Jan. 16, 1934. H. SANFORD 1,943,745

GARMENT HANGER

Filed April 8, 1931

Fig. 1

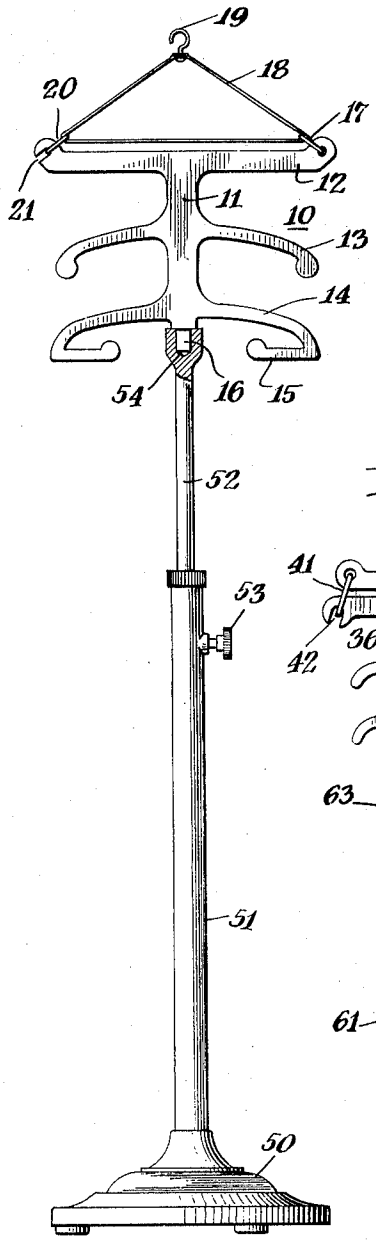


Fig. 2

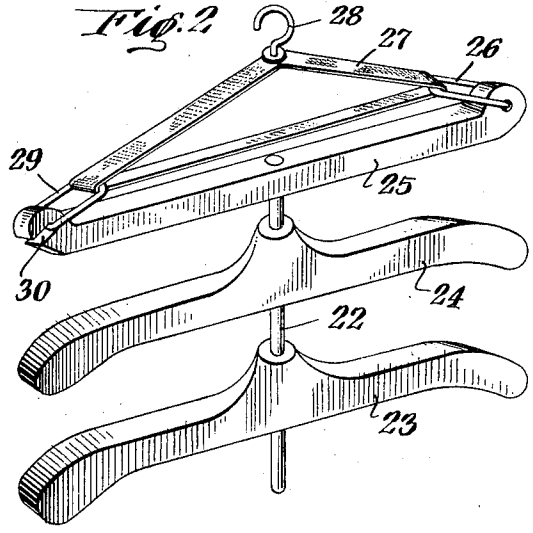


Fig. 3

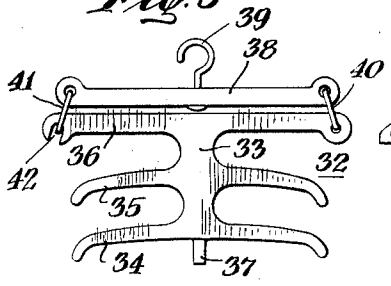


Fig. 5

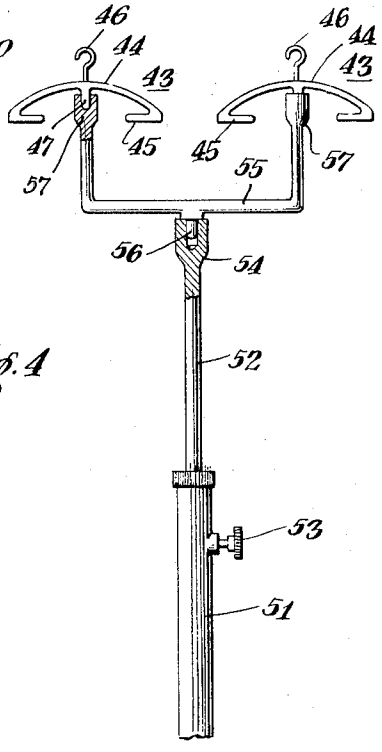
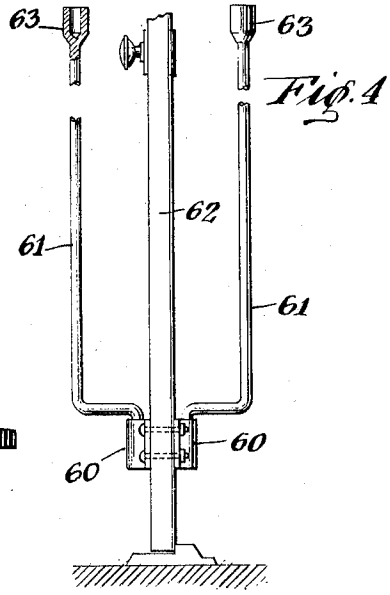


Fig. 4



Inventor

Henry Sanford

By his Attorneys

Austin & Dix

Patented Jan. 16, 1934 1,943,745

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

1,943,745

GARMENT HANGER

Henry Sanford, New York, N. Y.

Application April 8, 1931. Serial No. 528,519

2 Claims. (Cl. 223—62)

The invention relates in general to supports, and more particularly to hangers for supporting garments and the like.

According to one form of the invention, the hanger may be of the multiple type comprising a vertical portion with a number of cross pieces or arms to support the different garments. If desired, the upper cross piece may have secured at the ends thereof a web strap to which a hook member is connected for supporting the hanger from an ordinary hook or the like. If desired, the hanger may also be provided at its lower end with a plug for insertion in a suitable socket mounted on a suitable pedestal whereby the hanger is supported from beneath.

If desired, the upper cross piece may be provided with a cooperating clamping bar between which a garment may be placed, such as a pair of trousers. In this case, the clamping bar may be supported by a hook member for supporting from above from a suitable hook.

The invention furthermore contemplates the provision of a pedestal having an off-set portion whereby it may be mounted upon a wall or door for supporting the hanger from below. If desired, the pedestal may be provided with an adapter having a plurality of branches, each of which may support a suitable hanger.

The invention also consists in certain new and original features of construction and combinations of parts hereinafter set forth and claimed.

Although the novel features which are believed to be characteristic of this invention will be particularly pointed out in the claims appended hereto, the invention itself, as to its objects and advantages, and the manner in which it may be carried out, may be better understood by referring to the following description taken in connection with the accompanying drawing forming a part thereof, in which

Fig. 1 represents one form of hanger and support therefor;

Figs. 2 and 3 represent modified forms of hanger;

Fig. 4 illustrates a support for attachment to a door or the like; and

Fig. 5 represents a modified form of support.

In the following description and in the claims, various details will be identified by specific means for convenience, but they are intended to be as generic in their application as the art will permit.

Like reference characters denote like parts in the several figures of the drawing.

In the drawing accompanying and forming part of this specification, certain specific disclosure of the invention is made for purposes of explanation, but it will be understood that the details may be modified in various respects without departure from the broad aspect of the invention.

Referring now to the drawing, and more particularly to Fig. 1, the hanger is denoted by 10 and comprises a central vertical member 11 having a plurality of transverse members or cross pieces, indicated by 12, 13 and 14. The cross pieces 13 and 14 may be curved, as shown, and the cross piece 14 may be provided with inwardly projecting members 15.

The lower end of the mast 11 is provided with a plug member 16 to detachably engage a socket member 54 mounted on a suitable pedestal, as hereinafter described more in detail.

The top cross bar 12 may have pivoted to one end a shackle member 17 through which passes a web strap 18, to which a hanging member 19 is secured. The web strap 18 may also pass through a second shackle member 20 adapted to detachably engage a slot 21 in the other end of cross bar 12.

Referring now to Fig. 2, a slightly modified form of hanger is indicated. In this figure, the vertical mast is indicated by 22 and the cross pieces by 23, 24 and 25. The mast 22 passes through the cross pieces and is suitably secured thereto. The lower end of the mast 22 provides a plug member for engaging a socket member in suitable support, as hereinafter described more in detail.

Connected to the top bar 25 is a web strap 27 passing through shackles 26 and 29, having secured thereto a hanging member 28. The shackle member 29 is adapted to detachably engage a slot 30. It will be understood that this web strap and associated parts are of substantially the same construction as the similar parts in Fig. 1.

It will be noted that the cross bars 12, 13, 14, 15 and mast 11, in Fig. 1, are made in one piece. This hanger may be stamped out from a piece of metal, or it may be made up from a plurality of plies or layers of wood suitably glued or otherwise secured together. In Fig. 2, the cross bars 23, 24 and 25 and the mast 22 may be made of suitable solid material, either of metal or of wood, or any other suitable substance.

Referring now to Fig. 3, the hanger 32 comprises a vertical portion 33 having cross pieces 34, 35 and 36 secured thereto. The hanger is provided with a plug member 37 adapted to engage a socket in a suitable support. To the top cross piece 36 a clamping bar 38 is hingedly connected by shackle 40. A clip 41 is pivoted to

member 38 and detachably engages a slot 42 in the end of top member 36. A hanging member 39 is connected to clamping member 38. It will be noted that the members 36 and 38 fit closely so that a suitable garment, such as a pair of trousers, may be snugly clamped therebetween.

Referring now to Fig. 5, the hangers 43 are single hangers and consist of a single curved cross piece 44, hanging member 46 and inwardly projecting members 45 and plug member 47.

Referring now again to Fig. 1, one form of stand supporting the hangers may comprise a heavy base 50, a shank 51 in which a rod 52 telescopes. A suitable clamping device, such as a setscrew 53, may be provided for clamping together the members 51 and 52 with the hanger 10 adjusted to the proper height.

Referring to Fig. 4, the support is shown attached to a door 62 by means of a bracket 60. The support is indicated by 61 and has a socket member 63 for carrying any of the hangers above described. It will be noted that this support may be attached to either or both sides of a door.

In Fig. 5, socket 54 on the support 52 carries a plug 56 connected to an adapter 55 which carries a plurality of sockets 57. Each socket 57 may carry a hanger 43 or any of the other hangers above described.

Thus, a system for supporting garments has been described in which hangers may be hung from a suitable hook, or supported from beneath on a suitable stand. The above constructions may be used either in the home or in the showroom and may be used for supporting articles of either male or female attire. It will be understood that any of the types of stands or supports described may be used for supporting any of the types of hangers and that the particular combinations shown are shown merely for purposes of explanation.

While certain novel features of the invention have been disclosed and are pointed out in the annexed claims, it will be understood that various omissions, substitutions and changes may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the invention.

What is claimed is:

1. In a garment holder, a cross piece, a strap loop whose upper and lower plies extend from one end of the cross piece to the other, a suspension element connected to the middle of the upper ply of said strap loop, means detachably connecting said strap loop to one end of said cross piece, and means for permanently connecting said strap loop to the other end of said cross piece.

2. In a garment holder, a cross piece, a flexible strap loop whose upper and lower plies both extend from one end of the cross piece to the other above the cross piece, and a suspension element connected to the middle of the upper ply of said strap loop.

HENRY SANFORD.