Dec. 3, 1946. A. F. TABORSKI 2,411,907

NECKTIE

Filed June 29, 1944

Fig. 1.

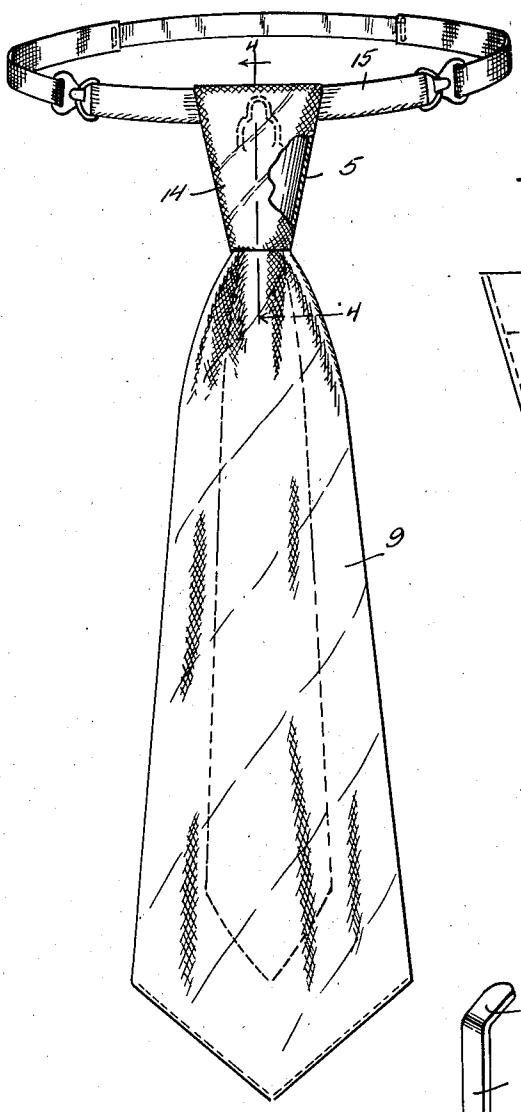


Fig. 2.

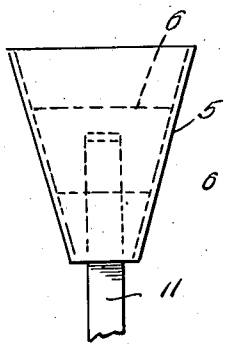
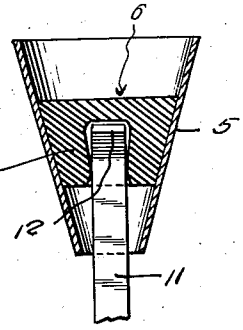


Fig. 3.



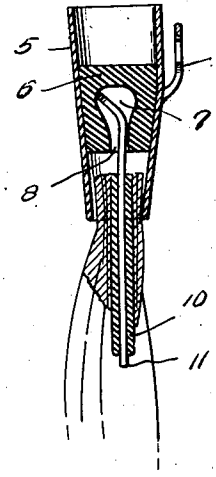


Fig. 4.

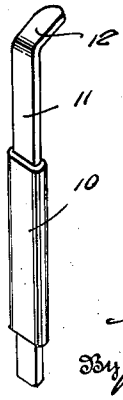


Fig. 5.

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,411,907

NECKTIE

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Application June 29, 1944, Serial No. 542,789

2 Claims. (Cl. 2—150)

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The present invention relates to new and useful improvements in neckties in simulation or representation of the four-in-hand type, and has for its primary object to provide a preformed tie including separable knot and drape portions and by means of which various styles and colors of knot and drape portions may be interchangeably connected to each other.

An important object of the present invention is to provide novel means for detachably connecting the drape portion of the tie to the knot structure.

A still further object is to provide an article of this character of both simple and practical construction which is neat and attractive in appearance, relatively inexpensive to manufacture, and otherwise well adapted for the purposes for which the same is intended.

Other objects and advantages reside in the details of construction and operation as more fully hereinafter described and claimed, reference being had to the accompanying drawing forming part hereof, wherein like numerals refer to like parts throughout, and in which:

Figure 1 is a front elevational view.

Figure 2 is a view in elevation of the knot form.

Figure 3 is a vertical sectional view therethrough.

Figure 4 is a vertical sectional view taken substantially on a line 4—4 of Figure 1.

Figure 5 is a perspective view of the attaching plate for the drape portion of the tie.

Referring now to the drawing in detail, wherein for the purpose of illustration I have disclosed a preferred embodiment of the invention, the numeral 5 designates a preformed knot structure of the necktie which may be made of light weight metal, plastic or other suitable material and of hollow and somewhat flattened and of a general frusto-conical form, the form being open at each end and arranged in inverted position with the smaller end of the form lowermost.

Suitably secured in the form is a block 6 of soft rubber having a chamber 7 formed therein communicating through the lower edge of the block by means of a relatively narrow opening 8.

The drape portion of the necktie is designated at 9 and it may be made of any suitable fabric and in the upper end portion of which is secured a rubber sleeve 10 having a flat elongated rigid plate 11 inserted in the sleeve and frictionally retained in position therein due to the resilient and reactive spring character of said sleeve. The upper end of the plate 11 is inclined laterally as shown at 12 and projects upwardly above

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the upper end of the drape body portion 9 and it is adapted for insertion through the opening 8 into the chamber 7 of the rubber block 6, as shown to advantage in Figure 4 of the drawing. The inclined position of the upper end 12 of the plate 11 will cause frictional gripping engagement between the upper end of the plate in the chamber 7 and in the walls of the opening 8 whereby to releasably secure and support the drape portion 9 in position at the lower end of the knot form 5.

It is here noted that the rubber sleeve 10 may be molded and thus formed directly on the plate member 11 or else attached thereto in any other approved or desired manner, as, for example, may be made of a definite size so as to be slightly expanded when slipped onto the plate member, whereby it is self-holding in place due to its reactive resistance. So, too, the upper portion of the drape member 9 of the tie may be formed about and made to adhere to the rubber sleeve 10 or to both the sleeve 10 and the plate 11 by any approved means or method, which, for example, may obviously be accomplished by stitching.

A wire hanger 13 is secured to the back of the knot form 5 in any suitable manner and adapted for attaching it to the collar button of a shirt and the knot form 5 may be covered with suitable cloth or fabric 14 (see Figure 1) and have attached thereto a collar band 15 for attaching the necktie in position on the collar of the wearer.

By reason of the detachable connection of the drape portion 9 to the knot form 5, it will be apparent that various styles and colors of drape material may be interchangeably connected to the knot structure.

It is believed the details of construction and manner of use and advantages of the device will be readily understood from the foregoing without further detailed explanation.

Having thus described the invention, what I claim is:

1. A necktie comprising a flattened but generally frusto-conical knot form of hollow construction, a soft rubber block secured in the knot form and having a chamber therein and provided with a restricted bottom opening communicating through the lower end of the block, a fabric drape member, a rubber sleeve secured within the upper portion of the drape member, an elongated rigid plate having its lower portion supportedly frictionally engaged in said rubber sleeve and projecting from the upper end of the sleeve and said drape member, said plate having an angularly

formed laterally turned upper end portion adapted for insertion into the chamber of the block through expansion of the restricted bottom opening thereof for frictional engagement with the walls thereof by the reactive clamping action of the walls.

2. A necktie comprising a knot form, a resilient self-clamping holding member secured within the knot form and having a chamber therein with a restricted bottom opening, a drape member of

cloth material, and a rigid elongated plate member secured to the drape member and having an upper end extension formed with a laterally offset portion and projecting from the top of said drape member arranged and adapted for insertion and frictional engagement in the chamber of said resilient member after expansive insertion of said end extension through the restricted bottom opening of the chamber.

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