

ORIGINAL

ABSTRACT

"COMMUNICATION SYSTEM, COMMUNICATION APPARATUS,
COMMUNICATION METHOD AND COMPUTER PROGRAM"

A source apparatus and a conditional access apparatus are disclosed. The source apparatus may transmit a command to the conditional access apparatus. The conditional access apparatus may transmit a response to the command to the source apparatus. When a time elapsed between transmission of the command by the source apparatus and reception of the response by the source apparatus does not exceed a predetermined round trip time (RTT), a first authorization signal to permit the conditional access apparatus to decrypt encrypted content may be generated. Additionally, whenever a non-RTT condition is met, a second authorization signal to permit the conditional access apparatus to decrypt the content may be generated.

We claim:

1. A conditional access apparatus for selectively generating a signal to permit decryption of encrypted content, the conditional access apparatus comprising:

a first authorization section configured to:

receive a command transmitted by a
source apparatus;

transmit to the source apparatus a
response to the command; and

generate a first authorization
signal to permit decryption of
the content, the first
authorization signal being
generated upon receipt of an
indication signal indicating
that a time elapsed between
transmission of the command by
the source apparatus and
reception of the response by
the source apparatus does not
exceed a predetermined round
trip time (RTT); and

a second authorization section configured to
generate a second authorization signal

to permit decryption of the content, the second authorization signal being generated whenever a non-RTT condition is met.

2. The conditional access apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a registration section configured to transmit a request to register the conditional access apparatus with the source apparatus.

3. The conditional access apparatus of claim 2, wherein the registration section is configured to:

receive a second command transmitted by the source apparatus; and

transmit to the source apparatus a second response to the second command.

4. The conditional access apparatus of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first and the second authorization signals includes a content key for decrypting the content.

5. The conditional access apparatus of claim 4, wherein at least one of the first and the second authorization sections is configured to generate the content key based on an exchange key.

6. The conditional access apparatus of claim 5,
wherein the first authorization section is configured
to generate the content key based on a nonce if:

the first authorization section receives the
indication signal from the source
apparatus; and

the received indication signal includes the
nonce.

7. The conditional access apparatus of claim 1, wherein
the predetermined RTT is 7 milliseconds.

8. A source apparatus for selectively generating a
signal to permit a conditional access apparatus to
decrypt encrypted content, the source apparatus
comprising:

a first authorization section configured to:

transmit a command to the
conditional access apparatus;

receive from the conditional access
apparatus a response to the
command; and

generate a first authorization
signal to permit the
conditional access apparatus
to decrypt the content, the

first authorization signal
being generated when a time
elapsed between transmission
of the command and reception
of the response does not
exceed a predetermined round
trip time (RTT); and

a second authorization section configured to
generate a second authorization signal
to permit the conditional access
apparatus to decrypt the content, the
second authorization signal being
generated whenever a non-RTT condition
is met.

9. The source apparatus of claim 8, further comprising
a registration section configured to register at
least one conditional access apparatus.
10. The source apparatus of claim 9, wherein the non-
RTT condition is met when the conditional access
apparatus has been registered with the source
apparatus.
11. The source apparatus of claim 9, wherein the non-
RTT condition is met when:

the conditional access apparatus has been
registered with the source apparatus;
and

the content has been:

designated as remotely accessible;

or

not designated as remotely
inaccessible.

12. The source apparatus of claim 11, wherein the non-RTT condition is met only when:

the conditional access apparatus has been
registered with the source apparatus;
and

the content has been designated as remotely
accessible.

13. The source apparatus of claim 9, wherein the registration section is configured to:

transmit a second command to the conditional
access apparatus; and

receive from the conditional access apparatus
a second response to the second command.

14. The source apparatus of claim 13, wherein the conditional access apparatus is registered with the source apparatus when a second time elapsed between transmission of the second command and reception of the second response does not exceed a second predetermined RTT.
15. The source apparatus of claim 9, wherein only a number of conditional access apparatuses below a threshold value can be registered with the source apparatus at any one time.
16. The source apparatus of claim 8, wherein at least one of the first and the second authorization signals includes an exchange key for generating a content key for decrypting the content.
17. The source apparatus of claim 16, wherein the at least one of the first and the second authorization signals includes a nonce for generating the content key.
18. The source apparatus of claim 8, wherein:
 - the first authorization section is configured to transmit the first authorization signal to the conditional access apparatus; and

the second authorization section is
configured to transmit the second
authorization signal to the conditional
access apparatus.

19. The source apparatus of claim 8, wherein the
predetermined RTT is 7 milliseconds.
20. A method for selectively generating a signal with
a conditional access apparatus to permit decryption
of encrypted content, the method comprising:

receiving a command transmitted by a source
apparatus;

transmitting to the source apparatus a
response to the command;

upon receipt of an indication signal
indicating that a time elapsed between
transmission of the command by the
source apparatus and reception of the
response by the source apparatus does
not exceed a predetermined round trip
time (RTT), generating a first
authorization signal to permit
decryption of the content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is met,
generating a second authorization signal
to permit decryption of the content.

21. A method for selectively generating a signal with
a source apparatus to permit a conditional access
apparatus to decrypt encrypted content, the method
comprising:

transmitting a command to the conditional
access apparatus;

receiving from the conditional access
apparatus a response to the command;

when a time elapsed between transmission of
the command and reception of the
response does not exceed a predetermined
round trip time (RTT), generating a
first authorization signal to permit the
conditional access apparatus to decrypt
the content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is met,
generating a second authorization signal
to permit the conditional access
apparatus to decrypt the content.

22. A conditional access apparatus for selectively generating a signal to permit decryption of encrypted content, the conditional access apparatus comprising:

a memory storing a program; and

a processor configured to execute the program to cause the conditional access apparatus to perform a method for selectively generating the signal, the method comprising:

receiving a command transmitted by
a source apparatus;

transmitting to the source
apparatus a response to the
command;

upon receipt of an indication
signal indicating that a time
elapsed between transmission
of the command by the source
apparatus and reception of the
response by the source
apparatus does not exceed a
predetermined round trip time
(RTT), generating a first
authorization signal to permit
decryption of the content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is
met, generating a second
authorization signal to permit
decryption of the content.

23. A source apparatus for selectively generating a
signal to permit a conditional access apparatus to
decrypt encrypted content, the source apparatus
comprising:

a memory storing a program; and

a processor configured to execute the program
to cause the source apparatus to perform
a method for selectively generating the
signal, the method comprising:

transmitting a command to the
conditional access apparatus;
receiving from the conditional
access apparatus a response to
the command;

when a time elapsed between
transmission of the command
and reception of the response
does not exceed a
predetermined round trip time
(RTT), generating a first

authorization signal to permit
the conditional access
apparatus to decrypt the
content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is
met, generating a second
authorization signal to permit
the conditional access
apparatus to decrypt the
content.

24. A non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium
storing a program that, when executed by a processor,
causes a conditional access apparatus to perform a
method for selectively generating a signal to permit
decryption of encrypted content, the method
comprising:

receiving a command transmitted by a source
apparatus;

transmitting to the source apparatus a
response to the command;

upon receipt of an indication signal
indicating that a time elapsed between
transmission of the command by the
source apparatus and reception of the
response by the source apparatus does

not exceed a predetermined round trip time (RTT), generating a first authorization signal to permit decryption of the content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is met, generating a second authorization signal to permit decryption of the content.

25. A non-transitory, computer-readable storage medium storing a program that, when executed by a processor, causes a source apparatus to perform a method for selectively generating a signal to permit a conditional access apparatus to decrypt encrypted content, the method comprising:

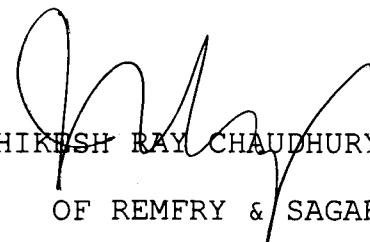
transmitting a command to the conditional access apparatus;

receiving from the conditional access apparatus a response to the command;

when a time elapsed between transmission of the command and reception of the response does not exceed a predetermined round trip time (RTT), generating a first authorization signal to permit the conditional access apparatus to decrypt the content; and

whenever a non-RTT condition is met,
generating a second authorization signal
to permit the conditional access
apparatus to decrypt the content.

Dated this 02/03/2012



HRISHIKESH RAY CHAUDHURY
OF REMFRY & SAGAR

ATTORNEY FOR THE APPLICANT[S]

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[Fig. 1]

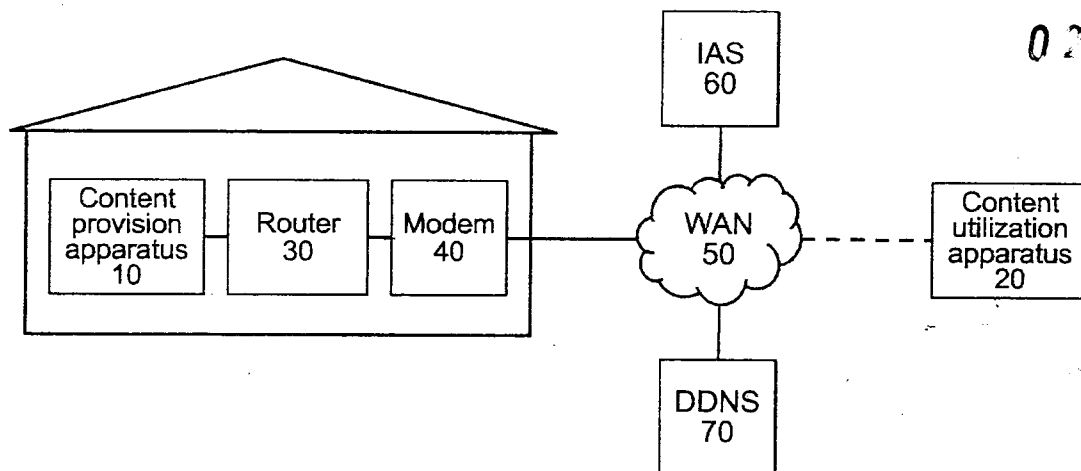


FIG.1

[Fig. 2]

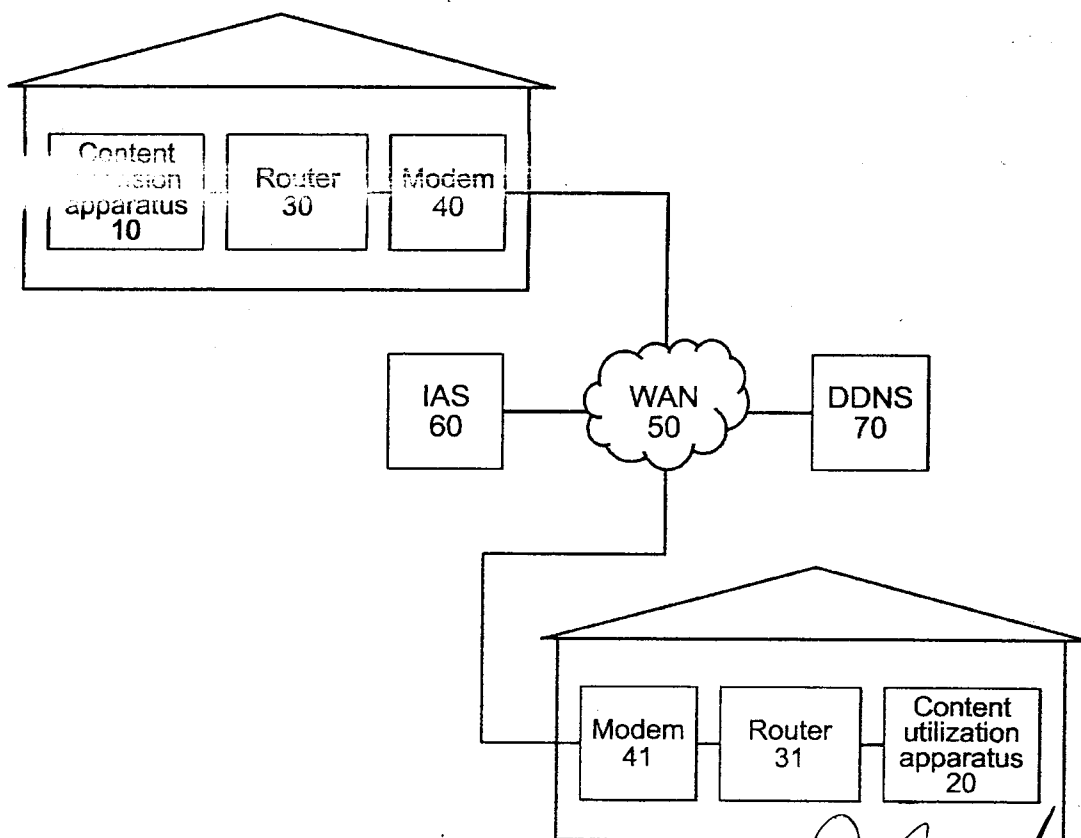


FIG.2

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2/20

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[Fig. 3]

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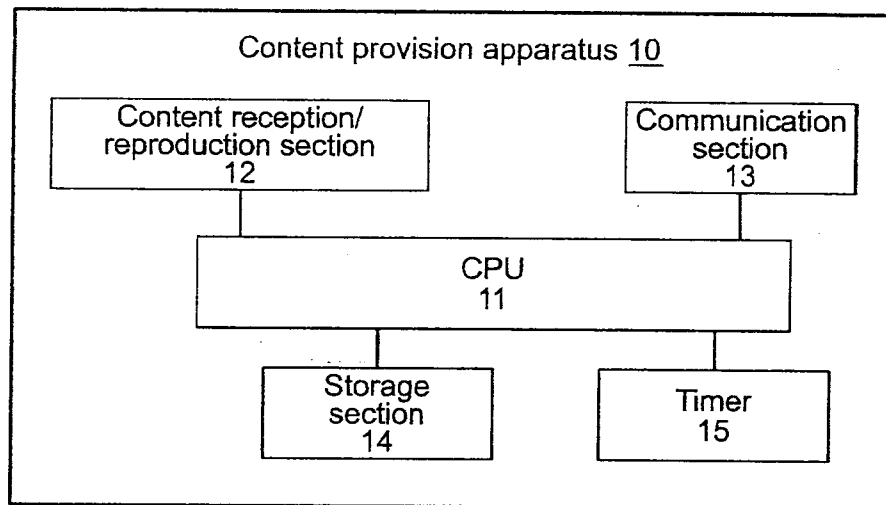


FIG.3

[Fig. 4]

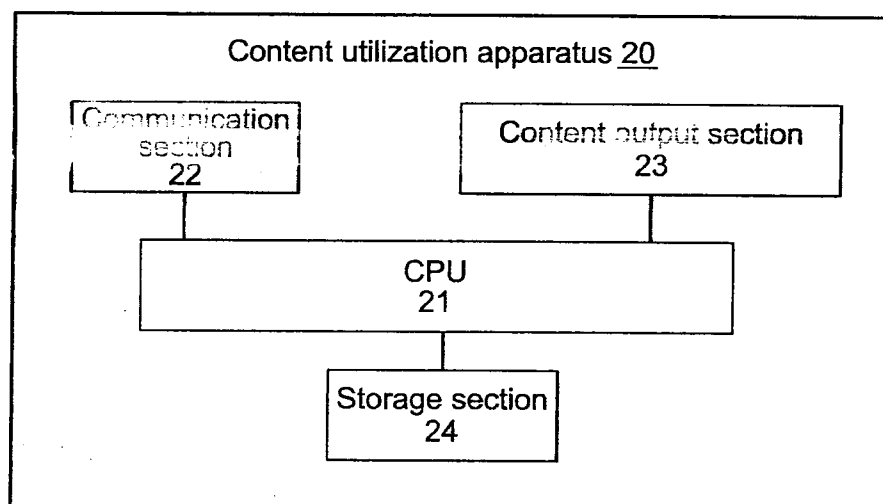


FIG.4

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[Fig. 5]

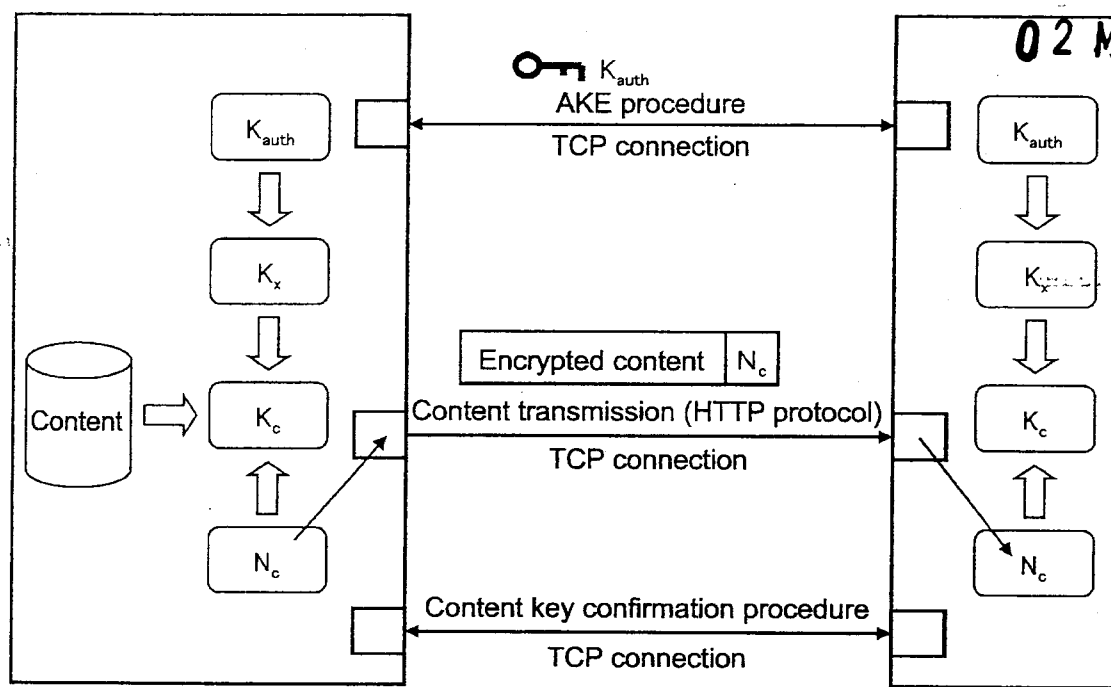


FIG.5

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4/20

[Fig. 6]

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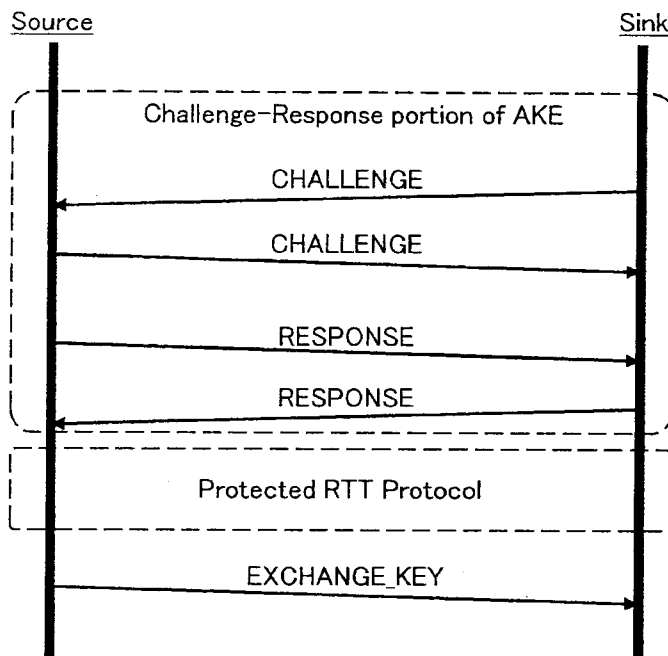


FIG.6

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[Fig. 7]

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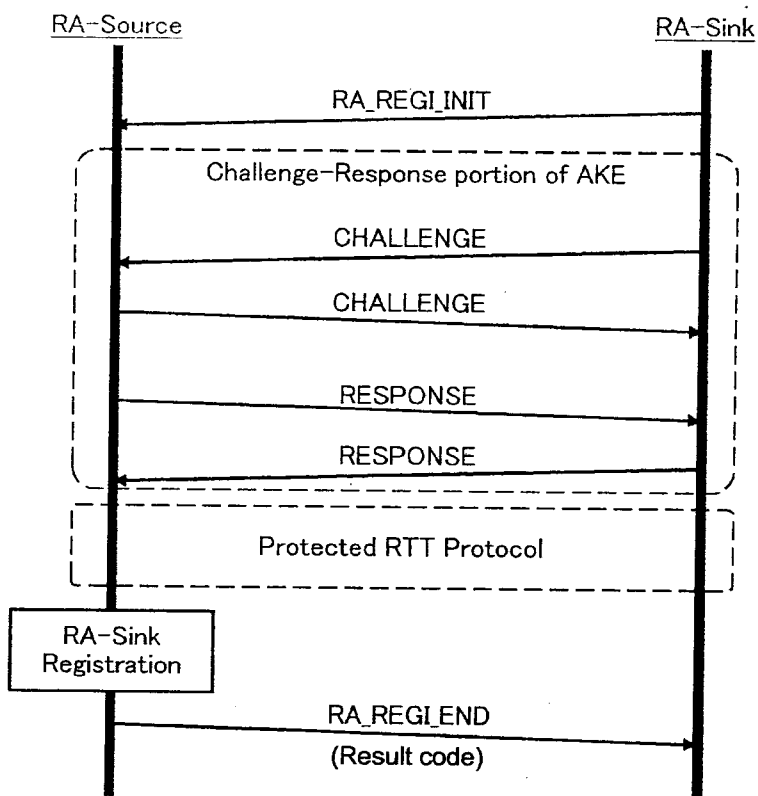


FIG.7

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[Fig. 8]

1897 SEP 19

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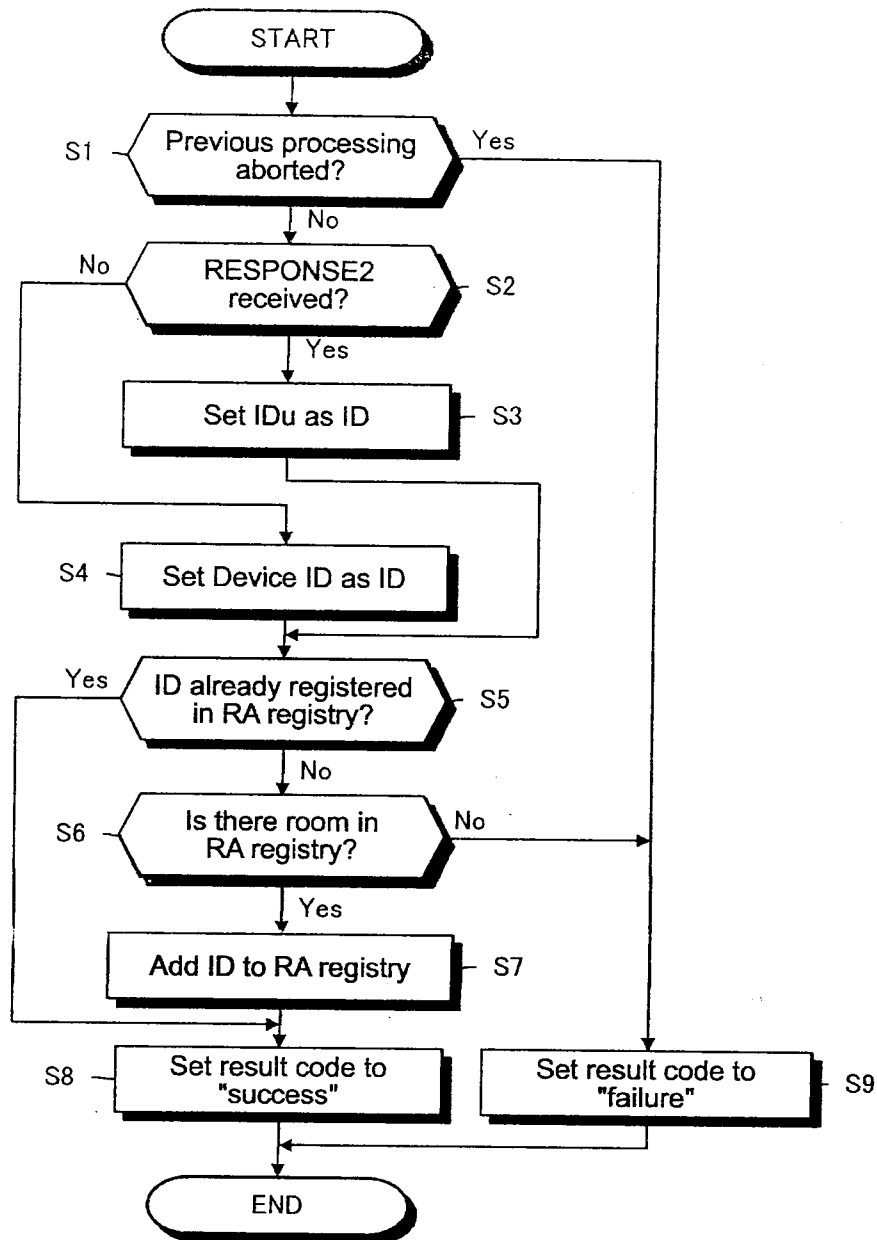


FIG.8

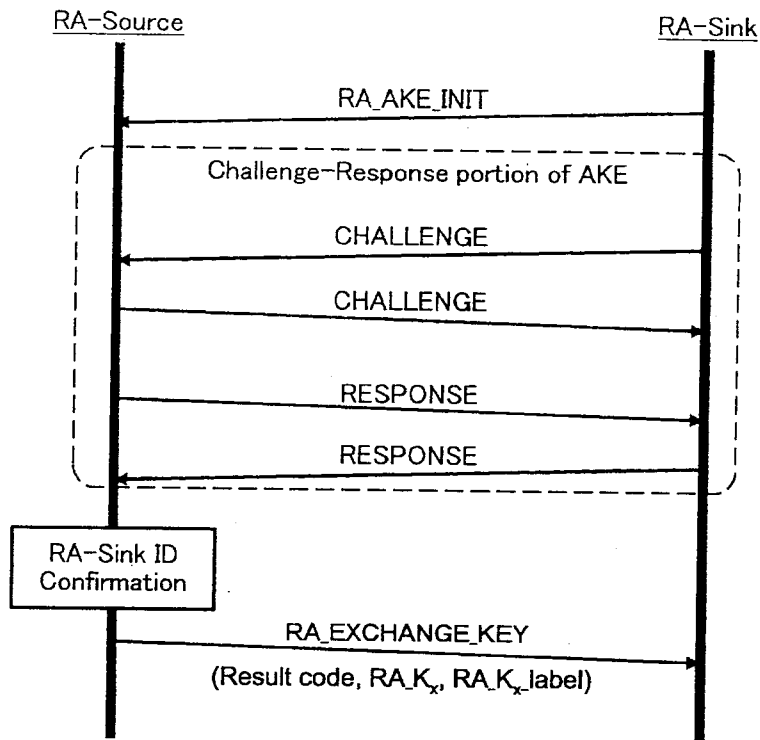
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7/20

[Fig. 9]

1897 DEEP 19



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FIG.9

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[Fig. 10]

1897 SEP 19

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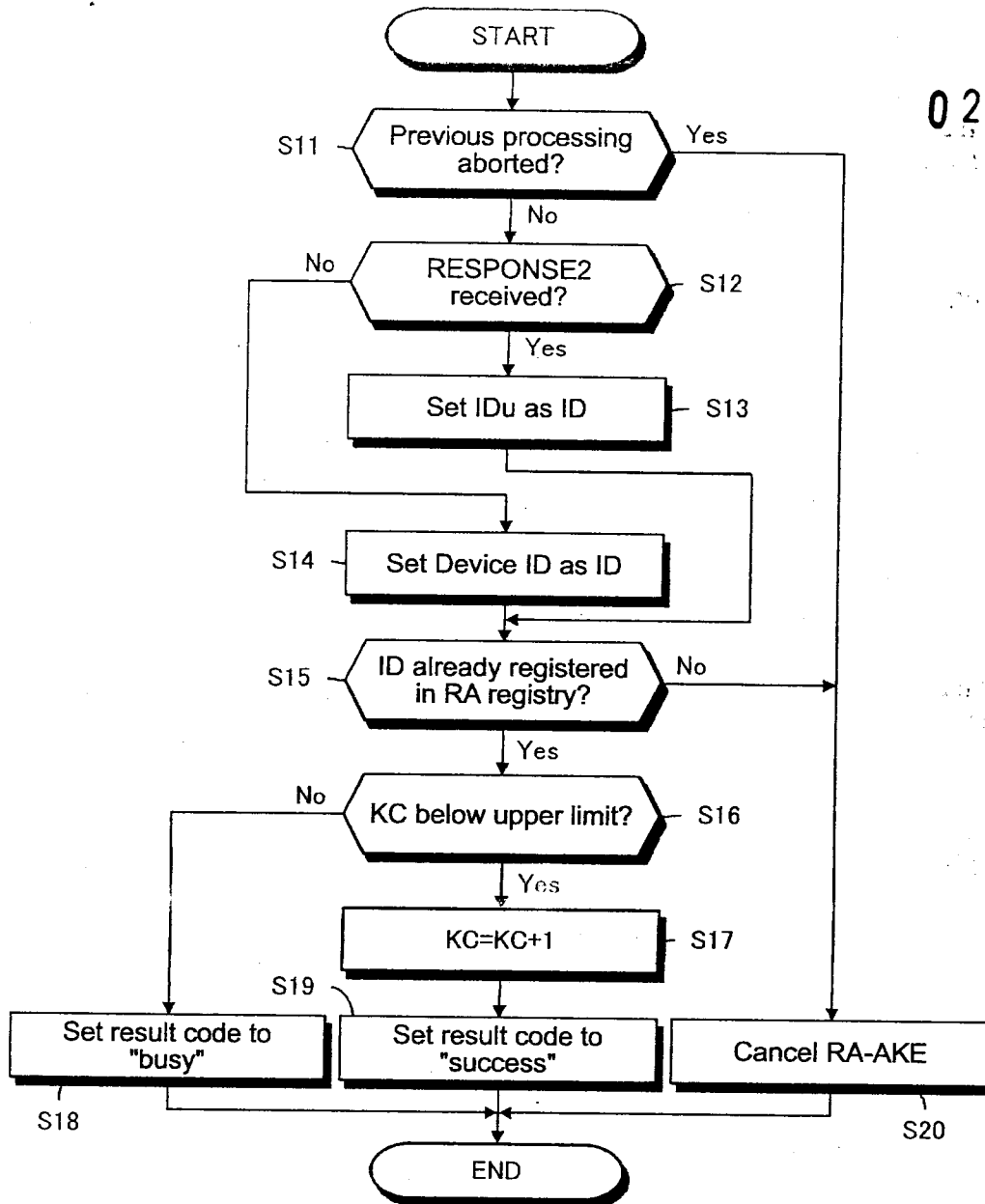


FIG.10

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[Fig. 11]

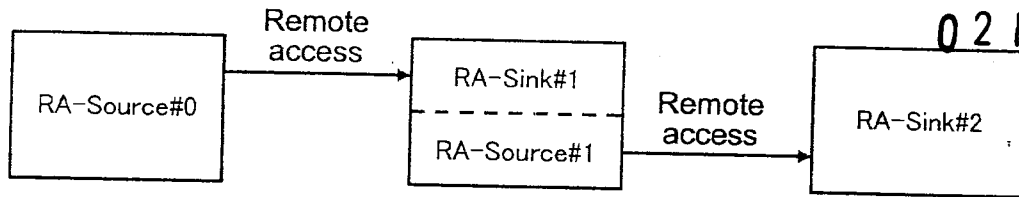


FIG.11

[Fig. 12]

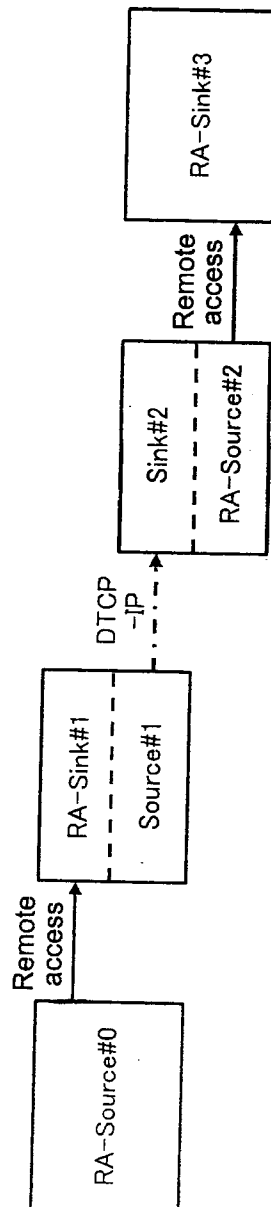


FIG.12

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10/20

[Fig. 13]

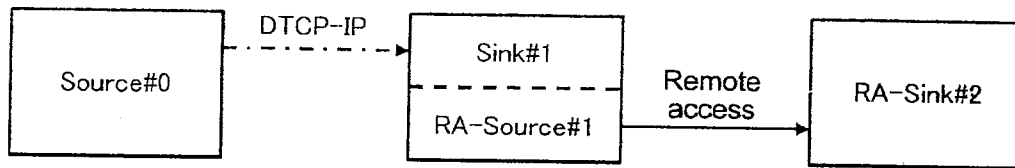


FIG.13

[Fig. 14]

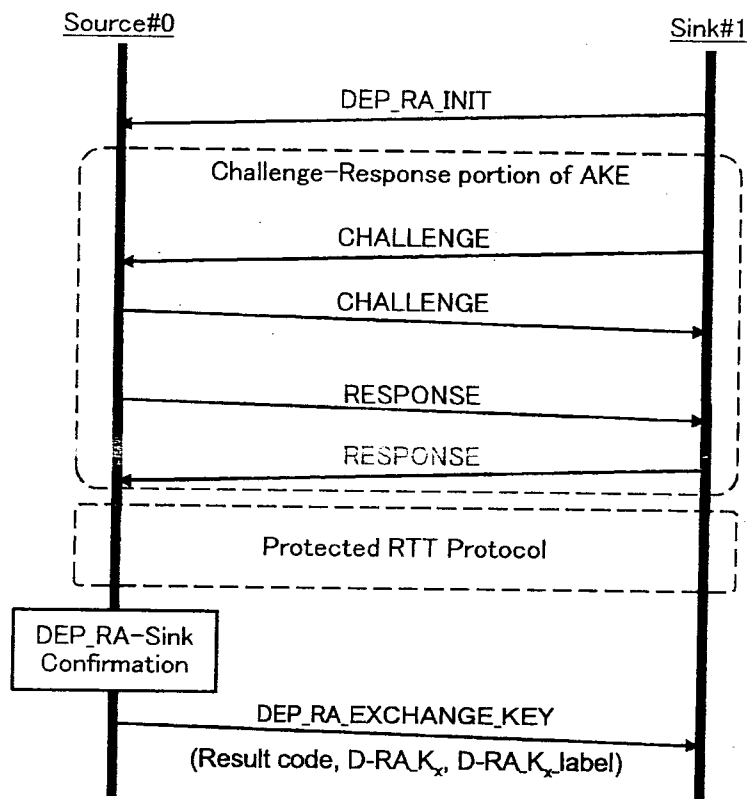


FIG.14

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1897 DEP 12

[Fig. 15]

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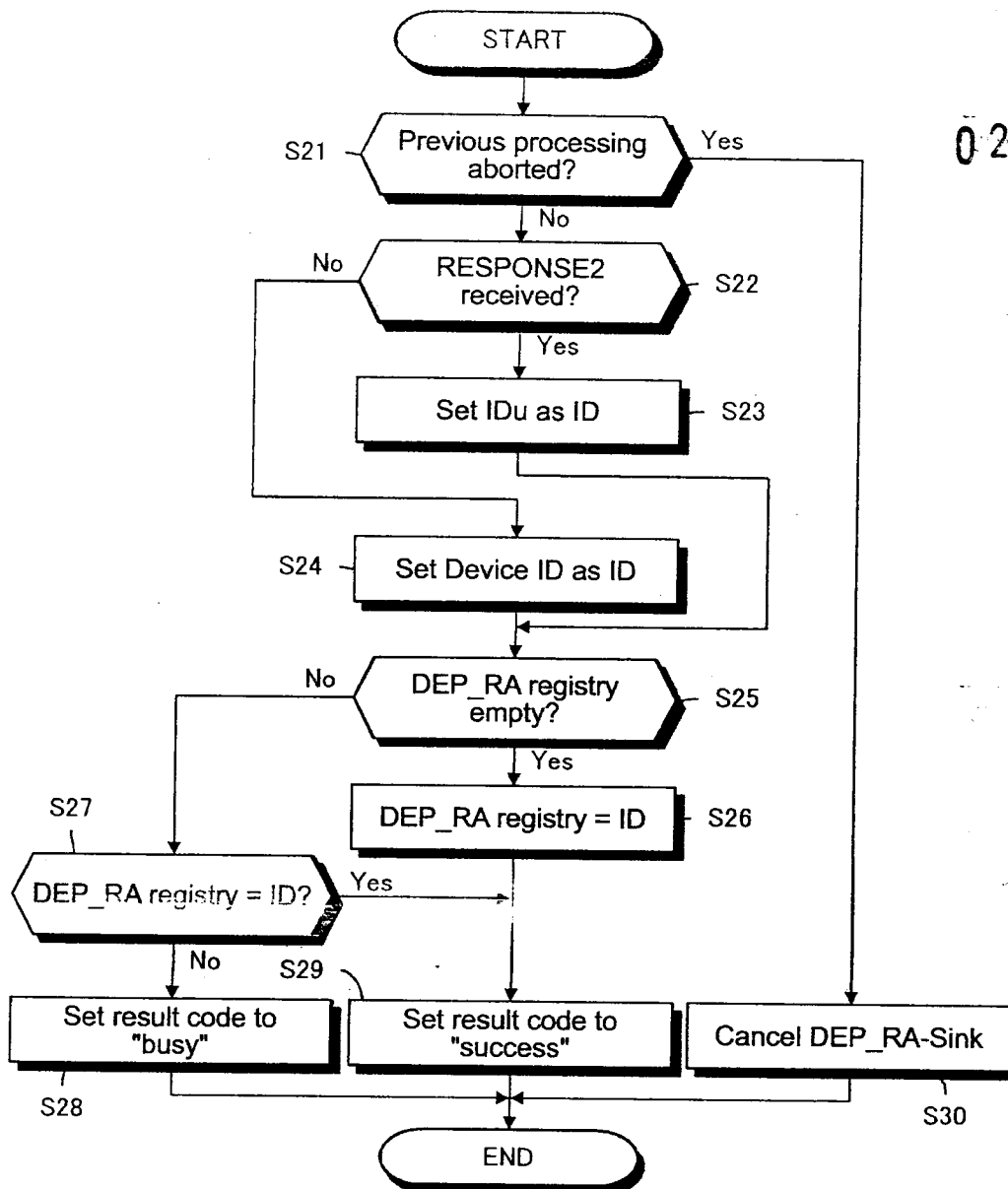


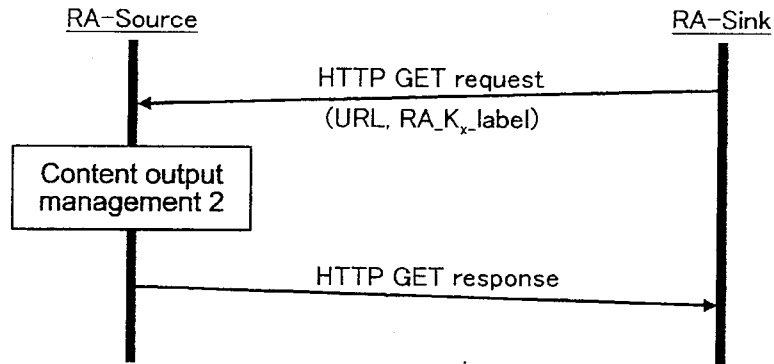
FIG.15

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[Fig. 16]



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FIG.16

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[Fig. 17]

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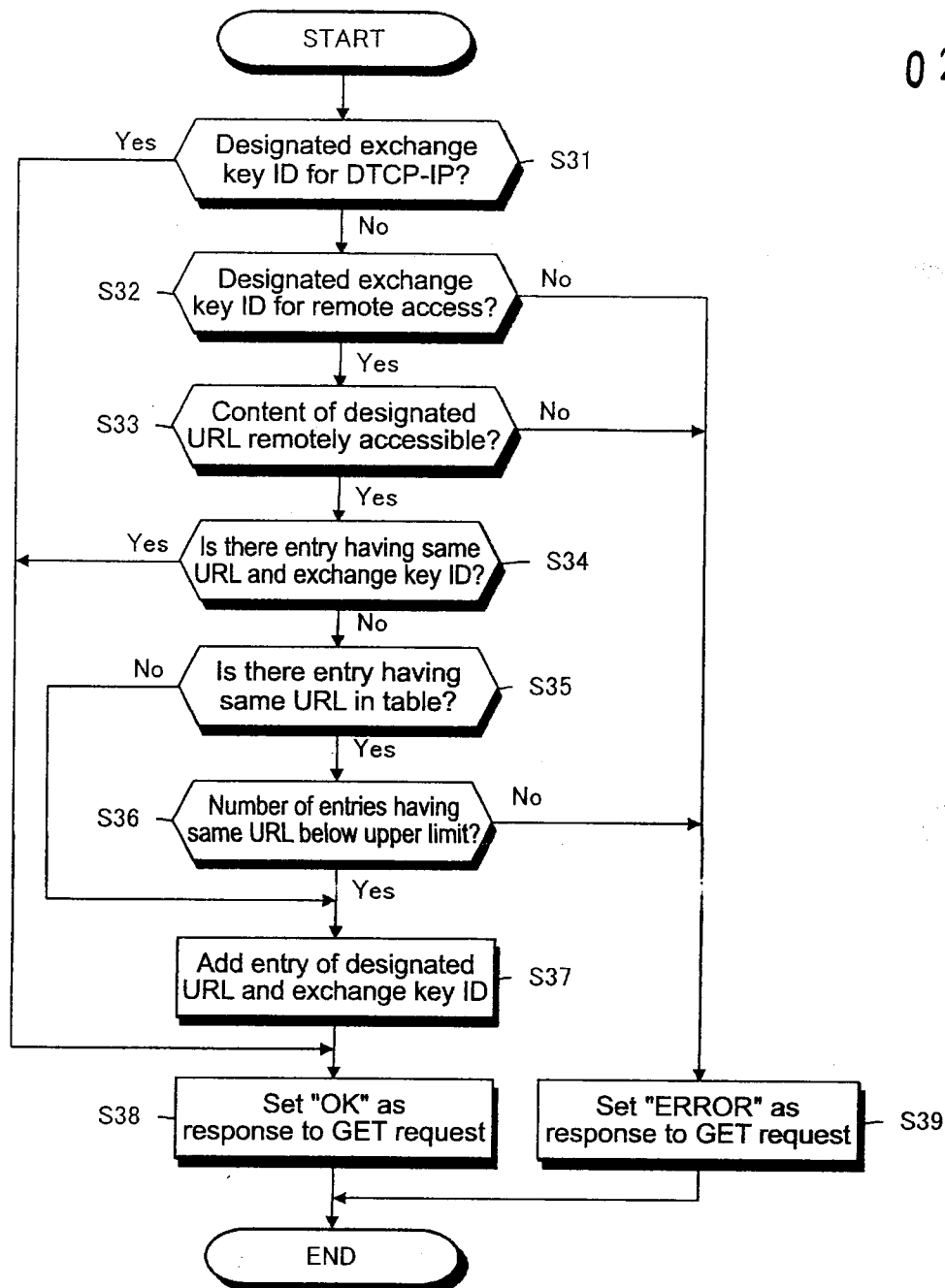


FIG.17

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[Fig. 18]

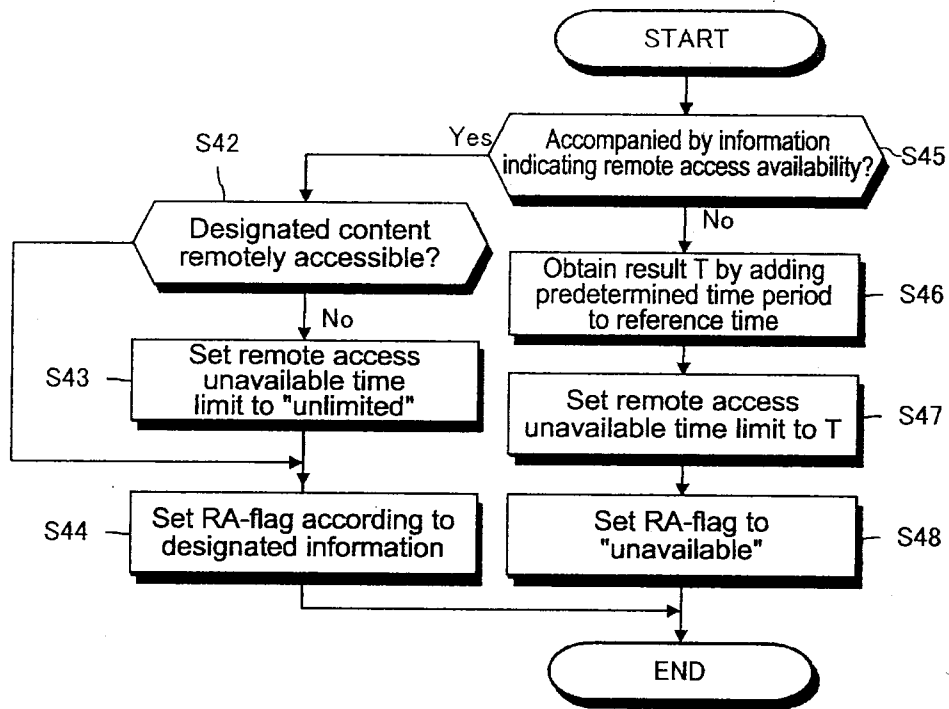


FIG.18

[Fig. 19]

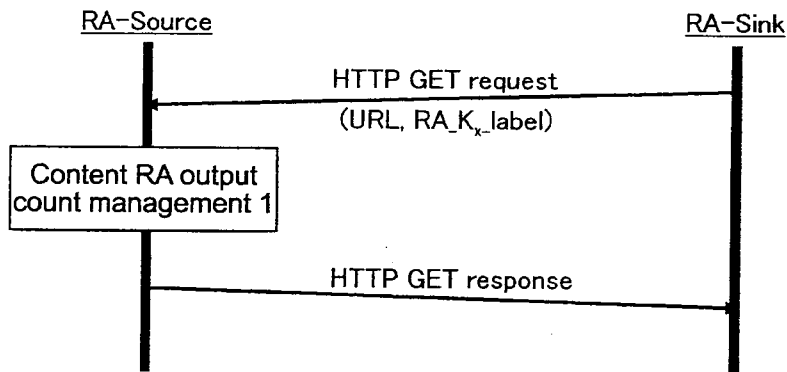


FIG.19

[Fig. 20]

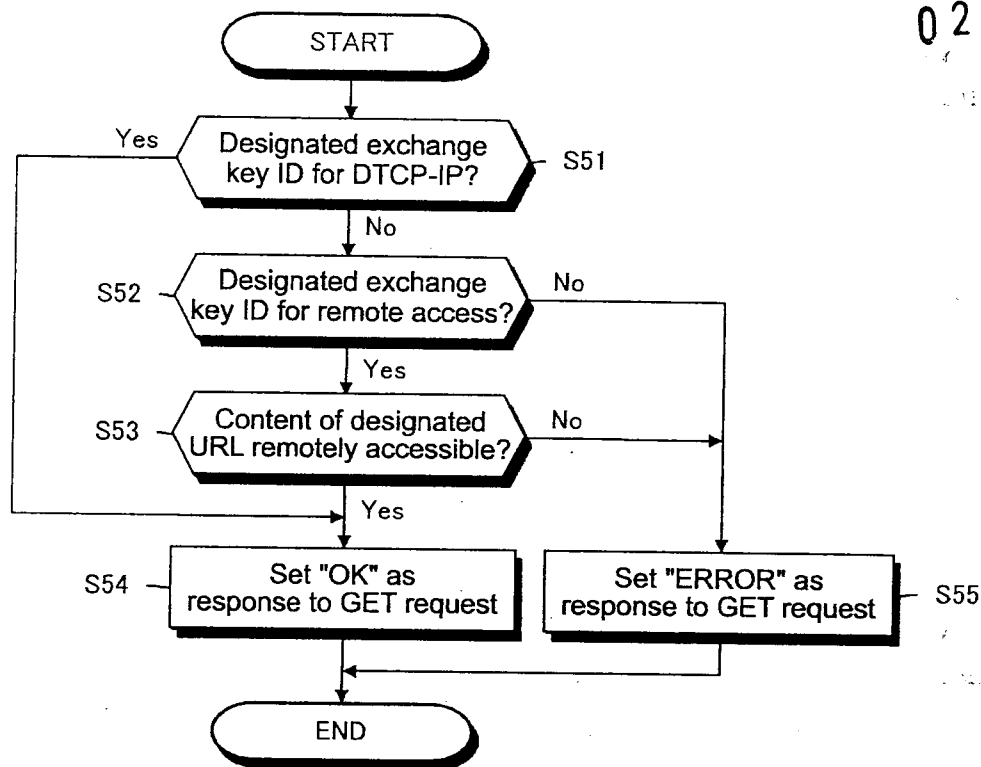


FIG.20

[Fig. 21]

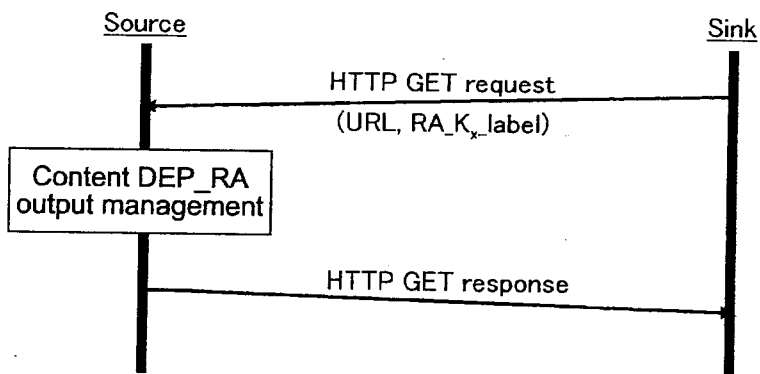


FIG.21

[Fig. 22]

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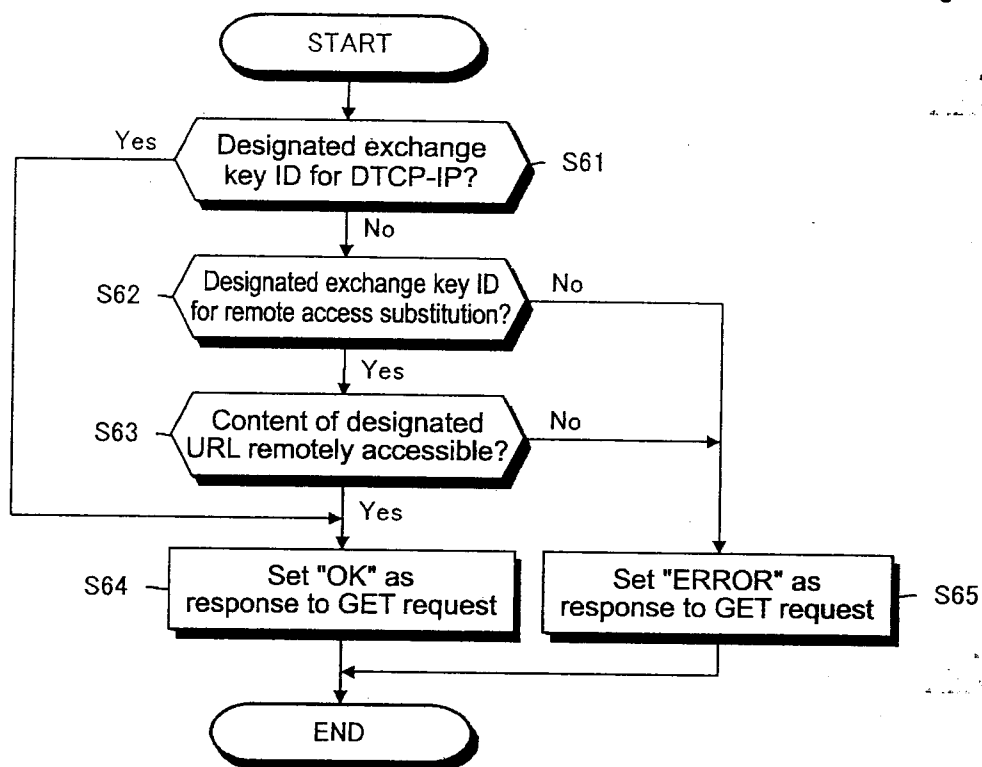


FIG.22

[Fig. 23]

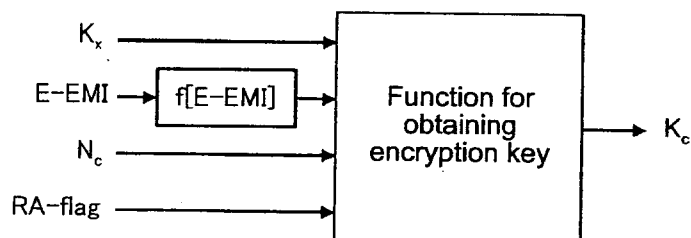



FIG.23


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17/20

[Fig. 24]

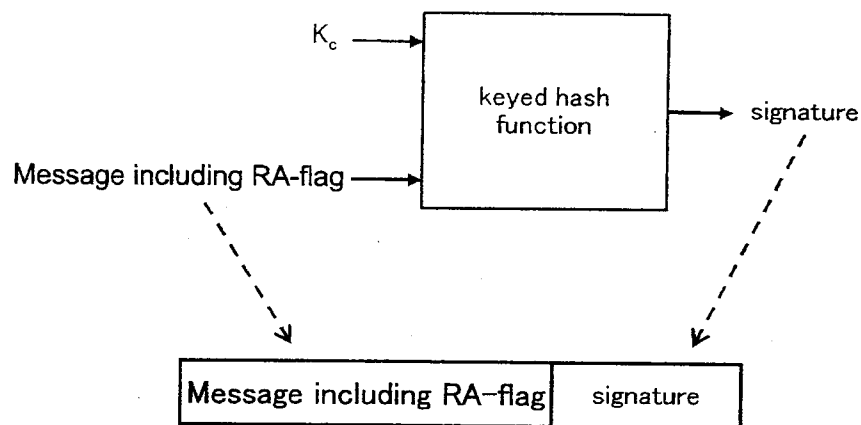


FIG.24

[Fig. 25]

Syntax	Size(bits)	Formats	Value
DTCP_descriptor {			
descriptor_tag	8	uimbsf	0x88
descriptor_length	8	uimbsf	
CA_System_ID	16	uimbsf	0x0fff
for(i=0; i<descriptor_length-2; i++){			
private_data_byte	8	bslbf	
}			
}			

Syntax	Size(bits)	Formats
Private_data_type{		
Reserved	1	bslbf
Retention_Move_mode	1	bslbf
Retention_State	3	bslbf
EPN	1	bslbf
DTCP_CCI	2	bslbf
Reserved	5	bslbf
Image_Constraint_Token	1	bslbf
APS	2	bslbf
}		

FIG.25

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[Fig. 26]

1897 DEL 19

02 MAR 2012

	msb						lsb
PCP-UR[0]	UR Mode		Content Type		APS		ICT
PCP-UR[1]	Reserved						

FIG.26

[Fig. 27]

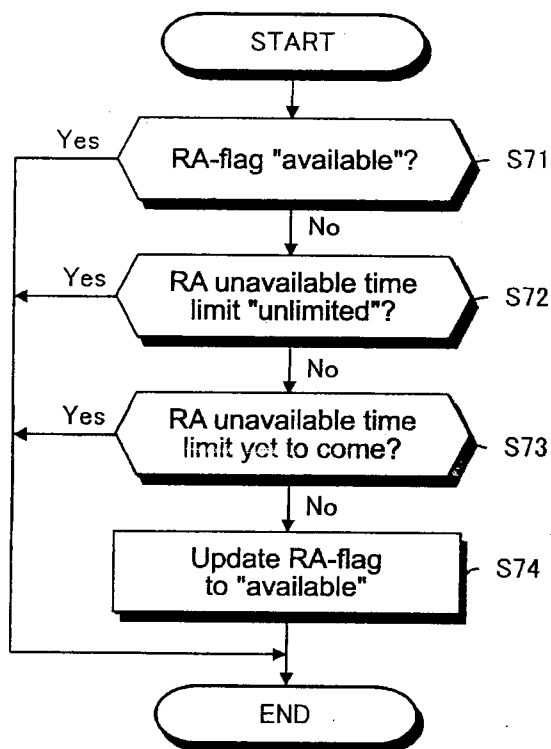


FIG.27

[Fig. 28]

1897 DELP 19

MAR 2012

	msb							lsb
Type[0]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Length[0]	(msb) Byte Length of Control and AKE_Info Fields (N+8) (lsb)							
Length[1]								
Control[0]	reserved (zero)				ctype/response			
Control[1]	Category = 0000 ₂ (AKE)				AKE_ID = 0000 ₂			
Control[2]	subfunction							
Control[3]	AKE_procedure							
Control[4]	exchange_key							
Control[5]	subfunction_dependent							
Control[6]	AKE_label							
Control[7]	number (option)				status			
AKE_Info[0..N-1]	AKE_Info							

FIG.28

[Fig. 29]

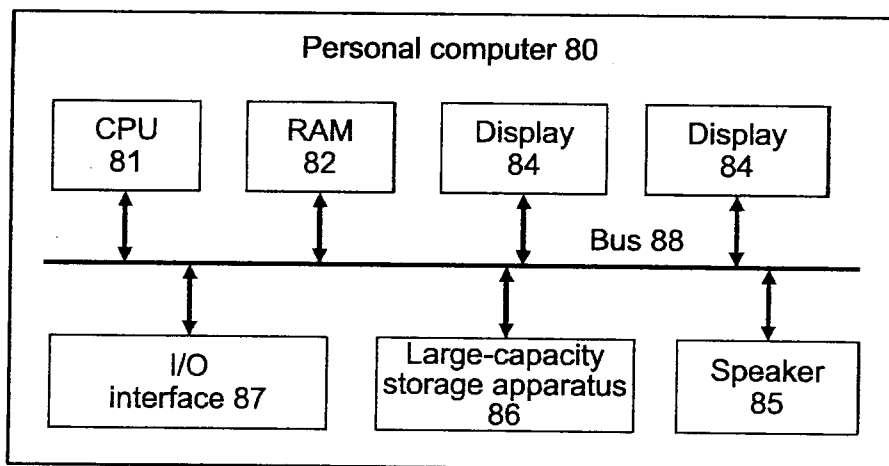


FIG.29

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[Fig. 30]

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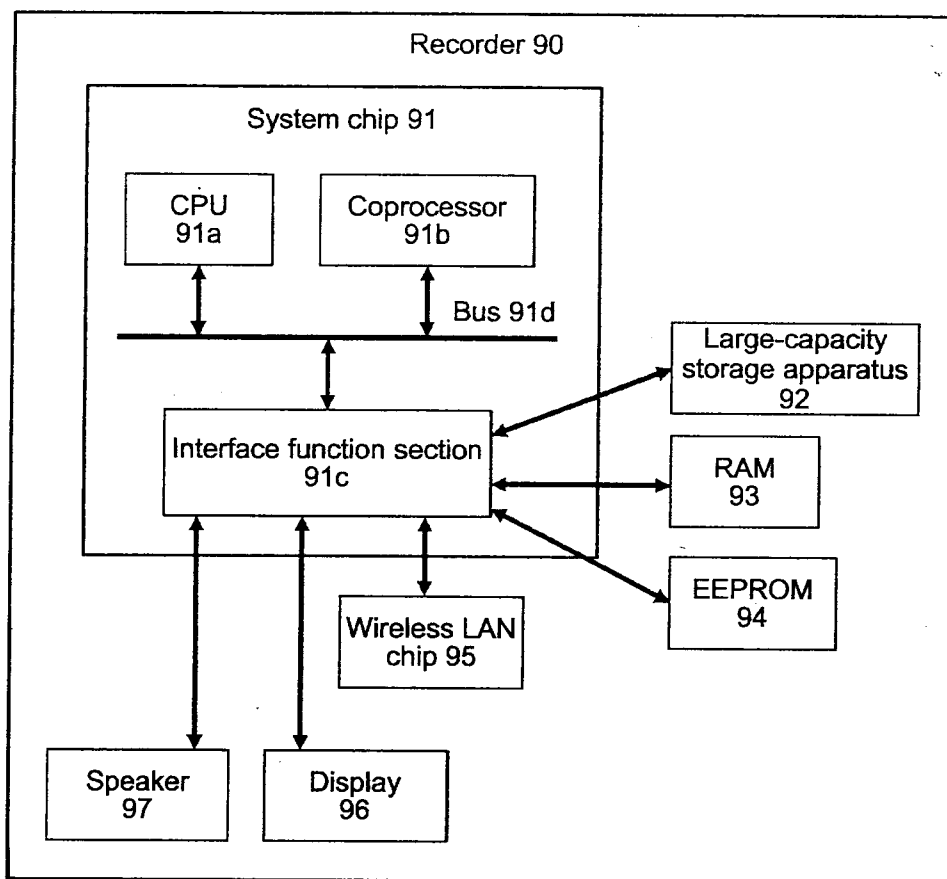



FIG.30


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The present invention relates to a communication system, a communication apparatus, a communication method, and a computer program for preventing an illegal use in a content transmission, more particularly, to a communication system, a communication apparatus, a communication method, and a computer program for exchanging a decryption key for an encrypted content in accordance with a predetermined mutual authentication and key exchange (AKE: Authentication and Key Exchange) algorithm as well as transmit the encrypted content.

[0002]

More specifically, the present invention relates to a communication system for safely transmitting a content via a remote access (RA) that uses an external network such as a WAN, and a communication apparatus, a communication method, and a computer program for safely transmitting a content via a remote access while exceeding limits on a round-trip time (RTT), a hop count of an IP (Internet Protocol) router, and the like, more particularly, to a communication system, a communication apparatus, a communication method, and a computer program.

[Background Art]

[0003]

From the past, broadcast contents and contents in

package media have been basically used at a location where a reception apparatus or a reproduction apparatus is installed or in an apparatus connected to those apparatuses via a home network (hereinafter, also referred to as "local access (LA)"). For example, it has been difficult to connect to the reception apparatus or the reproduction apparatus from outside using a portable apparatus and use a content transmitted via an external network such as a WAN (Wide Area Network) (hereinafter, also referred to as "remote access (RA)") from a technical viewpoint of a communication path, a codec, and the like. However, it is expected that in the future, a data communication technique such as LTE (Long Term Evolution) and WiMAX (World Interoperability for Microwave Access) and a high-compression codec such as H.264 will prevail. Thus, there is a possibility that the remote access will be realized by using those techniques. For example, a user may remotely access a home server from outside and reproduce a content.

[0004]

On the other hand, a digitized content is relatively-easily manipulated as in copying, falsifications, and the like. Above all, in the remote access, there is a need for a mechanism for preventing an illegal use that occurs in a content transmission, that is, for a

copyright protection while permitting an individual or domestic use of a content.

[0005]

As an industrially-standard technique regarding a transmission protection of digital contents, there is a DTCP (Digital Transmission Content Protection) developed by DTLA (Digital Transmission Licensing Administrator). In DTCP, an inter-apparatus authentication protocol used in a content transmission and a transmission protocol of an encrypted content are arranged. In short, it is regulated that a DTCP-compliant apparatus does not transmit an easily-handled compressed content to an external apparatus in an unencrypted state, an exchange key necessary for decrypting an encrypted content is generated in accordance with a predetermined mutual authentication and key exchange (AKE) algorithm, a range of apparatuses to exchange keys based on an AKE command is limited, and the like. A server as a content provider (source) and a client as a content provision destination (sink) share a key via an authentication processing by exchanging an AKE command and thus perform a content transmission by encrypting a transmission path using that key. Therefore, since an unauthorized client is unable to obtain an encryption key unless succeeding in the authentication with the

