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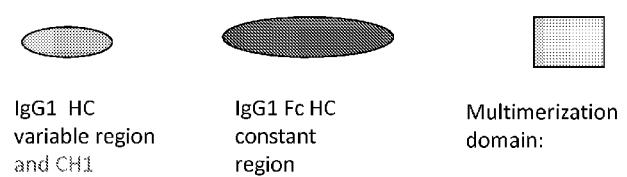
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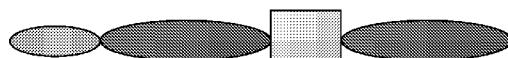
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Figure 1



(57) Abstract: The current invention involves biologically active proteins termed stradobodies. The stradobodies have two or more domains that create stradobody multimers. The stradobodies have both antigen-binding capacity and the ability to bind Fc receptors (FcR), and are useful in the treatment and prevention of disease.

**Multimerized serial stradobodies**



**Multimerized stradobodies C-terminal**





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designate substitute page 3b as 3a.

## MOLECULES WITH ANTIGEN BINDING AND POLYVALENT FC GAMMA RECEPTOR BINDING ACTIVITY

### ***CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS***

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/691,057, filed August 20, 2012, and U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/785,144, filed March 14, 2013, the contents of which are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety.

### ***DESCRIPTION OF THE TEXT FILE SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY***

[0002] The contents of the text file submitted electronically herewith are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety: A computer readable format copy of the Sequence Listing (filename: GLIK\_009\_01US\_310975\_2048\_SeqList\_ST25.txt, date recorded: March 12, 2013, file size 329 kilobytes).

### ***FIELD OF THE INVENTION***

[0003] This invention relates generally to the fields of immunology, autoimmunity, inflammation, infectious diseases, and tumor immunology. More specifically, the present invention relates to biologically active biomimetic molecules comprising immunoglobulin Fc domains and Fab domains, compositions comprising such biomimetics, and methods of making and using such biomimetics.

### ***BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION***

[0004] Monoclonal antibody (mAb) therapy is an important and growing part of medicine. Over 30 monoclonal antibodies have been approved for various immunological diseases, infectious diseases, and cancers either in the United States or Europe, and hundreds more are under investigation. However, a common problem in monoclonal antibody therapy development is lack of adequate efficacy despite Fab and FcR binding. Because of the high

doses that are often necessary in order to achieve efficacy, adverse side effects are commonly associated with therapeutic antibodies. Further, low or altered expression of tumor and other target antigens, as well as genetic mutations that affect antibody targets or downstream effects of antibody binding, can render antibody therapies ineffective. As an example, the monoclonal antibody trastuzumab is a mAb directed specifically against the HER2/neu breast cancer antigen and commercially available under the trade name Herceptin®, is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of breast cancer. Trastuzumab can be effective in patients in which HER2/neu is highly expressed; however, approximately 90% of breast cancer patients have tumors that are not classified as HER2/neu high expressing. As another example, cetuximab, a mAb directed specifically against the epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) and commercially available under the trade name Erbitux®, is approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for the treatment of colon cancer. Cetuximab blocks the EGFR and arrests a downstream KRAS protein-dependent tumor proliferation pathway. From a clinical perspective, cetuximab can improve overall response rates as well as progression-free survival in patients whose tumors have wild type (WT) KRAS. Unfortunately, 30-60% of colon cancer patients have tumors with codon 12 or 13 KRAS mutations, and recent clinical trials suggest that patients with mutated KRAS do not benefit from treatment with cetuximab (summarized in Allegra et. al., Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2009 Apr 20;27(12):2091-6). Thus, there is a need for new antibody-like-based therapeutics in the treatment of cancers, as well as in the treatment of autoimmune disorders and inflammatory diseases.

[0005] Engagement and aggregation of Fc receptors, particularly low affinity receptors such as FcγRIIIa, on immune cells and especially on natural killer (NK) cells by antibodies results in activation, degranulation, and lysis of the target tumor or cell, in a process known as antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Tumor cells and other cells targeted by the immune system may also be killed through complement-dependent cytotoxicity (CDC), in which an antibody binds complement, leading to cell cytotoxicity; or through direct cytotoxicity (DC) resulting from direct antibody binding to antigen in the absence of NK cells or complement; or by other mechanisms such as induction of apoptosis, or interference with cellular growth or processes. There is presently a need in the art to identify means of increasing ADCC, CDC, DC,

and other mechanisms of killing tumor cells or other cells, thereby increasing the efficacy of mAb therapies. In particular, when complement-dependent pathways for cell killing are fully functional, CDC can be an effective method for killing cancer cells and other target cells. However, many cells are resistant to CDC due to cell membrane repair mechanisms and regulatory proteins such as CD59, which inhibits the complement pathway. For example, despite the high levels of expression of CD20 on B cell lymphoma and leukemia cells, many patients with B cell malignancies are unresponsive to, or become resistant to, treatment with the anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody rituximab, at least in part due to mechanisms of complement inhibition (Harjunpaa et al., Scand. J. Immunol, 2000 51; 634-641). Therefore, there is a particular need for molecules that are capable of increasing CDC.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

**[0005a]** In a first aspect there is provided a stradobody comprising an Fab domain; two or more Fc domains; and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains separates the two Fc domains, and wherein the one or more multimerization domains multimerizes said stradobody.

**[0005b]** In a second aspect there is provided a method of treating an inflammatory disease, autoimmune disease, infectious disease, or cancer in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of the of the first aspect.

**[0005c]** In a third aspect there is provided use of the stradobody of the first aspect for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory disease, autoimmune disease, infectious disease, or cancer.

**[0006]** There is also provided biologically active biomimetic molecules comprising immunoglobulin Fe domains, Fab domains, and multimerization domains; compositions comprising such biomimetics; and methods of making and using such biomimetics. These biomimetics have broad application for treating cancers, inflammatory, autoimmune, and infectious disease conditions in which a monoclonal antibody may be used or is already in clinical use. The biomimetics of the present invention have the advantages of more potent antibody-mediated cell cytotoxicity, complement-mediated cell cytotoxicity, and complement C1q binding compared to a mAb whose Fab is identical to the Fab comprised in the biomimetics of the present invention. The biomimetics of the present invention also have the advantage of more potent complement-dependent cell cytotoxicity and direct cytotoxicity compared to a mAb whose Fab is specific for the same antigen.

[0007] WO 2008/151088 discloses using biomimetic molecules comprising two or more Fe domains, preferably in the context of a stradomer, to which one or more Fab domains is attached, for the treatment of pathological conditions including cancers, autoimmune diseases and other inflammatory conditions, and infectious diseases. WO 2008/151088 is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The molecules comprising an Fab disclosed in WO

2008/151088 are termed “stradobodies” and possess the antigen binding properties of the Fab portion of a monoclonal antibody and the Fc receptor binding properties of stradomers. Thus, these stradobodies bind, cross-link, and activate multiple Fcγ receptors on effector cells simultaneously, creating avidity that cannot be accomplished by an individual mAb or immunoglobulin Fc backbone binding to an individual Fcγ receptor, even if optimized via Fc mutagenesis, defucosylation, or other methods that improve affinity between an individual mAb and an individual Fcγ receptor. Polyvalent binding of Fcγ receptors on effector cells is particularly important in the environment of low epitope expression. Low epitope expression leads to mAb Fab binding events too isolated to result in a sufficient density of Fc – Fcγ receptor binding events in close enough proximity on the effector cell to cause downstream activation of low affinity Fcγ receptors on effector cells. However, as disclosed herein, the inclusion of one or more multimerization domains in addition to the Fab and Fc domains enhances the FcγR binding activity of the stradobodies, resulting in slow dissociation characteristic of avidity, as well as antibody-dependent cell cytotoxicity (ADCC), complement-mediated cytotoxicity (CDC), direct cytotoxicity (DC), strong complement C1q binding, and/or other mechanisms of cellular toxicity. In particular, the multimerization domains are located between two Fc domains or at the carboxy end of the Fc region in the stradobodies disclosed herein. Surprisingly, a stradobody comprising two particular multimerization domains, an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge, resulted in particularly strong multimerization, high cellular toxicity against target cells, and high C1q binding.

[0008] Nagashima et al. (Journal of Bioscience and Bioengineering 111(4): 391-6 (2011) and Molecular Immunology 45(10):2752-63 (2008)) described serial stradobodies with tandem repeats of Fc domains, as anticipated by WO 2008/151088, which resulted in enhanced ADCC relative to the parent monoclonal antibodies from which they were derived, i.e. comprising the identical Fab region. The stradobodies of the present invention, however, by virtue of the multimerization domain(s), lead to multimerization of the stradobody homodimers which in turn enhances the number of Fc domains capable of simultaneously binding FcγR and ultimately leads to far superior binding and cytotoxicity when compared with non-multimerizing compounds, such as those described in Nagashima and elsewhere.

[0009] In one aspect, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains. In a further embodiment, the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody. In one embodiment, at least one of the one or more multimerization domains separates two or more Fc domains. In another embodiment, the at least one of the one or more multimerization domains is located at the carboxy end of the Fc region. In a preferred embodiment, one or more Fc domains is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0010] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody. In another embodiment, the multimerization domains are independently selected from the group consisting of an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, and a GPP repeat. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises two multimerization domains. In a further embodiment, the two multimerization domains are independently selected from the group consisting of an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, and a GPP repeat. In a still further embodiment, the two multimerization domains are an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge. In a still further embodiment, the two multimerization domains are both an IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the two multimerization domains are both an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises three multimerization domains. In still another embodiment, the stradobody comprises four or more multimerization domains.

[0011] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein at least one of the one or more multimerization domains is an isoleucine zipper. In a further embodiment, the at least one isoleucine zipper is according to SEQ ID NO: 32, and is capable of multimerizing the stradobody. In another embodiment, at least one of the one or more multimerization domains is an IgG2 hinge domain. In a further embodiment, the at least one IgG2 hinge domain is according to SEQ ID NO: 3 and is capable of multimerizing the stradobody. In another embodiment, at least one of the one or more multimerization domains is a

GPP domain. In a further embodiment, the at least one GPP domain comprises an amino acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO:26 and is capable of multimerizing the stradobody.

**[0012]** In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody. In a further embodiment, at least one Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain, and the least one Fc domain comprises an IgG1 CH2, and an IgG1 CH3. In a further embodiment, the Fc domain comprises an IgG1 hinge, an IgG1 CH2, and an IgG1 CH3. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises more than one Fc domain. In a further embodiment, each of the more than one Fc domains is an IgG1 Fc domain. In a further embodiment, each of the more than one Fc domains is an IgG3 Fc domain. In a further embodiment, each of the more than one Fc domains is an IgG2 Fc domain. In a further embodiment, each of the more than one Fc domains is an IgG4 Fc domain. In a further embodiment, the more than one Fc domains is comprised of an IgG1 Fc domain and an IgG2 Fc domain, IgG3 Fc domain, or IgG4 Fc domain.

**[0013]** In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a first multimerization domain, a second multimerization domain, and a second Fc domain. In a further embodiment, at least one of the Fc domains is an IgG1 Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, an isoleucine zipper, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, and a second Fc domain. In one especially preferred embodiment, the first Fc domain, isoleucine zipper, IgG2 hinge, and second Fc domain together comprise an amino acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 69. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, a second IgG2 hinge, and a second Fc. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, a second isoleucine zipper, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an

isoleucine zipper, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge; and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a G4S domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, a G4S domain, a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a G4S domain, an isoleucine zipper, a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, a G4S domain, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a GPP domain, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a GPP domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, a GPP domain, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a GPP domain, an isoleucine zipper, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, a GPP domain, and a second Fc domain. A skilled artisan will recognize that other multimerization domains can be used in place of the multimerization domains described here.

**[0014]** In a further embodiment, the first and the second Fc domains are IgG1 Fc domains. In another embodiment, at least one IgG1 Fc domain comprises an IgG1 CH2 and an IgG1 CH3. In a further embodiment, the IgG1 Fc domain further comprises an IgG1 hinge.

**[0015]** In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a composition comprising multimerized stradobodies, wherein the stradobodies comprise, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, a first multimerization domain, a second multimerization domain, and a second Fc domain.

[0016] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a single Fc domain, a first multimerization domain, and a second multimerization domain. In a further embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a single Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, and an IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, and an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, and an IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a second IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, and an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, and a second isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a G4S domain, and an IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a G4S domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a G4S domain, and an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, and a G4S domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a domain linkage, and an IgG2 hinge. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a domain linkage, and an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a domain linkage. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper and a domain linkage. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, and a GPP domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a GPP domain, and an IgG2 hinge. In another

embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an IgG2 hinge, and a GPP domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a GPP domain, and an isoleucine zipper. In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, and a GPP domain. A skilled artisan will recognize that other multimerization domains can be used in place of the multimerization domains described here.

[0017] In a further embodiment, the Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain. In a further embodiment, the IgG1 Fc domain comprises an IgG1 CH2 and an IgG1 CH3. In a still further embodiment, the IgG1 Fc domain further comprises an IgG1 hinge.

[0018] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a composition comprising multimerized stradobodies, wherein the stradobodies comprise, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, an Fc domain, a first multimerization domain, and a second multimerization domain.

[0019] In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, two or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains. In a further embodiment, the Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0020] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, one or more multimerization domains, and a second Fc domain. In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first Fc domain, and one or more multimerization domains. In a further embodiment, the stradobody further comprises one or more multimerization domains at the C-terminal end of the Fc region. In a further embodiment, one or more of the Fc domains is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0021] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the Fab domain is specific for EGFR. In one embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab

domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 31. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 31. In still a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 31. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 31. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is SEQ ID NO: 31. In some embodiments, the one or more Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0022] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 33.

[0023] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 70. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 70. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 70. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 70. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 70. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 70.

[0024] In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the Fab domain is specific for HER2/neu antigen. In one embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 34. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 34. In still a

further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 34. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 34. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is SEQ ID NO: 34. In some embodiments, the one or more Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0025] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 35. The skilled artisan would understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab directed against any tumor antigen.

[0026] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 91. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 91. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 91. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 91. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 91. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 91.

[0027] In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the Fab domain is specific for CD20. In one embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 36. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 36. In still a further

embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 36. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 36. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is SEQ ID NO: 36. In some embodiments, the one or more Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0028] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 37.

[0029] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 76. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 76. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 76. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 76. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 76. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 76.

[0030] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the Fab domain is specific for a TNF superfamily member. Members of the TNF superfamily include, without limitation, TNF, TNF- $\alpha$ , TNF- $\beta$ , Lymphotoxin (LT), Lymphotoxin $\beta$  (LT $\beta$ ), OX40 Ligand, CD40 Ligand, CD95/Fas Ligand, CD27 Ligand (CD70), CD30 Ligand, CD137/4-1BB Ligand, TRAIL, TRANCE/RANKL, TWEAK/Apo-3, APRIL, BAFF/Blys, LIGHT, TL1A/VEGI, GITR Ligand, EDA-A1, and EDA-A2. In one embodiment, the stradobody

comprises an Fab domain that is specific for TNF (i.e., an anti-TNF stradobody; for example, the stradobody GB7542). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises an Fab domain that is specific for Blys (i.e., an anti-Blys stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises an Fab domain that is specific for TRAIL (i.e., an anti-TRAIL stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises an Fab domain that is specific for OX40L (i.e., an anti-OX40L stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises an Fab domain that is specific for 4-1BB (i.e., an anti-4-1BB stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises a Fab domain that is specific for APRIL, (i.e., an anti-APRIL stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises a Fab domain that is specific for TRANCE (i.e., an anti-TRANCE stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises a Fab domain that is specific for LT $\beta$  (i.e., an anti-LT $\beta$  stradobody). In another embodiment, the stradobody comprises a Fab domain that is specific for CD40L (i.e., an anti-CD40L stradobody). The skilled artisan would understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab directed against any immune cell surface receptor.

[0031] In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the Fab domain is specific for TNF. In one embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 67. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 67. In still a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 67. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 67. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the Fab domain is SEQ ID NO: 67. In some embodiments, the one or more Fc domain is an IgG1 Fc domain.

[0032] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at

least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 66. The skilled artisan would understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab directed against any cytokine or soluble receptor.

[0033] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 87. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 85% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 87. In a still further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 87. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the stradobody is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 87. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 87. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence is SEQ ID NO: 87.

[0034] In one embodiment, the stradobody of the current invention comprises an Fab domain that is specific for IFN $\gamma$ , IFN $\alpha$ , IFN $\beta$ , IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, IL-17, or IL-23. In one embodiment, the stradobody of the current invention comprises an Fab domain that is specific for a cytokine, wherein the stradobody is useful for treatment or prevention of an inflammatory or autoimmune disease. For example, in one embodiment, the stradobody is an anti-IL-2, anti-IL-8, or anti-IL-17 stradobody. The skilled artisan would understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab directed against any interleukin or interferon.

[0035] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody comprises an Fab directed against one or more infectious disease antigens. The skilled artisan would understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab directed against any infectious disease antigen. The skilled artisan would further understand that stradobodies and in particular multimerizing stradobodies can be readily produced with an Fab derived from a monoclonal antibody that may be used or is already in clinical use for treatment or prevention of infectious disease.

[0036] For Example, multimerizing stradobodies can be produced with an Fab derived from a monoclonal antibody that may be used or is already in clinical use for neutralization of viruses, neutralization of bacteria or bacterial toxins, blocking of viral entry into host cells, blocking immune inhibitory mechanisms triggered by pathogens, blocking of immunopathogenic responses triggered by pathogens, or other means of treating or preventing infectious disease. Exemplary monoclonal antibodies in clinical use or in development for clinical use for treatment or prevention of infectious disease include, but are not limited to, palivizumab and motavizumab, both of which are specific for respiratory syncitial virus (RSV) glycoprotein F; ibalizumab, an anti-CD4 antibody for blocking human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) entry into host cells; Pro-140 and CCR5mAb004, anti-CCR5 antibodies for blocking HIV entry into host cells; F105, an anti-gp120 antibody for neutralizing envelope glycoprotein gp120 of HIV, which is also used in viral entry; sevirimab, which is specific for cytomegalovirus (CMV) envelope glycoprotein H; bavituximab, an anti-phosphatidyl serine antibody used to neutralize Hepatitis C virus (HCV); nivolumab (also known as MDX1106/BMS936558/ONO-4538) and pidilizumab (also known as CT-011), both of which are specific for the immune inhibitory molecule PD-1 on immune cells and are used as immunomodulation antibodies in HCV infection; MBL-HCV1, an HCV neutralizing antibody specific for the HCV structural protein E2; foravirumab, a rabies virus neutralizing antibody specific for glycoprotein G; ETI-204 (anthim), raxibacumab, and AVP 21D9, each of which is a *Bacillus anthracis* toxin neutralization antibody specific for *B. anthracis* protective antigen; SAR279356 and other anti-poly-N-acetyl glucosamine (PNAG) antibodies, which are useful in *Staphylococcus* and other bacterial infections, particularly multi drug-resistant infections; pagibaximab, which is specific for anti-lipoteichoic acid and used for prevention of *Staphylococcus* infection; tefibazumab, which is specific for clumping factor A and is also useful for *Staphylococcus* infection; urtoxazumab, an anti-Shiga-like toxin 2B antibody for *E. coli* infection; shigamabs, which is a cocktail of two mAbs, caStx1 and caStx2, for neutralization of *E. coli* STEC toxins Stx1 and Stx2; actoxumab (anti-*Clostridium difficile* enterotoxin A) and bezlotoxumab (anti-*C. difficile* enterotoxin B), which may be administered together as a cocktail of two antibodies known as MK3415A; panobacumab, an anti-LPS antibody used in *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* infection; KB 001, an anti-type 3 secretion system

antibody used in *P. aeruginosa* infection); and 18B7, anti-capsular polysaccharide antibody for *Cryptococcus neoformans* infection.

[0037] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody, and wherein the two or more Fc domains are capable of binding Fc $\gamma$ R. In a further embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ R is Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa. In a further embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa are on effector cells. In a yet further embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa are on NK cells. In another embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa are on macrophages. In another embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ R is Fc $\gamma$ RIIb. In a further embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ RIIb are on B cells. In another embodiment, the Fc $\gamma$ RIIb are on dendritic cells.

[0038] In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the two or more Fc domains is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2. In a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the two or more Fc domains is at least 90% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2. In still a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the two or more Fc domains is at least 95% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2. In yet a further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the two or more Fc domains is at least 99% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2. In a yet further embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the two or more Fc domains is SEQ ID NO: 2.

[0039] In one aspect, the current invention relates to a method of modulating an immune response in a subject comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of the stradobody comprising an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody.

[0040] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a method of treating an inflammatory or autoimmune disease, an infectious disease, or a cancer in a subject in need thereof comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of a stradobody that comprises an Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains is capable of multimerizing said stradobody. In a further embodiment, the subject has cancer. In a still further embodiment, the cancer is selected from the group consisting of colorectal cancer, head and neck cancer, fibrosarcoma,

myxosarcoma, liposarcoma, chondrosarcoma, osteogenic sarcoma, chordoma, angiosarcoma, endotheliosarcoma, lymphangiosarcoma, lymphangioendotheliosarcoma, synovioma, mesothelioma, Ewing's tumor, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, colon carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, squamous cell carcinoma, basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, sweat gland carcinoma, sebaceous gland carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, papillary adenocarcinomas, cystadenocarcinoma, medullary carcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, renal cell carcinoma, hepatoma, bile duct carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, Wilms' tumor, cervical cancer, testicular tumor, lung carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma, bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, glioma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, craniopharyngioma, ependymoma, pinealoma, hemangioblastoma, acoustic neuroma, oligodendrogloma, meningioma, melanoma, neuroblastoma, retinoblastoma, leukemia, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, myelodysplastic disease, heavy chain disease, neuroendocrine tumors, and Schwanoma.

[0041] In another embodiment, the subject has an autoimmune or inflammatory disease. In a further embodiment, the autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura, alloimmune/autoimmune thrombocytopenia, Acquired immune thrombocytopenia, Autoimmune neutropenia, Autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Parvovirus B19-associated red cell aplasia, Acquired antifactor VIII autoimmunity, acquired von Willebrand disease, Multiple Myeloma and Monoclonal Gammopathy of Unknown Significance, Alzheimer's Disease, Sepsis, Aplastic anemia, pure red cell aplasia, Diamond-Blackfan anemia, hemolytic disease of the newborn, Immune -mediated neutropenia, refractoriness to platelet transfusion, neonatal, post-transfusion purpura, hemolytic uremic syndrome, systemic Vasculitis, Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, Evan's syndrome, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyradiculoneuropathy, Paraproteinemic IgM demyelinating Polyneuropathy, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, Myasthenia gravis, Multifocal Motor Neuropathy, Lower Motor Neuron Syndrome associated with anti-/GMI, Demyelination, Multiple Sclerosis, optic neuritis, Stiff Man Syndrome, Paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration with anti-Yo antibodies, paraneoplastic encephalomyelitis, sensory neuropathy with anti-Hu antibodies, epilepsy, Encephalitis, Myelitis,

Myelopathy especially associated with Human T-cell lymphotropic virus- 1, Autoimmune Diabetic Neuropathy, Acute Idiopathic Dysautonomic Neuropathy, Kawasaki's disease, Rheumatoid arthritis, Felty's syndrome, ANCA-positive Vasculitis, Spontaneous Polymyositis, Dermatomyositis, Antiphospholipid syndromes, Recurrent spontaneous abortions, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Juvenile idiopathic arthritis, Raynaud's, CREST syndrome, Uveitis, Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis, Gangrene, Granuloma, Autoimmune skin blistering diseases including Pemphigus vulgaris, Bullous Pemphigoid, and Pemphigus foliaceus, Vitiligo, Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome, Scleroderma, systemic sclerosis including diffuse and limited cutaneous systemic sclerosis, Atopic dermatitis (especially steroid dependent), Inclusion Body Myositis, Necrotizing fasciitis, Inflammatory Myopathies, Myositis, Anti-Decorin (BJ antigen) Myopathy, Paraneoplastic Necrotic Myopathy, X-linked Vacuolated Myopathy, Penicillamine-induced Polymyositis, Atherosclerosis, Coronary Artery Disease, Cardiomyopathy, pernicious anemia, autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, Celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis, cryptogenic cirrhosis, Reactive arthritis, Crohn's disease, Whipple's disease, ulcerative colitis, sclerosing cholangitis, Graft Versus Host Disease, Antibody -mediated rejection of the graft, Post-bone marrow transplant rejection, Post-infectious disease inflammation, Lymphoma, Leukemia, Neoplasia, Asthma, Type 1 Diabetes mellitus with anti-beta cell antibodies, Sjogren's syndrome, Mixed Connective Tissue Disease, Addison's disease, Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada Syndrome, Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, Goodpasture's syndrome, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Wegener's granulomatosis, micropolyarteritis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, Polyarteritis nodosa, and Multisystem organ failure.

[0042] The present invention further comprises methods and compositions effective for the treatment of infectious disease, including but not limited to those caused by bacterial, mycological, parasitic, and viral agents. Examples of such infectious agents include the following: staphylococcus, streptococcaceae, neisseriaaceae, cocci, enterobacteriaceae, pseudomonadaceae, vibrionaceae, campylobacter, pasteurellaceae, bordetella, francisella, brucella, legionellaceae, bacteroidaceae, clostridium, corynebacterium, propionibacterium, gram-positive bacilli, anthrax, actinomyces, nocardia, mycobacterium, treponema, borrelia, leptospira, mycoplasma, ureaplasma, rickettsia, chlamydiae, other gram-positive bacilli, other gram-

negative bacilli, systemic mycoses, other opportunistic mycoses, protozoa, nematodes, trematodes, cestodes, adenoviruses, herpesviruses (including, for example, herpes simplex virus and Epstein Barr virus, and herpes zoster virus), poxviruses, papovaviruses, hepatitis viruses, papilloma viruses, orthomyxoviruses (including, for example, influenza A, influenza B, and influenza C), paramyxoviruses, coronaviruses, picornaviruses, reoviruses, togaviruses, flaviviruses, bunyaviridae, rhabdoviruses, respiratory syncitial virus, human immunodeficiency virus and retroviruses. Exemplary infectious diseases include but are not limited to candidiasis, candidemia, aspergillosis, streptococcal pneumonia, streptococcal skin and oropharyngeal conditions, gram negative sepsis, tuberculosis, mononucleosis, influenza, respiratory illness caused by Respiratory Syncytial Virus, malaria, schistosomiasis, and trypanosomiasis.

[0043] In a further embodiment the stradobody is administered intravenously, subcutaneously, orally, nasally, intraperitoneally, sublingually, buccally, transdermally, by subcutaneous or subdermal implantation, intraduodenally, or intramuscularly. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered intravenously. Because of the enhanced efficacy of the stradobodies of the current invention, in some embodiments the stradobodies may be administered at a lower dose intravenously compared with monoclonal antibodies specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered intravenously at a dose of about 0.01 mg/Kg to about 1000 mg/Kg IV. In a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.1 mg/Kg to about 100 mg/Kg IV. In yet a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.5 mg/Kg to about 50 mg/Kg IV. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 1 mg/Kg to about 25 mg/Kg IV. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 5 mg/Kg to about 15 mg/Kg IV. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered subcutaneously. Because of the enhanced efficacy of the stradobodies of the current invention, in some embodiments the stradobody may be administered at a lower dose subcutaneously compared with monoclonal antibodies specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered subcutaneously at a dose of about 0.01 mg/Kg to about 1000 mg/Kg SQ. In a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.2 mg/Kg to about 150 mg/Kg SQ. In yet a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.5 mg/Kg to about 80 mg/Kg SQ. In still a further

embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 2 mg/Kg to about 50 mg/Kg SQ. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 5 mg/Kg to about 30 mg/Kg SQ. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered before, concurrently, or after a monoclonal antibody. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody administered before, concurrently, or after a monoclonal antibody has an Fab directed against the same antigen as the monoclonal antibody. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody administered before, concurrently, or after a monoclonal antibody has an Fab directed against a different antigen from the monoclonal antibody.

[0044] In a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered before, during or after administration of one or more additional pharmaceutical and/or therapeutic agents. In a further embodiment the additional pharmaceutically active agent comprises a steroid; a biologic anti-autoimmune drug such as a monoclonal antibody, a fusion protein, or an anti-cytokine; a non-biologic anti-autoimmune drug; an immunosuppressant; an antibiotic; and anti-viral agent; a cytokine; or an agent otherwise capable of acting as an immune-modulator. In still a further embodiment, the steroid is prednisone, prednisolone, cortisone, dexamethasone, mometasone, testosterone, estrogen, oxandrolone, fluticasone, budesonide, beclamethasone, albuterol, or levalbuterol. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered before, during or after administration of a chemotherapeutic agent. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody and the additional therapeutic agent display therapeutic synergy when administered together. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered prior to the administration of the additional therapeutic agent. In another embodiment, the stradobody is administered at the same time as the administration of the additional therapeutic agent. In still another embodiment, the stradobody is administered after the administration with the additional therapeutic agent. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered prior to the administration of a danger signal. In another embodiment, the stradobody is administered at the same time as the administration of a danger signal. In still another embodiment, the stradobody is administered after the administration of a danger signal.

[0045] In another embodiment, the stradobody is administered to treat humans, non-human primates (e.g., monkeys, baboons, and chimpanzees), mice, rats, bovines, horses, cats,

dogs, pigs, rabbits, goats, deer, sheep, ferrets, gerbils, guinea pigs, hamsters, bats, birds (e.g., chickens, turkeys, and ducks), fish and reptiles with species-specific or chimeric stradobody molecules. In yet another embodiment, the human is an adult or a child. In still another embodiment, the stradobody is administered to prevent autoimmune disease. In a further embodiment the stradobody is administered to prevent vaccine-associated autoimmune conditions in companion animals and livestock.

[0046] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody displays enhanced cell killing compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the enhanced cell killing is mediated by ADCC. In a further embodiment, the stradobody displays ADCC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays ADCC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays ADCC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays ADCC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the enhanced cell killing is mediated by CDC. In a further embodiment, the stradobody displays CDC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays CDC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays CDC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays CDC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the enhanced cell killing is mediated by DC. In a further embodiment, the stradobody displays DC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays DC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays DC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody

displays DC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen.

[0047] In one embodiment, the stradobody contains two or more multimerization domains, and displays enhanced cell killing compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In one embodiment, the cell killing is mediated by ADCC. In a further embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays ADCC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays ADCC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays ADCC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays ADCC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, the enhanced cell killing is mediated by CDC. In a further embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays CDC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays CDC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays CDC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays CDC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, the enhanced cell killing is mediated by DC. In a further embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays DC that is at least 2 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays DC that is at least 5 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody with two or more multimerization domains displays DC that is at least 10 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, stradobody

with two or more multimerization domains displays DC that is at least 20 times higher compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain.

[0048] In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody displays enhanced inhibition of cellular proliferation compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 10% more compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 20% more compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 50% more compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody that contains two or more multimerization domains, and displays enhanced inhibition of cellular proliferation compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In one embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 10% more compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 20% more compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain. In another embodiment, the stradobody inhibits cellular proliferation by at least 50% more compared to a stradobody containing one multimerization domain.

[0049] In one embodiment, the current invention relates to a stradobody wherein the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In a further embodiment, the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the enhanced complement binding is binding to Clq. In one embodiment, the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding that is at least 2 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding that is at least 5 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding that is at least 10 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the stradobody displays enhanced complement binding that is at least 20 times higher compared to a monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In one

embodiment, the enhanced complement binding is measured by the EC50 value. In one embodiment, the EC50 value for complement binding is at least 5 times lower for the stradobody compared to the monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, the EC50 value for complement binding is at least 10 times lower for the stradobody compared to the monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In a further embodiment, the EC50 value for complement binding is at least 20 times lower for the stradobody compared to the monoclonal antibody specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, a multimerizing stradobody demonstrates increased complement binding relative to a non-multimerizing stradobody specific for the same antigen. In another embodiment, a multimerizing stradobody demonstrates a lower EC50 value for complement binding relative to a non-multimerizing stradobody specific for the same antigen. In a further embodiment, the EC50 value for the multimerizing stradobody is at least 2 times lower for the multimerizing stradobody compared to the non-multimerizing stradobody. In a further embodiment, the EC50 value for the multimerizing stradobody is at least 5 times lower for the multimerizing stradobody compared to the non-multimerizing stradobody.

**[0050]** In one embodiment, the level of complement binding exhibited by a stradobody varies depending on the Fab. Thus, in one embodiment, two stradobodies having the identical multimerizing domains and identical Fc regions but different Fab exhibit a different level of complement binding. In one embodiment, a multimerizing stradobody having an anti-CD20 Fab exhibits dramatically higher complement binding compared to a multimerizing stradobody having the identical multimerizing domains and identical Fc regions as the anti-CD20 Fab, but having an anti-TNF or an anti-HER2/neu Fab.

**[0051]** In one embodiment, the current invention relates to compositions comprising multimerized stradobodies. In a further embodiment, the composition comprises at least 2, at least 3, at least 4, at least 5, at least 6, at least 7, at least 8, at least 9, at least 10, or more stradobodies.

#### ***BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES***

[0052] **Figure 1** is a schematic depiction of multimerized serial and multimerized C-terminal stradobodies and the building blocks that make up stradobodies.

[0053] **Figure 2** is a schematic depiction of general structures of serial stradobodies.

[0054] **Figure 3** is a schematic depiction of the structures of several serial stradobodies illustrating constructs with one or more of the indicated multimerization or linkage domains.

[0055] **Figure 4** is an illustration of serial stradobody constructs.

[0056] **Figure 5** is a schematic depiction of the structures of several multimerized C-terminal stradobodies illustrating constructs with one or more of the indicated multimerization domains.

[0057] **Figure 6** is an illustration of multimerized C-terminal stradobody constructs.

[0058] **Figure 7** is a schematic depiction of the structure of a preferred stradobody of the current invention, comprising two IgG1 Fc domains separated by an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge.

[0059] **Figure 8** is a non-reducing SDS-PAGE gel showing the formation of multimers of the indicated C-terminal multimerized stradobodies, in comparison to the unaltered antibody GB2500.

[0060] **Figure 9** is a non-reducing SDS-PAGE gel showing the formation of multimers of the indicated serial stradobodies, in comparison to the unaltered antibody GB2500.

[0061] **Figure 10** shows the ADCC of the indicated stradobodies in comparison to the unaltered HER2/neu antibody GB2500, as measured by percent killing of target cells at a range of effector to target cell ratios.

[0062] **Figure 11** shows the ADCC dose response of the indicated stradobodies in comparison to the unaltered HER2/neu antibody GB2500, as measured by percent killing of target cells at a range of stradobody concentrations.

[0063] **Figure 12** shows representative plasmon resonance (Biacore) data indicating binding to and dissociation from Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa for each indicated stradobody or unaltered antibody GB2500.

[0064] **Figure 13** shows the Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa binding data for all of the tested stradobodies or unaltered antibody GB2500.

[0065] **Figure 14** depicts the correlation between Biacore binding (RU) and ADCC activity of the indicated stradobodies. ADCC activity is presented as mean of fold difference relative to GB2500 for each stradobody.

[0066] **Figure 15** shows the results of the purification of a stradobody construct by ion exchange chromatography on a Mono Q column. Lane SB is the unfractionated stradobody; peaks 1, 2, and 3 on the elution chromatogram (right panel) were analyzed by non-denaturing gel (left panel).

[0067] **Figure 16** shows a non-reducing (top panel) and a reducing (bottom panel) SDS-PAGE gel showing the formation of multimers of the indicated serial stradobodies, in comparison to the unaltered antibody GB2500.

[0068] **Figure 17** shows the binding of the parent antibody GB2500 or the indicated serial stradobody to FcγRIIIa. GB2500 (grown in HEK or CHO cells) was tested at concentrations ranging from 3333 – 208 nM. Serial stradobodies GB2524, GB2538, GB2540, GB2542, GB2554, and GB2555 were tested at concentrations ranging from 200 – 12.5 nM.

[0069] **Figure 18** is a schematic diagram of the experimental flow chart for studies involving human PBMC-SCID (hu-PBMC SCID) mice treated with stradobodies or their corresponding monoclonal antibodies.

[0070] **Figure 19** shows the serum levels of human IgM over time in hu-PBMC SCID mice treated with PBS, GB4500, GB4563, or GB4542.

[0071] **Figure 20** shows the number of human B cells in the peripheral blood over time in hu-PBMC SCID mice treated with PBS, GB4500, GB4563, or GB4542.

[0072] **Figure 21** shows the number of human B cells in the spleens of hu-PBMC SCID mice treated with PBS, GB4500, GB4563, or GB4542.

[0073] **Figure 22** shows the percent inhibition of cell proliferation mediated by GB4500 or GB4542 at the indicated concentrations of antibody or stradobody, in  $\mu$ g/mL. Statistical significance of GB4500 versus GB4542 was calculated using T-test; \* p<0.05, \*\*P<0.005.

[0074] **Figure 23** shows the percent inhibition of cell proliferation mediated by GB4500 or GB4542 at the indicated pmol/mL of antibody or stradobody.

[0075] **Figure 24** shows the percent complement-dependent cytotoxicity mediated by GB4500, GB4596, or GB4542 at the indicated concentration of antibody or stradobody, in  $\mu\text{g/mL}$ .

[0076] **Figure 25** shows the percent complement-dependent cytotoxicity mediated by GB4500 or GB4542 at the indicated pmol/mL of antibody or stradobody.

[0077] **Figure 26** shows the mean tumor volume over time following intratumoral injection of PBS, GB4500, or GB4542, with or without CpG, in a mouse Raji-SCID lymphoma model.

[0078] **Figure 27** shows the median tumor volume over time following intratumoral injection of PBS, GB4500, or GB4542, with or without CpG, in a mouse Raji-SCID lymphoma model.

[0079] **Figure 28** shows complement Clq binding with antibody GB2500, stradobody GB2542, antibody GB7500, stradobody GB7542, antibody GB4500, and stradobody GB4542, as measured by absorbance (450nm) at the indicated stradobody or antibody concentration.

[0080] **Figure 29** shows the EC50 values for binding to complement Clq for antibody GB2500, stradobody GB2542, antibody GB7500, stradobody GB7542, antibody GB4500, and stradobody GB4542.

[0081] **Figure 30** shows complement Clq binding with antibody GB2500, and stradobodies GB2542, GB2554, and GB2555. GB2542 is a multimerizing stradobody, and GB2554 and GB2555 are linear stradobodies that do not contain any multimerization domains.

[0082] **Figure 31** shows the EC50 values for binding to complement Clq for antibody GB2500, multimerizing stradobody GB2542, and non-multimerizing stradobodies GB2554 and GB2555.

#### ***DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION***

[0083] The approach to rational molecular design for antigen-binding compounds with FcR binding capacity described herein includes recombinant and/or biochemical creation of immunologically active biomimetic(s) which are surprisingly more efficient at inducing cytotoxicity including antibody-mediated cell cytotoxicity, complement-dependent cell cytotoxicity,

direct cell cytotoxicity, and other mechanisms of cellular toxicity compared to mAbs with specificity for the same antigen. The compounds have utility for treating, for example, cancer, autoimmune and inflammatory diseases, and infectious diseases. Each embodiment is described in detail below along with specific exemplary embodiments.

[0084] As used herein, the use of the word "a" or "an" when used in conjunction with the term "comprising" in the claims and/or the specification may mean "one," but it is also consistent with the meaning of "one or more," "at least one," and "one or more than one."

[0085] As used herein, the terms "biomimetic", "biomimetic molecule", "biomimetic compound", and related terms, refer to a human made compound that imitates the function of another compound, such as pooled human Intravenous Immunoglobulin ("hIVIG"), a monoclonal antibody or the Fc or Fab fragment of an antibody. "Biologically active" biomimetics are compounds which possess biological activities that are the same as or similar to their naturally occurring counterparts. By "naturally occurring" is meant a molecule or portion thereof that is normally found in an organism. By naturally occurring is also meant substantially naturally occurring. "Immunologically active" biomimetics are biomimetics which exhibit immunological activity the same as or similar to naturally occurring immunologically active molecules, such as antibodies, cytokines, interleukins and other immunological molecules known in the art. In preferred embodiments, the biomimetics of the present invention are stradobodies, as defined herein.

[0086] By "homologous" is meant identity over the entire sequence of a given nucleic acid or amino acid sequence. For example, by "80% homologous" is meant that a given sequence shares about 80% identity with the claimed sequence and can include insertions, deletions, substitutions, and frame shifts. One of ordinary skill in the art will understand that sequence alignments can be done to take into account insertions and deletions to determine identity over the entire length of a sequence.

[0087] The immunologically active biomimetics of the present invention are capable of binding to one or more antigens. In some embodiments, the immunologically active biomimetics of the present invention are capable of binding to two different antigens, similar to bispecific antibodies. In other embodiments, the immunologically active biomimetics of the present

invention are capable of binding to more than two different antigens. The biomimetics of the present invention also possess one or more immune modulating activities of the IgG Fc domain and have at least a first Fc domain capable of binding FcRn, DC-SIGN, SIGN-R1 and/or an Fc $\gamma$ R including Fc $\gamma$ RI, Fc $\gamma$ RII, Fc $\gamma$ RIII and Fc $\gamma$ IV. In some embodiments, the biomimetics of the present invention possess a second Fc domain capable of binding FcRn, DC-SIGN, SIGN-R1 and/or an Fc $\gamma$ R including Fc $\gamma$ RI, Fc $\gamma$ RII, Fc $\gamma$ RIII and Fc $\gamma$ IV. Thus, when multimerized, the immunologically active biomimetics contain at least two dimeric structures, each possessing the ability to bind to one or more antigens, and the ability to bind to one or more of FcRn, DC-SIGN, SIGN-R1 and/or and FC $\gamma$ R.

[0088] The following paragraphs define the building blocks of the biomimetics of the present invention, both structurally and functionally, and then define the biomimetics themselves. However, it is first helpful to note that, as indicated above, each of the biomimetics of the present invention has at least two Fc domains, and at least one Fab domain. At a minimum, an Fc domain is a dimeric polypeptide (or a dimeric region of a larger polypeptide) that comprises two peptide chains or arms (monomers) that associate to form a functional Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding site. Therefore, the functional form of the individual Fc fragments and Fc domains discussed herein generally exist in a dimeric (or multimeric) form. The monomers of the individual fragments and domains discussed herein are the single chains or arms that must associate with a second chain or arm to form a functional dimeric structure.

### *Fc regions and Fab regions*

[0089] "Fc fragment" is a term of art that is used to describe the protein region or protein folded structure that is routinely found at the carboxy terminus of immunoglobulins. The Fc fragment consists of the carboxy terminal portions of the antibody heavy chains. Each of the chains in an Fc fragment is between about 220-265 amino acids in length and the chains are often linked via a disulfide bond. The Fc fragment often contains one or more independent structural folds or functional subdomains. In particular, the Fc fragment encompasses an Fc domain, defined herein as the minimum structure that binds an Fc $\gamma$  receptor. An isolated Fc

fragment is comprised of two Fc fragment monomers (e.g., the two carboxy terminal portions of the antibody heavy chains; further defined herein) that are dimerized. When two Fc fragment monomers associate, the resulting Fc fragment has Fcγ receptor binding activity.

[0090] "Fab fragment" is a term of art that is used to describe the protein region or protein folded structure that contains the antigen binding domain of an antibody. Fab fragments are comprised of both a heavy chain and a light chain, and are between about 200 – 250 amino acids in length. In some embodiments, the Fab fragment is comprised of the variable region and the CH1 region of the parent antibody. The Fab fragment can be isolated from the Fc fragment of a monoclonal antibody through the use of enzymatic digestion, for example papain digestion, which is an incomplete and imperfect process (see Mihaesco C and Seligmann M. Papain Digestion Fragments Of Human IgM Globulins. *Journal of Experimental Medicine*, Vol 127, 431- 453 (1968)). The Fab fragment and the Fc fragment together constitutes the holo-antibody, meaning here the complete antibody.

[0091] An "Fc partial fragment" is a domain comprising less than the entire Fc fragment of an antibody, yet which retains sufficient structure to have the same activity as the Fc fragment, including Fcγ receptor binding activity. An Fc partial fragment may therefore lack part or all of a hinge region, part or all of a CH2 domain, part or all of a CH3 domain, and/or part or all of a CH4 domain, depending on the isotype of the antibody from which the Fc partial domain is derived. An example of a Fc partial fragment includes a molecule comprising the upper, core and lower hinge regions plus the CH2 domain of IgG3 (Tan, LK, Shope, RJ, Oi, VT and Morrison, SL, Influence of the hinge region on complement activation, Clq binding, and segmental flexibility in chimeric human immunoglobulins, *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA*. 1990 January; 87(1): 162-166). Thus, in this example the Fc partial fragment lacks the CH3 domain present in the Fc fragment of IgG3. Another example of an Fc partial fragment includes a molecule comprising the CH2 and CH3 domains of IgG1. In this example, the Fc partial fragment lacks the hinge domain present in IgG1. Fc partial fragments are comprised of two Fc partial fragment monomers. As further defined herein, when two such Fc partial fragment monomers associate, the resulting Fc partial fragment has Fcγ receptor binding activity.

[0092] The term "Fab domain" describes the minimum region (in the context of a larger polypeptide) or smallest protein folded structure (in the context of an isolated protein) that can bind to an antigen. The Fab domain is the minimum binding region of an Fab fragment that allows binding of the molecule to an antigen. "Fab domain" is used interchangeably herein with "Fab".

[0093] As used herein, "Fc domain" describes the minimum region (in the context of a larger polypeptide) or smallest protein folded structure (in the context of an isolated protein) that can bind to or be bound by an Fc receptor (FcR). In both an Fc fragment and an Fc partial fragment, the Fc domain is the minimum binding region that allows binding of the molecule to an Fc receptor. While an Fc domain can be limited to a discrete homodimeric polypeptide that is bound by an Fc receptor, it will also be clear that an Fc domain can be a part or all of an Fc fragment, as well as part or all of an Fc partial fragment. When the term "Fc domains" is used in this invention it will be recognized by a skilled artisan as meaning more than one Fc domain. An Fc domain is comprised of two Fc domain monomers. As further defined herein, when two such Fc domain monomers associate, the resulting Fc domain has Fc receptor binding activity. Thus an Fc domain is a dimeric structure that can bind an Fc receptor.

[0094] As used herein, "Fc partial domain" describes a portion of an Fc domain. Fc partial domains include the individual heavy chain constant region domains (e.g., CH1, CH2, CH3 and CH4 domains) and hinge regions of the different immunoglobulin classes and subclasses. Thus, human Fc partial domains of the present invention include the CH1 domains of IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgM, IgA1, IgA2, IgD and IgE, the CH2 domains of IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgM, IgA1, IgA2, IgD and IgE, the CH3 domains of IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgM, IgA1, IgA2, IgD and IgE, the CH4 domains of IgM and IgE, and the hinge regions of IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgM, IgA1, IgA2, IgD and IgE. The corresponding Fc partial domains in other species will depend on the immunoglobulins present in that species and the naming thereof. In one preferred embodiment, the Fc partial domains of the current invention comprise CH1, CH2, and hinge domains of IgG1. In another preferred embodiment, the Fc partial domains of the current invention comprise CH1, CH2 and hinge domains of IgG1 and the hinge domain of IgG2. The Fc partial domain of the present invention may further comprise a combination of

more than one of these domains and hinges. However, the individual Fc partial domains of the present invention and combinations thereof lack the ability to bind an FcγR. Therefore, the Fc partial domains and combinations thereof comprise less than an Fc domain. Fc partial domains may be linked together to form a peptide that has Fcγ receptor binding activity, thus forming an Fc domain. In the present invention, Fc partial domains are used with Fc domains as the building blocks to create the biomimetics of the present invention, as defined herein. Each Fc partial domain is comprised of two Fc partial domain monomers. When two such Fc partial domain monomers associate, an Fc partial domain is formed.

[0095] As indicated above, each of Fc fragments, Fc partial fragments, Fc domains and Fc partial domains are dimeric proteins or domains. Thus, each of these molecules is comprised of two monomers that associate to form the dimeric protein or domain. While the characteristics and activity of the homodimeric forms was discussed above the monomeric peptides are discussed as follows.

[0096] As used herein, an "Fc fragment monomer" is a single chain protein that, when associated with another Fc fragment monomer, comprises an Fc fragment. The Fc fragment monomer is thus the carboxy terminal portion of one of the antibody heavy chains that make up the Fc fragment of a holo-antibody (e.g., the contiguous portion of the heavy chain that includes the hinge region, CH2 domain and CH3 domain of IgG). In one embodiment, the Fc fragment monomer comprises, at a minimum, one chain of a hinge region (a hinge monomer), one chain of a CH2 domain (a CH2 domain monomer) and one chain of a CH3 domain (a CH3 domain monomer), contiguously linked to form a peptide. In another embodiment, the Fc fragment monomer comprises at least one chain of a hinge region, one chain of a CH2 domain, one chain of a CH3 domain, and one chain of a CH4 domain (a CH4 domain monomer) contiguously linked to form a peptide. In one embodiment, the CH2, CH3 and hinge domains are from different isotypes. In a particular embodiment, the Fc fragment monomer contains an IgG2 hinge domain and IgG1 CH2 and CH3 domains.

[0097] As used herein, "Fc domain monomer" describes the single chain protein that, when associated with another Fc domain monomer, comprises an Fc domain that can bind to an

Fcγ receptor. The association of two Fc domain monomers creates one Fc domain. An Fc domain monomer alone, comprising only one side of an Fc domain, cannot bind an Fcγ receptor.

[0098] As used herein, "Fc partial domain monomer" describes the single chain protein that, when associated with another Fc partial domain monomer, comprises an Fc partial domain. The association of two Fc partial domain monomers creates one Fc partial domain.

### *Stradomers*

[0099] The stradobodies of the present invention are comprised of stradomers, and an Fab domain. In one embodiment, the stradobodies of the present invention are comprised of multimerizing stradomers and an Fab domain. Stradomers are biomimetic compounds capable of binding two or more Fc receptors, preferably two or more Fcγ receptors, and more preferably demonstrating significantly improved binding relative to an Fc domain and most preferably demonstrating slow dissociation characteristic of avidity. In one embodiment, the stradobodies of the present invention are used to bind FcRn, DC-SIGN, SIGN-RI and/or Fcγ receptors on effector cells such as NK cells and monocyte-derived cells such as immature dendritic cells and macrophages. In another embodiment, the stradobodies of the present invention are used to bind FcγRIIb receptors on B cells. In one embodiment, the Fcγ receptors are low affinity Fcγ receptors such as FcγIIIa. The physical stradomer conformations have been previously described in U.S. Patent Application Publication No. 2010/0239633, and PCT Publication No. WO 2012/016073, both of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

[00100] A "serial stradomer" is a dimeric polypeptide comprised of two linear stradomer monomers that, when associated, form two or more Fc domains capable of binding two or more Fcγ receptors. Serial stradomers preferably have 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, or more Fc domains, as well as Fc partial domains. The Fc domains and/or Fc partial domains may be linked by domain linkages, as further defined herein.

[00101] As will be evident, the Fc fragments, Fc partial fragments, Fc domains and Fc partial domains discussed above are used in the construction of the various stradomer conformations. It is the individual Fc domain monomers and Fc partial domain monomers, also

discussed above, that self-associate to form the dimeric structures that are the stradomers that comprise the stradobodies described herein. Further, the stradomers are associated with an Fab domain to form the stradobodies of the present invention.

**[00102]** As used herein, the term "stradomer monomer" or "stradomer unit" refers to a single, contiguous peptide molecule that, when associated with at least a second stradomer monomer, forms a polypeptide comprising at least two Fc domains. Stradomer monomers may be associated to form stradomers by inter-stradomer monomer linkages or they may form stradomers through self-assembly via covalent and non-covalent bonds.

**[00103]** A stradomer monomer may have an amino acid sequence that will form one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen or more Fc domains when associated with another stradomer monomer to form a stradomer. A stradomer monomer may further have an amino acid sequence that will form one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen or more Fc partial domains when associated with another stradomer monomer to form a stradomer.

**[00104]** The regions of stradomer monomers that will form Fc domains and Fc partial domains in the context of a stradomer may simply be arranged from carboxy terminal to amino terminal of successive regions of the stradomer monomer molecule. The arrangement of the particular Fc domain monomers and Fc partial domain monomers permits formation of two functional Fc domains upon association of two stradomer monomers.

**[00105]** An Fc domain can be functionally defined by its ability to bind FcRn, DC-SIGN, SIGN-R1 and/or an Fcγ receptor. The compounds of the current invention bind to cognate canonical Fc receptors including FcγRIIIa, FcγRIIb and/or SIGN-R1 with higher affinity and / or much higher avidity than human IgG1 Fc control. Alternatively, the compounds of the current invention bind preferentially to the neonatal receptor FcRn over the Fc canonical receptors as a result of a point mutation at position 297 of the IgG1 Fc. As a result, the particular amino acid sequence of an Fc domain will vary based on the Fc partial domains that comprise the Fc domain. However, in one embodiment of the present invention the Fc domain comprises the hinge region and a CH2 domain of an immunoglobulin molecule. In a further preferred

embodiment the Fc domain comprises the hinge region, a CH2 domain and CH3 domain of an immunoglobulin molecule. In a further embodiment, the Fc domain comprises the hinge region, a CH2 domain, CH3 domain and CH4 domain of an immunoglobulin molecule. In yet another embodiment, the Fc domain comprises the hinge region, a CH2 domain and CH4 domain of an immunoglobulin molecule. In a further preferred embodiment, the Fc domain comprises a CH2 domain and CH3 domain. In a preferred embodiment, the Fc domain contains the hinge, CH2 and CH3 domain of IgG1 (SEQ ID NO:2). In another preferred embodiment, the Fc domain contains the CH2 and CH3 domains of IgG1 (SEQ ID NO: 19).

### *Domain Linkage*

**[00106]** As indicated above, a “domain linkage” is a peptide linkage between Fc domain monomers and/or Fc partial domain monomers that comprise each of the individual stradomer monomers of the stradobodies of the present invention. The domain linkage may be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more amino acids. A domain linkage does not occur between Fc partial domain monomers that are in their natural sequence. That is, where linked naturally contiguous portions of Fc domain monomers are used, such as the hinge region, CH2 domain and CH3 domain of IgG, these Fc partial domain monomers comprise a contiguous sequence and no domain linkage between these elements is required. In contrast, for example, when two or more Fc domain monomers or partial Fc domain monomers are linked in a manner that is not naturally occurring to form an individual stradomer monomer, domain linkages may be used. An example would be the linkage between two hinge/CH2/CH3 peptides, creating an individual stradomer monomer of a stradomer comprising: hinge/CH2/CH3/L/hinge/CH2/CH3, where “L” is the domain linkage. In the various cases described, the domain linkage may be one of the naturally occurring portions of the heavy chain that joins the hinge and CH domains in the Fc domain monomer of an antibody. Alternatively, the domain linkage may be any other amino acid sequence that provides needed spacing and flexibility between the Fc domain monomers and partial Fc domain monomers of an individual stradomer monomer and that allows the individual stradomer monomers to pair with each other to form the stradomers making up the stradobodies of the present invention. An exemplary

domain linkage is a GS linker sequence. The GS linker sequence may comprise 1, 2, 3, 4, or more repeats of GGGGS. Preferably, a GS linker sequence comprises 3 (G3S) or 4 (G4S) repeats of GGGGS.

**[00107]** In some embodiments, each immunologically active biomimetic compound will preferably contain at least one domain linkage in each stradomer monomer of the stradobody which will function to maintain the Fc domains of the immunologically active biomimetic within a restricted spatial region and which will facilitate Fc $\gamma$ R activation activity, for example, by aggregating Fc $\gamma$ Rs through co-binding to the Fc domains within the immunologically active biomimetic. Preferably, the domain linkages will allow the same or a greater degree of conformational variability as is provided by the hinge domain of IgG molecules. All of the above linkages are well-known in the art.

#### *Inter-Stradomer Monomer Linkage*

**[00108]** A separate linkage found in the biomimetic compounds of the present invention is the "inter-stradomer monomer linkage" that occurs between two or more individual stradomer monomers that comprise the stradobodies of the present invention. While the domain linkages are short amino acid sequences that serve to link the Fc domain monomers and partial Fc domain monomers that comprise individual stradomer monomers of the biomimetic compounds to each other, the inter-stradomer monomer linkages serve to join two or more individual stradomer monomers that comprise the biomimetic compounds. The inter-stradomer monomer linkage may be any linkage capable of stably associating the individual stradomer monomers. In some embodiments, the inter-stradomer monomer linkage may be a covalent link between the stradomer monomers. Alternatively, the inter-stradomer monomer linkage between stradomer monomers may be by direct chemical cross-linking. In preferred embodiments, the stradomer monomer structures take advantage of the natural self-assembly properties between Fc domain monomers to create self-assembling stradomers comprising the stradobodies of the present invention. The skilled artisan will understand that the inter-stradomer monomer linkages permits two or more individual stradobody monomers to form the biomimetic compounds of the

stradobody comprising the present multimerizing stradobody invention and that the resulting compounds have the ability to cross-link more than one Fc $\gamma$ R.

**[00109]** As discussed above, in a preferred embodiment, the inter-stradomer monomer linkage that forms a stradomer is a linkage that results from self-assembly of stradomer monomers. In one embodiment, the two stradomer monomers that comprise the stradomer are identical peptides, such that the two individual stradomer monomers that comprise the stradomer are identical in sequence. However, the skilled artisan will understand that other embodiments include stradomers where the stradomer monomers differ from each other in amino acid sequence.

**[00110]** Two stradomer monomers can form a stradomer by, for example, aligning in parallel such that pairing takes place between identical Fc partial domain monomers in the stradomer monomers. However, the present invention also includes embodiments where pairing occurs between non-identical Fc partial domain monomers, and embodiments where pairing occurs between identical Fc partial domain monomers in the stradomer monomers but where the alignment of the two stradomer monomers is offset.

### *Multimerization domains*

**[00111]** The multimerization domain may comprise a peptide sequence that causes dimeric proteins to further multimerize. “Multimerization,” as used herein, refers to the linking or binding together of multiple (i.e., two or more) individual stradobody homodimers. For example, stradobodies are multimerized when at least one stradobody homodimer (i.e., at least one homodimeric polypeptide comprising one or more Fc domains and one or more Fab domains) is attached to at least one other stradobody homodimer via a multimerization domain. Examples of peptide multimerization domains include IgG2 hinge, isoleucine zipper, collagen Glycine-Proline-Proline repeat (“GPP”) and zinc fingers. The influence of glycosylation on peptide multimerization is well described in the art (e.g., Role of Carbohydrate in Multimeric Structure of Factor VIII/V on Willebrand Factor Protein. Harvey R. Gralnick, Sybil B. Williams and Margaret E. Rick. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, Vol. 80, No. 9, [Part 1 : Biological Sciences] (May 1, 1983), pp. 2771-2774;

Multimerization and collagen binding of vitronectin is modulated by its glycosylation. Kimie Asanuma, Fumio Arisaka and Haruko Ogawa. International Congress Series Volume 1223, December 2001, Pages 97-101).

**[00112]** In one preferred embodiment, the multimerization domain is an IgG2 hinge. As is known in the art, the hinge region of human IgG2 can form covalent dimers (Yoo, E.M. et al. J. Immunol. 170, 3134-3138 (2003); Salfeld Nature Biotech. 25, 1369-1372 (2007)). The dimer formation of IgG2 is potentially mediated through the IgG2 hinge structure by C-C bonds (Yoo et al 2003), suggesting that the hinge structure alone can mediate dimer formation. The amount of IgG2 dimers found in human serum, however, is limited. There is no quantitative evidence of the multimerization of IgG2 beyond the dimer of the homodimer. (Yoo et al. 2003). That is, native IgG2 has not been found to form higher order multimers in human serum.

**[00113]** The amino acid sequence of the human IgG2 hinge monomer is as follows: ERKCCV рЕCPPCP (SEQ ID NO: 3). Mutation of any one of the 4 cysteines in SEQ ID NO: 3 may be associated with greatly diminished multimerization of the stradobody. There are two C-X-X-C portions of the IgG2 hinge monomer. Thus, stradobodies of the present invention may comprise either the complete 12 amino acid sequence of the IgG2 hinge monomer, or either or both of the four amino acid cores, along with Fc domain monomers. While the X-X of the core structures can be any amino acid, in a preferred embodiment the X-X sequence is V-E or P-P. The skilled artisan will understand that the IgG2 hinge monomer may be comprised of any portion of the hinge sequence in addition to the core four amino acid structure, including all of the IgG2 hinge sequence and some or all of the IgG2 CH2 and CH3 domain monomer sequences. Without being bound by theory, the IgG2 hinge multimerization domain of one stradobody homodimer may form multimers by interacting with any portion of another stradobody homodimer. That is, the IgG2 hinge of one stradobody homodimer may multimerize by binding the IgG2 hinge of another stradobody homodimer, thereby forming a dimer of the homodimer, or higher order multimers while retaining increased functional binding to Fc receptors relative to natural IgG1 Fc. Alternatively, the IgG2 hinge domain of one stradobody homodimer may bind the IgG1 hinge of another stradobody homodimer, thereby forming a dimer of the homodimer, or higher order multimers while retaining increased functional binding to Fc

receptors relative to natural IgG1 Fc. It is also possible that the IgG2 hinge domain of one stradobody homodimer binds to another portion of the IgG1 Fc domain, i.e. the CH2 or CH3 domain of another stradobody homodimer to form the dimer of the homodimer, or higher order multimers while retaining increased functional binding to Fc receptors relative to natural IgG1 Fc.

**[00114]** In another preferred embodiment, leucine zippers may be used as multimerization domains. In another preferred embodiment, isoleucine zippers may be used as multimerization domains. Leucine and isoleucine zippers (coiled-coil domains) are known to facilitate formation of protein dimers, trimers and tetramers (Harbury et al. *Science* 262:1401-1407 (1993); O'Shea et al. *Science* 243:538 (1989)).

**[00115]** While the skilled artisan will understand that different types of leucine and isoleucine zippers may be used, in one embodiment the isoleucine zipper from the GCN4 transcriptional regulator modified as described (Morris et al., *Mol. Immunol.* 44:3112-3121 (2007); Harbury et al. *Science* 262:1401-1407 (1993)) is used: GGGSIKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHGGG (SEQ ID NO: 5). In another embodiment, the sequence of the isoleucine zipper used is: GGGSIKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHDI (SEQ ID NOs: 32). These isoleucine zipper sequences are only two of several possible sequences that can be used for multimerization of Fc domain monomers. While the entire sequence shown in SEQ ID NOs: 5 or 32 may be used, the underlined portion of the sequence represents the core sequence of the isoleucine zipper that may be used in the stradobodies of the present invention. Thus, stradomer monomers comprising the stradobodies of the present invention may comprise either the complete amino acid sequence of the isoleucine zipper, or the 28 amino acid core, along with one or more Fc domain monomers. The skilled artisan will also understand that the isoleucine zipper may be comprised of any portion of the zipper in addition to the core 28 amino acid structure, and thus may be comprised of more than 28 amino acids but less than the entire sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 5 or 32.

**[00116]** In another preferred embodiment, GPP repeats may be used as multimerization domains. GPP is an amino acid sequence found in human collagen that causes

collagen protein: protein binding. While the skilled artisan will understand that different types of GPP repeats may be used as a Multimerization Domain, in a preferred embodiment the Glycine - Proline-Proline repeats as described (Fan et al FASEB Journal 3796 vol 22 2008) is used: (SEQ ID NO:26) This Glycine-Proline-Proline repeat sequence is only one of several possible sequences that can be used for multimerization of stradobodies. While the entire sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:26 may be used, repeats of different length may also possible be used to multimerize Fc domain monomers. Likewise, repeats containing different amino acids within the GPP repeats may also be substituted.

### *Stradobody*

**[00117]** The present invention is directed to stradobodies and methods of making and using stradobodies. As used herein, “stradobody” refers to a molecule comprising two or more Fc domains, to which one or more Fab domains is attached. Thus, by virtue of such Fab domains and Fc domains, stradobodies have both antigen binding capacity and Fcγ receptor binding activity. In some embodiments, the Fcγ receptor activity may be due to an ability to bind and cross-link FcγR equal to or greater than the Fc portion of a native structure holo-antibody. The Fab portion of the stradobody may comprise both a heavy and a light chain. The variable heavy chain and the light chain may be independently from any compatible immunoglobulin such as IgA1, IgA2, IgM, IgD, IgE, IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4, and may be from the same or different Ig isotype, but preferably are from the same Ig isotype. The light chains kappa or lambda may also be from different Ig isotypes. In some embodiments, stradobodies, like stradomers, can bind two or more FcγRs and modulate immune function. In one embodiment, the stradobodies of the current invention comprise a Fab domain, one or more Fc domains, and one or more multimerization domains, wherein at least one of the one or more multimerization domains separates two or more Fc domains, or is located at the carboxy end of the Fc region. The term “Fc region” is used herein to refer to the region of the stradobody that comprises Fc domains, domain linkages, and multimerization domains. Thus, the Fc region is the region of the stradobody that does not comprise the Fab domain. Multimerization domains are described above and are amino acid sequences known to cause protein multimerization in the proteins

where they naturally occur. In one embodiment, the multimerization domains may be IgG hinges, isoleucine zippers, or a combination thereof. In a particular embodiment, the stradobody is comprised of an Fab, a first Fc domain, an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, and a second Fc domain. The Fab comprises both a heavy chain and a light chain as found in native immunoglobulin structures.

**[00118]** The stradobodies of the current invention may be classified as either serial stradobodies or C-terminal stradobodies. The general structures of these stradobodies are shown in Figure 1. The serial and C-terminal stradobodies of the current invention preferably comprise an Fab domain; one or more Fc domains; and one or more multimerization domains. For example, the serial and C-terminal stradobodies of the invention preferably comprise an Fab domain; 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 Fc domains; and 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 multimerization domains. In some embodiments, the serial and C-terminal stradobodies of the current invention further comprise one or more spacers or flexible linkers. Serial stradobodies preferably comprise 2 or more Fc domains. For example, serial stradobodies preferably comprise 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 Fc domains.

**[00119]** Serial stradobodies were designed to simultaneously bind and cross-link multiple low-affinity Fc $\gamma$ Rs by incorporating two or more Fc domains in a chimeric heavy chain. The Fc domains are separated by one or more different or the same multimerization domains, spacers, and/or flexible linkers. Serial stradobodies may be either multimerizing serial stradobodies or non-multimerizing serial stradobodies. Multimerizing serial stradobodies comprise at least one multimerization domain are associated with the formation of multimers. Multimerization domains are described above and include IgG2 hinges, isoleucine zippers, collagen GPP, and zinc fingers. Non-multimerizing serial stradobodies may not comprise a multimerization domain, but may comprise one or more domain linkage, such as a G4S linker. In some embodiments, a multimerizing serial stradobody comprises both one or more multimerization domains and one or more domain linkages. General structures of serial stradobodies are shown in Figure 2. More specific structures of exemplary serial stradobody constructs comprising one or more of the indicated multimerization domains and/or linker domains (ILZ refers to isoleucine zipper; 2H refers to IgG2 hinge; and G4S refers to an amino acid sequence Gly<sub>4</sub>Ser) are shown in Figure 3. Serial stradobody constructs that comprise an Fab

region specific for EGFR are shown below in Table 1. Serial stradobody constructs that comprise an Fab region specific for HER2/neu or an Fab region specific for CD20 are shown in Figure 4 and below in Table 1.

[00120] C-terminal multimerized stradobodies were designed to simultaneously bind and cross-link multiple low-affinity Fc $\gamma$ Rs by incorporating one or more multimerization domains at the C-terminal end of the Fc region and thereby promote formation of stradobody complexes able to interact with multiple Fc receptors simultaneously. Exemplary structures of C-terminal stradobodies are shown in Figure 5. C-terminal multimerized stradobodies that comprise an anti-EGFR Fab are shown in Figure 6 and below in Table 1. C-terminal multimerized stradobody constructs that comprise an anti-CD20 Fab are also shown in Figure 6 and below in Table 1. In the C-terminal stradobodies, the Fc region of the heavy chain has one or more different or the same multimerization domains, spacers, or flexible linkers on the C-terminal side. The C-terminal stradobodies shown also include a construct that contains a multimerization domain and a purification tag.

**Table 1.** Unaltered monoclonal antibody and stradobody constructs

Construct	Specificity
<b>Monoclonal antibodies</b>	
GB2500 (Trastuzumab)	HER2/neu
GB3500 (Cetuximab)	EGFR
GB4500 (Rituximab)	CD20
GB7500 (Adalimumab)	TNF
<b>Multimerizing serial stradobodies</b>	
GB2524	HER2/neu
GB2538	HER2/neu

Construct	Specificity
GB2540	HER2/neu
GB2542	HER2/neu
GB3524	EGFR
GB3538	EGFR
GB3540	EGFR
GB3542	EGFR
GB4524	CD20
GB4538	CD20
GB4540	CD20
GB4542	CD20
GB7524	TNF
GB7538	TNF
GB7540	TNF
GB7542	TNF
<b>Non-multimerizing serial stradobodies</b>	
GB2554	HER2/neu
GB2555	HER2/neu
GB3554	EGFR
GB3555	EGFR
GB4554	CD20
GB4555	CD20
GB7554	TNF
GB7555	TNF
<b>C-terminal multimerized stradobodies</b>	
GB2534	HER2/neu
GB2545	HER2/neu

Construct	Specificity
GB2546	HER2/neu
GB2547	HER2/neu
GB2549	HER2/neu
GB2550	HER2/neu
GB2560	HER2/neu
GB2561	HER2/neu
GB2562	HER2/neu
GB2563	HER2/neu
GB2589	HER2/neu
GB2590	HER2/neu
GB3534	EGFR
GB3545	EGFR
GB3546	EGFR
GB3547	EGFR
GB3549	EGFR
GB3550	EGFR
GB3560	EGFR
GB3561	EGFR
GB3562	EGFR
GB3563	EGFR
GB3589	EGFR
GB3590	EGFR
GB4534	CD20
GB4545	CD20
GB4546	CD20
GB4547	CD20

Construct	Specificity
GB4549	CD20
GB4550	CD20
GB4560	CD20
GB4561	CD20
GB4562	CD20
GB4563	CD20
GB4589	CD20
GB4590	CD20
GB7534	TNF
GB7545	TNF
GB7546	TNF
GB7547	TNF
GB7549	TNF
GB7550	TNF
GB7560	TNF
GB7561	TNF
GB7562	TNF
GB7563	TNF
GB7589	TNF
GB7590	TNF

[00121] The skilled artisan will recognize that the specific stradobodies described above are exemplary, and that serial stradobodies with various structures and combinations of stradomers and stradomer building blocks are possible, for example, serial multimerized C-terminal stradobodies comprising one or more multimerization domain and two or more Fc domains. Serial multimerized C-terminal stradobodies may comprise one or more

multimerization domains between two Fc domains and one or more multimerization domains at the C-terminal end of the Fc region.

[00122] Stradobodies will possess the antigen binding properties of the Fab portion and the above described stradomer properties. Such a combination will serve to bind, cross-link, and activate Fc $\gamma$  receptors on effector cells at a higher rate than can be accomplished by an Fc backbone of a holo-antibody, particularly in the environment of low epitope expression (e.g. the 90% of breast cancer patients whose tumors are not classified as HER2/neu high expressors), inducing ADCC, CDC, and/or DC in a higher percentage of patients. As indicated above, one or more antigen-binding Fab domains can be added to the stradomers to form stradobodies.

[00123] We surprisingly found that stradobodies with one or more multimerization domains between two Fc domains (e.g. GB2542, GB3542, GB4542, and GB7542 corresponding to SEQ ID Nos 35, 33, 37 and 66, respectively), or located at the carboxy end of the Fc region (e.g. GB2547, GB3547, GB4547, and GB7547, corresponding to SEQ ID Nos 91, 70, 76 and 87, respectively), exhibited not only superior multimerization, but also superior binding and superior cytotoxicity in comparison both to the parent mAb and to stradobodies without multimerization domains or with one or more multimerization domain located at the N-terminal end of the Fc region, including in ADCC, CDC, DC, and other mechanisms of cytotoxicity. In particular, a stradobody comprising both an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge yielded particularly strong ADCC, CDC, and DC and particularly strong c1q binding. Unexpectedly, when these two multimerization domains were located between two Fc domains, multimerization, binding to Fc $\gamma$ R, and ADCC, CDC, and DC results as well as c1q binding were particularly robust.

[00124] We surprisingly found that the presence of an Fab can dramatically alter the ability of the resulting stradobody to multimerize relative to the isolated stradomer that comprises the stradobody. More specifically, stradomers with N-terminal multimerization domains can multimerize well and function well but a stradobody comprised of the same stradomer, as disclosed in WO 2008/151088, may multimerize poorly or not at all. Conversely, it is possible for serial stradobodies with one or more multimerization domains or stradobodies with one or more C-terminal multimerization domains to multimerize better than the stradomer that comprises such stradobody.

**[00125]** In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention further comprises a danger signal or damage signal. In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention is administered to patients concurrently with, or in the same treatment cycle as, a danger signal or damage signal. Pradeu and Cooper (Front Immunol.3: Article 287, 1-9 (2012) have recently reviewed such danger signals or damage signals. In one embodiment, danger signals or damage signals that may be comprised within or administered with the stradobody of the invention include endogenous signals including CD40-L, TNF- $\alpha$ , IL-1 $\beta$ , IFN $\alpha$ , Intracellular nucleotides ATP or UTP, Long unmethylated CpG sequences, Heat Shock Proteins, reactive oxygen intermediates, Vasoactive Intestinal Peptide, metalloproteinase-9, degradation products of heparan sulfate, small breakdown products of hyaluronan, LDL-derived phospholipids, or LOX-1. In another embodiment, danger signals or damage signals that may be comprised within or administered with the stradobody of the invention include uric acid, high-mobility-group box 1, an inflammasome (a multiprotein complex that contains a pattern recognition receptor), IL-1  $\alpha$ ; S100 proteins; hepatoma-derived growth factor, IL-1  $\alpha$ ; high concentrations of adenosine 5'-triphosphatase,  $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosylceramide, IL-33, nanoparticles such as gold nanoparticles, or F-actin. In an especially preferred embodiment, the stradobody of the invention comprises a peptide danger signal or damage signal at the carboxy end of the stradobody, including Vasoactive Intestinal Peptide, metalloproteinase-9, Heat Shock Protein, High Mobility group 1, S-100, IL-1 $\alpha$ , hepatoma derived growth factor, peptides that share amino acid sequence similarity of at least 70% with these peptides, and peptides that are fragments of these peptides.

**[00126]** In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention comprises an Fab that is specific for EGFR. In some embodiments, the EGFR-specific Fab is derived from the monoclonal antibody cetuximab. In some embodiments, the Fab is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 31.

**[00127]** In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention comprises an Fab that is specific for HER2/neu. In other embodiments, the stradobody comprises an Fab that is derived from the anti-HER2/neu monoclonal antibody trastuzumab. In some embodiments, the

Fab is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO 34.

[00128] In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention comprises an Fab that is specific for CD20. In other embodiments, the stradobody comprises an Fab that is derived from the anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody rituximab. In some embodiments, the Fab is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO 36.

[00129] In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention comprises an Fab that is specific for TNF. In other embodiments, the stradobody comprises an Fab that is derived from the anti-TNF monoclonal antibody adalimumab. In some embodiments, the Fab is at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO 67.

[00130] In some embodiments, the stradobody of the invention comprises more than one Fab. In further embodiments, each of the more than one Fab is specific for a different antigen. For example, a stradobody may comprise Fabs specific for EGFR and HER2/neu; CD3 and CD19; CD3 and CD20; CD3 and carcinoembryonic antigen; CD3 and EGFR; and combinations thereof.

[00131] In certain embodiments, stradobodies comprise, from amino to carboxy terminus, an Fab domain, a first IgG1 CH2, a first IgG1 CH3, an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, a second IgG1 CH2, and a second IgG1 CH3 (Figure 7).

[00132] In a particular embodiment, the stradobody of the invention comprises a leader amino acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 1, an EGFR-specific variable region and CH2 region amino acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 31, an IgG1 Fc domain according to SEQ ID NO: 2, an isoleucine zipper according to SEQ ID NO: 32, and an IgG2 hinge according to SEQ ID NO: 3.

[00133] In another embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the whole stradobody is according to SEQ ID NO: 33 (construct GB3542 in Table 2). In one embodiment, the stradobody is at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at

least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 33.

[00134] In another embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the whole stradobody is according to SEQ ID NO: 35 (construct GB2542 in Table 2). In one embodiment, the stradobody is at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 35.

[00135] In another embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the whole stradobody is according to SEQ ID NO: 37 (construct GB4542 in Table 2). In one embodiment, the stradobody is at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 37.

[00136] In another embodiment, the amino acid sequence of the whole stradobody is according to SEQ ID NO: 66 (construct GB7542 in Table 2). In one embodiment, the stradobody is at least 65%, at least 70%, at least 75%, at least 80%, at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 66.

**Table 2.** Amino acid sequences of stradobody constructs GB2542, GB3542, GB4542, and GB7542, and components of constructs GB2542, GB3542, GB4542, and GB7542.

	Sequence
Leader sequence (SEQ ID NO: 1)	METDTLLWVLLWVPGSTG
GB2542 Variable and CH1 regions (identical to variable and CH1 regions of trastuzumab/GB2500)	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFNIKDTYIHWVRQA PGKGLEWVARIYPTNGYTRYADSVKGRFTISADTSKNTAY LQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCSRGGDGFYAMDYWGQGTLVT VSSASTKGPSVFLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPALQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQ

(SEQ ID NO: 34)	TYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV
GB3542 Variable and CH1 regions (identical to variable and CH1 regions of cetuximab/GB3500) (SEQ ID NO: 31)	QVQLKQSGPGLVQPSQSLSITCTVSGFSLTNYGVHWVRQS PGKGLEWLGVIWGGNTDYNTPFTSRLSINKDNSKSQVFF KMNSLQSNDTAIYYCARALTYDYEFAYWGQGTLTVSA ASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVS WNSGALTSGVHTFPALQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQT YICNVNHKPSNTKVDKRV
GB4542 Variable and CH1 regions (identical to variable and CH1 regions of rituximab/GB4500) (SEQ ID NO: 36)	QVQLQQPGAEVKPGASVKMSCKASGYTFTSYNMHWVK QTPGRGLEWIGAIYPONGDTSYNQKFKGKATLTADKSSST AYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCARSTYYGGDWYFNVWGAGTT VTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEP VTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPALQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLG TQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV
GB7542 Variable and CH1 regions (identical to variable and CH1 regions of adalimumab/GB7500) (SEQ ID NO: 67)	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGRSLRLSCAASGFTFDDYAMHWVRQ APGKGLEWVSAITWNSGHIDYADSVEGRFTISRDNAKNSL YLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAKVSYLSTASSLDYWGQGTLVT VSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPALQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQ TYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV
IgG1 Fc (SEQ ID NO: 2)	EPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVLFPPPKPKDTLMISRTP EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQ YNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEK TISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPS DIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK
Isoleucine Zipper (SEQ ID NO: 32)	GGGSIKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHD
IgG2 Hinge	ERKCCVECPPCP

(SEQ ID NO: 3)	
GB2542 Construct (SEQ ID NO: 35)	METDTLLWVLLWVPGSTGEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLR LSCAASGFNIKDTYIHWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIYPTNGYTR YADSVKGRFTISADTSKNTAYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCSR WGGDGFYAMDYWGQGTLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKS TSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPALV QSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKK VEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREE QYNSTYRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKSLEGG GSIKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHDIERKCCV ECPPCPRLEGPRFEEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLF PPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTIISKAKGQPREPVYTLPPSREEMTKN QVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK
GB3542 Construct (SEQ ID NO:33)	METDTLLWVLLWVPGSTGQVQLQKQSGPGLVQPSQSLSI TCTVSGFSLTNYGVHWVRQSPGKGLEWLGVIVSGGNTDY NTPFTSRLSINKDNSKSQVFFKMNSLQSNDTAIYYCARALT YYDYEFAWQGQGTLTVSAASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGG TAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPALQSSG LYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKRVEPKS

	CDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNNAKTPREEQYNST YRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKA KGQPREPVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAV EWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKSLEGGGSIKQI EDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHDIERKCCVECPPCP RLEGPRFEKPSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKD TLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAK TKPREEQYNSTYRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNK ALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTC LVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLY SKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K
GB4542 Construct (SEQ ID NO: 37)	METDTLLWVLLWVPGSTGQVQLQQPGAEVKPGASVK MSCKASGYTFTSYNMHWVKQTPGRGLEWIGAIYPNGDT SYNQKFKGKATLTADKSSSTAYMQLSSLTSEDSAVYYCA RSTYYGGDWYFNWGAGTTVSAASTKGPSVFLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPA VLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDK KVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNNAKTPRE EQYNSTYRVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPI EKTISKAKGQPREPVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTV DKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKSLEG GGSIKQIEDKIEEILSKIYHIENEIARIKKLIGERGHDIERKCC

	VECPPPCRLEGPRFEKPSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFL FPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTIKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKN QVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK
GB7542 Construct (SEQ ID NO: 66)	METDTLLWVLLWVPGSTGEVQLVESGGGLVQPGRSLR LSCAASGFTFDDYAMHWVRQAPGKGLEWVSAITWNSGHI DYADSVEGRFTISRDNAKNSLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCA KVSYLTASSLDYWQQGTLTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKS TSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPABL QSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKK VEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREE QYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIE KTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLVKGFY PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKSLEGG GSIKQIEDKIEILSKIYHIENELARIKKLIGERGHDIERKCCV ECPPPCRLEGPRFEKPSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLF PPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALPAPIEKTIKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMTKN QVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK

**[00137]** It is understood that the stradobodies disclosed herein can be derived from any of a variety of species. Indeed, Fc domains, or Fc partial domains, in any one biomimetic molecule of the present invention can be derived from immunoglobulin from more than one (e.g., from two, three, four, five, or more) species. However, they will more commonly be derived from a single species. In addition, it will be appreciated that any of the methods disclosed herein (e.g., methods of treatment) can be applied to any species. Generally, the components of a biomimetic applied to a species of interest will all be derived from that species. However, biomimetics in which all the components are of a different species or are from more than one species (including or not including the species to which the relevant method is applied) can also be used.

**[00138]** The specific CH1, CH2, CH3 and CH4 domains and hinge regions that comprise the Fc domains and Fc partial domains of the stradobodies of the present invention may be independently selected, both in terms of the immunoglobulin subclass, as well as in the organism, from which they are derived. Accordingly, the stradobodies disclosed herein may comprise Fc domains and partial Fc domains that independently come from various immunoglobulin types such as human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, IgA1, IgA1, IgD, IgE, and IgM, mouse IgG2a, or dog IgGa or IgGb. Preferably, for human therapeutics the Fc domains of the current invention are of the human IgG1 isotype. Similarly each Fc domain and partial Fc domain may be derived from various species, preferably a mammalian species, including non-human primates (e.g., monkeys, baboons, and chimpanzees), humans, murine, *rattus*, bovine, equine, feline, canine, porcine, rabbits, goats, deer, sheep, ferrets, gerbils, guinea pigs, hamsters, bats, birds (e.g., chickens, turkeys, and ducks), fish and reptiles to produce species-specific or chimeric stradobody molecules.

**[00139]** The Fab may be a chimeric structure comprised of human constant regions and non-human variable regions such as the variable region from a mouse, rat, rabbit, monkey, or goat antibody. One of ordinary skill in the art would be able to make a variety of Fab chimeric structures for incorporation into stradobodies using methodologies currently available and described in the scientific literature for such constructions. Individual Fab domains, Fc domains

and partial Fc domains may also be humanized. Thus, “humanized” stradobodies may be designed analogous to “humanized” monoclonal antibodies.

**[00140]** One of skill in the art will realize that different Fc domains and partial Fc domains will provide different types of functionalities. For example, Fc $\gamma$ Rs bind specifically to IgG immunoglobulins and not well other classes of immunoglobulins. Thus, one of skill in the art, intending to design a stradobody with multiple Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding capacity, would design stradomer Fc domains that at least incorporate the well characterized Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding sequences of IgG, including those in the lower IgG hinge region and / or the IgG CH2 & CH3 domains. One of ordinary skill in the art will also understand various deleterious consequences can be associated with the use of particular Ig domains, such as the anaphylaxis associated with IgA infusions. The biomimetics disclosed herein should generally be designed to avoid such effects, although in particular circumstances such effects may be desirable.

**[00141]** The present invention also encompasses stradobodies comprising Fc domains and Fc partial domains having amino acids that differ from the naturally-occurring amino acid sequences of the Fc domain or Fc partial domain. Preferred Fc domains for inclusion in the biomimetic compounds of the present invention have a measurable specific binding affinity to either a holo-Fc $\gamma$  receptor or a soluble extracellular domain portion of an Fc $\gamma$ R. Primary amino acid sequences and X-ray crystallography structures of numerous Fc domains and Fc domain monomers are available in the art. See, e.g., Woof JM, Burton DR. Human antibody-Fc receptor interactions illuminated by crystal structures. *Nat Rev Immunol.* 2004 Feb;4(2):89-99. Representative Fc domains with Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding capacity include the Fc domains from human IgG1 (SEQ ID NO: 2). These native sequences have been subjected to extensive structure-function analysis including site directed mutagenesis mapping of functional sequences. Based on these prior structure-function studies and the available crystallography data, one of skill in the art may design functional Fc domain sequence variants while preserving the Fc domain's Fc $\gamma$ R receptor binding capacity. For example, cysteine residues may be added to enhance sulfide bonding between monomers or deleted to alter the interaction between stradomer homodimers that comprise the stradobody homodimer.

[00142] In addition, the present invention encompasses stradobodies comprising Fab domains having amino acids that differ from the amino acid sequence of the antibody from which the Fab domain is derived. Fab domains for inclusion in the biomimetic compounds of the present invention have a measurable specific binding affinity to a particular antigen. Preferably, the biomimetic compounds have a binding affinity that is greater than the binding affinity of corresponding unaltered antibodies.

[00143] The amino acid changes may decrease, increase, or leave unaltered the binding affinity of the stradobody to the Fcγ receptor or the antigen. Preferably such amino acid changes will be conservative amino acid substitutions, however, such changes include deletions, additions and other substitutions. Conservative amino acid substitutions typically include changes within the following groups: glycine and alanine; valine, isoleucine, and leucine; aspartic acid and glutamic acid; asparagine, glutamine, serine and threonine; lysine, histidine and arginine; and phenylalanine and tyrosine. Additionally, the amino acid change may enhance multimerization strength, for example by the addition of cysteine residues.

[00144] The amino acid changes may be naturally occurring or may be introduced, for example by site directed mutagenesis. The amino acid changes can occur anywhere within the Fc domain or Fab domain so long as the Fc domain retains its receptor binding function and biological activity, and the Fab domain retains its antigen binding function and biological activity. In a preferred embodiment, the polymorphism or mutation leads to enhanced receptor/antigen binding and/or enhanced multimerization or biological function. For Fc domains, the polymorphism/mutation preferably occurs at one or more of amino acid positions 233-435 according to the EU index as in Kabat et al., Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed. Public Health Service, National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, MD (1991). Specific polymorphisms/mutations in these amino acid positions are well known in the art and can be found, for example in Shields, *et al.* (2001) "High Resolution Mapping of the Binding Site on Human IgG1 for FcγRI, FcγRII, FcγRIII and FcRn and Design of IgG1 Variants with Improved Binding to the FcγR," *J. Biol. Chem.*, 276(9):6591-6601, which is herein incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[00145] From the above, it will be appreciated that stradobodies of the present invention include stradobodies having: (a) only naturally occurring Fab and Fc domains; (b) a mixture of naturally occurring Fab and Fc domains and Fab and Fc domains with altered amino acid sequences; and (c) only Fab and Fc domains with altered amino acid sequences. All that is required is that stradobodies containing altered amino acid sequences have at least 25%; 30%; 40%; 50%; 60%; 70%; 80%; 90%; 95%; 96%; 97%; 98%; 99%; 99.5%; or 100% or even more of the ability of a corresponding stradobody comprising Fab and Fc domains with naturally-occurring sequences to bind to antigen and to Fc $\gamma$ R receptors.

[00146] The aforementioned Fc $\gamma$  receptor and antigen binding sites occurring in the stradobodies of the present invention may be altered in sequence through genetic engineering to predictably derive binding sites with altered binding capabilities and affinities relative to a native sequence. For example, specific residues may be altered that reduce Fc domain binding of the biomimetic compounds to Fc $\gamma$ RIIb while increasing binding to Fc $\gamma$ RIIa or vice versa or that reduce Fc domain binding of the biomimetic compounds to Fc $\gamma$ RIIb while increasing binding to FcRn or vice versa. An example of an extensive mutagenesis based structure-function analysis for human IgG Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding sequences is Robert L. Shields, et al. High Resolution Mapping of the Binding Site on Human IgG1 for Fc $\gamma$ RI, Fc $\gamma$ RII, Fc $\gamma$ RIII, and FcRn and Design of IgG1 Variants with Improved Binding to the Fc $\gamma$ R. *J. Biol. Chem.*, Feb 2001; 276: 6591 - 6604. Similar studies have been performed on murine IgG Fc (mIgG Fc). Based on the structural and primary sequence homologies of native IgG Fc domains across species, one of skill in the art may translate the extensive structure-function knowledge of human IgG Fc and mouse IgG Fc to rational mutagenesis of all native Fc $\gamma$  receptor binding site sequences in the biomimetic compounds of the present invention to design binding sites with particular Fc $\gamma$  receptor specificities and binding affinities.

[00147] In addition to the amino acid sequence composition, the carbohydrate content of the Fc domain is known to play an important role on Fc domain structure and binding interactions with Fc $\gamma$ R. See, e.g., Robert L. Shields, et al. Lack of Fucose on Human IgG1 N-Linked Oligosaccharide Improves Binding to Human Fc $\gamma$ RIII and Antibody-dependent Cellular

Toxicity. *J. Biol. Chem.*, Jul 2002; 277: 26733 - 26740 (doi:10.1074/jbc.M202069200); Ann Wright and Sherie L. Morrison. Effect of C2- Associated Carbohydrate Structure on Ig Effector Function: Studies with Chimeric Mouse-Human IgG1 Antibodies in Glycosylation Mutants of Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells. *J. Immunol.*, Apr 1998; 160: 3393 - 3402. Similarly, the extent of fucosylation of antibodies is known to play a role in antigen binding and ADCC. See, e.g., Yamane-Ohnuki and Satoh, Production of therapeutic antibodies with controlled fucosylation. *Mabs*. 2009 May-Jun; 1(3):230-236. Carbohydrate content may be controlled using, for example, particular protein expression systems including particular cell lines or in vitro enzymatic modification. In some embodiments, the stradobodies are defucosylated. Defucosylation is known to improve the affinity of IgG1 Fc for Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa. Thus, the present invention includes stradobodies with the native carbohydrate content of holo-antibody from which the domains were obtained, as well as those stradobody compounds with an altered carbohydrate content. In another embodiment, a modified cell line is used to generate a preferred glycosylation pattern. In another embodiment, chemoenzymatic glycosylation is used to generate a preferred glycosylation pattern including with non-natural sugars. In another embodiment, multimer components of the stradobody are characterized by a different glycosylation pattern compared with the homodimer component of the same stradobody. In a preferred embodiment, the stradobody is enriched for multimers comprising a glycosylation pattern that enhances Fc receptor binding.

**[00148]** The addition to the polypeptide chain of an Fc partial domain, a multimerization region, or glycosylation changes may create a conformational change in the Fc domain permitting enhanced binding of the Fc domain to an Fc $\gamma$  receptor. Thus, seemingly very minor changes to the polypeptide may also create a stradobody capable of enhanced binding of multiple Fc $\gamma$  receptors or FcRn receptors or a stradobody with decreased ability to bind multiple Fc $\gamma$  receptors or FcRn receptors.

**[00149]** The skilled artisan will further recognize that the Fc domains, and Fc partial domains used in the embodiments of the present invention need not be full-length versions. That is, the present invention encompasses the use of Fc domain monomers and Fc

partial domain monomers lacking amino acids from the amino terminus, carboxy terminus or middle of the particular Fc domain monomers and Fc partial domain monomers that comprise the stradobodies of the present invention.

[00150] For example, the binding site on human IgG immunoglobulins for Fc $\gamma$  receptors has been described (e.g. Radaev, S., Sun, P., 2001. Recognition of Immunoglobulins by Fc $\gamma$  Receptors. Molecular Immunology 38, 1073 - 1083; Shields, R.L. et. al., 2001. High Resolution Mapping of the Binding Site on Human IgG1 for Fc $\gamma$ RI, Fc $\gamma$ RII, Fc $\gamma$ RIII, and FcRn and Design of IgG1 Variants with Improved Binding to the Fc $\gamma$ R. J. Biol. Chem. 276 (9), 6591-6604). Based on that knowledge, one may remove amino acids from the Fc domain of these immunoglobulins and determine the effects on the binding interaction between the Fc domain and the receptor. Thus, the present invention encompasses IgG Fc domains having at least about 90% of the amino acids encompassing positions 233 through 338 of the lower hinge and CH2 as defined in Radaev, S., Sun, P., 2001.

[00151] Fc partial domains of IgG immunoglobulins of the present invention may include all or part of the hinge region, all or part of the CH2 domain, and all or part of the CH3 domain.

[00152] The IgG Fc partial domains having only a part of the hinge region, part of the CH2 domain or part of the CH3 domain are constructed from Fc partial domain monomers. Thus, the present invention includes IgG hinge region monomers derived from the N-terminus of the hinge region or the C-terminus of the hinge region. They can thus contain, for example, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, or 62 (up to 15 for IgG1, up to 12 for IgG2, up to 62 for IgG3, up to 12 for IgG4) amino acids of the hinge region.

[00153] The present invention also includes IgG CH2 domain monomers derived from the N-terminus of the CH2 domain or the C-terminus of the CH2 domain. They can thus contain, for example, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52,

53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, or 110 (up to 110 for IgG1 and IgG3, up to 109 for IgG2 and IgG4) amino acids of the CH2 domain.

**[00154]** The present invention further includes IgG CH3 domain monomers derived from the N-terminus of the CH3 domain or the C-terminus of the CH3 domain. They can thus contain, for example, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, or 107 (up to 106 for IgG1 and IgG3, up to 107 for IgG2 and IgG4) amino acids of the CH3 domain.

**[00155]** The term "isolated" polypeptide or peptide as used herein refers to a polypeptide or a peptide which either has no naturally-occurring counterpart or has been separated or purified from components which naturally accompany it, e.g., in tissues such as pancreas, liver, spleen, ovary, testis, muscle, joint tissue, neural tissue, gastrointestinal tissue, or breast tissue or tumor tissue (e.g., breast cancer tissue), or body fluids such as blood, serum, or urine. Typically, the polypeptide or peptide is considered "isolated" when it is at least 70%, by dry weight, free from the proteins and other naturally-occurring organic molecules with which it is naturally associated. Preferably, a preparation of a polypeptide (or peptide) of the invention is at least 80%, more preferably at least 90%, and most preferably at least 99%, by dry weight, the polypeptide (peptide), respectively, of the invention. Since a polypeptide or peptide that is chemically synthesized is, by its nature, separated from the components that naturally accompany it, the synthetic polypeptide or peptide is "isolated."

**[00156]** An isolated polypeptide (or peptide) of the invention can be obtained, for example, by extraction from a natural source (e.g., from tissues or bodily fluids); by expression of a recombinant nucleic acid encoding the polypeptide or peptide; or by chemical synthesis. A polypeptide or peptide that is produced in a cellular system different from the source from which it naturally originates is "isolated," because it will necessarily be free of components which

naturally accompany it. The degree of isolation or purity can be measured by any appropriate method, e.g., column chromatography, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or HPLC analysis.

### *Pharmaceutical Compositions*

[00157] Administration of the stradobody compositions described herein will be via any common route, orally, parenterally, or topically. Exemplary routes include, but are not limited to oral, nasal, buccal, rectal, vaginal, ophthalmic, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intravenous, intraarterial, intratumoral, spinal, intrathecal, intra-articular, intra-arterial, sub-arachnoid, sublingual, oral mucosal, bronchial, lymphatic, intra-uterine, subcutaneous, intratumor, integrated on an implantable device such as a suture or in an implantable device such as an implantable polymer, intradural, intracortical, or dermal. Such compositions would normally be administered as pharmaceutically acceptable compositions as described herein. In a preferred embodiment the isolated stradobody is administered intravenously or subcutaneously.

[00158] The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" as used herein includes any and all solvents, dispersion media, coatings, antibacterial and antifungal agents, isotonic and absorption delaying agents and the like. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutically active substances is well known in the art. Except insofar as any conventional media or agent is incompatible with the vectors or cells of the present invention, its use in therapeutic compositions is contemplated. Supplementary active ingredients also can be incorporated into the compositions.

[00159] The stradobody compositions of the present invention may be formulated in a neutral or salt form. Pharmaceutically-acceptable salts include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the protein) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups can also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric

hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, histidine, procaine and the like.

**[00160]** Sterile injectable solutions are prepared by incorporating the stradobody in the required amount in the appropriate solvent with various of the other ingredients enumerated above, as required, followed by filtered sterilization. Generally, dispersions are prepared by incorporating the various sterilized active ingredients into a sterile vehicle which contains the basic dispersion medium and the required other ingredients from those enumerated above. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation are vacuum-drying and freeze-drying techniques which yield a powder of the active ingredient plus any additional desired ingredient from a previously sterile-filtered solution thereof.

**[00161]** Further, one embodiment is a stradobody composition suitable for oral administration and is provided in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier with or without an inert diluent. The carrier should be assimilable or edible and includes liquid, semi-solid, i.e., pastes, or solid carriers. Except insofar as any conventional media, agent, diluent or carrier is detrimental to the recipient or to the therapeutic effectiveness of a stradobody preparation contained therein, its use in an orally administrable a stradobody composition for use in practicing the methods of the present invention is appropriate. Examples of carriers or diluents include fats, oils, water, saline solutions, lipids, liposomes, resins, binders, fillers and the like, or combinations thereof. The term "oral administration" as used herein includes oral, buccal, enteral or intragastric administration.

**[00162]** In one embodiment, the stradobody composition is combined with the carrier in any convenient and practical manner, i.e., by solution, suspension, emulsification, admixture, encapsulation, microencapsulation, absorption and the like. Such procedures are routine for those skilled in the art.

**[00163]** In a specific embodiment, the stradobody composition in powder form is combined or mixed thoroughly with a semi-solid or solid carrier. The mixing can be carried out in any convenient manner such as grinding. Stabilizing agents can be also added in the mixing process in order to protect the composition from loss of therapeutic activity through, i.e.,

denaturation in the stomach. Examples of stabilizers for use in an orally administrable composition include buffers, antagonists to the secretion of stomach acids, amino acids such as glycine and lysine, carbohydrates such as dextrose, mannose, galactose, fructose, lactose, sucrose, maltose, sorbitol, mannitol, etc., proteolytic enzyme inhibitors, and the like. More preferably, for an orally administered composition, the stabilizer can also include antagonists to the secretion of stomach acids.

**[00164]** Further, the stradobody composition for oral administration which is combined with a semi-solid or solid carrier can be further formulated into hard or soft shell gelatin capsules, tablets, or pills. More preferably, gelatin capsules, tablets, or pills are enterically coated. Enteric coatings prevent denaturation of the composition in the stomach or upper bowel where the pH is acidic. See, i.e., U.S. Pat. No. 5,629,001. Upon reaching the small intestines, the basic pH therein dissolves the coating and permits the composition to be released to interact with intestinal cells, e.g., Peyer's patch M cells.

**[00165]** In another embodiment, the stradobody composition in powder form is combined or mixed thoroughly with materials that create a nanoparticle encapsulating the immunologically active biomimetic or to which the immunologically active biomimetic is attached. Each nanoparticle will have a size of less than or equal to 100 microns. The nanoparticle may have mucoadhesive properties that allow for gastrointestinal absorption of an immunologically active biomimetic that would otherwise not be orally bioavailable.

**[00166]** In another embodiment, a powdered composition is combined with a liquid carrier such as, i.e., water or a saline solution, with or without a stabilizing agent.

**[00167]** A specific stradobody formulation that may be used is a solution of immunologically active biomimetic protein in a hypotonic phosphate based buffer that is free of potassium where the composition of the buffer is as follows: 6 mM sodium phosphate monobasic monohydrate, 9 mM sodium phosphate dibasic heptahydrate, 50 mM sodium chloride, pH 7.0.+-0.1. The concentration of immunologically active biomimetic protein in a hypotonic buffer may range from 10 microgram/ml to 100 milligram/ml. This formulation may be administered via any route of administration, for example, but not limited to, intravenous administration.

**[00168]** Further, a stradobody composition for topical administration which is combined with a semi-solid carrier can be further formulated into a cream or gel ointment. A preferred carrier for the formation of a gel ointment is a gel polymer. Preferred polymers that are used to manufacture a gel composition of the present invention include, but are not limited to carbopol, carboxymethyl-cellulose, and pluronic polymers. Specifically, a powdered stradobody composition is combined with an aqueous gel containing an polymerization agent such as Carbopol 980 at strengths between 0.5% and 5% wt/volume for application to the skin for treatment of disease on or beneath the skin. The term "topical administration" as used herein includes application to a dermal, epidermal, subcutaneous or mucosal surface.

**[00169]** Further, a stradobody composition can be formulated into a polymer for subcutaneous or subdermal implantation. A preferred formulation for the implantable drug-infused polymer is an agent Generally Regarded as Safe and may include, for example, cross-linked dextran (Samantha Hart, Master of Science Thesis, "Elution of Antibiotics from a Novel Cross-Linked Dextran Gel: Quantification" Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University, June 8, 2009) dextran-tyramine (Jin, et al. (2010) *Tissue Eng. Part A.* 16(8):2429-40), dextran-polyethylene glycol (Jukes, et al. (2010) *Tissue Eng. Part A.*, 16(2):565-73), or dextran-gluteraldehyde (Brondsted, et al. (1998) *J. Controlled Release*, 53:7-13). One skilled in the art will know that many similar polymers and hydrogels can be formed incorporating the stradobody fixed within the polymer or hydrogel and controlling the pore size to the desired diameter.

**[00170]** Upon formulation, solutions are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation and in such amount as is therapeutically effective to result in an improvement or remediation of the symptoms. The formulations are easily administered in a variety of dosage forms such as ingestible solutions, drug release capsules and the like. Some variation in dosage can occur depending on the condition of the subject being treated. The person responsible for administration can, in any event, determine the appropriate dose for the individual subject. Moreover, for human administration, preparations meet sterility, general safety and purity standards as required by FDA Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research standards.

[00171] The route of administration will vary, naturally, with the location and nature of the disease being treated, and may include, for example intradermal, transdermal, subdermal, parenteral, nasal, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, percutaneous, intratracheal, intraperitoneal, intratumoral, perfusion, lavage, direct injection, and oral administration.

[00172] The term "parenteral administration" as used herein includes any form of administration in which the compound is absorbed into the subject without involving absorption via the intestines. Exemplary parenteral administrations that are used in the present invention include, but are not limited to intramuscular, intravenous, intraperitoneal, intratumoral, intraocular, nasal or intraarticular administration.

[00173] In addition, the stradobody of the current invention may optionally be administered before, during or after another pharmaceutical agent.

[00174] Below are specific examples of various pharmaceutical formulation categories and preferred routes of administration, as indicated, for specific exemplary diseases:

[00175] Buccal or sub-lingual dissolvable tablet: angina, polyarteritis nodosa.

[00176] Intravenous: Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura, Inclusion Body Myositis, Paraproteinemic IgM demyelinating Polyneuropathy, Necrotizing fasciitis, Pemphigus, Gangrene, Dermatomyositis, Granuloma, Lymphoma, Sepsis, Aplastic anemia, Multisystem organ failure, Multiple Myeloma and Monoclonal Gammopathy of Unknown Significance, Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyradiculoneuropathy, Inflammatory Myopathies, Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, Myositis, Anemia, Neoplasia, Hemolytic anemia, Encephalitis, Myelitis, Myelopathy especially associated with Human T-cell lymphotropic virus-1, Leukemia, Multiple sclerosis and optic neuritis, Asthma, Epidermal necrolysis, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, Myasthenia gravis, Neuropathy, Uveitis, Guillain-Barré syndrome, Graft Versus Host Disease, Stiff Man Syndrome, Paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration with anti-Yo antibodies, paraneoplastic encephalomyelitis and sensory neuropathy with anti-Hu antibodies, systemic vasculitis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, autoimmune diabetic neuropathy, acute idiopathic dysautonomic neuropathy, Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada Syndrome, Multifocal Motor Neuropathy, Lower Motor Neuron Syndrome associated with anti-/GMI, Demyelination,

Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, Cardiomyopathy, Kawasaki's disease, Rheumatoid arthritis, and Evan's syndrome IM - ITP, CIDP, MS, Dermatomyositis, Myasthenia Gravis, muscular dystrophy. The term "intravenous administration" as used herein includes all techniques to deliver a compound or composition of the present invention to the systemic circulation via an intravenous injection or infusion.

[00177] Dermal gel, lotion, cream or patch: vitiligo, Herpes zoster, acne, chelitis psoriasis.

[00178] Rectal suppository, gel, or infusion: ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, hemorrhoidal inflammation.

[00179] Oral as pill, troche, encapsulated, or with enteric coating: Crohn's disease, celiac sprue, irritable bowel syndrome, inflammatory liver disease, Barrett's esophagus.

[00180] Intra-cortical: epilepsy, Alzheimer's Disease, Multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's Disease, Huntingdon's Disease.

[00181] Intra-abdominal infusion or implant: endometriosis.

[00182] Intra-vaginal gel or suppository: bacterial, trichomonal, or fungal vaginitis.

[00183] Medical devices: coated on coronary artery stent, prosthetic joints.

[00184] The stradobodies described herein may be administered at least once daily, weekly, biweekly or monthly or potentially less frequently. A biphasic dosage regimen may be used wherein the first dosage phase comprises about 0.1% to about 300% of the second dosage phase. Because of the enhanced efficacy of the stradobodies of the current invention, in some embodiments the stradobodies may be administered at a lower dose intravenously compared with monoclonal antibodies specific for the same antigen. The effective stradobody dose is generally from about 1% to about 500% of the effective monoclonal antibody whose Fab is the same as the stradobody, more preferably, about 50% to about 100% of the effective monoclonal antibody dose. The effective monoclonal antibody dose in clinical cancer treatment varies. For the Her-2/neu monoclonal antibody, the dose is generally in the range of about 2 mg/Kg to about 4 mg/Kg administered every 7-21 days. For the EGFR monoclonal antibody the dose is generally in

the range of about 250- 400 mg/square meter which is about 5 mg/Kg - 25 mg/ Kg administered every 7-21 days.

[00185] In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered intravenously at a dose of about 0.01 mg/Kg to about 1000 mg/Kg IV. In a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.1 mg/Kg to about 100 mg/Kg IV. In yet a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.5 mg/Kg to about 50 mg/Kg IV. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 1 mg/Kg to about 25 mg/Kg IV. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 5 mg/Kg to about 15 mg/Kg IV. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered subcutaneously. Because of the enhanced efficacy of the stradobodies of the current invention, in some embodiments the stradobody may be administered at a lower dose subcutaneously compared with monoclonal antibodies specific for the same antigen. In one embodiment, the stradobody is administered subcutaneously at a dose of about 0.01 mg/Kg to about 1000 mg/Kg SQ. In a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.2 mg/Kg to about 150 mg/Kg SQ. In yet a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 0.5 mg/Kg to about 80 mg/Kg SQ. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 2 mg/Kg to about 50 mg/Kg SQ. In still a further embodiment, the stradobody is administered at about 5 mg/Kg to about 30 mg/Kg SQ.

### *Therapeutic Applications of Stradobodies*

[00186] Based on rational design and in vitro and in vivo validations, the stradobodies of the present invention will serve as important biopharmaceuticals for treating cancer and for modulating immune function in a variety of other contexts such as bioimmunotherapy for autoimmune diseases and inflammatory diseases and infections. Medical conditions suitable for treatment with the immunologically active biomimetics described herein include those cancers or inflammatory disease conditions in which a monoclonal antibody may be used or is already in clinical use.

[00187] In addition, exemplary medical conditions having an inflammatory component that will benefit from treatment with stradobodies include Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis, Huntington's Disease, Alzheimer's Disease, Parkinson's Disease, Atherogenesis,

Myocardial Infarction, Stroke, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, Human Immunodeficiency Virus associated inflammation, adrenoleukodystrophy, and epileptic disorders especially those believed to be associated with postviral encephalitis including Rasmussen Syndrome, West Syndrome, and Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome.

**[00188]** The general approach to therapy using the isolated stradobodies described herein is to administer to a subject having a disease or condition, a therapeutically effective amount of the isolated immunologically active biomimetic to effect a treatment. In some embodiments, diseases or conditions may be broadly categorized as inflammatory diseases with an imbalance in cytokine networks, an autoimmune disorder mediated by pathogenic autoantibodies or autoaggressive T cells, or an acute or chronic phase of a chronic relapsing disease or process.

**[00189]** "Immune modulating activities," "modulating immune response," "modulating the immune system," and "immune modulation" mean altering immune systems by changing the activities, capacities, and relative numbers of one or more immune cells, including maturation of a cell type within its cell type or into other cell types. For example, immune modulation of immature monocytes may lead to greater populations of more mature monocytes, dendritic cells, macrophages, or osteoclasts, all of which are derived from immature monocytes. As another example, immune modulation of memory B cells may lead to selective apoptosis of certain memory B cells with concomitant decreases in production of particular antibodies. As another example, immune modulation of NK cells may lead to enhanced Antibody Dependent Cell Cytotoxicity. As another example, immune modulating activities may lead to increased populations of cells with phenotypes that may otherwise not be expressed at high levels, such as CD8 beta + / CD11c + cells. As another example, immune modulating activities may lead to decreases of proinflammatory cytokines or cytokines that are commonly elevated in autoimmune diseases such as IL-6 and IL-8. As another example, immune modulating activities may lead to activation of NKT cells with subsequent secretion and cleavage of TGF-beta. For example, immune cell receptors may be bound by immunologically active biomimetics and activate intracellular signaling to induce various immune cell changes, referred to separately as "activating immune modulation." Blockading immune cell receptors to prevent receptor

activation is also encompassed within "immune modulation" and may be separately referred to as "inhibitory immune modulation."

**[00190]** The terms "treating" and "treatment" as used herein refer to administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a stradobody of the present invention so that the subject has an improvement in a disease or condition, or a symptom of the disease or condition. The improvement is any improvement or remediation of the disease or condition, or symptom of the disease or condition. The improvement is an observable or measurable improvement, or may be an improvement in the general feeling of well-being of the subject. Thus, one of skill in the art realizes that a treatment may improve the disease condition, but may not be a complete cure for the disease. Specifically, improvements in subjects may include one or more of: decreased inflammation; decreased inflammatory laboratory markers such as C-reactive protein; decreased autoimmunity as evidenced by one or more of: improvements in autoimmune markers such as autoantibodies or in platelet count, white cell count, or red cell count, decreased rash or purpura, decrease in weakness, numbness, or tingling, increased glucose levels in patients with hyperglycemia, decreased joint pain, inflammation, swelling, or degradation, decrease in cramping and diarrhea frequency and volume, decreased angina, decreased tissue inflammation, or decrease in seizure frequency; decreases in cancer tumor burden, increased time to tumor progression, decreased cancer pain, increased survival or improvements in the quality of life; or delay of progression or improvement of osteoporosis.

**[00191]** The term "therapeutically effective amount" or "effective amount" as used herein refers to an amount that results in an improvement or remediation of the symptoms of the disease or condition.

**[00192]** As used herein, "prophylaxis" can mean complete prevention of the symptoms of a disease, a delay in onset of the symptoms of a disease, or a lessening in the severity of subsequently developed disease symptoms.

**[00193]** The term "subject" is used interchangeably with the term "patient" herein, and is taken to mean any mammalian subject to which stradobodies of the present invention are administered according to the methods described herein. In a specific embodiment, the methods of the present disclosure are employed to treat a human subject. The methods of the present

disclosure may also be employed to treat non-human primates (e.g., monkeys, baboons, and chimpanzees), mice, rats, bovines, horses, cats, dogs, pigs, rabbits, goats, deer, sheep, ferrets, gerbils, guinea pigs, hamsters, bats, birds (e.g., chickens, turkeys, and ducks), fish and reptiles.

**[00194]** In particular, the stradbodies of the present invention may be used to treat conditions including but not limited to congestive heart failure (CHF), vasculitis, rosacea, acne, eczema, myocarditis and other conditions of the myocardium, systemic lupus erythematosus, diabetes, spondylopathies, synovial fibroblasts, and bone marrow stroma; bone loss; Paget's disease, osteoclastoma; multiple myeloma; breast cancer; disuse osteopenia; malnutrition, periodontal disease, Gaucher's disease, Langerhans' cell histiocytosis, spinal cord injury, acute septic arthritis, osteomalacia, Cushing's syndrome, monoostotic fibrous dysplasia, polyostotic fibrous dysplasia, periodontal reconstruction, and bone fractures; sarcoidosis; osteolytic bone cancers, lung cancer, kidney cancer and rectal cancer; bone metastasis, bone pain management, and humoral malignant hypercalcemia, ankylosing spondylitis and other spondyloarthropathies; transplantation rejection, viral infections, hematologic neoplasias and neoplastic-like conditions for example, Hodgkin's lymphoma; non-Hodgkin's lymphomas (Burkitt's lymphoma, small lymphocytic lymphoma/chronic lymphocytic leukemia, mycosis fungoides, mantle cell lymphoma, follicular lymphoma, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, marginal zone lymphoma, hairy cell leukemia and lymphoplasmacytic leukemia), tumors of lymphocyte precursor cells, including B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma, and T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma, thymoma, tumors of the mature T and NK cells, including peripheral T-cell leukemias, adult T-cell leukemia/T-cell lymphomas and large granular lymphocytic leukemia, Langerhans cell histiocytosis, myeloid neoplasias such as acute myelogenous leukemias, including AML with maturation, AML without differentiation, acute promyelocytic leukemia, acute myelomonocytic leukemia, and acute monocytic leukemias, myelodysplastic syndromes, and chronic myeloproliferative disorders, including chronic myelogenous leukemia, tumors of the central nervous system, e.g., brain tumors (glioma, neuroblastoma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, ependymoma, and retinoblastoma), solid tumors (nasopharyngeal cancer, basal cell carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, cancer of the bile duct, Kaposi's sarcoma, testicular cancer,

uterine, vaginal or cervical cancers, ovarian cancer, primary liver cancer or endometrial cancer, tumors of the vascular system (angiosarcoma and hemangiofibroma) or other cancer.

**[00195]** The stradbodies of the present invention may be used to treat autoimmune diseases. The term "autoimmune disease" as used herein refers to a varied group of more than 80 diseases and conditions. In all of these diseases and conditions, the underlying problem is that the body's immune system attacks the body itself. Autoimmune diseases affect all major body systems including connective tissue, nerves, muscles, the endocrine system, skin, blood, and the respiratory and gastrointestinal systems. Autoimmune diseases include, for example, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, and type 1 diabetes.

**[00196]** The disease or condition treatable using the compositions and methods of the present invention may be a hematoimmunological process, including but not limited to Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura, alloimmune/autoimmune thrombocytopenia, Acquired immune thrombocytopenia, Autoimmune neutropenia, Autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Parvovirus B19-associated red cell aplasia, Acquired antifactor VIII autoimmunity, acquired von Willebrand disease, Multiple Myeloma and Monoclonal Gammopathy of Unknown Significance, Sepsis, Aplastic anemia, pure red cell aplasia, Diamond-Blackfan anemia, hemolytic disease of the newborn, Immune-mediated neutropenia, refractoriness to platelet transfusion, neonatal, post-transfusion purpura, hemolytic uremic syndrome, systemic Vasculitis, Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, or Evan's syndrome.

**[00197]** The disease or condition may also be a neuroimmunological process, including but not limited to Guillain-Barre syndrome, Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyradiculoneuropathy, Paraproteinemic IgM demyelinating Polyneuropathy, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, Myasthenia gravis, Multifocal Motor Neuropathy, Lower Motor Neuron Syndrome associated with anti-GM1, Demyelination, Multiple Sclerosis and optic neuritis, Stiff Man Syndrome, Paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration with anti-Yo antibodies, paraneoplastic encephalomyelitis, sensory neuropathy with anti-Hu antibodies, epilepsy, Encephalitis, Myelitis, Myelopathy especially associated with Human T-cell lymphotropic virus- 1, Autoimmune

Diabetic Neuropathy, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease, Huntingdon's disease, or Acute Idiopathic Dysautonomic Neuropathy.

**[00198]** The disease or condition may also be a Rheumatic disease process, including but not limited to Kawasaki's disease, Rheumatoid arthritis, Felty's syndrome, ANCA-positive Vasculitis, Spontaneous Polymyositis, Dermatomyositis, Antiphospholipid syndromes, Recurrent spontaneous abortions, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Juvenile idiopathic arthritis, Raynaud's, CREST syndrome, or Uveitis.

**[00199]** The disease or condition may also be a dermatoinmunological disease process, including but not limited to Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis, Gangrene, Granuloma, Autoimmune skin blistering diseases including Pemphigus vulgaris, Bullous Pemphigoid, Pemphigus foliaceus, Vitiligo, Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome, Scleroderma, systemic sclerosis including diffuse and limited cutaneous systemic sclerosis, or Atopic dermatitis (especially steroid dependent).

**[00200]** The disease or condition may also be a musculoskeletal immunological disease process, including but not limited to Inclusion Body Myositis, Necrotizing fasciitis, Inflammatory Myopathies, Myositis, Anti-Decorin (BJ antigen) Myopathy, Paraneoplastic Necrotic Myopathy, X-linked Vacuolated Myopathy, Penicillamine-induced Polymyositis, Atherosclerosis, Coronary Artery Disease, or Cardiomyopathy.

**[00201]** The disease or condition may also be a gastrointestinal immunological disease process, including but not limited to pernicious anemia, autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, Celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis, cryptogenic cirrhosis, Reactive arthritis, Crohn's disease, Whipple's disease, ulcerative colitis, or sclerosing cholangitis.

**[00202]** The disease or condition may also be Graft Versus Host Disease, Antibody-mediated rejection of the graft, Post-bone marrow transplant rejection, Postinfectious disease inflammation, Lymphoma, Leukemia, Neoplasia, Asthma, Type 1 Diabetes mellitus with anti-beta cell antibodies, Sjogren's syndrome, Mixed Connective Tissue Disease, Addison's disease, Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada Syndrome, Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis,

Goodpasture's syndrome, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Wegener's granulomatosis, micropolyarteritis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, Polyarteritis nodosa or Multisystem organ failure.

[00203] In addition to having clinical utility for treating immunological disorders, stradobodies have therapeutic use in infectious disease, cancer, and inflammatory disease treatment. The stradobodies may be used essentially following known protocols for any corresponding therapeutic antibody. The stradobodies will generally be designed to enhance the effect demonstrated on an effector cell by a monoclonal antibody, such as ADCC in cancer or decreased monocyte and DC maturation with decreased cytokine release in autoimmune disease, and thereby potentiate the immune response against the cancer relative to that which would occur using, for example, a source monoclonal antibody for the Fab portion of the stradobody.

[00204] Infectious diseases, include, but are not limited to, those caused by bacterial, mycological, parasitic, and viral agents. Examples of such infectious agents include the following: staphylococcus, streptococcaceae, neisseriaaceae, cocci, enterobacteriaceae, pseudomonadaceae, vibrionaceae, campylobacter, pasteurellaceae, bordetella, francisella, brucella, legionellaceae, bacteroidaceae, clostridium, corynebacterium, propionibacterium, gram-positive bacilli, anthrax, actinomyces, nocardia, mycobacterium, treponema, borrelia, leptospira, mycoplasma, ureaplasma, rickettsia, chlamydiae, other gram-positive bacilli, other gram-negative bacilli, systemic mycoses, other opportunistic mycoses, protozoa, nematodes, trematodes, cestodes, adenoviruses, herpesviruses (including, for example, herpes simplex virus and Epstein Barr virus, and herpes zoster virus), poxviruses, papovaviruses, hepatitis viruses, papilloma viruses, orthomyxoviruses (including, for example, influenza A, influenza B, and influenza C), paramyxoviruses, coronaviruses, picornaviruses, reoviruses, togaviruses, flaviviruses, bunyaviridae, rhabdoviruses, respiratory syncitial virus, human immunodeficiency virus and retroviruses. Exemplary infectious diseases include but are not limited to candidiasis, candidemia, aspergillosis, streptococcal pneumonia, streptococcal skin and oropharyngeal conditions, gram negative sepsis, tuberculosis, mononucleosis, influenza, respiratory illness caused by Respiratory Syncytial Virus, malaria, schistosomiasis, and trypanosomiasis.

[00205] "Cancer" herein refers to or describes the physiological condition in mammals that is typically characterized by unregulated cell growth. Examples of cancer include

but are not limited to carcinoma, lymphoma, blastoma, sarcoma (including liposarcoma, osteogenic sarcoma, angiosarcoma, endotheliosarcoma, lymphangiosarcoma, lymphangioendotheliosarcoma, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, fibrosarcoma, myxosarcoma, chondrosarcoma,), osteoclastoma, neuroendocrine tumors, mesothelioma, chordoma, synovioma, schwannoma, meningioma, adenocarcinoma, melanoma, and leukemia or lymphoid malignancies. More particular examples of such cancers include squamous cell cancer (e.g. epithelial squamous cell cancer), lung cancer including small- cell lung cancer, non-small cell lung cancer, adenocarcinoma of the lung and squamous carcinoma of the lung, small cell lung carcinoma, cancer of the peritoneum, hepatocellular cancer, gastric or stomach cancer including gastrointestinal cancer, pancreatic cancer, glioblastoma, cervical cancer, ovarian cancer, liver cancer, bladder cancer, hepatoma, breast cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, colorectal cancer, endometrial or uterine carcinoma, salivary gland carcinoma, kidney or renal cancer, prostate cancer, vulval cancer, thyroid cancer, hepatic carcinoma, anal carcinoma, penile carcinoma, testicular cancer, esophageal cancer, tumors of the biliary tract, Ewing's tumor, basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, sweat gland carcinoma, sebaceous gland carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, papillary adenocarcinomas, cystadenocarcinoma, medullary carcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, renal cell carcinoma, hepatoma, bile duct carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, Wilms' tumor, testicular tumor, lung carcinoma, bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, glioma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, craniopharyngioma, ependymoma, pinealoma, hemangioblastoma, acoustic neuroma, oligodendrogloma, meningioma, melanoma, neuroblastoma, retinoblastoma, leukemia, lymphoma, multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, myelodysplastic disease, heavy chain disease, neuroendocrine tumors, Schwanoma, and other carcinomas, head and neck cancer, myeloid neoplasias such as acute myelogenous leukemias, including AML with maturation, AML without differentiation, acute promyelocytic leukemia, acute myelomonocytic leukemia, and acute monocytic leukemias, myelodysplastic syndromes, and chronic myeloproliferative disorders, including chronic myelogenous leukemia, tumors of the central nervous system, e.g., brain tumors (glioma, neuroblastoma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, ependymoma, and retinoblastoma), solid tumors (nasopharyngeal cancer, basal cell carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, cancer of the bile duct, Kaposi's

sarcoma, testicular cancer, uterine, vaginal or cervical cancers, ovarian cancer, primary liver cancer or endometrial cancer, tumors of the vascular system (angiosarcoma and hemangiopericytoma), hematologic neoplasias and neoplastic-like conditions for example, Hodgkin's lymphoma; non-Hodgkin's lymphomas (Burkitt's lymphoma, small lymphocytic lymphoma/chronic lymphocytic leukemia, mycosis fungoides, mantle cell lymphoma, follicular lymphoma, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, marginal zone lymphoma, hairy cell leukemia and lymphoplasmacytic leukemia), tumors of lymphocyte precursor cells, including B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma, and T-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia/lymphoma, thymoma, tumors of the mature T and NK cells, including peripheral T-cell leukemias, adult T-cell leukemia/T-cell lymphomas and large granular lymphocytic leukemia, osteolytic bone cancers, and bone metastasis.

**[00206]** Antibodies comprise Fab domains from which a stradobody may be designed. Exemplary monoclonal antibodies include but are not limited to 3F8, 8H9, abagovomab, abciximab, adalimumab, adecatumumab, afelizomab, afutuzumab, alacizumab pegol, ALD518, alemtuzumab, altumomab pentetate, amatuximab, anatumomab mafenatox, anrukizumab (IMA-638), apolizumab, arcitumomab, aselizumab, atinumab, atlizumab (tocilizumab), atorolimumab, bapineuzumab, basiliximab, bavituximab, bectumomab, belimumab, benralizumab, bertilimumab, besilesomab, bevacizumab, biciromab, bivatuzumab mertansine, blinatumomab, blosozumab, brentuximab vedotin, briakinumab, brodalumab, canakinumab, cantuzumab mertansine, cantuzumab ravtansine, capromab pendetide, carlumab, catumaxomab, CC49, cedelizumab, certolizumab pegol, cetuximab, Ch.14.18, citatuzumab bogatox, cixutumumab, clenoliximab, clivatuzumab tetraxetan, conatumumab, crenezumab, CR6261, dacetuzumab, daclizumab, dalotuzumab, daratumumab, denosumab, detumomab, dorlimomab aritox, drozitumab, ecromeximab, eculizumab, edobacomb, edrecolomab, efalizumab, efungumab, elotuzumab, elsilimomab, enavatuzumab, enlimomab pegol, enokizumab, ensituximab, epitumomab cituxetan, epratuzumab, erlizumab, ertumaxomab, etaracizumab, etrolizumab, exbivirumab, fanolesomab, faralimomab, farletuzumab, FBTA05, felvizumab, fezakinumab, ficiatuzumab, figitumumab, flanvotumab, fontolizumab, foralumab, foravirumab, fresolimumab, fulranumab, galiximab, ganitumab, gantenerumab, gavilimomab,

gemtuzumab ozogamicin, gevokizumab, girentuximab, glembatumumab vedotin, golimumab, gomiliximab, GS6624, ibalizumab, ibritumomab tiuxetan, icrucumab, igovomab, imciromab, indatuximab ravidansine, infliximab, intetumumab, inolimomab, inotuzumab ozogamicin, ipilimumab, iratumumab, itolizumab, ixekizumab, keliximab, labetuzumab, lebrikizumab, lemalesomab, lerdelimumab, lexatumumab, libivirumab, lintuzumab, lorvotuzumab mertansine, lucatumumab, lumiliximab, mapatumumab, maslimomab, mavrilimumab, matuzumab, mepolizumab, metelimumab, milatuzumab, minretumomab, mitumomab, mogamulizumab, morolimumab, motavizumab, moxetumomab pasudotox, muromonab-CD3, nacolomab tafenatox, namilumab, naptumomab estafenatox, narnatumab, natalizumab, nebacumab, necitumumab, nerelimumab, nimotuzumab, nefertumomab merpantan, ocrelizumab, odulimomab, ofatumumab, olaratumab, olokizumab, omalizumab, onartuzumab, oportuzumab monatox, oregovomab, otelixizumab, oxelumab, ozoralizumab, pagibaximab, palivizumab, panitumumab, panobacumab, pascolizumab, pateclizumab, pemtumomab, pertuzumab, pexelizumab, pintumomab, poneczumab, priliximab, pritumumab, PRO 140, racotumomab, radretumab, rafivirumab, ramucirumab, ranibizumab, raxibacumab, regavirumab, reslizumab, rilotumumab, rituximab, robatumumab, roledumab, romosozumab, rontalizumab, rovelizumab, ruplizumab, samalizumab, sarilumab, satumomab pendetide, secukinumab, sevirlumab, sibrotuzumab, sifalimumab, siltuximab, siplizumab, sirukumab, solanezumab, sonepcizumab, sontuzumab, stamulumab, sulesomab, suvizumab, tabalumab, tacatuzumab tetraxetan, tadocizumab, talizumab, tanezumab, taplitumomab paptox, tefibazumab, telimomab aritox, tenatumomab, teneliximab, teplizumab, teprotumumab, TGNI412, ticitumumab (tremelimumab), tigatuzumab, TNX-650, tocilizumab (=atilizumab), toralizumab, tositumomab, tralokinumab, trastuzumab, TRBS07, tregalizumab, tremelimumab, tucotuzumab celmoleukin, tuvivumab, ublituximab, urelumab, urtoxazumab, ustekinumab, vapaliximab, vatalizumab, vedolizumab, veltuzumab, vepalimomab, vesencumab, visilizumab, volociximab, votumumab, zalutumumab, zanolimumab, ziralimumab, and zolimomab aritox.

[00207] The stradobody of the present invention may be specific for a cytokine. For example, the stradobody of the present invention may be specific for an Interferon (such as, for example, IFN $\gamma$ , IFN $\alpha$ , or IFN $\beta$ ), IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-8, IL-10, IL-12, IL-13, IL-

15, IL-17, or IL-23. In one embodiment, the stradobody of the current invention is specific for a cytokine, and is useful for treatment or prevention of one or more inflammatory diseases or autoimmune diseases. For example, in one embodiment, the stradobody is an anti-IL-2, anti-IL-8, or anti-IL-17 stradobody.

[00208] The term "autoimmune disease" as used herein refers to a varied group of more than 80 chronic illnesses. In all of these diseases, the underlying problem is that the body's immune system attacks the body itself. Autoimmune diseases affect all major body systems including connective tissue, nerves, muscles, the endocrine system, skin, blood, and the respiratory and gastrointestinal systems.

[00209] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a hematoimmunological process, including but not limited to Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura, alloimmune/autoimmune thrombocytopenia, Acquired immune thrombocytopenia, Autoimmune neutropenia, Autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Parvovirus B19-associated red cell aplasia, Acquired antifactor VIII autoimmunity, acquired von Willebrand disease, Multiple Myeloma and Monoclonal Gammopathy of Unknown Significance, Sepsis, Aplastic anemia, pure red cell aplasia, Diamond-Blackfan anemia, hemolytic disease of the newborn, Immune-mediated neutropenia, refractoriness to platelet transfusion, neonatal, post-transfusion purpura, hemolytic uremic syndrome, systemic Vasculitis, Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, or Evan's syndrome.

[00210] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a neuroimmunological process, including but not limited to Guillain-Barre syndrome, Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyradiculoneuropathy, Paraproteinemic IgM demyelinating Polyneuropathy, Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome, Myasthenia gravis, Multifocal Motor Neuropathy, Lower Motor Neuron Syndrome associated with anti-/GMI, Demyelination, Multiple Sclerosis and optic neuritis, Stiff Man Syndrome, Paraneoplastic cerebellar degeneration with anti-Yo antibodies, paraneoplastic encephalomyelitis, sensory neuropathy with anti-Hu antibodies, epilepsy, Encephalitis, Myelitis, Myelopathy especially associated with Human T-cell lymphotropic virus-1, Autoimmune Diabetic Neuropathy, or Acute Idiopathic Dysautonomic Neuropathy.

[00211] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a Rheumatic disease process, including but not limited to Kawasaki's disease, Rheumatoid arthritis, Felty's syndrome, ANCA-positive Vasculitis, Spontaneous Polymyositis, Dermatomyositis, Antiphospholipid syndromes, Recurrent spontaneous abortions, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Juvenile idiopathic arthritis, Raynaud's, CREST syndrome, or Uveitis.

[00212] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a dermatoimmunological disease process, including but not limited to Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis, Gangrene, Granuloma, Autoimmune skin blistering diseases including Pemphigus vulgaris, Bullous Pemphigoid, and Pemphigus foliaceus, Vitiligo, Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome, Scleroderma, systemic sclerosis including diffuse and limited cutaneous systemic sclerosis, or Atopic dermatitis (especially steroid dependent).

[00213] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a musculoskeletal immunological disease process, including but not limited to Inclusion Body Myositis, Necrotizing fasciitis, Inflammatory Myopathies, Myositis, Anti-Decorin (BJ antigen) Myopathy, Paraneoplastic Necrotic Myopathy, X-linked Vacuolated Myopathy, Penicillamine -induced Polymyositis, Atherosclerosis, Coronary Artery Disease, or Cardiomyopathy.

[00214] The autoimmune disease or condition may be a gastrointestinal immunological disease process, including but not limited to pernicious anemia, autoimmune chronic active hepatitis, primary biliary cirrhosis, Celiac disease, dermatitis herpetiformis, cryptogenic cirrhosis, Reactive arthritis, Crohn's disease, Whipple's disease, ulcerative colitis, or sclerosing cholangitis.

[00215] The autoimmune disease or condition may be Graft Versus Host Disease, Antibody -mediated rejection of the graft, Post-bone marrow transplant rejection, Post-infectious disease inflammation, Lymphoma, Leukemia, Neoplasia, Asthma, Type 1 Diabetes mellitus with anti-beta cell antibodies, Sjogren's syndrome, Mixed Connective Tissue Disease, Addison's disease, Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada Syndrome, Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis, Goodpasture's syndrome, Graves' disease, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, Wegener's granulomatosis, micropolyarteritis, Churg-Strauss syndrome, Polyarteritis nodosa or Multisystem organ failure.

**[00216]** In another embodiment, the stradobodies herein described could be utilized in a priming system wherein blood is drawn from a patient and transiently contacted with the stradobodies for a period of time from about one half hour to about three hours prior to being introduced back into the patient. In this form of cell therapy, the patient's own effector cells are exposed to stradobodies that are fixed on a matrix *ex vivo* in order to modulate the effector cells through exposure of the effector cells to the stradobodies. The blood including the modulated effector cells are then infused back into the patient. Such a priming system could have numerous clinical and therapeutic applications.

**[00217]** The stradobodies disclosed herein may also be readily applied to alter immune system responses in a variety of contexts to affect specific changes in immune response profiles. Altering or modulating an immune response in a subject refers to increasing, decreasing or changing the ratio or components of an immune response. For example, cytokine production or secretion levels may be increased or decreased as desired by targeting the appropriate combination of Fc $\gamma$ Rs with a stradobody designed to interact with those receptors. Antibody production may also be increased or decreased; the ratio of two or more cytokines or immune cell receptors may be changed; or additional types of cytokines or antibodies may be caused to be produced. The immune response may also be an effector function of an immune cell expressing a Fc $\gamma$ R, including increased or decreased phagocytic potential of monocyte macrophage derived cells, increased or decreased osteoclast function, increased or decreased antigen presentation by antigen-presenting cells (e.g. Dendritic Cells), increased or decreased NK cell function, increased or decreased B-cell function, as compared to an immune response which is not modulated by an immunologically active biomimetic disclosed herein.

**[00218]** In a preferred embodiment, a subject with cancer or an autoimmune or inflammatory disease or infectious disease has their immune response altered comprising the step of administering a therapeutically effective amount of a stradobody described herein to a subject, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of the stradobody alters the immune response in the subject. Ideally this intervention treats the disease or condition in the subject. The altered immune response may be an increased or a decreased response and may involve altered cytokine levels including the levels of any of IL-6, IL-10, IL-8, IL-23, IL-7, IL-4, IL-12, IL-13, IL-17,

TNF-alpha and IFN-alpha. In a preferred embodiment, IL-6 or IL-8 are decreased in response to therapy. In an especially preferred embodiment, IL-6 and IL-8 are decreased in a sustained response to therapy. The invention is however not limited by any particular mechanism of action of the described biomimetics. The altered immune response may be an altered autoantibody level in the subject. The altered immune response may be an altered autoaggressive T-cell level in the subject.

[00219] For example, reducing the amount of TNF-alpha production in autoimmune diseases can have therapeutic effects. A practical application of this is anti-TNF-alpha antibody therapy (e.g. Remicade®) which is clinically proven to treat Plaque Psoriasis, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Psoriatic Arthritis, Crohn's Disease, Ulcerative Colitis and Ankylosing Spondylitis. These autoimmune diseases have distinct etiologies but share key immunological components of the disease processes related to inflammation and immune cell activity. A stradobody designed to reduce TNF-alpha production will likewise be effective in these and many other autoimmune diseases. The altered immune response profile may also be direct or indirect modulation to effect a reduction in antibody production, for example autoantibodies targeting a subject's own tissues, or altered autoaggressive T-cell levels in the subject. For example, Multiple Sclerosis is an autoimmune disorder involving autoreactive T-cells which may be treated by interferon beta therapy. See, e.g., Zafranskaya M, et al., Interferon-beta therapy reduces CD4+ and CD8+ T-cell reactivity in multiple sclerosis, *Immunology* 2007 May;121(1):29-39-Epub 2006 Dec 18. A stradobody design to reduce autoreactive T-cell levels will likewise be effective in Multiple Sclerosis and may other autoimmune diseases involving autoreactive T-cells.

[00220] The stradobodies described herein may be used to modulate expression of co-stimulatory molecules from an immune cell, including a dendritic cell, a macrophage, an osteoclast, a monocyte, or an NK cell or to inhibit in these same immune cells differentiation, maturation, or cytokine secretion, including interleukin-12 (IL-12), or of increasing cytokine secretion, including interleukin-10 (IL-10), or interleukin-6 (IL-6). A skilled artisan may also validate the efficacy of an immunologically active biomimetic by exposing an immune cell to the immunologically active biomimetic and measuring modulation of the immune cell function,

wherein the immune cell is a dendritic cell, a macrophage, an osteoclast, or a monocyte. In one embodiment the immune cell is exposed to the immunologically active biomimetic in vitro and further comprising the step of determining an amount of a cell surface receptor or of a cytokine production, wherein a change in the amount of the cell surface receptor or the cytokine production indicates a modulation of the immune cell function. In another embodiment the immune cell is exposed to the immunologically active biomimetic in vivo in a model animal for an autoimmune disease further comprising a step of assessing a degree of improvement in the autoimmune disease. The stradobodies described herein may be used to modulate expression of co-stimulatory molecules from a B cell.

[00221] The methods of the invention can be applied to any animal species and the IgG molecules from which the IgG-derived portions of Fc reagents are made can be from any animal species. Naturally, relevant animal species are those in which IgG or IgG-like molecules occur. Generally the species to which the methods are applied and the species from which the IgG-derived portions of the Fc reagents used in the methods are the same. However, they are not necessarily the same. Relevant animal species are preferably mammals and these include, without limitation, humans, non-human primates (e.g., monkeys, baboons, and chimpanzees), horses, bovine animals (e.g., bulls, cows, or oxen), pigs, goats, sheep, dogs, cats, rabbits, gerbils, hamsters, rats, and mice. Non-mammalian species include, for example, birds (e.g., chickens, turkeys, and ducks) and fish.

[00222] The stradobodies disclosed herein have a number of further applications and uses.

### *Examples*

#### Example 1. Production and purification of HER2/neu-specific stradobodies

[00223] A synthetic DNA construct encoding the trastuzumab variable and CH1 region was obtained from Blue Heron Biotechnology (Bothell, WA) and fused by PCR to a corresponding Fc region containing the human IgG1 hinge, CH2 and CH3 regions to generate a reading frame encoding the full trastuzumab antibody heavy chain. cDNA was cloned into the

expression vector pOptiVec (Invitrogen) for expression in mammalian cells. Simultaneously, a similar synthetic construct was obtained containing the trastuzumab light chain and cloned into the vector pcDNA3.3 (Invitrogen). Stradobody heavy chain constructs were generated by overlapping PCR using the trastuzumab heavy chain as a template with primers encoding the multimerization domains and linker regions. PCR products were cloned into the pOptiVec expression vector by TA cloning to generate the stradobody expression constructs. Following TA cloning, all constructs were confirmed by sequencing of the complete coding frame as well as surrounding sequences. For stradobody protein expression, large scale DNA plasmid isolation was performed by endotoxin-free plasmid purification kits (Macherey Nagel) and protein produced in 293-T HEK or CHO cells by transient protein expression. Stradobody protein was expressed by co-transfection of heavy-chain and light chain DNA constructs. Stradobody protein was purified by FPLC on an AKTAxpress using protein G affinity chromatography followed by desalting on a HiPrep desalting column (GE life sciences). Stradobody constructs are shown in Table 3.

[00224] To observe the formation of stradobody multimers, purified stradobodies were analyzed by non-reducing SDS-PAGE gel. Bands of higher molecular weight relative to the unaltered antibody GB2500 indicated multimer formation in several constructs. As shown in Figure 8, several C-terminal stradobodies exhibited higher molecular weight bands relative to the unaltered protein. In particular, several high molecular weight bands were detected upon analysis of the construct GB2547. Serial stradobody constructs were also tested. As shown in Figure 9, several serial stradobody constructs, particularly multimerizing serial stradobody GB2542, exhibited higher molecular weight bands relative to the unaltered antibody GB2500.

[00225] Other stradobodies directed against targets other than HER2/neu are produced, purified, and analyzed in an analogous manner. These other stradobodies include the GB3500 series directed against EGFR, the GB4500 series directed against CD20, and the GB7500 series directed against TNF.

#### Example 2. Cytotoxicity and binding activity of HER2/neu-specific stradobodies

[00226] Antibody-dependent cell cytotoxicity was determined for several stradobodies, in comparison to the unaltered antibody GB2500. The ADCC assay was performed on freshly isolated NK cells as effectors cells with the low HER2/neu expressing tumor cell line MDA-MB-231 as the target cell line. MDA-MB-231 cells were radioactively labeled with Cr-51, followed by a one hour incubation with one of the five following solutions: media only, media containing a non-binding human IgG1, media containing the monoclonal antibody GB2500, and media containing the stradobody to be tested. Cells were then plated out with freshly isolated human NK cells at varying NK to tumor cell ratios for four hours and the amount of killing was determined by the amount of Cr-51 released free into the media after the cells had been pelleted.

[00227] One to four independently expressed and purified protein batches from each of a total of 18 proteins, including GB2500, were tested. The effector to target cell ratios tested were 50:1, 25:1, 12.5:1 and 6.5:1. Where the NK yield permitted, a ratio of 100:1 was used. Figure 10 shows a representative example of ADCC data, demonstrating the increased ADCC observed with GB2542 relative to GB2500 over the range of effector to target cells. Figure 10 also demonstrates the variability of two different independently purified batches of GB2500.

[00228] The compiled ADCC data on all 12 anti-HER2/neu stradobodies and GB2500 are shown in Table 3. Each row in Table 3 represents a purified and tested stradobody batch (e.g., four batches of GB2542 were produced and tested). Data are presented as percent killing by NK cells isolated from the indicated donor, at the indicated ratio of effector to target cell.

[00229] The results of the study showed that surprisingly, even though the novel stradobodies and the trastuzumab antibody GB2500 share the identical Fab, several stradobodies were significantly more potent in ADCC response. GB2542 was particularly potent in ADCC assays. The rank order of the ADCC response in this particular experiment was as follows: GB2542 (multimerizing serial stradobody with two multimerization domains) > GB2547 (multimerizing C-terminal stradobody with two multimerization domains) > GB2550 (multimerizing C-terminal stradobody with one multimerization domain) > GB2500 > human Isotope control and media control.

**Table 3.** Compiled HER2/neu-specific stradobody ADCC data.

NAME	Stradobody Structure	donor I		Donor I		Donor II		Donor II		Donor III		Donor III		Donor IV		Donor IV		Donor IV		Donor V	
		25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	25:1	50:1	100:1	25:1	50:1	100:1	25:1	
GB 2500		4.34	4.96	1.96	5.76	2.13	3.82														
GB 2500				6.58	13.13																
GB 2500						2.79	4.28	16.27	25.5												
GB2500																					
GB 2524		13.3	21.1															28.6	41.2	50.4	15.8
GB 2534																	6.67	9.87	13.8		
GB2534																	18.6	9.86	34.7	6.32	
GB 2538				15.7	23.7																
GB2538																	38.2	51.4	54.5		
GB 2540		15.7	21														26.2	39	43.6		
GB 2542				17.2	26.3																
GB 2542						10.7	14.9										46.1	47.9	55.7	20.9	
GB2542																	40.5	57.2	60.4		
GB 2545						1.58	3.1														
GB2545																	6.89	10.9	13.9		
GB 2546				14.9	24.1												29.8	33.6	44.3	10.6	
GB2546																	5.88	9.4			
GB 2547				9.6	19.1																
GB 2547						14.3	19.4										23.2	32.9	39.8		
GB 2549		6.1	8.6																		
GB2549																	31.4	31.3	41.3		
GB 2550		10.8	14.6	10	14.7	4.17	6.05	17.6	26.7									20.8	30.8	4.57	
GB2550																	4.16	3.8	11.9	14.5	
GB 2554																					
GB 2555																	4.76	7.1	20	27.6	
GB2555																			15.7	25.2	33.7

[00230] In addition to the effector to target cell ratio response ADCC, an analysis of the stradobody concentration response ADCC was conducted. The ADCC assay was performed with concentrations of stradobodies and HER2/neu antibody varying from 0.4 to 4000 ng/mL to assess the dose response of the stradobodies. The ratio of NK cells to MDA-MB-231 target cells was kept constant at 25:1 for these experiments. The results of the study are shown in Figure 11. The concentration-dependent analysis confirmed the increased ADCC activity of stradobodies, particularly GB2542, relative to the trastuzumab antibody (GB2500). Based on this experiment, multimerizing serial stradobody GB2542 was estimated to be more than 2-log more potent in the ADCC assay than GB2500, despite the fact that the two molecules share the same Fab.

[00231] The binding strength of the stradobodies in comparison to GB2500 was assessed as measured by plasmon resonance, using a Biacore 3000 system. Recombinant human Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa was diluted to 3 $\mu$ g/ml in 10mM Sodium Acetate pH 5.0 and manually immobilized onto a flow cell of a CM5 chip. Stradobodies or GB2500 were diluted to 1  $\mu$ M with HBS-EP (0.01 M HEPES pH 7.4, 0.15M NaCl, 1 mM EDTA, 0.005% Surfactant P20) and perfused over the immobilized human Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa as follows. After activation of the flow cell, 3 $\mu$ g/ml of the protein was injected in 1  $\mu$ l increments at a flow rate of 5 $\mu$ l/min until an RU (resonance unit) of 400 was reached. The flow cell was then blocked with 1M Ethanolamine. Another flow cell was used as a blank control. Typically, 20 $\mu$ l of the diluted samples were injected at a flow rate of 20 $\mu$ l/min. Regeneration of the flow cell was performed by an extended wash with running buffer HBS-EP at 20  $\mu$ L/min.

[00232] Examples of binding data are shown in Figure 12. The binding curve for the parental antibody GB2500, the high binder / high ADCC stradobodies GB2542 (multimerizing serial) and GB2547 (multimerizing C-terminal), and the low binders / low ADCC stradobody GB2554 (non-multimerizing serial) are shown. As a comparison, a binding curve for the mouse Fc based antibody MB2500 is included as an example of a non/low binder. The rank order of binding strength is indicated in Figure 13. Several of the stradobodies had a higher RU max than GB2500. In addition, GB2542 in this assay had the highest RU max and among the slowest rates of dissociation.

[00233] Next, the correlation between the ADCC activity and the binding measured by Biacore was evaluated. The ADCC activity was calculated as fold difference relative to the ADCC activity of the monoclonal antibody GB2500. When two GB2500 batches were measured in the same experiment for the same donor, the average ADCC was used to calculate the mean fold difference in ADCC. The binding was measured as RU max and the data presented in Figure 14. For several of the stradobodies, there was an average fold increase in ADCC higher than the parental antibody (GB2500=1). While the data set was somewhat limited in quantity and some variance in the ADCC activity was observed, there seemed to be an overall correlation between binding and ADCC activity. Importantly, for several of the high ADCC / high binding stradobodies, including GB2542 (multimerizing serial with two multimerization domains),

GB2524 (multimerizing serial with one multimerization domain and one linker), GB2547 (multimerizing C-terminal with two multimerization domains) and GB2540 (multimerizing serial with one multimerization domain), higher order forms were readily observable on the non-denaturing gels indicating a correlation between multimer formation, receptor binding, and ADCC activity.

[00234] Overall, the results of the study indicated that several of the stradobody constructs exhibited higher ADCC and stronger binding activity compared to the monoclonal antibody GB2500, which shares the same Fab as all of the stradobodies tested. The stradobody construct exhibiting the highest ADCC and strongest binding activity was GB2542, comprising an isoleucine zipper multimerization domain and an IgG2 hinge multimerization domain located between the two Fc domains. In addition, there was a significant degree of correlation between binding measured by plasmon resonance and ADCC activity.

[00235] Other stradobodies directed against targets other than HER2/neu are assessed for cytotoxicity and binding in an analogous manner. These other stradobodies include the GB3500 series directed against EGFR, the GB4500 series directed against CD20, and the GB7500 series directed against TNF.

#### Example 3. Further purification of stradobodies

In order to determine if stradobody multimers and monomers could be successfully separated, GB2054 was purified by ion exchange chromatography on a Mono Q column.

[00236] The results of the study, shown in Figure 15, demonstrated that higher order multimers could be separated from monomers. Multimer peaks were not easily identified in the unfractionated peak (lane SB), but were readily detectable after ion exchange. Without wishing to be bound by theory, it is thought that purification of stradobody multimers will increase the potency of the compounds.

#### Example 4. Enhanced multimerization and Fc<sub>Y</sub>RIIIa binding of stradobodies with multimerization domains

[00237] In order to more stringently assess multimerization of the serial stradobody compounds, a sensitive SDS-PAGE gel method was used to compare multimerization of stradobody constructs to one another and to the HER2 monoclonal antibody construct GB2500. 4-12% gels were used for non-reduced SDS-PAGE, and 12% gels were used for reduced SDS-PAGE. All samples were loaded at 2 $\mu$ g and run at 150V for approximately 2.3 hours prior to Coomassie staining.

[00238] As shown in Figure 16, the control mAb GB2500 (lane 1) and the non-multimerizing serial stradobody construct GB2555 (lane 7), which has a non-multimerizing linker between the two IgG1 Fc regions, did not multimerize. Similarly, non-multimerizing serial stradobody construct GB2554 (lane 6), which has a G4S linker domain between the two IgG1 Fc regions, exhibited little multimerization. Some multimerization was evident for multimerizing serial stradobody constructs GB2538 (lane 3) and GB2540 (lane 4), which have an isoleucine zipper or an IgG2 hinge multimerization domain, respectively, between the two IgG1 Fc regions. Multimerizing serial stradobody construct GB2524 (lane 2) has a G4S linker domain and an IgG2 hinge multimerization domain between the two IgG1 Fc regions, but multimerized poorly. In contrast to the lesser degree of multimerization of GB2538, GB2540, and GB2524, multimerizing serial stradobody construct GB2542, which has an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge between the two IgG1 Fc regions, exhibited a great deal of multimerization (lane 5).

[00239] To analyze the binding of the GB2500 parent antibody and each of the serial stradobody constructs to Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa, a binding analysis was performed in which purified Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa-His was loaded onto a ForteBio anti-penta-His sensor (Cat # 18-5077) at 10 $\mu$ g/ml. GB2500 (produced in HEK cells), GB2524, GB2538, GB2540, GB2542, GB2554, or GB2555 were incubated with the receptor in 1x kinetics buffer (ForteBio Cat # 18-5032) to measure on rate (K<sub>on</sub>) and the sensor tip later transferred to binding buffer to measure off rate (K<sub>dis</sub>). GB2500 antibodies were tested at concentrations ranging from 3333-208 nM, and the stradobodies were tested at concentrations ranging from 200 – 12.5 nM. KD was calculated from on and off rate using ForteBio analysis software. As shown in Table 4 and Figure 17, multimerizing serial stradobodies GB2542 and GB2538 exhibited the lowest KD, and therefore the best binding capacity.

**Table 4. Kinetics binding data summary**

	KD	Kon	Kon+/-	Kdis	Kdis+/-	Rmax	R2	X2
GB2500	2.75E-07	6.74E+04	3.02E+03	1.85E-02	1.28E-03	1.335	0.984	0.2903
GB2524	3.94E-09	2.38E+05	4.08E+03	9.36E-04	2.54E-05	1.1079	0.997	0.1058
GB2538	1.23E-10	2.21E+05	8.04E+03	2.71E-05	4.37E-05	1.666	0.989	0.3945
GB2540	5.11E-09	1.79E+05	4.09E+03	9.16E-04	2.73E-05	1.127	0.997	0.1335
GB2542	1.49E-10	2.28E+05	8.77E+03	3.39E-05	4.65E-05	1.362	0.987	0.3185
GB2554	4.38E-09	3.99E+05	1.34E+04	1.74E-03	6.00E-05	0.6158	0.988	0.1848
GB2555	3.14E-09	1.95E-05	2.27E+03	6.12E-04	1.82E-05	0.793	0.998	0.0296

All compounds were generated in the same CHO transient transfection system.

[00240] Binding data from other stradobodies directed against targets other than Her2/neu are analogous. These other stradobodies include the GB3500 series directed against EGFR, the GB4500 series directed against CD20, and the GB7500 series directed against TNF.

[00241] The results of the study confirmed that GB2542 exhibited superior multimerization compared to the control mAb and all other serial stradobody constructs tested, as reported above. In addition, GB2542 and GB2538 exhibited the most robust binding to Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa. Together, the data showing superior multimerization and Fc $\gamma$ RIIIa binding capacity of GB2542 were supportive of the data presented above with regard to the superior ADCC observed with GB2542.

**Example 5. Multimerizing stradobodies reduce serum IgM and B cells in the peripheral blood in an in vivo mouse model**

[00242] Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID) mice were injected intraperitoneally with  $5 \times 10^7$  human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) at week 0. At weeks 2 through 10, mice were injected intraperitoneally with PBS, GB4500 (10nM weekly), GB4563 (1.7 nM weekly), or GB4542 (1.4nM weekly). GB4500 was injected three times per week, while PBS,

GB4563, and GB4542 were each injected one time per week. Therefore, stradobodies were administered not only less frequently relative to the monoclonal antibody, but were also given at a lower molar dose. Molarity was based on the molecular weights estimated from non-reduced SDS-PAGE. Blood samples were collected at weeks 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 16, and 20 relative to the adoptive transfer of human PBMC, and were evaluated for B cell numbers and serum human IgM. At the endpoint of the study (i.e., at week 21), mice were euthanized and spleens were harvested and evaluated for numbers of B cells. The experimental flow chart is shown schematically in Figure 18.

[00243] Human IgM in the serum of mice treated with PBS, GB4500, GB4563, or GB4542 was evaluated by ELISA. The stradobodies GB4563 and GB4542 were as effective as the monoclonal antibody GB4500 in decreasing human IgM levels (Figure 19).

[00244] The number of human B cells per mL of peripheral blood collected from mice treated with PBS, GB4500, GB4563, or GB4542 was evaluated by flow cytometry. The stradobodies GB4563 and GB4542 were at least as effective as the monoclonal antibody GB4500 in decreasing human B cells in the peripheral blood (Figure 20).

[00245] At the end of the study, mice were euthanized and B cells in the spleen were enumerated by flow cytometry. Stradobody GB4563 was as effective as monoclonal antibody GB4500 in decreasing the number of human B cells present in the spleen. Stradobody GB4542, was more effective than the monoclonal antibody GB4500 in decreasing the number of human B cells present in the spleen (Figure 21).

[00246] The results of the study showed that despite the fact that the stradobodies GB4563 and GB4542 were administered at lower doses compared to the monoclonal antibody GB4500, the stradobodies were at least as effective both in reducing serum human IgM levels and in reducing human B cell numbers. In addition, the anti-CD20 stradobody GB4542 induced B cell depletion better than the corresponding anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody GB4500.

#### Example 6. Multimerizing stradobodies inhibit proliferation of B cell lymphoma cell lines

[00247] B cell lymphoma cells (Daudi, Ramos, 454B, and 924B cell lines) were cultured in the presence of various concentrations of human IgG (negative control), monoclonal antibody

GB4500, or the stradobody GB4542 for 3 days. 0.5  $\mu$ ci 3H-TdR was added to the cultures, and incorporation of 3H-TdR was measured in corrected counts per minute (CCPM) 16 hours later. The inhibition of cell proliferation was calculated using the formula: (1 – experimental condition CCPM/no treatment CCPM) x 100%. The results of the study are shown in Figures 22 and 23, which are representative of 3 independent experiments. GB4542 was at least as effective at direct inhibition of cell proliferation as GB4500 in all B lymphocyte cell lines at all concentrations as measured by  $\mu$ g/mL (Figure 22) or in moles (Figure 23). GB4542 was significantly more effective at direct inhibition of Ramos cells, 454B cells, and 924B cells at a range of concentrations in  $\mu$ g/mL and at a range of pmol/mL (Figures 22 and 23).

[00248] The results of the study showed that the anti-CD20 stradobody GB4542 mediated enhanced inhibition of proliferation of B cell lymphoma cell lines in comparison to the corresponding anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody GB4500.

**Example 7. Multimerizing stradobodies mediate CDC of B cell lymphoma cell lines**

[00249] B cell lymphoma cells (Daudi, Ramos, 454B, and 924B cell lines) were cultured in the presence of various concentrations of human IgG (negative control), monoclonal antibody GB4500, or stradobody GB4542 or GB4596, and in the presence or absence of rabbit complement for 1 hour. The extent of cytotoxicity was measured by flow cytometric analysis of annexin V / 7-AAD staining. The results of the study are shown in Figures 24 and 25, which are representative of 2 independent experiments. Stradobody GB4596 was as effective as monoclonal antibody GB4500 at CDC at all concentrations, as measured in  $\mu$ g/mL (Figure 24) or in moles (Figure 25). Strikingly, stradobody GB4542 was more effective than monoclonal antibody GB4500 at all concentrations tested, as measured in  $\mu$ g/mL (Figure 24) or in moles (Figure 25).

[00250] The results of the study indicated that B cell lymphoma cell lines exhibit increased susceptibility to CDC in the presence of the anti-CD20 stradobody GB4542, in comparison with its corresponding anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody, GB4500. These effects occur at stradobody concentrations that are at least one log order lower than traditional monoclonal antibody concentrations.

[00251] Together, the data showed that stradobodies induce equivalent or superior ADCC, CDC, DC, and inhibition of proliferation of B lymphoma cell lines when compared to the corresponding monoclonal antibody. The superior activity of stradobodies was present even when the stradobodies were tested at a lower concentration relative to the concentration of the monoclonal antibody. These results indicated that the stradobodies of the present invention offer a therapeutic benefit over traditional monoclonal antibodies or other antigen-binding molecules.

**Example 8. Multimerizing stradobodies reduce mean tumor volume in an in vivo mouse model**

[00252] Studies were conducted to assess the extent to which a CD20-specific stradobody exhibits tumor cell killing in vivo, relative to an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody sharing the identical Fab. Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID) mice were injected subcutaneously with  $5 \times 10^7$  Raji cells at day 0. At day 10, tumor volume reached  $100\text{mm}^3$ , and CD20-specific stradobody (GB4542) or monoclonal antibody (GB4500) treatment was initiated. Equimolar GB4542 (13.5 mg/kg) or GB4500 (10mg/kg) was administered 4 times daily by intratumoral injection with CpG (100 $\mu\text{g}$  per injection) or without CpG (PBS). Control mice received PBS alone or PBS with CpG. Tumor size was measured every 1-3 day. Tumor size was calculated as width<sup>2</sup> x length/2. When tumor volume reached  $2000\text{m}^3$ , mice were euthanized.

[00253] The results of the study are shown in Figures 26 and 27. For both GB4542 with CpG and GB4500 with CpG groups, the mean (Figure 26) and median (Figure 27) tumor volume remained at or near baseline levels throughout the study (i.e., through at least day 23). Treatment with GB4500 in the absence of CpG resulted in about half the tumor volume of the PBS group at the last timepoint prior to euthanization that PBS groups were measured (day 18 of both Figures 26 and 27). Furthermore, treatment with GB4500 in the absence of CpG resulted in equal mean (Figure 26) and median (Figure 27) tumor volume compared to the PBS/CpG group at day 18, and only marginally lower mean tumor volume (Figure 26) or approximately half of the median tumor volume (Figure 27) relative to the PBS/CpG group at the final timepoint (day 23). In contrast, treatment with GB4542 in the absence of CpG resulted in a drastic reduction in mean as

well as median tumor volume through day 23 relative to the tumor volume in mice treated with GB4500 alone (Figures 26 and 27, respectively). The results of the study therefore demonstrate that GB4542 exhibits superior results relative to the corresponding monoclonal antibody with respect to mean tumor volume *in vivo*.

**Example 9. Stradobodies reduce inflammation in an *in vivo* mouse model of arthritis**

[00254] A collagen-induced arthritis (CIA) mouse model is employed to determine the efficacy of stradobodies in inhibiting the inflammation, pannus formation, cartilage destruction, and bone resorption associated with type II collagen arthritis in mice.

[00255] Male mice are anesthetized with Isoflurane and intradermally administered 150 $\mu$ l of bovine Type II collagen in Freund's complete adjuvant (with supplemental *M. tuberculosis*, 4 mg/mL; Difco) on study days 0 and 21 of the study. In this model, onset of arthritis occurs on study days 18-35. Mice are monitored for clinical signs of disease using the following clinical scoring scale:

0 = normal

1 = 1 hind or fore paw joint affected or minimal diffuse erythema and swelling

2 = 2 hind or fore paw joints affected or mild diffuse erythema and swelling

3 = 3 hind or fore paw joints affected or moderate diffuse erythema and swelling

4 = marked diffuse erythema and swelling, or 4 digit joints affected

5 = severe diffuse erythema and severe swelling of entire paw, unable to flex digits

[00256] One group of mice (n=4) is naïve (i.e., is not administered collagen). All other groups of mice are randomized after collagen administration to receive intravenous injections of PBS, GB7500 (anti-TNF monoclonal antibody), GB7542 (anti-TNF multimerizing stradobody), GB4500 (anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody), or GB4542 (anti-CD20 multimerizing stradobody), at the doses indicated below in Table 5.

**Table 5. Groups of mice in collagen-induced arthritis study**

Cpm	Mice	Concentration mg/ml	Dose mg/kg	Volume per dose $\mu$ l	ml / vial	mg / vial	# of vials	Route	Endotoxin Level EU/mg
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PBS	10			400	4.8	9.6	5	IV	<0.05
<b>GB7500</b>	10	0.75	15	400	4.8	3.6	5	IV	<0.07
<b>GB7542</b>	10	1.00	20	400	4.8	4.8	5	IV	<0.05
<b>GB4500</b>	10	0.75	15	400	4.8	3.6	5	IV	<0.07
<b>GB4542</b>	10	1.00	20	400	4.8	4.8	5	IV	<0.05

[00257] Mice are randomized into one of the five treatment groups after swelling is obviously established in at least one paw (i.e., clinical score of at least 1; the first day that the animal is graded at a clinical score of 1 is designated arthritis day 1).

[00258] Treatment with PBS, GB7500, GB7542, GB4500, or GB4542 is initiated after randomization and continued for 10 days. Body weight is determined on arthritis days 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11; and paw score is determined on each of arthritis days 1 through 11. Plasma, serum, and whole blood are collected on various study days to measure pharmacokinetics and/or anti-collagen responses, for example using anti-collagen ELISA assays. Animals are necropsied on arthritis day 11. Tissues, including joints, are collected and analyzed histologically.

[00259] Clinical data for paw scores are analyzed by determining the area under the dosing curve (AUC) for arthritis days. For calculation of AUC, the daily mean scores for each mouse are entered into Microsoft Excel and the area between the treatment days after the onset of disease to the termination day is computed. Means for each group are determined and % inhibition from arthritis controls is calculated using the following formula:

$$\% \text{ Inhibition} = A - B/A \times 100$$

$$A = \text{Mean Disease Control} - \text{Mean Normal}$$

$$B = \text{Mean Treated} - \text{Mean Normal}$$

[00260] Data are analyzed using a Student's t-test or Mann-Whitney U test (non parametric). If appropriate, data are further analyzed across all groups, using a one-way analysis

of variance (1-way ANOVA) or Kruskal-Wallis test (non-parametric), along with the appropriate multiple raw (untransformed) data only. Statistical tests make certain assumptions regarding the data's normality and homogeneity of variance, and further analysis may be required if testing resulted in violations of these assumptions. Significance for all tests will be set at  $p \leq 0.05$ .

[00261] The results of the study will demonstrate that stradobodies provide superior treatment of CIA relative to monoclonal antibodies sharing the identical Fab as the stradobody. Specifically, the study will show that treatment with multimerizing anti-CD20 stradobodies and multimerizing anti-TNF stradobodies results in reduced development and/or progression of CIA relative to anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies or anti-TNF monoclonal antibodies, respectively. The study will show that treatment of CIA with stradobodies is superior to the corresponding monoclonal antibody despite the fact that the stradobody and its corresponding monoclonal antibody share the identical Fab.

**Example 10. Multimerizing stradobodies exhibit superior C1q complement binding relative to the corresponding monoclonal antibody or to non-multimerizing stradobodies sharing the same Fab.**

[00262] A complement binding assay was conducted to compare C1q binding of three multimerizing stradobodies relative to the corresponding monoclonal antibodies having the same Fabs as the multimerizing stradobodies.

[00263] ELISA plates were coated with 1  $\mu$ g/mL in PBS at 100  $\mu$ L volume of complement component C1q human serum (Sigma Cat#:C1740-0.5MG) overnight at 4°C. The plates were washed 3 times with phosphate buffered saline (PBS) containing 0.05% Tween. Non-specific binding was blocked using PBS containing 1% BSA and 0.05% Tween solution for 2h at room temperature. Coated wells were then incubated with experimental compounds at various concentrations for 2 hours at room temperature. Plates were washed 3 times with PBS containing 0.05% Tween and incubated with 1:5000 biotinylated mouse anti-human IgG1(Cat#555869, BD Biosciences) and Streptavidin-HRP (Cat#: 7100-05 SouthernBiotech) as detection reagent for 1 hour at room temperature. Wells were washed 3 times and detected with standard TMB ELISA detection method, and absorbance was read at 450 nm.

[00264] GB4542 and the corresponding mAb sharing the same Fab (GB4500), GB7542 and the corresponding mAb sharing the same Fab (GB7500) and GB2542 and the corresponding mAb sharing the same Fab (GB2500) were tested for complement C1q binding. Surprisingly, all three of the multimerizing antibodies tested (GB4542, GB7442, and GB2542) exhibited exponentially higher complement C1q binding relative to their corresponding mAbs (Figure 28). In particular, GB4542 exhibited an extremely high level of complement C1q binding. GB4542, GB7542, and GB2542 each share the identical multimerization domains and Fc regions, and differ only in that each has a different Fab. Thus, unexpectedly, the Fab on the multimerizing stradobody affects the level of complement C1q binding.

[00265] The data were log transformed with a curve fit using GraphPad prism 5, a commercially available software, and the EC50 (in ug/ml) was calculated for each molecule tested. EC50 is the half-maximal effective concentration and refers to the concentration of a molecule that gives the half-maximal response. Strikingly, the EC50 for each stradobody was 10-20 times lower than the EC50 for the corresponding antibody (Figure 29). Specifically, the EC50 for stradobody GB7542 was 8.69, whereas the EC50 for the corresponding mAb GB7500 was 202.0; the EC50 for stradobody GB4542 was 3.25, whereas the EC50 for the corresponding mAb GB4500 was 34.5; and the EC50 for stradobody GB2542 was 11.0, whereas the EC50 for the corresponding mAb GB2500 could not be determined due to the extremely low level of C1q binding exhibited by this molecule (Figure 29). Thus, the concentration of stradobody required to give a half-maximal complement binding response was at least 10-20 times lower than that required for a monoclonal antibody having the same Fab to achieve a half-maximal complement binding response. In addition, the concentration of stradobody required to give a half-maximal complement binding response was influenced by the stradobody's Fab, and not just the multimerizing and Fc regions. Further complement binding assays were conducted to assess the complement C1q binding capacity of non-multimerizing stradobodies relative to their multimerizing counterpart or to the corresponding monoclonal antibody sharing the same Fab. In order to assess complement C1q binding, complement assays were conducted as described above using GB2500, GB2542, and the linear, non-multimerizing stradobodies GB2554 and GB2555, all four of which share the same anti Her2/neu Fab. The non-multimerizing stradobodies

GB2554 and GB2555 each exhibited superior complement Clq binding relative to the monoclonal antibody GB2500 (Figure 30); however, the multimerizing stradobody GB2542 exhibited far superior complement Clq binding compared to either of the non-multimerizing stradobodies (Figure 30). Furthermore, the EC50 value for the multimerizing stradobody GB2542 was 2.5-7.0 times lower than the EC50 values for GB2554 and GB2555. Specifically, the EC50 value for complement Clq binding for GB2542 was 3.83, whereas the EC50 value for complement Clq binding for GB2554 and GB2555 were 26.4 and 9.45, respectively (Figure 31).

[00266] The results of the study indicated that, unexpectedly, multimerizing stradobodies exhibited dramatically superior complement binding relative to the corresponding monoclonal antibody sharing the same Fab. The results also indicated that while non-multimerizing stradobodies exhibit superior complement binding relative to the corresponding monoclonal antibody sharing the same Fab, multimerizing stradobodies exhibit far superior complement binding relative to non-multimerizing stradobodies sharing the same Fab. Finally, the study showed that the Fab on the multimerizing stradobody dramatically affects the amount of Clq binding.

[00267] All, documents, patents, patent applications, publications, product descriptions, and protocols which are cited throughout this application are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties for all purposes.

[00268] The embodiments illustrated and discussed in this specification are intended only to teach those skilled in the art the best way known to the inventors to make and use the invention. Modifications and variation of the above-described embodiments of the invention are possible without departing from the invention, as appreciated by those skilled in the art in light of the above teachings. It is therefore understood that, within the scope of the claims and their equivalents, the invention may be practiced otherwise than as specifically described.

**[00269]** It is to be noted that, throughout the description and claims of this specification, the word 'comprise' and variations of the word, such as 'comprising' and 'comprises', is not intended to exclude other variants or additional components, integers or steps. Modifications and improvements to the invention will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art. Such modifications and improvements are intended to be within the scope of this invention.

**[00270]** Any reference to or discussion of any document, act or item of knowledge in this specification is included solely for the purpose of providing a context for the present invention. It is not suggested or represented that any of these matters or any combination thereof formed at the priority date part of the common general knowledge, or was known to be relevant to an attempt to solve any problem with which this specification is concerned.

## **EDITORIAL NOTE**

**2013305885**

Accepted claims page 97 contains  
claim '78'. This has been  
notionally designated as claim 7.

The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A stradobody comprising an Fab domain; two or more Fc domains; and one or more multimerization domains, wherein the one or more multimerization domains separates the two Fc domains, and wherein the one or more multimerization domains multimerizes said stradobody.
2. The stradobody of claim 1, wherein the one or more multimerization domains are independently selected from the group consisting of an isoleucine zipper, an IgG2 hinge, and a GPP repeat.
3. The stradobody of claim 1, wherein the stradobody comprises at least one IgG2 hinge domain, wherein the amino acid sequence of the IgG2 hinge domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 3, and wherein the IgG2 hinge multimerizes said stradobody.
4. The stradobody of claim 1, wherein the stradobody comprises at least one isoleucine zipper, wherein the amino acid sequence of the at least one isoleucine zipper is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 32, and wherein the isoleucine zipper multimerizes said stradobody.
5. The stradobody of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the stradobody comprises two multimerization domains.
6. The stradobody of claim 5, wherein the two multimerization domains are an isoleucine zipper and an IgG2 hinge or an IgG2 hinge and a GPP repeat.
78. The stradobody of claim 6, wherein the two multimerization domains separate two Fc domains.
8. The stradobody of any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein at least one of the two or more Fc domains is an IgG1 Fc domain, and wherein the IgG1 Fc domains comprises an IgG1 CH2 and IgG1 CH3.

9. The stradobody of claim 8, wherein the amino acid sequence of at least one of the two or more IgG1 Fc domain is at least 80% homologous to SEQ ID NO: 2.

10. The stradobody of any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to carboxy terminus:

- (a) an Fab domain;
- (b) a first Fc domain;
- (c) an isoleucine zipper;
- (d) an IgG2 hinge; and
- (e) a second Fc domain.

11. The polypeptide of any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the stradobody comprises, from amino to

carboxy terminus:

- (a) an Fab domain;
- (b) a first Fc domain;
- (c) an IgG2 hinge;
- (d) an isoleucine zipper; and
- (e) a second Fc domain.

12. A method of treating an inflammatory disease, autoimmune disease, infectious disease, or cancer in a subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject an effective amount of the stradobody of any one of claims 1 to 11.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein the subject has an autoimmune or inflammatory disease, and wherein the autoimmune or inflammatory disease is selected from the group consisting of Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura, Guillain-Barre syndrome, Myasthenia gravis, Multiple Sclerosis, optic neuritis, Kawasaki's disease, Rheumatoid arthritis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Atopic dermatitis, Atherosclerosis, Coronary Artery Disease, Cardiomyopathy, Reactive arthritis, Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, Graft Versus Host Disease, Type 1 Diabetes mellitus, alloimmune/autoimmune thrombocytopenia, Acquired immune thrombocytopenia, Autoimmune neutropenia, Autoimmune hemolytic anemia, Parvovirus B19-associated red cell aplasia, Acquired antifactor VIII autoimmunity, acquired von Willebrand disease, Multiple Myeloma and Monoclonal Gammopathy of Unknown Significance, Sepsis, Aplastic anemia, pure red cell aplasia, Diamond-Blackfan anemia,

hemolytic disease of the newborn, Immune-mediated neutropenia, refractoriness to platelet transfusion, neonatal, post-transfusion purpura, hemolytic uremic syndrome, systemic Vasculitis, Thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura, or Evan's syndrome.

14. The method of claim 12, wherein the subject has an infectious disease, and wherein the infectious disease is selected from the group consisting of candidiasis, candidemia, aspergillosis, streptococcal pneumonia, streptococcal skin and oropharyngeal conditions, gram negative sepsis, tuberculosis, mononucleosis, influenza, respiratory illness caused by Respiratory Syncytial Virus, Human Immunodeficiency Virus, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, malaria, schistosomiasis, Methicillin-resistant Staph aureus, Vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus, carbapenem-resistant and carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae, mycobacterial disease and trypanosomiasis.

15. Use of the stradobody of any one of claims 1 to 11 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory disease, autoimmune disease, infectious disease, or cancer.

Figure 1

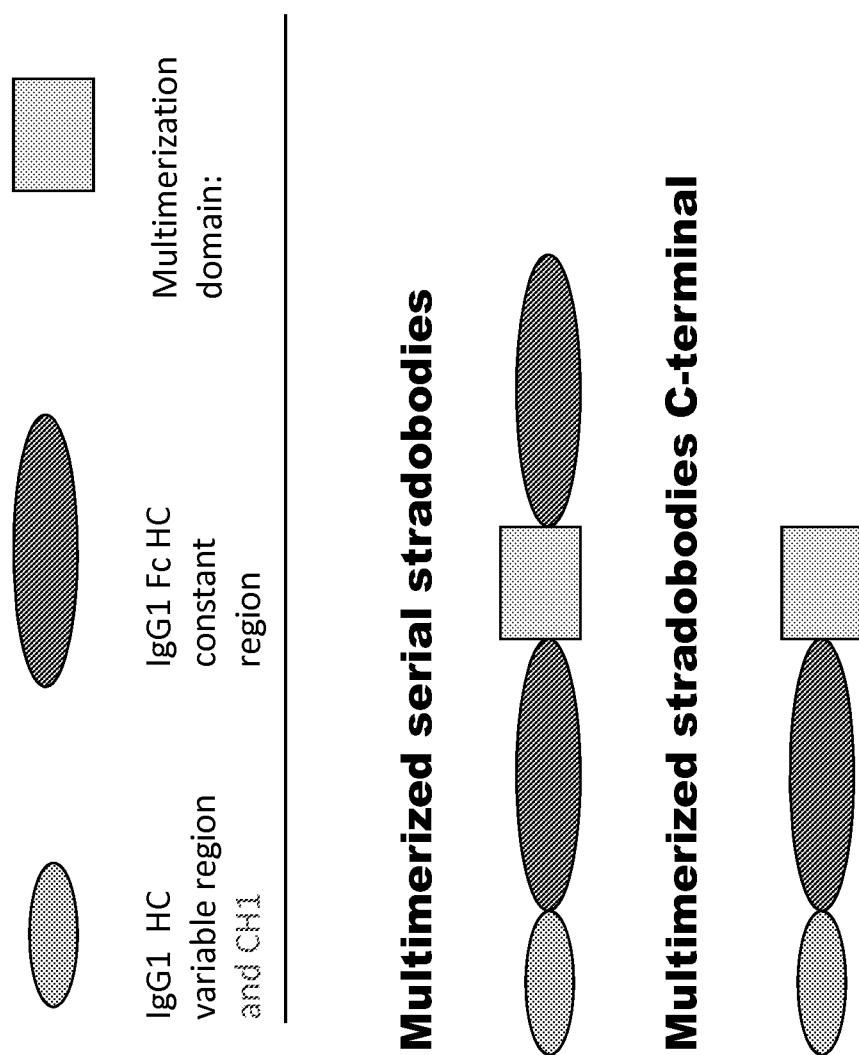


Figure 2

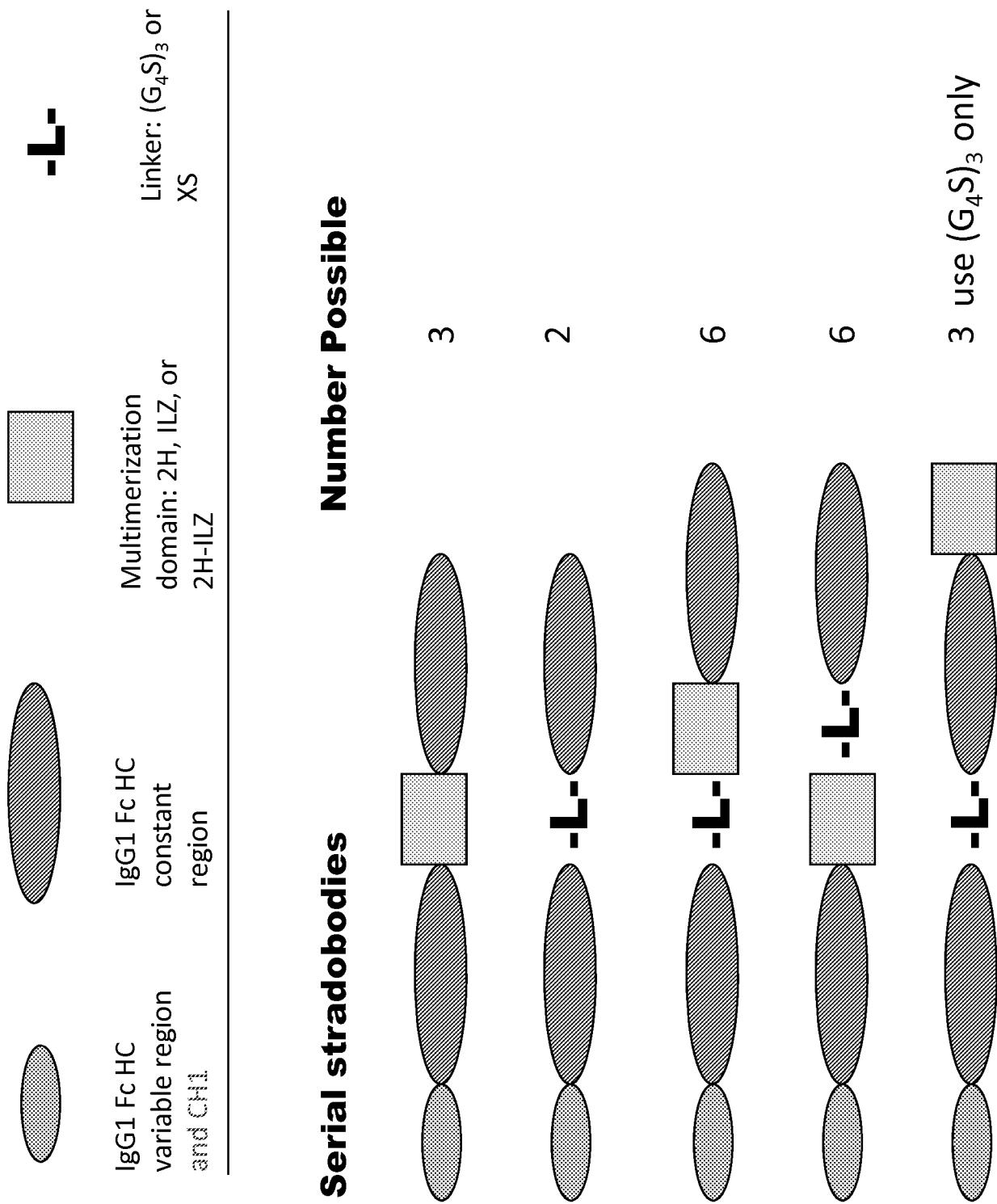


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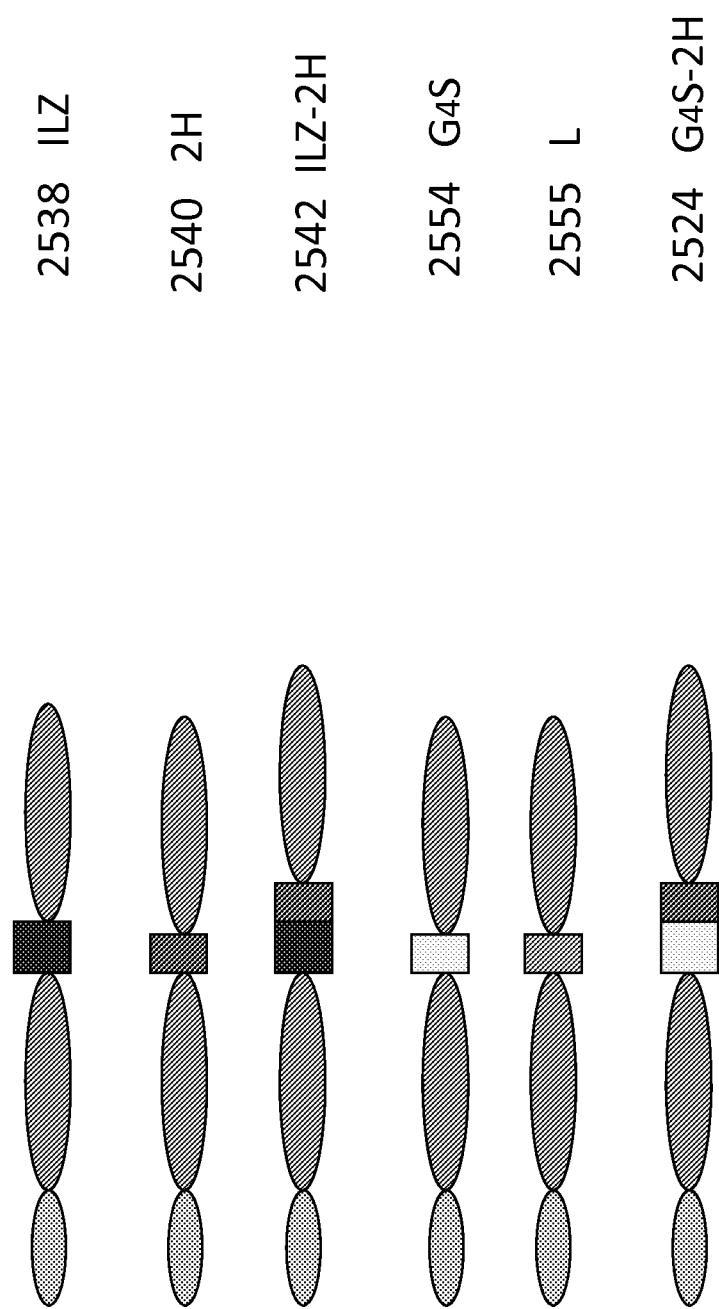
**Serial stradobodies**

Figure 4

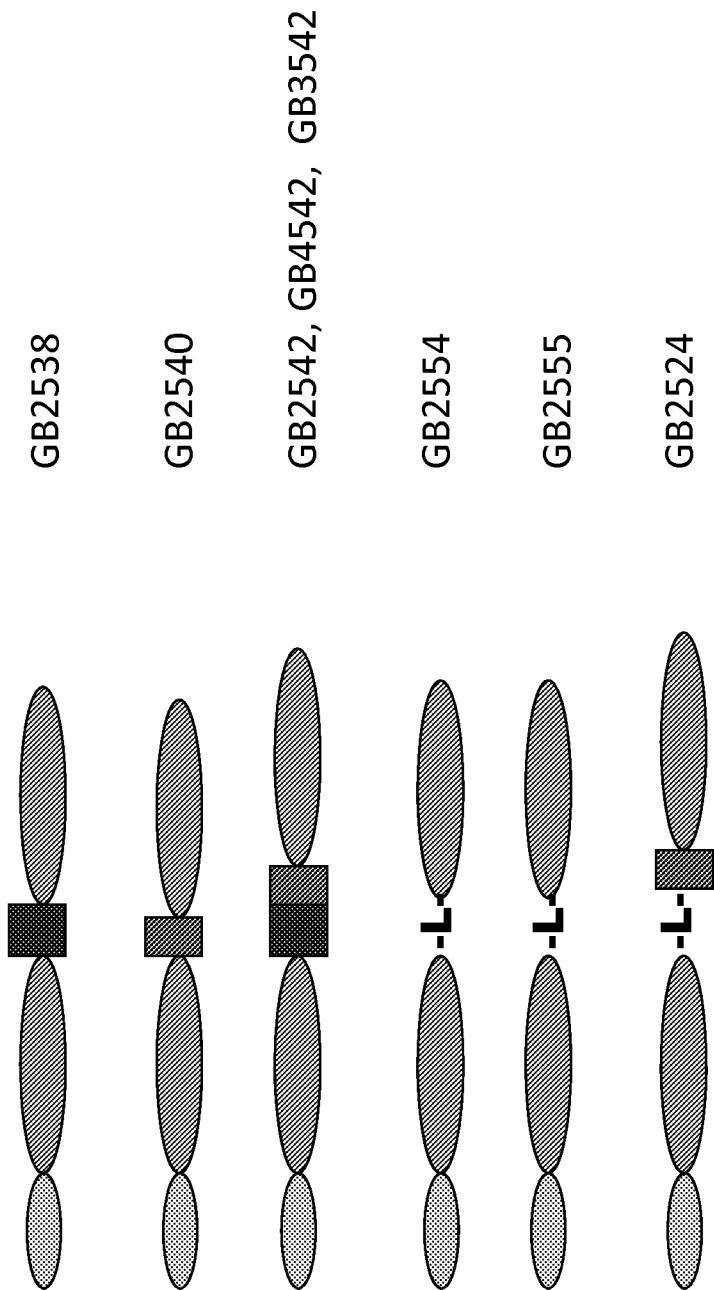
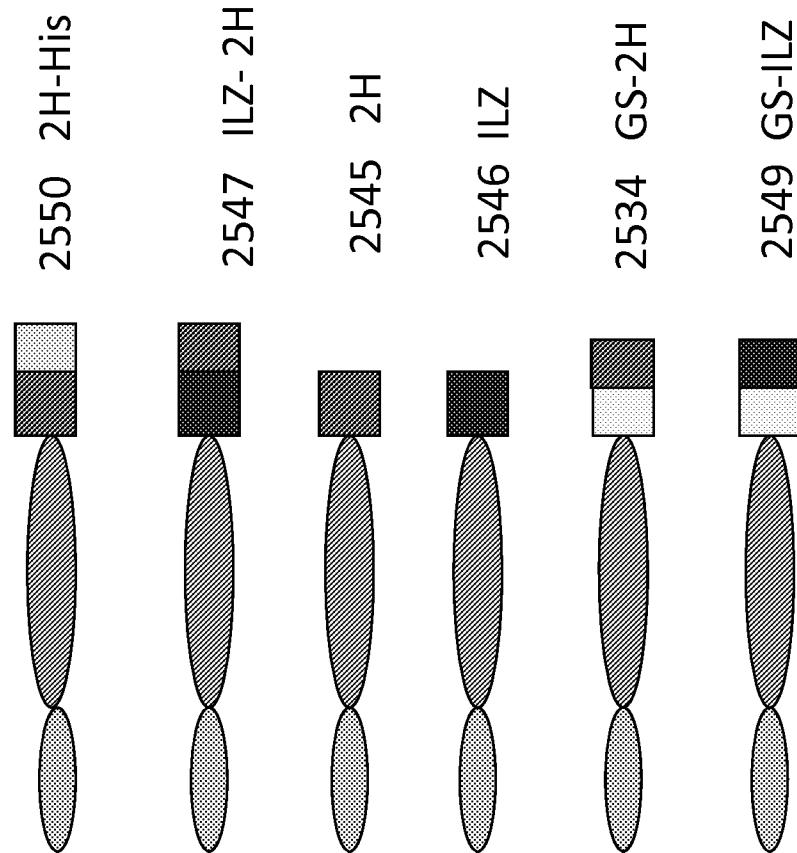
**Serial stradobodies**

Figure 5

**Multimerized stradobodies C-term**

## Multimerized stradobodies C-terminal

Figure 6

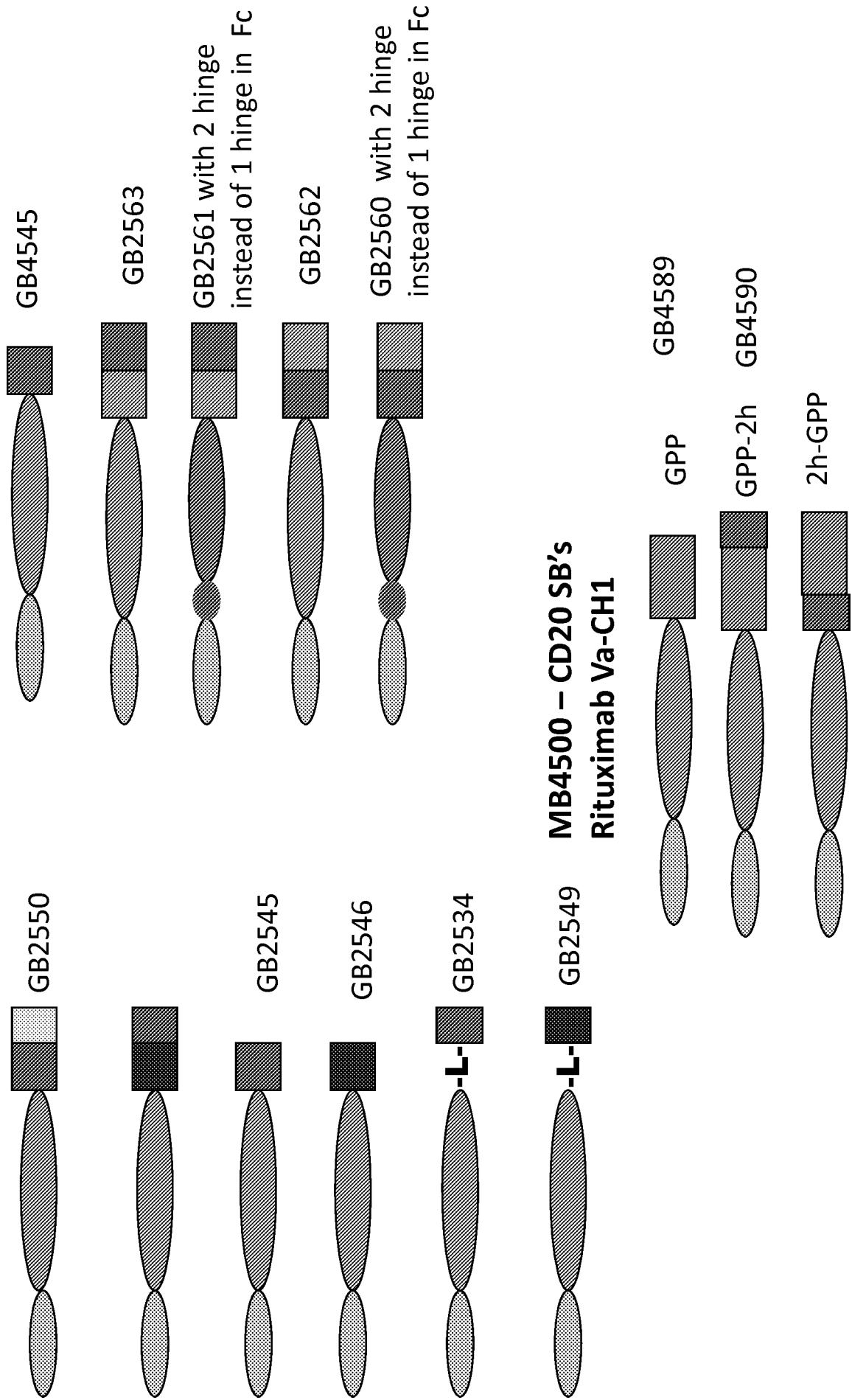


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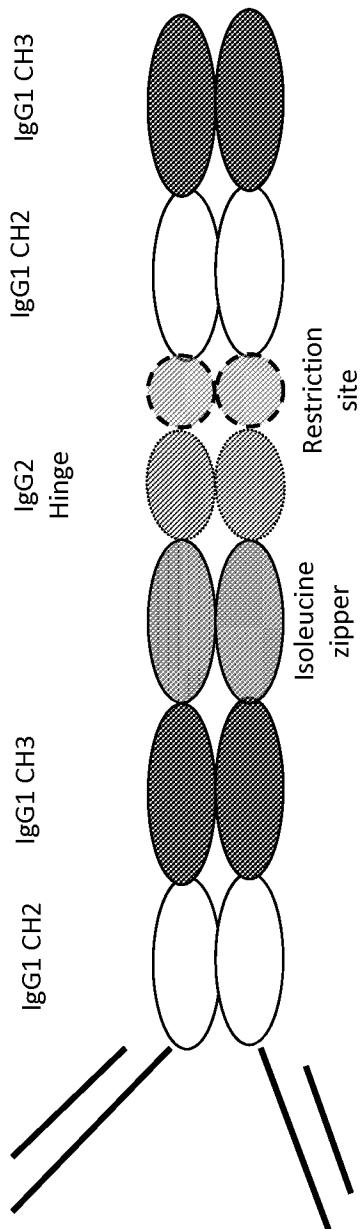


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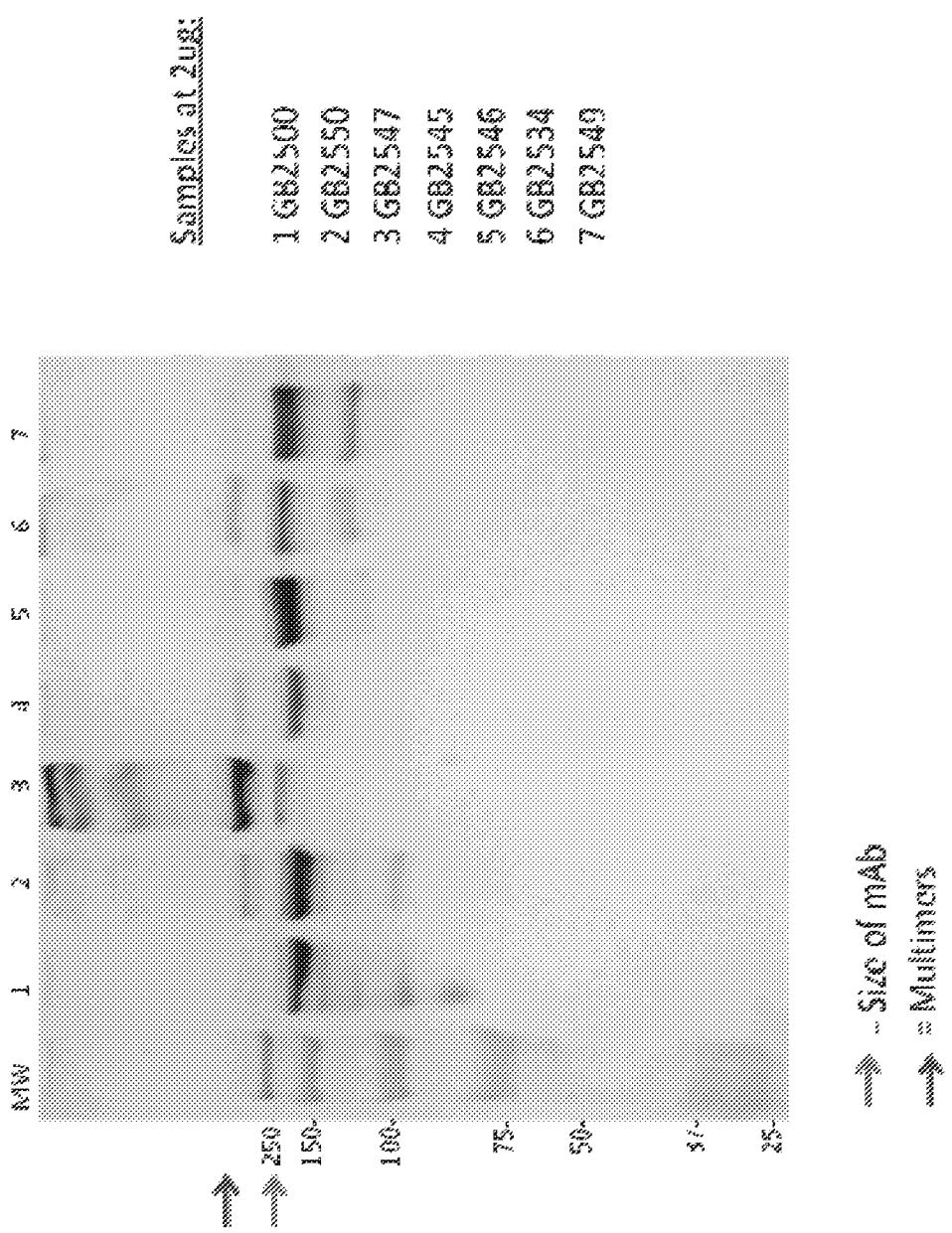


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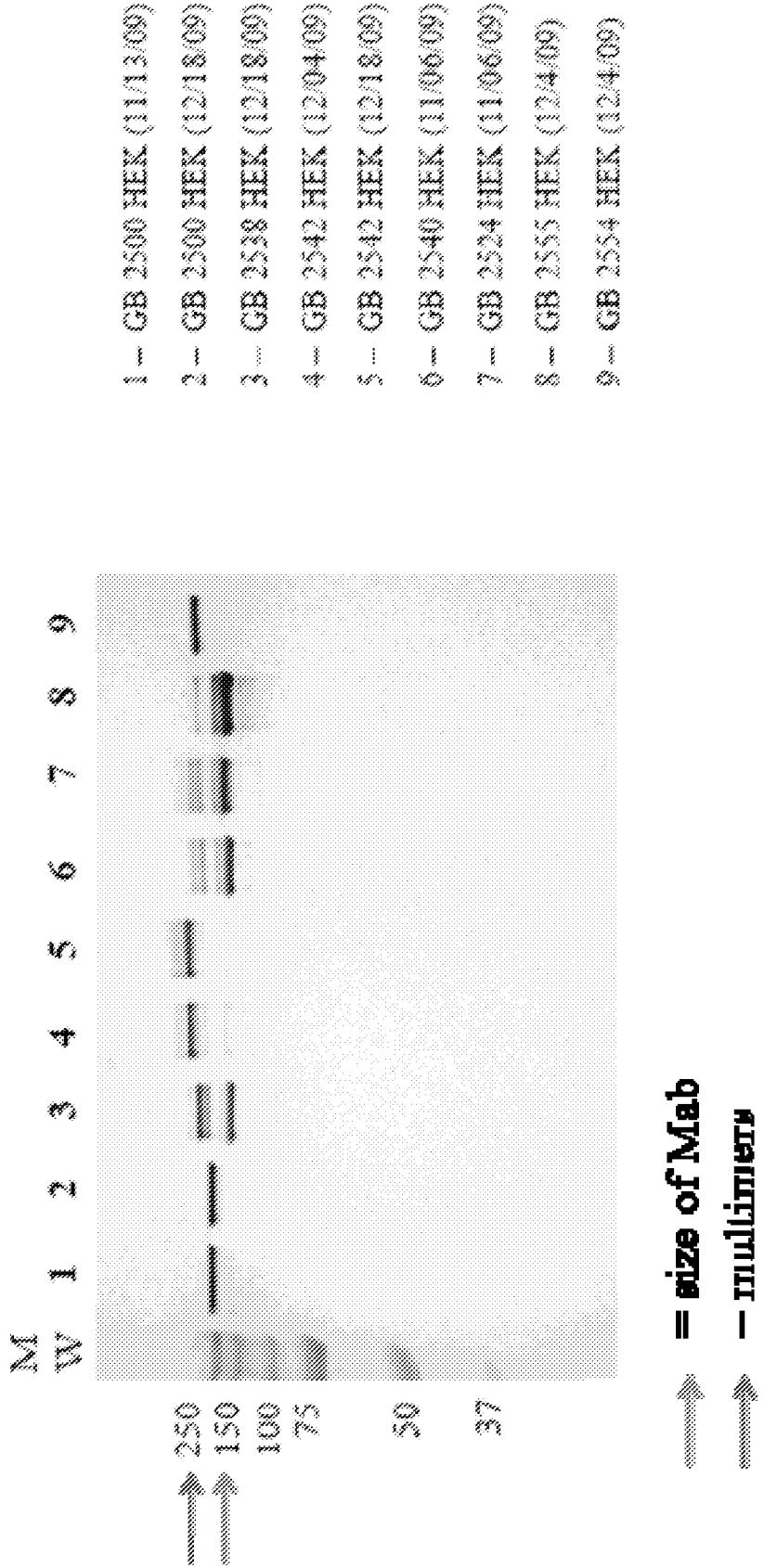


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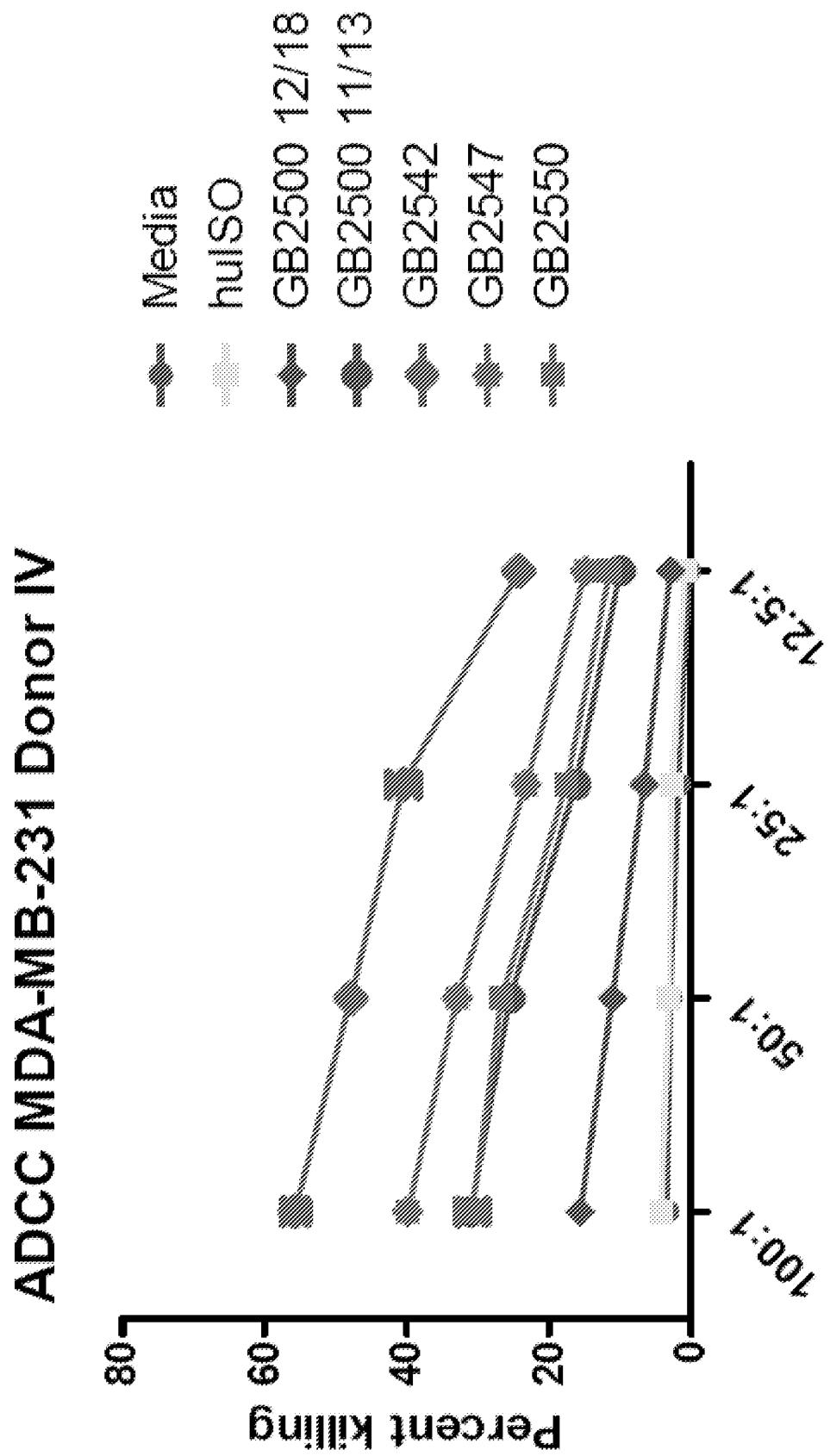
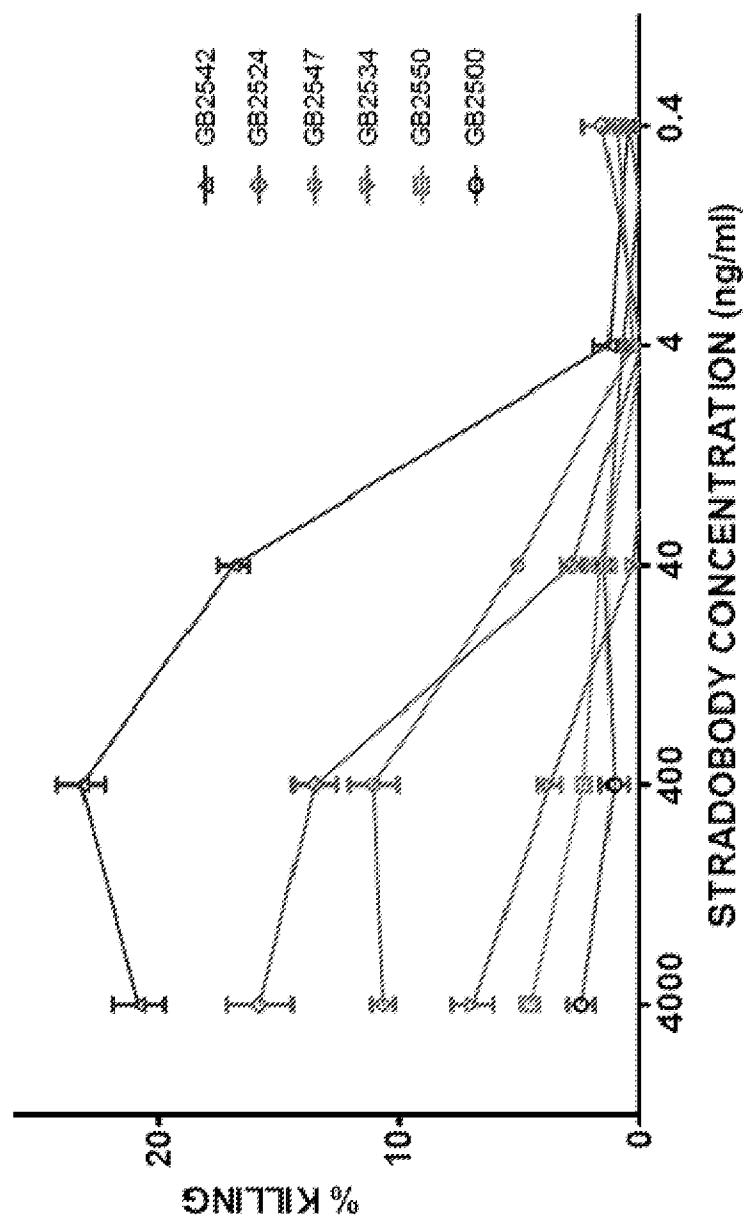


Figure 11



12/31

Figure 12

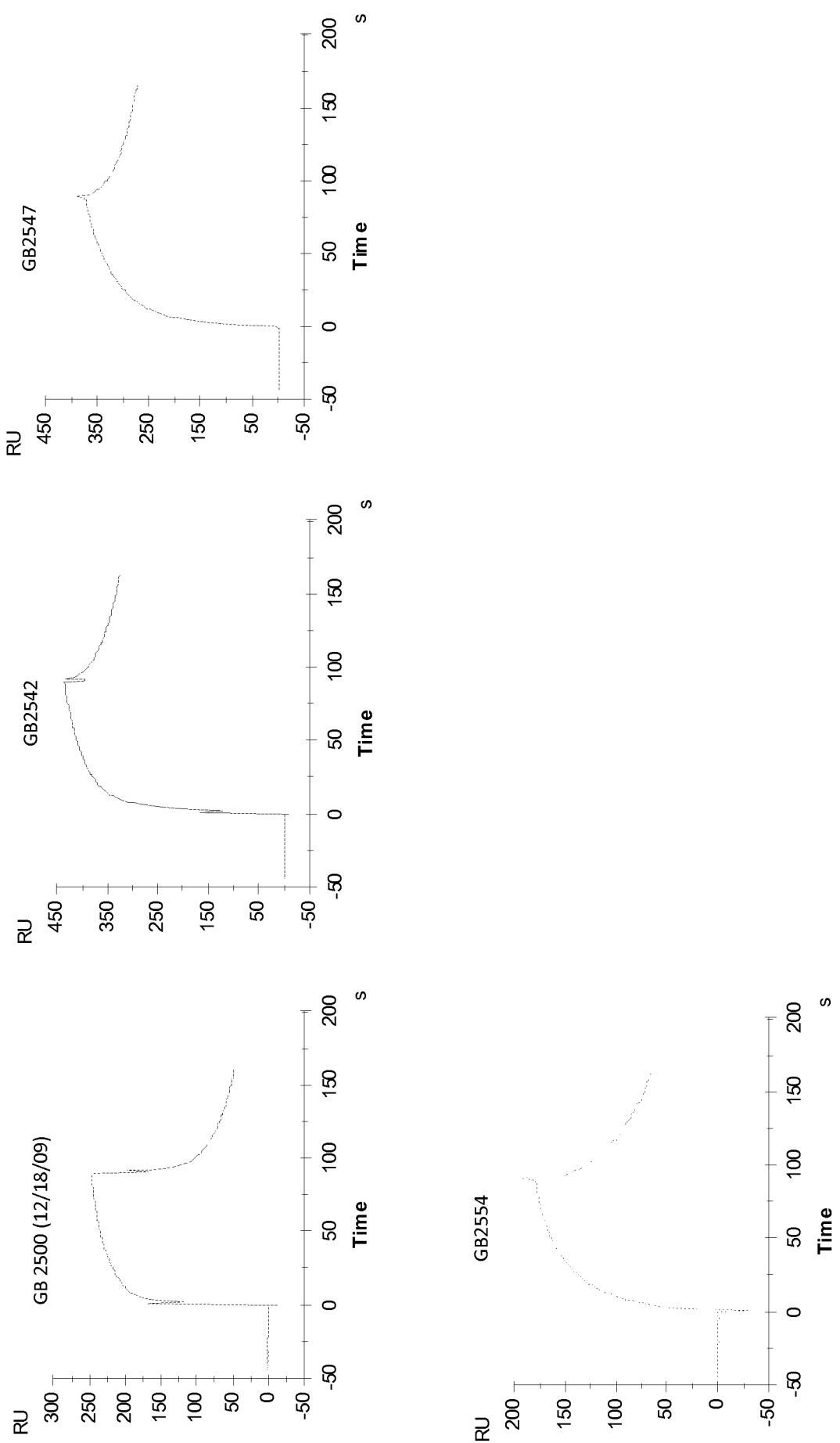


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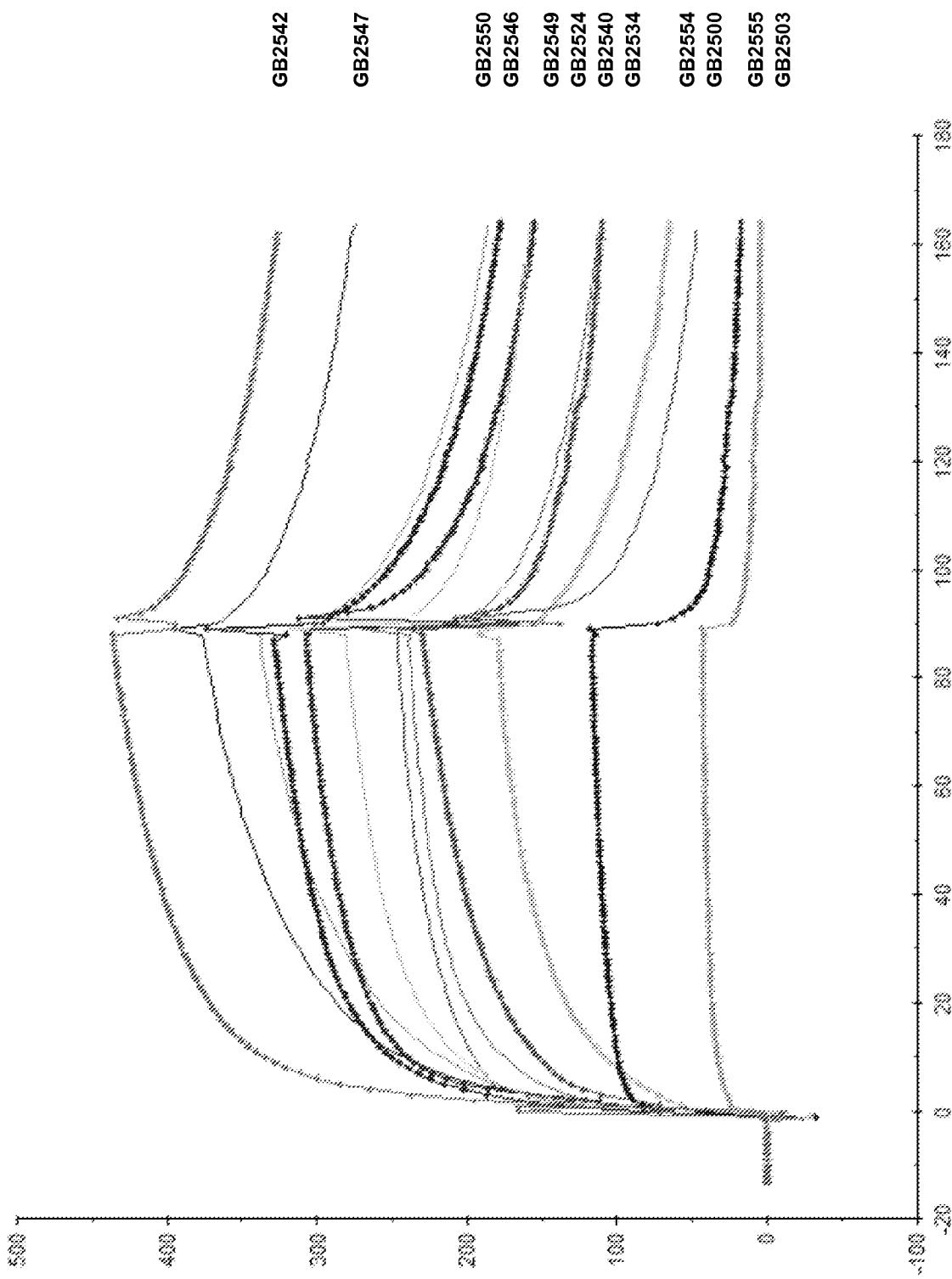


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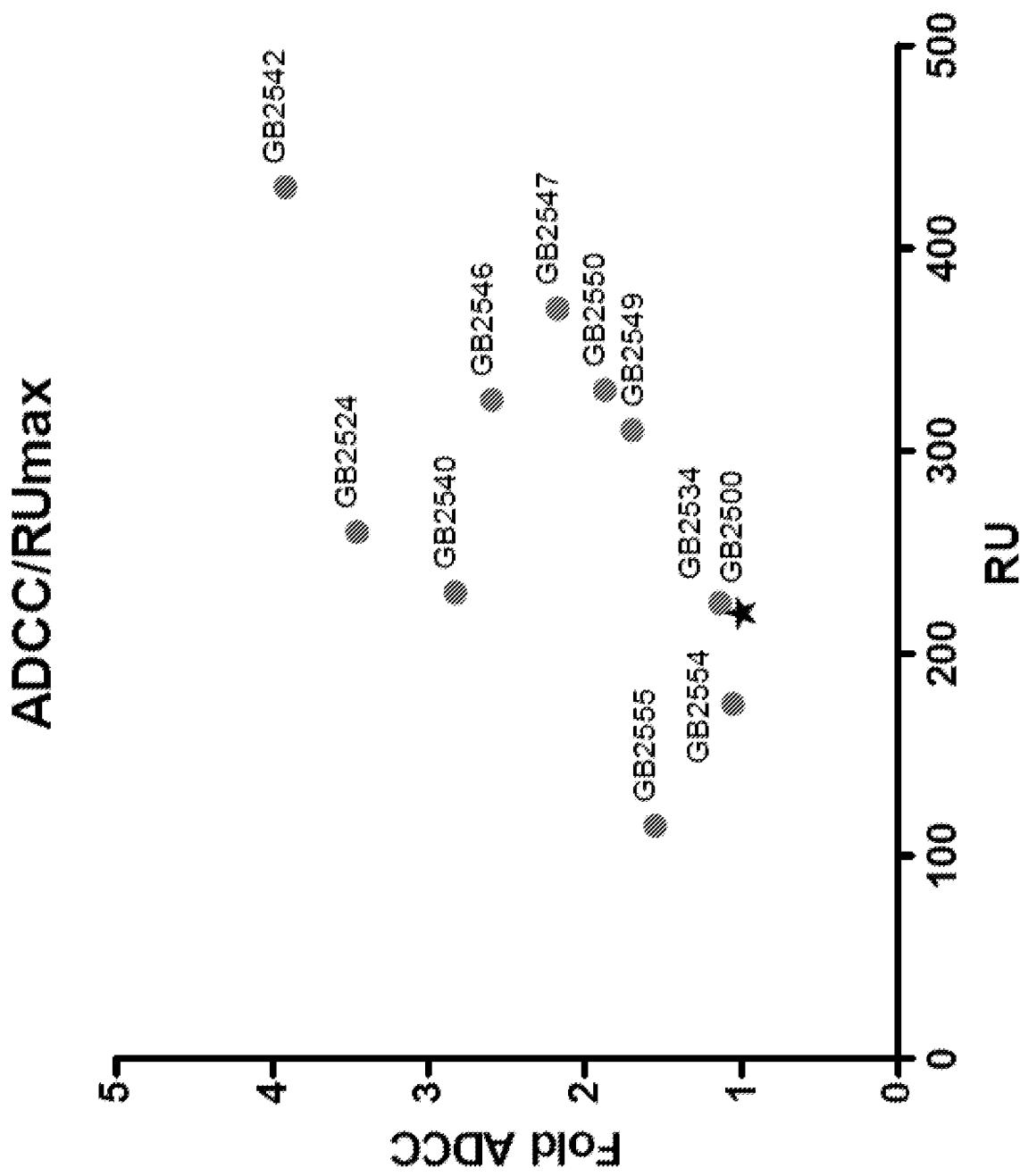


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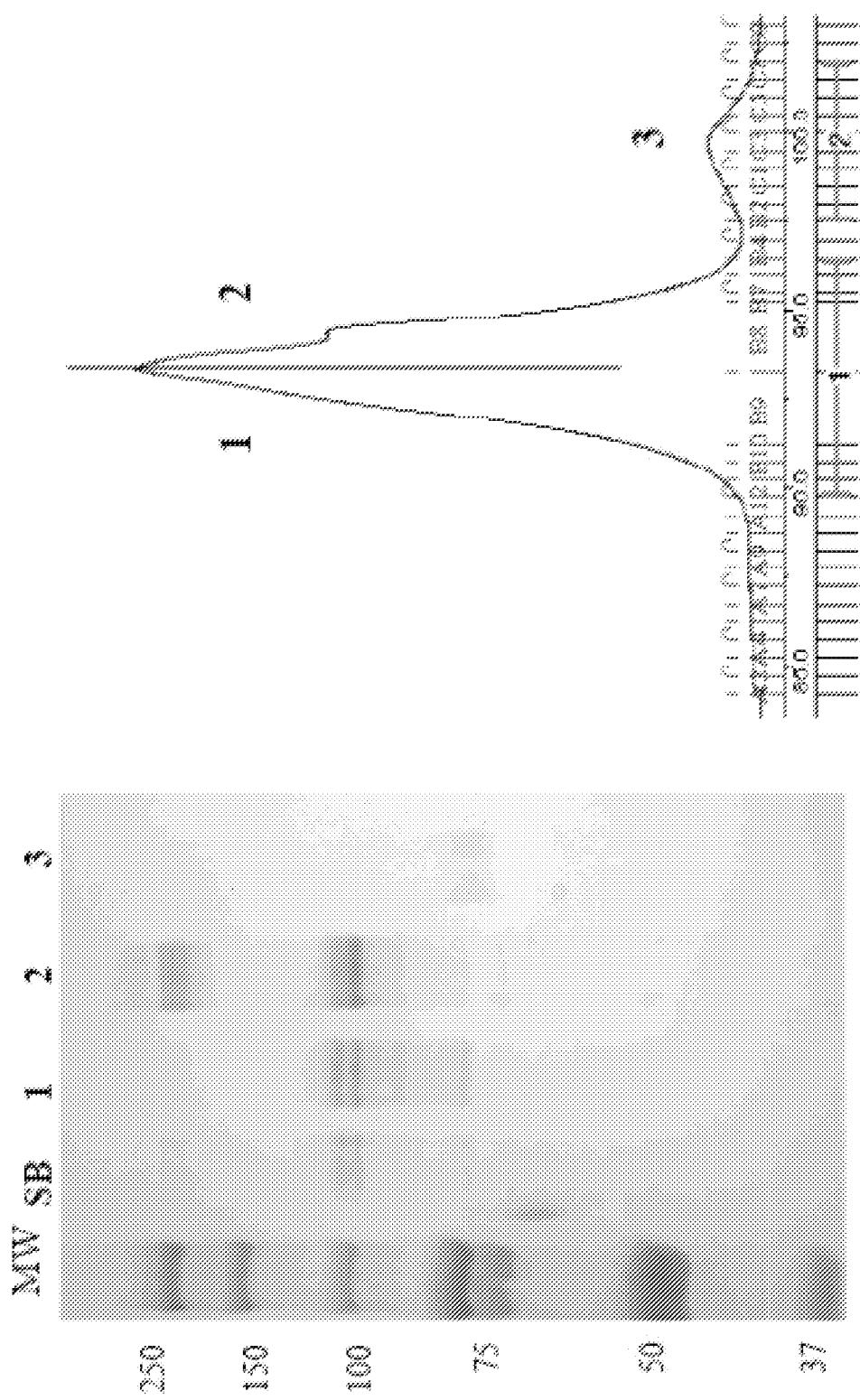


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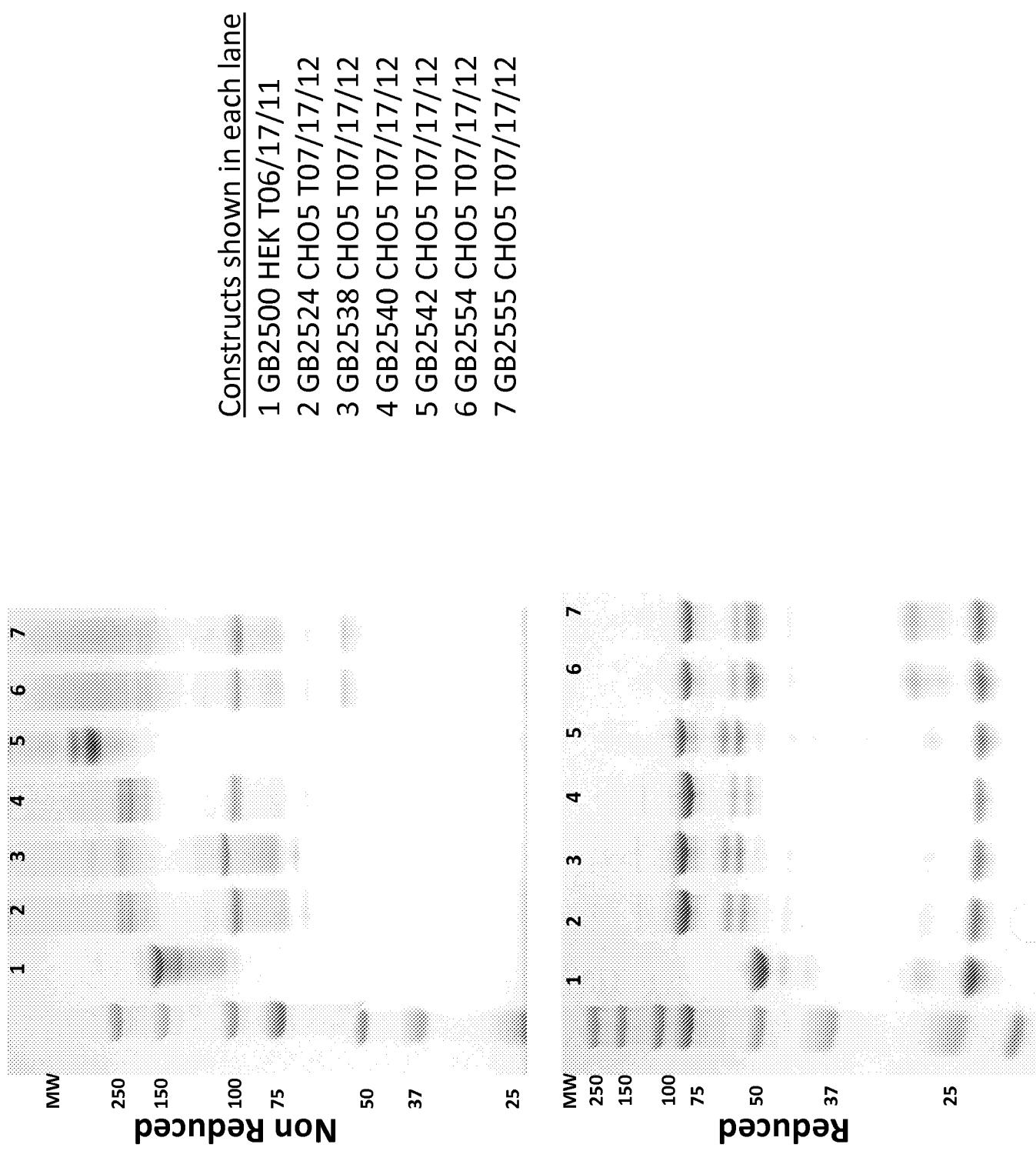


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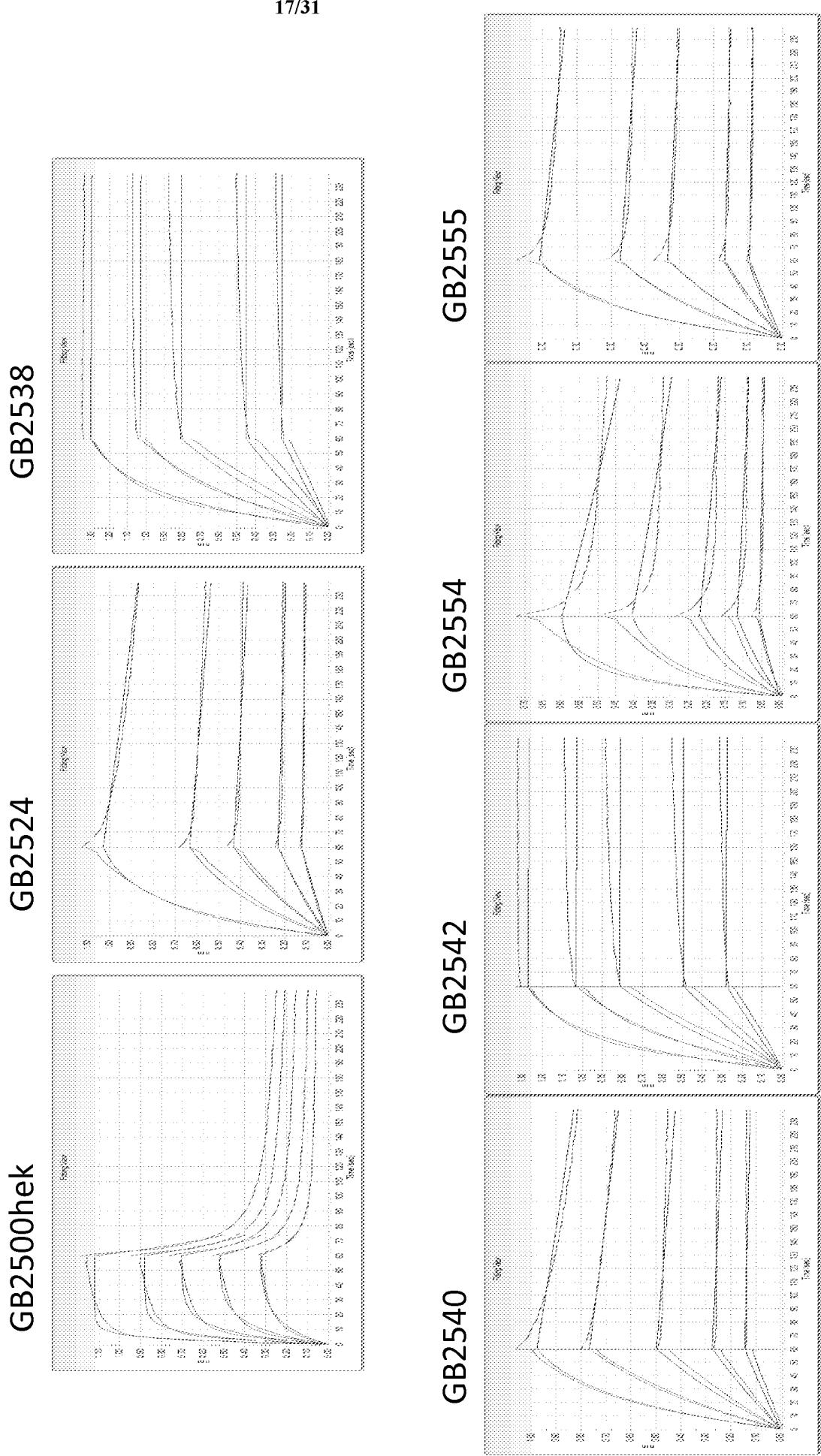


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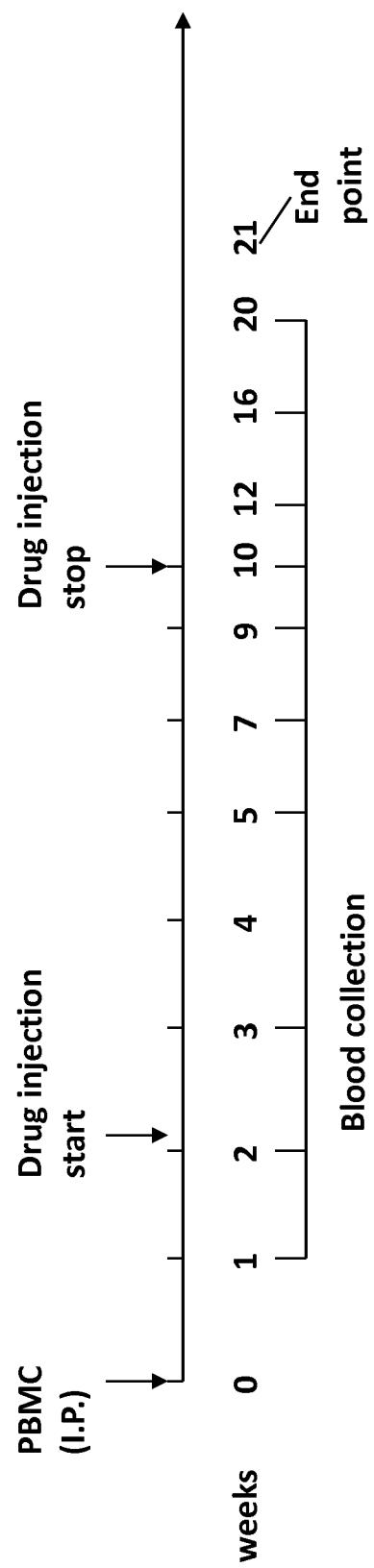
**Experimental flow chart**

Figure 19

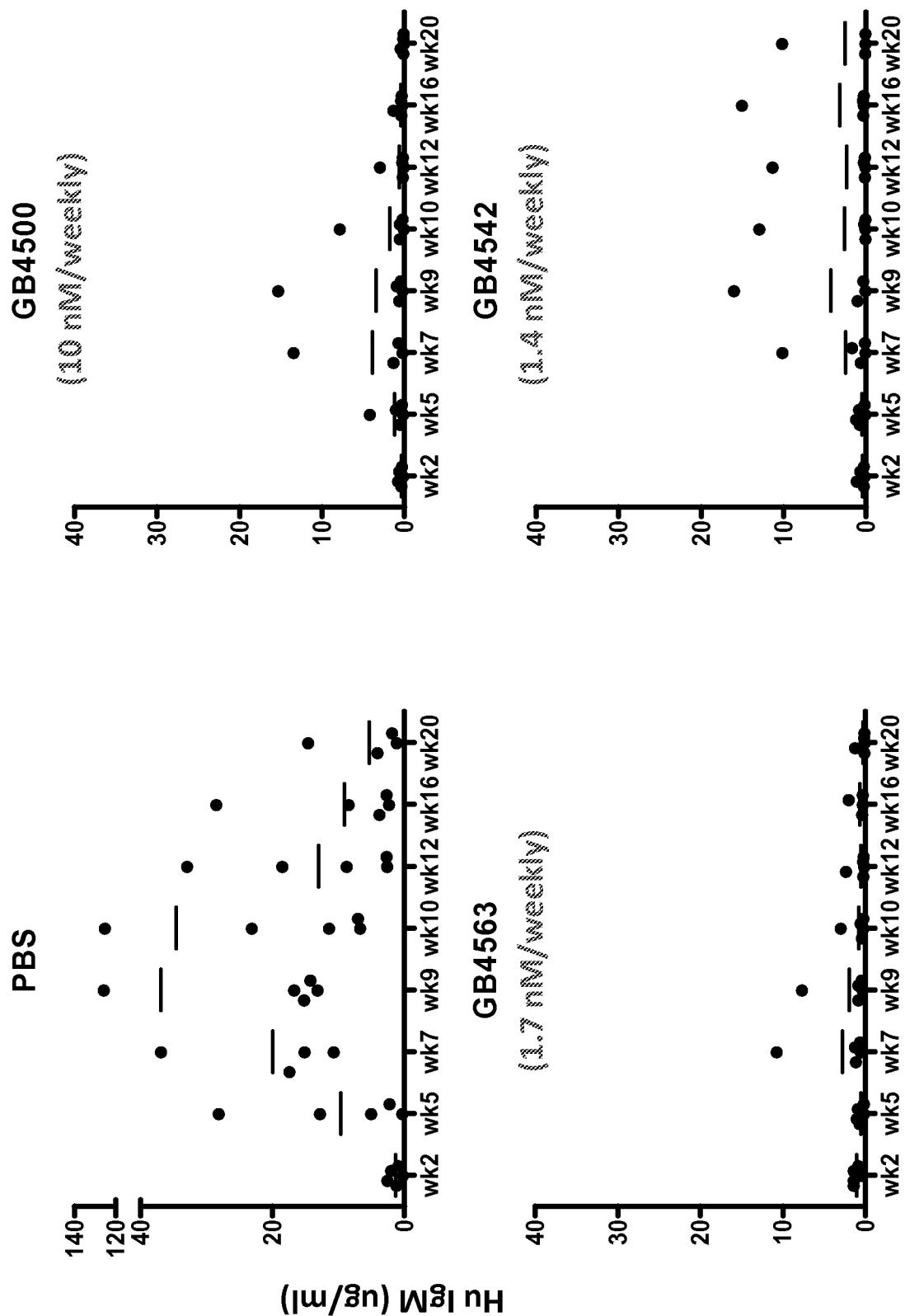


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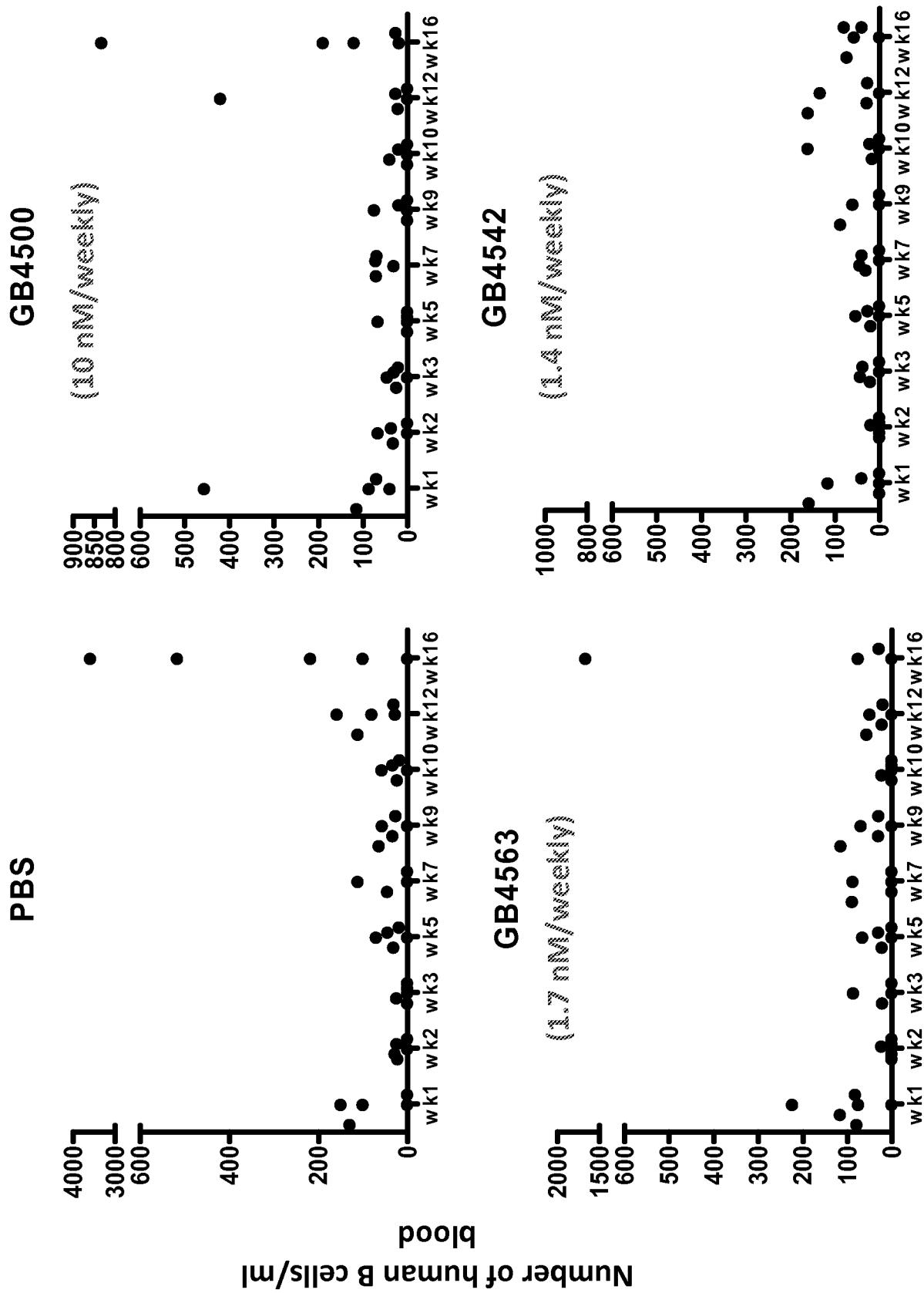


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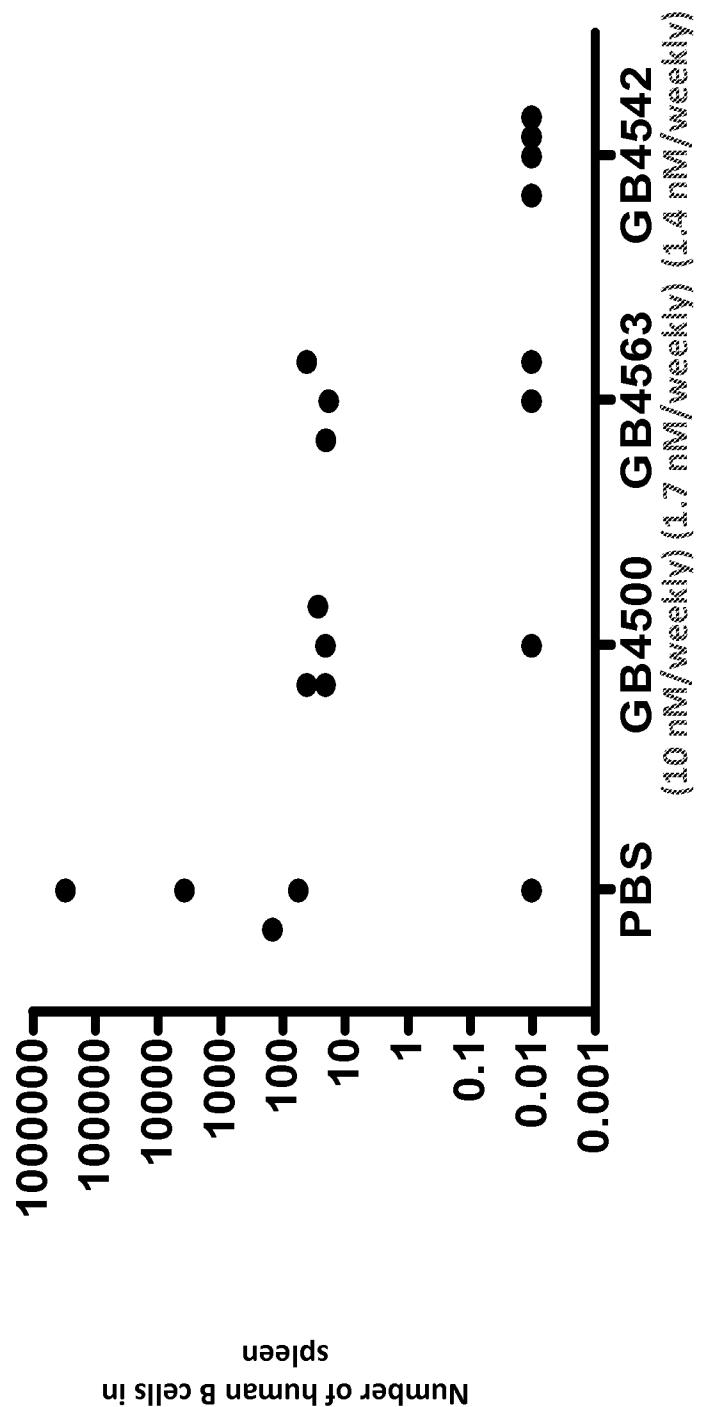


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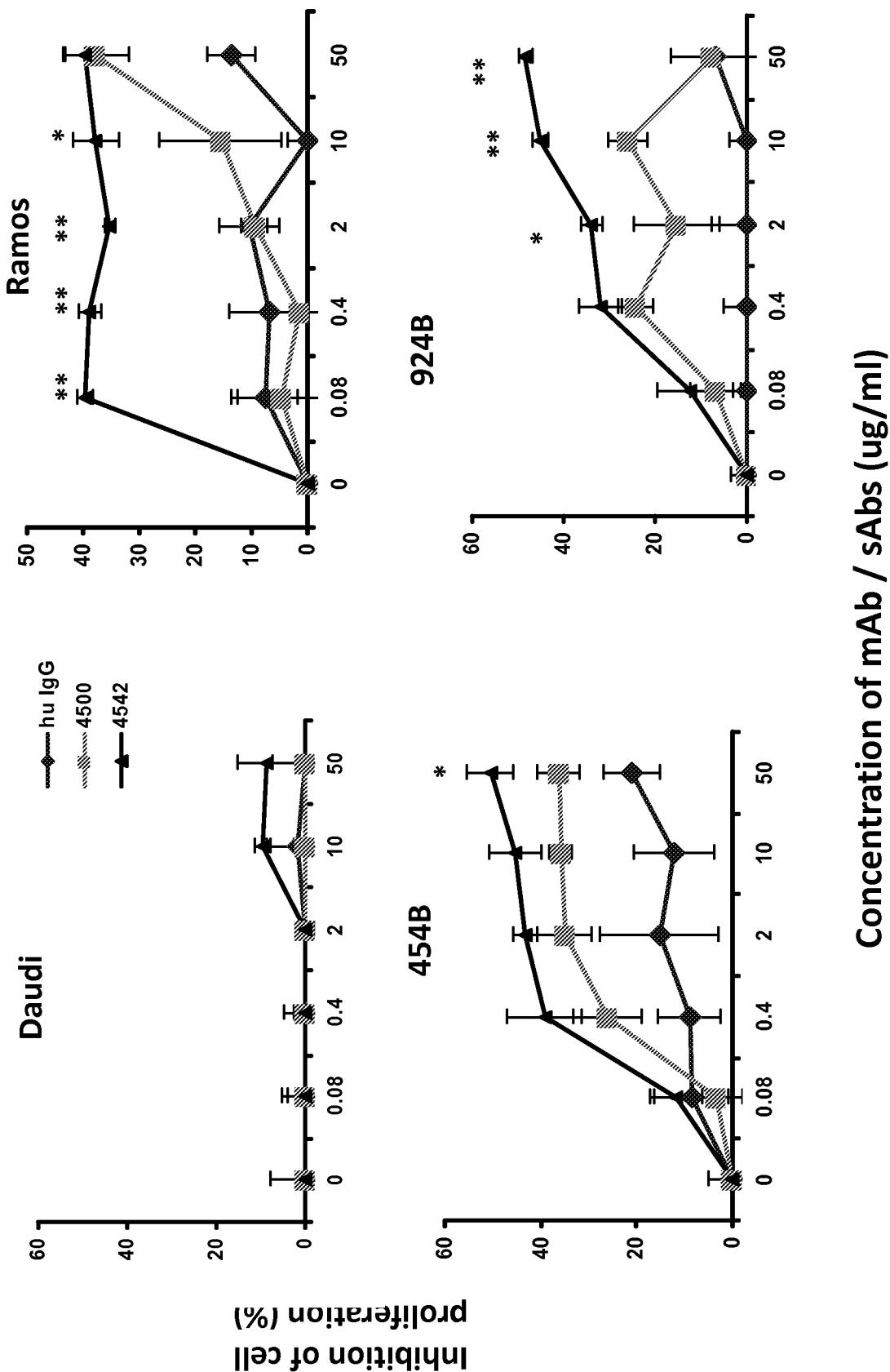


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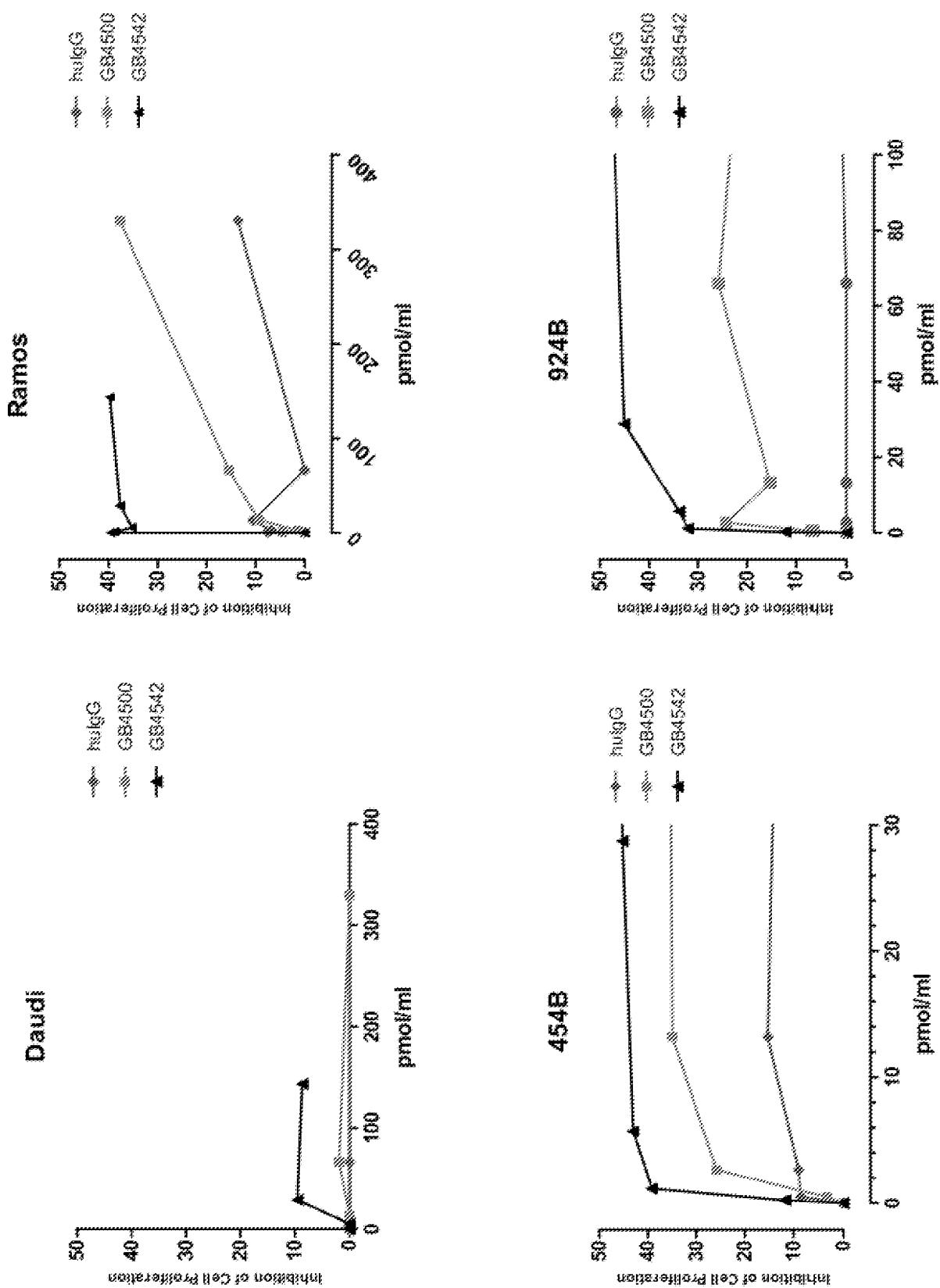


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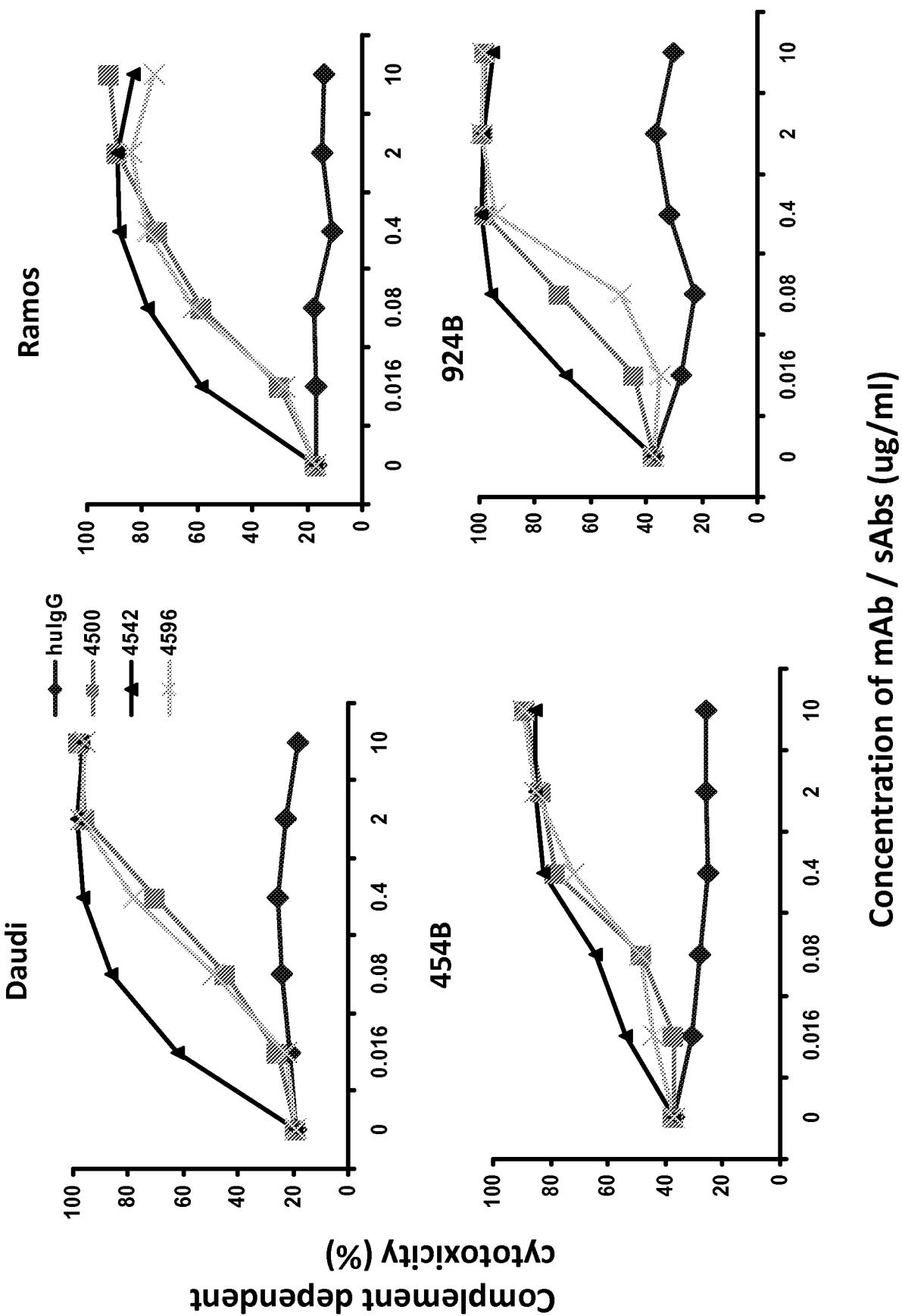


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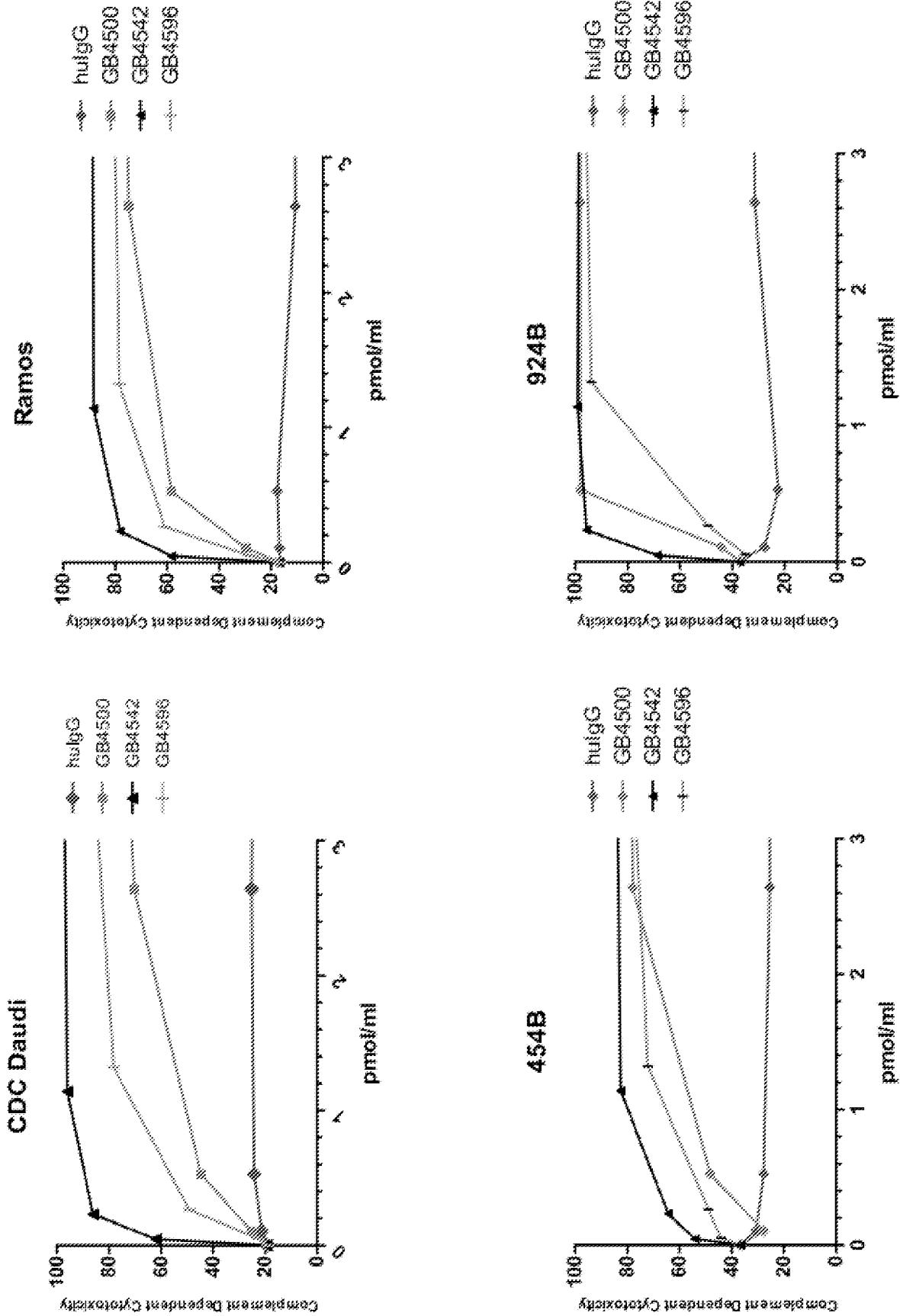


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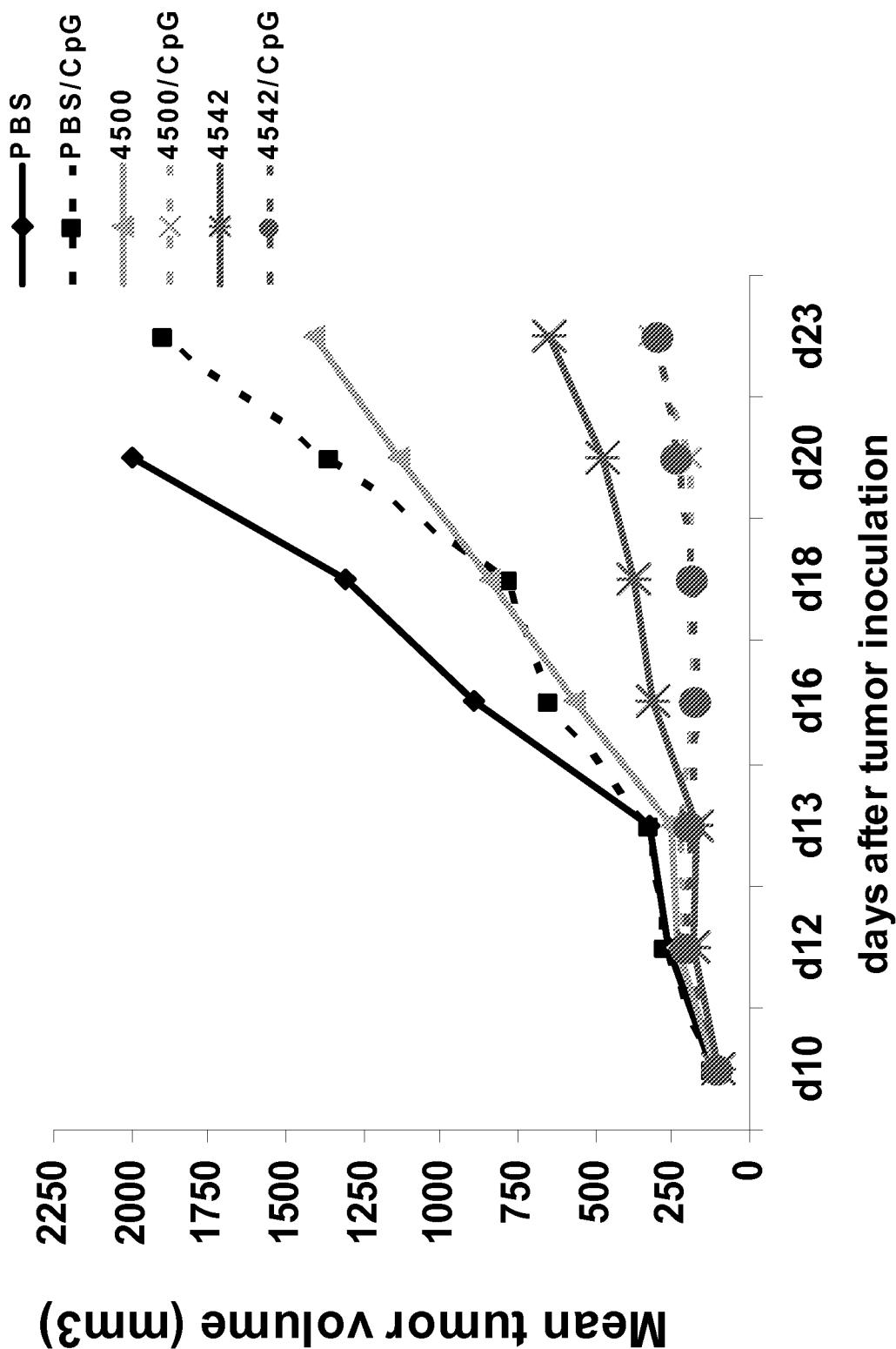


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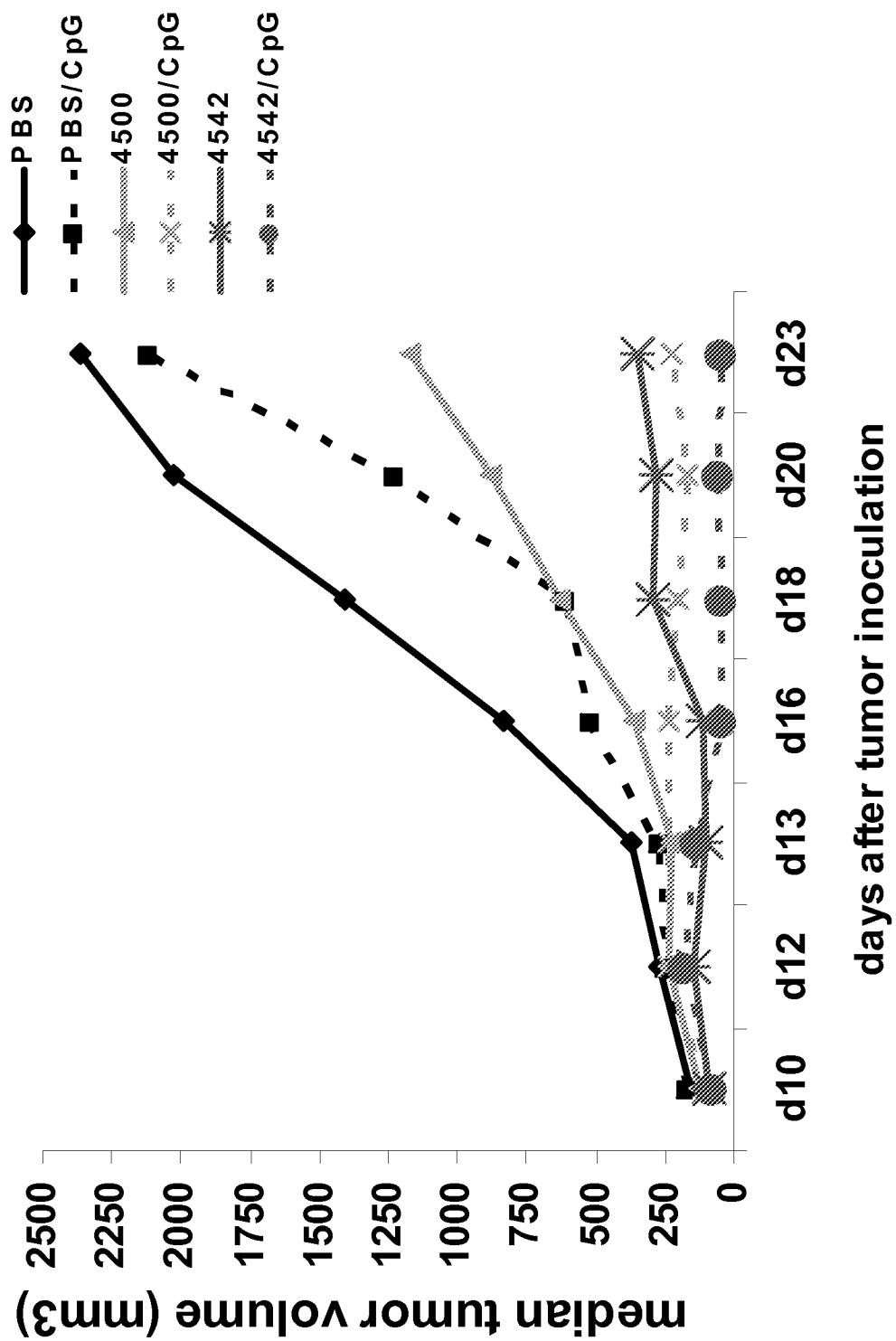


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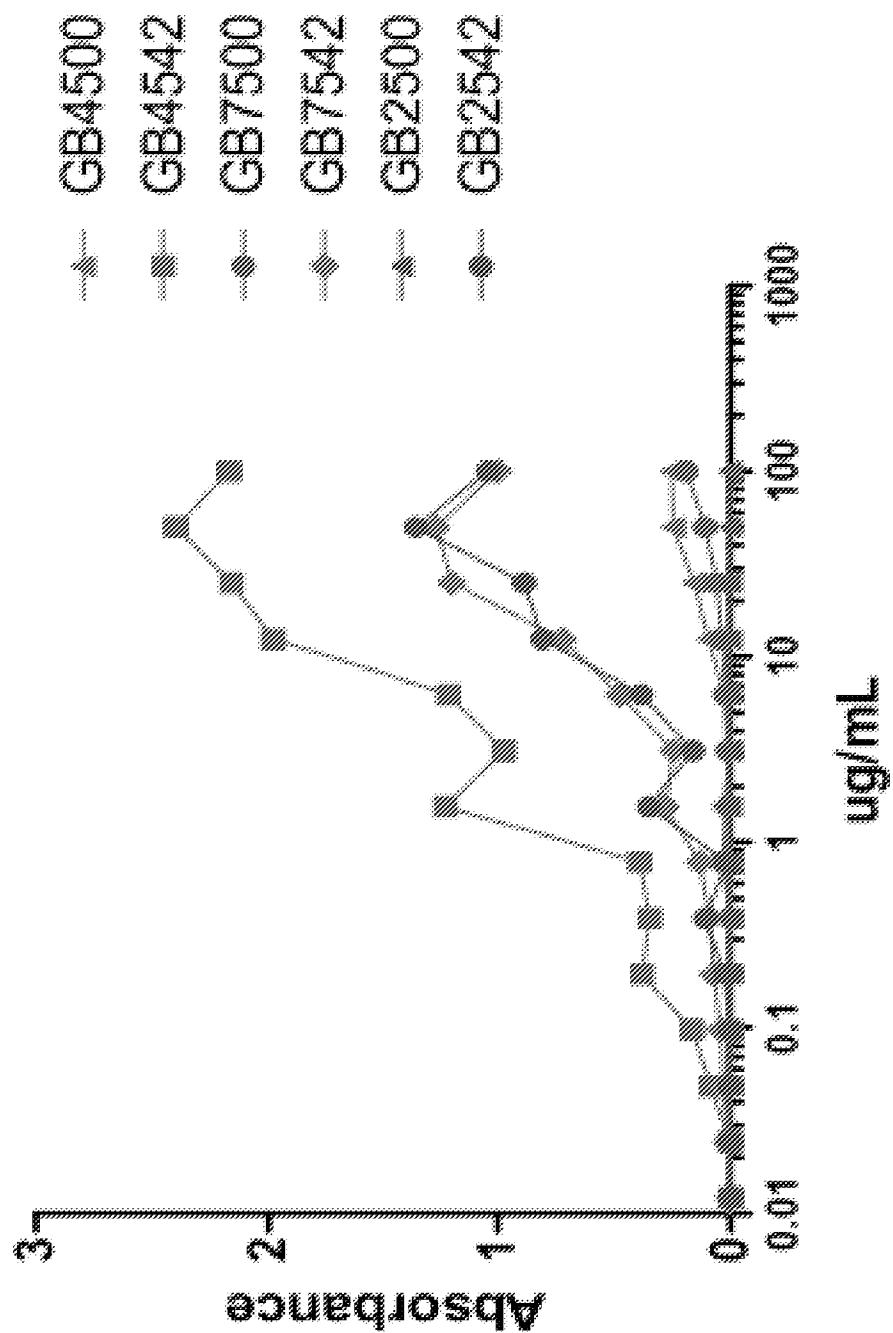


Figure 29

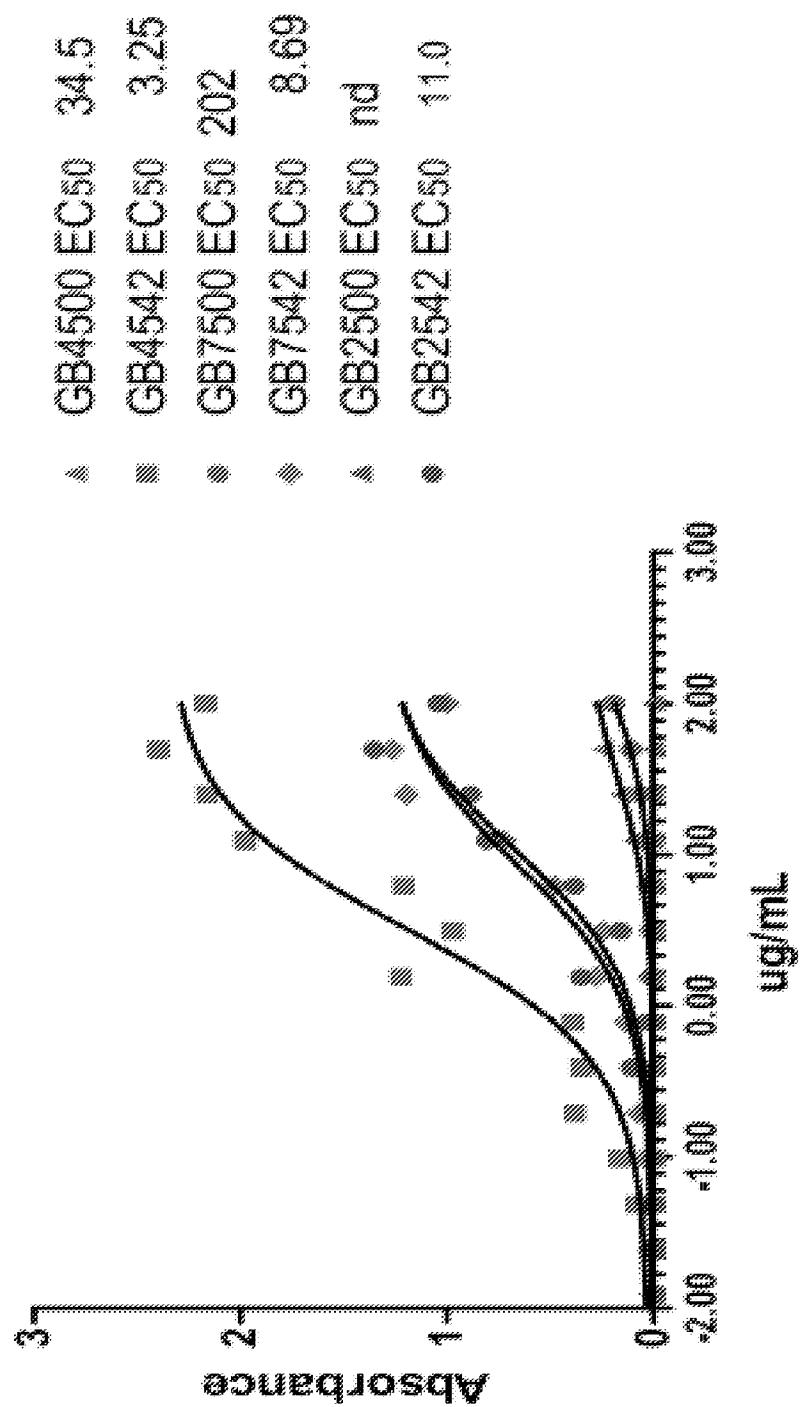


Figure 30

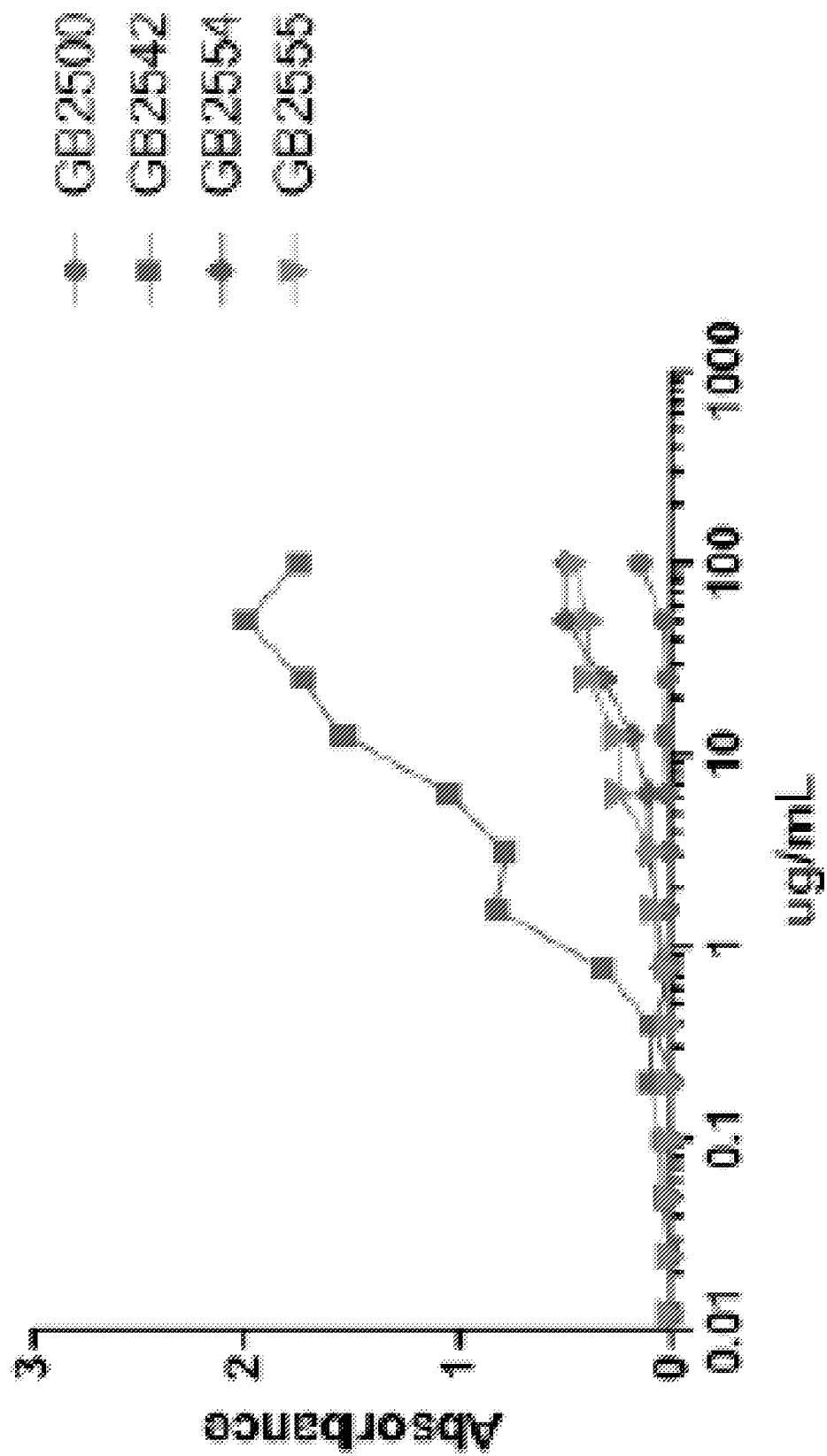
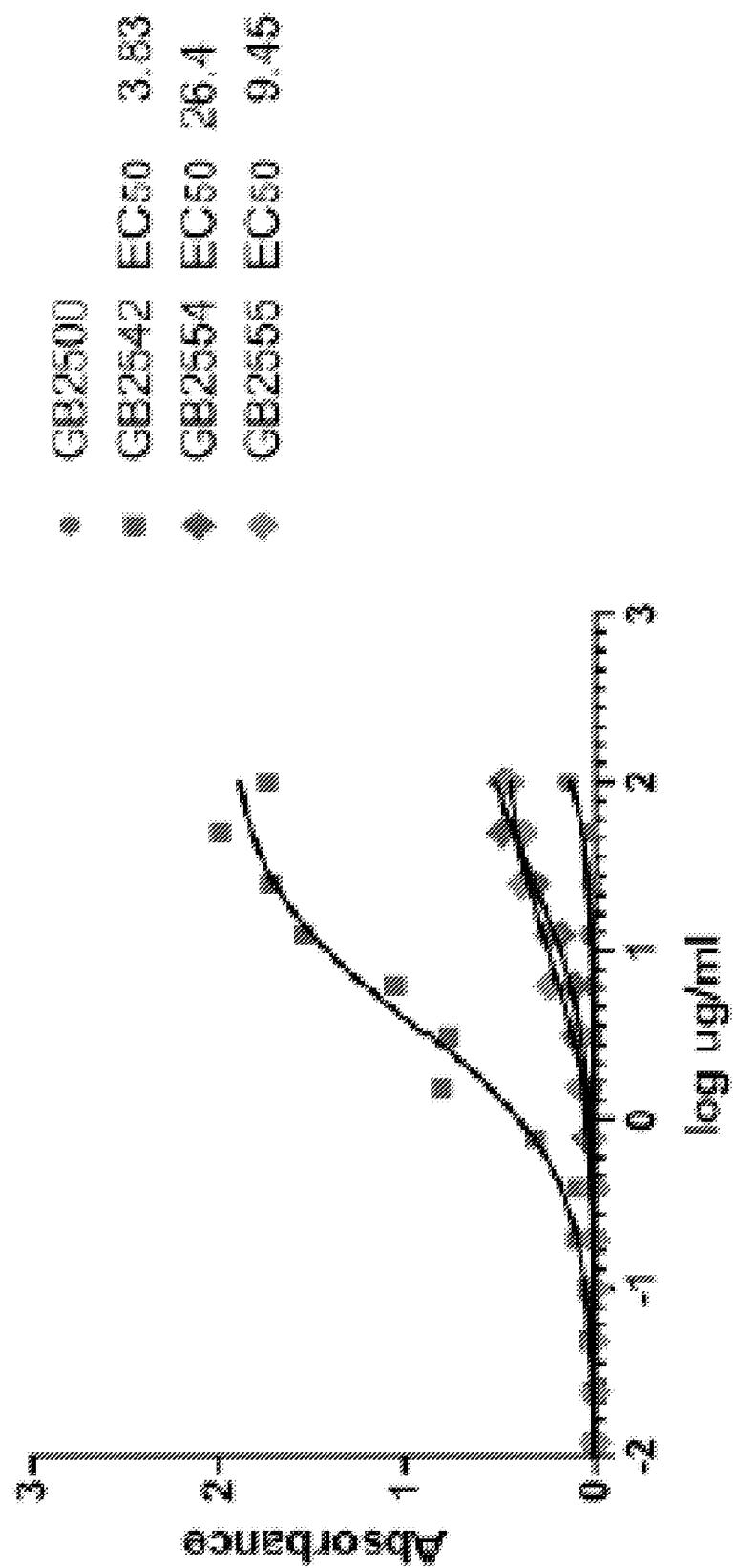


Figure 31



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SeqList.txt

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys  
245 250 255

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
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<400> 9

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Gly Ser Thr Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys Glu Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu  
20 25 30

Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile  
35 40 45

Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Gly Gly Ser Ser Glu Pro  
50 55 60

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
65 70 75 80

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
85 90 95

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
100 105 110

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
115 120 125

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
130 135 140

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
145 150 155 160

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
165 170 175

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
180 185 190

SeqList.txt

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
195 200 205

Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
210 215 220

Al a Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
225 230 235 240

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
245 250 255

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
260 265 270

Ser Val Met His Glu Al a Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu  
275 280 285

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys  
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20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Al a Pro Glu Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Al a Lys Thr Lys Pro  
85 90 95

Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
100 105 110

Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
115 120 125

SeqList.txt

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y  
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n  
210 215 220

Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His  
225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y Gl y Gl y Ser  
245 250 255

Ile Lys Gl n Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Gl u Gl u Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr  
260 265 270

His Ile Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gl y Gl u Arg  
275 280 285

Gl y

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<213> Mus sp.

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Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Asp Gl u Pro Arg Gl y Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe  
35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gl u Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
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## SeqList.txt

65

70

75

80

Gl n Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Gl u Val His Thr Ala Gl n Thr  
 85 90 95

Gl n Thr His Arg Gl u Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Gl n His Gl n Asp Trp Met Ser Gl y Lys Gl u Phe Lys Cys  
 115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 130 135 140

Lys Pro Lys Gl y Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gl n Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Gl u Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Lys Gl n Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
 165 170 175

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Gl u Asp Ile Tyr Val Gl u Trp Thr Asn Asn Gl y  
 180 185 190

Lys Thr Gl u Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gl u Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
 195 200 205

Gl y Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Gl u Lys Lys Asn Trp  
 210 215 220

Val Gl u Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Gl u Gl y Leu His  
 225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl y Lys Gl u Arg  
 245 250 255

Lys Cys Cys Val Gl u Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 260 265

<210> 12

<211> 278

<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 12

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 1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Asp Ala Ala Asp Ile Gl n His Ser Gl y Gl y Arg Ser  
 20 25 30

Arg Gl u Pro Arg Gl y Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys  
 35 40 45

SeqList.txt

Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro  
50 55 60

Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys  
65 70 75 80

Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp  
85 90 95

Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg  
100 105 110

Gl u Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln  
115 120 125

His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn  
130 135 140

Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gl y  
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Gl u  
165 170 175

Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met  
180 185 190

Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gl y Lys Thr Glu Leu  
195 200 205

Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Tyr Phe  
210 215 220

Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn  
225 230 235 240

Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gl y Leu His Asn His His Thr  
245 250 255

Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl y Lys Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val  
260 265 270

Gl u Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
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<400> 13

SeqList.txt

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1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Gl u Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro  
35 40 45

Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys  
50 55 60

Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val  
65 70 75 80

Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe  
85 90 95

Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu  
100 105 110

Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His  
115 120 125

Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys  
130 135 140

Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser  
145 150 155 160

Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met  
165 170 175

Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn  
195 200 205

Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met  
210 215 220

Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser  
225 230 235 240

Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr  
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Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys  
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SeqList.txt

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20 25 30

Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys  
35 40 45

Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys  
50 55 60

Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val  
65 70 75 80

Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser  
85 90 95

Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp  
100 105 110

Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln  
115 120 125

Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser  
130 135 140

Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Glu Lys Glu Phe Lys  
145 150 155 160

Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile  
165 170 175

Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro  
180 185 190

Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met  
195 200 205

Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn  
210 215 220

Gly Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser  
225 230 235 240

SeqList.txt

Asp Glu Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn  
245 250 255

Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu  
260 265 270

His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys  
275 280 285

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<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 15

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
65 70 75 80

Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr  
85 90 95

Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser  
130 135 140

Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
145 150 155 160

Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
165 170 175

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly  
180 185 190

Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
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## SeqList.txt

195

200

205

Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp  
 210 215 220

Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His  
 225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly  
 245 250 255

Gly Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys  
 260 265 270

Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly  
 275 280 285

Glu Arg Gly  
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<211> 299

<212> PRT

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<400> 16

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Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Ala Ala Asp Ile Gln His Ser Gly Gly Arg Ser  
 20 25 30

Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile  
 35 40 45

Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu  
 50 55 60

Arg Gly Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys  
 65 70 75 80

Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro  
 85 90 95

Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr  
 100 105 110

Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser  
 115 120 125

Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His  
 130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile  
145 150 155 160

Gl n His Gl n Asp Trp Met Ser Gl y Lys Gl u Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn  
165 170 175

Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys  
180 185 190

Gl y Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gl n Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Gl u Gl u  
195 200 205

Gl u Met Thr Lys Lys Gl n Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe  
210 215 220

Met Pro Gl u Asp Ile Tyr Val Gl u Trp Thr Asn Asn Gl y Lys Thr Gl u  
225 230 235 240

Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gl u Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Tyr  
245 250 255

Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Gl u Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Gl u Arg  
260 265 270

Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Gl u Gl y Leu His Asn His His  
275 280 285

Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl y Lys  
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tcagtcttcc tcttcccccc aaaaccca ag gacaccctca tgatctcccg gaccctgag	180
gtcacatg c tgggtgtg a cgtgagcc ac gaagaccctg aggtcaagtt caactggta	240
gtggacggcg tggaggtg ca taatgcca ag acaaagccgc gggaggagca gtacaacagc	300
acgtaccgtg tggtcagcgt cctcaccgtc ctgcaccagg actggctgaa tggcaaggag	360
tacaagtgc a aggtctccaa caaagccctc ccagccccca tcgagaaaaac catctccaa	420
gccaaaggc agcccgaga accacaggtg tacaccctgc ccccatcccg ggaggagatg	480
accaagaacc aggtcagcct gacctgcctg gtcaaaggct tctatcccag cgacatcgcc	540
gtggagtgg agagcaatgg gcagccggag aacaactaca agaccacgccc tcccgtgctg	600

SeqList.txt

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cagggaaacg	tcttctcatg	ctccgtatg	catgaggctc	tgcacaacca	ctacacgcag	720
aagagcctct	ccctgtcccc	gggtaaatga	taa			753

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<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 18

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Gly	Ser	Thr	Gly	Gl u	Arg	Lys	Cys	Cys	Val	Gl u	Cys	Pro	Pro	Cys	Pro
			20			25						30			

Al a	Pro	Gl u	Leu	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys
					35		40					45			

Pro	Lys	Asp	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Gl u	Val	Thr	Cys	Val
	50				55						60				

Val	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Gl u	Asp	Pro	Gl u	Val	Lys	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr
	65				70				75				80		

Val	Asp	Gly	Val	Gl u	Val	His	Asn	Al a	Lys	Thr	Lys	Pro	Arg	Gl u	Gl u
				85				90				95			

Gl n	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu	His
				100			105					110			

Gl n	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Gl u	Tyr	Lys	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys
	115					120						125			

Al a	Leu	Pro	Al a	Pro	Ile	Gl u	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Al a	Lys	Gly	Gl n
	130				135						140				

Pro	Arg	Gl u	Pro	Gl n	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Gl u	Gl u	Met
	145				150				155				160		

Thr	Lys	Asn	Gl n	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Cys	Leu	Val	Lys	Gl y	Phe	Tyr	Pro
	165					170					175				

Ser	Asp	Ile	Al a	Val	Gl u	Trp	Gl u	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gl n	Pro	Gl u	Asn	Asn
				180			185					190			

Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gl y	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu
	195					200					205				

Tyr	Ser	Lys	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gl n	Gl n	Gly	Asn	Val
	210				215					220					

SeqList.txt

Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
245

<210> 19  
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<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 19

Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys  
1 5 10 15

Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val  
20 25 30

Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr  
35 40 45

Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu  
50 55 60

Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His  
65 70 75 80

Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys  
85 90 95

Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln  
100 105 110

Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met  
115 120 125

Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro  
130 135 140

Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn  
145 150 155 160

Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu  
165 170 175

Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val  
180 185 190

Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
195 200 205

SeqList.txt

Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
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<213> Homo sapiens

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Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
85 90 95

Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ala Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
100 105 110

Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y  
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n  
210 215 220

SeqList.txt

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His  
225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Arg Lys Cys  
245 250 255

Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
260

<210> 21  
<211> 264  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 21

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Ala Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y  
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gl y Gln Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser  
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## SeqList.txt

195

200

205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln  
 210 215 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His  
 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Arg Lys Cys  
 245 250 255

Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 260

<210> 22  
 <211> 266  
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<400> 22

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 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Glu Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro  
 20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
 35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
 50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
 65 70 75 80

Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr  
 85 90 95

Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ala Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
 115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 130 135 140

Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
 165 170 175

SeqList.txt

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly  
180 185 190

Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
195 200 205

Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp  
210 215 220

Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His  
225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys Glu Arg  
245 250 255

Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
260 265

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<211> 266

<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 23

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
65 70 75 80

Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr  
85 90 95

Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Ala Val Val Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Glu Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser  
130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Lys Pro Lys Glu Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
145 150 155 160

Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
165 170 175

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Glu  
180 185 190

Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
195 200 205

Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp  
210 215 220

Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Glu Leu His  
225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Lys Glu Arg  
245 250 255

Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
260 265

<210> 24

<211> 282

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 24

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ala Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
100 105 110

SeqList.txt

Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y  
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n  
210 215 220

Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His  
225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y Pro Pro Gl y  
245 250 255

Pro Pro Gl y Pro  
260 265 270

Pro Gl y Pro Pro Gl y Pro Pro Gl y Pro Pro  
275 280

<210> 25

<211> 284

<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 25

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Asp Gl u Pro Arg Gl y Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe  
35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Gl u Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
Page 24

## SeqList.txt

65

70

75

80

Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr  
 85 90 95

Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ala Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
 115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 130 135 140

Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
 165 170 175

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly  
 180 185 190

Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
 195 200 205

Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp  
 210 215 220

Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His  
 225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gly Lys Gly Pro  
 245 250 255

Pro Gly Pro Pro  
 260 265 270

Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
 275 280

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<211> 30

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<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> GPP multimerization domain

<400> 26

Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly  
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SeqList.txt

Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
20 25 30

<210> 27  
<211> 282  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 27

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
20 25 30

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
50 55 60

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y  
165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gln Pro  
180 185 190

Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gln  
210 215 220

SeqList.txt

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His  
225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Pro Pro Gly  
245 250 255

Pro Pro Gly Pro  
260 265 270

Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
275 280

<210> 28

<211> 282

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 28

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
20 25 30

Gly Pro Pro Gly  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys  
50 55 60

Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro  
65 70 75 80

Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys  
85 90 95

Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp  
100 105 110

Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu  
115 120 125

Gl u Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu  
130 135 140

His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn  
145 150 155 160

Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly  
165 170 175

Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu  
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## SeqList.txt

180

185

190

Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr  
 195 200 205

Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn  
 210 215 220

Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe  
 225 230 235 240

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn  
 245 250 255

Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr  
 260 265 270

Glut Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
 275 280

<210> 29

<211> 284

<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 29

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Glu Asp Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro  
 20 25 30

Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
 35 40 45

Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro  
 50 55 60

Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val  
 65 70 75 80

Glut Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Glu Thr  
 85 90 95

Glut Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Leu Pro Ile Glu His Glu Asp Trp Met Ser Glu Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys  
 115 120 125

Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser  
 130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Lys Pro Lys Glu Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro  
145 150 155 160

Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val  
165 170 175

Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Glu  
180 185 190

Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
195 200 205

Glu Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp  
210 215 220

Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Glu Leu His  
225 230 235 240

Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Lys Glu Pro  
245 250 255

Pro Glu Pro Pro  
260 265 270

Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro  
275 280

<210> 30  
<211> 283  
<212> PRT  
<213> Mus sp.

<400> 30

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ser Thr Glu Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro Glu Pro Pro  
20 25 30

Glu Pro Pro Glu  
35 40 45

Pro Pro Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys  
50 55 60

Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro  
65 70 75 80

Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr  
85 90 95

SeqList.txt

Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Glu Ile Ser  
100 105 110

Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Glu Thr Glu Thr His  
115 120 125

Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile  
130 135 140

Gl n His Gl n Asp Trp Met Ser Gl y Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn  
145 150 155 160

Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys  
165 170 175

Gl y Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu  
180 185 190

Gl u Met Thr Lys Lys Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe  
195 200 205

Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Gl y Lys Thr Glu  
210 215 220

Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Tyr  
225 230 235 240

Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg  
245 250 255

Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gl y Leu His Asn His His  
260 265 270

Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl y Lys  
275 280

<210> 31  
<211> 217  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 31

Gl n Val Gl n Leu Lys Gl n Ser Gl y Pro Gl y Leu Val Gl n Pro Ser Gl n  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gl y Phe Ser Leu Thr Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

Gl y Val His Trp Val Arg Gl n Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y Leu Gl u Trp Leu  
35 40 45

SeqList.txt

Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn Thr Pro Phe Thr  
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Phe  
65 70 75 80

Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile Tyr Tyr Cys Ala  
85 90 95

Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly  
100 105 110

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
115 120 125

Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu  
130 135 140

Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp  
145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu  
165 170 175

Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser  
180 185 190

Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro  
195 200 205

Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val  
210 215

<210> 32

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 32

Gly Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu  
1 5 10 15

Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu  
20 25 30

Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Asp Ile  
35 40

<210> 33

<211> 764

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

SeqList.txt

<400> 33

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Lys Gln Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

SeqList.txt

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
290 295 300

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Ser Leu Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile  
465 470 475 480

Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn  
485 490 495

Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Glu Glu Arg Glu His Asp Ile  
500 505 510

Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg Leu Glu Glu  
515 520 525

Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro  
530 535 540

SeqList.txt

Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe  
545 550 555 560

Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val  
565 570 575

Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe  
580 585 590

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro  
595 600 605

Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr  
610 615 620

Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val  
625 630 635 640

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala  
645 650 655

Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg  
660 665 670

Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu  
675 680 685

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro  
690 695 700

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser  
705 710 715 720

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu  
725 730 735

Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His  
740 745 750

Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
755 760

<210> 34  
<211> 218  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 34

Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Glu Glu Glu Leu Val Glu Pro Glu Glu  
1 5 10 15

SeqList.txt

Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Al a Al a Ser Gly Phe Asn Ile Lys Asp Thr  
20 25 30

Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Glu Al a Pro Gly Lys Glu Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45

Al a Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr Al a Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Al a Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Thr Al a Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Al a Glu Asp Thr Al a Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95

Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Al a Met Asp Tyr Trp Gly Glu  
100 105 110

Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Al a Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val  
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Al a Al a  
130 135 140

Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser  
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gly Al a Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Al a Val  
165 170 175

Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro  
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys  
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val  
210 215

<210> 35

<211> 765

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 35

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

## SeqList.txt

Glu Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
 35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Glu Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
 115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
 130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
 165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
 180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
 195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
 210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
 245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
 260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
 275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
 290 295 300

SeqList.txt

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln  
465 470 475 480

Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu  
485 490 495

Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Asp  
500 505 510

Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg Leu Glu  
515 520 525

Gly Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys  
530 535 540

Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu  
545 550 555 560

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu  
565 570 575

SeqList.txt

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys  
580 585 590

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys  
595 600 605

Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu  
610 615 620

Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys  
625 630 635 640

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys  
645 650 655

Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser  
660 665 670

Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys  
675 680 685

Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gl y Glu  
690 695 700

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y  
705 710 715 720

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu  
725 730 735

Gl u Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn  
740 745 750

His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys  
755 760 765

<210> 36

<211> 219

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 36

Gl u Val Gl u Leu Gl u Gl u Pro Gl y Ala Gl u Leu Val Lys Pro Gl y Ala  
1 5 10 15

Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gl y Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr  
20 25 30

Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl u Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y Leu Gl u Trp Ile  
35 40 45

Gl y Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gl y Asn Gl y Asp Thr Ser Tyr Asn Gl u Lys Phe  
Page 38

SeqList.txt

50 55 60  
Lys Gl y Lys Al a Thr Leu Thr Al a Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Al a Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Met Gl n Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Gl u Asp Ser Al a Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95

Al a Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gl y Gl y Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asn Val Trp Gl y  
100 105 110

Al a Gl y Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Al a Al a Ser Thr Lys Gl y Pro Ser  
115 120 125

Val Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gl y Gl y Thr Al a  
130 135 140

Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u Pro Val Thr Val  
145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His Thr Phe Pro Al a  
165 170 175

Val Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val  
180 185 190

Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His  
195 200 205

Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val  
210 215

<210> 37  
<211> 766  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 37

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Gl n Gl n Pro Gl y Al a Gl u Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gl y Al a Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Al a Ser Gl y Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl n Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Ile Gl y Al a Ile Tyr Pro Gl y Asn Gl y Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

SeqList.txt

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Glu Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

SeqList.txt

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380 385

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys  
465 470 475 480

Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile  
485 490 495

Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Gl u Arg Gl y His  
500 505 510

Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg Leu  
515 520 525

Glu Glu Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
530 535 540

Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe  
545 550 555 560

Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro  
565 570 575

Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val  
580 585 590

Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr  
595 600 605

Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val  
610 615 620

SeqList.txt

Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys  
625 630 635 640

Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser  
645 650 655

Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro  
660 665 670

Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val  
675 680 685

Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly  
690 695 700

Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
705 710 715 720

Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp  
725 730 735

Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
740 745 750

Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
755 760 765

<210> 38  
<211> 450  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 38

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Gly  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn Ile Lys Asp Thr  
20 25 30

Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45

Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60

Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys Asn Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95

SeqList.txt

Ser Arg Trp Gl y Gl y Asp Gl y Phe Tyr Al a Met Asp Tyr Trp Gl y Gl n  
100 105 110

Gl y Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Al a Ser Thr Lys Gl y Pro Ser Val  
115 120 125

Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gl y Gl y Thr Al a Al a  
130 135 140

Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u Pro Val Thr Val Ser  
145 150 155 160

Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His Thr Phe Pro Al a Val  
165 170 175

Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro  
180 185 190

Ser Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys  
195 200 205

Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp  
210 215 220

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Al a Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y  
225 230 235 240

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile  
245 250 255

Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u  
260 265 270

Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His  
275 280 285

Asn Al a Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg  
290 295 300

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys  
305 310 315 320

Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Al a Leu Pro Al a Pro Ile Gl u  
325 330 335

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Al a Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr  
340 345 350

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu  
355 360 365

SeqList.txt

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp  
370 375 380

Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val  
385 390 395 400

Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp  
405 410 415

Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His  
420 425 430

Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro  
435 440 445

Gly Lys  
450

<210> 39

<211> 214

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 39

Asp Ile Gln Met Thr Gln Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Ala Ser Val Gl y  
1 5 10 15

Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Asp Val Asn Thr Ala  
20 25 30

Val Ala Trp Tyr Gln Gln Lys Pro Gl y Lys Ala Pro Lys Leu Leu Ile  
35 40 45

Tyr Ser Ala Ser Phe Leu Tyr Ser Gl y Val Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gl y  
50 55 60

Ser Arg Ser Gl y Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro  
65 70 75 80

Gl u Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln His Tyr Thr Thr Pro Pro  
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gl y Gln Gl y Thr Lys Val Gl u Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Gl u Gln Leu Lys Ser Gl y  
115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Gl u Ala  
130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser Gly Asn Ser Gln  
145 150 155 160

Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190

Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
210

<210> 40

<211> 470

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 40

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
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## SeqList.txt

165

170

175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
 180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
 195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
 210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
 245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
 260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
 275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
 290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn  
 305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp  
 325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
 340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu  
 355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
 370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
 405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
 420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
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435

440

445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
 450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 465 470

<210> 41  
 <211> 234  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 41

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Ile Glu Met Thr Glu Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser  
 20 25 30

Ala Ser Val Gly Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Asp  
 35 40 45

Val Asn Thr Ala Val Ala Trp Tyr Glu Glu Lys Pro Gly Lys Ala Pro  
 50 55 60

Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ser Ala Ser Phe Leu Tyr Ser Gly Val Pro Ser  
 65 70 75 80

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Arg Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser  
 85 90 95

Ser Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Phe Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Glu Glu His Tyr  
 100 105 110

Thr Thr Pro Pro Thr Phe Gly Glu Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg  
 115 120 125

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Glu  
 130 135 140

Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr  
 145 150 155 160

Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Glu Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Glu Ser  
 165 170 175

Gly Asn Ser Glu Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Glu Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr  
 180 185 190

Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys  
 195 200 205

SeqList.txt

His Lys Leu Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro  
210 215 220

Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
225 230

<210> 42  
<211> 497  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 42

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

SeqList.txt

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
465 470 475 480

SeqList.txt

Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
485 490 495

Pro

<210> 43  
<211> 467  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 43

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

SeqList.txt

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Arg  
225 230 235 240

Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly  
245 250 255

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met  
260 265 270

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His  
275 280 285

Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Gl u Val  
290 295 300

His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly  
325 330 335

Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
340 345 350

Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gln Val  
355 360 365

Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser  
370 375 380

Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u  
385 390 395 400

Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gln Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro  
405 410 415

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val  
420 425 430

Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met  
435 440 445

His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Pro Gl y Lys  
465

SeqList.txt

<210> 44  
<211> 512  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 44

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
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## SeqList.txt

245

250

255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
 260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
 275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
 290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
 305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
 325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
 340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
 355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
 370 375 380

Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
 405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
 420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
 435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
 450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Pro Gly Pro  
 485 490 495

Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 500 505 510

SeqList.txt

<211> 512  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 45

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Gly Pro  
225 230 235 240

Pro Gly Pro Pro  
245 250 255

SeqList.txt

Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys  
260 265 270

Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr  
275 280 285

His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser  
290 295 300

Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg  
305 310 315 320

Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro  
325 330 335

Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala  
340 345 350

Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val  
355 360 365

Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr  
370 375 380

Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys  
420 425 430

Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser  
435 440 445

Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp  
450 455 460

Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser  
465 470 475 480

Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala  
485 490 495

Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
500 505 510

<210> 46  
<211> 729

SeqList.txt

<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 46

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

SeqList.txt

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser  
465 470 475 480

Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
485 490 495

Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
500 505 510

Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys  
515 520 525

SeqList.txt

Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val  
530 535 540

Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr  
545 550 555 560

Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu  
565 570 575

Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His  
580 585 590

Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys  
595 600 605

Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln  
610 615 620

Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met  
625 630 635 640

Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro  
645 650 655

Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn  
660 665 670

Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu  
675 680 685

Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val  
690 695 700

Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
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Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
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<210> 47  
<211> 754  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 47

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
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## SeqList.txt

Glu Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
 35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Glu Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
 115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
 130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
 165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
 180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
 195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
 210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
 245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
 260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
 275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
 290 295 300

SeqList.txt

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Ser Val Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln  
465 470 475 480

Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu  
485 490 495

Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Glu Glu Arg Glu His Glu  
500 505 510

Gl y Gl y Arg Leu Glu Glu Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp  
515 520 525

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu  
530 535 540

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile  
545 550 555 560

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu  
565 570 575

SeqList.txt

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His  
580 585 590

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg  
595 600 605

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys  
610 615 620

Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u  
625 630 635 640

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr  
645 650 655

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu  
660 665 670

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp  
675 680 685

Gl u Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val  
690 695 700

Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp  
705 710 715 720

Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His  
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Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro  
740 745 750

Gl y Lys

<210> 48

<211> 725

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 48

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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Gl y Ser Thr Glu Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Glu Glu Glu Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Glu Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Glu Lys Glu  
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## SeqList.txt

50	55	60
Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Glu Tyr Thr Arg Tyr		
65 70 75 80		
Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Glu Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys		
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Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala		
100 105 110		
Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Asp Glu Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp		
115 120 125		
Tyr Trp Glu Glu Glu Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys		
130 135 140		
Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Glu		
145 150 155 160		
Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro		
165 170 175		
Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His Thr		
180 185 190		
Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val		
195 200 205		
Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn		
210 215 220		
Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro		
225 230 235 240		
Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu		
245 250 255		
Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp		
260 265 270		
Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp		
275 280 285		
Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu		
290 295 300		
Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn		
305 310 315 320		
Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp		

## SeqList.txt

325

330

335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
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Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
 355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
 370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
 405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
 420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
 435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
 450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu  
 465 470 475 480

Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg Leu Glu Gly Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys  
 485 490 495

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
 500 505 510

Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 515 520 525

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
 530 535 540

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val  
 545 550 555 560

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
 565 570 575

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
 580 585 590

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala

## SeqList.txt

595

600

605

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 610 615 620

Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n  
 625 630 635 640

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 645 650 655

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 660 665 670

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
 675 680 685

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
 690 695 700

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 705 710 715 720

Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
 725

<210> 49

<211> 719

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 49

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Glu Val Gl n Leu Val Gl u Ser Gl y Gl y Gl y Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Gl n Pro Gl y Gl y Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gl y Phe Asn  
 35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gl n Ala Pro Gl y Lys Gl y  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gl y Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gl y Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gl n Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Gl u Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

SeqList.txt

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

SeqList.txt

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser  
465 470 475 480

Gly Gly Gly Ser Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His  
485 490 495

Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val  
500 505 510

Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr  
515 520 525

Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu  
530 535 540

Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys  
545 550 555 560

Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser  
565 570 575

Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys  
580 585 590

Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile  
595 600 605

Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro  
610 615 620

Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu  
625 630 635 640

Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn  
645 650 655

SeqList.txt

Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser  
660 665 670

Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg  
675 680 685

Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu  
690 695 700

His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
705 710 715

<210> 50

<211> 710

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 50

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Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Glu Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Glu Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

SeqList.txt

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

SeqList.txt

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro  
465 470 475 480

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
485 490 495

Leu Leu Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
500 505 510

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
515 520 525

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu  
530 535 540

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
545 550 555 560

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
565 570 575

Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
580 585 590

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu  
595 600 605

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
610 615 620

Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
625 630 635 640

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
645 650 655

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
660 665 670

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
675 680 685

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
690 695 700

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
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SeqList.txt

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<400> 51

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20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

SeqList.txt

Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Glu Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn  
290 295 300

Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Glu Thr Glu Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Glu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg  
355 360 365

Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Lys Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Glu Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Glu Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Lys  
465 470

<210> 52

<211> 467

<212> PRT

<213> Mus sp.

<400> 52

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
Page 71

## SeqList.txt

1

5

10

15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
 35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
 115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
 130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
 165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
 180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
 195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
 210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Arg  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly  
 245 250 255

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu Met  
 260 265 270

Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser Glu  
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## SeqList.txt

275

280

285

Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Glu Val  
290 295 300

His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Glu Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu  
305 310 315 320

Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser Gly  
325 330 335

Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
340 345 350

Gl u Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gl y Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln Val  
355 360 365

Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Gl u Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Thr  
370 375 380

Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Gl u Asp Ile Tyr Val Gl u  
385 390 395 400

Trp Thr Asn Asn Gl y Lys Thr Gl u Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gl u Pro  
405 410 415

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg Val  
420 425 430

Gl u Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Gl u Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val Val  
435 440 445

His Gl u Gl y Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr  
450 455 460

Pro Gl y Lys  
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<210> 53  
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<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 53

Gln Val Gln Leu Gl n Gl n Pro Gl y Ala Gl u Leu Val Lys Pro Gl y Ala  
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Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gl y Tyr Thr Phe Thr Ser Tyr  
20 25 30

Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl n Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y Leu Gl u Trp Ile  
35 40 45

SeqList.txt

Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Tyr Asn Glu Lys Phe  
50 55 60

Lys Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Thr Ala Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95

Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe Asn Val Trp Gly  
100 105 110

Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser  
115 120 125

Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Glu Glu Thr Ala  
130 135 140

Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val  
145 150 155 160

Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala  
165 170 175

Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val  
180 185 190

Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His  
195 200 205

Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys  
210 215 220

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly  
225 230 235 240

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met  
245 250 255

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His  
260 265 270

Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val  
275 280 285

His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr  
290 295 300

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly  
305 310 315 320

SeqList.txt

Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
325 330 335

Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val  
340 345 350

Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser  
355 360 365

Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu  
370 375 380

Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro  
385 390 395 400

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val  
405 410 415

Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met  
420 425 430

His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser  
435 440 445

Pro Gly Lys  
450

<210> 54  
<211> 213  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 54

Gln Ile Val Leu Ser Gln Ser Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser Ala Ser Pro Gly  
1 5 10 15

Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Tyr Ile  
20 25 30

His Trp Phe Gln Gln Lys Pro Gly Ser Ser Pro Lys Pro Trp Ile Tyr  
35 40 45

Ala Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Val Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser  
50 55 60

Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Arg Val Glu Ala Glu  
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Trp Thr Ser Asn Pro Pro Thr  
85 90 95

SeqList.txt

Phe Gl y Gl y Gl y Thr Lys Leu Gl u Ile Lys Arg Thr Val Al a Al a Pro  
100 105 110

Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Gl u Gl n Leu Lys Ser Gl y Thr  
115 120 125

Al a Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Gl u Al a Lys  
130 135 140

Val Gl n Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Al a Leu Gl n Ser Gl y Asn Ser Gl n Gl u  
145 150 155 160

Ser Val Thr Gl u Gl n Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
165 170 175

Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Al a Asp Tyr Gl u Lys His Lys Val Tyr Al a  
180 185 190

Cys Gl u Val Thr His Gl n Gl y Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser Phe  
195 200 205

Asn Arg Gl y Gl u Cys  
210

<210> 55

<211> 471

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 55

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Gl n Gl n Pro Gl y Al a Gl u Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gl y Al a Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Al a Ser Gl y Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl n Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Ile Gl y Al a Ile Tyr Pro Gl y Asn Gl y Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Gl n Lys Phe Lys Gl y Lys Al a Thr Leu Thr Al a Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Al a Tyr Met Gl n Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Gl u Asp Ser Al a  
100 105 110

SeqList.txt

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Gl u Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

SeqList.txt

Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
465 470

<210> 56  
<211> 233  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 56

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Ile Val Leu Ser Glu Ser Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser  
20 25 30

Ala Ser Pro Gly Glu Lys Val Thr Met Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Ser Ser  
35 40 45

Val Ser Tyr Ile His Trp Phe Glu Glu Lys Pro Gly Ser Ser Pro Lys  
50 55 60

Pro Trp Ile Tyr Ala Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Pro Val Arg  
65 70 75 80

Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Ser Tyr Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Arg  
85 90 95

Val Glu Ala Glu Asp Ala Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Glu Glu Trp Thr Ser  
100 105 110

Asn Pro Pro Thr Phe Gly Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Arg Thr  
115 120 125

Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Glu Leu  
130 135 140

Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro  
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SeqList.txt

145

150

155

160

Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Glu Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Glu Ser Gly  
165 170 175

Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr  
180 185 190

Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys His  
195 200 205

Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro Val  
210 215 220

Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
225 230

<210> 57

<211> 468

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 57

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

SeqList.txt

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu  
245 250 255

Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu  
260 265 270

Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
275 280 285

His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu  
290 295 300

Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr  
305 310 315 320

Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn  
325 330 335

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro  
340 345 350

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln  
355 360 365

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val  
370 375 380

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val  
385 390 395 400

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro  
405 410 415

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr  
420 425 430

SeqList.txt

Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val  
435 440 445

Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Pro Gly Lys  
465

<210> 58  
<211> 472  
<212> PRT  
<213> Mus sp.

<400> 58

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Glu Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gly Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
180 185 190

SeqList.txt

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Arg Gly Pro Thr Ile Lys Pro Cys Pro Pro Cys Lys Cys Pro Ala  
245 250 255

Pro Asn Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile  
260 265 270

Lys Asp Val Leu Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val  
275 280 285

Val Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Glu Ile Ser Trp Phe Val  
290 295 300

Asn Asn Val Glu Val His Thr Ala Glu Thr Glu Thr His Arg Glu Asp  
305 310 315 320

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Glu His Glu  
325 330 335

Asp Trp Met Ser Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp  
340 345 350

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Glu Ser Val  
355 360 365

Arg Ala Pro Glu Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr  
370 375 380

Lys Lys Glu Val Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu  
385 390 395 400

Asp Ile Tyr Val Glu Trp Thr Asn Asn Glu Lys Thr Glu Leu Asn Tyr  
405 410 415

Lys Asn Thr Glu Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr  
420 425 430

Ser Lys Leu Arg Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr  
435 440 445

Ser Cys Ser Val Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys  
450 455 460

SeqList.txt

Ser Phe Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl y Lys  
465 470

<210> 59  
<211> 468  
<212> PRT  
<213> Mus sp.

<400> 59

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Gl n Gl n Pro Gl y Al a Gl u Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gl y Al a Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Al a Ser Gl y Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl n Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Ile Gl y Al a Ile Tyr Pro Gl y Asn Gl y Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Gl n Lys Phe Lys Gl y Lys Al a Thr Leu Thr Al a Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Al a Tyr Met Gl n Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Gl u Asp Ser Al a  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Al a Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gl y Gl y Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gl y Al a Gl y Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Al a Al a Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gl y Gl y Thr Al a Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Al a Val Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

SeqList.txt

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Asn Leu Leu  
245 250 255

Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Lys Ile Lys Asp Val Leu  
260 265 270

Met Ile Ser Leu Ser Pro Ile Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser  
275 280 285

Gl u Asp Asp Pro Asp Val Gln Ile Ser Trp Phe Val Asn Asn Val Gl u  
290 295 300

Val His Thr Ala Gln Thr Gln Thr His Arg Gl u Asp Tyr Asn Ser Thr  
305 310 315 320

Leu Arg Val Val Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Gln His Gln Asp Trp Met Ser  
325 330 335

Gly Lys Glu Phe Lys Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Pro Ala Pro  
340 345 350

Ile Glu Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Pro Lys Gly Ser Val Arg Ala Pro Gln  
355 360 365

Val Tyr Val Leu Pro Pro Glu Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Lys Gln Val  
370 375 380

Thr Leu Thr Cys Met Val Thr Asp Phe Met Pro Glu Asp Ile Tyr Val  
385 390 395 400

Gl u Trp Thr Asn Asn Gly Lys Thr Gl u Leu Asn Tyr Lys Asn Thr Gl u  
405 410 415

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Tyr Phe Met Tyr Ser Lys Leu Arg  
420 425 430

Val Glu Lys Lys Asn Trp Val Glu Arg Asn Ser Tyr Ser Cys Ser Val  
435 440 445

Val His Glu Gly Leu His Asn His His Thr Thr Lys Ser Phe Ser Arg  
450 455 460

Thr Pro Gly Lys  
465

<210> 60  
<211> 449  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

SeqList.txt

<400> 60

Gln Val Gln Leu Lys Gln Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Ser Gln  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Thr Asn Tyr  
20 25 30

Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Leu  
35 40 45

Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn Thr Pro Phe Thr  
50 55 60

Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser Gln Val Phe Phe  
65 70 75 80

Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile Tyr Tyr Cys Ala  
85 90 95

Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly  
100 105 110

Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe  
115 120 125

Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu  
130 135 140

Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp  
145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu  
165 170 175

Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser  
180 185 190

Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro  
195 200 205

Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys  
210 215 220

Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro  
225 230 235 240

Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser  
245 250 255

Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp  
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## SeqList.txt

260

265

270

Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn  
 275 280 285

Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val  
 290 295 300

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu  
 305 310 315 320

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys  
 325 330 335

Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr  
 340 345 350

Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr  
 355 360 365

Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu  
 370 375 380

Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu  
 385 390 395 400

Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys  
 405 410 415

Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu  
 420 425 430

Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu  
 435 440 445

Lys

<210> 61  
 <211> 213  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 61

Asp Ile Leu Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Val Ile Leu Ser Val Ser Pro Glu  
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Val Ser Phe Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser Ile Glu Thr Asn  
 20 25 30

Ile His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Arg Thr Asn Glu Ser Pro Arg Leu Leu Ile  
 35 40 45

SeqList.txt

Lys Tyr Ala Ser Glu Ser Ile Ser Gly Ile Pro Ser Arg Phe Ser Gly  
50 55 60

Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Ser Ile Asn Ser Val Glu Ser  
65 70 75 80

Gl u Asp Ile Ala Asp Tyr Tyr Cys Gl n Gl n Asn Asn Asn Trp Pro Thr  
85 90 95

Thr Phe Gl y Ala Gl y Thr Lys Leu Gl u Leu Lys Arg Thr Val Ala Ala  
100 105 110

Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Gl u Gl n Leu Lys Ser Gl y  
115 120 125

Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr Pro Arg Gl u Ala  
130 135 140

Lys Val Gl n Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gl n Ser Gl y Asn Ser Gl n  
145 150 155 160

Gl u Ser Val Thr Gl u Gl n Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr Tyr Ser Leu Ser  
165 170 175

Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Gl u Lys His Lys Val Tyr  
180 185 190

Al a Cys Gl u Val Thr His Gl n Gl y Leu Ser Ser Pro Val Thr Lys Ser  
195 200 205

Phe Asn Arg Gl y Ala  
210

<210> 62

<211> 469

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 62

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Lys Gl n Ser Gl y Pro Gl y Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gl n Pro Ser Gl n Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gl y Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gl y Val His Trp Val Arg Gl n Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y  
50 55 60

SeqList.txt

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Glu Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
290 295 300 305

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

SeqList.txt

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
465

<210> 63  
<211> 233  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 63

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Glu Ser Thr Glu Asp Ile Leu Leu Thr Gln Ser Pro Val Ile Leu Ser  
20 25 30

Val Ser Pro Glu Glu Arg Val Ser Phe Ser Cys Arg Ala Ser Gln Ser  
35 40 45

Ile Glu Thr Asn Ile His Trp Tyr Gln Gln Arg Thr Asn Glu Ser Pro  
50 55 60

Arg Leu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Ala Ser Glu Ser Ile Ser Glu Ile Pro Ser  
65 70 75 80

Arg Phe Ser Glu Ser Glu Ser Glu Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Ser Ile Asn  
85 90 95

SeqList.txt

Ser Val Glu Ser Glu Asp Ile Ala Asp Tyr Tyr Cys Gln Gln Asn Asn  
100 105 110

Asn Trp Pro Thr Thr Phe Gly Ala Gly Thr Lys Leu Glu Leu Lys Arg  
115 120 125

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Gln  
130 135 140

Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr  
145 150 155 160

Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Gln Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Gln Ser  
165 170 175

Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Ser Val Thr Gly Gln Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr  
180 185 190

Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys  
195 200 205

His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Gln Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro  
210 215 220

Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Ala  
225 230

<210> 64  
<211> 471  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 64

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
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## SeqList.txt

100

105

110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
 115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
 130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
 290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
 325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
 340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
 355 360 365

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
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## SeqList.txt

370

375

380

Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
 385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
 405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
 420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
 435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
 450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
 465 470

<210> 65

<211> 234

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 65

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Asp Ile Glu Met Thr Glu Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser  
 20 25 30

Ala Ser Val Gly Asp Arg Val Thr Ile Thr Cys Arg Ala Ser Glu Gly  
 35 40 45

Ile Arg Asn Tyr Leu Ala Trp Tyr Glu Glu Lys Pro Glu Lys Ala Pro  
 50 55 60

Lys Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ala Ala Ser Thr Leu Glu Ser Gly Val Pro Ser  
 65 70 75 80

Arg Phe Ser Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Phe Thr Leu Thr Ile Ser  
 85 90 95

Ser Leu Glu Pro Glu Asp Val Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Cys Glu Arg Tyr Asn  
 100 105 110

Arg Ala Pro Tyr Thr Phe Gly Glu Gly Thr Lys Val Glu Ile Lys Arg  
 115 120 125

Thr Val Ala Ala Pro Ser Val Phe Ile Phe Pro Pro Ser Asp Glu Glu  
 130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Leu Lys Ser Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Val Cys Leu Leu Asn Asn Phe Tyr  
145 150 155 160

Pro Arg Glu Ala Lys Val Glu Trp Lys Val Asp Asn Ala Leu Glu Ser  
165 170 175

Gly Asn Ser Glu Glu Ser Val Thr Glu Glu Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Thr  
180 185 190

Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys  
195 200 205

His Lys Val Tyr Ala Cys Glu Val Thr His Glu Gly Leu Ser Ser Pro  
210 215 220

Val Thr Lys Ser Phe Asn Arg Gly Glu Cys  
225 230

<210> 66

<211> 766

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 66

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gly Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

SeqList.txt

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys  
465 470 475 480

Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile  
485 490 495

Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Gl u Arg Gl y His  
500 505 510

Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg Leu  
515 520 525

Gl u Gl y Pro Arg Phe Gl u Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr  
530 535 540

Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe  
545 550 555 560

Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro  
565 570 575

Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val  
580 585 590

Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr  
595 600 605

Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val  
610 615 620

Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys  
625 630 635 640

Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser  
645 650 655

Lys Ala Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro  
660 665 670

Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val  
675 680 685

SeqList.txt

Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu  
690 695 700

Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp  
705 710 715 720

Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp  
725 730 735

Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His  
740 745 750

Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
755 760 765

<210> 67  
<211> 219  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 67

Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val Gln Pro Gly Arg  
1 5 10 15

Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr Phe Asp Asp Tyr  
20 25 30

Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly Leu Glu Trp Val  
35 40 45

Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr Ala Asp Ser Val  
50 55 60

Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys Asn Ser Leu Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala Val Tyr Tyr Cys  
85 90 95

Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gly  
100 105 110

Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly Pro Ser  
115 120 125

Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly Thr Ala  
130 135 140

Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val Thr Val  
145 150 155 160

SeqList.txt

Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe Pro Ala  
165 170 175

Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val Thr Val  
180 185 190

Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val Asn His  
195 200 205

Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val  
210 215

<210> 68

<211> 527

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 68

Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15

Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
20 25 30

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val  
35 40 45

Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
50 55 60

Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n  
65 70 75 80

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n  
85 90 95

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala  
100 105 110

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gl y Gl n Pro  
115 120 125

Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
145 150 155 160

Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr  
165 170 175

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
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## SeqList.txt

180

185

190

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe  
 195 200 205

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys  
 210 215 220

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Glu Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His  
 245 250 255

Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly  
 260 265 270

His Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Arg  
 275 280 285

Leu Glu Gly Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His  
 290 295 300

Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Gly Pro Ser Val  
 305 310 315 320

Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr  
 325 330 335

Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu  
 340 345 350

Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys  
 355 360 365

Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser  
 370 375 380

Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys  
 385 390 395 400

Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile  
 405 410 415

Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro  
 420 425 430

Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu  
 435 440 445

Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn  
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SeqList.txt

450 455 460  
Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser  
465 470 475 480  
Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg  
485 490 495  
Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu  
500 505 510  
His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
515 520 525  
<210> 69  
<211> 513  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens  
<400> 69  
Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala  
1 5 10 15  
Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
20 25 30  
Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val  
35 40 45  
Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
50 55 60  
Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu  
65 70 75 80  
Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu  
85 90 95  
Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala  
100 105 110  
Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro  
115 120 125  
Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr  
130 135 140  
Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
145 150 155 160  
Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr  
165 170 175

SeqList.txt

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
180 185 190

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe  
195 200 205

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys  
210 215 220

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Ile Lys Glu Ile Glu Asp Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala  
245 250 255

Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys  
260 265 270

Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys  
275 280 285

Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro  
290 295 300

Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser  
305 310 315 320

Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn  
340 345 350

Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val  
355 360 365

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu  
370 375 380

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys  
385 390 395 400

Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr  
405 410 415

Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr  
420 425 430

Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu  
435 440 445

SeqList.txt

Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu  
450 455 460

Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys  
465 470 475 480

Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu  
485 490 495

Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu  
500 505 510

Lys

<210> 70

<211> 524

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 70

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Lys Gl n Ser Gl y Pro Gl y Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gl n Pro Ser Gl n Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gl y Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gl y Val His Trp Val Arg Gl n Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gl y Val Ile Trp Ser Gl y Gl y Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gl n Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gl n Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Gl u Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gl y Gl n Gl y Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gl y  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gl y Gl y  
145 150 155 160

SeqList.txt

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
290 295 300

Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

SeqList.txt

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile  
465 470 475 480

Gl u Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn  
485 490 495

Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Asp Ile  
500 505 510

Gl u Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
515 520

<210> 71

<211> 496

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 71

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Lys Gln Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Glu Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
290 295 300

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser  
305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

SeqList.txt

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys  
465 470 475 480

Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
485 490 495

<210> 72

<211> 511

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 72

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Lys Gln Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
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## SeqList.txt

165

170

175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
 180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
 195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
 210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
 225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
 245 250 255

Leu Glu Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
 275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
 290 295 300

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
 305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
 325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
 340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
 370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
 420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
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## SeqList.txt

435

440

445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Gly Pro Pro  
 485 490 495

Gly Pro Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 500 505 510

<210> 73

<211> 728

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 73

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
 1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Gln Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser  
 35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
 65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
 85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Glu Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
 100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
 115 120 125

Trp Gly Glu Glu Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
 130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
 165 170 175

SeqList.txt

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
290 295 300

Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

SeqList.txt

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly  
465 470 475 480

Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
485 490 495

Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Al a  
500 505 510

Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro  
515 520 525

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val  
530 535 540

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val  
545 550 555 560

Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Al a Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n  
565 570 575

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n  
580 585 590

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Al a  
595 600 605

Leu Pro Al a Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Al a Lys Gl y Gl n Pro  
610 615 620

Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr  
625 630 635 640

Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser  
645 650 655

Asp Ile Al a Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr  
660 665 670

Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr  
675 680 685

Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe  
690 695 700

Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Al a Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys  
705 710 715 720

SeqList.txt

Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys  
725

<210> 74  
<211> 753  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 74

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Lys Gl n Ser Gl y Pro Gl y Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gl n Pro Ser Gl n Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gl y Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gl y Val His Trp Val Arg Gl n Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Leu Gl y Val Ile Trp Ser Gl y Gl y Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gl n Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gl n Ser Asn Asp Thr Al a Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Al a Arg Al a Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Gl u Phe Al a Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gl y Gl n Gl y Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Al a Al a Ser Thr Lys Gl y  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gl y Gl y  
145 150 155 160

Thr Al a Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Al a Val Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

SeqList.txt

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
245 250 255

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val  
290 295 300

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser  
305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu  
325 330 335

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro  
355 360 365

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln  
370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys Gln Ile  
465 470 475 480

Gl u Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu Asn  
485 490 495

SeqList.txt

Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Gl u Arg Gl y His Gly Gly  
500 505 510

Gly Arg Leu Gl u Gly Pro Arg Phe Gl u Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys  
515 520 525

Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro  
530 535 540

Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser  
545 550 555 560

Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp  
565 570 575

Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn  
580 585 590

Al a Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val  
595 600 605

Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u  
610 615 620

Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Al a Leu Pro Al a Pro Ile Gl u Lys  
625 630 635 640

Thr Ile Ser Lys Al a Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr  
645 650 655

Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr  
660 665 670

Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u  
675 680 685

Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu  
690 695 700

Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys  
705 710 715 720

Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u  
725 730 735

Al a Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y  
740 745 750

Lys

SeqList.txt

<210> 75  
<211> 713  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 75

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Lys Glu Ser Gly Pro Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Cys Thr Val Ser Gly Phe Ser  
35 40 45

Leu Thr Asn Tyr Gly Val His Trp Val Arg Gln Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Leu Gly Val Ile Trp Ser Gly Gly Asn Thr Asp Tyr Asn  
65 70 75 80

Thr Pro Phe Thr Ser Arg Leu Ser Ile Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Ser  
85 90 95

Gln Val Phe Phe Lys Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Ser Asn Asp Thr Ala Ile  
100 105 110

Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Glu Phe Ala Tyr  
115 120 125

Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr Lys Gly  
130 135 140

Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly Gly  
145 150 155 160

Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro Val  
165 170 175

Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr Phe  
180 185 190

Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val Val  
195 200 205

Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn Val  
210 215 220

Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Arg Val Glu Pro Lys  
225 230 235 240

## SeqList.txt

Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu  
 245 250 255

Leu Glu Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr  
 260 265 270

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val  
 275 280 285

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val  
 290 295 300

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser  
 305 310 315 320

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp Leu  
 325 330 335

Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala  
 340 345 350

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro  
 355 360 365

Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Glu  
 370 375 380

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala  
 385 390 395 400

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr  
 405 410 415

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu  
 420 425 430

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser  
 435 440 445

Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser  
 450 455 460

Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
 465 470 475 480

Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 485 490 495

Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys  
 500 505 510

SeqList.txt

Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val  
515 520 525

Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr  
530 535 540

Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu  
545 550 555 560

Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His  
565 570 575

Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys  
580 585 590

Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln  
595 600 605

Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met  
610 615 620

Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro  
625 630 635 640

Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn  
645 650 655

Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu  
660 665 670

Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val  
675 680 685

Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
690 695 700

Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
705 710

<210> 76

<211> 526

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 76

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Pro Gl y Ala Gl u Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gl y Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gl y Tyr Thr  
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## SeqList.txt

35

40

45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Glu Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
 85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
 115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
 130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
 290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
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## SeqList.txt

305	310	315	320
Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp			
325 330 335			
Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu			
340 345 350			
Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg			
355 360 365			
Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys			
370 375 380			
Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp			
385 390 395 400			
Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys			
405 410 415			
Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser			
420 425 430			
Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser			
435 440 445			
Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser			
450 455 460 465			
Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Ser Leu Glu Glu Glu Ser Ile Lys			
465 470 475 480			
Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile			
485 490 495			
Glu Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Glu Glu Arg Glu His			
500 505 510			
Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro			
515 520 525			
<210> 77			
<211> 498			
<212> PRT			
<213> Homo sapiens			
<400> 77			
Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro			
1 5 10 15			
Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val			
20 25 30			

SeqList.txt

Lys Pro Glu Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Glu Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu Arg Glu  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Glu Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Glu Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

SeqList.txt

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His  
465 470 475 480

Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro  
485 490 495

Cys Pro

<210> 78  
<211> 513  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 78

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val  
20 25 30

SeqList.txt

Lys Pro Glu Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Glu Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu Arg Glu  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Glu Asn Glu Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Glu Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Glu Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220 225

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270 275

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

SeqList.txt

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glut Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
465 470 475 480

Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly  
485 490 495

Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
500 505 510

Pro

<210> 79  
<211> 730  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 79

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

## SeqList.txt

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Glu Glu Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr  
 35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Glu Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Glu Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
 85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
 115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
 130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

SeqList.txt

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly  
465 470 475 480

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro  
485 490 495

Cys Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys  
500 505 510

Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro  
515 520 525

Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys  
530 535 540

Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp  
545 550 555 560

SeqList.txt

Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu  
565 570 575

Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu  
580 585 590

Hi s Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn  
595 600 605

Lys Al a Leu Pro Al a Pro Ile Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Al a Lys Gl y  
610 615 620

Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u  
625 630 635 640

Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr  
645 650 655

Pro Ser Asp Ile Al a Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn  
660 665 670

Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe  
675 680 685

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn  
690 695 700

Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Al a Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr  
705 710 715 720

Gl n Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys  
725 730

<210> 80

<211> 755

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 80

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl n Val Gl n Leu Gl n Gl n Pro Gl y Al a Gl u Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gl y Al a Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Al a Ser Gl y Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gl n Thr Pro Gl y Arg Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Ile Gl y Al a Ile Tyr Pro Gl y Asn Gl y Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
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## SeqList.txt

65

70

75

80

Asn Glu Lys Phe Lys Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
 85 90 95

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
 115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Glu Ala Glu Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
 130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
 145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Thr Ala Ala Leu Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Glu Ala Leu Thr Ser Glu Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Glu Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Glu Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
 290 295 300

Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
 325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Glu Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
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## SeqList.txt

340

345

350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg  
 355 360 365

Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys  
 370 375 380 385

Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
 385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
 405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
 420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser  
 435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser  
 450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Ser Val Gl u Gl y Gl y Gl y Ser Ile Lys  
 465 470 475 480

Gl n Ile Gl u Asp Lys Ile Gl u Gl u Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile  
 485 490 495

Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gl y Gl u Arg Gl y His  
 500 505 510

Gl y Gl y Gl y Arg Leu Gl u Gl y Pro Arg Phe Gl u Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys  
 515 520 525

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gl y  
 530 535 540

Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met  
 545 550 555 560

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His  
 565 570 575

Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val  
 580 585 590

His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr  
 595 600 605

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y  
 Page 126

SeqList.txt

610

615

620

Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
625 630 635 640

Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val  
645 650 655

Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser  
660 665 670

Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu  
675 680 685

Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro  
690 695 700

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val  
705 710 715 720

Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met  
725 730 735

His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser  
740 745 750

Pro Gly Lys  
755

<210> 81  
<211> 715  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 81

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Gln Val Gln Leu Gln Gln Pro Gly Ala Glu Leu Val  
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gly Ala Ser Val Lys Met Ser Cys Lys Ala Ser Gly Tyr Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Thr Ser Tyr Asn Met His Trp Val Lys Gln Thr Pro Gly Arg Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Ile Gly Ala Ile Tyr Pro Gly Asn Gly Asp Thr Ser Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Asn Gln Lys Phe Lys Gly Lys Ala Thr Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Ser Ser  
85 90 95

SeqList.txt

Ser Thr Ala Tyr Met Glu Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Ser Glu Asp Ser Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Arg Ser Thr Tyr Tyr Gly Gly Asp Trp Tyr Phe  
115 120 125

Asn Val Trp Gly Ala Gly Thr Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

SeqList.txt

Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl u Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Gl u Cys Pro  
465 470 475 480

Pro Cys Pro Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro  
485 490 495

Cys Pro Ala Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro  
500 505 510

Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr  
515 520 525

Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn  
530 535 540

Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg  
545 550 555 560

Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val  
565 570 575

Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser  
580 585 590

Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys  
595 600 605

Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u  
610 615 620

Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe  
625 630 635 640

SeqList.txt

Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu  
645 650 655

Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe  
660 665 670

Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly  
675 680 685

Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr  
690 695 700

Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
705 710 715

<210> 82

<211> 498

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 82

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Glut Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Glu Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

SeqList.txt

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Gln Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Gl u Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

SeqList.txt

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His  
465 470 475 480

Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro  
485 490 495

Cys Pro

<210> 83

<211> 513

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 83

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Glu Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

SeqList.txt

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Gl u Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

SeqList.txt

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro  
465 470 475 480

Gly Pro Pro Gly  
485 490 495

Pro Pro Gly Pro Pro Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
500 505 510

Pro

<210> 84

<211> 730

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 84

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
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## SeqList.txt

145

150

155

160

Gl y Gl y Thr Al a Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Al a Val Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Gl u  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Al a Pro  
 245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
 290 295 300

Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Al a Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr  
 305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp  
 325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Al a Leu  
 340 345 350

Pro Al a Pro Ile Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Al a Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg  
 355 360 365

Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys  
 370 375 380

Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
 385 390 395 400

Ile Al a Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
 405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
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## SeqList.txt

420

425

430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
 435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser  
 450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly  
 465 470 475

Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro  
 485 490 495

Cys Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys  
 500 505

Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro  
 515 520 525

Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys  
 530 535 540

Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp  
 545 550 555 560

Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu  
 565 570 575

Glu Glu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu  
 580 585 590

His Glu Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn  
 595 600 605

Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly  
 610 615 620

Glu Pro Arg Glu Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu  
 625 630 635 640

Met Thr Lys Asn Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr  
 645 650 655

Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn  
 660 665 670

Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe  
 675 680 685

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn  
 Page 136

SeqList.txt

690 695 700

Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr  
705 710 715 720

725 730

<210> 85  
<211> 755  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 85

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

20 25 30

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl u Val Gl n Leu Val Gl u Ser Gl y Gl y Gl y Leu Val

35 40 45

Gl n Pro Gl y Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Al a Al a Ser Gl y Phe Thr

50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Val Ser Al a Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gl y His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Al a Asp Ser Val Gl u Gl y Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Al a Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gl n Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Al a Gl u Asp Thr Al a  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Al a Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Al a Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

130 135 140

Asp Tyr Trp Gl y Gl n Gl y Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Al a Ser Thr

145 150 155 160

Gl y Gl y Thr Al a Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His  
180 185 190

195 200 205

SeqList.txt

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser  
450 455 460 465

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Ser Val Gl u Gl y Gl y Gl y Ser Ile Lys  
465 470 475 480

SeqList.txt

Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile  
485 490 495

Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Gl u Arg Gly His  
500 505 510

Gly Gly Gly Arg Leu Gl u Gly Pro Arg Phe Gl u Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys  
515 520 525

Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Gl u Leu Leu Gly  
530 535 540

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met  
545 550 555 560

Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Gl u Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His  
565 570 575

Gl u Asp Pro Gl u Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gl y Val Gl u Val  
580 585 590

His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr  
595 600 605

Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y  
610 615 620

Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile  
625 630 635 640

Gl u Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gl y Gln Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gln Val  
645 650 655

Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser  
660 665 670

Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u  
675 680 685

Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gln Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro  
690 695 700 705

Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val  
705 710 715 720

Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met  
725 730 735

His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser  
740 745 750

SeqList.txt

Pro Gl y Lys  
755

<210> 86  
<211> 715  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 86

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Gl u Val Gl n Leu Val Gl u Ser Gl y Gl y Gl y Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gl n Pro Gl y Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Al a Al a Ser Gl y Phe Thr  
35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Al a Met His Trp Val Arg Gl n Al a Pro Gl y Lys Gl y  
50 55 60

Leu Gl u Trp Val Ser Al a Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gl y His Ile Asp Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Al a Asp Ser Val Gl u Gl y Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Al a Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gl n Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Al a Gl u Asp Thr Al a  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Al a Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Al a Ser Ser Leu  
115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gl y Gl n Gl y Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Al a Ser Thr  
130 135 140

Lys Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Al a Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
145 150 155 160

Gl y Gl y Thr Al a Al a Leu Gl y Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Gl u  
165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gl y Al a Leu Thr Ser Gl y Val His  
180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Al a Val Leu Gl n Ser Ser Gl y Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gl y Thr Gl n Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
210 215 220

SeqList.txt

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
245 250 255

Gl u Leu Leu Gl y Gl y Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
275 280 285

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gl y Val Gl u Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gl n Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gl y Gl n Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u Gl u Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Gl u Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Gl u Cys Pro  
465 470 475 480

Pro Cys Pro Gl u Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro  
485 490 495

SeqList.txt

Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro  
500 505 510

Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr  
515 520 525

Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn  
530 535 540

Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg  
545 550 555 560

Gl u Gl u Gl n Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val  
565 570 575

Leu His Gl n Asp Trp Leu Asn Gl y Lys Gl u Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser  
580 585 590

Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys  
595 600 605

Gl y Gl n Pro Arg Gl u Pro Gl n Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Gl u  
610 615 620

Gl u Met Thr Lys Asn Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gl y Phe  
625 630 635 640

Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Gl u Trp Gl u Ser Asn Gl y Gl n Pro Gl u  
645 650 655

Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe  
660 665 670

Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y  
675 680 685

Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr  
690 695 700

Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys  
705 710 715

<210> 87  
<211> 526  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 87

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15

## SeqList.txt

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Thr  
 35 40 45

Phe Asp Asp Tyr Ala Met His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ser Ala Ile Thr Trp Asn Ser Gly His Ile Asp Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Glu Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Arg Asp Asn Ala Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Ser Leu Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ala Lys Val Ser Tyr Leu Ser Thr Ala Ser Ser Leu  
 115 120 125

Asp Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr  
 130 135 140

Lys Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu  
 165 170 175

Pro Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His  
 180 185 190

Thr Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser  
 195 200 205

Val Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys  
 210 215 220

Asn Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu  
 225 230 235 240

Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro  
 245 250 255

Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys  
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val  
 275 280 285

SeqList.txt

Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp  
290 295 300

Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr  
305 310 315 320

Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp  
325 330 335

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu  
340 345 350

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg  
355 360 365

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys  
370 375 380

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp  
385 390 395 400

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys  
405 410 415

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser  
420 425 430

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser  
435 440 445

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser  
450 455 460

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Leu Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys  
465 470 475 480

Gln Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile  
485 490 495

Gl u Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Gl u Arg Gl y His  
500 505 510

Asp Ile Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
515 520 525

<210> 88

<211> 729

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 88

Met Gl u Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
Page 144

## SeqList.txt

1

5

10

15

Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
 20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
 35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
 50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
 65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
 85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
 100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
 115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
 130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
 145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
 165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
 180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
 195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
 210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
 225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
 245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
 260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
 Page 145

## SeqList.txt

275

280

285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Glu  
 290 295 300 305

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
 305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
 325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
 340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Glu Pro Arg Glu  
 355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
 370 375 380

Gl n Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
 385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
 405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
 420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
 435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu  
 450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Glu Ser Glu Glu Glu Glu Ser  
 465 470 475 480

Gl y Gl y Gl y Gl y Ser Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro Cys  
 485 490 495

Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
 500 505 510

Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Glu Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys  
 515 520 525

Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val  
 530 535 540

Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr  
 Page 146

## SeqList.txt

545 550 555 560

Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu  
565 570 575Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His  
580 585 590Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys  
595 600 605Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln  
610 615 620Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met  
625 630 635 640Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro  
645 650 655Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn  
660 665 670Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu  
675 680 685Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val  
690 695 700Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln  
705 710 715 720Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys  
725

&lt;210&gt; 89

&lt;211&gt; 714

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 89

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
1 5 10 15Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Gln Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

SeqList.txt

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300 305

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn  
310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp  
325 330 335

SeqList.txt

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Glu Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Glu Cys Pro Pro  
465 470 475 480

Cys Pro Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys  
485 490 495

Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro  
500 505 510

Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys  
515 520 525

Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp  
530 535 540

Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu  
545 550 555 560

Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu  
565 570 575

His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn  
580 585 590

Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly  
595 600 605

SeqList.txt

Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu  
610 615 620

Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr  
625 630 635 640

Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn  
645 650 655

Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe  
660 665 670

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn  
675 680 685

Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr  
690 695 700

Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Glu Lys  
705 710

<210> 90

<211> 754

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 90

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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20 25 30

Gln Pro Glu Gl y Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Glu Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Glu Lys Glu  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Glu Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Glu Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Asp Glu Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

SeqList.txt

Tyr Trp Gly Glu Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Glu Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Glu Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300 305

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Glu Tyr Asn  
310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Glu Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Glu Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Glu Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Glu Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

SeqList.txt

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Glu Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Ser Val Glu Gly Gly Ser Ile Lys Gln  
465 470 475 480

Ile Glu Asp Lys Ile Glu Glu Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Glu  
485 490 495

Asn Glu Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gly Glu Arg Gly His Gly  
500 505 510

Gly Gly Arg Leu Glu Gly Pro Arg Phe Glu Glu Pro Lys Ser Cys Asp  
515 520 525

Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly  
530 535 540

Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile  
545 550 555 560

Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu  
565 570 575

Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His  
580 585 590

Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg  
595 600 605

Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys  
610 615 620

Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu  
625 630 635 640

Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr  
645 650 655

Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu  
660 665 670

SeqList.txt

Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Glu Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp  
675 680 685

Glu Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val  
690 695 700

Leu Asp Ser Asp Glu Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp  
705 710 715 720

Lys Ser Arg Trp Glu Glu Glu Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His  
725 730 735

Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Glu Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro  
740 745 750

Gly Lys

<210> 91

<211> 525

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 91

Met Glu Thr Asp Thr Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Leu Leu Leu Trp Val Pro  
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Gly Ser Thr Gly Glu Val Glu Leu Val Glu Ser Gly Gly Gly Leu Val  
20 25 30

Gln Pro Gly Gly Ser Leu Arg Leu Ser Cys Ala Ala Ser Gly Phe Asn  
35 40 45

Ile Lys Asp Thr Tyr Ile His Trp Val Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Lys Gly  
50 55 60

Leu Glu Trp Val Ala Arg Ile Tyr Pro Thr Asn Gly Tyr Thr Arg Tyr  
65 70 75 80

Ala Asp Ser Val Lys Gly Arg Phe Thr Ile Ser Ala Asp Thr Ser Lys  
85 90 95

Asn Thr Ala Tyr Leu Gln Met Asn Ser Leu Arg Ala Glu Asp Thr Ala  
100 105 110

Val Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Arg Trp Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe Tyr Ala Met Asp  
115 120 125

Tyr Trp Gly Gln Gly Thr Leu Val Thr Val Ser Ser Ala Ser Thr Lys  
130 135 140

SeqList.txt

Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Pro Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Ser Gly  
145 150 155 160

Gly Thr Ala Ala Leu Gly Cys Leu Val Lys Asp Tyr Phe Pro Glu Pro  
165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ser Trp Asn Ser Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Gly Val His Thr  
180 185 190

Phe Pro Ala Val Leu Gln Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr Ser Leu Ser Ser Val  
195 200 205

Val Thr Val Pro Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Gln Thr Tyr Ile Cys Asn  
210 215 220

Val Asn His Lys Pro Ser Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Lys Val Glu Pro  
225 230 235 240

Lys Ser Cys Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu  
245 250 255

Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp  
260 265 270

Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp  
275 280 285

Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly  
290 295 300

Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn  
305 310 315 320

Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp  
325 330 335

Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro  
340 345 350

Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu  
355 360 365

Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Glu Glu Met Thr Lys Asn  
370 375 380

Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile  
385 390 395 400

Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr  
405 410 415

SeqList.txt

Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gl y Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys  
420 425 430

Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gl n Gl n Gl y Asn Val Phe Ser Cys  
435 440 445

Ser Val Met His Gl u Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gl n Lys Ser Leu  
450 455 460

Ser Leu Ser Pro Gl y Lys Ser Leu Gl u Gl y Gl y Gl y Ser Ile Lys Gl n  
465 470 475 480

Ile Gl u Asp Lys Ile Gl u Gl u Ile Leu Ser Lys Ile Tyr His Ile Gl u  
485 490 495

Asn Gl u Ile Ala Arg Ile Lys Lys Leu Ile Gl y Gl u Arg Gl y His Asp  
500 505 510

Ile Gl u Arg Lys Cys Cys Val Gl u Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro  
515 520 525