(54) Title: PROVIDER-ACTIVATED SOFTWARE FOR MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICES

(57) Abstract: A mobile voice communication device (100) including a wireless transceiver circuit (108) for transmitting and receiving voice communications and for receiving data; a digital processor (104); and a memory (126) storing application program code which when executed on the digital processor causes the mobile voice communication device to provide predetermined functionality to the user of the mobile voice communication device. The predetermined functionality includes basic features and it includes enhanced features that are in addition to the basic features. The application program code has a deactivated state in which the mobile voice communication device provides the basic features to the user without providing the enhanced features and an activated state in which the mobile voice communication device provides the enhanced features. Toggling between the deactivated and activated states is accomplished by receiving through the wireless transceiver circuit a transmitted key that was sent by a remote source to that mobile voice communication device.
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PROVIDER-ACTIVATED SOFTWARE FOR
MOBILE COMMUNICATION DEVICES

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §1.19(e) to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial Number 60/455,244, entitled "Provider-Activated Software For Mobile Communication Devices," filed on March 17, 2003, and to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial Number 60/431,818, entitled "A Business Model for Speech Technology," filed on December 9, 2002, both of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

Technical Field

The invention relates generally to wireless communication devices having installed application software.

Background

Mobile voice communication devices, such as cellular telephones, have primarily functioned to transmit and receive voice communication signals. But as the technology has advanced in recent years, additional functions have also become available on cellular phones. Examples of this added functionality include an onboard telephone directory, voice recognition capabilities, voice-activation features, games, and notebook functions, just to name a few. Indeed, not only are these capabilities being added to cellular phones but voice communication capabilities are being added to computing platforms such as the PDA (personal digital assistant); thus blurring the distinction between cellular phones and other handheld computing devices.

One example of a more modern mobile communication and computing device is the T-Mobile pocket PC Phone Edition, which includes a cellular telephone integrated with a hand-held computing device running the Microsoft Windows CE operating system. The pocket PC includes an Intel Corp. StrongARM processor running at 206 MHz, has 32MB of RAM (memory), a desktop computer interface and a color display. The pocket PC is a mobile platform meant to provide the functions of a cellular telephone and a personal digital assistant (PDA) in a single unit.
Some of the current wireless voice communication devices provide a text messaging function, known as SMS (Short Message Service) text messaging. This text messaging function enables users to use the alphanumeric keypad on the device to compose short text messages (i.e., up to 160 characters) that are then sent over a low bandwidth channel that is available in cellular communication technology. Text messaging can be a very convenient way to communicate and probably because of that, it has become quite popular, especially in Europe.

Summary of the Invention

In general, in one aspect, the invention features a mobile voice communication device that includes a wireless transceiver circuit for transmitting and receiving voice communications and for receiving data; a digital processor; and a memory storing application program code which when executed on the digital processor causes the mobile voice communication device to provide predetermined functionality to the user of the mobile voice communication device. The predetermined functionality includes basic features and it includes enhanced features that are in addition to the basic features. The application program code has a deactivated state in which the mobile voice communication device provides the basic features to the user without providing the enhanced features and an activated state in which the mobile voice communication device provides the enhanced features. Toggling between the deactivated and activated states is accomplished by receiving through the wireless transceiver circuit a transmitted key that was sent by a remote source to that mobile voice communication device.

Other embodiments include one or more of the following features. The mobile voice communication device is a cellular telephone. The predetermined functionality that is provided by the application program code is speech recognition. The transmitted key is an activation key that switches the application program code from the deactivated state to the activated state. The transmitted key uniquely identifies the mobile voice communication device.

In general, in another aspect, the invention features a method for generating revenue. The method includes establishing an account for each of a plurality of wireless voice communication devices, wherein on each of the wireless communication devices there is an application program for providing predetermined functionality for that wireless
communication device, the predetermined functionality having basic features and also
having enhanced features that are in addition to the basic features, the application
program also having a deactivated state in which the wireless voice communication
device provides the basic features to a user of the device without providing the enhanced
features and an activated state in which the wireless voice communication device
provides the enhanced features. The method also includes selecting one of the plurality
of wireless communication devices on which to switch the application program from a
first state to a second state, wherein the first state is one of the activated state and the
deactivated state and the second state is the other of the activated state and the deactivated
state; transmitting a key to the selected device, wherein the key is for causing the
application program in the wireless communication device to switch from the first state to
the second state; and after the key is sent to the selected device, billing the account for the
features provided by the second state.

Other embodiments include one or more of the following features. The
predetermined functionality that is provided by the application program is speech
recognition. The first state is the activated state and the second state is the deactivated
state. The method also includes, prior to selecting one of the plurality of wireless
communication devices on which to send the key, sending a message to the selected
device for notifying a user that the enhanced features are available after a trial period for a
fee. The first state is the deactivated state and the second state is the activated state. The
key is an activation key that uniquely identifies the selected device among the plurality of
wireless communication devices. The billing involves periodically billing the entity for
having access to the enhanced features while the enhanced features are activated.

In general, in yet another aspect, the invention features a method for generating
revenue. The method involves establishing an account for each of a plurality of wireless
voice communication devices, wherein on each of said wireless communication devices
there is an application program for providing predetermined functionality for that wireless
communication device. The predetermined functionality includes basic features and also
includes enhanced features that are in addition to the basic features. The application
program has a deactivated state in which the wireless voice communication device
provides the basic features to a user of the device without providing the enhanced features
and an activated state in which the wireless voice communication device provides the
enhanced features. The method also includes selecting one of the plurality of wireless communication devices on which to switch the application program from the deactivated state to the activated state; transmitting an activation key to the selected device, wherein the activation key is for causing the application program in the wireless communication device to switch from the deactivated state to the activated state; and after the enhanced features are activated in the selected device, billing the account for that device for the enhanced features.

**Brief Description of the Drawings**

Fig. 1 is a functional block diagram of a smartphone embodiment.

Fig. 2 is a flow diagram of a revenue-generating model that uses the technology illustrated by Fig. 1.

**Description of the Embodiments**

Referring to Fig. 1, in general, the described embodiment is a cellular phone in which there is embedded application software that includes functionality that can be turned on and off remotely (e.g. by the carrier or service provider). In this instance, the application software is voice recognition software that enables the user to access information on the phone (e.g. telephone numbers of identified persons) and to control the cell phone through verbal commands. The voice recognition software also includes enhanced functionality in the form of a speech-to-text function that enables the user to enter text into an email message through spoken words. The enabling and disabling of the enhanced functionality within the speech recognition software is controlled by a software switch. The carrier is able to turn on or turn off the software switch and thereby enable or disable the speech-to-text functionality by sending a special “key” to the user’s cell phone.

The cellular phone with the remotely switchable enhanced functionality underlies a new revenue-generating model for providing services to cell phone users. In essence, the enabling of software functionality that is embedded on the user’s cellular phone becomes a revenue-generating event. For the enhanced functionality that is enabled by the carrier, the user agrees to pay a monthly charge for so long as that functionality remains activated. The carrier collects the income stream generated by enabling the new
functionality and shares a portion of that income with the entity which provided the software. This enables the software company to more equitably share in the financial rewards made possible by the software which the company designed for the phone.

A typical platform on which such functionality can be provided is a smartphone 100, such as is illustrated in the high level block diagram form in Fig. 2. In the described embodiment, smartphone 100 is a Microsoft PocketPC-powered phone which includes at its core a baseband DSP 102 (digital signal processor) for handling the cellular communication functions (including for example voiceband and channel coding functions) and an applications processor 104 (e.g. Intel StrongArm SA-1110) on which the PocketPC operating system runs. The phone supports GSM voice calls, SMS (Short Messaging Service) text messaging, wireless email, and desktop-like web browsing along with more traditional PDA features.

The transmit and receive functions are implemented by an RF synthesizer 106 and an RF radio transceiver 108 followed by a power amplifier module 110 that handles the final-stage RF transmit duties through an antenna 112. An interface ASIC 114 and an audio CODEC 116 provide interfaces to a speaker, a microphone, and other input/output devices provided in the phone such as a numeric or alphanumeric keypad (not shown) for entering commands and information. DSP 102 uses a flash memory 118 for code store. A Li-Ion (lithium-ion) battery 120 powers the phone and a power management module 122 coupled to DSP 102 manages power consumption within the phone. Volatile and non-volatile memory for applications processor 114 is provided in the form of SDRAM 124 and flash memory 126, respectively. This arrangement of memory is used to hold the code for the operating system, the code for customizable features such as the phone directory, and the code for any applications software that might be included in the smartphone, including the voice recognition software mentioned above. The visual display device for the smartphone includes an LCD driver chip 128 that drives an LCD display 130. There is also a clock module 132 that provides the clock signals for the other devices within the phone and provides an indicator of real time.

All of the above-described components are packages within an appropriately designed housing 134.

Since the smartphone described above is representative of the general internal structure of a number of different commercially available smartphones and since the
internal circuit design of those phones is generally known to persons of ordinary skill in
this art, further details about the components shown in Fig. 1 and their operation are not
being provided and are not necessary to understanding the invention.

The internal memory of the phone includes all relevant code for operating the
phone and for supporting its various functionality, including code 140 for the voice
recognition application software, which is represented in block form in Fig. 1. The voice
recognition application includes code 142 for its basic functionality as well as code 144
for enhanced functionality, which in this case is speech-to-text functionality 144. The
activation and/or deactivation of the speech-to-text functionality is controlled by a
software switch 146.

When the speech-to-text functionality is activated, the user is able to use that
functionality to generate short text messages by speaking into the phone. The user's
spoken word is converted to text that is inserted into the body of a short text message.
Once the text message is completed and properly addressed, it is then sent to the intended
recipient by using, for example, the SMS messaging capabilities of the smartphone.

The software switch is operated by a digital “key” that is supplied, typically by the
carrier or service provider. The key is a password or encryption key that the locally
stored application in the cell phone uses to activate or deactivate the enhanced
functionality. In other words, the application program includes code that uses the key
which it receives to either activate or deactivate the enhanced functionality, depending on
the particular key that is supplied. In fact, any mechanism that enables a remote entity to
accomplish the activation or deactivation function can be used.

One business model for generating revenue through making the speech-to-text
functionality available to the purchasers of the smartphones phones operates as follows.
The software company provides to the cell phone manufacturer the software code for the
voice-recognition application having the speech-to-text functionality. The cell phone
manufacturer integrates that code into its cellular phones along with whatever software
and/or code that is necessary to implement the underlying cellular communication
functions and along with any other software applications that the manufacturer might
want to include on the phone, e.g. games, an organizer program, a phone directory. Then,
these phones are sent out into the various distribution channels that are used by that
manufacturer.
When a customer purchases the cellular phone, including the embedded voice recognition software with the enhanced functionality, the seller activates the phone and establishes service through a local service provider or carrier, which sets up an account for that phone (block 200). At this time, the seller also initializes the enhanced functionality so that it is in an activated state (block 202). It will remain in the activated state for a predetermined trial period (e.g. one to three months) after which the customer must request that the functionality be activated as a subscription service. During the trial period, the purchaser has full access to and can experience the benefits of the enhanced functionality. In essence, the customer is permitted to “test drive” the enhanced functionality to evaluate whether it is something that he would want to purchase. During that trial, the carrier periodically sends notices (e.g. SMS text messages) to the customer reminding him that the enhanced functionality is available free for the trial period and instructing the customer how to sign up so as to continue having access to the enhanced functionality beyond the trial period (block 204). In the described example, the customer signs up by sending a SMS message to the carrier including a PIN number confirming the source of the request.

If the customer allows the trial period to elapse without signing up for the enhanced functionality (blocks 208 and 216), then the carrier sends a deactivation key to the customer’s phone turning off the enhanced functionality (block 218).

If we assume, however, that the customer signs up for the enhanced functionality, the carrier will receive an appropriate indication from the customer of his wish to continue the service (i.e., a sign-up request and billing authorization). Upon receiving the sign-up request and billing authorization from the customer (block 208), the carrier sends an activation key to the customer’s cell phone to activate the enhanced functionality beyond the trial period (block 210). Concurrently with or in close proximity to activating the enhanced functionality, the carrier also initiates a billing function which charges the customers account on a monthly basis for the enhanced functionality (block 212). Thereafter, and for as long as the enhanced functionality remains activated, the monthly bill to the customer will include a monthly charge for the enhanced features.

The activation of the enhanced functionality on the customer’s cell phone will result in an revenue stream to the carrier. The carrier, typically in accordance with a previously executed agreement with the provider of the software, shares that revenue
steam with the software company (block 214). There are many alternative ways in which this can be accomplished. In the described embodiment, either upon billing the customer the monthly fee for the enhanced functionality or upon receiving that fee from the customer, the carrier also credits an account for the software company with a portion of the subscription payment.

If at a later date the customer fails to make payments for the enhanced functionality or if the customer discontinues his subscription for that functionality (block 216), the carrier sends a deactivation key to the customer's cell phone turning off that feature (block 218). Thereafter, in an effort to get the customer back, the carrier might periodically send to that former customer notices or advertisements about the continued availability of the enhanced functionality or even about improved later-developed versions of it (block 220).

At multiple points along the flow diagram presented in Fig. 2, there are, of course, alternative ways of achieving the general objective associated with that stage of the process. For example, there are multiple alternative ways by which the customer might notify the carrier of his request to sign-up for the service. The notification might be by entering an appropriate sequence of keystrokes on the cellular phone, by telephone call to the carrier or its representative, by sending an SMS text message, by sending email, by regular mail, etc.

On a more general level, there are also many alternative approaches to implementing a business model that generates a shared revenue stream for making the enhanced functionality available to customers. For example, instead of requiring the customer to request activation of the enhanced functionality, the functionality can simply remain activated beyond the trial period and the carrier will automatically start billing the customer for the service when the trial period ends. To not accept that enhanced functionality, the customer must affirmatively instruct the carrier to deactivate the enhanced functionality and either not start billing or, if billing had already started, discontinue billing for the functionality. If the customer instructs the carrier to turn off the enhanced features, then the carrier sends a deactivation key to the customer's cell phone and takes whatever action is appropriate on the billing side of the transaction.

There are also alternative ways to those presented above of making the enhanced functionality available to customer. For example, as an alternative to making the
enhanced functionality available to the user for a limited period of time (i.e., a trial period), that functionality can be delivered in a deactivated state and the carrier notifies the customer periodically through messages sent to the customer’s phone and/or to his residential street address that such enhanced functionality is supported on his phone and can be activated upon request. If notifications are sent to the customer’s cell phone, they can be sent either as voice messages left in his mailbox, as short SMS text messages stored in the phone, as web pages that are displayed on the browser in the phone, or as messages sent through any available communication channel on the phone. In this case, the software switch is set to a deactivated state when the customer buys the phone and remains in that state until the customer subscribes to the enhanced functionality at which point the carrier sends an activation key to the phone.

Instead of sending notifications from to the phone from a location external to the phone, those notifications can be generated internally by software in the phone. That is, the phone can store in its internally memory prepared advertisements that are periodically displayed to the user over a predetermined period of time.

Similarly, there are ways of activating and deactivating the enhanced functionality other than those described above. For example, if the phone is delivered to the customer with the enhanced functionality activated for a trial period, the shut off of that functionality at the end of that period can be done locally. That is, instead of the carrier having to send a deactivation key, the phone can be programmed to switch off the functionality. This could be done by using the on board clock to determine the arrival of the date on which the trial period ends or to measure when the amount of elapsed time equals the length of the trial period.

The activation key, if sent by the carrier, can be sent over the SMS channel or via any other available means. For example, it can be communicated to the user who then enters it through the keypad on the phone. Or it can be downloaded from the web.

Though the described embodiment uses a PocketPC operating system, other operating systems are available and those other operating systems can be used as platforms for implement the remotely switchable enhanced functionality. Those other operating systems include the Symbian OS offered by Symbian Ltd. of the United Kingdom, as well as the more primitive operating systems that are found on many current cellular phones. In the cell phones with the more primitive operating systems, the code
which implements the functionality described herein will likely need to be more tightly integrated into the operating code within the cellular phone. The tight integration that is required in those instances might well rule out uploading of the application software into the cellular phone as an option for delivering the functionality to the phone and will instead necessitate that the code be integrated into the phone when it is manufactured by the cell phone manufacturer.

There is also commercially available voice recognition software designed for or usable on smartphones that can be used to help implement the functionality described herein. Two examples of such software are ViaVoice from IBM and Voice LookUp from HandHeld Speech, just to name two examples.

The concepts described herein apply to a much broader range of applications in the speech recognition area than the speech-to-text example that was described above. Other examples of enhanced functionality that might be implemented include natural language functionality or extended word recognition dictionaries. The natural language functionality enables the user to issue phone operating commands using normal spoken language instead of having to know particular commands for the desired functions. In the case of extended word recognition dictionaries, the phone can be delivered with a more limited dictionary that is used as the active dictionary and an extension to that dictionary that is present but deactivated. The more limited dictionary limits the user to a more limited set of spoken words. The enhanced dictionary, when activated, expands the spoken word vocabulary that is available to the user in communicating with the phone.

The approach of including the enhanced functionality in the phone that is delivered to the customer at the point of purchase is particularly useful for software applications that are large and complicated like voice recognition applications. Due to their large size, it is generally not practical to download the code into the phone. However, instead of including the code for the enhanced functionality within the phone delivered to the customer, in some circumstances it might be acceptable to require the customer to download the code. The resulting code that provides the enhanced functionality would, of course, still need to include the software switch so that it can be deactivated should the user decide at a later date that he no longer wishes to pay for the enhanced functionality.
For the enhanced functionality, it is also possible to split that functionality between the handheld device and a remote server, performing front end processing on the handheld device and performing backend processing on the remote server. For example, one could do proximate word recognition on the handheld device and complete the recognition on the remote server.

The concepts described herein can also be implemented on other mobile wireless communication platforms in addition to cellular phones or smartphones. Examples of other platforms include, without limitation, PDAs (Personal Digital Assistant) with wireless capabilities such as the Palm Pilot, the Blackberry and other handheld computing devices; pagers; and handheld notebook computers with wireless communication devices attached. The functionality for which the enhanced capabilities can be activated and deactivated need not be limited to speech recognition. One can also image using the above-described approach for handwriting recognition and image recognition and for any capabilities that provide an alternative way of inputting information or commands into the handheld communication device.

Other aspects, modifications, and embodiments are within the scope of the following claims.

What is claimed is:
CLAIMS

1. A mobile voice communication device comprising:
   a wireless transceiver circuit for transmitting and receiving voice communications and for
   receiving data;
   a digital processor; and
   a memory storing application program code which when executed on the digital
   processor causes the mobile voice communication device to provide predetermined functionality
   to the user of the mobile voice communication device, said predetermined functionality having
   basic features and having enhanced features that are in addition to the basic features, said
   application program code having a deactivated state in which the mobile voice communication
   device provides said basic features to the user without providing said enhanced features and an
   activated state in which the mobile voice communication device provides the enhanced features,
   and wherein toggling between the deactivated and activated states is accomplished by receiving
   through the wireless transceiver circuit a transmitted key that was sent by a remote source to that
   mobile voice communication device.

2. The mobile voice communication device of claim 1, wherein the mobile voice
   communication device is a cellular telephone.

3. The mobile voice communication device of claim 1, wherein the predetermined
   functionality that is provided by the application program code is speech recognition.

4. The mobile voice communication device of claim 1, wherein the transmitted key is an
   activation key that switches the application program code from the deactivated state to the
   activated state.

5. The mobile voice communication device of claim 1 wherein the transmitted key
   uniquely identifies the selected device among the plurality of wireless communication devices.

6. A method for generating revenue comprising:
   establishing an account for each of a plurality of wireless voice communication devices,
   wherein on each of said wireless communication devices there is an application program for
providing predetermined functionality for that wireless communication device, said
predetermined functionality including basic features and also including enhanced features that
are in addition to the basic features, said application program having a deactivated state in which
the wireless voice communication device provides the basic features to a user of the device
without providing the enhanced features and an activated state in which the wireless voice
communication device provides the enhanced features to the user;
    selecting one of the plurality of wireless communication devices on which to switch the
application program from a first state to a second state, wherein the first state is one of the
activated state and the deactivated state and the second state is the other of the activated state and
the deactivated state;
    transmitting a key to the selected device, said key for causing the application program in
the wireless communication device to switch from the first state to the second state; and
    after the key is sent to the selected device, billing the account for the features provided by
the second state.

7. The method of claim 6 wherein the predetermined functionality that is provided by the
application program is speech recognition.

8. The method of claim 7 wherein the first state is the activated state and the second state
is the deactivated state.

9. The method of claim 8, further comprising:
prior to selecting one of the plurality of wireless communication devices on which to
send the key, sending a message to the selected device for notifying a user that the enhanced
features are available after a trial period for a fee.

10. The method of claim 7 wherein the first state is the deactivated state and the second
state is the activated state.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein the key is an activation key that uniquely identifies
the selected device among the plurality of wireless communication devices.

12. The method of claim 10 wherein billing involves periodically billing the entity for
having access to the enhanced features while the enhanced features are activated.
13. The method of claim 10, further comprising:
   prior to selecting one of the plurality of wireless communication devices on which to
   activate the enhanced functionality, sending a message to that device providing notification of
   the availability of the enhanced features for a fee.

14. A method for generating revenue comprising:
   establishing an account for each of a plurality of wireless voice communication devices,
   wherein on each of said wireless communication devices there is an application program for
   providing predetermined functionality for that wireless communication device, said
   predetermined functionality having basic features and also having enhanced features that are in
   addition to the basic features, said application program having a deactivated state in which the
   wireless voice communication device provides the basic features to a user of the device without
   providing the enhanced features and an activated state in which the wireless voice
   communication device provides the enhanced features;
   selecting one of the plurality of wireless communication devices on which to switch the
   application program from the deactivated state to the activated state;
   transmitting an activation key to the selected device, said activation key for causing the
   application program in the wireless communication device to switch from the deactivated state to
   the activated state; and
   after the enhanced features are activated in the selected device, billing the account for
   that device for the enhanced features.

15. The method of claim 14 wherein the predetermined functionality that is provided by
   the application program is speech recognition.
ACTIVATE PHONE AND BEGIN SERVICE

ACTIVATE ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY FOR TRIAL PERIOD

DURING TRIAL PERIOD PERIODICALLY NOTIFY CUSTOMER OF AVAILABILITY ON SUBSCRIPTION BASIS AFTER TRIAL PERIOD

DID CUSTOMER SIGN UP FOR ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY?

NO

HAS TRIAL PERIOD ENDED?

NO

DEACTIVATE ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY

SEND FURTHER ADVERTISEMENTS TO CUSTOMER

YES

ACTIVATE ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY BEYOND TRIAL PERIOD

INITIATE BILLING FOR ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY

SHARE REVENUE FROM ENHANCED FUNCTIONALITY WITH SOFTWARE COMPANY

HAS THE CUSTOMER INDICATED THAT THE SERVICE SHOULD BE DISCONTINUED

NO

FIG. 2

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)
**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**

<table>
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<th>IPC</th>
<th>H04M1/725</th>
<th>H04M1/27</th>
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According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC.

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

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<th>IPC</th>
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<th>H04Q</th>
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Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched.

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

WPI Data, PAJ, EPO-Internal

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages</th>
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<td>X</td>
<td>US 5 794 142 A (ALANARA SEPO ET AL) 11 August 1998 (1996-08-11) column 1, line 13 - line 30 column 2, line 37 - line 42 column 3, line 56 -column 4, line 24; figures 1,2 column 5, line 13 -column 7, line 48; claim 13; figures 3-5</td>
<td>1,2,4,5</td>
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<td>DE 199 59 903 A (JENTNER BRUNO) 13 June 2001 (2001-06-13) abstract column 2, line 54 -column 3, line 44; figures 1,2</td>
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:
  *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
  *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
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**Date of the actual completion of the international search**

14 May 2004

**Date of mailing of the international search report**

27/05/2004

**Name and mailing address of the ISA**

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 851 epo nl, Fax. (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Pascual Vallés, E
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paragraph '0011!'  
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paragraph '0029!' - paragraph '0034!'  
figures 4,5 | 6-15 |
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abstract; figure 1  
column 2, line 25 - line 60  
column 4, line 22 - line 40; figures 5,6  
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