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(71) Demandeur/Applicant:
WUXI HISKY MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD.,
CN
(72) Inventeurs/Inventors:
HE, QIONG, CN;
XU, XIAOCHEN, CN;
SHAO, JINHUA, CN;
SUN, JIN, CN;
DUAN, HOULI, CN
(74) Agent: BENNETT JONES LLP

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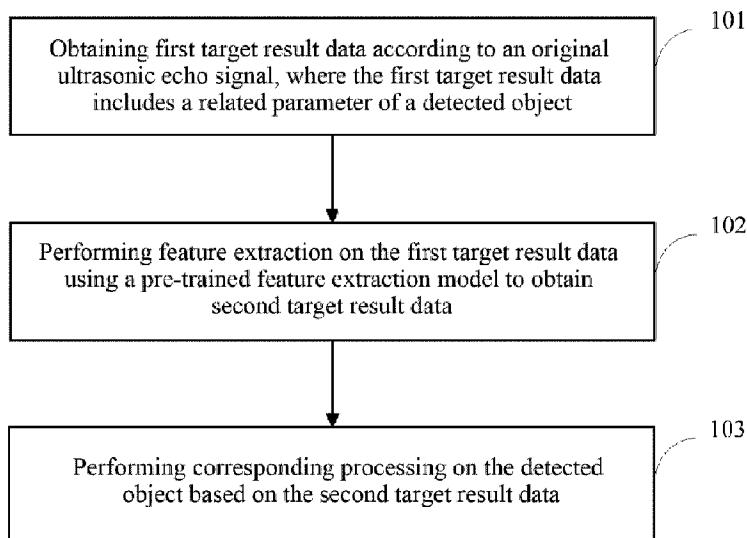


FIG. 2

(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

Provided are a data processing method, apparatus, device, and storage medium, said method comprising: according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, obtaining first target result data, said first target result data comprising relevant parameters of a detected object (101); using a pre-trained feature extraction model, performing feature extraction on the first target result data to obtain second target result data (102); on the basis of the second target result data, performing corresponding processing on the detected object (103). By means of adopting a pre-trained feature extraction model to perform feature extraction on the relevant parameters of the detected object, the second target result data is obtained, and corresponding processing is further performed on the detected object on the basis of the second target result data; thus the accuracy of determining the state of the detected object is effectively improved.

ABSTRACT

A data processing method and apparatus, a device and a storage medium, where the method includes: obtaining first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, where
5 the first target result data includes a related parameter of a detected object (101); performing feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data (102); and performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data (103). By performing feature extraction on the related parameter of the detected object using the pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain
10 the second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively.

DATA PROCESSING METHOD, APPARATUS, DEVICE AND STORAGE MEDIUM

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present application relates to the technical field of ultrasound image processing
5 and, in particular, to a data processing method and apparatus, a device and a storage medium.

BACKGROUND

[0002] With the advancement of science and technology, ultrasound imaging technology is
widely used in various fields. In prior art, in general, after an original ultrasonic echo signal is
acquired, it is necessary to perform image reconstruction and image processing to obtain some
10 related parameters of a detected object, such as a velocity, a direction, etc., and judge a state of
the detected object according to these related parameters.

[0003] However, accuracy of judging the state of the detected object in the prior art is
relatively low, which gradually cannot meet an accuracy requirement for ultrasonic detection
of the detected object. Therefore, how to accurately judge the state of the detected object has
15 become a technical problem that needs to be solved urgently.

SUMMARY

[0004] The present application provides a data processing method and apparatus, a device,
and a storage medium to solve disadvantages of low judgment accuracy in the prior art

[0005] A first aspect of the present application provides a data processing method, including:
20 obtaining first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal,
where the first target result data includes a related parameter of a detected object;
performing feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature
extraction model to obtain second target result data; and

performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

[0006] A second aspect of the present application provides a data processing apparatus, including:

5 a first processing module, configured to obtain first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, where the first target result data includes a related parameter of a detected object;

a second processing module, configured to perform feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data;
10 and

a third processing module, configured to perform corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

[0007] A third aspect of the present application provides a computer device, including: at least one processor and a memory;

15 where the memory stores a computer program; and the at least one processor executes the computer program stored in the memory to implement the method provided in the first aspect.

[0008] A fourth aspect of the present application provides a computer-readable storage medium in which a computer program is stored, and the method provided in the first aspect is
20 implemented when the computer program is executed.

[0009] According to the data processing method and apparatus, device, and storage medium provided in the present application, by performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second
25 target result data, accuracy of judging the state of the detected object can be improved effectively.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] In order to more clearly describe the technical solution in embodiments of the

present application or the prior art, in the following, the drawings that need to be used in the description of the embodiments or the prior art will be introduced briefly. Apparently, the drawings in the following description are a part of embodiments of the present application. For persons of ordinary skill in the art, other drawings can be obtained based on these drawings
 5 without paying creative labor.

[0011] FIG. 1 is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing system to which an embodiment of the present application is applicable;

[0012] FIG. 2 is a schematic flowchart of a data processing method provided by an embodiment of the present application;

10 [0013] FIG. 3 is a schematic flowchart of a data processing method provided by another embodiment of the present application;

[0014] FIG. 4 is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing apparatus provided by an embodiment of the present application;

15 [0015] FIG. 5 is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing system provided by another embodiment of the present application; and

[0016] FIG. 6 is a schematic structural diagram of a computer device provided by an embodiment of the present application.

[0017] Through the above drawings, specific embodiments of the present application have been shown, which will be described in more detail below. These drawings and descriptions are
 20 not intended to limit the scope of the concept of the present disclosure in any way, but to explain the concept of the present application to the persons skilled in the art by referring to specific embodiments.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

25 [0018] In order to make the purpose, the technical solution, and the advantage of embodiments of the present application clearer, the technical solution in embodiments of the present application will be clearly and completely described below with reference to the accompanying drawings. Apparently, the described embodiments are merely a part rather than all embodiments of the present invention. All other embodiments obtained by the persons of

ordinary skill in the art based on embodiments in the present application without paying creative labor shall fall within the protection scope of the present application.

[0019] Firstly, terms involved in the present application will be explained.

[0020] Image reconstruction refers to the technology of obtaining shape information of a three-dimensional object through digital processing of data measured outside of an object. Image reconstruction technology may be used in radiological medical equipment to display images of various parts of a human body, that is, the computed tomography technology, or CT technology for short. And it may also be applied in other fields.

[0021] Image processing refers to the technology of analyzing an image with a computer to achieve a desired result. In the embodiments of the present application, it refers to perform image post-processing and signal extraction on a reconstructed result image to improve image clarity and highlight image features, and obtain a related parameter of a detected object, such as a velocity, a direction, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic modulus and other quantitative parameters of the detected object, etc.

[0022] The data processing method provided by the embodiments of the present application is applicable to the following data processing system. As shown in FIG. 1, it is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing system to which an embodiment of the present application is applicable. The data processing system includes a cloud computing platform, a data collecting system and a display system. The data collecting system is responsible for collecting data to be processed, where the data to be processed may include a collected original ultrasonic echo signal. The cloud computing platform is responsible for performing corresponding processing on the data to be processed to obtain a required result. The display system is responsible for displaying related data or the result obtained during the processing of the cloud computing platform. The data processing system may also include a local computing platform for sharing part of processing tasks of the cloud computing platform.

[0023] The terms "first", "second", etc. are only used for descriptive purposes, and cannot be understood as indicating or implying relative importance or implicitly indicating a number of indicated technical features. In the description of the following embodiments, "multiple" means two or more, unless otherwise specifically defined.

[0024] The following specific embodiments can be combined with each other, and the same

or similar concepts or processes may not be repeated in some embodiments. The embodiments of the present invention will be described below in conjunction with the drawings.

[0025] Embodiment I

[0026] This embodiment provides a data processing method for processing an ultrasonic echo signal to obtain required result data. An execution subject of this embodiment is a data processing apparatus, which may be set in a cloud computing platform. Or the apparatus may be partly set in a local computing platform, and other parts are set in the cloud computing platform.

[0027] As shown in FIG. 2, it is a schematic flowchart of a data processing method provided by this embodiment, and the method includes:

step 101: obtaining first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, where the first target result data includes a related parameter of a detected object.

[0028] Specifically, the original ultrasonic echo signal may be obtained from a data collecting terminal, or may be collected and stored in advance, such as stored in a cloud computing platform, or stored in a local computing platform and sent to the cloud computing platform when needed for processing, or processed by the local computing platform, etc., and the specific obtaining method is not limited. After the original ultrasonic echo signal is acquired, the first target result data may be obtained according to the original ultrasonic echo signal, where the first target result data includes related parameters of the detected object, such as related parameters representing a moving velocity (such as a velocity of a blood flow), a moving direction (such as a direction of the blood flow), an elasticity (such as a strain, a strain rate, etc.) of the detected object, which may specifically include a displacement, a velocity, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic modulus and other quantitative parameters, etc. The first target result data may also include parameters related to image features, such as a contrast, a texture feature, and other quantitative parameters, and may also include information such as a distribution feature of scatterers, a density of the scatterers, and a size of the scatterers. There are no specific restrictions. The first target result data may be in a form of data or in a form of an image, such as a pseudo-color image.

[0029] The detected object may be human or animal tissues such as a liver, a kidney, a spleen, or other objects in the air or geology, which may be determined according to actual

needs, and is not limited in the embodiment of the present application.

[0030] Optionally, processing such as image reconstruction and image processing may be performed on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain the first target result data. The specific processing method may be the prior art, which is not limited in this embodiment.

5 [0031] Step 102, performing feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data.

[0032] Specifically, the pre-trained feature extraction model may be a machine learning model or an artificial intelligence model, where the training of the feature extraction model may be performed using a large amount of pre-collected training data and labeled data obtained from
10 labeling the training data. The specific training process is consistent with the training process of an existing neural network model, which will not be repeated here. Types of parameters included in the training data are consistent with those in the first target result data, such as different velocities of a blood flow, directions of a blood flow, and elasticity information. The labeled data may be texture features, uniformity, etc., or the labeled data may also be a state of
15 the detected object corresponding to the training data, such as whether it is liver fibrosis, cirrhosis and its specific staging, whether it is fatty liver and its specific staging, whether it is tumor and benign or malignant. The detail may be set according to actual needs.

[0033] The trained feature extraction model may perform feature extraction and result prediction based on the first target result data to obtain the second target result data, where the
20 second target result data may be an image texture feature, uniformity and other features of the detected object, and may also be a state feature of the detected object obtained after feature analysis and weighting of these features, such as whether the detected object is liver fibrosis, cirrhosis and its specific staging, fatty liver and its specific staging, tumor and benign or malignant, etc. Here, the state features output by the model may be labels corresponding to
25 different states, for example, 0 means "normal", 1 means "fatty liver", etc., and the detail may be set according to actual needs, which is not limited in this embodiment.

[0034] Optionally, at least two models such as a machine learning model and an artificial intelligence model may be used in parallel for feature extraction, and the results of each model are synthesized to obtain the second target result data. For example, three different models are
30 used for feature extraction, if the state features of the detected object are acquired, where the

results of two models are "1" and the result of one model is "0", the result should be "1" following the principle of "the minority is subordinate to the majority", however, this is only an exemplary description rather than a limitation.

[0035] Step 103, performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

[0036] Specifically, after the second target result data is obtained, corresponding processing may be performed on the detected object based on the second target result data. For example, judging the state of the detected object based on the state feature of the detected object. For another example, displaying the state of the detected object, or displaying the second target result data of the detected object, etc. The second target result data may assist a related person to understand the state of the detected object. Such as assisting a doctor in diagnosis and so on.

[0037] Optionally, the method provided in this embodiment may be executed by a cloud computing platform, or may be executed by a local computing platform, or partly executed by a local computing platform and partly executed by a cloud computing platform, and the detail may be set according to actual needs, which is not limited in this embodiment.

[0038] The data processing method provided in this embodiment, by performing feature extraction on the related parameter of the detected object using the pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain the second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, combining the detection with a neural network, improves the judgment accuracy of the state of the detected object effectively.

[0039] Embodiment II

[0040] This embodiment further supplements the method provided in Embodiment I.

[0041] As shown in FIG. 3, it is a schematic flowchart of the data processing method provided by this embodiment.

[0042] As an implementable manner, on the basis of the above Embodiment I, optionally, step 101 specifically includes:

step 1011: performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a target reconstruction result image.

[0043] Specifically, after the original ultrasonic echo signal is acquired, image reconstruction needs to be performed on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain the target

reconstruction result image, such as an ultrasound image, a B-mode ultrasonic image, etc. The target reconstruction result image may be in the form of radio frequency, envelope, grayscale, etc.

[0044] Step 1012: performing image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain first target result data.

[0045] Specifically, after the target reconstruction result image is obtained, image processing needs to be performed on the target reconstruction result image to improve image clarity and highlight image features. For example, grayscale correction, grayscale expansion and compression, γ correction, histogram equalization, electronic amplification, interpolation processing, etc., are performed. Finally, the related parameter of the detected object, that is, the first target result data is obtained. The specific image processing method may be set according to actual needs, which is not limited here.

[0046] Optionally, step 1011 may specifically include:

step 10111: performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain a first reconstruction result image, where the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm is an image reconstruction algorithm compatible with multiple types of probes; and taking the first reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

[0047] Optionally, the performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image includes:

performing, according to pre-configured parameters of a probe and a display parameter, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image, where the parameters of the probe include an identifier of the probe, a Cartesian coordinate zero point of the probe, and a first coordinate of each array element of the probe, and the display parameter includes a second coordinate of the first reconstruction result image.

[0048] Specifically, the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm includes: pre-defined parameters of a probe, that is, a probe is defined in a unified format according to physical parameters of the probe to form a probe parameter index table, where the probe

parameter index table is composed of an identification code of the probe model (i.e., the identifier of the probe), a Cartesian coordinate zero point of the probe and a coordinate position of each element of the probe (i.e., the first coordinate), a type of the probe currently used may be identified by the identification code, and the parameters of the probe may be searched in the probe parameter index table. Optionally, a probe defining module may be set to manage the parameters of the probe. It is also necessary to define the display parameter of the reconstructed image, different display parameters may be defined for different types of probes, and image reconstruction is performed according to the display parameter, so as to be compatible with multiple types of probes. The display parameter is composed of a definition of a coordinate range, a coordinate position (X_i, Y_i, Z_i) or a pixel size ($\Delta X_i, \Delta Y_i, \Delta Z_i$) of a target image (that is, the target reconstruction result image). Optionally, an image defining module may be set to manage the display parameter. A probe identifying module may also be set to identify the probe. The types of probe include linear array, convex array, phased array, two-dimensional area array and other types.

[0049] Due to different application scenarios of ultrasound probes, different types of probes have different shapes, sizes and response characteristics. In general, the probe is composed of multiple array elements, and the arrangement and size of the array elements have an impact on the image reconstruction algorithm.

[0050] During image reconstruction, the propagation path $L(i)$ of ultrasound at any point $P(i)$ (refers to a point corresponding to the coordinate position (X_i, Y_i, Z_i) in the above target image) in space is: $L(i)=L(t)+P(X_i, Y_i, Z_i)-P(X_t, Y_t, Z_t)$, $t=1,2,3...n$, $n \geq 1$, where n is the number of array elements of the probe. Furthermore, adaptive beam combination is realized (adaptation here refers to performing according to different coordinate requirements. The specific method may be an existing technology, such as delay overlaying, etc.). Among them, the coordinate zero point of the probe is a middle position of the probe (X_0, Y_0, Z_0) , the coordinate position of each element of the probe is (X_t, Y_t, Z_t) , and a center plane of an imaging plane of the probe is the XZ plane, the plane which is perpendicular to the imaging plane of the probe and parallel to a tangent plane at the zero position of the probe is the XY plane.

[0051] Take the convex array probe as an example (not limited to the convex array probe): a position, a center frequency, a bandwidth and other parameters of the convex array probe are

written into the probe defining module; a specific probe code is programed by using several pins of the convex array probe, the probe identifying module may identify the probe code when the probe is connected to the data processing system, and may further search the related parameters in the probe defining module; the display mode of the image (that is, the display parameter) is defined in the image defining module, and image reconstruction is performed according to such mode. This image reconstruction method is suitable for any probe, that is, it realizes ultrasound image reconstruction compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the flexibility and efficiency of image reconstruction.

[0052] In some implementation manners, step 1012 may specifically include:

10 step 10121: performing image post-processing and signal extraction on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, where the first target result data includes at least one of a displacement, a velocity, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic modulus, a contrast, a texture feature, a distribution feature of scatterers, a density of scatterers, and a size of scatterers.

15 **[0053]** Specifically, after the target reconstruction result image is obtained, image post-processing and signal extraction are performed on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, such as Doppler, elasticity calculation, etc. If the above image reconstruction algorithm compatible with multiple types of probes is used in image reconstruction, the image processing may also be compatible with multiple types of probes, and
20 the probe defining module, the probe identifying module, and the image defining module are still used. The probe identifying module identifies the type of the probe currently used by designing an identification code of the probe, and searches the parameters of the probe in the index table; the display parameter is defined in the image defining module, and image reconstruction is performed based on this parameter; and the image defining module performs
25 image processing to obtain a data processing result (that is, the first target result data) that does not depend on the type of the probe, thereby realizing the compatibility of multiple types of probes.

[0054] Among them, image post-processing and signal extraction are the process of image processing, the image processing in this embodiment includes the whole process of image post-
30 processing and signal extraction. For example, when a convex array is used for Doppler signal

processing (a signal extraction method in the step of image processing), if a signal obtained by using a traditional image reconstruction algorithm is along an emission direction of the convex array (fan beam), when Doppler signal extraction is performed, the obtained direction of the blood flow is also along the emission direction of the convex array. If the distribution of the velocity of the blood flow in the horizontal or vertical direction in a Cartesian coordinate system is required, it can only be obtained by getting a component along a corresponding angle. While when adopting the image processing method in the embodiment of the present application, it is possible to directly obtain the distribution of the velocity of the blood flow in the horizontal or vertical direction in the Cartesian coordinate system (specifically, the distribution can be obtained by using autocorrelation, short time Fourier transform and other existing technologies based on the first target result data). In the same way, the method is also applicable to array elements of other types of probe, such as phased array and area array.

[0055] In some implementation manners, optionally, the performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain the target reconstruction result image includes:
 in step 2011, for each probe, performing, according to an image reconstruction algorithm corresponding to a type of the probe, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a second reconstruction result image.

[0056] Specifically, image reconstruction is performed on each probe according to the respective image reconstruction algorithm configured to obtain the second reconstruction result image.

[0057] Here, a solution is provided when image reconstruction algorithms of multiple types of probes are not compatible, image reconstruction for each probe is performed according to the respective image reconstruction algorithm configured, that is, different types of probes may need to adopt different image reconstruction algorithms, a corresponding image reconstruction algorithm may be configured for a respective type of probe, and the image reconstruction algorithm corresponding to the probe is determined according to the type of the probe to perform image reconstruction after using different types of probes to collect the original ultrasonic echo signal. The specific reconstruction method is the existing technology, which will not be repeated here.

[0058] Step 2012: performing spatial interpolation processing on the second reconstruction

result image to obtain a third reconstruction result image, and taking the third reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

[0059] Specifically, in order to obtain the target reconstruction result image compatible with different types of probes, it is necessary to perform spatial interpolation processing on the second reconstruction result image to obtain the third reconstruction result image which may be used as the target reconstruction result image.

[0060] The third reconstruction result image obtained through spatial interpolation processing is substantially equivalent to the first reconstruction result image obtained by the above spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm. The difference is that the effects are slightly different, where the first reconstruction result image is obtained by direct reconstruction, and the third reconstruction result image is obtained by interpolating the traditional reconstruction result. Spatial interpolation processing may be implemented in a variety of ways, such as linear interpolation, non-linear interpolation and etc.

[0061] Optionally, after the performing image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, the method may further include:

step 2021: performing digital scan conversion on the first target result data to obtain converted result data.

[0062] Step 2022: performing display processing on the converted result data.

[0063] Specifically, the obtained first target result data may also be used to assist in diagnosing and have certain reference significance. Therefore, the first target result data may be displayed, however, it needs to be displayed after digital scan conversion. Therefore, it is necessary to perform digital scan conversion on the first target result data to obtain the converted result data, and then perform display processing on the converted result data.

[0064] In some implementation manners, optionally, step 103 may specifically include:

step 1031: judging a state of the detected object based on the second target result data.

[0065] Exemplarily, judging, according to the second target result data, whether the detected object is liver fibrosis, cirrhosis and its specific staging, fatty liver and its specific staging, tumor and benign or malignant, etc.

[0066] Optionally, the method may further include:

step 104: performing display processing on the state of the detected object.

[0067] In some implementation manners, optionally, after the obtaining the first target result data according to the original ultrasonic echo signal, the method further includes:

step 203: judging a state of the detected object based on the first target result data.

5 [0068] The obtained first target result data may also be used to assist in diagnosing and have certain reference significance, therefore, the state of the detected object may be judged based on the first target result data. For example, thresholds of different parameters and levels of the parameters may be set, where different levels correspond to different states of the detected object, etc., and the details will not be repeated here.

10 [0069] In some implementation manners, optionally, the method in the embodiment of the present application is executed by the cloud computing platform.

[0070] In other implementation manners, optionally, the local computing platform obtains the first target result data according to the original ultrasonic echo signal, and sends the first target result data to the cloud computing platform; the cloud computing platform performs
15 feature extraction on the first target result data using the pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain the second target result data, and performs corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data. That is, step 101 is executed by the local computing platform, and steps 102-103 are processed by the cloud computing platform.

[0071] It should be noted that each implementable manner in this embodiment can be
20 implemented separately, or can be implemented in any combination without confliction, which is not limited in the present application.

[0072] The data processing method provided in this embodiment, by performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain the second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing
25 on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively. Furthermore, by performing image reconstruction using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm which can be compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the flexibility and efficiency of image reconstruction. Furthermore, by performing image processing based on a target
30 reconstruction result image compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the

accuracy of the related parameter of the detected object. Both the obtained first target result data and the second target result data may be used to assist a related person in diagnosing the detected object, thereby improving the diagnosis efficiency.

[0073] Embodiment III

5 [0074] This embodiment provides a data processing apparatus for executing the method in the above Embodiment I.

[0075] As shown in FIG. 4, it is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing apparatus provided by this embodiment. The data processing apparatus 30 includes a first processing module 31, a second processing module 32 and a third processing module 33.

10 [0076] Among them, the first processing module 31 is configured to obtain first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, where the first target result data includes a related parameter of a detected object; the second processing module 32 is configured to perform feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data; and the third processing module 33 is configured to
15 perform corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

[0077] Regarding the apparatus in this embodiment, the specific manners for performing operations by each module have been described in detail in the embodiment related to the method, and detailed description will not be given here.

[0078] According to the data processing apparatus provided in this embodiment, by
20 performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively.

[0079] Embodiment IV

25 [0080] This embodiment further supplements the apparatus provided in the above Embodiment III.

[0081] As an implementable manner, on the basis of the above embodiment III, optionally, the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a target
30 reconstruction result image; and

perform image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data.

[0082] In some implementation manners, optionally, the first processing module is specifically configured to:

5 perform image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain a first reconstruction result image, where the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm is an image reconstruction algorithm compatible with multiple types of probes; and

take the first reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

10 **[0083]** In some implementation manners, optionally, the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform, according to pre-configured parameters of a probe and a display parameter, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image; where the parameters of the probe include an identifier of the probe, a Cartesian coordinate zero point of the probe, and a first coordinate of each array element of the probe, and the display parameter includes a second coordinate of the first reconstruction result image.

15

[0084] In some implementation manners, optionally, the first processing module is specifically configured to:

20 perform image post-processing and signal extraction on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, where the first target result data includes at least one of a displacement, a velocity, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic modulus, a contrast, a texture feature, a distribution feature of scatterers, a density of scatterers, and a size of scatterers.

25 **[0085]** In some implementation manners, optionally, the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform, based on an image reconstruction algorithm which is not compatible with multiple types of probes, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a second reconstruction result image;

30 perform spatial interpolation processing on the second reconstruction result image

to obtain a third reconstruction result image; and

take the third reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

[0086] Optionally, the first processing module is further configured to:

perform digital scan conversion on the first target result data to obtain converted
5 result data; and

perform display processing on the converted result data.

[0087] As another implementable manner, on the basis of the above Embodiment III, optionally, the third processing module is specifically configured to:

judge a state of the detected object based on the second target result data.

10 [0088] In some implementation manners, optionally, the third processing module is further configured to:

perform display processing on the state of the detected object.

[0089] As another implementable manner, on the basis of the above Embodiment III, optionally, the first processing module is further configured to judge a state of the detected
15 object based on the first target result data.

[0090] Regarding the apparatus in this embodiment, the specific manners for performing operations by each module have been described in detail in the embodiment related to the method, and detailed description will not be given here.

[0091] It should be noted that each implementable manner in this embodiment can be
20 implemented separately, or can be implemented in any combination without confliction, which is not limited in the present application.

[0092] According to the data processing apparatus of this embodiment, by performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data, and further performing corresponding
25 processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively. Furthermore, by performing image reconstruction using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm which can be compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the flexibility and efficiency of image reconstruction. Furthermore, by performing image processing based on a target
30 reconstruction result image compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the

accuracy of the related parameter of the detected object. Both the obtained first target result data and the second target result data may be used to assist a related person in diagnosing the detected object, thereby improving the diagnosis efficiency.

[0093] In some embodiments, optionally, the data processing system may include a data collecting system, a local computing platform, a cloud computing platform, and a display system. As shown in FIG. 5, it is a schematic structural diagram of a data processing system provided by this embodiment. The first processing module in the data processing apparatus is set in a local computing platform, and the second processing module and the third processing module in the data processing apparatus are set in the cloud computing platform.

10 [0094] Embodiment V

[0095] This embodiment provides a computer device for executing the method provided in the above embodiment. The computer device may be the above cloud computing platform, or may include the above cloud computing platform and a local computing platform. Specifically, it may be a desktop computer, a notebook computer, a server, and other computer device.

15 [0096] As shown in FIG. 6, it is a schematic structure diagram of the computer device provided by this embodiment. The computer device 50 includes: at least one processor 51 and a memory 52;

where the memory stores a computer program; and the at least one processor executes the computer program stored in the memory to implement the method provided in the above embodiments.

[0097] According to the computer device of this embodiment, by performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively. Furthermore, by performing image reconstruction using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm which can be compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the flexibility and efficiency of image reconstruction. Furthermore, by performing image processing based on a target reconstruction result image compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the accuracy of the related parameter of the detected object. Both the obtained first target result

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data and the second target result data may be used to assist a related person in diagnosing the detected object, thereby improving the diagnosis efficiency.

[0098] Embodiment VI

[0099] This embodiment provides a computer-readable storage medium in which a computer program is stored, and the method provided in any of the above embodiments is implemented when the computer program is executed.

[0100] According to the computer-readable storage medium of this embodiment, by performing feature extraction on a related parameter of a detected object using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data, and further performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data, thereby improving accuracy of judging the state of the detected object effectively. Furthermore, by performing image reconstruction using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm which can be compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the flexibility and efficiency of image reconstruction. Furthermore, by performing image processing based on a target reconstruction result image compatible with multiple types of probes, thereby improving the accuracy of the related parameter of the detected object. Both the obtained first target result data and the second target result data may be used to assist a related person in diagnosing the detected object, thereby improving the diagnosis efficiency.

[0101] In the several embodiments provided in the present application, it should be understood that the disclosed apparatus and method may be implemented in other ways. For example, the apparatus embodiments described above are merely illustrative, for example, the division of the units is only a logical function division, and there may be other divisions in actual implementation. For example, multiple units or components may be combined or integrated into another system, or some features may be omitted or not implemented. In addition, the displayed or discussed mutual coupling or direct coupling or communication connection may be indirect coupling or communication connection through some interfaces, apparatus or units, and may be in electrical, mechanical or other forms.

[0102] The units described as separate components may or may not be physically separated, and the components displayed as units may or may not be physical units, that is, they may be located in one place, or they may be distributed on multiple network units. Some or all of the

units may be selected according to actual needs to achieve the objectives of the solutions of the embodiments.

[0103] In addition, the functional units in the various embodiments of the present application may be integrated into one processing unit, or each unit may exist alone physically, or two or more units may be integrated into one unit. The above integrated unit may be implemented in the form of hardware, or may be implemented in the form of hardware with a software functional unit.

[0104] The above integrated unit implemented in the form of a software functional unit may be stored in a computer readable storage medium. The above software functional unit is stored in the storage medium and includes several instructions to enable a computer device (which may be a personal computer, a server, or a network device, etc.) or a processor to execute a part of the steps of the method described in each embodiment of the present application. The above storage medium includes: a U disk, a portable harddisk, a read-only memory (Read-Only Memory, ROM), a random access memory (Random Access Memory, RAM), a magnetic disk or an optical disk and other mediums that can store program codes.

[0105] The persons skilled in the art clearly understands that, the division of the above functional modules is only used as an example for the convenience and conciseness of the description. In practical applications, the above functions may be allocated by different functional modules according to needs, that is, the internal structure of the apparatus is divided into different functional modules to complete all or part of the functions described above. For the specific working process of the apparatus described above, reference may be made to the corresponding process in the above method embodiment, which will not be repeated here.

[0106] Finally, it should be noted that the above embodiments are only used to illustrate the technical solutions of the present application rather than limiting them; although the present application has been described in detail with reference to the above embodiments, the persons of ordinary skill in the art should understand that: it is still possible to modify the technical solutions recorded in the above embodiments, or equivalently replace some or all of the technical features; however, these modifications or replacements do not cause the essence of the corresponding technical solutions to deviate from the scope of the technical solutions of the embodiments of the present application.

CLAIMS

1. A data processing method, comprising:

obtaining first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, wherein the first target result data comprises a related parameter of a detected object;

5 performing feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data; and

performing corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the obtaining the first target result data according to the original ultrasonic echo signal comprises:

performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a target reconstruction result image; and

performing image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain first target result data.

3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain the target reconstruction result image comprises:

performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain a first reconstruction result image, wherein the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm is an image reconstruction algorithm compatible with multiple types of probes; and

taking the first reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the performing image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image comprises:

performing, according to pre-configured parameters of a probe and a display parameter, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image, wherein the parameters of the probe comprise an identifier of the probe, a Cartesian coordinate zero point of the probe, and a first coordinate of each array element of the probe, and the display parameter comprises

a second coordinate of the first reconstruction result image.

5. The method according to claim 2, wherein the performing image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data comprises:

performing image post-processing and signal extraction on the target reconstruction
5 result image to obtain the first target result data, wherein the first target result data comprises
at least one of a displacement, a velocity, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic
modulus, a contrast, a texture feature, a distribution feature of scatterers, a density of scatterers,
and a size of scatterers.

6. The method according to claim 2, wherein the performing image reconstruction on the
10 original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain the target reconstruction result image comprises:

for each probe, performing, according to an image reconstruction algorithm
corresponding to a type of the probe, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal
to obtain a second reconstruction result image;

performing spatial interpolation processing on the second reconstruction result image to
15 obtain a third reconstruction result image; and

taking the third reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein after the performing image processing on
the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, the method further
comprises:

20 performing digital scan conversion on the first target result data to obtain converted
result data; and

performing display processing on the converted result data.

8. The method according to claim 1, wherein the performing corresponding processing
on the detected object based on the second target result data comprises:

25 judging a state of the detected object based on the second target result data.

9. The method according to claim 8, further comprising:

performing display processing on the state of the detected object.

10. The method according to any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein after the obtaining the
first target result data according to the original ultrasonic echo signal, the method further
30 comprises:

judging a state of the detected object based on the first target result data.

11. A data processing apparatus, comprising:

a first processing module, configured to obtain first target result data according to an original ultrasonic echo signal, wherein the first target result data comprises a related parameter of a detected object;

a second processing module, configured to perform feature extraction on the first target result data using a pre-trained feature extraction model to obtain second target result data; and

a third processing module, configured to perform corresponding processing on the detected object based on the second target result data.

12. The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a target reconstruction result image; and

perform image processing on the target reconstruction result image to obtain first target result data.

13. The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using a spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain a first reconstruction result image, wherein the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm is an image reconstruction algorithm compatible with multiple types of probes; and

take the first reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

14. The apparatus according to claim 13, wherein the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform, according to pre-configured parameters of a probe and a display parameter, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal using the spatial point-based image reconstruction algorithm to obtain the first reconstruction result image; wherein the parameters of the probe comprise an identifier of the probe, a Cartesian coordinate zero point of the probe, and a first coordinate of each array element of the probe, and the display parameter comprises a second coordinate of the first reconstruction result image.

15. The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first processing module is specifically configured to:

perform image post-processing and signal extraction on the target reconstruction result image to obtain the first target result data, wherein the first target result data comprises at least one of a displacement, a velocity, an acceleration, a strain, a strain rate, an elastic modulus, a contrast, a texture feature, a distribution feature of scatterers, a density of scatterers, and a size of scatterers.

16. The apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the first processing module is specifically configured to:

for each probe, perform, according to an image reconstruction algorithm corresponding to a type of the probe, image reconstruction on the original ultrasonic echo signal to obtain a second reconstruction result image;

perform spatial interpolation processing on the second reconstruction result image to obtain a third reconstruction result image; and

take the third reconstruction result image as the target reconstruction result image.

17. The apparatus according to claim 16, wherein the first processing module is further configured to:

perform digital scan conversation on the first target result data to obtain converted result data; and

perform display processing on the converted result data.

18. The apparatus according to claim 11, wherein the third processing module is specifically configured to:

judge a state of the detected object based on the second target result data.

19. The apparatus according to claim 18, wherein the third processing module is further configured to:

perform display processing on the state of the detected object.

20. The apparatus according to any one of claims 11 to 19, wherein the first processing module is further configured to judge a state of the detected object based on the first target result data.

21. A computer device, comprising: at least one processor and a memory;

wherein the memory stores a computer program; and the at least one processor executes the computer program stored in the memory to implement the method according to any one of claims 1 to 10.

22. A computer-readable storage medium, wherein a computer program is stored in the
5 computer-readable storage medium, and the method according to any one of claims 1 to 10 is implemented when the computer program is executed.

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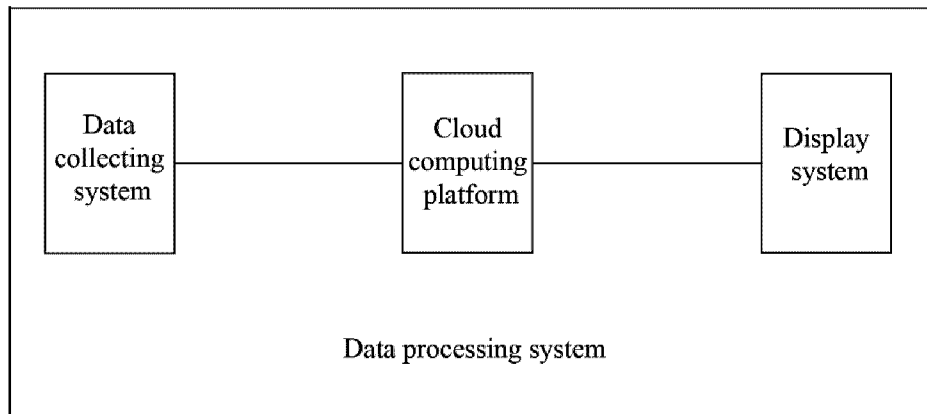


FIG. 1

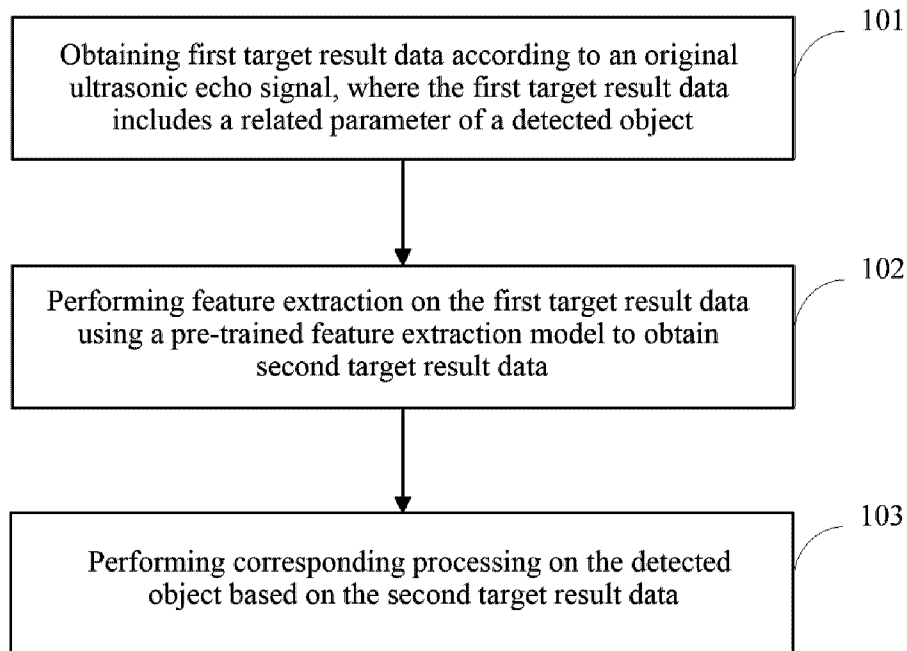


FIG. 2

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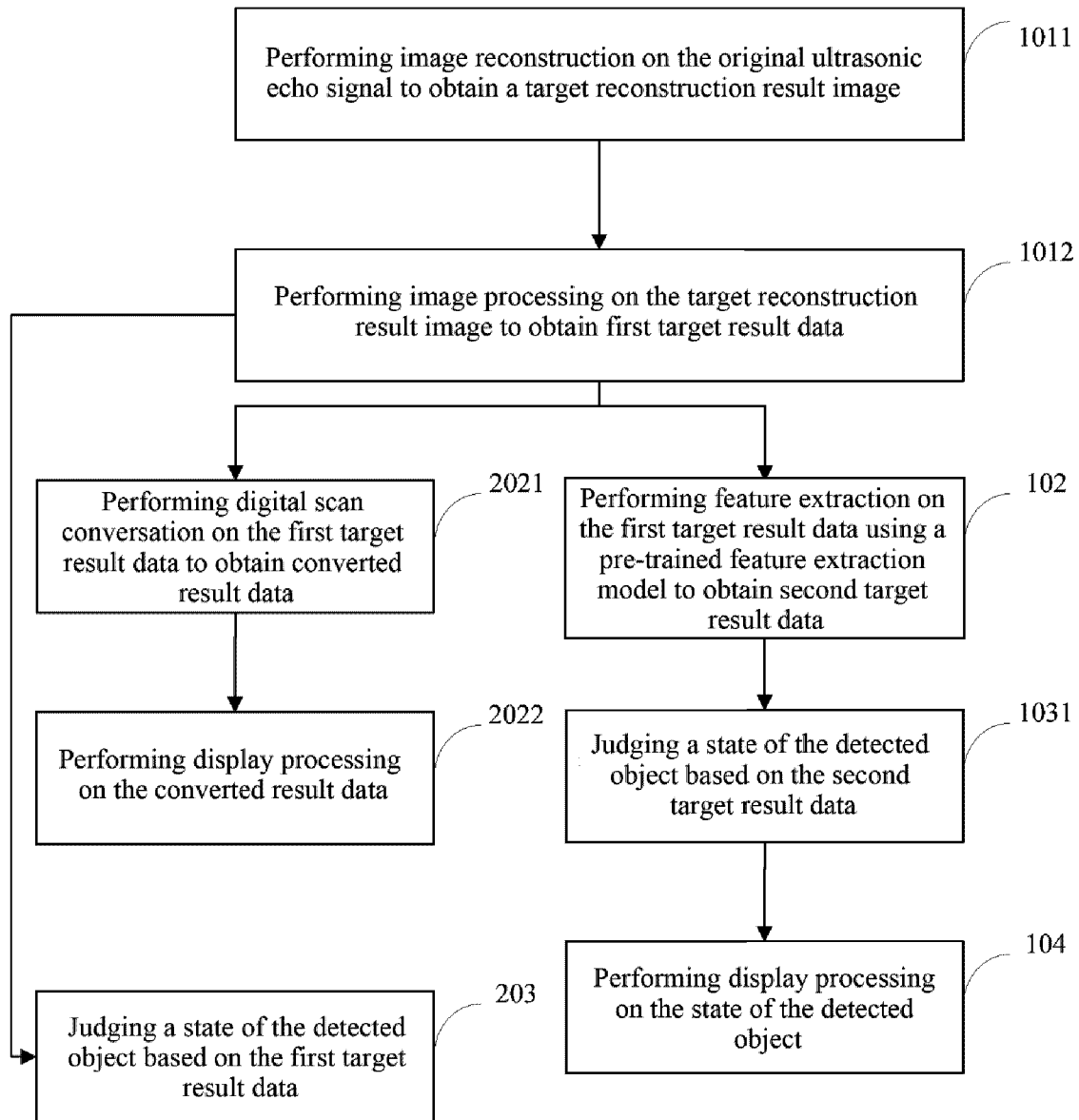


FIG. 3

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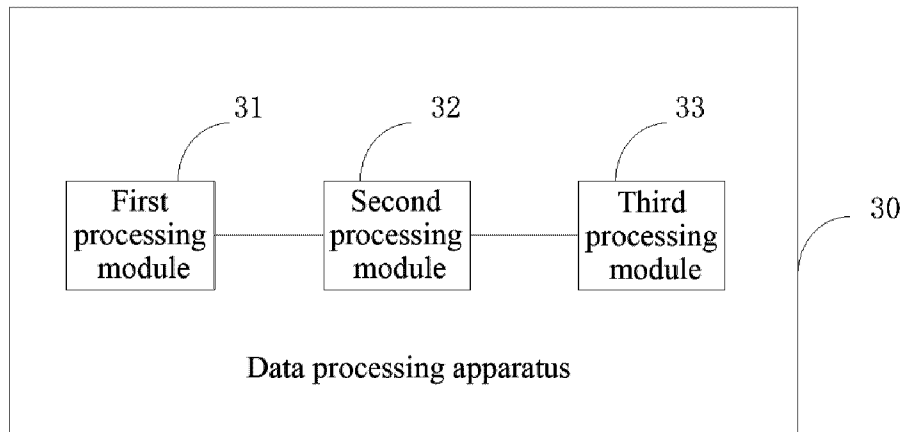


FIG. 4

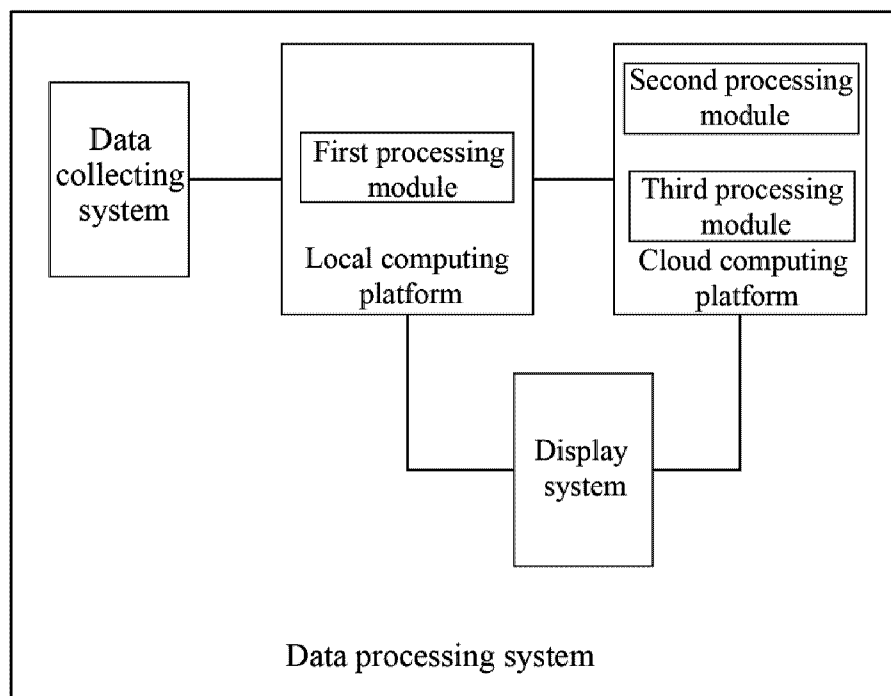


FIG. 5

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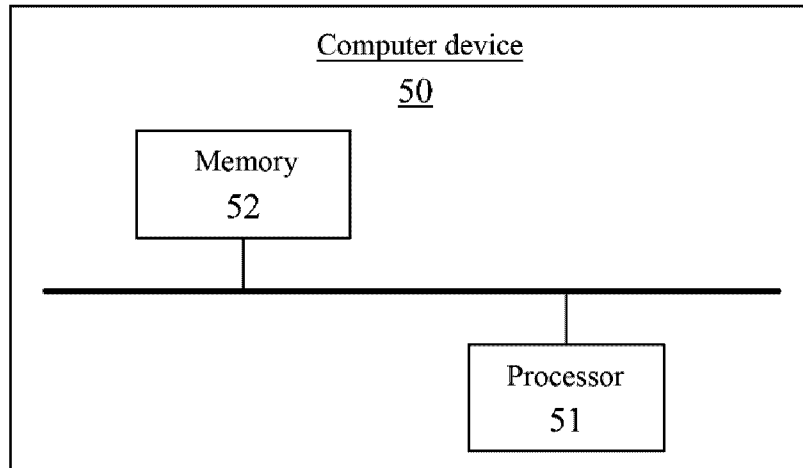
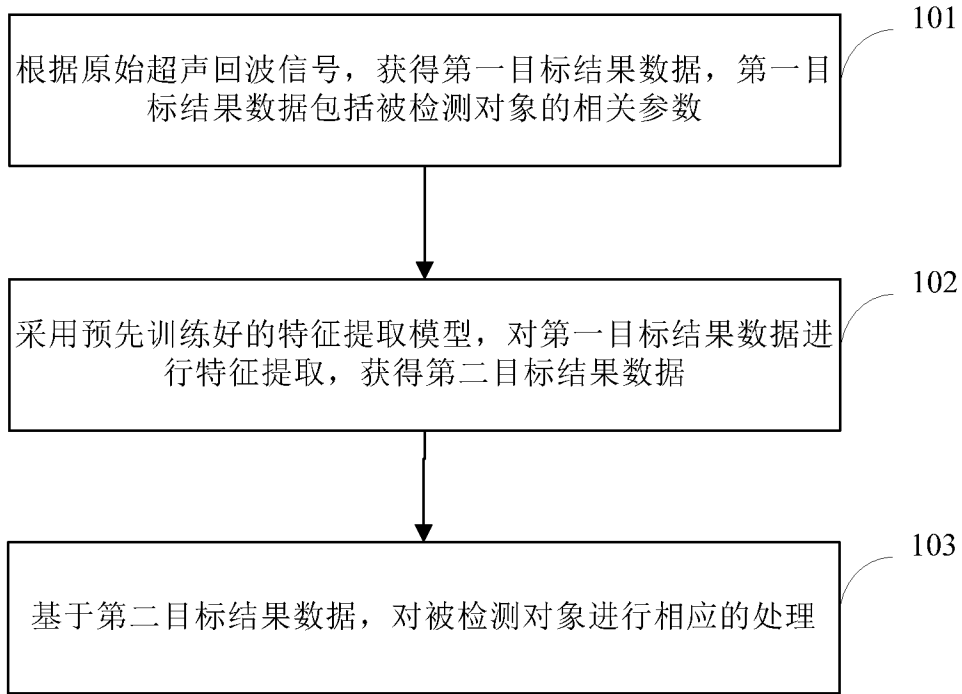


FIG. 6



- 101 According to original ultrasonic echo signal, obtain first target result data, first target result data comprising relevant parameters of detected object
- 102 Using pre-trained feature extraction model, perform feature extraction on first target result data to obtain second target result data
- 103 On basis of second target result data, perform corresponding processing on detected object

图 2