R. E. PATRICK.

CURTAIN BRACKET.

APPLICATION FILED MAY 7, 1920.

1,358,571.

Patented Nov. 9, 1920.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.

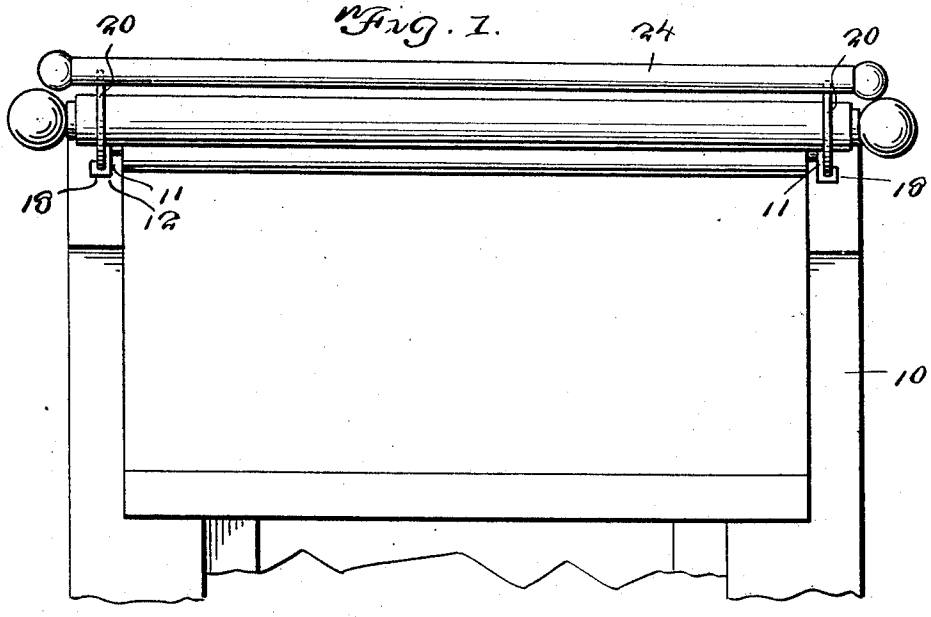


Fig. 2.

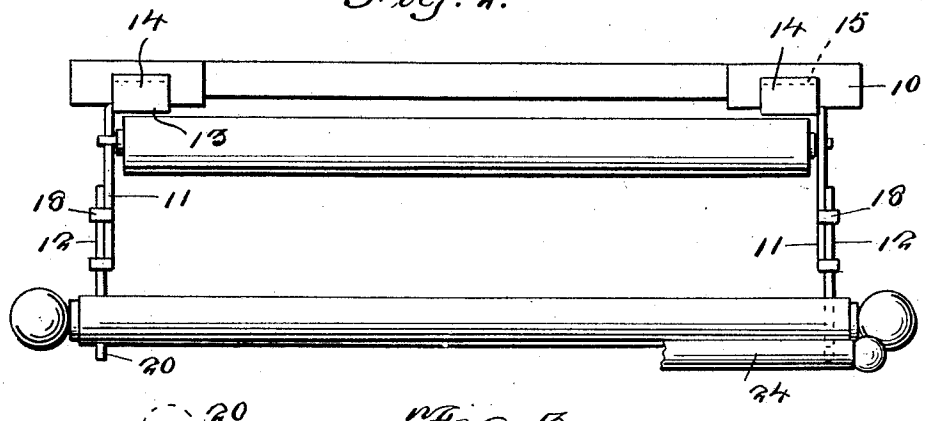
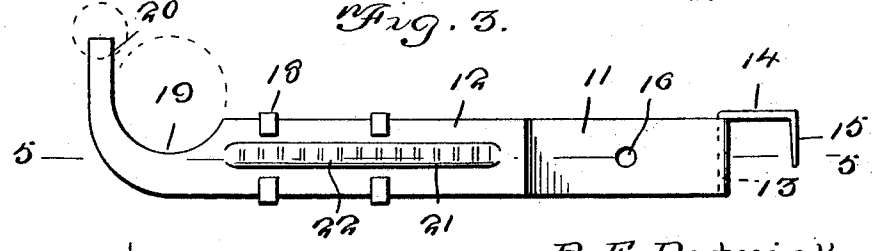


Fig. 3.



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2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.

Fig. 4.

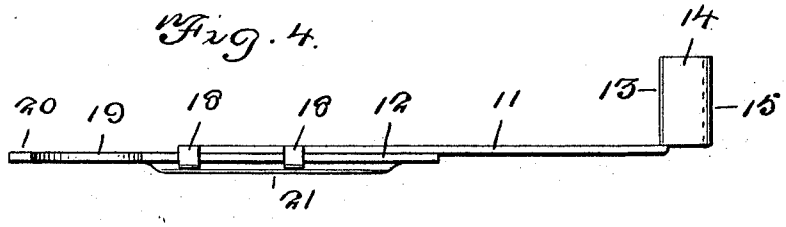


Fig. 5.

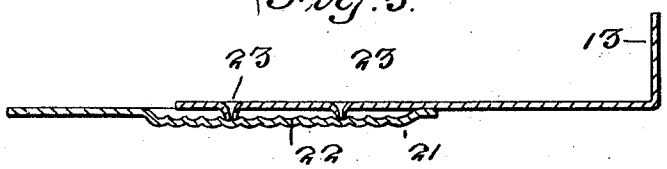


Fig. 6.

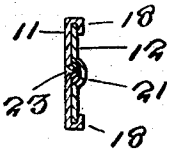


Fig. 7.

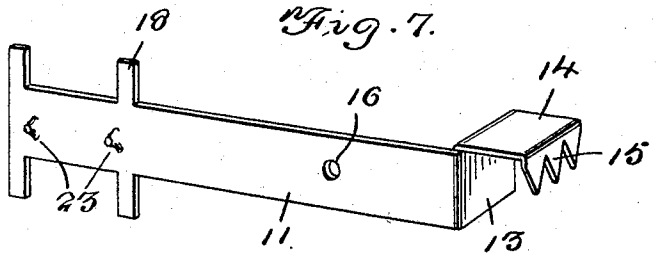


Fig. 8.

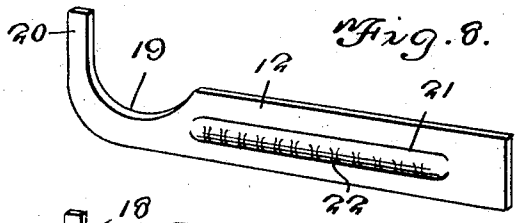
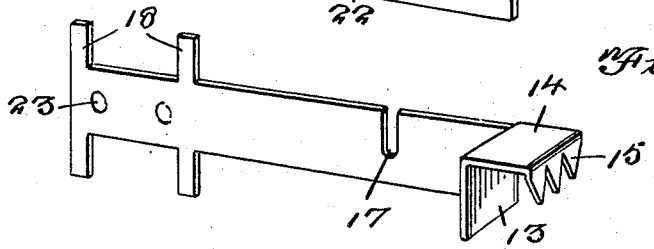


Fig. 9.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

ROY ERNEST PATRICK, OF UTICA, NEW YORK.

CURTAIN-BRACKET.

1,358,571. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Nov. 9, 1920.

Application filed May 7, 1920. Serial No. 379,630.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, ROY E. PATRICK, a citizen of the United States, residing at Utica, in the county of Oneida and State of New York, have invented new and useful Improvements in Curtain-Brackets, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to improvements in curtain brackets and has for an object the provision of a bracket which may be easily secured to a window for holding both a window shade and a curtain pole.

Another object of the invention is the provision of a bracket which is adjustable in length to regulate the position of the curtain pole with respect to the window, simple and novel means being provided for holding the bracket in adjusted position.

With the above and other objects in view the invention includes the following novel features and details of construction, to be hereinafter more fully described, illustrated in the accompanying drawings, and pointed out in the claims hereunto appended.

In the drawings:

Figure 1 is an elevation of a window casing with the improved brackets applied and showing the same supporting a shade roller and a curtain pole.

Fig. 2 is a plan view of the same.

Fig. 3 is an enlarged view showing one of the brackets in side elevation and illustrating its manner of connection with the window casing.

Fig. 4 is a plan view of the same.

Fig. 5 is a section on the line 5—5 of Fig. 3.

Fig. 6 is a transverse sectional view.

Fig. 7 is a detail perspective of the inner bracket member.

Fig. 8 is a similar view of the outer bracket member.

Fig. 9 is a view similar to Fig. 7, but showing the inner bracket member used upon the opposite side of the window casing.

Referring in detail to the drawings, like characters of reference denote corresponding parts throughout the several views.

In illustrating the invention there is shown at 10 a portion of a window casing to which the bracket is applied for the purpose of supporting a shade roller and a curtain pole. This bracket comprises an inner member 11 and an outer member 12, the latter being slidable with respect to the former. The inner member 11 is formed of a strip of metal bent at one end at right angles as shown at 13 and extending from this right angled portion is a rear extension 14, which terminates in downwardly extending prongs 15, the latter being spaced from the right angled portion 13, which is designed to rest against the face of the inner casing. To permit this the prongs 15 are driven into the upper edge of the window casing and the bracket is thus securely held in position. It is of course understood, that one of these brackets will be secured to each side of the window casing and that they are alike in their construction, except that one of the inner members 11 is provided with a circular opening 16 for the reception of one end of the shade roller and the other inner member of the opposite bracket is provided with a slot 17 for the reception of the opposite end of the shade roller to prevent rotation of the rod of the roller as will be understood.

The outer end of the member 11 has slidably connected thereto, the inner end of the outer member and for this purpose, the inner member is provided with lugs 18 which project from opposite edges and are bent downward over the outer member to act as guides and prevent lateral movement. The outer end of the member 12 is formed with an arcuate portion 19 and terminates in a substantially vertical portion 20, the arcuate portion 19 being designed to receive a curtain pole so that the bracket in addition to supporting a window shade, also supports a curtain.

The curtain may be adjusted with respect to the window by sliding the members 12 longitudinally and in order to hold these members in their adjusted positions, the outer members 12 are each formed with a longitudinally extending groove or depression 21, which is transversely corrugated as shown at 22. Each of the members 11 are provided near their outer ends with nibs or extensions 23 which are formed by punching the material of which the members 11 are formed, so that these nibs or projections engage the corrugations formed in the groove or depression 21 and hold the outer member 12 against accidental sliding movement.

In addition to supporting a curtain pole and shade roller, the bracket also supports a pole for a valance drapery. This pole is indicated at 24 and is provided near each end

with a slot to receive the vertical portion 20 of the bracket.

From the foregoing description and accompanying drawings, it will be seen that the invention provides an exceedingly simple and inexpensive form of support for a shade roller and a curtain pole, which may be easily secured in position upon the window casing and which will permit of the adjustment of the curtain pole with respect to the window.

The invention is susceptible of various changes in its form, proportions and minor details of construction and the right is herein reserved to make such changes as properly fall with the scope of the appended claims.

Having described the invention what is claimed is:—

1. A curtain bracket embodying an inner member, means located at one end of said member for engagement with a window casing, means whereby a window shade may be supported by the inner member, an outer member having a longitudinally extending depression therein and supported by and slidable upon the inner member, means carried by the inner member, for frictional engagement in said depression to hold the outer member against accidental sliding movement and a pole receiving hook located at the outer end of said outer member.

2. A curtain bracket embodying an inner member, means located at one end of said member for engagement with a window casing, means whereby the window shade may be supported by the inner member, an outer member having a longitudinally extending transversely corrugated depression therein and supported by and slidable upon the inner member, means carried by the inner member for engagement with said corrugations to hold the outer member against accidental sliding movement and a pole receiving hook located at the outer end of said outer member.

3. A curtain bracket embodying an inner member, means located at one end of said member for engagement with a window casing, means whereby a window shade may be supported by the inner member, an outer member having a longitudinally extending transversely corrugated depression therein and supported by and slidable upon the inner member, nibs punched from the inner member for engagement with the said corrugations to hold the outer member against accidental sliding movement and a pole receiving hook located at the outer end of said outer member.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature.

ROY ERNEST PATRICK.