G. FRANKEL.

WRIST BLOTTER.

APPLICATION FILED JUNE 19, 1918.

1,351,378.

Patented Aug. 31, 1920.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.

Fig. 1.

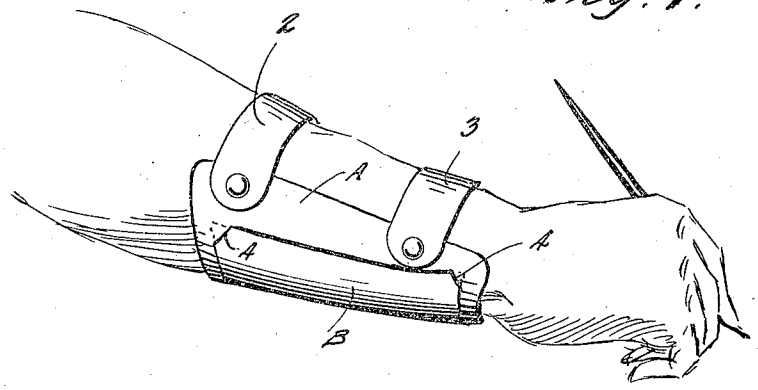


Fig. 2.

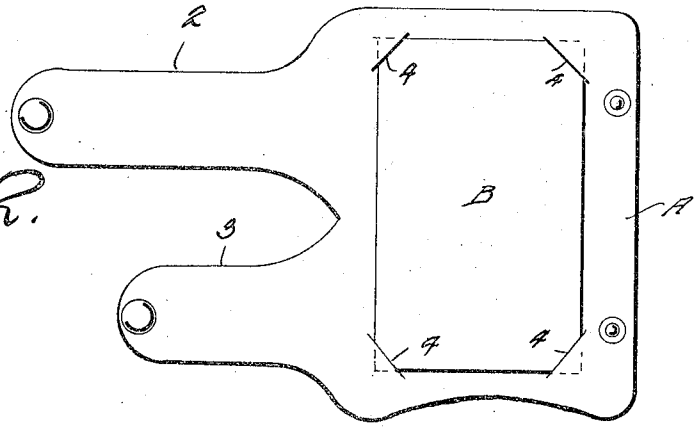
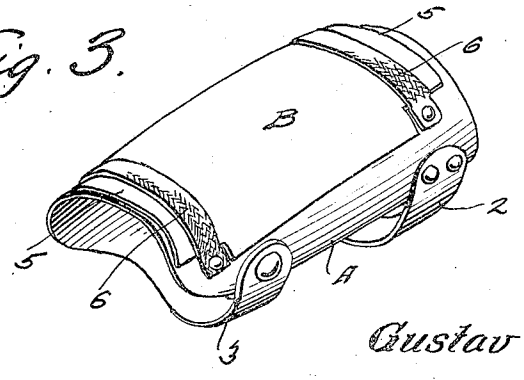


Fig. 3.



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2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.

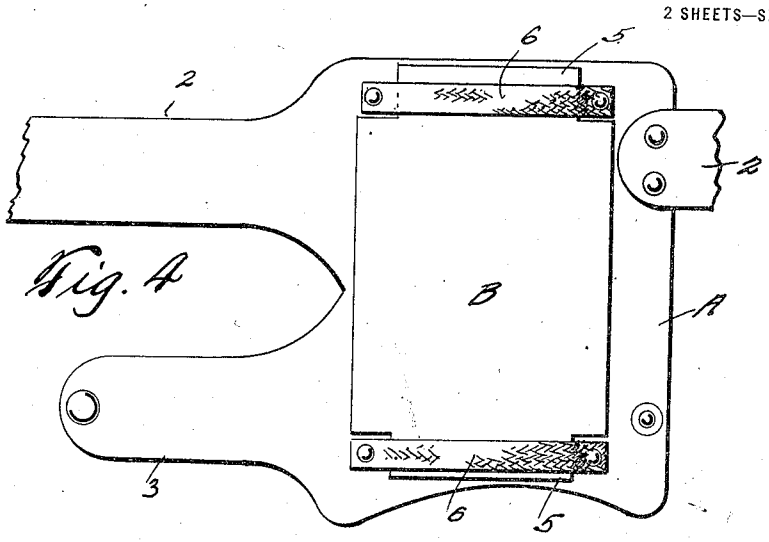


Fig. 4

Fig. 5.

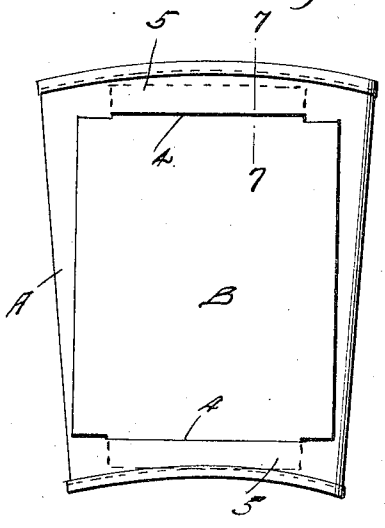


Fig. 6.

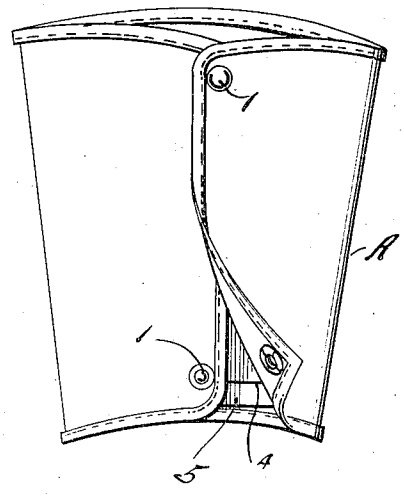
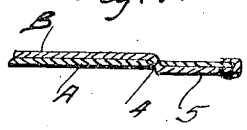


Fig. 7.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

GUSTAV FRANKEL, OF SEATTLE, WASHINGTON.

WRIST-BLOTTER.

1,351,378. Specification of Letters Patent. Patented Aug. 31, 1920.

Application filed June 19, 1918. Serial No. 240,800.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, GUSTAV FRANKEL, a citizen of the United States, residing at Seattle, in the county of King and State of Washington, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Wrist-Blotters, of which the following is a specification.

The primary object of this invention is the provision of a blotter which will at all times be conveniently at hand and in position for service when required and which also performs the function of a protector both for the garment and the work.

In accordance with the vital principles of the invention a blotter is adapted to be applied to the wrist so as to be conveniently at hand for use as occasion may require and which also prevents soiling a ledger, a sheet, or other article adapted to receive writing, and which furthermore protects the cuff or garment of the user.

The invention has for its object to provide a cuff or like device to be fitted to the wrist, said cuff having a blotter applied thereto in a manner to admit of the blotter being replaced or changed as occasion may require to enable a fresh surface being brought into position for use.

The invention furthermore aims to provide a cuff of peculiar construction adapted to be readily attached to the wrist and designed to have a blotter detachably fitted thereto so that the blotter may be substituted by a new one or may have its position reversed to bring a new surface in active position for performing the accustomed office of a blotter adapted for use in connection with writing.

The drawing illustrates a preferred embodiment of the invention, however, it is to be understood that in adapting the same to meet different conditions, various changes in the form, proportion, and minor details of construction may be resorted to without departing from the nature of the invention as claimed hereinafter.

In the drawings:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a forearm showing the application of the invention,

Fig. 2 is a plan view of the combined cuff and blotter illustrated in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of a modification,

Fig. 4 is a plan view of the modification illustrated in Fig. 3,

Figs. 5 and 6 are obverse and reverse views respectively of a further modification, and

Fig. 7 is a sectional view on the line 7—7 of Fig. 5.

Corresponding and like parts are referred to in the following description and indicated in the several views of the drawings by like reference characters.

The cuff is indicated generally at A and may be constructed to encircle the wrist, as illustrated in Figs. 5 and 6, or to partly cover the wrist, as indicated most clearly in Fig. 1. The form of the cuff is immaterial within the broad scope of the invention and it is obvious that it may be constructed of any material best adapted for the purpose. The cuff constitutes a base or support for the blotter and may be formed of sheet metal, leather, paper, or textile, or a combination of various materials according to the finish of the cuff. As indicated in Figs. 5 and 6 the cuff is of such dimensions as to encircle the wrist of the wearer and its end portions are adapted to be secured by any suitable fastening means 1, which as indicated are of the separable snap type. In the form illustrated in Figs. 1 to 4 inclusive the cuff A is of such dimensions as to cover a portion of the wrist only and is retained in place by means of straps 2 and 3, the same being of different lengths whereby to adapt the cuff to the increasing size of the forearm from the wrist toward the elbow. The straps 2 and 3 may form a part of the cuff A or they may be attached thereto in any manner. When the cuff is in position the outer ends of the straps 2 and 3 are made fast to the opposite edge of the cuff and any suitable fastening means may be employed for this purpose.

A blotter B is adapted to be secured to the cuff A in any manner and this blotter may be of any shape or design best adapted for the purpose. In the simplest form the cuff is provided with slits 4 through which portions of the blotters are adapted to be passed. These slits may be straight and parallel as indicated most clearly in Fig. 5. In this case the blotter B is provided with pronounced tongues or flaps 5 at its ends to pass through the slits 4. When passing the tongues 5 through the slits 4 the blotter B is bowed and the tongues 5 are bent so as to pass readily through the slits 5 after which the tongues are bent outwardly so as to

underflap the cuff as indicated most clearly in Fig. 7. As shown in Fig. 2 the slits 4 have an opposite inclined arrangement and are disposed to receive the corner portions of a rectangular blotter, the latter being bowed longitudinally and laterally when passing the corner portions through the slits 4.

In the form indicated in Figs. 3 and 6 short straps 6 are attached at their ends to opposite end portions of the cuff and the intermediate portions of the straps are loose and adapted to receive tongues 5 at the ends of the blotter as will be readily understood.

When the device is in position on the wrist the cuff is adjusted so that the blotter B occupies the lowermost position, hence when it is required to blot any writing it is only necessary to lift the forearm and adjust the same to bring the blotter over the writing when the latter may be blotted in a manner well understood. It is observed that the blotter is always conveniently at hand for immediate use and there is no occasion for loss of time in looking for a misplaced blotter when occasion requires. Moreover, the blotter and cuff serve to protect the sheet written upon and also protects the garment from coming in contact with a desk or other piece of furniture, thereby preventing soiling of the sleeve of a garment. By having the blotter detachably connected to the cuff it may be easily replaced or it may be changed so as to present a fresh surface for use in blotting.

The foregoing description and the drawings have reference to what may be considered the preferred, or approved form of my invention. It is to be understood that I may make such changes in construction and arrangement and combination of parts, materials, dimensions, et cetera, as may prove expedient and fall within the scope of the appended claims.

Having thus fully described my invention what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patents is:

1. A blotter to be worn on the wrist, the same comprising an oblong rectangular base of flexible material having diagonal slits in its corners to receive the corners of a blotter and detachably retain it in place, and having integral straps at one side near the ends thereof projecting to unequal distances, and complemental fastenings at the outer ends of the straps and at the opposite side of the base.

2. A blotter to be worn on the wrist, the same comprising an oblong rectangular base having integral straps at one side near the ends thereof and projecting to unequal distances, said base having means provided thereon for holding a blotter to the base, and complemental fastenings at the outer ends of the straps and at the opposite side of the base.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

GUSTAV FRANKEL.

Witnesses:
MARTIN CRAFT,
H. PODOLNEY.