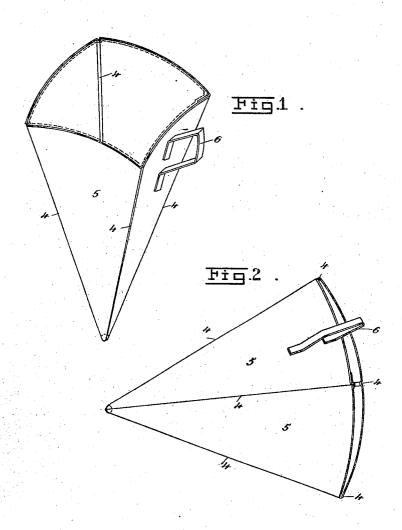
F. TSCHERNITSCHEK

FLYCATCHER

Filed April 9, 1924



F. Tschenvitschek

By Marks Llerh

Marys

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANZ TSCHERNITSCHEK, OF TRAUTENAU, CZECHOSLOVAKIA.

FLYCATCHER.

Application filed April 9, 1924. Serial No. 705,349.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, Franz Tschernits-CHEK, a citizen of the Czechoslovakian Republic, residing at No. 8 Bahnhofstrasse, Trautenau, Bohemia, Czechoslovakia, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Flycatchers (for which I have filed applications in Czechoslovakia, November 29, 1922, March 10, 1923, and in Great 10 Britain, March 15, 1924), of which the fol-

lowing is a specification.

This invention has for its object to provide an improved fly-catcher. The improved fly-catcher consists substantially of 15 a hollow body tapering towards one end, and provided on its inner surface with a coating of viscous substance for catching flies. The wider end of the hollow body is open, and preferably also the narrower end 20 of the hollow body is likewise open, so that on the hollow body being swung round or to-and-fro, a current of air will be caused to flow into the interior of the said hollow body. Any flies that happen to be within 25 the range of this current of air will be drawn into the hollow body in which sooner or later they will adhere to the said coating of viscous substance, owing to the converging shape of the hollow body in its longitu-30 dinal direction.

An embodiment of this invention is illustrated by way of example in the accompany-

ing drawing in which:
Figure 1 is a perspective view showing

35 the fly-catcher in its open position.

Figure 2 is a perspective view showing the fly-catcher in a folded position.

In the arrangement shown in Figs. 1 and

2, the fly catcher is formed from a single blank of material shaped in the form of a 40 hollow pyramid 5 having openings at the base and apex, the creases 4 being formed by depressing the blank inwardly and longitudinally of the pyramid, which in addition to permitting of folding of the blank, 45 constitute longitudinal reinforcing ribs when the catcher is extended. A collapsible handle 6 is also connected to the outer surface of one side of the pyramid to facilitate manipulation of the device.

The improved fly-catcher is preferably made of paper, but any other suitable material may be employed in its manufacture.

As intimated the interior surface of the hollow body is coated with a viscous sub- 55 stance to which flies and the like adhere during the swinging of the device through the air, as apparent. What I claim is:—

An insect-catcher, comprising a blank of 60 material folded to form a hollow pyramid having openings at the base and apex, the corner creases of the pyramid being longitudinally depressed inwardly permitting the same to be folded and also acting as rein- 65 forcing ribs, a coating of viscous substance on the interior surface of the pyramid and a flexible collapsible handle secured to the outside of said pyramid.

In testimony whereof I have signed my 70

name to this specification.

FRANZ TSCHERNITSCHEK.

Ing. Arthur Schweinburg, MILES KLANK.