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• **Thrien, Markus**
44799 Bochum (DE)

(74) Representative: **Moore, Barry et al**
Hanna Moore & Curley
13 Lower Lad Lane
Dublin 2 (IE)

(71) Applicant: **RESEARCH IN MOTION LIMITED**
Waterloo, Ontario N2L 3W8 (CA)

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(72) Inventors:
• **Burghardt, Gunther**
44799 Bochum (DE)

(54) **A front resonator for a speaker of a wireless device**

(57) A front resonator (400) for a speaker (134) of a wireless device (100), comprising: an enclosure (410) mounted over the speaker (134) and forming with an upper surface (1100) of the speaker (134) a front volume (900) for the front resonator (400); and, a horizontal or approximately horizontal tube (910) formed or mounted

on a surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the tube (910) coupled to the front volume (900), and the tube (910) having at least one end (430, 440) to emit sound generated by the speaker (134) and passing through the front volume (900) and tube (910) from the wireless device (100).

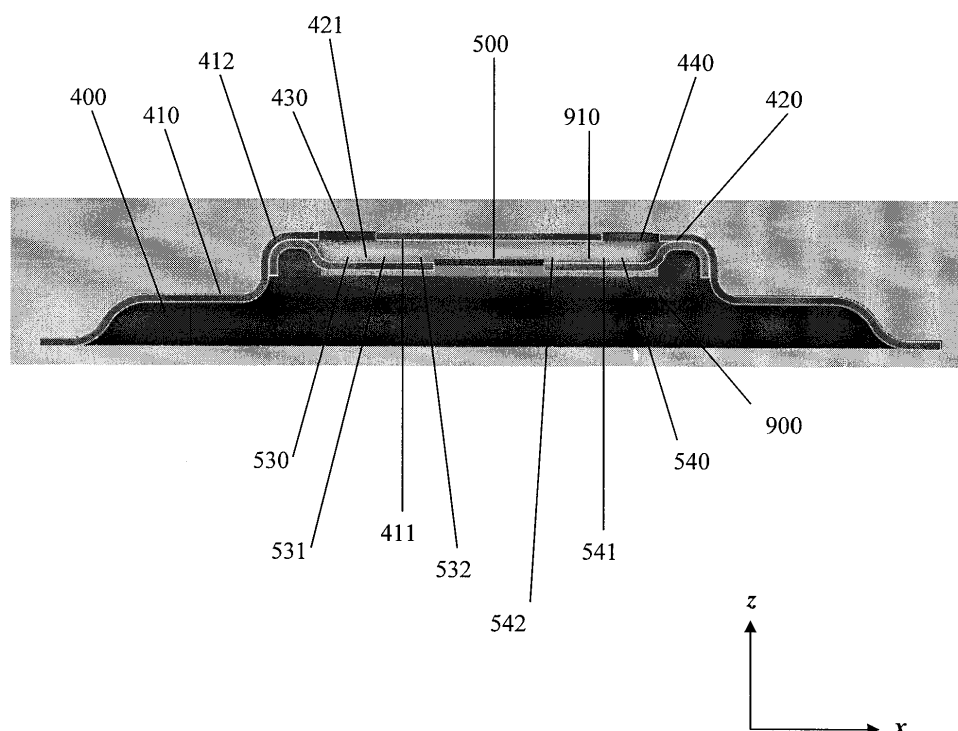


FIG. 9

Description

FIELD OF THE APPLICATION

[0001] This application relates to the field of wireless devices, and more specifically, to a front resonator for a speaker of a wireless device.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Current wireless mobile communication devices include microprocessors, memory, soundcards, speakers, headphones, and run one or more software applications in addition to providing for voice communications.

[0003] One problem with current wireless devices pertains to speaker performance. Speakers in wireless devices require a front resonator to perform properly. The front resonator typically consists of a tube coupled to a front volume which is located in front of the speaker. Sound generated by the speaker travels through the front volume, through the tube, and into the air surrounding the wireless device where it is received by a user's ear. The tube and front volume are sized to obtain a desired frequency response. As such, to achieve a desired level of speaker performance, the size (e.g., length, volume, etc.) of the tube and/or front volume may have to be adjusted. However, an increase in the length of the tube, for example, will increase the thickness of the wireless device thus increasing the overall size of the wireless device, which is not desirable.

[0004] A need therefore exists for an improved front resonator for a speaker of a wireless device. Accordingly, a solution that addresses, at least in part, the above and other shortcomings is desired.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0005] These needs and others are addressed by a resonator provided in accordance with claim 1. Advantageous embodiments are provided in the dependent claims thereto. A wireless device in accordance with claim 15 is also provided. Features and advantages of the embodiments of the present application will become apparent from the following detailed description, taken in combination with the appended drawings, in which:

[0006] FIG. 1 is a front view illustrating a wireless device in accordance with an embodiment of the application;

[0007] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the wireless device of FIG. 1;

[0008] FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating a memory of the wireless device of FIG. 1;

[0009] FIG. 4 is a front view illustrating a front resonator for the wireless device of FIG. 1 in accordance with an embodiment of the application;

[0010] FIG. 5 is a back view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

[0011] FIG. 6 is a bottom view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

[0012] FIG. 7 is a left side view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

5 [0013] FIG. 8 is a front cross-sectional perspective view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

[0014] FIG. 9 is a bottom cross-sectional view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

10 [0015] FIG. 10 is a left side cross-sectional view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4;

[0016] FIG. 11 is a horizontal cross-sectional view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device of FIG. 1;

15 [0017] FIG. 12 is a partial cross-sectional perspective view illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device of FIG. 1;

[0018] FIG. 13 is a partial perspective view (outlet mesh and foam ring removed) illustrating the front resonator of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device of FIG. 1; and,

20 [0019] FIG. 14 is a partial perspective view illustrating an outlet mesh and foam ring mounted over the front resonator of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device of FIG. 1.

25 [0020] It will be noted that throughout the appended drawings, like features are identified by like reference numerals.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

[0021] In the following description, details are set forth to provide an understanding of the application. In some instances, certain software, circuits, structures and techniques have not been described or shown in detail in order not to obscure the application.

35 [0022] FIG. 1 is a front view illustrating a wireless device 100 in accordance with an embodiment of the application. The wireless device 100 includes a cover or case 150, a display (e.g., a liquid crystal display ("LCD")) 122, a graphical user interface ("GUI") 180 displayed on the display 122, a speaker 134, a keyboard (or keypad) 132, a thumbwheel (or trackwheel) 110, various select buttons 120, and various inputs/outputs (e.g., power connector jack, data interface ports, headphones jack, etc.) 160. Internally, the wireless device 100 typically includes one or more circuit boards (not shown in FIG. 1), a CPU 138, memory 124, 126, 200, a battery 156, an antenna (not shown in FIG. 1), etc., which are operatively coupled to the various inputs/outputs 160, the keyboard 132, the display 122, the speaker 134, etc., as will be described below. Further details pertaining to the speaker 134, such as a resonator associated with the speaker 134, will also be described below.

50 [0023] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the wireless device 100 of FIG. 1. The wireless device 100 may operate over a wireless network 220. The wireless network 220 may include antenna, base stations, access points, transceivers, supporting radio equipment, etc., as known

to those of ordinary skill in the art, for supporting wireless communications between the wireless device **100** and other devices (not shown).

[0024] The wireless device **100** may be a two-way communication device having at least voice and advanced data communication capabilities, including the capability to communicate with other devices. Depending on the functionality provided by the device **100**, it may be referred to as a data messaging device, a two-way pager, a cellular telephone with data messaging capabilities, a wireless Internet appliance, a data communication device (with or without telephony capabilities), a Wi-Fi device, a WLAN device, a dual-mode (i.e., Wi-Fi and cellular) device, or a portable audio device. The device **100** may communicate with any one of a plurality of transceiver stations (not shown) within its geographic coverage area.

[0025] The wireless device **100** may have a communication subsystem **111**, a subscriber identity module (or "SIM" card) **162** for inserting into a SIM interface ("IF") **164** in order to operate on a cellular network (e.g., a global system for mobile communication ("GSM") network), a battery IF **154** for receiving one or more rechargeable batteries **156**, a microprocessor **138** which controls overall operation of the device **100**, a flash memory **124** or other persistent store, a random access memory ("RAM") **126**, auxiliary input/output ("I/O") subsystems **128**, a serial port (e.g., a universal serial bus ("USB") port) **131**, a microphone **136**, a short-range communications subsystem **141**, and other device subsystems **142**.

[0026] FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating a memory **200** of the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1. The microprocessor **138** is coupled to the memory **200**. The memory **200** has various hardware and software components for storing information (e.g., instructions, data, database tables, test parameters, etc.) for enabling operation of the device **100** and may include flash memory **124**, RAM **126**, ROM (not shown), disk drives (not shown), etc. In general, the memory **200** may include a variety of storage devices typically arranged in a hierarchy of storage as understood to those skilled in the art. To provide a user-friendly environment to control the operation of the device **100**, operating system ("O/S") software modules **202** resident on the device **100** may provide a basic set of operations for supporting various applications typically operable through the GUI **180** and supporting GUI software modules **204**. The wireless device **100** may be provided with additional hardware and/or software modules **206** for facilitating and implementing various functions.

[0027] FIG. 4 is a front view illustrating a front resonator **400** for the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1 in accordance with an embodiment of the application. FIG. 5 is a back view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4. FIG. 6 is a bottom view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4. FIG. 7 is a left side view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4. FIG. 8 is a front cross-sectional perspective view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4. FIG. 9 is a bottom cross-sectional view illustrating

the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4. And, FIG. 10 is a left side cross-sectional view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4.

[0028] According to one embodiment, the front resonator **400** includes a frame or enclosure **410** into which a panel or plate **420** is inserted. The enclosure **410**, plate **420**, and an upper surface **1100** of the speaker **134** form a front volume **900** for the speaker **134**. The plate **420** has a groove, channel, or trough **800** formed in an upper surface **421** of the plate **420** such that when the plate **420** is inserted into the enclosure **410**, a duct, conduit, or tube **910** is formed between an inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410** and the upper surface **421** of the plate **420**. An opening **500** formed in the plate **420** proximate the center of the trough **800** couples the tube **910** to the front volume **900**. Openings **430**, **440** in the enclosure **410** aligned over respective ends **530**, **540** of the trough **800** couple the tube **910** to the external environment. In operation, sound generated by the speaker **134** travels through the front volume **900**, through the central opening **500** in the plate **420** and into the tube **910**, through the tube **910**, and out through the openings **430**, **440** in the enclosure **410** over each end **530**, **540** of the trough **800**.

[0029] The tube **910** may be considered as including first and second sections (or tubes) **531**, **541**, each section (or tube) **531**, **541** having a first end **530**, **540** and an associated opening **430**, **440** into the external environment and a second end **532**, **542** having an opening **500** into the front volume **900**.

[0030] FIG. 11 is a horizontal cross-sectional view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1. FIG. 12 is a partial cross-sectional perspective view illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1. FIG. 13 is a partial perspective view (outlet mesh **1110**, dust net **1120**, and foam ring **1130** removed) illustrating the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1. And, FIG. 14 is a partial perspective view illustrating an outlet mesh **1110** and foam ring **1120** mounted over the front resonator **400** of FIG. 4 mounted in the wireless device **100** of FIG. 1.

[0031] According to one embodiment, a foam ring **1120**, dust net **1120**, and/or outlet mesh **1110** may be provided over the front resonator **400** when it is mounted in the wireless device **100** to protect the front resonator **400** and speaker **134**. According to one embodiment, the speaker **134** is a dynamic speaker (e.g., a cone and magnet speaker). According to one embodiment, the front resonator **400** may be used in conjunction with a microphone or loud speaker. According to one embodiment, the edges of the enclosure **410** and plate **420** are rounded to reduce turbulence and to ease manufacturing tolerances. According to one embodiment, the enclosure **410** and plate **420** are made of metal and are welded or glued together. According to another embodiment, the enclosure **410** and plate **420** may be made of plastic. According to one embodiment, for a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz, each section **531**, **541** of the tube **910** is

approximately 0.4 mm high, by 1.2 mm wide, by 2.5 mm long and the front volume **900** is approximately 40 mm³. According to one embodiment, the front resonator **400** may include two or more tubes **910**. According to one embodiment, the tube **910** may be formed or mounted on an outer surface **412** of the frame or enclosure **410**.

[0032] Thus, according to one embodiment, there is provided a front resonator **400** for a speaker **134** of a wireless device **100**, comprising: an enclosure **410** mounted over the speaker **134** and forming with an upper surface **1100** of the speaker **134** a front volume **900** for the front resonator **400**; and, a horizontal (e.g., in the *x* - *y* plane) or approximately horizontal tube **910** formed or mounted on a surface (e.g., **411**) of the enclosure **410**, the tube **910** coupled (e.g., **500**) to the front volume **900**, and the tube **910** having at least one end **430**, **440** to emit sound generated by the speaker **134** and passing through the front volume **900** and tube **910** from the wireless device **100**.

[0033] The tube **910** may be horizontal (e.g., in the *x* - *y* plane) or approximately horizontal with respect to a vertical axis (e.g., the *z* - axis) of the front volume **900**. The tube **910** may be formed or mounted on an inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410**. The tube **910** may be formed by a plate **420** having an upper surface **421** mounted to the inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410**, the upper surface **421** of the plate **420** having a trough **800** formed therein, the trough **800** and the inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410** forming the tube **910**, the trough **800** having an opening **500** formed therein to couple the front volume **900** to the tube **910**, the enclosure **410** having at least one opening **430**, **440** formed therein and aligned proximate at least one respective end **530**, **540** of the trough **800** to emit sound generated by the speaker **134** and passing through the front volume **900** and tube **910** from the wireless device **100**. The trough **800** may be straight. The opening **500** in the trough **800** may be formed proximate a center of the trough **800**. The opening **500** in the trough **800** may be formed in a bottom of the trough **800**. The trough **800** may have a smooth shape with rounded ends. The at least one opening **430**, **440** in the enclosure **410** may have semicircular and rectangular portions aligning with at least one respective end **530**, **540** of the trough **800**. The opening **500** in the trough **800** may have a rectangular shape. The upper surface **421** of the plate **420**, the inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410**, the trough **800**, and a mounting plane of the speaker **134** may be parallel or approximately parallel. A volume of the front volume **900** and a volume of the tube **910** may be selected to provide a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz. The tube **910** may have first and second sections **531**, **541**. For a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz, each of the first and second sections **531**, **541** may be approximately 0.4 mm high, by 1.2 mm wide, by 2.5 mm long and the front volume **900** may be approximately 40 mm³. The enclosure **410** may have a rounded, rectangular, open box-like shape. The inner surface **411** of the enclosure **410** may

be an inner upper surface **411** of the enclosure **410**. The plate **420** may be mounted in the enclosure **410** by welding or gluing. The enclosure **410** and the plate **420** may be formed from metal or plastic. The speaker **134** may be a cone and magnet speaker. The speaker **134** and front resonator **400** may be mounted within a case **150** of the wireless device **100**. The tube **910** may be one or more tubes **910**. And, the tube **910** may be formed or mounted on an outer surface **412** of the enclosure **410**.

[0034] According to another embodiment, there is provided a wireless device **100** having a front resonator **400** as described above.

[0035] The above embodiments may contribute to an improved speaker system and may provide one or more advantages. First, the axis of the tube **910**, **531**, **541** is arranged horizontally with respect to the front volume **900** rather than vertically. As such, the overall height of the front resonator **400** is reduced and hence the overall thickness of the wireless device **100** may also be reduced. For example, if *L* = tube length and *V* = front volume, then $L_{\text{new}} / L_{\text{old}} = V_{\text{old}} / V_{\text{new}}$. As such, if $V_{\text{new}} = 0.5 V_{\text{old}}$, then $L_{\text{new}} = 2 L_{\text{old}}$. In other words, if the front volume is halved, tube length must be doubled which is not generally implementable in the vertical direction in a wireless device. Second, including the tube **910**, **531**, **541** within the front volume **900** rather than external to the front volume **900**, according to one embodiment, allows for a further reduction in the overall thickness of the wireless device **100**. Third, being contained within the enclosure **410**, according to one embodiment, the tube **910**, **531**, **541** is physically protected from damage. Fourth, the use of two sections or tubes **531**, **541** allows placing tolerances during manufacturing to be less strict (e.g., if one section or tube **531** is a bit longer, the other section or tube **541** will be a bit shorter). Fifth, selected rounding of the edges, corners, and surfaces of the enclosure **410** and plate **420** reduce turbulences and eases manufacturing tolerances. Sixth, the above embodiments may provide one or more of these advantages without significant adverse effect upon speaker performance.

[0036] The embodiments of the application described above are intended to be exemplary only. Those skilled in this art will understand that various modifications of detail may be made to these embodiments, all of which come within the scope of the application.

Claims

1. A front resonator (400) for a speaker (134) of a wireless device (100), comprising:
 - an enclosure (410) mounted over the speaker (134) and forming with an upper surface (1100) of the speaker (134) a front volume (900) for the front resonator (400); and,
 - a horizontal or approximately horizontal tube (910) formed or mounted on a surface (411) of

- the enclosure (410), the tube (910) coupled to the front volume (900), and the tube (910) having at least one end (430, 440) to emit sound generated by the speaker (134) and passing through the front volume (900) and tube (910) from the wireless device (100).
2. The front resonator (400) of claim 1 wherein the tube (910) is horizontal or approximately horizontal with respect to a vertical axis of the front volume (900).
 3. The front resonator (400) of claims 1 or 2 wherein the tube (910) is formed or mounted on an inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410).
 4. The front resonator (400) of claim 3 wherein the tube (910) is formed by a plate (420) having an upper surface (421) mounted to the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the upper surface (421) of the plate (420) having a trough (800) formed therein, the trough (800) and the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410) forming the tube (910), the trough (800) having an opening (500) formed therein to couple the front volume (900) to the tube (910), the enclosure (410) having at least one opening (430, 440) formed therein and aligned proximate at least one respective end (530, 540) of the trough (800) to emit sound generated by the speaker (134) and passing through the front volume (900) and tube (910) from the wireless device (100).
 5. The front resonator (400) of claim 4 wherein the trough (800) is straight.
 6. The front resonator (400) of claims 4 or 5 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) is formed proximate a center of the trough (800).
 7. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 4 to 6 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) is formed in a bottom of the trough (800).
 8. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 4 to 7 wherein the trough (800) has a smooth shape with rounded ends.
 9. The front resonator (400) of claim 8 wherein the at least one opening (430, 440) in the enclosure (410) has semicircular and rectangular portions aligning with at least one respective end (530, 540) of the trough (800).
 10. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 4 to 9 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) has a rectangular shape.
 11. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 4 to 10 wherein the upper surface of the plate (420), the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the trough (800), and a mounting plane of the speaker (134) are parallel or approximately parallel.
 12. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 1 to 11 wherein a volume of the front volume (900) and a volume of the tube (910) are selected to provide a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz.
 13. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 1 to 12 wherein the tube (910) has first and second sections (531, 541).
 14. The front resonator (400) of claim 13 wherein, for a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz, each of the first and second sections (531, 541) is approximately 0.4 mm high, by 1.2 mm wide, by 2.5 mm long and the front volume (900) is approximately 40 mm³.
 15. A wireless device (100) having a front resonator (400) according to any one of claims 1 to 14.
- Amended claims in accordance with Rule 137(2) EPC.**
1. A front resonator (400) for a speaker (134) of a wireless device (100), comprising:
 - an enclosure (410) mounted over the speaker (134) and forming with an upper surface (1100) of the speaker (134) a front volume (900) for the front resonator (400); and,
 - a horizontal or approximately horizontal tube (910) formed or mounted on an inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the tube (910) coupled to the front volume (900), and the tube (910) having at least one end (430, 440) to emit sound generated by the speaker (134) and passing through the front volume (900) and tube (910) from the wireless device (100).
 2. The front resonator (400) of claim 1 wherein the tube (910) is horizontal or approximately horizontal with respect to a vertical axis of the front volume (900).
 3. The front resonator (400) of claim 2 wherein the tube (910) is formed by a plate (420) having an upper surface (421) mounted to the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the upper surface (421) of the plate (420) having a trough (800) formed therein, the trough (800) and the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410) forming the tube (910), the trough (800) having an opening (500) formed therein to couple the front volume (900) to the tube (910), the enclosure (410) having at least one opening (430, 440)

formed therein and aligned proximate at least one respective end (530, 540) of the trough (800) to emit sound generated by the speaker (134) and passing through the front volume (900) and tube (910) from the wireless device (100). 5

4. The front resonator (400) of claim 3 wherein the trough (800) is straight.

5. The front resonator (400) of claims 3 or 4 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) is formed proximate a center of the trough (800). 10

6. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 3 to 5 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) is formed in a bottom of the trough (800). 15

7. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 3 to 6 wherein the trough (800) has a smooth shape with rounded ends. 20

8. The front resonator (400) of claim 7 wherein the at least one opening (430, 440) in the enclosure (410) has semicircular and rectangular portions aligning with at least one respective end (530, 540) of the trough (800). 25

9. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 3 to 8 wherein the opening (500) in the trough (800) has a rectangular shape. 30

10. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 3 to 9 wherein the upper surface of the plate (420), the inner surface (411) of the enclosure (410), the trough (800), and a mounting plane of the speaker (134) are parallel or approximately parallel. 35

11. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 1 to 10 wherein a volume of the front volume (900) and a volume of the tube (910) are selected to provide a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz. 40

12. The front resonator (400) of any one of claims 1 to 11 wherein the tube (910) has first and second sections (531, 541). 45

13. The front resonator (400) of claim 12 wherein, for a frequency response of approximately 4 kHz, each of the first and second sections (531, 541) is approximately 0.4 mm high, by 1.2 mm wide, by 2.5 mm long and the front volume (900) is approximately 40 mm³. 50

14. A wireless device (100) having a front resonator (400) according to any one of claims 1 to 13. 55

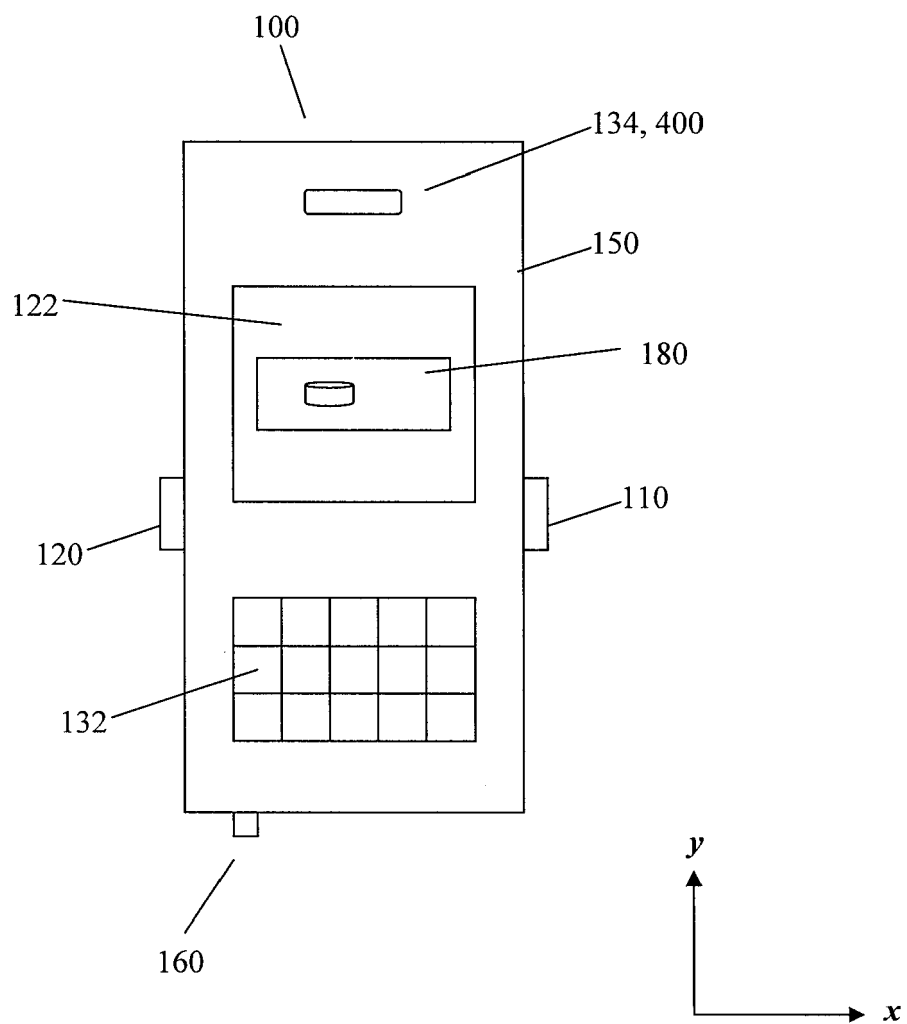


FIG. 1

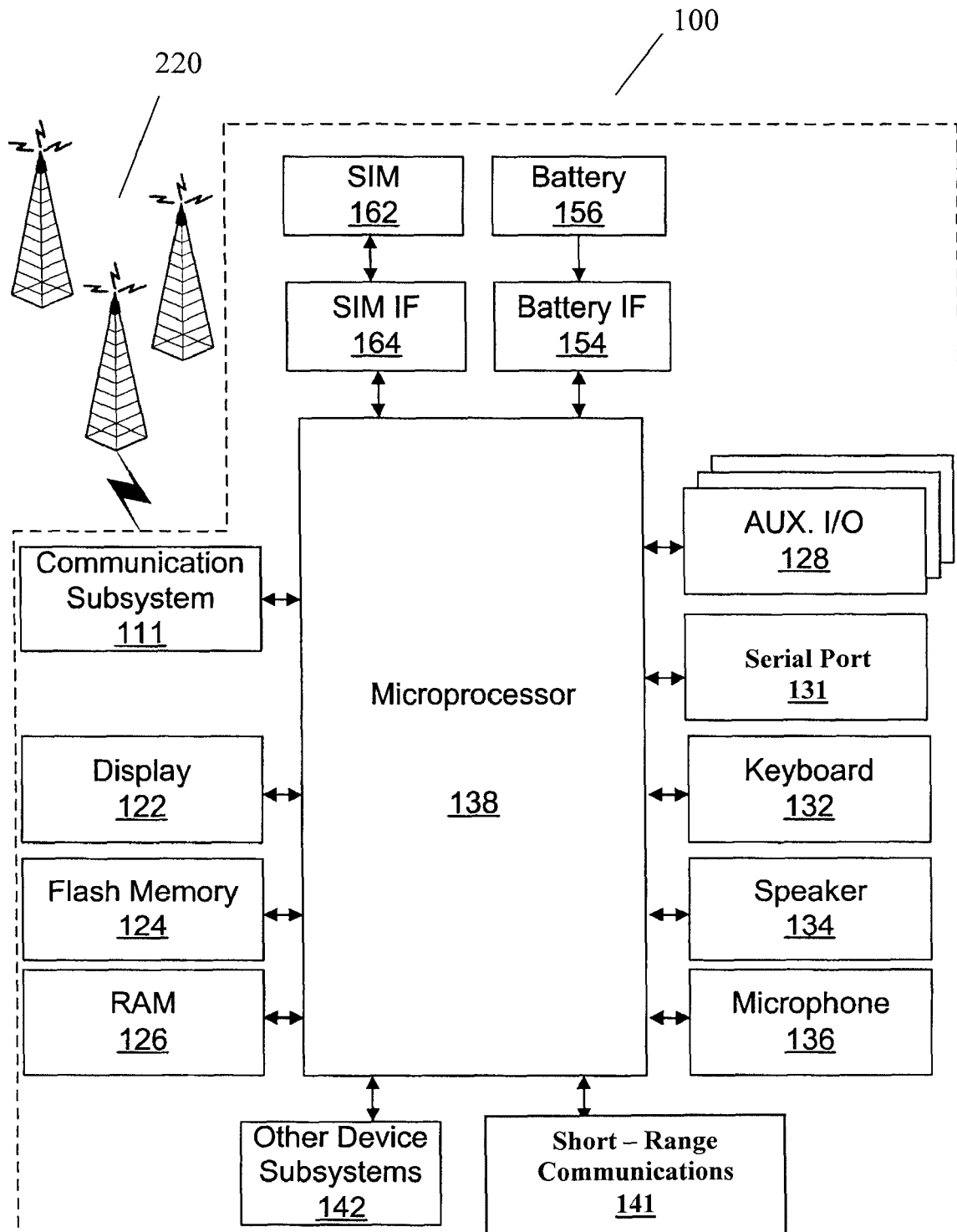


FIG. 2

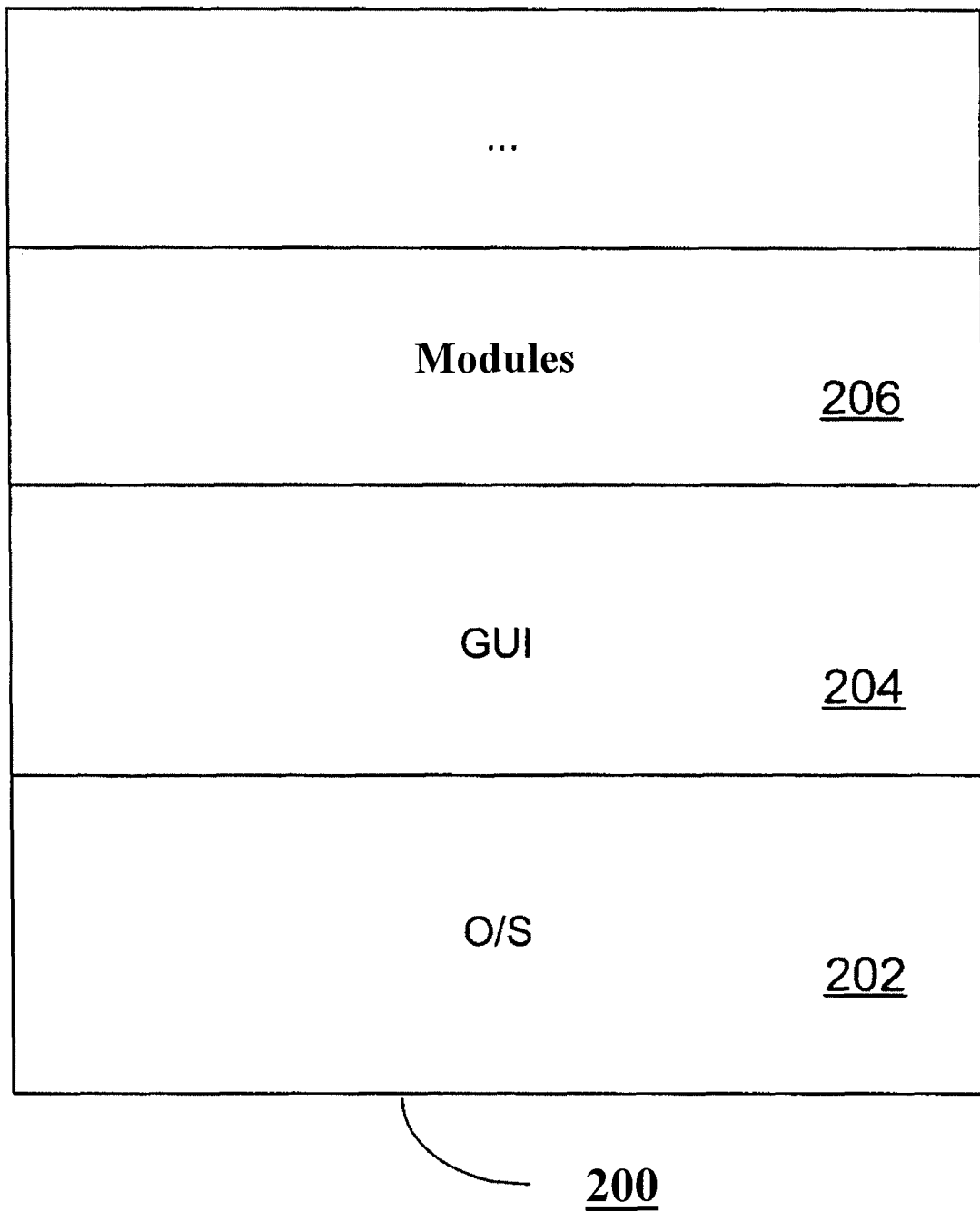


FIG. 3

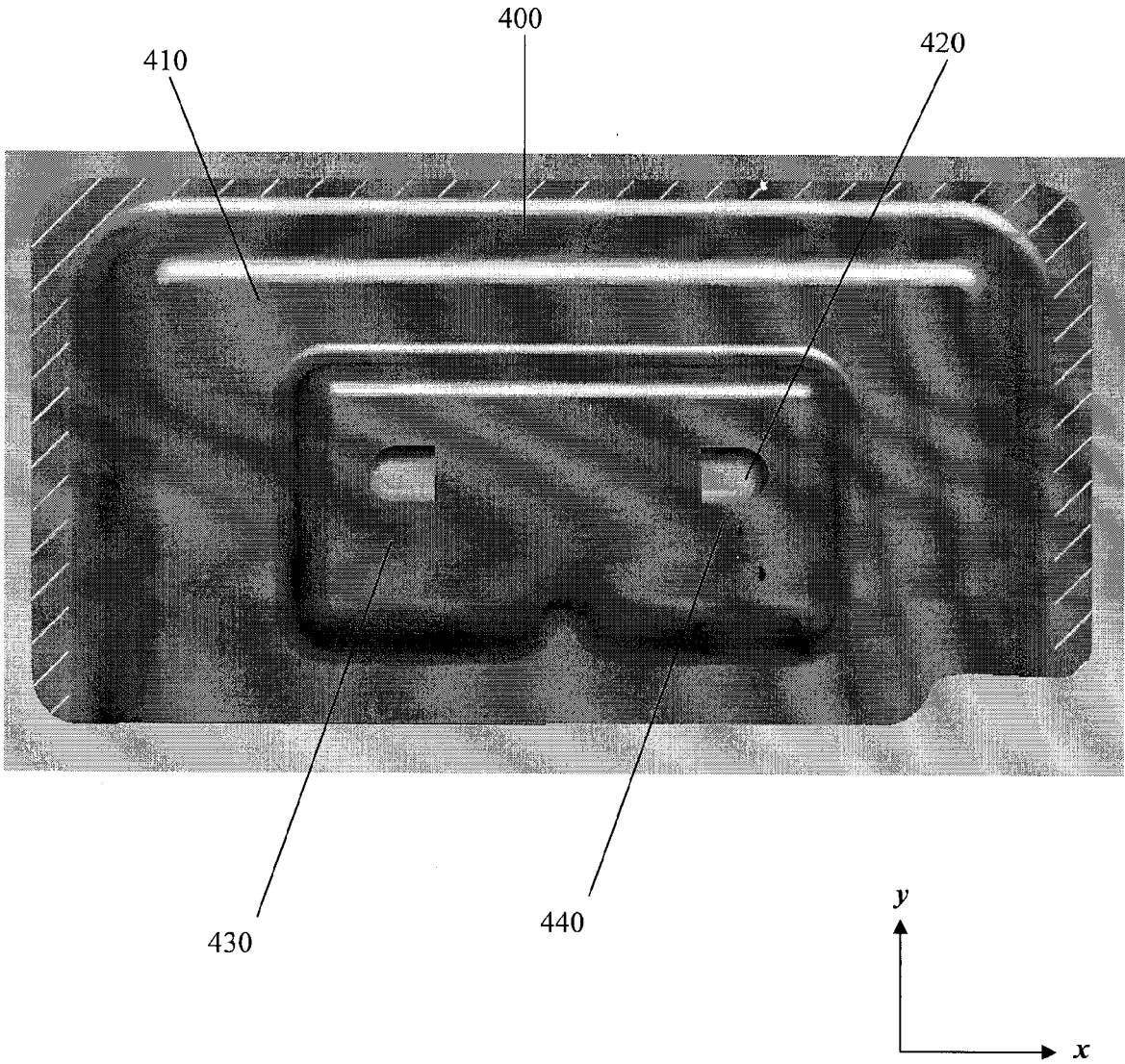


FIG. 4

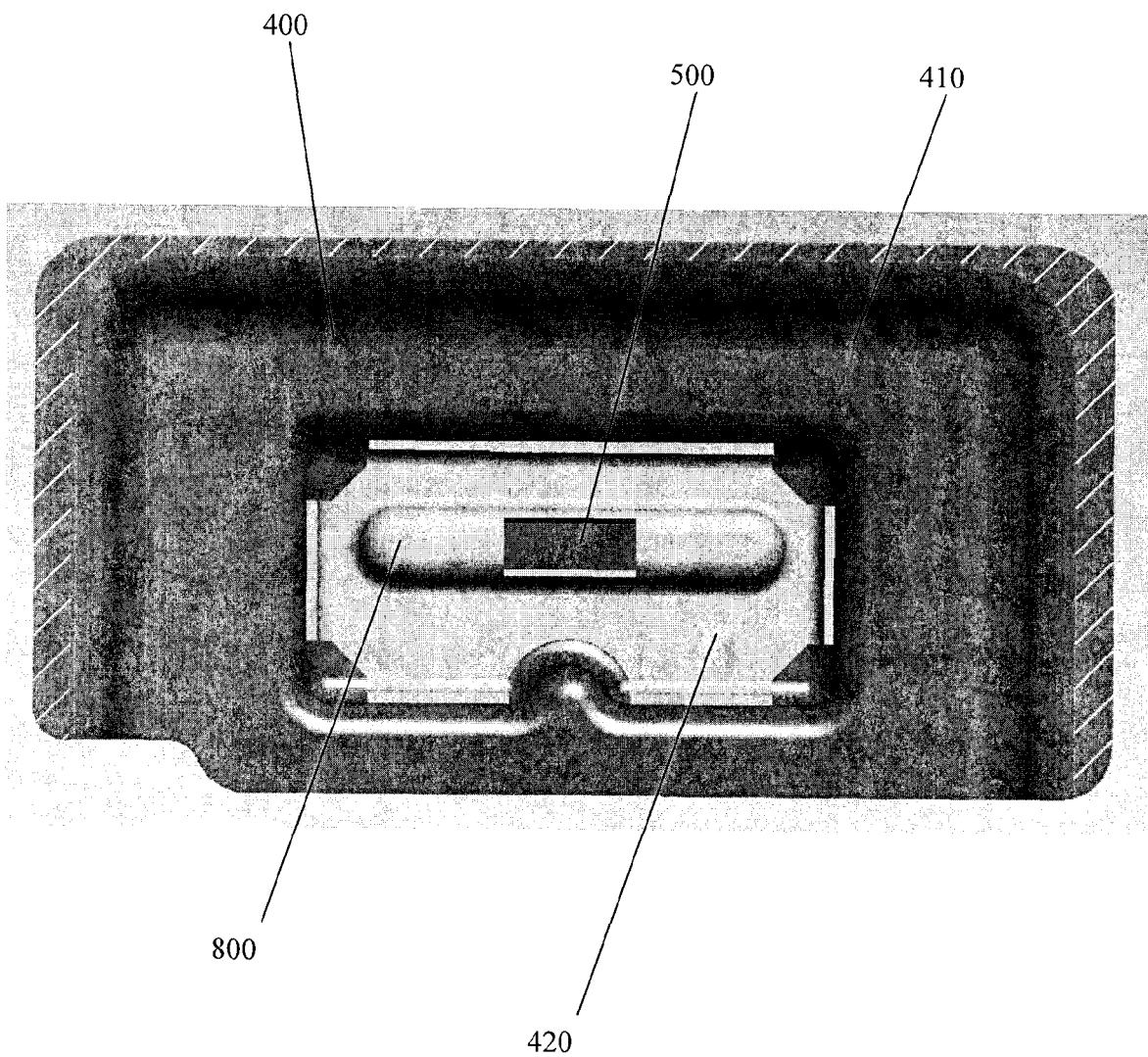


FIG. 5

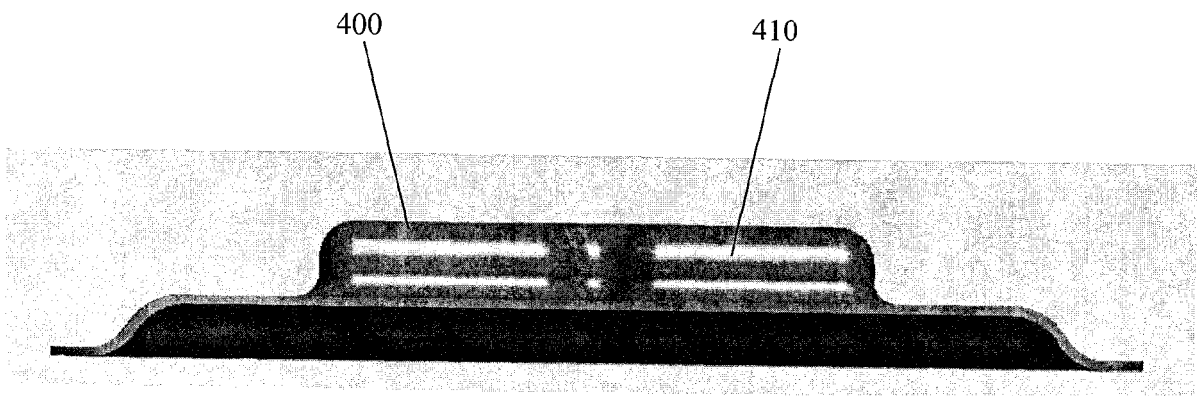


FIG. 6

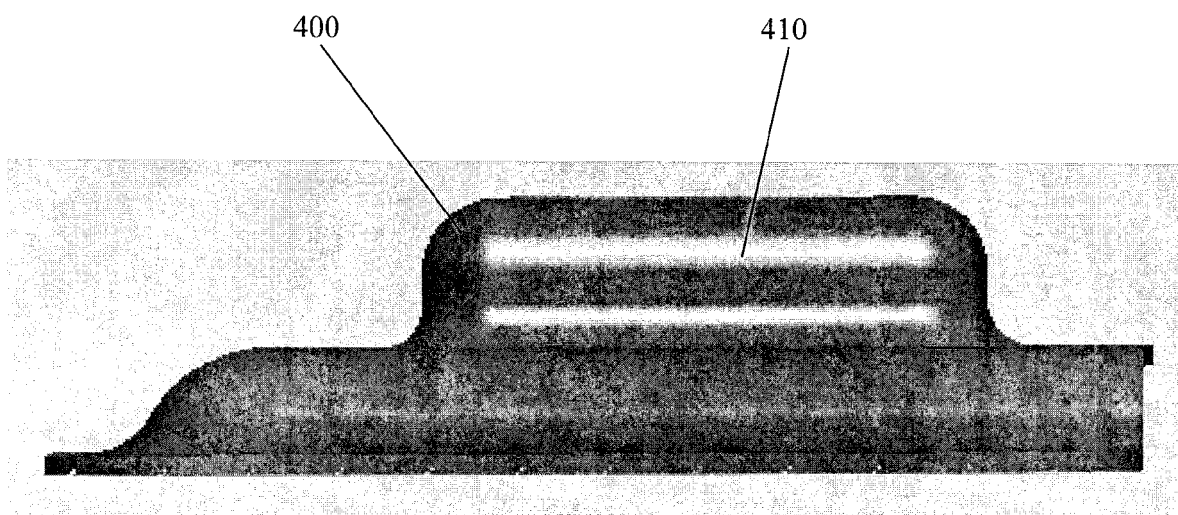


FIG. 7

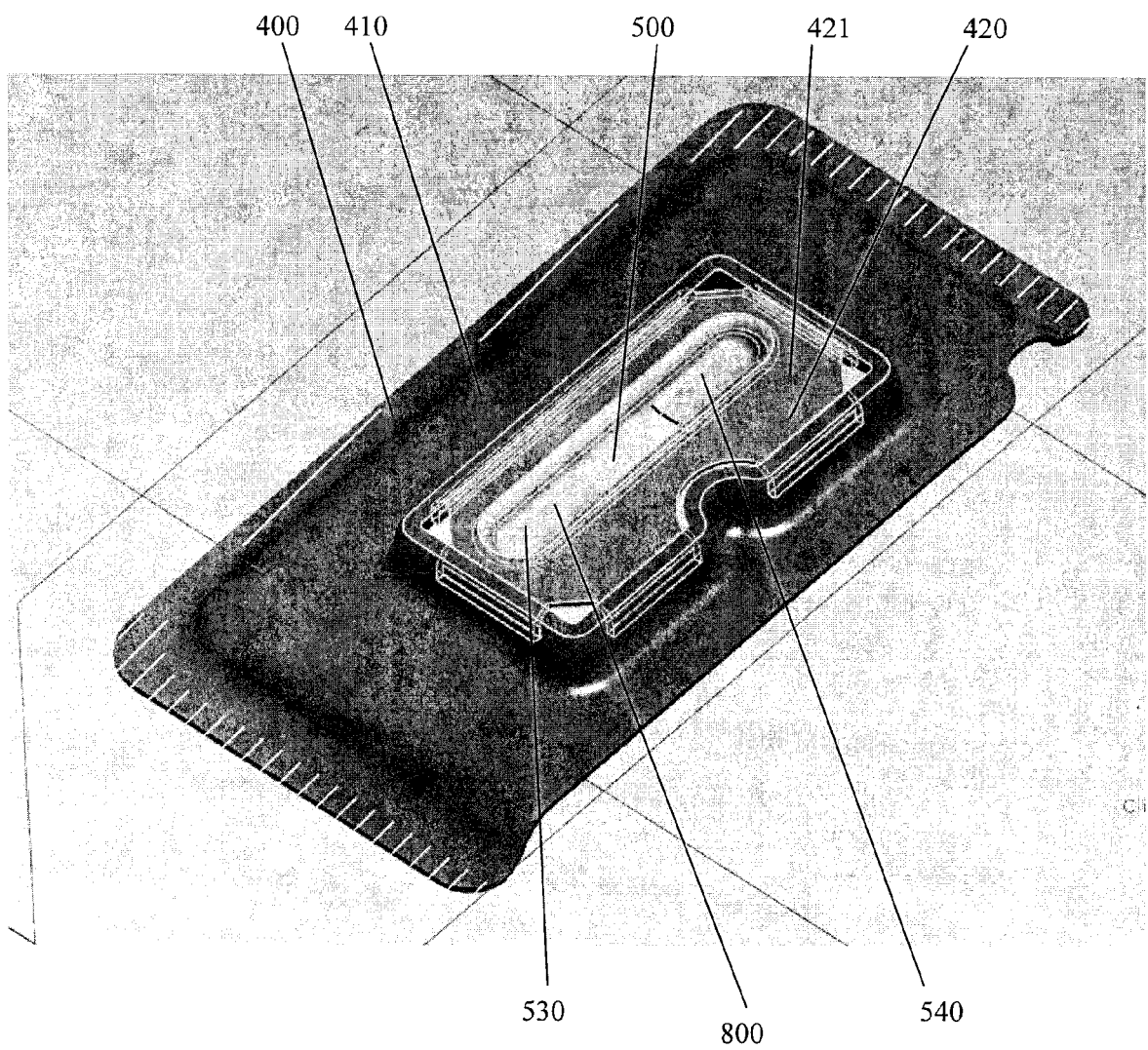


FIG. 8

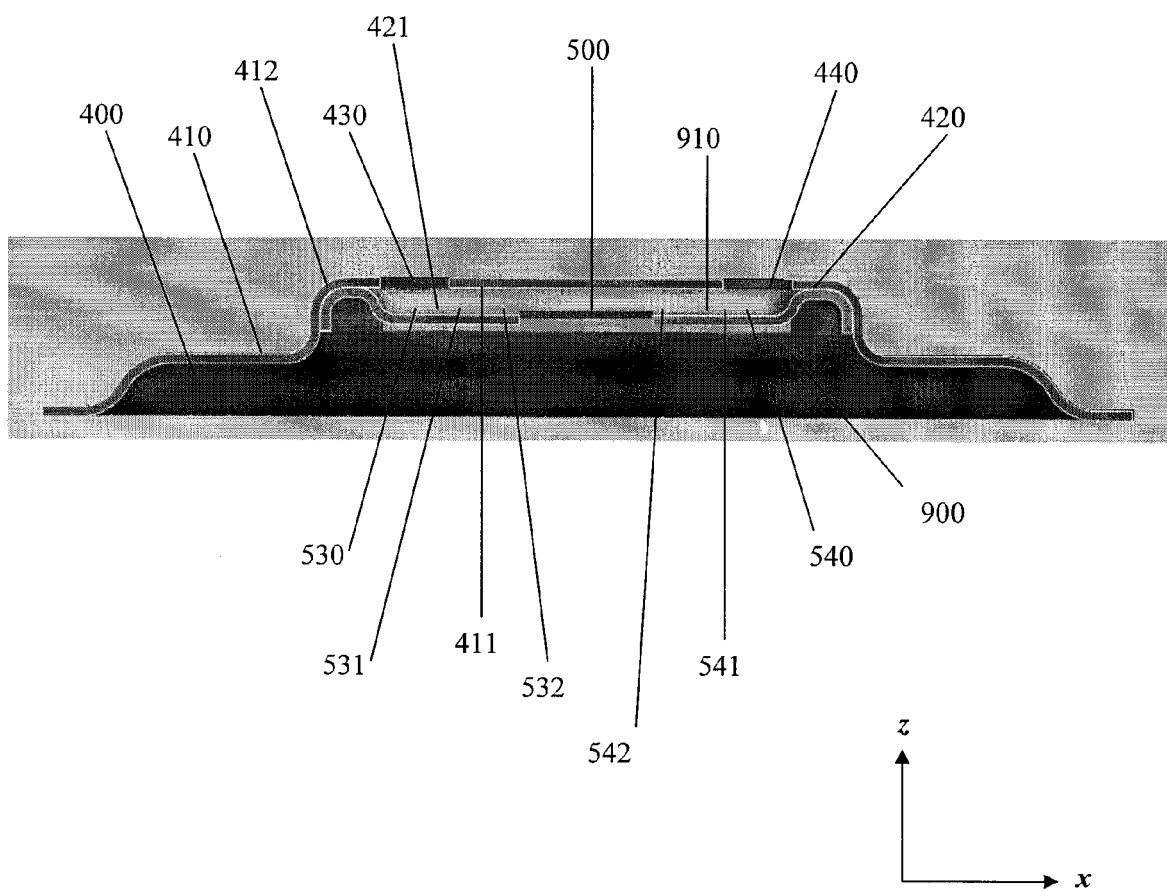


FIG. 9

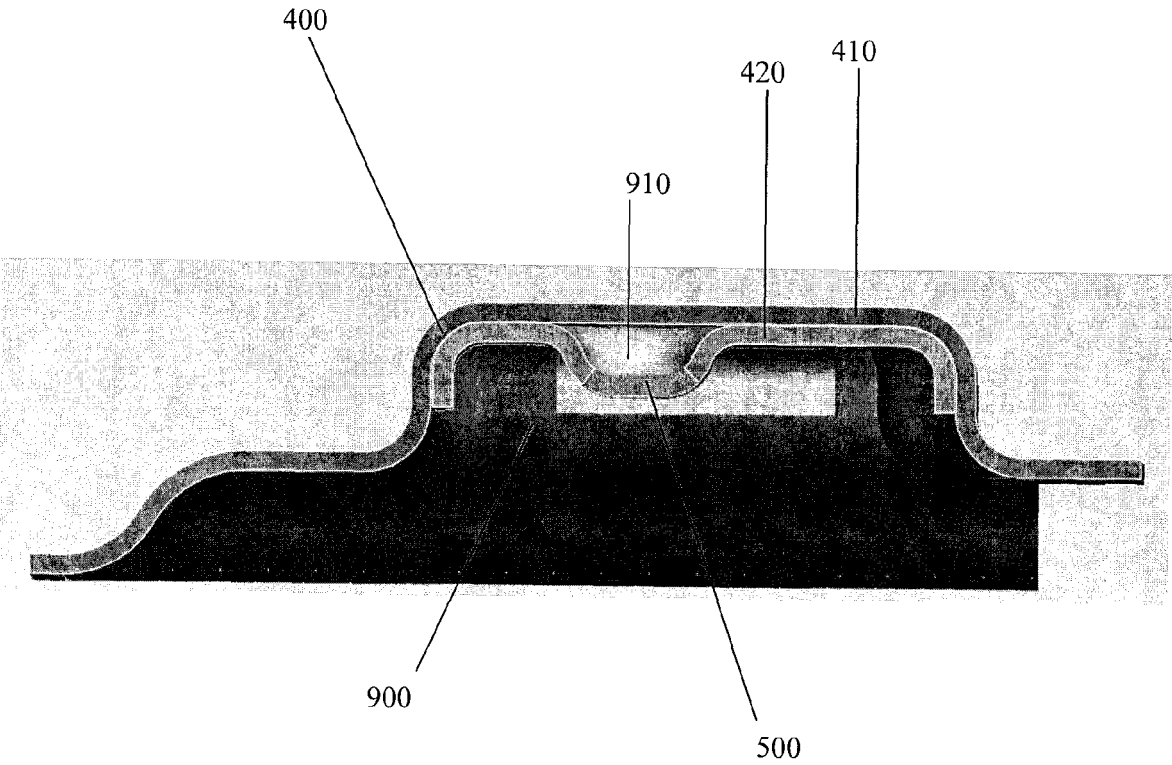


FIG. 10

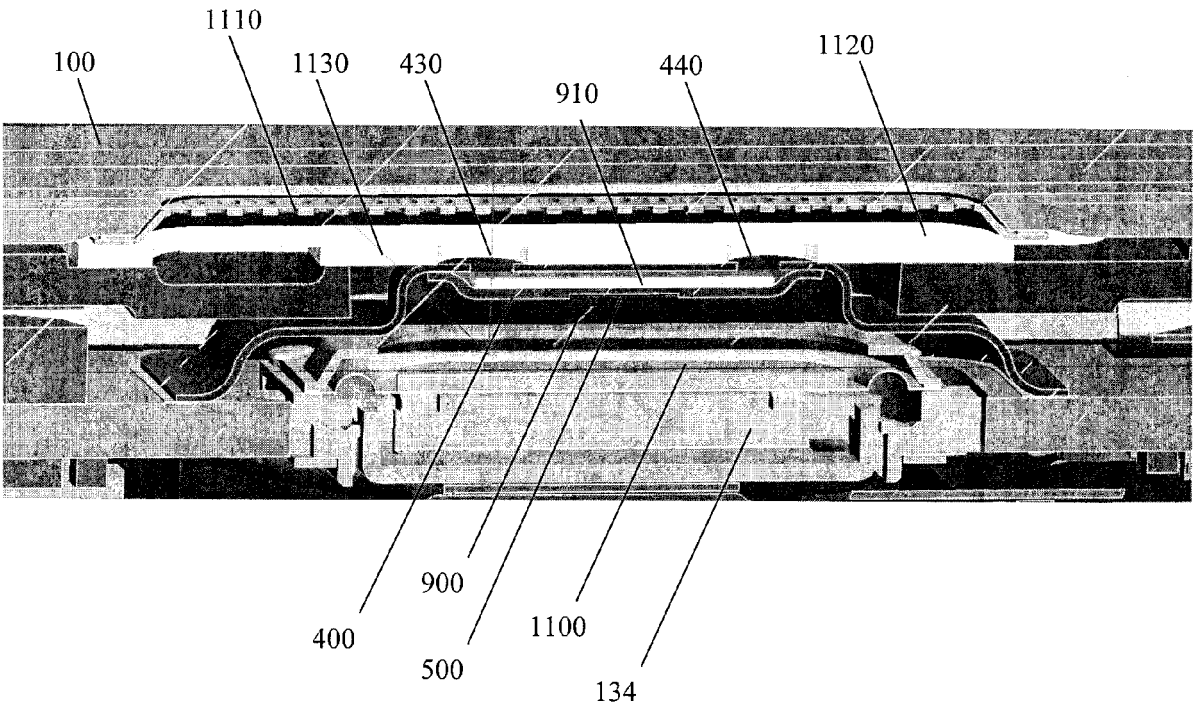


FIG. 11

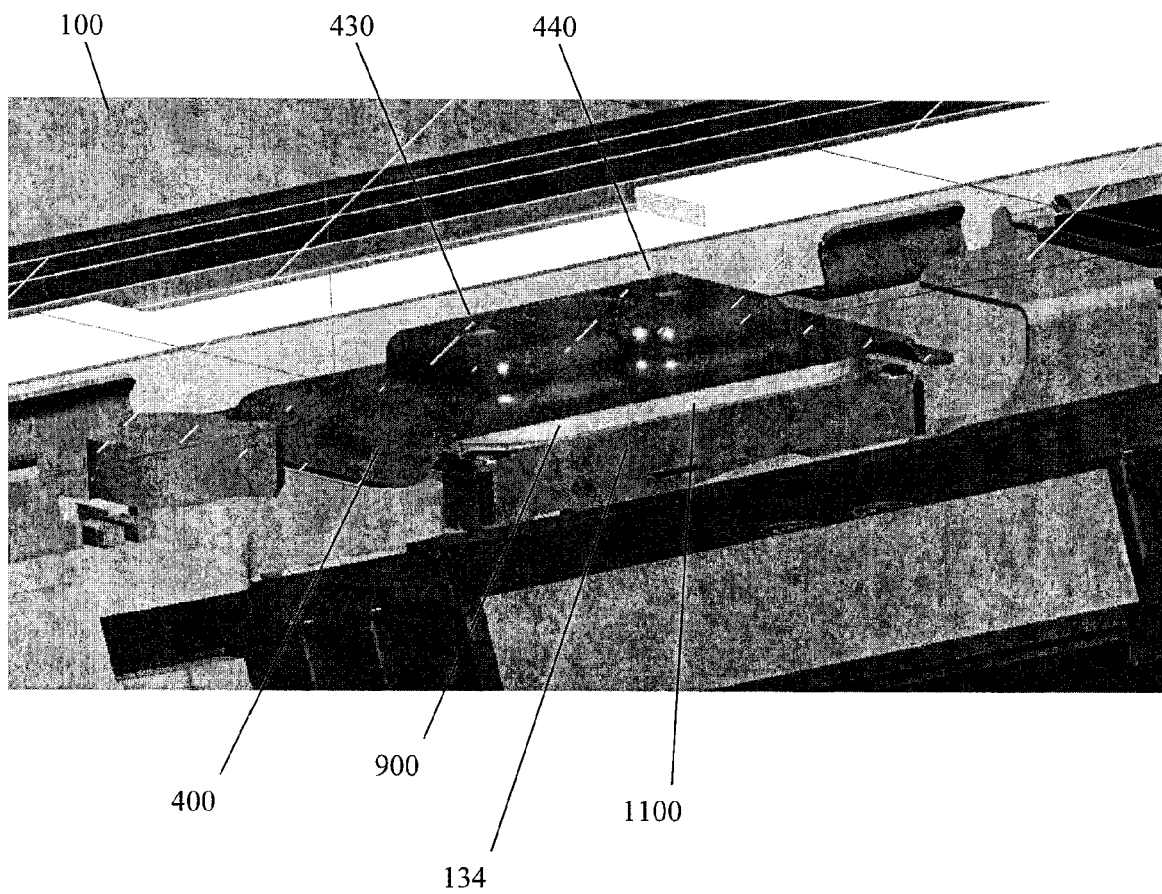


FIG. 12

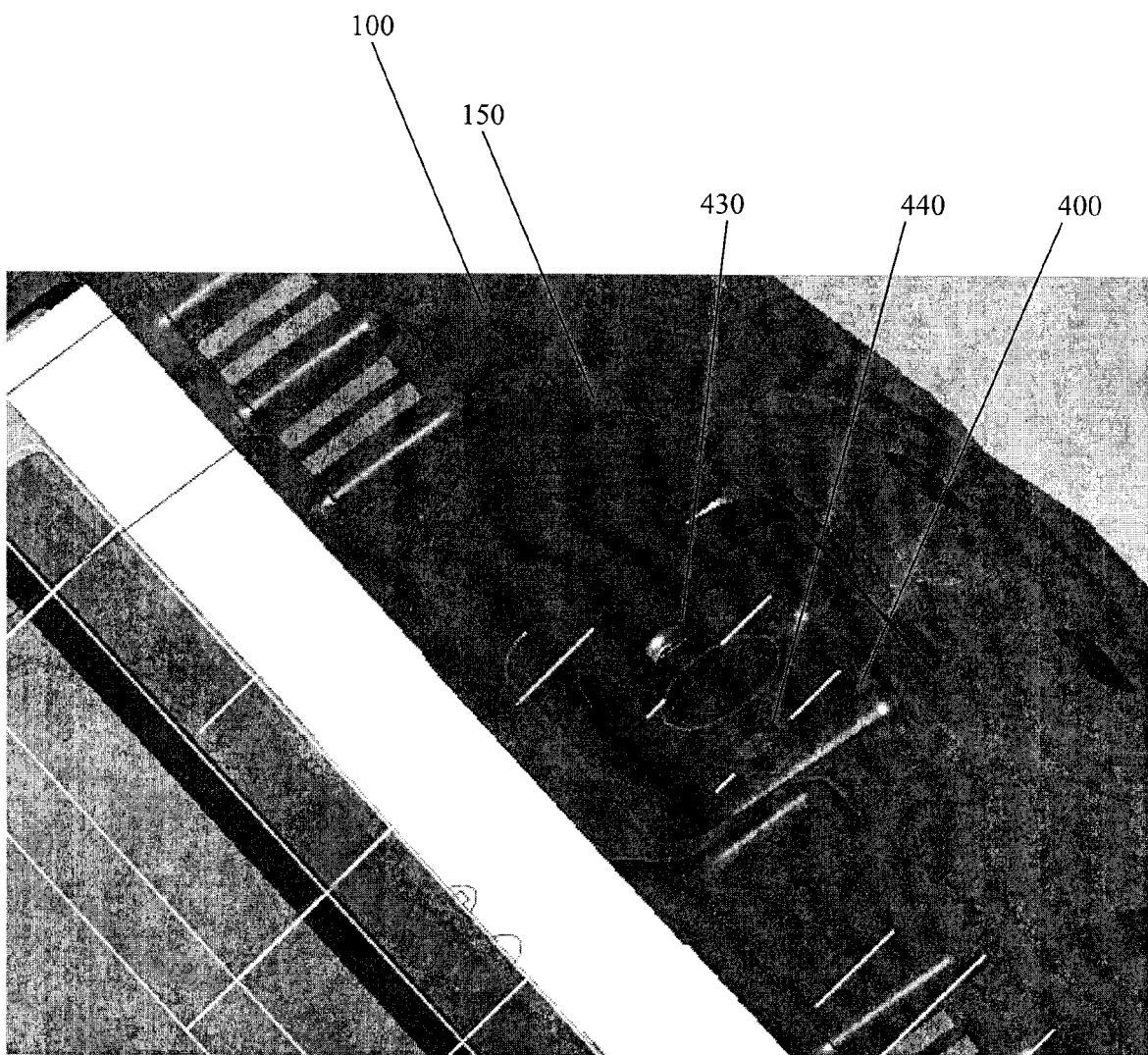


FIG. 13

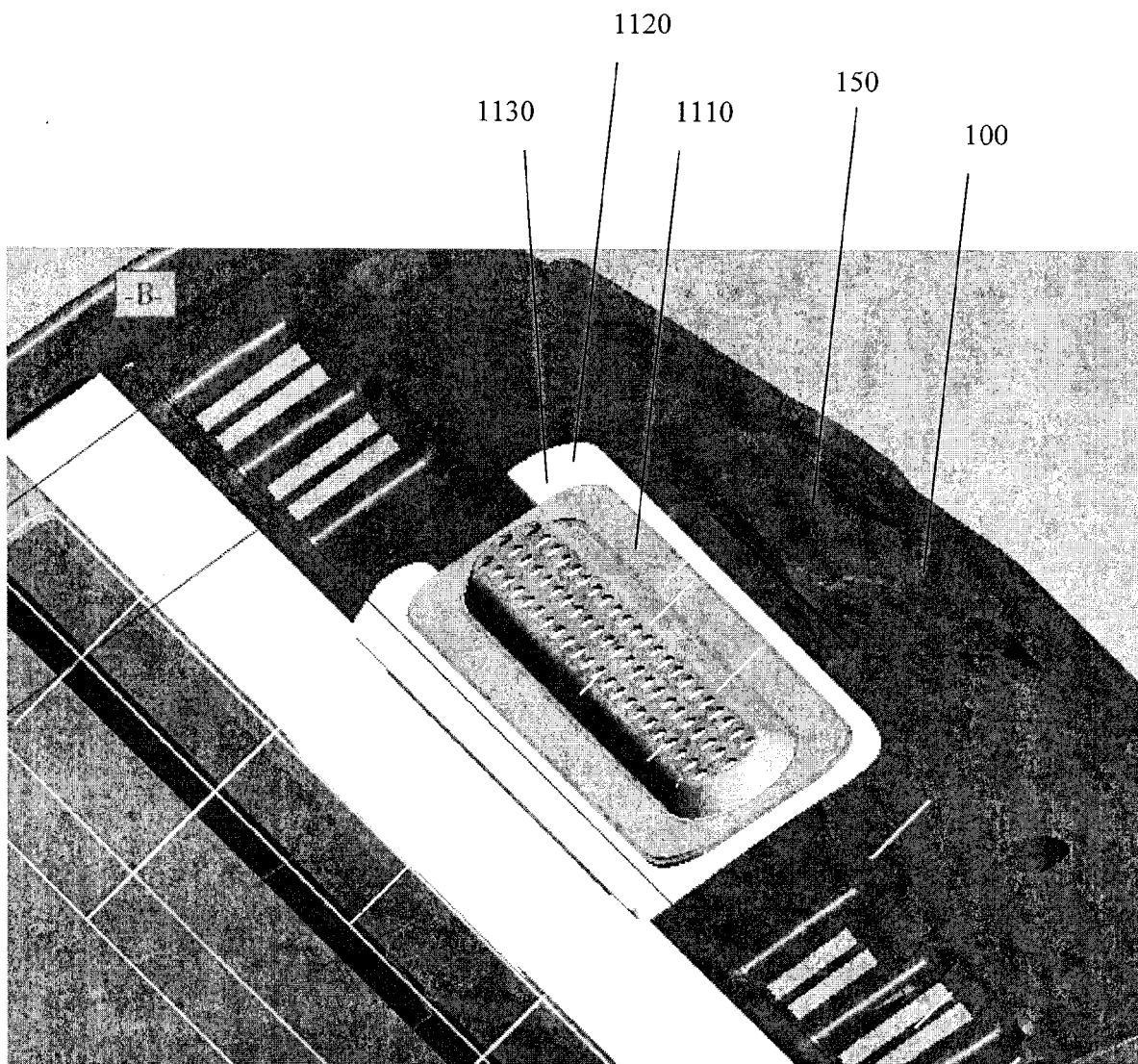


FIG. 14



EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 09 16 8256

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (IPC)
X	US 2007/147646 A1 (KLEIN ERICH [AT]) 28 June 2007 (2007-06-28) * paragraph [0002] * * paragraph [0005] * * paragraph [0011] * * paragraph [0026] * * paragraph [0031] - paragraph [0033]; figures 3,7-9,13 * * paragraph [0038] * * claim 1 *	1-9, 11-15	INV. H04R1/28
X	US 6 785 395 B1 (ARNESON THEODORE R [US] ET AL) 31 August 2004 (2004-08-31) * paragraph [0029]; figures 3,4 * * paragraph [0032] *	1-15	
X	JP 2005 033723 A (TOSHIBA CORP) 3 February 2005 (2005-02-03) * figure 3 *	1-15	
X	US 6 658 110 B1 (ANDERSEN MORTEN KJELDEN [DK]) 2 December 2003 (2003-12-02) * figure 1 *	1-15	TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (IPC) H04R
X	EP 1 865 690 A1 (NEC CORP [JP]) 12 December 2007 (2007-12-12) * figure 4a *	1-15	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search The Hague		Date of completion of the search 10 March 2010	Examiner Brandt, Isabelle
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