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- (73) Patenthaver: **Meyn Food Processing Technology B.V., Westeinde 6, 1511 MA Oostzaan, Holland**
- (72) Opfinder: **STEVENS, Erik Johannes, c/o Westeinde 6, 1511 MA Oostzaan, Holland**
- (74) Fuldmægtig i Danmark: **Budde Schou A/S, Dronningens Tværgade 30, 1302 København K, Danmark**
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EP-A1- 0 679 336
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DESCRIPTION

[0001] The invention relates to a gizzard peeler.

[0002] In the art methods are known for mechanically processing an organ or organs taken out from slaughtered poultry in a processing device or processing line, which organ or organs form part of an organ package and wherein said organ or organs are separated from the organ package. Usually the organ package taken out from the poultry also includes the intestines.

[0003] Such known methods are performed in a processing line for harvesting an organ or organs from an organ package taken out from slaughtered poultry, which processing line comprises at least one processing device for processing an organ or organs from said organ package.

[0004] EP-A-1 769 681 teaches a method and device for mechanically processing a cluster of organs of a slaughtered animal, wherein the cluster is taken out of and separated from the body of the slaughtered animal. A clamping device is used to fix a particular organ within the cluster which cluster is conveyed along a predetermined path. Then tissue connections in the cluster are broken on the basis of the spatial orientation of the cluster which is derived from the spot where the concerning organ is clamped.

[0005] In general, methods and processing lines for mechanically processing an organ or organs taken out from slaughtered poultry with the aim to harvest the separate organs from the organ package are suffering from diverse problems such as that organ packages or organs thereof are lost during processing, damage occurs to organs such as the liver and the heart and unintentionally certain organs such as gallbladders are not removed or organs are not entirely separated and cause obstructions in the processing line. A known challenge particular to gizzard peelers is to provide effective separation between the gizzards and the parts that are peeled therefrom. Further problems are connected to the use of huge amounts of water and energy. Notably also the processing lines of the prior art are comprising many parts and are expensive whilst such lines are still suffering from the problem that the organ packages are not handled well.

[0006] In order to answer to increasing demand for automatic processing of the said organ packages it is preferable that the processing line incorporates a series of processing devices for sequentially harvesting from an organ package one or more organs from the group comprising a heart, a liver, and a gizzard (= ventriculus) with a pre-stomach (= proventriculus) attached thereto.

[0007] Although the organ package can have a diversity of organs, it is preferable that the organ package comprises at least a heart and/or a liver and/or a gizzard and/or a pre-stomach and that the organ harvester supplies these organs or a selection thereof through its exit or exits. Hence at predetermined points harvesting of subsequently liver, heart, and gizzard with

pre-stomach can occur.

[0008] In such an automatic processing line, normally it is preferred to include a gizzard processing device for separating a pre-stomach from a gizzard and a gizzard peeler for subsequently peeling said gizzard. Wherever in this document reference is made to a gizzard this refers to the ventriculus, and wherever reference is made to a pre-stomach this refers to the proventriculus.

[0009] The instant invention is embodied in a gizzard peeler which has an in-feed for an opened gizzard and an exit for a peeled gizzard and is provided with transportation means for moving the gizzard from the in-feed to the exit. Both the in-feed and/or the exit may be provided with a washing drum for washing the opened gizzard and the peeled gizzard respectively.

[0010] EP-A-2 294 922 teaches a gizzard peeler that comprises a series of rollersets driven by a vertical turntable, each rollerset comprising a first roller and a second roller that in use rotate in opposite directions. The rollersets collectively form a substantially cylindrical case or form part of such a case for the gizzard. The cooperating rollers of each rollerset do not only provide effective peeling, but also ensure transportation from the gizzard from the in-feed section to the exit of the peeler.

[0011] In its continuous quest for further improving the quality and effectiveness of its poultry processing machinery in general and the subject gizzard peeler in particular, the applicant now proposes a completely different design with the features of one or more of the appended claims.

[0012] According to the invention a gizzard peeler is proposed having an in-feed for an opened gizzard, and an exit for a peeled gizzard and transporting means for moving the gizzard from the in-feed to the exit, which peeler comprises a horizontal turntable provided with rollers for peeling the gizzards. As mentioned the turntable is essentially horizontal, and practice has proven that this very much simplified design provides superior peeling efficiency. Preferential features of the new design of the gizzard peeler according to the invention are discussed hereafter.

[0013] The invention is also embodied in a method for peeling a gizzard, comprising the steps of depositing a slit-open gizzard on top of a horizontal and rotating turntable that is provided with rotating rollers, which rollers have an effective operating surface with respect to the gizzards to be peeled which is at least approximately flush, yet preferably slightly above a surface of the turntable, and arranging that the gizzard moves on top of the turntable from the point where it is deposited to an aperture in the turntable which functions as an exit for peeled gizzards.

[0014] Preferably the rollers are provided with their longitudinal axis in radial directions of the turntable. Particularly when the rollers span nearly the entire radius of the turntable this is

found to be a favorable construction in terms of peeling efficiency.

[0015] A suitable construction is that the rollers are provided in radial slits within the turntable and - as already mentioned - with their operable surface approximately flush with or preferably slightly above an upper surface of the turntable.

[0016] Preferably the rollers are provided in the turntable as rollersets, each rollerset comprising a first roller and a second roller that in use rotate in opposite directions. This comes as a surprise because although such roller sets are known from EP-A-2 294 922, the construction of the gizzard peeler of the invention is completely different and it would not be logical to expect similar benefits when these rollersets are applied in the design of the invention.

[0017] Also preferably the first and second rollers of each rollerset have intermeshing teeth. This ensures coordinated action of the first and second rollers of each rollerset.

[0018] Beneficially the gizzard peeler of the invention is provided with a fixed gearwheel underneath the turntable that intermeshes with teeth provided on the rollers. This is a simple and robust way to drive the rollers by rotating the turntable. One and all is preferably done such that the gearwheel intermeshes with only one selected roller of each rollerset, and that the non-selected roller only intermeshes with said selected roller. Due to the combined operation of the first and second roller of each roller set and the gearwheel, the rollers of the rollersets are put in concerted motion.

[0019] Preferably the intermeshing teeth of the first and second roller are selected from the group comprising helically shaped ribs and straight ribs. Both types of ribs have proven effective in peeling the gizzards in the peeling device of the invention.

[0020] Desirably further a spiraling vertical wall or strip is provided above the turntable, enabling the turntable with the rollers to move with reference to and underneath said spiraling wall or strip. The spiraling vertical wall or strip then, together with the operation of the rollers on the gizzards, ensures that the gizzards move from the infeed to the exit at a desired pace. Consequently the spiraling vertical wall or strip defines a passageway for the gizzards from the infeed to the exit.

[0021] Further it is remarked that the turntable is preferably provided with a central aperture which embodies the exit for the gizzards.

[0022] The invention will hereinafter be further elucidated with reference to a processing line in which several processing devices in accordance with the invention are employed.

[0023] With respect to the processing line and the processing devices that are part thereof, reference is made to the drawing in which:

Fig. 1 provides a top view of a processing line;

Fig. 2 schematically shows an embodiment of a gizzard peeler in accordance with the invention;

Fig. 3 shows the turntable forming part of the gizzard peeler of figure 2; and

Fig. 4 shows a more complete picture of the gizzard peeler of the invention.

[0024] Wherever in the figures the same reference numerals are applied, these numerals refer to the same or similar features or parts of the devices shown.

[0025] With reference first to Fig. 1 a top view is shown of a processing line for harvesting an organ or organs from an organ package taken out from slaughtered poultry wherein subsequently different processing devices are employed which can also be employed independently and separate from the other processing devices that are placed in the processing line.

[0026] Organ packages are supplied by means of an endless conveyor 1 which may have any conventional form such as an endless conveyor with pans in which the organ packages are transported, but may also be embodied in the form of transport shackles which can be commanded to release the organ packages at the entrance of at least one processing line or at the location of a divider unit 2, if multiple processing (sub-)lines are employed. The divider unit 2 divides the stream of organ packages into as many parallel streams as desired. The figure shows that the division occurs into three parallel lines, each line comprising at least one organ harvester 3 for harvesting hearts at exit 6, livers at exit 7 and gizzards with pre-stomach at exit 4. Exit 4 connects to a gizzard processing device as will be discussed hereinafter. Further, exit 8 is provided for disposal of inedible portions of the organ packages that are processed in the organ harvester 3 of the concerning line. An exit 5 for gizzards with pre-stomach is provided in case it is not intended to further process these gizzards.

[0027] If the gizzards with pre-stomach are intended to be further processed they can be entered at an in-feed 18 of a gizzard processing device 17 which is followed by a gizzard peeler 13 according to the invention that provides peeled gizzards at its exit 14. Any waste leaves the gizzard processing device 17 at exit 11 and leaves the gizzard peeler 13 at its exit 15.

[0028] The gizzard peeler 13 also includes a separate entry 16 for manually inputting any gizzards which require a further peeling operation. The gizzard processing device 17 together with the gizzard peeler 13 of the invention are indicated with reference numeral 9.

[0029] Turning now to figure 2 showing schematically the exit part of gizzard processing device 17 ending into the infeed 12 of the gizzard peeler 13, the figure clearly shows that the gizzard

peeler 13 of the invention essentially comprises a turntable 20 provided with rollers 21, 22 for peeling the gizzards, and that the rollers 21, 22 are provided with their longitudinal axis in radial directions of the turntable 20. This feature can likewise be seen in figure 3.

[0030] The figures 2 and 3 further show that the rollers 21, 22 are provided in radial slits 23 within the turntable 20 and that the rollers 21, 22 have their operable surface approximately flush with or preferably slightly above an upper surface 20' of the turntable 20.

[0031] As can be best seen in figure 3 the rollers 21, 22 are provided in the turntable 20 as rollersets, each rollerset comprising a first roller 21 and a second roller 22 that in use rotate in opposite directions. Figure 3 also shows that the first and second rollers 21, 22 of each rollerset have intermeshing teeth or ribs. These teeth or ribs of the first and second rollers 21, 22 are very effective in peeling the gizzards, and the tissue that is removed from the gizzards by the operation of the rollers 21, 22 is disposed through the slits 23 in which the rollers 21, 22 are accommodated. Eventually the remove tissue is discarded via the earlier mentioned exit 15 of the peeling device 13.

[0032] Both figure 2 and figure 3 show that a fixed gearwheel 24 is provided underneath the turntable 20 that intermeshes with teeth 25 provided on the rollers 21. It further shows that the gearwheel 24 intermeshes with only one selected roller 21 of each rollerset, and that the non-selected roller 22 only intermeshes with said selected roller 21. It is remarked that the intermeshing teeth of the first and second roller 21, 22 are selected from the group comprising helically shaped ribs and straight ribs. The figures only show helically shaped ribs, but the artisan can imagine how straight ribs look so there is no need to show this embodiment with straight ribs in a separate figure.

[0033] Turning now to the more complete picture of the gizzard peeler 13 of the invention as provided in figure 4, a motor 26 is depicted that is used to drive the turntable 20. Further in this figure 4 it is shown that a spiraling vertical wall or strip 27 is provided above the turntable 20, enabling the turntable 20 with the rollers 21, 22 to rotationally move with reference to and underneath passed said spiraling wall or strip 27. Said spiraling vertical wall or strip 27 therewith defines a passageway for the gizzards from the infeed 12 to the exit 14 which is embodied by a central aperture in the middle of the turntable 20.

[0034] Although the invention has been discussed in the foregoing with reference to an exemplary embodiment of the gizzard peeler of the invention, the invention is not restricted to this particular embodiment which can be varied in many ways without departing from the scope of the appended claims. The discussed exemplary embodiment shall therefore not be used to construe the appended claims strictly in accordance therewith. On the contrary the embodiment is merely intended to explain the wording of the appended claims without intent to limit the claims to this exemplary embodiment. The scope of protection of the invention shall therefore be construed in accordance with the appended claims only, wherein a possible ambiguity in the wording of the claims shall be resolved using this exemplary embodiment. It is for instance possible that the gizzard peeler is provided with a washing unit at its in-feed and/or

its exit.

REFERENCES CITED IN THE DESCRIPTION

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Patent documents cited in the description

- EP1769681A [0004]
- EP2294922A [0010] [0016]

PATENTKRAV

1. Kråseskræller (13) med en indføring (12) for en åbnet kråse, og en udgang (14) for en skrællekråse, og transportorganer til at bevæge kråsen fra indføringen (12) til udgangen (14) og omfattende et drejebord (20) forsynet med ruller (21, 22) til at skrælle kråserne, **kendetegnet ved, at** drejebordet er et horisontalt drejebord.
2. Kråseskræller ifølge krav 1, **kendetegnet ved, at** rullerne (21, 22) er anbragt med deres langsgående akser i radiale retninger for drejebordet (20).
3. Kråseskræller ifølge krav 1 eller 2, **kendetegnet ved, at** rullerne (21, 22) er anbragt i radiale slidser (23) i drejebordet (20) og med deres funktionsflade omtrent i plan med eller en smule over en øvre overflade (20') på drejebordet (20).
4. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af de foregående krav 1-3, **kendetegnet ved, at** rullerne (21, 22) er anbragt i drejebordet (20) som rullesæt, idet hvert rullesæt omfatter en første rulle (21) og en anden rulle (22), som under brug roterer i modsatte retninger.
5. Kråseskræller ifølge krav 4, **kendetegnet ved, at** de første og andre ruller (21, 22) i hvert rullesæt har indbyrdes indgribende tænder.
6. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af kravene 1-5, **kendetegnet ved, at** den er forsynet med et fast tandhjul (24) under drejebordet (20), som indgriber med tænder (25) tilvejebragt på rullerne (21).
7. Kråseskræller ifølge 4 eller 5 og krav 6, **kendetegnet ved, at** tandhjulet (24) indgriber med kun én udvalgt rulle (21) i hvert rullesæt, og at den ikke valgte rulle (22) kun indgriber med den udvalgte rulle (21).
8. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af kravene 4-7, **kendetegnet ved, at** de indgribende tænder på den første og anden rulle (21, 22) er valgt fra gruppen bestående af skrue-linieformede ribber og lige ribber.
9. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af kravene 1-8, **kendetegnet ved, at** en spiralformet vertikal væg eller strimmel (27) er tilvejebragt over drejebordet (20), som gør det muligt

for drejebordet (20) med rullerne (21, 22), at bevæge sig i forhold til og under den spiralformede væg eller strimmel (27).

10. Kråseskræller ifølge krav 9, **kendetegnet ved, at** den spiralformede vertikale væg eller strimmel (27) definerer en passage for kråserne fra indføringen (12) til udgangen (14).

11. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af kravene 1-10, **kendetegnet ved, at** drejebordet (20) er forsynet med en central åbning, som udgør udgangen (14) for kråserne.

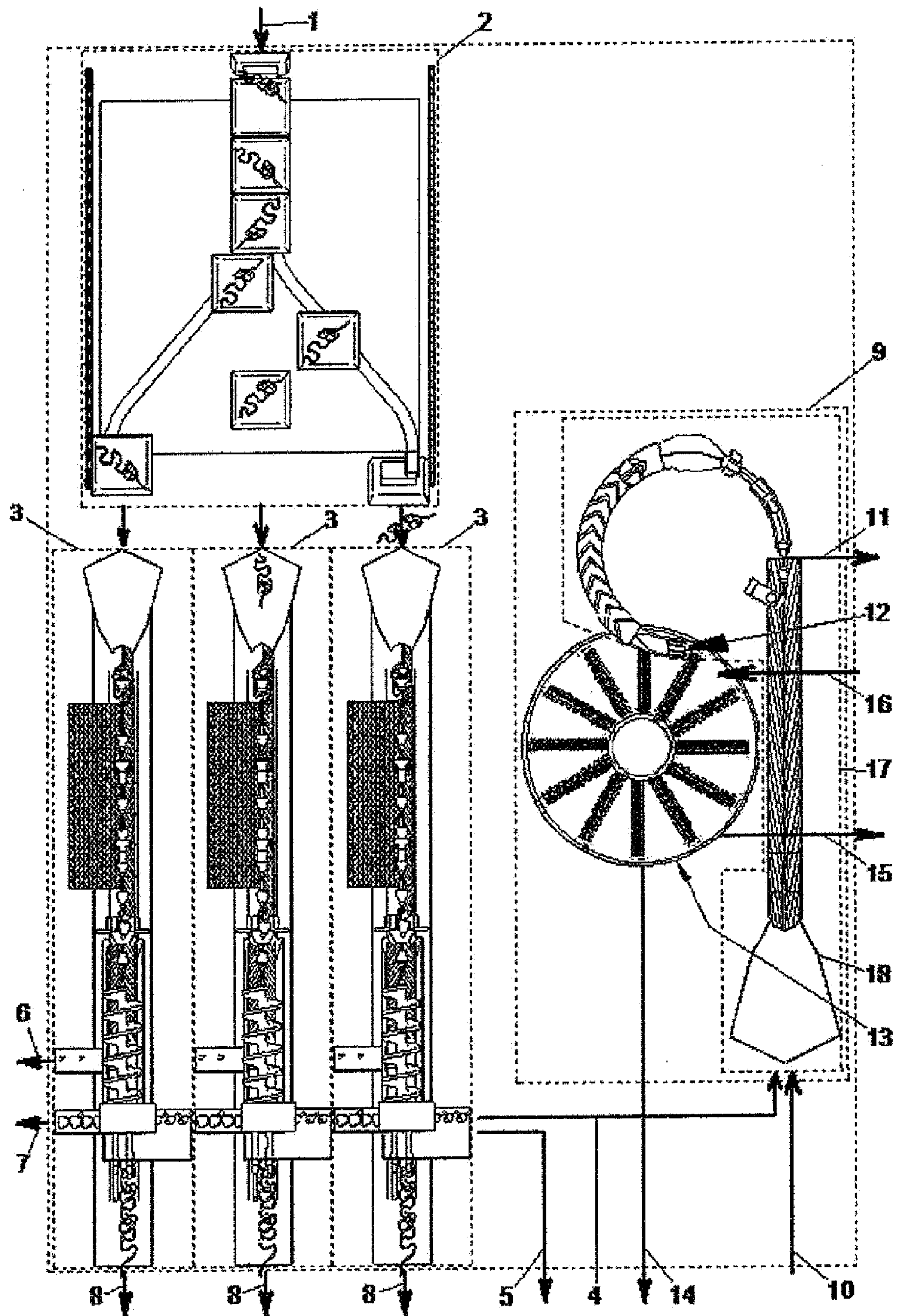
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12. Kråseskræller ifølge ethvert af kravene 1-10, **kendetegnet ved, at** indføringen (12) og/eller udgangen (14) er forsynede med en vasketromle til vaskning af den åbnede kråse henholdsvis den skrællede kråse.

15 13. Fremgangsmåde til skrælning af en kråse, **kendetegnet ved** trinnene med anbringelse af en slidsåbnet kråse ovenpå et horisontalt og roterende drejebord, som er forsynet med roterende ruller, hvilke ruller har en effektiv funktionsflade i forhold til kråserne, som skal skrælles, som er i det mindste omtrent i plan med, endnu mere foretrukket en smule over en overflade på drejebordet, og tilsikring af at kråsen bevæger sig ovenpå drejebordet fra det punkt, hvor den anbringes til en åbning i drejebordet, som fungerer som en udgang for skrællede kråser.

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DRAWINGS



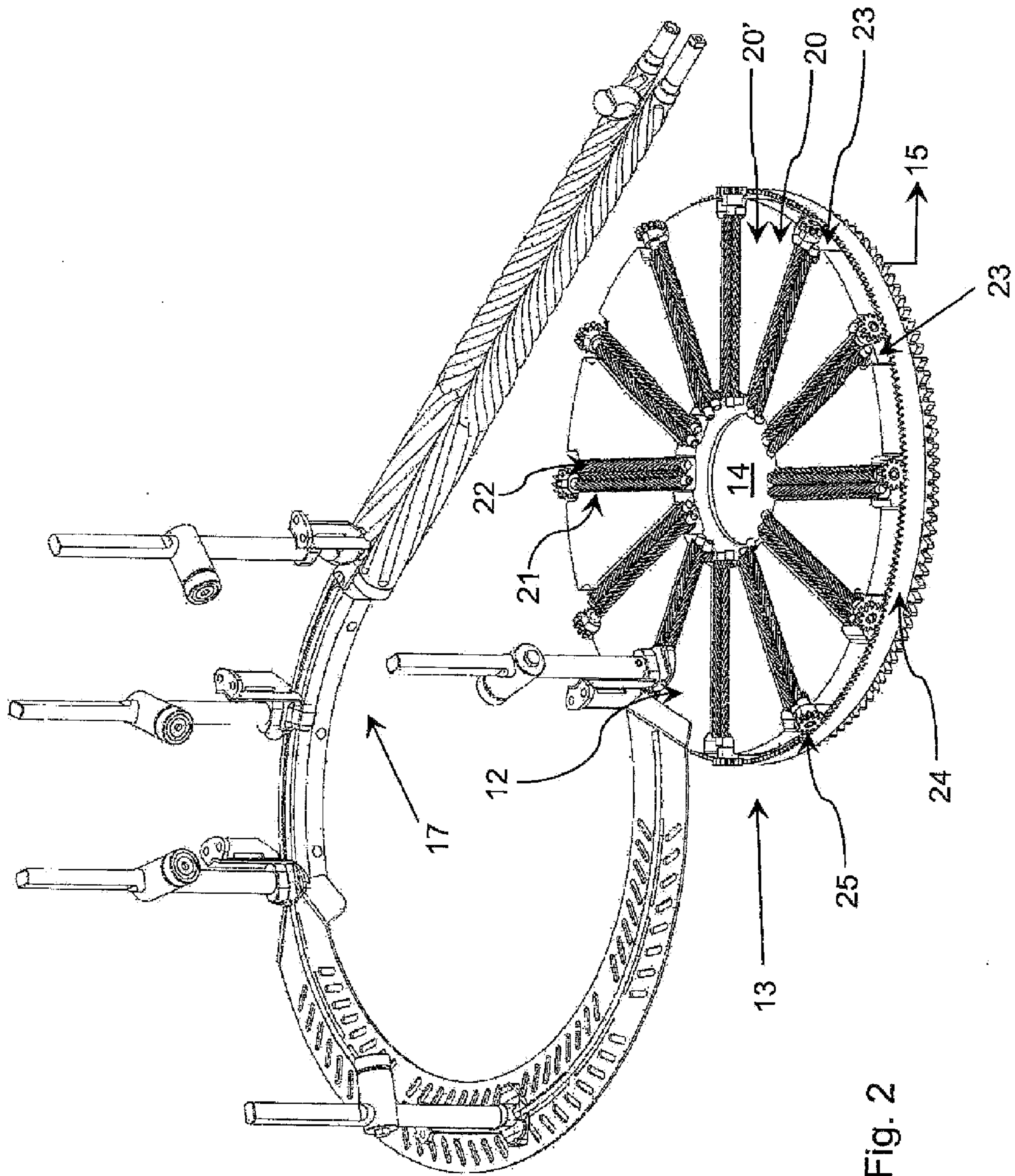


Fig. 2

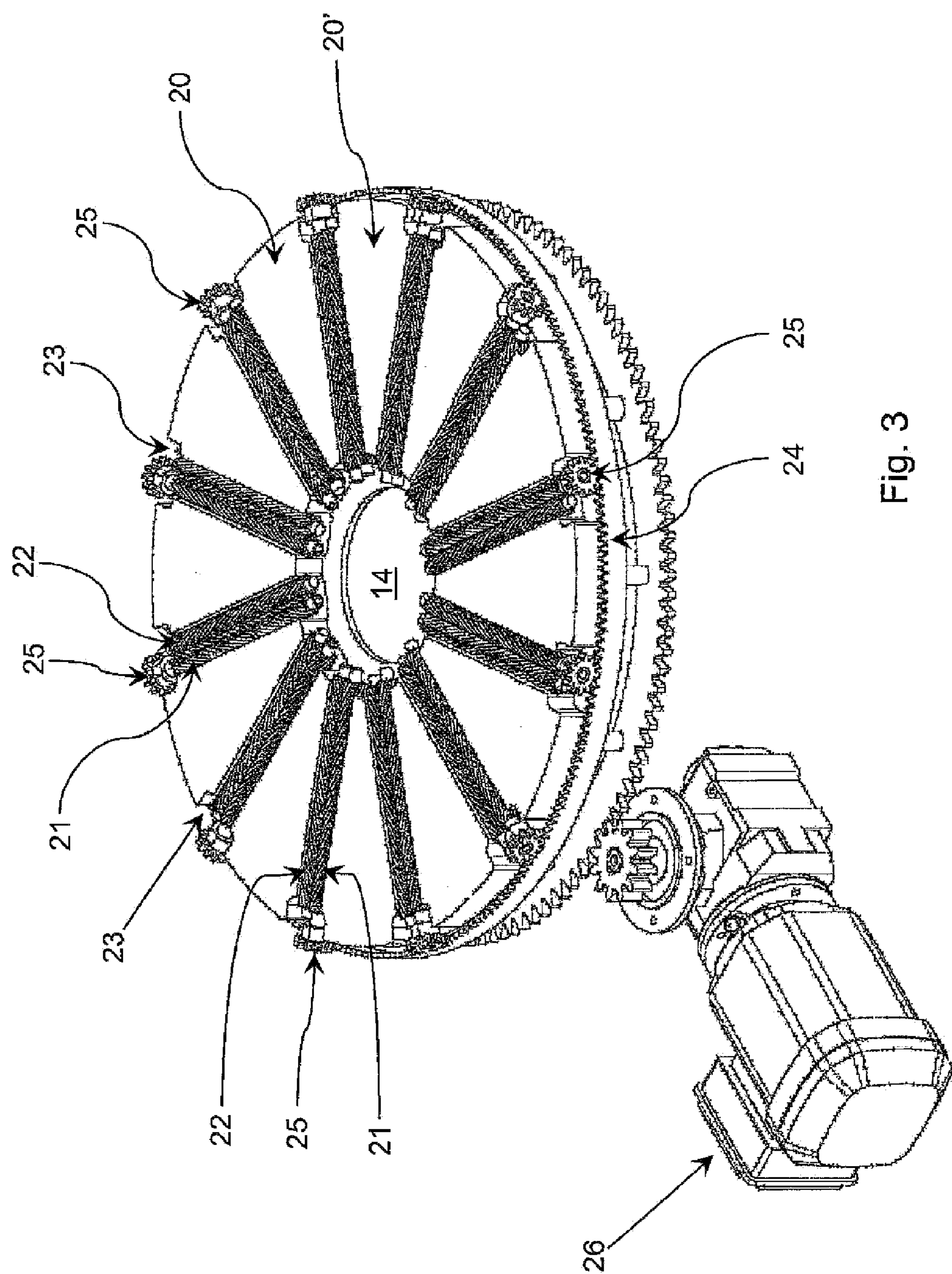


Fig. 3

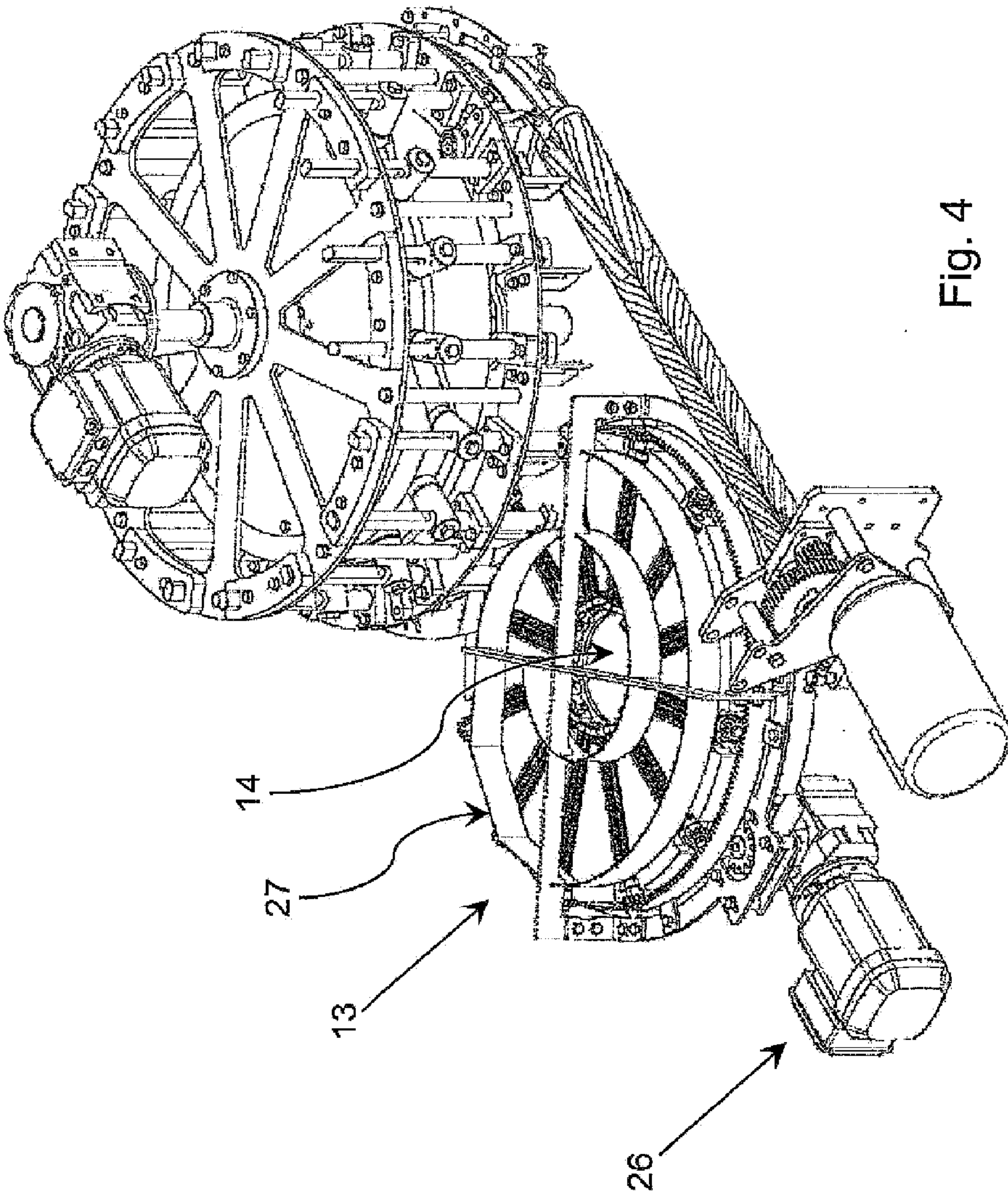


Fig. 4