



(11) **EP 2 706 020 B1**

(12) **EUROPEAN PATENT SPECIFICATION**

(45) Date of publication and mention of the grant of the patent:  
**23.08.2017 Bulletin 2017/34**

(51) Int Cl.:  
**B65D 85/04<sup>(2006.01)</sup> B65H 49/08<sup>(2006.01)</sup>**

(21) Application number: **12183193.7**

(22) Date of filing: **05.09.2012**

(54) **Container for welding wire with two superimposed retainers**

Behälter für Schweißdraht mit zwei überlagerten Haltern

Réceptient pour fil de soudage avec deux éléments de maintien superposés

(84) Designated Contracting States:  
**AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HR HU IE IS IT LI LT LU LV MC MK MT NL NO PL PT RO RS SE SI SK SM TR**

(43) Date of publication of application:  
**12.03.2014 Bulletin 2014/11**

(73) Proprietor: **ISAF S.p.A.**  
**38089 Storo (TN) (IT)**

(72) Inventor: **Stocchetti, Roberto**  
**38023 Cles (TN) (IT)**

(74) Representative: **Pittis, Olivier**  
**L'Air Liquide, S.A.**  
**Direction de la Propriété Intellectuelle**  
**75, Quai d'Orsay**  
**75321 Paris Cedex 07 (FR)**

(56) References cited:  
**EP-A1- 2 256 064 EP-A1- 2 354 039**  
**JP-U- 61 092 674 US-A1- 2008 142 567**  
**US-A1- 2012 006 802**

**EP 2 706 020 B1**

Note: Within nine months of the publication of the mention of the grant of the European patent in the European Patent Bulletin, any person may give notice to the European Patent Office of opposition to that patent, in accordance with the Implementing Regulations. Notice of opposition shall not be deemed to have been filed until the opposition fee has been paid. (Art. 99(1) European Patent Convention).

## Description

**[0001]** The present invention relates to a container or a drum for packaging, storing, transporting and unwinding a coil or spool of welding wire with two internal mobile rings or retainers for holding the wire spool.

**[0002]** A major well-known problem in automatic and robotic welding, when using a welding wire that comes out of a drum and that is delivered to a welding torch or similar, are the twists of the wire that are created by the coil spooling process. Indeed, twists often appear when a wire is extracted from a drum or similar by the welding machine comprising the welding torch to which the wire is fed.

**[0003]** Actually, when a welding wire is packed in a round container, such as a cylindrical-shaped drum, the wire is always twisted. Afterwards, the twists are released, when the wire leaves the drum during the unwinding of the wire coil, i.e. when the wire is progressively consumed by a welding device.

**[0004]** However, twists in wire are a serious concern as they lead to subsequent welding defects and quality problems in the welding joints thus obtained. Indeed, the twists involve wire distortions leading to oscillations of the wire in the contact tip of the welding equipment, i.e. the welding torch or similar, and to an irregular distribution of the wire during the welding operation.

**[0005]** In an attempt to solve this problem, document EP-A-519424 proposes a container with a retainer device placed on the top of the coil and having an outer periphery matching the diameter of the inner wall of the container and an inner bell-mouthed portion defining a wire extraction opening.

**[0006]** Another proposed solution is disclosed in EP-A-636098 which teaches the use of a square box with an internal flat cover, arranged on the wire coil and having a peripheral square border that matches the internal shape of the box.

**[0007]** Another proposed solution is disclosed in EP-A-1053189 which discloses a polygonal box-like body for accommodating a circular coil of wire and a retainer device arranged inside the body on the coil for preventing accidental entanglement of the wire, and a wire conduit device for the guidance of the wire out from the body during the unwinding. The retainer device described in EP-A-1053189 is however too complicated and expensive to manufacture commercially.

**[0008]** EP-A-1693139 discloses a drum for a welding wire coil comprising a wire holding device positioned on the coil for holding it. The holding device has a rigid central disc and a flexible cover with a dimension greater than an inner diameter of the drum so that corner portions of the cover slightly rise along an inner wall of the drum.

**[0009]** EP-A-1693140 discloses a drum with a conical, tapered or pyramidal inner wall formed of oblique pieces and comprising a rigid central disc with a central orifice positioned on the coil and across which the wire passes, and further with flexible and deformable peripheral expansions projecting beyond the edge of the disc to maintain the wire loops.

**[0010]** However, these devices using a disk-shape retainer or more complicated devices arranged on the top of the wire spool are not ideal because they are not able to correctly maintain the spirals of wire and/or do not permit a smooth unwinding of the wire spool during a welding operation. In other words, the above disclosed retainers or similar devices like that of JP 61 092674 U disclosing a container in accordance with the preamble of claim 1 do not retain the welding wire and/or avoid or limit the twists in a satisfying manner when used in an industrial environment, i.e. when the wire is progressively consumed by a welding apparatus, such as a welding robot or similar device.

**[0011]** As a consequence, there is still a need for a new container for storing and transporting welding wire coil that is easy and cost effective to manufacture, that allows a efficient maintaining of the coil and/or at least limits the problem of twists and non uniform unwinding of the wire coil.

**[0012]** Further, the container should preferably be configured so as to prevent the wire from passing between the peripheral border of the retainer ring and the inner surface of the drum while the welding machine is pulling out the wire through the central hole of the retainer device. This serves to prevent the wire from laying on a portion of the retainer device and being blocked from further pulling..

**[0013]** The retainer device should also preferably be able to exercise a constant pressure on the spool without becoming blocked by the walls of the drum, while the spool unwinds downwardly in the drum.

**[0014]** Furthermore, the container should preferably also be easy to transport and to handle, stable during utilization and preferably made of recycle material, such as cardboard.

**[0015]** A solution according to the invention is a container for packaging a coil of welding as defined in claim 1 which is formed of a hollow body which comprises a peripheral wall and a bottom part, said hollow body further comprising a first retainer, said first retainer 4 having a first diameter D1 and being axially mobile in said hollow body 1, characterized that it comprises a second axially mobile retainer positioned on the first retainer 4, said first and second retainers each having a flat ring-shape with a central opening, the second retainer having a second diameter D2 less than the first diameter D1, i.e.  $D2 < D1$ . A container or drum according to the present invention comprises the following additional features:

- the retainer arranged on the top of the welding wire coil maintains the wire spirals of the spool.
- the first retainer has a first diameter D 1 that is slightly less than the internal diameter D of the peripheral wall of the hollow body, i.e. the space E between the peripheral border of the first retainer and the inner wall of the container

is less than 3 mm.

- optionally, the first diameter D1 of the first retainer is of between 50 and 100 cm, preferably between 50 and 70 cm, for example of between about 50 to 55 cm.
- optionally, then second diameter D2 of the second retainer is of between 49 and 99 cm, preferably between 49 and 69 cm, for example of between about 49 to 54 cm.
- the first dimension d1 of the first central opening of the first retainer is greater than the second dimension d2 of the second central opening of the second retainer.
- optionally, the first dimension d1 of the first central opening of the first retainer is of between 30 and 79 cm, preferably between 35 and 50 cm, for example of between about 36 to 37 cm.
- optionally, the second dimension d2 of the second central opening of the second retainer is of between 29 and 78 cm, preferably between 30 and 45 cm, for example of between about 33 to 34 cm.
- the wire contained in the container can be any type of wire including submerged arc welding wires, solid wires, flux cored wires, metal cored wires or any other types of welding wires.
- the wire contained in the container may have a surface coating, such as a copper surface layer, the surface coating preferably having a thickness of between 0,1 to 1,5  $\mu\text{m}$ .
- the wire contained in the container may also have no surface coating.
- the first and second retainers are arranged on the top of the welding wire coil.
- optionally, the first and second retainers are made of cardboard or of any other suitable material, such as polymer, wood, composite, metal....
- the first retainer and the second retainer are preferably superimposed and in direct contact one another.
- the first retainer and the second retainer can move one with respect to the other during unwinding, thereby creating a space between them. This results in a better control of the wire unwinding process, and eliminates or at least strongly limits wire deformation during unwinding, in particular if.
- the first retainer and/or the second retainer have a general circular shape.
- a circular coil of welding wire is disposed on the bottom part in said hollow body.
- The hollow body preferably comprises a cover for closing the container. Preferably, the cover comprises a central outlet or orifice for the wire to be pulled through.
- optionally, the peripheral wall of the hollow body is made of cardboard material.
- the container preferably has a generally cylindrical shape.
- alternatively, the container has a generally polygonal shape, i.e. square, pentagonal, hexagonal, octagonal or similar shape.
- optionally, the peripheral wall of the hollow body is made of a multi-layer cardboard material, preferably a three or more layer cardboard.
- further optionally, the hollow body is made of one rectangular piece of cardboard that is bent so as to obtain a circular hollow body and having two opposite parallel edges attached one to the other.
- the internal diameter of the hollow body is preferably from between 45 cm and 120 cm, more preferably from between 30 and 70 cm.
- optionally, the height of the hollow body is of between 65 and 130 cm, preferably from between 75 and 110 cm.

**[0016]** A container according to the present invention can be used in a robotic or automatic welding operation, preferably an electric arc welding process, such as a MIG or MAG welding process.

**[0017]** The present invention will be better understood thanks to the following description of several possible embodiments of a container according to the present invention, which is made in references to the accompanying figures among which:

- Figure 1 represents a view in cross-section of an embodiment of a container according to the present invention,
- Figures 2 represents (view in cross-section) the retainers of the container of Figure 1,
- Figure 3 shows (view from the top) the retainers and container of Figures 1 and 2,
- Figures 4 and 5 show two alternative embodiments (view from above) of the retainers and container of Figures 1 and 2,
- Figure 6 shows comparative shapes of two wires extracted from a container according to the present invention and from another container according to the prior art.

**[0018]** Figure 1 shows an embodiment of a container or drum for packaging a coil or spool 6 of welding wire 7, such as a flux cored wire or a metal cored wire, according to the present invention.

**[0019]** The welding wire container comprises a unique hollow body 1, which comprises a peripheral wall 2 and a bottom part 3 at its lower end, said bottom part 3 is integral with the peripheral wall 2.

**[0020]** The hollow body 1 can further comprise, at its upper end, a cover 8 for closing the container with a central orifice 18, such as a hole or a slot, through which the wire 7 passes during the unwinding of the spool 6 during a welding

operation, so that the wire 7 is extracted from the hollow body 1 through the small outlet 18 arranged at the center of the cover 8. The hollow body 1, the bottom part 3 and the cover 8 are preferably made of cardboard, such as reinforced cardboard or similar.

[0021] In the present embodiment, the hollow body 1 has a cylindrical shape. However, it can have other shapes, including polygonal shapes such as square (See Figure 4), pentagonal, hexagonal or octagonal (see Figure 5).

[0022] Preferably, the retainers 4, 5 have peripheral profiles or shapes that can match the inner wall of the drum as visible in Figures 3 to 5. However, the first and second retainers 4, 5 may also have different shapes or profiles, for example one can be circular, whereas the other can be polygonal.

[0023] Peripheral wall 2 is preferably made of one rectangular piece of cardboard that is bent so as to obtain the desired shape forming the hollow body 1 and having its two opposite parallel edges attached one to the other, for instance stapled, glued or bonded together so as to obtain a closed body. The bottom part 3 is fixed to said peripheral wall 2 by any suitable connection means, for instance it can be stapled, glued, bonded or similar.

[0024] The internal diameter D of the hollow body 1 is typically between 45 cm and 120 cm, but preferably between 30 and 70 cm, whereas its height is generally between 65 and 130 cm, preferably between 75 and 110 cm.

[0025] A circular coil 6 of welding wire 7 is disposed on the bottom part 3 in said hollow body 1. Said wire spool 6 comprises a plurality of wire turns forming spirals.

[0026] According to the present invention, a pair of superimposed mobile retainers 4, 5 is arranged on the top of the welding wire coil 6. In other words, the retainers 4, 5 are placed one on the other so as to be in contact one another.

[0027] The first 4 and second 5 retainers are used for maintaining the wire spirals of the coil 6 and for ensuring a smooth extraction of the wire 7 during unwinding, i.e. the wire exits with no or limited twists or knots.

[0028] The axially-mobile retainers 4, 5 both comprise a central opening 14, 15, respectively, through which passes the wire 7, before passing through the central orifice 18 of the cover 8, while being extracted/pulled by the welding machine, such as a welding robot or the like. The axially-mobile retainers 4, 5 maintain the wire spirals due to their top-to-bottom motion and weight, and thereby preventing accidental entanglement of the wire spirals forming the spool 6.

[0029] Each retainers 4, 5 consists in a perforated generally flat structure, typically a flat structure, such as a disc made of cardboard, wood or plastic or a combination of these materials. According to the invention, it is important that the first and second retainers 4, 5 have each a flat ring-shape with a central opening 14, 15.

[0030] The first and second retainers 4, 5 can have a same thickness and/or a same weight or have different thicknesses and/or weights, for example a thickness comprises between 0,5 and 20 mm and a weight comprised between 50 g and 5 kg preferably between 60 and 1 kg.

[0031] For example, good results have been obtained using a first and a second retainer 4, 5 having the characteristics given in the following Table 1, in a cylindrical drum having an inner diameter of 510 mm.

Table 1

	External diameter	Internal diameter	Thickness	Weight	Material
First retainer	507 mm	360 mm	0,8 mm	60 g	High density cardboard or paper
Second retainer	495 mm	340 mm	4 mm	400 g	High density cardboard or paper

[0032] According to the present invention, it is also important to carefully choose the dimensions, i.e. the diameters D1, D2, to avoid the wire passing between the peripheral border of the first retainer 4 and the inner surface of the peripheral wall 2 of the drum, and further the dimensions of the central opening 14, 15 of the retainer 4, 5 are also carefully chosen to allow a constant and continuous feeding of the wire 7 to a welding torch, at nearly constant drawing force, so that the spooled wire 6 is prevented from entangling and forming loops, as the wire is constantly kept under the axially-mobile retainers 4, 5.

[0033] As illustrated in Figure 1, the first and second retainers 4, 5 have both a smaller size, i.e. diameter D1, D2, than the internal diameter D of the container 1 so that they can freely descend in the container in contact with the coil as the height of said coil decreases as the wire 7 is being unwound from the coil 6.

[0034] However, in order to ensure an efficient maintaining of the spirals the first diameter D1 of the first retainer 4 is slightly less than the internal diameter D of the container, i.e. the first diameter D1 of the first retainer 4 substantially matches the inner shape and is almost equal to the internal diameter D of the container 1 as defined in claim 1. As represented in Figure 2 and 3, the second retainer 5 has a second diameter D2 that is less than the first diameter D1 of the first retainer 4 and than the internal diameter D of the container 1, i.e.  $D2 < D1 < D$ . In accordance with the present invention, the peripheral border of the first retainer 4 is spaced from the inner wall 2 of the drum 1 of a distance E of about 1 to 3 mm, whereas the peripheral border of the second retainer 5 is spaced from the inner wall 2 of the drum 1 of a greater distance E' of about 15 to 30 mm.

[0035] In this way, wire spirals cannot bypass the retainers 4, 5 and be blocked inside the hollow body 1, when the

welding machine is pulling out the wire 7 from the container.

[0036] Furthermore, the first dimension d1 of the first central opening 14 of the first retainer 4, i.e. its internal diameter as shown in Figure 2, is greater than the second dimension d2 of the second central opening 15 of the second retainer 5, i.e. its internal diameter, i.e.  $d1 > d2$ . This is important for ensuring a smooth extraction of the wire 7.

[0037] A container according to the present invention leads to unexpected results in terms of the removal of wire twists or similar effects as shown in Figure 6.

[0038] Thus, wire A extracted from a container according to the present invention (see Figure 6) exhibits a rather straight-line shape, i.e. almost without any twists or waves, whereas wire B extracted from a container according to the prior art comprising a unique internal retainer, exhibits a rather wave-shape which is problematic for ensuring a smooth and regular automatic or robotic welding operation using said wire B.

[0039] The wire amplitude on the floor (as shown in fig. 6) and helix for wires A and B are given in Table 2 below.

Table 2

	Wire A	Wire B
Wire amplitude on the floor	< 10 cm	20 +/- 35 cm
Wire helix	< 0,5 cm	2 +/- 10 cm

[0040] As one can see, the wire amplitude and helix are both much less for wire A (invention) than for wire B (prior art), leading to a straighter and more linear wire after unwinding. This limits the wire oscillations in the contact tip of the welding torch or similar device, and subsequent welding defects.

[0041] These superior results are possible due to the 2-retainer arrangement according to the present invention because, during unwinding of the wire, a gap is created between the two retainers, both independently acting on the wire and guiding it while it is pulled out of the drum, thereby minimizing wire loop formations.

[0042] For transportation and storage, the container of the invention can be arranged on a pallet, for instance a pallet made of wood or of polymer material.

[0043] The container according to the invention is suitable for use in a robotic or automatic welding operation, such as laser or arc welding process, preferably an electric arc welding process, such as a MIG or MAG welding process. During such a welding process, the wire extracted from the container is fed to a welding torch that is either arranged on a welding machine or on a robotic articulated arm, said torch being used for progressively melting the welding wire and thus obtaining a welding joint.

### Claims

1. Container for packaging a coil of welding wire, comprising a hollow body (1) with a peripheral wall (2) and a bottom part (3), said hollow body (1) further comprising a first retainer (4), said first retainer (4) having a first diameter (D1) and being axially mobile in said hollow body (1), and a second axially mobile retainer (5) positioned on the first retainer (4), said first and second retainers (4, 5) each having a flat ring-shape with a central opening (14, 15), the second retainer (5) having a second diameter (D2) less than the first diameter (D1), the first and second retainers (4, 5) being arranged on the top of a welding wire coil (6) positioned inside the hollow body (1), a first dimension (d1) of the first central opening (14) of the first retainer (4) being greater than a second dimension (d2) of the second central opening (15) of the second retainer (5), the first retainer and the second retainer being able to move one with respect to the other during unwinding, thereby creating a space between them, **characterized in that** the peripheral border of the first retainer (4) is spaced from the peripheral wall (2) of the hollow body (1) of a first distance (E) of about 1 to 3 mm, and the peripheral border of the second retainer (5) is spaced from the peripheral wall (2) of the hollow body (1) of a second distance (E') of about 15 to 30 mm.
2. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the first dimension (d1) of the first central opening of the first retainer is of between 30 and 79 cm, and the second dimension (d2) of the second central opening of the second retainer is of between 29 and 78 cm.
3. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the first and second retainers (4, 5) are made of cardboard.
4. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the first retainer (4) and the second retainer (5) are superimposed and in direct contact with one another.

5. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the first retainer (4) and the second retainer (5) have a generally circular shape.
- 5 6. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** a circular coil (6) of welding wire (7) is disposed on the bottom part (3) in said hollow body (1).
7. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the container comprises a cover (8).
- 10 8. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the peripheral wall (2) of the hollow body (1) is made of cardboard material.
9. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the internal diameter (D) of the hollow body (1) is between 45 cm and 120 cm and that the height of the hollow body (1) is between 65 and 120 cm.
- 15 10. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the hollow body (1) has a cylindrical shape.
11. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the retainers (4, 5) have a thickness comprised between 0,5 and 20 mm.
- 20 12. Container according to any one of the previous Claims, **characterized in that** the retainers (4, 5) have a weight comprised between 50 g and 5 kg.
- 25 13. Robotic or automatic welding process, wherein a welding wire is melted by an electric arc or a laser beam, **characterized in that** the wire delivered to the welding torch is extracted from a container according to any one of the previous Claims.

#### Patentansprüche

- 30 1. Behälter zum Verpacken einer Spule eines Schweißdrahtes, einen Hohlkörper (1) mit einer umlaufenden Wand (2) und einem Unterteil (3) umfassend, wobei der Hohlkörper (1) weiter einen ersten Rückhalter (4) umfasst, wobei der erste Rückhalter (4) einen ersten Durchmesser (D1) aufweist und im Hohlkörper (1) axial beweglich ist, und einen zweiten axial beweglichen Rückhalter (5), der auf dem ersten Rückhalter (4) positioniert ist, wobei der erste und der zweite Rückhalter (4, 5) jeweils die Form eines flachen Ringes mit einer zentralen Öffnung (14, 15) aufweisen, der zweite Rückhalter (5) einen zweiten Durchmesser (D2) aufweist, der kleiner ist, als der erste Durchmesser (D1), der erste und der zweite Rückhalter (4, 5) auf der Oberseite einer Schweißdrahtspule (6) angeordnet sind, die innerhalb des Hohlkörpers (1) positioniert ist, wobei eine erste Abmessung (d1) der ersten zentralen Öffnung (14) des ersten Rückhalters (4) größer ist, als eine zweite Abmessung (d2) der zweiten zentralen Öffnung (15) des zweiten Rückhalters (5), wobei der erste Rückhalter und der zweite Rückhalter imstande sind, sich beim Abwickeln zueinander zu bewegen, wodurch sie einen Freiraum zwischen sich bilden, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der umlaufende Rand des ersten Rückhalters (4) von der umlaufenden Wand (2) des Hohlkörpers (1) um einen ersten Abstand (E) von etwa 1 bis 3 mm beabstandet ist, und der umlaufende Rand des zweiten Rückhalters (5) von der umlaufenden Wand (2) des Hohlkörpers (1) um einen zweiten Abstand (E') von etwa 15 bis 30 mm beabstandet ist.
- 35 2. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die erste Abmessung (d1) der ersten zentralen Öffnung des ersten Rückhalters zwischen 30 und 79 cm beträgt und die zweite Abmessung (d2) der zweiten zentralen Öffnung des zweiten Rückhalters zwischen 29 und 78 cm beträgt.
- 40 3. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der erste und der zweite Rückhalter (4, 5) aus Karton gefertigt sind.
- 45 4. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der erste Rückhalter (4) und der zweite Rückhalter (5) überlagert und in direktem Kontakt zueinander sind.
- 50 5. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der erste Behälter (4) und der zweite Behälter (5) eine im Allgemeinen kreisförmige Form aufweisen.
- 55

## EP 2 706 020 B1

6. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** eine kreisförmige Spule (6) eines Schweißdrahtes (7) am Unterteil (3) im Hohlkörper (1) angeordnet ist.
- 5 7. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Behälter eine Abdeckung (8) umfasst.
8. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die umlaufende Wand (2) des Hohlkörpers (1) aus einem Kartonmaterial gefertigt ist.
- 10 9. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Innendurchmesser (D) des Hohlkörpers (1) zwischen 45 cm und 120 cm beträgt und dass die Höhe des Hohlkörpers (1) zwischen 65 cm und 120 cm beträgt.
- 15 10. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Hohlkörper (1) eine zylindrische Form aufweist.
11. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Rückhalter (4, 5) eine Dicke aufweisen, die zwischen 0,5 und 20 mm enthalten ist.
- 20 12. Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** die Rückhalter (4, 5) ein Gewicht aufweisen, das zwischen 50 g und 5 kg enthalten ist.
- 25 13. Roboter- oder Automatikschweißprozess, wobei ein Schweißdraht durch einen Lichtbogen oder einen Laserstrahl geschmolzen wird, **dadurch gekennzeichnet, dass** der Draht, der dem Schweißbrenner zugeführt wird, aus einem Behälter nach einem der vorstehenden Ansprüche extrahiert wird.

### Revendications

- 30 1. Récipient pour emballer une bobine de fil de soudage, comprenant un corps creux (1) avec une paroi périphérique (2) et une partie inférieure (3), ledit corps creux (1) comprenant en outre un premier élément de maintien (4), ledit premier élément de maintien (4) ayant un premier diamètre (D1) et étant mobile axialement dans ledit corps creux (1), et un second élément de maintien mobile axialement (5) placé sur le premier élément de maintien (4), lesdits premier et second éléments de maintien (4, 5) ayant chacun une forme d'anneau plat avec une ouverture centrale (14, 15), le second élément de maintien (5) ayant un second diamètre (D2) inférieur au premier diamètre (D1), les premier et second éléments de maintien (4, 5) étant agencés sur le dessus d'une bobine de fil de soudage (6) placée à l'intérieur du corps creux (1), une première dimension (d1) de la première ouverture centrale (14) du premier élément de maintien (4) étant supérieure à une seconde dimension (d2) de la seconde ouverture centrale (15) du second élément de maintien (5), le premier élément de maintien et le second élément de maintien pouvant se déplacer l'un par rapport à l'autre lors du déroulage, créant ainsi un espace entre eux,
- 35 40 **caractérisé en ce que** la limite périphérique du premier élément de maintien (4) est espacée de la paroi périphérique (2) du corps creux (1) d'une première distance (E) d'environ 1 à 3 mm, et la limite périphérique du second élément de maintien (5) est espacée de la paroi périphérique (2) du corps creux (1) d'une seconde distance (E') d'environ 15 à 30 mm.
- 45 2. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** la première dimension (d1) de la première ouverture centrale du premier élément de maintien mesure entre 30 et 79 cm, et la seconde dimension (d2) de la seconde ouverture centrale du second élément de maintien mesure entre 29 et 78 cm.
- 50 3. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** les premier et second éléments de maintien (4, 5) sont fabriqués à partir de carton.
4. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le premier élément de maintien (4) et le second élément de maintien (5) sont superposés et en contact direct l'un avec l'autre.
- 55 5. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le premier élément de maintien (4) et le second élément de maintien (5) ont une forme généralement circulaire.

## EP 2 706 020 B1

6. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce qu'**une bobine circulaire (6) de fil de soudage (7) est disposée sur la partie inférieure (3) dudit corps creux (1).
- 5 7. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le récipient comprend un couvercle (8).
8. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** la paroi périphérique (2) du corps creux (1) est fabriquée à partir d'un matériau à base de carton.
- 10 9. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le diamètre interne (D) du corps creux (1) mesure entre 45 cm et 120 cm et **en ce que** la hauteur du corps creux (1) mesure entre 65 et 120 cm.
10. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** le corps creux (1) a une forme cylindrique.
- 15 11. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** les éléments de maintien (4, 5) ont une épaisseur comprise entre 0,5 et 20 mm.
- 20 12. Récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes, **caractérisé en ce que** les éléments de maintien (4, 5) ont un poids compris entre 50 g et 5 kg.
- 25 13. Procédé de soudage robotisé ou automatisé, dans lequel un fil de soudage est fondu par un arc électrique ou un faisceau laser, **caractérisé en ce que** le fil délivré au chalumeau est extrait d'un récipient selon l'une quelconque des revendications précédentes.

30

35

40

45

50

55

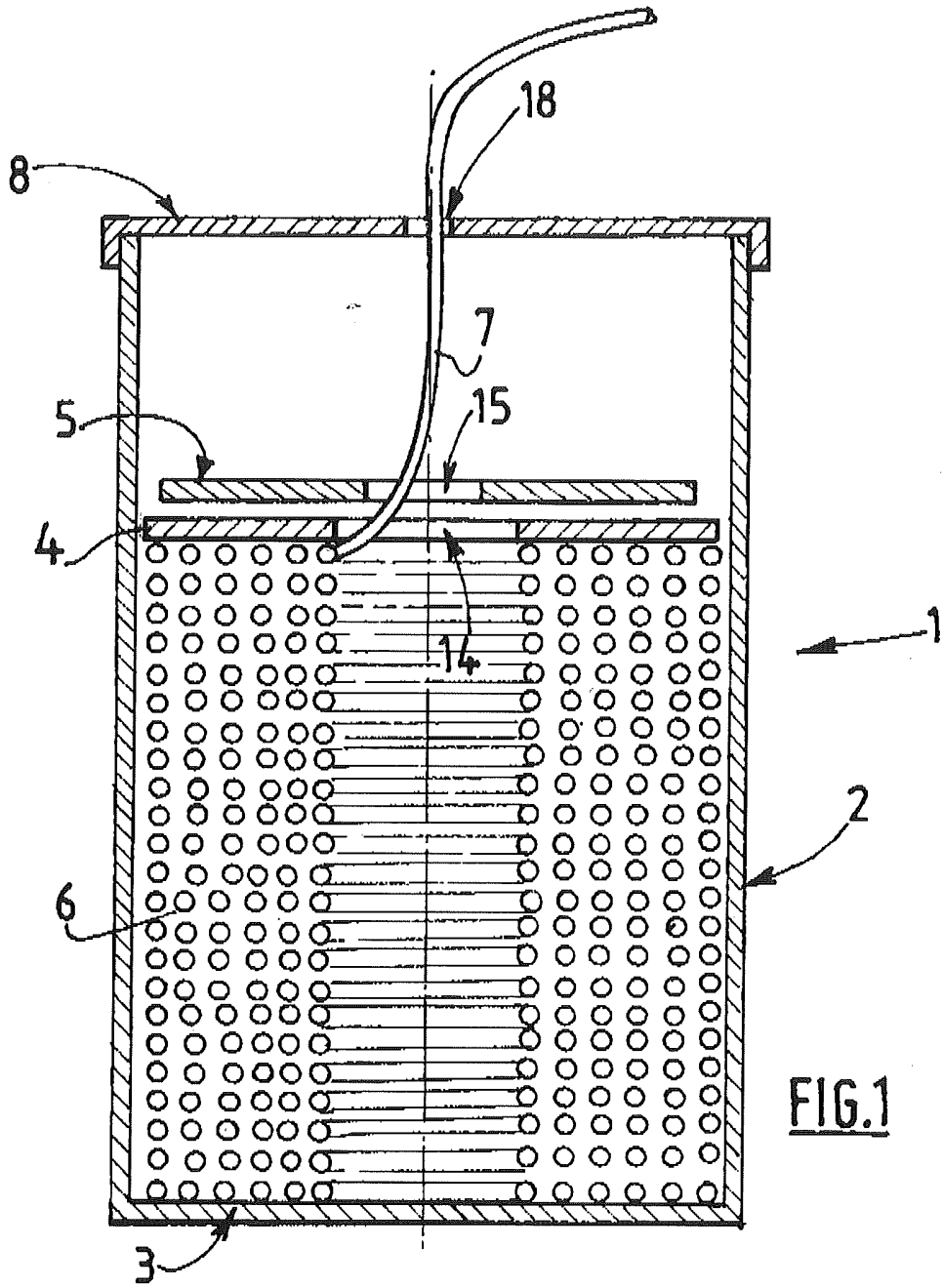


FIG.1

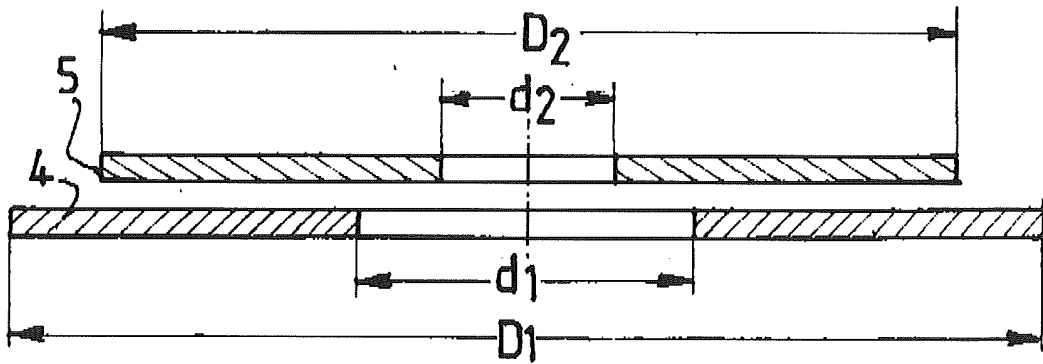


FIG.2

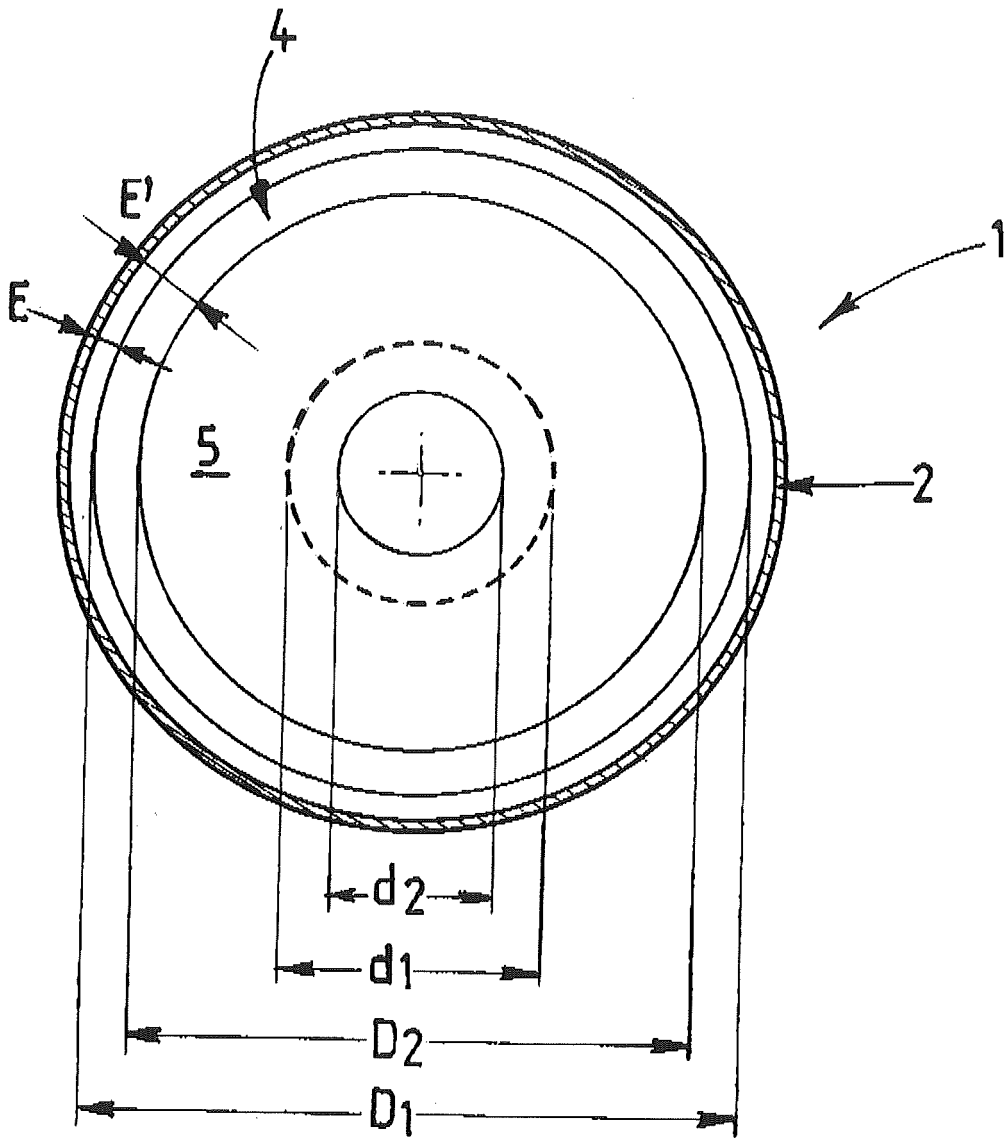


FIG. 3

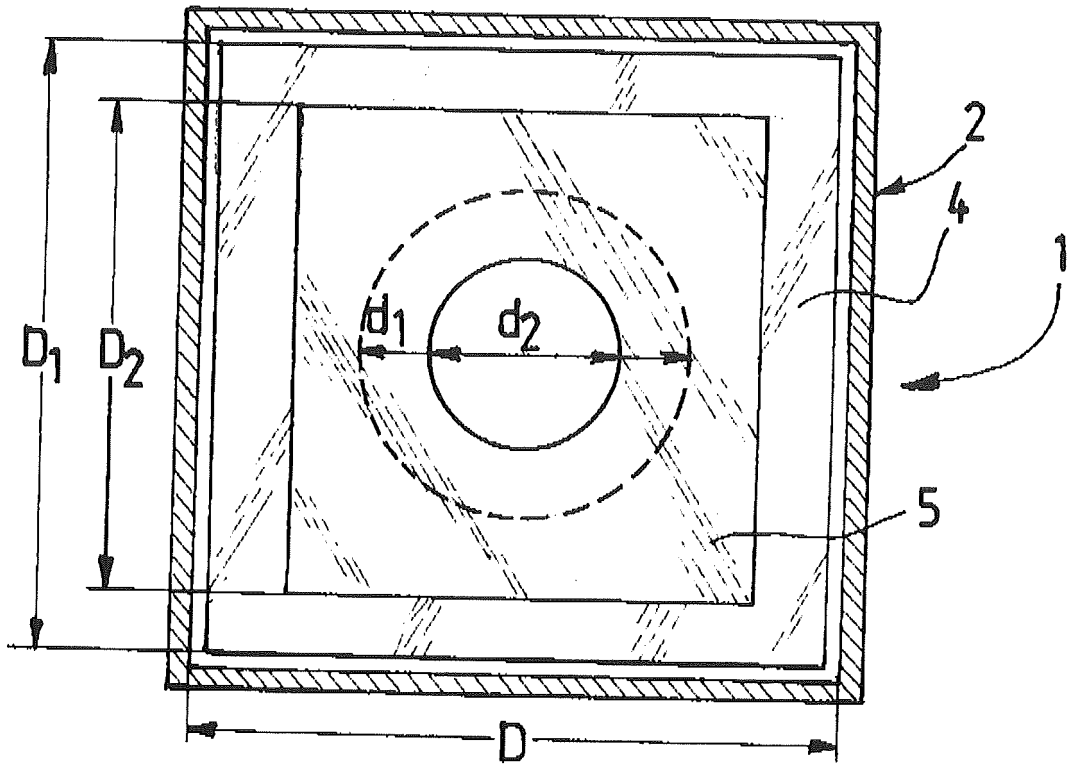


FIG. 4

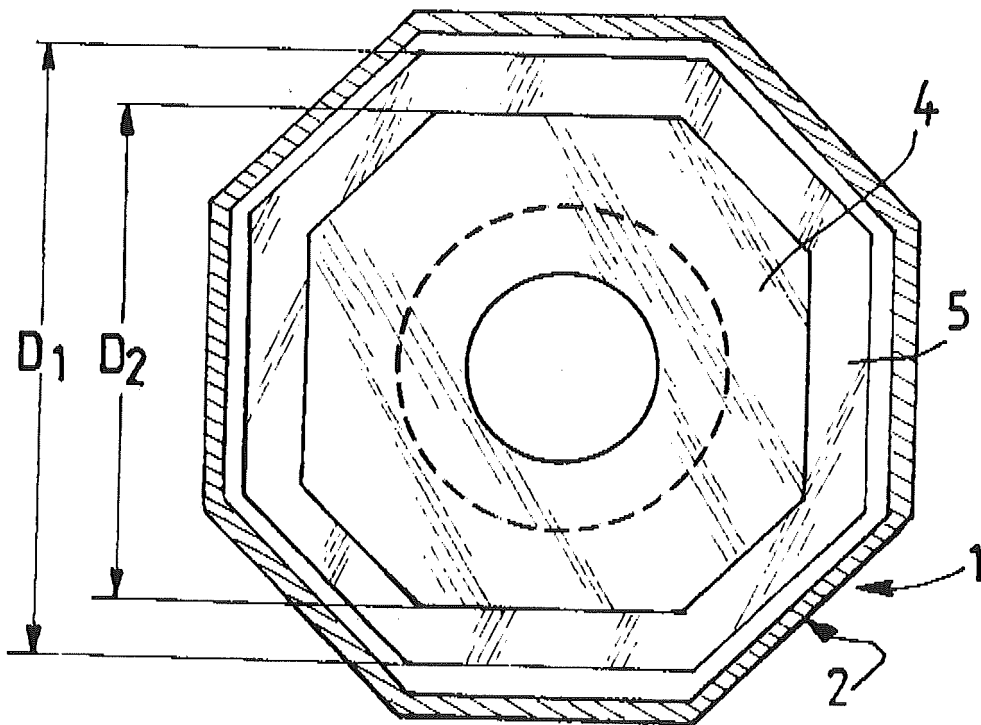


FIG. 5

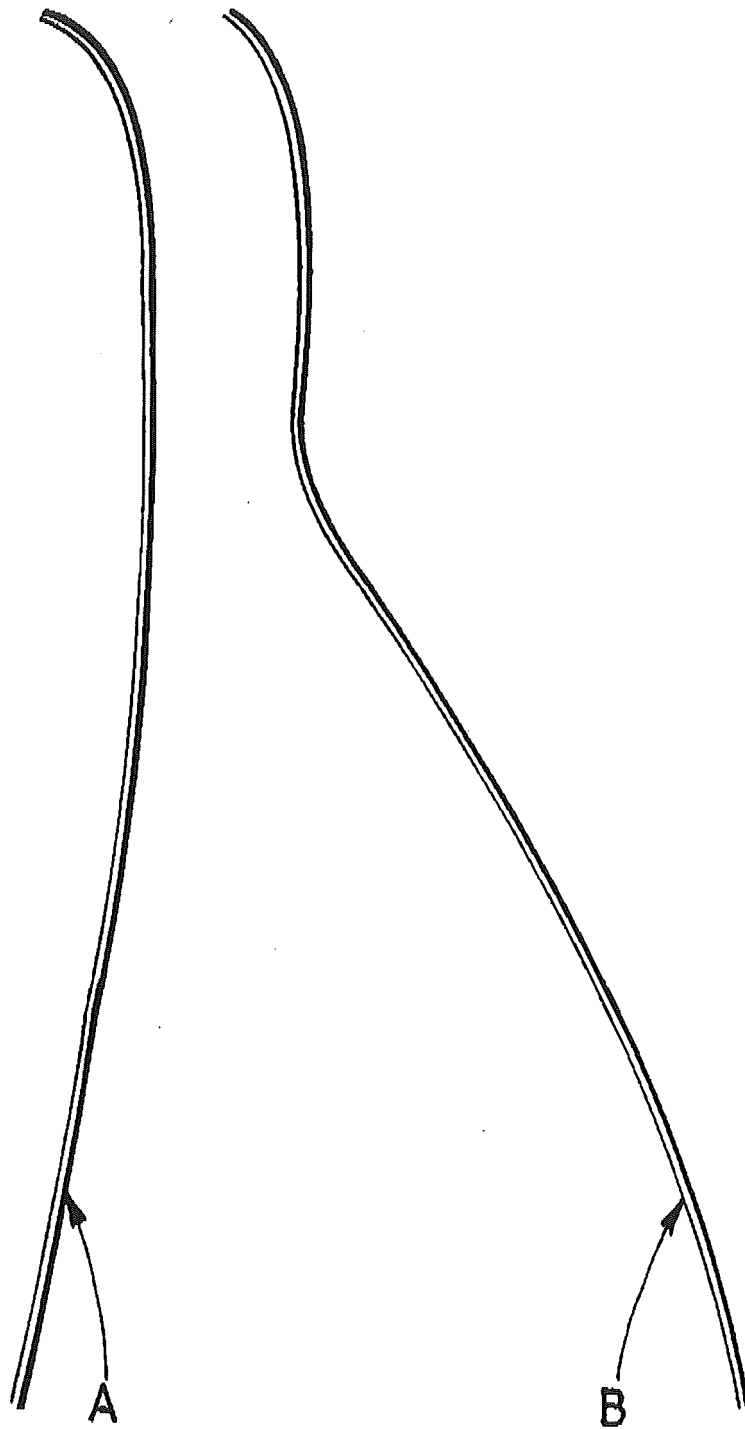


FIG. 6

**REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION**

*This list of references cited by the applicant is for the reader's convenience only. It does not form part of the European patent document. Even though great care has been taken in compiling the references, errors or omissions cannot be excluded and the EPO disclaims all liability in this regard.*

**Patent documents cited in the description**

- EP 519424 A [0005]
- EP 636098 A [0006]
- EP 1053189 A [0007]
- EP 1693139 A [0008]
- EP 1693140 A [0009]
- JP 61092674 U [0010]