



US009043314B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Chen et al.

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 9,043,314 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **May 26, 2015**

(54) **SEARCH ENGINE QUERY CUSTOMIZATION
AND SEARCH SITE RATING SYSTEM**

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 336 days.

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(21) Appl. No.: **12/619,520**

(22) Filed: **Nov. 16, 2009**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2011/0119242 A1 May 19, 2011

(51) **Int. Cl.**
G06F 7/00 (2006.01)
G06F 17/30 (2006.01)

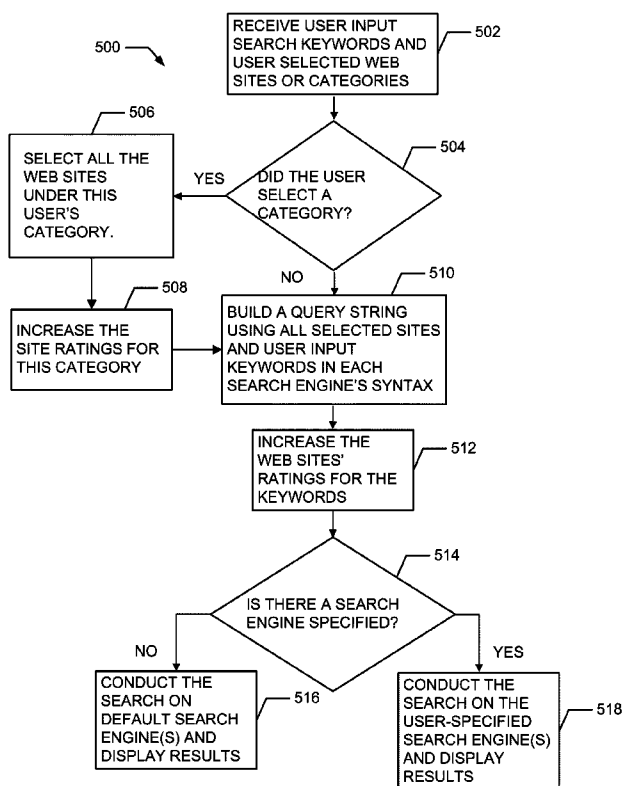
(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **G06F 17/30867** (2013.01); **G06F 17/30112**
(2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC G06F 17/30112
USPC 707/722
See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method and system are provided for web search customization and web site rating. The system receives user input web sites, stores the web sites in a database, and groups them into user-specified categories. The system further allows users to select one or more web sites for customizing web search and querying the preselected sites using user input keywords. The system further provides the users with options to query a plurality of search engines. All web sites stored within the system are rated in response to the user operations. Each web site has at least a global rating indicating the rating within the system, a category rating indicating the rating within a given category, and a keyword rating indicating the rating for a given keyword. The system provides the users with a list of recommended web sites based on the web sites' ratings.

19 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets



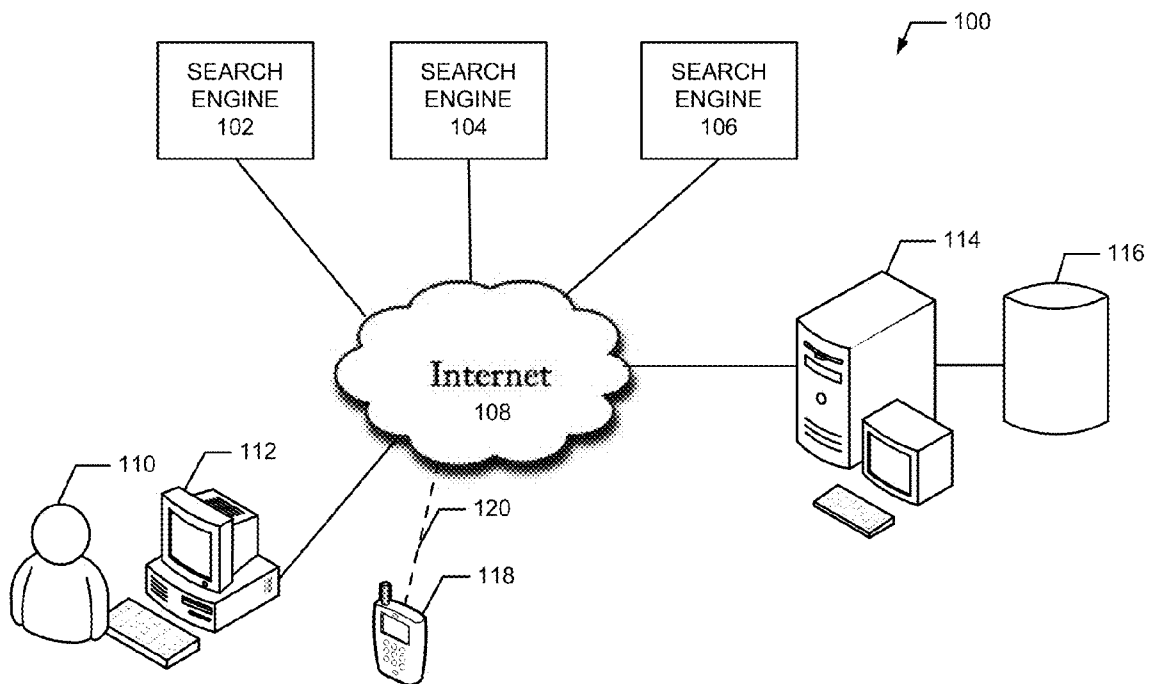


FIGURE 1

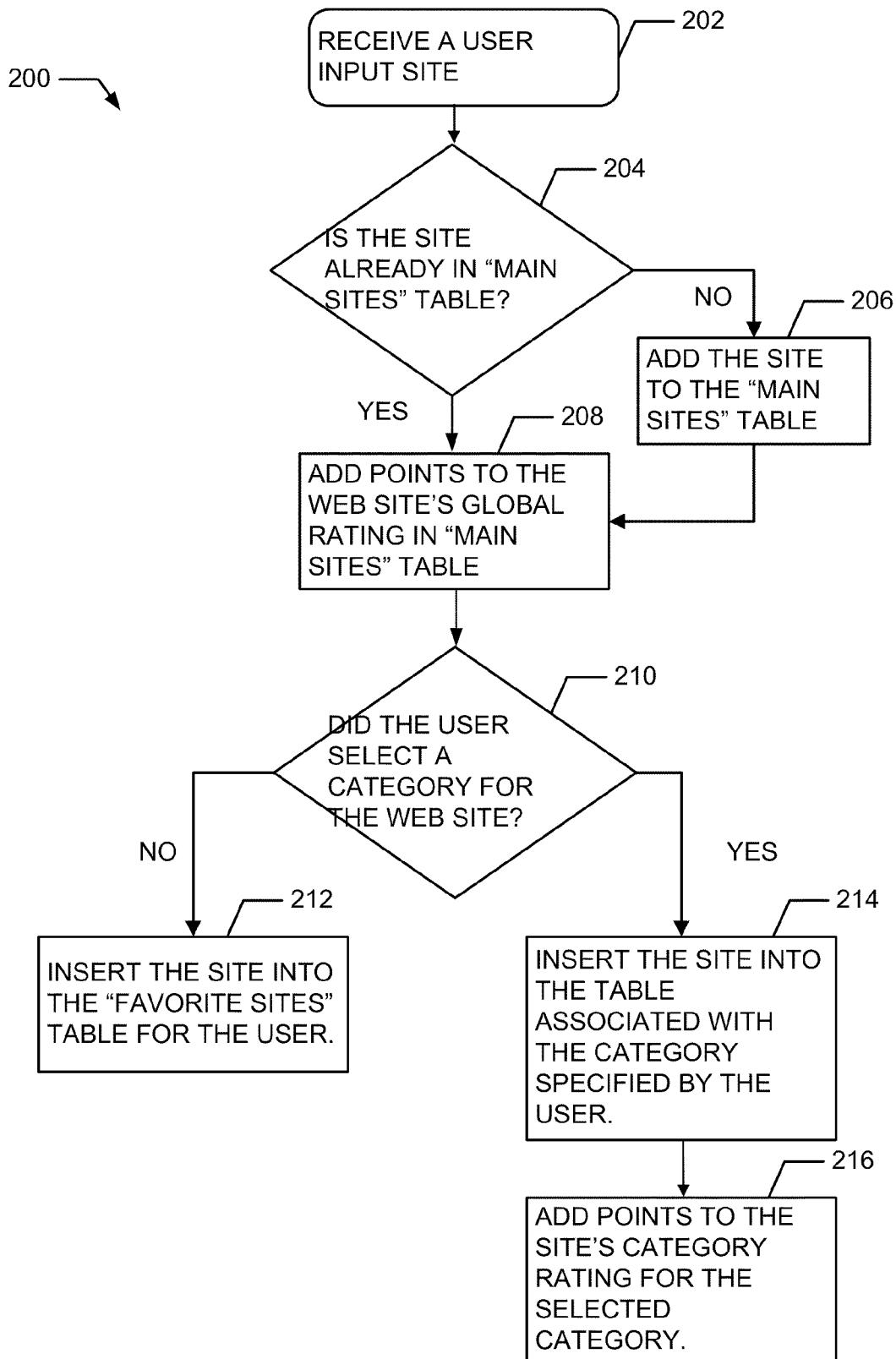


FIGURE 2A

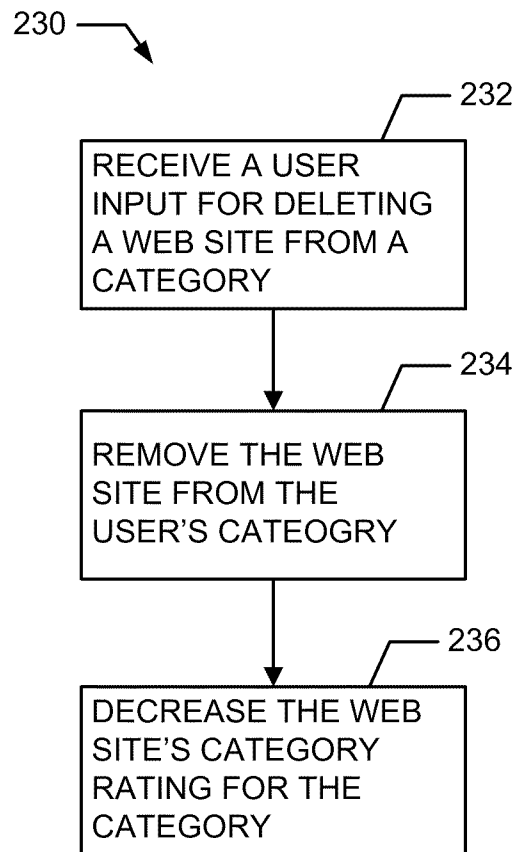


FIGURE 2B

MAIN SITES TABLE 250

WEB SITE	RATING
SITE 1	3
SITE 2	1
SITE 3	4
SITE 4	6
SITE 5	10

FIGURE 2C

FAVORITE SITES TABLE FOR "JOE" 260

WEB SITE
SITE 20
SITE 4

FAVORITE SITES TABLE FOR "MIKE" 265

WEB SITE
SITE 3
SITE 11
SITE 32

FIGURE 2D

TABLE FOR THE "GUITAR" CATEGORY 270

WEB SITE	RATING
SITE 1	2
SITE 2	1
SITE 3	3

FIGURE 2E

TABLE FOR THE KEYWORD1 280

WEB SITE	RATING
SITE 1	2
SITE 2	5
SITE 3	1

FIGURE 2F

MAIN SITES TABLE 282

USER	SITE	CATEGORY	SITE NOTE
Joe	Site 1	Category 1	Note 1
Mike	Site 2	Category 2	Note 2
Joe	Site 20		
Joe	Site 23		Note 23
Mike	Site 11	Category 5	
Mike	Site 20		

CATEGORY TABLE 284

CATEGORY	SITE	RATING
Category 1	Site 1	12
Category 2	Site 2	2
Category 3	Site 20	33
Category 3	Site 23	5

KEYWORD TABLE 286

KEYWORD	SITE	RATING
Keyword 1	Site 1	5
Keyword 2	Site 2	34
Keyword 2	Site 3	110
Keyword 3	Site 1	5

FIGURE 2G

302 Group (what's this?): Guitar 303 Add/Update group 300

Add sites (if there are more than 10, you can come back to this form and add more)

304 You can add as many sites as you want, and also a note to remind yourself what the site is. 306

Site 1:	mylespaul.com	Notes 1:	Gibson Les Paul forum
Site 2:	lespaulforum.com	Notes 2:	Les Paul Forum
Site 3:	fenderforums.com	Notes 3:	Fender forums
Site 4:		Notes 4:	
Site 5:		Notes 5:	

308 Add Sites

309 Sites under Guitar

acapella.harmony-central.com -
birdsandmoons.com - PRS guitars forum
tdpri.com - Telecaster forum
thegearpage.net -
ultimate-guitar.com -

310 Delete Sites 312 or Group sites under: 314 - Choose a Group - Group them!

FIGURE 3

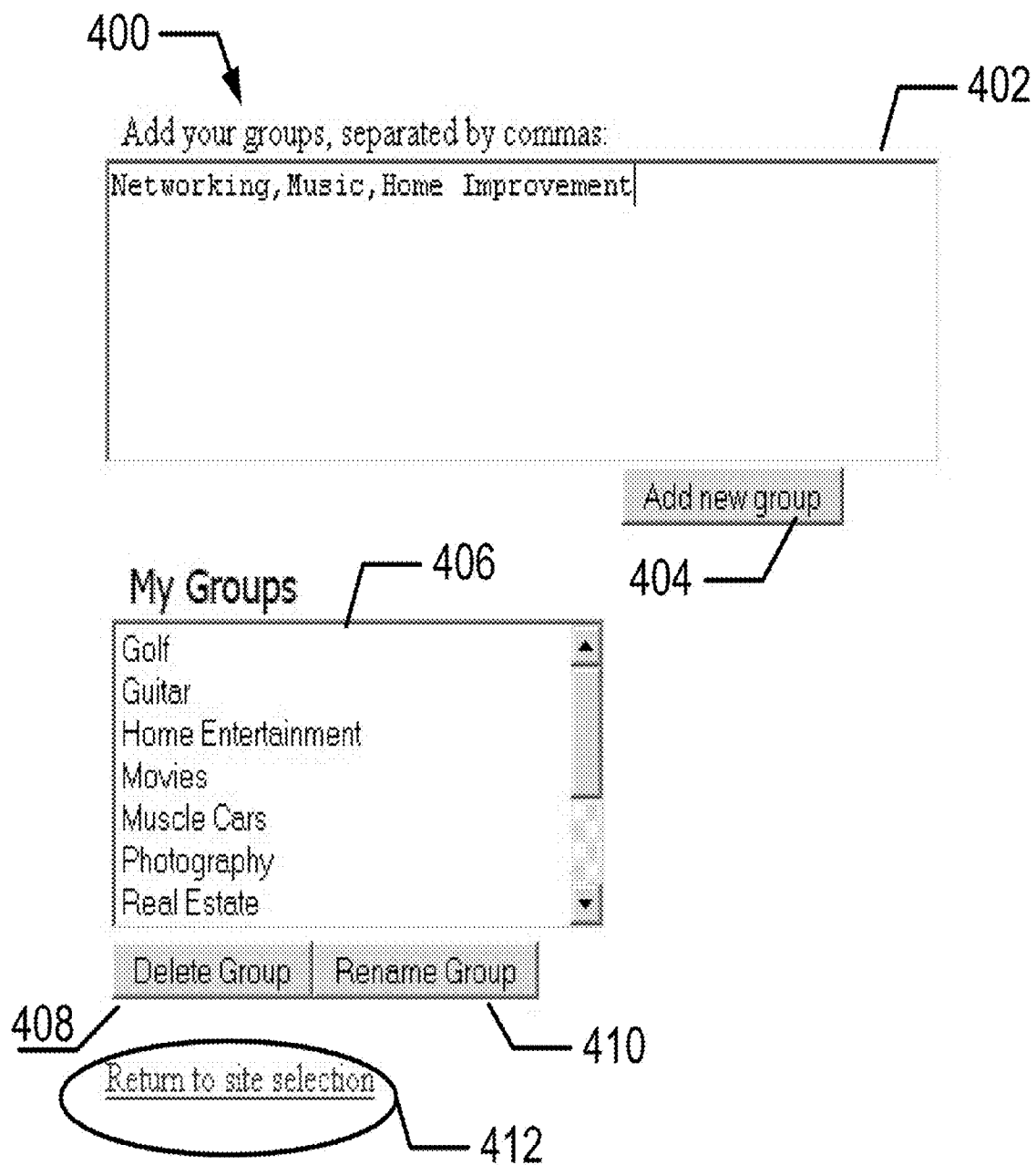


FIGURE 4

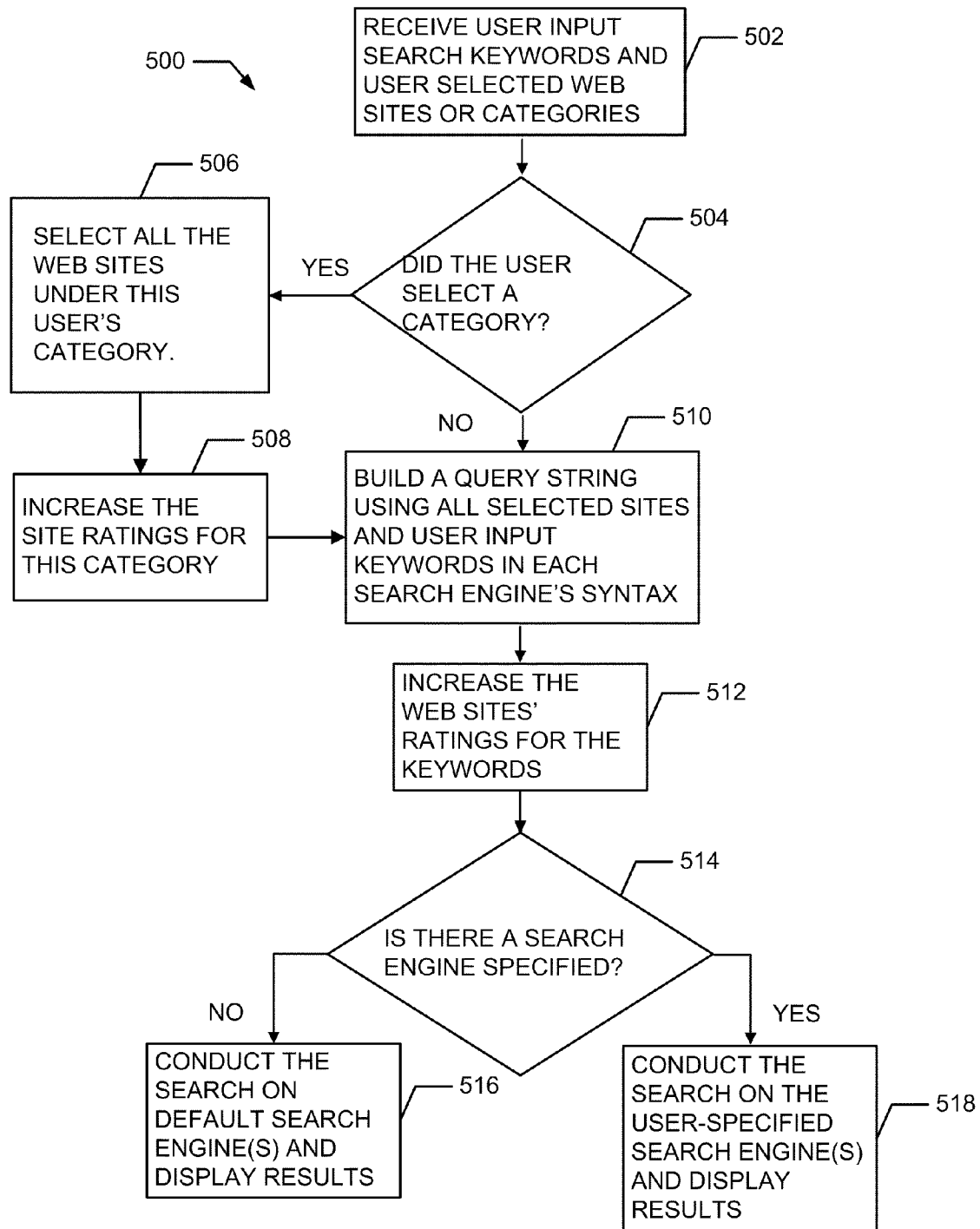


FIGURE 5

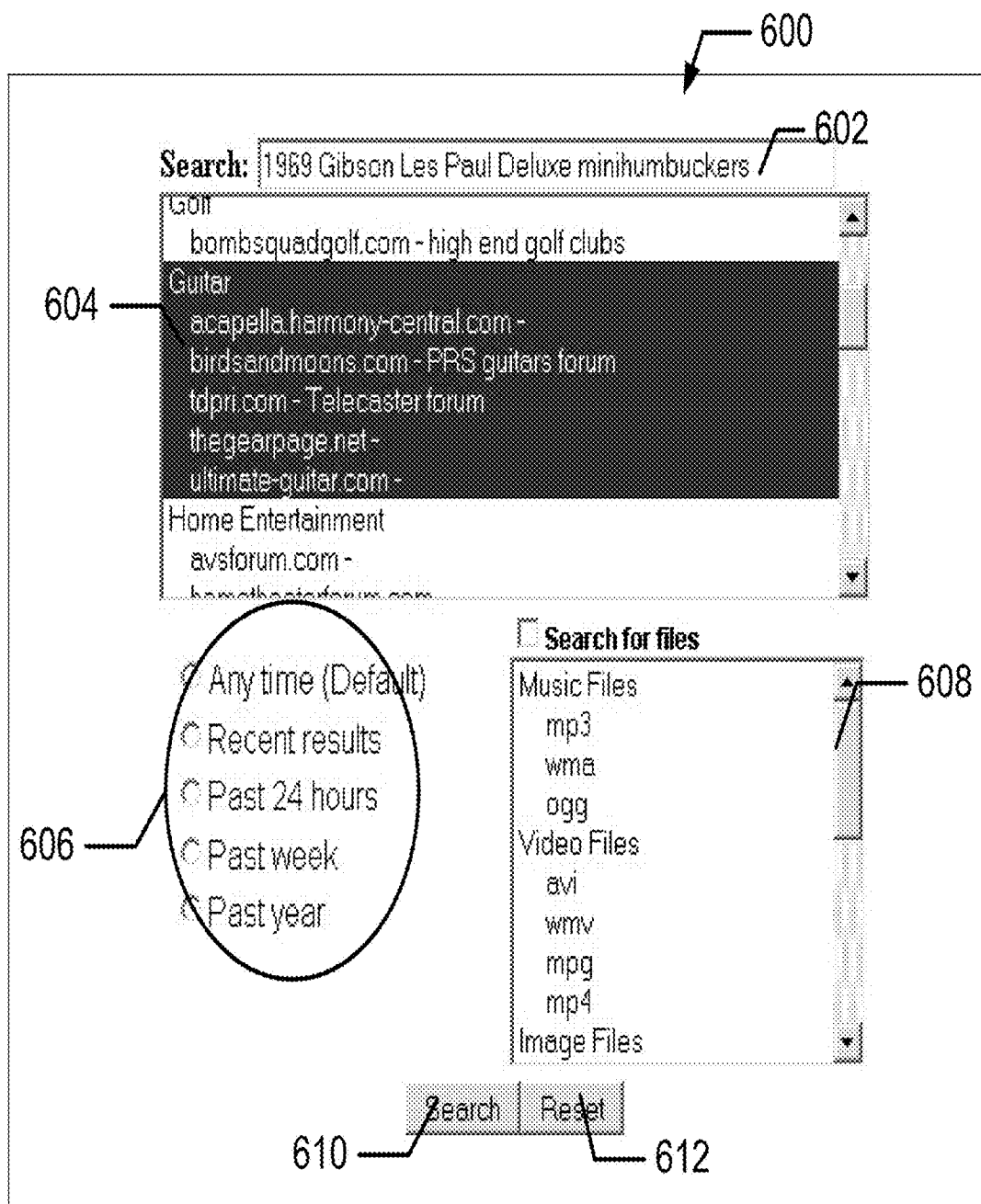
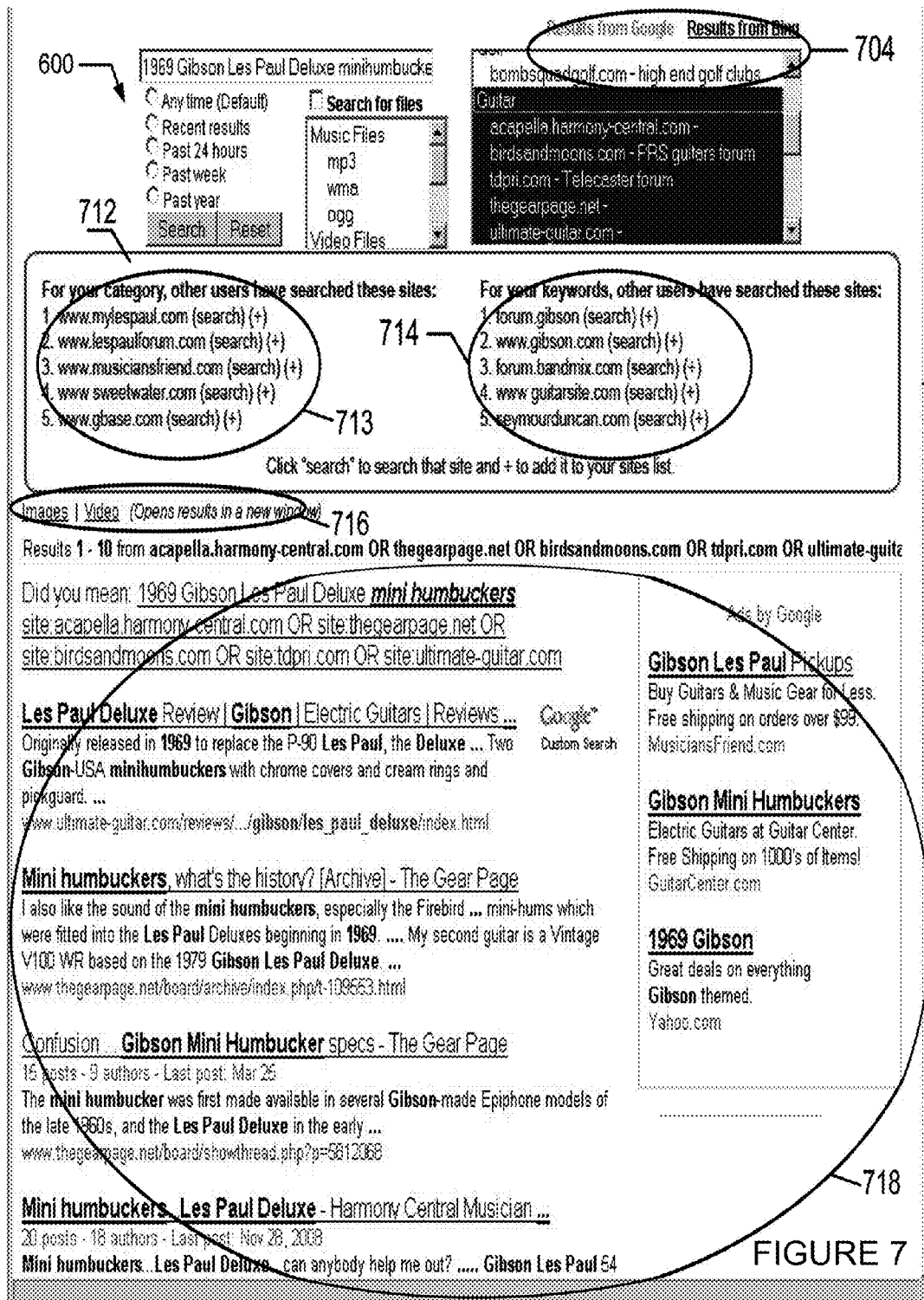


FIGURE 6



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SEARCH ENGINE QUERY CUSTOMIZATION AND SEARCH SITE RATING SYSTEM

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to the field of web search and specifically to techniques for customizing internet search via user-specified web sites and site rating.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Web search engines, such as GOOGLE, MICROSOFT BING, YAHOO!, are designed to search for information on the World Wide Web. The search results are usually presented in a list and are commonly called hits. The information may consist of web pages, images, documents and other types of files. Some search engines also mine data available in databases or open directories.

Web searches are primarily done via keyword queries that present users with results (i.e., hits) linked to web sites containing the queried keywords. The results usually contain a mixture of sites the user may or may not have seen before. While users are often searching for new sites, many users usually have a list of preferred sites on which they prefer to conduct the search in different topics. Searching particular sites is possible through writing complex custom query strings for various search engines, which is very inconvenient to the users.

Currently, there are no existing systems for storing and automatically choosing custom user specified web sites for limiting the scope of a web search. There is a need, therefore, for techniques that allow users to store and conveniently apply custom user-specified preferences for querying multiple search engines at the same time.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Within the context of this invention, the terms "web site," "web site's URL," and "web site's IP address" are considered interchangeable.

Described herein is a method, system and computer implementation for providing a user with web search customization and web site rating.

Specifically, the user is allowed to submit a list of web sites that he or she wishes to search via a keyword search. A note can also be attached to or associated with each web site for the purpose of further identification. The user can also create categories or groups to group these websites. Within the scope of this invention, the terms "category" and "group" are considered interchangeable.

With respect to search customization, the user can specify a keyword or keywords to query or conduct a search on the Internet. The user is allowed to select one or more web sites for searching. When the web sites are selected, they are combined with the user-input keyword for conducting the keyword search. Alternatively, the user can select a category for conducting the keyword search. Accordingly, all the sites under that category are combined with the user-input keyword for the web search. Furthermore, the users can select multiple sites and categories for the keyword search.

After the user inputs the keyword and selects the web sites, query strings are created for a plurality of search engines, such as GOOGLE, MICROSOFT BING, and YAHOO!. Additionally, the user can search for documents based on file extension and document type.

According to another embodiment, a method is provided for web site rating. The web sites input by the users are

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numerically rated based on user operations and search activities. For example, every time a user adds a web site, the rating of the web site will increase. Every time the user selects a web site for keyword search, the rating also increases. When a site is removed from a category, the rating decreases. Commercial web sites can purchase points to increase the rating of their sites.

On the search results page, the results from one search engine are displayed to the user, along with links to the results from other search engines. In addition to these results, a set of suggested sites is also displayed. These suggested sites are determined based on the ratings of the web sites for the same category and/or for similar keywords. On the suggested sites list, the web sites are ordered based on their rating, from the highest to the lowest. Selecting a suggested site brings the user to a page displaying the search results obtained from that web site using the user-specified keyword. Additionally, the user has the option to add the selected site into his or her site list.

In keeping with various embodiments, a method is provided for customizing search engine queries. The method comprises receiving user input comprising one or more web sites, grouping the one or more web sites into one or more categories, receiving another user input for selecting at least one of the one or more web sites under at least one of the one or more categories, and conducting a user-initiated keyword search on the at least one selected web site associated with the one or more categories using at least one search engine.

In keeping with some alternative embodiments, a method is provided for rating web sites. The method includes receiving user input comprising one or more web sites, grouping the one or more web sites into one or more categories, and rating the one or more web sites in accordance with predetermined criteria associated with the one or more categories.

In keeping with still some alternative embodiments, a user interface is provided for the user to conduct web search customization. The user interface includes a web site input field for receiving one or more web sites from a user, a category field for grouping the one or more web sites into one or more categories and for selecting at least one of the one or more web sites for conducting a keyword search, and a keyword field for receiving a search keyword from the user for conducting the keyword search on the selected at least one web site using one or more search engines.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S)

FIG. 1 depicts a system for providing web search customization and Internet site rating;

FIG. 2A depicts a method for storing, grouping, and rating web sites in a database;

FIG. 2B depicts a method for deleting a web site from a category;

FIG. 2C depicts a main sites table for storing all user-input web sites and their global ratings;

FIG. 2D depicts a favorite sites table for user "Joe" and a favorite sites table for user "Mike;"

FIG. 2E depicts a table associated with the "Guitar" category;

FIG. 2F depicts a keyword table associated with KEYWORD1;

FIG. 2G depict another embodiment where a main sites table, a category table, and a keyword table are used to manage the user-input websites and the web site ratings.

FIG. 3 depicts an exemplary user interface for inputting and grouping web sites;

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FIG. 4 depicts an exemplary user interface for managing groups specified by users;

FIG. 5 depicts a method for customizing a user-initiated web search based on user-input keywords and user-identified web sites and rating the web sites according to the user initiated web search;

FIG. 6 depicts an exemplary user interface for customizing a user-initiated web search based on user-input keywords and user-identified web sites; and

FIG. 7 depicts an exemplary user interface for displaying and managing search results generated by the customized web search.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Now turning to the drawings and referring to FIG. 1, a system **100** is depicted therein according to one embodiment of the invention for customizing user-initiated web search and for rating web sites stored in a computer readable medium of a digital database.

System **100** includes an application server **114** for providing a web-based application services that customize user-initiated web search on the Internet and conducting web site rating. Specifically, the application server **114** includes one or more computer readable media **116** that store computer code for executing instructions comprising web-based application services. The computer codes for implementing the web-based application is executed by the application server **114** that is accessed by a user terminal **112** via a web browser over a network **108**, such as the Internet or an intranet. As further shown in FIG. 1, a user terminal can also take form of a cell phone or smart phone **118** connected to the Internet **108** through a wireless connection **120**. Similarly, the smart phone **118** can access the application **114** through the Internet **108** and render a mobile web browser for providing the web search customization functionalities described herein.

The web-based application is coded in a browser-supported language (such as HTML, JavaScript, Java, etc.) and relies on a common web browser (such as Internet Explorer, Firefox, Chrome, etc.) to render the application on the user terminal **112**. In particular, when accessing the web-based application services provided by the application server **114**, the user **110** starts a web browser on the user terminal **112** and inputs a URL or an IP address associated with the web-based application. In response to the connection request, the application server **114** transmits program codes in the form of the browser-supported language to the user terminal **112**. Upon being executed by the web browser running on the user terminal **112**, the program codes instruct the web browser to render user interfaces to interact with the user **110**. According to the various embodiments, the user interfaces are designed to allow users to input search keywords, to input and identify web sites to customize web search, and to manage and group the web sites, and provide the users with search results and suggested web sites based on the web site ratings. The web search customization and web site rating are further discussed below.

The application server **114** further includes a database **116** for storing user-input web sites. The database **116** includes a plurality of tables for storing the web sites. Specifically, as shown in FIG. 2C, one of these tables is a main sites table **250** for storing the web sites input by all of the users of the system **100**. For each user, the database also includes a favorite sites table for storing the sites that are indicated by the user or identified by the system as his/her favorite sites for purposes of conducting various searches thereon. For example, as shown in FIG. 2D, the database **116** includes a favorite site

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table **260** for user "Joe" and a favorite site table **265** for another user "Mike." According to an alternative embodiment, a plurality of users may share one favorite site table. For example, the favorite sites of users "Joe" and "Mike" are combined into a single favorite site table.

As shown in FIG. 2E, the database **116** also includes other tables, each associated with a group or category. According to one embodiment, these groups or categories are specified and input by users. For example, when a user creates a category or a group called "Guitar" and saves all the user's favorite guitar sites under that category, the server **114** then stores the user's guitar sites into a table **270** associated with the "Guitar" category and updates the ratings of the web sites that are input by the user. In one embodiment, these categories and sites are only associated with that particular user and are not available to other users of the system. Alternatively, when a user creates a category or a group (e.g., "Guitar" group) and saves all the user's favorite guitar sites under that category, the server **114** then stores the user's guitar sites into a table containing categories and sites for an entire user population along with a field tying each category and site to the specific user responsible for supplying that input. Alternatively, these categories are generated by the application server **114** automatically when receiving the user input web sites. For example, when the application server **114** receives a user input including a web site "www.fenderforum.com," it automatically generates a "Guitar" category for storing the web site.

As shown in FIGS. 2C and 2E, the main sites table **250** and the tables associated with the categories **270** include information, such as numerals under the "Rating" column indicating the rating of each web site saved therein. In particular, the "Rating" column in the main sites table **250** stores a global rating of each web site in the system, indicating the system-wide popularity of each web site. The "Rating" column in the table for each category, such as table **270** for the "Guitar" category, stores a category rating of each web site under that category, indicating the category-wide popularity of the web site.

The database **116** can take forms of SQL databases, OQL databases, proprietary databases, or other commercially available databases well known to one skilled in the art.

The application server **114** is designed to communicate with the search engines **102**, **104**, and **106**, such as GOOGLE, MICROSOFT BING, YAHOO!, etc. As further described below, the web application running on the application server **114** allows the user **110** to select one or more web sites for customizing the keyword search on the search engines **102**, **104**, and **106**.

FIG. 2 depicts a process **200**, when executed by the web application, instructs the server **114** to receive, group and manage user-input web sites. The process **200** also instructs the server **114** to perform web site rating based on the user operations on the web sites. In keeping with the embodiment depicted in FIG. 2, the process **200** first instructs the server **114** to receive a user input web site (step **202**) and determine if that web site is already in a main sites table in the database **116** (step **204**). If the newly entered web site does not exist in the main sites table, the web site is added to the main sites table as a new entry (step **206**) and an initial global rating is set for the web site. If, on the other hand, the web site has been previously entered and currently exists in the main sites table, a point or points are added to the global rating of the web site (step **208**).

In step **210**, the process **200** further instructs the server **114** to determine if a user has selected a category for the web site. If the user does not identify a category for the web site, the web site is entered into the favorite sites table associated with

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the user, such as table **260** or **265** (step **212**). If, on the other hand, the user specifies a category for the newly entered web site, the web site is inserted into the table associated with the user-specified category (step **214**). The category rating of the web site is increased for the selected category (**216**). For example, a point or points are added to the numerical rating of the web site stored in the table associated with the selected category.

Alternatively, a user input web site is assigned to a category according to the knowledge of the web sites available to the public or the application server **114**. In another example, when the user inputs a web site “www.foodnetwork.com,” an analysis is conducted on the web site by searching its introduction page and automatically assigning the web site to the “Cooking” category based on the search result. In an alternative example, when the user inputs the web site “www.foodnetwork.com,” the favorite site table is searched to check whether this web site has already been input by other users, and the website is assigned to the category that the majority of users have assigned to the website.

FIG. **2B** illustrates another process **230**, when executed by the web application, instructs the server **114** to remove a web site from a category. According to FIG. **2B**, a user input is received for deleting a web site from a user-selected category (step **232**). The web site is removed from that category for that user (step **234**). Accordingly, the global rating and the category rating of the web site is decreased for that selected category (step **236**).

FIGS. **2C-2E** illustrate exemplary embodiments for each of the main site table (**250**), the favorite site table for user “Joe” (**260**), the favorite site table for user “Mike” (**265**), and a table for the category “Guitar” (**270**). Each table has a “web site” column for storing the web sites that the user inputs. As discussed above, the main sites table **250** shown in FIG. **2C** is a global table for storing all of the web sites input into the system **100**. The favorite site table for each user (**260** or **265**), as shown in FIG. **2D**, stores the web site identified by the user as his/her favorite sites or by the system when the user does not specify a category for the web site. The table **270** for category “Guitar” shown in FIG. **2E** is used to store the web sites that are assigned to the “Guitar” category by all the users or the system. In addition, the main sites table **250** further includes a rating column for storing the global rating of each web site stored therein. Similarly, the “Guitar” table **270** also includes a rating column for storing the category rating of each web site under the “Guitar” category. One skilled in the art would understand that the system **100** has a plurality of users and a plurality of tables, each associated with different categories, such as a “Home” category table, a “Travel” category table, a “Music” category table, and the like.

As depicted in FIG. **2G**, an alternative embodiment comprises one main site table **282** for storing the favorite sites of all users using the system **100**. This table **282** contains all of the users, the web sites that they have inputted and the web site’s assigned categories indicated by a category field. If a web site does not have an assigned category, the category field is left blank. Each site and its category are then tied to a user field for the purposes of limiting the ability to view and edit these sites and categories to individual users who input the site and category, if desired.

This embodiment further includes a category table **284** and a keyword table **286**, which store the web sites, their ratings, their categories, and their ratings, respectively. Specifically, the category table **284** stores all of the categories inputted by the users and those sites that have been assigned to each of those categories. The rating field of table **284** stores the rating of each web site within its category. Similarly, the keyword

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table **286** stores all of the keywords that have been searched for by all the users and those web sites that have been selected by users for those keyword searches. The rating field of table **286** stores the rating of each web site for individual keywords.

In keeping with this embodiment, when a user first registers for the system **100**, the system selects a number of default sites and default categories for the user. These sites and categories are selected by the system according to certain criteria. For example, when a person (e.g., a web site’s owner) has an interest in a web site, this person can purchase the “spot” in the default sites and categories for the web site. For example, the default categories for a user include “SHOPPING,” “SPORTS,” and “HEALTH” categories. The “SHOPPING” category includes by default “ebay.com” and “amazon.com,” the “SPORTS” category includes by default “ESPN.com,” the “HEALTH” category include by default “webMD.com,” etc. The user can then build upon this list or delete it completely if he wants.

FIG. **3** shows one embodiment of the interface. As shown in FIG. **3**, the interface **300** includes a number of fields, such as text boxes, menus, and buttons, for the user to interact with the process **200**. In particular, the interface **300** includes a group field **302** for a user to select a group or category to which the web sites are added. The interface **300** also includes a plurality of site fields **304** and note fields **306** for the user to inputting the web sites to be added to the database **116** and putting notes that help the user to identify the web sites in a later time. When the user clicks the add sites button **308**, the web sites and their associated notes entered into the site fields **304** and note fields **306** will be transmitted to the database **116** and added into the group (e.g., “Guitar” group) identified in the group field **302**. The web application on the application server **114** processes each of the web sites according to the process **200** depicted in FIG. **2A**.

The interface **300** further includes a field **309** for displaying all of the web sites that are currently included in the group identified in group field **302**. The user can further select individual web sites listed in field **309** and delete or regroup them. For example, the user can select and highlight the site “thegearpage.net” in field **309** using a mouse and click the delete sites button **310** to delete the “thegearpage.net” site from the “Guitar” group. Alternatively, the user can click the “Group them!” button **314** to regroup the “thegearpage.net” site into another group identified in the draw-down menu **312**.

As discussed above, each time the user operates on the web sites through the interface **300**, the processes **200** or **230** will be triggered to add or delete a web site and to adjust the rating of the web site according to the user operations.

The interface **300** further includes an “Add/Update group” link **303**. When the user clicks the “Add/Update group” link **303**, another interface **400** shown in FIG. **4** is rendered for the user to manage the groups under his/her account. As shown in FIG. **4**, the interface **400** includes an add group field **402** for the user to input names of the groups to be added to his/her account. Once the user clicks the “Add new group” button **404**, those groups listed in the add group field **402** are added into the group list **406**. The user can also delete a group from the group list **406** by highlighting a group in the list **406** and clicking the “Delete group” button **408**. Furthermore, the user can also rename a group by highlighting a group in the list **406** and clicking the “Rename Group” button **410**. The interface **400** also includes a “Return to site selection” link **412** for returning to the interface **300** shown in FIG. **3**.

Now turning to FIG. **5**, a process **500** is provided, which allows a user to customize the keyword search on various search engines and for rating the web sites stored in the database **116** based on the user-initiated search.

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In particular, the process 500, when executed by the web application, instructs the server 114 to receive a keyword(s) input by the user (step 502). The user input also includes one or more web sites or categories selected by a user through the user interface provided by the web application (step 502). In step 504, the process 500 instructs the server 114 to determine if a user selects a category for conducting the keyword search (504). If a category is selected, all the web sites under the category are selected (step 506). In step 508, the global rating and the category ratings of these selected web sites are increased. As shown in FIG. 6, when the "Guitar" category is selected, the ratings of all of the web sites under user's "Guitar" category are increased. Alternatively, if only one web site, such as "thegearpage.net," is selected by the user, then only the ratings of the "thegearpage.net" site are increased. As described above, the change in the rating of a web site for a particular category is reflected in the table associated with the category. For example, when the rating of the "thegearpage.net" is increased, the corresponding rating field in table 270 is modified to reflect the change.

In step 510, a search string is generated based on the user input information for each of the search engines 102, 104, and 106. In particular, the search string includes a logical combination of the user input keywords and user-specified web sites. In addition, the search string is generated in a syntax provided by the specifications of the corresponding search engine. For example, assuming the user input keywords include "KEYWORD1 AND KEYWORD2" and the user-specified web sites include WEBSITE1 and WEBSITE2, the search string may take the form of "KEYWORD1 AND KEYWORD1 SITE:WEBSITE1 SITE:WEBSITE2." Alternatively, the search string may be in the form of KEYWORD1 AND KEYWORD1 (SITE:WEBSITE1 OR SITE:WEBSITE2). After reading this specification, one skilled in the art will understand that the search string may take other forms that comply with the syntax of a particular search engine.

In step 512, a keyword rating of each web site selected by the user is increased. The keyword rating of a web site for a particular keyword indicates how many times the web site has been selected for searching that keyword. Referring to the above example, each of the WEBSITE1 and WEBSITE2 has a keyword rating for KEYWORD1 and a keyword rating for KEYWORD2. When the user selects WEBSITE1 and WEBSITE2 for conducting the keyword search, the keyword ratings of both web sites for the KEYWORD1 and KEYWORD2 are increased. In keeping with this keyword rating, the database 116 further includes a keyword table for each keyword for storing the web sites the users searched for the keyword and their keyword ratings. FIG. 2F illustrates an exemplary keyword table 280 for KEYWORD1. The table 280 includes a web site column for storing all of the web sites that the users have searched for KEYWORD1 and a rating column for storing the keyword ratings of the web sites.

In step 514, the process 500 instructs the server 114 to determine if a search engine is specified by a user for conducting the keyword search. If the user specifies a search engine, such as search engine 102, the proper query string is submitted to the search engine and obtains and displays the search results returned from the search engine (step 518). If, on the other hand, the user does not specify a particular search engine, a default search engine or all of the available search engines are selected for conducting the keyword search (step 516).

According to an alternative embodiment, a user is allowed to select more than one category or web site and use different search engines for different categories or web sites when conducting the keyword search. For example, the user can

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select a "Music" category and a "Guitar" category for the keyword search. The user is allowed to conduct the search on the all "Music" web sites using GOOGLE and on all "Guitar" web sites using MICROSOFT BING.

In keeping with this embodiment, if a user conducts a keyword search without specifying a site or category, the entire Internet is searched using the search engine(s). Those search results as described above are presented to the user.

According to an alternative embodiment, the keyword search involving a web site also increases the keyword ratings of that web site for other keywords similar to the one specified by the user. For example, if a user conducts a keyword search using keyword "1969 Mustang" and the web site "www.classicmusclecars.com," in addition to increasing the keyword rating of the web site for keyword "1969 Mustang," the system also increases the keyword ratings of the web site for keywords that are similar to "1969 Mustang," such as "1970 Mustang," "1969 Charger," "1969 Corvette," etc.

FIGS. 6 and 7 depict one embodiment of a user interface for the user to customize keyword search according to the process 500. Similarly to interfaces 300 and 400, the interface 600 also includes a number of fields for the user to interact with the process 500. In particular, interface 600 includes a search keyword field 602 for the user to input search keywords. Web site selection field 604 allows a user to select through a mouse or keyword one or more web sites listed in the field 604. As shown in FIG. 6, the user can select the web sites by highlighting them individually. Alternatively, if the user selects a category, such as "Guitar," all of the web sites under the user's "Guitar" category are automatically selected and highlighted. The interface 600 further includes a time frame field 606 and a file type field 608 that allow the user to limit the search results to certain time period and file type. For example, if the option "Past 24 hours" is selected, the interface 600 only displays search results posted within the past 24 hours. Alternatively, if the "mp3" file type is selected, the interface 600 only displays search results containing mp3 files. Multiple file types may be selected at the same time. For example, a user can select both "mp3" and "wma" formats for a music search.

The interface 600 further includes a reset button 612 for the user to clear the inputs and selections in fields 602, 604, 606, and 608.

After inputting the keywords and making necessary selections in field 602, 604, 606, and 608, the user can click the search button 610 to start the process 500 for keyword search and web site rating. As shown in FIG. 7, in response to the user-initiated web search, the interface 600 displays the search results obtained according to the process 500 in result field 718.

According to the embodiment depicted in FIG. 7, the interface 600 provides a number of fields for the user to further customize the search results. For example, the interface 600 includes a field 704 for the user to select a particular search engine for conducting the keyword search. As shown in FIG. 7, when the "Results from Google" option is selected, the result field 718 only displays the search results obtained from the GOOGLE search engine. Alternatively, if the "Results from Bing" option is selected, the result field 718 will display the results obtained from the BING search engine. Although not shown, options for displaying results from other search engines can also be included in the field 704 of the interface 600.

Alternatively, the interface 600 includes a group of radio buttons (not shown) for selecting which search engine(s) to perform the web search. For example, each of the radio buttons is used to indicate a search engine such as GOOGLE,

BING, YAHOO!, etc. The user can choose one or more of these search engines for the web search by choosing the radio buttons representing them. The result page **718** then shows the search results obtained from the search engine(s) selected by the user.

The interface **600** further includes a field **716** for displaying search results of a particular type. As shown in FIG. 7, the field **716** includes an “Images” and a “Video” links. When the user clicks one of these links, the research results of the image type or video type are displayed to the user.

The interface **600** further includes a recommended site field **712** for displaying to the user a number of web sites recommended by the system based on web site rating. As shown in FIG. 7, the recommended site field **712** includes a list of recommended sites (list **713**) for the category that the user has selected in process **500** and a list of recommend sites (list **714**) for the keywords that the user has searched for. For example, in FIG. 7, the user selects the “Guitar” category for conducting the keyword search. Accordingly, the list **713** shows a number of web sites from the table **270** associated with the “Guitar” category. The web sites are listed in their category ratings’ descending order for the “Guitar” category. The list **714** shows a number of web sites from the table **280** associated with the keyword that the user has searched for. Similarly, the web sites are listed in their keyword ratings’ descending order for that keyword. The web sites’ ratings are updated as described above with respect to processes **200**, **230**, and **500**.

In an alternative embodiment, the interface **600** also includes a list of recommended web sites in accordance with the global rating. For example, after the user conducts a web search, all of the web sites within the database **116** are ranked according to their global ratings. The interface **600** then displays a ranked list of the web sites in the global rating’s descending order, showing the most popular web sites on the top of the list followed by the next most popular web site.

With respect to the web site rating, the number of points added to or taken from each web site’s rating is determined by the design of the system. For example, when a web site is added into the system, the global rating of the web site is increased by one (1) point. When the user adds the web site to a certain category, the web site’s rating for that category is increased by one (1) point. When the user removes a web site from a category, the web site’s rating for that category is decreased by one (1) point. When the user conducts a keyword search by selecting a web site from a category, the web site’s rating for the category and the rating for the keyword are each increased by one (1) point. One skilled in the art will recognize that the users’ operations can also increase or decrease a web site’s rating by more than one (1) point.

As discussed above, the rating of each web site stored in the database **116** is a measure of the popularity of the web site. For example, the global rating of the web site reflects a system-wide popularity of the web site among the user population including all the users of the system **100**. The category rating of the web site reflects the popularity of the web site for the given category. The more users add the web site to the same category or the more users conduct keyword search on the web site for the category, the higher the rating of the web site for the category. Similarly, the keyword rating reflects the popularity of the web site for the given keyword. The more users search the keyword on the web site, the higher the keyword rating of the web site for that keyword.

According to another embodiment, the web site rating system described herein can be used to promote commercial web sites and to generate revenues for the operator of the system **100**. In particular, a customer can purchase from the

system operator a number of points to be added to the rating of a particular web site, so that the web site will appear toward the top in lists **713** and **714** in the interface **600**. For example, in FIG. 7, the customer who owns the “thegearpage.net” web site can purchase a number of points from the system operator and add those points to the rating of the “thegearpage.net” web site for the “Guitar” category. The points added to the rating of the web site will move the “thegearpage.net” web site to or close to the top of list **713** for the “Guitar” category. As a result, other users searching within the “Guitar” category will more readily notice the web site and will be more inclined to select the “thegearpage.net” web site to customize their keyword search. Alternatively, a person who has an interest in the web site can also purchase points for the web site to be added to its rating.

Similarly, a web site’s owner can also purchase points from the system operator to be added to the web site’s rating for certain keywords. The web site’s owner can use the keyword rating to promote the services and products provided by the web site. For example, in FIG. 7, the owner of the “thegearpage.net” web site can purchase points and add the points to the web site’s rating for the keyword “Gibson Les Paul Deluxe,” so that the web site will appear toward the top of list **714** every time a user searches for the guitar product named “Gibson Les Paul Deluxe.” As a result, the web site will be more noticeable to the user who will be more inclined to search for and purchase the product from the “thegearpage.net” web site.

According to a further embodiment as shown in FIG. 7, when the user clicks the “+” sign arranged after each web site in the list **713** or **714**, the selected web site is automatically added to the current category (i.e., the “Guitar” category) or any category selected by the user. When the user clicks the “search” sign after each web site in the list **713** or **714**, a keyword search is performed on that selected web site.

As discussed above, the processes **200**, **230**, and **300** may be implemented in the form of web applications running on the application server **114**. When a user connects to the application server **114** through the user terminal **112**, user interfaces **300**, **400**, and **600** are rendered on the user terminal **112** for the user to interact with the processes **200**, **230**, and **300**.

According to some other embodiment, a user of the system **100** can create a list of his favorite web sites and group them under various categories as needed. The user can then search any of those web sites directly from the search interface such as interface **600**. Other users of the system cannot see or manipulate his site lists or his categories, nor can he see sites others users’ site lists or categories.

The system **100** can also rate these web sites based on how many times the global user population searches them for specific keywords and/or how many times they are added by the user population to their own lists and categories.

Based on these ratings, the system **100** presents a list of sites (e.g., top 5 or 10 sites) to any user who searches for the same or similar keywords or categories. In addition, advertisers can buy rating points to push their sites up closer to the top for specific keywords and categories.

In an exemplary embodiment, 1000 different users created a category called “Guitar” and all added the web site “www.guitar.com” to the category. If a user “Joe” conducts a web search in his own “Guitar” category for keyword “les paul,” the system **100** can determine that user “Joe” searches his “Guitar” category and then presents the web site “www.guitar.com” as a recommended site, if the web site “www.guitar.com” has a category rating for the “Guitar” category that is within the top 5 or 10 sites within the “Guitar” category.

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Additionally, the system **100** can also determine that user “Joe” searches for the keyword “les paul” and determine what web sites other users have included in their web searches for the same keyword “les paul.” If a lot of other users have searched “www.guitar.com” so that its keyword rating for keyword “les paul” is within the top 5 or 10 sites for the keyword, then the site would be listed as a recommended site.

Furthermore, if “www.guitar.com” web site’s owners purchase points for the “les paul” keyword or the “Guitar” category, the system **100** then adds those points to the corresponding rating so that it will be shown to a user searching for the “les paul” keyword or the “Guitar” category.

In keeping with another embodiment, the Interfaces **300**, **400**, and **600** are implemented as a browser plug-in rendered as a toolbar on a web browser such as MICROSOFT INTERNET EXPLORER, FIREFOX, etc. One skilled in the art will readily understand how to implement this interface after reading the description.

According to another embodiment, a user of the system **100** can send or transfer his/her categories and/or web sites to another person who may or may not be a user of the system **100**. For example, the user “Joe” may select the “Guitar” category including all of the web sites therein. The interface **600** then provides the user “Joe” with a list of the users of the system so that “Joe” can select another user, such as “Mike,” from the list to send the “Guitar” category. The system then generates a message and presents the message to the user “Mike” as soon as “Mike” logs onto the system, indicating that he has received a category sent by “Joe.” The user “Mike” can choose to accept the category or reject it. If the user “Mike” chooses to accept the category, the system **100** then makes a copy of the “Guitar” category from “Joe’s” account and all of the web site therein and transfers the copy to “Mike’s” account. Specifically, the system **100** generates more entries in the main sites table **282** for storing the “Guitar” category including the web sites that are newly added. At the same time, the system **100** also updates the category table **284** and keyword table **286** accordingly to reflect the newly added “Guitar” category.

Alternatively, the system may allow a user to send the selected category to a person via email. For example, after selecting the “Guitar” category, the user “Joe” can input an email address in an email field provided on interface **600** and click a “send” button to instruct the system **100** to generate and send an email message including the selected “Guitar” category. Still alternatively, the selected category may also be sent via a text message to a cell phone or smart phone device. The interface **600** may provide the user with a phone number field for specifying the phone device to send the selected category.

In an alternative embodiment, the system **100** also allows a user to select and transfer one or more categories and web sites to another person, who may or may not be a user of the system.

In still an alternative embodiment, the system **100** allows a user to make some or all of their sites and categories public, that is, viewable by other users.

Specifically, the system **100** provides a user with an interface, which allows the user to add another user’s profile into a “Favorite User List.” For example, if User 1 adds User 2 to his/her “Favorite User List,” the interface provided by the system **100** allows User 1 to click on User 2’s profile to view User 2’s public sites and categories list and to search them in the same manner he/she searches on User 1’s own sites and categories. Alternatively, the interface provided by the system **100** allows User 1 to import User 2’s public sites and categories

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into his own sites and categories list, thereby including these imported sites and categories into User 1’s account.

All references, including publications, patent applications, and patents, cited herein are hereby incorporated by reference to the same extent as if each reference were individually and specifically indicated to be incorporated by reference and were set forth in its entirety herein.

The use of the terms “a” and “an” and “the” and similar referents in the context of describing the invention (especially in the context of the following claims) are to be construed to cover both the singular and the plural, unless otherwise indicated herein or clearly contradicted by context. The terms “comprising,” “having,” “including,” and “containing” are to be construed as open-ended terms (i.e., meaning “including, but not limited to,”) unless otherwise noted. Recitation of ranges of values herein are merely intended to serve as a shorthand method of referring individually to each separate value falling within the range, unless otherwise indicated herein, and each separate value is incorporated into the specification as if it were individually recited herein. All methods described herein can be performed in any suitable order unless otherwise indicated herein or otherwise clearly contradicted by context. The use of any and all examples, or exemplary language (e.g., “such as”) provided herein, is intended merely to better illuminate the invention and does not pose a limitation on the scope of the invention unless otherwise claimed. No language in the specification should be construed as indicating any non-claimed element as essential to the practice of the invention.

Preferred embodiments of this invention are described herein, including the best mode known to the inventors for carrying out the invention. Variations of those preferred embodiments may become apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art upon reading the foregoing description. The inventors expect skilled artisans to employ such variations as appropriate, and the inventors intend for the invention to be practiced otherwise than as specifically described herein. Accordingly, this invention includes all modifications and equivalents of the subject matter recited in the claims appended hereto as permitted by applicable law. Moreover, any combination of the above-described elements in all possible variations thereof is encompassed by the invention unless otherwise indicated herein or otherwise clearly contradicted by context.

The invention claimed is:

1. A method for customizing search engine queries for a plurality of users of a search engine, comprising:

receiving first user input, from a first user of the plurality of users, comprising one or more web sites, said user input further providing data for grouping one or more web sites into one or more web search query results known only to the first user;

storing the one or more web sites and raising an assigned rating of the one or more websites stored in a data store based on the one or more websites being received in the first user input;

associating each of the one or more websites stored in a data store with each of the one or more web search query results, and raising a second assigned rating for each of the one or more websites upon association with each of the one or more web search query results based on the one or more websites and the one or more web search query results of the first user input;

receiving from a second user of the plurality of users, a generated search string, comprising a search query having one or more keywords;

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determining that said search string comprising a search of or within a web search category of the one or more web search query results by accessing the search history of the plurality of users stored in the data store and determining one or more web search query results that have been previously searched by the first user when searching the same one or more keywords in said search string; updating the rating assigned to the one or more web sites based upon the second user generated search string; conducting a user-initiated search on the at least one selected web site associated with the one or more web search query results by passing the user generated search string to at least one search engine; returning results of the search engine query, the results modified based on the matching of one of more web search query results of the first user input, and returning search results where at least one website in the one or more web search query results is ranked higher based on the matching.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein selecting at least one of the one or more web search query results automatically selects all web sites under the selected at least one web search category and modifies the results of each website in the web search category.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the assigning step is repeated to change a rating of the one or more web sites in accordance with criteria associated with user operation comprising payment to raise said rating of a website in the one or more web search query results.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the criteria include popularity of the one or more web sites among a user population associated with the web search category.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the popularity of the one or more web sites is determined based on at least one of a search incidence of the one or more web sites among the user population and an incidence of inclusion of the one or more web sites into the one or more categories among the user population.

6. The method of claim 3, further comprising:
providing the user with a list of recommended sites in accordance with the web site rating; and
receiving a user command for adding a web site selected from the list of recommended sites to one of a user-selected category and a favorite sites list.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein conducting the user-initiated search further comprises:
generating for each of the one or more search engines a query string based on the one or more search terms and the selected at least one web site, wherein format of the query string complies with syntax of the corresponding search engine;
submitting each of the one or more query strings to the corresponding search engine for a web search; and
obtaining and displaying search results from the one or more search engines.

8. The method of claim 4, wherein grouping the one or more web sites into one or more categories further includes:
receiving at least one user-specified category; and
grouping the one or more web sites into the at least one user-specified category.

9. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
receiving a user input from a first user for selecting at least one category;
transferring the at least one selected category to a second user via at least one of an internal message, an email, and a text message.

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10. The method of claim 9, further comprising:
receiving an input from the first user for making the at least one web site under the selected category public to a user population;
receiving an input from the second user for adding the at least one web site made public to the user population to a favorite site list associated with the second user; and
importing the at least one web site into the favorite site list of the second user.

11. A method for rating web sites comprising:
receiving user input comprising one or more web sites from a first user;
grouping the one or more web sites into a favorite category associated with the first user and one or more web search queries;
receiving a search term and a user command for conducting a web search from a second user;
determining that said search term is within said favorite category and said one or more web queries associated with the first user;
using the search term and a web site selected under a category from a second user, the second user given no indication of the grouping and web sites provided by the first user; and
changing an order in which websites are listed in exhibited results of a query to a website from those actually returned in said query using said search term of said second user based on the determining that said search term is within said favorite category and said one or more web queries associated with the first user.

12. The method of claim 11, wherein the web site popularity is determined based on a search incidence of the one or more web sites among a user population, the method further comprising:
increasing the rating of the web site for the category and the rating of the web site for the search term.

13. The method of claim 11, wherein the web site popularity is determined based on an incidence of inclusion of the one or more web sites into the one or more categories among a user population, the method further including:
receiving a user command for adding a web site to a user-selected category; and
increasing the rating of the web site for the user-selected category.

14. The method of claim 11, wherein the web site popularity is determined based on points purchased for the one or more web sites and the points are purchased by a person having an interest in the one or more web sites, the method further including:
receiving a user purchase order for points to be added to the rating of a web site under a selected category; and
increasing the rating of the web site for the category by the number of purchased points.

15. The method of claim 11 wherein said user input is in a user interface presented to said user as a browser plug-in which is activated through a toolbar integrated into said browser.

16. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
associating each of the one or more keywords in the search string with each of the one or more websites associated with the category stored in the data store, and raising a third assigned rating for each of the one or more websites upon association with a keyword of the one or more keywords in said search string, wherein the results are also modified based on the third assigned rating.

17. The method of claim 16, further comprising:

associating each of the one or more keywords in the search
string with the category stored in the data store, and
raising a fourth assigned rating for each of the one or
more keywords in the search string upon association 5
with the category, wherein the results are also modified
based on the the fourth assigned rating.

18. The method of claim 11, wherein a said search query is
determined to be in a category of websites entered by another
user based on said search query returning websites which are 10
in said category of websites entered by another user.

19. The method of claim 11, wherein said changing of said
order in which said websites are listed and exhibited is based,
at least in part, on matching of one of more web search query
results with that of a first user input, and returning search 15
results where at least one website in the one or more web
search query results is ranked higher based on the matching.

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