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[54] IMIDAZO [1,2-B]PYRIDAZINE DERIVATIVES AS KINASE INHIBITORS 作為激酶抑制劑的咪唑並 [1,2-B]噻嗪衍生物

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(54) **IMIDAZO[1,2-b]PYRIDAZINE DERIVATIVES AS KINASE INHIBITORS**

IMIDAZO[1,2-b]PYRIDAZINDERIVATE ALS KINASEHEMMER

DÉRIVÉS D'IMIDAZO[1,2-b]PYRIDAZINE COMME INHIBITEURS DE KINASE

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Description

Technical Field

5 **[0001]** The present invention relates to compounds having a particular chemical structure or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof which have a potent inhibitory effect to ROS1 kinase and NTRK kinase.

Background Art

10 **[0002]** The ROS1 gene encodes receptor tyrosine kinase discovered as a human ortholog of the cancer gene product v-ros of avian sarcoma virus UR2 (University of Rochester tumor virus 2) (Non Patent Reference 1). The ROS1 fusion gene resulting from the chromosomal rearrangement containing the ROS1 gene and the subsequent fusion of the ROS1 gene to another gene was discovered in a glioblastoma cell line U118MG. In the U118MG cells, a gene encoding a Golgi protein FIG (fused in glioblastoma) is fused with the ROS1 gene to form a gene encoding FIG-ROS1 fusion protein (Non Patent Reference 2). The fusion between FIG and ROS1 causes structural change that constitutively activates ROS1 kinase enzyme activity, and the FIG-ROS1 fusion protein has cell transformation activity and tumorigenic activity mediated by the activation of the ROS1 signaling pathway involving STAT3, ERK, and SHP2 (Non Patent References 3 and 4).

15 **[0003]** The chromosomal translocation of the ROS1 gene has also been identified in a non-small cell lung cancer cell line HCC78 and clinical specimens of lung cancers. The fusion gene of the SLC34A2 gene and the ROS1 gene has been reported in the HCC78 cells, while the presence of the transmembrane protein-encoding CD74-ROS1 fusion gene of the CD74 gene and the ROS1 gene has been reported in non-small cell lung cancer patient specimens (Non Patent Reference 5). The fusion gene of the FIG gene and the ROS1 gene has been found in 2 out of 23 patient specimens of bile duct cancer (Non Patent Reference 6).

20 **[0004]** The large-scale screening of patient specimens using FISH (fluorescent in situ hybridization) has identified fusion genes of the ROS1 gene with SDC, CD74, EZR, SLC34A2, LRIG3, or TPM3. Any of the ROS1 fusion genes SDC-ROS1, CD74-ROS1, EZR-ROS1, SLC34A2-ROS1, LRIG3-ROS1, and TPM3-ROS1 have been detected in 13 out of 1476 non-small cell lung cancer patient specimens (Non Patent Reference 7).

25 **[0005]** Likewise, the large-scale screening of non-small cell lung cancer patient specimens using FISH has found the ROS1 fusion gene in 18 out of 1073 cases (Non Patent Reference 8). In addition, analysis using patient specimens has showed that the ROS1 gene is highly expressed in brain tumor (Non Patent References 1 and 9).

30 **[0006]** ROS1 has been shown to be activated in cancer expressing the ROS1 fusion gene (e.g., non-small cell lung cancer, bile duct cancer, or brain tumor) (Non Patent References 5 and 6). Thus, a drug that inhibits ROS1 kinase activity can block the downstream of the ROS1 pathway, i.e. STAT3, ERK, SHP2, which contribute the tumor growth and tumor cell survival. Therefore, ROS1 is expected to be useful as a therapeutic drug for cancer (Non Patent References 1, 6, and 8). Compounds such as crizotinib (Non Patent Reference 8), TAE684 (Non Patent Reference 6), pyrazole derivatives (Non Patent References 10 and 11), and aminopyrazine derivatives (Patent Reference 1) have been reported to have a ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect. These compounds, however, differ in structure from the compounds of the present invention.

35 **[0007]** Neurotrophic tyrosine kinase receptor, also called tropomyosin-related kinase (Trk), is a high-affinity receptor that is activated by a soluble growth factor called neurotrophin (NT). The NTRK receptor family has three members: NTRK1 (also called TrkA), NTRK2 (also called TrkB), and NTRK3 (also called TrkC).

40 **[0008]** NT includes a plurality of proteins as follows: a nerve growth factor (NGF) which activates NTRK1, a brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) and NT-4/5 which activate NTRK2, and NT3 which activates NTRK3. Each NTRK receptor contains an extracellular domain (ligand-binding site), a transmembrane domain, and an intracellular domain (containing a kinase domain). Upon binding to a ligand, each kinase catalyzes autophosphorylation and then activates the downstream signal transduction pathway.

45 **[0009]** NTRK is widely expressed in nerve tissues during their development period and plays an important role for the maintenance and survival of these cells. The previous study shows that NTRK plays an important role in both the development and function of the nervous system (Non Patent Reference 12).

50 **[0010]** A large number of references state that NTRK signal transduction is associated with cancer. For example, NTRK exists at a low expression level in regions other than the nervous system in adult humans, whereas the expression of NTRK is increased at the late stage of prostate cancer. In normal prostate tissues and androgen-dependent prostate tumor at the early state, NTRK1 is expressed only at a low level or an undetectable level, but neither NTRK2 nor NTRK3 is expressed. In androgen-independent prostate cancer at the late stage, however, all isoforms of the NTRK receptors and their ligands are overexpressed. The evidence shows that these late-stage prostate cancer cells depend on NTRK for their tumor survival. Thus, NTRK inhibitors may induce apoptosis for androgen-independent prostate cancer (Non Patent Reference 13). In addition, recent references also show that the overexpression, activation, amplification, fusion gene formation, or mutation of NTRK is related to neuroblastoma (Non Patent Reference 14), secretory breast cancer

(Non Patent Reference 15), colorectal cancer (Non Patent Reference 16), ovary cancer (Non Patent Reference 17), head and neck cancer (Non Patent Reference 18), pancreatic cancer (Non Patent Reference 19), and melanoma (Non Patent Reference 20).

5 **[0011]** Selective NTRK tyrosine kinase inhibitors have been reported, including CEP-751, CEP-701 (Non Patent Reference 21), indolocarbazole compounds (Patent Reference 2), oxindole compounds (Patent References 3 and 4), pyrazolyl condensed-ring compounds (Patent Reference 5), isothiazole compounds (Non Patent Reference 22), and other various compounds (Patent References 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10). These compounds, however, differ in structure from the compound of the present invention.

10 **[0012]** Lck inhibitors (Patent Reference 11), PKC inhibitors (Patent References 12 and 13), NTRK inhibitors (Patent References 14 and 15) and Pim kinase inhibitors (Patent Reference 16) are known as compounds having an imidazopyridazine skeleton. Nevertheless, none of the known compounds having an imidazopyridazine skeleton exhibit ROS1 kinase enzyme inhibitory activity and NTRK inhibitory activity.

Citation List

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Patent Reference 4: WO02/20513
Patent Reference 5: Japanese Patent Laid-Open No. 15-231687
25 Patent Reference 6: WO2005/049033
Patent Reference 7: WO2005/103010
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30 Patent Reference 11: WO2007/013673
Patent Reference 12: WO2007/025540
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Patent Reference 15: WO2012/125667
35 Patent Reference 16: WO2008/052734

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[0014]

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45 Non Patent Reference 5: Cell, 131, 1190-1203 (2007)
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Non Patent Reference 9: Cancer Res., 69, 2180-2184 (2009)
50 Non Patent Reference 10: Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 19, 4720-4723 (2009)
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Non Patent Reference 20: Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 128, 2031-2040 (2008)
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Non Patent Reference 22: Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett., 16, 3444-3448 (2006)

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Summary of Invention

Technical Problem

10 **[0015]** An object of the present invention is to provide a novel low-molecular-weight compound that has a potent ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect and NTRK kinase enzyme inhibitory activity and exhibits an antitumor effect.

Solution to Problem

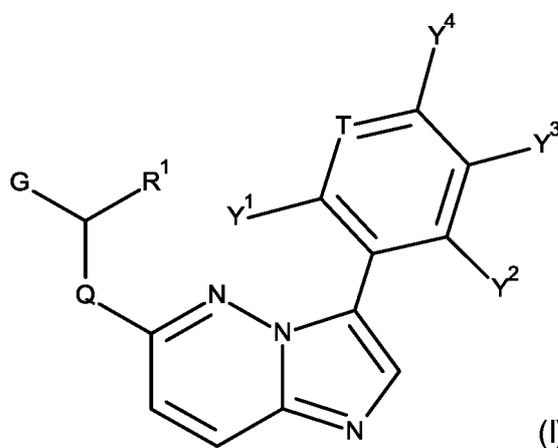
15 **[0016]** The present invention relates to the following (1) to (47) :

(1) A compound represented by the general formula (I) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof:

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wherein

R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a fluoro-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group;
Q represents an oxygen atom or R^aN, wherein

R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group;

40

G represents a phenyl group or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom, wherein the 5-membered heteroaryl group optionally has 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a dihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and the phenyl group and the 6-membered heteroaryl group each optionally have 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group;

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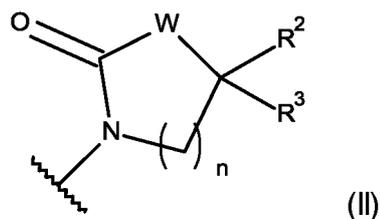
T represents a nitrogen atom or CR^b, wherein

50

R^b represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, or a cyano group;
Y¹ and Y² each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, or a cyano group; and

Y³ and Y⁴ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a group selected from group A described below, or a group represented by the following formula (II):

55



wherein

W represents an oxygen atom or CR^cR^d, wherein

R^c and R^d each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or an amino group, or

R^c and R^d optionally form a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group together with the carbon atom bonded to R^c and R^d; n

represents 0, 1, or 2;

R² and R³ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an amino group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, an amino-

C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, or a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group,

provided that any one of Y³ and Y⁴ inevitably represents a hydrogen atom, and the other group represents a

group other than a hydrogen atom,

group A: -O-M, -S-M, and -NH-M,

where M represents a C₁-C₆ alkyl group having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group B

described below, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having

one nitrogen atom in the ring, or a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having 1 or 2 substituents

independently selected from group D described below and having one nitrogen atom in the ring,

group B: an amino group, a hydroxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a C₃-C₆

cycloalkylamino group, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a 4- to 6-

membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring, and a 6-membered aliphatic

heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom and one oxygen atom in the ring,

the 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring and the 6-membered

aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom and one oxygen atom in the ring each optionally

having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group C described below,

group C: a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and

group D: an amino group and a halogen atom.

(2) A compound according to (1) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Q represents an oxygen atom.

(3) A compound according to (1) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Q represents R^aN, wherein

R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

(4) A compound according to any one of (1) to (3) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the

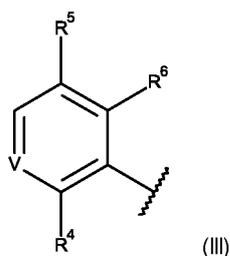
formula (I),

Y³ represents a hydrogen atom.

(5) A compound according to any one of (1) to (4) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the

formula (I),

G is represented by the following formula (III):



wherein

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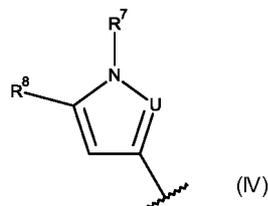
V represents CR^e or a nitrogen atom; and

R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R^e each independently represent a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom,

(provided that when V represents CR^e, at least one of R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R^e represents a hydrogen atom.

(6) A compound according to any one of (1) to (4) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

G is represented by the following formula (IV):



wherein

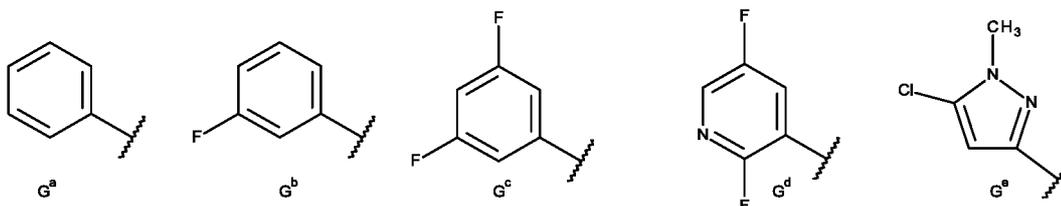
U represents a nitrogen atom or CH;

R⁷ represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group; and

R⁸ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a halogen atom.

(7) A compound according to any one of (1) to (4) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

G is any of the following G^a to G^e:



(8) A compound according to any one of (1) to (7) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Y⁴ represents a group selected from group A¹:

group A¹: -O-M¹, -S-M¹, and -NH-M¹,

where M¹ represents a C₁-C₆ alkyl group having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group B¹ described below, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring, or a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group substituted by 1 or 2 halogen atoms and having one nitrogen atom in the ring, group B¹: an amino group, a hydroxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a C₃-C₆ cycloalkylamino group, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, and a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring,

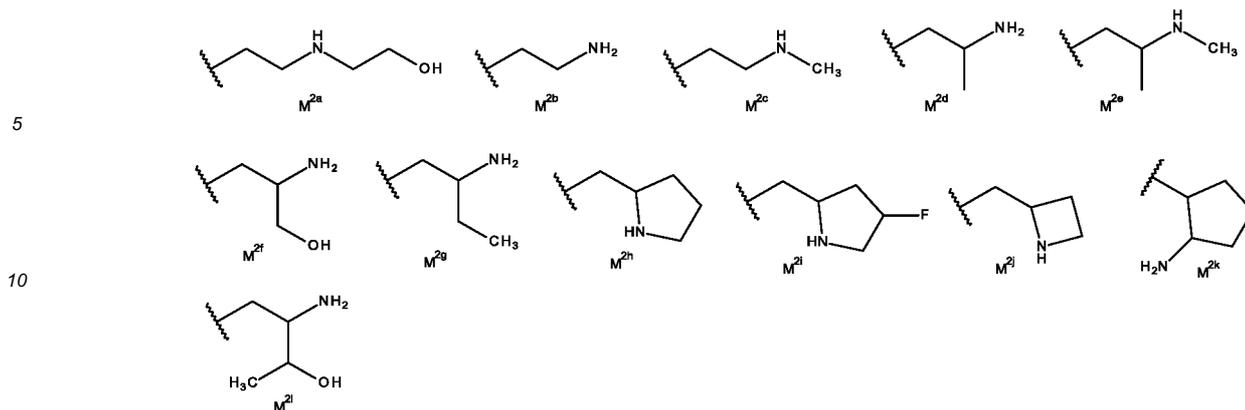
the 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring optionally having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group C¹ described below, and

group C¹: a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

(9) A compound according to any one of (1) to (7) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Y⁴ represents -O-M², wherein

M² is any of the following M^{2a} to M²¹:



(10) A compound according to any one of (1) to (7) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Y⁴ is represented by the following formula (V):



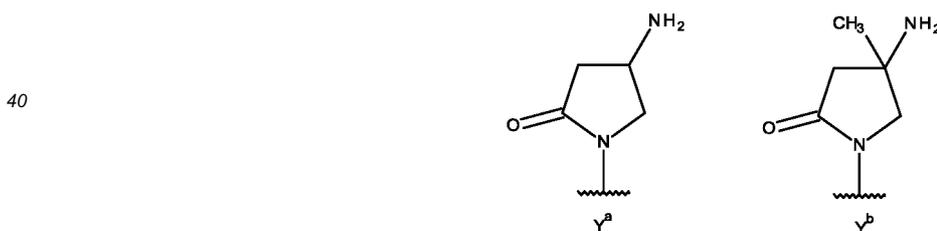
wherein

n represents 1 or 2; and

R²¹ and R³¹ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an amino group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, an amino-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group.

(11) A compound according to any one of (1) to (7) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Y⁴ is the following Y^a or Y^b:



(12) Any one compound or pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof selected from the following group:

N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[[[(2S)-azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[(2S)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-
 one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-
 one, and

(4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-methoxyphenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.

- 5 (13) N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine.
 (14) 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine.
 (15) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.
 (16) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.
 10 (17) N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine maleate.
 (18) N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine adipate.
 (19) 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine methanesulfonate.
 15 (20) 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine adipate.
 (21) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzenesulfonate.
 (22) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one hydrochloride.
 20 (23) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one adipate.
 (24) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one lactate.
 (25) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzoate.
 25 (26) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzenesulfonate.
 (27) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one adipate.
 30 (28) (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one camphorate.
 (29) A ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitor comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (30) An NTRK kinase enzyme activity inhibitor comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 35 (31) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (32) An antitumor agent comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 40 (33) An antitumor agent according to (32), wherein the tumor is hematological malignant tumor (leukemia, lymphoma, or multiple myeloma), brain tumor, head and neck cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, appendix cancer, colon cancer, anus cancer, gallbladder cancer, bile duct cancer, pancreatic cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, lung cancer, liver cancer, mesothelioma, thyroid cancer, kidney cancer, prostate cancer, neuroendocrine tumor, melanoma, breast cancer, uterine body cancer, uterine cervical cancer, ovary cancer, osteosarcoma, soft tissue sarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, myosarcoma, urinary bladder cancer, or testicular cancer.
 45 (34) A therapeutic agent for a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (35) A therapeutic agent for a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of NTRK gene, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 50 (36) A therapeutic agent for a tumor having a detectable expression of ROS1 fusion gene, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (37) A therapeutic agent for a tumor having a detectable expression of NTRK fusion gene, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (38) A therapeutic agent for a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of ROS1 kinase enzyme activity, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 55 (39) A therapeutic agent for a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of NTRK kinase enzyme activity, comprising a compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.
 (40) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating

a tumour.

(41) A compound for use according to (40), wherein the tumor is hematological malignant tumor (leukemia, lymphoma, or multiple myeloma), brain tumor, head and neck cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, appendix cancer, colon cancer, anus cancer, gallbladder cancer, bile duct cancer, pancreatic cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, lung cancer, liver cancer, mesothelioma, thyroid cancer, prostate cancer, neuroendocrine tumor, melanoma, breast cancer, uterine body cancer, uterine cervical cancer, ovary cancer, osteosarcoma, soft tissue sarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, myosarcoma, kidney cancer, urinary bladder cancer, or testicular cancer.

(42) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene.

(43) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of NTRK gene.

(44) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable expression of ROS1 fusion gene.

(45) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable expression of NTRK fusion gene.

(46) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of ROS1 kinase enzyme activity.

(47) A compound according to any one of (1) to (28) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of NTRK kinase enzyme activity.

Advantageous Effects of Invention

[0017] The compounds of the present invention or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof have a potent ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect and NTRK kinase enzyme inhibitory activity and suppress cell growth. Thus, the compounds of the present invention or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof are useful as antitumor agents, particularly, therapeutic agents for a tumor such as hematological malignant tumor (leukemia, lymphoma, or multiple myeloma), brain tumor, head and neck cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, appendix cancer, colon cancer, anus cancer, gallbladder cancer, bile duct cancer, pancreatic cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, lung cancer, liver cancer, mesothelioma, thyroid cancer, prostate cancer, neuroendocrine tumor, melanoma, breast cancer, uterine body cancer, uterine cervical cancer, ovary cancer, osteosarcoma, soft tissue sarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, myosarcoma, kidney cancer, urinary bladder cancer, and testicular cancer. The compounds of the present invention or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof are effective as therapeutic drugs for tumors having a detectable increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene and/or having a detectable expression of ROS1 fusion gene, or tumors having a detectable increase in the expression level of NTRK gene and/or having a detectable expression of NTRK fusion gene, among these tumors.

Description of Embodiments

[0018] In the present invention, "halogen atom" refers to a fluorine atom, a chlorine atom, a bromine atom, or an iodine atom.

[0019] In the present invention, "C₁-C₆ alkyl group" refers to a linear or branched alkyl group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms. Examples thereof include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an isopropyl group, a butyl group, an isobutyl group, a s-butyl group, a t-butyl group, a pentyl group, an isopentyl group, a 2-methylbutyl group, a neopentyl group, a 1-ethylpropyl group, a hexyl group, an isohexyl group, and a 4-methylpentyl group.

[0020] In the present invention, "C₁-C₆ alkoxy group" refers to a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group formed from the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group. Examples thereof include a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a n-propoxy group, an isopropoxy group, a butoxy group, an isobutoxy group, a s-butoxy group, a t-butoxy group, a pentoxy group, an isopentoxy group, a 2-methylbutoxy group, hexyloxy, and an isohexyloxy group.

[0021] In the present invention, "amino-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by one amino group. Examples thereof include an aminomethyl group, a 1-aminoethyl group, a 2-aminoethyl group, a 1-aminopropyl group, a 2-aminopropyl group, a 3-aminopropyl group, a 1-aminobutyl group, a 2-aminobutyl group, a 3-aminobutyl group, and a 4-aminobutyl group.

[0022] In the present invention, "halo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by one above-described halogen atom. Examples thereof include a fluoromethyl group, a chloromethyl group, a bromomethyl group, a 2-fluoroethyl group, a 2-chloroethyl group, a 3-fluoropropyl group, and a 3-chloropropyl group.

[0023] In the present invention, "fluoro-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by one fluorine atom. Examples thereof include a fluoromethyl group, a 2-fluoroethyl group, and a 3-fluoropropyl group.

[0024] In the present invention, "dihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by two identical or different above-described halogen atoms. Examples thereof include a difluoromethyl group, a dichlo-

romethyl group, a dibromomethyl group, a 2,2-difluoroethyl group, a 2,2-dichloroethyl group, a 3,3-difluoropropyl group, and a 3,3-dichloropropyl group.

[0025] In the present invention, "trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by three identical or different above-described halogen atoms. Examples thereof include a trifluoromethyl group, a trichloromethyl group, a tribromomethyl group, a 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl group, a 2,2,2-trichloroethyl group, a 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl group, and a 3,3,3-trichloropropyl group.

[0026] In the present invention, examples of a "C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group" include a cyclopropyl group, a cyclobutyl group, a cyclopentyl group, and a cyclohexyl group.

[0027] In the present invention, "C₁-C₆ alkylamino group" means an amino group substituted by one above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group. Examples thereof include a methylamino group, an ethylamino group, a propylamino group, an isopropylamino group, a butylamino group, an isobutylamino group, a s-butylamino group, a t-butylamino group, a pentylamino group, an isopentylamino group, a 2-methylbutylamino group, a neopentylamino group, a 1-ethylpropylamino group, a hexylamino group, and an isohexylamino group.

[0028] In the present invention, "di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group" means an amino group substituted by two identical or different above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl groups. Examples thereof include a dimethylamino group, a diethylamino group, a dipropylamino group, a diisopropylamino group, a dibutylamino group, a diisobutylamino group, a dipentylamino group, a dineopentylamino group, a dihexylamino group, a N-ethyl-N-methylamino group, a N-methyl-N-propylamino group, a N-isopropyl-N-methylamino group, a N-butyl-N-methylamino group, a N-isobutyl-N-methylamino group, a N-ethyl-N-propylamino group, a N-ethyl-N-isopropylamino group, a N-butyl-N-ethylamino group, and a N-ethyl-N-isopentylamino group.

[0029] In the present invention, "C₃-C₆ cycloalkylamino group" means an amino group substituted by one above-described C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group. Examples thereof include a cyclopropylamino group, a cyclobutylamino group, a cyclopentylamino group, and a cyclohexylamino group.

[0030] In the present invention, "amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group" means one above-described C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group substituted by one amino group. Examples thereof include a 1-aminocyclopropyl group, a 2-aminocyclopropyl group, a 1-aminocyclobutyl group, a 2-aminocyclobutyl group, a 3-aminocyclobutyl group, a 1-aminocyclopentyl group, a 2-aminocyclopentyl group, a 3-aminocyclopentyl group, a 1-aminocyclohexyl group, a 2-aminocyclohexyl group, a 3-aminocyclohexyl group, and a 4-aminocyclohexyl group.

[0031] In the present invention, "hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group" means the above-described C₁-C₆ alkyl group substituted by one hydroxy group. Examples thereof include a hydroxymethyl group, a 1-hydroxyethyl group, a 2-hydroxyethyl group, a 1-hydroxypropyl group, a 2-hydroxypropyl group, a 3-hydroxypropyl group, a 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-ethyl group, a 2-hydroxy-methyl-ethyl group, a 1-hydroxybutyl group, a 2-hydroxybutyl group, a 3-hydroxybutyl group, a 4-hydroxybutyl group, a 1-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl group, a 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl group, a 3-hydroxy-2-methyl-propyl group, a 1-hydroxy-1-methyl-propyl group, a 1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl group, a 2-hydroxy-1-methyl-propyl group, a 3-hydroxy-1-methyl-propyl group, a 1-hydroxypentyl group, a 2-hydroxypentyl group, a 3-hydroxypentyl group, a 4-hydroxypentyl group, and a 5-hydroxypentyl group.

[0032] In the present invention, "hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group" means an amino group substituted by one above-described hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group. Examples thereof include a hydroxymethylamino group, a 2-hydroxyethylamino group, and a 3-hydroxypropylamino group.

[0033] In the present invention, "heteroaryl group" means a group derived from a 5- or 6-membered monocyclic aromatic compound containing 1 to 4 atoms each independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom as ring-constituting atoms other than carbon. Examples thereof include a furyl group, a thienyl group, a pyrrolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a pyridyl group, a pyrazyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, and a pyridazinyl group.

[0034] In the present invention, "heteroarylene group" means a divalent group derived from the above-described heteroaryl group. Examples thereof include a thienylene group, a pyrrolylene group, a thiazolylene group, an imidazolylene group, a pyrazolylene group, a pyridylene group, a pyrazylene group, a pyrimidylene group, and a pyridazylene group.

[0035] In the present invention, "aliphatic heterocyclic group" means a group derived from an aliphatic cyclic compound containing 1 to 4 atoms each independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom as ring-constituting atoms other than carbon. Examples thereof include an oxiranyl group, an aziridinyl group, a thiiranyl group, an oxetanyl group, an azetidiny group, a thietanyl group, a tetrahydrofuranyl group, a pyrrolidinyl group, a tetrahydrothiophenyl group, a tetrahydropyranly group, a tetrahydrothiopyranly group, a morpholino group, a morpholinyl group, and a piperazinyl group.

[0036] In the present invention, the term "tumor" is not limited to malignant tumor and includes every type of tumor, for example, carcinoma, sarcoma, and benign tumor. Particularly, a malignant tumor may be expressed as "cancer".

[0037] In the present invention, "increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene" means that the mRNA expression level or protein expression level of the ROS1 gene has been increased by enhanced gene transcription activity, promoted

translation, suppressed proteolysis, or improved protein stabilization.

[0038] In the present invention, "expression of ROS1 fusion gene" means that the ROS1 fusion gene has been formed and expressed as a result of the fusion between the ROS1 gene and another gene (e.g., FIG gene, SLC34A2 gene, or CD74 gene).

[0039] In the present invention, "chromosomal translocation of ROS1 gene" refers to a positional mutation in a chromosome containing the ROS1 gene.

[0040] In the present invention, "ROS1 pathway" refers to a pathway through which ROS1 and subsequently STAT3, ERK and SHP2 are phosphorylated, leading to the growth and/or survival of cancer cells.

[0041] In the present invention, "ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect" is indicated by the inhibition of ROS1 kinase and/or the inhibition of ROS1 autophosphorylation activity.

[0042] In the present invention, "increase in the expression level of NTRK gene" means that the mRNA expression level or protein expression level of the NTRK gene has been increased by enhanced gene transcription activity, promoted translation, suppressed proteolysis or improved protein stabilization.

[0043] In the present invention, "expression of NTRK fusion gene" means that the NTRK fusion gene has been formed and expressed as a result of the fusion between the NTRK gene and another gene (e.g., TPM3 gene, TPR gene, or ETV6 gene).

[0044] In the present invention, "NTRK kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect" is indicated by an NTRK autophosphorylation activity inhibitory effect.

[0045] Next, each substituent in the general formula (I) will be described.

[0046] R¹ represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

[0047] Preferably, R¹ is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group.

[0048] Q represents an oxygen atom or R^aN.

[0049] In this context, R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

[0050] Preferably, R^a is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group.

[0051] G represents a phenyl group or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 or 2 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom. The phenyl group and the 6-membered heteroaryl group may have 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group. The 5-membered heteroaryl group may have 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a dihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

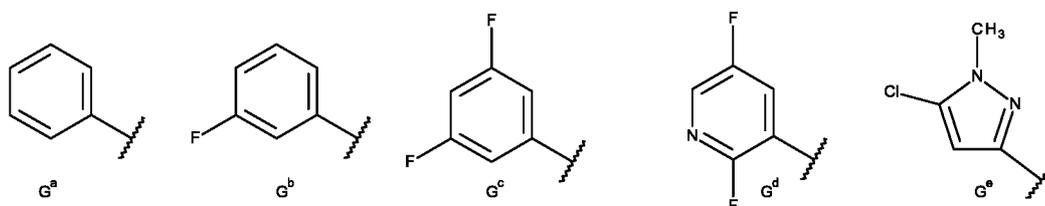
[0052] In one aspect, G is a phenyl group, a pyridyl group, or a pyrazyl group. The phenyl group, the pyridyl group, or the pyrazyl group is unsubstituted or may have 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

[0053] Preferably, G is a phenyl group, a pyridyl group or a pyrazyl group. The phenyl group, the pyridyl group, or the pyrazyl group is unsubstituted or substituted by one fluorine atom, two fluorine atoms, one chlorine atom, one fluorine atom and one chlorine atom, one fluorine atom and one methyl group, a cyano group, a methyl group, or a trifluoromethyl group.

[0054] In another aspect, G is a thiazolyl group, or a pyrazolyl group. The thiazolyl group or the pyrazolyl group is unsubstituted or may have 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a dihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

[0055] Preferably, G is a pyrazolyl group. The pyrazolyl group is substituted by one fluorine atom, one chlorine atom, one methyl group, one difluoromethyl group, one trifluoromethyl group, two methyl groups, one chlorine atom and one methyl group, one methyl group and one difluoromethyl group, or one methyl group and one trifluoromethyl group.

[0056] In a more preferred aspect, G is any one of the following G^a to G^e:



[0057] T represents a nitrogen atom or CR^b.

[0058] In this context, R^b represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, or a cyano group.

[0059] Preferably, T is CR^b, and R^b is a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom.

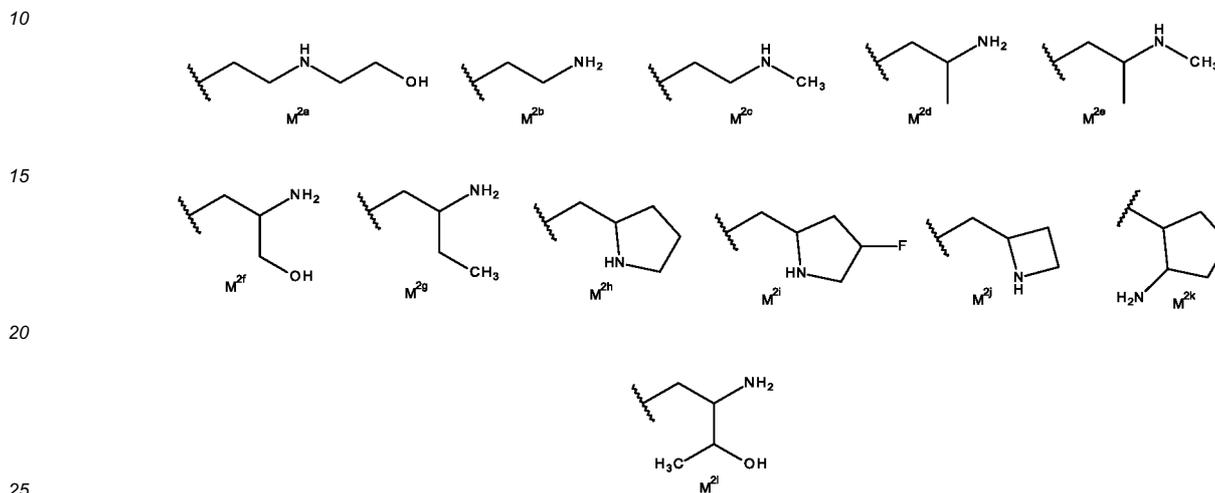
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[0060] Y^1 and Y^2 each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C_1 - C_6 alkyl group, a C_1 - C_6 alkoxy group, or a cyano group.

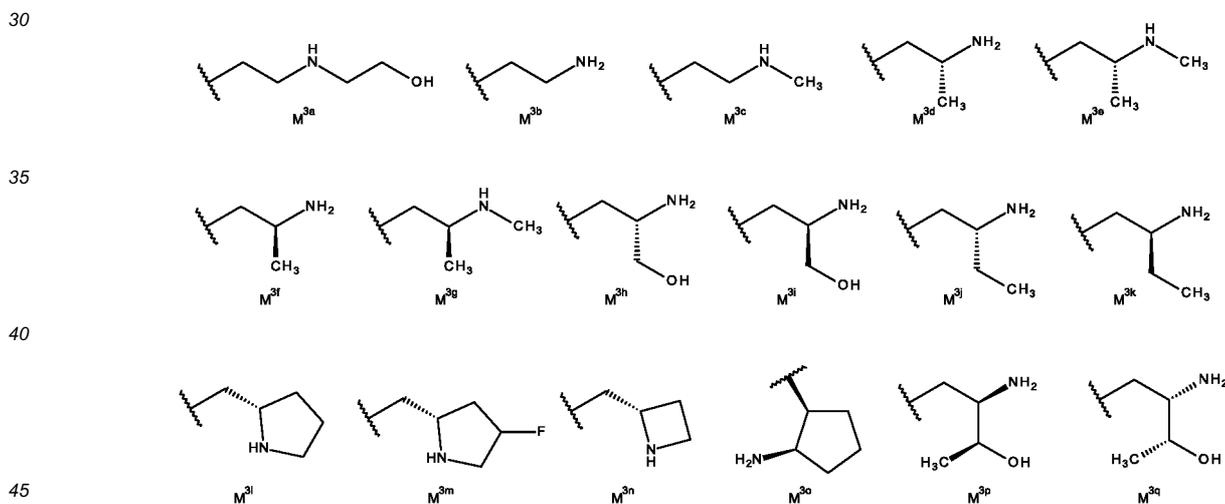
[0061] Preferably, Y^1 and Y^2 are each independently a hydrogen atom or a fluorine atom.

5 [0062] Y^3 and Y^4 each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a group selected from the above-described group A, or a group represented by the above-described formula (II), provided that any one of Y^3 and Y^4 inevitably represents a hydrogen atom, and the other group represents a group other than a hydrogen atom.

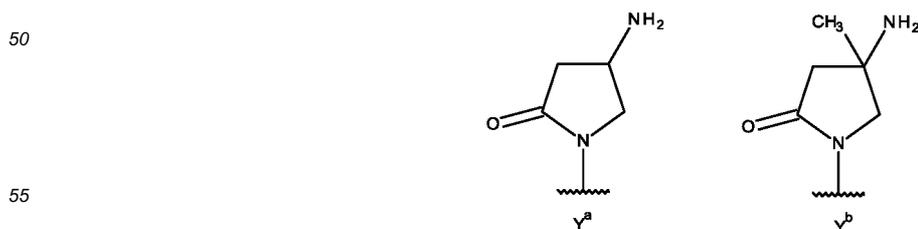
[0063] In a preferred aspect, for example, Y^3 represents a hydrogen atom, and Y^4 represents $-O-M^2$. In this context, M^2 is any one of the following M^{2a} to M^{2i} :



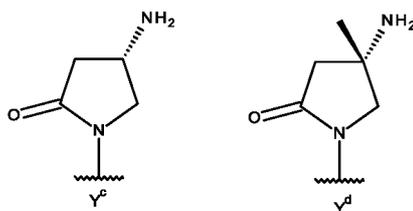
[0064] In a more preferred aspect, for example, Y^3 represents a hydrogen atom, and Y^4 represents $-O-M^3$. In this context, M^3 is any one of the following M^{3a} to M^{3q} :



[0065] In another preferred aspect, Y^3 represents a hydrogen atom, and Y^4 is the following Y^a or Y^b :



[0066] In a more preferred aspect, Y^3 represents a hydrogen atom, and Y^4 is the following Y^c or Y^d :



5
10 **[0067]** According to a preferred aspect, the compound represented by the general formula (I) is any one compound selected from the following group or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof:

15 N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
3-[4-[[2S]-azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
3-[4-[(2S)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
20 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
(4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[[1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
(4S)-4-amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
(4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
and
(4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-methoxyphenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.

25 **[0068]** The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention can form pharmaceutically acceptable salts, if desired. The term pharmaceutically acceptable salt refers to a salt that has no significant toxicity and can be used as a medicine. A compound represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention can be converted to a salt through reaction with an acid, when having a basic group.

30 **[0069]** Examples of the salt based on the basic group can include: inorganic acid salts such as hydrohalides (e.g., hydrofluoride, hydrochloride, hydrobromide, and hydroiodide), nitrate, perchlorate, sulfate, and phosphate; organic acid salts such as C₁-C₆ alkylsulfonates (e.g., methanesulfonate, trifluoromethanesulfonate, and ethanesulfonate), arylsulfonates (e.g., benzenesulfonate and p-toluenesulfonate), acetate, malate, fumarate, succinate, citrate, ascorbate, tartrate, oxalate, adipate, and maleate; and amino acid salts such as glycine salt, lysine salt, arginine salt, ornithine salt, glutamate, and aspartate.

35 **[0070]** The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or salts thereof, when left in the atmosphere or recrystallized, may form a hydrate by absorbing water molecules. Such hydrates are also included in the salts of the present invention.

40 **[0071]** The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or salts thereof, when left in a solvent or recrystallized, may form a solvate by absorbing a certain kind of solvent. Such solvates are also included in the salts of the present invention.

[0072] The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof encompass all isomers (i.e. diastereomers, optical isomers, geometric isomers, and rotational isomers).

45 **[0073]** These isomers of the compounds of the present invention and mixtures of these isomers are all represented by a single formula, i.e., the general formula (I). Thus, the present invention encompasses all of these isomers and even mixtures of these isomers at any ratio.

[0074] The compounds of the present invention may contain isotope(s) of one or more atoms constituting such compounds at a nonnatural ratio. Examples of the isotope include deuterium (²H), tritium (³H), iodine-125 (¹²⁵I), and carbon-14 (¹⁴C). Alternatively, the compounds may be radiolabeled with a radioisotope, for example, tritium (³H), iodine-125 (¹²⁵I), or carbon-14 (¹⁴C). Such radiolabeled compounds are useful as therapeutic or prophylactic agents, research reagents, for example, assay reagents, and diagnostic agents, for example, *in vivo* diagnostic imaging agents. All isotopic variants of the compounds of the present invention fall within the scope of the present invention, regardless of being radioactive or not.

50 **[0075]** The ROS1 kinase enzyme activity inhibitory effect of the compounds of the present invention can be assayed by the methods of Test Example 1 or 2. The NTRK activity inhibitory effect of the compounds of the present invention can be assayed by the method of Test Example 3.

55 **[0076]** The cell growth inhibitory activity of the compounds of the present invention can be examined using a growth inhibition test method usually used by those skilled in the art. The cell growth inhibitory activity can be determined, for example, as described below in Test Example 4, by the comparison of the degree of cell growth in the presence of and

in the absence of a test compound. The degree of growth can be examined using, for example, a test system for assaying live cells. Examples of the method for assaying live cells include a [³H]-thymidine uptake test, a BrdU method, and MTT assay.

5 [0077] Also, the *in vivo* antitumor activity of the compounds of the present invention can be examined using an antitumor test method usually used by those skilled in the art. For example, various tumor cells are transplanted to mice or rats. After confirmation of successful engraftment of the transplanted cells, the compound of the present invention is administered, for example, orally or intravenously, to the animals. A few days to a few weeks later, tumor growth in a drug-unadministered group can be compared with tumor growth in the compound-administered group to confirm the *in vivo* antitumor activity of the compound of the present invention.

10 [0078] The compounds of the present invention can be used in the treatment of a tumor, for example, hematological malignant tumor (leukemia, lymphoma, or multiple myeloma), brain tumor, head and neck cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, appendix cancer, colon cancer, anus cancer, gallbladder cancer, bile duct cancer, pancreatic cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, lung cancer, liver cancer, mesothelioma, thyroid cancer, kidney cancer, prostate cancer, neuroendocrine tumor, melanoma, breast cancer, uterine body cancer, uterine cervical cancer, ovary cancer, osteosarcoma, soft tissue sarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, myosarcoma, urinary bladder cancer, or testicular cancer. Preferably, the compounds of the present invention are used in the treatment of non-small cell lung cancer, bile duct cancer, or brain tumor.

15 [0079] It has been suggested that the ROS1 pathway is involved in the growth and/or survival of cancer. Hence, the compounds of the present invention are preferably used for a tumor with an activated ROS1 pathway.

20 [0080] Examples of a tumor with an activated ROS1 pathway include a tumor having increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene, a tumor in which the chromosomal translocation of ROS1 has occurred, and a tumor in which ROS1 fusion gene has been formed and activated as a result of the fusion between the ROS1 gene and another gene (e.g., FIG gene, SLC34A2 gene, or CD74 gene). Non-small cell lung cancer, bile duct cancer, and brain tumor are known as tumors with an activated ROS1 pathway.

25 [0081] It has also been suggested that the overexpression, fusion gene, and activation of NTRK is involved in the growth, and/or survival, of cancer. Hence, the compounds of the present invention are preferably used for a tumor with activated NTRK.

[0082] Examples of a tumor with activated NTRK include a tumor having an increase in the expression level of NTRK gene. Prostate cancer is known as a tumor with activated NTRK.

30 [0083] The activated ROS1 pathway can be confirmed on the basis of gene/protein amplification or mutation of ROS1, ROS1 fusion gene, ROS1 phosphorylation, STAT3 phosphorylation, ERK phosphorylation, SHP2 phosphorylation, or AKT phosphorylation in the test tissues (collected by, for example, blood collection or biopsy) of patients, or the activated NTRK can be confirmed on the basis of gene/protein amplification of NTRK or NTRK fusion gene in the test tissues (collected by, for example, blood collection or biopsy) of patients, using methods known in the art such as Southern blotting, Northern blotting, Western blotting, ELISA, DNA chips, FISH assay, histological immunostaining, and analysis using other gene analysis methods known in the art {e.g., PCR, LCR (ligase chain reaction), SDA (strand displacement amplification), NASBA (nucleic acid sequence-based amplification), ICAN (isothermal and chimeric primer-initiated amplification), and LAMP (loop-mediated isothermal amplification)}, or pathological approaches.

35 [0084] The compounds of the present invention may be used in combination with an additional antitumor agent. Examples thereof include antitumor antibiotics, antitumor plant constituents, BRMs (biological response modifiers), hormones, vitamins, antitumor antibodies, molecular target drugs, and other antitumor agents.

40 [0085] More specifically, examples of alkylating agents include: alkylating agents such as nitrogen mustard, nitrogen mustard N-oxide, and chlorambucil; aziridine alkylating agents such as carboquone and thiotepa; epoxide alkylating agents such as dibromomannitol and dibromodulcitol; nitrosourea alkylating agents such as carmustine, lomustine, semustine, nimustine hydrochloride, streptozocin, chlorozotocin, and ranimustine; and other agents such as busulfan, improsulfan tosylate, and dacarbazine.

45 [0086] Examples of various metabolic antagonists include: purine metabolic antagonists such as 6-mercaptopurine, 6-thioguanine, and thioinosine; pyrimidine metabolic antagonists such as fluorouracil, tegafur, tegafur-uracil, carmofur, doxifluridine, broxuridine, cytarabine, and enocitabine; and folic acid metabolic antagonists such as methotrexate and trimetrexate.

50 [0087] Examples of antitumor antibiotics include: antitumor anthracycline antibiotics such as mitomycin C, bleomycin, peplomycin, daunorubicin, aclarubicin, doxorubicin, pirarubicin, THP-adriamycin, 4'-epidoxorubicin, and epirubicin; and other antibiotics such as chromomycin A3 and actinomycin D.

[0088] Examples of antitumor plant constituents include: vinca alkaloids such as vindesine, vincristine, and vinblastine; taxanes such as paclitaxel and docetaxel; and epipodophyllotoxins such as etoposide and teniposide.

55 [0089] Examples of BRMs include tumor necrosis factors and indomethacin.

[0090] Examples of hormones include hydrocortisone, dexamethasone, methylprednisolone, prednisolone, prasterone, betamethasone, triamcinolone, oxymetholone, nandrolone, metenolone, fosfestrol, ethinylestradiol, chlormadinone,

and medroxyprogesterone.

[0091] Examples of vitamins include vitamin C and vitamin A.

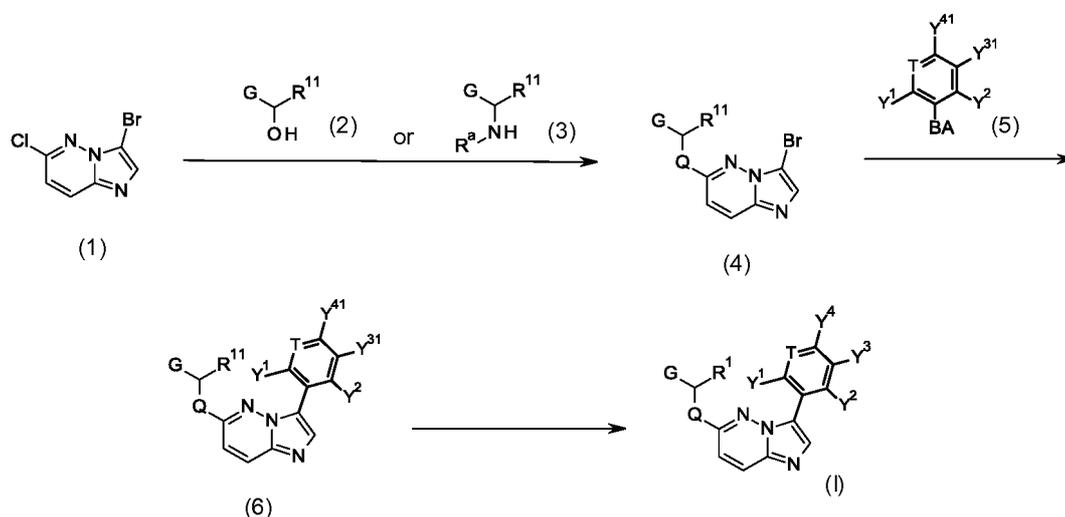
[0092] Examples of antitumor antibodies and molecular target drugs include trastuzumab, rituximab, cetuximab, nimotuzumab, denosumab, bevacizumab, infliximab, imatinib mesilate, gefitinib, erlotinib, sunitinib, lapatinib, and sorafenib.

[0093] Examples of other antitumor agents include cisplatin, carboplatin, oxaliplatin, tamoxifen, camptothecin, ifosfamide, cyclophosphamide, melphalan, L-asparaginase, aceglatone, sizofiran, picibanil, procarbazine, pipobroman, neo-carzinostatin, hydroxyurea, ubenimex, and krestin.

[0094] Next, a typical method for producing the compounds represented by the general formula (I) will be described. The compounds of the present invention can be produced by various production methods. The production method shown below is given for illustrative purposes. The compounds represented by the general formula (I) and intermediates for production thereof can be produced through the use of various reactions known in the art as described below. In this respect, functional groups in starting materials or intermediates may be protected with appropriate protective groups. Examples of such functional groups can include a hydroxy group, a carboxy group, and an amino group. For the types of the protective groups and conditions for the introduction and removal of these protective groups, see, for example, Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis (T.W. Greene and P.G.M. Wuts, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York, 1991).

[Production Method]

[0095]



[0096] In the reaction scheme, R^a, G, Q, T, Y¹, and Y² are as defined above. In the reaction scheme, BA represents boronic acid or boronic acid ester, or organic tin.

[0097] In the reaction scheme, R¹¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a fluoro-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or R¹². In this context, R¹² represents a C₁-C₆ alkyl group having a hydroxy group protected with a protective group. Examples of the protective group include a tertbutyldimethylsilyl group, a benzyl group, and an acetyl group.

[0098] In the reaction scheme, Y³¹ represents Y³ mentioned above, or when Y³ has an amino group and/or a hydroxy group, Y³¹ represents an optionally protected amino group and/or hydroxy group in Y³. In the reaction scheme, Y⁴¹ represents Y⁴ mentioned above, or when Y⁴ has an amino group and/or a hydroxy group, Y⁴¹ represents an optionally protected amino group and/or hydroxy group in Y⁴. Examples of the protective group for the amino group include a benzyloxycarbonyl group, a tert-butoxycarbonyl group, and a trityl group. Examples of the protective group for the hydroxy group include a tertbutyldimethylsilyl group, a benzyl group, and an acetyl group.

1. Conversion of compound (1) to compound (4)

[0099] The conversion of compound (1) to compound (4) is carried out through a nucleophilic substitution reaction between the compound (1) and alcohol (2) or amine (3). The alcohol (2) or the amine (3) used in this reaction is commercially available or can be produced by a method known in the art.

[0100] For the substitution reaction using alcohol (2), the compound (1) can be treated with a stoichiometric amount of the alcohol (2) in the presence of a base to obtain compound (4).

[0101] Examples of the base used can include inorganic bases (e.g., sodium hydride). The amount of the base used

can be 1 to excess molar equivalents with respect to the compound (1) and is preferably 1 to 2 molar equivalents. The amount of the alcohol (2) used can be 1 to excess molar equivalents with respect to the compound (1) and is preferably 1 to 1.5 molar equivalents.

[0102] The solvent used in the reaction is an appropriate solvent that has no adverse effect on the reaction (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, tetrahydrofuran, or dimethyl sulfoxide) or a mixed solvent thereof. The reaction temperature is preferably 0°C to 100°C, more preferably 0°C to room temperature. The reaction time is usually preferably 1 minute to 24 hours, more preferably 10 minutes to 2 hours.

[0103] For the above-described reaction using amine (3), the compound (1) can be treated with a stoichiometric amount of the amine (3) in the presence of a base or using an excessive amount of the amine (3) to obtain compound (4).

[0104] Examples of the base used can include organic bases (e.g., triethylamine and diisopropylethylamine) and inorganic bases (e.g., potassium fluoride). The amount of the base used is preferably in the range of 2 to 10 molar equivalents with respect to the compound (1). The amount of the amine (3) used may be 1 to 2 molar equivalents in the presence of the base and is preferably in the range of 2 to 30 molar equivalents with respect to the compound (1) in the absence of the base.

[0105] The solvent used in the reaction is an appropriate solvent that has no adverse effect on the reaction (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone, or dimethyl sulfoxide) or a mixed solvent thereof. The reaction temperature is preferably in the range of 80 to 160°C. The reaction may be carried out by treatment in a sealed tube or under microwave irradiation. The reaction time is usually preferably approximately 1 to 24 hours.

2. Conversion of compound (4) to compound (6)

[0106] The conversion of compound (4) to compound (6) is carried out through a coupling reaction between the compound (4) and compound (5) using an organic chemical approach known in the art.

[0107] The coupling reaction is performed in the presence of an appropriate organic boronic acid, organic tin, organic zinc, or organic magnesium derivative (e.g., compound (5)) and an appropriate transition metal catalyst (the transition metal catalyst is preferably a palladium catalyst, and examples thereof include a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane complex, dichlorobis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II), and tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0)) by the addition of, if necessary, an inorganic base or organic base (examples thereof include sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, tripotassium phosphate, cesium carbonate, and diisopropylethylamine), a ligand (examples thereof include organic phosphorus compounds such as 1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene (dppf) and triphenylphosphine), and a reaction-promoting additive known in the art (examples thereof include lithium chloride and copper iodide) to the compound (4). The organic boronic acid derivative (5) is commercially available or can be produced by a method known in the art. Examples of references for the method for producing the organic boronic acid derivative (5) and the coupling reaction can include "Chemical Reviews, 1995, 95, 2457-2483".

[0108] The solvent used in the coupling reaction is an appropriate solvent that has no adverse effect on the reaction (e.g., N,N-dimethylformamide, tetrahydrofuran, toluene, 1,4-dioxane, or water) or a mixed solvent thereof. The reaction temperature is preferably 0°C to 300°C, more preferably room temperature to 200°C (optimum temperature: 80°C to 100°C). The coupling reaction may be performed by treatment in a sealed tube or under microwave irradiation. The organic boronic acid and the base are each preferably used at 1 to excess molar equivalents with respect to the compound (4). The organic boronic acid is more preferably used at 1 to 1.5 molar equivalents, and the base is more preferably used at 1 to 5 molar equivalents. The reaction time is preferably 1 minute to 60 hours, more preferably 5 minutes to 24 hours.

3. Conversion of compound (6) to compound (I)

[0109] When the groups Y³¹ and/or Y⁴¹ in the compound (6) obtained by this production method have functional groups such as an amino group or a hydroxy group and/or when the compound (6) has a hydroxy group on the group R¹¹, the functional groups such as an amino group or a hydroxy group are preferably protected. The protective groups therefor can be removed using methods generally used, as mentioned above. The amino group on the groups Y³¹ or/and Y⁴¹ can be converted to a substituted amino group through alkylation by a general method.

[0110] In the present invention, stereoisomers of the compounds represented by the general formula (I) can be obtained using optically active starting compounds or by the synthesis of the compounds according to the present invention using an asymmetric synthesis or asymmetric induction approach. Alternatively, the stereoisomers may be obtained by the isolation of the synthesized compounds according to the present invention using a conventional optical resolution or isolation method, if desired.

[0111] In the present invention, the compounds represented by the general formula (I) encompass compounds labeled with isotopes or radioisotopes. Such labeled compounds can be produced, for example, using starting materials labeled with isotopes instead of the starting materials in the production method of the present invention.

[0112] The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention can be converted to salts through reaction with an acid, when having a basic group.

[0113] The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or the salts thereof, when left in the atmosphere or recrystallized, may form a hydrate by absorbing water molecules.

[0114] The compounds represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or the salts thereof, when left in a solvent or recrystallized in a solvent, may form a solvate by absorbing a certain kind of solvent.

[0115] The compounds of the present invention or pharmacologically acceptable salts thereof can be administered in various forms. Examples of the dosage form can include tablets, capsules, granules, emulsions, pills, powders, and syrups (solutions) for oral administration and injections (intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or intraperitoneal administration), drip infusions, and suppositories (rectal administration) for parenteral administration. These various preparations can be formulated according to routine methods using aids that may be conventionally used in the field of pharmaceutical formulation techniques such as excipients, binders, disintegrants, lubricants, corrigents, solubilizers, suspending agents, and coating agents, in addition to the active ingredient.

[0116] For use as a tablet, examples of carriers that can be used include: excipients such as lactose, saccharose, sodium chloride, glucose, urea, starch, calcium carbonate, kaolin, crystalline cellulose, and silicic acid; binders such as water, ethanol, propanol, simple syrup, glucose solutions, starch solutions, gelatin solutions, carboxymethylcellulose, shellac, methylcellulose, potassium phosphate, and polyvinylpyrrolidone; disintegrants such as dry starch, sodium alginate, agar powder, laminaran powder, sodium bicarbonate, calcium carbonate, polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters, sodium lauryl sulfate, monoglyceride stearate, starch, and lactose; disintegration inhibitors such as saccharose, stearin, cocoa butter, and hydrogenated oil; absorption promoters such as quaternary ammonium salts and sodium lauryl sulfate; moisturizing agents such as glycerin and starch; adsorbents such as starch, lactose, kaolin, bentonite, and colloidal silicic acid; and lubricants such as purified talc, stearate, boric acid powder, and polyethylene glycol. Alternatively, tablets coated in a conventional manner, for example, sugar-coated tablets, gelatin-coated tablets, enteric-coated tablets, film-coated tablets, double-layer tablets, and multilayered tablets may be prepared, if necessary.

[0117] For use as a pill, examples of carriers that can be used include: excipients such as glucose, lactose, cocoa butter, starch, hydrogenated plant oil, kaolin, and talc; binders such as gum arabic powder, powdered tragacanth, gelatin, and ethanol; and disintegrants such as laminaran and agar.

[0118] For use as a suppository, conventional carriers known in the art can be widely used. Examples thereof can include polyethylene glycol, cocoa butter, higher alcohols, esters of higher alcohols, gelatin, and semisynthetic glyceride.

[0119] For use as an injection, solutions, emulsions, or suspensions can be used. These solutions, emulsions, or suspensions are preferably sterilized and adjusted to be isotonic to blood. Any solvent that can be used as a medical diluent can be used without limitation in the production of these solutions, emulsions, or suspensions. Examples thereof can include water, ethanol, propylene glycol, ethoxylated isostearyl alcohol, polyoxylated isostearyl alcohol, and polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters. In this case, each preparation may contain common salt, glucose, or glycerin in an amount sufficient for preparing an isotonic solution. Also, each preparation may contain a conventional solubilizer, buffer, and/or soothing agent.

[0120] These preparations may also contain a colorant, a preservative, a fragrance, a flavor, and/or a sweetener if necessary, and may further contain an additional pharmaceutical product.

[0121] The amount of the active ingredient compound contained in the preparation is not particularly limited and is appropriately selected in a wide range. The composition usually contains 0.5 to 70% by weight, preferably 1 to 30% by weight of the compound with respect to the total weight.

[0122] The amount of the compound used differs depending on the symptoms, and/or age of the patient (warm-blooded animal, particularly, a human). The daily dose for oral administration to an adult human is 2000 mg (preferably 100 mg) as the upper limit and 0.1 mg (preferably 1 mg, more preferably 10 mg) as the lower limit and is desirably administered once to 6 times a day according to the symptoms.

Examples

[0123] Hereinafter, the present invention will be described in more detail with reference to Reference Examples, Examples, and Test Examples. However, the scope of the present invention is not intended to be limited by these examples.

[0124] Elution for column chromatography in the Reference Examples and Examples was performed under observation by thin layer chromatography (TLC). In the TLC observation, silica gel 60F₂₅₄ or silica gel 60NH₂F₂₅₄S manufactured by Merck & Co., Inc. was used as a TLC plate; the solvent used as an elution solvent in column chromatography was used as a developing solvent; and a UV detector was adopted for a detection method. Silica gel SK-85 (230 to 400 mesh) manufactured by Merck & Co., Inc. or Chromatorex NH (200 to 350 mesh) manufactured by Fuji Silysia Chemical Ltd. was used as a silica gel for columns. In addition to conventional column chromatography apparatus, an automated purification apparatus (YFLC-5404-FC) manufactured by Yamazen Corp. or an automated purification apparatus (HO-

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RIZON, SP1 or Isolera) manufactured by Biotage AB was appropriately used. Solvents designated in each Reference Example and Example were used as elution solvents. The abbreviations used in Reference Examples and Examples have the following meanings:

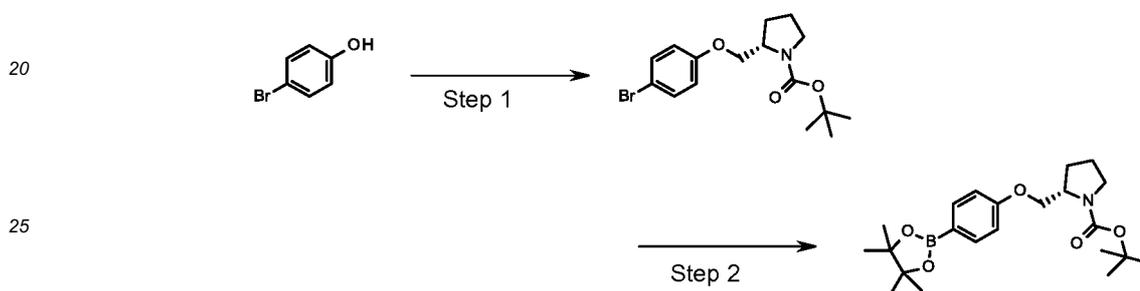
5 mg: milligram, g: gram, μ l : microliter, ml: milliliter,
L: liter, and MHz: megahertz.

[0125] In the Examples below, nuclear magnetic resonance (hereinafter, referred to as ^1H NMR; 400 MHz) spectra were indicated by chemical shift δ values (ppm) using tetramethylsilane as a standard. Fragmentation patterns were indicated by s for a singlet, d for a doublet, t for a triplet, q for a quadruplet, m for a multiplet, and br for broad.

[Reference Example 1]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0126]



[Step 1]

30 tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[(4-bromophenoxy)methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0127] To a solution of 4-bromophenol (1.73 g) and tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (4.0 g) in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml), triphenylphosphine (3.1 g) and a solution of diisopropyl azodicarboxylate (2.4 g) in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml) were added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (3.5 g).

35 ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.47 (9H, s), 1.81-2.06 (4H, m), 3.27-3.46 (2H, m), 3.70-3.94 (1H, m), 4.03-4.17 (2H, m), 6.81 (2H, br s), 7.35 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz).

40 [Step 2]

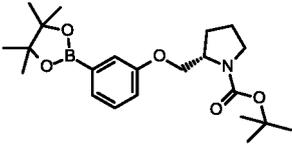
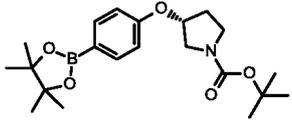
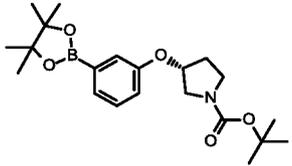
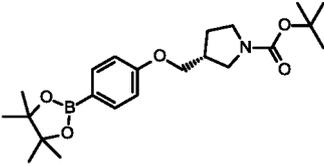
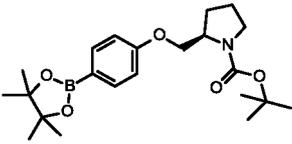
tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

45 [0128] To a solution of the compound (3.5 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in 1,4-dioxane (30 ml), bis (pinacolato) diborane (3.0g), potassium acetate (2.9 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (0.8 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 4 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, ethyl acetate was added to the reaction solution, and the insoluble matter was filtered off. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then, the obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (3.4 g). ^1H -NMR (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.79-2.08 (4H, m), 3.40 (2H, br s), 3.75-4.20 (3H, m), 6.91 (2H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, $J = 8.3$ Hz).

[0129] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 1.

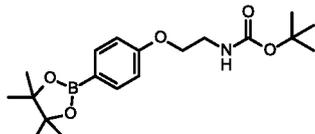
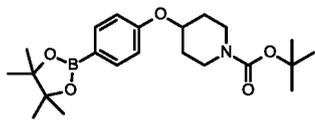
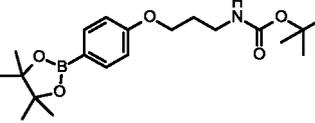
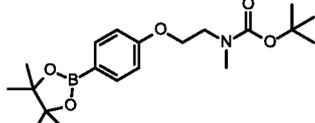
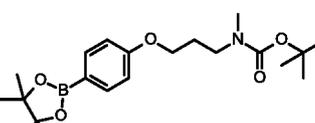
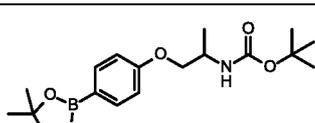
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[Table 1-1]

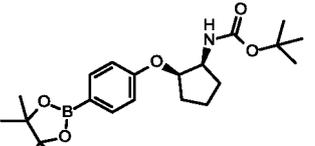
Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
5 10 2	 <p data-bbox="357 472 855 562">tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	<p data-bbox="884 309 1426 398">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.79-2.08 (4H, m), 3.41 (2H, br s), 3.75-4.21 (3H, m), 7.02 (1H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.27-7.40 (3H, m).</p>
15 20 3	 <p data-bbox="357 723 855 813">tert-Butyl (3R)-3-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	<p data-bbox="884 582 1426 672">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, br s), 2.06-2.21 (2H, m), 3.41-3.67 (4H, m), 4.93 (1H, br s), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.74 (2H, br s).</p>
25 30 4	 <p data-bbox="357 1014 855 1104">tert-Butyl (3R)-3-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	<p data-bbox="884 831 1426 965">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 2.04-2.20 (2H, m), 3.45-3.65 (4H, m), 4.95 (1H, br s), 6.97 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.25-7.32 (2H, m), 7.41 (1H, br s).</p>
35 40 5	 <p data-bbox="357 1312 855 1402">tert-Butyl (3R)-3-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	<p data-bbox="884 1126 1426 1261">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.72-2.13 (2H, m), 2.61-2.73 (1H, m), 3.13-3.65 (4H, m), 3.86-4.01 (2H, m), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz).</p>
45 50 55 6	 <p data-bbox="357 1581 855 1671">tert-Butyl (2R)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	<p data-bbox="884 1420 1426 1509">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.79-2.08 (4H, m), 3.40 (2H, br s), 3.75-4.20 (3H, m), 6.91 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz).</p>

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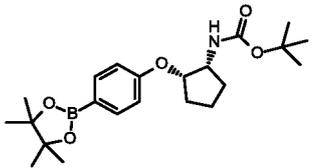
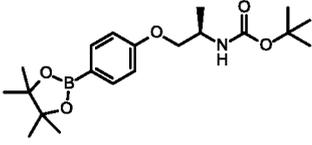
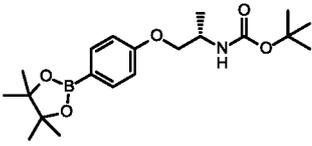
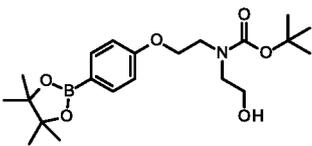
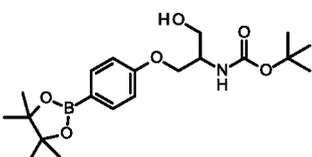
[Table 1-2]

5	7		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.54 (2H, q, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 4.04 (2H, t, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 4.99 (1H, s), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz).
10	8		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.71-1.81 (2H, m), 1.87-1.96 (2H, m), 3.31-3.39 (2H, m), 3.64-3.72 (2H, m), 4.51-4.57 (1H, m), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 8.3$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz).
20	9		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.95-2.01 (2H, m), 3.33 (2H, q, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 4.05 (2H, t, $J = 6.1$ Hz), 4.75 (1H, br s), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).
25	10		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.98 (3H, s), 3.60 (2H, br s), 4.11 (2H, br s), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).
30	11		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 1.99-2.01 (2H, br m), 2.87 (3H, s), 3.40 (2H, t, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 4.00 (2H, t, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).
40	12		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.29 (3H, d, $J = 7.0$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.95 (2H, d, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 4.06 (1H, br s), 4.79 (1H, br s), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).

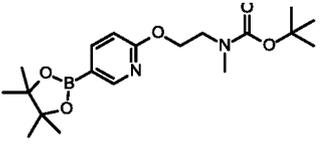
[Table 1-3]

50	13		$^1\text{H-NMR (CDCl}_3\text{)} \delta$: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.54-2.11 (6H, m), 4.10 (1H, br s), 4.67 (1H, br s), 5.03 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
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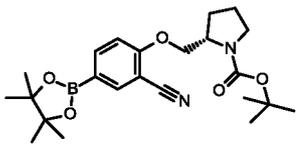
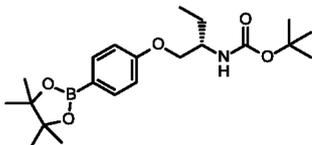
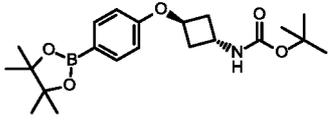
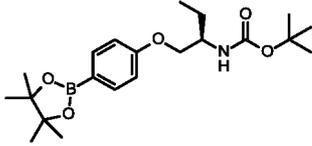
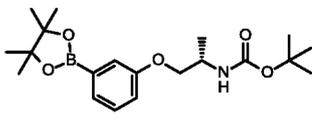
(continued)

5	14		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.21-2.10 (6H, m), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 4.07 (1H, br s), 4.65-4.68 (1H, m), 5.03 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
10	15		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.29 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.94 (2H, d, $J = 3.6$ Hz), 4.06 (1H, br s), 4.78 (1H, br s), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
20	16		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.29 (3H, d, $J = 7.2$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.95 (2H, d, $J = 4.2$ Hz), 4.06 (1H, br s), 4.77 (1H, br s), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz).
25	17		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 3.50 (2H, br s), 3.65 (2H, br s), 3.78 (2H, br s), 4.11-4.22 (2H, m), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.75 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
30	18		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 3.78-4.19 (5H, m), 5.16 (1H, br s), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 7.75 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz).
35			
40			

[Table 1-4]

45	19		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 2.94 (3H, s), 3.59 (2H, s), 4.46 (2H, s), 6.69 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.92 (1H, dd, $J = 8.5, 2.1$ Hz), 8.51 (1H, d, $J = 2.1$ Hz).
50			
55			

(continued)

5	20	 <p>tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[2-cyano-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, br s), 1.83-2.17 (4H, m), 3.32-3.47 (2H, m), 3.94-4.26 (3H, m), 7.06 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.92 (1H, dd, $J = 8.8, 1.5$ Hz), 7.99 (1H, s).
10	21	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(1S)-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 0.97 (3H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.61-1.76 (2H, m), 3.84 (1H, br s), 3.99 (2H, d, $J = 3.6$ Hz), 4.77 (1H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
15	22	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[3-trans-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclobutyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.35-2.41 (2H, m), 2.53-2.59 (2H, m), 4.28 (1H, br s), 4.72-4.85 (2H, m), 6.76 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.72 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
20	23	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 0.97 (3H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.61-1.76 (2H, m), 3.84 (1H, br s), 3.99 (2H, d, $J = 3.6$ Hz), 4.77 (1H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).
25	24	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(1S)-1-methyl-2-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.29 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.34 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.91-4.08 (3H, m), 4.80 (1H, br s), 6.99-7.01 (1H, m), 7.27-7.33 (2H, m), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz).
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40			

[Reference Example 25]

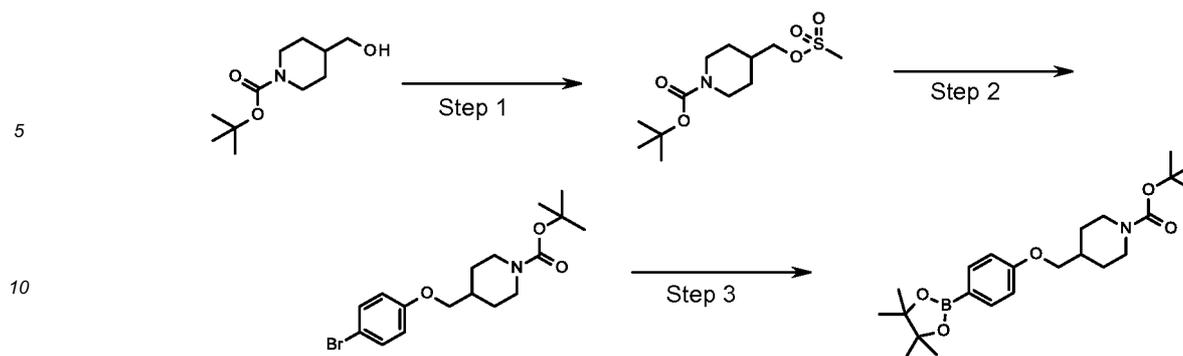
tert-Butyl 4-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0130]

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[Step 1]

tert-Butyl 4-(methylsulfonyloxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0131] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-(hydroxymethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (2.5 g) in dichloromethane (40 ml), triethylamine (2.8 ml) and methanesulfonyl chloride (1.2 ml) were added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution to separate two layers. Then, the aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with chloroform. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (2.8 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.16-1.29 (2H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.74 (2H, d, J = 12.8 Hz), 1.86-1.97 (1H, m), 2.71 (2H, t, J = 12.4 Hz), 3.02 (3H, s), 4.07 (2H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 4.05-4.22 (2H, m).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl 4-[(4-bromophenoxy)methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0132] To a solution of the compound (1.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in N,N-dimethylformamide (30 ml), sodium iodide (0.97 g), cesium carbonate (4.2 g), and 4-bromophenol (0.75 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 70°C for 2 hours. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain a crude product of the title compound. The crude product of the title compound was dissolved in ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound (0.7 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.20-1.32 (2H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.80 (2H, d, J = 13.3 Hz), 1.89-1.98 (1H, m), 2.74 (2H, t, J = 11.7 Hz), 3.76 (2H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 4.15 (2H, br s), 6.76 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

[Step 3]

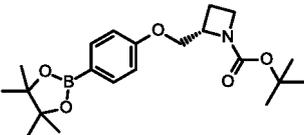
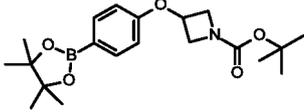
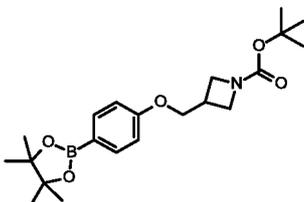
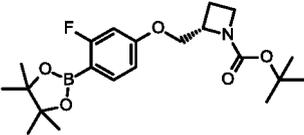
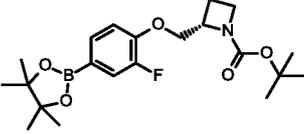
tert-Butyl 4-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0133] The title compound (0.9 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (0.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.21-1.30 (2H, m), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 1.78-1.99 (3H, m), 2.68-2.80 (2H, m), 3.83 (2H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 4.08-4.23 (2H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz).

[0134] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 25.

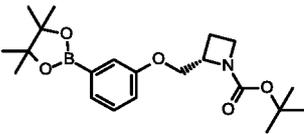
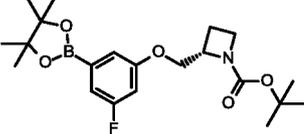
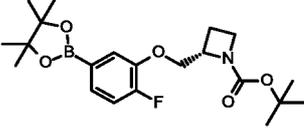
[Table 2-1]

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
5 26	 <p>tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]azetidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.31 (12H, s), 1.38 (9H, s), 2.19-2.35 (2H, m), 3.81-3.90 (2H, m), 4.08-4.13 (1H, m), 4.20-4.28 (1H, br m), 4.43-4.51 (1H, br m), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.71 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).
10 27	 <p>tert-Butyl 3-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]azetidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.29 (12H, s), 1.41 (9H, s), 3.94-3.98 (2H, m), 4.24-4.29 (2H, m), 4.84-4.91 (1H, m), 6.69 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.71 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).
15 28	 <p>tert-Butyl 3-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]azetidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.30 (12H, s), 1.41 (9H, s), 2.89-2.98 (1H, m), 3.76 (2H, dd, $J = 9.0, 4.7$ Hz), 4.02-4.12 (4H, m), 6.86 (2H, d, $J = 8.9$ Hz), 7.72 (2H, d, $J = 8.9$ Hz).
20 29	 <p>tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[3-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]azetidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.35 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 2.20-2.39 (2H, m), 3.88 (2H, t, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 4.07-4.15 (1H, m), 4.27 (1H, br s), 4.46-4.53 (1H, m), 6.61 (1H, dd, $J = 10.9, 2.4$ Hz), 6.72 (1H, dd, $J = 8.5, 3.0$ Hz), 7.65 (1H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz).
25 30	 <p>tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[2-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]azetidine-1-carboxylate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.41 (9H, s), 2.31-2.38 (2H, m), 3.86-3.93 (2H, m), 4.19 (1H, dd, $J = 10.0, 2.7$ Hz), 4.37 (1H, s), 4.49-4.53 (1H, m), 7.00 (1H, t, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.47-7.53 (2H, m).

50

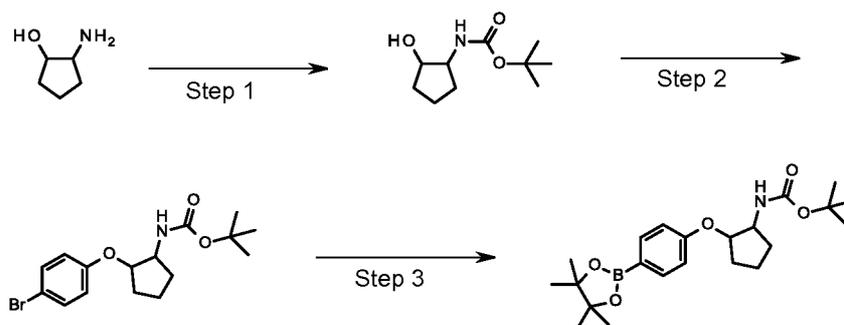
55

[Table 2-2]

5	31		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 2.26-2.37 (2H, m), 3.85-3.94 (2H, m), 4.11-4.15 (1H, m), 4.28 (1H, br s), 4.49 (1H, br s), 7.04 (1H, dd, $J = 8.5, 2.4$ Hz), 7.27-7.31 (1H, m), 7.37-7.40 (2H, m).
10	32		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 2.21-2.37 (2H, m), 3.85-3.91 (2H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, $J = 10.0, 2.7$ Hz), 4.28 (1H, br s), 4.47-4.50 (1H, m), 6.73-6.76 (1H, m), 7.09 (1H, dd, $J = 8.5, 1.8$ Hz), 7.15 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz).
15	33		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 2.26-2.40 (2H, m), 3.85-3.96 (2H, m), 4.20 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 3.0$ Hz), 4.36-4.40 (1H, br m), 4.50-4.54 (1H, br m), 7.06 (1H, dd, $J = 11.5, 7.9$ Hz), 7.36-7.44 (2H, m).
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25			

[Reference Example 34]

tert-Butyl N-[cis-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclopentyl]carbamate

[0135]

[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-(trans-2-hydroxycyclopentyl)carbamate

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[0136] To a tetrahydrofuran-water mixed solution of trans-2-aminocyclopentanol hydrochloride (5.0 g), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (7.92 g) and potassium carbonate (10 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 45 minutes. Water was added to the obtained reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with n-hexane-ethyl acetate to obtain the title compound (7.21 g).

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$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.28-1.40 (2H, m), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.59-1.81 (2H, m), 2.00-2.12 (2H, m), 3.59-3.66 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, q, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 4.04 (1H, s), 4.70 (1H, br s).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[cis-2-(4-bromophenoxy)cyclopentyl]carbamate

5 **[0137]** The title compound (1.35 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-bromophenol as the starting material using the compound (3.37 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.18-2.11 (6H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 4.06 (1H, br s), 4.58 (1H, t, J = 4.5 Hz), 4.97 (1H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.77 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).

10

[Step 3]

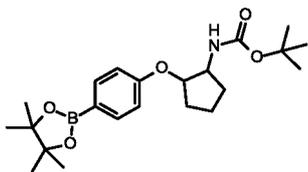
tert-Butyl N-[cis-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclopentyl]carbamate

15 **[0138]** The title compound (1.18 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.35 g) obtained in the preceding step 2. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.17-2.08 (6H, m), 1.26 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 4.10 (1H, br s), 4.66-4.67 (1H, m), 5.03 (1H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).

[0139] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 34.

20

[Table 3]

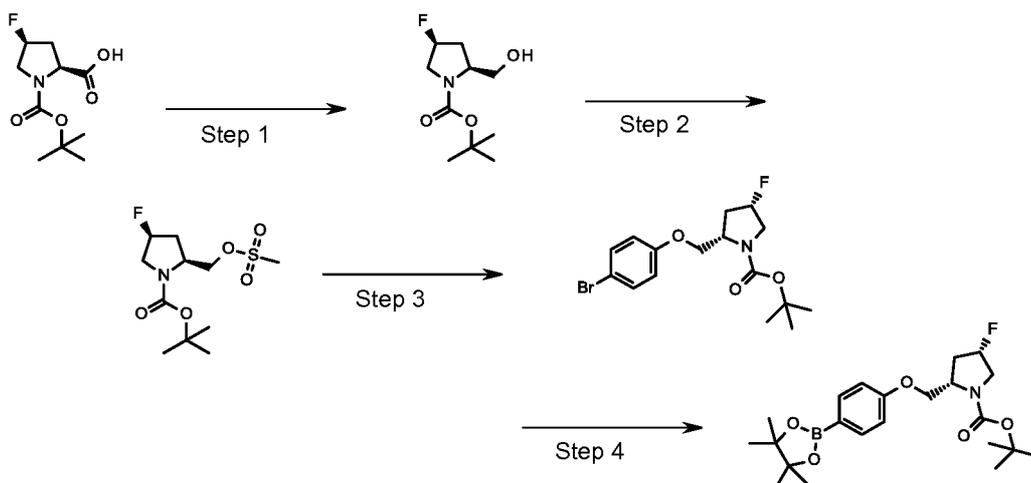
Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
25 30 35	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[trans-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclopentyl]carbamate</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 1.48-2.20 (6H, m), 4.03 (1H, br s), 4.51 (1H, br s), 4.61 (1H, br s), 6.95 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz).

[Reference Example 36]

35 tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0140]

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[Step 1]

tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

5 **[0141]** To a solution of (2S, 4S)-1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-4-fluoropyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid (4.7 g) in tetrahydrofuran (40 ml), a borane-tetrahydrofuran complex (0.95 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 31.6 ml) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Ice water and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure.

10 The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (4.2 g).
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 1.91-2.32 (2H, m), 3.44-3.87 (4H, m), 4.10-4.25 (1H, m), 5.03-5.23 (1H, m).

[Step 2]

15 tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-(methylsulfonyloxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0142] The title compound (5.4 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 25 with the compound (4.2 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 as the starting material.

20 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.02-2.44 (2H, m), 3.01 (3H, s), 3.44-3.73 (2H, m), 3.98-4.25 (2H, m), 4.45-4.51 (1H, m), 5.22 (1H, d, J = 53.2 Hz).

[Step 3]

25 tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-2-[(4-bromophenoxy)methyl]-4-fluoropyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0143] The title compound (2.0 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 25 with the compound (5.4 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 as the starting material.

30 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.05-2.15 (1H, m), 2.38-2.49 (1H, m), 3.47-3.83 (3H, m), 4.12-4.35 (2H, m), 5.21 (1H, d, J = 52.4 Hz), 6.81 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.33 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).

[Step 4]

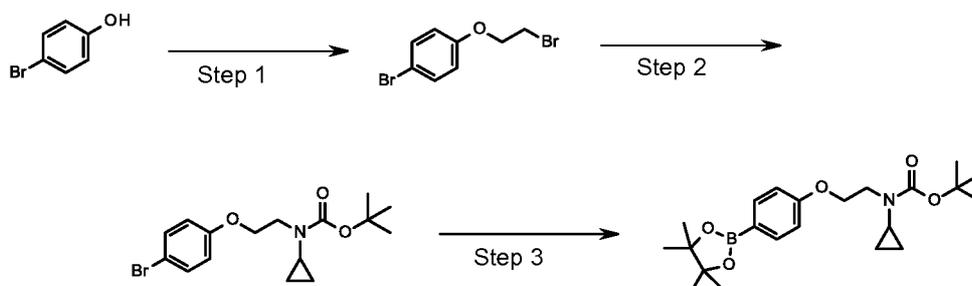
35 tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0144] The title compound (1.8 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 3. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.00-2.21 (2H, m), 2.39-2.53 (1H, m), 3.46-3.92 (2H, m), 4.14-4.42 (2H, m), 5.10-5.30 (1H, m), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.71 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz).

[Reference Example 37]

tert-Butyl N-cyclopropyl-N-[2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

45 **[0145]**



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[Step 1]

1-Bromo-4-(2-bromoethoxy)benzene

5 **[0146]** The title compound (2.7 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-bromophenol as the starting material using 2-bromoethanol (1.9 g) instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.63 (2H, t, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.26 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 6.80 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.39 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

10 [Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[2-(4-bromophenoxy)ethyl]-N-cyclopropylcarbamate

15 **[0147]** To a solution of the compound (2.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in N,N-dimethylformamide (20 ml), cyclopropylamine (2.0 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in ethanol (30 ml). To this solution, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (2.2 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.0 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.62-0.78 (4H, m), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.56-2.63 (1H, m), 3.59 (2H, t, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.06 (2H, t, J = 5.4 Hz), 6.77 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

25 [Step 3]

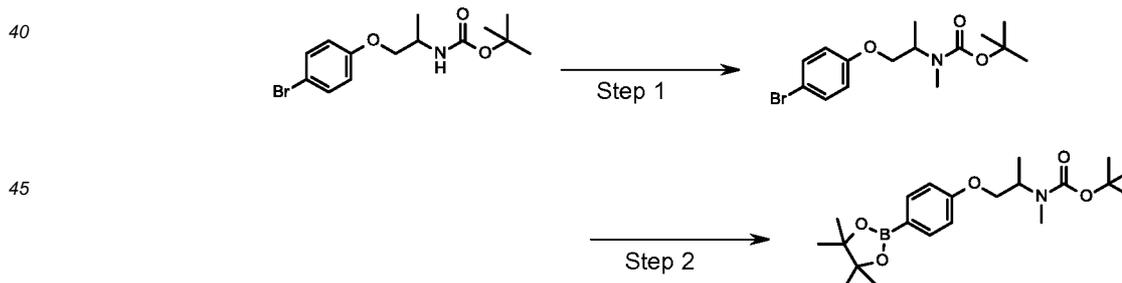
tert-Butyl N-cyclopropyl-N-[2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

30 **[0148]** The title compound (1.2 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.0 g) obtained in the preceding step 2. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.63-0.78 (4H, m), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.56-2.65 (1H, m), 3.61 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.12 (3H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.74 (2H, d, J = 7.3 Hz).

[Reference Example 38]

35 tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[1-methyl-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

[0149]



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[2-(4-bromophenoxy)-1-methyl-ethyl]-N-methylcarbamate

55 **[0150]** To a solution of the compound (3.80 g) obtained in step 1 of Reference Example 12 by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 in N,N-dimethylformamide (40 ml), sodium hydride (55% oil, 0.57 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 minutes. Then, methyl iodide (2.83 g) was added thereto, and the mixture was further stirred at room temperature for 40 minutes. After ice cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order

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and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (3.79 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.23 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.79 (3H, s), 3.87 (1H, br s), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 7.3 Hz), 4.41-4.57 (1H, m), 6.77 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

5

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[1-methyl-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

10 **[0151]** The title compound (0.78 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.29 g) obtained in the preceding step 1.

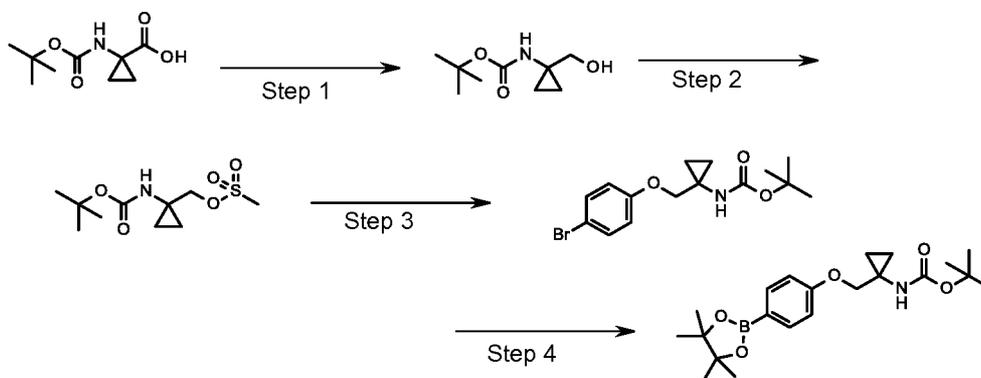
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.24 (3H, d, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.80 (3H, s), 3.93 (1H, br s), 3.99 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.44-4.59 (1H, m), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

15 [Reference Example 39]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]cyclopropyl]carbamate

20 **[0152]**

20



25

30

35 [Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)cyclopropyl]carbamate

40 **[0153]** A solution of 1-(N-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid (5 g) in tetrahydrofuran was cooled to -20°C. Isobutyl chloroformate (3.24 ml) and N-methylmorpholine (2.74 ml) were added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 20 minutes. Then, sodium borohydride (1.12 g) and water (1 ml) were added thereto, and the mixture was further stirred at room temperature for 40 minutes. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (4.24 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.81-0.85 (4H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 3.43 (1H, br s), 3.59 (2H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 5.07 (1H, br s).

45

[Step 2]

50 [1-(tert-Butoxycarbonylamino)cyclopropyl]methyl methanesulfonate

[0154] The title compound (3.93 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 25 using the compound (3.21 g) obtained in the preceding step 1. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.92-0.96 (4H, m), 1.44 (9H, s), 3.03 (3H, s), 4.25 (2H, s), 5.06 (1H, br s).

55

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[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[(4-bromophenoxy)methyl]cyclopropyl]carbamate

5 **[0155]** The title compound (0.43 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 25 using the compound (2.05 g) obtained in the preceding step 2. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89-0.92 (4H, m), 1.43 (9H, s), 3.94 (2H, s), 5.11 (1H, br s), 6.77 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[Step 4]

10

tert-Butyl N-[1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]cyclopropyl]carbamate

[0156] The title compound (0.39 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (0.43 g) obtained in the preceding step 3.

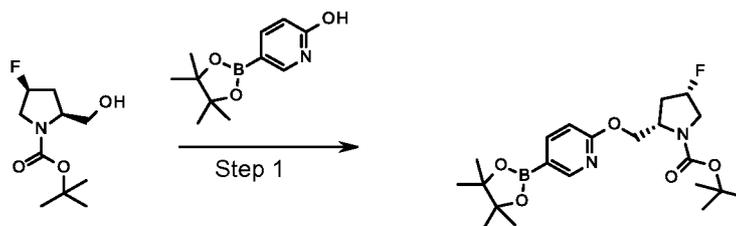
15 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 0.89-0.92 (4H, m), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.42 (9H, s), 3.99 (2H, s), 5.14 (1H, br s), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Reference Example 40]

20 tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-[[5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2-pyridyl]oxymethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0157]

25



[Step 1]

35

tert-Butyl (2S,4S)-4-fluoro-2-[[5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2-pyridyl]oxymethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0158] The title compound (1.0 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with the compound (1.25 g) obtained in step 1 of Reference Example 36 as the starting material using 5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)pyridin-2-ol (1.26 g) instead of 4-bromophenol.

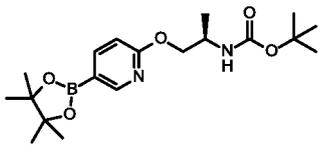
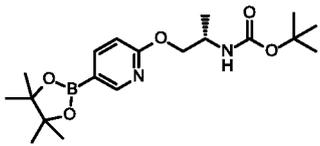
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 2.06-2.24 (1H, m), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 20.0, 14.5 Hz), 3.66-3.74 (2H, m), 4.18 (1H, br s), 4.32 (1H, br s), 4.66 (1H, br s), 5.23 (1H, d, J = 52.6 Hz), 6.71 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.92 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 1.2 Hz), 8.52 (1H, d, J = 1.2 Hz).

45 **[0159]** The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 40.

50

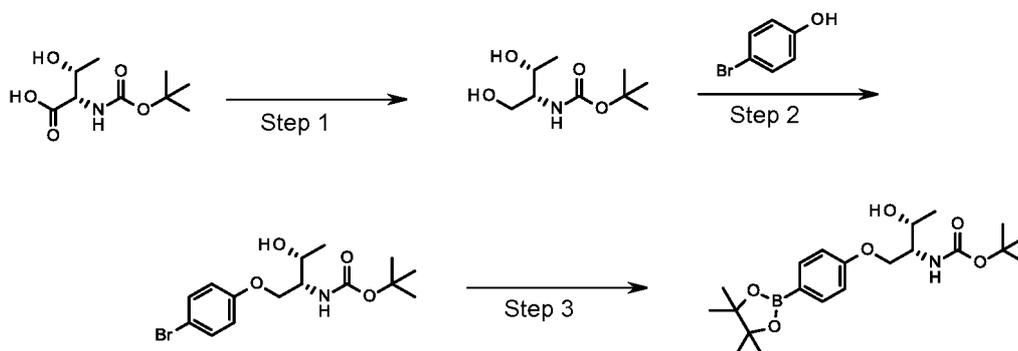
55

[Table 4]

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
41	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-1-methyl-2-[[5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2-pyridyl]oxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.25 (3H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 4.07 (1H, br s), 4.25-4.33 (2H, m), 4.87 (1H, br s), 6.72 (1H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.93 (1H, dd, $J = 8.2, 2.1$ Hz), 8.51 (1H, d, $J = 2.1$ Hz).
42	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(1S)-1-methyl-2-[[5-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-2-pyridyl]oxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.25 (3H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 4.08 (1H, br s), 4.25-4.33 (2H, m), 4.93-5.03 (1H, m), 6.72 (1H, d, $J = 8.2$ Hz), 7.93 (1H, dd, $J = 8.2, 1.8$ Hz), 8.51 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz).

[Reference Example 43]

tert-Butyl N-[(1R, 2R)-2-hydroxy-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate

[0160]

[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(1R, 2R)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]carbamate

[0161] The title compound (1.58 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 39 with (2S,3R)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-hydroxybutyric acid (3.42 g) as the starting material. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.23 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.35 (1H, br s), 2.44 (1H, br s), 3.53 (1H, br s), 3.82-3.85 (2H, br m), 4.15 (2H, br s), 5.22 (1H, br s).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(1R, 2R)-1-[(4-bromophenoxy)methyl]-2-hydroxypropyl]carbamate

[0162] The title compound (1.09 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-bromophenol (0.87 g) as the starting material using the compound (1.58 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

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$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.27 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.30 (1H, br s), 3.81 (1H, br s), 4.07 (2H, d, $J = 4.8$ Hz), 4.18-4.21 (1H, m), 5.13 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.80 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.38 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz).

[Step 3]

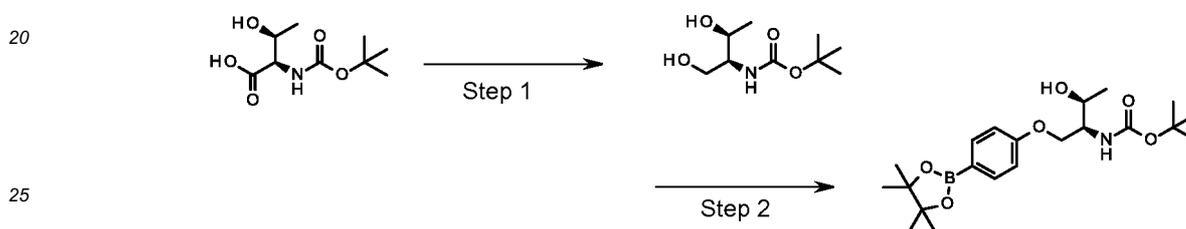
5 tert-Butyl N-[(1R, 2R)-2-hydroxy-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate

[0163] The title compound (1.07 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.09 g) obtained in the preceding step 2. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.26 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 3.83 (1H, br s), 4.14 (2H, br s), 4.21 (1H, br s), 5.18 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 7.75 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz).

[Reference Example 44]

15 tert-Butyl N-[(1S, 2S)-2-hydroxy-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate

[0164]



[Step 1]

30 tert-Butyl N-[(1S, 2S)-2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]carbamate

[0165] The title compound (2.24 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 39 with (2R,3S)-2-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-3-hydroxybutyric acid (4.28 g) as the starting material.

35 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.23 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.41 (1H, br s), 2.49 (1H, br s), 3.52 (1H, br s), 3.83 (2H, d, $J = 3.0$ Hz), 4.15 (2H, br s), 5.21 (1H, br s).

[Step 2]

40 tert-Butyl N-[(1S, 2S)-2-hydroxy-1-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]methyl]propyl]carbamate

[0166] The title compound (0.97 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenol (1.54 g) as the starting material using the compound (2.24 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

45 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.27 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.44 (1H, br s), 3.82 (1H, br s), 4.13 (2H, br s), 4.19-4.23 (1H, m), 5.18 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.75 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).

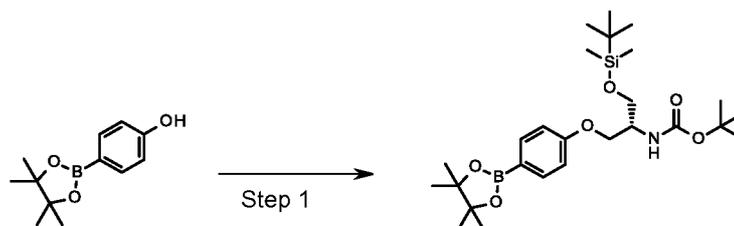
[Reference Example 45]

50 tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-1-[[tertbutyldimethylsilyl]oxymethyl]-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

[0167]

55

5



10 [Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-1-[[tertbutyldimethylsilyl]oxymethyl]-2-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate

15 **[0168]** The title compound (3.34 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenol (2.86 g) as the starting material using tert-butyl N-[(1R)-1-[[tertbutyldimethylsilyl]oxymethyl]-2-hydroxyethyl]carbamate (5.0 g) instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

20 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 0.02 (6H, s), 0.86 (9H, s), 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 3.69 (1H, dd, $J = 10.3, 5.4$ Hz), 3.84 (1H, dd, $J = 10.3, 3.3$ Hz), 3.98 (2H, br s), 4.11 (1H, br s), 4.96 (1H, d, $J = 6.0$ Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).

[0169] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 45.

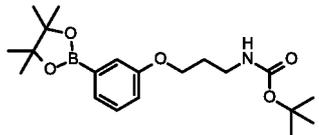
[Table 5]

25

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
30 46	<p>tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[2-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.99 (3H, s), 3.60 (2H, br s), 4.10 (3H, br s), 6.98-7.00 (1H, m), 7.27-7.32 (2H, m), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz).
35 47	<p>tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-1-methyl-2-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.29 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.34 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.95-3.97 (2H, m), 4.05 (1H, br s), 4.80 (1H, br s), 6.99-7.01 (1H, m), 7.28 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 7.32-7.32 (1H, m), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz).
45 48	<p>tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[3-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]propyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.97-2.01 (2H, m), 2.87 (3H, s), 3.40 (2H, t, $J = 7.0$ Hz), 4.00 (2H, t, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 6.98-7.00 (1H, m), 7.29-7.32 (2H, m), 7.39 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz).
50 49	<p>tert-Butyl N-[2-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]ethyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 3.53 (2H, q, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 4.05 (2H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 4.99 (1H, br s), 6.93-7.01 (1H, m), 7.22-7.32 (2H, m), 7.39 (1H, dd, $J = 14.5, 7.3$ Hz).

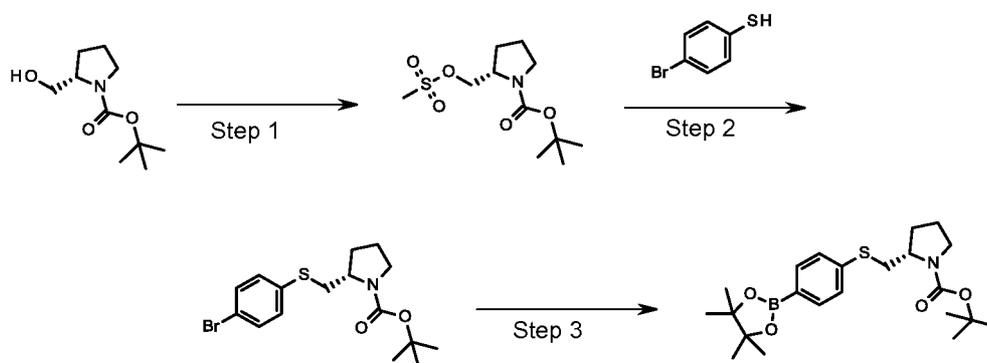
55

(continued)

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
50	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[3-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]propyl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.94-2.00 (2H, m), 3.32 (2H, q, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 4.06 (2H, t, $J = 5.7$ Hz), 4.77 (1H, br s), 6.99-7.01 (1H, m), 7.27-7.33 (2H, m), 7.40 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz).

[Reference Example 51]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]sulfanylmethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0170]

[Step 1]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-(methanesulfonyloxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0171] The title compound (1.4 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 25 with tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (1.0 g) as the starting material. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (9H, br s), 1.79-2.09 (4H, m), 3.01 (3H, s), 3.31-3.46 (2H, m), 3.96-4.36 (3H, m).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[(4-bromophenyl)sulfanylmethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0172] To a solution of the compound (1.4 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in N,N-dimethylformamide (20 ml), potassium carbonate (1.1 g) and 4-bromobenzenethiol (0.76 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 19 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.9 g). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.45 (9H, s), 1.76-2.05 (4H, m), 2.61-2.83 (1H, m), 3.28-3.51 (3H, m), 3.87-4.06 (1H, m), 7.31 (2H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.39 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]sulfanylmethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0173] The title compound (0.7 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using

the compound (0.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 2.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, br s), 1.75-2.04 (4H, m), 2.61-2.87 (1H, m), 3.28-3.56 (3H, m), 3.90-4.08 (1H, m), 7.35 (2H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.69 (2H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz).

5 [Reference Example 52]

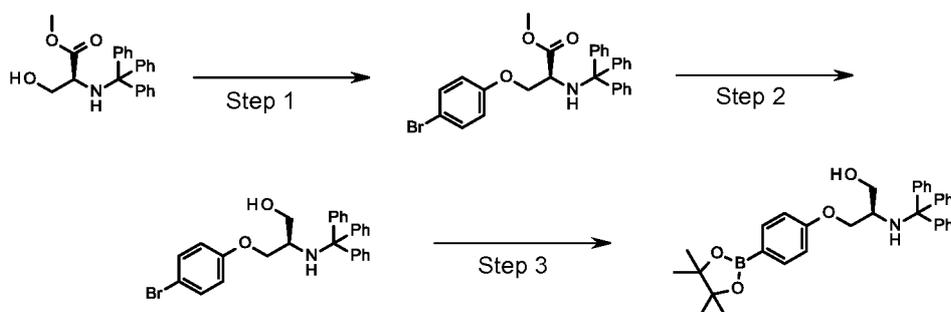
(2R)-3-[4-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]-2-(tritylamino)propan-1-ol

10 [0174]

10

15

20



[Step 1]

25 Methyl (2S)-3-(4-bromophenoxy)-2-(tritylamino)propanoate

[0175] The title compound (4.80 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-bromophenol (3.46 g) as the starting material using methyl (2S)-3-hydroxy-2-(tritylamino)propanoate (7.26 g) instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

30 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.87 (1H, d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.68-3.74 (1H, m), 3.97 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 6.7$ Hz), 4.20 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 4.8$ Hz), 6.75 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.16-7.55 (17H, m).

[Step 2]

35 (2R)-3-(4-Bromophenoxy)-2-(tritylamino)propan-1-ol

[0176] To a solution of the compound (4.80 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml), lithium aluminum hydride (189 mg) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution to separate two layers. Then, the aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (4.14 g).

40 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.79 (1H, t, $J = 5.7$ Hz), 2.42 (1H, br s), 3.02-3.12 (3H, m), 3.55-3.62 (2H, m), 6.55 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.17-7.59 (17H, m).

45

[Step 3]

(2R)-3-[4-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]-2-(tritylamino)propan-1-ol

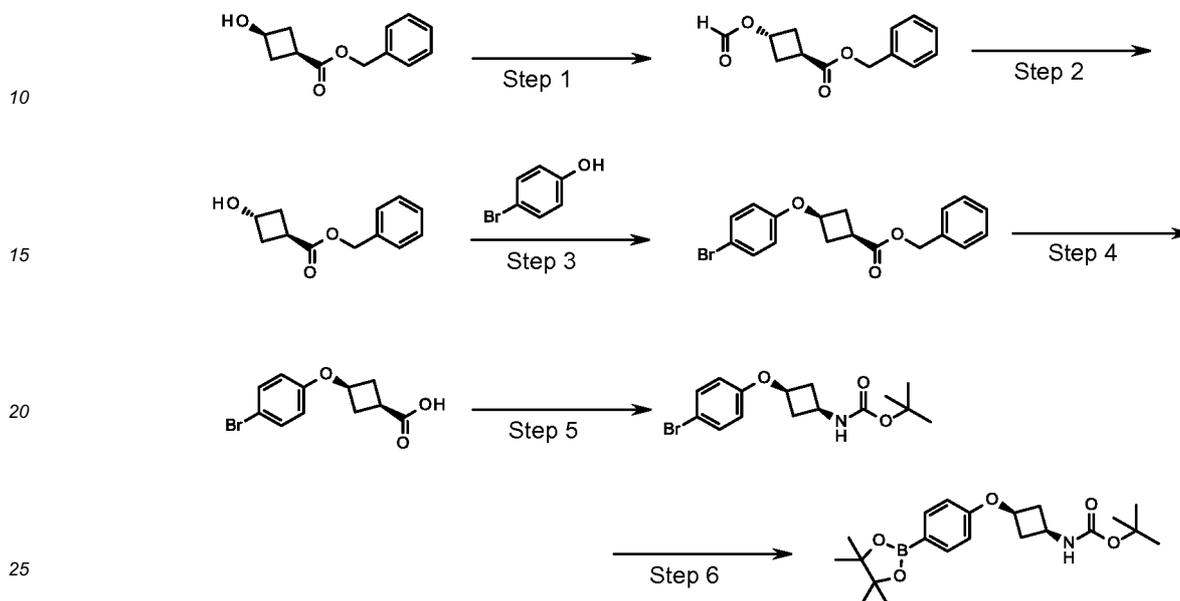
50 [0177] The title compound (1.08 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (1.18 g) obtained in the preceding step 2. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33 (12H, s), 1.83 (1H, br s), 2.46 (1H, br s), 3.06 (2H, br s), 3.17 (1H, dd, $J = 9.4, 6.0$ Hz), 3.58-3.61 (1H, m), 3.65 (1H, dd, $J = 9.4, 3.3$ Hz), 6.67 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz), 7.18-7.20 (3H, m), 7.22-7.30 (6H, m), 7.52-7.62 (6H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, $J = 8.8$ Hz).

55

[Reference Example 53]

tert-Butyl N-[3-cis-[4-(4,4,5,5-Tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclobutyl]carbamate

5 [0178]



[Step 1]

30 Benzyl 3-cis-formyloxycyclobutanecarboxylate

[0179] To a solution of benzyl 3-cis-hydroxycyclobutanecarboxylate (7.40 g) and formic acid (1.62 ml) in tetrahydrofuran (80 ml), triphenylphosphine (11.28 g) and a solution of diethyl azodicarboxylate in toluene (40%, 19.5 ml) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (8.59 g).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.38-2.46 (2H, m), 2.69-2.75 (2H, m), 3.17-3.24 (1H, m), 5.15 (2H, s), 5.30-5.33 (1H, m), 7.32-7.40 (5H, m), 7.97 (1H, s).

[Step 2]

Benzyl 3-trans-hydroxycyclobutanecarboxylate

[0180] To the compound (8.59 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, dimethylamine (2 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 50 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (5.36 g).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.81 (1H, d, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 2.19-2.27 (2H, m), 2.56-2.63 (2H, m), 3.05-3.11 (1H, m), 4.55-4.60 (1H, m), 5.13 (2H, s), 7.30-7.39 (5H, m).

[Step 3]

Benzyl 3-cis-(4-bromophenoxy)cyclobutanecarboxylate

[0181] The title compound (6.03 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 1 with 4-bromophenol (4.84 g) as the starting material using the compound (5.36 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 instead of tert-butyl (2S)-2-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.41-2.50 (2H, m), 2.69-2.77 (2H, m), 2.81-2.88 (1H, m), 4.50-4.58 (1H, m), 5.14 (2H, s), 6.68 (2H,

d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.30-7.39 (7H, m).

[Step 4]

5 3-cis-(4-Bromophenoxy)cyclobutanecarboxylic acid

[0182] To a solution of the compound (6.03 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 in ethanol (40 ml), a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (40 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. 1 N hydrochloric acid (60 ml) was added to the reaction solution. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound (4.30 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.43-2.52 (2H, m), 2.73-2.80 (2H, m), 2.84-2.89 (1H, m), 4.53-4.60 (1H, m), 6.68 (2H, d, J = 8.8 Hz), 7.36 (2H, d, J = 8.8 Hz).

15 [Step 5]

tert-Butyl N-[3-cis-(4-bromophenoxy)cyclobutyl]carbamate

[0183] To a solution of the compound (4.3 g) obtained in the preceding step 4 in toluene (50 ml), triethylamine (2.40 g) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (4.09 ml) were added, and the mixture was heated at 90°C for 1 hour. Tert-butanol (15 ml) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was further stirred at the same temperature as above for 3 hours. After cooling, ethyl acetate was added to the reaction solution. The organic layer was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (2.11 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.95-2.05 (2H, m), 2.91-2.96 (2H, m), 3.91 (1H, br s), 4.29-4.36 (1H, m), 4.68 (1H, br s), 6.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.35 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[Step 6]

30

tert-Butyl N-[3-cis-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenoxy]cyclobutyl]carbamate

[0184] The title compound (0.84 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 1 using the compound (0.85 g) obtained in the preceding step 5. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.32 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.95-2.03 (2H, m), 2.95 (2H, br s), 3.91 (1H, br s), 4.38-4.45 (1H, m), 4.67-4.69 (1H, br m), 6.78 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 7.72 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz).

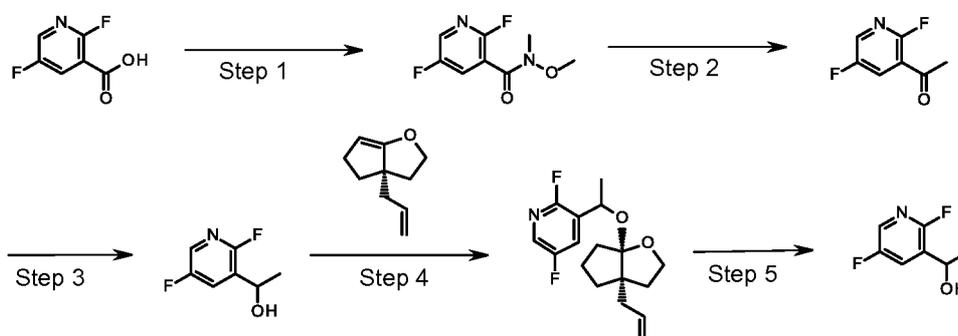
35

[Reference Example 54]

(+)-1-(2,5-Difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethanol

40

[0185]



[Step 1]

2,5-Difluoro-N-methoxy-N-methylpyridine-3-carboxamide

- 5 **[0186]** To a solution of 2,5-difluoropyridine-3-carboxylic acid (3.00 g), 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (4.34 g), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (127 mg), and N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.93 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (30 ml), diisopropylethylamine (7.42 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure.
- 10 The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (2.42 g).
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.37 (3H, s), 3.59 (3H, s), 7.64 (1H, td, J = 6.7, 3.0 Hz), 8.11-8.13 (1H, m).
 ESI-MS (m/z) : 203 (M+H)⁺.

15

[Step 2]

1-(2,5-Difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethanone

- 20 **[0187]** The compound (2.40 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (50 ml). To the solution, methyl magnesium bromide (1 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 17.8 ml) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was then stirred at room temperature for 45 minutes. Methyl magnesium bromide (1 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 5.9 ml) was further added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes, followed by addition of a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride. Ethyl acetate was added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.36 g).
- 25 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.70 (3H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 8.05 (1H, td, J = 7.3, 3.9 Hz), 8.22-8.24 (1H, m).

30 [Step 3]

1-(2,5-Difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethanol

- 35 **[0188]** (+)-B-Chlorodiisopinocampheylborane (1.6 M solution in n-hexane, 7.7 ml) was diluted with tetrahydrofuran (25 ml). To the dilution, a solution of the compound (878 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml) was added under ice cooling. After stirring at 0°C for 5 hours, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and diethyl ether (100 ml) was added to the residue. Diethanolamine (1.29 g) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration. The obtained solid was dissolved in water, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract and the filtrate were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate; and subsequently basic silica gel, n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (647 mg).
- 40 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.03 (1H, d, J = 4.2 Hz), 5.09-5.15 (1H, m), 7.73 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 3.0 Hz), 7.91-7.93 (1H, m).

45

[Step 4]

3-[1-[(3aS,6aS)-3a-Allyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-6a-yl]oxy]ethyl]-2,5-difluoropyridine

- 50 **[0189]** The compound (644 mg) obtained in the preceding step 3 and (3aS)-3a-allyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrocyclopenta[b]furan (730 mg) were dissolved in toluene (20 ml). To the solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid pyridine salt (712 mg) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 days. Ethyl acetate and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (926 mg).
- 55 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.40 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.49-1.74 (6H, m), 1.89-1.95 (1H, m), 2.19-2.25 (2H, m), 2.33 (1H, dd, J = 13.9, 7.9 Hz), 3.33 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.64 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 4.2 Hz), 5.02-5.15 (3H, m), 5.82-5.92 (1H, m), 7.62 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 3.0 Hz), 7.88-7.89 (1H, m).

[Step 5]

(+) -1-(2,5-Difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethanol

5 **[0190]** The compound (902 mg) obtained in the preceding step 4 was dissolved in methanol (20 ml). To the solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (55 mg) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 50°C for 1 hour. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate and ethyl acetate were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (375 mg).
 10 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.52 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.21 (1H, d, J = 4.2 Hz), 5.08-5.15 (1H, m), 7.73 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 3.0 Hz), 7.91-7.92 (1H, m).
 [α]_D +55.90° (c = 0.916, methanol, 25.0°C)

15 [Reference Example 55]

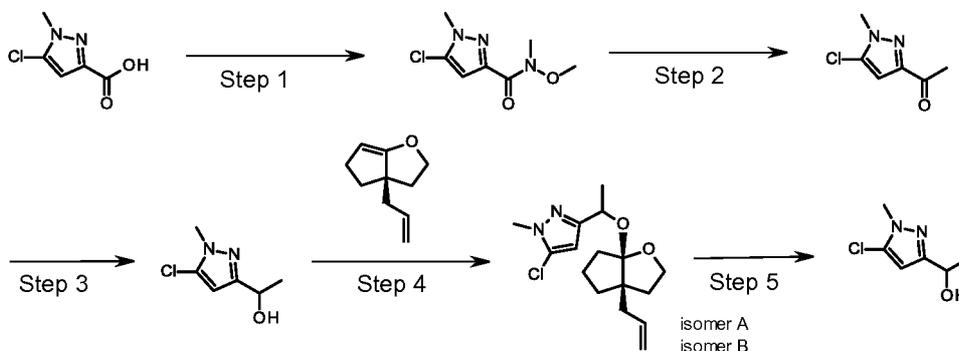
(+) -1-(5-Chloro-1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)ethanol

20 **[0191]**

20

25

30



35 [Step 1]

35

5-Chloro-N-methoxy-N,1-dimethylpyrazole-3-carboxamide

40 **[0192]** 5-Chloro-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-3-carboxylic acid (982 mg) was added to a solution of 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (2.39 g), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (252 mg), and N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.21 g) in dichloromethane (50 ml). Triethylamine (2.4 ml) was added dropwise to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The reaction solution was diluted with dichloromethane (20 ml). Water (50 ml) was added to the dilution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was washed with water (50 ml). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.14 g).
 45 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.37 (3H, s), 3.71-3.71 (3H, m), 3.87-3.88 (3H, m), 6.67 (1H, s).
 ESI-MS (m/z) : 203 (M+H)⁺.

50 [Step 2]

50

1-(5-Chloro-1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)ethanone

55 **[0193]** A solution of the compound (1.14 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in tetrahydrofuran (15 ml) was cooled in ice, and methyl magnesium bromide (0.99 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 12.5 ml) was added dropwise thereto over 5 minutes. The reaction solution was stirred for 2 hours under ice cooling and then at room temperature for 30 minutes. The reaction solution was diluted with ethyl acetate (30 ml). After ice cooling, 1 N hydrochloric acid (6.7 ml) was added dropwise to the reaction solution. Then, a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate (12 ml) and an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (4 ml) were further added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room

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temperature for 30 minutes. The insoluble matter was filtered off through celite, and the filtrate was then separated into the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate (20 ml). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (752 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.50 (3H, s), 3.88 (3H, s), 6.68 (1H, s).

[Step 3]

1-(5-Chloro-1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)ethanol

[0194] A solution of the compound (741 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 in methanol (12 ml) was cooled in ice, and sodium borohydride (230 mg) was added thereto. The mixture was stirred for 4 hours under ice cooling. A saturated ammonium chloride solution (0.8 ml) was added dropwise to the reaction solution, and the mixture was stirred for 5 minutes and then further stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure, and the residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 ml). A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate (15 ml) was added to the dilution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate (20 ml). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtration, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane:ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (685 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.43 (1H, d, J = 4.3 Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.81-4.83 (1H, m), 6.13 (1H, s).

[Step 4]

3-[1-[(3aR,6aR)-3a-Allyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-6a-yl]oxy]ethyl]-5-chloro-1-methylpyrazole

[0195] To a solution of the compound (1.355 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 in toluene (36 ml), a solution of (3aR)-3a-allyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrocyclopenta[b]furan (1.52 g) in toluene (6 ml) was added. To this solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid pyridine salt (1.48 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 3 hours. The reaction solution was fractionated with ethyl acetate and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate. The organic layer was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. After filtering off the insoluble matter, the solvent in the filtrate was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain low polar isomer A (1.108 g) and highly polar isomer B (1.017 g).

Low polar isomer A (R_f = 0.60, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 3:1)

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38-1.59 (5H, m), 1.42 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.67-1.74 (1H, m), 1.94-2.03 (2H, m), 2.09 (1H, dd, J = 13.9, 7.3 Hz), 2.32 (1H, dd, J = 13.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.81-3.90 (2H, m), 4.89 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 5.00-5.10 (2H, m), 5.81-5.91 (1H, m), 6.15 (1H, s). Highly polar isomer B (R_f = 0.51, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 3:1)

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.48-1.71 (6H, m), 1.88-1.94 (1H, m), 2.13 (1H, dd, J = 13.9, 7.3 Hz), 2.17-2.22 (1H, m), 2.28 (1H, dd, J = 13.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.58 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.72 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 4.2 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 4.87 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 5.01-5.10 (2H, m), 5.80-5.91 (1H, m), 6.16 (1H, s).

[Step 5]

(+)-1-(5-Chloro-1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)ethanol

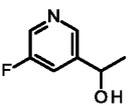
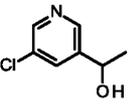
[0196] The low polar isomer A (1.48 g) obtained in the preceding step 4 was dissolved in methanol (45 ml). To the solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (91 mg) was added at room temperature. After stirring at room temperature for 3 hours, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Ethyl acetate and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the residue to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (647 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.37 (1H, d, J = 3.6 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 4.84-4.89 (1H, m), 6.16 (1H, s).

[α]_D +16.7° (c = 1.08, chloroform, 25.0°C)

[0197] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 55.

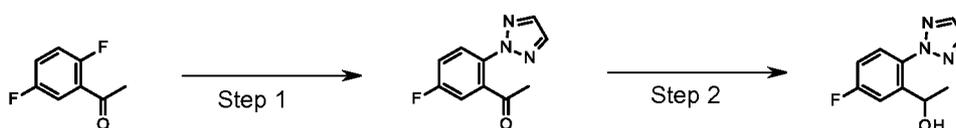
[Table 6]

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
56	 (+)-1-(5-Fluoro-3-pyridyl)ethanol	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (3H, d, $J = 6.6$ Hz), 2.75 (1H, br s), 4.94-4.97 (1H, m), 7.44-7.48 (1H, m), 8.30-8.32 (2H, m). $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}$ +43.44 $^\circ$ ($c = 0.32$, chloroform, 29.2 $^\circ\text{C}$)
57	 (+)-1-(5-Chloro-3-pyridyl)ethanol	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.52 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 2.82-2.85 (1H, br m), 4.94-4.97 (1H, m), 7.75-7.75 (1H, m), 8.42-8.43 (2H, m). $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}$ +44.44 $^\circ$ ($c = 0.18$, chloroform, 22.6 $^\circ\text{C}$)

[Reference Example 58]

1-[5-Fluoro-2-(triazol-2-yl)phenyl]ethanol

[0198]



[Step 1]

1-[5-Fluoro-2-(triazol-2-yl)phenyl]ethanone

[0199] 1-(2,5-Difluorophenyl)ethanone (3.00 g) and 1H-triazole (1.99 g) were dissolved in N-methylpyrrolidone (5 ml). To the solution, potassium carbonate (2.66 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 140 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 4.5 hours. After standing to cool, water and ethyl acetate were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, washed three times with saturated saline, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.05 g).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.16 (3H, s), 7.22-7.31 (2H, m), 7.83-7.87 (3H, m).

[Step 2]

1-[5-Fluoro-2-(triazol-2-yl)phenyl]ethanol

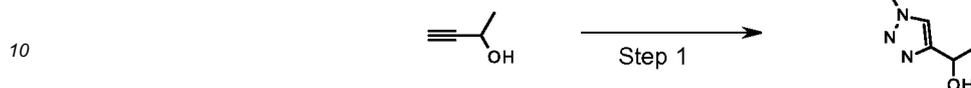
[0200] The compound (310 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in methanol (10 ml). To the solution, sodium borohydride (86 mg) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. The reaction solution was quenched by the addition of acetone. Water and ethyl acetate were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was washed with saturated saline, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (296 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (3H, d, $J = 6.0$ Hz), 3.94 (1H, d, $J = 4.2$ Hz), 4.83-4.89 (1H, m), 7.09-7.14 (1H, m), 7.39 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 3.0$ Hz), 7.62 (1H, dd, $J = 9.1, 5.4$ Hz), 7.88 (2H, s).

[Reference Example 59]

1-[1-(Difluoromethyl)triazol-4-yl]ethanol

5 [0201]



[Step 1]

15 1-[1-(Difluoromethyl)triazol-4-yl]ethanol

[0202] Tert-butanol (17.4 ml), water (17.4 ml), and a 1 M aqueous copper(II) sulfate solution (4.64 ml) were added to sodium chlorodifluoroacetate (3.54 g), but-3-yn-2-ol (2.00 ml), sodium azide (1.66 g), cesium carbonate (11.3 g), and copper (1.18 g), and the mixture was reacted for 30 minutes using a microwave reaction apparatus (300 W, 125°C). The reaction solution was diluted with ethyl acetate. While being washed, the dilution was filtered to remove the aqueous layer. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then filtered. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-methyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (196 mg).

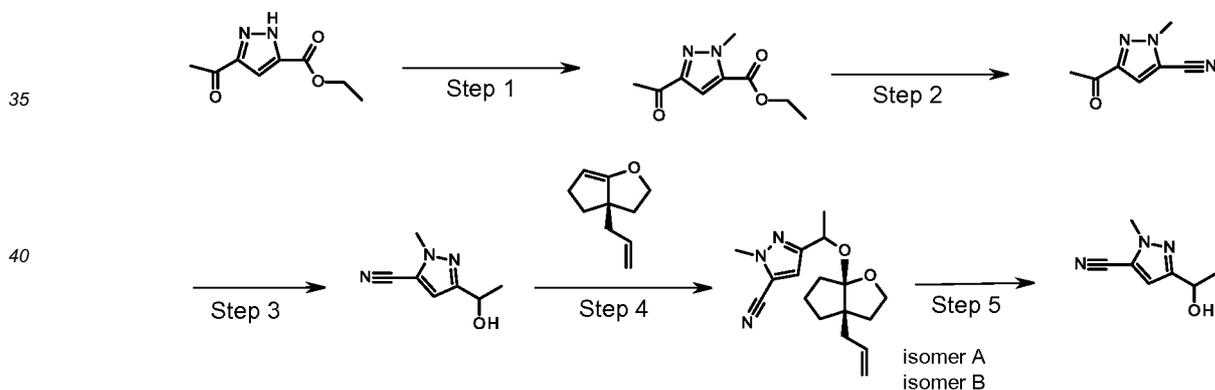
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.64 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.35-2.39 (1H, m), 5.11-5.19 (1H, m), 7.54 (1H, t, J = 59.2 Hz), 7.90 (1H, s).

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[Reference Example 60]

(+)-5-(1-Hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpyrazole-3-carbonitrile

30 [0203]



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[Step 1]

Ethyl 5-acetyl-2-methylpyrazole-3-carboxylate

50 [0204] Ethyl 3-acetyl-1H-pyrazole-5-carboxylate (Chem. Commun., 2004, 394-395) (4.82 g) was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (80 ml). To the solution, potassium carbonate (4.39 g) and iodomethane (1.98 ml) were added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours and 50 minutes. The reaction solution was diluted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with saturated saline, water, and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (3.38 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38 (3H, t, J = 7.1 Hz), 2.58 (3H, s), 4.24 (3H, s), 4.36 (2H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.32 (1H, s).

55

[Step 2]

5-Acetyl-2-methylpyrazole-3-carbonitrile

5 **[0205]** The compound (3.38 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (170 ml). To the solution, an aqueous solution (35 ml) of lithium hydroxide monohydrate (1.45 g) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and 45 minutes. The reaction solution was rendered acidic by the addition of 1 N hydrochloric acid under ice cooling, followed by extraction with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in N,N-dimethylformamide (60 ml). To this solution, 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (3.49 g) was added. Subsequently, 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride (4.95 g) and an aqueous ammonia solution (28%, 2.79 ml) were added to the mixture under ice cooling, and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. Ethyl acetate and saturated saline were added to the reaction solution to separate two layers. Then, the aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (70 ml). To this solution, triethylamine (6.24 ml) and a solution of trifluoroacetic anhydride in tetrahydrofuran (22 ml) were added at -5°C under a nitrogen atmosphere, and the mixture was stirred for 3 hours and 40 minutes under ice cooling. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (2.36 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.59 (3H, s), 4.13 (3H, s), 7.26 (1H, s).

[Step 3]

25 5-(1-Hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpyrazole-3-carbonitrile

[0206] The compound (2.36 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 was dissolved in methanol (170 ml). To this solution, sodium borohydride (658 mg) was added, and the mixture was stirred for 50 minutes. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.75 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.15 (1H, d, J = 4.3 Hz), 4.03 (3H, s), 4.92-4.99 (1H, m), 6.74 (1H, s).

[Step 4]

35 5-[1-[(3aR,6aR)-3a-Allyl-3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-6a-yl]oxy]ethyl]-2-methylpyrazole-3-carbonitrile

[0207] The compound (1.75 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 was dissolved in dichloromethane (60 ml). To the solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid pyridine salt (232 mg) was added under ice cooling. A solution of (3aR)-3a-allyl-2,3,4,5-tetrahydrocyclopenta[b]furan (2.09 g) in dichloromethane (35 ml) was further added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and 20 minutes. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with dichloromethane. The extract was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain low polar isomer A (1.56 g) and highly polar isomer B (1.62 g). Low polar isomer A (R_f = 0.70, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 7:3) ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.26-1.37 (1H, m), 1.44 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.47-1.62 (4H, m), 1.68-1.76 (1H, m), 1.93-2.11 (3H, m), 2.28-2.35 (1H, m), 3.80-3.91 (2H, m), 4.00 (3H, s), 4.97-5.10 (3H, m), 5.79-5.90 (1H, m), 7.26 (1H, s). Highly polar isomer B (R_f = 0.63, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 7:3) ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.47-1.73 (6H, m), 1.88-1.94 (1H, m), 2.10-2.31 (3H, m), 3.46-3.55 (1H, m), 3.67-3.74 (1H, m), 4.00 (3H, s), 4.96 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 5.02-5.11 (2H, m), 5.80-5.90 (1H, m), 6.73 (1H, s).

[Step 5]

(+)5-(1-Hydroxyethyl)-2-methylpyrazole-3-carbonitrile

55 **[0208]** The low polar isomer A (1.56 g) obtained in the preceding step 4 was dissolved in methanol (52 ml). To the solution, p-toluenesulfonic acid monohydrate (1.48 g) was added at room temperature. After stirring at 50°C for 2 hours, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Dichloromethane and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the residue to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over

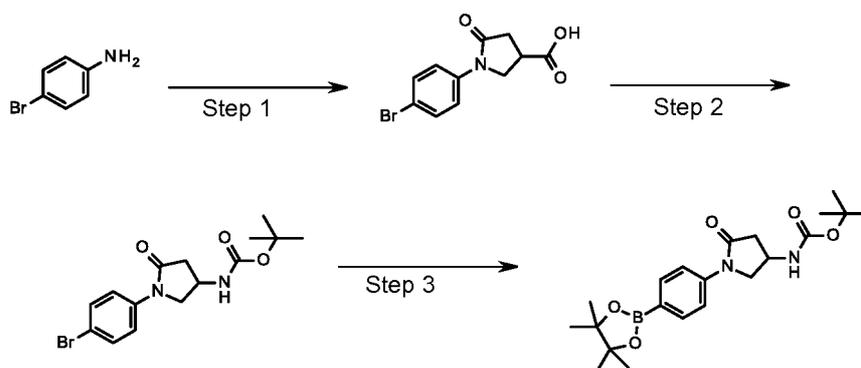
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anhydrous sodium sulfate. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (709 mg).
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ : 1.53 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.15 (1H, d, J = 4.3 Hz), 4.03 (3H, s), 4.92-4.99 (1H, m), 6.74 (1H, s).
 [α]_D +19.0° (c = 1.05, chloroform, 25.0°C)

[Reference Example 61]

tert-Butyl N-[5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0209]



[Step 1]

1-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

[0210] A mixture of 4-bromoaniline (8.6 g) and itaconic acid (6.5 g) was stirred at 130°C for 50 minutes. After cooling, a n-hexane-ethyl acetate mixed solution was added to the resulting solid. The compound was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (13.5 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.89-3.03 (2H, m), 3.38-3.47 (1H, m), 4.02-4.16 (2H, m), 7.49 (4H, s).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0211] To a solution of the compound (2.8 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in tert-butanol (40 ml), triethylamine (2.1 ml) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (2.6 ml) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and then stirred at 80°C for 3 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure, and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the residue, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (chloroform) to obtain the title compound (2.0 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.48 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.6 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.0 Hz), 3.70 (1H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 4.14 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 4.41 (1H, br s), 4.85 (1H, br s), 7.46-7.52 (4H, m).

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0212] To a solution of the compound (0.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in 1,4-dioxane (20 ml), bis(pinacolato)diborane (0.77 g), potassium acetate (0.75 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (0.21 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 6 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, ethyl acetate was added to the reaction solution, and the insoluble matter was filtered off. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then, the obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.0 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.49 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 4.6 Hz), 2.98 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.0 Hz), 3.74 (1H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 4.15-4.21 (1H, m),

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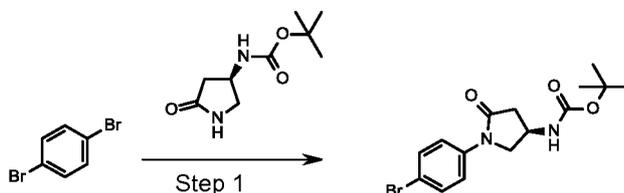
4.37-4.47 (1H, m), 4.85 (1H, br s), 7.61 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.81 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).

[Reference Example 62]

5 tert-Butyl N-[(3R)-1-(4-bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0213]

10



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(3R)-1-(4-bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

20

[0214] 1,4-Dioxane (8 ml) was added to 1,4-dibromobenzene (176 mg), t-butyl N-[(3R)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate (100 mg), tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium(0) (23 mg), 4,5-bis(diphenylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene (29 mg), and cesium carbonate (244 mg), and the mixture was stirred at 90°C for 1 hour under an argon atmosphere and then further heated to reflux for 1 hour. Dichloromethane and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (24 mg).

25

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.49 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.6 Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.0 Hz), 3.69 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.2 Hz), 4.12 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 7.2 Hz), 4.41 (1H, br s), 4.96 (1H, d, J = 7.2 Hz), 7.46-7.50 (4H, m). ESI-MS (m/z) :355, 357 (M+H)⁺.

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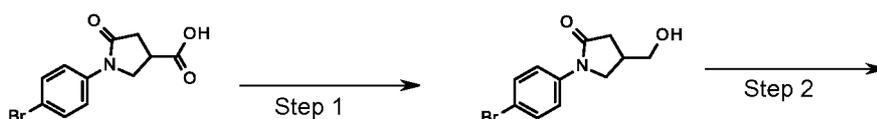
[Reference Example 63]

tert-Butyl N-[[5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl]carbamate

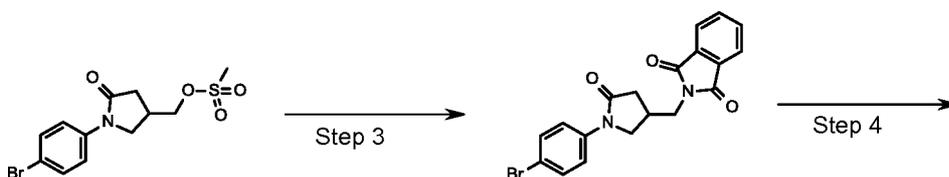
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[0215]

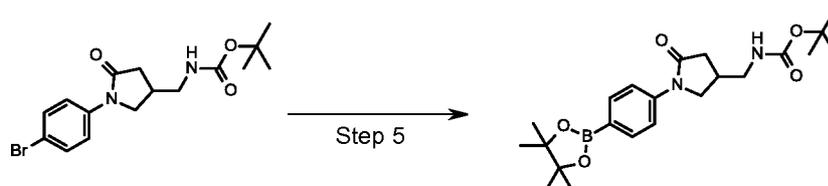
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[Step 1]

1-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-(hydroxymethyl)pyrrolidin-2-one

5 **[0216]** To a solution of the compound (2.8 g) obtained in step 1 of Reference Example 61 in tetrahydrofuran (30 ml), a borane-tetrahydrofuran complex (0.98 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 20.4 ml) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 1 hour. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.3 g).
10 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.67 (1H, br s), 2.39-2.49 (1H, m), 2.65-2.77 (2H, m), 3.67-3.81 (3H, m), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 9.6, 7.8 Hz), 7.47 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.54 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

15 [1-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-oxo-pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl methanesulfonate

[0217] To a solution of the compound (1.3 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in dichloromethane (30 ml), triethylamine (1.3 ml) and methanesulfonyl chloride (0.56 ml) were added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution to separate two layers. Then, the aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with chloroform. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound (1.6 g).
20 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 6.9 Hz), 2.82 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 9.2 Hz), 2.91-3.00 (1H, m), 3.06 (3H, s), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 5.7 Hz), 4.00 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 8.0 Hz), 4.26 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 7.7 Hz), 4.34 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 5.7 Hz), 7.46-7.53 (4H, m).

[Step 3]

30 2-[[1-(4-Bromophenyl)-5-oxo-pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl]isoindoline-1,3-dione

[0218] To a solution of the compound (0.5 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in N,N-dimethylformamide (20 ml), sodium iodide (0.26 g) and phthalimide potassium (0.32 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 70°C for 4 hours. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with an ethyl acetate-diethyl ether mixed solvent to obtain the title compound (0.38 g).
35 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.50 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.3 Hz), 2.77 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 8.7 Hz), 2.88-3.01 (1H, m), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 6.0 Hz), 3.82-3.91 (3H, m), 7.43-7.51 (4H, m), 7.74-7.79 (2H, m), 7.85-7.91 (2H, m).

40 [Step 4]

tert-Butyl N-[[1-(4-bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl]carbamate

[0219] To a solution of the compound (0.38 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 in ethanol (20 ml), hydrazine hydrate (0.11 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then, chloroform was added to the residue, and the insoluble matter was filtered off. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. Ethanol (10 ml) and di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.33 g) were added to the obtained residue, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then, the obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.31 g).
50 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 2.34-2.40 (1H, m), 2.65-2.76 (2H, m), 3.27 (2H, br s), 3.60 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 5.7 Hz), 3.90 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.9 Hz), 4.75 (1H, s), 7.47 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz).

[Step 5]

55 tert-Butyl N-[[5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]methyl]carbamate

[0220] The title compound (0.33 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using

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the compound (0.31 g) obtained in the preceding step 4. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.24 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.39 (1H, dd, $J = 16.0, 5.7$ Hz), 2.67-2.78 (2H, m), 3.27 (2H, br s), 3.63 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 5.7$ Hz), 3.94 (1H, dd, $J = 9.7, 8.0$ Hz), 4.75 (1H, s), 7.62 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.80 (2H, d, $J = 8.0$ Hz).

5 [Reference Example 64]

tert-Butyl N-[2-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

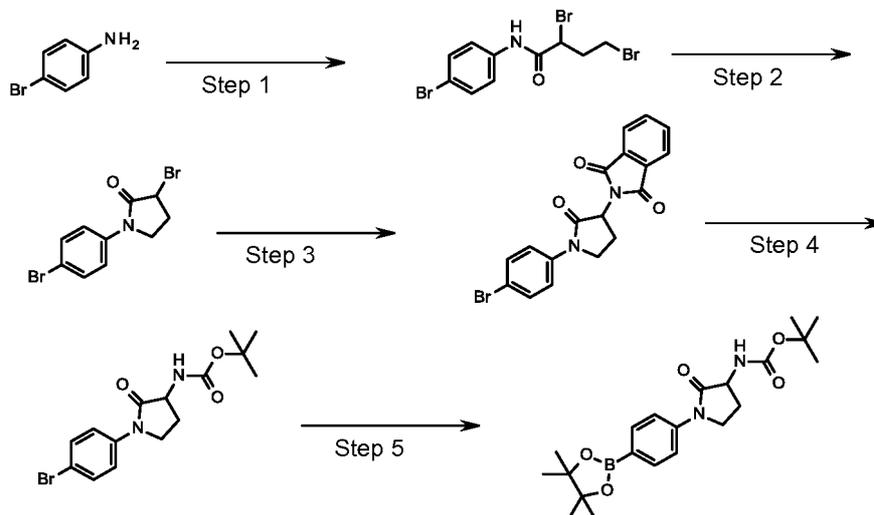
10 [0221]

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30 [Step 1]

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2,4-Dibromo-N-(4-bromophenyl)butanamide

35 [0222] To a solution of 4-bromoaniline (1.73 g) in dichloromethane (40 ml), triethylamine (2.8 ml) and a solution of 2,4-dibromobutyryl chloride (3.2 g) in dichloromethane (10 ml) were added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. After addition of 1 N hydrochloric acid to the reaction solution, the mixture was separated into two layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with chloroform. The organic layers were combined, washed with a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude product of the title compound, which was used in the next reaction without being purified.

40

[Step 2]

3-Bromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one

45 [0223] To a solution of the compound obtained in the preceding step 1 in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (30 ml), sodium hydride (55% oil, 0.65 g) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 1 hour. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium chloride was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane-ethyl acetate) and then washed with *n*-hexane to obtain the title compound (1.2 g). $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.43-2.50 (1H, m), 2.69-2.77 (1H, m), 3.78-3.83 (1H, m), 4.00-4.06 (1H, m), 4.58 (1H, dd, $J = 6.9, 2.9$ Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 7.56 (2H, d, $J = 9.2$ Hz).

50 [Step 3]

55

2-[1-(4-Bromophenyl)-2-oxo-pyrrolidin-3-yl]isoindoline-1,3-dione

[0224] To a solution of the compound (0.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (20 ml),

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phthalimide potassium (0.51 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at 70°C for 1 hour. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with diethyl ether to obtain the title compound (0.35 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.53-2.67 (2H, m), 3.87-4.02 (2H, m), 5.14 (1H, t, J = 9.9 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 9.5 Hz), 7.59 (2H, d, J = 9.5 Hz), 7.73-7.78 (2H, m), 7.85-7.90 (2H, m).

[Step 4]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-2-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0225] The title compound (0.39 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 4 of Reference Example 63 using the compound (0.35 g) obtained in the preceding step 3. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 1.96-2.07 (2H, m), 2.79 (1H, br s), 3.74-3.80 (1H, m), 4.34 (1H, br s), 5.20 (1H, s), 7.49 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.55 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[Step 5]

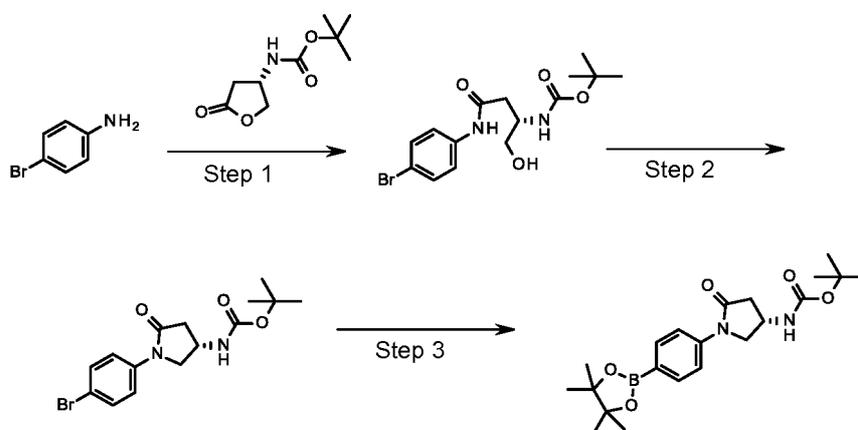
tert-Butyl N-[2-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0226] The title compound (0.52 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (0.39 g) obtained in the preceding step 4. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.24 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 1.96-2.04 (1H, m), 2.80 (1H, br s), 3.80 (1H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 3.83 (1H, d, J = 4.1 Hz), 4.36 (1H, br s), 5.22 (1H, br s), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.82 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz).

[Reference Example 65]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0227]



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(1S)-3-(4-bromoanilino)-1-(hydroxymethyl)-3-oxopropyl]carbamate

[0228] 4-Bromoaniline (172 mg) was dissolved in dichloromethane (5 ml). To the solution, trimethylaluminum (1.8 M solution in toluene, 0.556 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. Tert-butyl N-[(3S)-5-oxotetrahydrofuran-3-yl]carbamate (201 mg) was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature, then stirred at 60°C for 1 hour, and then further heated to reflux for 1 hour.

[0229] The same procedures as above were performed using 4-bromoaniline (2.56 g), and two lots were combined. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction from the aqueous layer with ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was filtered through celite. After extraction from the filtrate with dichloromethane, these two organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (3.82 g).

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¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.34 (9H, s), 2.39 (1H, dd, J = 14.9, 7.4 Hz), 2.54 (1H, dd, J = 14.9, 5.7 Hz), 3.28-3.35 (1H, m), 3.36-3.41 (1H, m), 3.82-3.88 (1H, m), 4.70-4.78 (1H, m), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.45-7.48 (2H, m), 7.54-7.57 (2H, m), 9.97 (1H, s).
ESI-MS (m/z) : 373, 375 (M+H)⁺.

5

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(4-bromophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

10 **[0230]** The compound (100 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (5 ml). To the solution, di-tert-butyl azodicarboxylate (74 mg) and tributylphosphine (80 μl) were added, and the mixture was stirred at 60°C for 1 hour and then heated to reflux for 2 hours. Di-tert-butyl azodicarboxylate (148 mg) and tributylphosphine (160 μl) were further added thereto, and the mixture was further heated to reflux for 1.5 hours.

15 **[0231]** The same procedures as above were performed using the compound (3.09 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, and two lots were combined. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.78 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.49 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 4.6 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 8.0 Hz), 3.70 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 3.4 Hz), 4.14 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 6.9 Hz), 4.42 (1H, br s), 4.87 (1H, br s), 7.46-7.51 (4H, m).
ESI-MS (m/z) : 355, 357 (M+H)⁺.

20

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

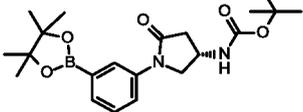
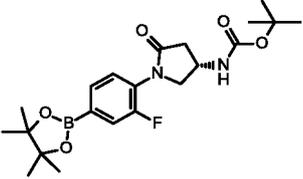
25 **[0232]** The title compound (0.148 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (0.200 g) obtained in the preceding step 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.49 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.6 Hz), 2.98 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.0 Hz), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 3.4 Hz), 4.18 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 6.3 Hz), 4.42 (1H, br s), 4.85 (1H, br s), 7.59-7.62 (2H, m), 7.80-7.82 (2H, m).
ESI-MS (m/z) : 403 (M+H)⁺.

30

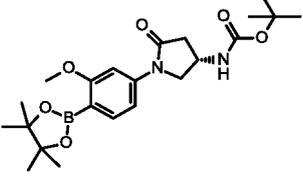
[0233] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 65.

[Table 7]

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
35 40 66	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.48 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.1 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.8 Hz), 3.77 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 4.20-4.23 (1H, m), 4.43 (1H, br s), 4.86 (1H, br s), 7.39 (1H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.61 (1H, d, J = 6.8 Hz), 7.69 (1H, s), 7.93-7.96 (1H, m).
45 50 67	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[2-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 17.3, 4.6 Hz), 2.92 (1H, dd, J = 17.3, 8.1 Hz), 3.70 (1H, dd, J = 10.7, 3.4 Hz), 4.12-4.16 (1H, m), 4.46 (1H, br s), 4.89 (1H, br s), 7.45 (1H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.56 (1H, d, J = 11.2 Hz), 7.59 (1H, dd, J = 7.6, 1.0 Hz).

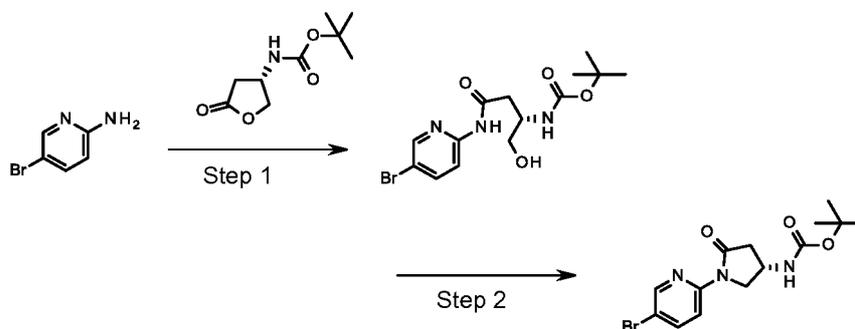
55

(continued)

Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
68	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[3-fluoro-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.36 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.51 (1H, dd, $J = 17.3, 4.6$ Hz), 2.98 (1H, dd, $J = 17.3, 8.1$ Hz), 3.70-3.73 (1H, m), 4.10-4.16 (1H, m), 4.42 (1H, br s), 4.92 (1H, br s), 7.32 (1H, dd, $J = 8.3, 2.0$ Hz), 7.51 (1H, t, $J = 8.3$ Hz), 7.72 (1H, t, $J = 7.6$ Hz).
69	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[3-methoxy-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.46-2.53 (1H, m), 2.94-3.02 (1H, m), 3.69-3.75 (1H, m), 3.85 (3H, s), 4.09-4.19 (1H, m), 4.37-4.46 (1H, br m), 4.84-4.90 (1H, br m), 6.85-6.90 (1H, m), 7.56 (1H, d, $J = 1.8$ Hz), 7.66 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).

[Reference Example 70]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(5-bromo-2-pyridyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0234]

[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(1S)-3-[(5-bromo-2-pyridyl)amino]-1-(hydroxymethyl)-3-oxopropyl]carbamate

[0235] The title compound (0.53 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 65 using 2-amino-5-bromopyridine (0.66 g) instead of 4-bromoaniline. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.42 (9H, s), 2.76-2.80 (2H, m), 3.56 (1H, br s), 3.72-3.78 (1H, m), 3.80-3.87 (1H, m), 4.02-4.10 (1H, m), 5.64-5.67 (1H, m), 7.79 (1H, dd, $J = 9.0, 2.6$ Hz), 8.12 (1H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 8.33 (1H, d, $J = 2.6$ Hz), 8.87 (1H, s).
ESI-MS (m/z): 374, 376 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(5-bromo-2-pyridyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0236] The title compound (0.59 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 65 using

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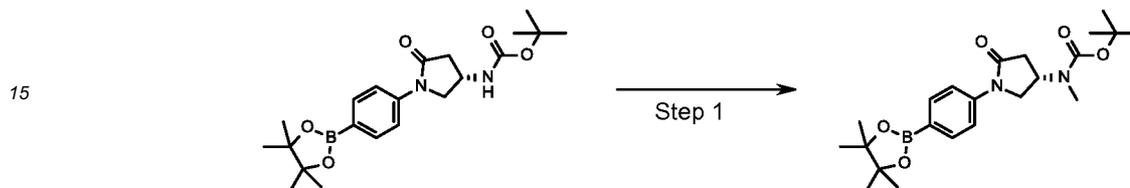
the compound (0.53 g) obtained in the preceding step 1. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.43 (9H, s), 2.55 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 4.3 Hz), 2.99 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 7.8 Hz), 3.91-3.97 (1H, m), 4.28 (1H, dd, J = 11.9, 6.8 Hz), 4.37 (1H, br s), 4.81 (1H, br s), 7.76 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 2.3 Hz), 8.29 (1H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 8.35 (1H, d, J = 2.3 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 356, 358 (M+H)⁺.

5

[Reference Example 71]

tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

10 [0237]



20 [Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-methyl-N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

25 [0238] To a solution of the compound (500 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65 in N,N-dimethylformamide (10 ml), cesium carbonate (405 mg) and iodomethane (77 μl) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Sodium hydride (55% oil, 60 mg) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. Sodium hydride (60 mg) and iodomethane (77 μl) were further added thereto, and the mixture was further stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (192 mg).

30

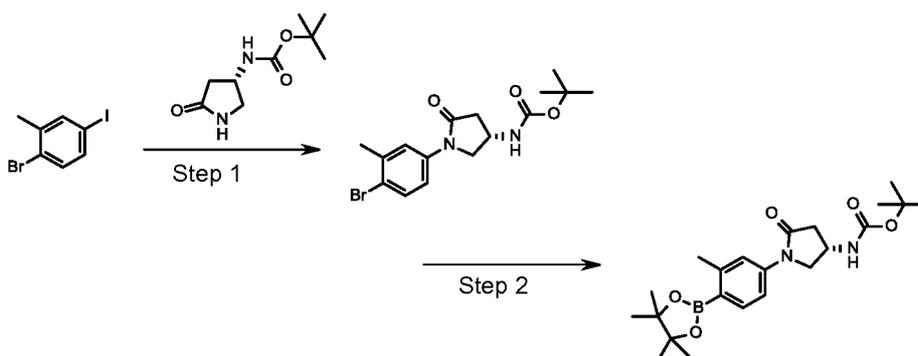
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.47 (9H, s), 2.68 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 5.4 Hz), 2.85 (3H, s), 2.89-2.96 (1H, m), 3.73-3.79 (1H, m), 4.10-4.15 (1H, m), 4.41-4.83 (1H, m), 7.64 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.82 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 417 (M+H)⁺.

35 [Reference Example 72]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[3-methyl-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

40 [0239]

45



50

[Step 1]

55

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(4-bromo-3-methylphenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0240] A suspension of 2-bromo-5-iodotoluene (1.5 g), tert-butyl ((S)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl)carbamate (2.7 g), copper

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iodide (95 mg), cesium fluoride (1.9 g), and N,N-dimethylethylenediamine (0.11 ml) in acetonitrile (20 ml) was stirred at 100°C for 3 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with a 10% aqueous sodium thiosulfate solution and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (1.8 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 2.40 (3H, s), 2.47 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.5 Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.2 Hz), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.13 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.41 (1H, br s), 4.83 (1H, br s), 7.29 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.47-7.52 (2H, m).

[Step 2]

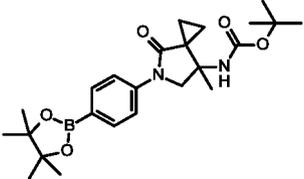
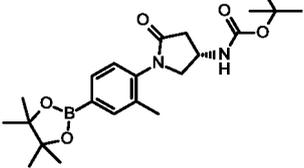
tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[3-methyl-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0241] The title compound (1.5 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (1.0 g) obtained in the preceding step 1.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.45 (9H, s), 2.48 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.5 Hz), 2.54 (3H, s), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.2 Hz), 3.71 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 4.10-4.18 (1H, m), 4.42 (1H, br s), 4.85 (1H, br s), 7.34-7.44 (2H, m), 7.76 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[0242] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Reference Example 72.

[Table 8]

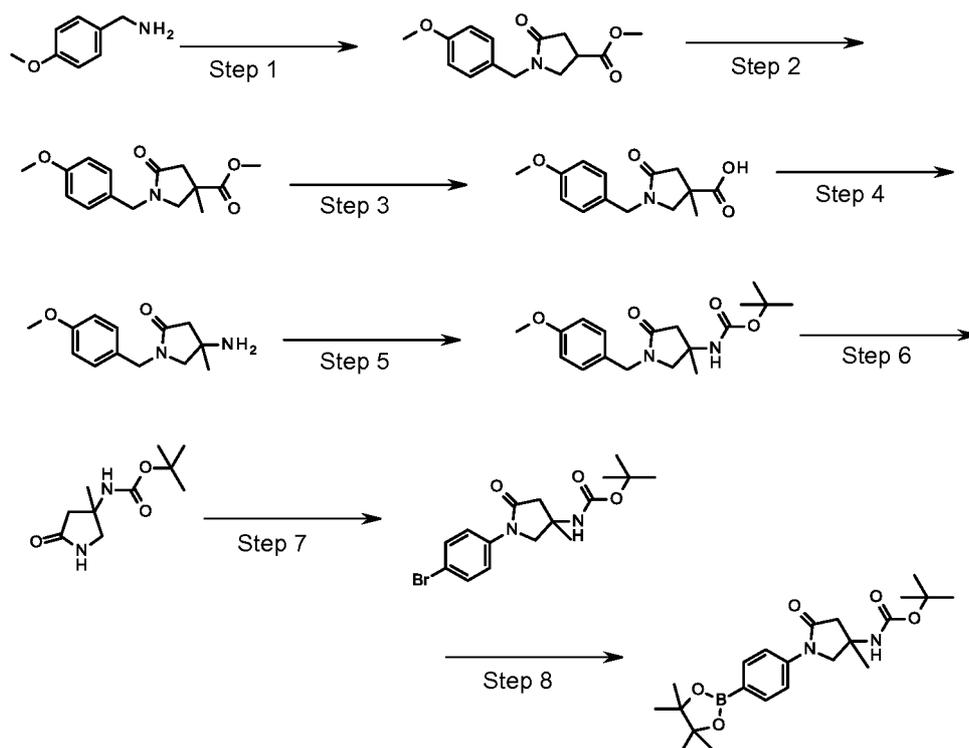
Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
73	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[7-methyl-4-oxo-5-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-azaspiro[2.4]heptan-7-yl]carbamate</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.04-1.30 (4H, m), 1.26 (3H, s), 1.27 (12H, s), 1.40 (9H, s), 3.75 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.62 (2H, br s), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.81 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).
74	 <p>tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[2-methyl-4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.33 (12H, s), 1.46 (9H, s), 2.24 (3H, s), 2.44 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 4.8 Hz), 2.94 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 4.2 Hz), 3.97-4.05 (1H, m), 4.45 (1H, br s), 4.91 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.13 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.73 (1H, s).

[Reference Example 75]

tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0243]

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[Step 1]

Methyl 1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate

[0244] A mixture of (4-methoxyphenyl)methanamine (6.9 g) and dimethyl itaconate (7.9 g) was stirred at 120°C for 2 hours. After cooling, ethyl acetate was added to the reaction solution. The organic layer was washed with 1 N hydrochloric acid, a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate, and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain the title compound (12.7 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.62-2.77 (2H, m), 3.10-3.20 (1H, m), 3.41 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 3.67 (3H, s), 3.75 (1H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 3.76 (3H, s), 4.32 (1H, d, J = 15.2 Hz), 4.40 (1H, d, J = 15.6 Hz), 6.83 (2H, d, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.13 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

Methyl 1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate

[0245] To a solution of the compound (9.8 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in N,N-dimethylformamide (100 ml), methyl iodide (23.2 ml) and sodium hydride (55% oil, 6.5 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 7.5 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude product of the title compound, which was used directly in the next reaction.

[Step 3]

1-[(4-Methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

[0246] To a methanol (50 ml)-tetrahydrofuran (50 ml) mixed solution of the compound obtained in the preceding step 2, a 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution (50 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3.5 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then, the residue was made acidic by the addition of concentrated hydrochloric acid, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with a n-hexane-diethyl ether mixed solution to obtain the title compound (7.3 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.38 (3H, s), 2.38 (1H, d, J = 17.1 Hz), 3.02 (1H, d, J = 17.1 Hz), 3.02 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 3.66 (1H, d, J = 10.4 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 4.31 (1H, d, J = 14.6 Hz), 4.49 (1H, d, J = 14.6 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.16 (2H, d,

J = 8.5 Hz).

[Step 4]

5 4-Amino-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one

10 **[0247]** To a solution of the compound (4.5 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 in toluene (50 ml), triethylamine (4.8 ml) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (4.4 ml) were added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 3 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. 1,4-Dioxane (40 ml), water (20 ml), and concentrated hydrochloric acid (20 ml) were added to the obtained residue, and the mixture was stirred at 50°C for 5 hours. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was made alkaline by the addition of a 10 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude product of the title compound (4.0 g), which was used directly in the next reaction.

15 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.28 (3H, s), 1.57 (2H, br s), 2.39 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.46 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.04 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.12 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 4.35 (1H, d, J = 14.5 Hz), 4.43 (1H, d, J = 15.1 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

20 [Step 5]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

25 **[0248]** To a solution of the compound (4.0 g) obtained in the preceding step 4 in ethanol (50 ml), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (5.6 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (2.8 g).

30 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.39 (3H, s), 1.40 (9H, s), 2.40 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.78 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.15 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 3.57 (1H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 4.31 (1H, d, J = 14.5 Hz), 4.48 (1H, d, J = 14.5 Hz), 4.61 (1H, br s), 6.85 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.16 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Step 6]

35 tert-Butyl N-(3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl)carbamate

40 **[0249]** To a solution of the compound (0.55 g) obtained in the preceding step 5 in toluene (20 ml), methanesulfonic acid (0.43 ml) was added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 5 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (10 ml). To this solution, a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to make the solution alkaline. Then, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (0.53 g) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 22 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.2 g).

45 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.50 (3H, s), 2.28 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.75 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.30 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.74 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.70 (1H, br s), 5.47 (1H, br s).

[Step 7]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

50 **[0250]** The title compound (0.65 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 72 using the compound (0.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 6.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.56 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.72 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.22 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 4.75 (1H, br s), 7.47 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

55

[Step 8]

tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

5 **[0251]** A crude product of the title compound (1.0 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (0.65 g) obtained in the preceding step 7.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.34 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.58 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 3.78 (1H, d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 4.23 (1H, d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 4.76 (1H, br s), 7.62 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 7.80 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz).

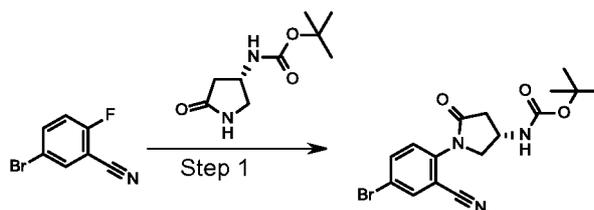
10 [Reference Example 76]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(4-bromo-2-cyanophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0252]

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[Step 1]

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tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-(4-bromo-2-cyanophenyl)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

30 **[0253]** To a solution of tert-butyl ((S)-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl)carbamate (2.0 g) in N,N-dimethylformamide (50 ml), sodium hydride (55% oil, 0.65 g) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 10 minutes. 5-Bromo-2-fluorobenzonitrile (3.0 g) was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. Ice water and a saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride were added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (1.5 g).

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$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (9H, s), 2.52 (1H, dd, $J = 17.5, 4.8$ Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, $J = 17.5, 7.9$ Hz), 3.81 (1H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 4.19 (1H, dd, $J = 10.0, 6.3$ Hz), 4.49 (1H, br s), 4.98 (1H, br s), 7.32 (1H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.76 (1H, dd, $J = 8.8, 2.1$ Hz), 7.83 (1H, d, $J = 2.4$ Hz).

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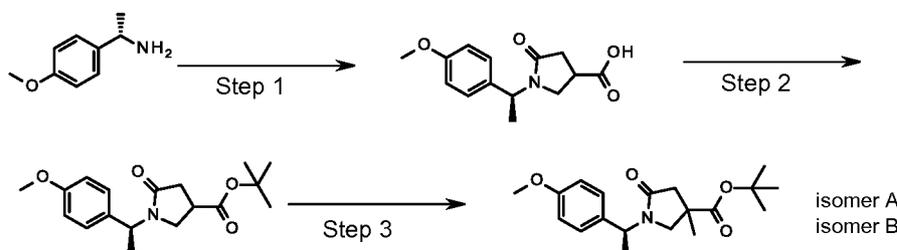
[Reference Example 77]

tert-Butyl 1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate

[0254]

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[Step 1]

1-[(1S)-1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

5 **[0255]** A mixture of (1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanamine (7.6 g) and itaconic acid (6.5 g) was stirred at 130°C for 1 hour. After cooling, chloroform was added to the reaction solution. The organic layer was washed with 1 N hydrochloric acid and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a stereoisomeric mixture (12.7 g) related to the 3-position of the title compound.

10 [Step 2]

tert-Butyl 1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate

15 **[0256]** To a tetrahydrofuran (50 ml)-tert-butanol (50 ml) mixed solution of the compound (12.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (16.4 g) and 4-dimethylaminopyridine (1.2 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain a stereoisomeric mixture (13.9 g) related to the 3-position of the title compound.

20 [Step 3]

tert-Butyl 1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylate

25 **[0257]** To a solution of the compound (13.9 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in N,N-dimethylformamide (100 ml), methyl iodide (27.1 ml) and sodium hydride (55% oil, 7.6 g) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 19 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution under ice cooling, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain low polar isomer A (3.9 g) and highly polar isomer B (5.0 g).

30 Low polar isomer A (R_f = 0.45, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1)

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.17 (3H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.49 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.24 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.66 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 2.90 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.61 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 5.46 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.23 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

Highly polar isomer B (R_f = 0.35, n-hexane:ethyl acetate = 1:1)

35 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (3H, s), 1.35 (9H, s), 1.49 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.26 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.90 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.02 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.29 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.79 (3H, s), 5.45 (1H, q, J = 7.3 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.21 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Reference Example 78]

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tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

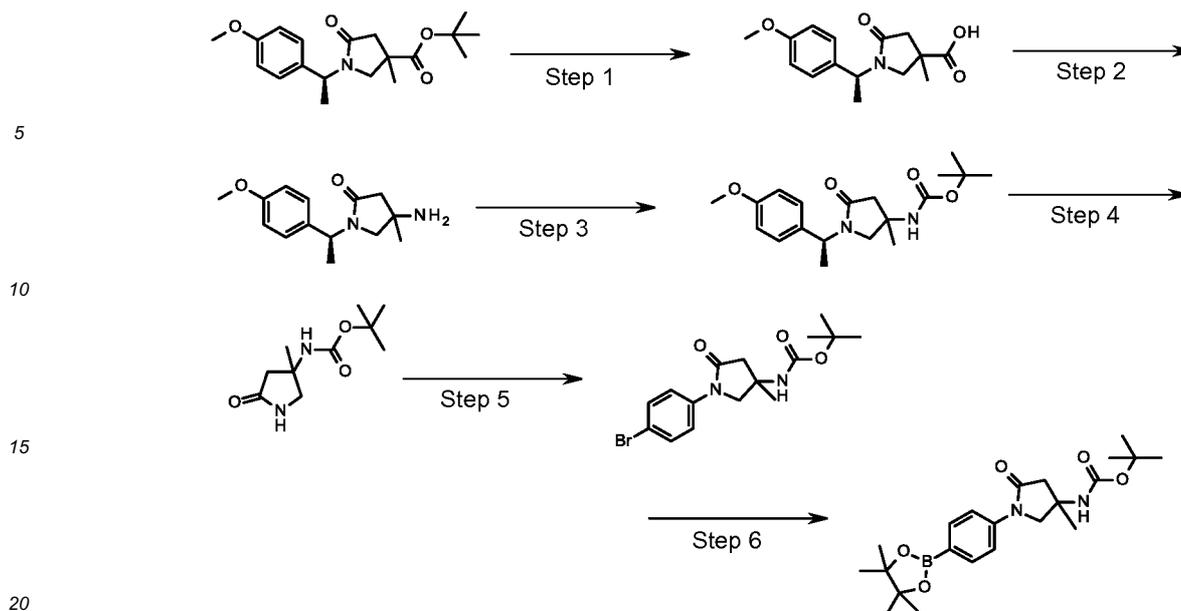
[0258]

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[Step 1]

1-[(1S)-1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

[0259] To a solution of the low polar isomer A (3.8 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 77 in dichloromethane (50 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (10 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution to separate two layers. Then, the aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with chloroform. The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with n-hexane to obtain the title compound (2.7 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.25 (3H, s), 1.50 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.36 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.74 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 3.01 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.72 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 3.81 (3H, s), 5.47 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Step 2]

4-Amino-1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one

[0260] To a solution of the compound (2.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in toluene (30 ml), triethylamine (2.7 ml) and diphenylphosphoryl azide (2.5 ml) were added, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 3 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml), water (5 ml), and concentrated hydrochloric acid (5 ml) were added to the obtained residue, and the mixture was stirred at 50°C for 2.5 hours. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the aqueous layer was washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous layer was made alkaline by the addition of a 10 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude product of the title compound, which was used directly in the next reaction.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.17 (3H, s), 1.50 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.64 (2H, br s), 2.37 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.42 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.82 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.07 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 5.50 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J = 7.9 Hz).

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0261] To a solution of the compound obtained in the preceding step 2 in ethanol (30 ml), di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (3.3 g) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate)

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to obtain the title compound (1.2 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.25 (3H, s), 1.43 (9H, s), 1.49 (3H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 2.34 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.76 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.88 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.65 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 4.62 (1H, br s), 5.49 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

5

[Step 4]

tert-Butyl N-(3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl)carbamate

10 **[0262]** Trifluoroacetic acid (10 ml) was added to the compound (1.2 g) obtained in the preceding step 3, and the mixture was stirred at 80°C for 7 hours. After cooling, the reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (20 ml). To this solution, a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to make the solution alkaline. Then, di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.1 g) was added to the mixture, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.65 g).

15

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.50 (3H, s), 2.28 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.75 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.30 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.74 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.71 (1H, br s), 5.52 (1H, br s).

20

[Step 5]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

25 **[0263]** The title compound (0.8 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 72 using the compound (0.65 g) obtained in the preceding step 4. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.56 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.72 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.22 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 4.73 (1H, br s), 7.47 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

30

[Step 6]

tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

35 **[0264]** The title compound (0.65 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (0.8 g) obtained in the preceding step 5.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 2.58 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.23 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.74 (1H, br s), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.80 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Reference Example 79]

40

tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

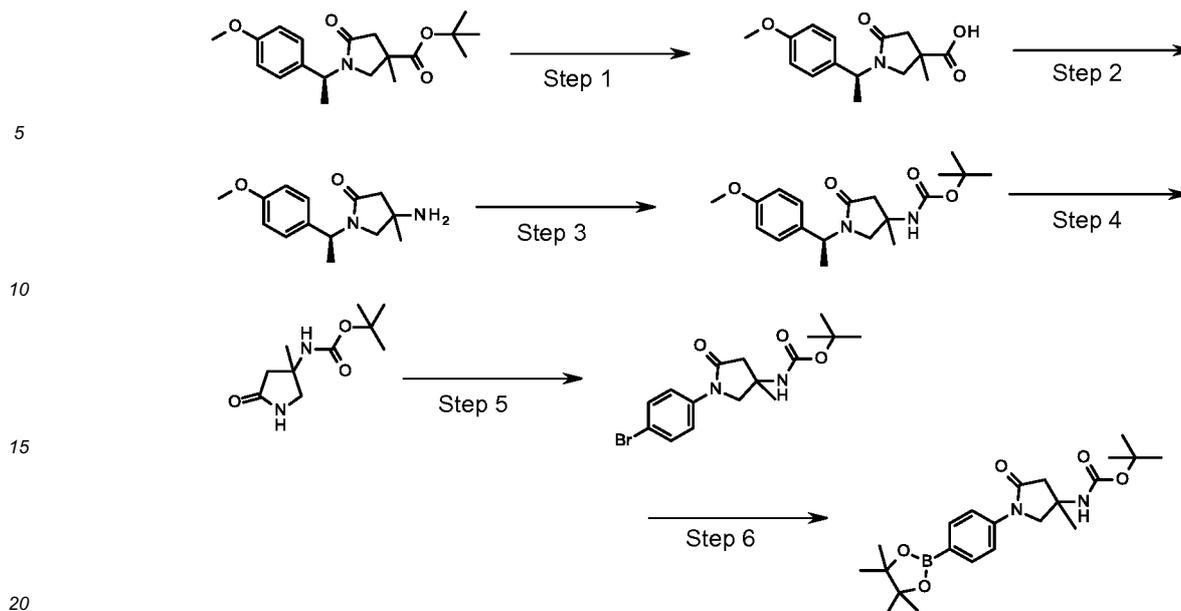
[0265]

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[Step 1]

1-[(1S)-1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidine-3-carboxylic acid

[0266] The title compound (2.7 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 78 using the highly polar isomer B (5.0 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 77.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.42 (3H, s), 1.50 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.36 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.96 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.07 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 3.33 (1H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 3.78 (3H, s), 5.46 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.84 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.19 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Step 2]

4-Amino-1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one

[0267] A crude product of the title compound was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Reference Example 78 using the compound (2.7 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 and used directly in the next reaction.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.31 (3H, s), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.32 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.47 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.74 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.18 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 5.49 (1H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 6.87 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.24 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[(1S)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0268] The title compound (1.0 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 78 using the compound obtained in the preceding step 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.35 (9H, s), 1.47 (3H, s), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.42 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.64 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.18-3.30 (2H, m), 3.79 (3H, s), 4.54 (1H, br s), 5.47 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.85 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.22 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

[Step 4]

tert-Butyl N-(3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl)carbamate

[0269] The title compound (0.4 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 4 of Reference Example 78 using the compound (1.0 g) obtained in the preceding step 3.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.50 (3H, s), 2.28 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.75 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.30 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.74 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.70 (1H, br s), 5.46 (1H, br s).

[Step 5]

tert-Butyl N-[1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-methyl-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

5 **[0270]** The title compound (0.4 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Reference Example 72 using the compound (0.4 g) obtained in the preceding step 4.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.56 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.72 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.22 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 4.73 (1H, br s), 7.47 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

10 [Step 6]

tert-Butyl N-[3-methyl-5-oxo-1-[4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

15 **[0271]** The title compound (0.35 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Reference Example 61 using the compound (0.4 g) obtained in the preceding step 5.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.34 (12H, s), 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, s), 2.58 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.00 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.23 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.73 (1H, br s), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.80 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

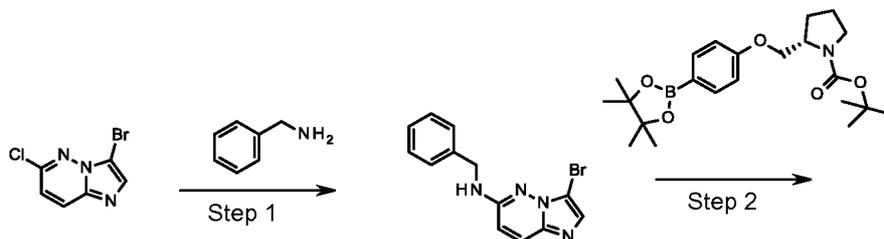
20 **[0272]** The present invention will be described specifically with reference to the Examples shown below. However, these Examples are neither intended to limit the present invention nor be construed as being limited in any sense. In the present specification, reagents, solvents, and starting materials can be obtained easily from commercially available supply sources or can be produced by methods known in the art, unless otherwise specified.

[Example 1]

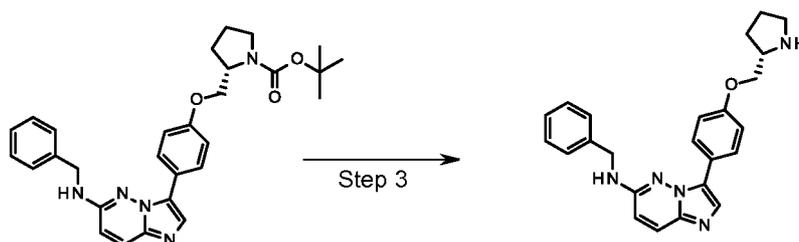
25 N-Benzyl-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0273]

30



40



[Step 1]

50

N-Benzyl-3-bromoimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

55 **[0274]** 3-Bromo-6-chloroimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine (20.0 g), phenylmethanamine (11.3 ml), and potassium fluoride (12.0 g) were dissolved in dimethyl sulfoxide (400 ml), and the solution was stirred at 130°C for 24 hours. After standing to cool to room temperature, the reaction solution was poured into ice water (2.0 L). The resulting solid was collected by filtration and dried under reduced pressure. The obtained solid was dissolved in hot ethyl acetate, and the insoluble matter was filtered under heating. After distilling off the solvent, the solid was recrystallized from ethyl acetate to obtain the title compound (21.0 g).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 4.61 (2H, d, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.75 (1H, br s), 6.45 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.31 (1H, td, J = 6.4, 2.9 Hz), 7.36-7.39 (2H, m), 7.45 (2H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.49 (1H, s), 7.60 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

5

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-[6-(Benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0275] 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml) and water (5 ml) were added to the compound (107 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1, the compound (170 mg) obtained in step 2 of Reference Example 1, sodium carbonate (56 mg), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (29 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (65 mg).

10

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.81-2.13 (4H, m), 3.29-3.51 (2H, m), 3.75-4.02 (1H, m), 4.09-4.26 (2H, m), 4.59 (2H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 6.46 (1H, d, J = 10.1 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.28-7.44 (5H, m), 7.65-7.73 (2H, m), 7.88 (2H, br s).

[Step 3]

20

N-Benzyl-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0276] To a solution of the compound (65 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 in dichloromethane (5 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (1 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (40 mg).

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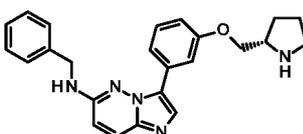
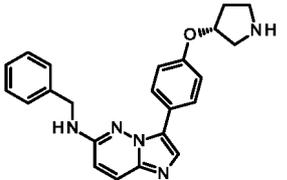
30

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.70-2.02 (3H, m), 2.91-3.09 (2H, m), 3.48-3.59 (1H, m), 3.87-4.00 (2H, m), 4.59 (2H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.69 (1H, br s), 6.46 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.95 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.29-7.44 (5H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.71 (1H, s), 7.87 (2H, d, J = 7.8 Hz).

[0277] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 1 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 1 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples (the column "Reference Example" represents Reference Example No. of each compound used in the synthesis of the compound of the corresponding Example).

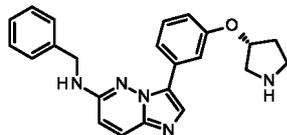
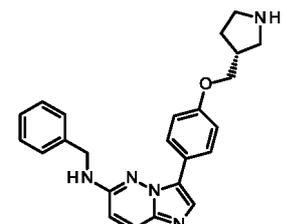
35

[Table 9]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
40 2	2	 <p>N-Benzyl-3-[3-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.47-1.94 (4H, m), 2.87-3.02 (2H, m), 3.89 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8.6, 5.2 Hz), 4.62 (2H, d, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.64-4.73 (1H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 4.0 Hz), 7.28-7.44 (6H, m), 7.58 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.70 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.76 (1H, br s), 7.81 (1H, s).
50 3	3	 <p>N-Benzyl-3-[4-[[[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.00-2.21 (2H, m), 2.98-3.32 (4H, m), 4.59 (2H, d, J = 5.5 Hz), 4.71 (1H, t, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.91 (1H, t, J = 5.3 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.29-7.43 (5H, m), 7.69 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.71 (1H, s), 7.87 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 386 (M+H) ⁺ .

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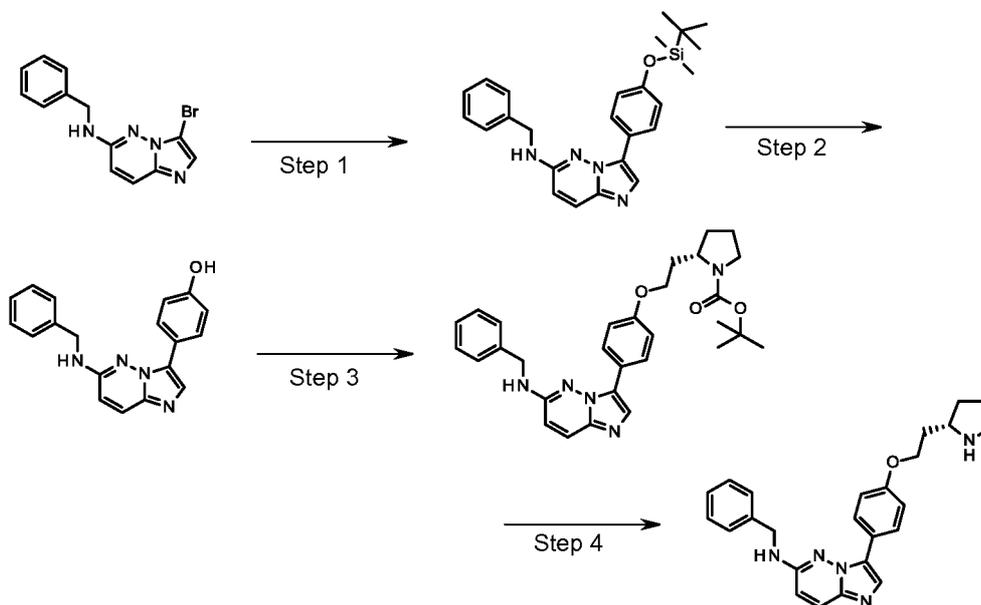
(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
4	4	 <p>N-Benzyl-3-[3-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.92-2.08 (2H, m), 2.82-2.90 (1H, m), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 12.8, 4.6 Hz), 3.12-3.23 (2H, m), 4.63 (2H, d, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.70 (1H, t, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.80-4.86 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.83 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz), 7.27-7.42 (6H, m), 7.56 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.64 (1H, t, J = 2.1 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.80 (1H, s).
5	5	 <p>N-Benzyl-3-[4-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.01-2.12 (2H, m), 2.61-2.73 (1H, m), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 6.0 Hz), 2.99-3.17 (2H, m), 3.23 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 8.7 Hz), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 7.3 Hz), 3.99 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 6.0 Hz), 4.59 (2H, t, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.68 (1H, br s), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 10.1 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.26-7.43 (5H, m), 7.70 (1H, d, J = 10.1 Hz), 7.72 (1H, s), 7.89 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

[Example 6]

N-Benzyl-3-[4-[2-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0278]



[Step 1]

N-Benzyl-3-[4-[tertbutyldimethylsilyl]oxyphenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0279] The title compound (634 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 1 with the compound (606 mg) obtained in step 1 of Example 1 as the starting material using [4-[t-butylidimethylsilyl]oxyphenyl]boronic acid

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(327 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 0.24 (6H, s), 1.01 (9H, s), 4.59 (2H, d, $J = 5.2$ Hz), 4.70 (1H, t, $J = 5.2$ Hz), 6.46 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.86-6.89 (2H, m), 7.29-7.33 (1H, m), 7.36-7.39 (2H, m), 7.40-7.43 (2H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 7.72 (1H, s), 7.83-7.86 (2H, m).

ESI-MS (m/z): 431 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

[Step 2]

4-[6-(Benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenol

[0280] The compound (634 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (5 ml). To the solution, tetrabutylammonium fluoride (1.0 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 1.5 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was washed with saturated saline, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. Ethyl acetate and n-hexane were added to the obtained residue, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (439 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO-d_6) δ : 4.47 (2H, d, $J = 5.5$ Hz), 6.73 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 6.75-6.79 (2H, m), 7.23-7.27 (1H, m), 7.33-7.37 (2H, m), 7.39-7.43 (2H, m), 7.61 (1H, t, $J = 5.5$ Hz), 7.67 (1H, s), 7.73 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 7.75-7.78 (2H, m), 9.54 (1H, s). ESI-MS (m/z): 317 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[2-[4-[6-(Benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]ethyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0281] Diisopropylethylamine (575 μl) was added to a solution of 2-[(2S)-1-tert-butoxycarbonylpyrrolidin-2-yl]acetic acid (688 mg) in tetrahydrofuran (15 ml), and the mixture was cooled to -20°C . Isobutyl chloroformate (428 μl) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at -20°C for 45 minutes. The resulting solid was filtered off, and the solid was washed with tetrahydrofuran. Sodium borohydride (227 mg) was added to the filtrate, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes. Then, methanol (5 ml) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain tert-butyl (2S)-2-(2-hydroxyethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (606 mg).

[0282] The compound (150 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2, tert-butyl (2S)-2-(2-hydroxyethyl)pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate (153 mg), and cyanomethylene tributylphosphorane (172 mg) were suspended in toluene (8 ml), and the suspension was heated to reflux for 45 minutes. Cyanomethylene tributylphosphorane (86 mg) was further added thereto, and the mixture was further heated to reflux for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (dichloromethane-methanol) to obtain the title compound as a crude product, which was used directly in the next reaction.

ESI-MS (m/z): 514 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

[Step 4]

N-Benzyl-3-[4-[2-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

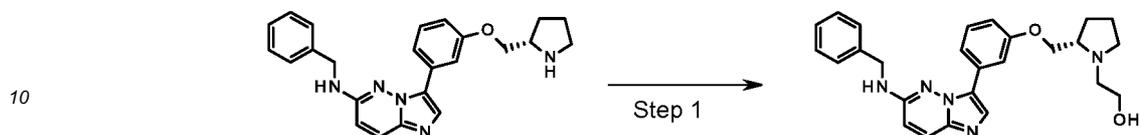
[0283] The crude product obtained in the preceding step 3 was dissolved in dichloromethane (5 ml). To the solution, a solution of 4 N hydrochloric acid in dioxane (5 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate and dichloromethane were added to the residue to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, dichloromethane-methanol). Diethyl ether was added to the residue, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (110 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.33-1.41 (1H, m), 1.71-1.83 (2H, m), 1.91-2.01 (3H, m), 2.86-2.91 (1H, m), 3.00-3.05 (1H, m), 3.21-3.27 (1H, m), 4.12 (2H, td, $J = 6.3, 1.7$ Hz), 4.59 (2H, d, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 4.74 (1H, t, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 6.46 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.92-6.96 (2H, m), 7.30-7.33 (1H, m), 7.36-7.42 (4H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 7.71 (1H, s), 7.86-7.89 (2H, m). ESI-MS (m/z): 414 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) $^+$.

[Example 7]

2-[(2S)-2-[[3-[6-(Benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]ethanol

5 [0284]



[Step 1]

15 2-[(2S)-2-[[3-[6-(Benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl]ethanol

[0285] To a solution of the compound (100 mg) obtained in Example 2 in dichloromethane (5 ml), triethylamine (0.07 ml) and 2-iodoethanol (0.024 ml) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours and then heated to reflux for 7 hours. Triethylamine (0.07 ml) and 2-iodoethanol (0.024 ml) were further added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was further heated to reflux for 2 hours. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (55 mg).

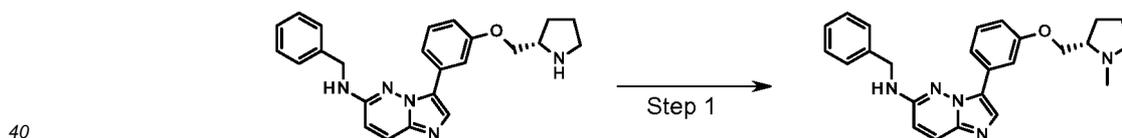
20 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.62-1.81 (3H, m), 1.94-2.05 (1H, m), 2.34 (1H, q, J = 8.3 Hz), 2.60 (1H, dt, J = 12.7, 3.6 Hz), 2.80 (1H, br s), 2.97-3.18 (3H, m), 3.52-3.65 (2H, m), 3.86 (1H, dd, J = 8.9, 6.2 Hz), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 8.7, 5.5 Hz), 4.61 (2H, d, J = 5.5 Hz), 4.74 (1H, br s), 6.48 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.87 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.27-7.44 (5H, m), 7.56 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.70 (1H, dd, J = 9.4, 1.1 Hz), 7.80 (1H, br s), 7.82 (1H, s).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 444 (M+H)⁺.

30 [Example 8]

N-Benzyl-3-[3-[[[(2S)-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

35 [0286]



[Step 1]

45 N-Benzyl-3-[3-[[[(2S)-1-methylpyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0287] To a solution of the compound (90 mg) obtained in Example 2 in tetrahydrofuran (10 ml), a 35% aqueous formaldehyde solution (1 ml) and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (72 mg) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2.5 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (65 mg).

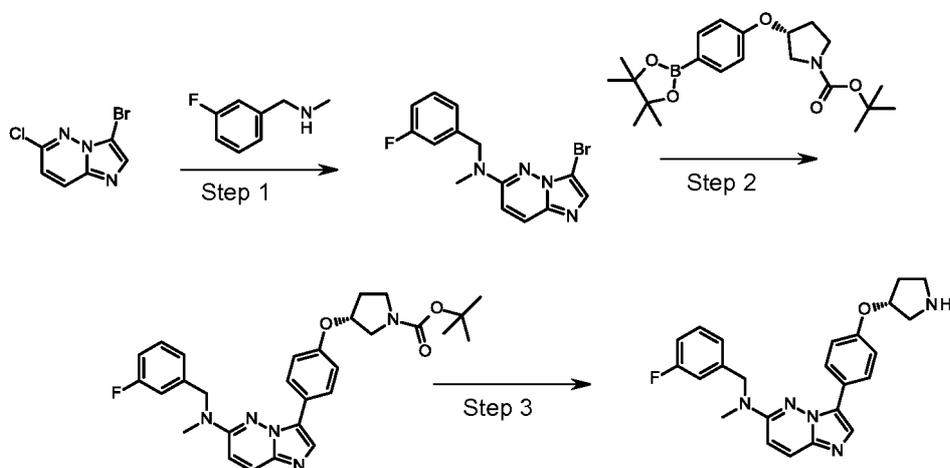
50 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.64-1.83 (3H, m), 1.95-2.05 (1H, m), 2.27 (1H, td, J = 9.6, 7.3 Hz), 2.44 (3H, s), 2.60-2.67 (1H, m), 3.07 (1H, t, J = 8.9 Hz), 3.94 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 5.7 Hz), 4.03 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 5.7 Hz), 4.61 (2H, d, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.68 (1H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 3.4 Hz), 7.29-7.33 (2H, m), 7.37 (2H, t, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.42 (2H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.58 (1H, dd, J = 6.9, 1.7 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.76 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.81 (1H, s).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 414 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 9]

N-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methyl-3-[4-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0288]



[Step 1]

3-Bromo-N-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methylimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0289] The title compound (4.04 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using 1-(3-fluorophenyl)-N-methyl-methanamine instead of phenylmethanamine.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.20 (3H, s), 4.76 (2H, s), 6.72 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.95-7.00 (1H, m), 7.03-7.06 (1H, m), 7.10-7.11 (1H, m), 7.28-7.34 (1H, m), 7.53 (1H, s), 7.66 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl (3R)-3-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

[0290] The title compound (276 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 1 using the compound (250 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 and the compound (371 mg) obtained in Reference Example 3.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 2.10-2.23 (2H, m), 3.49-3.67 (4H, m), 4.74 (2H, s), 4.93 (1H, br s), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.95-7.01 (2H, m), 7.04-7.06 (1H, m), 7.29-7.34 (1H, m), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.87-7.91 (2H, m).

[Step 3]

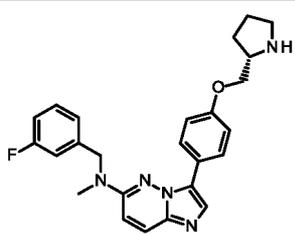
N-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methyl-3-[4-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0291] The title compound (241 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 3 of Example 1 with the compound (276 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 as the starting material.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.94-2.06 (1H, m), 2.09-2.16 (1H, m), 2.74-2.95 (2H, m), 3.02-3.22 (2H, m), 3.23 (3H, s), 4.74 (2H, s), 4.83-4.89 (1H, m), 6.72-6.75 (1H, m), 6.86-6.90 (2H, m), 6.95-6.99 (2H, m), 7.04-7.06 (1H, m), 7.27-7.33 (1H, m), 7.74-7.76 (2H, m), 7.88 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz).

[0292] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Example 9 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 9 as the starting material using the compound obtained in the Reference Example.

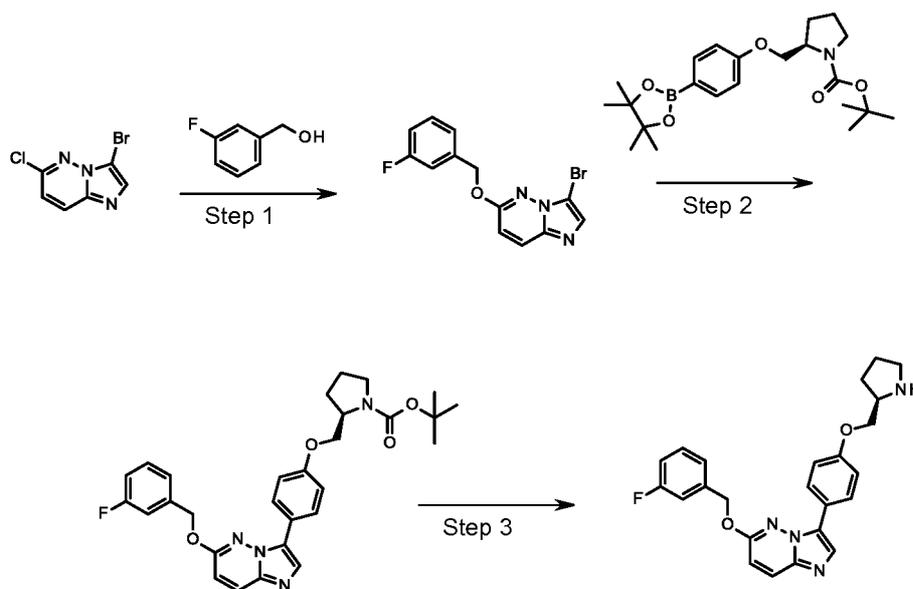
[Table 10]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
10	1	 <p>N-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methyl]-N-methyl-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.54-1.61 (1H, m), 1.72-1.87 (2H, m), 1.93-1.99 (1H, m), 2.93-2.98 (1H, m), 3.02-3.07 (1H, m), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.50-3.56 (1H, m), 3.90 (1H, dd, $J = 9.2, 6.9$ Hz), 3.97 (1H, dd, $J = 9.2, 5.2$ Hz), 4.73 (2H, s), 6.73 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.92-6.98 (4H, m), 7.03-7.06 (1H, m), 7.28-7.34 (1H, m), 7.72-7.76 (2H, m), 7.89 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz).

[Example 11]

6-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methoxy]-3-[4-[[[(2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0293]



[Step 1]

3-Bromo-6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0294] To a solution of 3-fluorobenzyl alcohol (0.59 g) in *N,N*-dimethylformamide (20 ml), sodium hydride (55% oil, 0.26 g) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 10 minutes. 3-Bromo-6-chloroimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine (1 g) was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 1 hour. A saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with *n*-hexane to obtain the title compound (1.2 g).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 5.45 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 7.02-7.08 (1H, m), 7.25-7.40 (3H, m), 7.61 (1H, s), 7.79 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl (2R)-2-[[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

5 **[0295]** 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml) and water (5 ml) were added to the compound (0.26 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, the compound (0.4 g) obtained in Reference Example 6, sodium carbonate (0.13 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (68 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1.5 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate.

10 The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.35 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (9H, s), 1.85-2.13 (4H, m), 3.32-3.49 (2H, br m), 3.83-4.03 (1H, br m), 4.14-4.29 (2H, m), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.00-7.06 (3H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.25 (1H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.34-7.41 (1H, m), 7.79-7.89 (4H, m).

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[Step 3]

6-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methoxy]-3-[4-[(2R)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

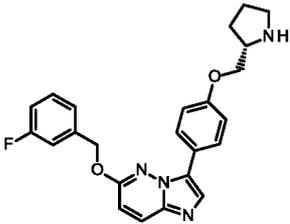
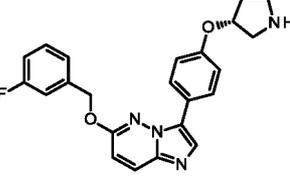
20 **[0296]** To a solution of the compound (0.35 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in dichloromethane (10 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure.

25 Ethyl acetate was added to the obtained residue, and the deposits were collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (65 mg).

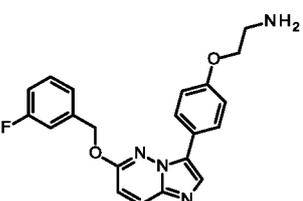
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.83-2.21 (5H, m), 3.23-3.36 (2H, m), 3.84-3.92 (1H, m), 4.21-4.25 (2H, m), 5.35 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.00-7.06 (3H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.23 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.37 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.8 Hz), 7.76 (1H, s), 7.81 (2H, d, J = 9.5 Hz), 7.86 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).

30 **[0297]** The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 11 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 11 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

[Table 11]

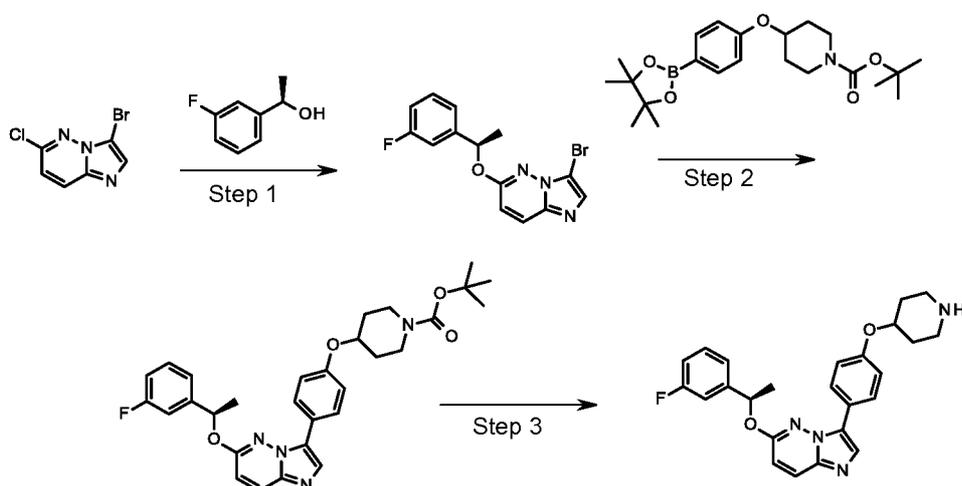
Example No.	Reference Example No.	Structure and name	Instrumental data
35 40 45 12	1	 <p>6-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methoxy]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.69-2.12 (5H, m), 3.06-3.21 (2H, m), 3.66-3.74 (1H, m), 4.03-4.13 (2H, m), 5.38 (2H, s), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.00-7.06 (3H, m), 7.18 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.24 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.37 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.8 Hz), 7.79 (1H, s), 7.82 (2H, d, J = 9.5 Hz), 7.86 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).
50 55 13	3	 <p>6-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methoxy]-3-[4-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.78 (1H, br s), 2.02-2.21 (2H, m), 2.96-3.03 (1H, m), 3.12 (1H, dd, J = 12.4, 4.6 Hz), 3.20-3.31 (2H, m), 4.93 (1H, t, J = 5.3 Hz), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.97 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.05 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.24 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.37 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 6.0 Hz), 7.81 (1H, s), 7.83 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.87 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz).

(continued)

Example No.	Reference Example No.	Structure and name	Instrumental data
14	7	 <p>2-[4-[6-[(3-Fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]ethanamine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.60 (2H, br s), 3.14 (2H, t, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 4.08 (2H, t, $J = 4.6$ Hz), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 7.00-7.07 (3H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz), 7.24 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.38 (1H, td, $J = 7.9, 5.8$ Hz), 7.81 (1H, s), 7.84 (2H, d, $J = 8.7$ Hz), 7.87 (1H, d, $J = 9.6$ Hz).

[Example 15]

6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethoxy]-3-[4-(4-piperidyloxy)phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0298]

[Step 1]

3-Bromo-6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0299] The title compound (3.3 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 11 using (1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethanol (1.54 g) instead of 3-fluorobenzyl alcohol. $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.72 (3H, d, $J = 6.4$ Hz), 6.12 (1H, q, $J = 6.4$ Hz), 6.73 (1H, d, $J = 10.1$ Hz), 6.93-7.01 (1H, m), 7.22-7.34 (3H, m), 7.55 (1H, s), 7.74 (1H, d, $J = 9.2$ Hz).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl 4-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]piperidine-1-carboxylate

[0300] 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml) and water (5 ml) were added to the compound (200 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1, the compound (290 mg) obtained in Reference Example 8, sodium carbonate (73 mg), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (49 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column

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chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (240 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (9H, s), 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 1.76-1.88 (2H, br m), 1.94-2.04 (2H, m), 3.35-3.43 (2H, m), 3.72-3.80 (2H, m), 4.53-4.59 (1H, m), 5.92 (1H, q, J = 6.6 Hz), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 6.95-7.02 (3H, m), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.6, 1.8 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.8, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.74 (1H, s), 7.83 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).

[Step 3]

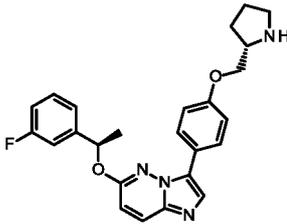
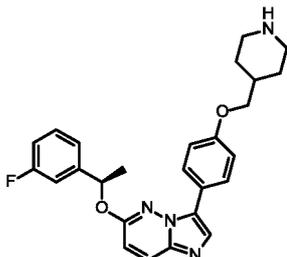
6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethoxy]-3-[4-(4-piperidyloxy)phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0301] To a solution of the compound (240 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 in dichloromethane (10 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Ethyl acetate was added to the obtained residue, and the deposits were collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (20 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 1.85 (1H, br s), 2.08-2.18 (2H, br m), 2.25-2.35 (2H, br m), 3.19-3.28 (2H, m), 3.40 (2H, t, J = 10.3 Hz), 4.70 (1H, br s), 5.91 (1H, q, J = 6.9 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 10.1 Hz), 6.94-7.02 (3H, m), 7.12 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.31-7.39 (1H, m), 7.63 (2H, d, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.74 (1H, s), 7.84 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).

[0302] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 15 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 15 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

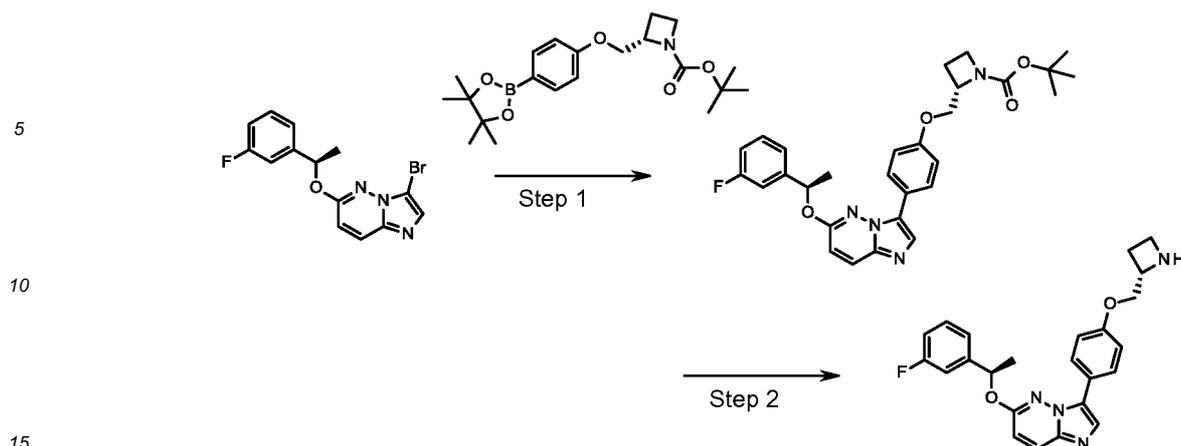
[Table 12]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
16	1	 <p>6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethoxy]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.58-2.04 (5H, m), 1.67 (3H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 2.96-3.12 (2H, m), 3.55-3.62 (1H, m), 3.95 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 6.9 Hz), 4.02 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 5.0 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 6.95-7.01 (3H, m), 7.14 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.30-7.39 (1H, m), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.3 Hz), 7.73 (1H, s), 7.83 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).
17	25	 <p>6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethoxy]-3-[4-(4-piperidylmethoxy)phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.3 Hz), 1.88 (2H, q, J = 11.8 Hz), 2.11-2.19 (3H, m), 2.98 (2H, dd, J = 12.9, 10.6 Hz), 3.61 (2H, d, J = 12.6 Hz), 3.95 (2H, d, J = 5.7 Hz), 5.92 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93-7.01 (3H, m), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.5, 1.7 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.7 Hz), 7.61-7.63 (2H, m), 7.74 (1H, s), 7.84 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 447 (M+H) ⁺ .

[Example 18]

3-[4-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine hydrochloride

[0303]



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]azetidine-1-carboxylate

[0304] 1,4-Dioxane (20 ml) and water (10 ml) were added to the compound (0.8 g) obtained in step 1 of Example 15, the compound (1.1 g) obtained in Reference Example 26, sodium carbonate (0.38 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (0.19 g), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 40 minutes under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.85 g).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.45 (9H, s), 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 3.89-3.99 (2H, m), 3.89-3.99 (2H, m), 4.20 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 2.7 Hz), 4.34 (1H, br s), 4.52-4.61 (1H, m), 5.94 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.95-7.03 (3H, m), 7.14 (1H, dt, J = 9.7, 2.1 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.8 Hz), 7.64 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s), 7.83 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

3-[4-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine hydrochloride

[0305] To a solution of the compound (0.85 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in dichloromethane (10 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. A solution of 2 N hydrochloric acid in ethanol (5 ml) was added to the obtained residue, and the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was dissolved in ethanol. To the solution, ethyl acetate was added, and the deposits were collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (0.61 g).

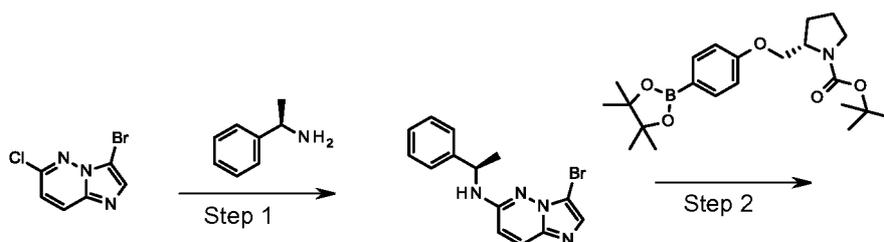
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.37-2.60 (2H, m), 3.88-4.01 (3H, m), 4.35 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 3.6 Hz), 4.45-4.54 (1H, m), 4.77 (1H, br s), 6.04 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.11-7.17 (3H, m), 7.34 (2H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.40 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.43-7.50 (1H, m), 7.85 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.32 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 8.38 (1H, s), 9.34 (1H, br s), 9.52 (1H, br s). ESI-MS (m/z) : 419 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 19]

N-[(1R)-1-Phenylethyl]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

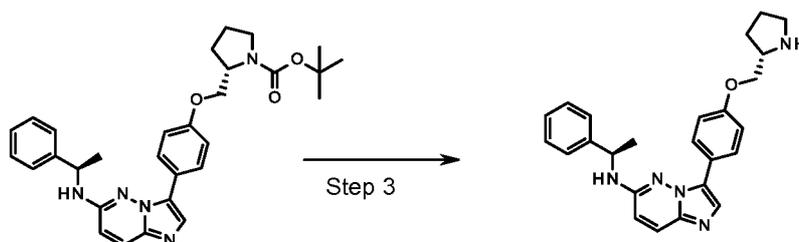
[0306]

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[Step 1]

3-Bromo-N-[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

25 **[0307]** The title compound (1.07 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using (1R)-1-phenylethylamine (0.71 ml) instead of phenylmethanamine. ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.62 (3H, s), 4.83 (1H, d, J = 6.3 Hz), 5.01-5.07 (1H, m), 6.40 (1H, t, J = 4.6 Hz), 7.27 (1H, tt, J = 7.4, 1.6 Hz), 7.35 (2H, td, J = 7.7, 3.2 Hz), 7.45 (3H, td, J = 4.6, 2.1 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

30 [Step 2]

tert-Butyl (2S)-2-[[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]methyl]pyrrolidine-1-carboxylate

35 **[0308]** 1,4-Dioxane (20 ml) and water (10 ml) were added to the compound (0.72 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, the compound (1.1 g) obtained in step 2 of Reference Example 1, sodium carbonate (0.36 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (185 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.85 g).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.50 (9H, s), 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.87-2.12 (4H, m), 3.42-3.45 (2H, m), 3.78-4.27 (3H, m), 4.68 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.96 (1H, q, J = 6.3 Hz), 6.45 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 6.89-6.98 (2H, m), 7.22-7.44 (5H, m), 7.62-7.71 (4H, m).

45

[Step 3]

N-[(1R)-1-Phenylethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

50 **[0309]** To a solution of the compound (0.85 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 in dichloromethane (10 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (3 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Chloroform was added to the obtained residue, and the deposits were collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (0.3 g).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.74-1.83 (1H, m), 1.88-2.05 (2H, m), 2.12-2.20 (1H, m), 3.17-3.35 (3H, m), 3.88-3.98 (1H, m), 4.18 (1H, br s), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 3.6 Hz), 4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.21 (1H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.36 (2H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.43 (2H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 7.65 (1H, br s), 7.74 (2H,

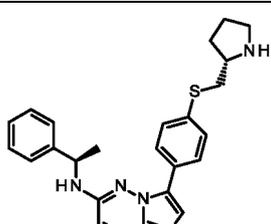
t, J = 4.8 Hz), 7.83 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 414 (M+H)⁺.

[0310] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Example 19 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 19 as the starting material using the compound obtained in the Reference Example.

5

[Table 13]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
20	51	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-Phenylethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methylsulfanyl]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47-1.57 (1H, m), 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.71-2.03 (4H, m), 2.89-2.96 (1H, m), 3.01-3.12 (3H, m), 3.31-3.38 (1H, m), 4.73 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.92-4.99 (1H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.26-7.44 (7H, m), 7.66 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.72 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z): 431 (M+H)⁺.</p>

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[Example 21]

25 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

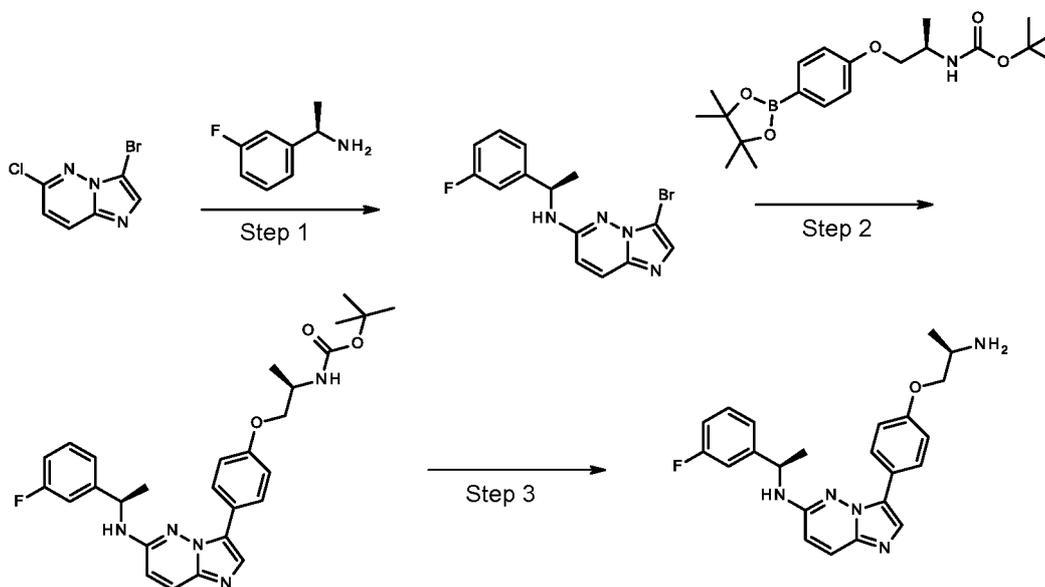
[0311]

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[Step 1]

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3-Bromo-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0312] The title compound (0.59 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using (1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethanamine (0.39 g) instead of phenylmethanamine.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.61 (3H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 4.83 (1H, d, J = 6.3 Hz), 5.01-5.06 (1H, m), 6.42 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93-6.97 (1H, m), 7.17 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.1 Hz), 7.24 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.30 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.9 Hz), 7.46 (1H, s), 7.57 (1H, t, J = 4.6 Hz).

55

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(1R)-2-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]-1-methylethyl]carbamate

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[0313] 1,4-Dioxane (25 ml) and water (5 ml) were added to the compound (0.34 g) obtained in the preceding step 1, the compound (0.39 g) obtained in Reference Example 15, potassium carbonate (0.55 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (81 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1.5 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.39 g).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.33 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.48 (9H, s), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.99 (2H, d, J = 3.6 Hz), 4.10-4.13 (1H, m), 4.68 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.83 (1H, br s), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 4.8, 6.7 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.36 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.61-7.62 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[Step 3]

20

3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0314] To a solution of the compound (0.39 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in methanol (3 ml), a solution of 4 N hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (8 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 40 minutes. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. A 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution was added to the obtained residue, followed by extraction with chloroform-methanol. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.09 g).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.21 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.37-3.41 (1H, m), 3.75 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 7.9 Hz), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.2 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 4.8, 6.7 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.89-6.92 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 3.2 Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz). ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.08 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.65 (2H, br s), 3.12-3.21 (1H, m), 4.19-4.19 (2H, m), 4.80-4.89 (1H, m), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.03 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.37-7.44 (1H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.70-7.77 (4H, m).

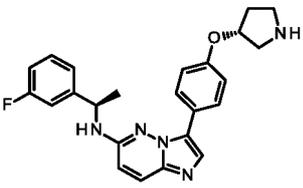
35

ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H)⁺.

[0315] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 21 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 21 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

[Table 14-1]

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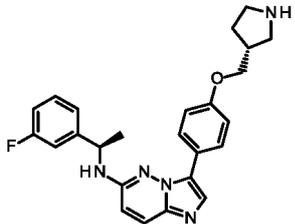
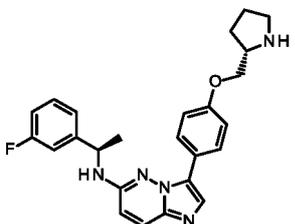
Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
22	3	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]oxyphenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.96-2.05 (1H, m), 2.10-2.19 (1H, m), 2.93-2.95 (1H, m), 3.07 (1H, dd, J = 12.6, 5.2 Hz), 3.19-3.26 (2H, m), 4.74 (1H, d, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.87-4.95 (2H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.86 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.9 Hz), 7.59 (2H, dd, J = 9.5, 2.6 Hz), 7.65 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

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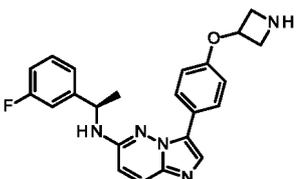
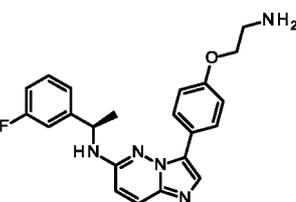
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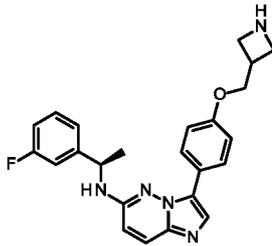
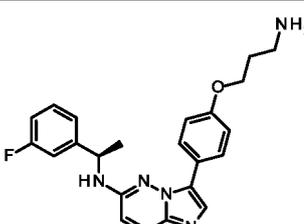
(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
23	5	 <p data-bbox="486 560 861 683">N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(3R)-pyrrolidin-3-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 1.64-1.66 (1H, m), 2.05-2.07 (1H, m), 2.60-2.73 (1H, m), 2.89-2.91 (1H, m), 2.99-3.02 (1H, m), 3.09-3.11 (1H, m), 3.21 (1H, dd, J = 11.2, 7.7 Hz), 3.90-4.02 (2H, m), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.89-4.94 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 6.96 (1H, td, J = 8.2, 2.3 Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.9 Hz), 7.61 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.65 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).
24	1	 <p data-bbox="486 940 861 1064">N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 1.58-1.63 (1H, m), 1.78-1.86 (2H, m), 1.93-2.01 (1H, m), 2.96 (1H, dt, J = 10.7, 7.1 Hz), 3.02-3.08 (1H, m), 3.53-3.56 (1H, m), 3.91 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 6.8 Hz), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 5.1 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 5.1, 6.6 Hz), 6.45 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.88-6.91 (2H, m), 6.93-6.98 (1H, m), 7.09-7.12 (1H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.58-7.61 (2H, m), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz). ¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆) δ: 1.42-1.52 (1H, m), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.60-1.77 (2H, m), 1.83-1.91 (1H, m), 2.77-2.88 (2H, m), 3.36-3.44 (1H, m), 3.84 (2H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.03 (1H, td, J = 8.6, 2.2 Hz), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.43 (1H, m), 7.62 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.71-7.77 (4H, m). ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 (M+H) ⁺ .

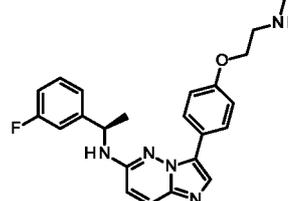
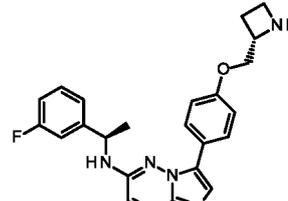
[Table 14-2]

25	27	 <p data-bbox="335 1545 834 1635">3-[4-(Azetidin-3-yloxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.58 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.83-3.88 (2H, m), 3.97-4.01 (2H, m), 4.72 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.93 (1H, m), 5.07 (1H, tt, J = 6.2, 6.0 Hz), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.75-6.77 (2H, m), 6.98 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.58-7.60 (2H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 404 (M+H) ⁺ .
26	7	 <p data-bbox="335 1870 834 1960">3-[4-(2-Aminoethoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 3.10 (2H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.02 (2H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.89 (1H, dq, J = 6.6, 6.6 Hz), 6.44 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.86-6.89 (2H, m), 6.91-6.95 (1H, m), 7.07-7.11 (1H, m), 7.16 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.28-7.34 (1H, m), 7.57-7.59 (2H, m), 7.63-7.65 (2H, m). ESI-MS (m/z) : 392 (M+H) ⁺ .

(continued)

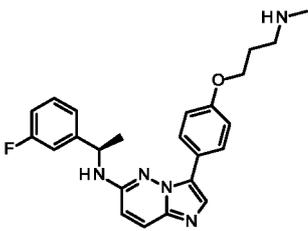
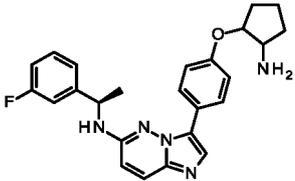
5	27	28	 <p>3-[4-(Azetidin-3-ylmethoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 6.3 Hz), 3.14-3.17 (1H, m), 3.55 (2H, dd, J = 7.9, 6.3 Hz), 3.78 (2H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.15 (2H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 4.65 (1H, br s), 4.89 (1H, dq, J = 6.3, 6.3 Hz), 6.43 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.88 (2H, d, J = 10.7 Hz), 6.93 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.2 Hz), 7.08-7.10 (1H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.29-7.33 (1H, m), 7.58 (2H, d, J = 10.7 Hz), 7.64 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H) ⁺ .
15	28	9	 <p>3-[4-(3-Aminopropoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.98 (2H, tt, J = 6.8, 6.1 Hz), 2.96 (2H, t, J = 6.8 Hz), 4.13 (2H, t, J = 6.1 Hz), 4.69 (1H, br s), 4.90-4.96 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.90-6.93 (2H, m), 6.95-7.00 (1H, m), 7.12-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 9.4 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H) ⁺ .

[Table 14-3]

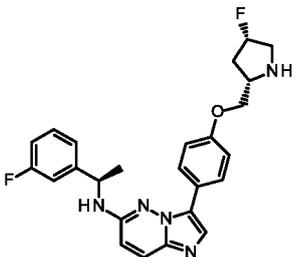
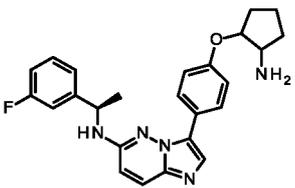
30	29	10	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.51 (3H, s), 2.98 (2H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.10 (2H, t, J = 5.2 Hz), 4.65 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.88 (1H, dq, J = 5.1, 7.0 Hz), 6.43 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.86-6.96 (3H, m), 7.07-7.10 (1H, m), 7.16 (1H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.31 (1H, td, J = 7.8, 5.9 Hz), 7.56-7.65 (3H, m). ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H) ⁺ .
40	30	26	 <p>3-[4-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.53 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.23-2.29 (1H, m), 2.37-2.45 (1H, m), 3.45-3.50 (1H, m), 3.69 (1H, q, J = 8.0 Hz), 4.00-4.12 (1H, m), 4.23-4.30 (1H, m), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.89 (1H, dq, J = 5.1, 7.0 Hz), 6.43 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.87-6.96 (3H, m), 7.09 (1H, dt, J = 9.8, 2.1 Hz), 7.15-7.17 (1H, m), 7.28-7.33 (1H, m), 7.57-7.65 (4H, m). ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H) ⁺ .

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(continued)

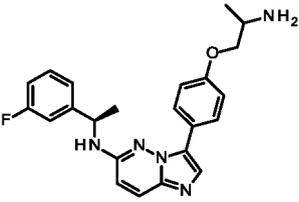
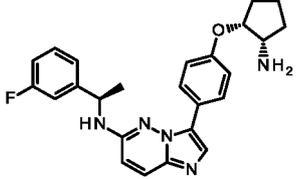
5	31	11	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[3-(methylamino)propoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.53 (3H, d, $J = 7.0$ Hz), 1.98 (2H, tt, $J = 6.8, 6.3$ Hz), 2.45 (3H, s), 2.78 (2H, t, $J = 6.8$ Hz), 4.07 (2H, t, $J = 6.3$ Hz), 4.65 (1H, d, $J = 5.5$ Hz), 4.89 (1H, dq, $J = 5.5, 7.0$ Hz), 6.43 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 6.85-6.88 (2H, m), 6.91-6.95 (1H, m), 7.07-7.10 (1H, m), 7.16 (1H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.31 (1H, td, $J = 7.9, 6.0$ Hz), 7.56-7.59 (2H, m), 7.63 (2H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 420 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .
15	32	34	 <p>3-[4-(cis-2-Aminocyclopentoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.58 (3H, d, $J = 7.0$ Hz), 1.66-2.06 (6H, m), 3.39-3.43 (1H, m), 4.51-4.55 (1H, m), 4.70 (1H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 4.93 (1H, dq, $J = 5.1, 7.0$ Hz), 6.48 (1H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 6.91-6.93 (2H, m), 6.96-7.00 (1H, m), 7.12-7.15 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.32-7.38 (1H, m), 7.59-7.63 (2H, m), 7.67 (1H, s), 7.68 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .

[Table 14-4]

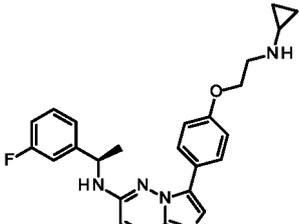
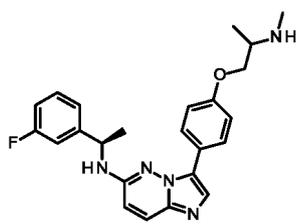
30	33	36	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(2S,4S)-4-fluoropyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 7.0$ Hz), 1.95-2.08 (1H, m), 2.21-2.37 (1H, m), 3.01 (1H, ddd, $J = 35.6, 12.9, 3.9$ Hz), 3.36-3.44 (1H, m), 3.57-3.61 (1H, m), 4.04-4.15 (2H, m), 4.69 (1H, d, $J = 5.5$ Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, $J = 5.5, 7.0$ Hz), 5.27 (1H, dt, $J = 54.7, 4.7$ Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 6.91-6.99 (3H, m), 7.12 (1H, dt, $J = 9.9, 2.1$ Hz), 7.19-7.21 (1H, m), 7.35 (1H, td, $J = 7.9, 6.0$ Hz), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 450 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .
40	34	35	 <p>3-[4-(trans-2-Aminocyclopentoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.43-1.48 (1H, m), 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.78-1.87 (3H, m), 2.05-2.15 (1H, m), 2.20-2.25 (1H, m), 3.47-3.53 (1H, m), 4.35-4.38 (1H, m), 4.69 (1H, d, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, $J = 5.1, 6.7$ Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, $J = 9.4$ Hz), 6.89 (2H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, $J = 8.4, 2.3$ Hz), 7.12-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, $J = 7.8$ Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, $J = 7.8, 5.9$ Hz), 7.57-7.61 (2H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .

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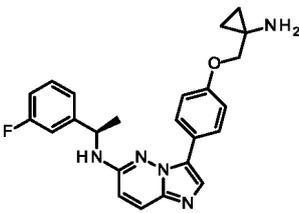
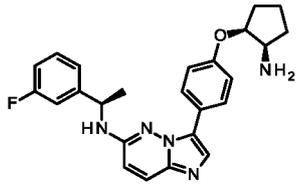
(continued)

5	35	12	 <p>3-[4-(2-Aminopropoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.21 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 3.36-3.41 (1H, m), 3.72-3.77 (1H, m), 3.92-3.96 (1H, m), 4.67-4.70 (1H, brm), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.46 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.91 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, $J = 8.5, 2.4$ Hz), 7.12 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.62 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, $J = 9.5$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z): 406 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .
15	36	13	 <p>3-[4-[(1R,2S)-2-Aminocyclopentoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.63-1.73 (2H, m), 1.81-2.08 (4H, m), 3.39-3.44 (1H, m), 4.51-4.54 (1H, m), 4.73-4.75 (1H, br m), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.89-6.93 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, $J = 8.5, 2.4$ Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.59-7.63 (2H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z): 432 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .

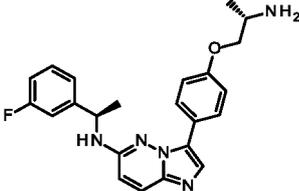
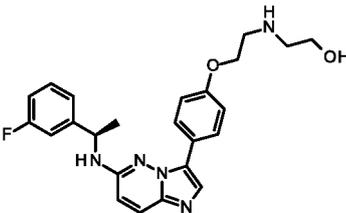
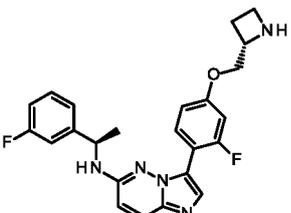
[Table 14-5]

25	37	37	 <p>3-[4-[2-(Cyclopropylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 0.39-0.43 (2H, m), 0.45-0.52 (2H, m), 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 2.22-2.27 (1H, m), 3.14 (2H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 4.14 (2H, t, $J = 5.1$ Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, $J = 5.4$ Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, $J = 5.4, 6.7$ Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 6.90-6.92 (2H, m), 6.95-6.99 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, $J = 7.9, 6.0$ Hz), 7.60-7.62 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z): 432 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .
30	38	38	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)propoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.19 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, $J = 6.7$ Hz), 2.52 (3H, s), 3.02-3.08 (1H, m), 3.86-3.91 (1H, m), 3.93-3.98 (1H, m), 4.70 (1H, d, $J = 4.8$ Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, $J = 4.8, 6.7$ Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 6.89-6.92 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, $J = 8.2, 2.4$ Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, $J = 7.3$ Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, $J = 7.9, 6.0$ Hz), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz). ESI-MS (m/z): 420 ($\text{M}+\text{H}$) ⁺ .

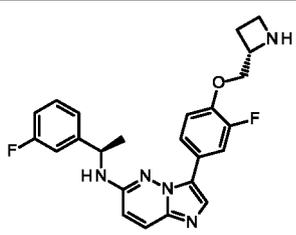
(continued)

5	39	39	 <p>3-[4-[(1-Aminocyclopropyl)methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 0.68 (2H, dd, J = 6.3, 5.1 Hz), 0.79 (2H, dd, J = 6.3, 4.5 Hz), 1.57 (4H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.90 (2H, s), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 5.4, 6.7 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90-6.92 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H) ⁺ .
15	40	14	 <p>3-[4-[(1S,2R)-2-Aminocyclopentoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.62-1.73 (2H, m), 1.81-2.10 (4H, m), 3.38-3.43 (1H, m), 4.51-4.54 (1H, m), 4.69 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90-6.92 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.11-7.15 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.59-7.61 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 (M+H) ⁺ .

[Table 14-6]

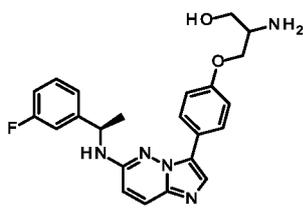
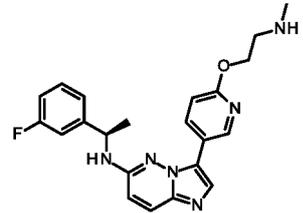
25	41	16	 <p>3-[4-[(2S)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.21 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.35-3.43 (1H, m), 3.74 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 7.9 Hz), 3.94 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.2 Hz), 4.70 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.89-6.92 (2H, m), 6.93-6.99 (1H, m), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.66-7.69 (2H, m). ESI-MS (m/z): 406 (M+H) ⁺ .
30	42	17	 <p>2-[2-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]ethyl amino]ethanol</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.8 Hz), 1.73 (1H, br s), 2.90 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 3.08 (2H, t, J = 4.8 Hz), 3.70 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.14 (2H, t, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 4.8, 6.8 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.94-6.99 (1H, m), 7.11-7.13 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.61 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H) ⁺ .
35	43	29	 <p>3-[4-[[2S]-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]-2-fluorophenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.27-2.32 (1H, m), 2.39-2.45 (1H, m), 3.47-3.52 (1H, m), 3.73 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 3.99-4.08 (2H, m), 4.28-4.33 (1H, m), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.89 (1H, dq, J = 5.4, 6.7 Hz), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.67-6.76 (2H, m), 6.90-6.98 (1H, m), 7.06-7.09 (1H, m), 7.15-7.17 (1H, m), 7.30-7.35 (1H, m), 7.61-7.70 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, d, J = 3.6 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H) ⁺ .

(continued)

5 10 44	30	 <p data-bbox="335 481 893 560">3-[4-[[[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]-3-fluorophenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p data-bbox="965 235 1428 526">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.58 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.25-2.33 (1H, m), 2.40-2.48 (1H, m), 3.48-3.53 (1H, m), 3.72 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.10-4.16 (2H, m), 4.30-4.37 (1H, m), 4.72 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.97 (1H, dq, J = 5.4, 7.0 Hz), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.92-7.01 (2H, m), 7.11 (1H, dt, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz), 7.21-7.23 (1H, m), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.40-7.42 (1H, m), 7.65-7.69 (3H, m).</p> <p data-bbox="965 526 1428 560">ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H)⁺.</p>
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[Table 14-7]

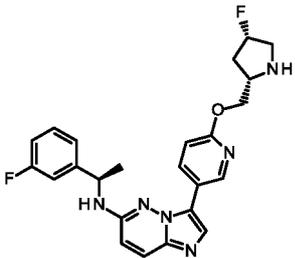
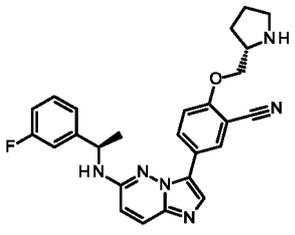
20 25 45	18	 <p data-bbox="335 907 893 996">2-Amino-3-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]propan-1-ol</p>	<p data-bbox="1029 683 1428 1030">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.34-3.37 (1H, m), 3.66 (1H, dd, J = 10.8, 6.0 Hz), 3.78 (1H, dd, J = 10.8, 4.5 Hz), 3.96-4.00 (1H, m), 4.04-4.08 (1H, m), 4.69 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 5.4, 6.7 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88-6.93 (2H, m), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.10-7.14 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.60-7.63 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 10.9 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="1029 1030 1428 1064">ESI-MS (m/z) : 422 (M+H)⁺</p>
30 35 40 46	19	 <p data-bbox="335 1355 893 1444">N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[6-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]-3-pyridyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p data-bbox="1029 1075 1428 1400">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.54 (3H, s), 3.02 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.48 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.71 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.87-4.93 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.74 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.93-7.00 (1H, m), 7.08-7.11 (1H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.6 Hz), 7.67-7.70 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz), 8.54 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).</p>

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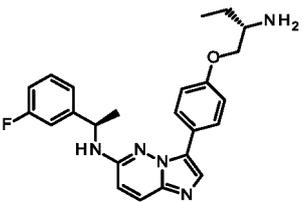
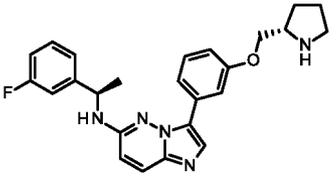
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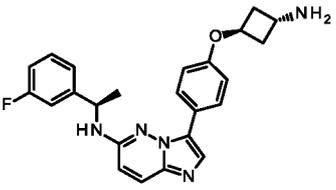
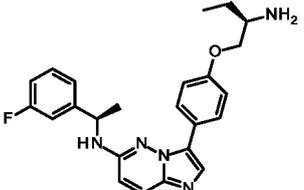
(continued)

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10	47	40	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[6-[[[(2S,4S)-4-fluoropyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]-3-pyridyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.88-2.03 (1H, m), 2.20-2.35 (1H, m), 2.97 (1H, ddd, J = 35.1, 13.3, 3.9 Hz), 3.40 (1H, dd, J = 20.9, 13.3 Hz), 3.56-3.62 (1H, m), 4.43 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 6.7 Hz), 4.50 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 4.8 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.87-4.93 (1H, m), 5.25 (1H, dt, J = 54.6, 4.7 Hz), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.95 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz), 7.09 (1H, dt, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.67 (1H, s), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 7.79 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.53 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 451 (M+H)⁺.</p>
20	48	20	 <p>5-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]benzotrile</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.60 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.61-1.70 (1H, m), 1.77-2.06 (3H, m), 2.96-3.03 (1H, m), 3.06-3.12 (1H, m), 3.60-3.64 (1H, m), 4.03 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 6.7 Hz), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 5.1 Hz), 4.78 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.92-4.99 (1H, m), 6.52 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.95 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.09 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.24-7.26 (1H, m), 7.37 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.80 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz), 8.19 (1H, d, J = 1.8 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 457 (M+H)⁺.</p>

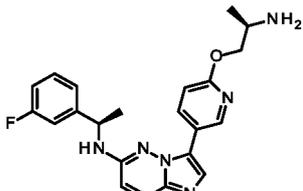
[Table 14-8]

40	49	21	 <p>3-[4-[(2S)-2-Aminobutoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.05 (3H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 1.42-1.70 (2H, m), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.12-3.16 (1H, m), 3.79 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 7.6 Hz), 4.01 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 3.6 Hz), 4.71 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.91 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 420 (M+H)⁺.</p>
50	50	2	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[3-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.73-2.01 (4H, m), 2.92-3.06 (2H, m), 3.52-3.59 (1H, m), 3.92 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 6.7 Hz), 3.97 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 5.4 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.98-5.04 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.87 (1H, dd, J = 7.6, 2.1 Hz), 6.94 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.1 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.25-7.37 (3H, m), 7.51 (1H, t, J = 2.1 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 (M+H)⁺.</p>

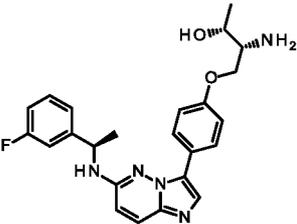
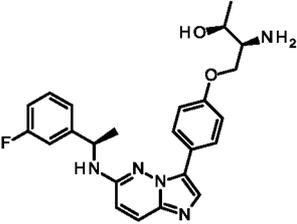
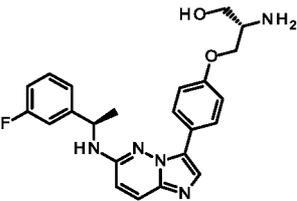
(continued)

5 10	51 22	 <p data-bbox="335 443 853 533">3-[4-(3-trans-Aminocyclobutoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p data-bbox="893 235 1420 481">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.22-2.28 (2H, m), 2.50-2.56 (2H, m), 3.81-3.87 (1H, m), 4.68 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.89-4.94 (2H, m), 6.46 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.79 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.96 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.59 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 10.3 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="893 492 1189 526">ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H)⁺.</p>
15 20	52 23	 <p data-bbox="335 761 853 851">3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminobutoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p data-bbox="893 548 1420 828">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.04 (3H, t, J = 7.6 Hz), 1.45-1.67 (2H, m), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.11-3.17 (1H, m), 3.80 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 7.9 Hz), 4.00 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.2 Hz), 4.68 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.46 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.91 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 10.1, 2.1 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="893 840 1189 873">ESI-MS (m/z) : 420 (M+H)⁺.</p>

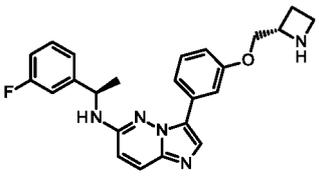
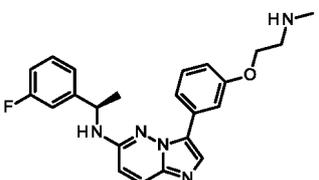
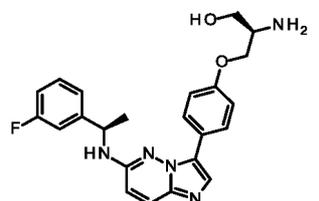
[Table 14-9]

25 30 35 40	53 41	 <p data-bbox="335 1198 877 1265">3-[6-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]-3-pyridyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p data-bbox="1125 974 1428 1444">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.21 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.37-3.41 (1H, m), 4.07 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 7.9 Hz), 4.31 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 4.2 Hz), 4.75 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.87-4.94 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.96 (1H, td, J = 8.2, 2.4 Hz), 7.10 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.79 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.54 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="1125 1456 1428 1489">ESI-MS (m/z) : 407 (M+H)⁺.</p>
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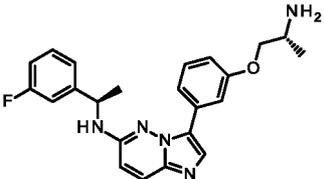
(continued)

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10	54	43	 <p>(2R,3R)-3-Amino-4-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]butan-2-ol</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.00-3.02 (1H, m), 3.10 (1H, br s), 3.79-3.85 (1H, m), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.11 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.89-4.95 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.8 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H)⁺.</p>	
15					
20	55	44	 <p>(2S,3S)-3-Amino-4-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]butan-2-ol</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.00-3.02 (1H, m), 3.10 (1H, br s), 3.79-3.85 (1H, m), 3.97 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 6.7 Hz), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.2 Hz), 4.68 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.95 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.7, 1.8 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.8 Hz), 7.63 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H)⁺.</p>	
25					
30					
35					
40	56	45	 <p>(2S)-2-Amino-3-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]propan-1-ol</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.34-3.37 (1H, m), 3.66 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 6.0 Hz), 3.78 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 4.2 Hz), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 6.7 Hz), 4.07 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.8 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.89-4.95 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 10.1, 2.1 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 10.3 Hz).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 422 (M+H)⁺.</p>	
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55					

[Table 14-10]

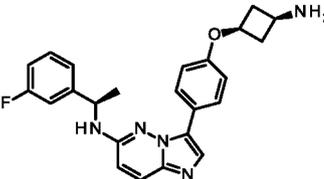
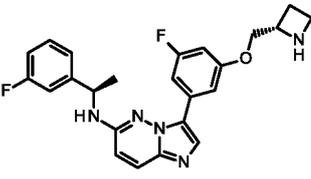
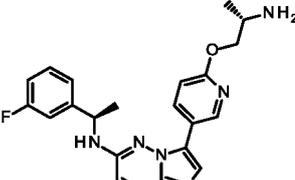
5					
10	57	31	 <p>3-[3-[[2S]-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.58 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.21-2.30 (1H, m), 2.39-2.46 (1H, m), 3.49 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 4.8 Hz), 3.69 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.02-4.10 (2H, m), 4.26-4.33 (1H, m), 4.72 (1H, br s), 4.98-5.04 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 2.7 Hz), 6.91-6.96 (1H, m), 7.11-7.15 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.27-7.31 (2H, m), 7.36 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.52 (1H, t, J = 2.1 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s). ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H) ⁺ .	
20	58	46	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[3-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.52 (3H, s), 3.01 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.12 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.69 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.98-5.04 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz), 6.94 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.28-7.34 (2H, m), 7.37 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.48 (1H, t, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s). ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H) ⁺ .	
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30	59	52	 <p>(2R)-2-Amino-3-[4-[6-[[1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenoxy]propan-1-ol</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.33-3.38 (1H, m), 3.66 (1H, dd, J = 10.6, 6.0 Hz), 3.78 (1H, dd, J = 10.6, 4.5 Hz), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.4, 6.3 Hz), 4.06 (1H, dd, J = 9.4, 5.1 Hz), 4.68 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.95 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.96 (1H, td, J = 8.2, 2.4 Hz), 7.10-7.13 (1H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.66 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 422 (M+H) ⁺ .	
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(continued)

5	60	47	 <p>3-[3-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.19 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.35-3.40 (1H, m), 3.74 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 7.9 Hz), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 4.2 Hz), 4.72 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.98-5.05 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.87 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz), 6.94 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.28-7.34 (2H, m), 7.37 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.49 (1H, t, J = 2.1 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.76 (1H, s). ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H) ⁺ .
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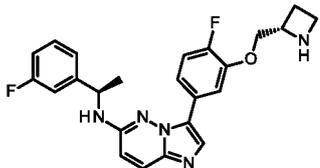
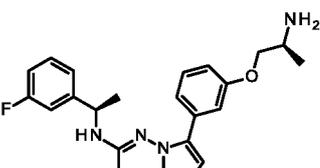
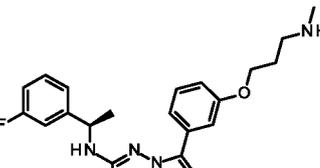
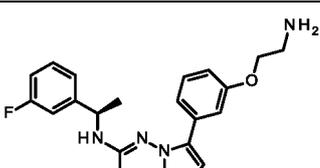
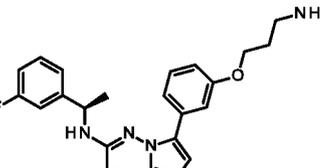
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[Table 14-11]

25	61	53	 <p>3-[4-(3-cis-Aminocyclobutoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.88-1.95 (2H, m), 2.93-2.98 (2H, m), 3.19-3.26 (1H, m), 4.33-4.40 (1H, m), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.88-4.95 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.81 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.6 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 6.0 Hz), 7.58 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.65 (1H, s), 7.67 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 418 (M+H) ⁺ .
35	62	32	 <p>3-[3-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]-5-fluorophenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.60 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.22-2.29 (1H, m), 2.38-2.46 (1H, m), 3.45-3.51 (1H, m), 3.71 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.01 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 4.8 Hz), 4.06 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 6.3 Hz), 4.27-4.31 (1H, m), 4.77 (1H, br s), 5.00-5.07 (1H, m), 6.50 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.59 (1H, dt, J = 10.3, 2.4 Hz), 6.92 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 2.2 Hz), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 10.1, 2.0 Hz), 7.22-7.37 (4H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.77 (1H, s). ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H) ⁺ .
45	63	42	 <p>3-[6-[(2S)-2-Aminopropoxy]-3-pyridyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.21 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.34-3.42 (1H, m), 4.08 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 7.9 Hz), 4.31 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 4.2 Hz), 4.72 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.87-4.94 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.93-6.98 (1H, m), 7.08-7.11 (1H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.30-7.36 (1H, m), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 7.79 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.54 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 407 (M+H) ⁺ .

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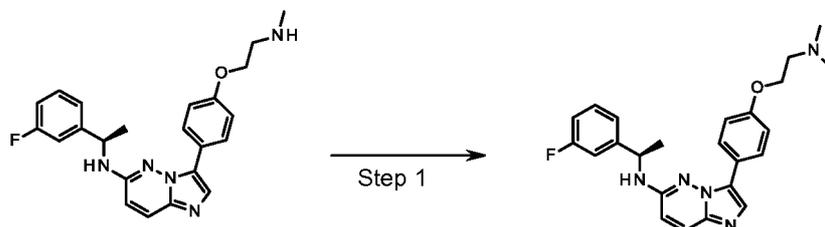
(continued)

5	64	33	 <p>3-[3-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]-4-fluorophenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.20-2.28 (1H, m), 2.36-2.44 (1H, m), 3.43-3.50 (1H, m), 3.69 (1H, q, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.10 (2H, ddd, J = 17.8, 9.7, 5.7 Hz), 4.27-4.33 (1H, m), 4.72 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.95-5.02 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.96 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.05 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 8.5 Hz), 7.10-7.12 (1H, m), 7.18 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.27-7.35 (2H, m), 7.49 (1H, dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.69 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 436 (M+H)⁺.</p>
15	[Table 14-12]			
20	65	24	 <p>3-[3-[(2S)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.19 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.59 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 3.36-3.40 (1H, m), 3.74 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 7.9 Hz), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 4.2 Hz), 4.73 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.98-5.05 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.86-6.88 (1H, m), 6.92-6.96 (1H, m), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.28-7.33 (2H, m), 7.36-7.38 (1H, m), 7.50-7.51 (1H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.76 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H)⁺.</p>
25	66	48	 <p>N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[3-[(3-methylamino)propoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.01 (2H, tt, J = 7.0, 6.3 Hz), 2.46 (3H, s), 2.79 (2H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 4.09 (2H, t, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.71 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz), 4.98-5.05 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.85-6.88 (1H, m), 6.94 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz), 7.12-7.14 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.28-7.36 (3H, m), 7.50 (1H, t, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 420 (M+H)⁺.</p>
30	67	49	 <p>3-[3-(2-Aminoethoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 3.12 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.04 (2H, t, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.73 (1H, br s), 4.98-5.04 (1H, m), 6.48 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.88 (1H, dd, J = 7.9, 2.4 Hz), 6.94 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.12-7.14 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.29-7.37 (3H, m), 7.49 (1H, t, J = 1.8 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 392 (M+H)⁺.</p>
35	68	50	 <p>3-[3-(3-Aminopropoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.58 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.93-2.00 (2H, m), 2.94 (2H, t, J = 6.7 Hz), 4.10 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.75 (1H, br s), 4.98-5.04 (1H, m), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.86-6.87 (1H, m), 6.92-6.96 (1H, m), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.1 Hz), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.28-7.36 (3H, m), 7.49 (1H, t, J = 2.1 Hz), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75 (1H, s).</p> <p>ESI-MS (m/z) : 406 (M+H)⁺.</p>
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[Example 69]

3-[4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0316]



[Step 1]

3-[4-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0317] The title compound (0.24 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 8 using the compound (0.28 g) obtained in Example 29.

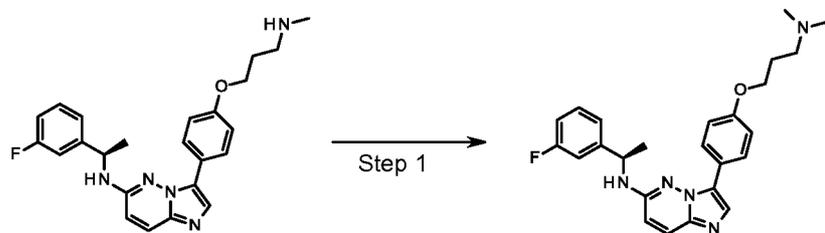
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.56 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.37 (6H, s), 2.77 (2H, t, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.13 (2H, t, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.92 (1H, dq, J = 5.1, 7.0 Hz), 6.47 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.91-6.98 (3H, m), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.5, 2.1 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.61 (2H, dt, J = 9.5, 2.5 Hz), 7.66-7.68 (2H, m).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 420 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 70]

3-[4-[3-(Dimethylamino)propoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0318]



[Step 1]

3-[4-[3-(Dimethylamino)propoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0319] The title compound (0.26 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 8 using the compound (0.28 g) obtained in Example 31.

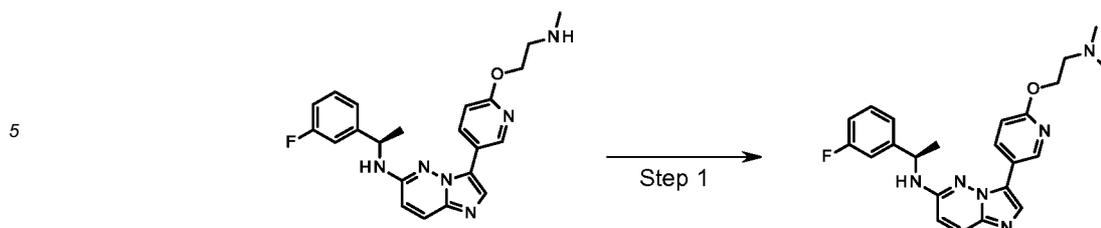
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.98-2.02 (2H, m), 2.29 (6H, s), 2.49 (2H, t, J = 7.2 Hz), 4.08 (2H, t, J = 6.3 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.90-4.96 (1H, m), 6.46 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.90 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 6.94-6.99 (1H, m), 7.12 (1H, dt, J = 9.9, 2.1 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.34 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 434 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 71]

3-[6-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-pyridyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0320]



10 [Step 1]

3-[6-(2-Dimethylaminoethoxy)-3-pyridyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

15 **[0321]** The title compound (0.10 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 8 using the compound obtained in Example 46.

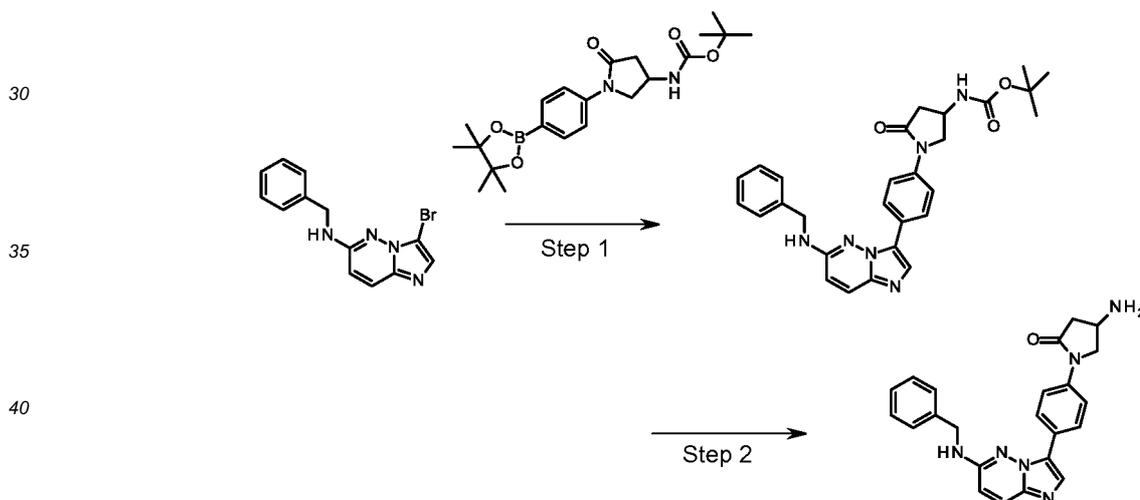
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.37 (6H, s), 2.76 (2H, t, J = 5.7 Hz), 4.48 (2H, t, J = 5.7 Hz), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz), 4.87-4.93 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.95 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.07-7.11 (1H, m), 7.17 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.6 Hz), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 7.77 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.53 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).

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[Example 72]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-(benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

25 **[0322]**



45 [Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[4-[6-(benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

50 **[0323]** 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml) and water (5 ml) were added to the compound (100 mg) obtained in step 1 of Example 1, the compound (160 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 61, sodium carbonate (52 mg), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (27 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 40 minutes under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, and the mixture was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was washed with an ethyl acetate-diethyl ether mixed solution to obtain the title compound (125 mg).

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¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 2.51 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.4 Hz), 3.00 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 7.8 Hz), 3.77 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 4.16-4.25 (1H, m), 4.44 (1H, br s), 4.59 (2H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 4.76 (1H, t, J = 5.0 Hz), 4.90 (1H, br s), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.29-7.43 (5H, m), 7.64 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.78 (1H, s), 8.00 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

[Step 2]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-(benzylamino)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

- 5 **[0324]** To a solution of the compound (125 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 in dichloromethane (10 ml), trifluoroacetic acid (2 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. A saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with chloroform. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure.
- 10 The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform) to obtain the title compound (20 mg).
- ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.43 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 5.0 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.3 Hz), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 4.1 Hz), 3.81-3.89 (1H, m), 4.11 (1H, dd, J = 9.9, 6.6 Hz), 4.59 (2H, d, J = 5.5 Hz), 4.75 (1H, s), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.28-7.44 (5H, m), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.69 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.78 (1H, s), 7.99 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

15 [Example 73]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

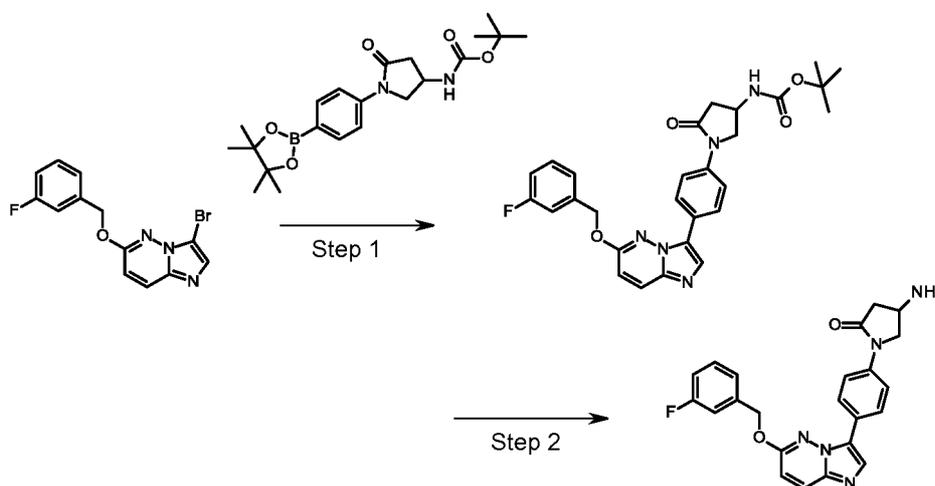
[0325]

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[Step 1]

40 tert-Butyl N-[1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

- [0326]** The title compound (100 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 using the compound (100 mg) obtained in step 1 of Example 11 and the compound (140 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 61.
- 45 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 2.53 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.6 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 8.0 Hz), 3.80 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 2.9 Hz), 4.20-4.27 (1H, m), 4.46 (1H, br s), 4.88 (1H, br s), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.81 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.05 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 3.1 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.25 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.39 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.7 Hz), 7.73 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.88 (1H, s), 7.89 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.96 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).

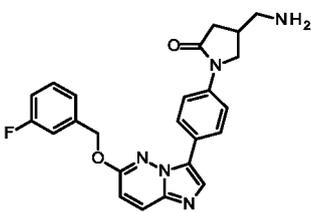
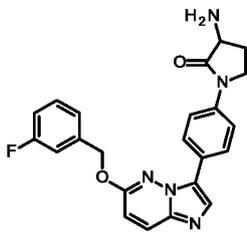
50 [Step 2]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

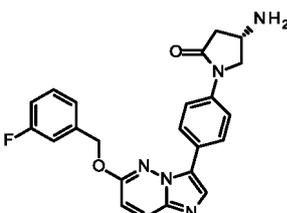
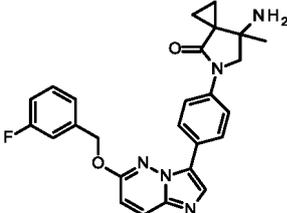
- [0327]** The title compound (35 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (100 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 as the starting material.
- 55 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.44 (1H, dd, J = 16.7, 3.4 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 6.9 Hz), 3.62 (1H, dd, J = 9.9, 2.5 Hz), 3.84-3.92 (1H, m), 4.10-4.16 (1H, m), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.05 (1H, t, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.17-7.28 (2H, m), 7.35-7.42 (1H, m), 7.74 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.87-7.90 (2H, m), 7.95 (2H, d, J = 9.2 Hz).

[0328] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 73 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 11 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

[Table 15-1]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
74	63	 <p>4-(Aminomethyl)-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.63 (2H, br s), 2.42-2.52 (1H, m), 2.78-2.90 (2H, m), 3.23-3.39 (2H, m), 3.73-3.79 (1H, m), 4.06-4.13 (2H, m), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 10.1 Hz), 7.05 (1H, t, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.23-7.27 (1H, m), 7.35-7.42 (1H, m), 7.78 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz), 7.86-7.89 (2H, m), 7.95 (2H, d, J = 8.9 Hz).
75	64	 <p>3-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.65 (2H, br s), 1.86-1.98 (1H, m), 2.58-2.67 (1H, m), 3.74 (1H, dd, J = 10.1, 7.8 Hz), 3.81-3.87 (2H, m), 5.41 (2H, s), 6.81 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.05 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.8 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 10.5 Hz), 7.25 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.36-7.42 (1H, m), 7.79 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz), 7.88 (1H, s), 7.89 (1H, d, J = 9.6 Hz), 7.97 (2H, d, J = 8.7 Hz).

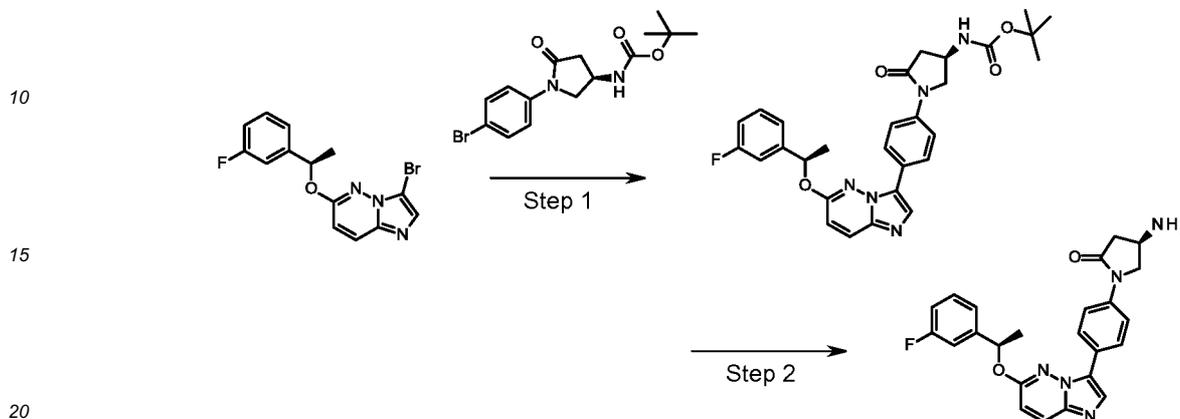
[Table 15-2]

76	65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.55 (2H, br s), 2.41 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 5.1 Hz), 2.91 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.0 Hz), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.4, 4.3 Hz), 3.81-3.87 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.4, 6.6 Hz), 5.36 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.02 (1H, td, J = 8.6, 2.7 Hz), 7.16 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 7.8, 5.9 Hz), 7.70 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.84 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.92 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz).
77	73	 <p>7-Amino-5-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-7-methyl-5-azaspiro[2.4]heptan-4-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 0.87-0.98 (2H, m), 1.12-1.17 (1H, m), 1.19-1.26 (1H, m), 1.25 (3H, s), 1.59 (2H, br s), 3.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.90 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 5.40 (2H, s), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.05 (1H, td, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz), 7.20 (1H, dt, J = 9.7, 1.8 Hz), 7.25 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.36-7.43 (1H, m), 7.76 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.88 (1H, s), 7.88 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.95 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[Example 78]

(4R)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

5 [0329]



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(3R)-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0330] 1,4-Dioxane was added to the compound (91 mg) obtained in step 1 of Reference Example 62, a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (10 mg), bis(pinacolato)diborane (65 mg), and potassium acetate (50 mg), and the mixture was stirred at 90°C for 1 hour under an argon atmosphere and then heated to reflux for 1 hour.

[0331] The reaction solution was temporarily brought back to room temperature. The compound (86 mg) obtained in step 1 of Example 15, a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (10 mg), tripotassium phosphate (109 mg), and water (0.5 ml) were added thereto, and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour under an argon atmosphere. Ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, n-hexane-ethyl acetate → dichloromethane-methanol) to obtain the title compound (31 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 2.55 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.6 Hz), 3.03 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.0 Hz), 3.80 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.4 Hz), 4.24 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 4.45-4.51 (1H, m), 5.03-5.07 (1H, m), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.9 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.96-7.01 (1H, m), 7.12-7.15 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.33-7.38 (1H, m), 7.66-7.69 (2H, m), 7.72-7.75 (2H, m), 7.79 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 532 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 2]

(4R)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

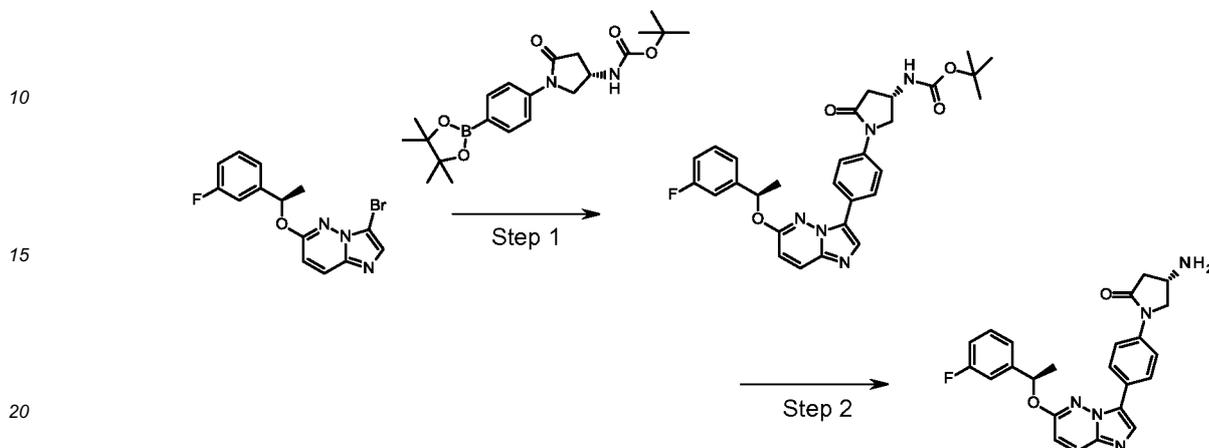
[0332] The compound (31 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in dichloromethane (3 ml). To the solution, a solution of 4 N hydrochloric acid in dioxane (3 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Dichloromethane and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the residue to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, dichloromethane-methanol) to obtain the title compound (23 mg).

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.4 Hz), 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 5.2 Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.4 Hz), 3.63 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 4.0 Hz), 3.87-3.92 (1H, m), 4.15 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.6 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.99 (1H, td, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz), 7.13-7.16 (1H, m), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.34-7.38 (1H, m), 7.69-7.75 (4H, m), 7.80 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 79]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

5 [0333]



[Step 1]

25 tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

30 [0334] A mixed solvent of 1,4-dioxane (8 ml) and water (0.8 ml) was added to the compound (501 mg) obtained in step 1 of Example 15, the compound (600 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65, a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (122 mg), and tripotassium phosphate (633 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1.5 hours under an argon atmosphere. Then, a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (122 mg) was further added thereto, and the mixture was further heated to reflux for 1 hour. After standing to cool, ethyl acetate and water were added to the reaction solution to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, dichloromethane-methanol) to obtain the title compound (607 mg).

35 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.67 (3H, d, J = 6.3 Hz), 2.58 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 4.0 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 8.6 Hz), 3.80 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 3.4 Hz), 4.20-4.25 (1H, m), 4.43-4.50 (1H, m), 5.41 (1H, d, J = 6.9 Hz), 5.90 (1H, q, J = 6.3 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 2.9 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dt, J = 9.7, 2.3 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 5.9 Hz), 7.64-7.67 (2H, m), 7.70-7.72 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, s), 7.84 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

40 ESI-MS (m/z) : 532 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 2]

45 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0335] The compound (13.90 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 was dissolved in dichloromethane (200 ml). To the solution, a solution of 4 N hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (133 ml) was added under ice cooling, and the mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 hours. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Dichloromethane and a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bicarbonate were added to the residue to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with dichloromethane. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure.

50 [0336] The same procedures as above were carried out using the compound (12.42 g) obtained in the preceding step 1. The obtained crude products were combined and purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, dichloromethane-methanol; and subsequently silica gel, dichloromethane-methanol) to obtain the title compound (20.30 g).

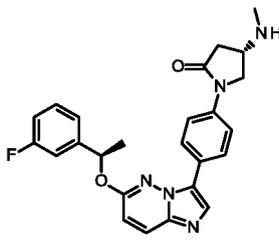
55 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.8 Hz), 2.96 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.6 Hz), 3.64 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.86-3.92 (1H, m), 4.15 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz),

6.99 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.12-7.17 (1H, m), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.37 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.8 Hz), 7.68-7.75 (4H, m), 7.80 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.66 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.93 (2H, br s), 2.25 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.76 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.0 Hz), 3.51 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.0 Hz), 3.65-3.71 (1H, m), 4.02 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 6.04 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.01 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.10 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (2H, m), 7.39-7.45 (1H, m), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.03 (1H, s), 8.09 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

[0337] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Example 79 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 15 as the starting material using the compound obtained in the Reference Example.

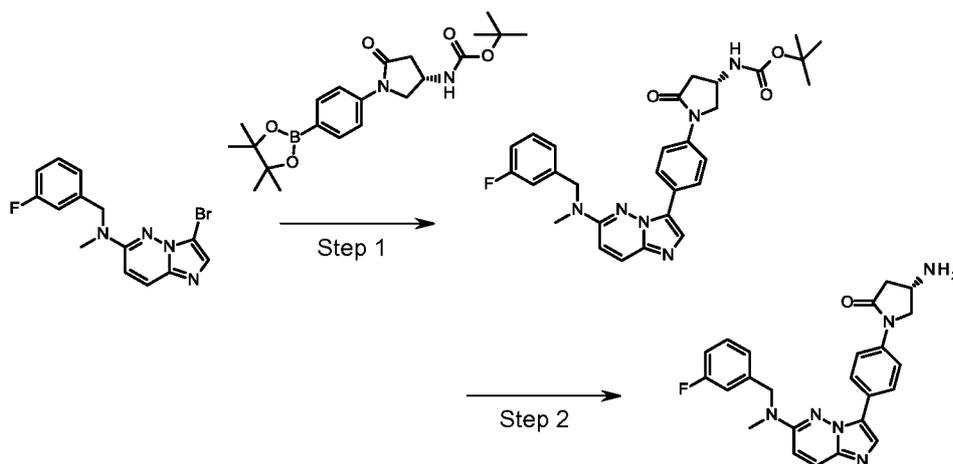
[Table 16]

Example No.	Reference Example No.	Structure and name	Instrumental data
80	71	 <p>(4S)-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-(methylamino)pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.52 (3H, s), 2.54 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.8 Hz), 2.92 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.54-3.59 (1H, m), 3.73 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 4.11 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.6 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.99 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.13-7.17 (1H, m), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33-7.39 (1H, m), 7.68-7.75 (4H, m), 7.80 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 446 (M+H) ⁺ .

[Example 81]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0338]



[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0339] The title compound (0.22 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (0.25 g) obtained in step 1 of Example 9 and the compound (0.36 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65 as starting materials.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 2.53 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 4.5 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 8.2 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.76-3.81 (1H, m), 4.23 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 6.7 Hz), 4.47 (1H, br s), 4.77 (2H, s), 4.89 (1H, br s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 10.2 Hz), 6.97-7.03 (2H, m), 7.07 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.31-7.37 (1H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.04 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

[Step 2]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

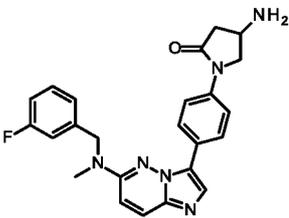
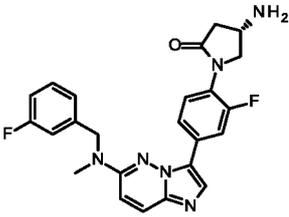
[0340] The title compound (0.15 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (0.22 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 as the starting material.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.9 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.4 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.61 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.9 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.13 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 6.3 Hz), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.98-7.01 (2H, m), 7.08 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.31-7.37 (1H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.04 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

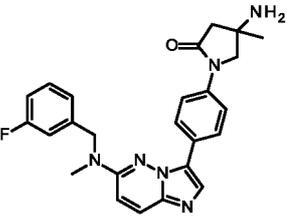
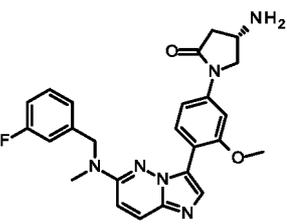
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.89 (2H, br s), 2.22 (1H, dd, J = 16.3, 4.2 Hz), 2.74 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.47 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.62-3.68 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.83 (2H, s), 7.05-7.14 (4H, m), 7.35-7.42 (1H, m), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.94 (1H, s), 8.07 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[0341] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 81 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 9 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

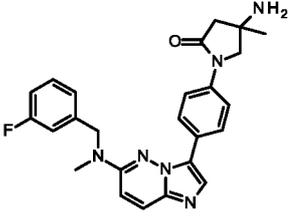
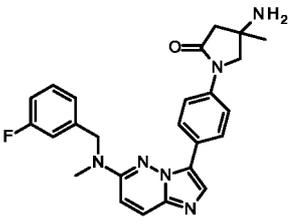
[Table 17-1]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
82	61	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.9 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.4 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.61 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.9 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.13 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 6.3 Hz), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.98-7.01 (2H, m), 7.08 (1H, d, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.31-7.37 (1H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.04 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).
83	67	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[2-fluoro-4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.37 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.88 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.55 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.06-4.15 (1H, m), 4.76 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.94-7.00 (2H, m), 7.05 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.29-7.34 (1H, m), 7.48 (1H, t, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.77 (2H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.86 (1H, s), 7.95-7.99 (1H, m).

(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
5 10 15	84 75	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.00-6.95 (2H, m), 7.05 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.35-7.29 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.82 (1H, s), 8.01 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).
20 25	85 69	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-methoxyphenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆) δ: 1.85-1.96 (2H, br m), 2.23 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 3.9 Hz), 2.75 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.3 Hz), 3.16 (3H, s), 3.50 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.9 Hz), 3.63-3.68 (1H, m), 3.81 (3H, s), 4.01 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 4.76 (2H, s), 7.04-7.13 (5H, m), 7.34-7.39 (1H, m), 7.62-7.64 (1H, m), 7.80 (1H, s), 7.88 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.00 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz). ESI-MS(m/z) : 461 (M+H) ⁺ .

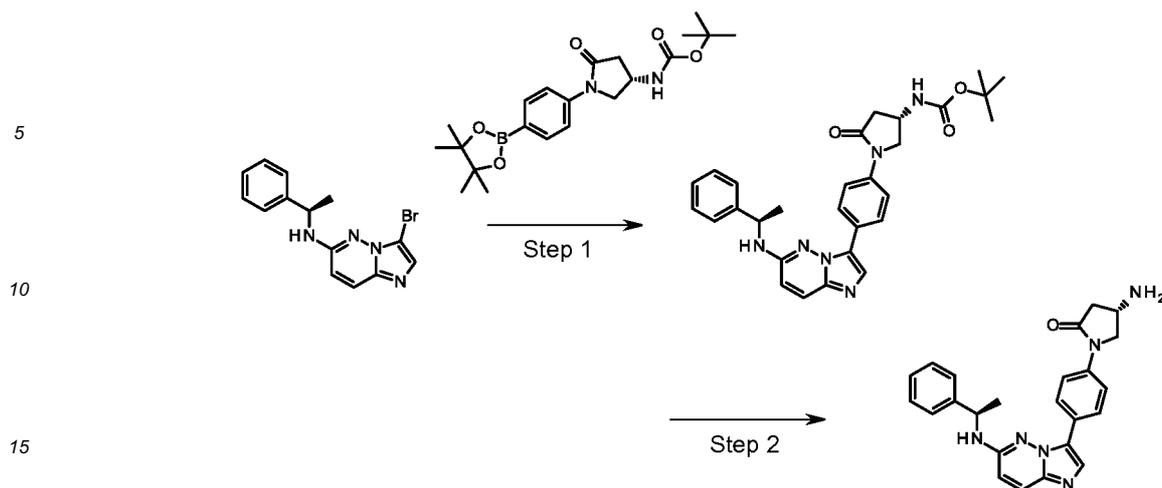
[Table 17-2]

30 35 40	86 78	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.95-6.99 (2H, m), 7.04-7.07 (1H, m), 7.29-7.35 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.01 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).
45 50	87 79	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.95-6.99 (2H, m), 7.04-7.07 (1H, m), 7.29-7.35 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.75 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.01 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

[Example 88]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0342]



[Step 1]

20 tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-5-oxo-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

25 **[0343]** The title compound (0.42 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (0.31 g) obtained in step 1 of Example 19 as the starting material using the compound (0.47 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.44 (9H, s), 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.49 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 4.5 Hz), 2.99 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 7.8 Hz), 3.74 (1H, dd, J = 10.6, 3.9 Hz), 4.14-4.23 (1H, m), 4.44 (1H, br s), 4.66 (1H, d, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.85 (1H, br s), 4.88-4.97 (1H, m), 6.44 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.22-7.40 (5H, m), 7.57 (2H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.69 (1H, s), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

30

[Step 2]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

35 **[0344]** The title compound (0.17 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (0.42 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 as the starting material.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.53 (2H, br s), 1.56 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.41 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.9 Hz), 2.91 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.2 Hz), 3.57 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.9 Hz), 3.81-3.86 (1H, m), 4.09 (1H, dd, J = 10.2, 6.3 Hz), 4.67 (1H, d, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.89-4.96 (1H, m), 6.44 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.24-7.41 (5H, m), 7.58 (2H, d, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.63 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.69 (1H, s), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

40

[0345] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Example 88 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 19 as the starting material using the compound obtained in the Reference Example.

[Table 18]

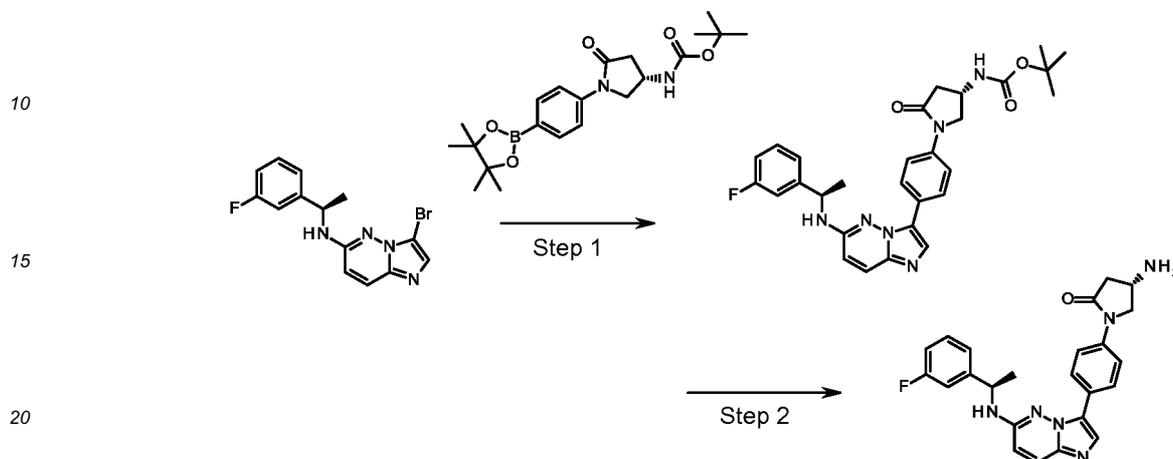
45

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
89	72	<p>50</p> <p>55 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[3-methyl-4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.49 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.65 (2H, br s), 2.08 (3H, s), 2.61 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 6.0 Hz), 2.90 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 8.5 Hz), 4.05-4.17 (2H, m), 4.29-4.39 (1H, m), 4.70 (1H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 4.74-4.83 (1H, m), 6.44 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.22-7.35 (6H, m), 7.43-7.50 (2H, m), 7.55-7.59 (1H, m), 7.64 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).</p>

[Example 90]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

5 [0346]



[Step 1]

25 tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

30 [0347] 1,4-Dioxane (10 ml) and water (3 ml) were added to the compound (0.31 g) obtained in step 1 of Example 21, the compound (0.31 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65, potassium carbonate (0.43 g), and a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (89 mg), and the mixture was heated to reflux for 1 hour under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling, water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (ethyl acetate-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.31 g). ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.58 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.53 (1H, dd, J = 17.3, 4.3 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.3, 8.0 Hz), 3.78 (1H, dd, J = 10.6, 3.5 Hz), 4.20-4.25 (1H, m), 4.47 (1H, br s), 4.71 (1H, br s), 4.89-4.94 (1H, m), 6.50 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.6, 2.7 Hz), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.21 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.34-7.40 (1H, m), 7.60 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.68-7.74 (4H, m).

[Step 2]

40

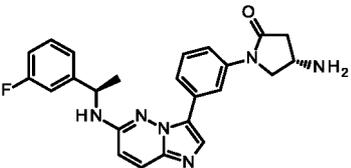
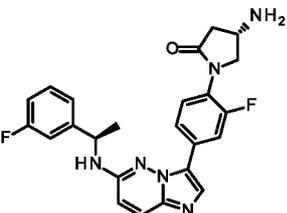
(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

45 [0348] To a solution of the compound (0.31 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 in methanol (3 ml), a solution of 4 N hydrochloric acid in 1,4-dioxane (5 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. A 1 N aqueous sodium hydroxide solution was added to the obtained residue, followed by extraction with chloroform-methanol. The extract was washed with saturated saline and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, chloroform-methanol) to obtain the title compound (0.16 g).

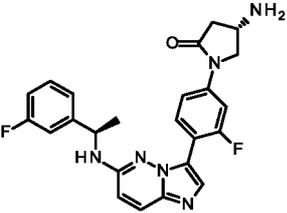
50 ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.49 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.23 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 4.3 Hz), 2.75 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.2 Hz), 3.17 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 3.49 (1H, dd, J = 9.6, 3.9 Hz), 3.66-3.68 (1H, m), 4.00 (1H, dd, J = 9.6, 6.1 Hz), 4.87 (1H, dq, J = 5.1, 7.0 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.01-7.06 (1H, m), 7.23-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.42 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, dd, J = 5.5, 3.5 Hz), 7.77 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.81-7.86 (3H, m).

55 [0349] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 90 with the compound obtained in step 1 of Example 21 as the starting material using the compounds obtained in the Reference Examples.

[Table 19]

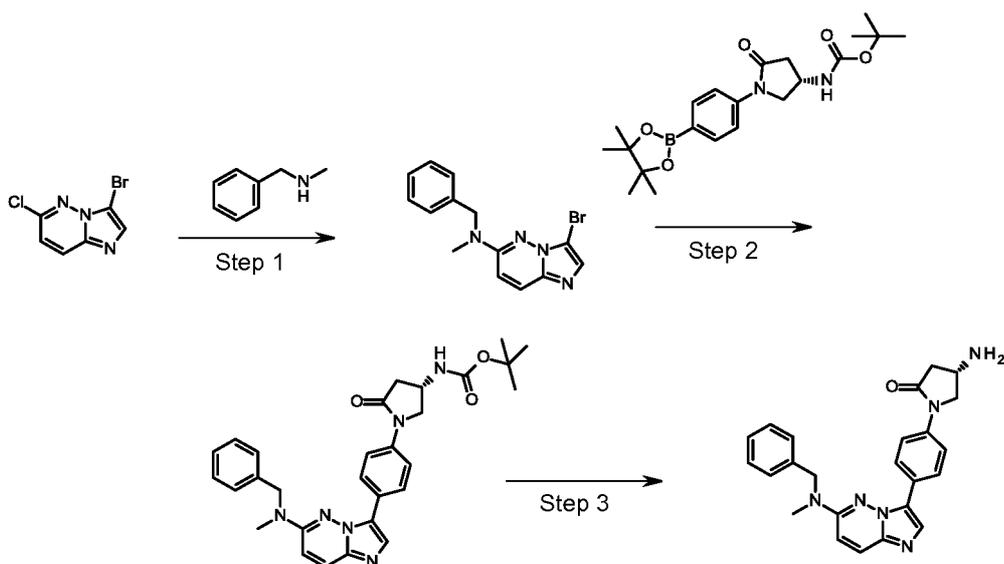
Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
5 10 15 20 25	91 66	 <p data-bbox="486 492 1045 593">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[3-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1236 302 1428 1052">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.58 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.9 Hz), 2.92 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.4 Hz), 3.58 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 4.6 Hz), 3.81-3.87 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.0, 7.0 Hz), 4.72 (1H, d, J = 5.9 Hz), 4.99-5.06 (1H, m), 6.49 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.92-6.97 (1H, m), 7.11-7.14 (1H, m), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.28-7.38 (2H, m), 7.53-7.56 (2H, m), 7.68 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.76 (1H, s), 8.09 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz).</p>
30 35 40 45 50	92 67	 <p data-bbox="486 1299 1045 1400">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[2-fluoro-4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1236 1064 1428 1825">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.59 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.40 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 4.7 Hz), 2.90 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.2 Hz), 3.57 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 4.3 Hz), 3.88-3.93 (1H, m), 4.08-4.12 (1H, m), 4.87 (1H, br s), 4.93-5.00 (1H, m), 6.52 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 6.91-6.96 (1H, m), 7.11 (1H, dt, J = 9.8, 2.2 Hz), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.33 (1H, td, J = 7.8, 5.9 Hz), 7.42 (1H, t, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.51 (1H, dd, J = 8.4, 1.8 Hz), 7.67-7.69 (1H, m), 7.74-7.77 (2H, m).</p>

(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
93	68	 <p data-bbox="486 548 1045 638">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[3-fluoro-4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1236 313 1428 1097"> ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.57 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.9 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.2 Hz), 3.61 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 4.1 Hz), 3.87-3.91 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.5 Hz), 4.71 (1H, d, J = 5.1 Hz), 4.85-4.91 (1H, m), 6.52 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.95-6.99 (1H, m), 7.09 (1H, dt, J = 9.8, 2.0 Hz), 7.19 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.25-7.28 (1H, m), 7.35 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 6.0 Hz), 7.66-7.72 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, t, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 3.9 Hz). </p>

[Example 94]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[benzyl(methyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0350]

EP 2 857 404 B1

[Step 1]

N-Benzyl-3-bromo-N-methylimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

5 **[0351]** The title compound (0.43 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using N-methyl-1-phenyl-methanamine instead of phenylmethanamine.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.20 (3H, s), 4.76 (2H, s), 6.73 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.27-7.36 (5H, m), 7.51 (1H, s), 7.63 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

10 [Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[benzyl(methyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

15 **[0352]** The title compound (0.36 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (0.22 g) obtained in the preceding step 1 and the compound (0.33 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65 as starting materials.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.46 (9H, s), 2.51 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.5 Hz), 3.00 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.76 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 3.0 Hz), 4.13-4.23 (1H, m), 4.44 (1H, br s), 4.76 (2H, s), 4.88 (1H, br s), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.22-7.30 (3H, m), 7.32-7.38 (2H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.73 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.05-8.09 (2H, m).

20

[Step 3]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[benzyl(methyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

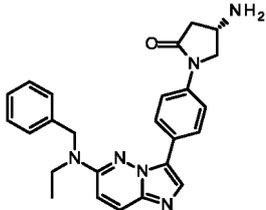
25 **[0353]** The title compound (0.18 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (0.36 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 as the starting material.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.43 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.82-3.88 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 4.76 (2H, s), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.25-7.31 (3H, m), 7.34-7.37 (2H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.73 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.07 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

30

[0354] The following compound was obtained by the same procedures as in Example 94.

[Table 20]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
35 40 45 95	65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[benzyl(ethyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p>¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.29 (3H, t, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 5.1 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.66 (2H, q, J = 7.1 Hz), 3.82-3.88 (1H, m), 4.08-4.12 (1H, m), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.71 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.26-7.31 (3H, m), 7.32-7.37 (2H, m), 7.63 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.71 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.80 (1H, s), 8.00 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).</p>

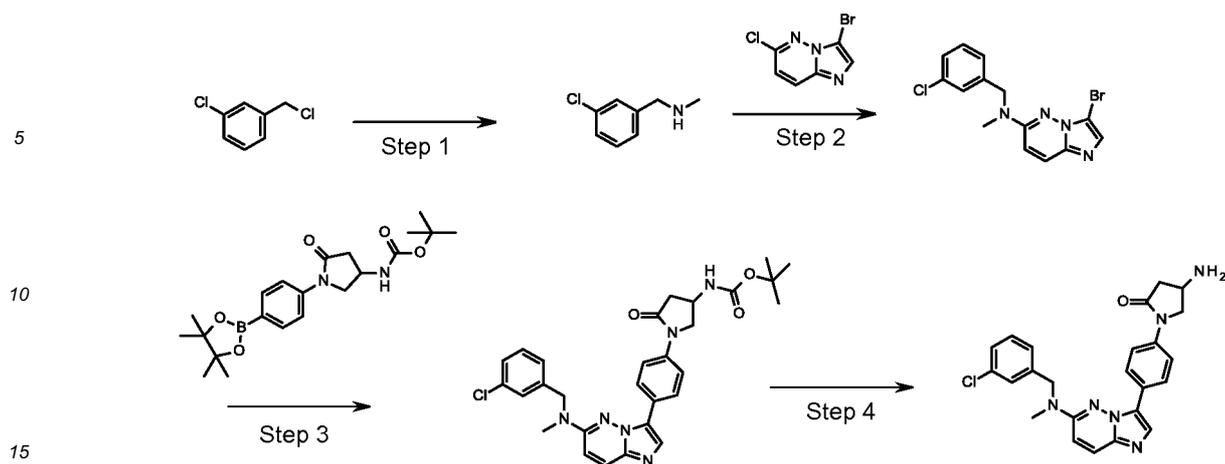
50

[Example 96]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

55

[0355]



[Step 1]

1-(3-Chlorophenyl)-N-methylmethanamine

[0356] To a solution of methylamine (2.0 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 30 ml) in N,N-dimethylformamide (30 ml), 3-chlorobenzyl chloride (2.5 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4.5 hours. Water was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure to obtain a crude product of the title compound, which was used in the next reaction without being purified.
 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.42 (3H, s), 3.69 (2H, s), 7.14-7.36 (4H, m).

[Step 2]

3-Bromo-N-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl]-N-methylimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

[0357] The title compound (1.7 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using the compound obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of phenylmethanamine.
 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 3.17 (3H, s), 4.71 (2H, s), 6.69 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.16-7.32 (4H, m), 7.49 (1H, s), 7.63 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz).

[Step 3]

tert-Butyl N-[1-[4-[6-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

[0358] The title compound (0.26 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (0.20 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 and the compound (0.30 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 61 as starting materials.
 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.47 (9H, s), 2.52 (1H, dd, $J = 17.4, 4.5$ Hz), 3.01 (1H, dd, $J = 17.4, 8.0$ Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.75-3.81 (1H, m), 4.18-4.25 (1H, m), 4.45 (1H, br s), 4.73 (2H, s), 4.95 (1H, br s), 6.76 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.13-7.17 (1H, m), 7.26-7.33 (3H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, $J = 8.6$ Hz), 7.77 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.00 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz).

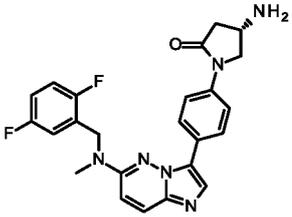
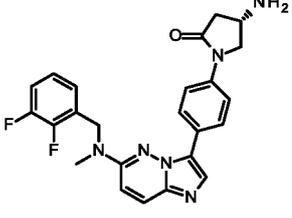
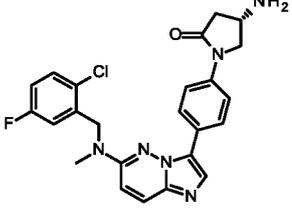
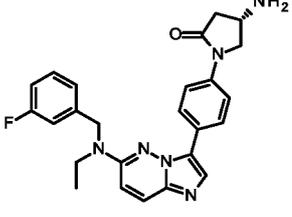
[Step 4]

4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-chlorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0359] The title compound (0.16 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (0.26 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 as the starting material.
 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.39 (1H, dd, $J = 17.2, 5.1$ Hz), 2.89 (1H, dd, $J = 17.2, 7.4$ Hz), 3.20 (3H, s), 3.56 (1H, dd, $J = 9.8, 4.3$ Hz), 3.79-3.85 (1H, m), 4.05-4.09 (1H, m), 4.69 (2H, s), 6.72 (1H, d, $J = 10.2$ Hz), 7.11-7.13 (1H, m), 7.20-7.27 (3H, m), 7.63 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz), 7.73 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.79 (1H, s), 7.96 (2H, d, $J = 9.0$ Hz).

[0360] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 96

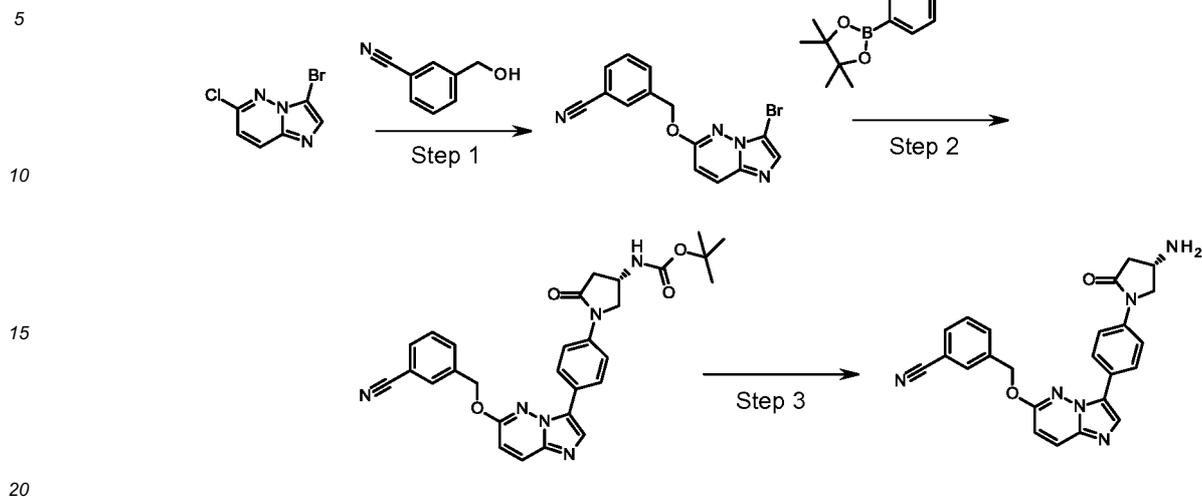
[Table 21]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
5 10 15	65	 <p data-bbox="491 566 1018 656">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 5.1 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.82-3.88 (1H, m), 4.08-4.13 (1H, m), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.89-6.97 (2H, m), 7.05-7.11 (1H, m), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 8.01 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).
20 25	65	 <p data-bbox="491 913 1018 1003">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.22 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.74 (1H, dd, J = 16.3, 7.3 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.44-3.48 (1H, m), 3.63-3.68 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.91 (2H, s), 7.03-7.07 (1H, m), 7.11-7.16 (2H, m), 7.30-7.37 (1H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.91-7.95 (2H, m), 8.02 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).
30 35	65	 <p data-bbox="491 1256 1018 1346">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(2-chloro-5-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.43 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.30 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.9 Hz), 3.84-3.89 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.78 (2H, s), 6.71 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 6.87-6.97 (2H, m), 7.42 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 4.8 Hz), 7.64 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 7.98 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).
40 45 50	65	 <p data-bbox="491 1599 1018 1688">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[ethyl[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.26 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.39 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.9 Hz), 2.89 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.4 Hz), 3.55 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.9 Hz), 3.62 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.79-3.85 (1H, m), 4.06 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 6.3 Hz), 4.68 (2H, s), 6.68 (1H, d, J = 10.2 Hz), 6.90-6.99 (2H, m), 7.03-7.05 (1H, m), 7.26-7.32 (1H, m), 7.59 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.70 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.77 (1H, s), 7.89 (2H, d, J = 9.0 Hz).

[Example 101]

3-[[3-[4-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-yl]oxymethyl]benzotrile

[0361]



[Step 1]

3-[(3-Bromoimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-yl)oxymethyl]benzonitrile

25 **[0362]** The title compound (1.75 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 11 using 3-(hydroxymethyl)benzonitrile (1.50 g) instead of 3-fluorobenzyl alcohol.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 5.45 (2H, s), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.49 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.59 (1H, s), 7.62 (1H, dt, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.75-7.79 (2H, m), 7.87 (1H, t, J = 1.4 Hz). ESI-MS (m/z) : 329, 331 (M+H)⁺.

30 [Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[(3-cyanophenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

35 **[0363]** The title compound (286 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 using the compound (250 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 and the compound (306 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 2.55 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 4.3 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.6, 7.8 Hz), 3.82 (1H, dd, J = 10.4, 3.3 Hz), 4.26 (1H, dd, J = 10.4, 6.8 Hz), 4.44-4.49 (1H, m), 4.98-5.02 (1H, m), 5.43 (2H, s), 6.81 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.52 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.61-7.64 (1H, m), 7.70-7.72 (1H, m), 7.75-7.78 (3H, m), 7.87 (1H, s), 7.88-7.93 (3H, m).

40 ESI-MS (m/z) : 525 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 3]

45 3-[[3-[4-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-yl]oxymethyl]benzonitrile

[0364] The title compound (194 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 79 using the compound (286 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2.

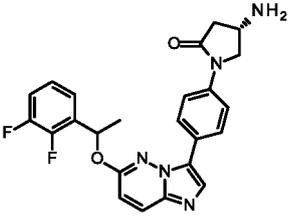
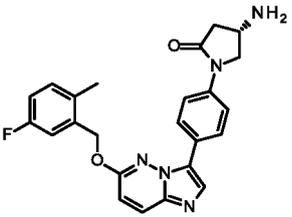
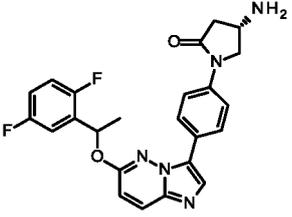
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48-1.63 (2H, m), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 4.7 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.4 Hz), 3.65 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.9 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 6.7 Hz), 5.43 (2H, s), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.53 (1H, t, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.64 (1H, dt, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.72 (1H, dt, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz), 7.75-7.79 (3H, m), 7.86-7.91 (4H, m).

50 ESI-MS (m/z) : 425 (M+H)⁺.

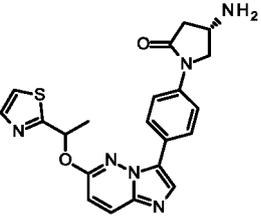
[0365] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 101.

55

[Table 22]

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
102	65	 <p data-bbox="491 544 1123 607">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-(2,3-difluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1155 309 1426 779">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.72 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 5.1 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.61-3.67 (1H, m), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.13-4.18 (1H, m), 6.26 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.02-7.11 (2H, m), 7.18 (1H, t, J = 6.3 Hz), 7.70 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.76 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.84 (1H, s), 7.86 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="1155 786 1362 842">ESI-MS (m/z) : 450 (M+H)⁺.</p>
103	65	 <p data-bbox="491 1093 1027 1189">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-fluoro-2-methylphenyl)methoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1155 857 1426 1361">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.54 (2H, br s), 2.36 (3H, s), 2.44 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.62 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 4.2 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.13 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.7 Hz), 5.3 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.97 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 3.0 Hz), 7.16 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.0 Hz), 7.22 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 5.4 Hz), 7.72-7.75 (2H, m), 7.89 (2H, t, J = 4.8 Hz), 7.95-7.99 (2H, m).</p> <p data-bbox="1155 1368 1362 1424">ESI-MS (m/z) : 432 (M+H)⁺.</p>
104	65	 <p data-bbox="491 1675 1123 1738">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-(2,5-difluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1155 1440 1426 1845">¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.70 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.62 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.9 Hz), 3.85-3.92 (1H, m), 4.11-4.16 (1H, m), 6.25 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 6.90-6.96 (1H, m), 7.08-7.14 (2H, m), 7.68 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.79-7.88 (4H, m).</p>

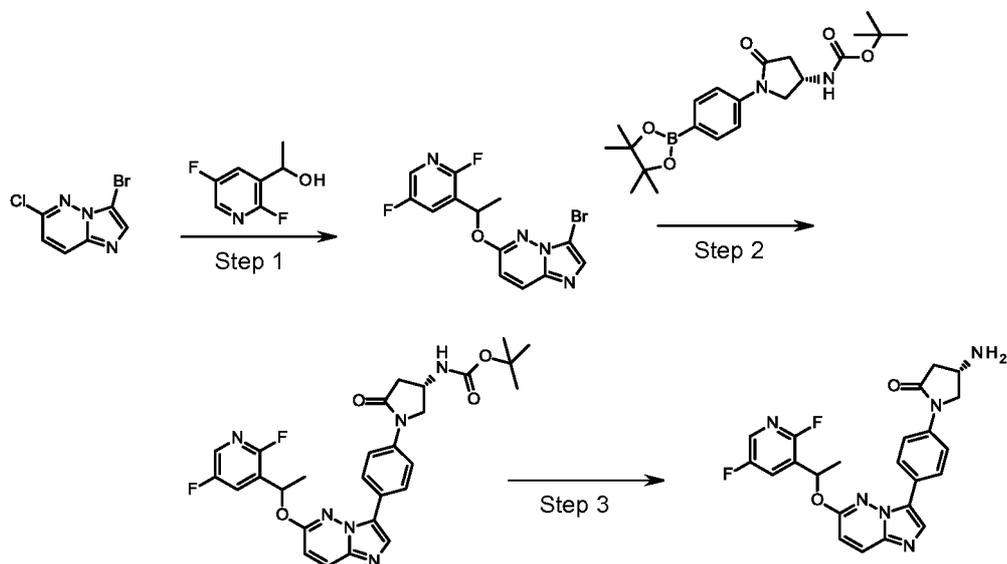
(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
105	65	 <p data-bbox="491 555 1077 616">(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-(1-thiazol-2-ylethoxy)imidazo 1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	<p data-bbox="1157 318 1417 817">¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.81 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.95-2.10 (2H, br m), 2.20-2.27 (1H, m), 2.72-2.79 (1H, m), 3.47-3.53 (1H, m), 3.63-3.69 (1H, m), 3.99-4.05 (1H, m), 6.42 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 7.03 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.72 (1H, d, J = 3.6 Hz), 7.74-7.78 (2H, m), 7.82-7.84 (1H, m), 8.00-8.04 (2H, m), 8.10 (1H, s), 8.13 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).</p> <p data-bbox="1157 824 1356 878">ESI-MS(m/z) : 421 (M+H)⁺.</p>

[Example 106]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1-(2,5-difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0366]



[Step 1]

3-Bromo-6-[1-(2,5-difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazine

[0367] The title compound (0.74 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 11 using the compound (0.35 g) obtained in step 5 of Reference Example 54 instead of 3-fluorobenzyl alcohol.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.76 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.23 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.58 (1H, s), 7.65 (1H, td, J = 7.9, 3.0 Hz), 7.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.96-7.98 (1H, m).

[Step 2]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[1-(2,5-difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

5

[0368] The title compound (154 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (290 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 as the starting material using the compound (329 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.72 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.58 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 4.8 Hz), 3.01 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 8.5 Hz), 3.81 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 4.2 Hz), 4.19-4.28 (1H, m), 4.43-4.53 (1H, m), 5.41 (1H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 6.13 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.58 (1H, td, J = 7.3, 3.0 Hz), 7.65-7.73 (4H, m), 7.84 (1H, s), 7.89 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.93-7.95 (1H, m).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 551 (M+H)⁺.

15 [Step 3]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-(2,5-difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

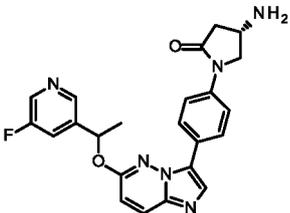
[0369] The title compound (81 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 79 using the compound (154 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2.

¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.73 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.45 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 5.1 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.65 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.9 Hz), 3.85-3.91 (1H, m), 4.16 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 6.16 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.81 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.58 (1H, td, J = 7.3, 3.0 Hz), 7.69-7.75 (4H, m), 7.86 (1H, s), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.95-7.96 (1H, m).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 451 (M+H)⁺.

[0370] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 106.

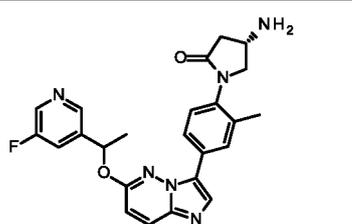
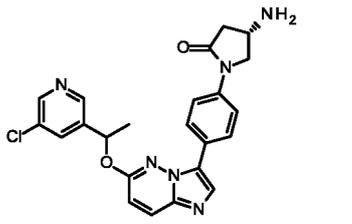
[Table 23-1]

Example No.	Reference Example No.	Structure and name	Instrumental data
107	56 65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.48 (9H, s), 1.74 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.55 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.3 Hz), 3.03 (1H, dd, J = 17.4, 8.0 Hz), 3.82 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.3 Hz), 4.23-4.28 (1H, m), 4.44-4.51 (1H, m), 4.92 (1H, br s), 6.03 (1H, q, J = 6.6 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.46-7.50 (1H, m), 7.71-7.75 (4H, m), 7.83 (1H, s), 7.88 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 8.41 (1H, d, J = 2.7 Hz), 8.53 (1H, t, J = 1.6 Hz). ESI-MS(m/z) : 533 (M+H) ⁺ .

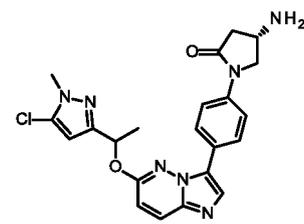
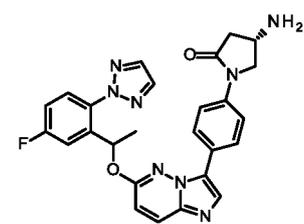
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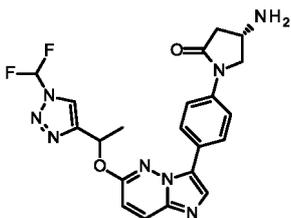
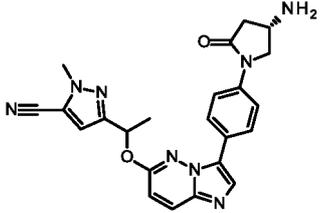
(continued)

5	111	56		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.73 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.34 (3H, s), 2.40 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.91 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.48 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.91-3.97 (1H, m), 4.02 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 6.05 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.25-7.28 (1H, m), 7.46-7.53 (2H, m), 7.67 (1H, br s), 7.81 (1H, s), 7.88 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.42 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz), 8.53 (1H, br s). ESI-MS(m/z) : 447 (M+H) ⁺ .
10		74	(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1-(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-methylphenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one	
15	112	57		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.73 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.95 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.65 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 4.2 Hz), 3.86-3.92 (1H, m), 4.15 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 5.98 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.70-7.77 (5H, m), 7.82 (1H, s), 7.87 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.51 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz), 8.58 (1H, d, J = 2.0 Hz). ESI-MS(m/z) : 449, 451 (M+H) ⁺ .
20		65	(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1-(5-chloro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one	

[Table 23-3]

30	113	55		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.47 (9H, s), 1.74 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.53 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 4.8 Hz), 3.02 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz), 3.79-3.84 (1H, m), 3.83 (3H, s), 4.24 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 6.7 Hz), 4.46 (1H, br s), 4.88 (1H, br s), 6.11 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.25 (1H, s), 6.74 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.72-7.76 (2H, m), 7.83 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.89 (1H, s), 8.05-8.09 (2H, m). ESI-MS(m/z) : 552 (M+H) ⁺ .
35		65	(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-(5-chloro-1-methylpyrazol-3-yl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one	
40	114	58		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.62 (3H, d, J = 6.1 Hz), 2.46 (1H, dd, J = 17.1, 4.9 Hz), 2.96 (1H, ddd, J = 17.1, 7.5, 1.7 Hz), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.7 Hz), 3.85-3.92 (1H, m), 4.08-4.13 (1H, m), 6.76-6.81 (2H, m), 7.08-7.13 (1H, m), 7.45 (1H, dd, J = 9.8, 3.1 Hz), 7.60-7.64 (2H, m), 7.77 (1H, dd, J = 9.2, 5.2 Hz), 7.85-7.89 (4H, m), 7.96-7.97 (2H, m). ESI-MS(m/z) : 499 (M+H) ⁺ .
45		65	(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-[5-fluoro-2-(triazol-2-yl)phenyl]ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one	

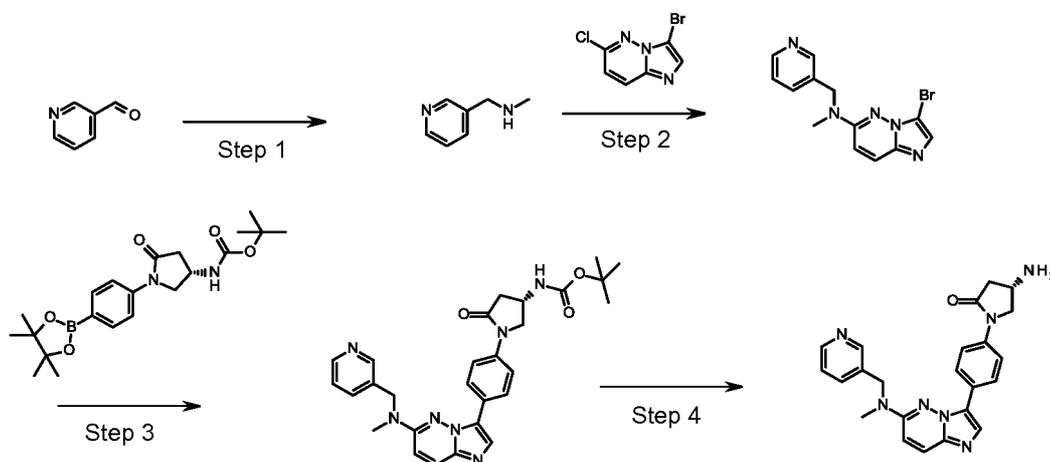
(continued)

5	115	59		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 1.81 (3H, d, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 1.90-2.02 (2H, br m), 2.24 (1H, dd, $J = 16.6, 4.1$ Hz), 2.76 (1H, dd, $J = 16.6, 7.0$ Hz), 3.47-3.52 (1H, m), 3.64-3.70 (1H, m), 3.98-4.04 (1H, m), 6.36 (1H, q, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 6.95 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.76-7.81 (2H, m), 8.05-8.12 (4H, m), 8.23 (1H, t, $J = 58.3$ Hz), 8.83 (1H, s). ESI-MS(m/z) : 455 (M+H) $^+$.
10		65	(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[1-[1-(difluoromethyl)triazol-4-yl]ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one	
15	116	60		$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 1.71 (3H, d, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 1.89-1.97 (2H, br m), 2.24 (1H, dd, $J = 16.6, 4.1$ Hz), 2.76 (1H, dd, $J = 16.6, 7.0$ Hz), 3.49-3.53 (1H, m), 3.64-3.69 (1H, m), 4.00 (3H, s), 4.01-4.05 (1H, m), 6.17 (1H, q, $J = 6.5$ Hz), 6.92 (1H, d, $J = 9.8$ Hz), 7.24 (1H, s), 7.78-7.82 (2H, m), 8.07-8.14 (4H, m). ESI-MS(m/z) : 443 (M+H) $^+$.
20		65	5-[1-[3-[4-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-yl]oxyethyl]-2-methyl pyrazole-3-carbonitrile	

[Example 117]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[methyl(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0371]



[Step 1]

N-Methyl-1-(3-pyridyl)methanamine

[0372] To a solution of 3-pyridine-carboxaldehyde (0.24 g) in methanol, methylamine (2.0 M solution in tetrahydrofuran, 6 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 23 hours. Then, sodium borohydride (0.22 g) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. The reaction solution was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was partially purified on a reverse-phase silica gel column. A crude product was obtained by decantation and directly used in the next reaction.

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CD_3OD) δ : 3.75 (3H, s), 4.87 (2H, s), 7.33-7.46 (1H, m), 7.78-7.89 (1H, m), 8.44-8.59 (2H, m).

[Step 2]

3-Bromo-N-methyl-N-(3-pyridylmethyl)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

5 **[0373]** The title compound (0.07 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using the compound obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of phenylmethanamine.
ESI-MS (m/z) : 318 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 3]

10

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[methyl(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

15 **[0374]** The title compound (0.06 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (0.07 g) obtained in the preceding step 2 and the compound (0.11 g) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65 as starting materials.
ESI-MS (m/z) : 514 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 4]

20

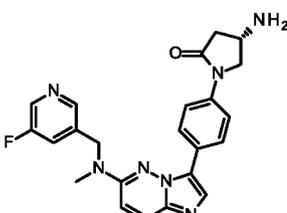
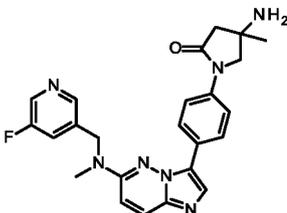
(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[methyl(3-pyridylmethyl)amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

25 **[0375]** The title compound (0.037 g) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (0.06 g) obtained in the preceding step 3 as the starting material.
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.92 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.22 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.82-3.88 (1H, m), 4.10 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.79 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.27-7.30 (1H, m), 7.59-7.62 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 7.98 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.53-8.59 (2H, m).

[0376] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 117.

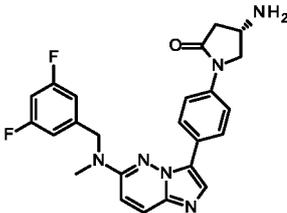
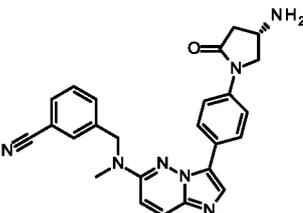
30

[Table 24-1]

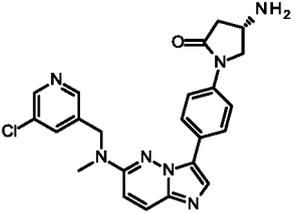
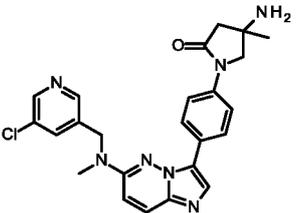
Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
35 118	65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.83-3.89 (1H, m), 4.08-4.15 (1H, m), 4.80 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (1H, m), 7.66 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.78-7.86 (2H, m), 7.93 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.39-8.42 (2H, m).
45 119	75	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, J = 16.3 Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.80 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.79-7.84 (2H, m), 7.93 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.40-8.41 (2H, m).

55

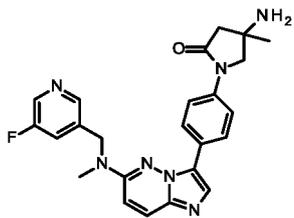
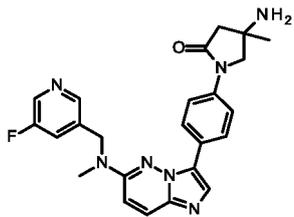
(continued)

Example	Reference Example	Structure and name	Instrumental data
120	65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆) δ: 1.93 (2H, br s), 2.22 (1H, dd, J = 16.3, 4.2 Hz), 2.74 (1H, dd, J = 16.3, 7.3 Hz), 3.26 (3H, s), 3.47 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.62-3.69 (1H, m), 3.98 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.82 (2H, s), 6.99-7.15 (3H, m), 7.09 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.66-7.71 (2H, m), 7.92 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.95 (1H, s), 8.02-8.07 (2H, m). ESI-MS(m/z) : 449 (M+H) ⁺ .
121	65	 <p>3-[[[3-[4-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-yl]-methylamino]methyl]benzotrile</p>	¹ H-NMR (DMSO-d ₆) δ: 1.92-2.10 (2H, br m), 2.22 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 4.2 Hz), 2.74 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.3 Hz), 3.26 (3H, s), 3.48 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.62-3.68 (1H, m), 3.99 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.86 (2H, s), 7.11 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.55 (1H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.61-7.80 (5H, m), 7.91 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.93 (1H, s), 8.01-8.05 (2H, m). ESI-MS(m/z) : 438 (M+H) ⁺ .

[Table 24-2]

122	65	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-chloro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.6 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.59 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.83-3.89 (1H, m), 4.11 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.60-7.62 (1H, m), 7.67 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.80-7.83 (2H, m), 7.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.46-8.51 (2H, m).
123	75	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-chloro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 1.47 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 2.69 (1H, d, J = 16.9 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 3.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.60-7.61 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.80-7.83 (2H, m), 7.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.45-8.51 (2H, m).

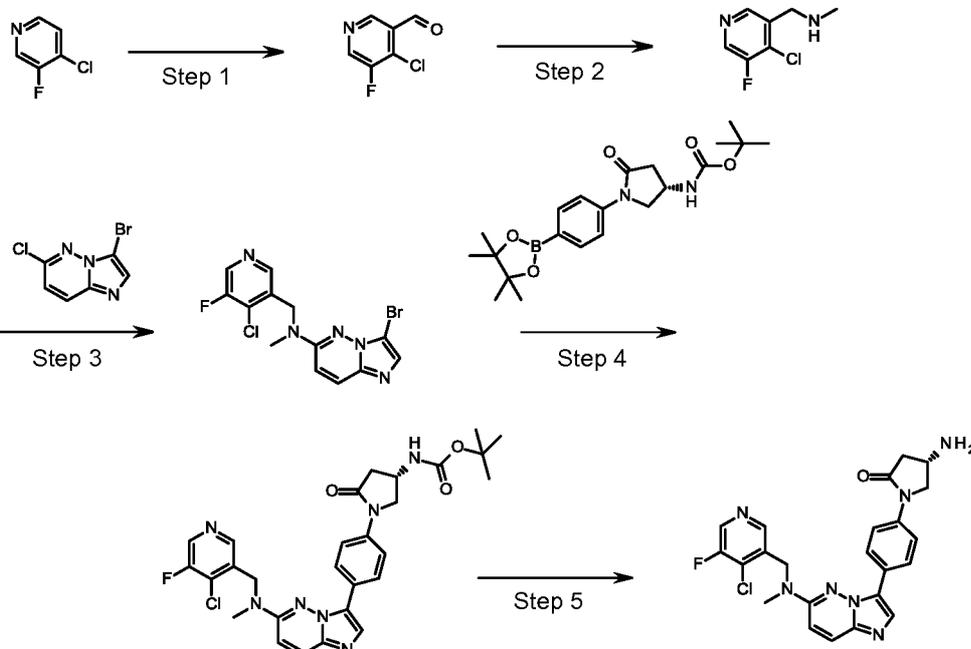
(continued)

5	124	78	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 3.80 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 4.81 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 7.32-7.35 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.80-7.83 (2H, m), 7.93 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 8.40-8.42 (2H, m).
10				
15	125	79	 <p>4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-4-methylpyrrolidin-2-one</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.46 (3H, s), 2.57 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 2.68 (1H, d, $J = 16.9$ Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.69 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 3.80 (1H, d, $J = 9.7$ Hz), 4.81 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, $J = 10.3$ Hz), 7.32-7.35 (1H, m), 7.65 (2H, d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 7.79-7.83 (2H, m), 7.93 (2H, d, $J = 9.1$ Hz), 8.40-8.42 (2H, m).
20				

[Example 126]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(4-chloro-5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0377]



[Step 1]

4-Chloro-5-fluoropyridine-3-carboxaldehyde

- 5 **[0378]** 4-Chloro-3-fluoropyridine (1 g) was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran (15 ml), and the solution was then cooled to -78°C. Lithium diisopropylamide (1.1 M solution in tetrahydrofuran and n-hexane, 7.6 ml) was added dropwise thereto, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature as above for 5 hours. Then, N,N-dimethylformamide (1 ml) was added thereto, and the mixture was further stirred for 30 minutes while being heated to room temperature. Saturated saline was added to the reaction solution, followed by extraction with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed with water and saturated saline in this order and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (521 mg).
 10 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 8.70 (1H, s), 8.88 (1H, s), 10.47 (1H, s).

15 [Step 2]

1-(4-Chloro-5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)-N-methyl-methanamine

- [0379]** The title compound (258 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 117 using the compound (521 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1 instead of 3-pyridine-carboxaldehyde.
 20 ESI-MS (m/z) : 175 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 3]

25 3-Bromo-N-[(4-chloro-5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl]-N-methylimidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine

- [0380]** The title compound (140 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 1 using the compound (258 mg) obtained in the preceding step 2 instead of phenylmethanamine.
 30 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 3.30 (3H, s), 4.90 (2H, s), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.54 (1H, s), 7.73 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.44 (1H, s), 8.52 (1H, s).

[Step 4]

35 tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[4-[6-[(4-chloro-5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

- [0381]** The title compound (187 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 1 of Example 72 with the compound (140 mg) obtained in the preceding step 3 as the starting material using the compound (210 mg) obtained in step 3 of Reference Example 65.
 40 ¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, s), 2.51 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.5 Hz), 3.01 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz), 3.30 (3H, s), 3.74-3.79 (1H, m), 4.18-4.23 (1H, m), 4.44 (1H, br s), 4.83-4.90 (3H, m), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.81-7.84 (2H, m), 7.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.25 (1H, s), 8.44 (1H, s).

[Step 5]

45 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(4-chloro-5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

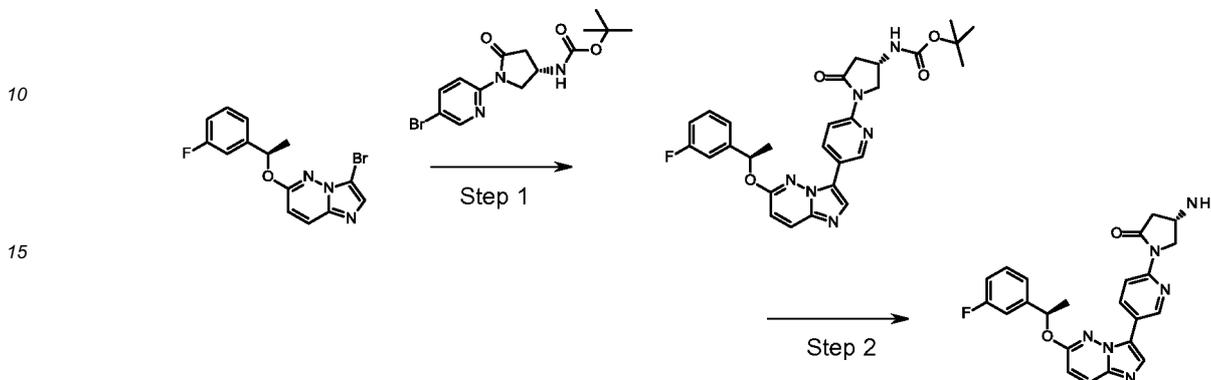
- [0382]** The title compound (73 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 72 with the compound (185 mg) obtained in the preceding step 4 as the starting material.
 50 ¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) : 2.22 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 4.5 Hz), 2.73 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.0 Hz), 3.32 (3H, s), 3.45 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.63-3.68 (1H, m), 3.96 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.93 (2H, s), 7.16 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.62 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.89-7.97 (4H, m), 8.26 (1H, s), 8.64 (1H, s) .

55

[Example 127]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

5 [0383]



15

20

[Step 1]

tert-Butyl N-[(3S)-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]-5-oxopyrrolidin-3-yl]carbamate

25

[0384] 1,4-Dioxane (15 ml) was added to the compound (1.12 g) obtained in step 2 of Reference Example 70, bis(pinacolato)diborane (0.838 g), a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (0.257 g), and potassium acetate (0.617 g), and the mixture was stirred at 90°C for 1 hour and then at 100°C for 1.5 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere.

30

[0385] The reaction solution was brought back to room temperature. The compound (1.06 g) obtained in step 1 of Example 15, tripotassium phosphate (1.33 g), a [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene]dichloropalladium(II)-dichloromethane adduct (0.257 g), and water (1.5 ml) were added thereto, and the mixture was heated at 100°C for 1.5 hours under a nitrogen atmosphere and then heated to reflux for 1 hour. The reaction solution was diluted with ethyl acetate and water to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with ethyl acetate.

35

The organic layers were combined, washed with saturated saline, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, n-hexane-ethyl acetate) to obtain the title compound (0.839 g).
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.47 (9H, br s), 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.64 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 3.6 Hz), 3.08 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 7.9 Hz), 4.08-4.12 (1H, m), 4.40-4.48 (2H, m), 4.90 (1H, br s), 5.92 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 6.82 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.98 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.13 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33-7.39 (1H, m), 7.83 (1H, s), 7.87 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.02 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.45 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.75 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).

40

ESI-MS (m/z) : 533 (M+H)⁺.

[Step 2]

45

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0386] The title compound (430 mg) was obtained by the same procedures as in step 2 of Example 79 using the compound (804 mg) obtained in the preceding step 1.

50

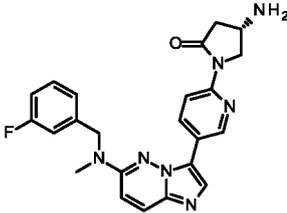
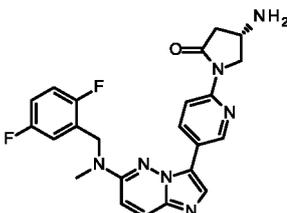
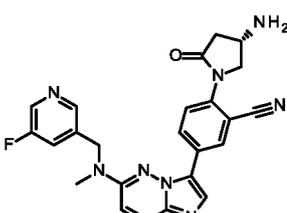
¹H-NMR (CDCl₃) δ: 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.50 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 4.2 Hz), 3.00 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 7.0 Hz), 3.85-3.90 (1H, m), 3.93 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 4.2 Hz), 4.35 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 6.0 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 6.81 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.98 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.6 Hz), 7.12-7.16 (1H, m), 7.20 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.36 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.6 Hz), 7.83 (1H, s), 7.86 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.03 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz), 8.49 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.74 (1H, d, J = 2.4 Hz).

ESI-MS (m/z) : 433 (M+H)⁺.

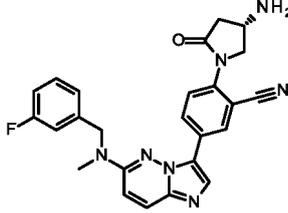
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[0387] The following compounds were obtained by the same procedures as in Example 127.

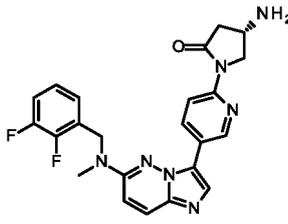
[Table 25-1]

Example No.	Reference Example No.	Structure and name	Instrumental data
128	70	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.47 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.0 Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.82-3.96 (2H, m), 4.31 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 6.0 Hz), 4.74 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 6.91-7.09 (3H, m), 7.29-7.36 (1H, m), 7.77 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.28-8.37 (1H, m), 8.44 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.91-8.99 (1H, m).
129	70	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(2,5-difluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.47 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.25 (3H, s), 3.82-3.92 (2H, m), 4.31 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 6.0 Hz), 4.76 (2H, s), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 6.87-6.97 (2H, m), 7.06-7.11 (1H, m), 7.79 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.85 (1H, s), 8.30-8.33 (1H, m), 8.44 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.92-8.94 (1H, m).
130	76	 <p>2-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]-5-[6-[(5-fluoro-3-pyridyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]benzonitrile</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 4.5 Hz), 2.92 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.27 (3H, s), 3.65 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 4.2 Hz), 3.90-3.96 (1H, m), 4.19 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.83 (2H, s), 6.86 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.31-7.34 (1H, m), 7.49 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.84 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 7.90 (1H, s), 8.11 (1H, dd, J = 8.8, 2.1 Hz), 8.39-8.42 (2H, m), 8.47-8.48 (1H, m).

[Table 25-2]

131	76	 <p>2-[(4S)-4-Amino-2-oxopyrrolidin-1-yl]-5-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]benzonitrile</p>	$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 2.42 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.8 Hz), 2.93 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.26 (3H, s), 3.65 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.90-3.96 (1H, m), 4.20 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.77 (2H, s), 6.82 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93-6.99 (2H, m), 7.05 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.31-7.37 (1H, m), 7.49 (1H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.79 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.89 (1H, s), 8.18 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 8.54-8.55 (1H, m).
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(continued)

5 132	70	 <p>(4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methylmethylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one</p>	¹ H-NMR (CDCl ₃) δ: 2.47 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.97 (1H, dd, J = 17.2, 7.0 Hz), 3.23 (3H, s), 3.82-3.92 (2H, m), 4.32 (1H, dd, J = 11.2, 6.3 Hz), 4.81 (2H, s), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93-7.04 (2H, m), 7.06-7.14 (1H, m), 7.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.84 (1H, s), 8.34 (1H, dd, J = 9.1, 2.4 Hz), 8.47 (1H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.94 (1H, d, J = 1.8 Hz).
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[Example 133]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one hydrochloride

[0388] The compound (15.65 g) obtained in step 2 of Example 79 was dissolved in a mixed solvent of ethanol (400 ml) and methanol (10 ml). To the solution, a solution of 1 N hydrochloric acid in ethanol (74.4 ml) was added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 minutes. Then, the solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Diethyl ether was added to the residue, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (17.16 g).
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.68 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.67 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 3.0 Hz), 3.08 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 8.5 Hz), 3.94 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 2.4 Hz), 4.07-4.14 (1H, m), 4.30 (1H, dd, J = 11.5, 7.0 Hz), 6.07 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 7.12 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 7.31 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.33-7.37 (2H, m), 7.43 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 6.0 Hz), 7.78-7.82 (2H, m), 7.93-7.97 (2H, m), 8.27 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.34 (1H, s), 8.58-8.68 (3H, m).
 ESI-MS(m/z) : 432 (M+H)⁺.

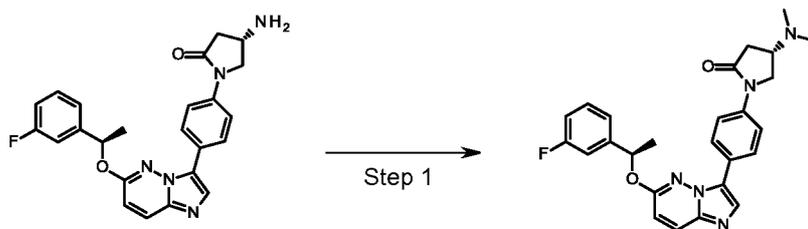
[Example 134]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1-(2,5-difluoro-3-pyridyl)ethoxy)imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one hydrochloride

[0389] The compound (567 mg) obtained in step 3 of Example 106 was dissolved in dichloromethane. To the solution, a solution of 1 N hydrochloric acid in ethanol (2.77 ml) was added. The solvent was distilled off under reduced pressure. Diethyl ether was added to the residue, and the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (643 mg).
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.72 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.64 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 3.0 Hz), 3.08 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 8.5 Hz), 3.91 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 2.4 Hz), 4.06-4.13 (1H, m), 4.30 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 7.0 Hz), 6.16 (1H, q, J = 6.7 Hz), 7.29 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.75-7.79 (2H, m), 7.89-7.92 (2H, m), 8.08 (1H, td, J = 7.6, 3.0 Hz), 8.20-8.22 (1H, m), 8.28 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.32 (1H, s), 8.52 (3H, br s). ESI-MS(m/z) : 451 (M+H)⁺.

[Example 135]

(4S)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

[0390]

[Step 1]

(4S)-4-(Dimethylamino)-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one

5 **[0391]** The compound (127 mg) obtained in Example 79 was suspended in dichloromethane (5 ml). To the suspension, a 35% aqueous formaldehyde solution (47 μ l), triethylamine (82 μ l), and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (149 mg) were added, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Dichloromethane and water were added thereto to separate the aqueous and organic layers. The aqueous layer was subjected to extraction with dichloromethane. The organic layers were combined, dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and then concentrated under reduced pressure.

10 The obtained residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (basic silica gel, ethyl acetate). After addition of n-hexane, the solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (86 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (CDCl_3) δ : 1.69 (3H, d, J = 6.6 Hz), 2.33 (6H, s), 2.67 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 8.6 Hz), 2.79 (1H, dd, J = 16.8, 7.8 Hz), 3.12-3.19 (1H, m), 3.81 (1H, dd, J = 9.5, 6.8 Hz), 3.99 (1H, dd, J = 9.5, 7.4 Hz), 5.93 (1H, q, J = 6.5 Hz), 6.79 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 6.96-7.01 (1H, m), 7.15 (1H, dt, J = 9.8, 2.2 Hz), 7.22 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.36 (1H, td, J = 8.0, 5.9 Hz), 7.68-7.75 (4H, m), 7.81 (1H, s), 7.85 (1H, d, J = 9.4 Hz).

15 ESI-MS (m/z) : 460 (M+H)⁺.

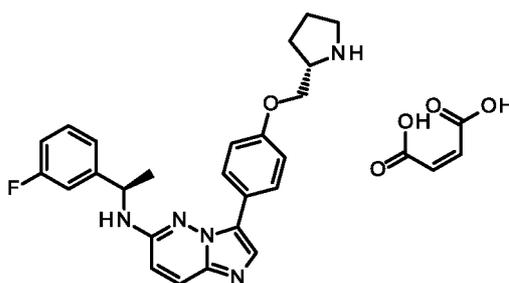
[Example 136]

20 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine monomaleate

[0392]

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[0393] To N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine (105 mg) obtained in Example 24, water (1.8 ml) and a 1 mol/l aqueous maleic acid solution (242 μ l) were added at room temperature. Then, the mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. Then, the deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (112 mg).

40 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO-d_6) δ : 1.49 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.71-1.81 (1H, m), 1.87-2.04 (2H, m), 2.10-2.21 (1H, m), 3.19-3.28 (2H, m), 3.89-3.98 (1H, m), 4.12 (1H, t, J = 9.7 Hz), 4.30 (1H, dd, J = 10.6, 3.3 Hz), 4.80-4.89 (1H, m), 6.02 (2H, s), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.98 (2H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.04 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.43 (1H, m), 7.66 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.75-7.84 (4H, m), 8.84 (1H, br s).

45 Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{26}\text{FN}_5\text{O}\cdot\text{C}_4\text{H}_4\text{O}_4$: C, 63.61; H, 5.52; F, 3.47; N, 12.79. Found: C, 62.26; H, 5.45; F, 4.25; N, 12.54.

50

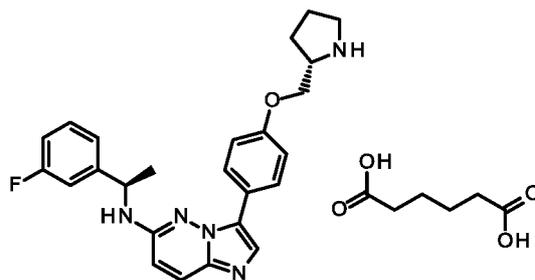
[Example 137]

N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine monomaleate monohydrate

50

[0394]

55



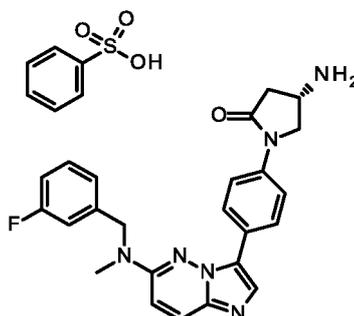
[0395] To the compound (104 mg) obtained in Example 24, adipic acid (38 mg) and water (2 ml) were added at room temperature. Then, the mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. Then, the deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (125 mg).

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.46-1.55 (5H, m), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 1.63-1.81 (2H, m), 1.86-1.95 (1H, m), 2.16-2.21 (4H, m), 2.82-2.93 (2H, m), 3.43-3.51 (1H, m), 3.89 (2H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.03 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.4 Hz), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.43 (1H, m), 7.63 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.71-7.77 (4H, m). Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₂₆FN₅O·C₆H₁₀O₄·H₂O: C, 62.51; H, 6.43; F, 5.32; N, 11.76. Found: C, 61.01; H, 6.16; F, 5.32; N, 11.45.

[Example 138]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one monobenzenesulfonate

[0396]



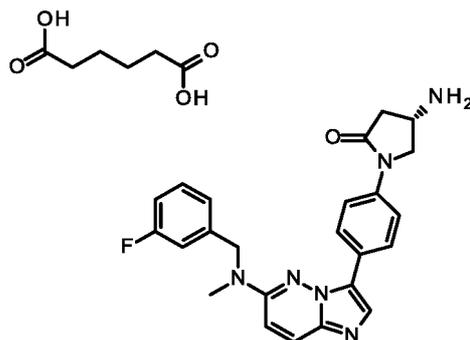
[0397] To the compound (102 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 81, acetone (1.8 ml), water (146 μl), and a 4 mol/l aqueous benzenesulfonic acid solution (59 μl) were added at room temperature. Then, the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. Then, the deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (121 mg).

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 2.54 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 3.0 Hz), 3.06 (1H, dd, J = 17.5, 8.5 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.79 (1H, dd, J = 11.2, 2.1 Hz), 4.04-4.10 (1H, m), 4.26 (1H, dd, J = 10.9, 7.3 Hz), 4.84 (2H, s), 7.05-7.15 (4H, m), 7.27-7.41 (4H, m), 7.58-7.61 (2H, m), 7.70 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.92 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.97 (1H, s), 8.11 (3H, br s), 8.12 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₃FN₆O·C₆H₆O₃S: C, 61.21; H, 4.97; F, 3.23; N, 14.28; S, 5.45. Found: C, 60.84; H, 5.04; F, 3.40; N, 14.13; S, 5.40.

[Example 139]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one mono adipate

[0398]



[0399] To the compound (105 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 81, adipic acid (39 mg) and acetone (1 ml) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours. Then, ethyl acetate (3.2 ml) was added thereto, and the mixture was further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (124 mg).

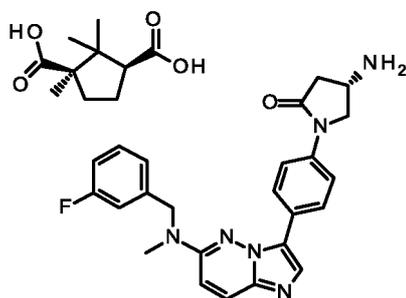
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 1.46-1.53 (4H, m), 2.17-2.26 (5H, m), 2.75 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.0 Hz), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.48 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.63-3.70 (1H, m), 3.99 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.7 Hz), 4.83 (2H, s), 7.05-7.15 (4H, m), 7.35-7.42 (1H, m), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.94 (1H, s), 8.08 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₃FN₆O·C₆H₁₀O₄: C, 62.49; H, 5.77; F, 3.29; N, 14.57. Found: C, 62.08; H, 5.70; F, 3.76; N, 14.32.

[Example 140]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one monocamphorate monohydrate

[0400]



[0401] To the compound (100 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 81, camphoric acid (39 mg), acetone (1.8 ml), and water (200 μl) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (93 mg).

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ: 0.77 (3H, s), 1.12 (3H, s), 1.18 (3H, s), 1.33-1.40 (1H, m), 1.66-1.77 (1H, m), 1.93-2.02 (1H, m), 2.24 (1H, dd, J = 16.3, 4.2 Hz), 2.29-2.39 (1H, m), 2.69-2.79 (2H, m), 3.24 (3H, s), 3.49 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.64-3.70 (1H, m), 4.00 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 4.83 (2H, s), 7.05-7.15 (4H, m), 7.35-7.42 (1H, m), 7.69 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.90 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.95 (1H, s), 8.07 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₃FN₆O·C₁₀H₁₆O₄·H₂O: C, 62.95; H, 6.37; F, 2.93; N, 12.95.

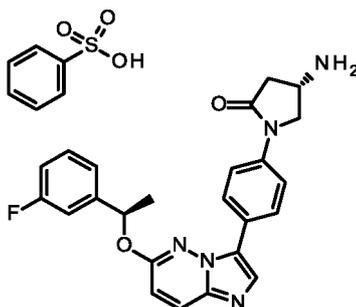
Found: C, 62.44; H, 6.25; F, 3.37; N, 13.01.

[Example 141]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one monobenzenesulfonate monohydrate

[0402]

EP 2 857 404 B1



[0403] To the compound (101 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 79, acetone (202 μ l), water (574 μ l), and a 1 mol/l aqueous benzenesulfonic acid solution (233 μ l) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (131 mg).

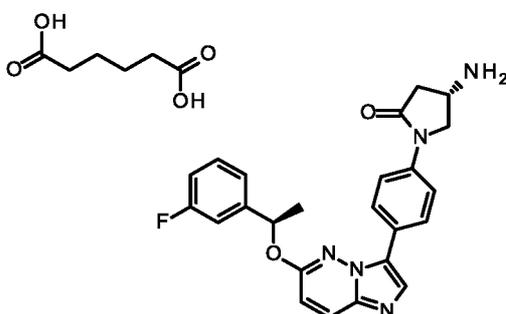
¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 1.67 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.57 (1H, dd, J = 17.8, 2.7 Hz), 3.09 (1H, dd, J = 18.1, 8.5 Hz), 3.83 (1H, dd, J = 11.2, 2.1 Hz), 4.07-4.14 (1H, m), 4.30 (1H, dd, J = 11.2, 7.0 Hz), 6.05 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.03 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.10 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz), 7.29-7.44 (6H, m), 7.58-7.61 (2H, m), 7.77 (2H, d, J = 9.4 Hz), 7.96 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.07 (1H, s), 8.11 (1H, d, J = 10.9 Hz), 8.16 (3H, br s).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂FN₅O₂·C₆H₇O₃S·H₂O: C, 59.30; H, 4.98; F, 3.13; N, 11.53; S, 5.28. Found: C, 59.10; H, 5.01; F, 3.25; N, 11.37; S, 5.15.

[Example 142]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one mono adipate

[0404]



[0405] To the compound (101 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 79, adipic acid (37 mg) and 1,2-methoxyethane (1 ml) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 3 hours. Then, ethyl acetate (1 ml) was added thereto, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (126 mg).

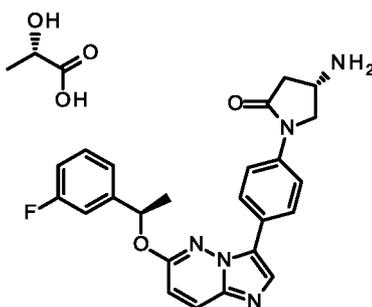
¹H-NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) δ : 1.46-1.52 (4H, m), 1.66 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.17-2.22 (4H, m), 2.26 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 3.0 Hz), 2.77 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 7.0 Hz), 3.53 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.66-3.73 (1H, m), 4.03 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 6.04 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.02 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.11 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 3.0 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (2H, m), 7.39-7.46 (1H, m), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.90 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.03 (1H, s), 8.09 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C₂₄H₂₂FN₅O₂·C₆H₁₀O₄: C, 62.38; H, 5.58; F, 3.29; N, 12.12. Found: C, 62.25; H, 5.57; F, 3.38; N, 12.05.

[Example 143]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one monolactate monohydrate

[0406]

EP 2 857 404 B1



[0407] To the compound (103 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 79, acetone (924 μ l), water (43 μ l), and a 4 mol/l aqueous lactic acid solution (59 μ l) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 20 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (95 mg).

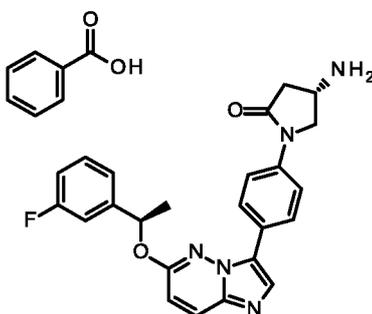
$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 1.19 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.67 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.34 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 4.2 Hz), 2.84 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.61 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.3 Hz), 3.76-3.82 (1H, m), 3.91 (1H, q, J = 6.9 Hz), 4.09 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 6.3 Hz), 6.04 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.02 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.10 (1H, td, J = 8.3, 2.2 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (2H, m), 7.39-7.45 (1H, m), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.91 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.04 (1H, s), 8.10 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_5\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{C}_3\text{H}_6\text{O}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 60.10; H, 5.60; F, 3.52; N, 12.98.
Found: C, 59.71; H, 5.57; F, 3.81; N, 12.85.

[Example 144]

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one monobenzoate monohydrate

[0408]



[0409] To the compound (101.01 mg) obtained in step 2 of Example 79, benzoic acid (31 mg), acetone (916 μ l), and water (102 μ l) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 24 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (119 mg).

$^1\text{H-NMR}$ (DMSO- d_6) δ : 1.66 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.30 (1H, dd, J = 16.6, 3.9 Hz), 2.81 (1H, dd, J = 16.9, 7.3 Hz), 3.57 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 3.6 Hz), 3.71-3.77 (1H, m), 4.06 (1H, dd, J = 9.7, 6.0 Hz), 6.04 (1H, q, J = 6.4 Hz), 7.02 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 7.10 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.3 Hz), 7.31-7.36 (2H, m), 7.39-7.45 (1H, m), 7.47 (2H, t, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.58 (1H, tt, J = 7.3, 1.6 Hz), 7.75 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.91 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.93 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 8.04 (1H, s), 8.09 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz).

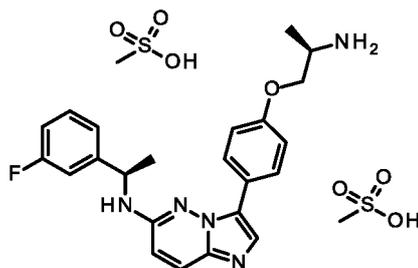
Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_5\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{C}_7\text{H}_6\text{O}_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 65.14; H, 5.29; F, 3.32; N, 12.25.
Found: C, 64.91; H, 5.29; F, 3.62; N, 12.16.

[Example 145]

3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine dimethanesulfonate

[0410]

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[0411] To the compound (503 mg) obtained in step 3 of Example 21, methanesulfonic acid (169 μ l) and 1-propanol (5 ml) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 24 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (642 mg).

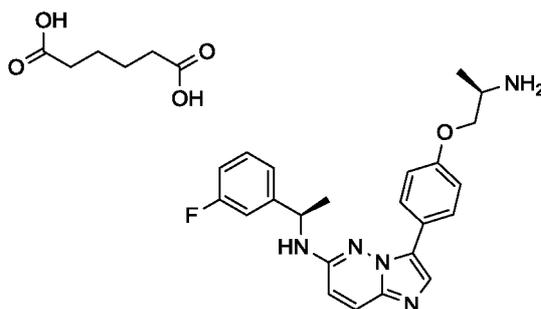
¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ : 1.32 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 1.51 (3H, d, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.32 (6H, s), 3.63-3.74 (1H, m), 4.05 (1H, dd, J = 10.3, 7.3 Hz), 4.21 (1H, dd, J = 10.0, 3.9 Hz), 4.81-4.89 (1H, m), 7.04-7.10 (3H, m), 7.22-7.29 (3H, m), 7.38-7.44 (1H, m), 7.78 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 8.03 (3H, br s), 8.06 (1H, d, J = 10.3 Hz), 8.29 (1H, s), 8.33 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz).

Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₂₄FN₅O·2CH₄O₃S: C, 50.24; H, 5.40; N, 11.72. Found: C, 49.68; H, 5.30; N, 11.55.

[Example 146]

3-[4-((2R)-2-Aminopropoxy)phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine monoadipate

[0412]



[0413] To the compound (500 mg) obtained in step 3 of Example 21, adipic acid (181 mg) and 1-propanol (5 ml) were added at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at 40°C for 24 hours and further stirred at room temperature for 0.5 hours. The deposited solid was collected by filtration to obtain the title compound (622 mg).

¹H-NMR (DMSO-d₆) δ : 1.11 (3H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.46-1.51 (4H, m), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 7.3 Hz), 2.15-2.21 (4H, m), 3.18-3.27 (1H, m), 3.77-3.86 (2H, m), 4.80-4.88 (1H, m), 6.77 (1H, d, J = 9.7 Hz), 6.93 (2H, d, J = 9.1 Hz), 7.03 (1H, td, J = 8.5, 2.4 Hz), 7.22-7.29 (2H, m), 7.36-7.43 (1H, m), 7.61 (1H, d, J = 6.0 Hz), 7.70-7.77 (4H, m). Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₂₄FN₅O·C₆H₁₀O₄: C, 63.14; H, 6.21; N, 12.70. Found: C, 62.97; H, 6.29; N, 12.59.

[Test Example 1]

ROS1 kinase inhibitory activity evaluation

[0414] A hundred mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.003% Brij-35, 0.004% Tween-20, 1 mM DTT, ROS1 (Carna Biosciences #08-163, final concentration: 25 pg/ μ L), and MgCl (final concentration: 10 mM) were mixed to prepare a ROS1 kinase solution.

Next, a substrate reaction solution was prepared. The composition is as follows: 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.003% Brij-35, 0.004% Tween-20, 1 mM DTT, FL-Peptide 22 (Caliper Life Sciences #760366, final concentration: 1.5 μ M), and ATP (final concentration: Km = 55 μ M or 1 mM).

A reaction stop solution is prepared. The composition is as follows: 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.015% Brij-35, 40 mM EDTA, and 0.1% Coating Reagent 3 (Caliper Life Sciences #760050).

[0415] The ROS1 kinase solution was added at a concentration of 19 μ L/well to a 96-well plate. Each compound for evaluation dissolved in DMSO to achieve each final concentration was added to the plate, mixed using a plate mixer, and then preincubated at room temperature for 20 minutes. The substrate reaction solution was further added thereto

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at a concentration of 5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to cause enzymatic reaction (28°C for 90 minutes under the condition of ATP = Km or 45 minutes under the condition of 1 mM ATP). Then, the reaction stop solution was added thereto at a concentration of 40 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$. Substrate phosphorylation intensity was measured using EZ Reader II (Caliper Life Sciences). IC₅₀ values were calculated by curve fitting using Microsoft Excel 2010 on the basis of data obtained from three separate measurements.

[0416] The compounds of Examples 16, 18, 21 to 24, 26, 28 to 30, 32 to 50, 52 to 56, 59, 62 to 63, 69 to 70, 72, 76 to 77, 79 to 82, 88, 90, 92 to 93, 104, 106 to 107, 114, 120, 127 to 128, and 133 exhibited ROS1 kinase inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of lower than 1 nM. The compounds of Examples 1 to 15, 17, 19 to 20, 25, 27, 31, 51, 57 to 58, 60 to 61, 64 to 68, 71, 73 to 75, 78, 83 to 87, 91, 94 to 103, 108, 110 to 113, 117 to 119, 121 to 122, 124 to 126, 129, 131 to 132, and 134 to 135 exhibited ROS1 kinase inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of 1 nM or higher and lower than 10 nM. The compounds of Examples 89, 105, 109, 115 to 116, 123, and 130 exhibited ROS1 kinase inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of 10 nM or higher and lower than 60 nM. This suggested that the compounds of the present invention can suppress the growth of cells with the activated ROS1 pathway by inhibiting the ROS1 pathway.

[Test Example 2]

ROS1 autophosphorylation inhibitory activity evaluation

[0417] Fifty mM HEPES (pH 7.5), 10 mM MgCl₂, 0.01% Brij-58, and 2.5 mM DTT were mixed to prepare an enzymatic reaction solution. Each compound for evaluation dissolved in DMSO to achieve each final concentration was added to the enzymatic reaction solution containing 200 nM inactive ROS1, and the mixture was added at a concentration of 2.5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to a 384-well plate (small volume black, Grainer #784900). ATP (final concentration: 1 mM) was further added thereto at a concentration of 2.5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$. The resulting plate was left standing at 25°C for 1.5 hours to cause enzymatic reaction. After the completion of enzymatic reaction, ADP-Glo Reagent-1 (Promega, V9103) was added thereto at a concentration of 2.5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$, and the plate was left standing at room temperature for 60 minutes. Then, ADP-Glo Reagent-2 (Promega) was added thereto at a concentration of 5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$, and the plate was left standing at room temperature for 60 minutes. The amount of ADP generated by the autophosphorylation of ROS1 was measured using EnVision (PerkinElmer Japan). The amount of ADP generated in four separate measurements was defined as the autophosphorylation intensity of ROS1. IC₅₀ values were calculated by curve fitting using GraphPad Prism version 4 (GraphPad software).

[0418] The compounds of Examples 19, 21 to 36, 38 to 56, 58 to 61, 63, 65 to 73, 76, 78 to 82, 85 to 86, 88, 90 to 93, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106 to 107, 110, 112 to 114, 118 to 120, 124, 127 to 128, 131, and 133 to 134 exhibited ROS1 autophosphorylation inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of lower than 20 nM. The compounds of Examples 1 to 3, 5 to 6, 8, 10 to 12, 14 to 15, 17 to 18, 20, 37, 57, 62, 75, 77, 83 to 84, 87, 89, 94 to 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 108, 111, 117, 121 to 122, 125 to 126, 129 to 130, 132, and 135 exhibited ROS1 autophosphorylation inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of 20 nM or higher and lower than 100 nM. The compounds of Examples 4, 7, 9, 13, 64, 74, 109, 115 to 116, and 123 exhibited ROS1 autophosphorylation inhibitory activity at IC₅₀ of 100 nM or higher and lower than 150 nM. This suggested that the compounds of the present invention can suppress the growth of cells with the activated ROS1 pathway by inhibiting the ROS1 pathway.

[Test Example 3]

NTRK kinase enzyme inhibitory activity evaluation

[0419] NTRK1, NTRK2, and NTRK3 kinase solutions were each prepared. The composition is as follows: 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.003% Brij-35, 0.004% Tween-20, 1 mM DTT, NTRK (for NTRK1, Carna Biosciences #08-186, final concentration: 140 ng/mL; for NTRK2, Carna Biosciences #08-187, final concentration: 100 ng/mL; and for NTRK3, Carna Biosciences #08-197, final concentration: 50 ng/mL), and MgCl (final concentration: 10 mM).

[0420] Next, a substrate reaction solution was prepared. The composition is as follows: 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.003% Brij-35, 0.004% Tween-20, 1 mM DTT, FL-Peptide 27 (Caliper Life Sciences #760424, final concentration: 1.5 μM), and ATP (for NTRK1, final concentration: Km = 33 μM ; for NTRK2, final concentration: Km = 63 μM ; and for NTRK3, final concentration: Km = 32 μM).

[0421] Subsequently, a reaction stop solution was prepared. The composition is as follows: 100 mM HEPES (pH 7.4), 0.015% Brij-35, 40 mM EDTA, and 0.1% Coating Reagent 3 (Caliper Life Sciences #760050).

[0422] The NTRK1, NTRK2, and NTRK3 kinase solutions were each added at a concentration of 19 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to a 96-well plate. Each compound for evaluation dissolved in DMSO to achieve each final concentration was added to the plate, mixed using a plate mixer, and then preincubated at room temperature for 20 minutes. The substrate reaction solution was further added thereto at a concentration of 5 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to cause enzymatic reaction (28°C for 90 minutes under the condition of ATP = Km or 45 minutes under the condition of 1 mM ATP). Then, the reaction stop solution was added

thereto at a concentration of 40 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$. Substrate phosphorylation intensity was measured using EZ Reader II (Caliper Life Sciences). IC_{50} values were calculated by curve fitting using Microsoft Excel 2010 on the basis of data obtained from three separate measurements.

[0423] The compounds of Examples 21, 24, 29, 30, 41, 79, 81, 85, and 90 exhibited NTRK1 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of lower than 5 nM. The compound of Example 127 exhibited NTRK1 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of 10 nM or higher and lower than 15 nM. The compounds of Examples 21, 24, 29, 30, 41, 79, 81, 85, and 90 exhibited NTRK2 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of lower than 10 nM. The compound of Example 127 exhibited NTRK2 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of 20 nM or higher and lower than 25 nM. The compounds of Examples 21, 24, 29, 30, 41, 79, 81, 85, and 90 exhibited NTRK3 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of lower than 5 nM. The compound of Example 127 exhibited NTRK3 inhibitory activity at IC_{50} of 5 nM or higher and lower than 10 nM. This suggested that the compounds of the present invention can suppress the growth of cells with activated NTRK by inhibiting NTRK.

[Test Example 4]

HCC78 cell growth assay

[0424] Each compound of the present invention was assayed for its cell growth inhibitory effect using HCC78 cells having ROS1 fusion gene.

[0425] HCC78 cells (ATCC) were suspended in RPMI 1640 (Invitrogen, Cat No 11875-093) containing 2% FBS (HyClone, Cat No ANC18297) (hereinafter, referred to as a medium) to adjust their concentration to 3×10^4 cells/mL. The suspension was dispensed at a concentration of 100 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to a 96-well culture plate for cell culture (SUMITOMO BAKELITE, Cat No MS-0096S) (hereinafter, referred to as an assay plate). A medium containing each compound for evaluation at a final concentration of 0, 0.15, 0.61, 2.4, 10, 39, 156, 625, or 2,500 nM was dispensed at a concentration of 25 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to the assay plate. In this context, the final concentration of DMSO was set to 0.4%. Then, the cells were cultured for 72 hours in a CO_2 incubator.

[0426] CellTiter-Glo Luminescent Cell Viability Assay reagent (Promega, Cat No G7571) was dispensed at a concentration of 100 $\mu\text{L}/\text{well}$ to the assay plate. The contents in each well were reacted at room temperature for 10 minutes while stirred using a plate mixer. A 100 μL aliquot of each reaction solution was dispensed to each well of a 96-well assay plate, black (CORNING, Cat No 3650). The luminescence intensity of each well was measured using EnVision. The luminescence intensity of each well obtained in four separate measurements was defined as the number of cells. IC_{50} values were calculated by curve fitting using GraphPad Prism version 4.

[0427] The compounds of Examples 21, 26, 29 to 30, 35, 38, 40 to 49, 53 to 56, 59, 63, 69, 71 to 72, 79, 81, 88, 90, 92 to 93, 97, 106 to 107, 113, 118 to 120, 124 to 125, and 133 to 134 exhibited a growth inhibitory effect on HCC78 cells having ROS1 fusion gene at IC_{50} of lower than 20 nM. The compounds of Examples 1, 3, 5 to 8, 16, 18, 22, 24 to 25, 28, 31 to 33, 37, 39, 50 to 52, 57 to 58, 60 to 62, 65 to 68, 70, 73, 76 to 78, 80, 82 to 87, 91, 98 to 100, 103 to 104, 108 to 112, 114, 117, 121 to 123, 126 to 129, and 131 to 132 exhibited a growth inhibitory effect on HCC78 cells having ROS1 fusion gene at IC_{50} of 20 nM or higher and lower than 100 nM. The compounds of Examples 2, 4, 9 to 15, 17, 19 to 20, 23, 27, 34, 36, 64, 74 to 75, 89, 94 to 96, 101 to 102, 105, 115 to 116, 130, and 135 exhibited a growth inhibitory effect on HCC78 cells having ROS1 fusion gene at IC_{50} of 100 nM or higher and lower than 600 nM. This suggested that the compounds of the present invention are effective for a tumor having ROS1 fusion gene.

Industrial Applicability

[0428] The compound represented by the general formula (I) of the present invention or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof has an excellent ROS1 kinase inhibitory effect and NTRK kinase enzyme inhibitory effect and as such, is useful as a therapeutic drug for a tumor with the activated ROS1 pathway and tumor with the activated NTRK pathway.

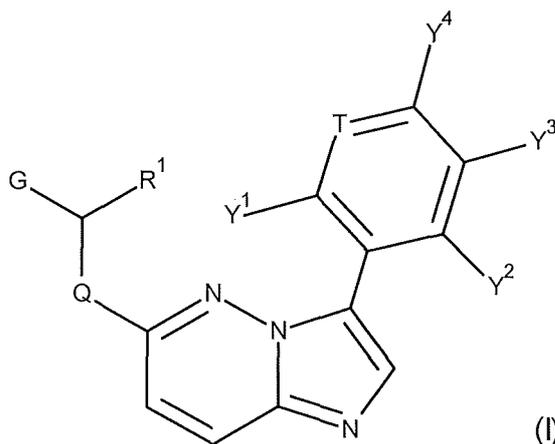
Claims

1. A compound represented by the general formula (I) or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof:

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wherein

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R¹ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a fluoro-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group;

Q represents an oxygen atom or R^aN, wherein

R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group;

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G represents a phenyl group or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom, wherein the 5-membered heteroaryl group optionally has 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, a dihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and

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the phenyl group and the 6-membered heteroaryl group each optionally have 1 to 3 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, and a trihalo-C₁-C₆ alkyl group;

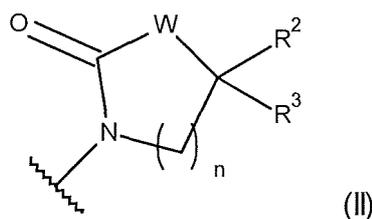
T represents a nitrogen atom or CR^b, wherein

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R^b represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, or a cyano group; Y¹ and Y² each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkoxy group, or a cyano group; and

Y³ and Y⁴ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a group selected from group A described below, or a group represented by the following formula (II):

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wherein

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W represents an oxygen atom or CR^cR^d, wherein

R^c and R^d each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or an amino group, or R^c and R^d optionally form a C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group together with the carbon atom bonded to R^c and R^d; n represents 0, 1, or 2;

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R² and R³ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an amino group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, an amino-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, or a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group,

provided that any one of Y³ and Y⁴ inevitably represents a hydrogen atom, and the other group represents a group other than a hydrogen atom,
group A: -O-M, -S-M, and -NH-M,

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where M represents a C₁-C₆ alkyl group having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group B described below, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring, or a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group D described below and having one nitrogen atom in the ring,

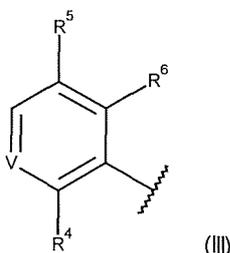
group B: an amino group, a hydroxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a C₃-C₆ cycloalkylamino group, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring, and a 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom and one oxygen atom in the ring,

the 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring and the 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom and one oxygen atom in the ring each optionally having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group C described below,

group C: a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and

group D: an amino group and a halogen atom.

2. A compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I), Q represents an oxygen atom.
3. A compound according to claim 1 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I), Q represents R^aN, wherein R^a represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group.
4. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 3 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I), Y³ represents a hydrogen atom.
5. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I), G is represented by the following formula (III):



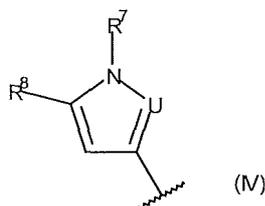
wherein

V represents CR^e or a nitrogen atom; and

R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R^e each independently represents a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a 5- or 6-membered heteroaryl group having, in the ring, 1 to 3 heteroatoms independently selected from the group consisting of a nitrogen atom, an oxygen atom, and a sulfur atom,

provided that when V represents CR^e, at least one of R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, and R^e represents a hydrogen atom.

6. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I), G is represented by the following formula (IV):



wherein

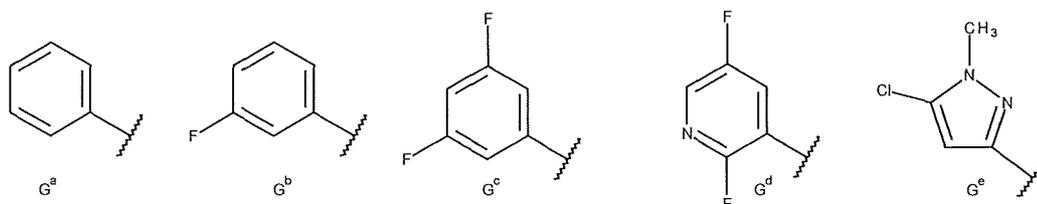
U represents a nitrogen atom or CH;

R⁷ represents a hydrogen atom or a C₁-C₆ alkyl group; and

R⁸ represents a hydrogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a halogen atom.

7. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

G is any of the following G^a to G^e:



8. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

Y⁴ represents a group selected from group A¹:

group A¹: -O-M¹, -S-M¹, and -NH-M¹,

where M¹ represents a C₁-C₆ alkyl group having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group B¹ described below, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring, or a 5- or 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group substituted by 1 or 2 halogen atoms and having one nitrogen atom in the ring, group B¹: an amino group, a hydroxy group, a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a di-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, a C₃-C₆ cycloalkylamino group, an amino-C₃-C₆ cycloalkyl group, a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkylamino group, and a 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring,

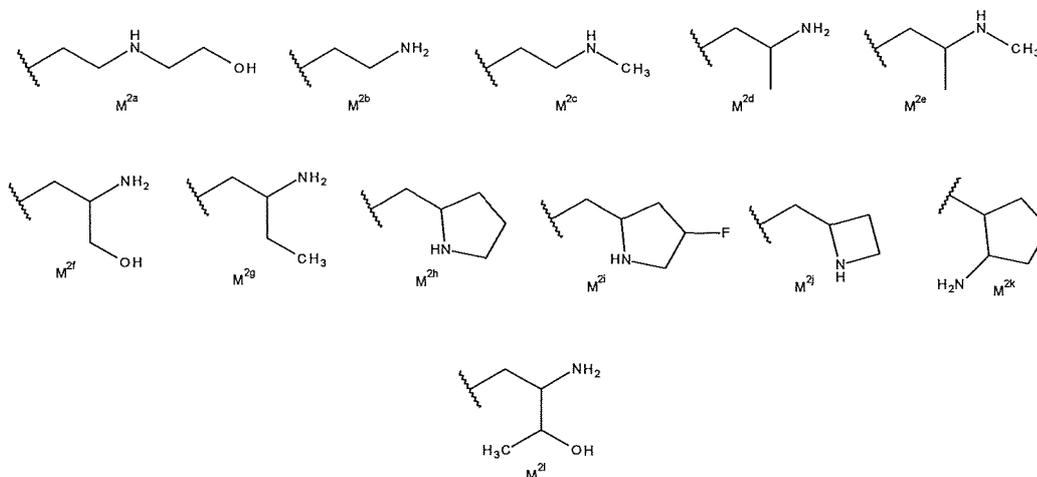
the 4- to 6-membered aliphatic heterocyclic group having one nitrogen atom in the ring optionally having 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from group C¹ described below, and

group C¹: a halogen atom, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, and a hydroxy-C₁-C₆ alkyl group.

9. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),

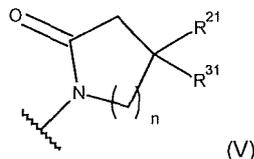
Y⁴ represents -O-M², wherein

M² is any of the following M^{2a} to M^{2l}:



10. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),
 Y⁴ is represented by the following formula (V):

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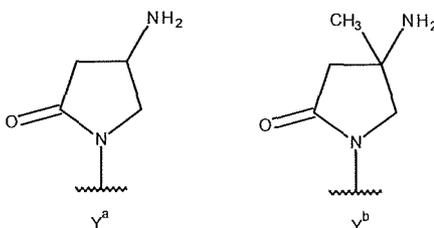
wherein

n represents 1 or 2; and

15 R²¹ and R³¹ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an amino group, a C₁-C₆ alkyl group, an amino-C₁-C₆ alkyl group, or a C₁-C₆ alkylamino group.

11. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof, wherein in the formula (I),
 Y⁴ is the following Y^a or Y^b:

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12. Any one compound selected from the following group or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof:

N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 35 3-[4-[[[(2S)-azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[(2S)-2-aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-
 40 one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-
 one, and
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-methoxyphe-
 45 nyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.

13. A compound selected from the group consisting of

N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 50 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-
 one,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine
 55 maleate,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorophenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine
 adipate,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine meth-

anesulfonate,

3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine adipate,
(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzenesulfonate,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one hydrochloride,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one adipate,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one lactate,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzoate,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one benzenesulfonate,

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one adipate, and

(4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-one camphorate.

14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof as an active ingredient.

15. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in medicine.

16. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor.

17. A compound for use according to claim 16, wherein the tumor is hematological malignant tumor (leukemia, lymphoma, or multiple myeloma), brain tumor, head and neck cancer, esophageal cancer, gastric cancer, appendix cancer, colon cancer, anus cancer, gallbladder cancer, bile duct cancer, pancreatic cancer, gastrointestinal stromal tumor, lung cancer, liver cancer, mesothelioma, thyroid cancer, prostate cancer, neuroendocrine tumor, melanoma, breast cancer, uterine body cancer, uterine cervical cancer, ovary cancer, osteosarcoma, soft tissue sarcoma, Kaposi's sarcoma, myosarcoma, kidney cancer, urinary bladder cancer, or testicular cancer.

18. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of ROS1 gene.

19. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable increase in the expression level of NTRK gene.

20. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable expression of ROS1 fusion gene.

21. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor having a detectable expression of NTRK fusion gene.

22. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of ROS1 kinase enzyme activity.

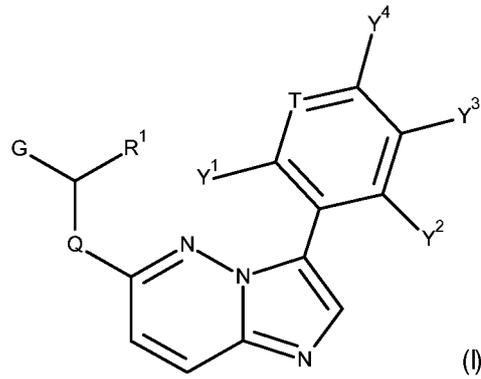
23. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 13 or a pharmacologically acceptable salt thereof for use in treating a tumor that is treatable by the inhibition of NTRK kinase enzyme activity.

Patentansprüche

1. Verbindung, die durch die allgemeine Formel (I) dargestellt wird, oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon:

5

10



15

wobei

R¹ ein Wasserstoffatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine Fluor-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe oder eine Hydroxy-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe darstellt;

Q ein Sauerstoffatom oder R^aN darstellt, wobei

20

R^a ein Wasserstoffatom oder eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe darstellt;

G eine Phenylgruppe oder eine 5- oder 6-gliedrige Heteroarylgruppe mit, im Ring, 1 bis 3 Heteroatomen darstellt, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe bestehend aus einem Stickstoffatom, einem Sauerstoffatom und einem Schwefelatom, wobei die 5-gliedrige Heteroarylgruppe optional 1 oder 2 Substituenten aufweist, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe bestehend aus einem Halogenatom, einer Ziangruppe, einer C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, einer C₁-C₆-Alkoxygruppe, einer Dihalo-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe und einer Trihalo-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe und

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die Phenylgruppe und die 6-gliedrige Heteroarylgruppe jeweils optional 1 bis 3 Substituenten aufweisen, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe bestehend aus einer 5- oder 6-gliedrigen Heteroarylgruppe mit, im Ring, 1 bis 3 Heteroatomen, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe bestehend aus einem Stickstoffatom, einem Sauerstoffatom und einem Schwefelatom, einem Halogenatom, einer Ziangruppe, einer C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, einer C₁-C₆-Alkoxygruppe und einer Trihalo-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe;

30

T ein Stickstoffatom oder CR^b darstellt, wobei

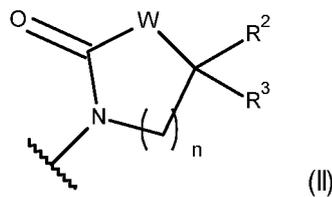
R^b ein Wasserstoffatom, ein Halogenatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkoxygruppe oder eine Ziangruppe darstellt;

35

Y¹ und Y² jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, ein Halogenatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkoxygruppe oder eine Ziangruppe darstellen; und

Y³ und Y⁴ jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, eine Gruppe, die aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe A ausgewählt ist, oder eine Gruppe darstellen, die durch die folgende Formel (II) dargestellt wird:

40



45

wobei

50

W ein Sauerstoffatom oder CR^cR^d darstellt, wobei

R^c und R^d jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe oder eine Aminogruppe darstellen, oder R^c und R^d optional eine C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylgruppe bilden zusammen mit dem Kohlenstoffatom, das an R^c und R^d gebunden ist;

55

n 0, 1 oder 2 darstellt;

R² und R³ jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, eine Aminogruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine Amino-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe oder eine Di-C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe darstellen, vorausgesetzt, dass irgendeines von Y³ und Y⁴ zwangsläufig ein Wasserstoffatom darstellt und die andere

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Gruppe eine andere Gruppe als ein Wasserstoffatom darstellt,

Gruppe A: -O-M, -S-M und -NH-M,

wobei M eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe mit 1 oder 2 Substituenten, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe B, einer Amino-C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylgruppe, einer 4- bis 6-gliedrigen aliphatischen heterozyklischen Gruppe mit einem Stickstoffatom im Ring oder einer 5- oder 6-gliedrigen aliphatischen heterozyklischen Gruppe mit 1 oder 2 Substituenten, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe D, die ein Stickstoffatom im Ring aufweist, darstellt,

Gruppe B: eine Aminogruppe, eine Hydroxygruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe, eine Di-C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe, eine C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylaminogruppe, eine Amino-C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylgruppe, eine Hydroxy-C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe, eine 4- bis 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe mit einem Stickstoffatom im Ring und eine 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe mit einem Stickstoffatom und einem Sauerstoffatom im Ring,

wobei die 4- bis 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe, die ein Stickstoffatom im Ring aufweist, und die 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe, die ein Stickstoffatom und ein Sauerstoffatom im Ring aufweist, jeweils optional 1 oder 2 Substituenten aufweisen, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe C,

Gruppe C: ein Halogenatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe und eine Hydroxy-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe und

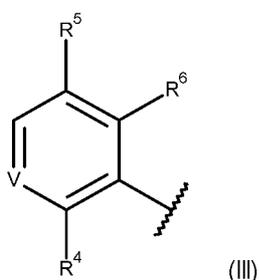
Gruppe D: eine Aminogruppe und ein Halogenatom.

2. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I), Q ein Sauerstoffatom darstellt.

3. Verbindung nach Anspruch 1 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I), Q R^aN darstellt, wobei R^a ein Wasserstoffatom oder eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe darstellt.

4. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 3 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I), Y³ ein Wasserstoffatom darstellt.

5. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I), G durch die folgende Formel (III) dargestellt wird:



wobei

V CR^e oder ein Stickstoffatom darstellt; und

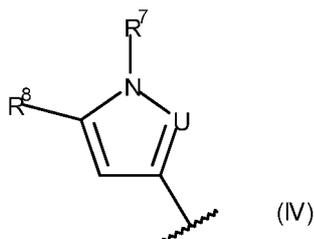
R⁴, R⁵, R⁶ und R^e jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, ein Halogenatom, eine Ziangruppe oder eine 5- oder 6-gliedrige Heteroarylgruppe mit, im Ring, 1 bis 3 Heteroatomen, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der Gruppe bestehend aus einem Stickstoffatom, einem Sauerstoffatom und einem Schwefelatom, darstellen,

vorausgesetzt, dass, wenn V CR^e darstellt, mindestens eines von R⁴, R⁵, R⁶ und R^e ein Wasserstoffatom darstellt.

6. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I),

G durch die folgende Formel (IV) dargestellt wird:

5



10

wobei

U ein Stickstoffatom oder CH darstellt;

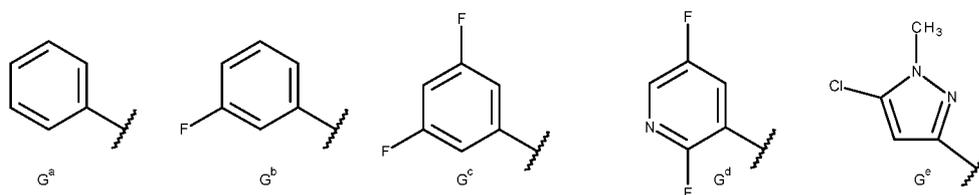
R⁷ ein Wasserstoffatom oder eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe darstellt; und

R⁸ ein Wasserstoffatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe oder ein Halogenatom darstellt.

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7. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 4 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I), G eines ist von den folgenden G^a bis G^e:

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8. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 7 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I),
Y⁴ eine Gruppe darstellt, die aus der Gruppe A¹ ausgewählt ist:

30

Gruppe A¹: -O-M¹, -S-M¹ und -NH-M¹,

wobei M¹ eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe mit 1 oder 2 Substituenten, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe B¹, eine Amino-C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylgruppe, eine 4- bis 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe mit einem Stickstoffatom im Ring oder eine 5- oder 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe, die durch 1 oder 2 Halogenatome substituiert ist und einen Stickstoffatom im Ring aufweist, darstellt;

35

Gruppe B¹: eine Aminogruppe, eine Hydroxygruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe, eine Di-C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe, eine C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylaminogruppe, eine Amino-C₃-C₆-Cycloalkylgruppe, eine Hydroxy-C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe und eine 4- bis 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe mit einem Stickstoffatom im Ring, wobei die 4- bis 6-gliedrige aliphatische heterozyklische Gruppe, die ein Stickstoffatom im Ring aufweist, optional 1 oder 2 Substituenten aufweist, die unabhängig ausgewählt sind aus der nachfolgend beschriebenen Gruppe C¹ und

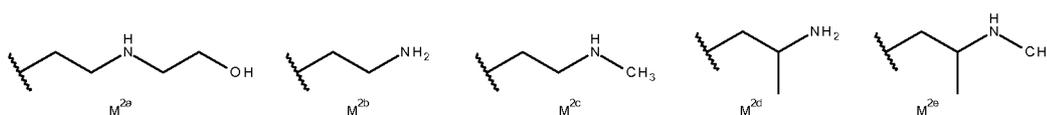
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Gruppe C¹: ein Halogenatom, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe und eine Hydroxy-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe.

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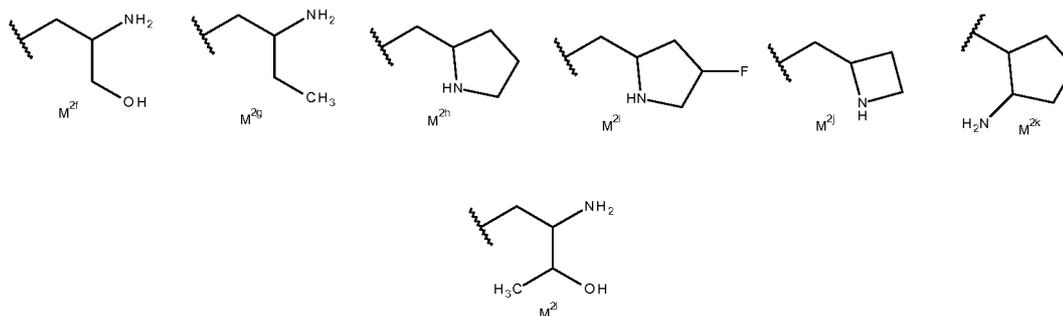
9. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 7 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I),
Y⁴ -O-M² darstellt, wobei
M² eines ist von den folgenden M^{2a} bis M^{2f}:

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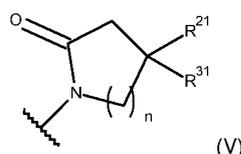


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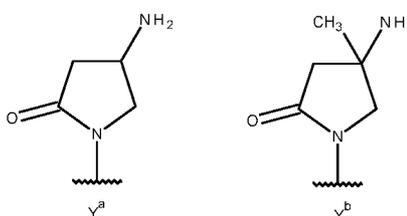


10. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 7 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I),
 15 Y⁴ durch die folgende Formel (V) dargestellt wird:



wobei

- 25 n 1 oder 2 darstellt; und
 R²¹ und R³¹ jeweils unabhängig voneinander ein Wasserstoffatom, eine Aminogruppe, eine C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe, eine Amino-C₁-C₆-Alkylgruppe oder eine C₁-C₆-Alkylaminogruppe darstellen.
11. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 7 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon, wobei in der Formel (I),
 30 Y⁴ das folgende Y^a oder Y^b ist:



12. Irgendeine Verbindung, die aus der folgenden Gruppe oder einem pharmakologisch akzeptablen Salz davon ausgewählt ist:

45 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorphenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorphenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[2-(methylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 3-[4-[(2S)-Azetidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 3-[4-[(2S)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 50 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-on,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on
 und
 55 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-methoxyphenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on.

13. Verbindung, die ausgewählt ist aus der Gruppe bestehend aus:

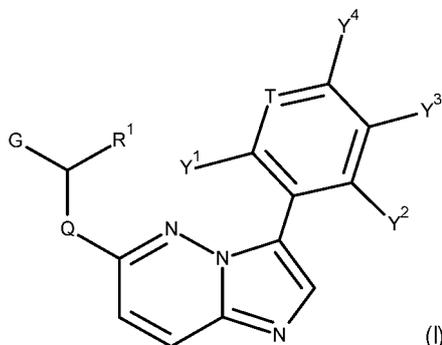
N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorphenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on,
 5 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorphenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-aminma-
 leat,
 N-[(1R)-1-(3-Fluorphenyl)ethyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]methoxy]phenyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-aminadi-
 pat,
 10 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amin-methansul-
 fonat,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-Aminopropoxy]phenyl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-aminadipat,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-ben-
 zolsulfonat,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-hydro-
 15 chlorid,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-adipat,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-lactat,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorphenyl)ethoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-benzo-
 20 at,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-
 benzolsulfonat,
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-
 adipat und
 (4S)-4-Amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorphenyl)methyl-methylamino]imidazo[[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phenyl]pyrrolidin-2-on-
 25 camphorat.

14. Pharmazeutische Zusammensetzung, die eine Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon als ein Wirkstoff umfasst.
15. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung in der Medizin.
16. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors.
17. Verbindung zur Verwendung nach Anspruch 16, wobei der Tumor ein hämatologisches Malignom (Leukämie, Lymphom oder multiples Myelom), Gehirntumor, Kopf und Halskrebs, Ösophaguskrebs, Magenkarzinom, Appendixkrebs, Darmkrebs, Anuskrebs, Gallenblasenkrebs, Gallengangkrebs, Bauchspeicheldrüsenkrebs, gastrointestinaler Stromatumor, Lungenkrebs, Leberkrebs, Mesotheliom, Schilddrüsenkrebs, Prostatakrebs, neuroendokriner Tumor, Melanom, Brustkrebs, Gebärmutterkörper-Krebs, uteriner Gebärmutterhalskrebs, Eierstockkrebs, Osteosarkom, Weichteilsarkom, Kaposisarkom, Myosarkom, Nierenkrebs, Harnblasenkrebs oder Hodenkrebs ist.
18. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors mit einem nachweisbaren Anstieg im Expressionsniveau des ROS1-Gens.
19. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors mit einem nachweisbaren Anstieg im Expressionsniveau des NTRK-Gens.
20. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors mit einer nachweisbaren Expression des ROS1-Fusionsgens.
21. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors mit einer nachweisbaren Expression des NTRK-Fusionsgens.
22. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung bei der Behandlung eines Tumors, der durch die Hemmung der ROS 1-Kinaseenzymaktivität behandelbar ist.
23. Verbindung nach einem der Ansprüche 1 bis 13 oder ein pharmakologisch akzeptables Salz davon zur Verwendung

bei der Behandlung eines Tumors, der durch die Hemmung der NTRK-Kinaseenzymaktivität behandelbar ist.

Revendications

1. Composé représenté par la formule générale (I) ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique :



dans laquelle

R¹ représente un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe fluoroalkyle en C₁ à C₆ ou un groupe hydroxyalkyle en C₁ à C₆ ;

Q représente un atome d'oxygène ou R^aN, où R^a représente un atome d'hydrogène ou un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ ;

G représente un groupe phényle ou un groupe hétéroaryle à 5 ou 6 chaînons ayant, dans le cycle, 1 à 3 hétéroatomes indépendamment choisis dans le groupe constitué par un atome d'azote, un atome d'oxygène et un atome de soufre, où le groupe hétéroaryle à 5 chaînons porte éventuellement 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le groupe constitué par un atome d'halogène, un groupe cyano, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe alcoxy en C₁ à C₆, un groupe dihalogénoalkyle en C₁ à C₆ et un groupe trihalogénoalkyle en C₁ à C₆, et

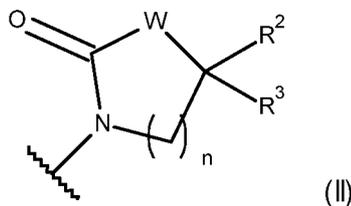
chacun parmi le groupe phényle et le groupe hétéroaryle à 6 chaînons porte éventuellement 1 à 3 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le groupe constitué par un groupe hétéroaryle à 5 ou 6 chaînons ayant, dans le cycle, 1 à 3 hétéroatomes indépendamment choisis dans le groupe constitué par un atome d'azote, un atome d'oxygène et un atome de soufre, un atome d'halogène, un groupe cyano, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe alcoxy en C₁ à C₆ et un groupe trihalogénoalkyle en C₁ à C₆ ;

T représente un atome d'azote ou CR^b, où

R^b représente un atome d'hydrogène, un atome d'halogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe alcoxy en C₁ à C₆ ou un groupe cyano ;

chacun de Y¹ et Y² représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un atome d'halogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe alcoxy en C₁ à C₆ ou un groupe cyano ; et

chacun de Y³ et Y⁴ représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe choisi dans le Groupe A décrit ci-dessous, ou un groupe représenté par la formule (II) suivante :



dans laquelle

W représente un atome d'oxygène ou CR^cR^d, où

chacun de R^c et R^d représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ ou un groupe amino, ou bien R^c et R^d forment éventuellement un groupe cycloalkyle en C₃ à C₆ conjointement avec

l'atome de carbone lié à R^c et R^d ;

n est 0, 1 ou 2 ;

chacun de R² et R³ représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe amino, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe aminoalkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe alkylamino en C₁ à C₆, ou un groupe di(alkyle en C₁ à C₆)amino,

sous réserve que l'un quelconque de Y³ et Y⁴ représente inévitablement un atome d'hydrogène, et l'autre groupe représente un groupe autre qu'un atome d'hydrogène,

Groupe A : -O-M, -S-M et -NH-M,

où M représente un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ portant 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le Groupe B décrit ci-dessous, un groupe aminocycloalkyle en C₃ à C₆, un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle, ou un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 5 ou 6 chaînons portant 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le Groupe D décrit ci-dessous et ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle,

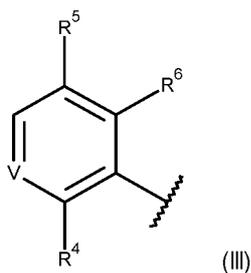
Groupe B : un groupe amino, un groupe hydroxy, un groupe alkylamino en C₁ à C₆, un groupe di(alkyle en C₁ à C₆)amino, un groupe cycloalkylamino en C₃ à C₆, un groupe aminocycloalkyle en C₃ à C₆, un groupe hydroxyalkylamino en C₁ à C₆, un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle, et un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote et un seul atome d'oxygène dans le cycle,

chacun parmi le groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle et le groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote et un seul atome d'oxygène dans le cycle portant éventuellement 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le Groupe C décrit ci-dessous,

Groupe C : un atome d'halogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, et un groupe hydroxyalkyle en C₁ à C₆, et

Groupe D : un groupe amino et un atome d'halogène.

2. Composé selon la revendication 1 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), Q représente un atome d'oxygène.
3. Composé selon la revendication 1 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), Q représente R^aN, où R^a représente un atome d'hydrogène ou un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆.
4. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 3 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), Y³ représente un atome d'hydrogène.
5. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), G est représenté par la formule (III) suivante :



dans laquelle

V représente CR^e ou un atome d'azote ; et

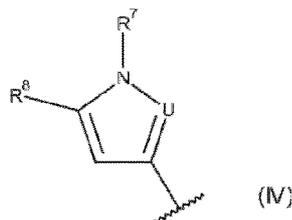
chacun de R⁴, R⁵, R⁶ et R^e représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un atome d'halogène, un groupe cyano, ou un groupe hétéroaryle à 5 ou 6 chaînons ayant dans le cycle 1 à 3 hétéroatomes indépendamment choisis dans le groupe constitué par un atome d'azote, un atome d'oxygène et un atome de soufre, sous réserve que, lorsque V représente CR^e, au moins l'un de R⁴, R⁵, R⁶ et R^e représente un atome d'hydrogène.

6. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue phar-

macologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I),
G est représenté par la formule (IV) suivante :

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dans laquelle

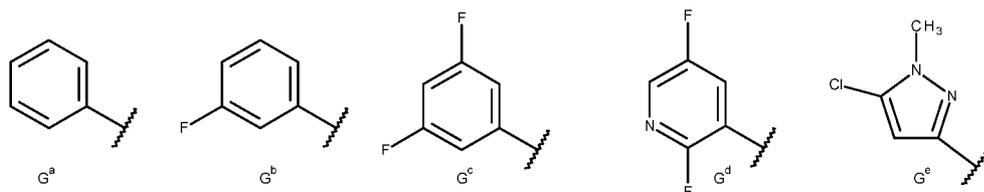
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U représente un atome d'azote ou CH ;
R⁷ représente un atome d'hydrogène ou un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ ; et
R⁸ représente un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ ou un atome d'halogène.

- 20 7. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 4 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I),
G est l'un quelconque des G^a à G^e suivants :

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- 35 8. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 7 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I),
Y⁴ représente un groupe choisi dans le Groupe A¹ :

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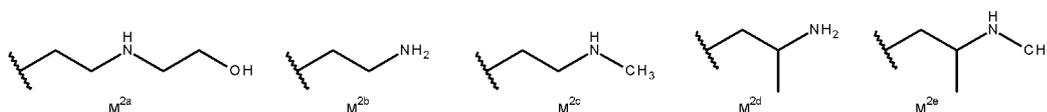
Groupe A¹ : -O-M¹, -S-M¹ et -NH-M¹,
où M¹ représente un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ portant 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le Groupe B¹ décrit ci-dessous, un groupe aminocycloalkyle en C₃ à C₆, un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle, ou un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 5 ou 6 chaînons substitué par 1 ou 2 atomes d'halogène et ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle,
Groupe B¹ : un groupe amino, un groupe hydroxy, un groupe alkylamino en C₁ à C₆, un groupe di(alkyle en C₁ à C₆)amino, un groupe cycloalkylamino en C₃ à C₆, un groupe aminocycloalkyle en C₃ à C₆, un groupe hydroxyalkylamino en C₁ à C₆, et un groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle,
le groupe hétérocyclique aliphatique à 4 à 6 chaînons ayant un seul atome d'azote dans le cycle portant éventuellement 1 ou 2 substituants indépendamment choisis dans le Groupe C¹ décrit ci-dessous, et
Groupe C¹ : un atome d'halogène, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆ et un groupe hydroxyalkyle en C₁ à C₆.

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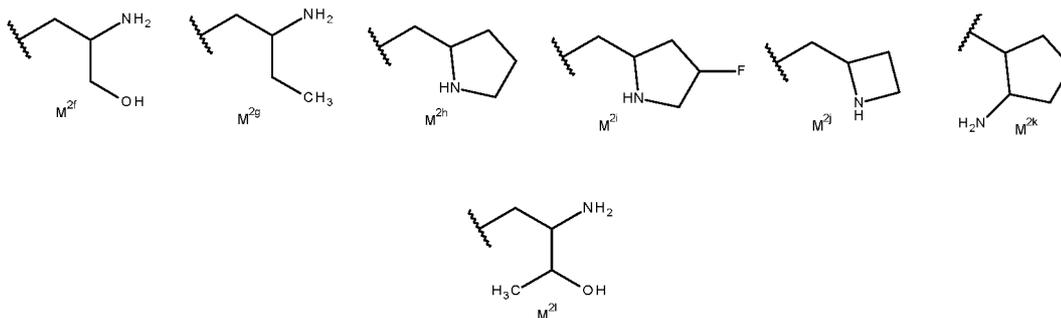
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- 50 9. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 7 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I),
Y⁴ représente -O-M², où
M² est l'un quelconque des M^{2a} à M²ⁱ suivants :

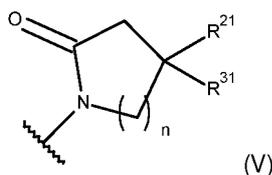
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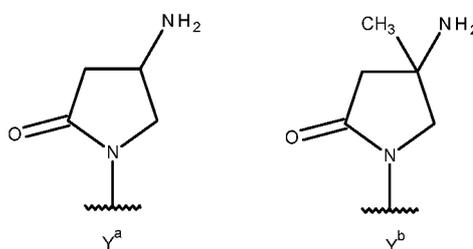
10. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 7 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), Y⁴ est représenté par la formule (V) suivante :



dans laquelle

n est 1 ou 2 ; et
chacun de R²¹ et R³¹ représente indépendamment un atome d'hydrogène, un groupe amino, un groupe alkyle en C₁ à C₆, un groupe aminoalkyle en C₁ à C₆ ou un groupe alkylamino en C₁ à C₆.

11. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 7 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, dans lequel, dans la formule (I), Y est Y^a ou Y^b suivant :



12. Composé quelconque choisi dans le groupe qui suit, ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique :

N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]-3-[4-[[[(2S)-pyrrolidin-2-yl]méthoxy]phényl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine, N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]-3-[4-[2-(méthylamino)éthoxy]phényl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine, 3-[4-[[[(2S)-azétidin-2-yl]méthoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine, 3-[4-[[[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine, 3-[4-[[[(2S)-2-aminopropoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine, (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-one, (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[[[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]amino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-one, (4S)-4-amino-1-[5-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-2-pyridyl]pyrrolidin-2-one, (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-one, et (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]-3-méthoxyphényl]pyrrolidin-2-one.

13. Composé choisi dans le groupe constitué par les suivants :

N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]méthoxy]phényl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-amine,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-
 one,
 maléate de N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]méthoxy]phényl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-
 6-amine,
 adipate de N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]-3-[4-[[2S]-pyrrolidin-2-yl]méthoxy]phényl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-
 6-amine,
 méthanesulfonate de 3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyrida-
 zin-6-amine,
 adipate de 3-[4-[(2R)-2-aminopropoxy]phényl]-N-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthyl]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-6-ami-
 ne,
 benzènesulfonate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phé-
 nyl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 chlorhydrate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyr-
 rolidin-2-one,
 adipate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-
 2-one,
 lactate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-
 2-one,
 benzoate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(1R)-1-(3-fluorophényl)éthoxy]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyrroli-
 din-2-one,
 benzènesulfonate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-
 yl]phényl]pyrrolidin-2-one,
 adipate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phényl]pyr-
 rolidin-2-one, et
 camphorate de (4S)-4-amino-1-[4-[6-[(3-fluorophényl)méthyl-méthylamino]imidazo[1,2-b]pyridazin-3-yl]phé-
 nyl]pyrrolidin-2-one.

14. Composition pharmaceutique comprenant, à titre d'agent actif, un composé selon l'une quelconque des revendica-
 tions 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique.

15. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue
 pharmacologique, pour une utilisation en médecine.

16. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue
 pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur.

17. Composé pour une utilisation selon la revendication 16, dans lequel la tumeur est une tumeur maligne hématologique
 (leucémie, lymphome, ou myélome multiple), une tumeur au cerveau, un cancer de la tête et du cou, un cancer
 oesophagien, un cancer gastrique, un cancer de l'appendice, un cancer du côlon, un cancer de l'anus, un cancer
 de la vésicule biliaire, un cancer des voies biliaires, un cancer pancréatique, une tumeur stromale gastro-intestinale,
 un cancer du poumon, un cancer du foie, un mésothéliome, un cancer de la thyroïde, un cancer de la prostate, une
 tumeur neuroendocrinienne, un mélanome, un cancer du sein, un cancer du corps utérin, un cancer du col utérin,
 un cancer de l'ovaire, un ostéosarcome, un sarcome de tissu mou, un sarcome de Kaposi, un myosarcome, un
 cancer du rein, un cancer de la vessie, ou un cancer testiculaire.

18. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue
 pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur présentant une augmentation détectable du
 niveau d'expression du gène ROS1.

19. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue
 pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur présentant une augmentation détectable du
 niveau d'expression du gène NTRK.

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20. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur présentant une augmentation détectable du niveau d'expression d'un gène de fusion de ROS1.

5 21. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur présentant une augmentation détectable du niveau d'expression d'un gène de fusion de NTRK.

10 22. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur qui peut être traitée par l'inhibition de l'activité de l'enzyme ROS1 kinase.

15 23. Composé selon l'une quelconque des revendications 1 à 13 ou un sel de celui-ci acceptable du point de vue pharmacologique, pour une utilisation dans le traitement d'une tumeur qui peut être traitée par l'inhibition de l'activité de l'enzyme NTRK kinase.

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