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(54) **YS68 POLYPEPTIDE INVOLVED IN
PRIMITIVE HEMATOPOIESIS**

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20, 2006, now Pat. No. 7,794,973, which is a
continuation of application No. 10/118,513, filed on
Apr. 8, 2002, now abandoned, which is a
continuation-in-part of application No.
PCT/JP00/05756, filed on Aug. 25, 2000.

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(51) **Int. Cl.**
C07K 14/475 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **530/350**; 530/838; 530/402

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
None
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A novel gene, dubbed "YS68", involved in primitive hemato-
poiesis was successfully isolated from cDNA derived from
mouse yolk sacs. In addition, a human gene corresponding to
this gene was successfully isolated. Expression characteris-
tics of these genes suggested their involvement in primitive
hematopoiesis. The proteins of this invention and genes
encoding the proteins may be utilized as tools for drug devel-
opment against diseases, such as hematological disorders.

13 Claims, 13 Drawing Sheets

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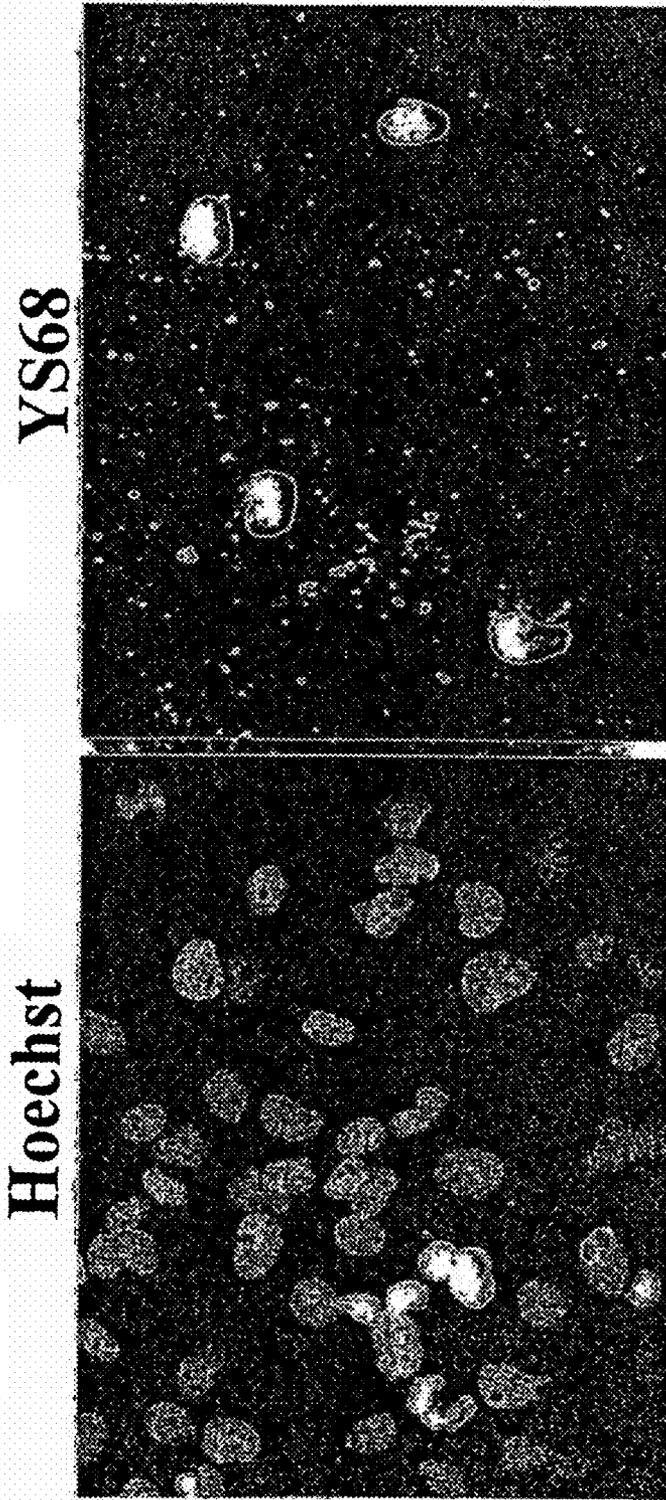


FIG. 1

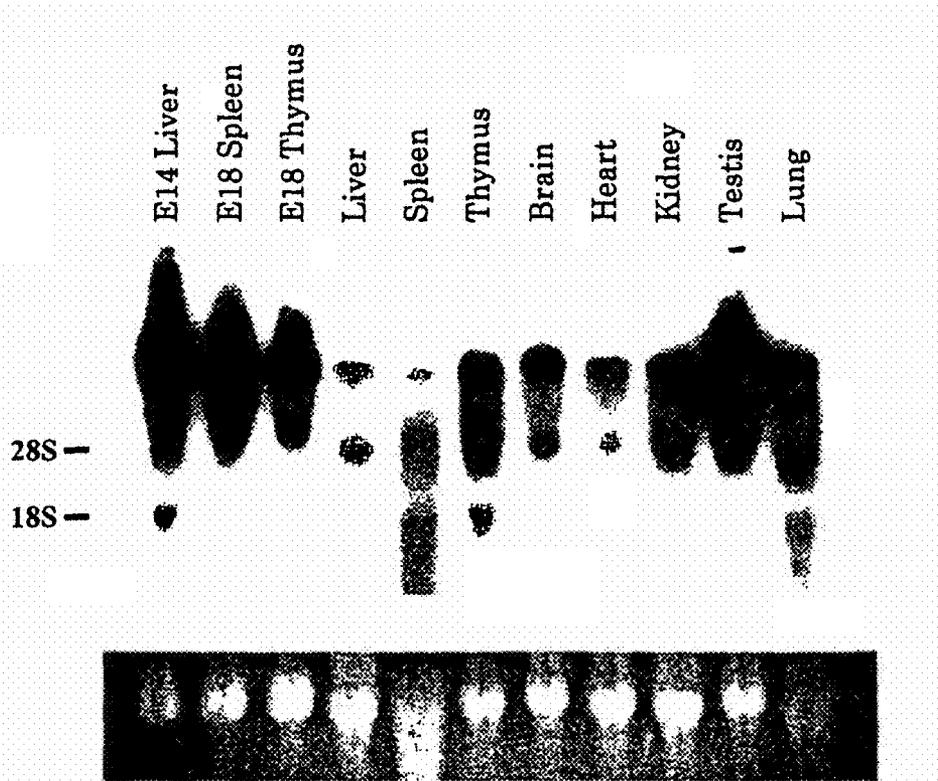


FIG. 2

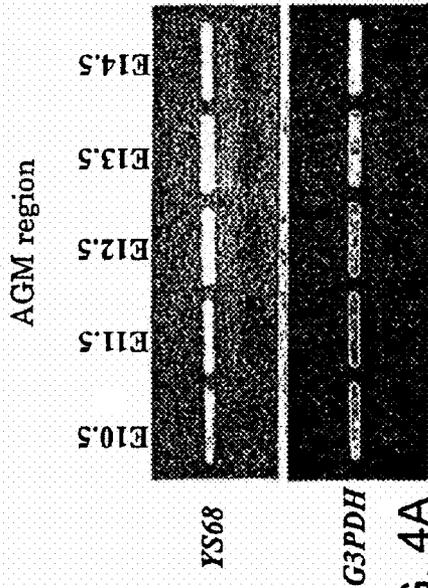


FIG. 4A

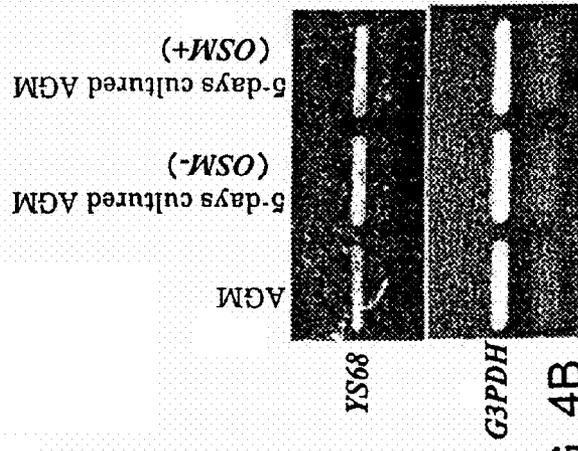


FIG. 4B

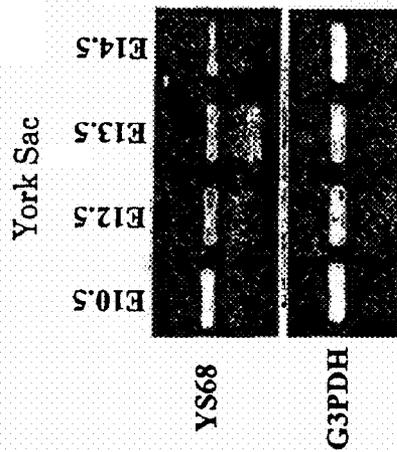


FIG. 3

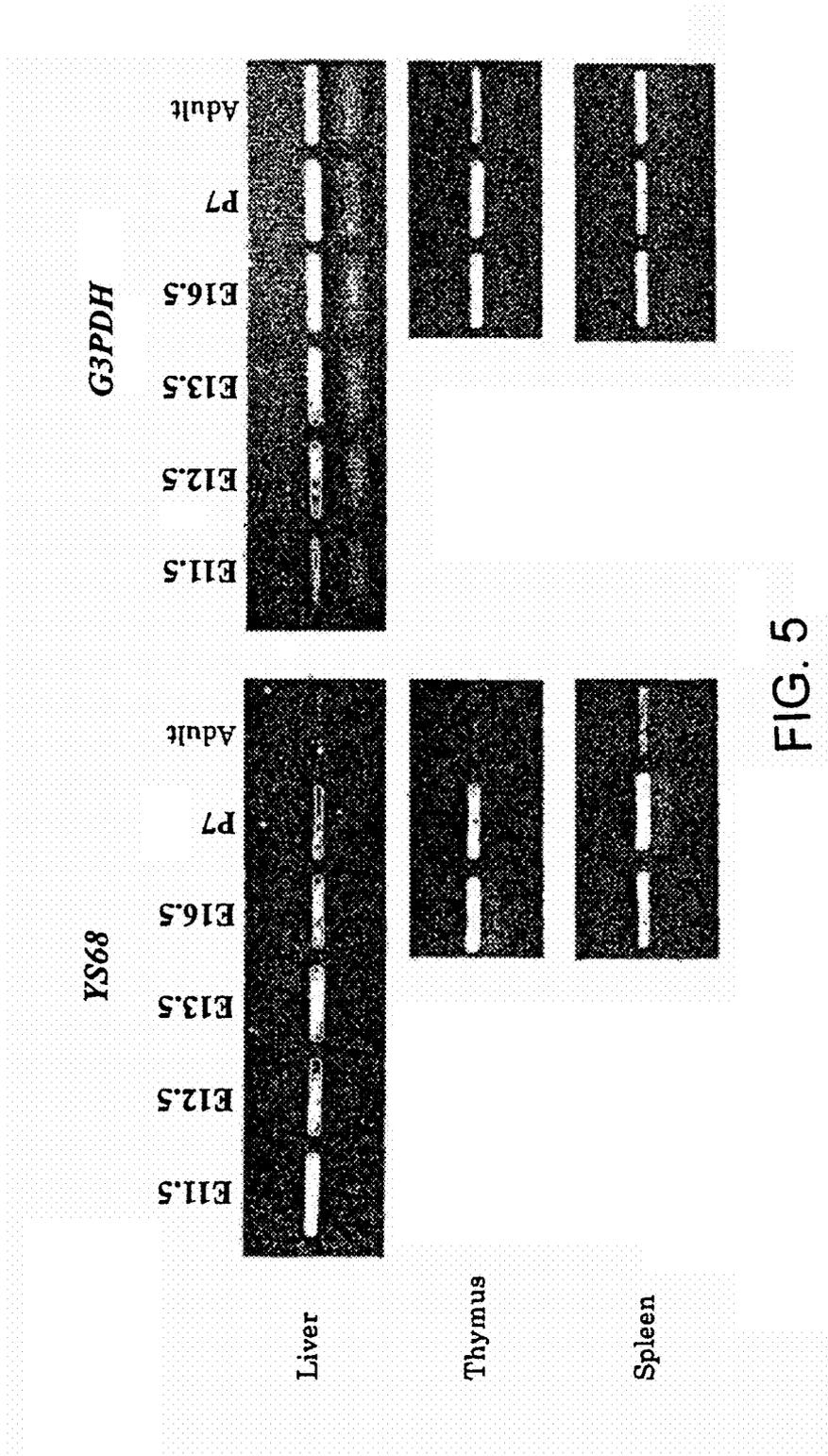


FIG. 5

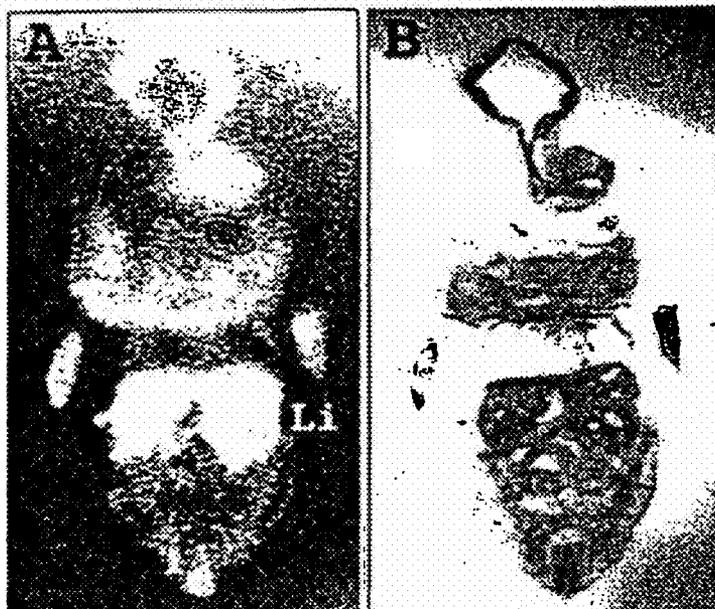


FIG. 6A

FIG. 6B

FIG. 7A

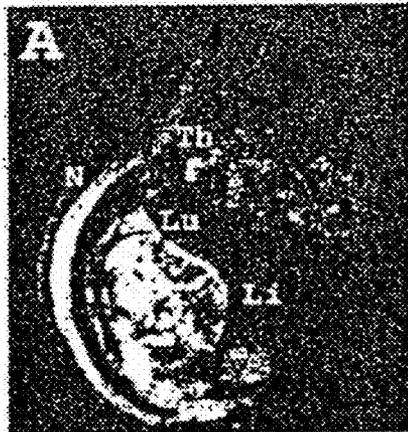


FIG. 7B

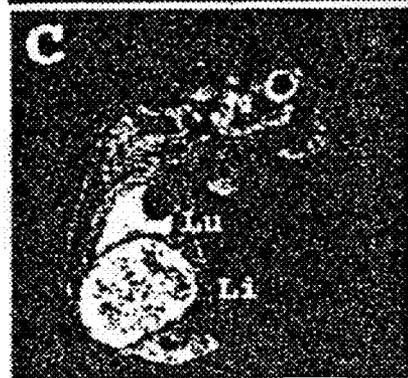


FIG. 7C

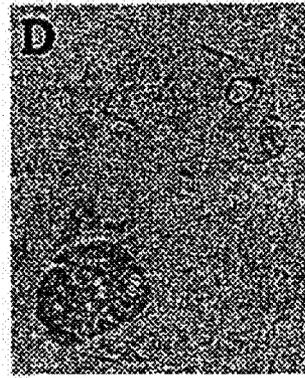


FIG. 7D

HUMAN 1 EKLWKRDGEGTKYPPASLHVDWYLLDGVTEAAKHSITTYLLLDIMYSFPNKTDIPIESFPTVFAISMGQVKLLOGFWLIDHNDYEGGLDLFHPATAKPLSWQHSK.IIOAFMSGGEH
MOUSE -----
HUMAN ROALRYIQTMKPTVSSGNDVILHLTVLLFNRGWEANFLRQHCRLNTEELLKHYEVCQEMGLMEDLLKLPDTDEQELVKFLQSSASVQNHFEILLVHHLQRANYVPALKLNQTLKI
MOUSE -----
HUMAN MNRDOPRLRERSLARNSTLDVYGGKILPRVHRKLAJERKPYHLSTSSVFRVLSRKPPLSAMPKQVWGTIVLTRSVFVWMLSKIGEMASKEPINSTIPFNSSKLELPSPIWMSLPIAP
MOUSE 1 --HSDROPRLRERSVTRNSILDOYGGKILPRVORKLAVERAKPYHLSTSSVFRHEVSRKPLSAFPKAKATIGTLVTRSTIEJSNWLSKIGEMASHEPNVGSLENSPKTEQSPWVHSHFHE
HUMAN ELPEAFHGPTKAKQKTSRLLDLVWVPPVPPSCSEFTQOOSMKSPIYVSRSTPKSSQLGSKQATSRASELHLELETPWKKAKSLAWSVITISGFSEFTPOSILRSTPRTPLASPS
MOUSE ELPEAFHGPTLSNIBSORLSRLLDLVWVPPVPPSCOLEFTQOSPTRSPQLSSQLPSSQFRRPHONITSRPSELLLETPWKKAKSLASVITISGFSEFTPOSILRSGFRITPLASPS
HUMAN PSEPR---SPQRKETRISFVEEDVHPKALPQWADD---SKLEVFITIPKQAVVIVETPKSKORITISFFENSPENHQ-----ENDEGSOSEKLDVSKNGSVSITISDEITELVQDAPS
MOUSE LSPGRSLTPFRKTRISFVEEGVNHMIDRATDRNTKATVSTUSFHKGGIPEATEWMTSUNKUNHEPQVAKGPKVVAESLATHSGRLEKLDVSKEDGTASTRQDITSELEFDAPS
HUMAN PEDLEETVITASKPKSSSTALTTWITRTEKQDQKQVASEMTPSOLQKQVHLEDAEIKOLLVWAEAFSELNHSVQVGTASLCAPIVMECKLFTOKSKVPMDEGLTSMVETIPAIR
MOUSE PEDLEGANVSPKPASSSTELTINSITLQTEPNDQDAKSEGTSPVKQJBTG-----DAMVAFSELSPVPPVFAKASGVSSVCEGETSISKSTSNLDG-IYPIESRISILT
HUMAN ANDNKSDVLDGGGKSSLTISEGPTVSEPRQVQVAVLNKEDHEVHGVNKEVMPEEKLPISDSDPTQELHMEQELTAQOOSGEANLISHMELYPSQTLKQVNFDTIDROFGD
MOUSE ADHKESVANTVADVSSGTSKQVVISERSLGGKLTNLKED-ELIENAKENWGLPEESRPLSAFSDITHEHJIGQENLEWQVSEEAANLSELELYPBAKLEVALSTIEQFQGD
HUMAN DADNKTVAEQIAEVDQELFVAQSNFTLLEGEQEVPEPQDFRSDVLEPKAANTALEEKVCSGENVHGGQIANPSAVTSDQKSOQVDTLPYVPEPIKVAITAEMLDVIKOTRSKEIITS
MOUSE LPDQKDSAEQDAEVDQELFVAQSNFTLLEGEQEAASDQAPANNLPKSTK---EKPYGVREPHNOERVTLPQSAVJADQESHKMEILLPYVPEPKVAITAEMLDVIKOTRSKEAITP
HUMAN DTMEQSTHETPLVSONIMCPTKQVSAFKTAEITSTMVMSQMDQVSSKTRTRQFRTQNMWKSQVDEASADVATPKMPOGQVYKTRKAKELSEASENTYKQVIRGLXQVQOIQPONS
MOUSE VAAGEAEDGAVTVSKAAHSSRLNITSTKQVKEPRAEITVNTSODQVSSRLTRQVHALSNVITSEDEPS--AVATP-----KPRTRKIKETPESSEERTCSQLKVAPENQLTAQMP
HUMAN VTPRRRKKVEMODILENTSSVEQ--ELQITITGRESKRUKSOLLEPAVEETI-TKKNKVVSVTRKATPRRKRKSVENQESVETINDLKNVITVISP-SRMTIRKRS-INDASENTGNKQDD
MOUSE PAPER-EXKKQVSGGTLPPSSGAVPEPEPQVUPGR--LRURT-QPPEPAWELTPSRTKQRLSSVKKGTPRLLKVSVENGGCIEJLDLQKSEASHDGTVTELQVALLIEDTQWVEYKODE
HUMAN KSSDQRLRIRVVRVREVSVDNREDSMIESSOLTVQAE-ENSAVLPKRGRPRKIMFSEDVGSKAVKEEASFKKKEAPSJRRYS-TRITPAK-SENVQVQKPAKCKSHIYVNEELSMMS
MOUSE -HSDQDPLK-RKQVREVSVSSVTEPEKLDSSQLPLTGLDVPATPRKGRPRKIMVLEADQSTTKQEQTSQKQVQVIR-S-TRITPARN-----VSTLXSVLVPVNEAALVMT
HUMAN SKKRLTKTESQKRLSHVSEERIDEMITKETEINEQERLEAVASFTKSSRSRTRSSKALIPOLSEPNELPFSF-ASEVPR-KAKAKKIEVPAQKELVSDLSSQFVPSPPALRSP
MOUSE SKRRTPKKSAEESKQPSAANS-DWAGGAHTEESADRRQQLAAWALTPSAGRTSRSPRTMLTIDISEKTELELPFPSPVAKPKKSKAFNWEAAQKELVSDLSSQFVPSPPALRTR
HUMAN QKNTISNKLEDEKQDQASVETLGGKPRKRTISKTKQSKNTIKESAWSLPPIETREITPSPASPMGWS-KPRKTIETVITQEGWRKLSNPKQTLRRKML
MOUSE QKNTISNTSKLLELESQPKPLETEQ-KPKSRTJKTR-ASRNTQKGSASPPVEIKLMSPLASPMDEIKTKPRKTAETQKTLGRBRKPKPSFKQTLRRKML

1530
1265

FIG. 8

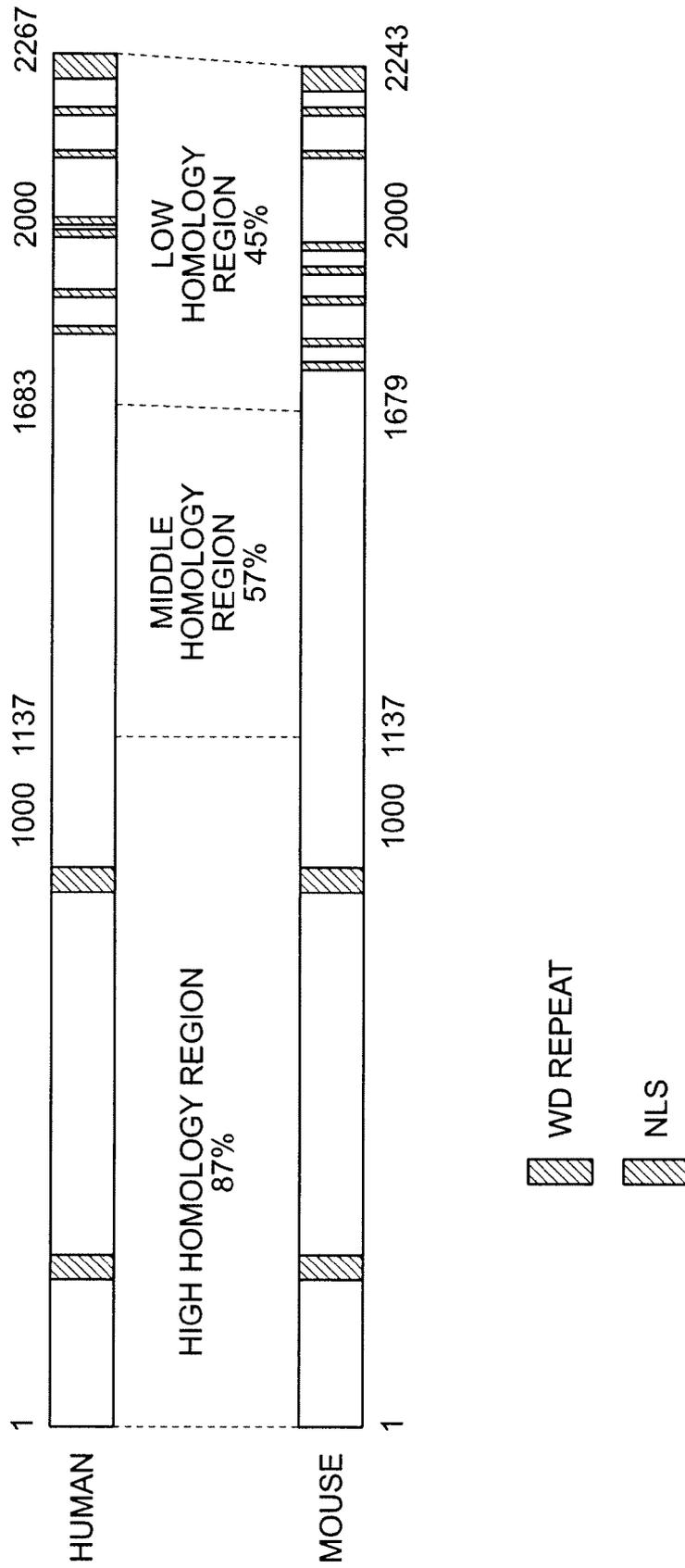


FIG. 9

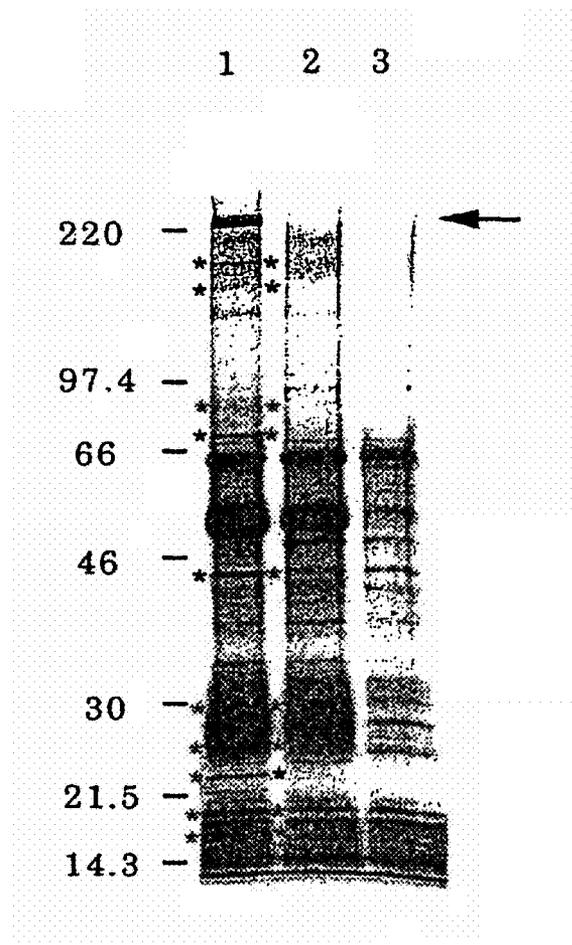


FIG. 10

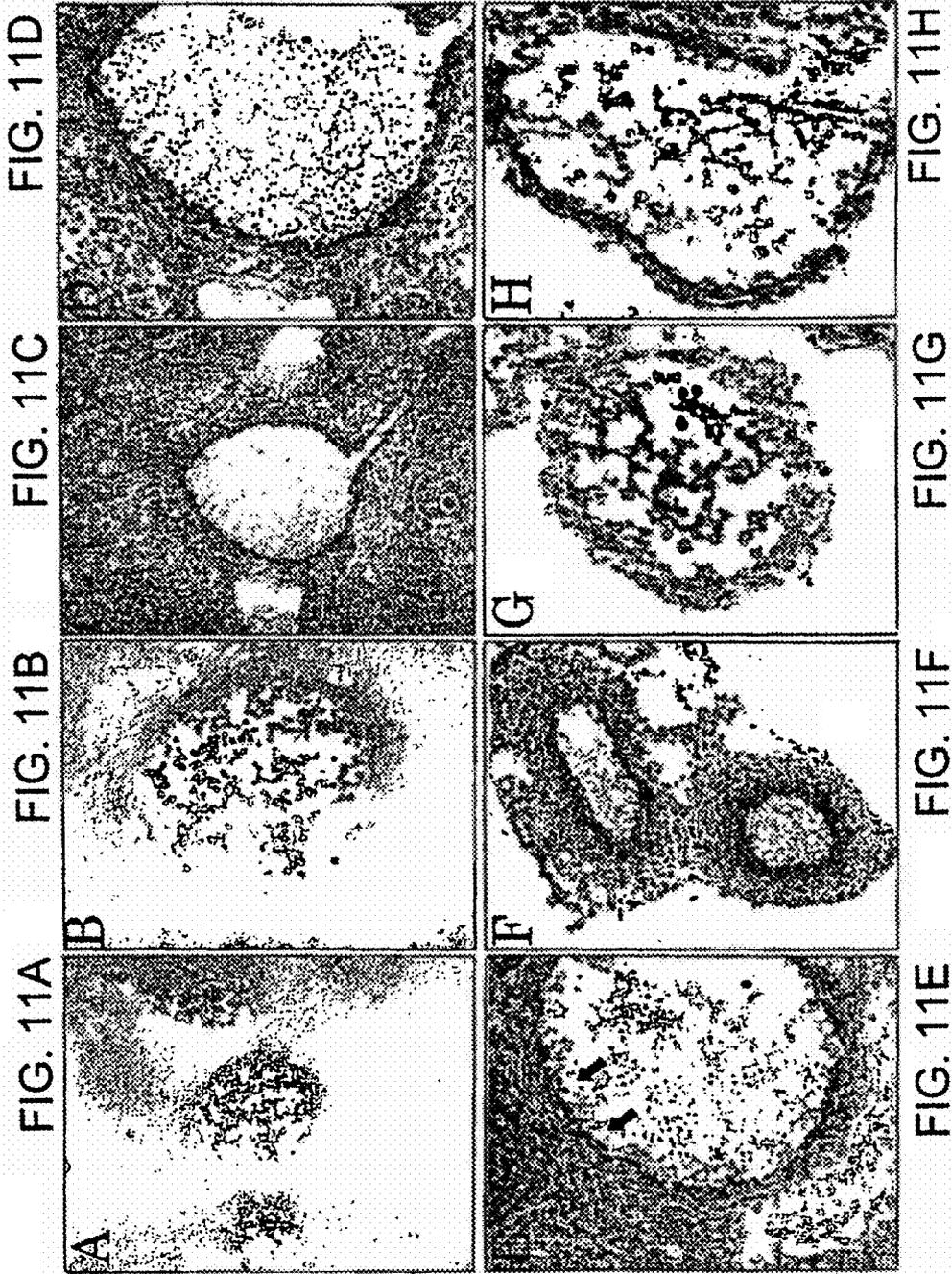


FIG. 12A



FIG. 12B



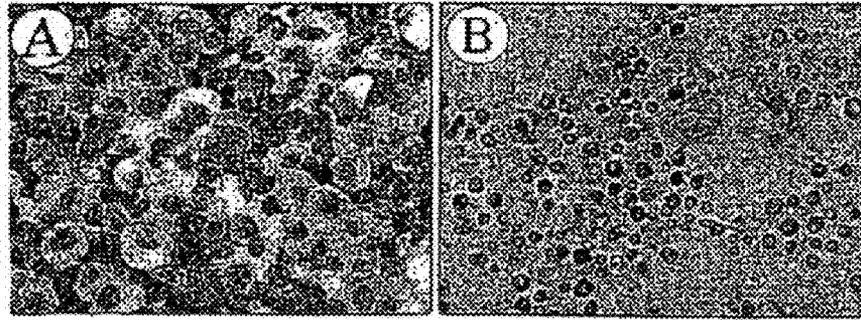


FIG. 13A

FIG. 13B

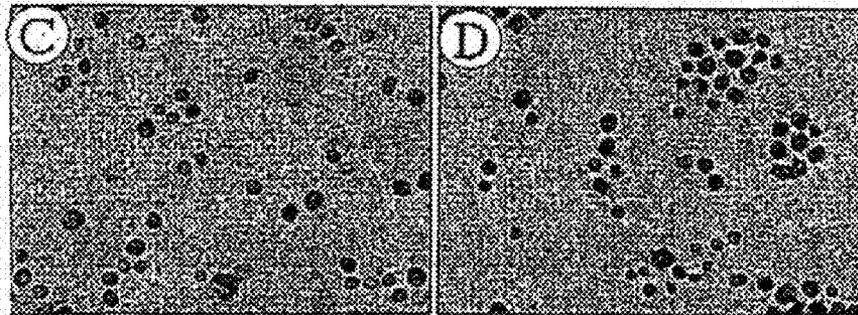


FIG. 13C

FIG. 13D

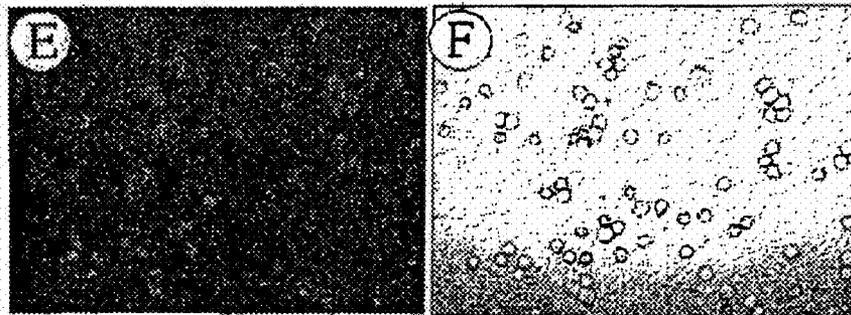


FIG. 13E

FIG. 13F

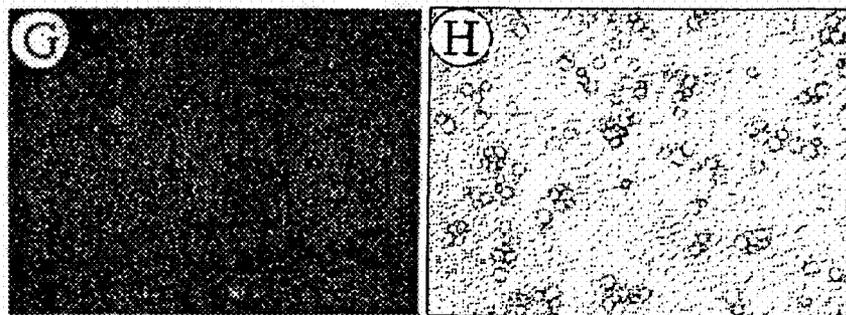


FIG. 13G

FIG. 13H

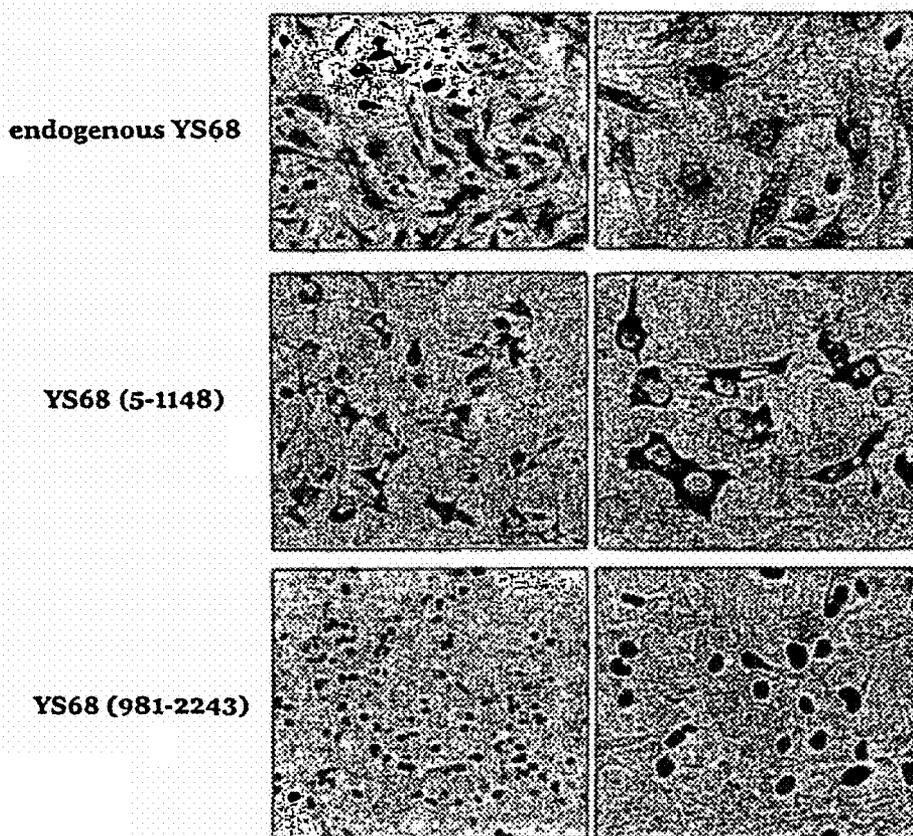


FIG. 14

YS68 POLYPEPTIDE INVOLVED IN PRIMITIVE HEMATOPOIESIS

This application is a divisional of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/643,069, filed Dec. 20, 2006, which is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/118,513, filed Apr. 8, 2002 which is a continuation-in-part of International Patent Application PCT/JP00/05756, filed Aug. 25, 2000, which claims priority to Japanese patent application Ser. Nos. 11/288,738, filed Oct. 8, 1999; 11/288,739, filed Oct. 8, 1999; and 2000-123721, filed Apr. 19, 2000. The contents of these prior applications are incorporated by reference herein.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to novel proteins involved in primitive hematopoiesis and genes encoding the proteins. These molecules may be utilized, for example, in the field of drug development.

BACKGROUND

There are two kinds of hematopoiesis: one is the transient primitive hematopoiesis (embryonic hematopoiesis) that functions only during the embryonic stage, and the other is the definitive hematopoiesis (adult hematopoiesis) that contributes to lifelong hematopoiesis. Research by Medvinsky et al. (Medvinsky et al., *Cell* 86:897-906, 1996; Cumano et al., *Cell* 86:907-916) revealed that, in contrast to primitive hematopoiesis that develops within the yolk sac on around embryonic day 9, definitive hematopoiesis is initiated within the AGM (Aorta-Gonad-Mesonephros) region on around embryonic day 10. Furthermore, regarding the origin of hematocytes, various studies have suggested that definitive hematopoiesis originates from hemangioblasts, thought to be precursor cells common to hematopoietic cells and vascular endothelium cells.

While the mainly accepted view was that hemangioblasts, which are the origin of definitive hematopoiesis, exist in the AGM region, Yorder et al. argued against the existing theory and demonstrated that hemangioblasts, which may contribute to definitive hematopoiesis, also exist in the yolk sac (Yoder et al., *Immunity* 7:335-344, 1997). Therefore, it is now generally accepted that the surrounding environment is important for the differentiation of hemangioblasts to hematopoietic cells.

Thus, while the origin of hematopoietic cells and the site of development have been gradually elucidated by phenomenological research, the molecular mechanism of hematopoietic development remains unclear. The isolation of a novel molecule involved with primitive hematopoiesis is thought to be an important step for the development of unprecedented drugs associated with hematological disorders.

SUMMARY

The subject of the present invention is to provide novel proteins involved in primitive hematopoiesis and genes encoding the proteins, as well as production and use of the same.

Although the existence of hemangioblasts has been reported in the mouse AGM (Aorta-Gonad-Mesonephros) region on embryonic day 9 to day 12, Yorder and Nishikawa et al. have reported that hemangioblasts exist in embryonic day 9 yolk sacs, but no longer exist in embryonic day 13 yolk sacs (Yoder et al., *Immunity* 7:335-344, 1997; Nishikawa et al., *Immunity* 8:761-769, 1998). The present inventors con-

ducted cloning of genes to identify molecules involved with primitive hematopoiesis by subtracting the cDNA derived from embryonic day 13 mouse yolk sac in which hemangioblasts are assumed to be absent, from the cDNA derived from embryonic day 9 mouse yolk sac in which hemangioblast is suggested to be present. Inventors succeeded in isolating a novel gene that was named "YS68". In addition, a primer was constructed based on the nucleotide sequence of the mouse gene, and, by performing 5'-RACE and 3'-RACE using human fetal liver Marathon-Ready cDNA as a template, the corresponding human gene was successfully isolated.

Determination and comparison of the full-length human (SEQ ID NO: 13) and mouse (SEQ ID NO: 11) cDNA sequences showed a very high sequence homology of 87% in the N-terminal region (human 1-1137 of SEQ ID NO: 13, mouse 1-1137 of SEQ ID NO: 11); whereas the homology in the central region (human 1138-1683 of SEQ ID NO: 13, mouse 1138-1679 of SEQ ID NO: 11) was 57%; and the homology in the C-terminal region (human 1684-2266 of SEQ ID NO: 13, mouse 1680-2243 of SEQ ID NO: 11) was very low at 45%. Many nuclear transport signals were found to exist in the low-homology C-terminal region. On the other hand, two WD repeats that are known to be necessary for interaction with proteins were found to exist in the high-homology N-terminal region.

To investigate the role of "YS68" in hematopoiesis, RT-PCR analysis of the expression pattern of "YS68" in mouse hematopoietic tissue was performed; the results revealed that the expression pattern of "YS68" correlated with the transport of hematopoietic tissues during the embryonic stage. In addition, "YS68" was expressed in CD34-positive undifferentiated hematocytes. Therefore, "YS68" is suggested to have an important function in primitive hematopoiesis.

The "YS68" protein of this invention is useful as a tool for elucidating the mechanism of primitive hematopoiesis, furthermore, its application to drug development for various diseases related to hematopoietic system is anticipated.

This invention relates to novel proteins involved in primitive hematopoiesis and genes encoding the proteins, as well as the production and use of the same. More specifically, this invention provides the following:

- (1) a DNA selected from the group of:
 - (a) a DNA encoding a protein comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14;
 - (b) a DNA comprising the coding region of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13;
 - (c) a DNA encoding a protein comprising of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14, in which one or more amino acids are modified by substitution, deletion, insertion and/or addition, wherein said protein is functionally equivalent to the protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14; and
 - (d) a DNA hybridizing under stringent conditions with a DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13, and encoding a protein that is functionally equivalent to a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14;
- (2) a DNA encoding a partial peptide of a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14;
- (3) a protein or a peptide encoded by the DNA of any one of (1) or (2);
- (4) a vector into which the DNA of any one of (1) or (2) is inserted;
- (5) a host cell retaining the vector of (4);

(6) a method for producing the proteins or peptides of (3); comprising the step of culturing the host cells of (5), and recovering expressed protein from said host cell or the culture supernatant;

(7) a polynucleotide comprising at least 15 nucleotides that are complementary to a DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13 or to a complementary strand thereof;

(8) a method of screening for a compound that binds to the protein of (3), comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a test sample, containing at least one compound, with the protein or partial peptide of (3);

(b) detecting the binding activity between the compound and the protein or partial peptide thereof; and

(c) selecting the compound that has the activity to bind to the protein or partial peptide thereof;

(9) a compound binding to the protein of (3);

(10) the compound of (9), which is an antibody; and

(11) a compound binding to the protein of (3), which may be isolated by the method of (8).

The present invention provides novel proteins involved in primitive hematopoiesis and DNA encoding these proteins. The nucleotide sequence of the full-length cDNA of mouse "YS68" isolated by the present inventors is indicated in SEQ ID NO:11, and the amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by this cDNA is indicated in SEQ ID NO:12. In addition, the nucleotide sequence of the full-length cDNA of human "YS68" isolated by the present inventors is indicated in SEQ ID NO:13, and the amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by this cDNA is indicated in SEQ ID NO:14.

Hematopoietic stem cells contributing to lifelong hematopoiesis are formed by the differentiation of hemangioblasts, the common mother cells of hematocytes and blood vessels. Several transcription factors thought to be important for primitive hematopoiesis have been reported according to recent gene disruption experiments. Not only angiogenesis but also hematopoiesis was not confirmed in mouse with disruption in SCL (Porcher et al., *Cell* 86:47-57, 1996; Visvader et al., *Genes Dev.* 12:473-479, 1998). In addition, AML-1 and c-Myb knockout mice did not show abnormalities in angiogenesis, but they completely lacked definitive hematopoiesis (Okuda et al., *Cell* 84:321-330, 1996; Lin et al., *Curr. Top Microbiol. Immunol.* 211:79-87, 1996). However, how these transcription factors interact with each other at the stage of primitive hematopoiesis and become involved in determining the fate of cells remains unknown.

The mouse "YS68" gene (SEQ ID NO: 11) identified by the present inventors was isolated by subtracting cDNA derived from embryonic day 13 mouse yolk sac, which is said to lack the hemangioblast, from cDNA derived from embryonic day 9 yolk sac, which is suggested to have a hemangioblast. The isolated "YS68" gene (SEQ ID NO: 11) was expected to encode a protein of 1,265 amino acids, and showed an expression pattern with a high level expression in embryonic day 9 yolk sac followed by a gradual decrease. In addition, an expression of the gene was observed in the AGM region (considered to be the site of hematopoietic stem cell development) from day 10 embryos and in embryonic day 13 livers; the expression then shifted to strong expression at the thymus and spleen of day 16 embryos. Furthermore, expression in these regions considerably diminished in adult mice. Thus, the "YS68" cloned by the present inventors with such an expression pattern in the developmental stage can be considered as a new member of molecules involved in primitive hematopoiesis.

Although "YS68" is expected to be a nuclear protein because it has multiple nuclear transport signals in its C-ter-

minal region, strong expression was observed not only in the nucleus but also around the nucleus in hepatocytes (Example 6). The finding that WD repeats necessary for binding to proteins existed in the N-terminus, and immunoprecipitation caused coprecipitation of multiple proteins (Example 4) suggested that transport of this protein to the nucleus is regulated by interactions with other proteins.

The idea that blood cells develop from the vascular endothelium has existed for a relatively long time, but was actually proven only recently. Jaffredo et al. stained the entire avian blood vessel with fluorescence-labeled LDL and revealed that the stained vascular endothelium differentiated into hematocytes (Jaffredo et al., *Development* 125:4575-4783, 1998). In addition, Hara et al. found that hemangioblasts can be concentrated by sorting the cells of the AGM region by PCLP-1 (podocalyxin-like protein 1). Localization of hemangioblasts in the vascular endothelium was suggested by the localized PCLP-1 expression in the AGM region in the vascular endothelium (Hara et al., *Immunity* 11:567-578, 1999). As shown in Example 5, the expression site of YS68 in the AGM region was the same vascular endothelium as PCLP-1. In addition, this expression pattern is the same as those of AML-1 and SCL, both of which are known to be important for primitive hematopoiesis. Considering that expression of YS68 in the hematocyte of CD34 positive cells, which are thought to be a group of relatively immature hematocytes (Example 6), is strong, YS68 is suggested to function in the process of differentiation from hemangioblasts to hematocytes.

The "YS68" proteins of this invention and DNAs encoding the proteins are useful as differentiation markers and as regulating factors of developmental differentiation and the hematopoietic function of hematopoietic stem cells. Additionally, they may be applicable for diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of diseases in which a protein of this invention is involved. In current medicine, means for artificial amplification of hematopoietic stem cells does not exist. Artificial in vitro proliferation of hematopoietic stem cells may be enabled by forced expression of YS68 using a virus vector in hemangioblasts that are the origin of hematopoietic cells, or by administration of cytokines or compounds that induces the expression of YS68. Therefore, YS68 may be applied to medical treatment, as a new alternative to bone marrow transplant.

In addition, many human blood cell tumors, such as myeloid leukemia and lymphoid leukemia, are often caused by abnormalities in transcription factors, and human "YS68" gene of this invention is likely to be one of the causative genes of these diseases. Therefore, human "YS68" may be particularly applied to genetic diagnosis or gene therapy of such diseases. Furthermore, drug development targeting the human "YS68" gene and protein themselves or molecules that regulate them, or molecules or genes that are regulated by the human "YS68" protein may be useful in the treatment and prevention of the above-mentioned diseases.

Furthermore, this invention includes proteins that are functionally equivalent to the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:12 and 14). For example, mutant forms of the "YS68" protein are included in such proteins. The term "functionally equivalent" herein means that the protein of interest has the function of regulating the development and/or differentiation of hematopoietic cells or has the function of interacting with other proteins.

For example, the function of a protein to regulate the development and/or differentiation of hematopoietic cells can be evaluated using as an index the expression characteristics within the hematopoietic tissues, such as those described in Example 2. On the other hand, the function of a protein to

interact with other proteins can be determined, for example, by utilizing immunoprecipitation, such as those described in Example 4.

As a method well known by a person skilled in the art for preparing a protein functionally equivalent to a given protein, methods for introducing mutations into proteins are known. For example, one skilled in the art can prepare proteins functionally equivalent to the "YS68" proteins (SEQ ID NO:12 and 14) by introducing an appropriate mutation in the amino acid sequence of the protein by site-directed mutagenesis (Hashimoto-Gotoh et al., *Gene* 152:271-275, 1995; Zoller et al., *Methods Enzymol.* 100:468-500, 1983; Kramer et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 12:9441-9456, 1984; Kramer et al., *Methods. Enzymol.* 154:350-367, 1987; Kunkel, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 82:488-492, 1985; Kunkel, *Methods Enzymol.* 85:2763-2766, 1988). Mutation of amino acids can occur in nature, too. The proteins of the present invention include those proteins that comprise the amino acid sequences of the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:12 and 14), wherein one or more amino acids are mutated and yet are functionally equivalent to the protein comprising the sequence of "YS68" protein. It is considered that the number of amino acids to be mutated in such a mutant, is generally 100 amino acids or less, preferably 50 amino acids or less, more preferably 20 amino acids or less, and more preferably 5 amino acid or less.

As for the amino acid residue to be mutated, it is preferable that it is mutated into a different amino acid such that the properties of the amino acid side-chain are conserved. Examples of properties of amino acid side chains are, hydrophobic amino acids (A, I, L, M, F, P, W, Y, V), hydrophilic amino acids (R, D, N, C, E, Q, G, H, K, S, T), and amino acids comprising the following side chains: an aliphatic side-chain (G, A, V, L, I, P); a hydroxyl group containing side-chain (S, T, Y); a sulfur atom containing side-chain (C, M); a carboxylic acid and amide containing side-chain (D, N, E, Q); a base containing side-chain (R, K, H); and an aromatic containing side-chain (H, F, Y, W) (The parenthetic letters indicate the one-letter codes of amino acids).

It is well known that a protein having deletion, addition, and/or substitution of one or more amino acid residues in the sequence of a protein can retain the original biological activity (Mark et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 81:5662-5666, 1984; Zoller et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 10:6487-6500, 1982; Wang et al., *Science* 224:1431-1433; Dalbadie-McFarland et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 79:6409-6413, 1982).

The term "substantially pure" as used herein in reference to a given polypeptide means that the polypeptide is substantially free from other biological macromolecules. For example, the substantially pure polypeptide is at least 75%, 80, 85, 95, or 99% pure by dry weight. Purity can be measured by any appropriate standard method known in the art, for example, by column chromatography, polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or HPLC analysis.

Accordingly, the invention includes a polypeptide having a sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:12 or 14. The invention also includes a polypeptide, or fragment thereof, that differs from the corresponding sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:12 or 14. The polypeptide can differ from the sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14 by having one or more amino acids substituted, deleted, inserted and/or added. For example, the polypeptide can be a fusion protein, having an additional amino acid sequence at the N- or C-terminus of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14. In preferred embodiments, the protein has no more than 50, 30, 20, 10 or 5 amino acids substituted, deleted, inserted and/or added. Preferably, the difference is a difference or change at one or more non-essential residues or one or more conservative amino acid substitutions, as defined above. In one

embodiment, the polypeptide includes an amino acid sequence at least about 60% identical to a sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:12 or 14, or a fragment thereof. Preferably, the polypeptide is at least 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 98%, 99% or more identical to SEQ ID NO:12 or 14 and has at least one YS68 activity described herein, e.g., the protein can regulate development or differentiation of hematopoietic cells. Preferred polypeptide fragments of the invention are at least 10%, preferably at least 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%, or more, of the length of the sequence shown as SEQ ID NO:12 or 14 and have at least one YS68 activity described herein. Or alternatively, the fragment can be merely an immunogenic fragment.

A fusion protein comprising "YS68" protein is encompassed in the protein, wherein one or more amino acids residues are added to the amino acid sequence of "YS68". Fusion proteins are fusions of the "YS68" protein and other peptides or proteins, and are included in the present invention. Fusion proteins can be made by techniques well known to a person skilled in the art, such as by linking the DNA encoding the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:12 and 14) with DNA encoding other peptides or proteins so as the frames match, inserting this linked DNA into an expression vector, and expressing it in a host. There is no restriction as to the peptides or proteins to be fused to a protein of the present invention.

Known peptides, for example, FLAG (Hopp et al., *Biotechnology* 6:1204-1210, 1988), 6xHis consisting of six His (histidine) residues, 10xHis, Influenza agglutinin (HA), human c-myc fragment, VSV-GP fragment, p18HIV fragment, T7-tag, HSV-tag, E-tag, SV40T antigen fragment, Ick tag, α -tubulin fragment, B-tag, Protein C fragment, and such, can be used as peptides to be fused to a protein of the present invention. Examples of proteins that may be fused to a protein of the present invention are, GST (glutathione-S-transferase), Influenza agglutinin (HA), immunoglobulin constant region, β -galactosidase, MBP (maltose-binding protein), and such. Fusion proteins can be prepared by fusing commercially available DNA encoding these peptides or proteins with a DNA encoding a protein of the present invention and expressing the fused DNA prepared.

Furthermore, a protein, in which multiple amino acid residues have been added to the amino acid sequence of the "YS68" protein, includes a protein encoded by the nucleotide sequence starting from "a" at position 98 to "g" at position 6922 of SEQ ID NO:15 (protein comprising the amino acid sequence, wherein an amino acid sequence comprising "Met-Ala-Ala-Glu-Arg-Arg-Cys-Gly-Ser" (SEQ ID NO:16) is added to the N terminus of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14).

In addition, as a method well known to those skilled in the art for preparing proteins that are functionally equivalent to a known protein, methods that utilize hybridization techniques (Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning* 2nd ed., 9.47-9.58, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, 1989) can be mentioned. More specifically, those skilled in the art may readily isolate DNAs having high homology to the DNA sequences (SEQ ID NO:11 and 13) encoding the "YS68" protein, based on the entire DNA sequence or parts thereof, and isolate DNA encoding proteins functionally equivalent to the "YS68" protein from these DNAs. The present invention includes proteins that are functionally equivalent to the "YS68" protein, and which are encoded by DNAs that hybridize under stringent conditions with DNA encoding the "YS68" protein. When isolating a cDNA that has high sequence homology to the DNA encoding the "YS68" protein, it is considered to be preferable to use embryonic stage hematopoietic tissues (for

example, tissues such as the AGM region and yolk sac during early development; and thymus, spleen, and liver during mid to late development).

Hybridization conditions for isolating DNAs encoding proteins that are functionally equivalent to the "YS68" protein can be appropriately selected by those skilled in the art. Conditions for hybridization, for example, may be those with low stringency. Low stringency conditions means that the washing conditions after hybridization are, for example, 42° C., 2×SSC, and 0.1% SDS, or preferably 50° C., 2×SSC, and 0.1% SDS. Examples of hybridization conditions that are more preferable are conditions with high stringency. An example of high stringency conditions is 65° C., 0.1×SSC and 0.1% SDS. Under these conditions, the higher the temperature, the higher the homology of the obtained DNA will be. However, several factors such as temperature and salt concentration can influence the stringency of hybridization and one skilled in the art can appropriately select such factors to accomplish a similar stringency.

In addition, instead of hybridization, DNA encoding functionally equivalent proteins to "YS68" protein can be isolated by gene amplification methods, for example, by polymerase chain reaction (PCR), which uses primers that are synthesized based on sequence information of DNA encoding the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:11 and 13).

A protein that is functionally equivalent to a "YS68" protein, encoded by a DNA that is isolated by such hybridization techniques and gene amplification techniques, will normally have a high amino acid sequence homology to the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:12 and 14). The proteins of this invention also include proteins that are functionally equivalent to a "YS68" protein and at the same time have a high sequence homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12 or 14. High sequence homology typically means a homology of 30% or more, preferably a homology of 50% or more, more preferably a homology of 70% or more, and even more preferably a homology of 90% or more (for example, homology of 95% or more). To determine the homology of a protein, an algorithm described in the literature (Wilbur et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80:726-730, 1983) can be used.

The proteins of this invention may have different amino acid sequences, molecular weights, and isoelectric points, as well as differences in the presence or absence of sugar chains and their forms, depending on the cells or hosts to produce the protein or production method, which will be described later. However, so long as the obtained protein has the same function as the "YS68" protein, it is included in this invention. For example, if a protein of this invention is expressed in a prokaryotic cell such as *E. coli*, a methionine residue will be added to the N terminus of the amino acid sequence of the original protein. The proteins of this invention will also include such proteins.

The proteins of the present invention can be prepared as recombinant proteins or naturally occurring proteins, by methods well known by those skilled in the art. A recombinant DNA can be prepared by inserting a DNA (for example, the DNA comprising the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 11 or 13) which encodes a protein of the present invention into an appropriate vector, collecting the recombinant obtained by introducing the vector into appropriate host cells, obtaining the extract, and purifying by subjecting the extract to chromatography such as ion exchange, reverse, gel filtration, or affinity chromatography in which an antibody against a protein of the present invention is fixed on column or by combining more than one of these columns.

Also when a protein of the present invention is expressed within host cells (for example, animal cells and *E. coli*) as a

fusion protein with glutathione-S-transferase protein or as a recombinant protein supplemented with multiple histidines, the expressed recombinant protein can be purified using a glutathione column or nickel column.

After purifying the fusion protein, it is also possible to exclude regions other than the objective protein by cutting with thrombin or factor-Xa as required.

A naturally occurring protein can be isolated by methods known by a person skilled in the art, for example, by using an affinity column in which the antibody binding to a protein of the present invention (described below) is bound against an extract of tissues or cells expressing a protein of the present invention is expressed. An antibody can be a polyclonal or a monoclonal antibody.

The present invention also contains partial peptides of the proteins of the present invention. A partial peptide of the present invention comprises at least 7 amino acids or more, preferably 8 amino acids or more, and more preferably 9 amino acids or more. The partial peptides can be used, for example, for preparing an antibody against a protein of the present invention, screening a compound binding to a protein of the present invention, and for screening accelerators or inhibitors of a protein of the present invention. The partial peptides can be also used as antagonists or a competitive inhibitors against a protein of the present invention.

A partial peptide of the invention can be produced by genetic engineering, known methods of peptide synthesis, or by digesting a protein of the invention with an appropriate peptidase. For peptide synthesis, for example, solid phase synthesis or liquid phase synthesis may be used.

As used herein, an "isolated nucleic acid" is a nucleic acid, the structure of which is not identical to that of any naturally occurring nucleic acid or to that of any fragment of a naturally occurring genomic nucleic acid spanning more than three genes. The term therefore covers, for example, (a) a DNA which has the sequence of part of a naturally occurring genomic DNA molecule but is not flanked by both of the coding sequences that flank that part of the molecule in the genome of the organism in which it naturally occurs; (b) a nucleic acid incorporated into a vector or into the genomic DNA of a prokaryote or eukaryote in a manner such that the resulting molecule is not identical to any naturally occurring vector or genomic DNA; (c) a separate molecule such as a cDNA, a genomic fragment, a fragment produced by polymerase chain reaction (PCR), or a restriction fragment; and (d) a recombinant nucleotide sequence that is part of a hybrid gene, i.e., a gene encoding a fusion protein. Specifically excluded from this definition are nucleic acids present in random, uncharacterized mixtures of different DNA molecules, transfected cells, or cell clones, e.g., as these occur in a DNA library such as a cDNA or genomic DNA library.

Accordingly, in one aspect, the invention provides an isolated or purified nucleic acid molecule that encodes a polypeptide described herein or a fragment thereof. Preferably, the isolated nucleic acid molecule includes a nucleotide sequence that is at least 60% identical to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:11 or 13. More preferably, the isolated nucleic acid molecule is at least 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, or more, identical to the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:11 or 13. In the case of an isolated nucleic acid molecule which is longer than or equivalent in length to the reference sequence, e.g., SEQ ID NO:11 or 13, the comparison is made with the full length of the reference sequence. Where the isolated nucleic acid molecule is shorter than the reference sequence, e.g., shorter than SEQ ID NO:11

or 13, the comparison is made to a segment of the reference sequence of the same length (excluding any loop required by the homology calculation).

As used herein, “% identity” of two amino acid sequences, or of two nucleic acid sequences, is determined using the algorithm of Karlin and Altschul (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:2264-2268, 1990), modified as in Karlin and Altschul, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:5873-5877, 1993). Such an algorithm is incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST programs of Altschul et al. (J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410, 1990). BLAST nucleotide searches are performed with the NBLAST program, score=100, wordlength=12. BLAST protein searches are performed with the XBLAST program, score=50, wordlength=3. To obtain gapped alignment for comparison purposes GappedBLAST is utilized as described in Altschul et al. (Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402, 1997). When utilizing BLAST and GappedBLAST programs the default parameters of the respective programs (e.g., XBLAST and NBLAST) are used to obtain nucleotide sequences homologous to a nucleic acid molecule of the invention.

A DNA encoding a protein of the present invention can be used for the production of the protein *in vivo* or *in vitro* as described above as well as for, for example, application to gene therapy for diseases attributed to genetic abnormality in the gene encoding the protein of the present invention. Any form of the DNA can be used, so long as it encodes a protein of the present invention. Specifically, cDNA synthesized from mRNA, genomic DNA, or chemically synthesized DNA can be used. The present invention includes a DNA comprising a given nucleotide sequence based on degeneracy of genetic codons, as long as it encodes a protein of the present invention.

A DNA of the present invention can be prepared by methods known to those skilled in the art. For example, a DNA of the present invention can be prepared from a cDNA library from cells which express a protein of the present invention by conducting hybridization using a partial sequence of the DNA of the present invention (e.g., SEQ ID NO:11 and 13) as a probe. A cDNA library can be prepared, for example, by the method described in Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989, or using commercially available cDNA libraries. A cDNA library can be also prepared by extracting RNA from cells expressing a protein of the present invention, synthesizing cDNA using reverse transcriptase, synthesizing an oligo DNA base on the sequence of the DNA of the present invention (for example, SEQ ID NOs:11 and 13), conducting PCR by using these as primers, and amplifying cDNA encoding the protein of the present invention.

In addition, by sequencing the nucleotides of the obtained cDNA, a translation region encoded by the cDNA can be determined, and the amino acid sequence of a protein of the present invention can be obtained. Moreover, by screening the genomic DNA library using the obtained cDNA as a probe, genomic DNA can be isolated.

More specifically, mRNAs may first be prepared from a cell, tissue, or organ (for example, embryonic stage hematopoietic tissues such as AGM region and yolk sac of early development; thymus, spleen, and liver of mid to late development) in which a protein of the invention is expressed. Known methods can be used to isolate mRNAs; for instance, total RNA is prepared by the guanidine ultracentrifugation (Chirgwin et al., Biochemistry 18:5294-5299, 1979) or the AGPC method (Chomczynski et al., Anal. Biochem. 162: 156-159, 1987), and mRNA is purified from total RNA using

mRNA Purification Kit (Pharmacia) and such. Alternatively, mRNA may be directly purified by QuickPrep mRNA Purification Kit (Pharmacia).

The obtained mRNA is used to synthesize cDNA using reverse transcriptase. A cDNA may be synthesized using kits, such as the AMV Reverse Transcriptase First-strand cDNA Synthesis Kit (Seikagaku Kogyo). Alternatively, a cDNA may be synthesized and amplified following the 5'-RACE method (Frohman et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:8998-9002, 1988; Belyaysky et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 17:2919-2932, 1989) which uses a primer and such, described herein, the 5'-Ampli FINDER RACE Kit (Clontech), and polymerase chain reaction (PCR).

A desired DNA fragment is prepared from the PCR products and ligated with a vector DNA. The recombinant vectors are used to transform *E. coli* and such, and a desired recombinant vector is prepared from a selected colony. The nucleotide sequence of the desired DNA can be verified by conventional methods, such as the dideoxynucleotide chain termination method.

A DNA of the invention may be also designed to have a sequence that is expressed more efficiently by taking into account the frequency of codon usage in the host to be used for expression (Grantham et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 9:43-74, 1981). A DNA of the present invention may be altered by a commercially available kit or a conventional method. For instance, a DNA may be altered by digestion with restriction enzymes, insertion of synthetic oligonucleotides or appropriate DNA fragments, addition of linkers, or insertion of the initiation codon (ATG) and/or the stop codon (TAA, TGA, or TAG).

The DNAs of this invention include a DNA that (a) hybridizes under stringent conditions with a DNA consisting of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13 and (b) encodes a protein that is functionally equivalent to a protein of this invention mentioned above. Stringent conditions for hybridization can be selected appropriately by those skilled in the art, and those conditions specifically mentioned above may be used. Under these conditions, DNA having higher homology are obtained as the temperature is raised. The above-mentioned DNA to be hybridized is preferably a naturally occurring DNA, for example, a cDNA or chromosomal DNA.

The present invention also provides vectors into which a DNA of the present invention is inserted. The vectors of the present invention are useful to retain a DNA of the present invention in host cell, or to express a protein of the present invention.

When *E. coli* is used as the host cell and a vector is amplified therein to produce a large amount in *E. coli* (e.g., JM109, DH5 α , HB101, or XL1Blue), the vector should have an “ori” that may be amplified in *E. coli* and a marker gene for selecting transformed *E. coli* (e.g., a drug-resistance gene selected by a drug (e.g., ampicillin, tetracycline, kanamycin, or chloramphenicol)). For example, the M13-series vectors, the pUC-series vectors, pBR322, pBluescript, pCR-Script, and so on can be used. In addition to the vectors described above, pGEM-T, pDIRECT, and pT7, for example can also be used for subcloning and extracting cDNA. When a vector is used to produce a protein of the present invention, an expression vector is especially useful. For example, an expression vector to be expressed in *E. coli* should have the above characteristics to be amplified in *E. coli*. When *E. coli*, such as JM109, DH5 α , HB101, or XL1 Blue, are used as the host cell, the vector should, in addition to the above characteristics, have a promoter so that the vector is copied in the host, for example, the lacZ promoter (Ward et al., Nature 341:544-546, 1989; FASEB J. 6:2422-2427, 1992), the araB promoter (Better et

al., Science 240:1041-1043, 1988), or the T7 promoter and such, that can efficiently express the desired gene in *E. coli*. As such a vector, for example, pGFX-5X-1 (Pharmacia), "QIAexpress system" (Qiagen), pEGFP or pET (in this case, the host is preferably BL21 which expresses T7 RNA polymerase) can be used in addition to the above vectors.

A vector also may contain a signal sequence for polypeptide secretion. As a signal sequence for protein secretion, the pelB signal sequence (Lei et al., J. Bacteriol. 169:4379, 1987) can be used in the case of producing proteins into the periplasm of *E. coli*. For introducing a vector into host cells, for example, the calcium chloride method, and the electroporation method can be used.

Besides *E. coli*, for example, expression vectors derived from mammals (for example, pcDNA3 (Invitrogen) and pEGF-BOS (Nucleic Acids. Res. 18(17):5322, 1990), pEF, pCDM8); expression vectors derived from insect cells (for example, "Bac-to-BAC baculovirus expression system" (GIBCO BRL), pBacPAK8); expression vectors derived from plants (for example pMH1, pMH2); expression vectors derived from animal viruses (for example, pHSV, pMV, pAdexLcw); expression vectors derived from retroviruses (for example, pZIPneo); expression vector derived from yeast (for example, "Pichia Expression Kit" (Invitrogen), pNV11, SP-Q01); expression vectors derived from *Bacillus subtilis* (for example, pPL608, pKTH50) can be used as vectors for producing a protein of the present invention.

In order to express a vector in animal cells, such as CHO, COS, or NIH3T3 cells, the vector should have a promoter necessary for expression in such cells, for example, the SV40 promoter (Mulligan et al., Nature 277:108, 1979), the MMLV-LTR promoter, the EF1 α promoter (Mizushima et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 18:5322, 1990), or the CMV promoter, and such, and preferably a marker gene for selecting transformants (for example, a drug resistance gene selected by a drug (e.g., neomycin, G418)). Examples of vectors with these characteristics include pMAM, pDR2, pBK-RSV, pBK-CMV, pOPRSV, pOp13, and so on.

In addition, for the purpose of stably expressing a gene and amplifying the copy number of the gene in cells, for example, a method wherein a vector comprising the complementary DHFR gene (for example pCHO 1) is introduced into CHO cells in which the nucleic acid synthesizing pathway is deleted and amplified by methotrexate (MTX) can be used. On the other hand, in the case of transient expression of a gene, a method wherein a vector (e.g., pcD) comprising replication origin of SV40 is transformed using COS cells comprising the SV40 T antigen expressing gene on chromosomes can be used. The origin used for replication may be those of polyomavirus, adenovirus, bovine papilloma virus (BPV), and the like. In addition, the expression vector may include a selection marker gene for amplification of the gene copies in host cells. Examples of such markers include, but are not limited to, the aminoglycoside transferase (APH) gene, the thymidine kinase (TK) gene, the *E. coli* xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (Ecogpt) gene, and the dihydrofolate reductase (dhfr) gene.

On the other hand, a DNA of the present invention can be expressed in vivo in animals, for example, by inserting a DNA of the present invention into an appropriate vector and introducing it in vivo by a conventional method, such as the retrovirus method, the liposome method, the cationic liposome method, and the adenovirus method. By using these methods, gene therapy against diseases attributed to mutation of "YS68" gene of the present invention can be effected. As a vector, for example, adenovirus vector (for example pAdex-lcw), and retrovirus vector (for example, pZIPneo) can be

used, but the present invention is not restricted thereto. Common gene manipulation, for example, insertion of a DNA of the present invention to a vector, can be performed according to any standard method (Molecular Cloning, 5.61-5.63). Administration into a living body can be either an ex vivo method, or in vivo method.

The present invention relates to a host cell into which a vector of the present invention has been introduced. The host cell into which a vector of the invention is introduced is not particularly limited. *E. coli* or various animal cells can be used. The host cells of the present invention can be used, for example, as production system for producing or expressing a protein of the present invention. The present invention provides methods of producing a protein of the invention both in vitro or in vivo. For in vitro production, eukaryotic cells or prokaryotic cells can be used as host cells.

Useful eukaryotic cells as host include animal, plant, or fungi cells. As animal cells, mammalian cells, such as CHO (J. Exp. Med. 108:945, 1995), COS, 3T3, myeloma, baby hamster kidney (BHK), HeLa, and Vero cells; amphibian cells, such as *Xenopus* oocytes (Valle et al., Nature 291:340-358, 1981); or insect cells, such as Sf9, Sf21, and Tn5 cells can be used. CHO cells lacking the DHFR gene (dhfr-CHO) (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:4216-4220, 1980) or CHO K-1 (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 60:1275, 1968) may be also used. In animal cells, CHO cells are particularly preferable for mass expression. A vector can be introduced into host cells by, for example, the calcium phosphate method, the DEAE dextran method, the cationic liposome DOTAP (Boehringer Mannheim), the electroporation method, or the lipofection method.

As plant cells, plant cells originating from *Nicotiana tabacum* are known as a protein-production system, and may be used as callus cultures. As fungi cells, yeast cells such as *Saccharomyces*, including *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, or filamentous fungi such as *Aspergillus*, including *Aspergillus niger*, are known and may be used herein.

Useful prokaryotic cells include bacterial cells, such as *E. coli*, for example, JM109, DH5 α , HB101 are known. Regarding others, *Bacillus subtilis* is known.

These host cells are transformed by a desired DNA, and the resulting transformants are cultured in vitro to obtain a protein. Transformants can be cultured using known methods. Culture medium for animal cell, for example, DMEM, MEM, RPMI1640, or IMDM may be used with or without serum supplement such as fetal calf serum (FCS). The pH of the culture medium is preferably between about pH 6 to 8. Such cells are typically cultured at about 30 to 40 $^{\circ}$ C. for about 15 to 200 hr, and the culture medium may be replaced, aerated, or stirred if necessary.

Animal and plant hosts may be used for in vivo production. For example, a desired DNA can be introduced into an animal or plant host. Encoded proteins are produced in vivo, and then recovered. These animal and plant hosts are included in the host cells of the present invention.

Animals to be used for the production systems described above include, but are not limited to, mammals and insects. Mammals, such as goat, porcine, sheep, mouse, and bovine, may be used (Vicki Glaser, SPECTRUM Biotechnology Applications (1993)). Alternatively, the mammals may be transgenic animals.

For instance, a desired DNA may be prepared as a fusion gene with a gene encoding a protein specifically produced into milk, such as goat β casein. DNA fragments comprising a fusion gene having the desired DNA are injected into goat embryos, which are then introduced back to female goats. Proteins are recovered from milk produced by the transgenic

goats (i.e., those born from the goats that had received the modified embryos) or from their offspring. To increase the amount of milk containing the proteins produced by transgenic goats, appropriate hormones may be administered to them (Ebert et al., *Bio/Technology* 12:699-702, 1994).

Alternatively, insects, such as the silkworm, may be used. A desired DNA inserted into baculovirus can be used to infect silkworms, and a desired protein is then recovered from their body fluid (Susumu et al., *Nature* 315:592-594, 1985).

As plants, for example, tobacco can be used. In use of tobacco, a desired DNA is inserted into a plant expression vector, such as pMON530, which is then introduced into a bacteria, such as *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*. Then, the bacteria is used to infect tobacco, such as *Nicotiana tabacum*, and a desired polypeptide is recovered from the leaves of the plant (Julian et al., *Eur. J. Immunol.* 24:131-138, 1994).

A protein of the present invention obtained as above may be isolated from the interior or exterior (e.g. medium) of the cells or hosts, and purified as a substantially pure homogeneous protein. The method for protein isolation and purification is not limited to any specific method; in fact, any standard method may be used. For instance, column chromatography, filter, ultrafiltration, salt precipitation, solvent precipitation, solvent extraction, distillation, immunoprecipitation, SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, isoelectric point electrophoresis, dialysis, and recrystallization may be appropriately selected and combined to isolate and purify the protein.

For chromatography, for example, affinity chromatography, ion-exchange chromatography, hydrophobic chromatography, gel filtration, reverse phase chromatography, adsorption chromatography, and such may be used (*Strategies for Protein Purification and Characterization: A Laboratory Course Manual*. Ed. Daniel R. Marshak et al., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1996). These chromatographies may be performed by liquid chromatography, such as HPLC and FPLC. Thus, the present invention provides for highly purified proteins, produced by the above methods.

A protein of the present invention may be optionally modified or partially deleted by treating it with an appropriate protein modification enzyme before or after purification. Useful protein modification enzymes include, but are not limited to, trypsin, chymotrypsin, lysylendopeptidase, protein kinase, and glucosidase.

The present invention provides an antibody that binds to a protein of the invention. The antibody of the invention can be used in any form, such as monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, and includes antiserum obtained by immunizing a rabbit with a protein of the invention, all classes of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies, human antibodies, and humanized antibodies produced by genetic recombination.

A protein of the invention used as an antigen to obtain an antibody may be derived from any animal species, but is preferably derived from a mammal such as a human, mouse, or rat, or more preferably from a human. A human-derived protein may be obtained from the nucleotide or amino acid sequences disclosed herein.

In the present invention, a protein to be used as an immunization antigen may be a complete protein or a partial peptide of a protein. A partial peptide may be, for example, an amino (N)-terminal or carboxy (C)-terminal fragment of the protein. Herein, "an antibody" is defined as an antibody that specifically reacts with either the full-length or a fragment of a protein.

A gene encoding a protein of the invention or its fragment may be inserted into a known expression vector, which is then used to transform a host cell as described herein. The desired protein or its fragment may be recovered from the exterior or

interior of the host cells by any standard method, and may be used as an antigen. Alternatively, cells expressing the protein or their lysates, or a chemically synthesized protein may be used as an antigen. Short peptides are preferably bound with carrier proteins such as bovine serum albumin, ovalbumin, and keyhole limpet hemocyanin to be used as the antigen.

Any mammalian animal may be immunized with the antigen, but preferably the compatibility with parental cells used for cell fusion is taken into account. In general, animals of the orders Rodentia, Lagomorpha, or Primate are used.

Rodents include, for example, mouse, rat, and hamster. Lagomorphs include, for example, rabbit. Primates include, for example, a monkey of catarrhine (old world monkey) such as *Macaca fascicularis*, rhesus monkey, sacred baboon, or chimpanzee.

Methods for immunizing animals against antigens are known in the art. Intraperitoneal injection or subcutaneous injection of antigens is used as a standard method for immunization of mammals. More specifically, antigens may be diluted and suspended in an appropriate amount with phosphate buffered saline (PBS), physiological saline, etc. If desired, the antigen suspension may be mixed with an appropriate amount of a standard adjuvant, such as Freund's complete adjuvant, made into emulsion, and then administered to mammalian animals. Preferably, it is followed by several administrations of antigen mixed with an appropriately amount of Freund's incomplete adjuvant every 4 to 21 days. An appropriate carrier may also be used for immunization. After immunization as above, serum is examined for increase of the amount of desired antibodies by a standard method.

Polyclonal antibodies against a protein of the present invention may be prepared by collecting blood from the immunized mammal examined for the increase of desired antibodies in the serum, and separating serum from the blood by any conventional method. Polyclonal antibodies may be used as serum containing the polyclonal antibodies, or if necessary, a fraction containing the polyclonal antibodies may be isolated from the serum. Immunoglobulin G or M can be prepared by obtaining a fraction which recognizes only a protein of the present invention using an affinity column coupled with the protein of the present invention and further purifying this fraction by using protein A or protein G column.

To prepare monoclonal antibodies, immune cells are collected from the mammal immunized against an antigen and checked for the increased level of desired antibodies in the serum as described above, and are subjected to cell fusion. The immune cells used for cell fusion are preferably obtained from spleen. Other parental cells can be fused with the above immunocyte; for example, preferably myeloma cells of mammals, and more preferably myeloma cells which acquired the property for selecting fused cells by drugs can be used.

The above immunocyte and myeloma cells can be fused by known methods, for example, the method by Milstein et al. (Galfre et al., *Methods Enzymol.* 73:3-46, 1981).

Resulting hybridomas obtained by the cell fusion may be selected by cultivating them in a standard selection medium, such as the HAT medium (medium containing hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine). The cell culture is typically continued in the HAT medium for several days to several weeks, a sufficient time to allow all the other cells, except desired hybridoma (non-fused cells), to die. Then, by the standard limiting dilution method, a hybridoma cell producing the desired antibody is screened and cloned.

In addition to the above method, in which a non human animal is immunized against an antigen for preparing hybridoma, human lymphocytes, such as that infected by EB virus,

may be immunized with a protein, protein expressing cells, or their lysates in vitro. Then, the immunized lymphocytes are fused with human-derived myeloma cells capable of indefinitely dividing, such as U266, to yield a hybridoma producing a desired human antibody having binding ability to the protein can be obtained (Unexamined Published Japanese Patent Application (JP-A) No. Sho 63-17688).

Next, the monoclonal antibody, obtained by transplanting the obtained hybridomas into the abdominal cavity of a mouse and by extracting ascites, can be purified by, for example, ammonium sulfate precipitation, protein A or protein G column, DEAE ion exchange chromatography, or an affinity column to which a protein of the present invention is coupled. An antibody of the present invention can be used not only for purification and detection of a protein of the present invention, but also as a candidate for agonists and antagonists of a protein of the present invention. In addition, an antibody can be applied to antibody treatment for diseases associated with a protein of the present invention. When the obtained antibody is used for the administration to the human body (antibody treatment), a human antibody or a humanized antibody is preferable for reducing immunogenicity.

For example, transgenic animals having a repertory of human antibody genes may be immunized against a protein, protein expressing cells, or their lysates as an antigen. Antibody producing cells are collected from the animals, and fused with myeloma cells to obtain hybridoma, from which human antibodies against a protein can be prepared (see WO92-03918, WO93-2227, WO94-02602, WO94-25585, WO96-33735, and WO96-34096).

Alternatively, an immune cell, such as an immunized lymphocyte, producing antibodies may be immortalized by an oncogene and used for preparing monoclonal antibodies.

Monoclonal antibodies thus obtained can be also recombinantly prepared using genetic engineering techniques (see, for example, Borrebaeck C. A. K. and Larrick, J. W., THERAPEUTIC MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES, published in the United Kingdom by MACMILLAN PUBLISHERS LTD, 1990). A DNA encoding an antibody may be cloned from an immune cell, such as a hybridoma or an immunized lymphocyte producing the antibody, inserted into an appropriate vector, and introduced into host cells to prepare a recombinant antibody. The present invention also provides recombinant antibodies prepared as described above.

Furthermore, an antibody of the present invention may be a fragment of an antibody or modified antibody, so long as it binds to one or more of the proteins of the invention. For instance, the antibody fragment may be Fab, F(ab')₂, Fv, or single chain Fv (scFv), in which Fv fragments from H and L chains are ligated by an appropriate linker (Huston et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:5879-5883, 1988). More specifically, an antibody fragment may be generated by treating an antibody with enzymes such as papain or pepsin. Alternatively, a gene encoding an antibody fragment may be constructed, inserted into an expression vector, and expressed in an appropriate host cell (see, for example, Co et al., J. Immunol. 152:2968-2976, 1994; Better et al., Methods Enzymol. 178:476-496, 1989; Pluckthun et al., Methods Enzymol. 178:497-515, 1989; Lamoyi, Methods Enzymol. 121:652-663, 1986; Rousseaux et al., Methods Enzymol. 121:663-669, 1986; Bird et al., Trends Biotechnol. 9:132-137, 1991).

An antibody may be modified by conjugation with a variety of molecules, such as polyethylene glycol (PEG). The present invention provides such modified antibodies. The modified antibody can be obtained by chemically modifying an antibody. These modification methods are conventional in this field.

Alternatively, an antibody of the present invention may be obtained as a chimeric antibody, between a variable region derived from nonhuman antibody and the constant region derived from human antibody; or as a humanized antibody, comprising the complementarity determining region (CDR) derived from nonhuman antibody, the frame work region (FR) derived from human antibody, and the constant region.

Obtained antibodies may be purified into homogeneity. An antibody used in the present invention can be separated and purified by conventional methods used for separating and purifying usual proteins. For example, the separation and purification of a protein can be performed by an appropriately selected and combined use of column chromatography, such as affinity chromatography, filter, ultrafiltration, salting-out, dialysis, SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, isoelectric focusing, and others (Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual. Ed Harlow and David Lane, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988); however, the present invention is not limited thereto. The concentration of antibodies obtained above can be determined by measuring absorbance, by the enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), and so on.

Examples of columns used for affinity chromatography include protein A columns and protein G columns. Examples of columns using protein A column include Hyper D, POROS, Sepharose F. F. (Pharmacia), etc.

In addition to affinity chromatography, the chromatography includes, for example, ion-exchange chromatography, hydrophobic chromatography, gel filtration, reverse-phase chromatography, adsorption chromatography, and the like (Strategies for Protein Purification and Characterization: A Laboratory Course Manual. Ed Daniel R. Marshak et al., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1996). The chromatographic procedures can be carried out by liquid-phase chromatography such as HPLC, FPLC, or the like.

For example, measurement of absorbance, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), enzyme immunoassay (EIA), radioimmunoassay (RIA), and/or immunofluorescence may be used to measure the antigen binding activity of an antibody of the invention. In ELISA, an antibody of the present invention is immobilized on a plate, a protein of the invention is applied to the plate, and then a sample containing a desired antibody, such as culture supernatant of antibody producing cells or purified antibodies, is applied. Then, a secondary antibody that recognizes the primary antibody and is labeled with an enzyme, such as alkaline phosphatase, is applied, and the plate is incubated. Next, after washing, an enzyme substrate, such as p-nitrophenyl phosphate, is added to the plate, and the absorbance is measured to evaluate the antigen binding activity of the sample. A fragment of a protein, such as a C-terminal fragment, may be used as a protein. BIAcore (Pharmacia) may be used to evaluate the activity of an antibody according to the present invention.

The above methods allow for the detection or measurement of the proteins of the invention, by exposing an antibody of the invention to a sample assumed to contain a protein of the invention, and detecting or measuring the immune complex formed by the antibody and the protein. Because the method of detection or measurement of proteins according to the invention can specifically detect or measure proteins, the method may be useful in a variety of experiments in which the protein is used.

The present invention provides a polynucleotide having at least 15 nucleotides that is complementary to the DNA that encodes the "YS68" protein (SEQ ID NO:11 or 13) or the complementary strand thereof.

Herein, the term "complementary strand" is defined as one strand of a double strand DNA composed of A:T and G:C base

pairs to the other strand. In addition, "complementary" is defined as not only those completely matching within a continuous region of at least 15 nucleotides, but also having a homology of at least 70%, preferably at least 80%, more preferably 90%, and even more preferably 95% or higher within that region. The homology may be determined using the algorithm described herein.

Probes or primers for detection and amplification of a DNA encoding a protein of this invention, or nucleotides or nucleotide derivatives for suppressing protein expression (for example, antisense oligonucleotides and ribozymes, or DNA encoding them) are included in these polynucleotides. In addition, such polynucleotides may be also used for preparing DNA chips.

When used as a primer, the region on the 3' side is designed to be complementary to a DNA encoding a protein of the invention, and restriction enzyme recognition sequence and tags can be added to the 5' side.

For example, an antisense oligonucleotide that hybridizes with a portion of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13 is also included in the antisense oligonucleotides of the present invention. An antisense oligonucleotide is preferably one against at least 15 continuous nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13. More preferably, it is an antisense oligonucleotide having at least 15 continuous nucleotides that contains the translation initiation codon.

Derivatives or modified products of antisense oligonucleotides can be used as antisense oligonucleotides. Examples of such modified products are, lower alkyl phosphonate modifications such as methyl-phosphonate-type or ethyl-phosphonate-type, phosphothioate modifications and phosphoamidate modifications.

The term "antisense oligonucleotides" as used herein means, not only those in which the entire nucleotides corresponding to those constituting a specified region of a DNA or mRNA are complementary, but also those having a mismatch of one or more nucleotides, so long as DNA or mRNA and an oligonucleotide can specifically hybridize with the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:11 or 13.

An antisense oligonucleotide derivative of the present invention has inhibitory effect on the function of a protein of the present invention as a result that the derivative inhibits the expression of the protein of the invention by acting upon cells producing the protein of the invention and by binding to the DNA or mRNA encoding the protein to inhibit its transcription or translation or to promote the degradation of the mRNA.

An antisense oligonucleotide derivative of the present invention can be made into an external preparation, such as a liniment and a poultice, by mixing with a suitable base material which is inactive against the derivatives.

Also, as necessary, the derivatives can be formulated into tablets, powders, granules, capsules, liposome capsules, injections, solutions, nose-drops, and freeze-drying agents and such by adding excipients, isotonic agents, solubilizing agents, stabilizers, preservative substance, pain-killers, and such. These can be prepared by following usual methods.

An antisense oligonucleotide derivative is given to a patient by directly applying onto the ailing site or by injecting into a blood vessel so that it will reach the site of ailment. An antisense-mounting medium can also be used to increase durability and membrane-permeability. Examples are, liposome, poly-L-lysine, lipid, cholesterol, lipofectin or derivatives of these.

The dosage of an antisense oligonucleotide derivative of the present invention can be adjusted suitably according to the

patient's condition and used in desired amounts. For example, a dose range of 0.1 to 100 mg/kg, preferably 0.1 to 50 mg/kg can be administered.

An antisense oligonucleotide of the invention inhibits the expression of a protein of the invention and thereby is useful for suppressing the biological activity of the protein of the invention. Also, expression-inhibitors comprising an antisense oligonucleotide of the invention are useful in that they can inhibit the biological activity of a protein of the invention. It is thought that it is possible to use an antisense oligonucleotides of this invention for the purpose of suppressing biological activities of a protein of the invention.

A protein of the invention may be used for screening compounds binding to the protein. Specifically, a protein may be used in methods of screening for compounds comprising the steps of: (1) exposing a protein of the present invention to a test sample in which a compound binding to the protein is expected to be contained; (2) detecting the binding activity of the protein to the test sample; and (3) selecting the compound having the binding activity to the protein.

A protein of the present invention to be used for screening may be a recombinant protein, a protein derived from the nature, or partial peptide thereof. Alternatively, the protein may be in a form expressed on a cell surface or in a form of cell membrane fraction. Any test sample, for example, cell extracts, cell culture supernatant, products of fermenting microorganism, extracts from marine organism, plant extracts, purified or crude proteins, peptides, non-peptide compounds, synthetic low molecular compounds and naturally occurring compounds, can be used. A protein of the present invention to be contacted with a test sample can be contacted, for example, as a purified protein, a soluble protein, a form bound to a carrier, a fusion protein with another protein, a form expressed on cell membrane, or a cell membrane fraction.

By using a protein of the present invention, for example, in a method for screening for proteins binding to the protein thereof, many methods well known by a person skilled in the art can be used. Such a screening can be conducted by, for example, the immunoprecipitation method, specifically, in the following manner. A gene encoding a protein of the present invention is expressed in a host cell, such as an animal cell, by inserting the gene into an expression vector for foreign gene, such as pSV2neo, pcDNA I, pCD8. As a promoter to be used for the expression, any promoter which can be generally used can be selected; for example, the SV40 early promoter (Rigby in Williamson (ed.), Genetic engineering, vol. 3. Academic Press, London, p. 83-141, 1982), the EF-1 α promoter (Kim et al., Gene 91:217-223, 1990), the CAG promoter (Niwa et al., Gene 108:193-200, 1991), the RSV LTR promoter (Cullen Methods in Enzymology 152:684-704, 1987), the SR α promoter (Takebe et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 8:466, 1988), the CMV immediate early promoter (Seed et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84:3365-3369, 1987), the SV40 late promoter (Gheysen et al., J. Mol. Appl. Genet. 1:385-394, 1982), the Adenovirus late promoter (Kaufman et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 9:946, 1989), the HSV TK promoter, and so on may be used.

To express a foreign gene by introducing the gene into animal cells, the electroporation method (Chu et al., Nucl. Acid Res. 15:1311-1326, 1987), the calcium phosphate method (Chen et al., Mol Cell. Biol. 7:2745-2752, 1987), the DEAE dextran method (Lopata et al., Nucl. Acids Res. 12:5707-5717, 1984; Sussman et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 4:1642-1643, 1985), the Lipofectin method (Derijard, Cell 7:1025-1037, 1994; Lamb et al., Nature Genetics 5:22-30, 1993;

Rabindran et al., Science 259:230-234, 1993), and such can be exemplified, and any method can be used.

A protein of the present invention can be expressed as a fusion protein comprising a recognition site (epitope) of a monoclonal antibody by introducing the epitope of the monoclonal antibody, whose property has been revealed, to N or C terminus of the protein of the present invention. A commercially available epitope-antibody system can be used (Experimental Med. 13:85-90, 1995). Through a multiple cloning site, a vector which can express a fusion protein with, for example, β -galactosidase, maltose binding protein, glutathione S-transferase, green fluorescence protein (GFP), is available in the market.

Methods have been reported in which fusion proteins are prepared by introducing only small epitopes comprising several to a dozen of amino acids, so that the properties of the proteins of the present invention may not change by making the proteins fusion proteins. Epitopes, for example, polyhistidine (His-tag), influenza aggregate HA, human c-myc, FLAG, Vesicular stomatitis virus glycoprotein (VSV-GP), T7 gene 10 protein (T7-tag), human simple herpes virus glycoprotein (HSV-tag), epitope such as E-tag (an epitope on monoclonal phage), and monoclonal antibodies recognizing these can be used as an epitope-antibody system for screening a protein binding to a protein of the present invention (Experimental Med. 13:85-90, 1995).

In the immunoprecipitation, an immune complex is formed by adding these antibodies to cell eluate prepared by using an appropriate detergent. This immune complex comprises a protein of the present invention, a protein having a binding affinity for the protein, and an antibody. Immunoprecipitation can be conducted by an antibody against a protein of the present invention, besides using antibodies against the above epitopes. An antibody against a protein of the present invention can be prepared, for example, by introducing a gene encoding the protein of the present invention into an appropriate *E. coli* expression vector; expressing the gene in *E. coli*; purifying the expressed protein; and immunizing animals, for example, rabbits, mice, rats, goats, domestic fowls, and such, with such protein. The antibody can be prepared also by immunizing the above animals against a synthesized partial peptide of a protein of the present invention.

An immune complex can be precipitated, for example, by Protein A Sepharose or Protein G Sepharose when the antibody is mouse IgG antibody. When a protein of the present invention is prepared as a fusion protein with an epitope, for example GST, an immune complex can be formed by using a substance specifically binding to these epitopes, such as glutathione-Sepharose 4B, in the same manner as in the use of an antibody against a protein of the present invention.

Popular Immunoprecipitation can be performed by following or according to, for example, the reference (Harlow, E. and Lane, D.: Antibodies pp. 511-552, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory publications, New York (1988)).

SDS-PAGE is commonly used for analysis of immunoprecipitated proteins and the binding protein can be analyzed depending on the molecular weight of the protein by using gel with an appropriate concentration. In general, because it is difficult to detect a protein binding to a protein of the present invention by a common staining method, such as Coomassie staining or silver staining, the detection sensitivity for the protein can be improved by culturing in a culture medium containing radioactive isomer, ^{35}S -methionine or ^{35}S -cysteine, labeling proteins in the cells, and detecting the proteins. The target protein can be purified from the SDS-polyacrylamide gel and its sequence can be determined directly after the molecular weight of the protein is determined.

The present inventors have detected multiple proteins that bind to a protein of this invention by immunoprecipitation in the Example (Example 4).

To isolate proteins that bind to a protein of the present invention by using the protein, for example, West western blotting (Skolnik et al., Cell 65:83-90, 1991) may be used. More specifically, it is conducted as follows: (1) constructing a cDNA library using a phage vector (λ gt11, ZAP, etc.) from cells, tissues, and organs (for example, AGM region and yolk sac during early development; thymus, spleen, and liver during mid to late development, and such) that are expected to express binding proteins that bind to the protein of this invention; (2) expressing the cDNA library on LB-agarose and immobilizing the expressed protein onto a filter; (3) reacting the purified and labeled protein of this invention with the filter; and (4) detecting the plaque expressing the protein that binds to the protein of this invention by the label. Methods to label a protein of this invention may be a method that utilizes the binding characteristics of biotin and avidin; a method utilizing antibodies that bind specifically to the protein of this invention or to peptides or polypeptides fused to the protein of this invention (for example GST and such); a method that utilizes radioisotopes; a method that utilizes fluorescence; and such.

Further, another embodiment of the screening method of this invention is exemplified by a method utilizing the two-hybrid system using cells (Fields et al., Trends. Genet. 10:286-292, 1994; Dalton et al., Cell 68:597-612; "MATCH-MAKER Two-Hybrid System", "Mammalian MATCH-MAKER Two-Hybrid Assay Kit", "MATCHMAKER One-Hybrid System" (all manufactured by Clontech); and "HybriZAP Two-Hybrid Vector System" (manufactured by Stratagene)). In the two-hybrid system, a protein of this invention or a partial peptide thereof may be fused to the DNA binding region of SRF or GAL4, and expressed in yeast. A cDNA library is constructed from cells predicted to express proteins that bind to the protein of this invention, wherein the cDNA library is constructed in such a way that the proteins are expressed as fusion proteins with transcription activation regions of VP16 or GAL4. The cDNA library is transfected into the above yeast, and then positive clones are detected to isolate the cDNA derived from the library (expression of a protein that binds to the protein of the invention in yeast leads to the binding of the two proteins, and results in the activation of the reporter gene, which allows to detect positive clones). The protein encoded by the isolated cDNA may be obtained by introducing the cDNA into *E. coli* and expressing it therein. Thus, it is possible to prepare proteins that bind to a protein of this invention and genes encoding them. The reporter gene used in the two-hybrid system may be such as Ade2 gene, Lac Z gene, CAT gene, luciferase gene, PAI-1 (Plasminogen activator inhibitor type 1) gene, and such besides HIS3 gene, but are not limited to these examples.

A protein binding to a protein of the present invention can be screened using affinity chromatography. For example, a preferred method for screening of the present invention utilizes affinity chromatography. A protein of the invention is immobilized on a carrier of an affinity column, and a test sample, in which a protein capable of binding to the protein of the invention is supposed to be expressed, is applied to the column. A test sample herein may be, for example, cell extracts, cell lysates, etc. After loading the test sample, the column is washed, and proteins bound to the protein of the invention can be prepared.

The amino acid sequence of the obtained protein is analyzed, an oligo DNA was synthesized based on the sequence,

and cDNA libraries are screened using the DNA as a probe to obtain a DNA encoding the protein.

A biosensor using the Surface Plasmon Resonance phenomenon may be used as a means for detecting or quantifying the bound compound in the present invention. When such a biosensor is used, the interaction between a protein of the invention and a test compound can be observed in real-time as a surface plasmon resonance signal, using only a minute amount of proteins without labeling (for example, BIAcore, Pharmacia). Therefore, it is possible to evaluate the binding between a protein of the invention and a test compound using a biosensor such as BIAcore.

Methods of screening molecules that bind when an immobilized protein of the present invention is exposed to synthetic chemical compounds, natural substance banks, or a random phage peptide display library, and methods of screening using high-throughput based on combinatorial chemistry techniques (Wrighton et al., *Science* 273:458-64, 1996; Verdine, *Nature* 384:11-13, 1996; Hogan, Jr., *Nature* 384:17-9, 1996) are well known to those skilled in the art as methods for isolating not only proteins but also chemical compounds that bind to a protein of the present invention (including agonist and antagonist).

Compounds that bind to a protein of this invention serve as drug candidates for promoting or inhibiting the activity of the protein of this invention, and may be applied to treatment of diseases caused by expressional or functional abnormalities of the protein of this invention, or diseases that may be treated by regulating the activity of the protein of this invention. Compounds obtained by using the screening method of this invention, wherein the structure of compounds having binding activity toward a protein of this invention is partially altered by addition, deletion, and/or replacement, are also included as compounds that bind to a protein of this invention.

When a compound binding to a protein of the present invention is used as a pharmaceutical for humans and other mammals, such as, mice, rats, guinea pigs, rabbits, chicken, cats, dogs, sheep, pigs, bovines, monkeys, baboons, chimpanzees, the isolated compound can be administered not only directly, but also as dosage forms using known pharmaceutical preparation methods. For example, according to the need, the drugs can be taken orally as sugarcoated tablets, capsules, elixirs and microcapsules; or non-orally in the form of injections of sterile solutions or suspensions with water or any other pharmaceutically acceptable liquid. For example, the compounds can be mixed with pharmacologically acceptable carriers or medium, specifically, sterilized water, physiological saline, plant-oil, emulsifiers, suspending agent, surface-active agent, stabilizers, flavoring agents, excipients, vehicles, preservatives and binders, into a unit dose form required for generally accepted drug implementation. The amount of active ingredient in these preparations makes a suitable dosage within the indicated range acquirable.

Examples of additives which can be mixed to tablets and capsules are, binders such as gelatin, corn starch, tragacanth gum and gum acacia; excipients such as crystalline cellulose; swelling agents such as corn starch, gelatin and alginic acid; lubricants such as magnesium stearate; sweeteners such as sucrose, lactose or saccharin; flavoring agents such as peppermint, *Gaultheria adenothrix* oil and cherry. When the unit dosage form is a capsule, a liquid carrier such as oil can also be included in the above ingredients. Sterile composites for injection can be formulated following normal drug implementations using vehicles such as distilled water used for injections.

Physiological saline, glucose, and other isotonic liquids including adjuvants, such as D-sorbitol, D-mannose, D-man-

itol, and sodium chloride, can be used as aqueous solutions for injections. These can be used in conjunction with suitable solubilizers, such as alcohol, specifically ethanol; polyalcohols such as propylene glycol and polyethylene glycol; and non-ionic surfactants such as Polysorbate 80™ and HCO-50.

Sesame oil or Soy-bean oil can be used as a oleaginous liquid and may be used in conjunction with benzyl benzoate or benzyl alcohol as solubilizers; they further may be formulated with a buffer such as phosphate buffer and sodium acetate buffer, a pain-killer such as procaine hydrochloride, a stabilizer such as benzyl alcohol and phenol, and an antioxidant. The prepared injection may be filled into a suitable ampule.

Methods well known to one skilled in the art may be used to administer the pharmaceutical compounds of the present invention to patients, for example as intraarterial, intravenous, percutaneous injections and also as intranasal, transbronchial, intramuscular percutaneous, or oral administrations. The dosage varies according to the body-weight and age of a patient and the administration method, but one skilled in the art can suitably select them. If the compound can be encoded by a DNA, the DNA can be inserted into a vector for gene therapy to perform the therapy. The dosage and method of administration vary according to the body-weight, age, and symptoms of a patient, but one skilled in the art can select them suitably.

Although there are some differences according to the symptoms, the dose of a compound that binds with a transcriptional regulatory factor of the present invention and inhibits its activity is about 0.1 mg to about 100 mg per day, preferably about 1.0 mg to about 50 mg per day and more preferably about 1.0 mg to about 20 mg per day, when administered orally to a normal adult (weight 60 kg).

When administering parenterally in the form of an injection to a normal adult (weight 60 kg), although there are some differences according to the patient, target organ, symptoms and method of administration, it is convenient to intravenously inject a dose of about 0.01 mg to about 30 mg per day, preferably about 0.1 to about 20 mg per day and more preferably about 0.1 to about 10 mg per day. Also, in the case of other animals too, it is possible to administer an amount converted to 60 kgs of body-weight or an amount converted to body surface.

All publications and patents cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 depicts photomicrographs indicating the localization of YS68 within cells. YS68 tagged with a flag epitope is expressed in COS7 cells, and upon staining with anti-Flag antibodies, the expression sites of YS68 were investigated (right). In addition, the same cells were treated with Hoechst to selectively stain the nucleus (left).

FIG. 2 depicts photographs demonstrating the result of electrophoresis showing the expression distribution of YS68 in tissues. RNA was prepared from liver, thymus, or spleen tissues of an embryonic day 14 (E14) or embryonic day 18 (E18) mouse embryo, respectively, or from the tissues of an adult mouse to perform Northern hybridization. The lower panel shows 18S ribosomal RNA before blotting as a control.

FIG. 3 depicts photographs demonstrating the result of electrophoresis showing the result of analyzing YS68 expression by RT-PCR in the yolk sac at each stage of a developing embryo.

FIG. 4 depicts photographs demonstrating the result of electrophoresis showing the result of analyzing YS68 expres-

sion by RT-PCR in the AGM region at each stage of a developing embryo is shown in (A); and in (B) the E10.5 AGM region was cultivated in the presence or absence of oncostatin M (OSM), and RNA was prepared on the 5th day of cultivation. Expression of YS 68 was then compared to those of uncultivated AGM region by RT-PCR.

FIG. 5 depicts photographs demonstrating the result of electrophoresis showing the result of comparison of the expression level of YS68 by RT-PCR upon extraction of RNA from liver, thymus and spleen of embryonic (E11.5 to E16.5), 7-day-old, and adult mice, respectively.

FIG. 6 depicts photographs showing the result of in situ hybridization on slices prepared from an E11.5 embryo. A is an autoradiogram, and B is an image obtained by staining the same slice by hematoxylin. Li: liver.

FIG. 7 depicts photographs showing the result of in situ hybridization on slices prepared from an E14.5 embryo. A and C are autoradiograms, while B and D are images obtained by staining the same slices by hematoxylin. Li: liver, Lu: lung, Th: thymus, and N: neural tube.

FIG. 8 depicts a comparison of the amino acid sequences between human (SEQ ID NO: 14) and mouse YS68 fSEQ ID NO: 12).

FIG. 9 depicts the comparison of the amino acid structures of human and mouse YS68.

FIG. 10 depicts a photograph showing the result of analysis on proteins that coprecipitate with YS68. After primary cultivation of E14.5 liver, cell lysate was prepared. Then, the lysate was subjected to immunoprecipitation with anti-YS68 antibody and protein A (Lane 1), rabbit IgG and protein A (Lane 2), and protein A alone (Lane 3). Following SDS-PAGE, the gel was visualized by silver staining. Arrow: YS68; and *: protein that coprecipitated with YS68.

FIG. 11 depicts photographs showing the result of immunostaining of YS68 in tissues. The dorsal aorta (A, B, C, D, and E), the umbilical artery (F) of an E11.5 mouse; and the blood vessels within an E9 yolk sac (H) were stained with erythroid marker TER119 (A, B, and G) and with anti-YS68 antibody (C, D, E, and H). B and D are enlargements of A and C, respectively, and E shows a different view of the aorta. The site where the hematocyte is budding from the vascular endothelium is indicated by an arrow.

FIG. 12 depicts photographs showing the result of staining primary culture cells of E14.5 liver with anti-YS68 antibodies (A), or with rabbit IgG (B). The expression of YS68 was strong at the nucleus and around the nucleus.

FIG. 13 depicts photographs showing the result of investigation on the expression of YS68 in hematocytes isolated from E14 liver. The Giemsa stained hematocytes of the liver (A); hematocytes of the E14.5 liver (B); CD34 negative cells (C); and CD34 positive cells (D) were stained with anti-YS68 antibodies. Whether the sorted cells are CD34 positive or not was confirmed (E-H). E-F and G-H are taken from the same views, E and G are fluorescence photographs, and F and H are visual photographs. Most of the cells sorted by CD34 were weakly CD34 positive to strongly positive (E and F). Cells that passed through the CD34 column were hardly expressing any CD34 (G and H).

FIG. 14 depicts photographs showing the localization of YS68 within cells. A slightly magnified photograph is shown on the left, and a largely magnified photograph is shown on the right. Cells derived from fetal liver were stained with anti-YS68 antibodies to investigate endogenous expression sites of YS68 (top row). In addition, pEFBOSE-F-YS68 (5-1148) that expresses the N-terminal region of YS68 (middle row), or pEFBOSE-F-YS68 (981-2243) that expresses the C-terminal region of YS68 (bottom row) were

transfected to COS7 cells, and these cells were stained with anti-Flag antigens to investigate the localization within the cell.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The present invention will be described specifically by way of examples below, however this invention is not restricted in any way to these examples.

Example 1

Isolation of YS68 Gene

To obtain molecules that are expressed specifically in hemangioblasts, an experiment was carried out in which cDNA of an E14 yolk sac was subtracted from the cDNA of an E9 yolk sac. Poly A RNAs were purified from each of the E9 and E14 yolk sacs, respectively; then PCR-Select cDNA Subtraction Kit (Clontech) was used for the subtraction. The obtained cDNA fragments were subcloned into pGEM-T vectors (Promega), and then, after selecting highly expressed cDNAs in E9 yolk sacs by dot blotting, selected cDNA were sequenced. The clone #68 was a novel gene fragment that was not registered in the database. Thus, a primer was designed from the sequence of this gene fragment, and using mouse 15-day Embryo Marathon-Ready cDNA (Clontech) as a template, a full-length cDNA was isolated by the 5'-RACE method. Mouse YS68 encodes 1,265 amino acids, but is expected to have further upstream sequence.

The obtained YS68 did not have a characteristic motif within its amino acid sequence. However, existence of multiple nuclear transport signals was confirmed. Consequently, YS68 was anticipated to be a protein that functions in the nucleus. Therefore, to confirm the hypothesis, a vector (pEF-BOSE-Flag (Nakashima et al., FEBS Let. 403:79-82, 1997) that expresses the mouse YS68 protein (1265 amino acids) tagged with Flag was transfected to COS7 cells. After 24 hours, the cells were fixed with 4% formalin, and was treated with 0.1% Triton-X 100. Then, this was reacted with anti-Flag antibodies, followed by FITC-labeled anti-mouse IgG, and was observed through a fluorescence microscope. Consequently, expression of YS68 was strong in the nucleus, as expected (FIG. 1). Since the cell nucleus is the site where DNA transcription occurs, YS68 is anticipated to be a transcription factor involved with DNA transcription.

Human YS68 gene was isolated by 5'-RACE and 3'-RACE by designing a primer based on the genetic sequence of mouse YS68. More specifically, based on the genetic sequence of mouse YS68, EST fragments that are thought to be YS68 homologues in humans were searched in the EST database. Primers were designed based on this EST fragment, and using human fetal liver Marathon-Ready cDNA (Clontech) as a template, the 5' region and the 3' region cDNA were isolated by 5'-RACE and 3'-RACE according to the instructed procedure. The isolated cDNA nucleotide sequence is described in SEQ ID NO:11, and the amino acid sequence of the protein encoded by this cDNA is described in SEQ ID NO:12. A comparison of human and mouse YS68 amino acid sequences is shown in FIG. 8.

Example 2

Expression Pattern Analysis of YS68

The expression distribution of YS68 within tissues was analyzed by Northern blotting. Total RNA was prepared from

each tissues of embryonic or adult mice using ISOGEN (Wako). 25 µg/lane of these samples were electrophoresed. After blotting onto a nylon membrane, hybridization was performed with YS68 cDNA fragments labeled with ³²P. Hybridization was performed in ExpressHyb solution (Clontech) at 68° C. for 2 hours; then, after several washings with 2×SSC and 0.1% SDS at room temperature, followed by several washings with 0.1×SSC and 0.1% SDS at 65° C., autoradiography was performed.

The expression of YS68 in adult tissue was the strongest in testis, followed those in kidney and lung. Observation of YS68 expression in hematopoietic tissues showed that expression was very strong in liver, thymus and spleen that function as hematopoietic tissues during the embryonic stage. However, expression in these tissues rapidly decreased or was absent in those of adult (FIG. 2).

Further, the expression pattern in tissues known to be involved in primitive hematopoiesis was investigated in detail. The site of hematopoiesis is known to shift during the embryonic stage as described below from previous studies. First, primitive hematopoiesis starts in the yolk sac at E8, and definitive hematopoiesis begins later in the AGM region at E10.5. Hematocytes that developed in AGM are immediately transported to liver that is formed around E11.5, then differentiate and proliferate at this site until immediately after birth. Meanwhile, hematopoiesis begins to take place in thymus and spleen that are formed around E16.5. After birth, the site of hematopoiesis changes to bone marrow. Based on these facts, the expression pattern of YS68 in these tissues was analyzed in further detail by RT-PCR. Total RNA was extracted from each tissue of mouse embryos at each developmental stage, or an adult mouse; and 1 µg of each total RNA was reverse transcribed to cDNA using SUPERScript II preamplification system (Gibco). This was used as a template and a YS68-specific primer (68*3: 5'-CACCCGTGAAGAAACAAAT-AGGCA-3'/SEQ ID NO:3, 68*4: 5'-CCTTTGGTACATGAGCTTCTATTT-5'/SEQ ID NO:4) or a G3PDH-specific primer was used to perform PCR (25 cycles of 94° C. for 30 seconds, 62° C. for 30 seconds, and 72° C. for 30 seconds). Then was electrophoresed on 1% agarose gel, and the gel was stained with ethidium bromide.

Expression of YS68 decreased gradually in the yolk sac, as development proceeded (FIG. 3). Against expectations, expression of YS68 was low in the AGM region at E10.5, when definitive hematopoiesis begins (FIG. 5A). On the other hand, in liver, thymus, and spleen known to function as sites for hematopoiesis in the embryonic stage, expression of YS68 was very high (FIG. 4) and correlated to the period when these tissues function as hematopoietic organs.

Furthermore, the expression distribution of YS68 in mouse embryo was analyzed by in situ hybridization. A vector constructed by inserting a 545 by cDNA of the 5'-region of YS68 (positions 898 to 1443) into pBluescript II was used as a template to perform in vitro transcription using T7 RNA polymerase or T3 RNA polymerase (Boeringer Mannheim), and to synthesize sense or antisense ³⁵S-labeled RNA, respectively. The mouse embryo was removed and frozen to produce slices using a cryostat. After immobilization and acetylation with 4% paraformaldehyde/PBT, hybridization was performed overnight at 55° C. with the above-mentioned RNA probe. After treating the reaction solution with RNase A, it was washed several times and autoradiography was performed.

The expression of YS68 was the strongest in liver at E11.5 (FIG. 6). YS68 was mainly strongly expressed in liver and in the developing thymus, and expression was also confirmed in lungs and neural tube at E14.5 (FIG. 7).

These results indicate that the expression of YS68 is localized in tissues where active hematopoiesis takes place in a period-specific manner, and strongly suggests that YS68 is a molecule involved in primitive hematopoiesis. Its expression was low in the E10.5 AGM region, which is thought to be the site of development for hematopoietic cells. However this may be due to the absolute number of cells involved in hematopoiesis within the entire AGM region, which is not so high. In fact, Suda et al. revealed that the percentage of hemangioblasts in the AGM region at E10.5 is 5% or less using TEK as a marker for hemangioblasts (Hamaguchi et al., Blood 93:1549-1556, 1999). On the other hand, when E10.5 AGM region is dispersed and cultivated on a dish, the emergence of hematocytes can be confirmed around the 5th day of cultivation (Mukouyama et al., Immunity 8:105-114, 1998). Interestingly, the expression of YS68 had increased in AGM derived cells cultivated for 5 days (FIG. 4B). According to these results, the expression of YS68 is expected to rise in cells that have acquired hematopoietic ability, or in immature hematocytes.

Example 3

Full-Length Cloning of Mouse and Human YS68

Using primers constructed from the YS68 gene sequence obtained so far, 5'-RACE was performed using the mouse 15-day Embryo Marathon-Ready cDNA and human fetal liver Marathon-Ready cDNA (Clontech) as templates, to clone the upstream 5' region of mouse and human YS68 gene. Full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences were determined by repeating this 5'-RACE protocol.

Consequently, human and mouse YS68 (SEQ ID NOs: 14 and 12, respectively) were anticipated to encode 2,266 and 2,243 amino acids, respectively (FIG. 9). Comparing the human (SEQ ID NO: 14) and mouse (SEQ ID NO: 12) amino acid sequences, interestingly, the N-terminal region (human 1-1137 of SEQ ID NO: 14, mouse 1-1137 of SEQ ID NO: 12) had a very high homology of 87%, whereas the homology in the central region (human 1138-1683 of SEQ ID NO: 14, mouse 1138-1679 of SEQ ID NO: 12) was 57%, and that in the C-terminal region (human 1684-2266 of SEQ ID NO: 14, mouse 1680-2243 of SEQ ID NO: 12) was very low, showing a homology of 45%. In the C-terminal region with low homology, many nuclear transport signals existed. On the other hand, in the N-terminal region with high homology, two WD repeats existed, which repeats are known to be necessary for interaction among proteins. Since the homology in this region is very high between humans and mice, this region is anticipated to be important for the function of YS68.

Example 4

Proteins Binding to YS68

It was expected that YS68 is bound to some protein in vivo because a protein-binding site (WD repeats) exists in the N-terminal region of YS68. Therefore, cell lysate was prepared from cultivated cells of embryonic liver and immunoprecipitation with anti-YS68 antibody was performed. Then, SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis was performed to investigate whether a protein that coprecipitates with YS68 exists. Specifically, cultivated mouse liver cells at E14.5 were solubilized with lysis buffer (0.5% NP-40, 10 mM Tris-HCl pH7.6, 150 mM NaCl, 5 mM EDTA, 2 mM Na₃VO₄, 1 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride, and 5 µg/ml aprotinin). After incubation overnight at 4° C. with anti-YS68 antibodies, pro-

tein G was added and was further incubated for 1 hour. SDS polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis was conducted after immunoprecipitation, and the gel was stained with silver.

Consequently, existence of multiple molecules that coprecipitate with YS68 within cells of embryonic liver was confirmed (FIG. 10). This suggested that YS68 functions by binding to several types of proteins within the cell.

Example 5

Expression Site of YS68 within Tissues

For detailed analysis of the YS68 expression site, the YS68 protein was used to immunize rabbits to produce polyclonal antibodies against YS68. The protein encoding the 1208-1482 amino acid region of mouse YS68 was expressed in *E. coli*, was purified according to standard procedures, and was used as the antigen in the production of YS68 polyclonal antibodies. Immunization was carried out on rabbits (New Zealand White, 2.5 kg, female) using 200 µg antigen for 1 immunization, with an interval of 10 days for 4 immunizations. Then upon collection of whole blood, antiserum was obtained. Furthermore, an affinity column with immobilized antigens was prepared, and anti-YS68 polyclonal antibodies were purified from the antiserum.

Using these antibodies, the expression site in the AGM region of E11.5 embryo was investigated by immunostaining. Immunostaining was conducted as follows. First, slices of frozen mouse embryo were prepared using a cryostat (Leica). This was immobilized with 4% formaldehyde and was treated with methanol. After treatment with 0.3% aqueous hydrogen peroxide, blocking was carried out with 3% BSA, then upon reaction with primary antibodies overnight at 4° C. and with secondary antibodies (HRP-labeled anti-rabbit IgG) at room temperature for 1 hour, washing was repeated 3 times with PBS, and visualization was accomplished by the addition of substrate (Metal Enhanced DAB substrate kit, Pierce).

Consequently, the hematocytes existing in the endothelium were stained using red blood cell marker TER119 (used as a control; FIG. 11A, B), whereas, the vascular endothelium was stained specifically using anti-YS68 antibody (FIGS. 11C, D, and E). Interestingly, YS68 was darkly stained in the hematocytes emerging from the endothelium cells (FIG. 11E, arrow). In addition, strong expression of YS68 was indicated in the vascular endothelium of the umbilical vein (FIG. 11F). In contrast to TER119, which selectively stained hematocytes in the blood vessel, YS68 expression was stronger in vascular endothelium than in hematocytes in E9.5 yolk sacs (FIGS. 11G and H).

Example 6

Expression of YS68 within Cells

A liver was surgically removed from an embryo (E14.5), cut into small pieces with tweezers, and incubated in cell dissociation buffer (Gibco) at 37° C. for 30 minutes. The cells were further treated with 0.1% collagenase at 37° C. for 1 hour, and were loosened by pipetting. After washing several times with PBS, the cells were suspended in DMEM containing 10% FCS, and were cultivated on a 10-cm dish.

To investigate the localization of endogenous YS68 within cells, cultured hepatic cells were stained with anti-YS68 antibodies. First, the cells were fixed with 4% formalin, and then treated with 0.1% Triton-X 100 for cell staining. Next, cells

were reacted with the primary antibodies, and then with secondary antibodies. The cells were visualized in the same manner as in Example 5.

Consequently, although YS68 has multiple nuclear transport signals, strong expression was found not only in the nucleus, but also around the nucleus, which expression depended on cells (FIG. 12). Next, similar analysis for the expression in hematocytes was carried out. YS68 expression in hematocytes separated from embryonic liver was found to have varied strengths of expression depending on the cell type (FIG. 13B).

Therefore, the group of hematocytes was sorted using CD34, which is a marker for immature hematocytes, and YS68 expression in CD34-positive cells was investigated. To collect CD34-positive cells, embryonic liver (E14.5) was incubated in a dissociation buffer at 37° C. for 30 minutes, and then the cells were dissociated by pipetting in PBS. After passing through a nylon mesh filter (Falcon), the cells were suspended in a sample buffer (0.5% BSA, 2 mM EDTA in PBS). The cells were reacted with biotin labeled anti-CD34 antibodies (Pharmingen), followed by FITC labeled streptavidin at 4° C., and then were incubated with anti-FITC microbeads. CD34 positive cells were eluted using MACS (Magnetic Cell Sorting) column according to the instructed protocol. The cells were centrifuged on a slide glass at 400 rpm for 5 minutes to fix them onto the slide glass. Cell staining was performed in the same manner as described above.

Consequently, hematocytes that were concentrated using anti-CD34 antibodies (FIG. 12D) showed a higher expression of YS68 compared to hematocytes that passed through the CD34 column (FIG. 12C). Therefore, YS68 expression is anticipated in less differentiated CD34 positive hematocytes.

Example 7

Localization of Each Domain of YS68 within Cells

Using cDNA prepared from mouse embryonic liver as a template, cDNA encoding the N-terminal region (amino acids 5-1148) and C-terminal region (amino acids 981-2243) of mouse YS68 (SEQ ID NO: 12) were amplified by PCR. The amplified cDNAs were inserted downstream of the Flag region of animal cell expression vector pEFBOSE-F to produce pEFBOSE-F-YS68(5-1148) and pEFBOSE-F-YS68(981-2243) that expresses the N-terminal region of YS68 and the C-terminal region of YS68 (SEQ ID NO: 12), respectively. The expression vectors were then transfected into COS-7 cells using lipofectamine 2000 (Gibco), and 24 hours later, the cells were immobilized with methanol. To investigate the localizations of each YS68 expressed within the cells, the cells were reacted with anti-Flag antibody, followed by peroxidase-labeled anti-mouse IgG, and finally substrate was added for visualization.

Due to the multiple nuclear transport signals in the YS68 C-terminal region (FIG. 9), localization of YS68 in the nucleus was anticipated; however, endogenous YS68 was localized not only in the nucleus but also around the nucleus (FIG. 12). Additionally, constructs lacking the YS68 N-terminal region or the C-terminal region were prepared and were expressed in COS cells, and their localizations were investigated. The results confirmed that YS68 lacking the C-terminal region had strong tendency to localize in the cytoplasm, and YS68 lacking the N-terminal region in the nucleus (FIG. 14). These results suggested the possibility that the N-terminal region is inhibiting the transfer of YS68 into the nucleus. Since two WD repeats necessary for protein interaction exist

in the N-terminal region, it was speculated that binding of this region to some molecule might possibly inhibit the transfer into the nucleus.

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

The present invention provides novel "YS68" proteins predicted to be involved in primitive hematopoiesis and genes encoding the proteins. The genes may be utilized as markers for hematopoietic cells involved in primitive hematopoiesis and as factors regulating hematopoiesis. In addition, they may be utilized for purification and cloning of new factors

involved in hematopoiesis, and even as tools for drug development for various diseases arising due to abnormalities in expression of the genes of this invention caused by abnormalities in expression regulation in vivo. Further, the "YS68" genes of this invention may be involved in blood tumors. Therefore, drug development against tumors utilizing the proteins of this invention is anticipated. By designing medicaments that target the genes of this invention, development of drugs that have new mechanisms of action may be enabled. Proteins and genes derived from humans are especially preferred in drug development compared to those derived from other organisms

SEQUENCE LISTING

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Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asn	Leu	Ser	Phe	Asp	Glu	Leu	Tyr	Pro		
					565				570						575		
tta	ggg	gca	gag	aaa	ctt	gag	tat	aat	ctc	agt	act	att	gag	cag	cag	1777	
Leu	Gly	Ala	Glu	Lys	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Thr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Gln		
			580					585						590			
ttt	tgt	gac	ttg	cct	gat	gac	aaa	gac	tct	gct	gaa	tgt	gat	gct	gct	1825	
Phe	Cys	Asp	Leu	Pro	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ser	Ala	Glu	Cys	Asp	Ala	Ala		
		595					600						605				
gaa	gta	gac	ggg	gaa	ctt	ttt	gtg	gcc	cag	agc	aac	ttt	acc	ctg	att	1873	
Glu	Val	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Phe	Val	Ala	Gln	Ser	Asn	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ile		
	610					615						620					
tta	gaa	ggt	gaa	gaa	gga	gaa	gct	gag	gca	agc	gac	tct	gca	gca	cct	1921	
Leu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ala	Pro		
	625				630					635					640		
aat	atg	tta	ccg	aaa	tcg	acc	aag	gaa	aaa	cct	gtg	tgc	tac	agg	gaa	1969	
Asn	Met	Leu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Pro	Val	Cys	Tyr	Arg	Glu		
				645					650					655			
ccc	cat	aat	cag	gag	cgc	ggt	aca	gat	ttg	cca	tct	gct	gtg	act	gct	2017	
Pro	His	Asn	Gln	Glu	Arg	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala		
			660					665						670			
gac	caa	gaa	tcc	cac	aag	gta	gag	act	tta	ccg	tat	gtg	cct	gaa	ccg	2065	
Asp	Gln	Glu	Ser	His	Lys	Val	Glu	Thr	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro		
		675					680					685					
gtt	aaa	gtg	gca	att	gca	gaa	aat	ctg	ttg	gat	gta	att	aaa	gac	acc	2113	
Val	Lys	Val	Ala	Ile	Ala	Glu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr		
		690				695						700					
aga	agt	aag	gaa	gca	act	ccc	gtg	gca	gca	ggt	gag	gct	ggt	gat	gag	2161	
Arg	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ala	Thr	Pro	Val	Ala	Ala	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Asp	Glu		
					710					715					720		
gac	gga	gca	gtg	ata	gtc	tca	aag	gct	gca	cat	tcg	tcc	agg	ctg	aca	2209	
Asp	Gly	Ala	Val	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ala	His	Ser	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr		
				725					730					735			
aac	tct	aca	ccg	aag	act	ggt	aag	gaa	cca	cgt	gca	gag	act	gta	aat	2257	
Asn	Ser	Thr	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Lys	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Glu	Thr	Val	Asn		
			740					745					750				
acc	agc	cag	agt	gat	gac	atg	ggt	tct	tct	aga	act	ctc	aca	aga	agg	2305	
Thr	Ser	Gln	Ser	Asp	Asp	Met	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Thr	Arg	Arg		
		755				760						765					
cag	cat	gcc	cta	agc	ctg	aat	gtc	aca	tca	gaa	caa	gag	cct	tca	gca	2353	
Gln	His	Ala	Leu	Ser	Leu	Asn	Val	Thr	Ser	Glu	Gln	Glu	Pro	Ser	Ala		
		770				775						780					
gtt	gcc	act	cct	aag	aag	aga	act	aga	aaa	att	aaa	gaa	act	cct	gag	2401	
Val	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Arg	Lys	Ile	Lys	Glu	Thr	Pro	Glu		
					790				795						800		
tct	tct	gaa	agg	acc	tgt	tct	gac	cta	aaa	gta	gca	cct	gag	aac	caa	2449	
Ser	Ser	Glu	Arg	Thr	Cys	Ser	Asp	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln		
				805					810						815		
ctg	aca	gct	cag	aat	cct	ccc	gct	cct	agg	aga	aga	aag	aag	aag	gac	2497	

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Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Pro Pro Ala Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys Lys Lys Asp	
820 825 830	
gtt agc caa ggc aca ctg cca agt tct ggt gct gtg gag ccg gag ccg	2545
Val Ser Gln Gly Thr Leu Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Glu Pro Glu Pro	
835 840 845	
gaa cct cag ggt acg ccg gga aga ctg agg ctg aga acg cag cca ccc	2593
Glu Pro Gln Gly Thr Pro Gly Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Thr Gln Pro Pro	
850 855 860	
gag cca gca gct gaa gaa act cct tct aga aca aaa gtc agg ctt tca	2641
Glu Pro Ala Ala Glu Thr Pro Ser Arg Thr Lys Val Arg Leu Ser	
865 870 875 880	
tct gtt aga aag gga acc cct aga aga ctt aag aag tct gta gaa aat	2689
Ser Val Arg Lys Gly Thr Pro Arg Arg Leu Lys Lys Ser Val Glu Asn	
885 890 895	
ggg caa agt ata gaa att cta gat gat ctc aaa ggg agt gag gca gca	2737
Gly Gln Ser Ile Glu Ile Leu Asp Asp Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Ala Ala	
900 905 910	
agt cat gac ggg act gtc aca gag ctg agg aat gcc aat tta gaa gat	2785
Ser His Asp Gly Thr Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Asn Ala Asn Leu Glu Asp	
915 920 925	
act cag aat atg gag tat aaa caa gat gaa cac agt gac cag caa ccg	2833
Thr Gln Asn Met Glu Tyr Lys Gln Asp Glu His Ser Asp Gln Gln Pro	
930 935 940	
cct cta aaa cga aag agg gtc aga gag aga gaa gtt agt gtg tca agt	2881
Pro Leu Lys Arg Lys Arg Val Arg Glu Arg Glu Val Ser Val Ser Ser	
945 950 955 960	
gtg aca gaa gag cca aag ctt gac tca tcc cag ttg cct ctt cag aca	2929
Val Thr Glu Glu Pro Lys Leu Asp Ser Ser Gln Leu Pro Leu Gln Thr	
965 970 975	
gga ctc gat gta cct gcc acc cct agg aaa cgt ggt aga ccc agg aag	2977
Gly Leu Asp Val Pro Ala Thr Pro Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys	
980 985 990	
gta gtt ccc tta gaa gct gac ggt ggc aca act ggt aag gaa cag aca	3025
Val Val Pro Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Gly Lys Glu Gln Thr	
995 1000 1005	
agt cct cag aag aaa gat gtt ccg gtt gtc cgg aga tct aca cgg	3070
Ser Pro Gln Lys Lys Asp Val Pro Val Val Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg	
1010 1015 1020	
aac acc cca gct aga aat gtg agt act tta naa aaa tca gtt tta	3115
Asn Thr Pro Ala Arg Asn Val Ser Thr Leu Xaa Lys Ser Val Leu	
1025 1030 1035	
gtg cca aat aag gaa gct gct cta gtg gtg aca tct aag agg aga	3160
Val Pro Asn Lys Glu Ala Ala Leu Val Val Thr Ser Lys Arg Arg	
1040 1045 1050	
cct aca aag aag tct gca gag gaa agc tca aaa gat cca tca gcg	3205
Pro Thr Lys Lys Ser Ala Glu Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Pro Ser Ala	
1055 1060 1065	
gca gtc tca gac tgg gcg ggt gga gca gcc cac aca gag tcc gct	3250
Ala Val Ser Asp Trp Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala His Thr Glu Ser Ala	
1070 1075 1080	
gac cga agg gac gga ctg ctt gcc gcc gct gct ctc acg cca tct	3295
Asp Arg Arg Asp Gly Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Pro Ser	
1085 1090 1095	
gcc cag ggc aca agg act agg tct aga agg acc atg ttg ttg acg	3340
Ala Gln Gly Thr Arg Thr Arg Ser Arg Arg Thr Met Leu Leu Thr	
1100 1105 1110	
gac att tct gaa ccc aaa act gag cct tta ttt cct cct cct tca	3385
Asp Ile Ser Glu Pro Lys Thr Glu Pro Leu Phe Pro Pro Pro Ser	
1115 1120 1125	
gtg aag gtt cca aag aaa aaa tca aaa gct gag aac atg gag gcc	3430

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Val Lys	Val Pro Lys Lys Lys	Ser Lys Ala Glu Asn	Met Glu Ala	
1130		1135	1140	
gca gcc	cag ctg aaa gaa ttg	gtg tca gat tta tct	tct cag ttt	3475
Ala Ala	Gln Leu Lys Glu Leu	Val Ser Asp Leu Ser	Ser Gln Phe	
1145	1150	1155		
gtt gtt	tcc cct cct gcc ttg	aga acc agg cag aaa	agt ata tcc	3520
Val Val	Ser Pro Pro Ala Leu	Arg Thr Arg Gln Lys	Ser Ile Ser	
1160	1165	1170		
aat act	tcc aag ctt cta ggt	gaa ctg gag agt gac	cct aaa cca	3565
Asn Thr	Ser Lys Leu Leu Gly	Glu Leu Glu Ser Asp	Pro Lys Pro	
1175	1180	1185		
tta gag	atc ata gaa caa aaa	cca aaa aga agc agg	act gtg aag	3610
Leu Glu	Ile Ile Glu Gln Lys	Pro Lys Arg Ser Arg	Thr Val Lys	
1190	1195	1200		
aca aga	gca agc aga aac aca	gga aaa gga agt tct	tgg tca cct	3655
Thr Arg	Ala Ser Arg Asn Thr	Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser	Trp Ser Pro	
1205	1210	1215		
cct cct	gta gaa att aag ctg	gtt tct ccc ttg gcg	agt cca gtg	3700
Pro Pro	Val Glu Ile Lys Leu	Val Ser Pro Leu Ala	Ser Pro Val	
1220	1225	1230		
gat gaa	ata aag acc ggc aag	cca aga aaa act gca	gaa ata gca	3745
Asp Glu	Ile Lys Thr Gly Lys	Pro Arg Lys Thr Ala	Glu Ile Ala	
1235	1240	1245		
gga aaa	act ctt gga agg ggc	aga aag aag cca tct	tct ttt cca	3790
Gly Lys	Thr Leu Gly Arg Gly	Arg Lys Lys Pro Ser	Ser Phe Pro	
1250	1255	1260		
aag caa	att tta cgc agg aaa	atg ctg taatttttag	cccaagattt	3837
Lys Gln	Ile Leu Arg Arg Lys	Met Leu		
1265	1270			
taacacgcac	ctgtttgtaa aagtcacacag	tatttgtgtg gattattaaa	gtcaccaatt	3897
tggatgaaaa	tactttatataaaattgtaca	atatttgaag cagtaaatga	gtaactccac	3957
atggagtgca	gttctttagtag tgcaggcggtt	ttatacgact tgatgcgttt	atatcaatgt	4017
aaatatgact	tatcattggg aggttaaata	aactactgta aagtaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	4077
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa		4115

<210> SEQ ID NO 2

<211> LENGTH: 1272

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

<220> FEATURE:

<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature

<222> LOCATION: (1034)..(1034)

<223> OTHER INFORMATION: The 'Xaa' at location 1034 stands for Lys, Glu, or Gln.

<400> SEQUENCE: 2

Gln Ile Leu Lys Asn Asn Leu Met Ser Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg
 1 5 10 15

Glu Arg Ser Val Thr Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile
 20 25 30

Leu Pro Arg Val Gln Arg Lys Leu Ala Val Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr
 35 40 45

His Leu Ser Thr Ser Ser Val Phe His Glu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro
 50 55 60

Leu Ser Ala Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ile Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg
 65 70 75 80

Ser Thr Phe Ile Ser Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala
 85 90 95

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Asn Val Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Ser Pro Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser
 530 535 540
 Asp Thr His Glu Ile His Leu Ile Gly Cys Glu Asn Leu Glu Val Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Leu Ser Phe Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro
 565 570 575
 Leu Gly Ala Glu Lys Leu Glu Tyr Asn Leu Ser Thr Ile Glu Gln Gln
 580 585 590
 Phe Cys Asp Leu Pro Asp Asp Lys Asp Ser Ala Glu Cys Asp Ala Ala
 595 600 605
 Glu Val Asp Gly Glu Leu Phe Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Phe Thr Leu Ile
 610 615 620
 Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu Gly Glu Ala Glu Ala Ser Asp Ser Ala Ala Pro
 625 630 635 640
 Asn Met Leu Pro Lys Ser Thr Lys Glu Lys Pro Val Cys Tyr Arg Glu
 645 650 655
 Pro His Asn Gln Glu Arg Val Thr Asp Leu Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ala
 660 665 670
 Asp Gln Glu Ser His Lys Val Glu Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Pro Glu Pro
 675 680 685
 Val Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Lys Asp Thr
 690 695 700
 Arg Ser Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Glu Ala Gly Asp Glu
 705 710 715 720
 Asp Gly Ala Val Ile Val Ser Lys Ala Ala His Ser Ser Arg Leu Thr
 725 730 735
 Asn Ser Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Lys Glu Pro Arg Ala Glu Thr Val Asn
 740 745 750
 Thr Ser Gln Ser Asp Asp Met Val Ser Ser Arg Thr Leu Thr Arg Arg
 755 760 765
 Gln His Ala Leu Ser Leu Asn Val Thr Ser Glu Gln Glu Pro Ser Ala
 770 775 780
 Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Lys Arg Thr Arg Lys Ile Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Ser Ser Glu Arg Thr Cys Ser Asp Leu Lys Val Ala Pro Glu Asn Gln
 805 810 815
 Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Pro Pro Ala Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys Lys Lys Asp
 820 825 830
 Val Ser Gln Gly Thr Leu Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Glu Pro Glu Pro
 835 840 845
 Glu Pro Gln Gly Thr Pro Gly Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Thr Gln Pro Pro
 850 855 860
 Glu Pro Ala Ala Glu Glu Thr Pro Ser Arg Thr Lys Val Arg Leu Ser
 865 870 875 880
 Ser Val Arg Lys Gly Thr Pro Arg Arg Leu Lys Lys Ser Val Glu Asn
 885 890 895
 Gly Gln Ser Ile Glu Ile Leu Asp Asp Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Ala Ala
 900 905 910
 Ser His Asp Gly Thr Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Asn Ala Asn Leu Glu Asp
 915 920 925
 Thr Gln Asn Met Glu Tyr Lys Gln Asp Glu His Ser Asp Gln Gln Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Leu Lys Arg Lys Arg Val Arg Glu Arg Glu Val Ser Val Ser Ser

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<211> LENGTH: 24
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence:Artificially
        Synthesized Primer Sequence

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

cctttggtac atgagcttct attt                                     24

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
<211> LENGTH: 4883
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(4590)

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

gag aag ttg tgg aaa cga gat gaa gga ggc aca gga aaa tat cct cct      48
Glu Lys Leu Trp Lys Arg Asp Glu Gly Gly Thr Gly Lys Tyr Pro Pro
1      5      10      15

gct agt ctg cat gca gta ctt gat atg tac cta tta gac ggc gtt act      96
Ala Ser Leu His Ala Val Leu Asp Met Tyr Leu Leu Asp Gly Val Thr
      20      25      30

gaa gca gcc aaa cac tct att acc att tat ttg cta ctt gat att atg      144
Glu Ala Ala Lys His Ser Ile Thr Ile Tyr Leu Leu Leu Asp Ile Met
      35      40      45

tat tcc ttt ccc aac aaa aca gac act ccc att gaa tct ttc cca act      192
Tyr Ser Phe Pro Asn Lys Thr Asp Thr Pro Ile Glu Ser Phe Pro Thr
      50      55      60

gta ttt gcc att tct tgg ggc caa gtt aaa ctt att cag ggg ttt tgg      240
Val Phe Ala Ile Ser Trp Gly Gln Val Lys Leu Ile Gln Gly Phe Trp
65      70      75      80

ttg ata gat cat aat gac tat gag agt ggt ttg gat ctt ttg ttt cat      288
Leu Ile Asp His Asn Asp Tyr Glu Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu Leu Phe His
      85      90      95

cca gct act gca aaa cct ttg tca tgg caa cat tca aag att att cag      336
Pro Ala Thr Ala Lys Pro Leu Ser Trp Gln His Ser Lys Ile Ile Gln
      100      105      110

gca ttc atg agt cag ggc gag cac aga caa gcc ctc aga tat att cag      384
Ala Phe Met Ser Gln Gly Glu His Arg Gln Ala Leu Arg Tyr Ile Gln
      115      120      125

aca atg aag cca aca gtg tcc agt ggt aac gat gtt atc ctt cac ctc      432
Thr Met Lys Pro Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Asn Asp Val Ile Leu His Leu
      130      135      140

act gtt ttg ctt ttt aat agg tgt atg gtt gaa gcc tgg aat ttt ttg      480
Thr Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Arg Cys Met Val Glu Ala Trp Asn Phe Leu
      145      150      155      160

cgg caa cat tgc aat agg ttg aat ata gag gag tta ctg aag cac atg      528
Arg Gln His Cys Asn Arg Leu Asn Ile Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys His Met
      165      170      175

tat gaa gtc tgt cag gaa atg ggc ttg atg gaa gat tta ctg aag tta      576
Tyr Glu Val Cys Gln Glu Met Gly Leu Met Glu Asp Leu Leu Lys Leu
      180      185      190

cca ttt aca gac act gag cag gaa tgt tta gtg aaa ttt ttg cag tcc      624
Pro Phe Thr Asp Thr Glu Gln Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Phe Leu Gln Ser
      195      200      205

agt gcc agc gtt cag aat cat gaa ttc ctt tta gtg cac cat ttg cag      672
Ser Ala Ser Val Gln Asn His Glu Phe Leu Leu Val His His Leu Gln
      210      215      220

cgt gcc aat tat gtg cct gcc ttg aag ctg aac caa act ctg aag att      720
Arg Ala Asn Tyr Val Pro Ala Leu Lys Leu Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys Ile

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225	230	235	240	
aat gtt atg aat gat cgt gat cct cgt ttg cgg gag aga tca ctg gct				768
Asn Val Met Asn Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ser Leu Ala	245	250	255	
cga aat tct ata tta gac cag tat gga aaa atc ctt cct aga gtc cat				816
Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile Leu Pro Arg Val His	260	265	270	
cga aaa tta gcc att gaa cga gct aag cct tat cat ctg tca aca tca				864
Arg Lys Leu Ala Ile Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr His Leu Ser Thr Ser	275	280	285	
tca gtt ttt cga tta gtt tct aga ccc aaa cca tta tca gca gtt cca				912
Ser Val Phe Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Leu Ser Ala Val Pro	290	295	300	
aag caa gtt gta aca gga act gtg ttg aca aga tct gtt ttc atc aac				960
Lys Gln Val Val Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg Ser Val Phe Ile Asn	305	310	315	320
aat gtg tta tct aaa att gga gaa gtt tgg gca agc aaa gaa cct ata				1008
Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala Ser Lys Glu Pro Ile	325	330	335	
aat agc acc aca cct ttc aat agt tct aaa ata gaa gaa cca tct cct				1056
Asn Ser Thr Thr Pro Phe Asn Ser Ser Lys Ile Glu Glu Pro Ser Pro	340	345	350	
ata gtg tat tcg ctc cca gct cca gag ctg cct gag gca ttt ttt gga				1104
Ile Val Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Pro Glu Ala Phe Phe Gly	355	360	365	
aca cca att tca aaa gca tca caa aaa att tct aga ctg cta gat ttg				1152
Thr Pro Ile Ser Lys Ala Ser Gln Lys Ile Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu	370	375	380	
gtt gtt cag cct gtc ccc cgg cct tct cag tgt tcg gag ttt att cag				1200
Val Val Gln Pro Val Pro Arg Pro Ser Gln Cys Ser Glu Phe Ile Gln	385	390	395	400
caa agc tcc atg aaa tct cct ttg tac cta gta tcc cgt tca ctg ccc				1248
Gln Ser Ser Met Lys Ser Pro Leu Tyr Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Pro	405	410	415	
tca agt tcg caa tta aaa gga tcg cct cag gcc atc tcc agg gct tca				1296
Ser Ser Ser Gln Leu Lys Gly Ser Pro Gln Ala Ile Ser Arg Ala Ser	420	425	430	
gaa tta cat ttg ctt gaa act cct ctt gta gtt aag aaa gct aaa agt				1344
Glu Leu His Leu Leu Glu Thr Pro Leu Val Val Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser	435	440	445	
ttg gcc atg tca gtt act act tct gga ttt tct gag ttc act cct cag				1392
Leu Ala Met Ser Val Thr Thr Ser Gly Phe Ser Glu Phe Thr Pro Gln	450	455	460	
tcc atc ctg agg tct act cct cga tca aca cct tta gca tct ccc tct				1440
Ser Ile Leu Arg Ser Thr Pro Arg Ser Thr Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser	465	470	475	480
cca tca cct gga agg tct cct caa cga ctt aaa gaa act aga att tca				1488
Pro Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Pro Gln Arg Leu Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Ser	485	490	495	
ttt gtg gaa gaa gat gtc cac cca aaa tgg att cct ggg gct gca gat				1536
Phe Val Glu Glu Asp Val His Pro Lys Trp Ile Pro Gly Ala Ala Asp	500	505	510	
gat agc aaa tta gaa gta ttt act aca cct aaa aaa tgt gca gtt cca				1584
Asp Ser Lys Leu Glu Val Phe Thr Thr Pro Lys Lys Cys Ala Val Pro	515	520	525	
gtg gaa act gaa tgg ccg aag agc aaa gat agg acc aca tct ttt ttc				1632
Val Glu Thr Glu Trp Pro Lys Ser Lys Asp Arg Thr Thr Ser Phe Phe	530	535	540	
ctg aac agc cct gaa aag gag cat caa gaa atg gat gag ggg tca caa				1680
Leu Asn Ser Pro Glu Lys Glu His Gln Glu Met Asp Glu Gly Ser Gln				

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545	550	555	560	
agt tta gag aaa ctg gat gtg agc aaa gga aac agc agt gtt tca atc Ser Leu Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Gly Asn Ser Ser Val Ser Ile 565 570 575				1728
aca tcc gat gag act acc tta gag tat cag gat gca ccg tca ccg gaa Thr Ser Asp Glu Thr Thr Leu Glu Tyr Gln Asp Ala Pro Ser Pro Glu 580 585 590				1776
gac ctt gaa gag act gtt ttc acg gcc tct aag ccc aaa agc tct tcc Asp Leu Glu Glu Thr Val Phe Thr Ala Ser Lys Pro Lys Ser Ser Ser 595 600 605				1824
act gca cta act act aat gta act gaa caa act gaa aag gat gga gat Thr Ala Leu Thr Thr Asn Val Thr Glu Gln Thr Glu Lys Asp Gly Asp 610 615 620				1872
aaa gat gta ttt gca tca gaa gta act cct tca gac cta cag aaa caa Lys Asp Val Phe Ala Ser Glu Val Thr Pro Ser Asp Leu Gln Lys Gln 625 630 635 640				1920
atg gcc aat tta gaa gat gca gaa aca aag gat ctc tta gtt gca gca Met Gly Asn Leu Glu Asp Ala Glu Thr Lys Asp Leu Leu Val Ala Ala 645 650 655				1968
gag gca ttt tca gaa ttg aat cac tta agc ccg gtt caa gga act gaa Glu Ala Phe Ser Glu Leu Asn His Leu Ser Pro Val Gln Gly Thr Glu 660 665 670				2016
gct tct ctt tgt gca cca tca gtc tat gaa ggg aaa atc ttc acc cag Ala Ser Leu Cys Ala Pro Ser Val Tyr Glu Gly Lys Ile Phe Thr Gln 675 680 685				2064
aag tcc aag gta cca gtg ttg gac gaa gga tta aca tct gtt gaa acc Lys Ser Lys Val Pro Val Leu Asp Glu Gly Leu Thr Ser Val Glu Thr 690 695 700				2112
tac acc cct gca att aga gca aat gac aat aaa tct atg gct gat gtc Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ile Arg Ala Asn Asp Asn Lys Ser Met Ala Asp Val 705 710 715 720				2160
ctt ggt gat ggt gga aac tcc tcg ctc act atc tct gaa ggt cct att Leu Gly Asp Gly Gly Asn Ser Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Glu Gly Pro Ile 725 730 735				2208
gtc tct gag cgc agg ctt aac cag gaa gta gcg ctg aac tta aaa gaa Val Ser Glu Arg Arg Leu Asn Gln Glu Val Ala Leu Asn Leu Lys Glu 740 745 750				2256
gat cat gaa gta gaa gtt ggt gta cta aaa gaa agt gtt gac tta cca Asp His Glu Val Glu Val Gly Val Leu Lys Glu Ser Val Asp Leu Pro 755 760 765				2304
gaa gaa aag ctt cca att tct gac agc cct cct gat act caa gaa att Glu Glu Lys Leu Pro Ile Ser Asp Ser Pro Pro Asp Thr Gln Glu Ile 770 775 780				2352
cat gtg att gaa caa gaa aag ctt gaa gct caa gat tca gga gaa gag His Val Ile Glu Gln Glu Lys Leu Glu Ala Gln Asp Ser Gly Glu Glu 785 790 795 800				2400
gct agg aat ctt tca ttt aat gag tta tat ccc tct gga aca ctt aag Ala Arg Asn Leu Ser Phe Asn Glu Leu Tyr Pro Ser Gly Thr Leu Lys 805 810 815				2448
ctt cag tac aat ttt gat act att gac caa cag ttt tgt gac tta gct Leu Gln Tyr Asn Phe Asp Thr Ile Asp Gln Gln Phe Cys Asp Leu Ala 820 825 830				2496
gat aac aaa gac act gct gaa tgt gac att gct gaa gta gat ggg gaa Asp Asn Lys Asp Thr Ala Glu Cys Asp Ile Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Glu 835 840 845				2544
ctt ttt gtg gct caa agc aac ttt acc ttg ata ttg gaa ggt gaa gaa Leu Phe Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Phe Thr Leu Ile Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu 850 855 860				2592
gga gaa gtt gag cca ggt gat ttt gca tca tct gat gtg tta cct aaa Gly Glu Val Glu Pro Gly Asp Phe Ala Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Pro Lys				2640

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865	870	875	880	
gca gct aac aca gca act gaa gaa aaa ctt gta tgc agt ggg gaa aat Ala Ala Asn Thr Ala Thr Glu Glu Lys Leu Val Cys Ser Gly Glu Asn 885 890 895				2688
gat aat cat gga caa att gca aat ttg cca tct gcc gta act agt gac Asp Asn His Gly Gln Ile Ala Asn Leu Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ser Asp 900 905 910				2736
caa aag tcc caa aaa gta gac act tta cca tat gtg cct gaa cct att Gln Lys Ser Gln Lys Val Asp Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Pro Glu Pro Ile 915 920 925				2784
aaa gta gca att gca gaa aat tta cta gat gta att aaa gac aca aga Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Lys Asp Thr Arg 930 935 940				2832
agt aaa gaa att act tca gat aca atg gaa cag tcc att cat gaa aca Ser Lys Glu Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Met Glu Gln Ser Ile His Glu Thr 945 950 955 960				2880
ata cct tta gtg agc caa aac ata atg tgt ccc act aaa ttg gtc aaa Ile Pro Leu Val Ser Gln Asn Ile Met Cys Pro Thr Lys Leu Val Lys 965 970 975				2928
tct gca ttt aag act gct cag gaa aca agc aca atg act atg aat gtc Ser Ala Phe Lys Thr Ala Gln Glu Thr Ser Thr Met Thr Met Asn Val 980 985 990				2976
agc cag gtt gat gac gtg gtt tcc tcc aaa act cgt acg aga ggt caa Ser Gln Val Asp Asp Val Val Ser Ser Lys Thr Arg Thr Arg Gly Gln 995 1000 1005				3024
cgt atc caa aac gtg aat gtc aaa tca gca caa cag gaa gca tca Arg Ile Gln Asn Val Asn Val Lys Ser Ala Gln Gln Glu Ala Ser 1010 1015 1020				3069
gca gat gtt gct act cct aag atg cca ggg cag tca gtc agg aag Ala Asp Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Met Pro Gly Gln Ser Val Arg Lys 1025 1030 1035				3114
aaa act agg aag gca aaa gaa att tct gaa gct tct gaa aac atc Lys Thr Arg Lys Ala Lys Glu Ile Ser Glu Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile 1040 1045 1050				3159
tat tct gat gtc aga gga cta ttt cag aac cag caa ata cct caa Tyr Ser Asp Val Arg Gly Leu Phe Gln Asn Gln Gln Ile Pro Gln 1055 1060 1065				3204
aat tct gtt acg cct agg aga gga agg aga aag aaa gaa gtt aat Asn Ser Val Thr Pro Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Glu Val Asn 1070 1075 1080				3249
cag gac ata cta gaa aac acc agt tct gtg gaa caa gaa tta cag Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu Asn Thr Ser Ser Val Glu Gln Glu Leu Gln 1085 1090 1095				3294
atc act aca ggt agg gaa tca aaa aga tta aaa tca tct cag ctg Ile Thr Thr Gly Arg Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Lys Ser Ser Gln Leu 1100 1105 1110				3339
ttg gaa cca gca gtt gaa gaa act act aaa aaa gaa gtt aag gtt Leu Glu Pro Ala Val Glu Glu Thr Thr Lys Lys Glu Val Lys Val 1115 1120 1125				3384
tca tct gtt aca aaa agg act cct aga aga att aaa aga tct gta Ser Ser Val Thr Lys Arg Thr Pro Arg Arg Ile Lys Arg Ser Val 1130 1135 1140				3429
gaa aat cag gaa agt gtt gaa att ata aat gat cta aaa gtt agt Glu Asn Gln Glu Ser Val Glu Ile Ile Asn Asp Leu Lys Val Ser 1145 1150 1155				3474
acg gta aca agt cct agc aga atg atc aga aaa ttg aga agt act Thr Val Thr Ser Pro Ser Arg Met Ile Arg Lys Leu Arg Ser Thr 1160 1165 1170				3519
aat tta gat gct tct gaa aat aca gga aat aag caa gat gat aaa Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Asn Thr Gly Asn Lys Gln Asp Asp Lys				3564

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1175		1180		1185		
tcc agt	gac aag cag ctg cgt	att aaa cat gtt aga	agg gtc aga			3609
Ser Ser	Asp Lys Gln Leu Arg	Ile Lys His Val Arg	Arg Val Arg			
	1190	1195	1200			
ggg aga	gaa gtt agt cca tca	gat gtg aga gaa gac	tcc aac ctt			3654
Gly Arg	Glu Val Ser Pro Ser	Asp Val Arg Glu Asp	Ser Asn Leu			
	1205	1210	1215			
gag tca	tct cag ttg act gtt	caa gca gaa ttt gat	atg tct gcc			3699
Glu Ser	Ser Gln Leu Thr Val	Gln Ala Glu Phe Asp	Met Ser Ala			
	1220	1225	1230			
ata cct	aga aaa cgt ggt aga	cca aga aaa atc aat	cca tct gaa			3744
Ile Pro	Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg	Pro Arg Lys Ile Asn	Pro Ser Glu			
	1235	1240	1245			
gat gta	gga tct aag gct gtt	aag gaa gag aga agc	ccc aag aag			3789
Asp Val	Gly Ser Lys Ala Val	Lys Glu Glu Arg Ser	Pro Lys Lys			
	1250	1255	1260			
aaa gaa	gct ccc agc att aga	agg aga tct aca aga	aat acc cca			3834
Lys Glu	Ala Pro Ser Ile Arg	Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg	Asn Thr Pro			
	1265	1270	1275			
gct aaa	agt gaa aat gtt gat	gtt gga aaa cca gct	tta gga aaa			3879
Ala Lys	Ser Glu Asn Val Asp	Val Gly Lys Pro Ala	Leu Gly Lys			
	1280	1285	1290			
tcc att	tta gtg cca aac gag	gaa ctt tcg atg gtg	atg agc tct			3924
Ser Ile	Leu Val Pro Asn Glu	Glu Leu Ser Met Val	Met Ser Ser			
	1295	1300	1305			
aag aaa	aaa ctt aca aaa aag	act gaa agt caa agc	caa aaa cgt			3969
Lys Lys	Lys Leu Thr Lys Lys	Thr Glu Ser Gln Ser	Gln Lys Arg			
	1310	1315	1320			
tca ttg	cac tca gta tca gaa	gaa cgc aca gat gaa	atg aca cat			4014
Ser Leu	His Ser Val Ser Glu	Glu Arg Thr Asp Glu	Met Thr His			
	1325	1330	1335			
aaa gaa	aca aat gag cag gaa	gaa aga ttg ctc gcc	aca gct tcc			4059
Lys Glu	Thr Asn Glu Gln Glu	Glu Arg Leu Leu Ala	Thr Ala Ser			
	1340	1345	1350			
ttc act	aaa tca tcc cgc agc	agc agg act cgg tct	agc aag gcc			4104
Phe Thr	Lys Ser Ser Arg Ser	Ser Arg Thr Arg Ser	Ser Lys Ala			
	1355	1360	1365			
atc ttg	ttg ccg gac ctt tct	gaa cca aac aat gag	cct tta ttt			4149
Ile Leu	Leu Pro Asp Leu Ser	Glu Pro Asn Asn Glu	Pro Leu Phe			
	1370	1375	1380			
tct cca	gcg tca gaa gtt cca	agg aaa gca aaa gct	aaa aaa ata			4194
Ser Pro	Ala Ser Glu Val Pro	Arg Lys Ala Lys Ala	Lys Lys Ile			
	1385	1390	1395			
gag gtt	cct gca cag ctg aaa	gaa tta gtt tcg gat	tta tct tct			4239
Glu Val	Pro Ala Gln Leu Lys	Glu Leu Val Ser Asp	Leu Ser Ser			
	1400	1405	1410			
cag ttt	gtc atc tca cct cct	gct tta agg agc aga	caa aaa aac			4284
Gln Phe	Val Ile Ser Pro Pro	Ala Leu Arg Ser Arg	Gln Lys Asn			
	1415	1420	1425			
aca tcc	aat aag aac aag ctt	gaa gat gaa ctg aaa	gat gat gca			4329
Thr Ser	Asn Lys Asn Lys Leu	Glu Asp Glu Leu Lys	Asp Asp Ala			
	1430	1435	1440			
caa tca	gta gaa act ctg gga	aag cca aaa gcg aaa	cga atc agg			4374
Gln Ser	Val Glu Thr Leu Gly	Lys Pro Lys Ala Lys	Arg Ile Arg			
	1445	1450	1455			
acg tca	aaa aca aaa caa gca	agc aaa aac aca gaa	aaa gaa agt			4419
Thr Ser	Lys Thr Lys Gln Ala	Ser Lys Asn Thr Glu	Lys Glu Ser			
	1460	1465	1470			
gct tgg	tca ctt cct ccc ata	gaa att cgg ctg att	tcc ccc ttg			4464
Ala Trp	Ser Leu Pro Pro Ile	Glu Ile Arg Leu Ile	Ser Pro Leu			

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1475	1480	1485	
gct agc cca gct gac gga gtc aag agc aaa cca aga aaa act aca			4509
Ala Ser Pro Ala Asp Gly Val Lys Ser Lys Pro Arg Lys Thr Thr			
1490	1495	1500	
gaa gtg aca gga aca ggt ctt gga agg aac aga aag aaa ctg tct			4554
Glu Val Thr Gly Thr Gly Leu Gly Arg Asn Arg Lys Lys Leu Ser			
1505	1510	1515	
tcc tat cca aag caa att tta cgc aga aaa atg ctg taatttcttg			4600
Ser Tyr Pro Lys Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Lys Met Leu			
1520	1525	1530	
ggaagatttt aatgtacacc tatttgtaaa gtcacagaa tagtgtggat tattaatat			4660
ctagtttgga agaaaataat ttatataat tattgtaaat ttttatgtaa acagaaggtc			4720
ttcaataagt aaagtaactc catatggagt gattgtttca gtccaggcaa tttttctatt			4780
ttatattaag acttcataca tttatatatg taaatatggc ttattaatgg aatgttaaat			4840
aaaaatgtata cttctcaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa			4883

<210> SEQ ID NO 6

<211> LENGTH: 1530

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

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20 25 30	
Glu Ala Ala Lys His Ser Ile Thr Ile Tyr Leu Leu Leu Asp Ile Met	
35 40 45	
Tyr Ser Phe Pro Asn Lys Thr Asp Thr Pro Ile Glu Ser Phe Pro Thr	
50 55 60	
Val Phe Ala Ile Ser Trp Gly Gln Val Lys Leu Ile Gln Gly Phe Trp	
65 70 75 80	
Leu Ile Asp His Asn Asp Tyr Glu Ser Gly Leu Asp Leu Leu Phe His	
85 90 95	
Pro Ala Thr Ala Lys Pro Leu Ser Trp Gln His Ser Lys Ile Ile Gln	
100 105 110	
Ala Phe Met Ser Gln Gly Glu His Arg Gln Ala Leu Arg Tyr Ile Gln	
115 120 125	
Thr Met Lys Pro Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Asn Asp Val Ile Leu His Leu	
130 135 140	
Thr Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Arg Cys Met Val Glu Ala Trp Asn Phe Leu	
145 150 155 160	
Arg Gln His Cys Asn Arg Leu Asn Ile Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys His Met	
165 170 175	
Tyr Glu Val Cys Gln Glu Met Gly Leu Met Glu Asp Leu Leu Lys Leu	
180 185 190	
Pro Phe Thr Asp Thr Glu Gln Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Phe Leu Gln Ser	
195 200 205	
Ser Ala Ser Val Gln Asn His Glu Phe Leu Leu Val His His Leu Gln	
210 215 220	
Arg Ala Asn Tyr Val Pro Ala Leu Lys Leu Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys Ile	
225 230 235 240	
Asn Val Met Asn Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ser Leu Ala	
245 250 255	

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Lys Ser Lys Val Pro Val Leu Asp Glu Gly Leu Thr Ser Val Glu Thr
 690 695 700
 Tyr Thr Pro Ala Ile Arg Ala Asn Asp Asn Lys Ser Met Ala Asp Val
 705 710 715 720
 Leu Gly Asp Gly Gly Asn Ser Ser Leu Thr Ile Ser Glu Gly Pro Ile
 725 730 735
 Val Ser Glu Arg Arg Leu Asn Gln Glu Val Ala Leu Asn Leu Lys Glu
 740 745 750
 Asp His Glu Val Glu Val Gly Val Leu Lys Glu Ser Val Asp Leu Pro
 755 760 765
 Glu Glu Lys Leu Pro Ile Ser Asp Ser Pro Pro Asp Thr Gln Glu Ile
 770 775 780
 His Val Ile Glu Gln Glu Lys Leu Glu Ala Gln Asp Ser Gly Glu Glu
 785 790 795 800
 Ala Arg Asn Leu Ser Phe Asn Glu Leu Tyr Pro Ser Gly Thr Leu Lys
 805 810 815
 Leu Gln Tyr Asn Phe Asp Thr Ile Asp Gln Gln Phe Cys Asp Leu Ala
 820 825 830
 Asp Asn Lys Asp Thr Ala Glu Cys Asp Ile Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Glu
 835 840 845
 Leu Phe Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Phe Thr Leu Ile Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu
 850 855 860
 Gly Glu Val Glu Pro Gly Asp Phe Ala Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Pro Lys
 865 870 875 880
 Ala Ala Asn Thr Ala Thr Glu Glu Lys Leu Val Cys Ser Gly Glu Asn
 885 890 895
 Asp Asn His Gly Gln Ile Ala Asn Leu Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ser Asp
 900 905 910
 Gln Lys Ser Gln Lys Val Asp Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Pro Glu Pro Ile
 915 920 925
 Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Lys Asp Thr Arg
 930 935 940
 Ser Lys Glu Ile Thr Ser Asp Thr Met Glu Gln Ser Ile His Glu Thr
 945 950 955 960
 Ile Pro Leu Val Ser Gln Asn Ile Met Cys Pro Thr Lys Leu Val Lys
 965 970 975
 Ser Ala Phe Lys Thr Ala Gln Glu Thr Ser Thr Met Thr Met Asn Val
 980 985 990
 Ser Gln Val Asp Asp Val Val Ser Ser Lys Thr Arg Thr Arg Gly Gln
 995 1000 1005
 Arg Ile Gln Asn Val Asn Val Lys Ser Ala Gln Gln Glu Ala Ser
 1010 1015 1020
 Ala Asp Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Met Pro Gly Gln Ser Val Arg Lys
 1025 1030 1035
 Lys Thr Arg Lys Ala Lys Glu Ile Ser Glu Ala Ser Glu Asn Ile
 1040 1045 1050
 Tyr Ser Asp Val Arg Gly Leu Phe Gln Asn Gln Gln Ile Pro Gln
 1055 1060 1065
 Asn Ser Val Thr Pro Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Glu Val Asn
 1070 1075 1080
 Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu Asn Thr Ser Ser Val Glu Gln Glu Leu Gln
 1085 1090 1095
 Ile Thr Thr Gly Arg Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Lys Ser Ser Gln Leu

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1100	1105	1110
Leu Glu Pro Ala Val Glu Glu Thr Thr Lys Lys Glu Val Lys Val 1115	1120	1125
Ser Ser Val Thr Lys Arg Thr Pro Arg Arg Ile Lys Arg Ser Val 1130	1135	1140
Glu Asn Gln Glu Ser Val Glu Ile Ile Asn Asp Leu Lys Val Ser 1145	1150	1155
Thr Val Thr Ser Pro Ser Arg Met Ile Arg Lys Leu Arg Ser Thr 1160	1165	1170
Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Asn Thr Gly Asn Lys Gln Asp Asp Lys 1175	1180	1185
Ser Ser Asp Lys Gln Leu Arg Ile Lys His Val Arg Arg Val Arg 1190	1195	1200
Gly Arg Glu Val Ser Pro Ser Asp Val Arg Glu Asp Ser Asn Leu 1205	1210	1215
Glu Ser Ser Gln Leu Thr Val Gln Ala Glu Phe Asp Met Ser Ala 1220	1225	1230
Ile Pro Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys Ile Asn Pro Ser Glu 1235	1240	1245
Asp Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Val Lys Glu Glu Arg Ser Pro Lys Lys 1250	1255	1260
Lys Glu Ala Pro Ser Ile Arg Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Asn Thr Pro 1265	1270	1275
Ala Lys Ser Glu Asn Val Asp Val Gly Lys Pro Ala Leu Gly Lys 1280	1285	1290
Ser Ile Leu Val Pro Asn Glu Glu Leu Ser Met Val Met Ser Ser 1295	1300	1305
Lys Lys Lys Leu Thr Lys Lys Thr Glu Ser Gln Ser Gln Lys Arg 1310	1315	1320
Ser Leu His Ser Val Ser Glu Glu Arg Thr Asp Glu Met Thr His 1325	1330	1335
Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu Gln Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu Ala Thr Ala Ser 1340	1345	1350
Phe Thr Lys Ser Ser Arg Ser Ser Arg Thr Arg Ser Ser Lys Ala 1355	1360	1365
Ile Leu Leu Pro Asp Leu Ser Glu Pro Asn Asn Glu Pro Leu Phe 1370	1375	1380
Ser Pro Ala Ser Glu Val Pro Arg Lys Ala Lys Ala Lys Lys Ile 1385	1390	1395
Glu Val Pro Ala Gln Leu Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ser Ser 1400	1405	1410
Gln Phe Val Ile Ser Pro Pro Ala Leu Arg Ser Arg Gln Lys Asn 1415	1420	1425
Thr Ser Asn Lys Asn Lys Leu Glu Asp Glu Leu Lys Asp Asp Ala 1430	1435	1440
Gln Ser Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Lys Pro Lys Ala Lys Arg Ile Arg 1445	1450	1455
Thr Ser Lys Thr Lys Gln Ala Ser Lys Asn Thr Glu Lys Glu Ser 1460	1465	1470
Ala Trp Ser Leu Pro Pro Ile Glu Ile Arg Leu Ile Ser Pro Leu 1475	1480	1485
Ala Ser Pro Ala Asp Gly Val Lys Ser Lys Pro Arg Lys Thr Thr 1490	1495	1500

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 1505 1510 1515

Ser Tyr Pro Lys Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Lys Met Leu
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<210> SEQ ID NO 7
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 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (2)..(3817)
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 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: n is a, c, g, or t

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 1 5 10 15

gaa aga tcg gtg act cga aat tct ata tta gac cag tat ggg aaa atc 97
 Glu Arg Ser Val Thr Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile
 20 25 30

cta cct aga gtc cag aga aag tta gct gtt gag cga gct aag cct tac 145
 Leu Pro Arg Val Gln Arg Lys Leu Ala Val Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr
 35 40 45

cac ctg tcg aca tcc tca gtt ttt cat gaa gtt tct aga ccc aaa ccg 193
 His Leu Ser Thr Ser Ser Val Phe His Glu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro
 50 55 60

tta tcg gca ttt cca aag aaa gct ata act gga aca gtg tta acc cga 241
 Leu Ser Ala Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ile Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg
 65 70 75 80

tct acg ttc atc agc aat gtt tta tct aaa att gga gag gtg tgg gca 289
 Ser Thr Phe Ile Ser Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala
 85 90 95

agt cat gag cct aga aat ggc gtc tca ctt ttt aac agt cct aaa aca 337
 Ser His Glu Pro Arg Asn Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asn Ser Pro Lys Thr
 100 105 110

gaa cag cca tct cct gta gta cac tct ttc cca cac cca gag ctt cct 385
 Glu Gln Pro Ser Pro Val Val His Ser Phe Pro His Pro Glu Leu Pro
 115 120 125

gag gcg ttt gtt gga act cca att tca aat aca tcc cag aga att tct 433
 Glu Ala Phe Val Gly Thr Pro Ile Ser Asn Thr Ser Gln Arg Ile Ser
 130 135 140

aga tta ctg gat ttg gtt gtc cat cct gta ccc cag cct tct cag tgt 481
 Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Val His Pro Val Pro Gln Pro Ser Gln Cys
 145 150 155 160

ttg gag ttt att caa caa agt ccc aca aga tct cct ttg tgt ctg ctg 529
 Leu Glu Phe Ile Gln Gln Ser Pro Thr Arg Ser Pro Leu Cys Leu Leu
 165 170 175

tcc agt tcg tta cca tta agt tca cag ttt aaa agg cca cat cag aat 577
 Ser Ser Ser Leu Pro Leu Ser Ser Gln Phe Lys Arg Pro His Gln Asn
 180 185 190

acc tcc agg cct tca gag ttg ctt tta ctt gag act cct ctc ata gtt 625
 Thr Ser Arg Pro Ser Glu Leu Leu Leu Leu Glu Thr Pro Leu Ile Val
 195 200 205

aag aaa gct aaa tct ttg gct ctg tca gcc acg tct tct gga ttt gcc 673
 Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Ala Leu Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Gly Phe Ala
 210 215 220

gag ttt act cct cca tcc atc ctt agg tct ggt ttt cga aca aca cct 721
 Glu Phe Thr Pro Pro Ser Ile Leu Arg Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr Thr Pro
 225 230 235 240

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Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Phe	
245 250 255	
aga gtt aaa gaa aca agg att tca ttc atg gaa gaa ggc atg aat aca	817
Arg Val Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Ser Phe Met Glu Glu Gly Met Asn Thr	
260 265 270	
cac tgg act gat aga gct aca gat gac cga aat aca aaa gcg ttt gtt	865
His Trp Thr Asp Arg Ala Thr Asp Asp Arg Asn Thr Lys Ala Phe Val	
275 280 285	
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Ser Thr Ser Phe His Lys Cys Gly Leu Pro Ala Glu Thr Glu Trp Met	
290 295 300	
aag acc agt gat aag aat aca tat ttt cct ctg gat gtc cct gca aag	961
Lys Thr Ser Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Phe Pro Leu Asp Val Pro Ala Lys	
305 310 315 320	
ggc cct cag aaa gtg gtg gca gag tca ctg gct acc cat tca gga agg	1009
Gly Pro Gln Lys Val Val Ala Glu Ser Leu Ala Thr His Ser Gly Arg	
325 330 335	
ctg gag aaa ctg gat gtg agc aaa gaa gac agc aca gct tcc acc agg	1057
Leu Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Glu Asp Ser Thr Ala Ser Thr Arg	
340 345 350	
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Ser Asp Gln Thr Ser Leu Glu Tyr His Asp Ala Pro Ser Pro Glu Asp	
355 360 365	
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Leu Glu Gly Ala Val Phe Val Ser Pro Lys Pro Ala Ser Ser Ser Thr	
370 375 380	
gaa cta act act aat tca act cta caa aca gag agg gat aat gat aaa	1201
Glu Leu Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu Gln Thr Glu Arg Asp Asn Asp Lys	
385 390 395 400	
gat gcg ttt aag tca gaa ggt act cct tca ccc gtg aag aaa caa ata	1249
Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Glu Gly Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Lys Lys Gln Ile	
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Gly Thr Gly Asp Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Phe Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu	
420 425 430	
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Asp Pro Val Glu Arg Ala Glu Ala Ser Phe Gly Val Ser Ser Val Cys	
435 440 445	
gaa ggg gaa acc tcc act tca aac tcc aag acg tca gtt ctg gat gga	1393
Glu Gly Glu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asn Ser Lys Thr Ser Val Leu Asp Gly	
450 455 460	
atc gtg cct att gag agc cga acc tcc ata ctt aca gca gac cac aaa	1441
Ile Val Pro Ile Glu Ser Arg Thr Ser Ile Leu Thr Ala Asp His Lys	
465 470 475 480	
gag tct gtg gcc aac acg gtt gca gat gtt gaa agc tct ggg tcc acc	1489
Glu Ser Val Ala Asn Thr Val Ala Asp Val Glu Ser Ser Gly Ser Thr	
485 490 495	
agc tcc aag tgc ccg gtt acc tct gaa cgc agc ctc ggc caa aaa cta	1537
Ser Ser Lys Cys Pro Val Thr Ser Glu Arg Ser Leu Gly Gln Lys Leu	
500 505 510	
aca tta aac tta aaa gaa gat gaa ata gaa gct cat gta cca aag gag	1585
Thr Leu Asn Leu Lys Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Ala His Val Pro Lys Glu	
515 520 525	
aac gtt ggt tta cca gaa gaa agc cct cga att tct gct gct cct tct	1633
Asn Val Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Ser Pro Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser	
530 535 540	
gat act cac gag att cat cta att gga tgt gaa aat ctt gaa gtt caa	1681
Asp Thr His Glu Ile His Leu Ile Gly Cys Glu Asn Leu Glu Val Gln	
545 550 555 560	

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aat tca gaa gag gag gcc aag aat ctt tca ttt gat gag ttg tat ccc Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Leu Ser Phe Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro 565 570 575	1729
tta ggg gca gag aaa ctt gag tat aat ctc agt act att gag cag cag Leu Gly Ala Glu Lys Leu Glu Tyr Asn Leu Ser Thr Ile Glu Gln Gln 580 585 590	1777
ttt tgt gac ttg cct gat gac aaa gac tct gct gaa tgt gat gct gct Phe Cys Asp Leu Pro Asp Asp Lys Asp Ser Ala Glu Cys Asp Ala Ala 595 600 605	1825
gaa gta gac ggg gaa ctt ttt gtg gcc cag agc aac ttt acc ctg att Glu Val Asp Gly Glu Leu Phe Val Ala Gln Ser Asn Phe Thr Leu Ile 610 615 620	1873
tta gaa ggt gaa gaa gga gaa gct gag gca agc gac tct gca gca cct Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu Gly Glu Ala Glu Ala Ser Asp Ser Ala Ala Pro 625 630 635 640	1921
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ccc cat aat cag gag cgc gtt aca gat ttg cca tct gct gtg act gct Pro His Asn Gln Glu Arg Val Thr Asp Leu Pro Ser Ala Val Thr Ala 660 665 670	2017
gac caa gaa tcc cac aag gta gag act tta ccg tat gtg cct gaa ccg Asp Gln Glu Ser His Lys Val Glu Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val Pro Glu Pro 675 680 685	2065
gtt aaa gtg gca att gca gaa aat ctg ttg gat gta att aaa gac acc Val Lys Val Ala Ile Ala Glu Asn Leu Leu Asp Val Ile Lys Asp Thr 690 695 700	2113
aga agt aag gaa gca act ccc gtg gca gca ggt gag gct ggt gat gag Arg Ser Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Glu Ala Gly Asp Glu 705 710 715 720	2161
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aac tct aca ccg aag act gtt aag gaa cca cgt gca gag act gta aat Asn Ser Thr Pro Lys Thr Val Lys Glu Pro Arg Ala Glu Thr Val Asn 740 745 750	2257
acc agc cag agt gat gac atg gtt tct tct aga act ctc aca aga agg Thr Ser Gln Ser Asp Asp Met Val Ser Ser Arg Thr Leu Thr Arg Arg 755 760 765	2305
cag cat gcc cta agc ctg aat gtc aca tca gaa caa gag cct tca gca Gln His Ala Leu Ser Leu Asn Val Thr Ser Glu Gln Glu Pro Ser Ala 770 775 780	2353
gtt gcc act cct aag aag aga act aga aaa att aaa gaa act cct gag Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Lys Arg Thr Arg Lys Ile Lys Glu Thr Pro Glu 785 790 795 800	2401
tct tct gaa agg acc tgt tct gac cta aaa gta gca cct gag aac caa Ser Ser Glu Arg Thr Cys Ser Asp Leu Lys Val Ala Pro Glu Asn Gln 805 810 815	2449
ctg aca gct cag aat cct ccc gct cct agg aga aga aag aag aag gac Leu Thr Ala Gln Asn Pro Pro Ala Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys Lys Lys Asp 820 825 830	2497
gtt agc caa ggc aca ctg cca agt tct ggt gct gtg gag ccg gag ccg Val Ser Gln Gly Thr Leu Pro Ser Ser Gly Ala Val Glu Pro Glu Pro 835 840 845	2545
gaa cct cag ggt acg ccg gga aga ctg agg ctg aga acg cag cca ccc Glu Pro Gln Gly Thr Pro Gly Arg Leu Arg Leu Arg Thr Gln Pro Pro 850 855 860	2593
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ggg caa agt ata gaa att cta gat gat ctc aaa ggg agt gag gca gca	2737
Gly Gln Ser Ile Glu Ile Leu Asp Asp Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Ala Ala	
900 905 910	
agt cat gac ggg act gtc aca gag ctg agg aat gcc aat tta gaa gat	2785
Ser His Asp Gly Thr Val Thr Glu Leu Arg Asn Ala Asn Leu Glu Asp	
915 920 925	
act cag aat atg gag tat aaa caa gat gaa cac agt gac cag caa ccg	2833
Thr Gln Asn Met Glu Tyr Lys Gln Asp Glu His Ser Asp Gln Gln Pro	
930 935 940	
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Pro Leu Lys Arg Lys Arg Val Arg Glu Arg Glu Val Ser Val Ser Ser	
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gtg aca gaa gag cca aag ctt gac tca tcc cag ttg cct ctt cag aca	2929
Val Thr Glu Glu Pro Lys Leu Asp Ser Ser Gln Leu Pro Leu Gln Thr	
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Gly Leu Asp Val Pro Ala Thr Pro Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys	
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Val Val Pro Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Gly Lys Glu Gln Thr	
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Ser Pro Gln Lys Lys Asp Val Pro Val Val Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg	
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Asn Thr Pro Ala Arg Asn Val Ser Thr Leu Xaa Lys Ser Val Leu	
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Val Pro Asn Lys Glu Ala Ala Leu Val Val Thr Ser Lys Arg Arg	
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cct aca aag aag tct gca gag gaa agc tca aaa gat cca tca gcg	3205
Pro Thr Lys Lys Ser Ala Glu Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Pro Ser Ala	
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Ala Val Ser Asp Trp Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala His Thr Glu Ser Ala	
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gac cga agg gac gga ctg ctt gcc gcc gct gct ctc acg cca tct	3295
Asp Arg Arg Asp Gly Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Pro Ser	
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gcc cag ggc aca agg act agg tct aga agg acc atg ttg ttg acg	3340
Ala Gln Gly Thr Arg Thr Arg Ser Arg Arg Thr Met Leu Leu Thr	
1100 1105 1110	
gac att tct gaa ccc aaa act gag cct tta ttt cct cct cct tca	3385
Asp Ile Ser Glu Pro Lys Thr Glu Pro Leu Phe Pro Pro Pro Ser	
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gtg aag gtt cca aag aaa aaa tca aaa gct gag aac atg gag gcc	3430
Val Lys Val Pro Lys Lys Lys Ser Lys Ala Glu Asn Met Glu Ala	
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gca gcc cag ctg aaa gaa ttg gtg tca gat tta tct tct cag ttt	3475
Ala Ala Gln Leu Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ser Ser Gln Phe	
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Val Val Ser Pro Pro Ala Leu Arg Thr Arg Gln Lys Ser Ile Ser	
1160 1165 1170	
aat act tcc aag ctt cta ggt gaa ctg gag agt gac cct aaa cca	3565
Asn Thr Ser Lys Leu Leu Gly Glu Leu Glu Ser Asp Pro Lys Pro	
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tta gag atc ata gaa caa aaa cca aaa aga agc agg act gtg aag 3610
Leu Glu Ile Ile Glu Gln Lys Pro Lys Arg Ser Arg Thr Val Lys
1190 1195 1200

aca aga gca agc aga aac aca gga aaa gga agt tct tgg tca cct 3655
Thr Arg Ala Ser Arg Asn Thr Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser Trp Ser Pro
1205 1210 1215

cct cct gta gaa att aag ctg gtt tct ccc ttg gcg agt cca gtg 3700
Pro Pro Val Glu Ile Lys Leu Val Ser Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Val
1220 1225 1230

gat gaa ata aag acc gcc aag cca aga aaa act gca gaa ata gca 3745
Asp Glu Ile Lys Thr Gly Lys Pro Arg Lys Thr Ala Glu Ile Ala
1235 1240 1245

gga aaa act ctt gga agg gcc aga aag aag cca tct tct ttt cca 3790
Gly Lys Thr Leu Gly Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Pro Ser Ser Phe Pro
1250 1255 1260

aag caa att tta cgc agg aaa atg ctg taatttttag cccaagattt 3837
Lys Gln Ile Leu Arg Arg Lys Met Leu
1265 1270

taacacgcac ctgtttgtaa aagtcaacag tatttggtg gattattaaa gtcaccaatt 3897

tggatgaaaa tactttatat aaattgtaca attttgtaag cagtaaatga gtaactccac 3957

atggagtgca gttctttagtgcagcgctt ttatacgact tgatgcgttt atatcaatgt 4017

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<210> SEQ ID NO 8
<211> LENGTH: 1272
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
<222> LOCATION: (1034)..(1034)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: The 'Xaa' at location 1034 stands for Lys, Glu,
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<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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Glu Arg Ser Val Thr Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile
20 25 30

Leu Pro Arg Val Gln Arg Lys Leu Ala Val Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr
35 40 45

His Leu Ser Thr Ser Ser Val Phe His Glu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro
50 55 60

Leu Ser Ala Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ile Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg
65 70 75 80

Ser Thr Phe Ile Ser Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala
85 90 95

Ser His Glu Pro Arg Asn Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asn Ser Pro Lys Thr
100 105 110

Glu Gln Pro Ser Pro Val Val His Ser Phe Pro His Pro Glu Leu Pro
115 120 125

Glu Ala Phe Val Gly Thr Pro Ile Ser Asn Thr Ser Gln Arg Ile Ser
130 135 140

Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Val His Pro Val Pro Gln Pro Ser Gln Cys
145 150 155 160

Leu Glu Phe Ile Gln Gln Ser Pro Thr Arg Ser Pro Leu Cys Leu Leu
165 170 175

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Ser Ser Ser Leu Pro Leu Ser Ser Gln Phe Lys Arg Pro His Gln Asn
 180 185 190
 Thr Ser Arg Pro Ser Glu Leu Leu Leu Leu Glu Thr Pro Leu Ile Val
 195 200 205
 Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Ala Leu Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Gly Phe Ala
 210 215 220
 Glu Phe Thr Pro Pro Ser Ile Leu Arg Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr Thr Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Phe
 245 250 255
 Arg Val Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Ser Phe Met Glu Glu Gly Met Asn Thr
 260 265 270
 His Trp Thr Asp Arg Ala Thr Asp Asp Arg Asn Thr Lys Ala Phe Val
 275 280 285
 Ser Thr Ser Phe His Lys Cys Gly Leu Pro Ala Glu Thr Glu Trp Met
 290 295 300
 Lys Thr Ser Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Phe Pro Leu Asp Val Pro Ala Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Pro Gln Lys Val Val Ala Glu Ser Leu Ala Thr His Ser Gly Arg
 325 330 335
 Leu Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Glu Asp Ser Thr Ala Ser Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ser Asp Gln Thr Ser Leu Glu Tyr His Asp Ala Pro Ser Pro Glu Asp
 355 360 365
 Leu Glu Gly Ala Val Phe Val Ser Pro Lys Pro Ala Ser Ser Ser Thr
 370 375 380
 Glu Leu Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu Gln Thr Glu Arg Asp Asn Asp Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Glu Gly Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Lys Lys Gln Ile
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 Gly Thr Gly Asp Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Phe Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu
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 Asp Pro Val Glu Arg Ala Glu Ala Ser Phe Gly Val Ser Ser Val Cys
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 Glu Gly Glu Thr Ser Thr Ser Asn Ser Lys Thr Ser Val Leu Asp Gly
 450 455 460
 Ile Val Pro Ile Glu Ser Arg Thr Ser Ile Leu Thr Ala Asp His Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Glu Ser Val Ala Asn Thr Val Ala Asp Val Glu Ser Ser Gly Ser Thr
 485 490 495
 Ser Ser Lys Cys Pro Val Thr Ser Glu Arg Ser Leu Gly Gln Lys Leu
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 Thr Leu Asn Leu Lys Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Ala His Val Pro Lys Glu
 515 520 525
 Asn Val Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Ser Pro Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser
 530 535 540
 Asp Thr His Glu Ile His Leu Ile Gly Cys Glu Asn Leu Glu Val Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Asn Ser Glu Glu Glu Ala Lys Asn Leu Ser Phe Asp Glu Leu Tyr Pro
 565 570 575
 Leu Gly Ala Glu Lys Leu Glu Tyr Asn Leu Ser Thr Ile Glu Gln Gln
 580 585 590
 Phe Cys Asp Leu Pro Asp Asp Lys Asp Ser Ala Glu Cys Asp Ala Ala

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Leu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ala	Pro
625					630					635					640
Asn	Met	Leu	Pro	Lys	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Pro	Val	Cys	Tyr	Arg	Glu
				645					650					655	
Pro	His	Asn	Gln	Glu	Arg	Val	Thr	Asp	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala
			660					665					670		
Asp	Gln	Glu	Ser	His	Lys	Val	Glu	Thr	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro
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Val	Lys	Val	Ala	Ile	Ala	Glu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr
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Arg	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ala	Thr	Pro	Val	Ala	Ala	Gly	Glu	Ala	Gly	Asp	Glu
705							710					715			720
Asp	Gly	Ala	Val	Ile	Val	Ser	Lys	Ala	Ala	His	Ser	Ser	Arg	Leu	Thr
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Asn	Ser	Thr	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Lys	Glu	Pro	Arg	Ala	Glu	Thr	Val	Asn
			740					745					750		
Thr	Ser	Gln	Ser	Asp	Asp	Met	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Thr	Leu	Thr	Arg	Arg
		755					760					765			
Gln	His	Ala	Leu	Ser	Leu	Asn	Val	Thr	Ser	Glu	Gln	Glu	Pro	Ser	Ala
		770					775					780			
Val	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Arg	Lys	Ile	Lys	Glu	Thr	Pro	Glu
785							790					795			800
Ser	Ser	Glu	Arg	Thr	Cys	Ser	Asp	Leu	Lys	Val	Ala	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln
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Leu	Thr	Ala	Gln	Asn	Pro	Pro	Ala	Pro	Arg	Arg	Arg	Lys	Lys	Asp	
			820					825					830		
Val	Ser	Gln	Gly	Thr	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ala	Val	Glu	Pro	Glu	Pro
		835					840					845			
Glu	Pro	Gln	Gly	Thr	Pro	Gly	Arg	Leu	Arg	Leu	Arg	Thr	Gln	Pro	Pro
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Glu	Pro	Ala	Ala	Glu	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ser	Arg	Thr	Lys	Val	Arg	Leu	Ser
865							870					875			880
Ser	Val	Arg	Lys	Gly	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ser	Val	Glu	Asn
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Gly	Gln	Ser	Ile	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asp	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ala
			900					905					910		
Ser	His	Asp	Gly	Thr	Val	Thr	Glu	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ala	Asn	Leu	Glu	Asp
		915					920					925			
Thr	Gln	Asn	Met	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Asp	Glu	His	Ser	Asp	Gln	Gln	Pro
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Pro	Leu	Lys	Arg	Lys	Arg	Val	Arg	Glu	Arg	Glu	Val	Ser	Val	Ser	Ser
945							950					955			960
Val	Thr	Glu	Glu	Pro	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Leu	Gln	Thr
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Gly	Leu	Asp	Val	Pro	Ala	Thr	Pro	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gly	Arg	Pro	Arg	Lys
			980					985					990		
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Ser	Pro	Gln	Lys	Lys	Asp	Val	Pro	Val	Val	Arg	Arg	Ser	Thr	Arg	
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Asn Thr	Pro Ala Arg	Asn Val	Ser Thr	Leu Xaa	Lys	Ser Val	Leu		
1025		1030			1035				
Val Pro	Asn Lys Glu	Ala Ala	Leu Val	Val Thr	Ser	Lys Arg	Arg		
1040		1045			1050				
Pro Thr	Lys Lys Ser	Ala Glu	Glu Ser	Ser Lys	Asp	Pro Ser	Ala		
1055		1060			1065				
Ala Val	Ser Asp Trp	Ala Gly	Gly Ala	Ala His	Thr	Glu Ser	Ala		
1070		1075			1080				
Asp Arg	Arg Asp Gly	Leu Leu	Ala Ala	Ala Ala	Leu	Thr Pro	Ser		
1085		1090			1095				
Ala Gln	Gly Thr Arg	Thr Arg	Ser Arg	Arg Thr	Met	Leu Leu	Thr		
1100		1105			1110				
Asp Ile	Ser Glu Pro	Lys Thr	Glu Pro	Leu Phe	Pro	Pro Pro	Ser		
1115		1120			1125				
Val Lys	Val Pro Lys	Lys Lys	Lys Ser	Lys Ala	Glu Asn	Met Glu	Ala		
1130		1135			1140				
Ala Ala	Gln Leu Lys	Glu Leu	Val Ser	Asp Leu	Ser	Ser Gln	Phe		
1145		1150			1155				
Val Val	Ser Pro Pro	Ala Leu	Arg Thr	Arg Gln	Lys	Ser Ile	Ser		
1160		1165			1170				
Asn Thr	Ser Lys Leu	Leu Gly	Glu Leu	Glu Ser	Asp	Pro Lys	Pro		
1175		1180			1185				
Leu Glu	Ile Ile Glu	Gln Lys	Pro Lys	Arg Ser	Arg	Thr Val	Lys		
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Thr Arg	Ala Ser Arg	Asn Thr	Gly Lys	Gly Ser	Ser	Trp Ser	Pro		
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Pro Pro	Val Glu Ile	Lys Leu	Val Ser	Pro Leu	Ala	Ser Pro	Val		
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Gly Lys	Thr Leu Gly	Arg Gly	Arg Lys	Lys Pro	Ser	Ser Phe	Pro		
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<210> SEQ ID NO 9
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 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial
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 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence:Artificially
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<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10
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<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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gca atg gag gcc cag ggt atc act gag aga gga ctg gtg gac ttg agc Ala Met Glu Ala Gln Gly Ile Thr Glu Arg Gly Leu Val Asp Leu Ser 640 645 650	1969
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gaa gtt gag aag ttg tgg aag cgg gac gaa ggt ggc aca gga aga tac Glu Val Glu Lys Leu Trp Lys Arg Asp Glu Gly Gly Thr Gly Arg Tyr 735 740 745 750	2257
cct cct gct agc atc cac gca tta ctt gat ata tat tta tta gac aac Pro Pro Ala Ser Ile His Ala Leu Leu Asp Ile Tyr Leu Leu Asp Asn 755 760 765	2305
att acc gaa gca agc aaa cat gct att acc att tat ttg ctg ctt gat Ile Thr Glu Ala Ser Lys His Ala Ile Thr Ile Tyr Leu Leu Leu Asp 770 775 780	2353
att atg tat tcc ttt cca aat aaa acg gat acc ccc att gaa tct ttc Ile Met Tyr Ser Phe Pro Asn Lys Thr Asp Thr Pro Ile Glu Ser Phe 785 790 795	2401
ccc act gcc ttt gct att tct tgg ggc caa gtt aag cta gtt caa gga Pro Thr Ala Phe Ala Ile Ser Trp Gly Gln Val Lys Leu Val Gln Gly 800 805 810	2449
ttt tgg cta cta gat cat aat gac tat gag aat ggt tta gac ctt ctg Phe Trp Leu Leu Asp His Asn Asp Tyr Glu Asn Gly Leu Asp Leu Leu 815 820 825	2497
ttt cac cca gtt act gca aag cct gca tcg tgg caa cat tca aag ata Phe His Pro Val Thr Ala Lys Pro Ala Ser Trp Gln His Ser Lys Ile 835 840 845	2545
att gaa gct ttt atg agt cag gga gag cac aaa cag gct ctc cgg tat Ile Glu Ala Phe Met Ser Gln Gly Glu His Lys Gln Ala Leu Arg Tyr 850 855 860	2593
ctt cag aca atg aag cca aca gtg tcc agt agc aat gaa gtt atc ctt Leu Gln Thr Met Lys Pro Thr Val Ser Ser Ser Asn Glu Val Ile Leu 865 870 875	2641
cac ctc act gtt cta ctt ttt aat aga tgc atg gtt gag gcc tgg aac His Leu Thr Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Arg Cys Met Val Glu Ala Trp Asn 880 885 890	2689
tta ctg cga cag aat tca aac aga gta aat ata gag gaa tta tta aag Leu Leu Arg Gln Asn Ser Asn Arg Val Asn Ile Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys 895 900 905 910	2737
cac gct tat gaa gtt tgt cag gag atg ggc tta atg gag gat tta ctg His Ala Tyr Glu Val Cys Gln Glu Met Gly Leu Met Glu Asp Leu Leu 915 920 925	2785

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Lys Leu Pro Phe Thr Asn Thr Glu Gln Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Phe Leu	
930 935 940	
cag tcc agt acc agt gtt gag aat cat gaa ttc ctt cta gtt cac cat	2881
Gln Ser Ser Thr Ser Val Glu Asn His Glu Phe Leu Leu Val His His	
945 950 955	
tta cag cgt gcc aat tat att tct gcc ttg aaa cta aac cag att ctg	2929
Leu Gln Arg Ala Asn Tyr Ile Ser Ala Leu Lys Leu Asn Gln Ile Leu	
960 965 970	
aag aat aat ctc atg agt gat cgt gac cct cga ttg cgg gaa aga tcg	2977
Lys Asn Asn Leu Met Ser Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ser	
975 980 985 990	
gtg act cga aat tct ata tta gac cag tat ggg aaa atc cta cct aga	3025
Val Thr Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile Leu Pro Arg	
995 1000 1005	
gtc cag aga aag tta gct gtt gag cga gct aag cct tac cac ctg	3070
Val Gln Arg Lys Leu Ala Val Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr His Leu	
1010 1015 1020	
tcg aca tcc tca gtt ttt cat gaa gtt tct aga ccc aaa ccg tta	3115
Ser Thr Ser Ser Val Phe His Glu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Leu	
1025 1030 1035	
tcg gca ttt cca aag aaa gct ata act gga aca gtg tta acc cga	3160
Ser Ala Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ile Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg	
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tct acg ttc atc agc aat gtt tta tct aaa att gga gag gtg tgg	3205
Ser Thr Phe Ile Ser Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp	
1055 1060 1065	
gca agt cat gag cct aga aat ggc gtc tca ctt ttt aac agt cct	3250
Ala Ser His Glu Pro Arg Asn Gly Val Ser Leu Phe Asn Ser Pro	
1070 1075 1080	
aaa aca gaa cag cca tct cct gta gta cac tct ttc cca cac cca	3295
Lys Thr Glu Gln Pro Ser Pro Val Val His Ser Phe Pro His Pro	
1085 1090 1095	
gag ctt cct gag gcg ttt gtt gga act cca att tca aat aca tcc	3340
Glu Leu Pro Glu Ala Phe Val Gly Thr Pro Ile Ser Asn Thr Ser	
1100 1105 1110	
cag aga att tct aga tta ctg gat ttg gtt gtc cat cct gta ccc	3385
Gln Arg Ile Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Val His Pro Val Pro	
1115 1120 1125	
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Gln Pro Ser Gln Cys Leu Glu Phe Ile Gln Gln Ser Pro Thr Arg	
1130 1135 1140	
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Ser Pro Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Pro Leu Ser Ser Gln	
1145 1150 1155	
ttt aaa agg cca cat cag aat acc tcc agg cct tca gag ttg ctt	3520
Phe Lys Arg Pro His Gln Asn Thr Ser Arg Pro Ser Glu Leu Leu	
1160 1165 1170	
tta ctt gag act cct ctc ata gtt aag aaa gct aaa tct ttg gct	3565
Leu Leu Glu Thr Pro Leu Ile Val Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Ala	
1175 1180 1185	
ctg tca gcc acg tct tct gga ttt gcc gag ttt act cct cca tcc	3610
Leu Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Gly Phe Ala Glu Phe Thr Pro Pro Ser	
1190 1195 1200	
atc ctt agg tct ggt ttt cga aca aca cct tta gca tct ccc tct	3655
Ile Leu Arg Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser	
1205 1210 1215	
ttg tca cct gga aga tct ctc act ccg cct ttc aga gtt aaa gaa	3700
Leu Ser Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Thr Pro Phe Arg Val Lys Glu	
1220 1225 1230	

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aca agg att tca ttc atg gaa gaa ggc atg aat aca cac tgg act	3745
Thr Arg Ile Ser Phe Met Glu Glu Gly Met Asn Thr His Trp Thr	
1235 1240 1245	
gat aga gct aca gat gac cga aat aca aaa gcg ttt gtt agc aca	3790
Asp Arg Ala Thr Asp Asp Arg Asn Thr Lys Ala Phe Val Ser Thr	
1250 1255 1260	
tct ttc cat aaa tgt gga ctt cca gca gaa act gag tgg atg aag	3835
Ser Phe His Lys Cys Gly Leu Pro Ala Glu Thr Glu Trp Met Lys	
1265 1270 1275	
acc agt gat aag aat aca tat ttt cct ctg gat gtc cct gca aag	3880
Thr Ser Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Phe Pro Leu Asp Val Pro Ala Lys	
1280 1285 1290	
ggc cct cag aaa gtg gtg gca gag tca ctg gct acc cat tca gga	3925
Gly Pro Gln Lys Val Val Ala Glu Ser Leu Ala Thr His Ser Gly	
1295 1300 1305	
agg ctg gag aaa ctg gat gtg agc aaa gaa gac agc aca gct tcc	3970
Arg Leu Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Glu Asp Ser Thr Ala Ser	
1310 1315 1320	
acc agg tca gac cag acc tcc tta gag tat cat gac gca cca tca	4015
Thr Arg Ser Asp Gln Thr Ser Leu Glu Tyr His Asp Ala Pro Ser	
1325 1330 1335	
cca gaa gac ttg gaa ggt gct gtt ttt gtg tct ccc aag cca gca	4060
Pro Glu Asp Leu Glu Gly Ala Val Phe Val Ser Pro Lys Pro Ala	
1340 1345 1350	
tct tcc tcc act gaa cta act act aat tca act cta caa aca gag	4105
Ser Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Leu Gln Thr Glu	
1355 1360 1365	
agg gat aat gat aaa gat gcg ttt aag tca gaa ggt act cct tca	4150
Arg Asp Asn Asp Lys Asp Ala Phe Lys Ser Glu Gly Thr Pro Ser	
1370 1375 1380	
ccc gtg aag aaa caa ata ggc acg gga gac gct gca gtg gaa gca	4195
Pro Val Lys Lys Gln Ile Gly Thr Gly Asp Ala Ala Val Glu Ala	
1385 1390 1395	
ttt tca gaa ctg agt cgc tta gac cct gtt gaa aga gct gaa gct	4240
Phe Ser Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Asp Pro Val Glu Arg Ala Glu Ala	
1400 1405 1410	
tct ttt ggt gtg tcg tca gtc tgt gaa ggg gaa acc tcc act tca	4285
Ser Phe Gly Val Ser Ser Val Cys Glu Gly Glu Thr Ser Thr Ser	
1415 1420 1425	
aac tcc aag acg tca gtt ctg gat gga atc gtg cct att gag agc	4330
Asn Ser Lys Thr Ser Val Leu Asp Gly Ile Val Pro Ile Glu Ser	
1430 1435 1440	
cga acc tcc ata ctt aca gca gac cac aaa gag tct gtg gcc aac	4375
Arg Thr Ser Ile Leu Thr Ala Asp His Lys Glu Ser Val Ala Asn	
1445 1450 1455	
acg gtt gca gat gtt gaa agc tct ggg tcc acc agc tcc aag tgc	4420
Thr Val Ala Asp Val Glu Ser Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser Ser Lys Cys	
1460 1465 1470	
ccg gtt acc tct gaa cgc agc ctc ggc caa aaa cta aca tta aac	4465
Pro Val Thr Ser Glu Arg Ser Leu Gly Gln Lys Leu Thr Leu Asn	
1475 1480 1485	
tta aaa gaa gat gaa ata gaa gct cat gta cca aag gag aac gtt	4510
Leu Lys Glu Asp Glu Ile Glu Ala His Val Pro Lys Glu Asn Val	
1490 1495 1500	
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Gly Leu Pro Glu Glu Ser Pro Arg Ile Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser Asp	
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Thr His Glu Ile His Leu Ile Gly Cys Glu Asn Leu Glu Val Gln	
1520 1525 1530	

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Asn Ser Glu Glu	Glu Ala Lys Asn	Leu Ser Phe Asp	Glu Leu Tyr	
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ccc tta ggg gca	gag aaa ctt gag	tat aat ctc agt	act att gag	4690
Pro Leu Gly Ala	Glu Lys Leu Glu	Tyr Asn Leu Ser	Thr Ile Glu	
1550	1555		1560	
cag cag ttt tgt	gac ttg cct gat	gac aaa gac tct	gct gaa tgt	4735
Gln Gln Phe Cys	Asp Leu Pro Asp	Lys Asp Ser Ala	Gln Cys	
1565	1570		1575	
gat gct gct gaa	gta gac ggg gaa	ctt ttt gtg gcc	cag agc aac	4780
Asp Ala Ala Glu	Val Asp Gly Glu	Leu Phe Val Ala	Gln Ser Asn	
1580	1585		1590	
ttt acc ctg att	tta gaa ggt gaa	gaa gga gaa gct	gag gca agc	4825
Phe Thr Leu Ile	Leu Glu Gly Glu	Glu Gly Glu Ala	Glu Ala Ser	
1595	1600		1605	
gac tct gca gca	cct aat atg tta	ccg aaa tcg acc	aag gaa aaa	4870
Asp Ser Ala Ala	Pro Asn Met Leu	Pro Lys Ser Thr	Lys Glu Lys	
1610	1615		1620	
cct gtg tgc tac	agg gaa ccc cat	aat cag gag cgc	gtt aca gat	4915
Pro Val Cys Tyr	Arg Glu Pro His	Asn Gln Glu Arg	Val Thr Asp	
1625	1630		1635	
ttg cca tct gct	gtg act gct gac	caa gaa tcc cac	aag gta gag	4960
Leu Pro Ser Ala	Val Thr Ala Asp	Gln Glu Ser His	Lys Val Glu	
1640	1645		1650	
act tta ccg tat	gtg cct gaa ccg	gtt aaa gtg gca	att gca gaa	5005
Thr Leu Pro Tyr	Val Pro Glu Pro	Val Lys Val Ala	Ile Ala Glu	
1655	1660		1665	
aat ctg ttg gat	gta att aaa gac	acc aga agt aag	gaa gca act	5050
Asn Leu Leu Asp	Val Ile Lys Asp	Thr Arg Ser Lys	Glu Ala Thr	
1670	1675		1680	
ccc gtg gca gca	ggg gag gct ggt	gat gag gac gga	gca gtg ata	5095
Pro Val Ala Ala	Gly Glu Ala Gly	Asp Glu Asp Gly	Ala Val Ile	
1685	1690		1695	
gtc tca aag gct	gca cat tcg tcc	agg ctg aca aac	tct aca ccg	5140
Val Ser Lys Ala	Ala His Ser Ser	Arg Leu Thr Asn	Ser Thr Pro	
1700	1705		1710	
aag act gtt aag	gaa cca cgt gca	gag act gta aat	acc agc cag	5185
Lys Thr Val Lys	Glu Pro Arg Ala	Glu Thr Val Asn	Thr Ser Gln	
1715	1720		1725	
agt gat gac atg	gtt tct tct aga	act ctc aca aga	agg cag cat	5230
Ser Asp Asp Met	Val Ser Ser Arg	Thr Leu Thr Arg	Arg Gln His	
1730	1735		1740	
gcc cta agc ctg	aat gtc aca tca	gaa caa gag cct	tca gca gtt	5275
Ala Leu Ser Leu	Asn Val Thr Ser	Glu Gln Glu Pro	Ser Ala Val	
1745	1750		1755	
gcc act cct aag	aag aga act aga	aaa att aaa gaa	act cct gag	5320
Ala Thr Pro Lys	Lys Arg Thr Arg	Lys Ile Lys Glu	Thr Pro Glu	
1760	1765		1770	
tct tct gaa agg	acc tgt tct gac	cta aaa gta gca	cct gag aac	5365
Ser Ser Glu Arg	Thr Cys Ser Asp	Leu Lys Val Ala	Pro Glu Asn	
1775	1780		1785	
caa ctg aca gct	cag aat cct ccc	gct cct agg aga	aga aag aag	5410
Gln Leu Thr Ala	Gln Asn Pro Pro	Ala Pro Arg Arg	Arg Lys Lys	
1790	1795		1800	
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Lys Asp Val Ser	Gln Gly Thr Leu	Pro Ser Ser Gly	Ala Val Glu	
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ccg gag ccg gaa	cct cag ggt acg	ccg gga aga ctg	agg ctg aga	5500
Pro Glu Pro Glu	Pro Gln Gly Thr	Pro Gly Arg Leu	Arg Leu Arg	
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Lys Val Arg Leu Ser Ser Val Arg Lys Gly Thr Pro Arg Arg Leu	
1850 1855 1860	
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Lys Lys Ser Val Glu Asn Gly Gln Ser Ile Glu Ile Leu Asp Asp	
1865 1870 1875	
ctc aaa ggg agt gag gca gca agt cat gac ggg act gtc aca gag	5680
Leu Lys Gly Ser Glu Ala Ala Ser His Asp Gly Thr Val Thr Glu	
1880 1885 1890	
ctg agg aat gcc aat tta gaa gat act cag aat atg gag tat aaa	5725
Leu Arg Asn Ala Asn Leu Glu Asp Thr Gln Asn Met Glu Tyr Lys	
1895 1900 1905	
caa gat gaa cac agt gac cag caa ccg cct cta aaa cga aag agg	5770
Gln Asp Glu His Ser Asp Gln Gln Pro Pro Leu Lys Arg Lys Arg	
1910 1915 1920	
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Val Arg Glu Arg Glu Val Ser Val Ser Ser Val Thr Glu Glu Pro	
1925 1930 1935	
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Lys Leu Asp Ser Ser Gln Leu Pro Leu Gln Thr Gly Leu Asp Val	
1940 1945 1950	
cct gcc acc cct agg aaa cgt ggt aga ccc agg aag gta gtt ccc	5905
Pro Ala Thr Pro Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys Val Val Pro	
1955 1960 1965	
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Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Gly Thr Thr Gly Lys Glu Gln Thr Ser Pro	
1970 1975 1980	
cag aag aaa gat gtt ccg gtt gtc cgg aga tct aca cgg aac acc	5995
Gln Lys Lys Asp Val Pro Val Val Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Asn Thr	
1985 1990 1995	
cca gct aga aat gtg agt act tta aaa aaa tca gtt tta gtg cca	6040
Pro Ala Arg Asn Val Ser Thr Leu Lys Lys Ser Val Leu Val Pro	
2000 2005 2010	
aat aag gaa gct gct cta gtg gtg aca tct aag agg aga cct aca	6085
Asn Lys Glu Ala Ala Leu Val Val Thr Ser Lys Arg Arg Pro Thr	
2015 2020 2025	
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Lys Lys Ser Ala Glu Glu Ser Ser Lys Asp Pro Ser Ala Ala Val	
2030 2035 2040	
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Ser Asp Trp Ala Gly Gly Ala Ala His Thr Glu Ser Ala Asp Arg	
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Arg Asp Gly Leu Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Pro Ser Ala Gln	
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Gly Thr Arg Thr Arg Ser Arg Arg Thr Met Leu Leu Thr Asp Ile	
2075 2080 2085	
tct gaa ccc aaa act gag cct tta ttt cct cct cct tca gtg aag	6310
Ser Glu Pro Lys Thr Glu Pro Leu Phe Pro Pro Pro Ser Val Lys	
2090 2095 2100	
gtt cca aag aaa aaa tca aaa gct gag aac atg gag gcc gca gcc	6355
Val Pro Lys Lys Lys Ser Lys Ala Glu Asn Met Glu Ala Ala Ala	
2105 2110 2115	
cag ctg aaa gaa ttg gtg tca gat tta tct tct cag ttt gtt gtt	6400
Gln Leu Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Leu Ser Ser Gln Phe Val Val	
2120 2125 2130	

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Ser Lys Leu Leu Gly Glu Leu Glu Ser Asp Pro Lys Pro Leu Glu	
2150 2155 2160	
atc ata gaa caa aaa cca aaa aga agc agg act gtg aag aca aga	6535
Ile Ile Glu Gln Lys Pro Lys Arg Ser Arg Thr Val Lys Thr Arg	
2165 2170 2175	
gca agc aga aac aca gga aaa gga agt tct tgg tca cct cct cct	6580
Ala Ser Arg Asn Thr Gly Lys Gly Ser Ser Trp Ser Pro Pro Pro	
2180 2185 2190	
gta gaa att aag ctg gtt tct ccc ttg gcg agt cca gtg gat gaa	6625
Val Glu Ile Lys Leu Val Ser Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Val Asp Glu	
2195 2200 2205	
ata aag acc ggc aag cca aga aaa act gca gaa ata gca gga aaa	6670
Ile Lys Thr Gly Lys Pro Arg Lys Thr Ala Glu Ile Ala Gly Lys	
2210 2215 2220	
act ctt gga agg ggc aga aag aag cca tct tct ttt cca aag caa	6715
Thr Leu Gly Arg Gly Arg Lys Lys Pro Ser Ser Phe Pro Lys Gln	
2225 2230 2235	
att tta cgc agg aaa atg ctg taatttttag cccaagattt taacacgcac	6766
Ile Leu Arg Arg Lys Met Leu	
2240	
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tactttatataaattgtaca attttgtaag cagtaaatga gtaactccac atggagtgca	6886
gttctgttag tgcagcgcgtt ttatacgact tgatgcgttt atatcaatgt aaatatgact	6946
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<210> SEQ ID NO 12

<211> LENGTH: 2243

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

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Val Leu Arg Gly Lys Phe Ala Ala Gly Lys Asn Gly Leu Ala Cys Leu	
35 40 45	
Ala Cys Gly Pro Gln Leu Glu Val Val Asn Ser Leu Thr Gly Glu Arg	
50 55 60	
Leu Ser Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Asn Glu Gln Pro Pro Val Val	
65 70 75 80	
Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Phe Ser Trp His Lys Arg Thr Gly Leu Leu Ile	
85 90 95	
Gly Leu Glu Glu Ala Asp Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Leu Tyr Asp Leu Gly	
100 105 110	
Ile Ser Arg Val Val Lys Ala Val Val Leu Pro Gly Arg Val Thr Ala	
115 120 125	
Ile Glu Pro Ile Ile Asn His Gly Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Thr Gln His	
130 135 140	
Leu His Pro Ser Leu Arg Trp Leu Phe Gly Val Ala Ala Val Val Thr	
145 150 155 160	

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Asp Val Gly Gln Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Leu Cys Leu Asp Asp Leu Ser
 165 170 175
 Cys Ser Gln Asn Glu Val Glu Ala Ser Asp Leu Glu Val Ile Thr Gly
 180 185 190
 Ile Pro Ala Glu Val Pro His Ile Arg Glu Arg Val Met Arg Glu Gly
 195 200 205
 Arg His Leu Cys Phe Gln Leu Val Ser Pro Leu Gly Val Ala Ile Ser
 210 215 220
 Thr Leu Ser Tyr Ile Asn Arg Thr Asn Gln Leu Ala Val Gly Phe Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Gly Tyr Leu Ala Leu Trp Asn Met Lys Ser Met Lys Arg Glu Tyr
 245 250 255
 Tyr Thr Gln Leu Glu Gly Gly Arg Val Pro Val His Ala Val Ala Phe
 260 265 270
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Asn Asp Pro Arg Asn Cys Cys Tyr Leu Trp Ala Val
 275 280 285
 Gln Ser Thr Gln Asp Ser Glu Gly Asp Val Leu Ser Leu His Leu Leu
 290 295 300
 Gln Leu Ala Phe Gly Asp Arg Lys Cys Leu Ala Ser Gly Gln Ile Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Glu Gly Leu Glu Tyr Cys Glu Glu Arg Tyr Thr Leu Asp Leu Ala
 325 330 335
 Gly Gly Thr Phe Pro Leu Arg Gly Gln Thr Ser Asn Thr Lys Leu Leu
 340 345 350
 Gly Cys Gln Ser Ile Glu Arg Phe Pro Ser His Gly Asp Arg Glu Glu
 355 360 365
 Ser Met Arg Glu Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Thr Ser Val Ser Val Phe Thr
 370 375 380
 Trp Gln Val Asn Ile Tyr Gly Gln Gly Lys Pro Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Phe Asp Ile Asn Arg Trp Tyr His Ala Gln Met Pro Asp Ser Leu
 405 410 415
 Arg Ser Gly Glu Ser Leu His Asn Cys Ser Tyr Phe Ala Leu Trp Ser
 420 425 430
 Leu Asp Ser Val Val Ser Arg Thr Ser Pro His His Ile Leu Asp Ile
 435 440 445
 Leu Val His Glu Arg Ser Leu Asn Arg Gly Val Pro Pro Ser Tyr Pro
 450 455 460
 Pro Pro Glu Gln Phe Phe Asn Pro Ser Thr Phe Asn Phe Asp Ala Thr
 465 470 475 480
 Cys Leu Leu Asp Ser Gly Val Ile His Val Thr Cys Ala Gly Phe Gln
 485 490 495
 Lys Glu Thr Leu Thr Phe Leu Lys Lys Ser Gly Pro Thr Leu Asn Glu
 500 505 510
 Val Ile Pro Asp Ser Tyr Asn Arg Cys Leu Val Ala Gly Leu Leu Ser
 515 520 525
 Pro Arg Leu Ile Asp Ile Gln Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Gln Glu Glu Gln
 530 535 540
 Leu Glu Ala Ile Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Gln Thr Ser Ser Leu Gly Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Thr Gly Tyr Ile Arg Thr Trp Ile Ile Glu Glu Gln Pro Asn Ser
 565 570 575
 Ala Ala Asn Leu Arg Phe Val Leu Glu Trp Thr Trp Asn Lys Val Val
 580 585 590

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1010	1015	1020
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1025	1030	1035
Phe Pro Lys Lys Ala Ile	Thr Gly Thr Val Leu	Thr Arg Ser Thr
1040	1045	1050
Phe Ile Ser Asn Val Leu	Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu	Val Trp Ala Ser
1055	1060	1065
His Glu Pro Arg Asn Gly	Val Ser Leu Phe Asn	Ser Pro Lys Thr
1070	1075	1080
Glu Gln Pro Ser Pro Val	Val His Ser Phe Pro	His Pro Glu Leu
1085	1090	1095
Pro Glu Ala Phe Val Gly	Thr Pro Ile Ser Asn	Thr Ser Gln Arg
1100	1105	1110
Ile Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp	Leu Val Val His Pro	Val Pro Gln Pro
1115	1120	1125
Ser Gln Cys Leu Glu Phe	Ile Gln Gln Ser Pro	Thr Arg Ser Pro
1130	1135	1140
Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Ser	Ser Leu Pro Leu Ser	Ser Gln Phe Lys
1145	1150	1155
Arg Pro His Gln Asn Thr	Ser Arg Pro Ser Glu	Leu Leu Leu Leu
1160	1165	1170
Glu Thr Pro Leu Ile Val	Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser	Leu Ala Leu Ser
1175	1180	1185
Ala Thr Ser Ser Gly Phe	Ala Glu Phe Thr Pro	Pro Ser Ile Leu
1190	1195	1200
Arg Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr	Thr Pro Leu Ala Ser	Pro Ser Leu Ser
1205	1210	1215
Pro Gly Arg Ser Leu Thr	Pro Pro Phe Arg Val	Lys Glu Thr Arg
1220	1225	1230
Ile Ser Phe Met Glu Glu	Gly Met Asn Thr His	Trp Thr Asp Arg
1235	1240	1245
Ala Thr Asp Asp Arg Asn	Thr Lys Ala Phe Val	Ser Thr Ser Phe
1250	1255	1260
His Lys Cys Gly Leu Pro	Ala Glu Thr Glu Trp	Met Lys Thr Ser
1265	1270	1275
Asp Lys Asn Thr Tyr Phe	Pro Leu Asp Val Pro	Ala Lys Gly Pro
1280	1285	1290
Gln Lys Val Val Ala Glu	Ser Leu Ala Thr His	Ser Gly Arg Leu
1295	1300	1305
Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser	Lys Glu Asp Ser Thr	Ala Ser Thr Arg
1310	1315	1320
Ser Asp Gln Thr Ser Leu	Glu Tyr His Asp Ala	Pro Ser Pro Glu
1325	1330	1335
Asp Leu Glu Gly Ala Val	Phe Val Ser Pro Lys	Pro Ala Ser Ser
1340	1345	1350
Ser Thr Glu Leu Thr Thr	Asn Ser Thr Leu Gln	Thr Glu Arg Asp
1355	1360	1365
Asn Asp Lys Asp Ala Phe	Lys Ser Glu Gly Thr	Pro Ser Pro Val
1370	1375	1380
Lys Lys Gln Ile Gly Thr	Gly Asp Ala Ala Val	Glu Ala Phe Ser
1385	1390	1395
Glu Leu Ser Arg Leu Asp	Pro Val Glu Arg Ala	Glu Ala Ser Phe
1400	1405	1410

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Gly Val	Ser Ser Val Cys	Glu	Gly Glu Thr Ser Thr	Ser Asn Ser	1415	1420	1425
Lys Thr	Ser Val Leu Asp	Gly	Ile Val Pro Ile Glu	Ser Arg Thr	1430	1435	1440
Ser Ile	Leu Thr Ala Asp	His	Lys Glu Ser Val Ala	Asn Thr Val	1445	1450	1455
Ala Asp	Val Glu Ser Ser	Gly	Ser Thr Ser Ser Lys	Cys Pro Val	1460	1465	1470
Thr Ser	Glu Arg Ser Leu	Gly	Gln Lys Leu Thr Leu	Asn Leu Lys	1475	1480	1485
Glu Asp	Glu Ile Glu Ala	His	Val Pro Lys Glu Asn	Val Gly Leu	1490	1495	1500
Pro Glu	Glu Ser Pro Arg	Ile	Ser Ala Ala Pro Ser	Asp Thr His	1505	1510	1515
Glu Ile	His Leu Ile Gly	Cys	Glu Asn Leu Glu Val	Gln Asn Ser	1520	1525	1530
Glu Glu	Glu Ala Lys Asn	Leu	Ser Phe Asp Glu Leu	Tyr Pro Leu	1535	1540	1545
Gly Ala	Glu Lys Leu Glu	Tyr	Asn Leu Ser Thr Ile	Glu Gln Gln	1550	1555	1560
Phe Cys	Asp Leu Pro Asp	Asp	Lys Asp Ser Ala Glu	Cys Asp Ala	1565	1570	1575
Ala Glu	Val Asp Gly Glu	Leu	Phe Val Ala Gln Ser	Asn Phe Thr	1580	1585	1590
Leu Ile	Leu Glu Gly Glu	Glu	Gly Glu Ala Glu Ala	Ser Asp Ser	1595	1600	1605
Ala Ala	Pro Asn Met Leu	Pro	Lys Ser Thr Lys Glu	Lys Pro Val	1610	1615	1620
Cys Tyr	Arg Glu Pro His	Asn	Gln Glu Arg Val Thr	Asp Leu Pro	1625	1630	1635
Ser Ala	Val Thr Ala Asp	Gln	Glu Ser His Lys Val	Glu Thr Leu	1640	1645	1650
Pro Tyr	Val Pro Glu Pro	Val	Lys Val Ala Ile Ala	Glu Asn Leu	1655	1660	1665
Leu Asp	Val Ile Lys Asp	Thr	Arg Ser Lys Glu Ala	Thr Pro Val	1670	1675	1680
Ala Ala	Gly Glu Ala Gly	Asp	Glu Asp Gly Ala Val	Ile Val Ser	1685	1690	1695
Lys Ala	Ala His Ser Ser	Arg	Leu Thr Asn Ser Thr	Pro Lys Thr	1700	1705	1710
Val Lys	Glu Pro Arg Ala	Glu	Thr Val Asn Thr Ser	Gln Ser Asp	1715	1720	1725
Asp Met	Val Ser Ser Arg	Thr	Leu Thr Arg Arg Gln	His Ala Leu	1730	1735	1740
Ser Leu	Asn Val Thr Ser	Glu	Gln Glu Pro Ser Ala	Val Ala Thr	1745	1750	1755
Pro Lys	Lys Arg Thr Arg	Lys	Ile Lys Glu Thr Pro	Glu Ser Ser	1760	1765	1770
Glu Arg	Thr Cys Ser Asp	Leu	Lys Val Ala Pro Glu	Asn Gln Leu	1775	1780	1785
Thr Ala	Gln Asn Pro Pro	Ala	Pro Arg Arg Arg Lys	Lys Lys Asp	1790	1795	1800
Val Ser	Gln Gly Thr Leu	Pro	Ser Ser Gly Ala Val	Glu Pro Glu	1805	1810	1815

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Pro 1820	Glu	Pro 1835	Gln	Gly	Thr 1825	Pro 1840	Gly	Arg	Leu	Arg 1830	Leu	Arg	Thr	Gln
Pro 1835	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ala	Ala	Glu 1840	Glu	Thr	Pro	Ser	Arg 1845	Thr	Lys	Val
Arg 1850	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Arg	Lys 1855	Gly	Thr	Pro	Arg	Arg 1860	Leu	Lys	Lys
Ser 1865	Val	Glu	Asn	Gly	Gln	Ser 1870	Ile	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asp 1875	Asp	Leu	Lys
Gly 1880	Ser	Glu	Ala	Ala	Ser	His 1885	Asp	Gly	Thr	Val	Thr 1890	Glu	Leu	Arg
Asn 1895	Ala	Asn	Leu	Glu	Asp	Thr 1900	Gln	Asn	Met	Glu	Tyr 1905	Lys	Gln	Asp
Glu 1910	His	Ser	Asp	Gln	Gln	Pro 1915	Pro	Leu	Lys	Arg	Lys 1920	Arg	Val	Arg
Glu 1925	Arg	Glu	Val	Ser	Val	Ser 1930	Ser	Val	Thr	Glu	Glu 1935	Pro	Lys	Leu
Asp 1940	Ser	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Leu 1945	Gln	Thr	Gly	Leu	Asp 1950	Val	Pro	Ala
Thr 1955	Pro	Arg	Lys	Arg	Gly	Arg 1960	Pro	Arg	Lys	Val	Val 1965	Pro	Leu	Glu
Ala 1970	Asp	Gly	Gly	Thr	Thr	Gly 1975	Lys	Glu	Gln	Thr	Ser 1980	Pro	Gln	Lys
Lys 1985	Asp	Val	Pro	Val	Val	Arg 1990	Arg	Ser	Thr	Arg	Asn 1995	Thr	Pro	Ala
Arg 2000	Asn	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Lys 2005	Lys	Ser	Val	Leu	Val 2010	Pro	Asn	Lys
Glu 2015	Ala	Ala	Leu	Val	Val	Thr 2020	Ser	Lys	Arg	Arg	Pro 2025	Thr	Lys	Lys
Ser 2030	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ser	Ser	Lys 2035	Asp	Pro	Ser	Ala	Ala 2040	Val	Ser	Asp
Trp 2045	Ala	Gly	Gly	Ala	Ala	His 2050	Thr	Glu	Ser	Ala	Asp 2055	Arg	Arg	Asp
Gly 2060	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala 2065	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ala 2070	Gln	Gly	Thr
Arg 2075	Thr	Arg	Ser	Arg	Arg	Thr 2080	Met	Leu	Leu	Thr	Asp 2085	Ile	Ser	Glu
Pro 2090	Lys	Thr	Glu	Pro	Leu	Phe 2095	Pro	Pro	Pro	Ser	Val 2100	Lys	Val	Pro
Lys 2105	Lys	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ala	Glu 2110	Asn	Met	Glu	Ala	Ala 2115	Ala	Gln	Leu
Lys 2120	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Leu 2125	Ser	Ser	Gln	Phe	Val 2130	Val	Ser	Pro
Pro 2135	Ala	Leu	Arg	Thr	Arg	Gln 2140	Lys	Ser	Ile	Ser	Asn 2145	Thr	Ser	Lys
Leu 2150	Leu	Gly	Glu	Leu	Glu	Ser 2155	Asp	Pro	Lys	Pro	Leu 2160	Glu	Ile	Ile
Glu 2165	Gln	Lys	Pro	Lys	Arg	Ser 2170	Arg	Thr	Val	Lys	Thr 2175	Arg	Ala	Ser
Arg 2180	Asn	Thr	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ser 2185	Ser	Trp	Ser	Pro	Pro 2190	Pro	Val	Glu
Ile 2195	Lys	Leu	Val	Ser	Pro	Leu 2200	Ala	Ser	Pro	Val	Asp 2205	Glu	Ile	Lys
Thr 2210	Gly	Lys	Pro	Arg	Lys	Thr	Ala	Glu	Ile	Ala	Gly	Lys	Thr	Leu

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aaat atg cga gac tta aga gct caa gtg act agt ggt ctc ctg cca ttt	169		
Met Arg Asp Leu Arg Ala Gln Val Thr Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Phe			
1 5 10 15			
cca gaa gtg act ctt caa gcc ctt gga gaa gac gaa ata aca tta gaa	217		
Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu Gly Glu Asp Glu Ile Thr Leu Glu			
20 25 30			
tct gtg ctt cgt gga aag ttt gct gcg ggg aaa aat gga ctt gct tgc	265		
Ser Val Leu Arg Gly Lys Phe Ala Ala Gly Lys Asn Gly Leu Ala Cys			
35 40 45			
ttg gct tgt ggt cca caa ctt gag gta gta aac tct ata aca gga gag	313		
Leu Ala Cys Gly Pro Gln Leu Glu Val Val Asn Ser Ile Thr Gly Glu			
50 55 60			
cga ttg tct gct tac aga ttc agt gga gtc aat gaa cag cct cct gta	361		
Arg Leu Ser Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Asn Glu Gln Pro Pro Val			
65 70 75			
gtt tta gct gtg aaa gaa ttc tct tgg cag aag aga act gga tta tta	409		
Val Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Phe Ser Trp Gln Lys Arg Thr Gly Leu Leu			
80 85 90 95			
ata gga ttg gaa gaa aca gaa ggg agt gtt ctc tgt ctt tat gac ctt	457		
Ile Gly Leu Glu Glu Thr Glu Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Leu Tyr Asp Leu			
100 105 110			
gga ata tca aaa gta gtt aaa gca gtt gtt ctt cct gga agg gta aca	505		
Gly Ile Ser Lys Val Val Lys Ala Val Val Leu Pro Gly Arg Val Thr			
115 120 125			
gct att gaa cct ata att aat cat gga gga gcc agt gca agc act cag	553		
Ala Ile Glu Pro Ile Ile Asn His Gly Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Thr Gln			
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cat tta cat cca agt ctg cga tgg ctt ttt gga gtg gca gct gtg gtc	601		
His Leu His Pro Ser Leu Arg Trp Leu Phe Gly Val Ala Ala Val Val			
145 150 155			
act gat gtt gga cag atc ctt ctt att gac cta tgt ttg gat gac ttg	649		
Thr Asp Val Gly Gln Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Leu Cys Leu Asp Asp Leu			
160 165 170 175			
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Ser Cys Asn Gln Asn Glu Val Glu Ala Ser Asp Leu Glu Val Leu Thr			
180 185 190			
ggt atc cca gct gaa gta cca cac att aga gaa agt gtg atg aga gaa	745		
Gly Ile Pro Ala Glu Val Pro His Ile Arg Glu Ser Val Met Arg Glu			
195 200 205			
ggg cgc cat ctg tgt ttc cag tta gta agt cca aca gga aca gcc gtt	793		
Gly Arg His Leu Cys Phe Gln Leu Val Ser Pro Thr Gly Thr Ala Val			
210 215 220			
tca act ctt agt tac ata agc agg aca aat cag ctt gct gca ggt ttt	841		

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Ser	Thr	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ala	Gly	Phe		
	225						230					235					
tct	gat	ggc	tat	cta	gca	ctt	tgg	aac	atg	aaa	agc	atg	aaa	aga	gaa		889
Ser	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Leu	Trp	Asn	Met	Lys	Ser	Met	Lys	Arg	Glu		
240					245					250					255		
tat	tac	ata	caa	ttg	gaa	agt	gga	caa	gtt	cct	gta	tat	gct	gtc	act		937
Tyr	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Leu	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Val	Pro	Val	Tyr	Ala	Val	Thr		
				260					265						270		
ttt	caa	gaa	cct	gag	aat	gat	cgt	cgg	aat	tgc	tgc	tac	ttg	tgg	gct		985
Phe	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asp	Arg	Arg	Asn	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ala		
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gtt	cag	tct	aca	caa	gat	agt	gaa	ggg	gat	gtt	ttg	agt	ttg	cat	ctg		1033
Val	Gln	Ser	Thr	Gln	Asp	Ser	Glu	Gly	Asp	Val	Leu	Ser	Leu	His	Leu		
			290				295						300				
ctg	cag	ctg	gcc	ttt	ggt	aat	aga	aag	tgt	ttg	gca	tca	gga	caa	atc		1081
Leu	Gln	Leu	Ala	Phe	Gly	Asn	Arg	Lys	Cys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly	Gln	Ile		
			305				310								315		
tta	tat	gag	ggg	tta	gaa	tac	tgt	gaa	gaa	aga	tac	acc	ctg	gac	ctg		1129
Leu	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Cys	Glu	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Leu		
						325					330				335		
aca	ggt	ggc	atg	ttc	cct	ttg	agg	gga	cag	acg	agt	aat	acc	aaa	ttg		1177
Thr	Gly	Gly	Met	Phe	Pro	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ser	Asn	Thr	Lys	Leu		
				340					345						350		
ttg	gga	tgc	cag	agt	ata	gag	aaa	ttt	cga	tct	cat	ggt	gac	agg	gag		1225
Leu	Gly	Cys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Glu	Lys	Phe	Arg	Ser	His	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu		
				355				360							365		
gaa	ggc	gtg	aat	gaa	gct	cta	tcg	cct	gac	act	agt	gtt	tca	gtc	ttt		1273
Glu	Gly	Val	Asn	Glu	Ala	Leu	Ser	Pro	Asp	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser	Val	Phe		
				370				375							380		
acc	tgg	cag	gtg	aat	ata	tat	gga	cag	gga	aag	cct	tct	gta	tat	ttg		1321
Thr	Trp	Gln	Val	Asn	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Gly	Lys	Pro	Ser	Val	Tyr	Leu		
						385									395		
ggg	ctt	ttt	gat	ata	aat	cgt	tgg	tat	cat	gca	caa	atg	cca	gat	tcg		1369
Gly	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile	Asn	Arg	Trp	Tyr	His	Ala	Gln	Met	Pro	Asp	Ser		
						405						410			415		
tta	agg	tca	gga	gaa	tat	cta	cat	aat	tgc	tct	tat	ttt	gca	ctg	tgg		1417
Leu	Arg	Ser	Gly	Glu	Tyr	Leu	His	Asn	Cys	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Ala	Leu	Trp		
						420					425				430		
tca	ttg	gag	tct	gtt	gta	agt	agg	act	tct	cca	cat	ggc	atc	ttg	gat		1465
Ser	Leu	Glu	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ser	Pro	His	Gly	Ile	Leu	Asp		
				435					440						445		
ata	tta	gta	cat	gag	aga	agt	tta	aat	aga	gga	gtc	cct	cct	tca	tat		1513
Ile	Leu	Val	His	Glu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Asn	Arg	Gly	Val	Pro	Pro	Ser	Tyr		
				450					455						460		
cca	cct	ccc	gag	cag	ttt	ttt	aat	cca	agc	act	tat	aat	ttt	gat	gcc		1561
Pro	Pro	Pro	Glu	Gln	Phe	Phe	Asn	Pro	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Asp	Ala		
							470								475		
act	tgt	ttg	tta	aac	tcg	gga	ggt	ggt	cat	tta	act	tgt	act	ggc	ttt		1609
Thr	Cys	Leu	Leu	Asn	Ser	Gly	Val	Val	His	Leu	Thr	Cys	Thr	Gly	Phe		
						485						490			495		
cag	aag	gag	act	ttg	act	ttt	tta	aag	aaa	tca	ggt	cca	tca	ctc	aat		1657
Gln	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Phe	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asn		
						500				505					510		
gaa	ctc	att	cct	gat	ggt	tat	aat	cga	tgt	ctt	gta	gct	ggc	ctt	ctt		1705
Glu	Leu	Ile	Pro	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Cys	Leu	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu		
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tcc	cca	aga	ttt	ggt	gat	ggt	cag	cct	tcc	agt	tta	agc	caa	gaa	gaa		1753
Ser	Pro	Arg	Phe	Val	Asp	Val	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gln	Glu	Glu		
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cag	tta	gaa	gct	ata	ttg	tca	gca	gca	att	cag	act	agt	tcc	ctg	gga		1801

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Gln	Leu	Glu	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly		
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Leu	Leu	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gln	Pro	Asn		
560					565				570						575		
tct	gcc	act	aat	ttg	cgc	ttt	ggt	ctt	gaa	tgg	acg	tgg	aat	aaa	gtg		1897
Ser	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Arg	Phe	Val	Leu	Glu	Trp	Thr	Trp	Asn	Lys	Val		
				580					585					590			
ggt	ctc	aca	aaa	gag	gaa	ttt	gac	aga	cta	tgt	gtg	cca	tta	ttt	gat		1945
Val	Leu	Thr	Lys	Glu	Glu	Phe	Asp	Arg	Leu	Cys	Val	Pro	Leu	Phe	Asp		
			595					600					605				
ggt	tcg	tgt	cat	ttc	atg	gat	cca	caa	act	ata	cag	tct	atc	cag	caa		1993
Gly	Ser	Cys	His	Phe	Met	Asp	Pro	Gln	Thr	Ile	Gln	Ser	Ile	Gln	Gln		
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tgc	tat	ttg	ctt	ctt	agc	aat	ctt	aat	ata	gtc	ttg	agc	tgt	ttt	gca		2041
Cys	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ile	Val	Leu	Ser	Cys	Phe	Ala		
	625					630					635						
tca	gaa	gcc	cga	gag	atc	gct	gag	aga	gga	ctg	ata	gac	tta	agc	aat		2089
Ser	Glu	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ile	Ala	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ser	Asn		
640					645					650					655		
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Lys	Phe	Val	Val	Ser	His	Leu	Ile	Cys	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Val	Val	Leu		
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tgg	ttc	tct	cat	tct	ggg	ctt	tta	cca	gaa	ggc	ata	gat	gat	tct	gtg		2185
Trp	Phe	Ser	His	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Pro	Glu	Gly	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ser	Val		
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cag	ttg	tca	agg	tta	tgc	tac	aac	tac	cct	gta	att	cag	aac	tac	tac		2233
Gln	Leu	Ser	Arg	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Asn	Tyr	Pro	Val	Ile	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Tyr		
		690					695					700					
acc	agt	cgt	cga	cag	aag	ttt	gag	cgt	tta	tca	aga	ggg	aag	tgg	aat		2281
Thr	Ser	Arg	Arg	Gln	Lys	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Trp	Asn		
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ccc	gat	tgc	ttg	atg	att	gat	gga	ctg	gtt	tct	cag	tta	gga	gag	cga		2329
Pro	Asp	Cys	Leu	Met	Ile	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Gln	Leu	Gly	Glu	Arg		
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att	gag	aag	ttg	tgg	aaa	cga	gat	gaa	gga	ggc	aca	gga	aaa	tat	cct		2377
Ile	Glu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	Arg	Asp	Glu	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Pro		
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Pro	Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Met	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val		
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Thr	Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	His	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ile		
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Met	Tyr	Ser	Phe	Pro	Asn	Lys	Thr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Phe	Pro		
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Thr	Val	Phe	Ala	Ile	Ser	Trp	Gly	Gln	Val	Lys	Leu	Ile	Gln	Gly	Phe		
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Trp	Leu	Ile	Asp	His	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Phe		
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cat	cca	gct	act	gca	aaa	cct	ttg	tca	tgg	caa	cat	tca	aag	att	att		2665
His	Pro	Ala	Thr	Ala	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Gln	His	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ile		
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Gln	Ala	Phe	Met	Ser	Gln	Gly	Glu	His	Arg	Gln	Ala	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Ile		
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Leu Thr Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Arg Cys Met Val Glu Ala Trp Asn Phe	
880	885 890 895
ttg cgg caa cat tgc aat agg ttg aat ata gag gag tta ctg aag cac	2857
Leu Arg Gln His Cys Asn Arg Leu Asn Ile Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys His	
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atg tat gaa gtc tgt cag gaa atg ggc ttg atg gaa gat tta ctg aag	2905
Met Tyr Glu Val Cys Gln Glu Met Gly Leu Met Glu Asp Leu Leu Lys	
	915 920 925
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Leu Pro Phe Thr Asp Thr Glu Gln Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Phe Leu Gln	
	930 935 940
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Ser Ser Ala Ser Val Gln Asn His Glu Phe Leu Leu Val His His Leu	
	945 950 955
cag cgt gcc aat tat gtg cct gcc ttg aag ctg aac caa act ctg aag	3049
Gln Arg Ala Asn Tyr Val Pro Ala Leu Lys Leu Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys	
	960 965 970 975
att aat gtt atg aat gat cgt gat cct cgt ttg cgg gag aga tca ctg	3097
Ile Asn Val Met Asn Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ser Leu	
	980 985 990
gct cga aat tct ata tta gac cag tat gga aaa atc ctt cct aga gtc	3145
Ala Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile Leu Pro Arg Val	
	995 1000 1005
cat cga aaa tta gcc att gaa cga gct aag cct tat cat ctg tca	3190
His Arg Lys Leu Ala Ile Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr His Leu Ser	
	1010 1015 1020
aca tca tca gtt ttt cga tta gtt tct aga ccc aaa cca tta tca	3235
Thr Ser Ser Val Phe Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Leu Ser	
	1025 1030 1035
gca gtt cca aag caa gtt gta aca gga act gtg ttg aca aga tct	3280
Ala Val Pro Lys Gln Val Val Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg Ser	
	1040 1045 1050
gtt ttc atc aac aat gtg tta tct aaa att gga gaa gtt tgg gca	3325
Val Phe Ile Asn Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala	
	1055 1060 1065
agc aaa gaa cct ata aat agc acc aca cct ttc aat agt tct aaa	3370
Ser Lys Glu Pro Ile Asn Ser Thr Thr Pro Phe Asn Ser Ser Lys	
	1070 1075 1080
ata gaa gaa cca tct cct ata gtg tat tcg ctc cca gct cca gag	3415
Ile Glu Glu Ala Pro Ser Pro Ile Val Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ala Pro Glu	
	1085 1090 1095
ctg cct gag gca ttt ttt gga aca cca att tca aaa gca tca caa	3460
Leu Pro Glu Ala Phe Phe Gly Thr Pro Ile Ser Lys Ala Ser Gln	
	1100 1105 1110
aaa att tct aga ctg cta gat ttg gtt gtt cag cct gtc ccc cgg	3505
Lys Ile Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Val Gln Pro Val Pro Arg	
	1115 1120 1125
cct tct cag tgt tcg gag ttt att cag caa agc tcc atg aaa tct	3550
Pro Ser Gln Cys Ser Glu Phe Ile Gln Gln Ser Ser Met Lys Ser	
	1130 1135 1140
cct ttg tac cta gta tcc cgt tca ctg ccc tca agt tcg caa tta	3595
Pro Leu Tyr Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Ser Gln Leu	
	1145 1150 1155
aaa gga tcg cct cag gcc atc tcc agg gct tca gaa tta cat ttg	3640
Lys Gly Ser Pro Gln Ala Ile Ser Arg Ala Ser Glu Leu His Leu	
	1160 1165 1170
ctt gaa act cct ctt gta gtt aag aaa gct aaa agt ttg gcc atg	3685

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Val Ser Glu	Arg Arg Leu Asn Gln	Glu Val Ala Leu Asn	Leu Lys	
1475		1480	1485	
gaa gat cat	gaa gta gaa gtt ggt	gta cta aaa gaa agt	gtt gac	4630
Glu Asp His	Glu Val Glu Val Gly	Val Leu Lys Glu Ser	Val Asp	
1490	1495	1500		
tta cca gaa	gaa aag ctt cca att	tct gac agc cct cct	gat act	4675
Leu Pro Glu	Glu Lys Leu Pro Ile	Ser Asp Ser Pro Pro	Asp Thr	
1505	1510	1515		
caa gaa att	cat gtg att gaa caa	gaa aag ctt gaa gct	caa gat	4720
Gln Glu Ile	His Val Ile Glu Gln	Glu Lys Leu Glu Ala	Gln Asp	
1520	1525	1530		
tca gga gaa	gag gct agg aat ctt	tca ttt aat gag tta	tat ccc	4765
Ser Gly Glu	Glu Ala Arg Asn Leu	Ser Phe Asn Glu Leu	Tyr Pro	
1535	1540	1545		
tct gga aca	ctt aag ctt cag tac	aat ttt gat act att	gac caa	4810
Ser Gly Thr	Leu Lys Leu Gln Tyr	Asn Phe Asp Thr Ile	Asp Gln	
1550	1555	1560		
cag ttt tgt	gac tta gct gat aac	aaa gac act gct gaa	tgt gac	4855
Gln Phe Cys	Asp Leu Ala Asp Asn	Lys Asp Thr Ala Glu	Cys Asp	
1565	1570	1575		
att gct gaa	gta gat ggg gaa ctt	ttt gtg gct caa agc	aac ttt	4900
Ile Ala Glu	Val Asp Gly Glu Leu	Phe Val Ala Gln Ser	Asn Phe	
1580	1585	1590		
acc ttg ata	ttg gaa ggt gaa gaa	gga gaa gtt gag cca	ggt gat	4945
Thr Leu Ile	Leu Glu Gly Glu Glu	Gly Glu Val Glu Pro	Gly Asp	
1595	1600	1605		
ttt gca tca	tct gat gtg tta cct	aaa gca gct aac aca	gca act	4990
Phe Ala Ser	Ser Asp Val Leu Pro	Lys Ala Ala Asn Thr	Ala Thr	
1610	1615	1620		
gaa gaa aaa	ctt gta tgc agt ggg	gaa aat gat aat cat	gga caa	5035
Glu Glu Lys	Leu Val Cys Ser Gly	Glu Asn Asp Asn His	Gly Gln	
1625	1630	1635		
att gca aat	ttg cca tct gcc gta	act agt gac caa aag	tcc caa	5080
Ile Ala Asn	Leu Pro Ser Ala Val	Thr Ser Asp Gln Lys	Ser Gln	
1640	1645	1650		
aaa gta gac	act tta cca tat gtg	cct gaa cct att aaa	gta gca	5125
Lys Val Asp	Thr Leu Pro Tyr Val	Pro Glu Pro Ile Lys	Val Ala	
1655	1660	1665		
att gca gaa	aat tta cta gat gta	att aaa gac aca aga	agt aaa	5170
Ile Ala Glu	Asn Leu Leu Asp Val	Ile Lys Asp Thr Arg	Ser Lys	
1670	1675	1680		
gaa att act	tca gat aca atg gaa	cag tcc att cat gaa	aca ata	5215
Glu Ile Thr	Ser Asp Thr Met Glu	Gln Ser Ile His Glu	Thr Ile	
1685	1690	1695		
cct tta gtg	agc caa aac ata atg	tgt ccc act aaa ttg	gtc aaa	5260
Pro Leu Val	Ser Gln Asn Ile Met	Cys Pro Thr Lys Leu	Val Lys	
1700	1705	1710		
tct gca ttt	aag act gct cag gaa	aca agc aca atg act	atg aat	5305
Ser Ala Phe	Lys Thr Ala Gln Glu	Thr Ser Thr Met Thr	Met Asn	
1715	1720	1725		
gtc agc cag	ggt gat gac gtg gtt	tcc tcc aaa act cgt	acg aga	5350
Val Ser Gln	Val Asp Asp Val Val	Ser Ser Lys Thr Arg	Thr Arg	
1730	1735	1740		
ggt caa cgt	atc caa aac gtg aat	gtc aaa tca gca caa	cag gaa	5395
Gly Gln Arg	Ile Gln Asn Val Asn	Val Lys Ser Ala Gln	Gln Glu	
1745	1750	1755		
gca tca gca	gat gtt gct act cct	aag atg cca ggg cag	tca gtc	5440
Ala Ser Ala	Asp Val Ala Thr Pro	Lys Met Pro Gly Gln	Ser Val	
1760	1765	1770		
agg aag aaa	act agg aag gca aaa	gaa att tct gaa gct	tct gaa	5485

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Arg Lys Lys Thr Arg Lys Ala Lys Glu Ile Ser Glu Ala Ser Glu	1775	1780	1785	
aac atc tat tct gat gtc aga gga cta ttt cag aac cag caa ata				5530
Asn Ile Tyr Ser Asp Val Arg Gly Leu Phe Gln Asn Gln Gln Ile	1790	1795	1800	
cct caa aat tct gtt acg cct agg aga gga agg aga aag aaa gaa				5575
Pro Gln Asn Ser Val Thr Pro Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Glu	1805	1810	1815	
gtt aat cag gac ata cta gaa aac acc agt tct gtg gaa caa gaa				5620
Val Asn Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu Asn Thr Ser Ser Val Glu Gln Glu	1820	1825	1830	
tta cag atc act aca ggt agg gaa tca aaa aga tta aaa tca tct				5665
Leu Gln Ile Thr Thr Gly Arg Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu Lys Ser Ser	1835	1840	1845	
cag ctg ttg gaa cca gca gtt gaa gaa act act aaa aaa gaa gtt				5710
Gln Leu Leu Glu Pro Ala Val Glu Glu Thr Thr Lys Lys Glu Val	1850	1855	1860	
aag gtt tca tct gtt aca aaa agg act cct aga aga att aaa aga				5755
Lys Val Ser Ser Val Thr Lys Arg Thr Pro Arg Arg Ile Lys Arg	1865	1870	1875	
tct gta gaa aat cag gaa agt gtt gaa att ata aat gat cta aaa				5800
Ser Val Glu Asn Gln Glu Ser Val Glu Ile Ile Asn Asp Leu Lys	1880	1885	1890	
gtt agt acg gta aca agt cct agc aga atg atc aga aaa ttg aga				5845
Val Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Pro Ser Arg Met Ile Arg Lys Leu Arg	1895	1900	1905	
agt act aat tta gat gct tct gaa aat aca gga aat aag caa gat				5890
Ser Thr Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser Glu Asn Thr Gly Asn Lys Gln Asp	1910	1915	1920	
gat aaa tcc agt gac aag cag ctg cgt att aaa cat gtt aga agg				5935
Asp Lys Ser Ser Asp Lys Gln Leu Arg Ile Lys His Val Arg Arg	1925	1930	1935	
gtc aga ggg aga gaa gtt agt cca tca gat gtg aga gaa gac tcc				5980
Val Arg Gly Arg Glu Val Ser Pro Ser Asp Val Arg Glu Asp Ser	1940	1945	1950	
aac ctt gag tca tct cag ttg act gtt caa gca gaa ttt gat atg				6025
Asn Leu Glu Ser Ser Gln Leu Thr Val Gln Ala Glu Phe Asp Met	1955	1960	1965	
tct gcc ata cct aga aaa cgt ggt aga cca aga aaa atc aat cca				6070
Ser Ala Ile Pro Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys Ile Asn Pro	1970	1975	1980	
tct gaa gat gta gga tct aag gct gtt aag gaa gag aga agc ccc				6115
Ser Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Lys Ala Val Lys Glu Glu Arg Ser Pro	1985	1990	1995	
aag aag aaa gaa gct ccc agc att aga agg aga tct aca aga aat				6160
Lys Lys Lys Glu Ala Pro Ser Ile Arg Arg Arg Ser Thr Arg Asn	2000	2005	2010	
acc cca gct aaa agt gaa aat gtt gat gtt gga aaa cca gct tta				6205
Thr Pro Ala Lys Ser Glu Asn Val Asp Val Gly Lys Pro Ala Leu	2015	2020	2025	
gga aaa tcc att tta gtg cca aac gag gaa ctt tcg atg gtg atg				6250
Gly Lys Ser Ile Leu Val Pro Asn Glu Glu Leu Ser Met Val Met	2030	2035	2040	
agc tct aag aaa aaa ctt aca aaa aag act gaa agt caa agc caa				6295
Ser Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Thr Lys Lys Thr Glu Ser Gln Ser Gln	2045	2050	2055	
aaa cgt tca ttg cac tca gta tca gaa gaa cgc aca gat gaa atg				6340
Lys Arg Ser Leu His Ser Val Ser Glu Glu Arg Thr Asp Glu Met	2060	2065	2070	
aca cat aaa gaa aca aat gag cag gaa gaa aga ttg ctc gcc aca				6385

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Thr His Lys	Glu Thr Asn Glu Gln	Glu Glu Arg Leu Leu	Ala Thr	
2075	2080	2085		
gct tcc ttc	act aaa tca tcc cgc	agc agc agg act	cgg tct agc	6430
Ala Ser Phe	Thr Lys Ser Ser Arg	Ser Ser Arg Thr Arg	Ser Ser	
2090	2095	2100		
aag gcc atc	ttg ttg ccg gac ctt	tct gaa cca aac aat	gag cct	6475
Lys Ala Ile	Leu Leu Pro Asp Leu	Ser Glu Pro Asn Asn	Glu Pro	
2105	2110	2115		
tta ttt tct	cca gcg tca gaa gtt	cca agg aaa gca aaa	gct aaa	6520
Leu Phe Ser	Pro Ala Ser Glu Val	Pro Arg Lys Ala Lys	Ala Lys	
2120	2125	2130		
aaa ata gag	gtt cct gca cag ctg	aaa gaa tta gtt tcg	gat tta	6565
Lys Ile Glu	Val Pro Ala Gln Leu	Lys Glu Leu Val Ser	Asp Leu	
2135	2140	2145		
tct tct cag	ttt gtc atc tca cct	cct gct tta agg agc	aga caa	6610
Ser Ser Gln	Phe Val Ile Ser Pro	Pro Ala Leu Arg Ser	Arg Gln	
2150	2155	2160		
aaa aac aca	tcc aat aag aac aag	ctt gaa gat gaa ctg	aaa gat	6655
Lys Asn Thr	Ser Asn Lys Asn Lys	Leu Glu Asp Glu Leu	Lys Asp	
2165	2170	2175		
gat gca caa	tca gta gaa act ctg	gga aag cca aaa gcg	aaa cga	6700
Asp Ala Gln	Ser Val Glu Thr Leu	Gly Lys Pro Lys Ala	Lys Arg	
2180	2185	2190		
atc agg acg	tca aaa aca aaa caa	gca agc aaa aac aca	gaa aaa	6745
Ile Arg Thr	Ser Lys Thr Lys Gln	Ala Ser Lys Asn Thr	Glu Lys	
2195	2200	2205		
gaa agt gct	tggtca ctt cct ccc	ata gaa att cgg ctg	att tcc	6790
Glu Ser Ala	Trp Ser Leu Pro Pro	Ile Glu Ile Arg Leu	Ile Ser	
2210	2215	2220		
ccc ttg gct	agc cca gct gac gga	gtc aag agc aaa cca	aga aaa	6835
Pro Leu Ala	Ser Pro Ala Asp Gly	Val Lys Ser Lys Pro	Arg Lys	
2225	2230	2235		
act aca gaa	gtg aca gga aca ggt	ctt gga agg aac aga	aag aaa	6880
Thr Thr Glu	Val Thr Gly Thr Gly	Leu Gly Arg Asn Arg	Lys Lys	
2240	2245	2250		
ctg tct tcc	tat cca aag caa att	tta cgc aga aaa atg	ctg	6922
Leu Ser Ser	Tyr Pro Lys Gln Ile	Leu Arg Arg Lys Met	Leu	
2255	2260	2265		
taatttcttg	ggaagatttt aatgtacacc	tatttgtaaa gtcacagaa	tagtgggat	6982
tattaaatat	ctagtttgga agaaaataat	ttatataaat tattgtaaat	ttttatgtaa	7042
acagaaggtc	ttcaataagt aaagtaactc	catatggagt gattgtttca	gtccaggcaa	7102
tttttctatt	ttatattaag acttcataca	tttatatag taaatatggc	ttattaatgg	7162
aatgttaaat	aaaatgtata cttctcaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	aaa	7215

<210> SEQ ID NO 14

<211> LENGTH: 2266

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

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Glu Val Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu Gly Glu Asp Glu Ile Thr Leu Glu Ser
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Val Leu Arg Gly Lys Phe Ala Ala Gly Lys Asn Gly Leu Ala Cys Leu
 35 40 45

Ala Cys Gly Pro Gln Leu Glu Val Val Asn Ser Ile Thr Gly Glu Arg
 50 55 60

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Leu Ser Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Asn Glu Gln Pro Pro Val Val
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Phe Ser Trp Gln Lys Arg Thr Gly Leu Leu Ile
 85 90 95
 Gly Leu Glu Glu Thr Glu Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Leu Tyr Asp Leu Gly
 100 105 110
 Ile Ser Lys Val Val Lys Ala Val Val Leu Pro Gly Arg Val Thr Ala
 115 120 125
 Ile Glu Pro Ile Ile Asn His Gly Gly Ala Ser Ala Ser Thr Gln His
 130 135 140
 Leu His Pro Ser Leu Arg Trp Leu Phe Gly Val Ala Ala Val Val Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Val Gly Gln Ile Leu Leu Ile Asp Leu Cys Leu Asp Asp Leu Ser
 165 170 175
 Cys Asn Gln Asn Glu Val Glu Ala Ser Asp Leu Glu Val Leu Thr Gly
 180 185 190
 Ile Pro Ala Glu Val Pro His Ile Arg Glu Ser Val Met Arg Glu Gly
 195 200 205
 Arg His Leu Cys Phe Gln Leu Val Ser Pro Thr Gly Thr Ala Val Ser
 210 215 220
 Thr Leu Ser Tyr Ile Ser Arg Thr Asn Gln Leu Ala Ala Gly Phe Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Gly Tyr Leu Ala Leu Trp Asn Met Lys Ser Met Lys Arg Glu Tyr
 245 250 255
 Tyr Ile Gln Leu Glu Ser Gly Gln Val Pro Val Tyr Ala Val Thr Phe
 260 265 270
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Asn Asp Arg Arg Asn Cys Cys Tyr Leu Trp Ala Val
 275 280 285
 Gln Ser Thr Gln Asp Ser Glu Gly Asp Val Leu Ser Leu His Leu Leu
 290 295 300
 Gln Leu Ala Phe Gly Asn Arg Lys Cys Leu Ala Ser Gly Gln Ile Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Glu Gly Leu Glu Tyr Cys Glu Glu Arg Tyr Thr Leu Asp Leu Thr
 325 330 335
 Gly Gly Met Phe Pro Leu Arg Gly Gln Thr Ser Asn Thr Lys Leu Leu
 340 345 350
 Gly Cys Gln Ser Ile Glu Lys Phe Arg Ser His Gly Asp Arg Glu Glu
 355 360 365
 Gly Val Asn Glu Ala Leu Ser Pro Asp Thr Ser Val Ser Val Phe Thr
 370 375 380
 Trp Gln Val Asn Ile Tyr Gly Gln Gly Lys Pro Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Phe Asp Ile Asn Arg Trp Tyr His Ala Gln Met Pro Asp Ser Leu
 405 410 415
 Arg Ser Gly Glu Tyr Leu His Asn Cys Ser Tyr Phe Ala Leu Trp Ser
 420 425 430
 Leu Glu Ser Val Val Ser Arg Thr Ser Pro His Gly Ile Leu Asp Ile
 435 440 445
 Leu Val His Glu Arg Ser Leu Asn Arg Gly Val Pro Pro Ser Tyr Pro
 450 455 460
 Pro Pro Glu Gln Phe Phe Asn Pro Ser Thr Tyr Asn Phe Asp Ala Thr
 465 470 475 480
 Cys Leu Leu Asn Ser Gly Val Val His Leu Thr Cys Thr Gly Phe Gln

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485				490				495							
Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	Thr	Phe	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ser	Gly	Pro	Ser	Leu	Asn	Glu
			500					505					510		
Leu	Ile	Pro	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Cys	Leu	Val	Ala	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ser
		515					520					525			
Pro	Arg	Phe	Val	Asp	Val	Gln	Pro	Ser	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gln	Glu	Glu	Gln
		530				535					540				
Leu	Glu	Ala	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gln	Thr	Ser	Ser	Leu	Gly	Leu
		545				550				555					560
Leu	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Arg	Trp	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gln	Pro	Asn	Ser
			565						570					575	
Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Arg	Phe	Val	Leu	Glu	Trp	Thr	Trp	Asn	Lys	Val	Val
			580						585					590	
Leu	Thr	Lys	Glu	Glu	Phe	Asp	Arg	Leu	Cys	Val	Pro	Leu	Phe	Asp	Gly
		595					600					605			
Ser	Cys	His	Phe	Met	Asp	Pro	Gln	Thr	Ile	Gln	Ser	Ile	Gln	Gln	Cys
		610				615					620				
Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ile	Val	Leu	Ser	Cys	Phe	Ala	Ser
		625			630					635					640
Glu	Ala	Arg	Glu	Ile	Ala	Glu	Arg	Gly	Leu	Ile	Asp	Leu	Ser	Asn	Lys
			645						650					655	
Phe	Val	Val	Ser	His	Leu	Ile	Cys	Gln	Tyr	Ala	Gln	Val	Val	Leu	Trp
			660						665					670	
Phe	Ser	His	Ser	Gly	Leu	Leu	Pro	Glu	Gly	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ser	Val	Gln
		675					680					685			
Leu	Ser	Arg	Leu	Cys	Tyr	Asn	Tyr	Pro	Val	Ile	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Thr
		690				695					700				
Ser	Arg	Arg	Gln	Lys	Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Lys	Trp	Asn	Pro
		705			710					715				720	
Asp	Cys	Leu	Met	Ile	Asp	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Gln	Leu	Gly	Glu	Arg	Ile
			725							730				735	
Glu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	Arg	Asp	Glu	Gly	Gly	Thr	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Pro	Pro
			740						745					750	
Ala	Ser	Leu	His	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Met	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val	Thr
		755					760					765			
Glu	Ala	Ala	Lys	His	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Ile	Met
		770				775					780				
Tyr	Ser	Phe	Pro	Asn	Lys	Thr	Asp	Thr	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Phe	Pro	Thr
		785			790					795				800	
Val	Phe	Ala	Ile	Ser	Trp	Gly	Gln	Val	Lys	Leu	Ile	Gln	Gly	Phe	Trp
			805						810					815	
Leu	Ile	Asp	His	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Leu	Phe	His
			820						825				830		
Pro	Ala	Thr	Ala	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ser	Trp	Gln	His	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln
		835					840					845			
Ala	Phe	Met	Ser	Gln	Gly	Glu	His	Arg	Gln	Ala	Leu	Arg	Tyr	Ile	Gln
		850				855					860				
Thr	Met	Lys	Pro	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Gly	Asn	Asp	Val	Ile	Leu	His	Leu
		865			870					875				880	
Thr	Val	Leu	Leu	Phe	Asn	Arg	Cys	Met	Val	Glu	Ala	Trp	Asn	Phe	Leu
			885						890					895	
Arg	Gln	His	Cys	Asn	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ile	Glu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Lys	His	Met
			900						905					910	

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Tyr Glu Val Cys Gln Glu Met Gly Leu Met Glu Asp Leu Leu Lys Leu
 915 920 925

Pro Phe Thr Asp Thr Glu Gln Glu Cys Leu Val Lys Phe Leu Gln Ser
 930 935 940

Ser Ala Ser Val Gln Asn His Glu Phe Leu Leu Val His His Leu Gln
 945 950 955 960

Arg Ala Asn Tyr Val Pro Ala Leu Lys Leu Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys Ile
 965 970 975

Asn Val Met Asn Asp Arg Asp Pro Arg Leu Arg Glu Arg Ser Leu Ala
 980 985 990

Arg Asn Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Ile Leu Pro Arg Val His
 995 1000 1005

Arg Lys Leu Ala Ile Glu Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr His Leu Ser Thr
 1010 1015 1020

Ser Ser Val Phe Arg Leu Val Ser Arg Pro Lys Pro Leu Ser Ala
 1025 1030 1035

Val Pro Lys Gln Val Val Thr Gly Thr Val Leu Thr Arg Ser Val
 1040 1045 1050

Phe Ile Asn Asn Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Trp Ala Ser
 1055 1060 1065

Lys Glu Pro Ile Asn Ser Thr Thr Pro Phe Asn Ser Ser Lys Ile
 1070 1075 1080

Glu Glu Pro Ser Pro Ile Val Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu
 1085 1090 1095

Pro Glu Ala Phe Phe Gly Thr Pro Ile Ser Lys Ala Ser Gln Lys
 1100 1105 1110

Ile Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Val Gln Pro Val Pro Arg Pro
 1115 1120 1125

Ser Gln Cys Ser Glu Phe Ile Gln Gln Ser Ser Met Lys Ser Pro
 1130 1135 1140

Leu Tyr Leu Val Ser Arg Ser Leu Pro Ser Ser Ser Gln Leu Lys
 1145 1150 1155

Gly Ser Pro Gln Ala Ile Ser Arg Ala Ser Glu Leu His Leu Leu
 1160 1165 1170

Glu Thr Pro Leu Val Val Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser Leu Ala Met Ser
 1175 1180 1185

Val Thr Thr Ser Gly Phe Ser Glu Phe Thr Pro Gln Ser Ile Leu
 1190 1195 1200

Arg Ser Thr Pro Arg Ser Thr Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Ser Pro Ser
 1205 1210 1215

Pro Gly Arg Ser Pro Gln Arg Leu Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Ser Phe
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Val Glu Glu Asp Val His Pro Lys Trp Ile Pro Gly Ala Ala Asp
 1235 1240 1245

Asp Ser Lys Leu Glu Val Phe Thr Thr Pro Lys Lys Cys Ala Val
 1250 1255 1260

Pro Val Glu Thr Glu Trp Pro Lys Ser Lys Asp Arg Thr Thr Ser
 1265 1270 1275

Phe Phe Leu Asn Ser Pro Glu Lys Glu His Gln Glu Met Asp Glu
 1280 1285 1290

Gly Ser Gln Ser Leu Glu Lys Leu Asp Val Ser Lys Gly Asn Ser
 1295 1300 1305

Ser Val Ser Ile Thr Ser Asp Glu Thr Thr Leu Glu Tyr Gln Asp
 1310 1315 1320

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Ala Pro 1325	Ser Pro	Glu Asp	Leu 1330	Glu Glu Thr Val	Phe Thr Ala Ser 1335
Lys Pro 1340	Lys Ser Ser Ser	Thr 1345	Ala Leu Thr Thr	Asn Val Thr Glu 1350	
Gln Thr 1355	Glu Lys Asp Gly	Asp 1360	Lys Asp Val Phe	Ala Ser Glu Val 1365	
Thr Pro 1370	Ser Asp Leu Gln	Lys 1375	Gln Met Gly Asn	Leu Glu Asp Ala 1380	
Glu Thr 1385	Lys Asp Leu Leu	Val 1390	Ala Ala Glu Ala	Phe Ser Glu Leu 1395	
Asn His 1400	Leu Ser Pro Val	Gln 1405	Gly Thr Glu Ala	Ser Leu Cys Ala 1410	
Pro Ser 1415	Val Tyr Glu Gly	Lys 1420	Ile Phe Thr Gln	Lys Ser Lys Val 1425	
Pro Val 1430	Leu Asp Glu Gly	Leu 1435	Thr Ser Val Glu	Thr Tyr Thr Pro 1440	
Ala Ile 1445	Arg Ala Asn Asp	Asn 1450	Lys Ser Met Ala	Asp Val Leu Gly 1455	
Asp Gly 1460	Gly Asn Ser Ser	Leu 1465	Thr Ile Ser Glu	Gly Pro Ile Val 1470	
Ser Glu 1475	Arg Arg Leu Asn	Gln 1480	Glu Val Ala Leu	Asn Leu Lys Glu 1485	
Asp His 1490	Glu Val Glu Val	Gly 1495	Val Leu Lys Glu	Ser Val Asp Leu 1500	
Pro Glu 1505	Glu Lys Leu Pro	Ile 1510	Ser Asp Ser Pro	Pro Asp Thr Gln 1515	
Glu Ile 1520	His Val Ile Glu	Gln 1525	Glu Lys Leu Glu	Ala Gln Asp Ser 1530	
Gly Glu 1535	Glu Ala Arg Asn	Leu 1540	Ser Phe Asn Glu	Leu Tyr Pro Ser 1545	
Gly Thr 1550	Leu Lys Leu Gln	Tyr 1555	Asn Phe Asp Thr	Ile Asp Gln Gln 1560	
Phe Cys 1565	Asp Leu Ala Asp	Asn 1570	Lys Asp Thr Ala	Glu Cys Asp Ile 1575	
Ala Glu 1580	Val Asp Gly Glu	Leu 1585	Phe Val Ala Gln	Ser Asn Phe Thr 1590	
Leu Ile 1595	Leu Glu Gly Glu	Glu 1600	Gly Glu Val Glu	Pro Gly Asp Phe 1605	
Ala Ser 1610	Ser Asp Val Leu	Pro 1615	Lys Ala Ala Asn	Thr Ala Thr Glu 1620	
Glu Lys 1625	Leu Val Cys Ser	Gly 1630	Glu Asn Asp Asn	His Gly Gln Ile 1635	
Ala Asn 1640	Leu Pro Ser Ala	Val 1645	Thr Ser Asp Gln	Lys Ser Gln Lys 1650	
Val Asp 1655	Thr Leu Pro Tyr	Val 1660	Pro Glu Pro Ile	Lys Val Ala Ile 1665	
Ala Glu 1670	Asn Leu Leu Asp	Val 1675	Ile Lys Asp Thr	Arg Ser Lys Glu 1680	
Ile Thr 1685	Ser Asp Thr Met	Glu 1690	Gln Ser Ile His	Glu Thr Ile Pro 1695	
Leu Val 1700	Ser Gln Asn Ile	Met 1705	Cys Pro Thr Lys	Leu Val Lys Ser 1710	
Ala Phe	Lys Thr Ala Gln	Glu	Thr Ser Thr Met	Thr Met Asn Val	

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Gln Arg Ile Gln Asn Val	Asn Val Lys Ser Ala	Gln Gln Glu Ala
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Ser Ala Asp Val Ala Thr	Pro Lys Met Pro Gly	Gln Ser Val Arg
1760	1765	1770
Lys Lys Thr Arg Lys Ala	Lys Glu Ile Ser Glu	Ala Ser Glu Asn
1775	1780	1785
Ile Tyr Ser Asp Val Arg	Gly Leu Phe Gln Asn	Gln Gln Ile Pro
1790	1795	1800
Gln Asn Ser Val Thr Pro	Arg Arg Gly Arg Arg	Lys Lys Glu Val
1805	1810	1815
Asn Gln Asp Ile Leu Glu	Asn Thr Ser Ser Val	Glu Gln Glu Leu
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Gln Ile Thr Thr Gly Arg	Glu Ser Lys Arg Leu	Lys Ser Ser Gln
1835	1840	1845
Leu Leu Glu Pro Ala Val	Glu Glu Thr Thr Lys	Lys Glu Val Lys
1850	1855	1860
Val Ser Ser Val Thr Lys	Arg Thr Pro Arg Arg	Ile Lys Arg Ser
1865	1870	1875
Val Glu Asn Gln Glu Ser	Val Glu Ile Ile Asn	Asp Leu Lys Val
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Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Pro	Ser Arg Met Ile Arg	Lys Leu Arg Ser
1895	1900	1905
Thr Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser	Glu Asn Thr Gly Asn	Lys Gln Asp Asp
1910	1915	1920
Lys Ser Ser Asp Lys Gln	Leu Arg Ile Lys His	Val Arg Arg Val
1925	1930	1935
Arg Gly Arg Glu Val Ser	Pro Ser Asp Val Arg	Glu Asp Ser Asn
1940	1945	1950
Leu Glu Ser Ser Gln Leu	Thr Val Gln Ala Glu	Phe Asp Met Ser
1955	1960	1965
Ala Ile Pro Arg Lys Arg	Gly Arg Pro Arg Lys	Ile Asn Pro Ser
1970	1975	1980
Glu Asp Val Gly Ser Lys	Ala Val Lys Glu Glu	Arg Ser Pro Lys
1985	1990	1995
Lys Lys Glu Ala Pro Ser	Ile Arg Arg Arg Ser	Thr Arg Asn Thr
2000	2005	2010
Pro Ala Lys Ser Glu Asn	Val Asp Val Gly Lys	Pro Ala Leu Gly
2015	2020	2025
Lys Ser Ile Leu Val Pro	Asn Glu Glu Leu Ser	Met Val Met Ser
2030	2035	2040
Ser Lys Lys Lys Leu Thr	Lys Lys Thr Glu Ser	Gln Ser Gln Lys
2045	2050	2055
Arg Ser Leu His Ser Val	Ser Glu Glu Arg Thr	Asp Glu Met Thr
2060	2065	2070
His Lys Glu Thr Asn Glu	Gln Glu Glu Arg Leu	Leu Ala Thr Ala
2075	2080	2085
Ser Phe Thr Lys Ser Ser	Arg Ser Ser Arg Thr	Arg Ser Ser Lys
2090	2095	2100
Ala Ile Leu Leu Pro Asp	Leu Ser Glu Pro Asn	Asn Glu Pro Leu
2105	2110	2115

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Phe Ser	Pro Ala Ser Glu Val	Pro Arg Lys Ala Lys	Ala Lys Lys
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Ile Glu	Val Pro Ala Gln Leu	Lys Glu Leu Val Ser	Asp Leu Ser
2135	2140	2145	
Ser Gln	Phe Val Ile Ser Pro	Pro Ala Leu Arg Ser	Arg Gln Lys
2150	2155	2160	
Asn Thr	Ser Asn Lys Asn Lys	Leu Glu Asp Glu Leu	Lys Asp Asp
2165	2170	2175	
Ala Gln	Ser Val Glu Thr Leu	Gly Lys Pro Lys Ala	Lys Arg Ile
2180	2185	2190	
Arg Thr	Ser Lys Thr Lys Gln	Ala Ser Lys Asn Thr	Glu Lys Glu
2195	2200	2205	
Ser Ala	Trp Ser Leu Pro Pro	Ile Glu Ile Arg Leu	Ile Ser Pro
2210	2215	2220	
Leu Ala	Ser Pro Ala Asp Gly	Val Lys Ser Lys Pro	Arg Lys Thr
2225	2230	2235	
Thr Glu	Val Thr Gly Thr Gly	Leu Gly Arg Asn Arg	Lys Lys Leu
2240	2245	2250	
Ser Ser	Tyr Pro Lys Gln Ile	Leu Arg Arg Lys Met	Leu
2255	2260	2265	

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 <213> ORGANISM: Homo sapiens
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: CDS
 <222> LOCATION: (98)..(6922)

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Met Ala Ala Glu Arg Arg	
1 5	
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Cys Gly Ser Met Arg Asp Leu Arg Ala Gln Val Thr Ser Gly Leu Leu	
10 15 20	
cca ttt cca gaa gtg act ctt caa gcc ctt gga gaa gac gaa ata aca	211
Pro Phe Pro Glu Val Thr Leu Gln Ala Leu Gly Glu Asp Glu Ile Thr	
25 30 35	
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Leu Glu Ser Val Leu Arg Gly Lys Phe Ala Ala Gly Lys Asn Gly Leu	
40 45 50	
gct tgc ttg gct tgt ggt cca caa ctt gag gta gta aac tct ata aca	307
Ala Cys Leu Ala Cys Gly Pro Gln Leu Glu Val Val Asn Ser Ile Thr	
55 60 65 70	
gga gag cga ttg tct gct tac aga ttc agt gga gtc aat gaa cag cct	355
Gly Glu Arg Leu Ser Ala Tyr Arg Phe Ser Gly Val Asn Glu Gln Pro	
75 80 85	
cct gta gtt tta gct gtg aaa gaa ttc tct tgg cag aag aga act gga	403
Pro Val Val Leu Ala Val Lys Glu Phe Ser Trp Gln Lys Arg Thr Gly	
90 95 100	
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Leu Leu Ile Gly Leu Glu Glu Thr Glu Gly Ser Val Leu Cys Leu Tyr	
105 110 115	
gac ctt gga ata tca aaa gta gtt aaa gca gtt gtt ctt cct gga agg	499
Asp Leu Gly Ile Ser Lys Val Val Lys Ala Val Val Leu Pro Gly Arg	
120 125 130	
gta aca gct att gaa cct ata att aat cat gga gga gcc agt gca agc	547

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Val 135	Thr	Ala	Ile	Glu	Pro 140	Ile	Ile	Asn	His	Gly 145	Gly	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser 150	
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Thr	Gln	His	Leu	His 155	Pro	Ser	Leu	Arg	Trp 160	Leu	Phe	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala 165	
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Val	Val	Thr	Asp 170	Val	Gly	Gln	Ile	Leu 175	Leu	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys 180	Leu	Asp	
gac	ttg	tca	tgc	aat	caa	aat	gaa	ggt	gaa	gca	tca	gat	ctt	gaa	ggt	691
Asp	Leu	Ser	Cys 185	Asn	Gln	Asn	Glu 190	Val	Glu	Ala	Ser	Asp 195	Leu	Glu	Val	
cta	act	ggt	atc	cca	gct	gaa	gta	cca	cac	att	aga	gaa	agt	gtg	atg	739
Leu	Thr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Ala 200	Glu	Val 205	Pro	His	Ile 210	Arg	Glu	Ser	Val	Met	
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Arg	Glu	Gly	Arg	His 215	Leu	Cys 220	Phe	Gln	Leu 225	Val	Ser	Pro	Thr	Gly	Thr 230	
gcc	ggt	tca	act	ctt	agt	tac	ata	agc	agg	aca	aat	cag	ctt	gct	gca	835
Ala	Val	Ser	Thr 235	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Ser 240	Arg	Thr	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ala 245	
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Gly	Phe	Ser	Asp 250	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ala 255	Leu	Trp	Asn	Met	Lys 260	Ser	Met	Lys	
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Arg	Glu	Tyr 265	Tyr	Ile	Gln	Leu 270	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gln	Val	Pro 275	Val	Tyr	Ala	
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Val	Thr	Phe 280	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu 285	Asn	Asp	Arg	Arg	Asn 290	Cys	Cys	Tyr	Leu	
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Trp	Ala	Val	Gln	Ser 295	Thr	Gln 300	Asp	Ser	Glu	Gly 305	Asp	Val	Leu	Ser	Leu 310	
cat	ctg	ctg	cag	ctg	gcc	ttt	ggt	aat	aga	aag	tgt	ttg	gca	tca	gga	1075
His	Leu	Leu	Gln 315	Leu	Ala	Phe	Gly	Asn 320	Arg	Lys	Cys	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gly 325	
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Gln	Ile	Leu	Tyr 330	Gly	Leu	Glu	Tyr 335	Cys	Glu	Glu	Arg	Tyr 340	Thr	Leu		
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Asp	Leu	Thr 345	Gly	Gly	Met	Phe 350	Pro	Leu	Arg	Gly	Gln	Thr 355	Ser	Asn	Thr	
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Lys	Leu	Leu	Gly 360	Cys	Gln	Ser 365	Ile	Glu	Lys	Phe	Arg 370	Ser	His	Gly	Asp	
agg	gag	gaa	ggc	gtg	aat	gaa	gct	cta	tcg	cct	gac	act	agt	ggt	tca	1267
Arg	Glu	Glu	Gly 375	Val	Asn	Glu 380	Ala	Leu	Ser	Pro 385	Asp	Thr	Ser	Val	Ser 390	
gtc	ttt	acc	tgg	cag	gtg	aat	ata	tat	gga	cag	gga	aag	cct	tct	gta	1315
Val	Phe	Thr	Trp 395	Gln	Val	Asn 400	Ile	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Gly	Lys 405	Pro	Ser	Val	
tat	ttg	ggg	ctt	ttt	gat	ata	aat	cgt	tgg	tat	cat	gca	caa	atg	cca	1363
Tyr	Leu	Gly 410	Leu	Phe	Asp	Ile 415	Asn	Arg	Trp	Tyr	His	Ala 420	Gln	Met	Pro	
gat	tcg	tta	agg	tca	gga	gaa	tat	cta	cat	aat	tgc	tct	tat	ttt	gca	1411
Asp	Ser	Leu 425	Arg	Ser	Gly	Glu 430	Tyr	Leu	His	Asn	Cys 435	Ser	Tyr	Phe	Ala	
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Leu	Trp	Ser 440	Leu	Glu	Ser	Val 445	Val	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ser 450	Pro	His	Gly	Ile	
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Leu Asp Ile Leu Val His Glu Arg Ser Leu Asn Arg Gly Val Pro Pro 455 460 465 470	
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gat gcc act tgt ttg tta aac tcg gga gtt gtt cat tta act tgt act Asp Ala Thr Cys Leu Leu Asn Ser Gly Val Val His Leu Thr Cys Thr 490 495 500	1603
ggc ttt cag aag gag act ttg act ttt tta aag aaa tca ggt cca tca Gly Phe Gln Lys Glu Thr Leu Thr Phe Leu Lys Lys Ser Gly Pro Ser 505 510 515	1651
ctc aat gaa ctc att cct gat ggt tat aat cga tgt ctt gta gct ggc Leu Asn Glu Leu Ile Pro Asp Gly Tyr Asn Arg Cys Leu Val Ala Gly 520 525 530	1699
ctt ctt tcc cca aga ttt gtt gat gtt cag cct tcc agt tta agc caa Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Phe Val Asp Val Gln Pro Ser Ser Leu Ser Gln 535 540 545 550	1747
gaa gaa cag tta gaa gct ata ttg tca gca gca att cag act agt tcc Glu Glu Gln Leu Glu Ala Ile Leu Ser Ala Ala Ile Gln Thr Ser Ser 555 560 565	1795
ctg gga ctt ttg act ggt tat atc cga aga tgg ata aca gaa gaa caa Leu Gly Leu Leu Thr Gly Tyr Ile Arg Arg Trp Ile Thr Glu Glu Gln 570 575 580	1843
cca aat tct gcc act aat ttg cgc ttt gtt ctt gaa tgg acg tgg aat Pro Asn Ser Ala Thr Asn Leu Arg Phe Val Leu Glu Trp Thr Trp Asn 585 590 595	1891
aaa gtg gtt ctc aca aaa gag gaa ttt gac aga cta tgt gtg cca tta Lys Val Val Leu Thr Lys Glu Glu Phe Asp Arg Leu Cys Val Pro Leu 600 605 610	1939
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gtt ctt tgg ttc tct cat tct ggg ctt tta cca gaa ggc ata gat gat Val Leu Trp Phe Ser His Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Glu Gly Ile Asp Asp 680 685 690	2179
tct gtg cag ttg tca agg tta tgc tac aac tac cct gta att cag aac Ser Val Gln Leu Ser Arg Leu Cys Tyr Asn Tyr Pro Val Ile Gln Asn 695 700 705 710	2227
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tgg aat ccc gat tgc ttg atg att gat gga ctg gtt tct cag tta gga Trp Asn Pro Asp Cys Leu Met Ile Asp Gly Leu Val Ser Gln Leu Gly 730 735 740	2323
gag cga att gag aag ttg tgg aaa cga gat gaa gga ggc aca gga aaa Glu Arg Ile Glu Lys Leu Trp Lys Arg Asp Glu Gly Gly Thr Gly Lys 745 750 755	2371
tat cct cct gct agt ctg cat gca gta ctt gat atg tac cta tta gac Tyr Pro Pro Ala Ser Leu His Ala Val Leu Asp Met Tyr Leu Leu Asp 760 765 770	2419
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Phe	Ser	Glu	Leu	Asn	His	Leu	Ser	Pro	Val	Gln	Gly	Thr	Glu	Ala			
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Ser	Leu	Cys	Ala	Pro	Ser	Val	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Lys	Ile	Phe	Thr	Gln			
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Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Glu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ser	Val	Glu			
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acc	tac	acc	cct	gca	att	aga	gca	aat	gac	aat	aaa	tct	atg	gct			4486
Thr	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Ala	Ile	Arg	Ala	Asn	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ser	Met	Ala			
	1450					1455					1460						
gat	gtc	ctt	ggt	gat	ggt	gga	aac	tcc	tcg	ctc	act	atc	tct	gaa			4531
Asp	Val	Leu	Gly	Asp	Gly	Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr	Ile	Ser	Glu			
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Gly	Pro	Ile	Val	Ser	Glu	Arg	Arg	Leu	Asn	Gln	Glu	Val	Ala	Leu			
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aac	tta	aaa	gaa	gat	cat	gaa	gta	gaa	ggt	ggt	gta	cta	aaa	gaa			4621
Asn	Leu	Lys	Glu	Asp	His	Glu	Val	Glu	Val	Gly	Val	Leu	Lys	Glu			
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Ser	Val	Asp	Leu	Pro	Glu	Glu	Lys	Leu	Pro	Ile	Ser	Asp	Ser	Pro			
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Pro	Asp	Thr	Gln	Glu	Ile	His	Val	Ile	Glu	Gln	Glu	Lys	Leu	Glu			
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Ala	Gln	Asp	Ser	Gly	Glu	Glu	Ala	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ser	Phe	Asn	Glu			
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Ile	Asp	Gln	Gln	Phe	Cys	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asn	Lys	Asp	Thr	Ala			
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Glu	Cys	Asp	Ile	Ala	Glu	Val	Asp	Gly	Glu	Leu	Phe	Val	Ala	Gln			
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Ser	Asn	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Glu	Gly	Glu	Val	Glu			
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Pro	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ala	Ser	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Pro	Lys	Ala	Ala	Asn			
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His	Gly	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asn	Leu	Pro	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gln			
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Lys	Ser	Gln	Lys	Val	Asp	Thr	Leu	Pro	Tyr	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ile			
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Lys	Val	Ala	Ile	Ala	Glu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Asp	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Thr			
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Glu Thr	Ile Pro Leu Val Ser	Gln Asn Ile Met Cys	Pro Thr Lys	
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Leu Val	Lys Ser Ala Phe Lys	Thr Ala Gln Glu Thr	Ser Thr Met	
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Thr Met	Asn Val Ser Gln Val	Asp Asp Val Val Ser	Ser Lys Thr	
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Arg Thr	Arg Gly Gln Arg Ile	Gln Asn Val Asn Val	Lys Ser Ala	
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Gln Gln	Glu Ala Ser Ala Asp	Val Ala Thr Pro Lys	Met Pro Gly	
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Gln Ser	Val Arg Lys Lys Thr	Arg Lys Ala Lys Glu	Ile Ser Glu	
1780		1785	1790	
gct tct	gaa aac atc tat tct	gat gtc aga gga cta	ttt cag aac	5521
Ala Ser	Glu Asn Ile Tyr Ser	Asp Val Arg Gly Leu	Phe Gln Asn	
1795		1800	1805	
cag caa	ata cct caa aat tct	gtt acg cct agg aga	gga agg aga	5566
Gln Gln	Ile Pro Gln Asn Ser	Val Thr Pro Arg Arg	Gly Arg Arg	
1810		1815	1820	
aag aaa	gaa gtt aat cag gac	ata cta gaa aac acc	agt tct gtg	5611
Lys Lys	Glu Val Asn Gln Asp	Ile Leu Glu Asn Thr	Ser Ser Val	
1825		1830	1835	
gaa caa	gaa tta cag atc act	aca ggt agg gaa tca	aaa aga tta	5656
Glu Gln	Glu Leu Gln Ile Thr	Thr Gly Arg Glu Ser	Lys Arg Leu	
1840		1845	1850	
aaa tca	tct cag ctg ttg gaa	cca gca gtt gaa gaa	act act aaa	5701
Lys Ser	Ser Gln Leu Leu Glu	Pro Ala Val Glu Glu	Thr Thr Lys	
1855		1860	1865	
aaa gaa	gtt aag gtt tca tct	gtt aca aaa agg act	cct aga aga	5746
Lys Glu	Val Lys Val Ser Ser	Val Thr Lys Arg Thr	Pro Arg Arg	
1870		1875	1880	
att aaa	aga tct gta gaa aat	cag gaa agt gtt gaa	att ata aat	5791
Ile Lys	Arg Ser Val Glu Asn	Gln Glu Ser Val Glu	Ile Ile Asn	
1885		1890	1895	
gat cta	aaa gtt agt acg gta	aca agt cct agc aga	atg atc aga	5836
Asp Leu	Lys Val Ser Thr Val	Thr Ser Pro Ser Arg	Met Ile Arg	
1900		1905	1910	
aaa ttg	aga agt act aat tta	gat gct tct gaa aat	aca gga aat	5881
Lys Leu	Arg Ser Thr Asn Leu	Asp Ala Ser Glu Asn	Thr Gly Asn	
1915		1920	1925	
aag caa	gat gat aaa tcc agt	gac aag cag ctg cgt	att aaa cat	5926
Lys Gln	Asp Asp Lys Ser Ser	Asp Lys Gln Leu Arg	Ile Lys His	
1930		1935	1940	
gtt aga	agg gtc aga ggg aga	gaa gtt agt cca tca	gat gtg aga	5971
Val Arg	Arg Val Arg Gly Arg	Glu Val Ser Pro Ser	Asp Val Arg	
1945		1950	1955	
gaa gac	tcc aac ctt gag tca	tct cag ttg act gtt	caa gca gaa	6016
Glu Asp	Ser Asn Leu Glu Ser	Ser Gln Leu Thr Val	Gln Ala Glu	
1960		1965	1970	
ttt gat	atg tct gcc ata cct	aga aaa cgt ggt aga	cca aga aaa	6061
Phe Asp	Met Ser Ala Ile Pro	Arg Lys Arg Gly Arg	Pro Arg Lys	
1975		1980	1985	
atc aat	cca tct gaa gat gta	gga tct aag gct gtt	aag gaa gag	6106

-continued

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ttttatgtaa acagaaggtc ttcaataagt aaagtaactc catatggagt gattgtttca 7092
gtccagggcaa tttttctatt ttatattaag acttcataca tttatatatg taaatatggc 7152
ttattaatgg aatgttaaat aaaatgtata cttctcaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 7212
aaa 7215

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<210> SEQ ID NO 16
<211> LENGTH: 9
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: Synthetically generated peptide

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<400> SEQUENCE: 16

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Met Ala Ala Glu Arg Arg Cys Gly Ser
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What is claimed is:

1. A purified polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14.

2. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide consists of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14.

3. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence encoded by position 98 to 6922 of the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15.

4. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14 fused to a peptide or protein selected from the group consisting of FLAG, 6xHis, 10xHis, Influenza agglutinin (HA), human c-myc fragment, VSV-GP fragment, p18HIV fragment, T7-tag, HSV-tag, E-tag, SV40T antigen fragment, lck tag, α -tubulin fragment, B-tag, Protein C fragment, GST (glutathione-S-transferase), immunoglobulin constant region, β -galactosidase and MBP (maltose-binding protein).

5. A purified polypeptide comprising a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14, wherein the fragment is at least 10% of the length of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14.

6. The polypeptide of claim 5, wherein the fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14 is fused to a peptide or protein selected from the group consisting of FLAG, 6xHis, 10xHis, Influenza HA, human c-myc fragment, VSV-GP fragment, p18HIV fragment, T7-tag, HSV-tag, E-tag, SV40T antigen fragment, lck tag, α -tubulin fragment, B-tag, Protein C fragment, GST, immunoglobulin constant region, β -galactosidase and MBP.

7. A purified polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence from position 1 to 1137 of SEQ ID NO: 14.

8. The polypeptide of claim 7, wherein the polypeptide consists of a fragment of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14, the fragment comprising the amino acid sequence from position 1 to 1137 of SEQ ID NO: 14.

9. The polypeptide of claim 7, wherein the polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence from position 1 to 1137 of SEQ ID NO: 14 fused to a peptide or protein selected from the group consisting of FLAG, 6xHis, 10xHis, Influenza HA, human c-myc fragment, VSV-GP fragment, p18HIV fragment, T7-tag, HSV-tag, E-tag, SV40T antigen fragment, lck tag, α -tubulin fragment, B-tag, Protein C fragment, GST, immunoglobulin constant region, β -galactosidase and MBP.

10. A purified polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence from position 1684 to 2266 of SEQ ID NO: 14.

11. The polypeptide of claim 10, wherein the polypeptide consists of a fragment of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14, the fragment comprising the amino acid sequence from position 1684 to 2266 of SEQ ID NO: 14.

12. The polypeptide of claim 10, wherein the polypeptide comprises the amino acid sequence from position 1684 to 2266 of SEQ ID NO: 14 fused to a peptide or protein selected from the group consisting of FLAG, 6xHis, 10xHis, Influenza HA, human c-myc fragment, VSV-GP fragment, p18HIV fragment, T7-tag, HSV-tag, E-tag, SV40T antigen fragment, lck tag, α -tubulin fragment, B-tag, Protein C fragment, GST, immunoglobulin constant region, β -galactosidase and MBP.

13. A purified polypeptide consisting of a fragment of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14, wherein the fragment is at least 10% of the length of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14.

* * * * *