J. A. TREBER & B. SIMON.

CATAMENIAL BANDAGE.

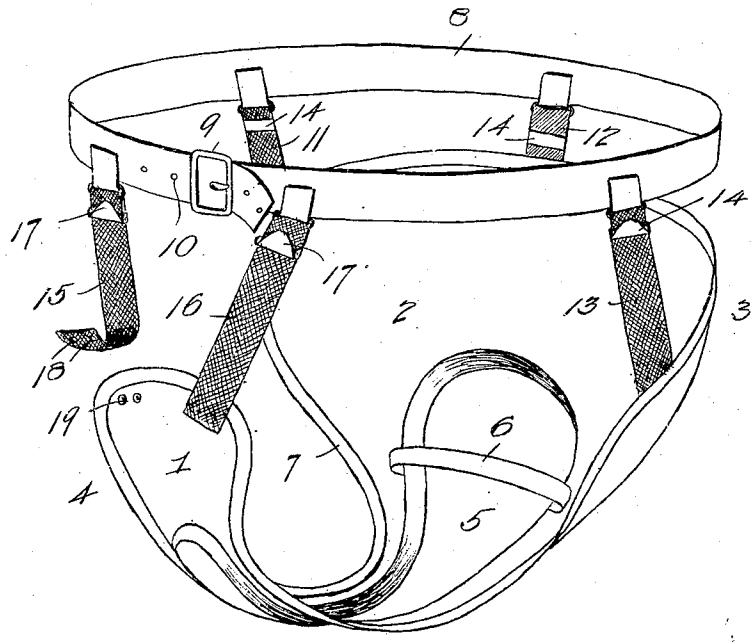
APPLICATION FILED JULY 23, 1907.

909,349.

Patented Jan. 12, 1909.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.



Witnesses

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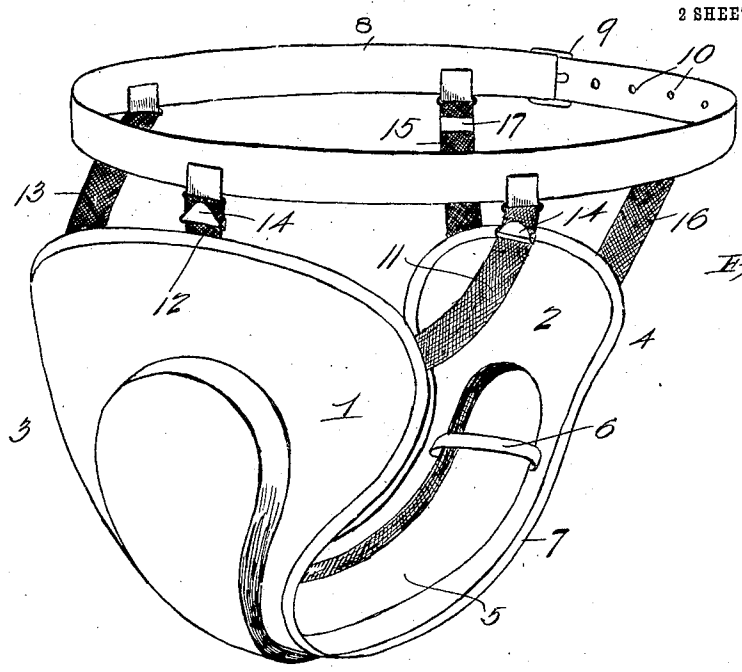


Fig. 2.

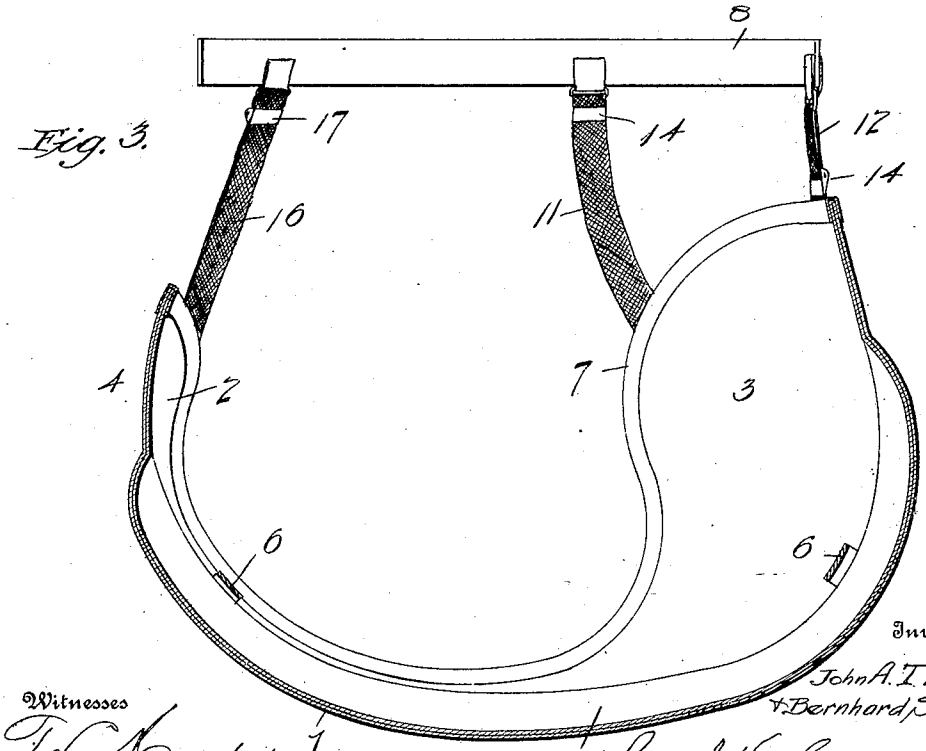


Fig. 3.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

JOHN A. TREBER AND BERNHARD SIMON, OF DEADWOOD, SOUTH DAKOTA.

CATAMENIAL BANDAGE.

No. 909,349. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Jan. 12, 1909.

Application filed July 23, 1907. Serial No. 385,175.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that we, JOHN A. TREBER and BERNHARD SIMON, citizens of the United States, residing at Deadwood, in the county of Lawrence and State of South Dakota, have invented new and useful Improvements in Catamenial Bandages, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to catamenial bandages, and has for its object to provide an article of this character which shall be thoroughly efficient in use, comfortable to wearer, and which may be readily adjusted to the person of the user in such manner as to obviate discomfort.

With the above and other objects in view, as will appear as the nature of the invention is better understood, the same consists in the novel construction and combination of parts of a catamenial bandage as will be hereinafter fully described and claimed.

In the accompanying drawings forming a part of this specification and in which like characters of reference indicate corresponding parts, Figure 1 is a view in perspective of the article taken from the inner side thereof. Fig. 2 is a similar view taken from the outer side. Fig. 3 is a longitudinal sectional view.

The body of the article is by preference constructed of a non-absorbent and moisture proof material and consists of two plies, an outer ply 1 of guttapercha or other rubber like cloth, and an inner ply 2 of oil silk, this on account of its lightness and ease and readiness with which it may be cleansed. The body, when viewed in plan, is panduriform and is not regular, as the rear portion 3 is larger than the front portion 4.

Extending throughout the greater length of the body is a channel or depression 5 that is designed to receive a suitable absorbent, bands 6, of which there may be any number and that bridge the channel serving to retain the absorbent material in position. This channel will generally be about a half an inch deep and from an inch and a half at its narrow end to about four inches at its wider end in width, and will be formed in the outer ply by molding or otherwise, so as to insure the retention of its contour. The two plies may be secured together in any preferred manner, in this instance by a marginal binder 7 of any suitable material. In order to retain the article upon the wearer, there is a belt 8 employed that is adjustable in the ordinary manner, as by a buckle 9 and eyelets 10. This belt may be made of a non-elastic material or an elastic material as preferred and is connected with the rear portion 3 by three straps 11, 12 and 13, each of which carries a buckle 14 to permit requisite adjustment.

In order to retain the front portion of the article in operative position in use there are two straps 15 and 16 employed that are suitably secured to the belt and are provided with buckles 17 to permit adjustment as to length. The free or outer end of each of these straps is provided with two socket members 18 that are adapted to engage frictionally with pairs of ball members 19 secured to the margin of the outer ply of the front member, as clearly shown in Fig. 2. While from a standpoint of convenience it will generally be preferred to employ these so-called glove fasteners for the purpose, it is to be understood that any other convenient form of fastening device may be adopted if desired or according to the taste of the user.

What we claim is:

A garment protector comprising a body portion formed with a narrow front and a wide rear having upturned edges, said body portion being provided with a central absorbent material receiving channel which tapers in width, and a plurality of bands crossing said channel and adapted to retain the absorbent material therein.

In testimony whereof, we affix our signatures in presence of two witnesses.

JOHN A. TREBER.
BERNHARD SIMON.

Witnesses:
MURRAY C. WAGNER,
GEORGE E. WILL.