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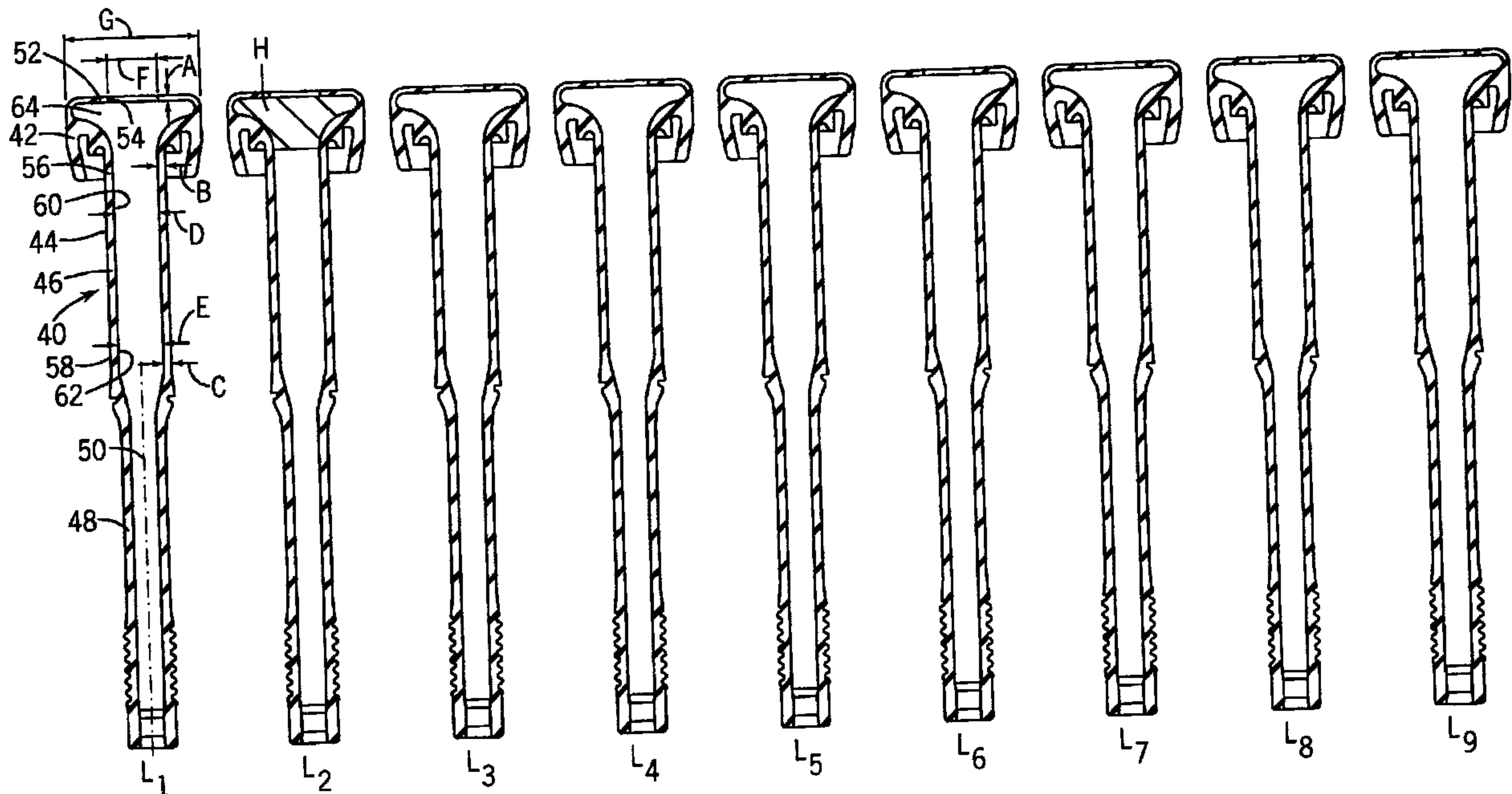
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(54) Title: TEATCUP LINER SERIES



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A teatcup liner series, having n liners L_1 through L_n , has at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner to provide selectable milking characteristics. The teatcup liner series is produced by a cost advantaged manufacturing method.



ABSTRACT

A teatcup liner series, having n liners L_1 through L_n , has at least one selected
5 parameter which varies liner to liner to provide selectable milking characteristics.
The teatcup liner series is produced by a cost advantaged manufacturing method.

TEATCUP LINER SERIES

BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY

The invention relates to teatcup liners for use in a teatcup assembly for
5 milking a mammal.

As known in the prior art, a plurality of teatcups are connected to respective
teats suspending from the udder of a mammal such as a cow. Each teatcup
assembly has a teatcup liner or inflation around a respective teat and defining a
milk flow passage within the liner below the teat, and a pulsation chamber outside
10 the liner between the liner and the teatcup shell, for example U.S. Patents
4,269,143, 4,530,307, 5,178,095, 5,218,924, 6,055,931.

The system has a milking cycle with an on portion and an off portion.
Milk flows from the teat towards a milking claw during the on portion, and then to
a storage vessel. During the off portion, the liner is collapsed around the teat, to aid
15 in the circulation of body fluids. Vacuum is continuously applied to the milk flow
passage within the liner. Vacuum is alternately and cyclically applied to the
pulsation chamber between the liner and the teatcup shell, to open and close the
liner, all is known.

The present invention provides a liner series or family enabling the
20 dairyman selectivity in choosing between the trade-off of liner slip versus milk
harvest and milking speed. During continuing development efforts, various
relationships have been discovered between various liner parameters, and in
accordance therewith, a liner series has been developed having at least one and
preferably a plurality of parameters which vary liner to liner in optimized manner
25 to afford the noted selectivity.

In a further aspect of the invention, a particularly cost effective
manufacturing method is provided for producing the liner series.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is taken from U.S. Patent 6,055,931 and is a side view partially in section of a teatcup assembly including a teatcup liner for milking a mammal.

Fig. 2 is an isometric view of a teatcup liner.

5 Fig. 3 shows a teatcup liner series in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 4 is a graphical plot of a selected parameter which varies in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 5 is a graphical plot of the variance of a pair of parameters versus each other in accordance with the invention.

10 Fig. 6 is a graphical plot of the variance of another pair of parameters versus each other in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 7 is a graphical plot of the variance of another pair of parameters versus each other in accordance with the invention.

15 Fig. 8 is a graphical plot of the variance of another pair of parameters versus each other in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 9 is a graphical plot of the variance of another pair of parameters versus each other in accordance with the invention.

Fig. 10 is a cross-sectional view of a liner.

Fig. 11 is like Fig. 10 and shows another embodiment.

20 Fig. 12 is like Fig. 10 and shows another embodiment.

Fig. 13 is like Fig. 10 and shows another embodiment.

Fig. 14 is like Fig. 10 and shows another embodiment.

Fig. 15 is like Fig. 10 and shows another embodiment.

25 Fig. 16 is like Fig. 3 and illustrates a manufacturing method in accordance with the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Fig. 1 shows a teatcup assembly 18 for milking a mammal 20 such as a cow. Teat 22 suspending from udder 24 of the mammal extends into the liner. Teatcup

shell 26 is typically a metal, or plastic, member defining an annular pulsation
 chamber 28 around liner 16 between the liner and the teatcup shell and having a
 pulsation port 30 for connection to a pulsator valve, as is known. Liner 16 is
 typically rubber or other flexible material. The lower end of milk tube portion 14 of
 5 the liner is connection to a claw, for example U.S. Patents 4,537,152 and 5,291,853,
 which in turn supplies milk to a storage vessel. As
 noted above, vacuum is continuously applied to milk passage 32 within the liner
 through milk tube portion 14, and vacuum is alternately and cyclically applied to
 pulsation chamber 28 through port 30, to open and close liner 16 below teat 22, all as
 10 is known and for which further reference may be had to the above noted incorporated
 patents. An air vent plug 10 may be inserted through the wall 12 of the milk tube
 portion 14 of the teat liner, as is known, for example above noted U.S.
 Patent 6,055,931. For further background, a teat liner is illustrated in isometric view
 at 34 in Fig. 2.

15 Fig. 3 illustrates a teatcup liner series in accordance with the invention
 including in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners comprising n liners L_1
 through L_n , for example as shown at the nine liners L_1 through L_9 . Each liner such as
 40 has an upper mouthpiece 42, an intermediate barrel 44 defined by a barrel wall 46,
 and a lower connecting tube 48. The barrel extends along an axial direction 50 for
 20 receiving teat 22 inserted axially therein through mouthpiece 42. The mouthpiece
 has an upper lip 52 having an aperture 54 therethrough for receiving teat 22. Lip 52
 has an axial thickness A measured parallel to axial direction 50. Barrel wall 46 has
 axially spaced upper and lower portions 56 and 58. Upper portion 56 of barrel wall
 46 has a transverse thickness B measured transversely to axial direction 50. Lower
 25 portion 58 of barrel wall 46 has a transverse thickness C measured transversely to
 axial direction 50. Upper portion 56 of barrel wall 46 has inner surfaces 60 defining
 a hollow interior with an upper transverse span D thereacross taken transversely to
 axial direction 50. Lower portion 58 of barrel wall 46 has inner surfaces 62 defining
 a hollow interior with a lower transverse span E thereacross taken transversely to

axial direction 50. Lip aperture 54 has a transverse dimension taken transversely to axial direction 50 and defining a mouthpiece bore F. Mouthpiece 42 has a cavity 64 between lip 52 and barrel 44. Cavity 64 has a transverse dimension taken transversely to axial direction 50 and defining a cavity bore G. Cavity 64 has a volume H.

In one preferred embodiment, the noted parameters A through H are varied liner to liner from L₁ through L₉ as indicated in the table below, and as set forth in Fig. 3. The table below gives dimensions for A through G in millimeters (mm). For example, the axial thickness A of lip 52 varies from 2.0mm for liner L₁ to 3.6mm for liner L₉. The table gives dimensions in cubic inches (in³) for H.

TABLE

LINER									
	L ₁	L ₂	L ₃	L ₄	L ₅	L ₆	L ₇	L ₈	L ₉
A(mm)	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.8	3	3.2	3.4	3.6
B(mm)	3.2	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4
C(mm)	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1
D(mm)	20.2	20.4	20.6	20.8	21	21.2	21.4	21.6	21.8
E(mm)	18.9	19.1	19.3	19.5	19.7	19.9	20.1	20.3	20.5
F(mm)	20.4	20.3	20.2	20.1	20.0	19.9	19.8	19.7	19.6
G(mm)	52.95	52.65	52.25	51.85	51.45	51.05	50.65	50.25	49.85
H(in ³)	1.368	1.353	1.336	1.318	1.301	1.283	1.265	1.248	1.230
A-B(mm)	-1.2	-0.9	-0.6	-0.3	0	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2

The liner series is characterized by the following relationships, as illustrated in the table and Fig. 3: axial thickness A of lip 52 continually increases from L₁ through L_n, preferably linearly; transverse thickness of barrel wall 46, including both B and C, continually decreases from L₁ through L_n, preferably linearly; the transverse span across the hollow interior, including both D and E, continually increases from L₁ through L_n, preferably linearly; mouthpiece bore F continually

decreases from L_1 through L_n , preferably linearly; cavity bore G continually decreases from L_1 through L_n , preferably linearly; cavity volume H continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

5 In the preferred embodiment, B is always greater than C, and D is always greater than E, such that both the barrel wall thickness and the noted transverse span are tapered. In alternate embodiments, the barrel wall thickness and/or the transverse span may be untapered, i.e. straight.

Further, in the preferred embodiment, the parameter A-B, i.e. the difference between A and B, varies as illustrated in the table, namely such difference
10 continually increases from L_1 through L_9 , preferably linearly, as further illustrated in Fig. 4.

Further, in the preferred embodiment, in a plot, Fig. 5, of transverse thickness B of barrel wall 46 versus axial thickness A of lip 52 for liners L_1 through L_9 , B decreases as A increases. Further preferably, B decreases linearly with
15 respect to A.

Further in the preferred embodiment, in a plot, Fig. 6, of transverse span D versus axial thickness A of lip 52 for L_1 through L_9 , D decreases as A increases. Further preferably, D decreases linearly with respect to A.

Further in the preferred embodiment, in a plot, Fig. 7, of axial thickness A of lip 52 versus mouthpiece bore F for L_1 through L_9 , axial thickness A decreases as mouthpiece bore F increases. Further preferably, A decreases linearly with respect
20 to F.

Further in the preferred embodiment, in a plot, Fig. 8, of axial thickness A of lip 52 versus cavity bore G for L_1 through L_9 , axial thickness A decreases as cavity
25 bore G increases. Further preferably, A decreases linearly with respect to G.

Further in the preferred embodiment, in a plot, Fig. 9, of axial thickness A of lip 52 versus cavity volume H for L_1 through L_9 , axial thickness A decreases as cavity volume H increases. Further preferably, A decreases linearly with respect to H.

The disclosed combination enables selection of desired milking characteristics. Liner L_1 provides the highest milk harvest and highest milk speed, but also the greatest liner slip. Liner L_9 provides the lowest liner slip and also the lowest milk harvest and milking speed. The dairyman can choose the right balance and trade-off for his particular needs. As he moves left to right in Fig. 3, liner slip reduces as does milk harvest and milking speed. As he moves right to left in Fig. 3, liner slip increases as does milk harvest and milking speed.

The liner is preferably round as shown at 66 in Fig. 10. The liner may additionally include a plurality of ribs such as 68, Figs. 11 and 2, extending axially along the barrel. The ribs may be external as shown, and/or internal. The liner may be triangular as shown at 70 in Fig. 12. The liner may be square as shown at 72 in Fig. 13. The liner may be oval as shown at 74 in Fig. 14. The liner may be fluted as shown at 76 in Fig. 15.

The various combinations of parameters providing the noted selectivity of milking characteristics are set forth in the claims. Deflection of lip 52 is varied by parameter A, and may additionally or alternately be varied by varying the shore hardness of the lip material. Liner barrel tension is varied by varying the noted wall thickness B and C, and may alternately or additionally be varied by the addition of the noted ribs and/or changing the cross-section of individual ribs and/or changing liner material and/or changing barrel length.

There is further provided a simple and particularly cost effective and economical manufacturing method for making the teatcup liner series. The method involves: forming a first of the liners L_1 in a mold 80, Fig. 16, having a first removable core C_1 inserted therein, the mold forming the outer profile surface 82 of liner L_1 , the core C_1 forming the inner profile surface 84 of liner L_1 ; forming a second of the liners L_2 in the same mold 80 having a second removable core C_2 inserted therein, the mold 80 forming the outer profile surface 86 of liner L_2 , the core C_2 forming the inner profile surface 88 of liner L_2 ; forming the remainder of the liners through L_n , e.g. L_3 through L_9 , in the same mold 80 having respective

removable cores through C_n , e.g. C_3 through C_9 , inserted therein, the mold 80 forming the outer profile surface of the liners through L_n , the cores through C_n forming the inner profile surfaces of the liners through L_n , e.g. cores C_3 through C_9 form the inner profile surfaces for liners L_3 through L_9 , respectively. The same mold 80 is used for each of the liners L_1 through L_9 . The outer profile surface is the same for each of liners L_1 through L_9 . Different cores C_1 through C_9 are used for liners L_1 through L_9 . The inner profile surface is different from liner to liner according to C_1 through C_9 . Any or all or some combination of the noted parameters A-H are varied liner to liner according to C_1 through C_9 . The cores change a selected dimensional parameter or parameters. This is particularly desirable from a manufacturing standpoint because of the savings in tooling cost by using a single mold to produce the liner series, rather than multiple molds, i.e. one for each liner. Instead, different cores are used to provide the variance liner to liner in the series. Cores are significantly less expensive than a mold.

It is recognized that various equivalents, alternatives and modifications are possible within the scope of the appended claims.

CLAIMS:

1. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner, and n is greater than 2.
2. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
said parameter is said axial thickness of said lip; and
said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n .
3. The teatcup liner series according to claim 2 wherein said axial thickness increases linearly.
4. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
said parameter is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall; and
said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .
5. The teatcup liner series according to claim 4 wherein said transverse thickness decreases linearly.

6. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
 - said barrel wall has axially spaced upper and lower portions;
 - said upper portion of said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
 - said lower portion of said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
 - said upper portion of said barrel wall has a greater transverse thickness than said lower portion of said barrel wall for each of said liners L_1 through L_n ;
 - a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said upper portion of said barrel wall;
 - a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said lower portion of said barrel wall;
 - said transverse thickness of said upper portion of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 - said transverse thickness of said lower portion of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

7. The teatcup liner series according to claim 6 wherein said upper portion transverse thickness decreases linearly, and said lower portion transverse thickness decreases linearly.

8. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
 - said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
 - said parameter is said transverse span; and
 - said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

9. The teatcup liner series according to claim 8 wherein said transverse span increases linearly.
10. The teatcup liner series according to claim 8 wherein said barrel wall is annular, and said transverse span is the inner diameter of said barrel wall.
11. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said barrel wall has axially spaced upper and lower portions;
said upper portion of said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with an upper transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
said lower portion of said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a lower transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
said upper transverse span is greater than said lower transverse span for each of said liners L_1 through L_n ;
a first of said parameters is said upper transverse span;
a second of said parameters is said lower transverse span;
said upper transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and
said lower transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n .
12. The teatcup liner series according to claim 11 wherein said upper transverse span increases linearly, and said lower transverse span increases linearly.
13. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;
said parameter is said mouthpiece bore; and
said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

14. The teatcup liner series according to claim 13 wherein said mouthpiece bore decreases linearly.
15. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;
said parameter is said cavity bore; and
said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .
16. The teatcup liner series according to claim 15 wherein said cavity bore decreases linearly.
17. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;
said parameter is said cavity volume; and
said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .
18. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;
wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:
said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
and

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

19. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

and

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

20. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

and

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

21. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

22. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

23. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

24. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

25. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

26. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

27. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse span;

a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

28. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse span;

a second of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

29. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said transverse span;

a second of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

30. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a second of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

31. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a second of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

32. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said transverse span;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

33. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

34. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1
 through L_n ; and
 said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

35. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial
 direction;
 said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having
 a volume;
 a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;
 a third of said parameters is said cavity volume;
 wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:
 said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1
 through L_n ; and
 said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

36. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse
 span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
 said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial
 direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;
 a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;
 wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

37. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
 said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

38. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
 said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;
 a third of said parameters is said cavity volume;
 wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said transverse span continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

39. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;
 a third of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

40. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;
 a third of said parameters is said cavity volume;
 wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:
 said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;
 said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and
 said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

41. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
- said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
- said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
- said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;
- a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;
- a second of said parameters is said transverse span;
- a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;
- wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:
- said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;
- said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and
- said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

42. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
- said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

43. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

44. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse span;

a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a third of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

45. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said transverse span;

a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a third of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination all three of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

46. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said transverse span;

a fourth of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

wherein in combination all four of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

47. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said transverse span;

a fourth of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all four of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

48. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said transverse span;

a fourth of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination all four of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

49. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a fourth of said parameters is said cavity bore;

wherein in combination all four of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

50. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a second of said parameters is said transverse span;

a third of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a fourth of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination all four of the following conditions are satisfied:

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

51. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;

said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;

said cavity has a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

a third of said parameters is said transverse span;

a fourth of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;

a fifth of said parameters is said cavity bore;

a sixth of said parameters is said cavity volume;

wherein in combination all six of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said transverse span continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

said mouthpiece bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ;

said cavity bore continually decreases from L_1 through L_n ; and

said cavity volume continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

52. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said parameter is the difference between said axial thickness of said lip and said transverse thickness of said barrel wall; and

said difference continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

53. The teatcup liner series according to claim 52 wherein said difference increases linearly.

54. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
 said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;
 a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall; and
 in a plot of said transverse thickness of said barrel wall versus said axial thickness of said lip for L_1 through L_n , said transverse thickness of said barrel wall decreases as said axial thickness of said lip increases.

55. The teatcup liner series according to claim 54 wherein said transverse thickness decreases linearly with respect to said axial thickness.

56. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
 said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
 said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction;
 a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
 a second of said parameters is said transverse span;
 in a plot of said transverse span versus said axial thickness for L_1 through L_n , said transverse span decreases as said axial thickness of said lip increases.

57. The teatcup liner series according to claim 56 wherein said transverse span decreases linearly with respect to said axial thickness.

58. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore;
a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
a second of said parameters is said mouthpiece bore;
in a plot of said axial thickness of said lip versus said mouthpiece bore for L_1 through L_n , said axial thickness of said lip decreases as said mouthpiece bore increases.
59. The teatcup liner series according to claim 58 wherein said axial thickness decreases linearly with respect to said mouthpiece bore.
60. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;
said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore;
a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;
a second of said parameters is said cavity bore;
in a plot of said axial thickness of said lip versus said cavity bore for L_1 through L_n , said axial thickness of said lip decreases as said cavity bore increases.
61. The teatcup liner series according to claim 60 wherein said axial thickness decreases linearly with respect to said cavity bore.
62. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein:
said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said cavity volume;

in a plot of said axial thickness of said lip versus said cavity volume for L_1 through L_n , said axial thickness of said lip decreases as said cavity volume increases.

63. The teatcup liner series according to claim 62 wherein said axial thickness decreases linearly with respect to said cavity volume.

64. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 comprising at least two said parameters selected to provide decreasing teat slip from liner to liner from L_1 through L_n in combination with decreasing milk harvest and decreasing milking speed from liner to liner from L_1 through L_n .

65. The teatcup liner series according to claim 64 wherein:

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip and provides said decreasing teat slip from liner to liner from L_1 through L_n ;

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall and provides said decreasing milk harvest and decreasing milk speed from liner to liner from L_1 through L_n ; and

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

66. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is round in transverse cross-section taken transversely to said axial direction.
67. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is triangular in transverse cross-section taken transversely to said axial direction.
68. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is square in transverse cross-section taken transversely to said axial direction.
69. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is polygonal in transverse cross-section taken transversely to said axial direction.
70. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is oval in transverse cross-section taken transversely to said axial direction.
71. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner is fluted.
72. The teatcup liner series according to claim 1 wherein each said liner has a plurality of ribs extending axially therealong.
73. A method for making a teatcup liner series having in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teat liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n , each said liner having an outer profile surface and an inner profile surface, said method comprising:

forming a first of said liners L_1 in a mold having a first removable core C_1 inserted therein, said mold forming the outer profile surface of liner L_1 , said core C_1 forming the inner profile surface of liner L_1 ;

forming a second of said liners L_2 in the same said mold having a second removable core C_2 inserted therein, said mold forming the outer profile surface of liner L_2 , said core C_2 forming the inner profile surface of liner L_2 ;

forming the remainder of said liners through L_n in the same said mold having respective removable cores through C_n inserted therein, said mold forming the outer profile surface of said liners through L_n , said cores through C_n forming the inner profile surfaces of the liners through L_n ,

wherein:

the same said mold is used for each of said liners L_1 through L_n ;

the outer profile surface is the same for each of said liners L_1 through L_n ;

different cores C_1 through C_n are used for said liners L_1 through L_n ;

said inner profile surface is different liner to liner according to C_1 through

C_n , and

n is greater than 2.

74. The method according to claim 73 wherein said n liners L_1 through L_n have at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner, and wherein said selected parameter varies liner to liner according to C_1 through C_n .

75. The method according to claim 74 wherein said selected parameter is a dimension.

76. The method according to claim 75 wherein said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction, and said parameter is said axial thickness of said lip.

77. The method according to claim 75 wherein said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction, and said parameter is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall.

78. The method according to claim 75 wherein said barrel wall has inner surfaces defining a hollow interior with a transverse span thereacross taken transversely to said axial direction, and wherein said parameter is said transverse span.

79. The method according to claim 75 wherein said lip aperture has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a mouthpiece bore, and wherein said parameter is said mouthpiece bore.

80. The method according to claim 75 wherein said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, and said cavity has a transverse dimension taken transversely to said axial direction and defining a cavity bore, and wherein said parameter is said cavity bore.

81. The method according to claim 75 wherein said mouthpiece has a cavity between said lip and said barrel, said cavity having a volume, and wherein said parameter is said cavity volume.

82. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner, wherein:

n is greater than 2;

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

a first of said parameters is said axial thickness of said lip;

a second of said parameters is said transverse thickness of said barrel wall;

wherein in combination both of the following conditions are satisfied:

said axial thickness of said lip continually increases from L_1 through L_n ;

and

said transverse thickness of said barrel wall continually decreases from L_1 through L_n .

83. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner, wherein:

n is greater than 2;

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

said parameter is the difference between said axial thickness of said lip and said transverse thickness of said barrel wall; and

said difference continually increases from L_1 through L_n .

84. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least two selected parameters which vary liner to liner, wherein:

n is greater than 2;

said lip has an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness measured transversely to said axial direction;

one of said parameters is the difference between said axial thickness of said lip and said transverse thickness of said barrel wall; and

said difference increases from L_1 through L_n .

85. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially thereinto through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least two selected parameters which vary liner to liner, wherein:

n is greater than 2;

said lip has an axial thickness A measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness B measured transversely to said axial direction;

one of said parameters is A ;

another of said parameters is B; and

A and B vary inversely and linearly relative to each other from L_1 through L_n .

86. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a plurality of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece, an intermediate barrel defined by a barrel wall, and a lower connecting tube, said barrel extending along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially therein through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least three selected parameters which vary liner to liner, wherein:

n is greater than 2;

said lip has an axial thickness A measured parallel to said axial direction;

said barrel wall has a transverse thickness B measured transversely to said axial direction;

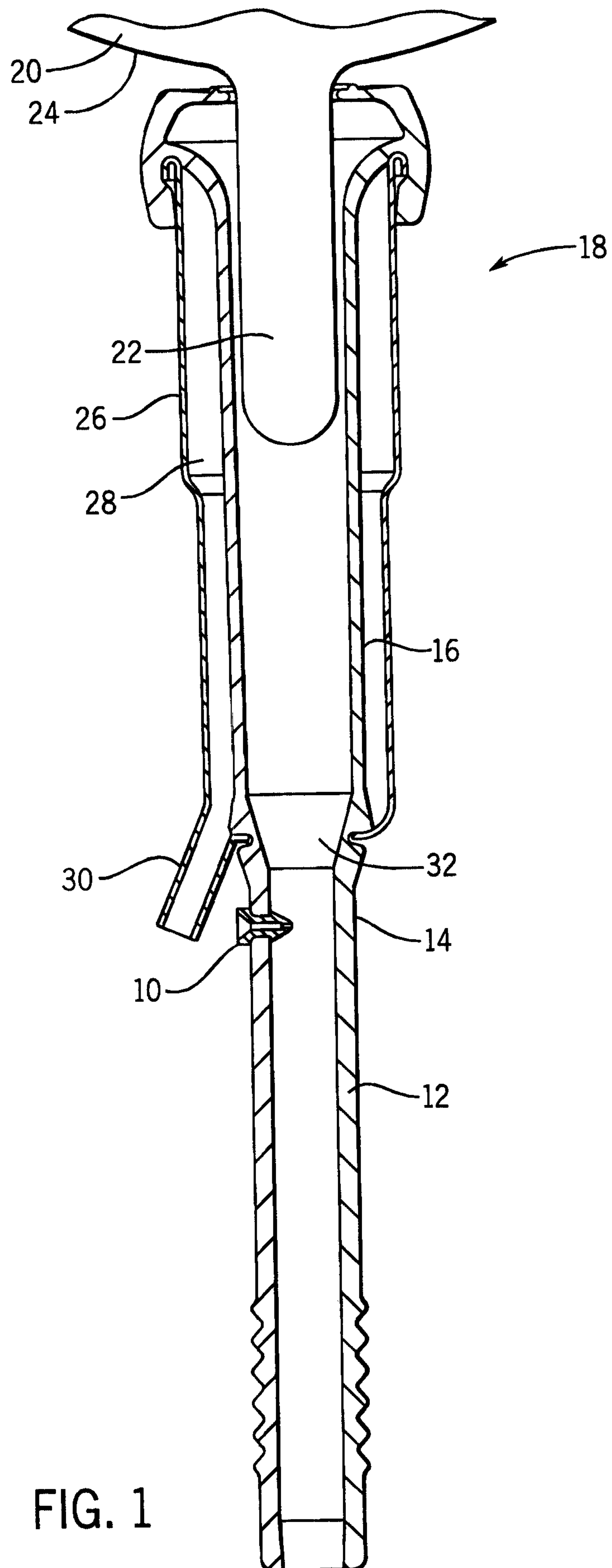
one of said parameters is A ;

another of said parameters is B ; and

A and B vary inversely relative to each other from L_1 through L_n .

87. A teatcup liner series comprising in combination a family of related teatcup liners, each liner having an upper mouthpiece and a barrel depending downwardly from said upper mouthpiece, said barrel extending axially along an axial direction for receiving a teat inserted axially therein through said mouthpiece, said mouthpiece having an upper lip having an aperture therethrough for receiving said teat, said teatcup liner series comprising in combination n said liners L_1 through L_n having at least one selected parameter which varies liner to liner, said lip having an axial thickness measured parallel to said axial direction, wherein said parameter is said axial thickness of said lip, and n is greater than 2.

88. The teatcup liner series according to claim 87 wherein said axial thickness of said lip progressively increases from L_1 through L_n .



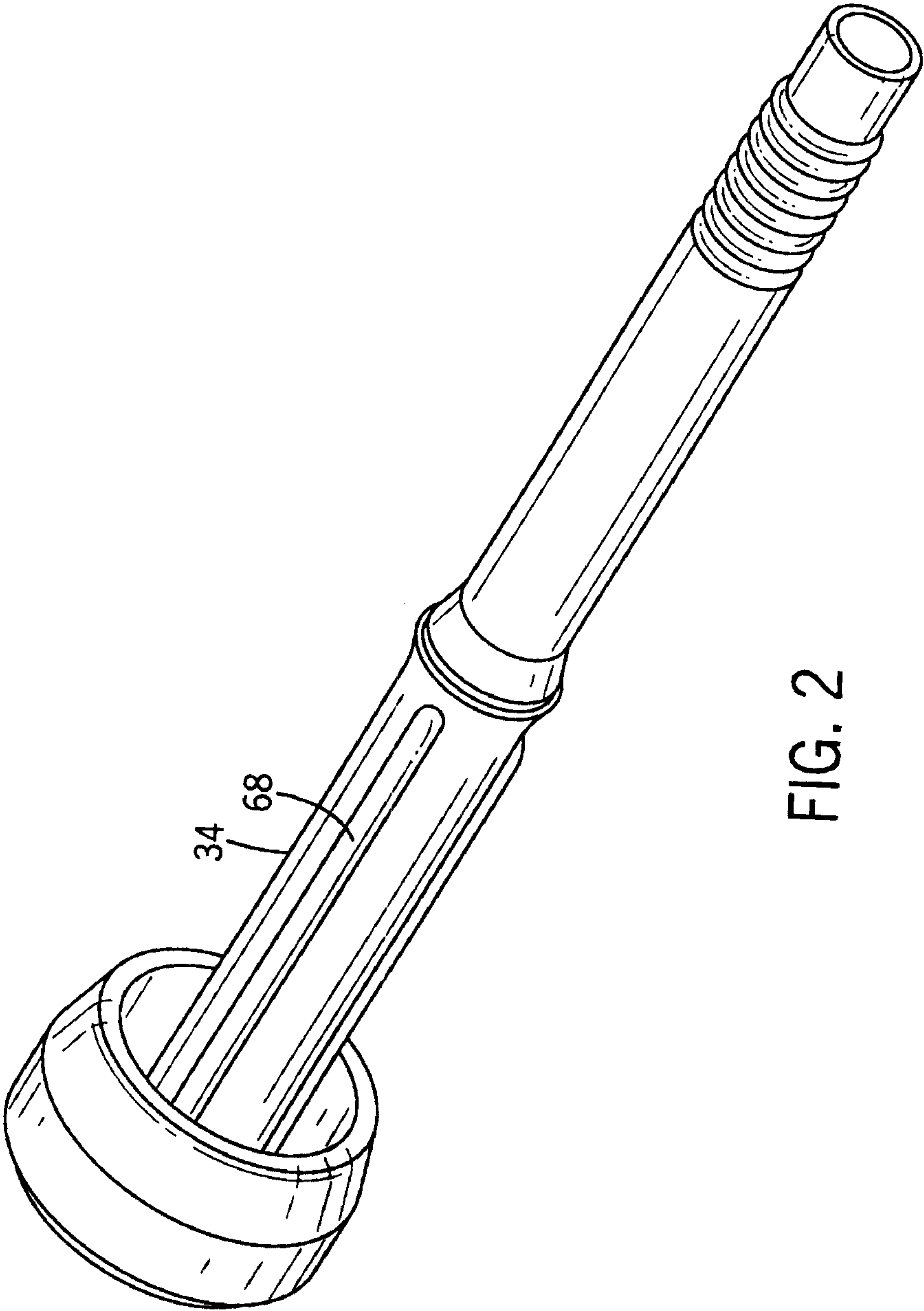
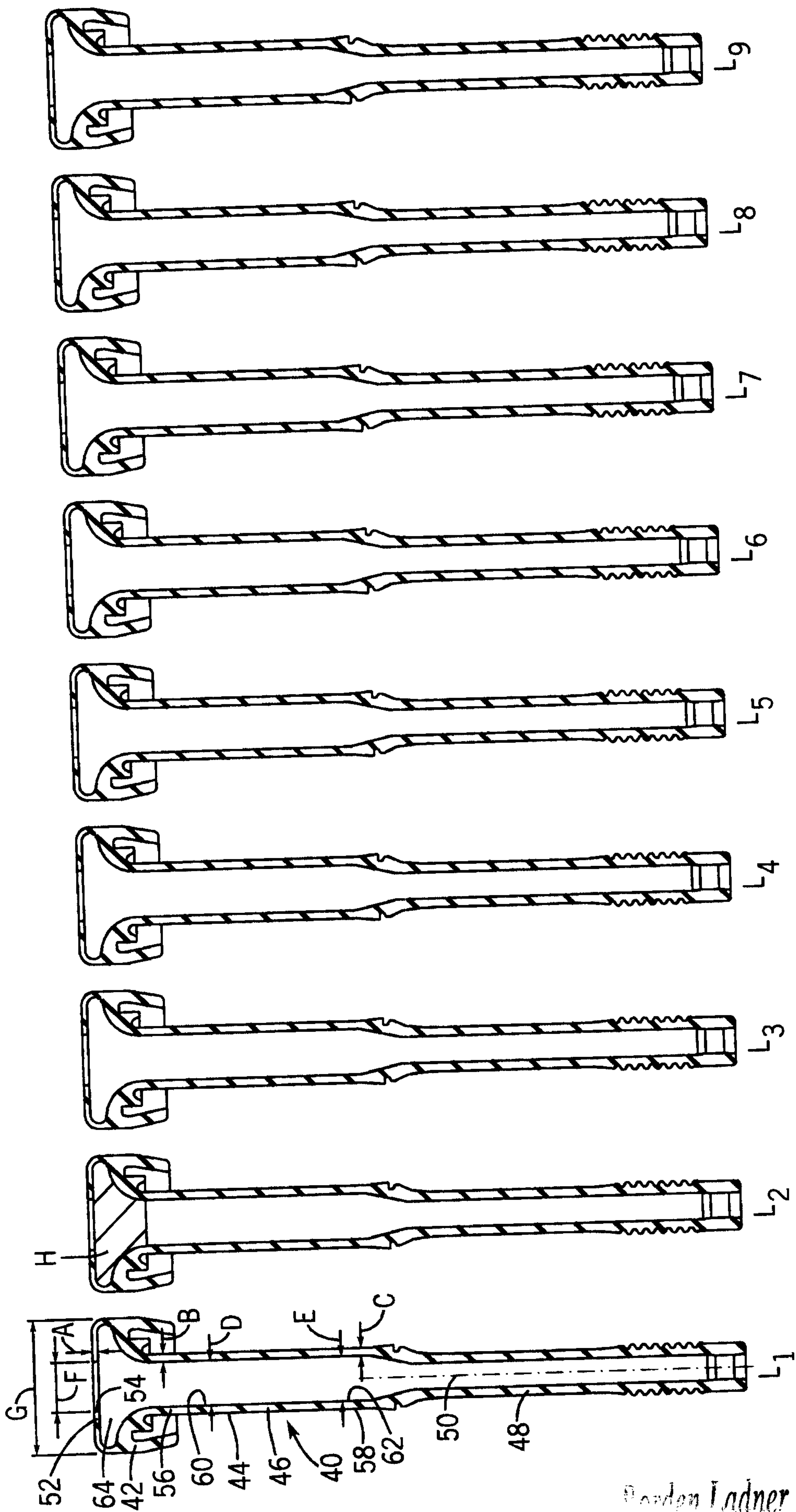


FIG. 2



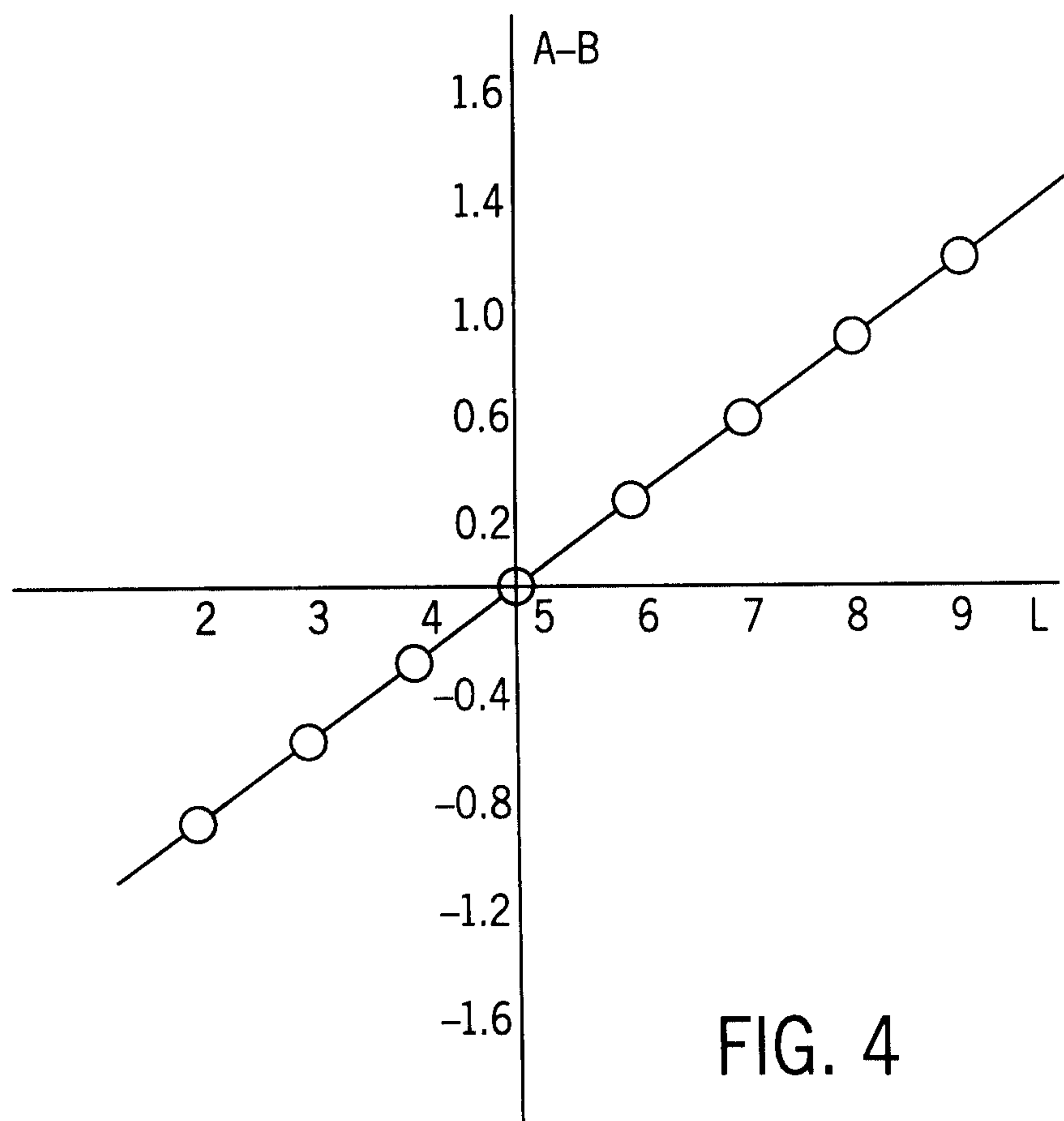


FIG. 4

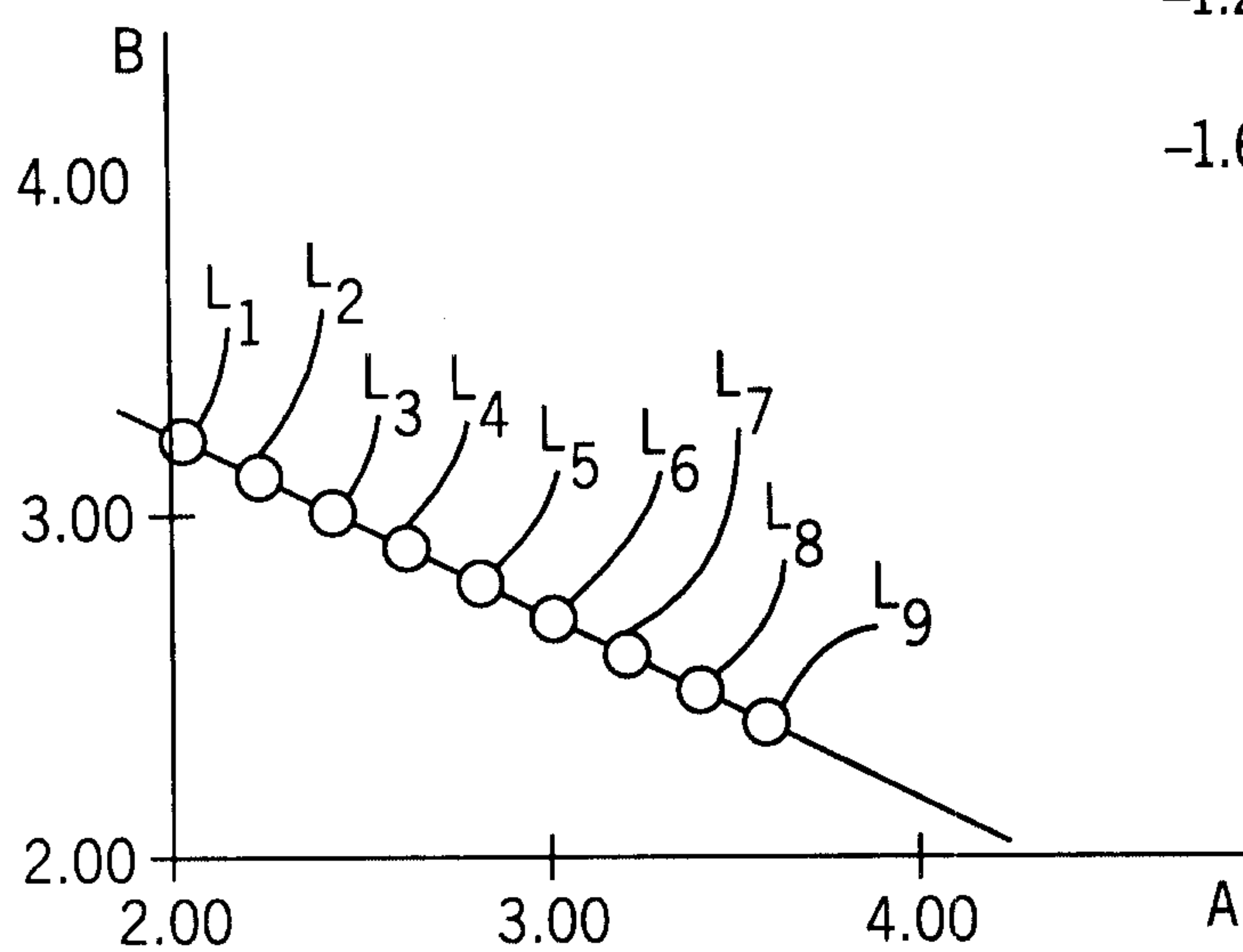


FIG. 5

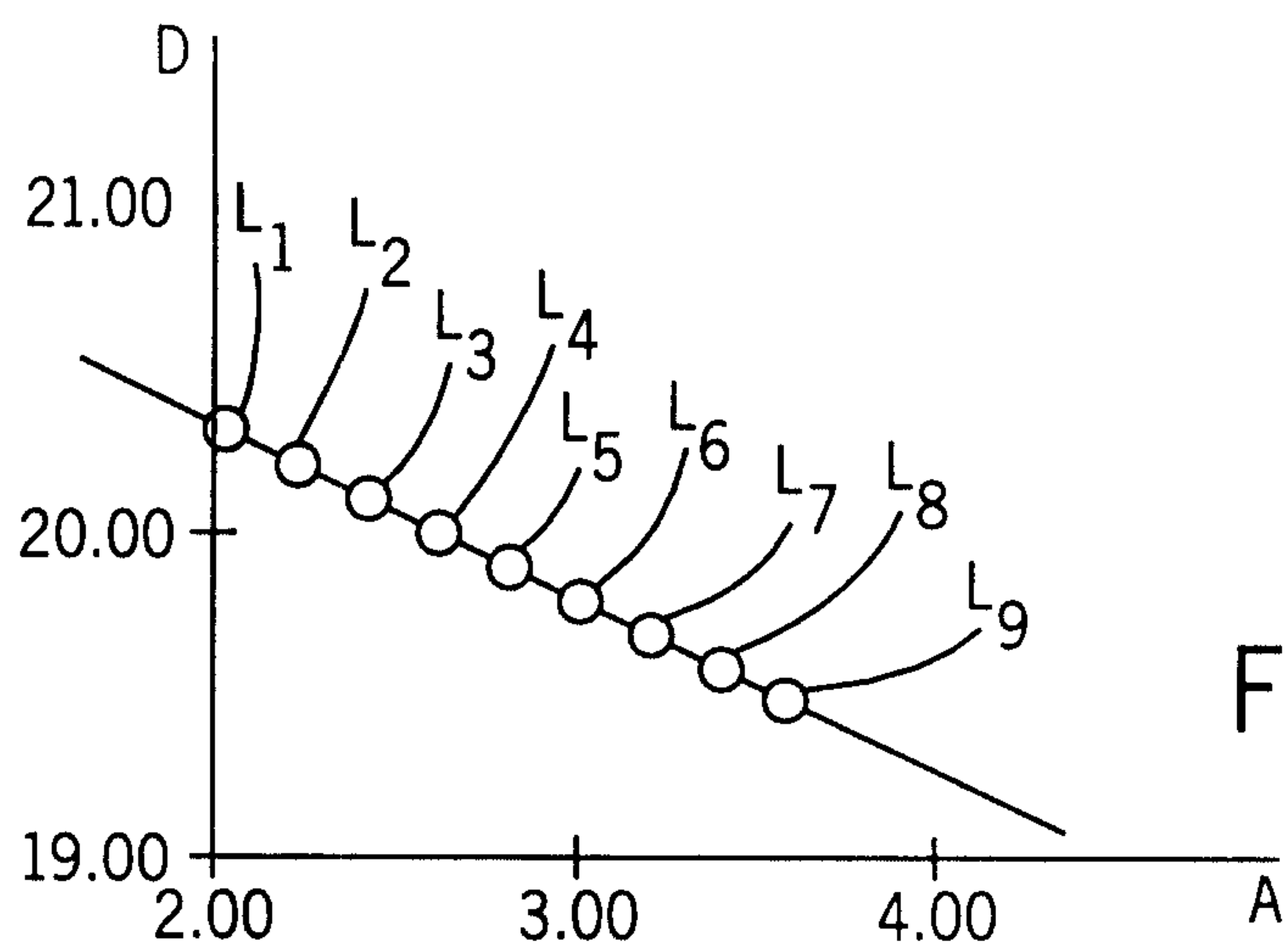


FIG. 6

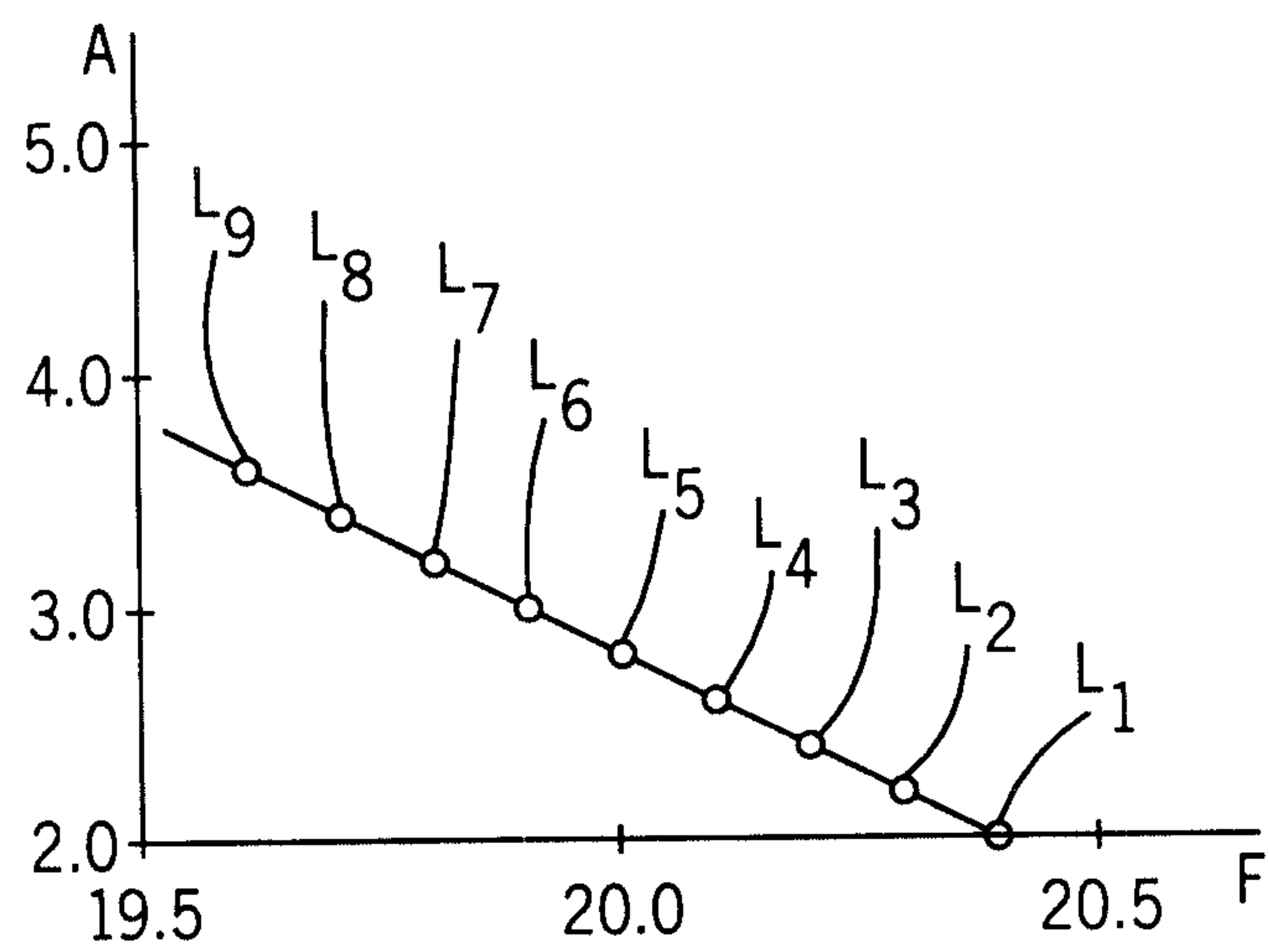


FIG. 7

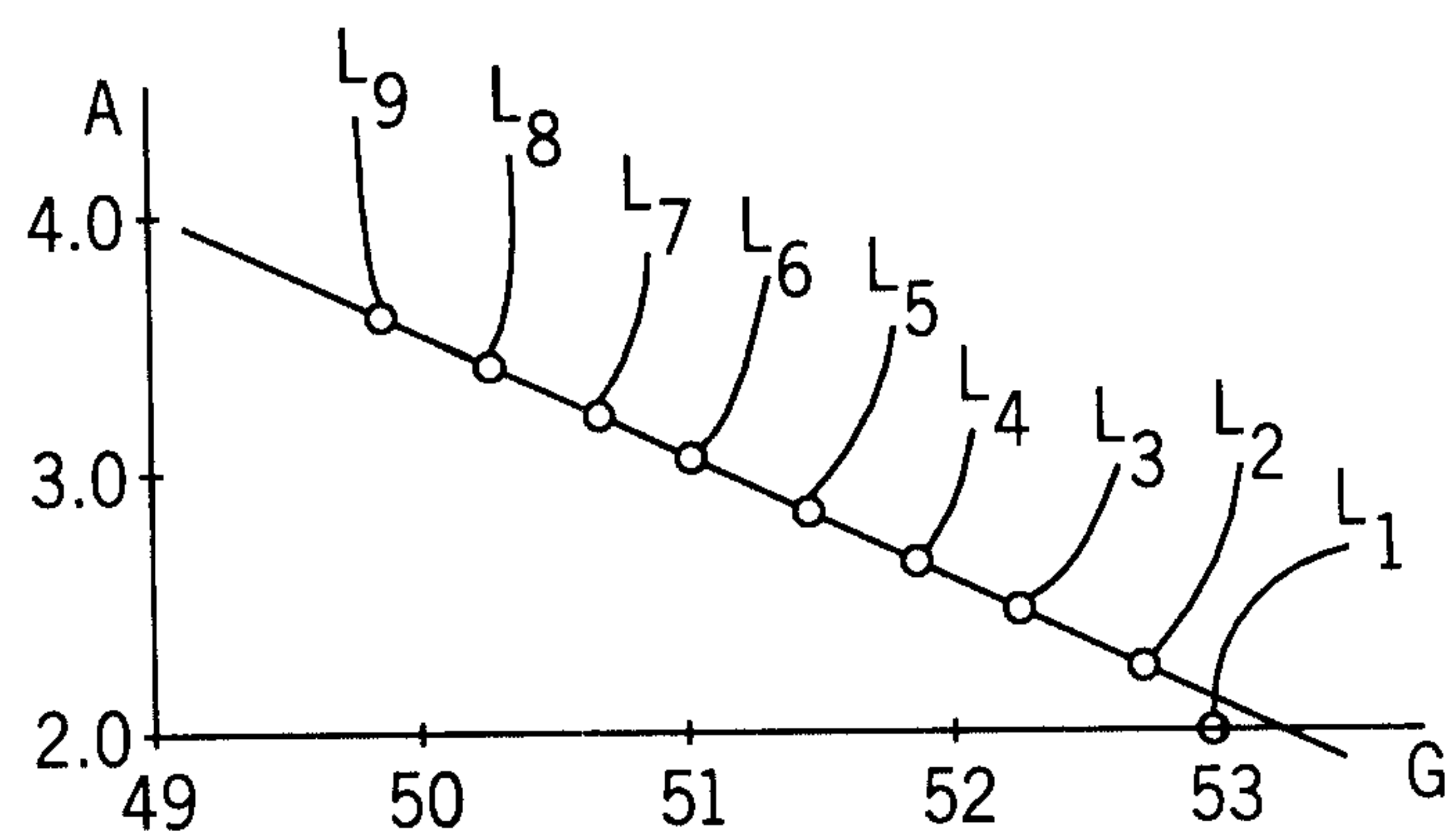


FIG. 8

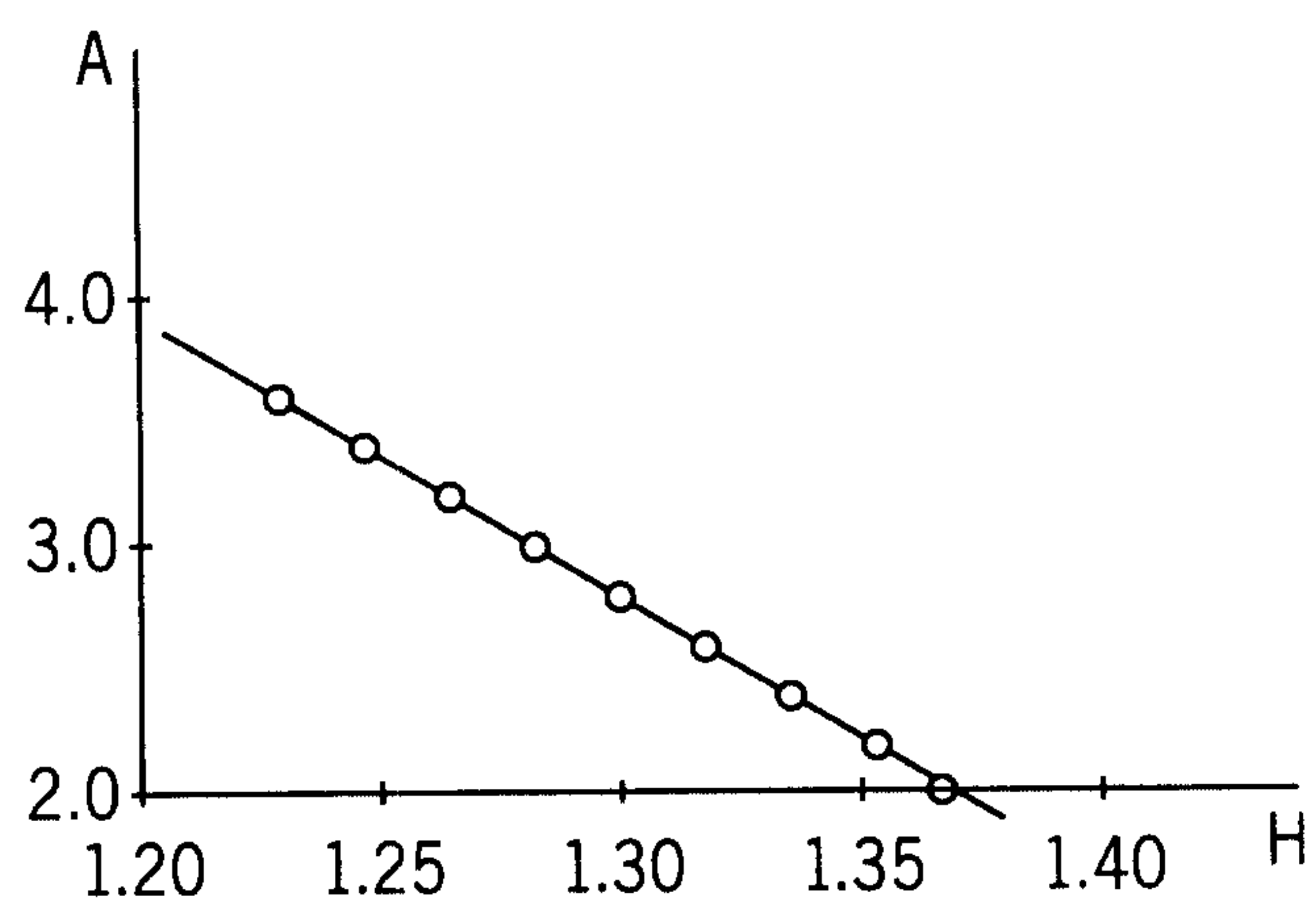


FIG. 9

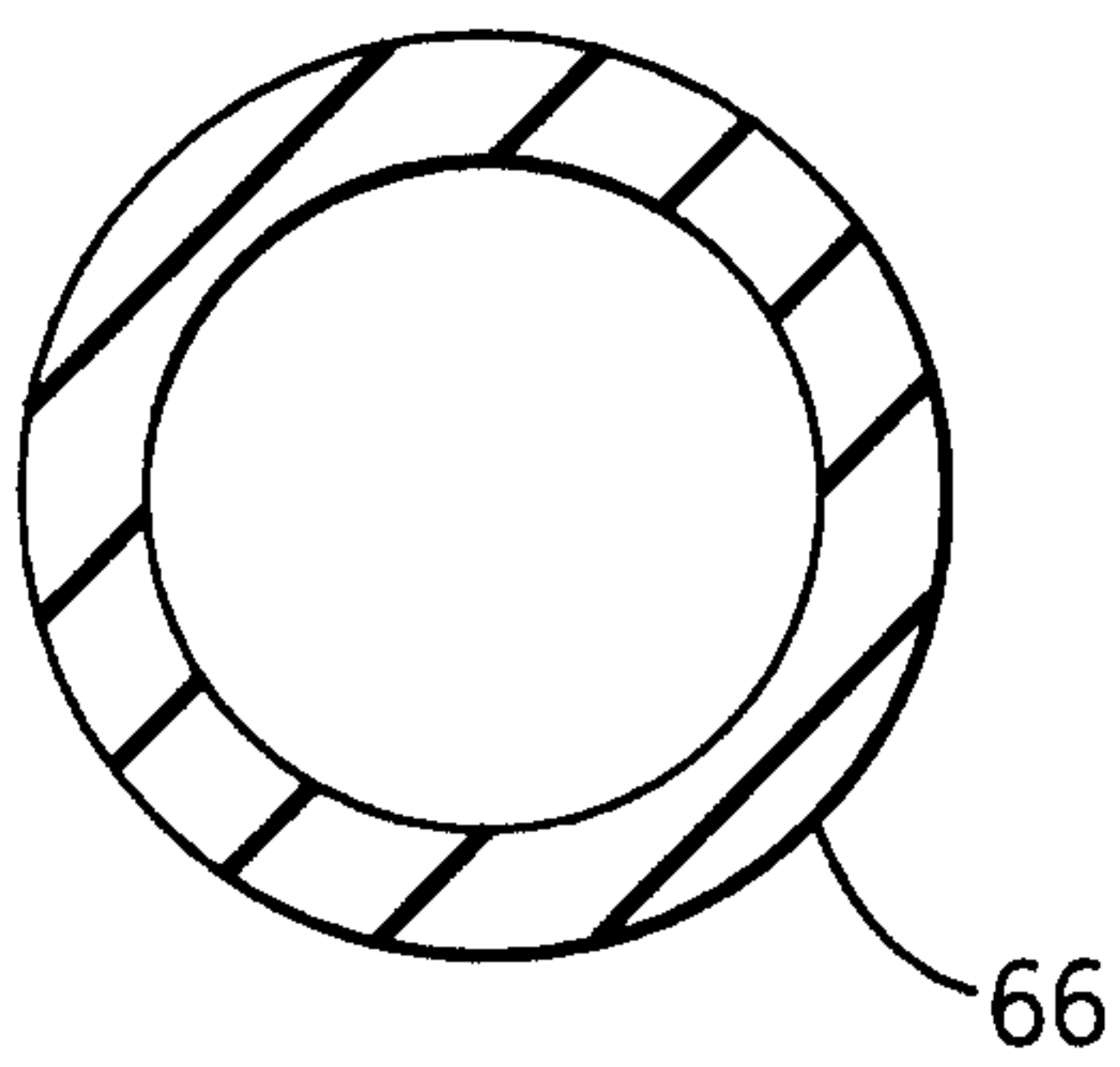


FIG. 10

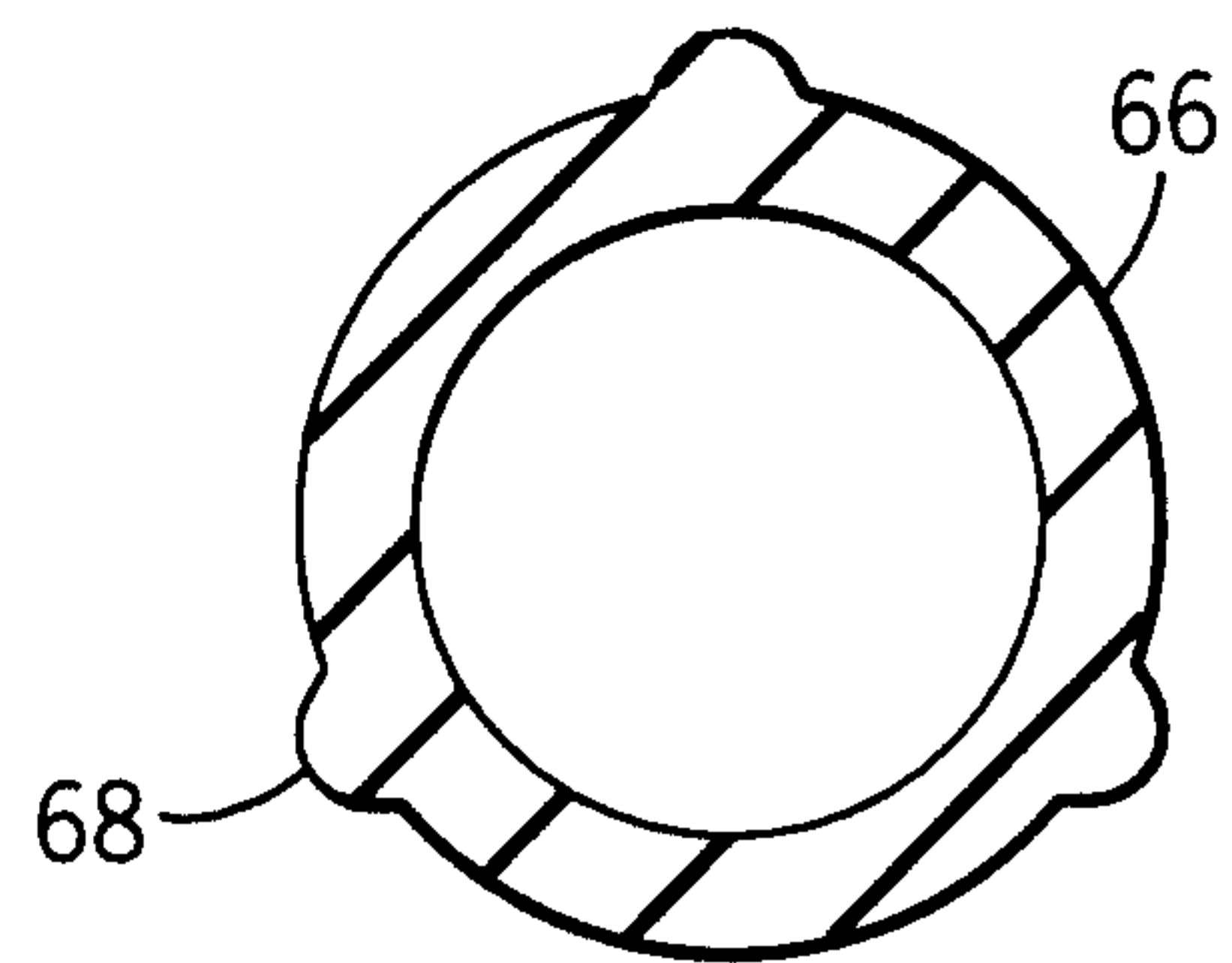


FIG. 11

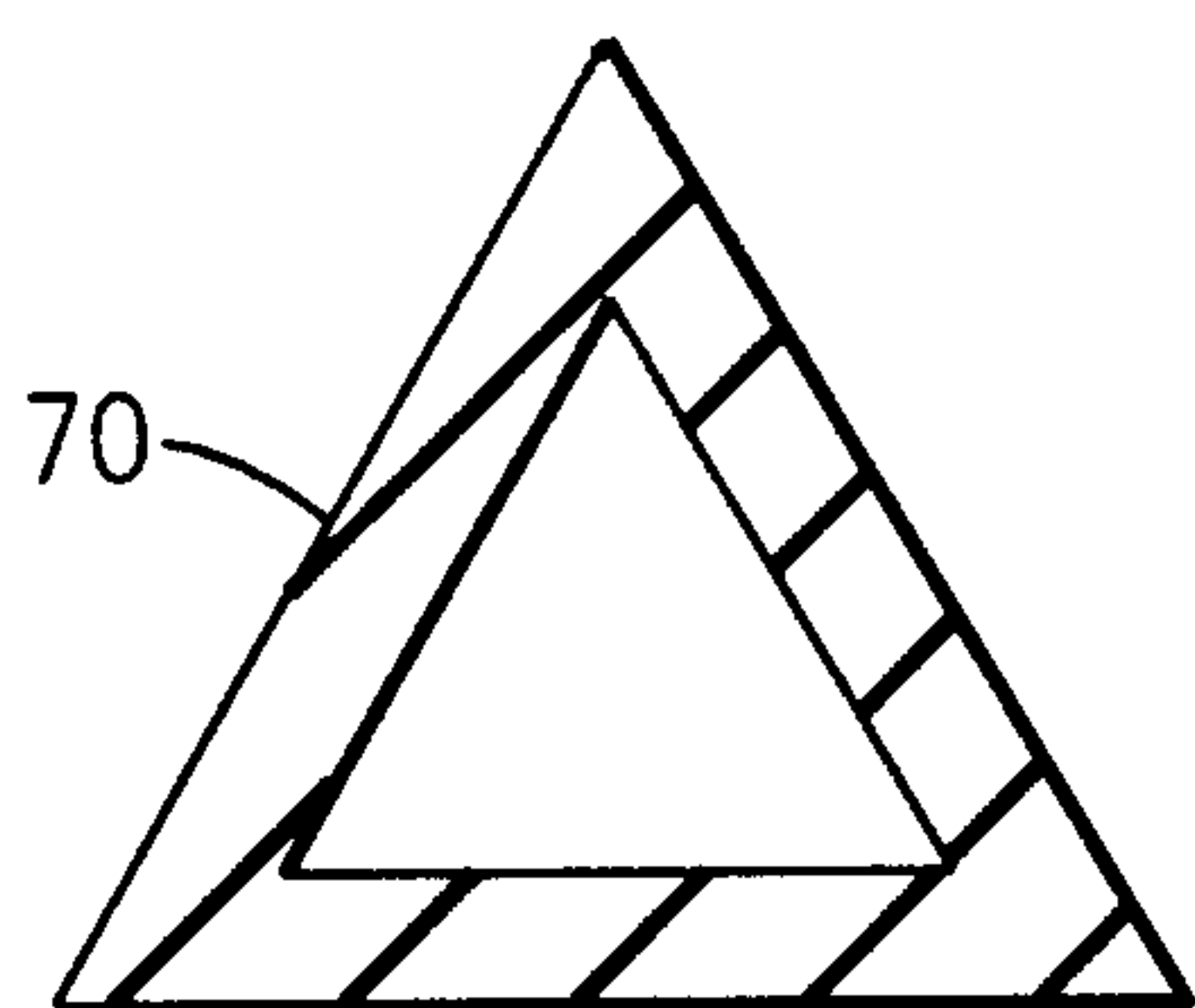


FIG. 12

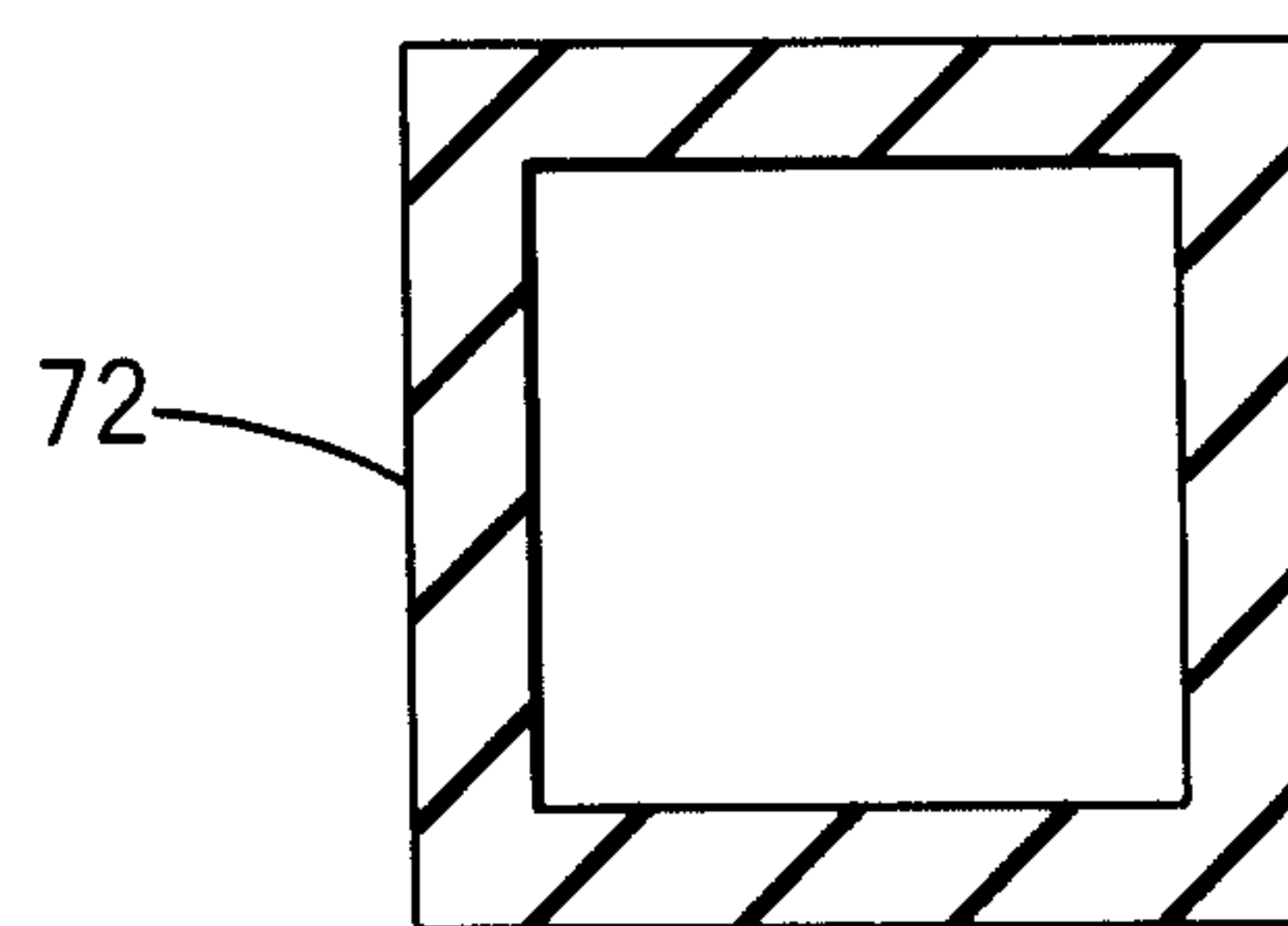


FIG. 13

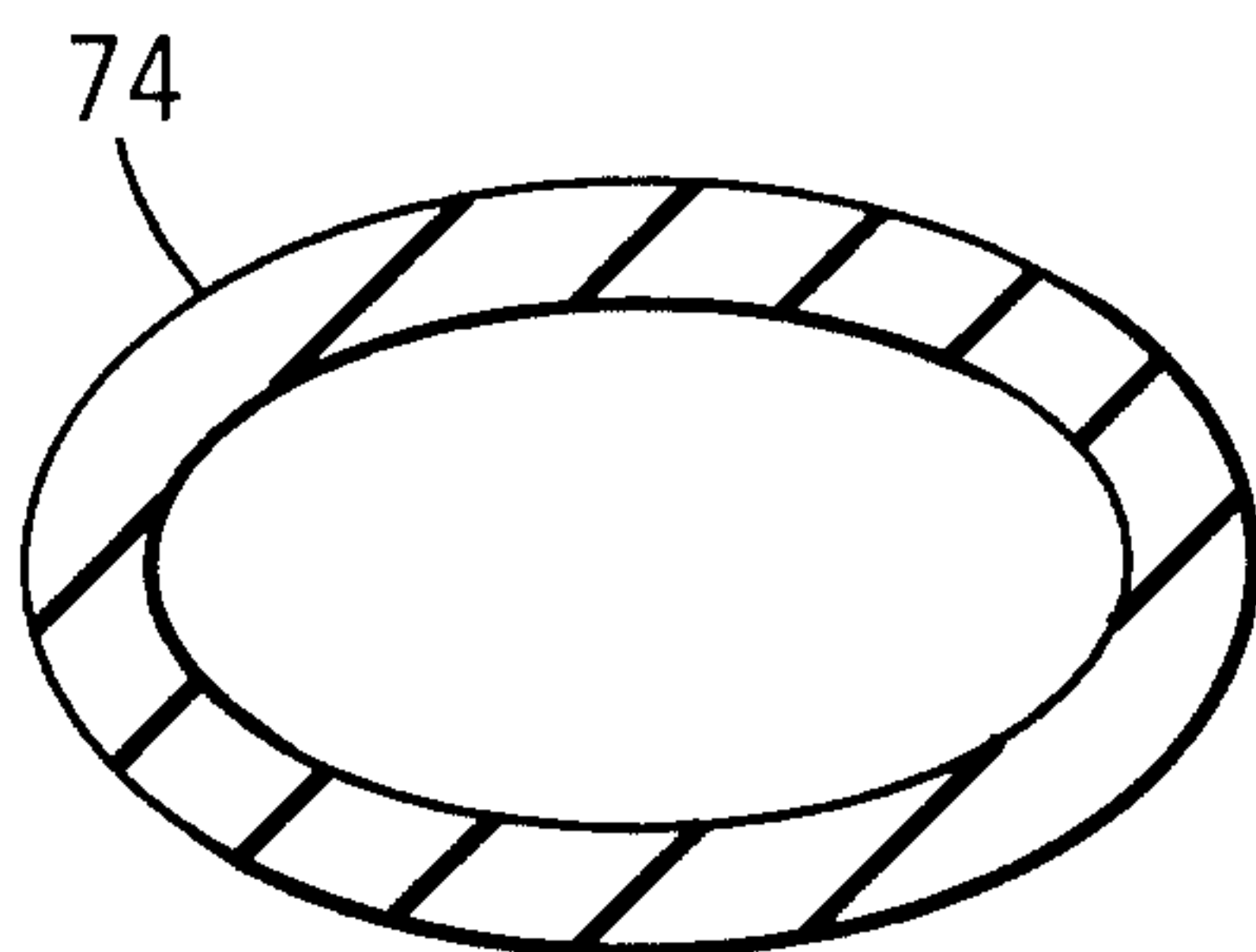


FIG. 14

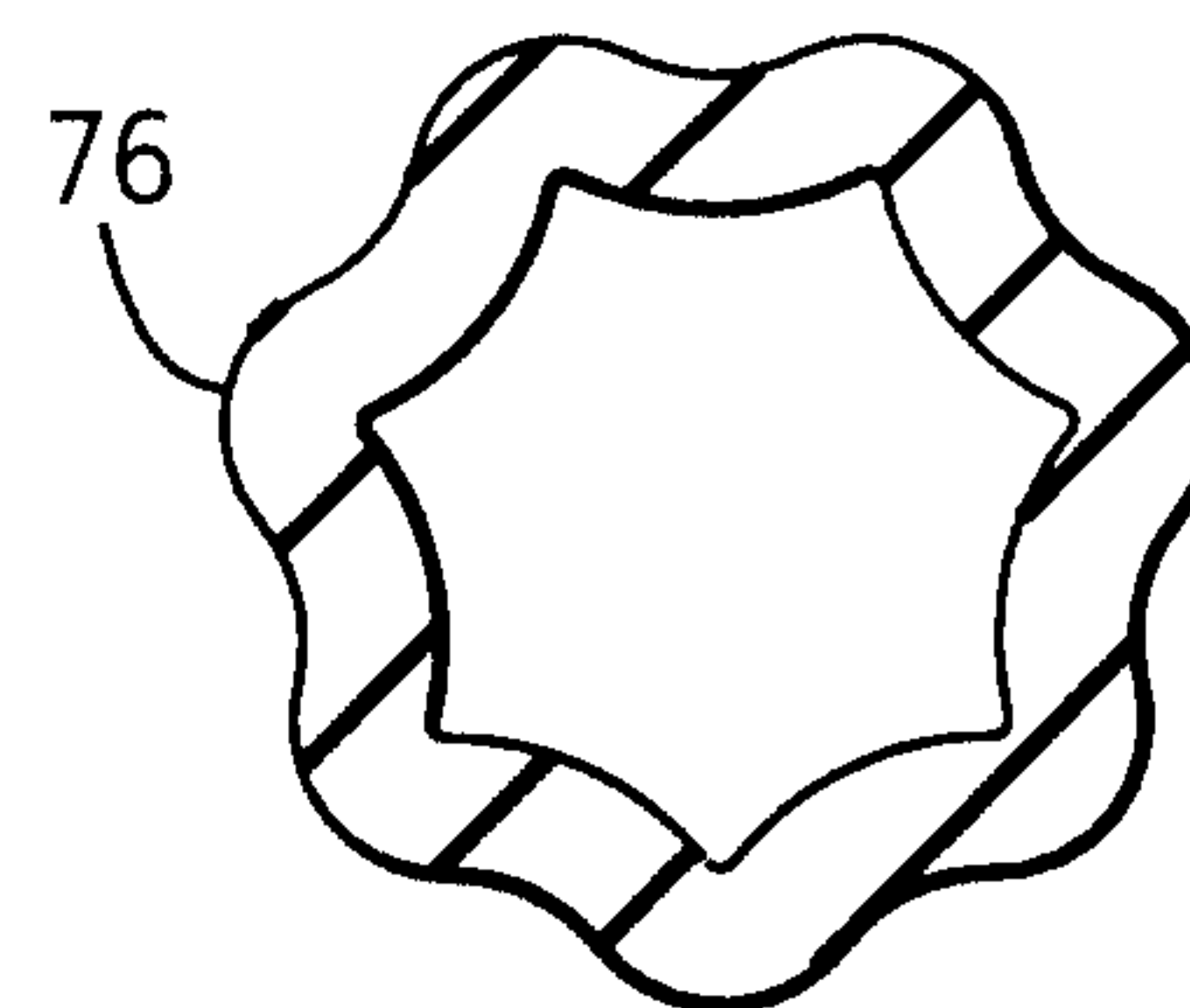


FIG. 15

