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(54) **APPARATUS FOR TRANSMITTING WPAN MAC FRAMES AND METHOD THEREOF**

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(52) **U.S. Cl.**
USPC **370/469**

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USPC 370/235, 466, 469
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames includes a transport frame management unit for creating MAC transport frames if data is generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifying the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and managing the classified MAC transport frames by queues, a transport memory control unit for transmitting the transport frames at a high speed, and a transport frame transmission unit for responsible for the transmission of the transport frames by judging the transmission time of the frames.

38 Claims, 9 Drawing Sheets

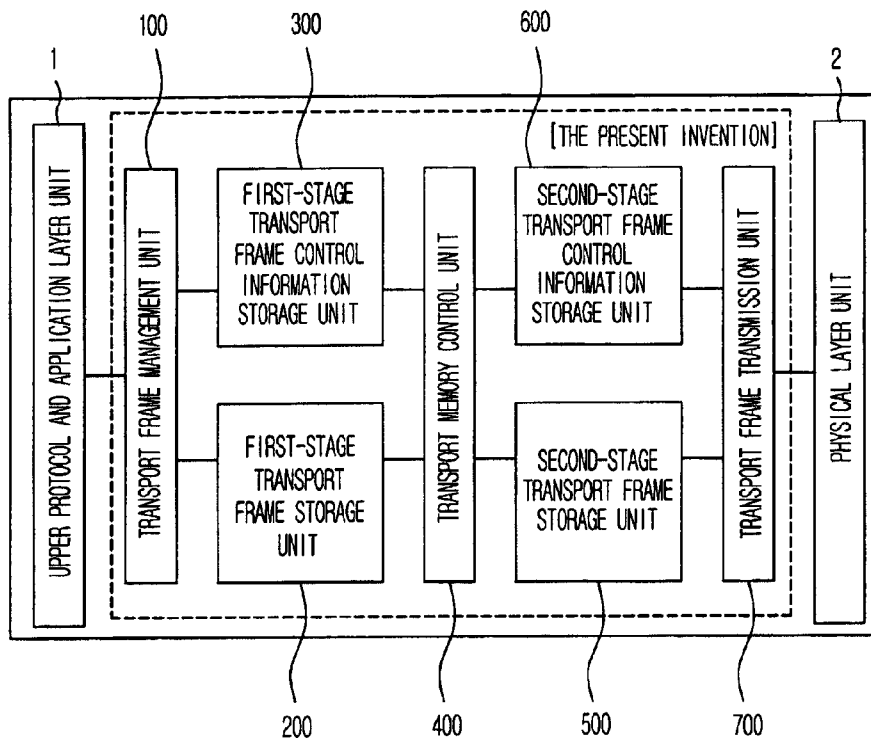


FIG. 1

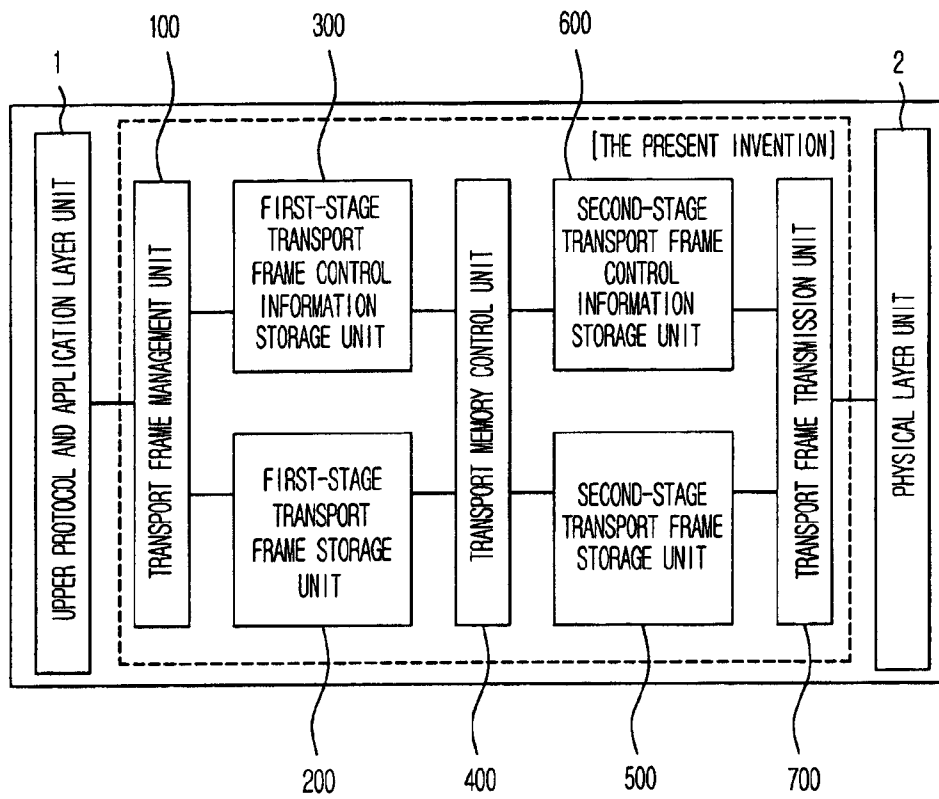


FIG. 2

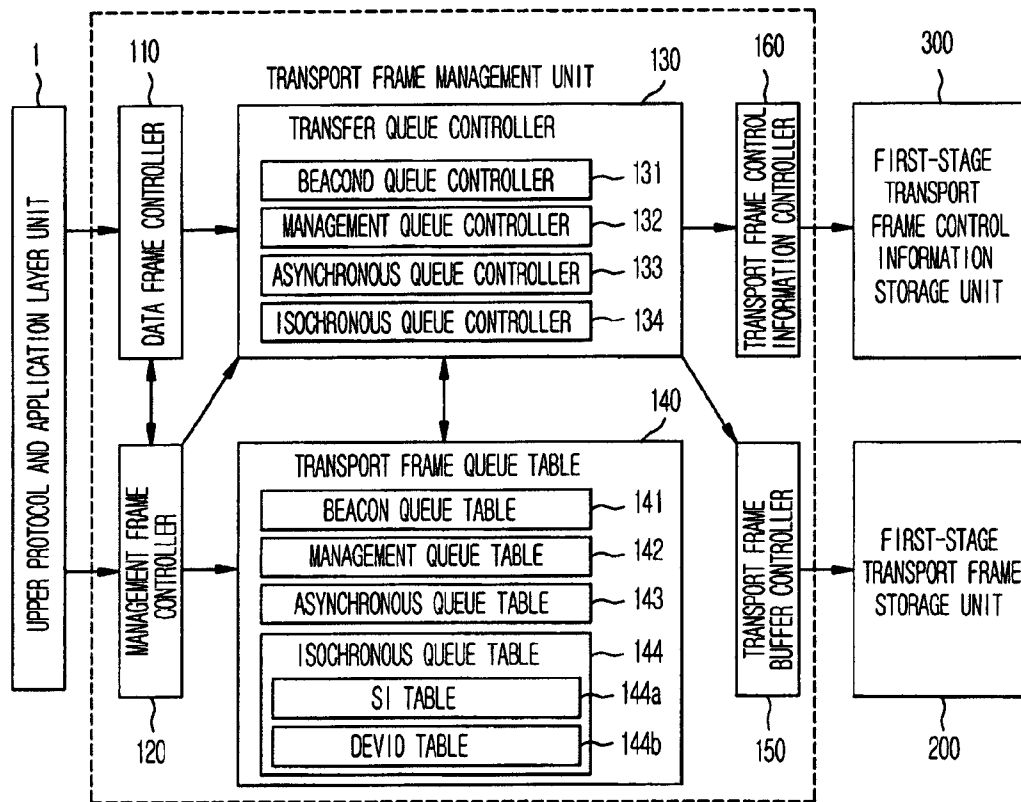


FIG. 3

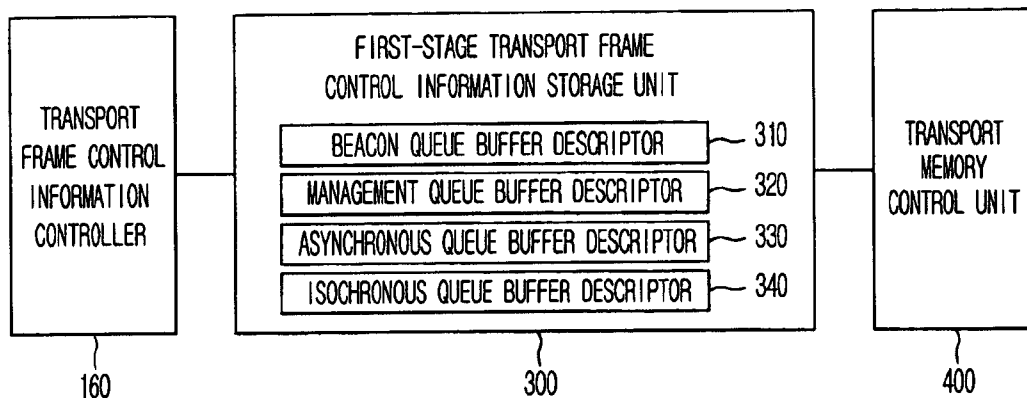


FIG. 4

WORD	BITS	EXPLANATION	
1	0	VALID	300a
	1	INTERRUPT	300b
	31~2	FRAME_ADDRESS	300c
2	15~0	LENGTH	300d
	23~16	RESERVED	300f
	31~24	STREAM_INDEX	300e

FIG. 5

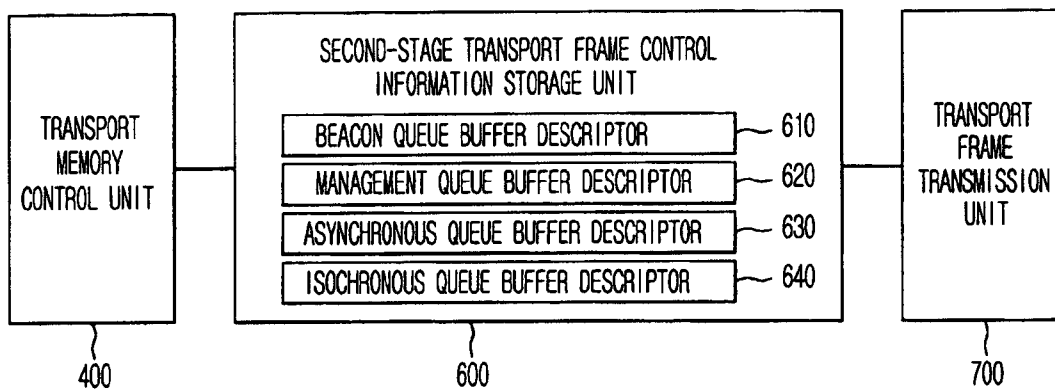


FIG. 6

WORD	BITS	EXPLANATON	
1	0	VALID	600a
	31-2	RESERVED	600d
2	15-0	LENGTH	600b
	23-16	RESERVED	600d
	31-24	STREAM_INDEX	600c

FIG. 7

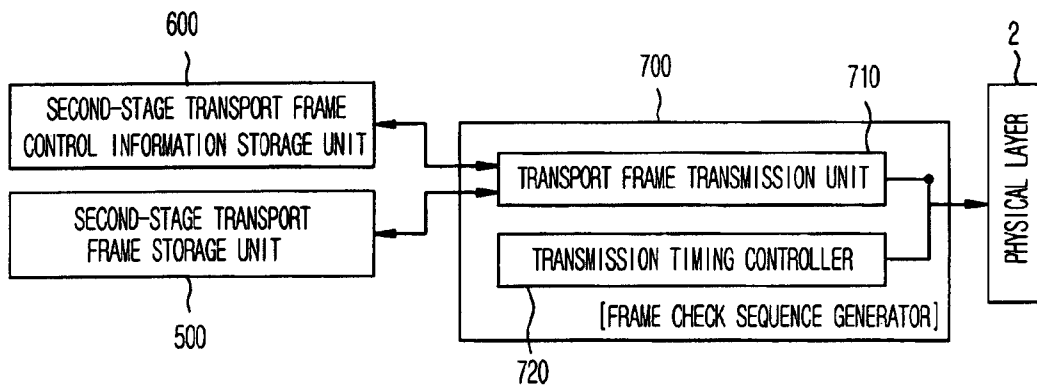


FIG. 8

WORD	EXPLANATON	
1	DATA RATE FIELD	11
2	LENGTH	12
3	LENGTH	12
4~12	MAC HEADER FIELD	13
13~14	MORE MPDU FIELD	14
15~	PAYLOAD FIELD	15

FIG. 9

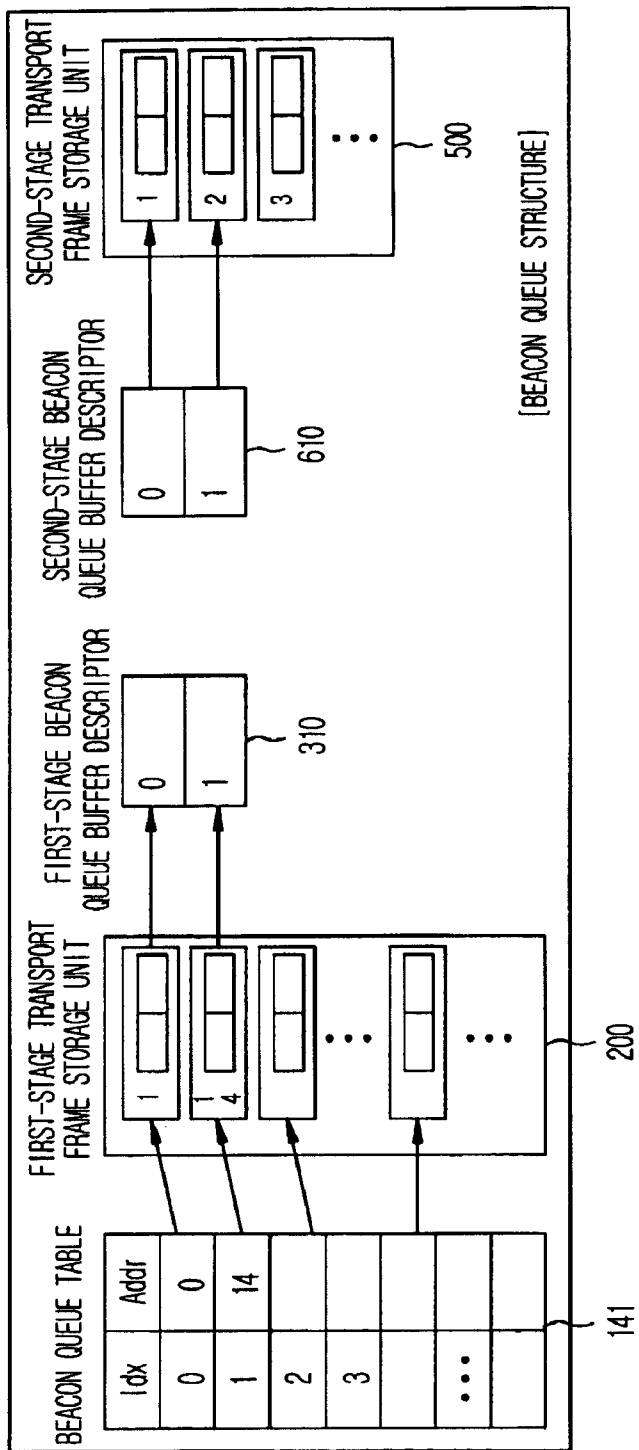


FIG. 10

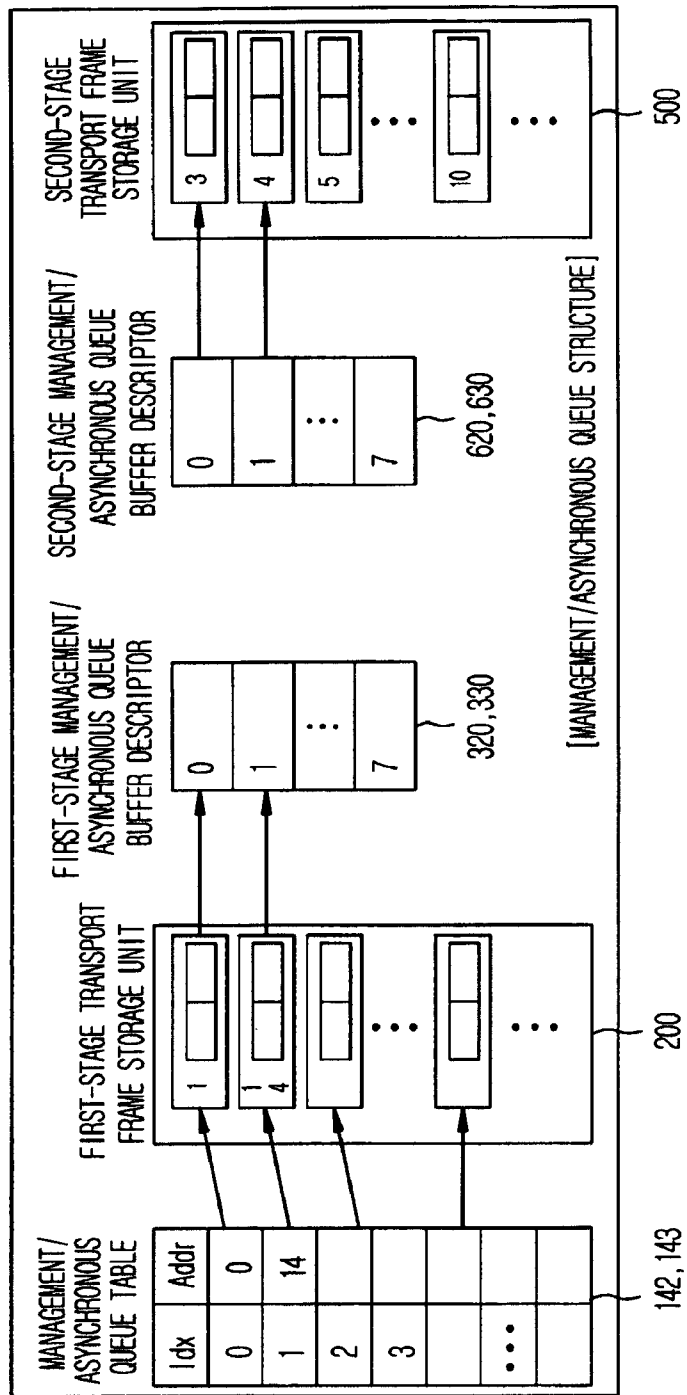


FIG. 11

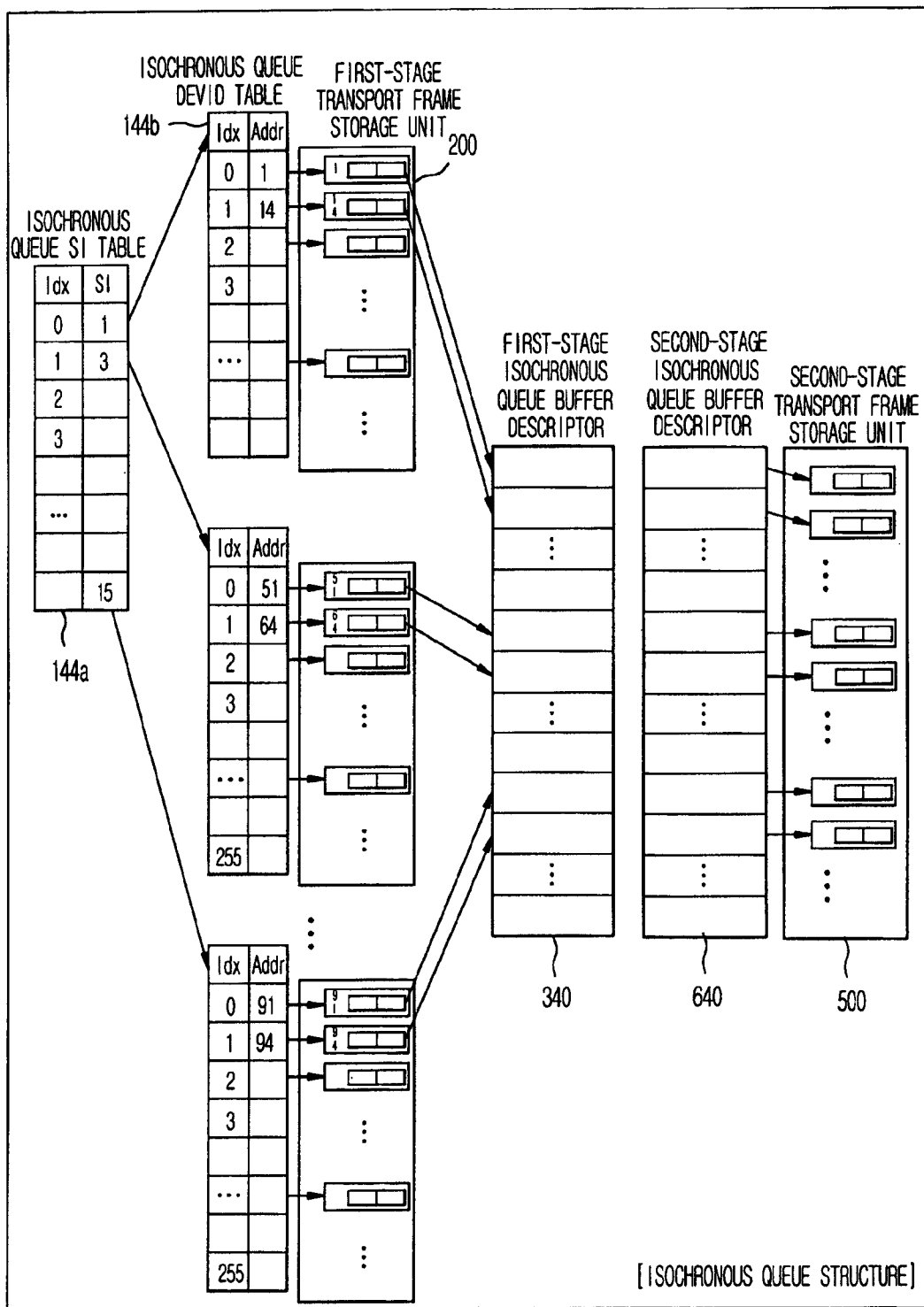
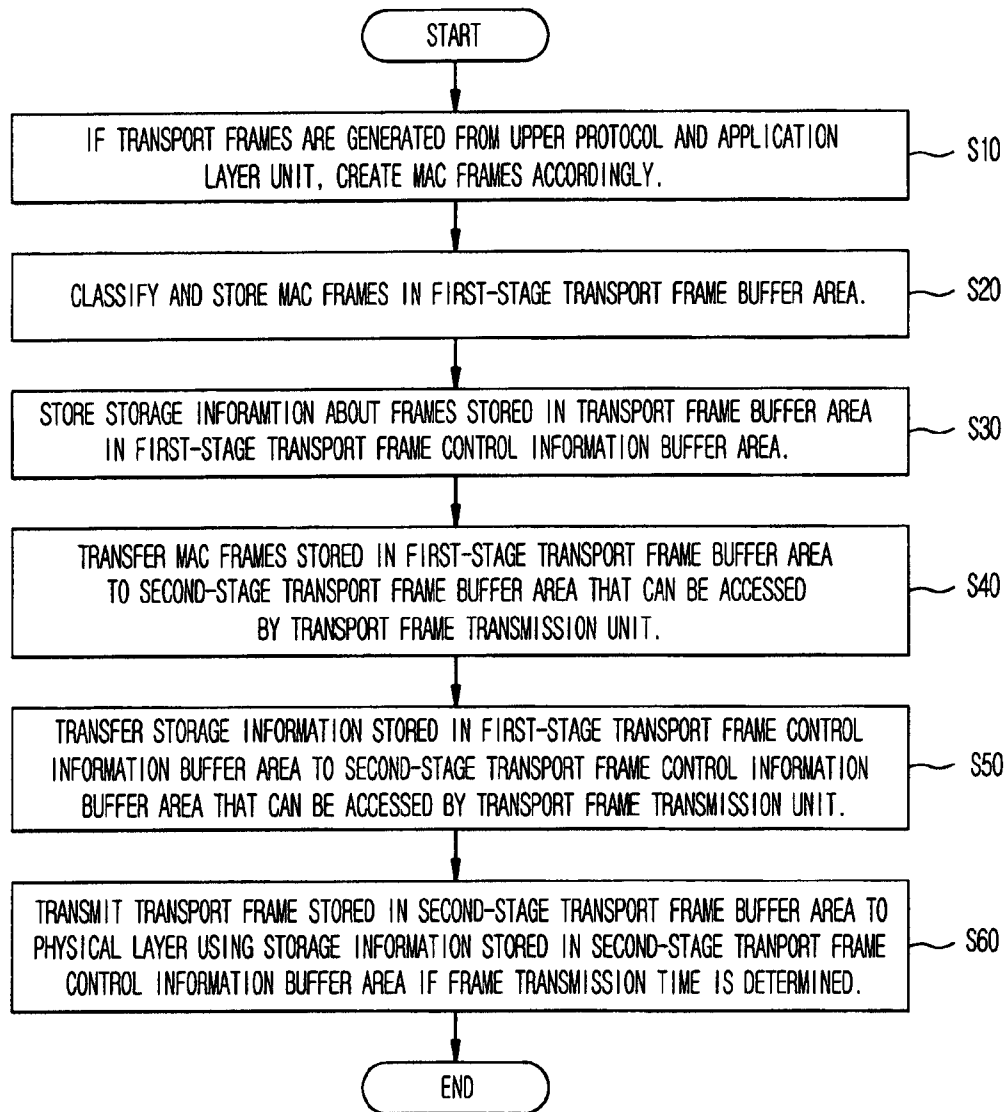


FIG. 12



APPARATUS FOR TRANSMITTING WPAN MAC FRAMES AND METHOD THEREOF

Matter enclosed in heavy brackets [] appears in the original patent but forms no part of this reissue specification; matter printed in italics indicates the additions made by reissue.

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

The present patent application is a Reissue of U.S. Pat. No. 7,505,483, issued on Mar. 17, 2009, which claims the priority of Korean Patent Application No. 10-2004-0088767, filed on Nov. 3, 2004, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames and a method thereof, and more particularly, to an apparatus for transmitting WPAN MAC frames and a method thereof which can support asynchronous streams and isochronous streams that satisfy the IEEE Standard 802.15.3, September 2003 (hereinafter referred to as "IEEE 802.15.3") in a WPAN environment.

2. Background of the Related Art

The WPAN MAC protocol has recently been recommended by the IEEE 802.15.3 MAC Committee as the standard for supporting asynchronous streams and isochronous streams by adopting a CSMA/CA (Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Avoidance) system that considers the characteristic of a wireless medium unlike a CSMA/CD (Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detect) system used in the existing wire short-distance communication network and a TDMA (Time Division Multiple Access) system using a resource allocation algorithm.

Accordingly, the WPAN MAC frames should be stored in various corresponding transfer queues according to the traffic characteristic transferred from an upper layer, and different times and methods for the frame transmission should be applied to the frames according to respective transmission scheduling.

In order to transmit the WPAN MAC frames as described above, a MAC frame processing device for transferring the MAC frames according to the above-described characteristic between a WPAN MAC layer and a physical layer is required, and a static buffer operation method and a dynamic buffer operation method have been proposed as conventional technologies applicable to the WPAN.

The conventional static buffer operation method as described above operates buffers statically allocated by ports. Specifically, the conventional static buffer operation method allocates buffers by ports to a transport frame buffer, and sequentially reflects them in a transfer queue table to transmit the MAC frames. However, this method has the drawbacks in that since the respective ports are allocated for respective mobile terminals, many buffers are not in use but are wasted in the WPAN environment in which many mobile terminals exist.

Meanwhile, the conventional dynamic buffer operation method operates buffers dynamically allocated by ports. Specifically, the conventional dynamic buffer operation method allocates buffers to the transport frame buffer in the order of

their reception, and stores them in the transfer queue table in order to transmit the MAC frames. In this case, the buffer waste can be reduced, but it is impossible to efficiently search for the frames of a specified mobile terminal.

Additionally, the above-described methods have the drawbacks in that since they store the frames in the unit of an MSDU (MAC Service Data Unit), it is impossible for them to process the frames in the unit of an MPDU (Mac Protocol Data Unit). Accordingly, they cannot support an efficient structure for a single MSDU process or an MSDU process composed of a set of MPDUs in order to support video/audio streams in the WPAN environment, and it is impossible to consider mutual collision problems caused by the memory access with the buffer waste reduced as well.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the present invention is directed to an apparatus for transmitting WPAN MAC frames and a method thereof that substantially obviate one or more problems due to limitations and disadvantages of the related art.

It is an object of the present invention to provide an apparatus for transmitting WPAN MAC frames and a method thereof that satisfy the IEEE 802.15.3 standard by designing a buffer and queue structure capable of transmitting WPAN MAC frames for supporting asynchronous streams and isochronous streams based on traffic characteristic information provided from an upper layer.

Additional advantages, objects, and features of the present invention will be set forth in part in the description which follows and in part will become apparent to those having ordinary skill in the art upon examination of the following or may be learned from practice of the present invention. The objectives and other advantages of the present invention may be realized and attained by the structure particularly pointed out in the written description and claims hereof as well as the appended drawings.

In order to achieve the above and other objects, there is provided an apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, according to the present invention, which comprises a transport frame management unit for creating MAC transport frames through transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifying the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and managing the classified MAC transport frames by queues, a first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit, a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit, a transport memory control unit for transmitting the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit at a high speed, a second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit, a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit, and a transport frame transmission unit for grasping a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is deter-

mined, reading and transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit.

In another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames between an upper protocol and application layer unit and a physical layer unit, which comprises a 10th step of creating transport frames as the MAC frames if the transport frames are generated from the upper protocol and application layer unit, a 20th step of classifying and storing the MAC frames in a first-stage transport frame buffer area, a 30th step of storing storage information about the transport frames stored in the transport frame buffer area in a first-stage transport frame control information buffer area, a 40th step of transferring the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area to a second-stage transport frame buffer area that can be accessed by a transport frame control device, a 50th step of transferring storage information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information buffer area to a second-stage transport frame control information buffer area that can be accessed by the transport frame control device, and a 60th step of transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame buffer area to the physical layer unit using the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information buffer area if a frame transmission time is determined.

It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description of the present invention are exemplary and explanatory and are intended to provide further explanation of the invention as claimed.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying drawings, which are included to provide a further understanding of the invention and are incorporated in and constitute a part of this application, illustrate embodiment(s) of the invention and together with the description serve to explain the principle of the invention. In the drawings:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a transport frame management unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a view illustrating the structure of a buffer descriptor of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 6 is a view illustrating the structure of a buffer descriptor of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a transport frame transmission unit in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 8 is a view illustrating the structure of a transport frame in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus of FIG. 1;

FIG. 9 is a view explaining the structure of a transfer beacon queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 10 is a view explaining the structure of a transmission management and asynchronous queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention;

FIG. 11 is a view explaining the structure of a transfer isochronous queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG. 12 is a flowchart illustrating a WPAN MAC frame transmission method according to an embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The preferred embodiment of the present invention will now be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating the construction of a WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIG. 1, the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to the present invention includes a transport frame management unit **100**, a first-stage transport frame storage unit **200**, a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**, a transport memory control unit **400**, a second-stage transport frame storage unit **500**, a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** and a transport frame transmission unit **700**.

The transport frame management unit **100**, if transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit **1**, serves to create MAC transport frames accordingly, classify the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and manage the classified MAC transport frames by queues. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the transport frame management unit **100** includes a data frame controller **110**, a management frame controller **120**, a transfer queue controller **130**, a transport frame queue table **140**, a transport frame buffer controller **150** and a transport frame control information controller **160**.

The data frame controller **110** of the transport frame management unit **100**, if the transport frames are generated from the upper protocol and application layer unit **1**, creates the MAC transport frames accordingly, classifies the created MAC transport frames according to the traffic characteristic, and outputs the classified MAC transport frames to the transfer queue controller **140**.

The management frame controller **120** of the transport frame management unit **100** creates management frames requested from the upper protocol and application layer unit **1** or required for the MAC protocol, and outputs the management frames to the transfer queue controller **130**.

The transfer queue controller **130** of the transport frame management unit **100** receives the transport frames and the management frames from the data frame controller **110** and the management frame controller **120**, respectively, stores and manages the transport frames and the management frames by kinds in the transport frame queue table **140**. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the transfer queue controller **130** includes a beacon queue controller **131** for storing and managing beacon frames classified by the data frame controller **110** using the transport frame queue table **140**, a management queue controller **132** for storing and managing the management frames created from the management frame controller **120** using the transport frame queue table **140**, an asynchro-

nous queue controller **133** for storing and managing asynchronous streams classified by the data frame controller **110** using the transport frame queue table **140**, and an isochronous queue controller **134** for storing and managing isochronous streams classified by the data frame controller **110** using the transport frame queue table **140**.

Meanwhile, the transport frame queue table **140** is a table for storing by kinds the transport frames classified by the data frame controller **110** and the management frames created through the management frame controller **120**. As illustrated in FIG. 2, the transport frame queue table **140** includes a beacon queue table **141** for managing the beacon frames under the control of the transfer queue controller **130**, a management queue table **142** for managing the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller **130**, an asynchronous queue table **143** for managing the asynchronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller **130**, and an isochronous queue table **144** for managing the isochronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller **130**. In this case, the isochronous queue table **144** includes an SI (Stream Index) table **144a** for managing the isochronous streams by stream indexes, and a DEVID table **144b** for classifying and managing the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations.

The transport frame buffer controller **150** of the transport frame management unit **100** serves to receive the transport frames from the transfer queue controller **130**, store and manage the received frames in the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200**. The transport frame control information controller **160** serves to receive the storage information about the transport frames from the transfer queue controller **130**, store and manage the received storage information about the transport frames in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**.

The first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** is a buffer area in which the transport frames are stored under the management of the transport frame management unit **100**.

Meanwhile, the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** is a buffer area in which the storage information about the transport frames is stored under the management of the transport frame management unit **100**. As illustrated in FIG. 3, the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** includes a beacon queue buffer descriptor **310** for receiving and storing the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit **100**, a management queue buffer descriptor **320** for receiving and storing the storage information about the management frames from the transport frame management unit **100**, an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor **330** for receiving and storing the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit **100**, and an isochronous queue buffer descriptor **340** for receiving and storing the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit **100**. In this case, the buffer descriptors **310** to **340** of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** have a size of 8 bytes. Specifically, as illustrated in FIG. 4, the buffer descriptor includes a validity bit **300a** for indicating the validity of data, an interrupt bit **300b** for indicating whether an interrupt is reported after the transmission of the transport frames to the transport frame management unit **100** is completed, a frame address field **300c** for indicating a first-stage storage position of the transport frames, a length field **300d** for indicating length information of the transport frame, a stream index field **300e** for discriminating streams of the transport frames, and a reserved field **300f** that is a reserved space.

Meanwhile, the transport memory control unit **400**, in order to transmit the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** at a high speed, moves and stores the transport frames from the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** to the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500**, and stores the storage information about the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600**.

Additionally, the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** is a buffer area in which the transport frames read and moved from the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** by the transport memory control unit **400** are stored.

Meanwhile, the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** is a buffer area in which the storage information about the transport frames read and moved from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** by the transport memory control unit **400** is stored. As illustrated in FIG. 5, the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** includes a beacon queue buffer descriptor **610** for receiving and storing the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport memory control unit **400**, a management queue buffer descriptor **620** for receiving and storing the storage information about the management frames from the transport memory control unit **400**, an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor **630** for receiving and storing the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport memory control unit **400**, and an isochronous queue buffer descriptor **640** for receiving and storing the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport memory control unit **400**. In this case, the buffer descriptors **610** to **640** of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** have a size of 8 bytes. Specifically, as illustrated in FIG. 6, the buffer descriptor includes a validity bit **600a** for indicating the validity of data, a length field **600b** for indicating length information of the transport frame, a stream index field **600c** for discriminating streams of the transport frames, and a reserved field **600d** that is a reserved space.

The transport frame transmission unit **700**, if the transmission time of the transport frame is determined, grasps a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600**, reads and transmits the transport frame stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** to the physical layer unit **2**. As illustrated in FIG. 7, the transport frame transmission unit **700** includes a transmission timing controller **710** for grasping the position of the corresponding frame using the information of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** if the transmission time of the specified transport frame is determined, reading and transmitting the corresponding transport frame stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** to the physical layer unit **2**, and a frame check sequence generator **720** for creating a frame check sequence (FCS) to be added when the transmission timing controller **710** transmits the transport frame, and transmitting the FCS to the physical layer unit **2**.

Meanwhile, the transport frame **10** as described above, as illustrated in FIG. 8, includes a data rate field **11** for providing data rate information to the physical layer unit **2**, a payload length field **12** for providing payload length information of the transport frame to the physical layer unit **2**, a MAC header field **13** for indicating header information of the MAC frame, a divided frame existence/non-existence field **14** including a "More_MPDU" bit for indicating existence/non-existence of

the divided frame if the transport frame is divided and transmitted, and a payload field **15** for indicating data information of the transport frame.

Hereinafter, the structure of a beacon queue to be proposed according to the present invention will be explained in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings.

FIG. **9** is a view explaining the structure of a transfer beacon queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

The transfer beacon queue includes the beacon queue table **141** for managing the beacon frames, the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** for primarily storing the actual transfer beacon frames under the control of the transport frame management unit **100**, the first-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor **310** composed of information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**, the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** for storing the transport frame transmission unit **700** as an accessible area under the control of the transport memory control unit **400**, and the second-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor **610** composed of information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600**.

FIG. **10** is a view explaining the structure of a transmission management and asynchronous queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

The management/asynchronous queue includes the management/asynchronous queue tables **142** and **143** for managing the asynchronous frames by destination addresses, the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** for primarily storing the actual asynchronous transport frames under the control of the transport frame management unit **100**, the first-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors **320** and **330** composed of information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**, the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** for storing the transport frame transmission unit **700** as an accessible area under the control of the transport memory control unit **400**, and the second-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors **620** and **630** composed of information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600**.

FIG. **11** is a view explaining the structure of a transfer isochronous queue in the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to an embodiment of the present invention.

The transfer isochronous queue includes the transfer isochronous queue SI (Stream Index) table **144a** for managing the isochronous streams by stream indexes, the isochronous queue DEVID table **144b** for managing the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations, the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** for primarily storing the actual isochronous transport frames under the control of the transport frame management unit **100**, the first-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor **340** composed of information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**, the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** for storing the transport frame transmission unit **700** as an accessible area under the control of the transport memory control unit **400**, and the second-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor **640** composed of information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600**.

Now, a WPAN MAC frame transmission method using the apparatus as constructed above according to the present invention will be explained with reference to FIG. **12**.

The transport frame management unit **100**, if the transport frames are generated from the upper protocol and application layer unit **1**, creates the MAC transport frames accordingly (step **S10**). Then, the transport frame management unit **100** classifies the created MAC transport frames, and stores the classified MAC transport frames in the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** (step **S20**). In this case, the MAC frame is classified into a beacon frame, a management frame, an asynchronous stream and an isochronous stream at step **S20**. Then, the transport frame management unit **100** stores the storage information about the frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** (step **S30**).

Now, the steps **S10** to **S30** performed by the transport frame management unit **100** will be explained in more detail. If the WPAN MAC frame transmission apparatus according to the present invention is initialized with PNC or DEV of the WPAN and is ready to perform a normal operation, it prepares for the reception of the data transmission request from the upper protocol and application layer unit **1**.

That is, in the case of the PNC, the management frame controller **120** creates the beacon frames according to the protocol procedure, makes the beacon queue controller **131** store the created beacon frames in a specified position of the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** using the transport frame buffer controller **150**, and constructs the beacon queue table **141** through the above storage information. Additionally, the beacon queue controller **131** controls the transport frame control information controller **160** to reflect the information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300**, so that the transport memory control unit **400** can use the information.

Meanwhile, in the case of the DEV, the management frame controller **120** creates the management frames for proceeding to belong to a specified piconet using the collected beacon frame information according to the protocol procedure, so that the transport memory control unit **400** can use the transport frame control information storage unit **300** under the control of the management queue controller **132** in the same manner as the beacon queue process.

If the apparatus is ready to receive the data transmission request from the upper protocol and application layer unit **1** through the above-described procedure, the transport frame management unit **100** creates the asynchronous frames or the isochronous frames through the data frame controller **110** according to the traffic characteristic, so that the transport memory control unit **400** can use the created frames in the similar manner to the above-described beacon frame process.

Meanwhile, after the step **S30**, the transport memory control unit **400** transfers the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit **200** to the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** that can be accessed by the transport frame transmission unit **700** (step **S40**), and then transfers the storage information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit **300** to the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit **600** that can be accessed by the transport frame transmission unit **700** (step **S50**).

The transport frame transmission unit **700**, if the frame transmission time is determined, grasps the position of the transport frames using the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit, reads and transmits the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit **500** to the physical layer unit **2** (step **S60**).

In this case, the WPAN MAC frame transmission method according to the present invention can be produced as a computer program and stored in a recording medium such as a hard disc, a floppy disc, an optomagnetic disc, a CD ROM, a flash memory, a ROM, a RAM, etc.

From the foregoing, it will be apparent that the apparatus for transmitting WPAN MAC frames the method thereof according to the present invention has the prominent effects that it can efficiently support the IEEE 802.15.3 standard by designing a queue structure capable of managing the WPAN MAC frames according to the user's priority information and the traffic characteristic in the WPAN device for supporting video/audio streams.

While the present invention has been described and illustrated herein with reference to the preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes and modifications may be made to the invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention, which is defined in the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, comprising:

- a transport frame management unit for creating MAC transport frames through transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifying, by kinds, the created MAC transport frames in a MAC layer, and managing the classified MAC transport frames by queues, wherein said kinds comprise beacon frames, asynchronous streams and isochronous streams;
- a first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
- a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
- a transport memory control unit for transmitting the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit at a high speed;
- a second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
- a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
- a transport frame transmission unit for grasping a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, reading and transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit.

2. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, said apparatus comprising:

- a transport frame management unit for creating MAC transport frames [though] *through* transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifying the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and managing the classified MAC transport frames by queues;

- a first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 - a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 - a transport memory control unit for transmitting the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit at a high speed;
 - a second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
 - a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
 - a transport frame transmission unit for grasping a position of the corresponding frame [though] *through* the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, reading and transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit;
- wherein the transport frame management unit comprises:
- a data frame controller for creating the MAC transport frames, classifying the created MAC transport frames according to a traffic characteristic, and managing the classified MAC transport frames;
 - a management frame controller for creating management frames requested from the upper protocol and application layer unit or required for a MAC protocol;
 - a transfer queue controller for receiving the transport frames and the management frames from the data frame controller and the management frame controller, respectively, storing and managing the transport frames and the management frames by kinds;
 - a transport frame queue table for storing by kinds the transport frames and the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller;
 - a transport frame buffer controller for receiving the transport frames from the transfer queue controller, storing and managing the transport frames in the first-stage transport frame storage unit; and
 - a transport frame control information controller for receiving the storage information of the transport frames from the transfer queue controller, storing and managing the storage information in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit.
3. The apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the transfer queue controller comprises:
- a beacon queue controller for storing and managing beacon frames classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table;
 - a management queue controller for storing and managing the management frames created through the management frame controller using the transport frame queue table;
 - an asynchronous queue controller for storing and managing asynchronous streams classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table; and
 - an isochronous queue controller for storing and managing isochronous streams classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table.

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4. The apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the transport frame queue table comprises:
- a beacon queue table for managing the beacon frames according to the traffic characteristic and user's priority information under the control of the transfer queue controller;
 - a management queue table for managing the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller;
 - an asynchronous queue table for managing the asynchronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller; and
 - an isochronous queue table for managing the isochronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller.
5. The apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein the isochronous queue table comprises:
- an SI (Stream Index) table for managing the isochronous streams by stream indexes; and
 - a DEVID table for classifying and managing the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations.
6. The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:
- a beacon queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit;
 - a management queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about management frames from the transport frame management unit;
 - an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
 - an isochronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit.
7. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, said apparatus comprising:
- a transport frame management unit for creating MAC transport frames [though] *through* transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifying the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and managing the classified MAC transport frames by queues;
 - a first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 - a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 - a transport memory control unit for transmitting the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit at a high speed;
 - a second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
 - a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
 - a transport frame transmission unit for grasping a position of the corresponding frame [though] *through* the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of

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- the transport frames is determined, reading and transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit;
- wherein the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:
- a beacon queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit;
 - a management queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the management frames from the transport frame management unit;
 - an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
 - an isochronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
- wherein the buffer descriptor of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:
- a validity bit for indicating validity of data;
 - an interrupt bit for indicating whether an interrupt is reported after the transmission of the transport frames to the transport frame management unit is completed;
 - a frame address field for indicating a first-stage storage position of the transport frames;
 - a length field for indicating length information of the transport frame;
 - a stream index field for discriminating streams of the transport frames; and
 - a reserved field that is a reserved space.
8. The apparatus as claimed in claim 7, wherein the buffer descriptor of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit has a size of 8 bytes.
9. The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:
- a beacon queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport memory control unit;
 - a management queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about management frames from the transport memory control unit;
 - an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport memory control unit; and
 - an isochronous queue buffer descriptor for receiving and storing the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport memory control unit.
10. The apparatus as claimed in claim 9, wherein the buffer descriptor of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:
- a validity bit for indicating validity of data;
 - a length field for indicating length information of the transport frame;
 - a stream index field for discriminating streams of the transport frames; and
 - a reserved field that is a reserved space.
11. The apparatus as claimed in claim 10, wherein the buffer descriptor of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit has a size of 8 bytes.
12. The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transport frame transmission unit comprises:

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a transmission timing controller for grasping the position of the corresponding frame using the information of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the specified transport frame is determined, reading and transmitting the corresponding transport frame stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to the physical layer unit; and

a frame check sequence generator for creating a frame check sequence (FCS) to be added when the transmission timing controller transmits the transport frame, and transmitting the FCS to the physical layer unit.

13. The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transport frame comprises:

a data rate field for providing data rate information to the physical layer unit;

a payload length field for providing payload length information of the transport frame to the physical layer unit;

a MAC header field for indicating header information of the MAC frame;

a divided frame existence/non-existence field including a "More_MPDU" bit for indicating an existence/non-existence of the divided frame if the transport frame is divided and transmitted; and

a payload field for indicating data information of the transport frame.

14. A method for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames between an upper protocol and application layer unit and a physical layer unit, the method comprising:

creating transport frames as the MAC frames if the transport frames are generated from the upper protocol and application layer unit;

classifying, in a MAC layer, the MAC frames by kinds, said kinds comprising beacon frames, asynchronous streams and isochronous streams;

storing the MAC frames in a first-stage transport frame buffer area;

storing storage information about the transport frames, which are stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area, in a first-stage transport frame control information buffer area;

transferring the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area to a second-stage transport frame buffer area that can be accessed by a transport frame control device;

transferring storage information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information buffer area to a second-stage transport frame control information buffer area that can be accessed by the transport frame control device; and

transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame buffer area to the physical layer unit using the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information buffer area if a frame transmission time is determined.

15. The method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the transport frame comprises:

a data rate field for providing data rate information to the physical layer unit;

a payload length field for providing payload length information of the transport frame to the physical layer unit;

a MAC header field for indicating header information of the MAC frame;

a divided frame existence/non-existence field including a "More_MPDU" bit for indicating an existence/non-ex-

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istence of the divided frame if the transport frame is divided and transmitted; and

a payload field for indicating data information of the transport frame.

16. The apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the transport frame management unit comprises:

a data frame controller for creating the MAC transport frames, and classifying the created MAC transport frames according to said kinds; and

a management frame controller for creating management frames requested from the upper protocol and application layer unit or required for a MAC protocol.

17. The apparatus as claimed in claim 16, further comprising a transfer beacon queue which comprises in the recited order:

a beacon queue table in the transport frame management unit for managing the beacon frames,

the first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the beacon frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,

a first-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the beacon frames to be transferred;

a second-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the beacon frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit; and

the second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the beacon frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit in an area accessible by the transport frame transmission unit.

18. The apparatus as claimed in claim 16, further comprising a transmission management and asynchronous queue which comprises in the recited order:

management/asynchronous queue tables in the transport frame management unit for managing the asynchronous frames by destination addresses,

the first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing asynchronous transport frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,

first-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the asynchronous transport frames to be transferred;

second-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the asynchronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit; and

the second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the asynchronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit in an area accessible by the transport frame transmission unit.

19. The apparatus as claimed in claim 16, further comprising a transfer isochronous queue which comprises in the recited order:

a transfer isochronous queue SI (Stream Index) table in the transport frame management unit for managing the isochronous streams by stream indexes, and an isochronous queue DEVID table in the transport frame management

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unit for managing the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations,
 the first-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the isochronous transport frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,
 a first-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the isochronous transport frames to be transferred;
 a second-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit for storing the storage information about the isochronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit; and
 the second-stage transport frame storage unit for storing the isochronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit [in an area accessible by the transport frame transmission unit].

20. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, comprising:

a transport frame management unit that creates MAC transport frames through transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifies, by kinds, the created MAC transport frames in a MAC layer, and manages the classified MAC transport frames by queues, wherein the kinds comprise beacon frames, asynchronous streams, and isochronous streams;
 a first-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 a transport memory control unit that transmits the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit;
 a second-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
 a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
 a transport frame transmission unit that grasps a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, reads and transmits the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit.

21. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the apparatus comprising:

a transport frame management unit that creates MAC transport frames through transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifies the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and manages the classified MAC transport frames by queues;

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a first-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
 a transport memory control unit that transmits the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit;
 a second-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
 a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
 a transport frame transmission unit that grasps a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, reads and transmits the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit;
 wherein the transport frame management unit comprises:
 a data frame controller that creates the MAC transport frames, classifies the created MAC transport frames according to a traffic characteristic, and manages the classified MAC transport frames;
 a management frame controller that creates management frames requested from the upper protocol and application layer unit or required for a MAC protocol;
 a transfer queue controller that receives the transport frames and the management frames from the data frame controller and the management frame controller, respectively, stores and manages the transport frames and the management frames by kinds;
 a transport frame queue table that stores by kinds the transport frames and the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller;
 a transport frame buffer controller that receives the transport frames from the transfer queue controller, stores and manages the transport frames in the first-stage transport frame storage unit; and
 a transport frame control information controller that receives the storage information of the transport frames from the transfer queue controller, stores and manages the storage information in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit.

22. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the apparatus comprising:

a transport frame management unit that creates MAC transport frames through transport frames if the transport frames are generated from an upper protocol and application layer unit, classifies the created MAC transport frames by kinds, and manages the classified MAC transport frames by queues;
 a first-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;

a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;

a transport memory control unit that transmits the transport frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit;

a second-stage transport frame storage unit that stores the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;

a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit that stores storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and

a transport frame transmission unit that grasps a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, reads and transmits the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit;

wherein the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a beacon queue buffer descriptor that receives and stores the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit;
- a management queue buffer descriptor that receives and stores the storage information about the management frames from the transport frame management unit;
- an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor that receives and stores the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
- an isochronous queue buffer descriptor that receives and stores the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and

wherein the buffer descriptor of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a validity bit that indicates validity of data;
- an interrupt bit that indicates whether an interrupt is reported after the transmission of the transport frames to the transport frame management unit is completed;
- a frame address field that indicates a first-stage storage position of the transport frames;
- a length field that indicates length information of the transport frame;
- a stream index field that discriminates streams of the transport frames; and
- a reserved field that is a reserved space.

23. A method for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames between an upper protocol and application layer unit and a physical layer unit, the method comprising:

- creating transport frames as the MAC frames if the transport frames are generated from the upper protocol and application layer unit;
- classifying, in a MAC layer, the MAC frames by kinds, the kinds comprising beacon frames, asynchronous streams and isochronous streams;
- storing the MAC frames in a first-stage transport frame buffer area;

storing storage information about the transport frames, which are stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area, in a first-stage transport frame control information buffer area;

transferring the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area to a second-stage transport frame buffer area that can be accessed by a transport frame control device;

transferring storage information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information buffer area to a second-stage transport frame control information buffer area; and

transmitting the transport frames stored in the second-stage transport frame buffer area to the physical layer unit using the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information buffer area if a frame transmission time is determined.

24. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the apparatus comprising:

- a transport frame management unit configured to receive transport frames from an upper layer,
- create MAC frames from the received transport frames,
- classify, by kinds, the created MAC frames in a MAC layer, and
- output the MAC frames based on the classification; and

a transport frame transmission unit configured to transmit the outputted MAC frames to a physical layer, wherein the transport frame management unit comprises:

- a data frame controller configured to create the MAC frames, classify the created MAC frames according to a traffic characteristic, and manage the classified MAC frames;
- a management frame controller configured to create management frames requested from the upper layer or required for a MAC protocol;
- a transfer queue controller configured to receive the MAC frames and the management frames from the data frame controller and the management frame controller, respectively, and store and manage the received MAC frames and the management frames by kinds;
- a transport frame queue table configured to store, by kinds, the MAC frames and the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller;
- a transport frame buffer controller configured to receive the MAC frames from the transfer queue controller, and store and manage the MAC frames in a first-stage transport frame storage unit; and
- a transport frame control information controller configured to receive storage information of the MAC frames from the transfer queue controller, storing and managing the storage information in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit.

25. The apparatus as claimed in claim 24, wherein the transfer queue controller comprises:

- a beacon queue controller configured to store and manage beacon frames classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table;
- a management queue controller configured to store and manage the management frames created through the management frame controller using the transport frame queue table;
- an asynchronous queue controller configured to store and manage asynchronous streams classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table; and

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an isochronous queue controller configured to store and manage isochronous streams classified by the data frame controller using the transport frame queue table.

26. The apparatus as claimed in claim 24, wherein the transport frame queue table comprises:

- a beacon queue table configured to manage the beacon frames according to the traffic characteristic and user's priority information under the control of the transfer queue controller;
- a management queue table configured to manage the management frames under the control of the transfer queue controller;
- an asynchronous queue table configured to manage the asynchronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller; and
- an isochronous queue table configured to manage the isochronous streams under the control of the transfer queue controller.

27. The apparatus as claimed in claim 26, wherein the isochronous queue table comprises:

- an SI (Stream Index) table configured to manage the isochronous streams by stream indexes; and
- a DEVID table configured to classify and manage the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations.

28. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the apparatus comprising:

- a transport frame management unit configured to receive transport frames from an upper layer;
- create MAC frames from the received transport frames, classify, by kinds, the created MAC frames in a MAC layer, and
- output the MAC frames based on the classification;
- a transport frame transmission unit configured to transmit the outputted MAC frames to a physical layer;
- a first-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the MAC frames under the management of the transport frame management unit;
- a first-stage transport frame control information storage unit configured to store storage information about the MAC frames under the management of the transport frame management a transport memory control unit configured to transmit the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame storage unit at a high speed;
- a second-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the MAC frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit by the transport memory control unit;
- a second-stage transport frame control information storage unit configured to store storage information about the transport frames read and transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit by the transport memory control unit; and
- a transport frame transmission unit configured to grasp a position of the corresponding frame through the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the transport frames is determined, and read and transmit the MAC frames stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to a physical layer unit.

29. The apparatus as claimed in claim 28, wherein the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a beacon queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit;

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- a management queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about management frames from the transport frame management unit;
- an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
- an isochronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit.

30. The apparatus as claimed in claim 28, wherein the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a beacon queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport frame management unit;
- a management queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the management frames from the transport frame management unit;
- an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport frame management unit; and
- an isochronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport frame management unit.

31. The apparatus as claimed in claim 28, wherein the buffer descriptor of the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a validity bit configured to indicate validity of data;
- an interrupt bit configured to indicate whether an interrupt is reported after the transmission of the transport frames to the transport frame management unit is completed;
- a frame address field configured to indicate a first-stage storage position of the transport frames;
- a length field configured to indicate length information of the transport frame;
- a stream index field configured to discriminate streams of the transport frames; and
- a reserved field that is a reserved space.

32. The apparatus as claimed in claim 28, wherein the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a beacon queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the beacon frames from the transport memory control unit;
- a management queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about management frames from the transport memory control unit;
- an asynchronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the asynchronous streams from the transport memory control unit; and
- an isochronous queue buffer descriptor configured to receive and store the storage information about the isochronous streams from the transport memory control unit.

33. The apparatus as claimed in claim 32, wherein the buffer descriptor of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit comprises:

- a validity bit configured to indicate validity of data;
- a length field configured to indicate length information of the transport frame;

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a stream index field configured to discriminate streams of the transport frames; and
a reserved field that is a reserved space.

34. The apparatus as claimed in claim 28, wherein the transport frame transmission unit comprises:

a transmission timing controller configured to grasp the position of the corresponding frame using the information of the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit if a transmission time of the specified transport frame is determined, and read and transmit the corresponding MAC frame stored in the second-stage transport frame storage unit to the physical layer unit; and

a frame check sequence generator configured to create a frame check sequence (FCS) to be added when the transmission timing controller transmits the transport frame, and transmit the FCS to the physical layer unit.

35. A method for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the method comprising:

on at least one functional unit,
receiving transport frames from an upper layer;
creating the received transport frames as the MAC frames;
classifying, in a MAC layer, the MAC frames by kinds;
managing the created MAC frames based on the classification; and

transmitting at least one of the managed MAC frames to a physical layer, and on at least one functional unit,
storing the MAC frames in a first-stage transport frame buffer area;

storing storage information about the MAC frames, which is stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area, in a first-stage transport frame control information buffer area;

transferring the MAC frames stored in the first-stage transport frame buffer area to a second-stage transport frame buffer area that can be accessed by a transport frame control device;

transferring storage information stored in the first-stage transport frame control information buffer area to a second-stage transport frame control information buffer area that can be accessed by the transport frame control device; and

transmitting the MAC frames stored in the second-stage transport frame buffer area to the physical layer unit using the storage information stored in the second-stage transport frame control information buffer area if a frame transmission time is determined.

36. An apparatus for transmitting WPAN (Wireless Personal Area Network) MAC (Medium Access Control) frames, the apparatus comprising:

a transport frame management unit configured to receive transport frames from an upper layer,
create MAC frames from the received transport frames,
classify, by kinds, the created MAC frames in a MAC layer, and

output the MAC frames based on the classification; and
a transport frame transmission unit configured to transmit the outputted MAC frames to a physical layer,

wherein the transport frame management unit comprises
a data frame controller configured to create the MAC frames, and classify the created MAC transport frames according to the kinds,

a management frame controller configured to create management frames requested from the upper layer or required for a MAC protocol,

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a transfer beacon queue,
wherein the transfer beacon queue comprises:

a beacon queue table in the transport frame management unit configured to manage the beacon frames,

a first-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the beacon frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,

a first-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit configured to store the storage information about the beacon frames to be transferred,

a second-stage beacon queue buffer descriptor in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit configured to store the storage information about the beacon frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit, and

a second-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the beacon frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit in an area accessible by the transport frame transmission unit.

37. The apparatus as claimed in claim 36, further comprising a transmission management and asynchronous queue, wherein the transmission management and asynchronous queue comprises:

management/asynchronous queue tables, in the transport frame management unit, configured to manage the asynchronous frames by destination addresses,

the first-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store asynchronous transport frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,

first-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors, in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit, configured to store the storage information about the asynchronous transport frames to be transferred,

second-stage management/asynchronous queue buffer descriptors, in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit, configured to store the storage information about the asynchronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit, and

the second-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the asynchronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit in an area accessible by the transport frame transmission unit.

38. The apparatus as claimed in claim 36, further comprising a transfer isochronous queue which comprises:

a transfer isochronous queue SI (Stream Index) table, in the transport frame management unit, configured to manage the isochronous streams by stream indexes,

an isochronous queue DEVID table, in the transport frame management unit, configured to manage the isochronous streams of the same stream index by destinations,

the first-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the isochronous transport frames to be transferred under the control of the transport frame management unit,

a first-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor, in the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit, configured to store the storage information about the isochronous transport frames to be transferred,

a second-stage isochronous queue buffer descriptor, in the second-stage transport frame control information storage unit, configured to store the storage information about the isochronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame control information storage unit via the transport memory control unit, and 5
the second-stage transport frame storage unit configured to store the isochronous transport frames transferred from the first-stage transport frame storage unit via the transport memory control unit in an area accessible by 10
the transport frame transmission unit.

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