Title: A DIE HOLDER DEVICE FOR OILFIELD USE AND METHOD FOR UTILIZING THE SAME

Abstract: A die holder device for oilfield use and a method for operating same where a die holder (34), that has an axial centre line (40), is adapted to receive a clamp die (24) and where the die holder (34) is included in a clamp arm (12, 16) or slide block (20), wherein the die holder (34) is restricted from axial movement by at least a first complete or partial conical surface (48) or a second complete or partial conical surface (54) that directly or indirectly bears against the clamp arm (12, 16) or the slide block (20).
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A die holder device for oilfield use and method for utilizing the same

There is provided a die holder device. More precisely there is provided a die holder device for oilfield use where a die holder, that has an axial centre line, is adapted to receive a clamp die and where the die holder is included in a clamp arm or slide block. The invention also includes a method for utilizing the holder device.

The areas of interface between a die and a clamp arm or slide block fixture is generally an area subjected to substantial loadings and multiple load cycles. Industry standard dies often have dovetail cross section. The dovetail corners are generally areas where material stress and fatigue are of particular concern.

The clamp arms and slide blocks will typically be highly loaded parts cast, forged or machined from high strength materials. The fabrication and replacement costs for clamp arms and slide blocks may therefore be relatively high.

The purpose of the invention is to overcome or reduce at least one of the disadvantages of the prior art.

The purpose is achieved according to the invention by the features as disclosed in the description below and in the following patent claims.

According to a first aspect of the invention there is provided a die holder device for oilfield use where a die holder, that has an axial centre line, is adapted to receive a clamp die and where the die holder is included in a clamp arm or slide block, wherein the die holder is restricted from axial movement by at least a first conical surface or a second conical surface that directly or indirectly bears against the clamp arm or the slide block.

By utilizing at least one conical surface for the restriction of axial movement of the die holder a none clearance fit also in a radial direction between the die holder and the clamp arm or slide block may be achieved by use of relatively simple means that are detailed in the special part of the specification.
It is of importance that the clamp arm or slide block has complementary conical surfaces to the first conical surface and to the second conical surface.

The first conical surface and the second conical surface may oppose each other in order to achieve the best possible connection between the die holder and the clamp arm or slide block.

The first conical surface may be positioned at a first end portion of the die holder while the second conical surface may be positioned at a second end portion of the die holder.

For the greatest stability of the connection between the die holder and the clamp arm or slide block it is an advantage to have the two conical surfaces spaced as far apart as possible.

The second conical surface may be positioned on a clamp element that is connected to the die holder. Thus the clamp element may be tightened in the axial direction relative the die holder to achieve a satisfactory pretension of the die holder.

The clamp element may have the form of a nut that is threaded on the die holder.

The axial centre line of the die holder may at least at one working range position have the same direction as an axial centre line of a strut spanning between the die holder and an actuator of the die holder. The strut has a connection to the die holder that renders the strut tiltable relative the die holder.

At this position, the full clamping force from the actuator is transferred to the die as only negligible forces from the actuator are transferred into the clamp arm or slide block. With respect to the slide block this situation may always be present, while the hinge action of the clamp arm will swing the centre line of the die holder somewhat out of line relative the centre line of the strut over the working range of the clamp arm.

Clamp forces are not taken through the clamp arm or slide block material something that results in reduced stresses. The clamp arm or slide block holding the die holder is thus substantially isolated from the forces transferred from the actuator to the die.

The axial centre line of the die holder may at least at one working range position coincide with the axial centre line of the strut between the die holder and the actuator of the die holder. Such a situation is readily achievable for the die holder in the slide block.
According to a second aspect of the invention there is provided a method for utilizing a die holder device for oilfield use where a die holder, that has an axial centre line, is adapted to receive a clamp die and where the die holder is included in a clamp arm or slide block, wherein the method includes restricting the die holder from axial movement by letting at least a first conical surface or a second conical surface that directly or indirectly bears against the clamp arm or the slide block.

The method may further include letting the first conical surface and the second conical surface oppose each other.

The method may further include letting the second conical surface be positioned on a clamp element that is connected to the die holder.

The method may further include letting the clamp element be screwable on the die holder.

The method may further include letting the axial centre line of the die holder at least at one working range position have the same direction as an axial centre line of a strut between the die holder and an actuator of the die holder.

The method further may include letting the axial centre line of the die holder at least at one working range position coincide with the axial centre line of the strut between the die holder and the actuator of the die holder.

The separate die holder allows replacement of highly loaded parts without the cost of complete clamp arm or slide block replacement. It also provides for quick swap of die types as the fixing for the die is in the exchangeable die holder.

Below, an example of a preferred device and method is explained under reference to the enclosed drawings, where:

Fig. 1 shows in perspective a power tong having die holders according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 shows a section I-I in fig. 1; and

Fig. 3 shows to a greater scale a section II-II from fig. 2.

On the drawings the reference number 1 denotes a power tong that is gripping a pipe 2. In figs. 1 and 2 the power tong 1 is shown without necessary fixings, power and control lines that are well known to a person skilled in the art.
The tong 1 has a body 4 that is made up of an upper part 6 and a lower part 8. The upper and lower parts 6, 8 are spaced apart and joined by side parts 10. Upper and lower refers to operational positions of the tong 1.

The tong 1 has a first clamp arm 12 that is hinged on a first pivot pin 14, a second clamp arm 16 that is hinged about a second pivot pin 18 and a slide block 20 that is movable in a slide 22 in the body 4. Both the pivot pins 14, 18 are fixed in the body 4.

The first and second clamp arms 12, 16 and the slide block 20 each carry a die 24 that is designed to grip the pipe 2.

In one embodiment the first clamp arm 12 is connected to a first clamp actuator 26 via a "dog bone" formed strut 28. Similarly, the second clamp arm 16 and the slide block 20 are connected to a second clamp actuator 30 and a third clamp actuator 32 respectively.

The clamp actuators 26, 30, 32 are designed to move their respective first clamp arm 12, the second clamp arm 16 and the slide block 20 inside their working range from a retracted idle position to an extended active position where the dies 24 may grip a pipe 2 of sizes within the designed range of the tong 1. In fig. 2 the tong 1 is in its activated position.

Each die 24 is fixed to a die holder 34. A section of the die holder 34 that is positioned in the first clamp arm 12 is shown in fig. 3. The die holders 34 of the second clamp arm 16 and the slide block 20 may preferably be of the same design as the die holder 34.

The die holder 34 has a cylindrical hosing 36 that extends in a through going bore 38 in the first clamp arm 12. At its first end portion 44 of the die holder 34 where the die 24 is connected via a dovetail connection 46, the die holder 34 has an outside first conical surface 48 facing away from the first end portion 44. The first conical surface 48 bears against an arm first conical surface 50.

At a second end portion 52 of the die holder 34 an outside second conical surface 54 that faces away from the second end portion 52 bears against an arm second conical surface 56. The second conical surface 54 is part of a nut 58 that is fixed to the die holder 34 via threads 60. The direction of the first and second conical surfaces 50, 54 is chosen to give an as straight line as possible between an axial centre line 40 of the die holder 34 and an axial centre line 42 of the strut 28.
The first and second conical surfaces 50, 54 may be in the form of a complete or partial conical surface.

The strut 28 has a spherical end portion 62. The end portion 62 is positioned in a bore 64 in the die holder 34 between a main bearing 66 and a return bearing 68. The return bearing 68 is kept in position by support ring 70 and a lock ring 72.

Tightening the nut 58 to give the die holder 34 a desired pretension will keep the complementary conical surfaces 48, 50 and 54, 56 in contact and prevent loosening of the nut 58. Tangential forces originating from the die 24 acting on said conical surfaces 48, 50, 54, 56 will provide compression between the die holder 34 and the first clamp arms 12, 16 or the slide block 20 without any movement between the die holder 34 and the respective clamp arms 12, 16, or slide block 20. The feature secures that the contact is kept steady under load and reduces stress concentrations in the respective clamp arms 12, 16 or slide block 20.

The forces from the clamp actuators 26, 30 or 32 are not passed through the clamp arms 12, 16 or the slide block 20 respectively. The axial centre line 40 of the die holder 34 is at least at one working range position in parallel with the axial centre line 42 of the strut 28.
CLAIMS

1. A die holder device for oilfield use, the die holder device comprising:
   - a die holder (34) having an axial centre line (40), the die holder (34) being adapted to receive a clamp die (24); and
   - a clamp arm (12, 16) or a slide block (20) in which the die holder (34) is provided, characterized in that the die holder (34) is formed with at least one conical surface (48, 54) complementary fitting to a conical surface (50, 56) on the clamp arm (12, 16) or slide block (20), the complementary fitting conical surfaces (48, 50, 54, 56) being adapted to restrict the die holder (34) from axial movement.

2. A die holder device according to claim 1, wherein the die holder is formed with a first conical surface (48) and a second conical surface (54), the first and second conical surface (48, 54) fitting complementary to a first conical surface (50) and a second conical surface (56), respectively, on the clamp arm (12, 16) or slide block (20).

3. A die holder device according to claim 2, wherein the first conical surface (48) and the second conical surface (54) are opposing each other.

4. A die holder device according to claim 2 or 3, wherein the first conical surface (48) is positioned at a first end portion (44) of the die holder (34).

5. A die holder device according to claim 2, 3, or 4, wherein the second conical surface (54) is positioned at a second end portion (52) of the die holder (34).

6. A die holder device according to any of the claims 2-5, wherein the second conical surface (54) is positioned on a clamp element that is connected to the die holder (34).

7. A die holder device according to claim 6, wherein the clamp element is a nut (58).

8. A die holder device according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the axial centre line (40) of the die holder (34) at least at one working range position has the same direction as an axial centre line (42) of a strut (28) spanning between the die holder (34) and an actuator (26, 30, 32) of the die holder (34).

9. A die holder device according to claim 8, wherein the axial centre line (40) of the die holder (34) at least at one working range position coincide with the axial
centre line (42) of the strut (28) between the die holder (34) and the actuator (26, 30, 32) of the die holder (34).

10. A method for utilizing a die holder device according to claim 1, characterized in that method includes
- restricting the die holder (34) from axial movement by letting the at least one conical surface (48, 54) on the die holder (34) bear against a complementary fitting conical surface (50, 56) on the clamp arm (12, 16) or the slide block (20).

11. A method according to claim 10, wherein the method further includes letting a first conical surface (48) on the die holder (34) and a second conical surface (54) on the die holder (34) oppose each other.

12. A method according to claim 11, wherein the method further includes letting the second conical surface (54) be positioned on a clamp element that is connected to the die holder (34).

13. A method according to claim 12, wherein the method further includes letting the clamp element be screwable on the die holder (34).

14. A method according to claim 11, 12, or 13, wherein the method further includes letting the axial centre line (40) of the die holder (34) at least at one working range position have the same direction as an axial centre line (42) of a strut (28) between the die holder (34) and an actuator (26, 30, 32) of the die holder (34).

15. A method according to any of the claims 11-14, wherein the method further includes letting the axial centre line (40) of the die holder (34) at least at one working range position coincide with the axial centre line (42) of the strut (28) between the die holder (34) and the actuator (26, 30, 32) of the die holder (34).
### DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

See patent family annex.

- **A** document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- **E** earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date
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