ or the

like and conventional procedural programming languages, such as the "C" programming language or similar programming languages. The program code may execute entirely on the user's computer, partly on the user's computer, as a stand alone software package, partly on the user's computer and partly on a remote computer or entirely on the remote computer or server. In the latter scenario, the remote computer may be connected to the user's computer through any type of network, including a local area network (LAN) or a wide area network (WAN), or the connection may be made to an external computer (for example, through the Internet using an Internet Service Provider).

Aspects of the present invention are described below with reference to flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams of methods, apparatus (systems) and computer program products according to embodiments of the invention. It will be understood that each block of the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, and combinations of blocks in the flowchart illustrations and/or block diagrams, can be implemented by computer program instructions. These computer program instructions may be provided to a processor of a general purpose computer, special purpose computer, or other programmable data processing apparatus to produce a machine, such that the instructions, which execute via the processor of the computer or other programmable data processing apparatus, create means for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

These computer program instructions may also be stored in a computer readable medium that can direct a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to function in a particular manner, such that the instructions stored in the computer readable medium produce an article of manufacture including instructions which implement the function/act specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

The computer program instructions may also be loaded onto a computer, other programmable data processing apparatus, or other devices to cause a series of operational steps to be performed on the computer, other programmable apparatus or other devices to produce a computer implemented process such that the instructions which execute on the computer or other programmable apparatus provide processes for implementing the functions/acts specified in the flowchart and/or block diagram block or blocks.

Referring now to FIG. 2 which is an exemplary block diagram illustrating elements of a system 100 of image branding function distribution, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

The system 100 includes: a processor 404, a memory 406, a matching module 400,
5 an image processing module 402, a network interface 500 and a campaign management database 600.

Under some embodiments of the present invention, the processor 404 is located within or outside the system 100. Further, while certain components are illustrated within the system 100, those with ordinary skill in the art would appreciate that the
10 modules illustrated in FIG. 2 may be arranged differently.

For instance, the system 100 and/or one or more of the system 100 components, are located within a cloud computing environment (not shown) or are contained entirely within one of the other modules, such as the matching module 400 and/or the image processing module 402. In like manner, while in FIG. 2 a single system 100 having a
15 single processor 404, and single memory 406 is illustrated and discussed, those with ordinary skill in the art would appreciate that several such systems may be utilized having different permutation and number of the modules.

The processor 404 and/or the memory 406 may be coupled, directly or indirectly, through a system bus (not shown) or any alternative communication structure to one or
20 more modules such as the image processing module 402, the campaign management database 600 and/or peripheral devices.

Optionally, the processor 404, the memory 406 and/or the campaign management database 600 are directly or indirectly connected to additional storage device, such as a hard disk array storage device 630 which is external to the system. The matching
25 module 400 and the image processing module 402 may be communicably coupled to the campaign management database 600 and communicably connected to a network via a network interface 500.

Under some embodiments of the present invention, the digital images, end user profile data and/or campaign configuration data are stored in the campaign management
30 database 600. The source of the digital images may be, photographs captured by end users 900 and end user 900A who are external to the system and are using client terminal 300 and client terminal 300A respectively. The client terminal 300 may host

one or more resident applications 310 which are used to interact with end users as described in detail hereinafter.

As used herein, the term network refers generally to any type of telecommunications or data network including, without limitation, hybrid fiber coax (HFC) networks, satellite networks, telecommunications networks, and data networks including local area networks (LANs), metropolitan area networks (MANs), local area networks (LANs) and/or wide area networks (WANs), the Internet, and intranets.

As used herein, the term module refers to any computerized component, network node or entity adapted to provide communications protocols and/or applications and/or content and/or other services to one or more client terminals, other devices or entities on a network or a remote network node.

The campaign management database 600, stores and documents the image branding functions 602. Each of the image branding functions 602 may be associated with one or more distribution rules 604.

For instance, the distribution rule 604 may be a rule targeting a group of end users who are in the connections list of an end user in a social media network. The distribution rules 604 may be stored in the campaign management database and may be altered in near real time by the brand manager 910, who is external to the system 100, thereby reflecting a change in campaign distribution strategy.

A matching module 400, matches a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users to an image branding function according to a respective distribution rule 604.

The network interface 500 forwards instructions sent by the system 100 to present an indication of a digital image branding function 602, for instance, on a graphical palette on the display of an end user client terminal. A digital image branding function 602 may be subsequently applied to one or more digital images captured by the end user and shared through social media networks. The image branding function 602 may also be stored in the campaign management database and may be altered in near real time by the brand manager 910.

The image processing module 402 processes a digital image selected by an end user according to an image branding function, or according to an image processing function in order to create a branded image and consequently output the branded digital image

for post processing. For instance, the user opts to apply an image post processing function such as an image sharpening function as described in detail hereinbelow. In like manner, the image processing module 402 automatically applies a branding function that adds an icon or that alters the digital image layout and/or the like.

5 It should be noted that system 100 and/or any of its components may be integrated with third party vendors and services such as services offered by *Facebook*, *Twitter*, *flickr*, *Pinterest*, *FourSquare*, *Instagram*, email, any combination thereof and/or the like.

For instance, system 100 is integrated with Facebook such that images posted by users are branded according to distribution rules set by system 100.

10 Or for instance, system 100 is integrated with an image filtering service offered by *Instagram* such that the *Instagram* service allows an end user to select a branding function offered by system 100. The end user selects the branding function in the same manner that the end user selects a filter provided by the *Instagram* image filtering service. Subsequently, the *Instagram* image filtering service applies the branding
15 functions to one or more digital images captured by the end user. A resident application 310 and/or a third party resident application, may be utilized to allow end users select *instagram* filters and/or branding functions provided by system 100. In addition, the resident application 310 and/or a third party resident application, may also utilize information received from sensors attached to the client terminal used by the end user,
20 in order to dynamically change the branding functions and/or filters.

Referring now to FIG. 3 which illustrates a method 102 of distributing a digital image branding function to a group of end users, according to some embodiments of the present invention. The method may be implemented using system 100 that was described in detail hereinabove.

25 First, the method begins at 480, followed at 482 by receiving, for instance, from system 100, a digital image branding function associated with one or more distribution rules. The digital image branding function may be displayed on a client terminal of one or more end users that are targeted using the distribution rule. For instance, a distribution rule created for running a campaign that is targeted at recruiting engineering
30 students who were awarded a degree *with Distinction*, from top British universities.

Next at 484, a group of end users from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users is identified as matching for the image branding function, for example according to one or

more distribution rules which are associated with the image branding function. The matching may be based on, selecting a group of users from a database, from a membership list of a social media network and/or the like.

At 486, instructions to present an indication of the image branding function are forwarded to each member of the matched group. For example, an indication of the image branding function is added to a graphical palette that is presented on the client terminal of each member of the end users group may be utilized to display the image branding function which may subsequently be selected by each member of the end users group.

Lastly at 488, the method terminates.

Optionally, and with reference to FIG. 4, the digital image is processed and outputted as described hereinafter. FIG. 4 illustrates a method 104 of distributing a digital image branding function to a group of end users, and processing a digital image according to some embodiments of the present invention.

Like the method described in FIG. 3, the method described herein may also be implemented using system 100. Back to FIG. 4, the first four blocks (e.g. 480-486) are identical to the blocks having the same numerals in FIG. 3.

Now at 490, processing a digital image designated by the member at the client terminal according to the digital image branding function selected, resulting in a branded digital image.

Lastly at 492, the method terminates after outputting the branded digital image.

The branded digital image may be further processed by image processing functions and/or shared and distributed as exemplified hereinbelow with reference to FIG. 7.

Referring now to FIG. 5, which is a diagram 106 of an exemplary client terminal having graphical user interface (GUI) and a resident application, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

The client terminal 300 may include a processor 302 and a main memory 304, which is communicably coupled to the processor 302. The main memory 304 may store data and executable code, and in addition stores data associated, with resident applications 310 running on the client terminal 300.

The client terminal 300 also includes an image sensor 306 for capturing one or more digital images.

The client terminal may output a branded digital image in various image formats and stores, in addition to the branded digital image, additional metadata associated with the branded digital image. For instance, when the digital image output format is a Joint Photographic Experts Group (JPEG) image format, then the digital image is associated with an exchangeable image file format 'EXIF' attachment. The 'EXIF' attachment may comprise metadata such as time and date, location, a campaign reference id that was assigned by a brand manager, device type, an end user ID and/or any additional end user details.

Under some embodiments of the present invention, sensors, such as the image sensor 306 are employed in detecting and/or measuring movements and collecting data metrics. For instance, when a sensor detects that the end user is moving up or down an elevator with his children, the system 100 activates a distribution rule that forwards an image branding function that is related to a paid amusement park roller coaster as part of a photo marketing campaign targeting families in a summer holiday. Or for instance, when a sensor such as an anemometer detects the end user is subject to heavy wind, system 100 activates a distribution rule that forwards an image branding function that is related to coats targeted especially to protect end users against wind.

Data from the sensors may be utilized either in combination, or individually, in whole or in part, to detect and/or measure movements. Consequently, measurements may be determined from joining data obtained from one or more sensors. For instance, data metrics collected from a temperature sensor indicates that the end-user is located in a hot environment. Subsequently, system 100 of FIG.2 forwards to the end user an image branding function which is associated with a distribution rule that defines as target audience users in a hot environment, for instance an image branding function that adds a label depicting a cold refreshing drink offered by a reseller.

As used herein, the term sensor refers to, but not limited to: an image sensor, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a location determining device such as a global positioning device (GPS), light sensor, temperature sensor, heart rate monitor, image capturing sensor, moisture sensor, a combination thereof and/or the like.

Under some embodiments of the present invention, the processor 302 provides processing ability in conjunction with the main memory 304 and optionally the permanent storage 306, to host and run one or more resident applications 310. Suitable

for long term storage, the permanent storage 306 may store data files such as images, end user preference information and/or the like.

Optionally, the resident application 310, runs on the client terminal 300 and is operable, , but is not limited to, capturing, managing, branding and displaying images, gathering input from client terminal sensors, communicating with additional client terminals 300, and/or the like.

Optionally, the resident application 310, initiates presentation of the GUI on the client terminal. The resident application is logic implemented in any combination of hardware and software, is stored in memory and executed by a processor and/or used to accept input entered by an end user and display information such as a branded image.

Optionally, the resident application 310 executes on the client terminal when selected by an end user or executed when triggered by an event, such as an update to the resident application 310.

Optionally, the resident application 310 is used to receive content and other information related to the location of the client terminal and to provide this content to other modules or to the system 100.

Optionally, the GUI and/or one or more of the components comprising the GUI may be dynamically configured and changed in real time according to one or more parameters. For instance, the resident application 310 detects, using a sensor on the client terminal, that the height at which the client terminal is held matches the height of a child end user, and in response, the resident application 310 dynamically alters the GUI so that GUI components such as buttons are larger to ease the operation of the GUI by the child end user.

Optionally, the end user is provided access to a dataset comprising image processing functions, in an area on the GUI displaying a palette with selectable image processing functions. Subsequently, the user may select one or more of the image processing functions from the palette and by clicking a button 312, applying one or more of the image processing functions to one or more digital images. Subsequently, the user may be view the processed images.

Optionally, the resident application provides additional functionality that includes, but is not limited to:

- I. Sharing digital images directly from the resident application to social media networks such as *Facebook*, *Twitter*, *flickr*, *Pinterest*, *FourSquare*, email, any combination thereof and/or the like. The sharing of digital images may be accomplished by concurrently distributing the digital images to multiple channels by using a service such as *Pixelpipe*.
- II. Utilizing a predetermined fixed footer that is displayed with the shared digital image. The footer may be composed of, for instance, plain text and/or a hyperlink.
- III. Allowing a user to comment on one or more digital images. For instance, the user uses the resident application to communicate with a social media network and provide a comment on an image that was uploaded to the social media network by another end-user.
- IV. Allowing a user to vote (commonly known as “*Like*”), for instance in favor of a shared digital image in a social media network.
- V. Allowing a user to create a branded album having a personal context, for instance, an album in which all the digital images are automatically branded with a picture of a university an end user is attending.

Referring now to FIG. 6 which is an illustration of resident application awareness process 108, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

An end user 900 may become aware of the existence of a resident application by one or more of the following alternative methods: (i) an on-site promotion method in which during a promotional event at a physical location wherein the end-user 900 employees near field communications (NFC) attached to his client-terminal in order to receive a resident application transmitted to him from another NFC enabled device. (ii) An on-line promotion method taking place prior to a promotional event at a physical location. (iii) An on-line promotion as part of an on-line event wherein end-users participate in an on-line (e.g. not physical) promotional event. (iv) A notification based method wherein a proactive push notification including a resident application is transmitted to the client-terminal used by the end-user. It should be noted that the determination whether to send

a notification may be based on the end-user 900 location, time and/or preferences, (vi) Scanning a quick response code 802A.

We now describe a resident application awareness process using method (vi).

First, the end-user scans a quick response code 802A, which is associated with a
5 branded resident application.

Next, in response to scanning the quick response code 802A, the end user 900 is presented with a GUI 320 that guides the end by interacting with the end user through a process of downloading one or more resident applications such as the one depicted by numeral 310 of FIG. 5.

10 Finally, the end-user 900 may use the downloaded resident application in order to capture pictures and brand digital images.

Referring now to FIG. 7 which is a time lagged flowchart 110 illustrating an exemplary sequence of events occurring during a creation of a branded digital image on a client terminal, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

15 First, the method begins at T00 when end user 900 awareness of a resident application with a branded skin 802B comes to life by introducing the end user 900 with a quick response code 802A that pertains to the resident application.

Next at T01, the end user 900 downloads the resident application.

Next, the end user uses his client terminal 300 and integrated image sensor 802C, at
20 T02 and T03 respectively to capture one or more digital images 802D at T04.

Next at T05 a branding function 802E that is associated with one or more distribution rules is automatically selected. For instance, based on the location of the party 900.

Subsequently at T07 automatic branding of the digital images is conducted thereby
25 resulting in having one or more branded images 802F.

Lastly, at T08, the user may opt for sharing one or more of the branded digital images through one or more social networks 802G. The shared branded digital images may be subsequently monitored by the system 100 using a method described in detail hereinbelow in FIG. 11.

30 Referring now to FIGs. 1 and 8. FIG. 8 is an illustration 112 of how end user information such as a location, is used in order to distribute a personalized branded image function, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

The system 100 may utilize geo-localized information in order to manage a campaign that targets end users based on their location. In some embodiments of the present invention, the client terminal 300 includes a location determining sensor (not shown). The location determining sensor may be a GPS utilized in calculating end user
5 location. For instance, the location detecting sensor approximates the geographic location of end users by triangulation as known in the art.

Optionally, the system 100 utilizes geographic segmentation methods to engage end-users in a personalized photo marketing campaign. For instance, system 100 determines that a first end user 900C is located at *Highland* 1200 in Scotland and that a
10 second end user 900D is located at *Aberdeenshire* 1202 also in Scotland.

The system 100 may further determine using information queried and extracted from the campaign management database 600, that the first end user 900C and second end user 900D are a U.S based married couple, both of which are working in the distillery business. Using the information gathered so far, system 100 may distribute an
15 image branding function of a Hotel in Scotland offering free guided tours in the Scottish distilleries.

In some embodiments of the present invention there are provided several revenue models (not shown). For instance, in the hereinabove presented example, and referring again also to FIG. 1, the reseller 930 and the merchandiser 920 are the hotel owner and
20 the distillery owners respectively cooperating together in a photo marketing and branding campaign to achieve a certain goal which was set up by the brand manager 910. Or for instance, a brand manager 910 and/or a reseller 930 is purchasing a campaign at one or more physical locations, wherein the campaign spans a pre-determined period of time such as of two weeks and having a start and end times.

25 In like manner, the system 100 may facilitate identifying categories of promotional content based on related commercial features found in a digital image captured by the end user 900C.

Referring now to FIG. 9 which is an illustration of an exemplary near field communications (NFC) session 114 between two NFC enabled client terminals, under
30 some embodiments of the present invention.

Certain client terminals integrate NFC chips. NFC technology is generally used for short range communications between a plurality of end users and is grounded on radio

frequency identification (RFID) technologies. The short range nature of this type wireless communications allows exchanging information between client terminals only over short distances, such as the distance depicted in FIG. 9.

The client terminal located at 1204 of a first end user establishes NFC with a second
5 client terminal located at 1206 thereby allowing the first end user to transmit for instance, a resident application such as an image branding application 1208 to the second end user.

Referring now to FIG. 10 which is an illustration of a method 116 for applying an image processing function to a digital image, according to some embodiments of the
10 present invention.

An end user 900, by applying an image processing function selected, for instance from GUI component such as a graphical palette, may adjust a digital image after it was captured and branded, for instance, to improve the digital image sharpness, lighting, contrast and/or improve focus of one or more subjects. As known in the art, a
15 digital image 1210 may be sharpened by applying an image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214.

The image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214 may transform the digital image spatial representation into an adapted frequency domain representation. The adapted frequency domain representation may be subsequently re transformed into the spatial
20 domain while providing a sharpened version 1212 of the original digital image.

It should be noted that the image sharpening effect or any other effect represented by the image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214, may be applied to the entire image or selectively applied to specific segments within the digital image 1210.

Under some embodiments of the present invention, the image processing
25 function $S(x,y)$ 1214 is one or more of de blurring, color correction, auto focus, fill flash, cropping, de motion blurring, black and white, sepia, antique, overlay, pinch, zoom, Gaussian smoothing, rotation and/or the like.

Optionally, the image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214 is a cascade of two or more image processing functions, as shown a de-blur function (sharpening) and a de-
30 motion trail function, the later being useful in cases the end user was in motion while capturing the digital picture.

Optionally, the system 100 allows adjusting values of one or more parameters of the image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214 automatically, semi automatically or manually performed by the end user 900. For instance, if the image processing function $S(x,y)$ 1214 is a Gaussian smoothing function then the end user alters the Kernel of 2 D Gaussian which affects the results of digital image smoothing.

Referring now to FIG. 11 which is an illustration of a method 118 for monitoring branded digital image distribution, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

As used herein, the term distribution tracking event refers to tracking event of distributing and sharing a digital image by an end user.

As noted hereinabove, the end user may share branded digital images across a wide array of social media networks. Tracking the distribution of these branded digital images may be useful in generating analytics on end user behavior, which are used to improve photo marketing campaigns.

Back to FIG. 11, first, the method begins at 440, followed at 442, by monitoring at least one distribution tracking event.

Next at 444, receiving at least one distribution tracking event. For instance, by triggering an event following a social media post of a digital image to a FaceBook group.

Next at 446, storing at least one distribution tracking event. Storing a history of tracking events may be found constructive in generating true statistics on end users and market trends based on a large sample of tracking events.

Next at 448, generating statistics from at least one distribution tracking event. The statistics may be presented to a brand manager which may use a campaign management web interface (refer for instance to numeral 912 of FIG. 2) having a GUI to view and analyze the results.

Lastly at 450, the method terminates.

A system that supports the implementation of the method depicted in FIG. 11, may be implemented under some embodiment of the present invention using the monitoring system of FIG. 13 which comprises: a monitoring module 1300 which receives, and processes using a processor 1302 and memory 1304, distribution tracking events which are stored on the database 1306.

The database 1306 may also utilize a large scale storage device, such as a hard disk array storage device 630 which is external to the system and used to store high volumes of data needed for monitoring a high number of distribution tracking events.

Referring now to FIGs. 1, 12. FIG. 12 illustrates an exemplary entity relationship diagram (ERD) 104 of a campaign management database 600 managed by the system 100, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

As used herein, the term ERD refers to graphs depicting the links between tables in a relational database.

The campaign management database 600, which may be a database system, is used for storing and retrieving entries employed by the system 100. It should be noted, that in some embodiments of the present invention, several databases are used rather than a single database.

We now present by way of example only, and not limitation, the exemplary ERD of FIG. 12.

Table 610 stores information pertaining to end users partaking in a campaign, table 612 stores branded images, table 614 stores branding functions, table 616 stores information pertaining to brand managers managing a campaign, table 618 stores information about goods offered to end users, table 620 stores information pertaining to resellers, table 622 stores information about campaigns and table 624 stores information about distribution rules. In some embodiments of the present invention, the tables, their attributes and the relationships between the tables are as follows:

Table 610 describes and stores information about end users and comprising of the following attributes: a USER_ID used as a unique primary key to differentiate between table rows, a NAME used as the name of the end user, a DEVICE TYPE indicating the type of the client terminal the end user is using, a DATE indicating when the user started participating in a campaign and a LOCATION indicating the geo localized location of the end user.

Table 612 describes and stores branded digital images and comprising of the following attributes: an ID used as a unique primary key to differentiate between table rows, a BINDATA used as a binary container for the actual branded image, a TYPE indicating the type of the branded image, a DATE indicating when was the entry created and a SIZE indicating the size, in mega-bytes, of the branded image.

Table 614 describes and stores branding functions and comprising of the following attributes: an ID used as a unique primary key to differentiate between table rows, a FUNCTION which is the actual branding function definition, a TYPE indicating the type of the branding function, a DATE indicating when was the branding function created and USER_ID indicating to which users was the branding function distributed to.

Tables 616-624 are designed and constructed in a similar fashion with similar attributes. It should be noted that not all relationships between the tables are depicted and that under some embodiments of the present invention other relationship permutations are possible.

Reference is now made to FIG. 15 which is an illustration of an exemplary creation of a branded skin by a brand manager, according to some embodiments of the present invention.

The concept of skin branding is as follows. The brand manager 910, using the campaign management web interface 912, may brand a skeleton resident application skin 912A. Subsequently, the end user 900 may install the resident application using the awareness process illustrated in FIG. 6.

First, the brand manager 910 using the campaign management web interface 912, has access to at least one skeleton resident application skin 912A.

Next, the brand manager 910 selects a resident application skin 912B which is overlaid on the skeleton resident application skin 912A resulting in a branded resident application skin 912C.

As shown the resident application skin 912B is an exemplary *inflatable balloon* skin associated with a merchandiser 920 of balloons.

EXAMPLES

Reference is now made to the following examples, which together with the above descriptions illustrate some embodiments of the invention in a non-limiting fashion.

Example 1

The present example describes an exemplary use-case outlining a photo-marketing campaign. The example is described with reference to FIGs. 1-3, FIG. 7 and FIGs. 13-14.

The example illustrates multiple physical locations and on-line elements in a campaign spanning a period of over two weeks.

1. Campaign Background:

SM Marketing (SMM) is a successful marketing agency specializing in interactive, digital brand promotion. SMM has a number of food and beverage companies on its books including Dream Drinks (DD) that recently launched goods such as EZ Vodka - a new lighter Vodka.

DD asked SSM for suggestions on how to generate traffic and attract end users so that they visit the new EZ Vodka web page on social media network such as Facebook. In addition, DD wanted to promote their brand across a number of specific geographic regions which previous market research has identified as offering high potential market penetration for EZ Vodka. The geographic regions may be regions such as the one depicted by numerals 1200 and 1202 of FIG. 8, and in this particular campaign include three US states – California, Florida and New Jersey, the United Kingdom and Spain.

SSM proposed a campaign with an interactive end-user competition combined with free samples of EZ Vodka to be offered at selected nightclubs. The distribution rules were stored in the campaign management database by allowing a brand manager to configure and store the actual distribution rules. For instance, a distribution rule reading “users who love vodka”. The later distribution rule may be narrowed down by intersecting the rule with a rule reading “all residents of Spain” hence targeting only vodka lovers in Spain.

DD defined the following success criteria for the campaign: 25,000 “likes” on the new EZ Vodka Facebook page, 30,000 branded digital images posted to various social media networks, 10,000 people submitting digital images to the competition and 50,000 people voting for the winner. The success criteria may be attested using the monitoring system which monitors events such as end users clicking a “like” button, calculates the number of branded images submitted, and aggregates voting results pertaining to the competition.

DD provided 400 free EZ Vodka shots (samples) at 10 preselected nightclubs in each of the three US states, the UK and Spain. A total of 80,000 free shots (representing

about 3000 bottles of vodka) were provided on Friday and Saturday nights on two consecutive weekends.

The campaign 700 ran from the first Friday night over a period spanning 14 days while being monitored by the monitoring system 122. With an average attendance of 5 300 people at each venue, the campaign's total potential physical reach was 60,000 people. With a target of 30,000 branded images 612 posted to various social media networks, expected brand exposure was in excess of 1.5 million. An engagement rate of 3.4% or higher was required to generate the 50,000 target for competition participants.

The campaign included a competition 708 - the winner of which receives a prize 10 708A in the form of monetary goods 706: two tickets, travel and hotel accommodation to Oslo's largest food and drink fair, taking place three months' time after the competition. DD provided both the free samples and the prize 708A; SSM was responsible conceptualizing and managing the campaign 710 including providing on-site attendants and signage at each nightclub. There was no further budget for any print 15 or additional on-line promotion.

Except for providing the samples at a cost of \$25,000, DD paid SSM a management fee of \$80,000 and a further \$8,000 to cover the cost of the prize 708A. The resulting total cost for the four active days at 50 different locations spread over three countries was \$113,000 – an all-inclusive average cost of \$2,500 per venue per day.

20 2. Campaign Configuration

SSM, working on behalf of EZ Vodka, logged into system 100 using the campaign management website (refer for instance to numeral 912 of FIG. 2) and completed the following three steps each using an on-line wizard available on the campaign management web interface 912:

25 Step 1: Image and application branding. Exact locations of each nightclub were defined, as were the EZ Vodka image skins 802B and the EZ Vodka application branding 802E. The graphic artist preparing the image skins and application branding worked for 11 and completed the work within a week of DD approving the campaign (exact technical specifications were available on-line at the campaign management website). With the image skins and application branding material already prepared, the 30 image configuration was completed within just a few minutes.

Step 2: Competition settings. The following required configuration for the competition:

- On-line gallery branding
- On-line gallery review permissions
- 5 •On-line gallery access permissions
- Voting procedure
- Participant's tagging
- Participant's caption editing
- Winner announcement

Step 3: Social media settings

- 10 •“Like” page configuration
- Fixed footer configuration (text and hyperlink defined by EZ Vodka) that will always appear with the image wherever it is posted.
- Participant's caption settings
- Relevant social media networks defined
- 15 •Facebook Album name
- E-mail subject and e-mail body message

3. Campaign Management 710. During the campaign both SSM and EZ Vodka managers 910 were able to access campaign data and make modifications to the campaign as required. One particular skin 802B proved to be extremely popular and so
20 was promoted more aggressively. Had additional skins be needed or locations can be changed all this could have been done in real-time on-line. Images uploaded to the gallery were monitored, for instance by monitoring system 122 and if necessary, inappropriate or offensive images were removed.

4. Participant Experience. To receive a free sample of EZ Vodka, nightclub
25 patrons had to download 802A, 802b the EZ Vodka branded resident application 310 for either the iPhone or Android platforms by scanning a Quick Response (QR) 802A code displayed prominently beside the free sample kiosk. Posters with instructions and details of the competition were displayed at the entrance to the nightclub, besides being displayed at the free sample kiosk and the entrance to the rest rooms.

30 Certain nightclubs did not permit at-the-door entry and only patrons who registered online were granted access. For these locations, patrons were encouraged to

download the app 802A at the time of registration with details of the competition displayed as part of an on-line registration process. Whether or not the branded resident application 310 is downloaded ahead of time or on-site, patrons received a fully branded EZ Vodka app with no need to register as campaign users.

5 Once inside the nightclub club, patrons clicked away all night automatically receiving EZ Vodka branded images that could be shared on all the pre-selected social networks. In addition, patrons had the option of uploading one or more images to the EZ Vodka competition opening up the possibility of winning a trip for two to Oslo. Shared images were posted with a brief textual footer inviting social media friends to vote in
10 the competition 708, the winner of which gets an all-expenses paid trip to Oslo. The footer also included a link to the EZ Vodka Facebook page. Voting was simple; the on-line gallery was open to everyone – both nightclub patrons and anyone who received a branded image through one of the preselected social media networks. Anyone wishing to vote viewed the gallery and simply double-clicked on the selected image vote. Only
15 one vote was possible within a single browser session.

 Stated differently, in order to vote multiple times, the end user had to close the browser and reload the page. No registration was required in order for the end user to vote. Voters were able to add comments to one or more pictures on the gallery by simply completing two fields – providing a name or alias and the comment itself. Just as
20 SSM monitored posted images for suitability, comments were also monitored and removed if necessary.

 All users that posted one or more images to the competition and shared that image through a social media network 800 received push notifications to their mobile devices 310 reminding them to get their friends to vote for them. Notifications were sent
25 out 72, 48 and 24 hours prior to the end of the competition. Users were given a campaign-specific opt-out option should they wish not to receive any further notifications.

 5. Campaign analytics. After the physical campaign was over the on-line competition remained open for five days. During the campaign and afterwards, SSM
30 and DD managers were able to access campaign analytics by logging in to the campaign website.

Available data included the following:

- User data:** total number, daily breakdown and location breakdown.
- Image data:** number of branded images created – total, per location and per day, of number branded images uploaded to the competition, number of branded images uploaded to each social media network.
- Competition data:** number of images in the competition (including historical growth), total number of votes and vote breakdown.
- Social Media:** links / login pop-ups to the admin pages for each of the preselected social media networks for network-specific analytics.

The methods as described above are used in the fabrication of integrated circuit chips.

The flowchart and block diagrams in the Figures illustrate the architecture, functionality, and operation of possible implementations of systems, methods and computer program products according to various embodiments of the present invention.

In this regard, each block in the flowchart or block diagrams may represent a module, segment, or portion of code, which comprises one or more executable instructions for implementing the specified logical function(s). It should also be noted that, in some alternative implementations, the functions noted in the block may occur out of the order noted in the figures. For example, two blocks shown in succession may, in fact, be executed substantially concurrently, or the blocks may sometimes be executed in the reverse order, depending upon the functionality involved. It will also be noted that each block of the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, and combinations of blocks in the block diagrams and/or flowchart illustration, can be implemented by special purpose hardware based systems that perform the specified functions or acts, or combinations of special purpose hardware and computer instructions.

The descriptions of the various embodiments of the present invention have been presented for purposes of illustration, but are not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the embodiments disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art without departing from the scope and spirit of the described embodiments. The terminology used herein was chosen to best explain the principles of the embodiments, the practical application or technical improvement over technologies

found in the marketplace, or to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the embodiments disclosed herein.

It is expected that during the life of a patent maturing from this application many relevant dynamic promotional layout and image processing functions management and/or distribution system will be developed and the scope of the term dynamic promotional layout and image processing functions management and/or distribution system is intended to include all such new technologies *a priori*.

As used herein the term “about” refers to $\pm 10\%$.

The terms "comprises", "comprising", "includes", "including", “having” and their conjugates mean "including but not limited to". This term encompasses the terms "consisting of" and "consisting essentially of".

The phrase "consisting essentially of" means that the composition or method may include additional ingredients and/or steps, but only if the additional ingredients and/or steps do not materially alter the basic and novel characteristics of the claimed composition or method.

As used herein, the singular form "a", "an" and "the" include plural references unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. For example, the term "a compound" or "at least one compound" may include a plurality of compounds, including mixtures thereof.

The word “exemplary” is used herein to mean “serving as an example, instance or illustration”. Any embodiment described as “exemplary” is not necessarily to be construed as preferred or advantageous over other embodiments and/or to exclude the incorporation of features from other embodiments.

The word “optionally” is used herein to mean “is provided in some embodiments and not provided in other embodiments”. Any particular embodiment of the invention may include a plurality of “optional” features unless such features conflict.

Throughout this application, various embodiments of this invention may be presented in a range format. It should be understood that the description in range format is merely for convenience and brevity and should not be construed as an inflexible limitation on the scope of the invention. Accordingly, the description of a range should be considered to have specifically disclosed all the possible subranges as well as individual numerical values within that range. For example, description of a range such

as from 1 to 6 should be considered to have specifically disclosed subranges such as from 1 to 3, from 1 to 4, from 1 to 5, from 2 to 4, from 2 to 6, from 3 to 6 etc., as well as individual numbers within that range, for example, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. This applies regardless of the breadth of the range.

5 Whenever a numerical range is indicated herein, it is meant to include any cited numeral (fractional or integral) within the indicated range. The phrases “ranging/ranges between” a first indicate number and a second indicate number and “ranging/ranges from” a first indicate number “to” a second indicate number are used herein interchangeably and are meant to include the first and second indicated numbers and all
10 the fractional and integral numerals therebetween.

It is appreciated that certain features of the invention, which are, for clarity, described in the context of separate embodiments, may also be provided in combination in a single embodiment. Conversely, various features of the invention, which are, for brevity, described in the context of a single embodiment, may also be provided
15 separately or in any suitable subcombination or as suitable in any other described embodiment of the invention. Certain features described in the context of various embodiments are not to be considered essential features of those embodiments, unless the embodiment is inoperative without those elements.

Although the invention has been described in conjunction with specific
20 embodiments thereof, it is evident that many alternatives, modifications and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, it is intended to embrace all such alternatives, modifications and variations that fall within the spirit and broad scope of the appended claims.

All publications, patents and patent applications mentioned in this specification
25 are herein incorporated in their entirety by reference into the specification, to the same extent as if each individual publication, patent or patent application was specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated herein by reference. In addition, citation or identification of any reference in this application shall not be construed as an admission that such reference is available as prior art to the present invention. To the extent that
30 section headings are used, they should not be construed as necessarily limiting.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A computerized method of distributing a digital image branding function, said computerized method comprising:
 - receiving said digital image branding function associated with at least one distribution rule;
 - matching, using a processor, a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users according to said at least one distribution rule; and
 - forwarding instructions to present an indication of said image branding function to each member of said group, said indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with said member; and
 - wherein said image branding function is set to process a digital image designated at said client terminal to create a branded digital image.
2. The computerized method of claim 1, wherein said image branding function is an image layout branding function that is set to embed a graphical.
3. The computerized method of claim 1, wherein said distribution rule is a distribution rule targeting at least one member of at least one member's group of at least one social media network.
4. The computerized method of claim 1, wherein said image branding function is a content processing function that analyzes a content depicted in said digital image to create accordingly said branded digital image.
5. The computerized method of claim 1, further comprising:
 - receiving, at a matching module, current data metrics from at least one sensor on said client terminal;
 - in response to said receiving, matching by a matching module, said current data metrics to a second distribution rule; and
 - forwarding said second distribution rule to each member of said group.

6. The computerized method of claim 1, wherein a plurality of image branding functions are cascaded thereby creating said image branding function.
7. The computerized method of claim 5, wherein said at least one sensor is at least one of an image sensor, an accelerometer, a gyroscope, a location determining device, light sensor, temperature sensor, blood rate monitor, heart rate monitor, and moisture sensor.
8. The computerized method of claim 1, further comprising:
processing a digital image designated by said member at said client terminal according to said image branding function to create a branded digital image; and
outputting said branded digital image.
9. The computerized method of claim 8, further comprising rewarding each said member of said group of end users with at least one monetary reward in response to distributing said branded digital image to at least one social media network by each said member of said group of end users.
10. The computerized method of claim 9, wherein a measure of said at least one monetary reward is a frequency at which at least one member of at least one social media network members group responds to said distributing of said branded digital image.
11. The computerized method of claim 9, further comprising enabling end users to order at least one paid personalized gift from at least one physical fulfillment service thereby allowing printing of said branded digital image on said at least one paid personalized gift.
12. A computerized system of distributing an image branding function, comprising:
a database which documents a plurality of image branding functions each of said plurality of image branding functions is associated with at least one distribution rule;
a processor;

a matching module which matches, using said processor, to a first of said plurality of image branding functions a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users according to a respective said at least one distribution rule;

a network interface which forwards instructions to present an indication of said first of said plurality of image branding functions to each member of said group, said indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with said member; and

an image processing module which processes a digital image designated by said member at said client terminal according to said image branding function to create a branded image and outputs said branded image.

13. A client terminal used by an end user, said client terminal comprising:

an image sensor for capturing at least one digital image;

a processor;

a memory including computer program code for one or more programs, said memory and said computer program code configured to, with said processor, cause a resident application executing on said client terminal to perform at least the following:

initiate presentation of a graphical user interface (GUI) on said client terminal;

receive at least one image branding function displayed on a first palette in a first area on said GUI;

capture using said image sensor, at least one digital image displayed on a second palette in a second area on said GUI;

identify at least one region of interest within said at least one digital image;

apply at least one image branding function to said at least one region of interest thereby transforming said at least one digital image to at least one branded digital image; and

output said branded digital image.

14. The client terminal of claim 13, further comprising:

provide said end user, access to a dataset comprising at least one image processing function in a third area displaying a third palette,

select by said end user, at least one of said at least one image processing function; and

in a forth area displaying a button which when clicked by said end user, applying said at least one of said at least one image processing function to at least one of said at least one digital image, thereby displaying in a fifth area, a group of at least one branded digital image to said end user.

15. The client terminal of claim 13, wherein said receiving further comprising:
accessing a third party image sharing service which provides at least one image filter; and

unifying said at least one image branding function with said at least one image filter.

16. The client terminal of claim 13, further comprising:
receive by said resident application, current data metrics from at least one sensor attached to said client terminal; and
in response to said receiving, modify said image branding function.

17. The client terminal of claim 13, wherein in said outputting, said at least one branded digital image is in a Joint Photography Engineering Group (JPEG) image format associated with an exchangeable image file format 'EXIF' attachment, wherein 'EXIF' attachment comprises at least one of time and date, location, a campaign reference id, device type, an end user ID and end user details.

18. The client terminal of claim 13, wherein to a first client terminal establishes near field communications (NFC) with a second client terminal thereby allowing a first end user of said first client terminal to transmit at least one resident application to a second end user of said second client terminal.

19. The client terminal of claim 14, wherein said image processing function is at least one of de blurring, color correction, auto focus, fill flash, cropping, de motion blurring, black and white, sepia, antique, overlay, pinch, zoom and rotation.

20. The client terminal of claim 13, further comprising:
- accessing a third party image sharing service which provides at least one image filter;
 - forwarding by said resident application said at least one image branding function to said third party image sharing service; and
 - in response to said forwarding, unifying by said third party image sharing service said at least one image branding function with said at least one image filter.
21. A computer program product comprising a non transitory computer usable storage medium having computer readable program code embodied in said medium for distributing an image branding function, said computer program product comprising:
- first computer readable program code for enabling a processor to receiving a digital image branding function associated with at least one distribution rule;
 - second computer readable program code for enabling a processor to matching, a group of end users selected from a dataset mapping a plurality of end users according to said at least one distribution rule;
 - third computer readable program code for enabling a processor to forwarding instructions to present an indication of said image branding function to each member of said group, said indication is presented on a display of a client terminal associated with said member;
 - forth computer readable program code for enabling a processor to processing a digital image designated by said member at said client terminal according to said digital image branding function to create a branded digital image; and
 - fifth computer readable program code for enabling a processor to outputting said branded digital image.

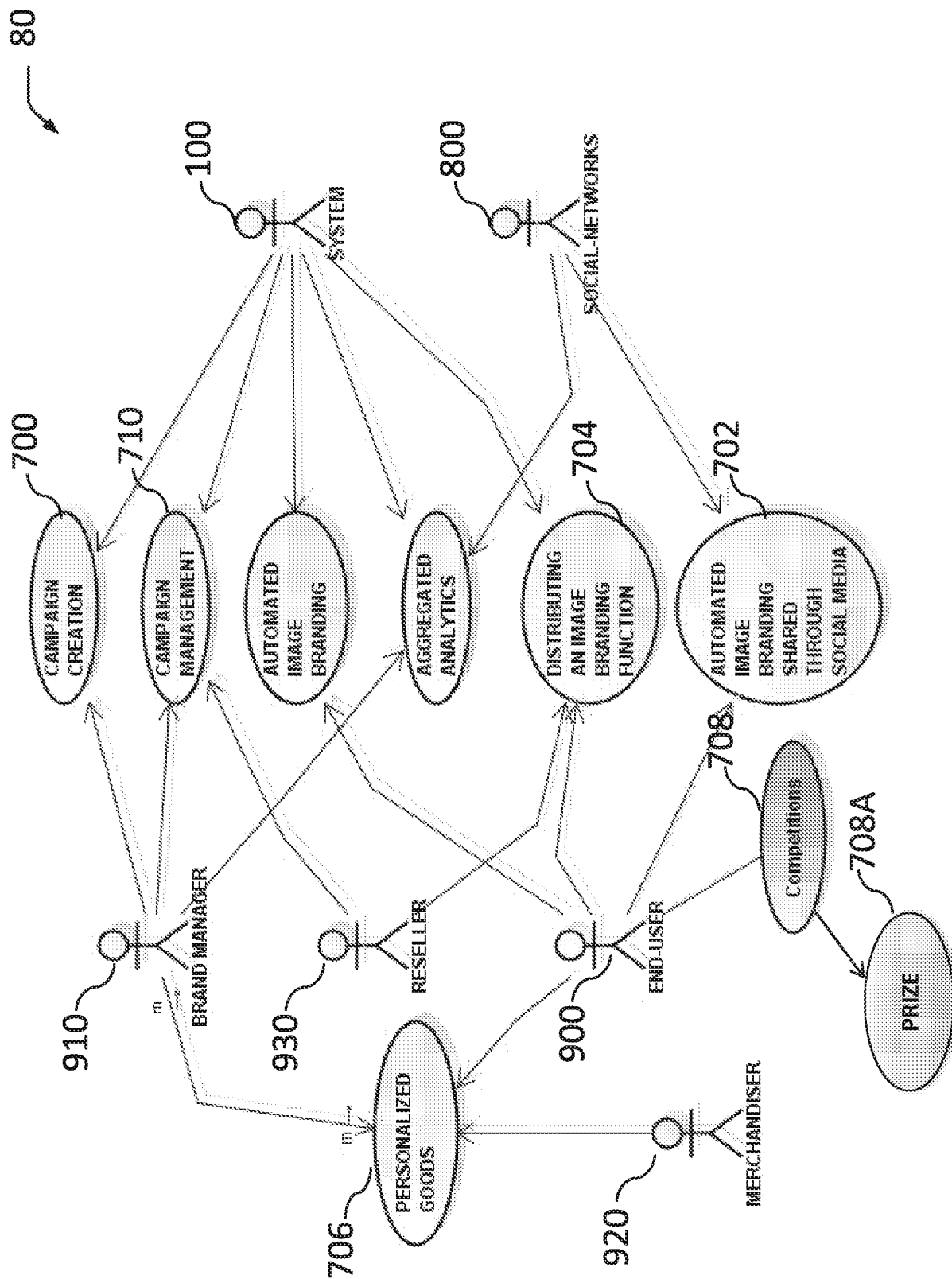


FIG. 1

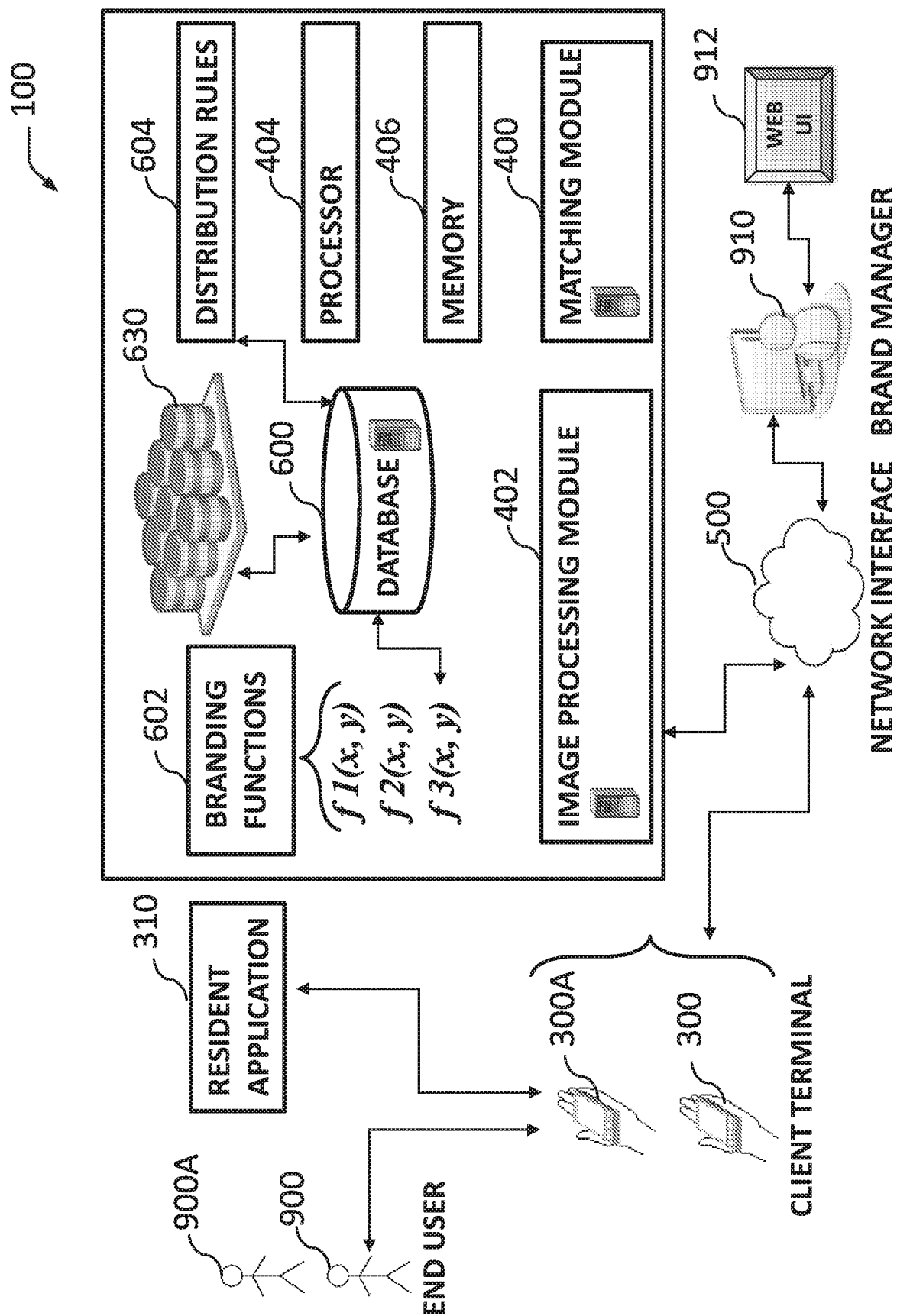


FIG. 2

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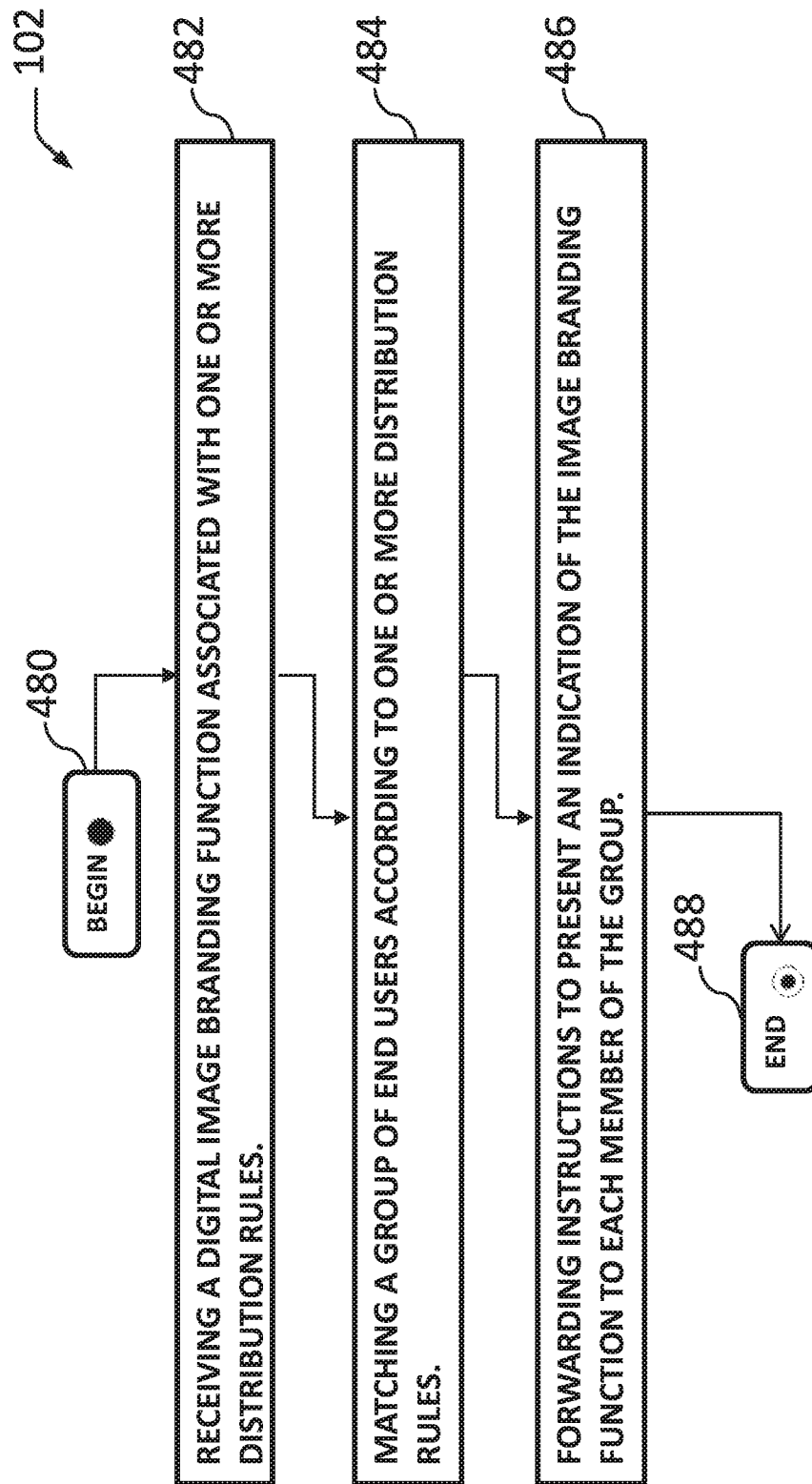


FIG. 3

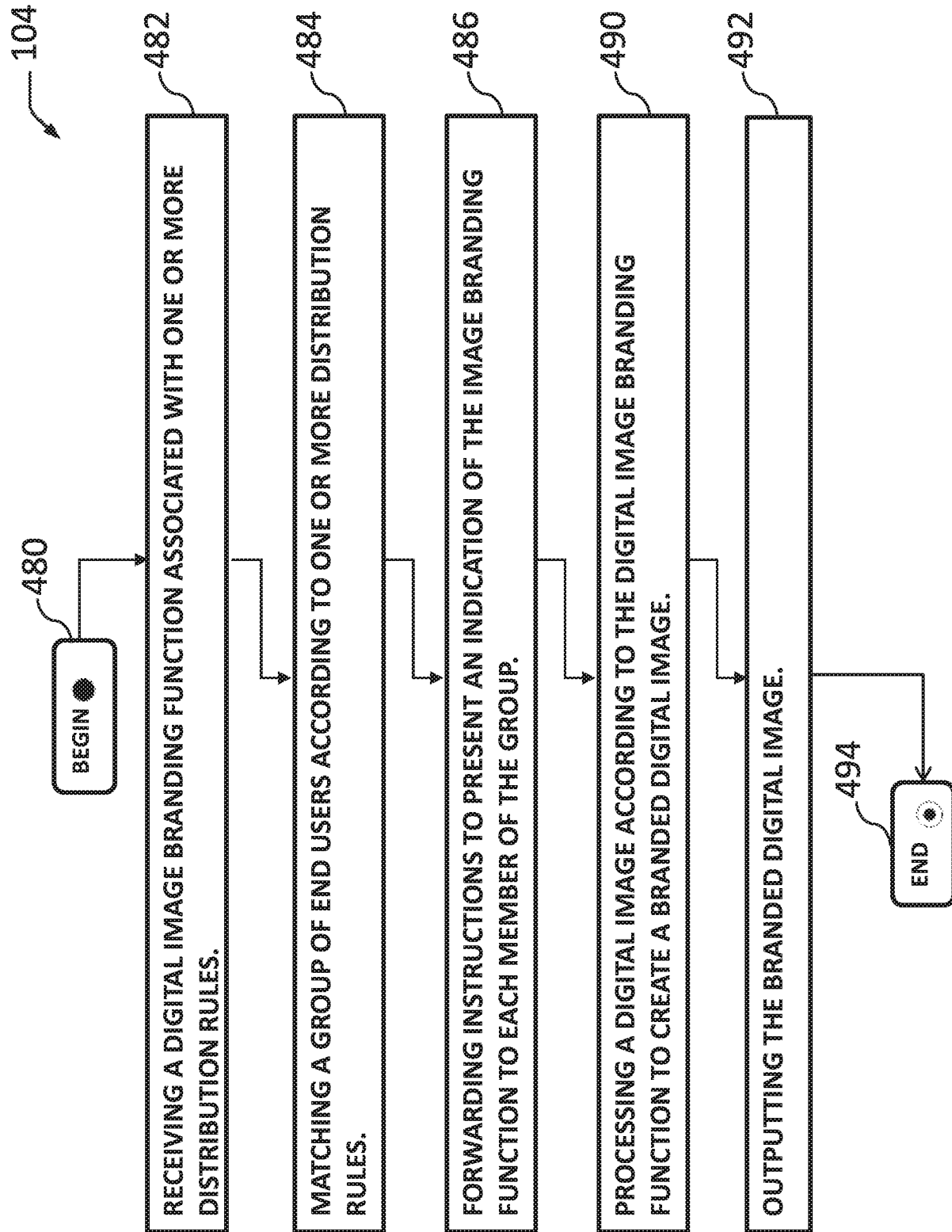


FIG. 4

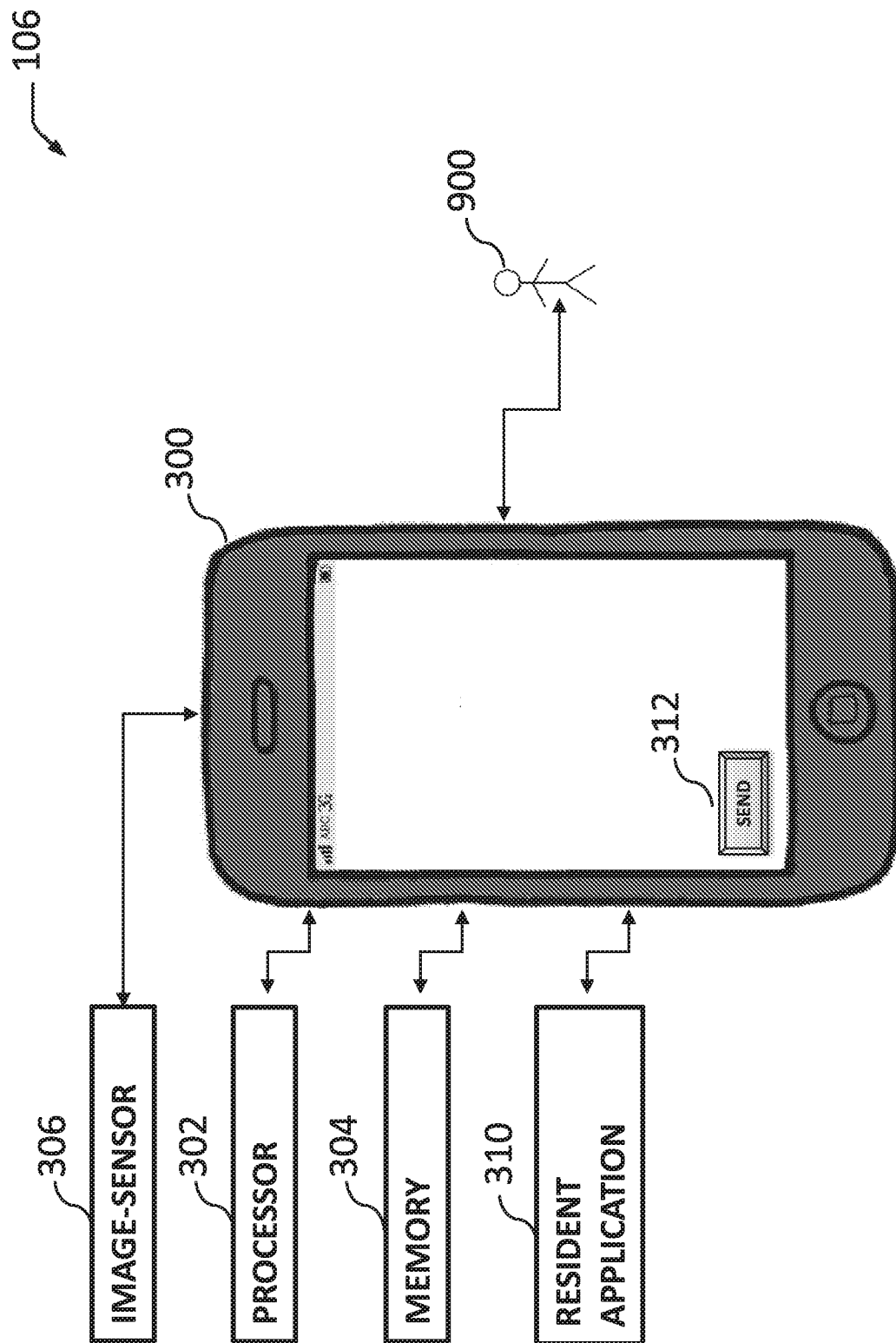
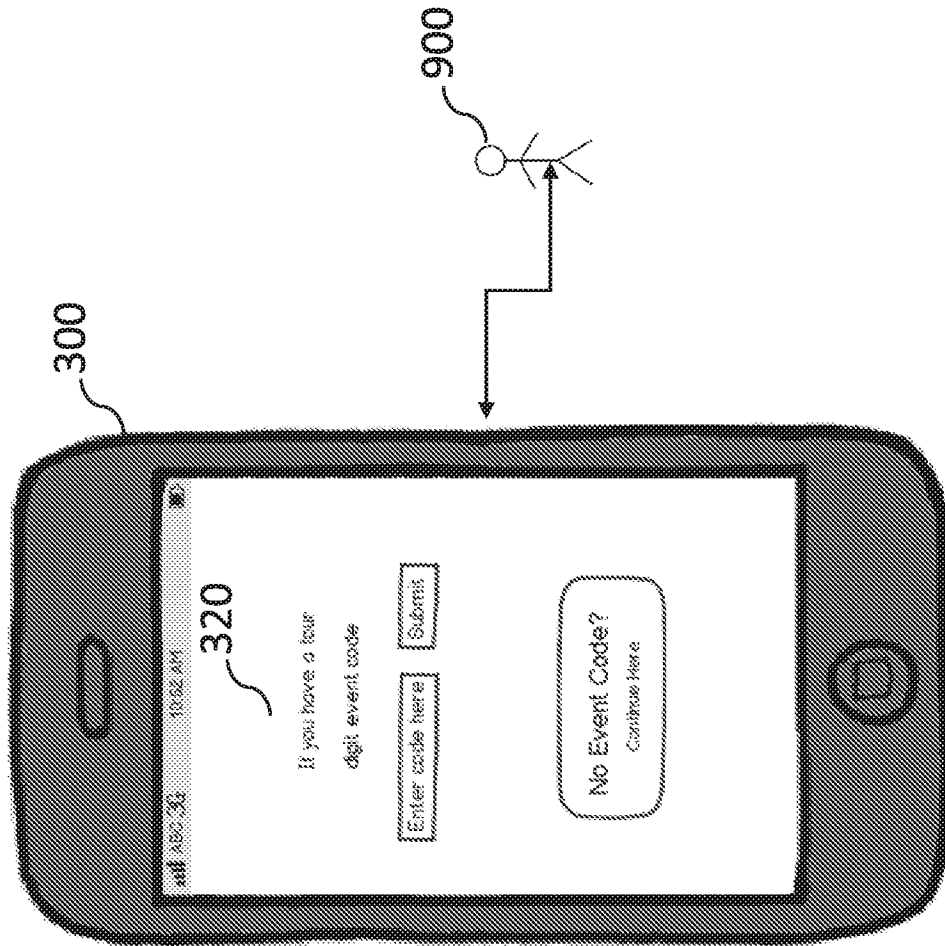


FIG. 5

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QUICK RESPONSE CODE

FIG. 6

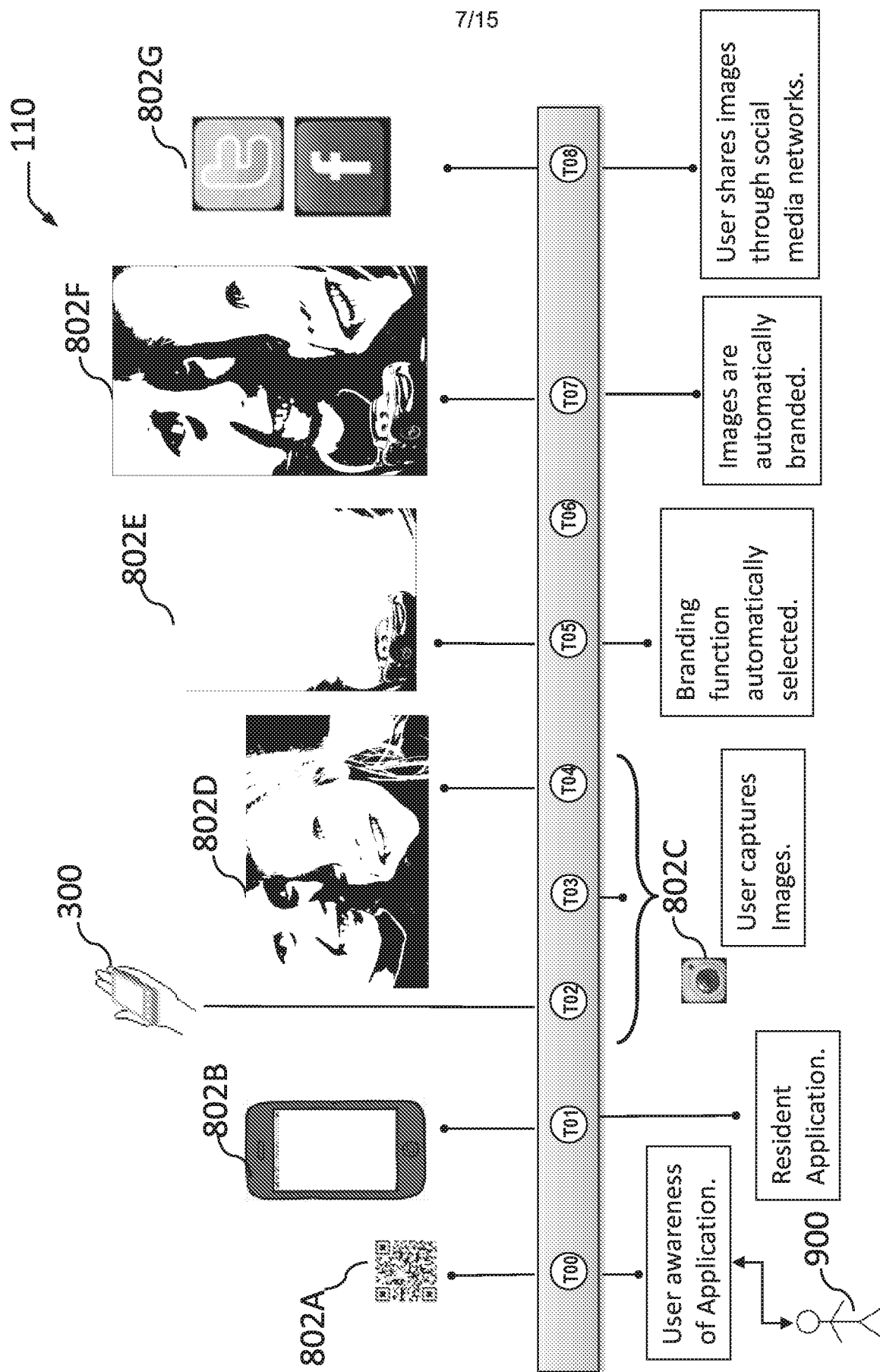
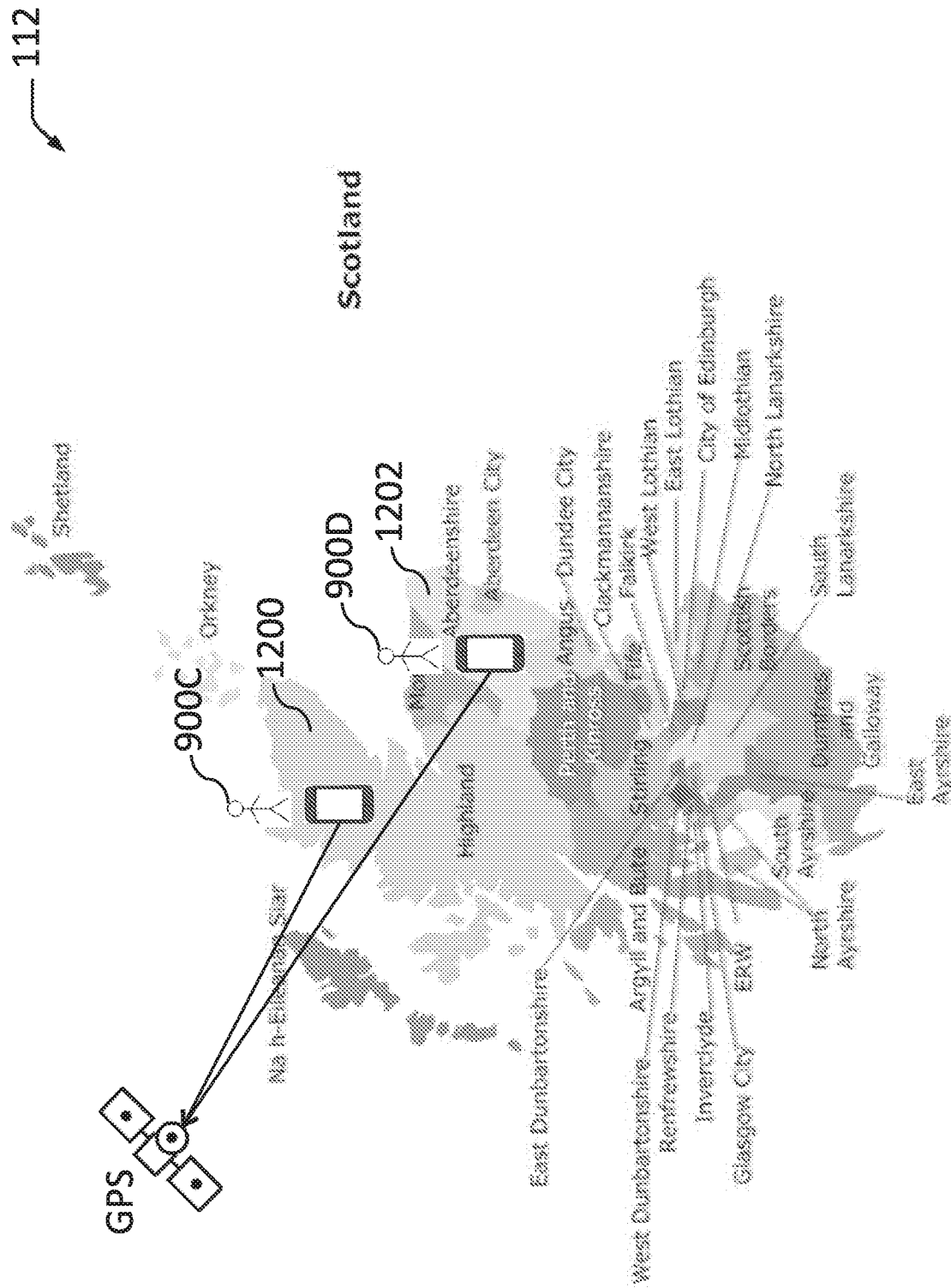


FIG. 7



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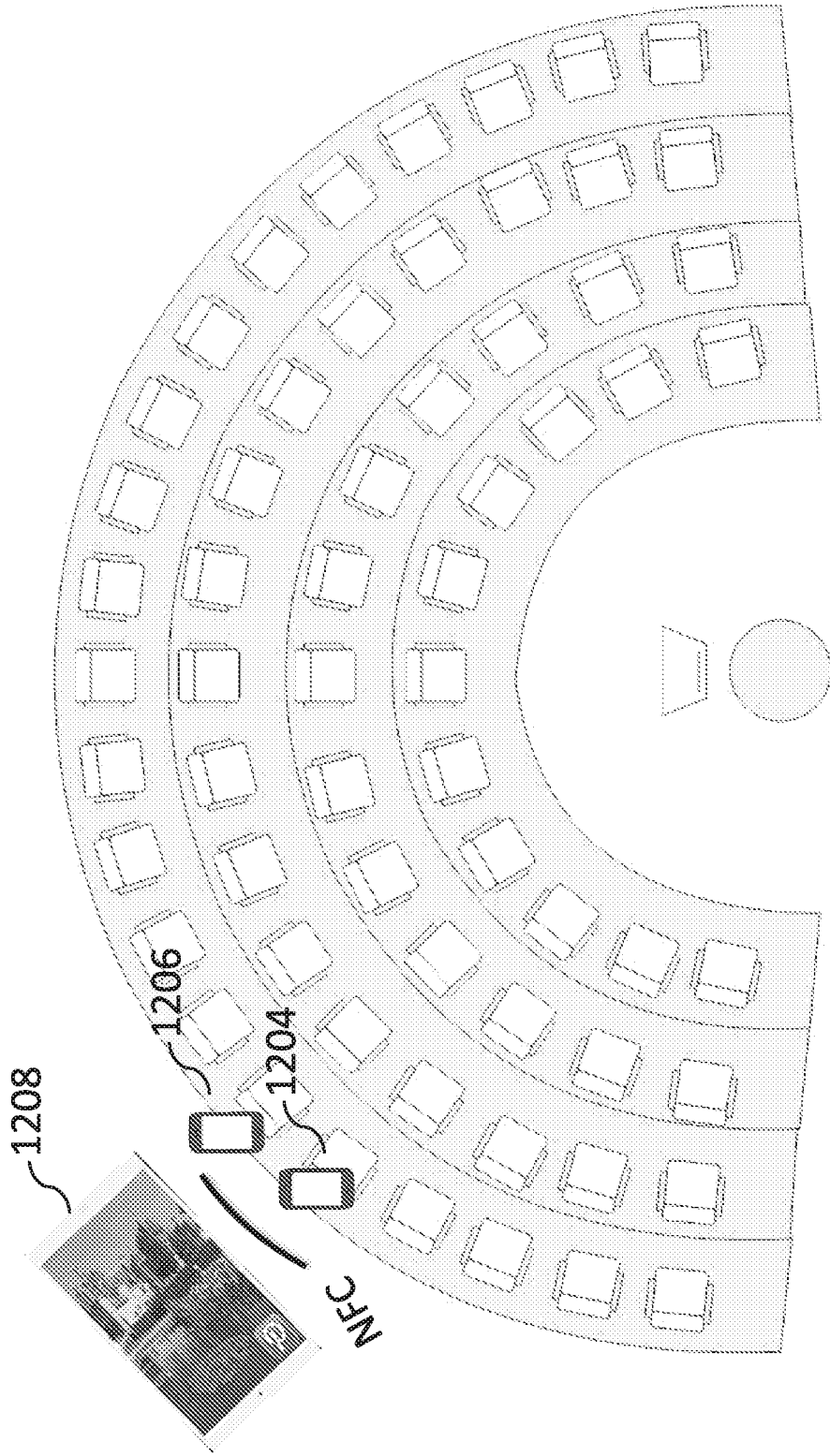
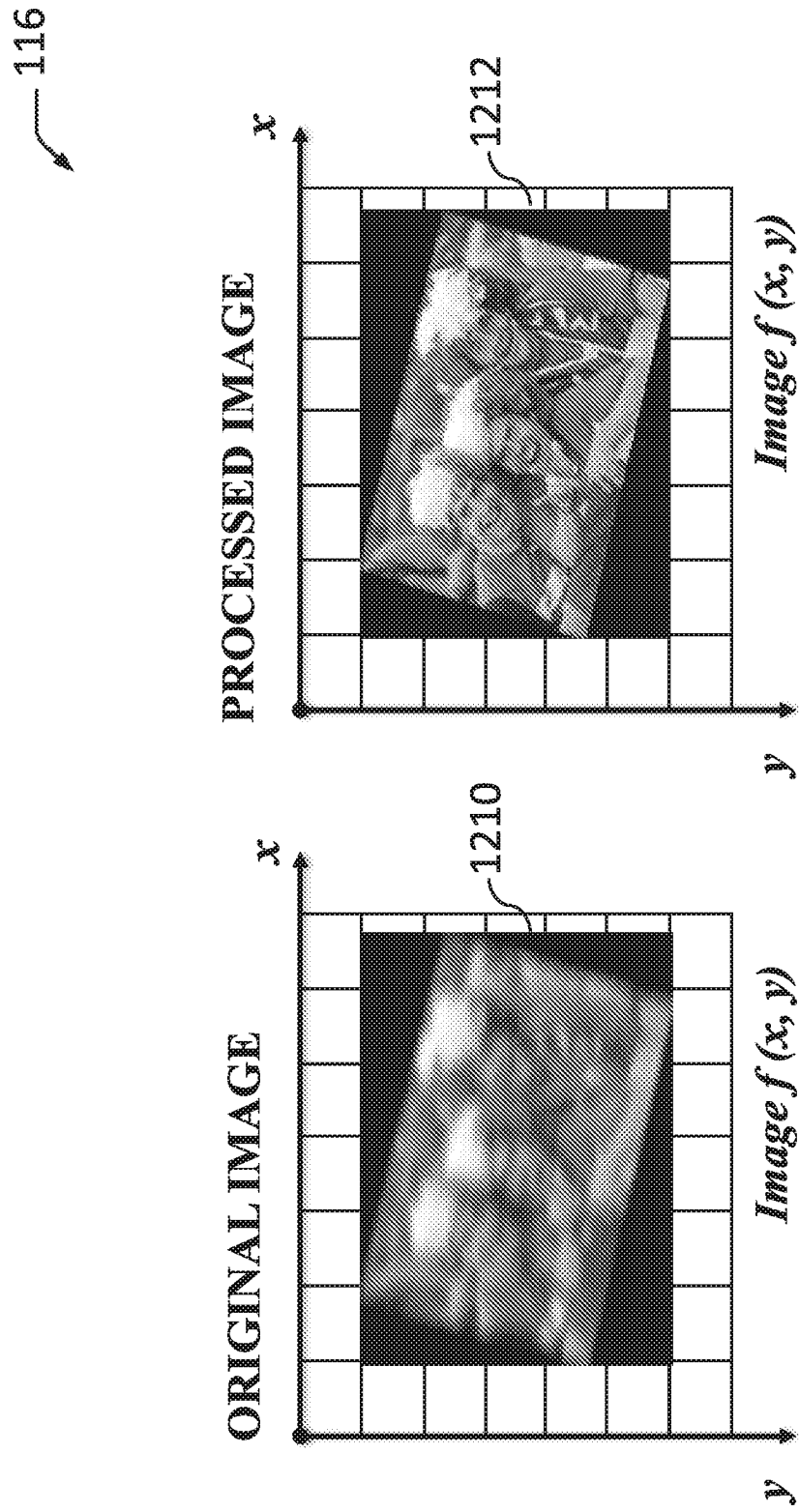


FIG. 9



$$\tilde{S}(x,y) \overset{1214}{=} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{SHARPENING} \\ \text{DE-MOTION BLUR} \end{array} \right.$$

FIG. 10

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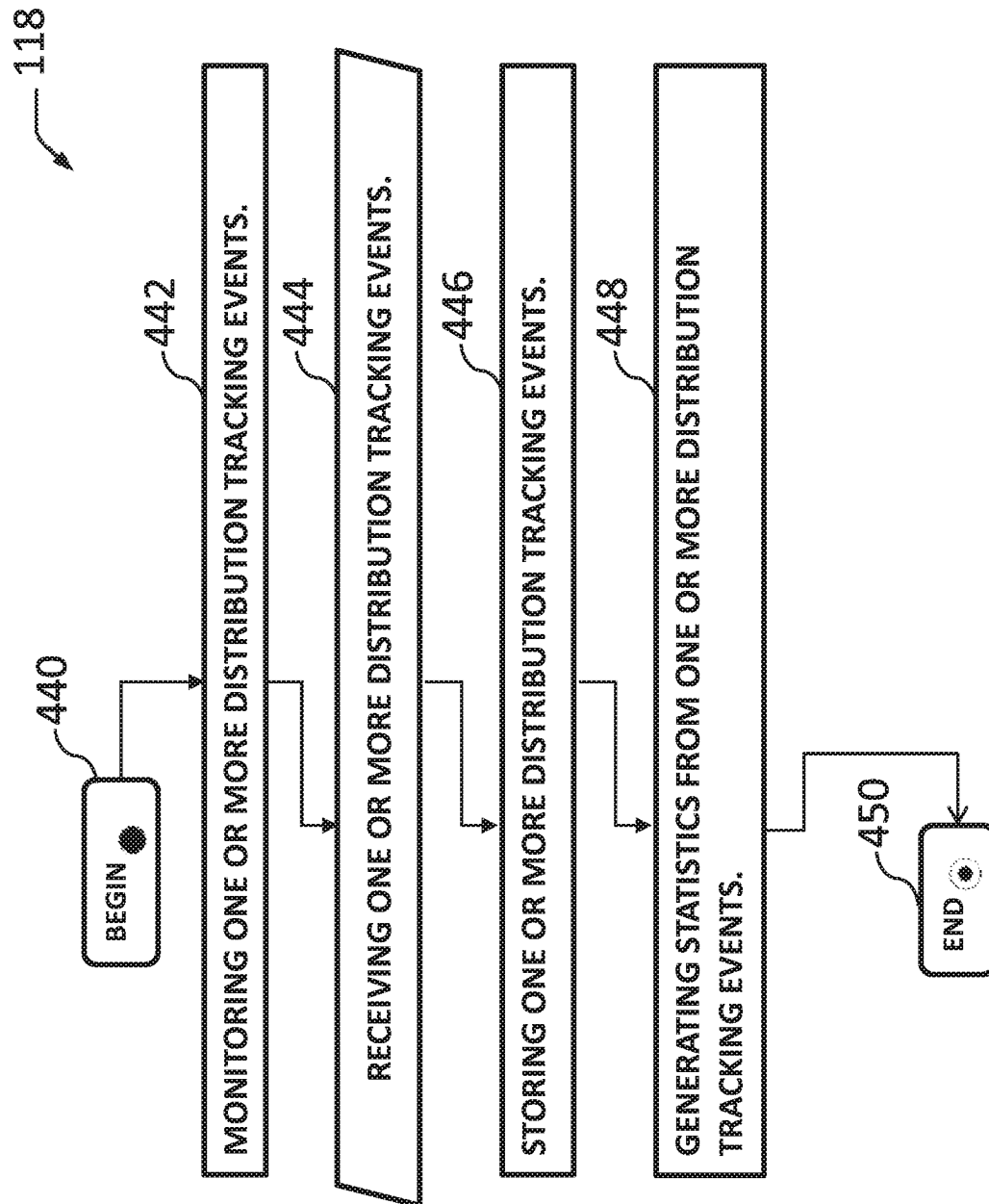


FIG. 11

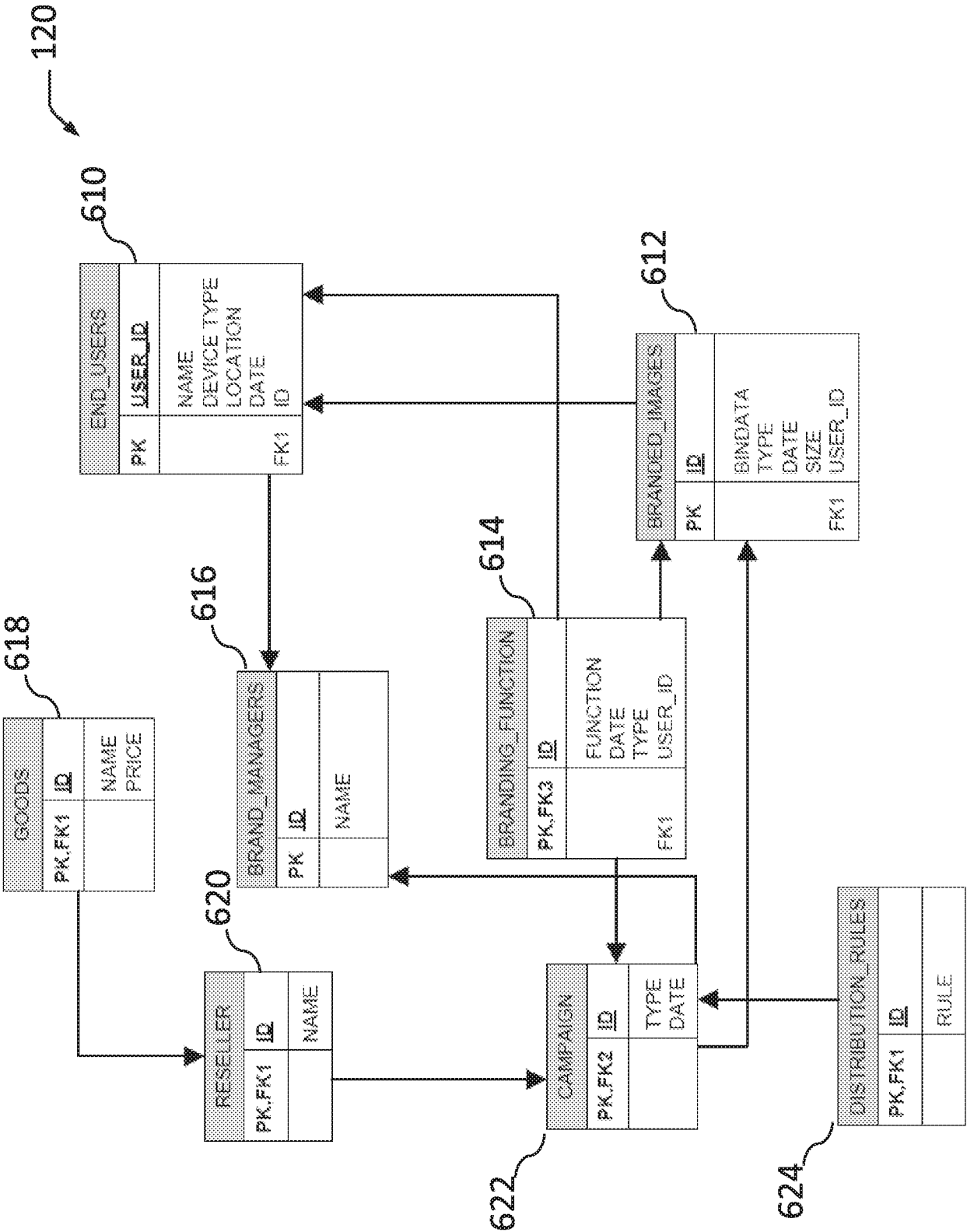


FIG. 12

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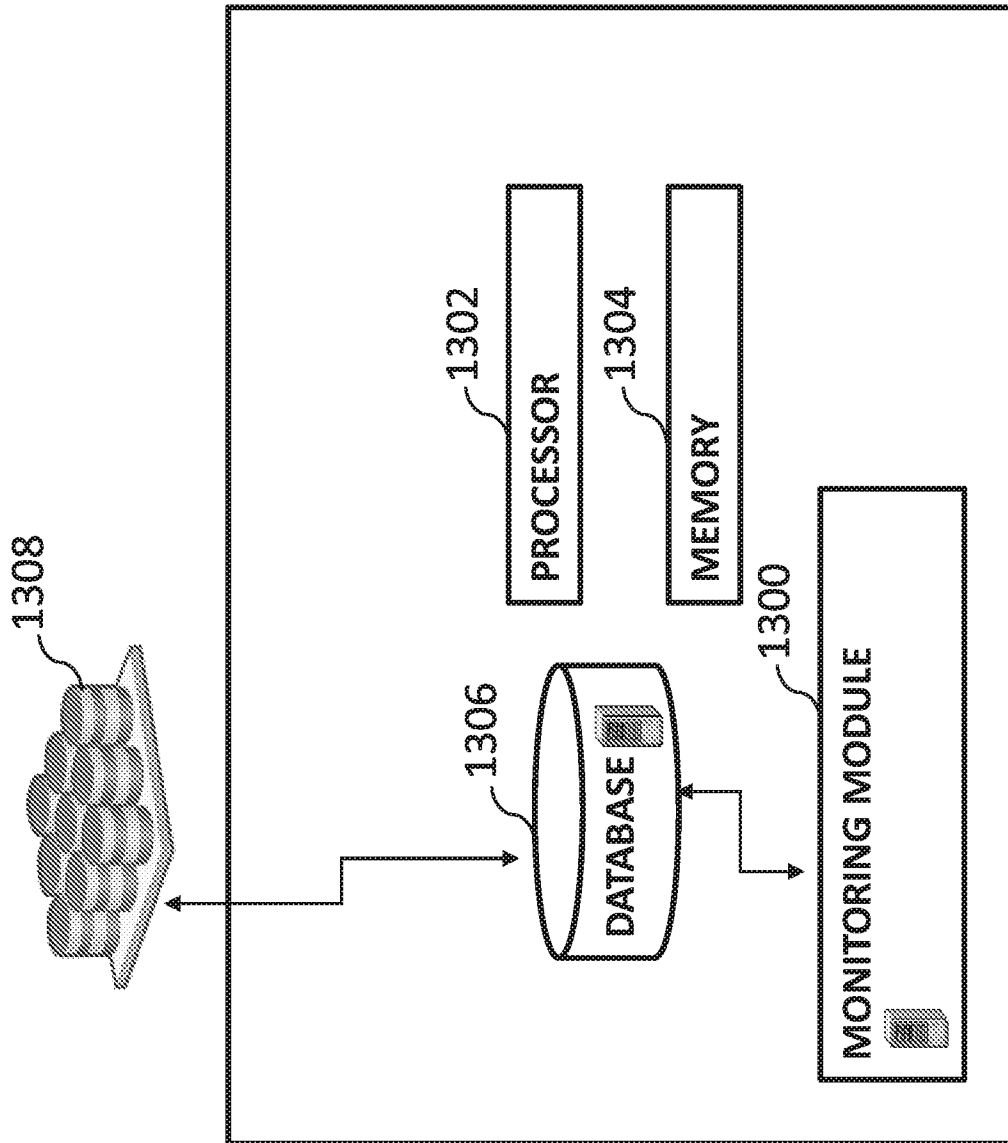


FIG. 13

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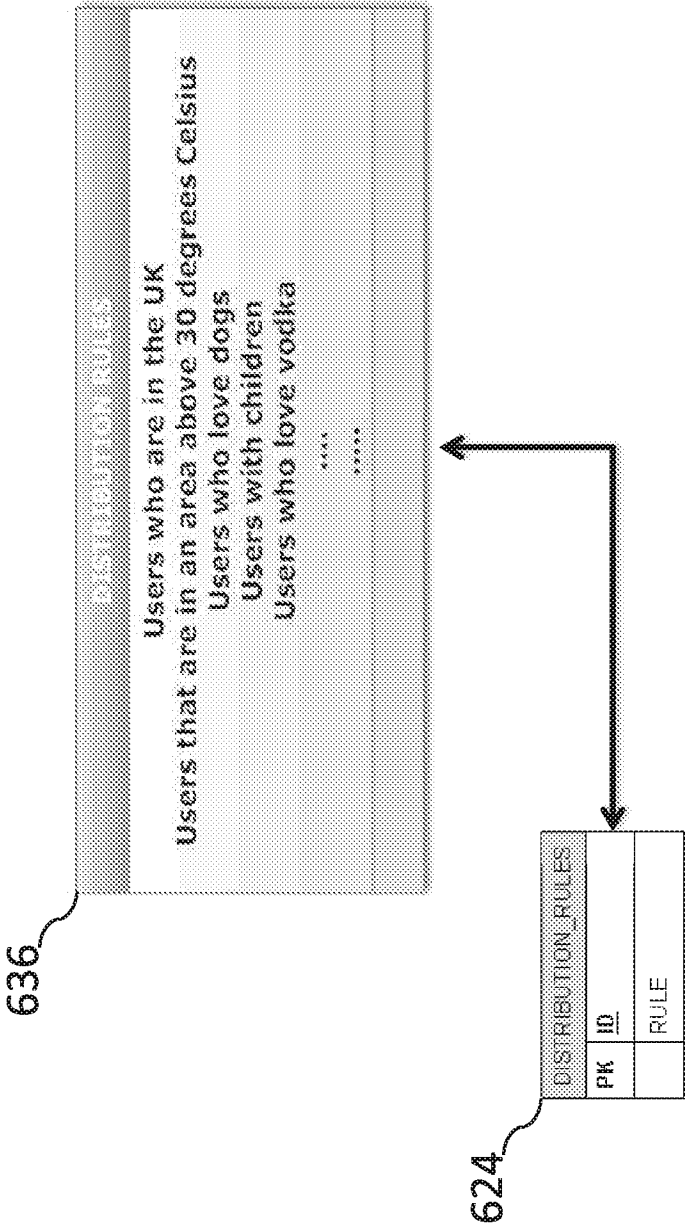


FIG. 14

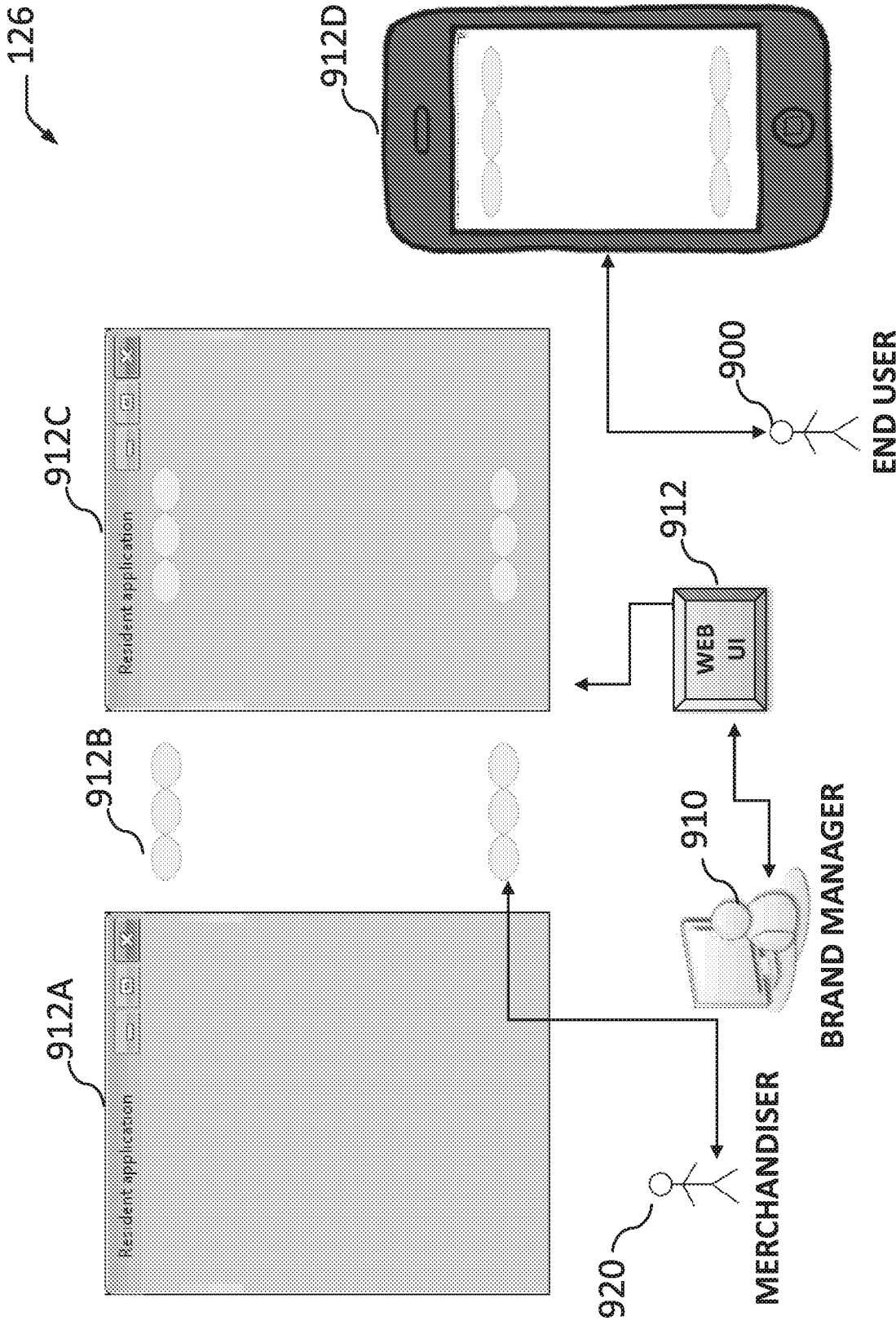


FIG. 15

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IL2014/050032

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC (2014.01) G06F 17/30, G06T 11/60, G06Q 30/02

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC (2014.01) G06F 17/30, G06Q 30/02, G06T 11/60

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

Databases consulted: Esp@cenet, Google Patents, FamPat database

Search terms used: branding, image, distribution, rule, sharing, group, campaign

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2012304052 A1 Tanaka et al. 29 Nov 2012 (2012/11/29) entire document	13-20
X	US 8082255 B1 Carlson Jr. et al. 20 Dec 2011 (2011/12/20) columns 1-5, figs. 1-3	1-12,21
X	Picbadges. Datasheet [online]. retrieved on 27.01.2013. Retrieved from the internet: <URL: https://web.archive.org/web/20130127024238/http://www.picbadges.com > picbadges 27 Jan 2013 (2013/01/27) internet site including signing in with facebook or twitter	1-21
A	US 2011255736 A1 Thompson 20 Oct 2011 (2011/10/20)	1-21
A	US 2004215625 A1 Svendsen et al. 28 Oct 2004 (2004/10/28)	1-21

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

☒ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

“A” document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

“E” earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date

“L” document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

“O” document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

“P” document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

“T” later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

“X” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

“Y” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

“&” document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

22 May 2014

Date of mailing of the international search report

25 May 2014

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

Israel Patent Office

Technology Park, Bldg.5, Malcha, Jerusalem, 9695101, Israel

Facsimile No. 972-2-5651616

Authorized officer

ROASH Yoaela

Telephone No. 972-2-5657807

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/IL2014/050032

Patent document cited search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication Date
US 2012304052 A1	29 Nov 2012	US 2012304052 A1	29 Nov 2012
US 8082255 B1	20 Dec 2011	US 8082255 B1	20 Dec 2011
US 2011255736 A1	20 Oct 2011	US 2011255736 A1	20 Oct 2011
		WO 2011130614 A1	20 Oct 2011
US 2004215625 A1	28 Oct 2004	US 2004215625 A1	28 Oct 2004
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		EP 1497755 A4	07 Sep 2005
		JP 2005522786 A	28 Jul 2005
		JP 4332436 B2	16 Sep 2009
		WO 03030034 A1	10 Apr 2003
		WO 03088089 A1	23 Oct 2003
		US 2003063771 A1	03 Apr 2003
		US 6629100 B2	30 Sep 2003
		US 7502795 B1	10 Mar 2009
		US 2003063770 A1	03 Apr 2003
		US 6757684 B2	29 Jun 2004
		WO 2005116817 A2	08 Dec 2005
		WO 2005116817 A3	01 Mar 2007
		WO 2005116817 B1	12 Apr 2007