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(54) **Titre : COMBINAISONS D'AGENTS ACTIFS SYNERGIQUES FONGICIDES COMPRENANT DU PENFLUFEN ET UN CARBOXAMIDE**

(54) **Title: SYNERGISTIC FUNGICIDAL ACTIVE COMBINATIONS COMPRISING PENFLUFEN AND A CARBOXAMIDE**

(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

A synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising: N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and a carboxamide which is: 2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide; boscalid; furametpyr; N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide; ethaboxam; fenhexamid; carpropamid; 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide; picobenzamid; zoxamide; 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide; carboxin; tiadinil; penthiopyrad; silthiofam; or N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide. The combination has very good fungicidal properties.



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Abstract

A synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising: N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and a carboxamide which is: 2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide; boscalid; 5 furametpyr; N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide; ethaboxam; fenhexamid; carpropamid; 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide; picobenzamid; zoxamide; 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide; carboxin; tiadinil; penthiopyrad; silthiofam; or N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide. The 10 combination has very good fungicidal properties.

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Synergistic Fungicidal Active Combinations Comprising Penflufen and a Carboxamide

This application is a divisional application of Canadian Patent Application No. 2,818,909, filed June 13, 2013, which is a divisional application of Canadian Patent Application No. 2,761,349, filed December 06, 2011, which is a divisional application of Canadian Patent Application No. 2,543,053, filed October 12, 2004. It should be understood that the expression "the present invention" or the like used in this specification encompasses not only the subject matter of this divisional application but that of the parent application and one or more other divisional applications also.

The present invention relates to novel active compound combinations comprising firstly known carboxamides and secondly further known fungicidally active compounds, which novel active compound combinations are highly suitable for controlling unwanted phytopathogenic fungi.

It is already known that certain carboxamides have fungicidal properties: for example *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide from WO 03/010149 and 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide from DE-A 103 03 589. The activity of these compounds is good; however, at low application rates it is sometimes unsatisfactory. Furthermore, it is already known that numerous triazole derivatives, aniline derivatives, dicarboximides and other heterocycles can be used for controlling fungi (cf. EP-A 0 040 345, DE-A 22 01 063, DE-A 23 24 010, Pesticide Manual, 9th Edition (1991), pages 249 and 827, EP-A 0 382 375 and EP-A 0 515 901). However, the action of these compounds is likewise not always sufficient at low application rates. Furthermore, it is already known that 1-(3,5-dimethyl-isoxazole-4-sulphonyl)-2-chloro-6,6-difluoro-[1,3]-dioxolo-[4,5*f*]-benzimidazole has fungicidal properties (cf. WO 97/06171). Finally, it is also known that substituted halopyrimidines have fungicidal properties (cf. DE-A1-196 46 407, EP-B 0 712 396).

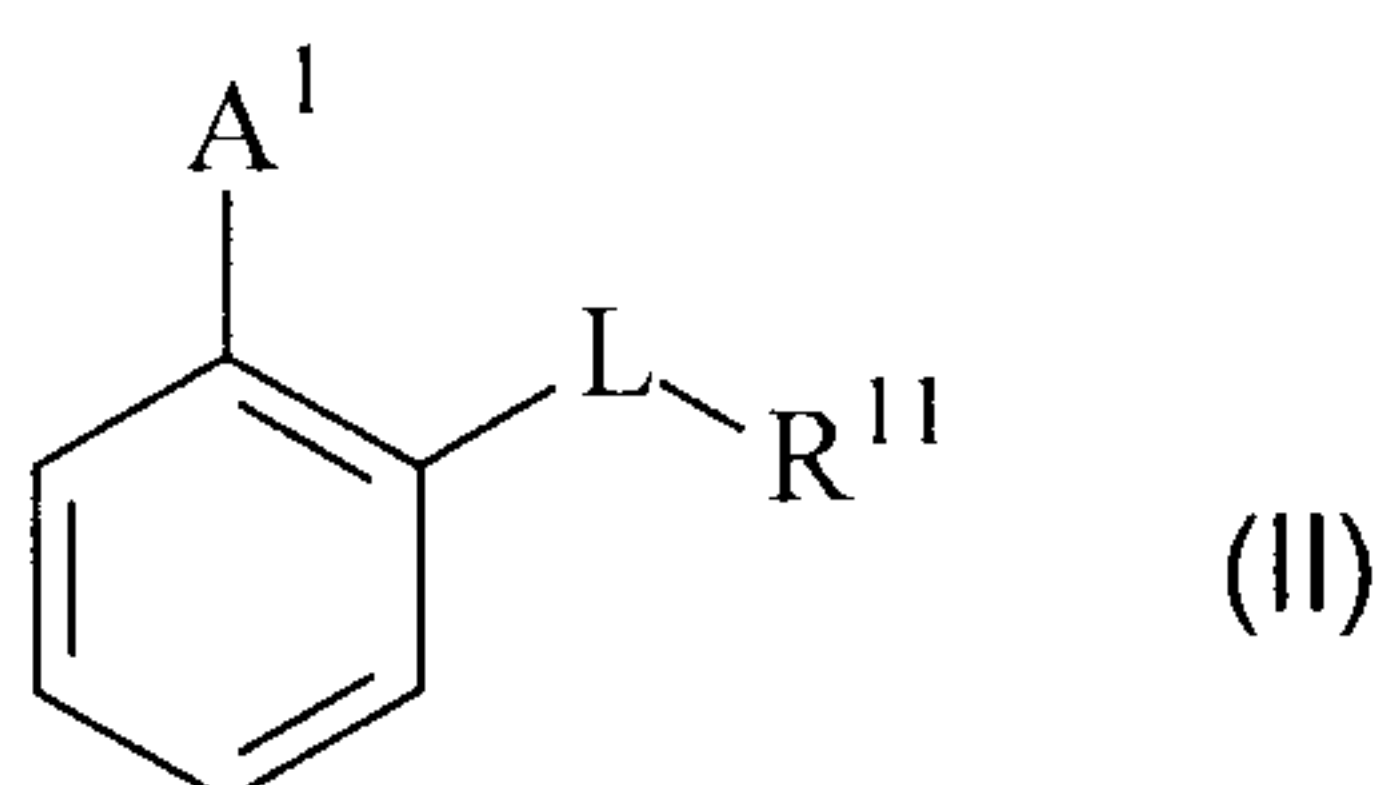
In one aspect, the invention (parent application 2,543,053) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

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- 1a -

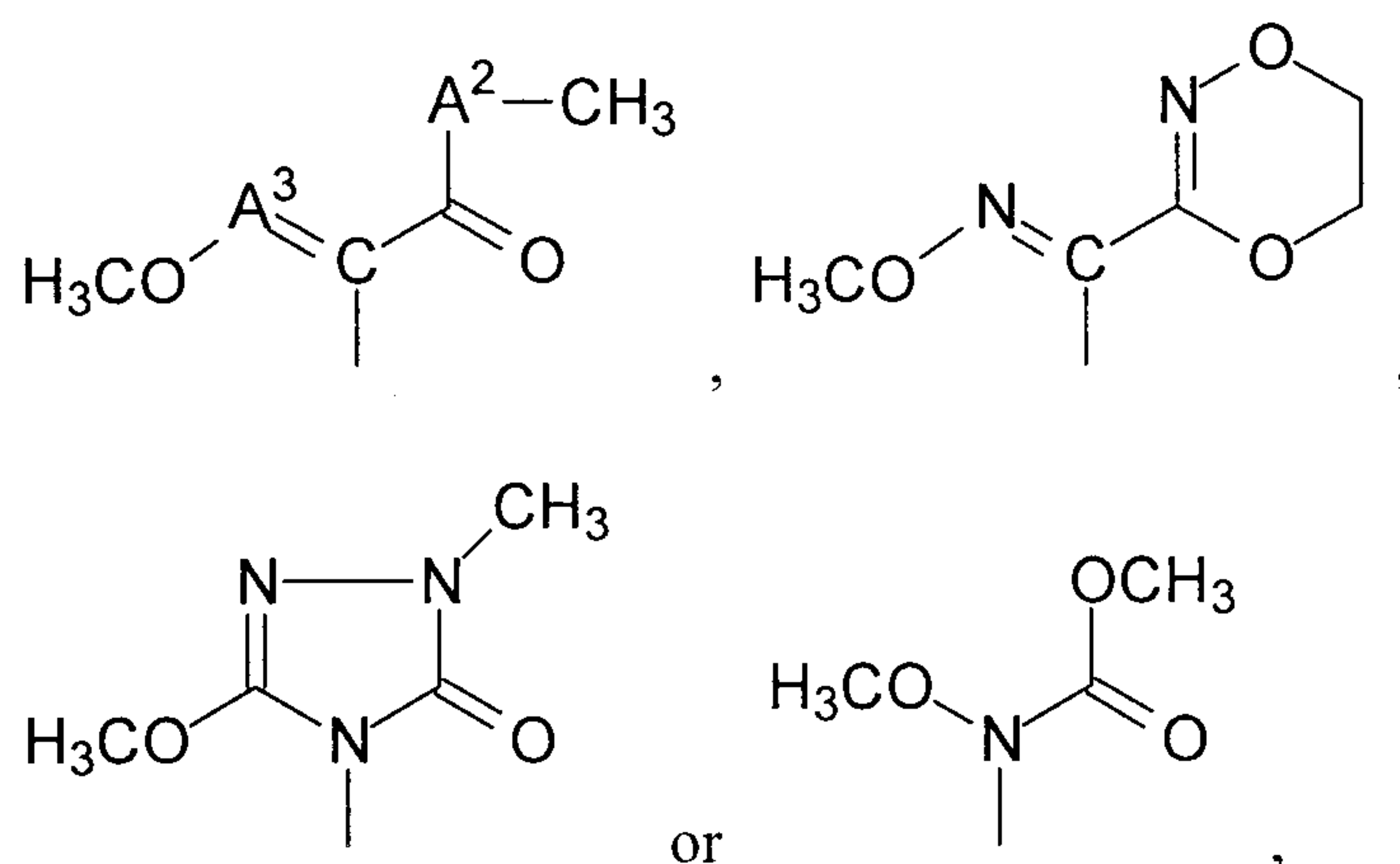
N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

a strobilurin of the general formula (II):



5 in which:

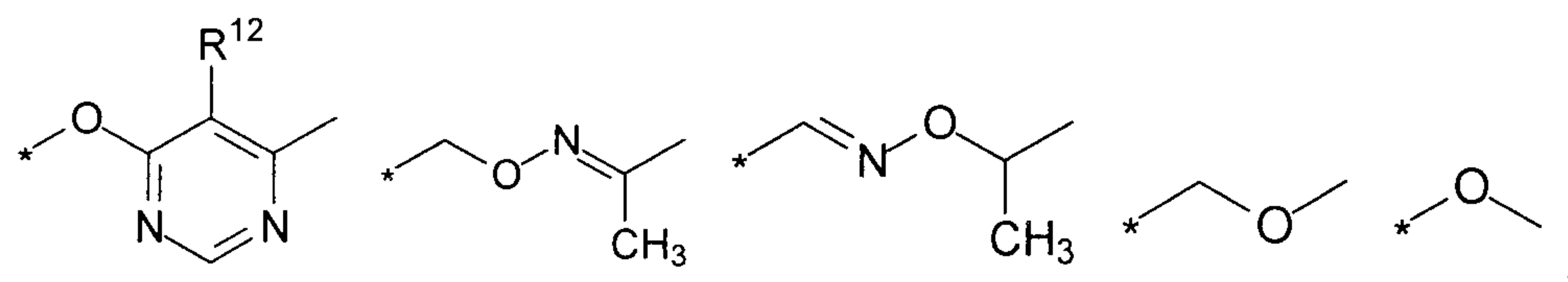
A¹ represents one of the groups:



A² represents NH or O,

10 A³ represents N or CH,

L represents one of the groups:



wherein the bond marked with an asterisk (*) is attached to the phenyl ring,

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- 1b -

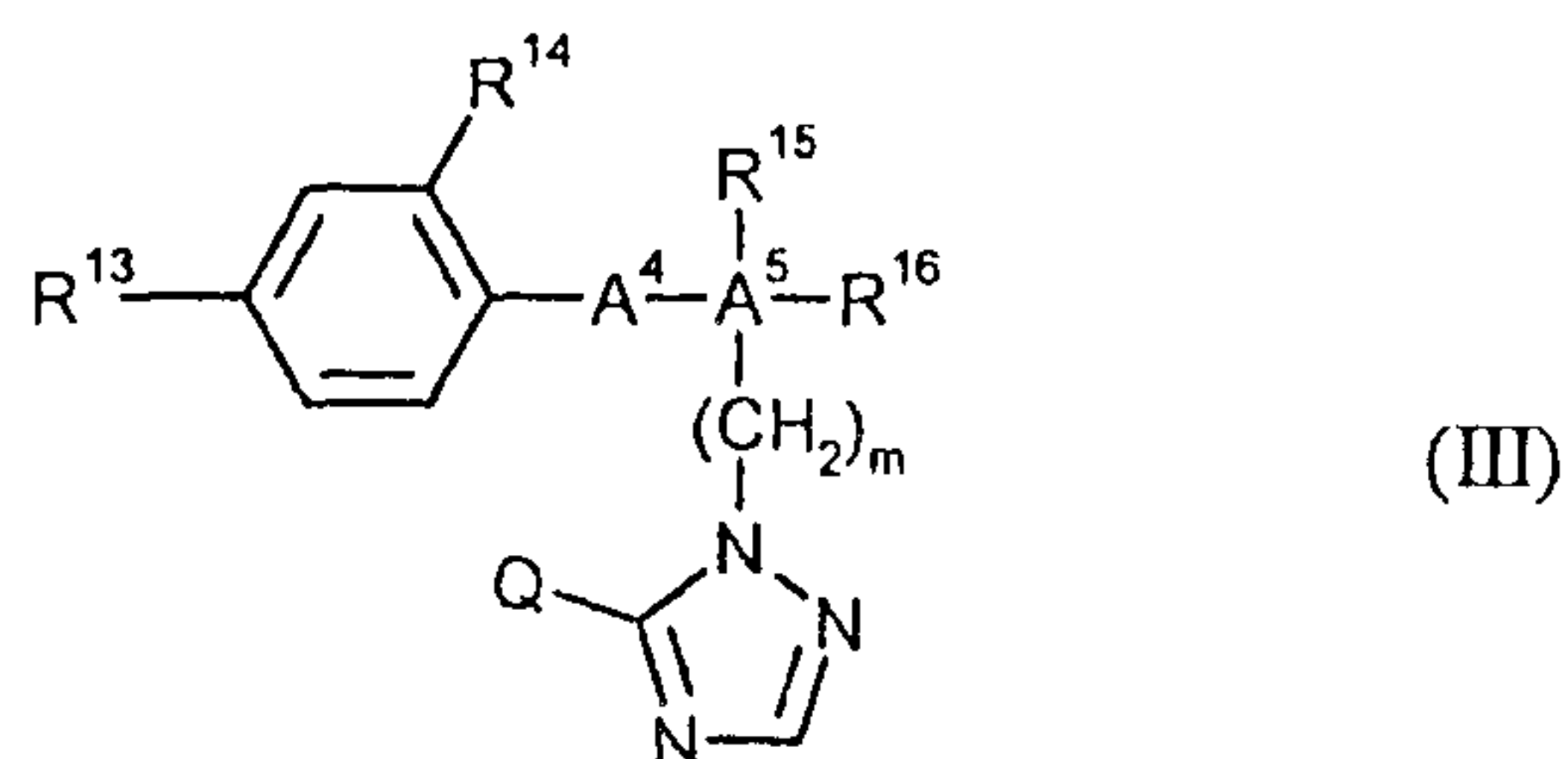
R^{11} represents (i) phenyl, phenoxy or pyridinyl, each of which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of Cl, cyano, methyl and trifluoromethyl, or (ii) 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-pyrazol-3-yl or 1,2-propanedione-bis(O-methyloxime)-1-yl, and

5 R^{12} represents H or F.

In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,761,349) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

10 a triazole of the general formula (III):



in which:

Q represents H or SH,

m represents 0 or 1,

15 R^{13} represents H, F, Cl, phenyl or 4-chlorophenoxy,

R^{14} represents H or Cl,

A^4 represents a direct bond, $-CH_2-$, $-(CH_2)_2-$ or $-O-$, or

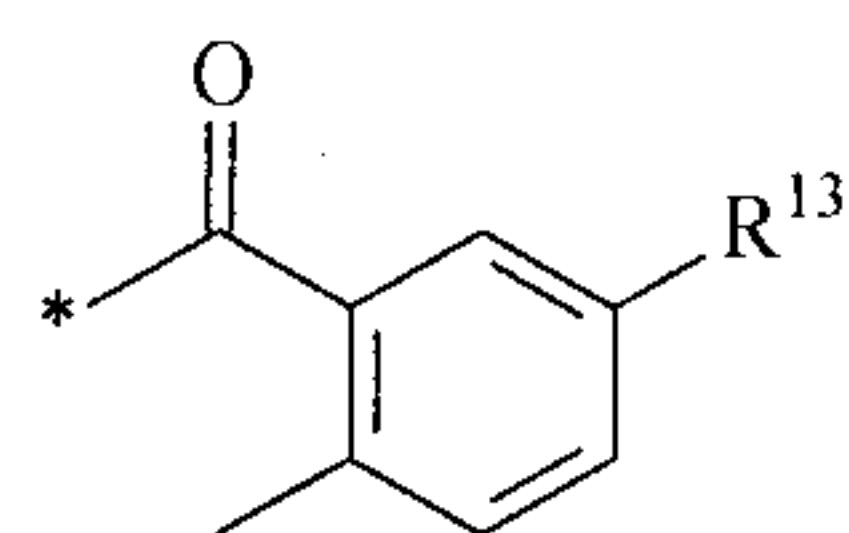
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- 1c -

A^4 represents $^*\text{-CH}_2\text{-CHR}^{17}\text{-}$ or $\text{-CH=CR}^{17}\text{-}$, wherein the bond marked with * is attached to the phenyl ring, in which case R^{15} and R^{17} together represent $\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH[CH(CH}_3)_2\text{-}$ or $\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-C(CH}_3)_2\text{-}$,

A^5 represents C or Si, or

- 5 A^4 represents $\text{-N(R}^{17}\text{)-}$ and A^5 together with R^{15} and R^{16} represents the group C=N-R^{18} , in which case R^{17} and R^{18} , in which case R^{17} and R^{18} together represent the group:



, wherein the bond marked with * is attached to R^{17} ,

R^{15} represents H, hydroxyl or cyano,

R^{16} represents 1-cyclopropylethyl, 1-chlorocyclopropyl, $C_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$,

- 10 $C_1\text{-C}_6\text{-hydroxyalkyl}$, $C_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkylcarbonyl}$, $C_1\text{-C}_2\text{-haloalkoxy-}C_1\text{-C}_2\text{-alkyl}$, trimethylsilyl- $C_1\text{-C}_2\text{-alkyl}$, monofluorophenyl or phenyl, or

R^{15} and R^{16} together represent $\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH(R}^{18}\text{)-O-}$, $\text{-O-CH}_2\text{-CH(R}^{18}\text{)-CH}_2\text{-}$ or $\text{-O-CH-(2-chlorophenyl)-}$, and

R^{18} represents H, Br or $C_1\text{-C}_4\text{-alkyl}$.

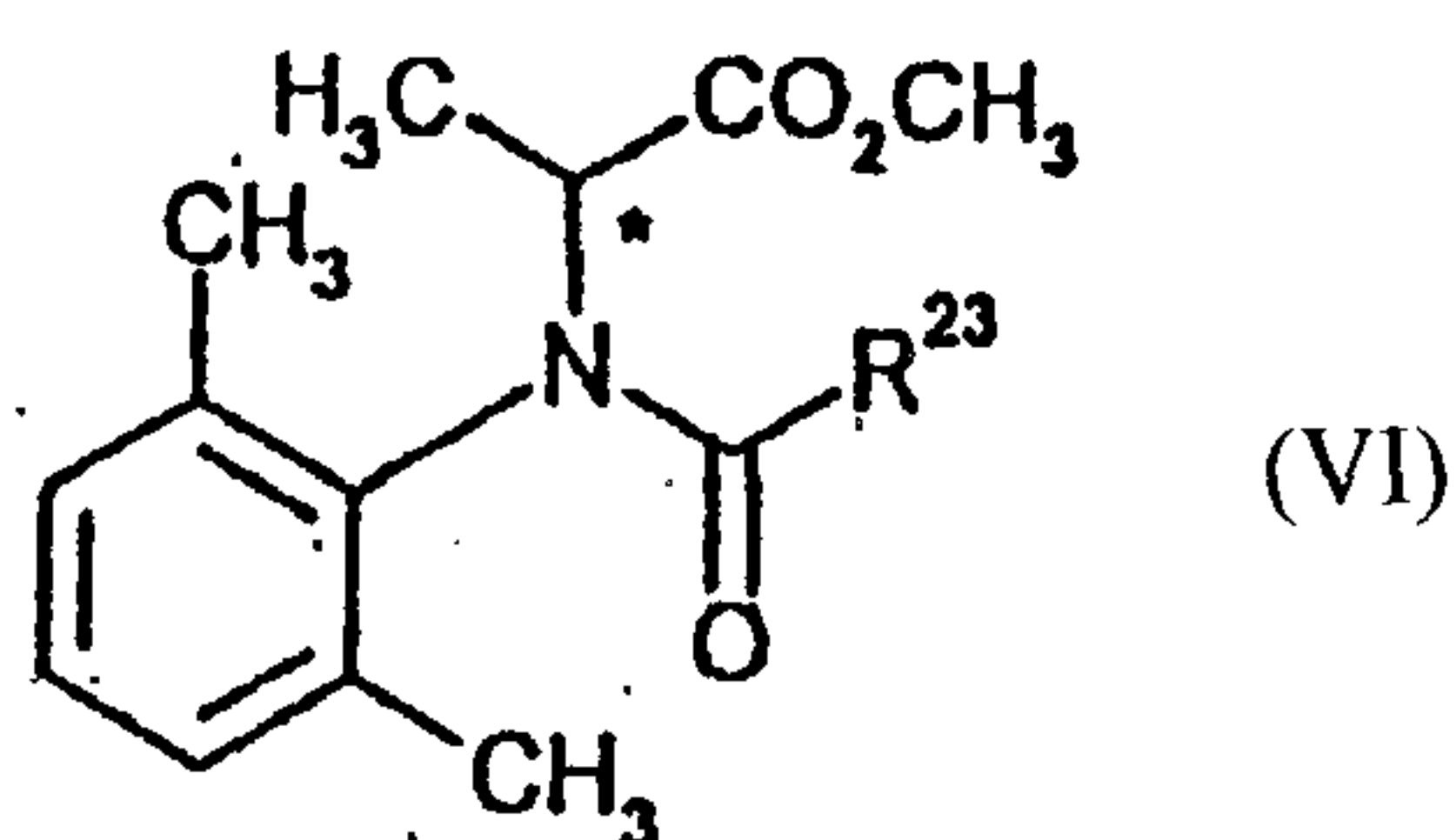
- 15 In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,818,767) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

an acylalanine of the general formula (VI):

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- 1d -



in which:

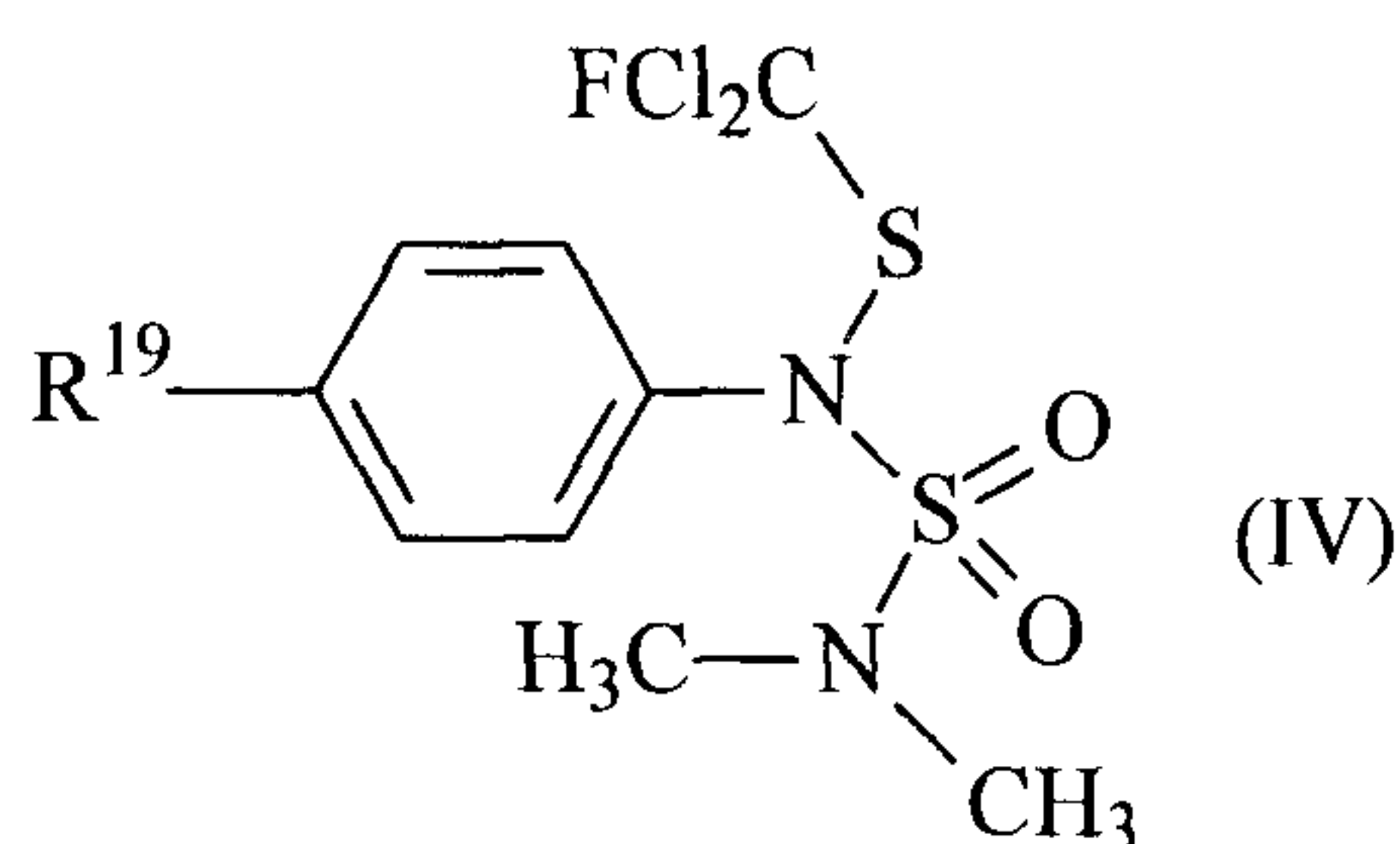
* marks a carbon atom in the R or the S configuration, and

R^{23} represents benzyl, furyl or methoxymethyl.

- 5 In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,818,909) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

a sulphonamide of the general formula (IV):



10

wherein R^{19} represents H or methyl.

In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,862,939) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

- 15 N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

a dithiocarbamate selected from the group consisting of mancozeb, maneb, metiram, propineb, thiram, zineb and ziram.

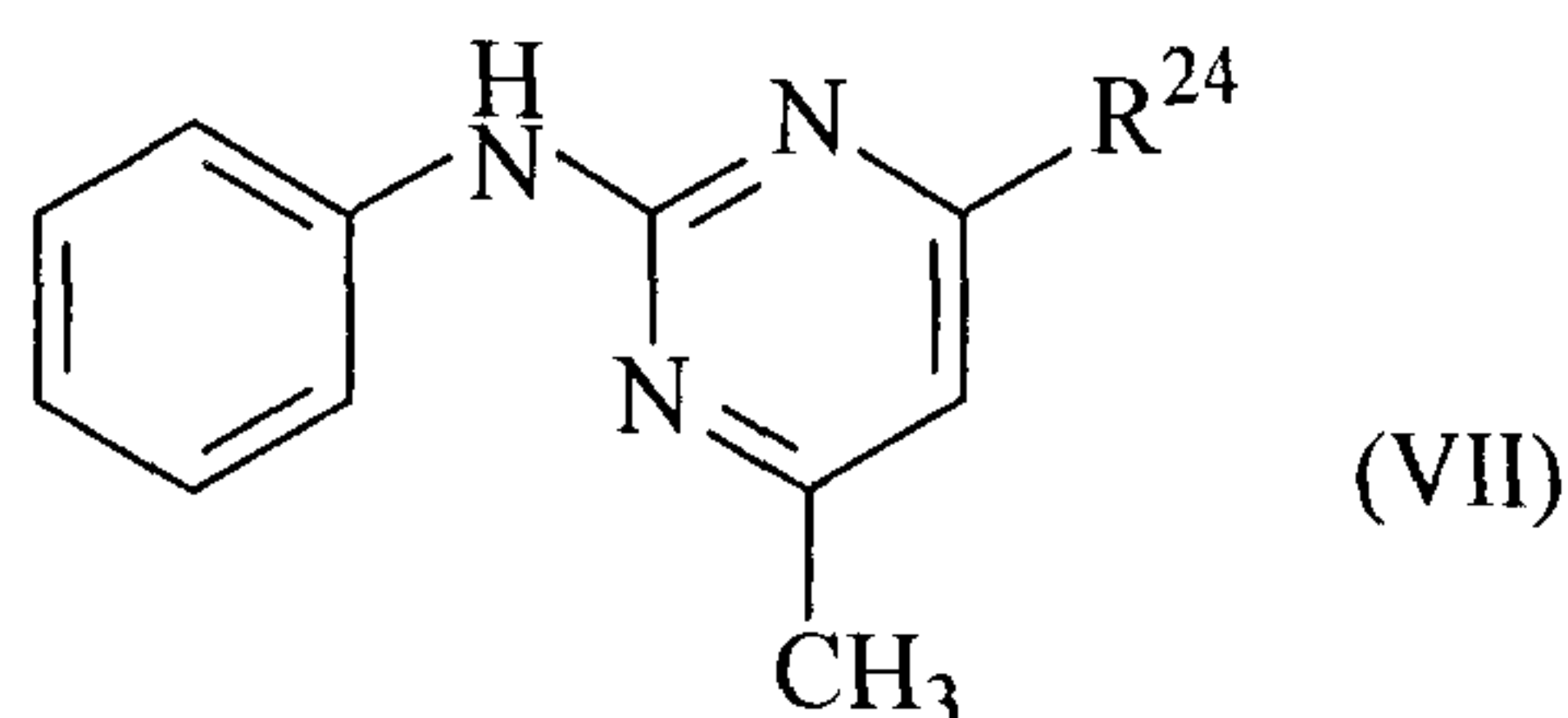
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- 1e -

In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,862,956) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

5 an anilinopyrimidine of the general formula (VII):

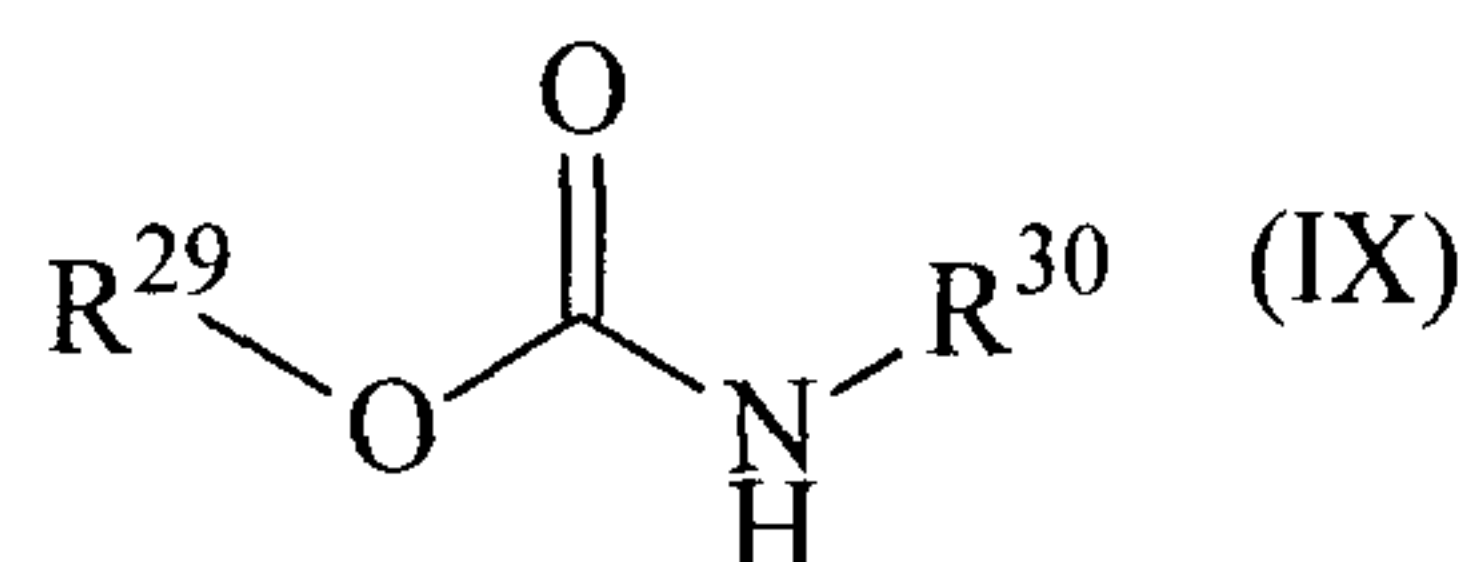


wherein R²⁴ represents methyl, cyclopropyl or 1-propynyl.

In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,862,953) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

10 N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

a carbamate of the general formula (IX):



wherein:

15 R²⁹ represents n- or isopropyl, and

R³⁰ represents di(C₁-C₂-alkyl)amino-C₂-C₄-alkyl or diethoxyphenyl,

or a salt thereof.

In one aspect, the invention (divisional application 2,862,948) relates to a synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

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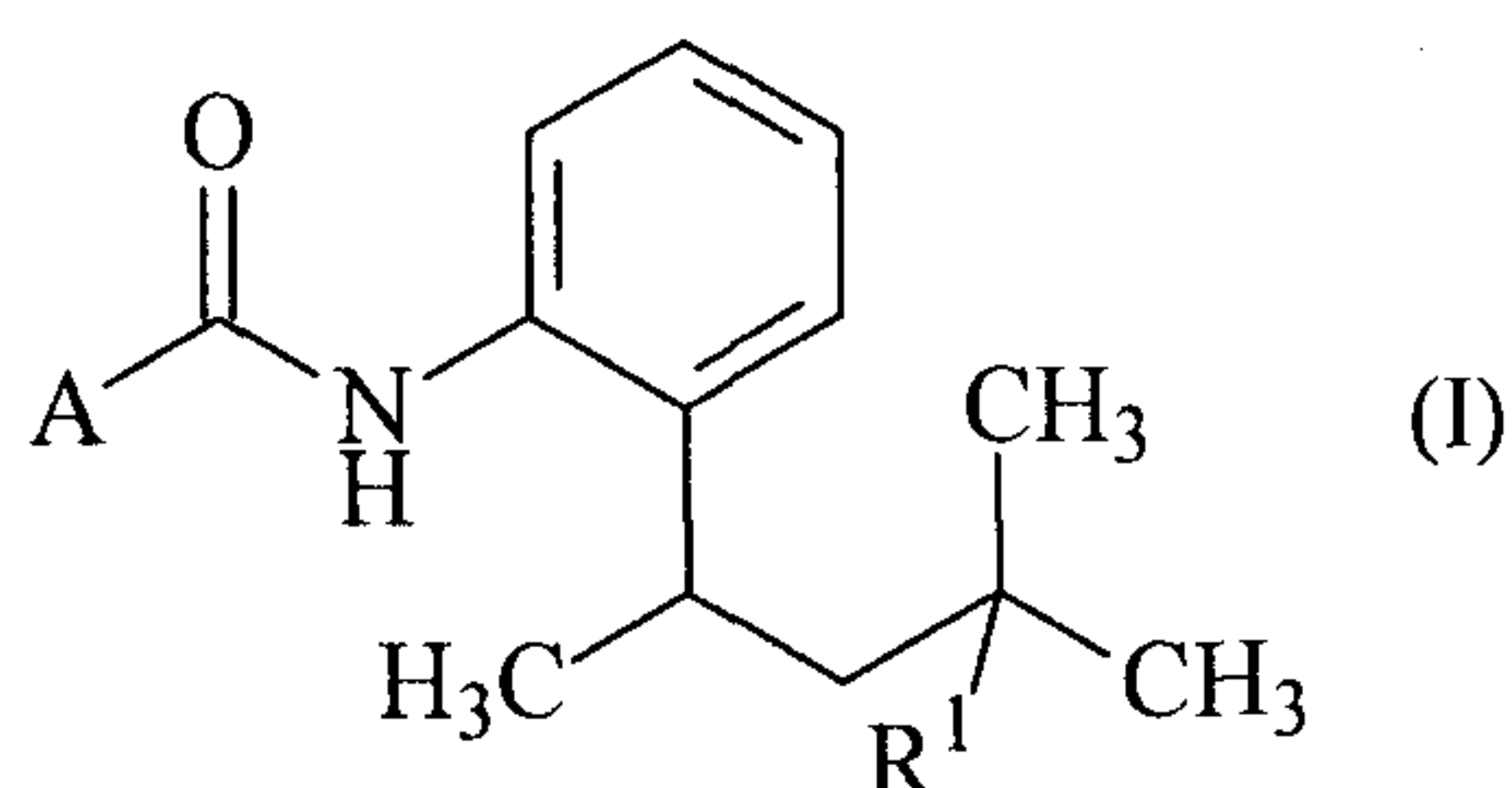
- 1f -

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide, penflufen; and

a carboxamide which is:

2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide; boscalid; furametpyr; N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide; ethaboxam; fenhexamid; carpropamid; 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide; picobenzamid; zoxamide; 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide; carboxin; tiadinil; penthiopyrad; silthiofam; or N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide.

We have now found novel active compound combinations having very good fungicidal properties and comprising a carboxamide of the general formula (I) (group 1)

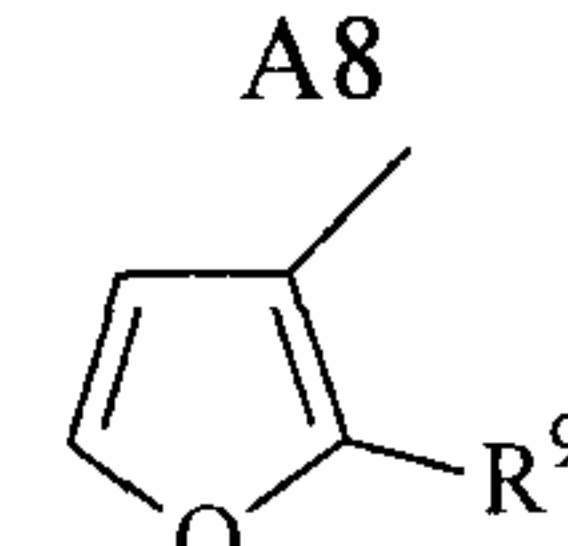
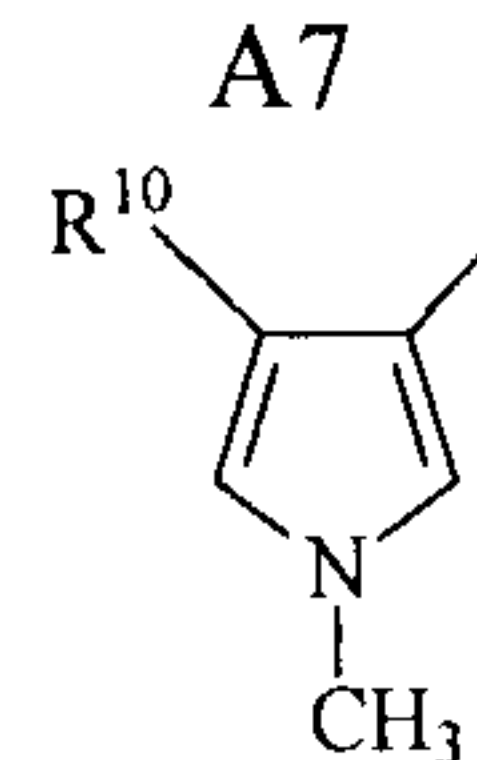
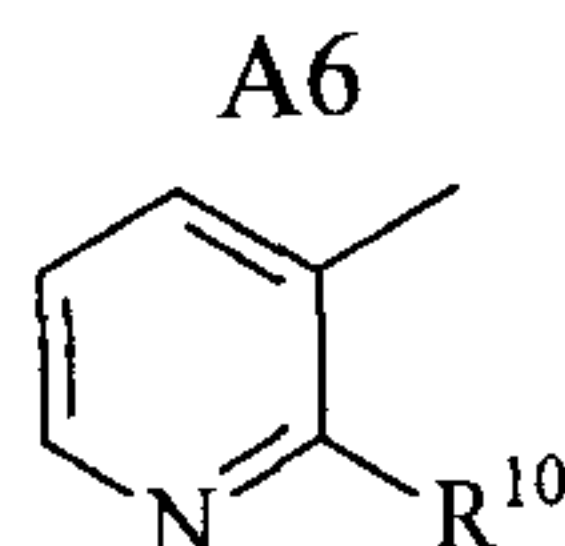
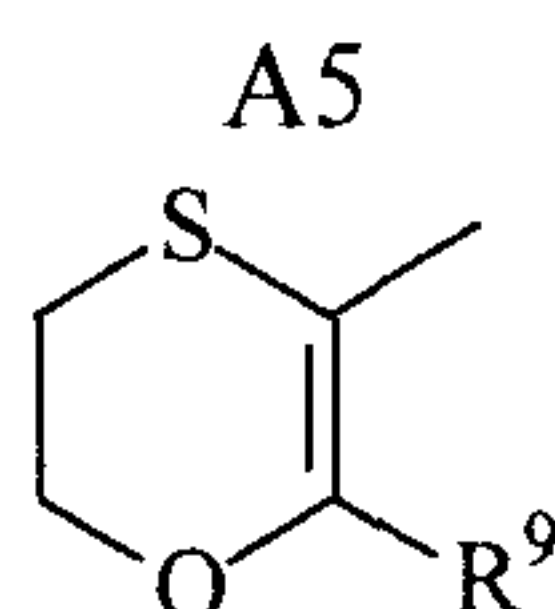
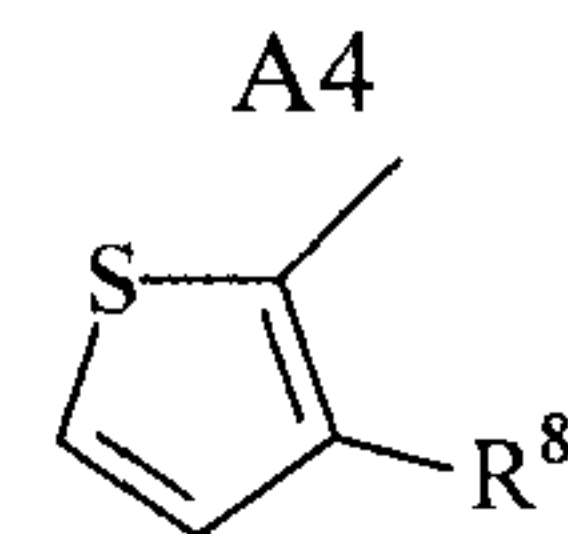
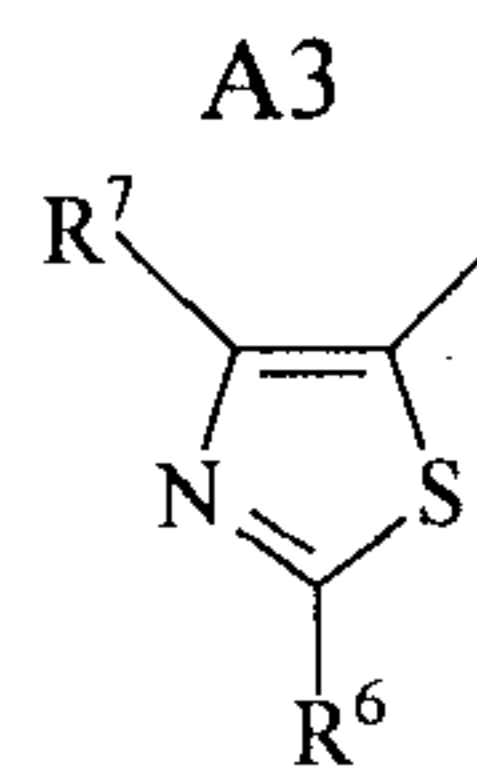
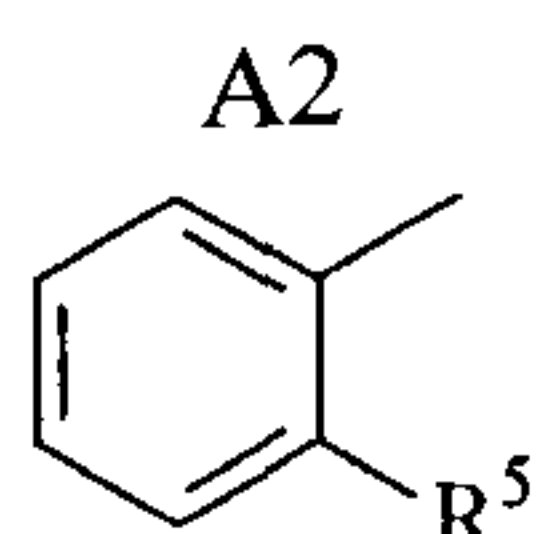
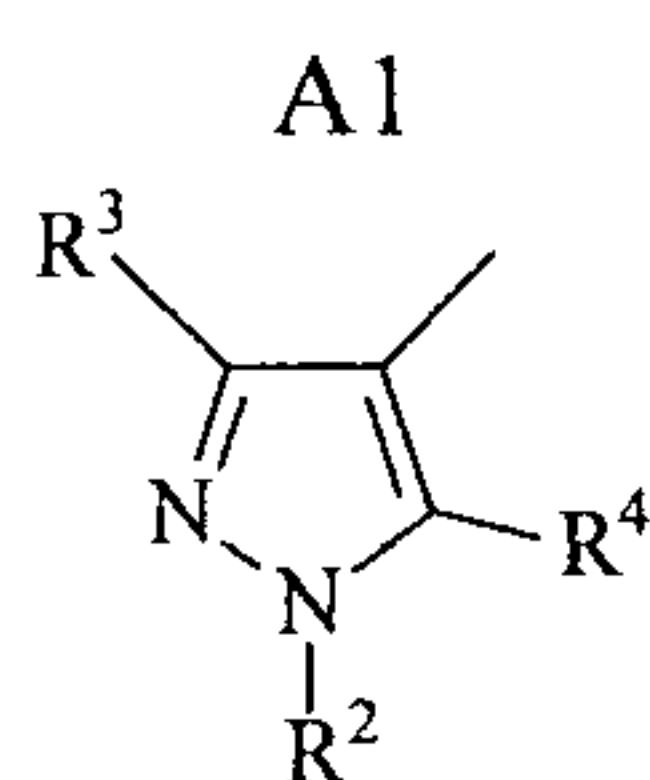


10

in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,

A represents one of the radicals A1 to A8 below:



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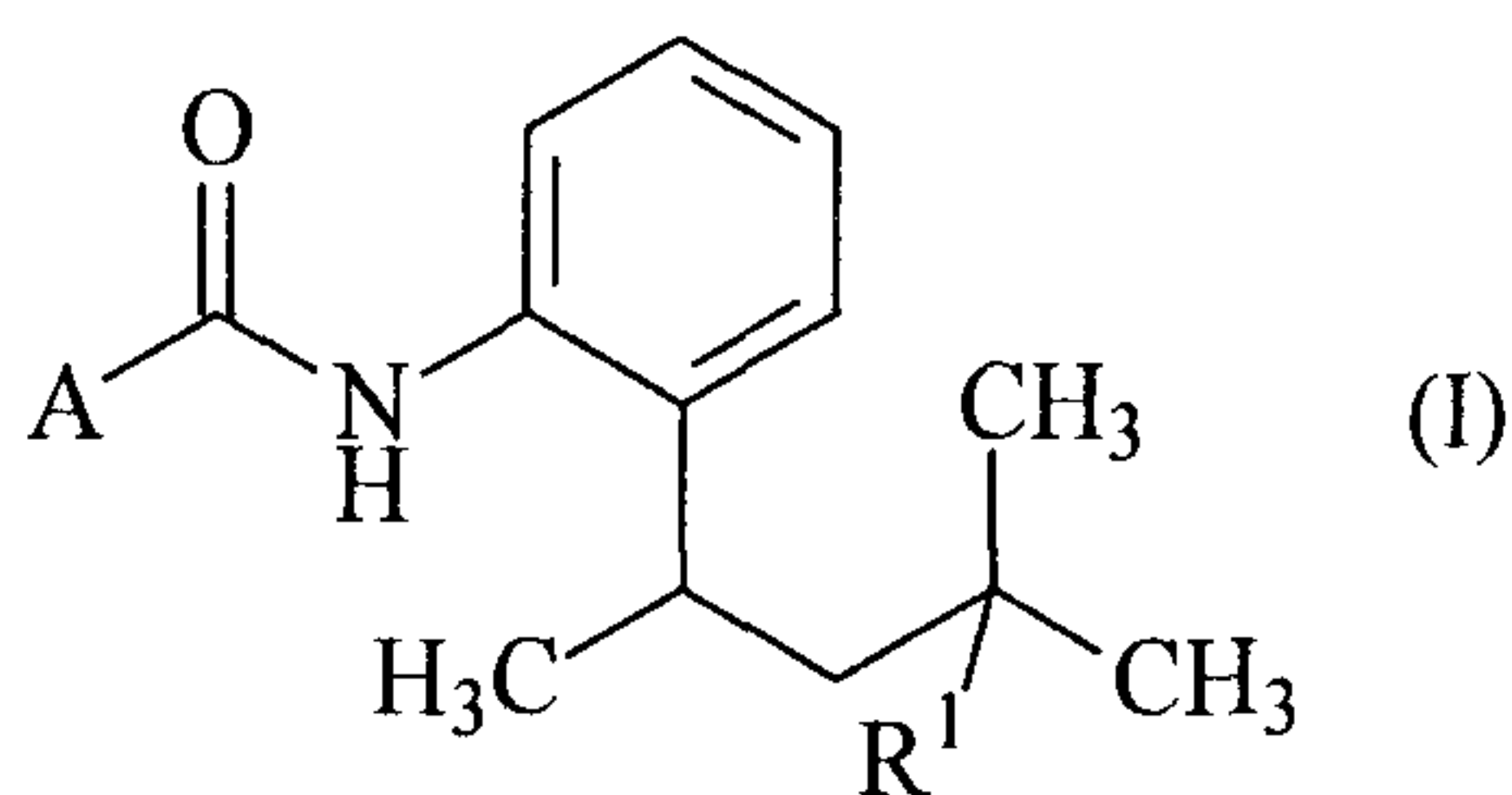
R^{20} represents: (i) H, Cl, cyano or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, or (ii) phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents selected from the group consisting of Cl and $di(C_1$ - C_3 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl,

R^{21} represents H or Cl, and

5 R^{22} represents H, Cl, hydroxyl, methyl, trifluoromethyl or $di(C_1$ - C_3 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl, or

R^{20} and R^{21} together represent $^*-CH(CH_3)-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-$ or $^*-CH(CH_3)-O-C(CH_3)_2-$, wherein the bond marked with * is attached to R^{20} .

We have now found novel active compound combinations having very good fungicidal properties and comprising a carboxamide of the general formula (I) (group 1)

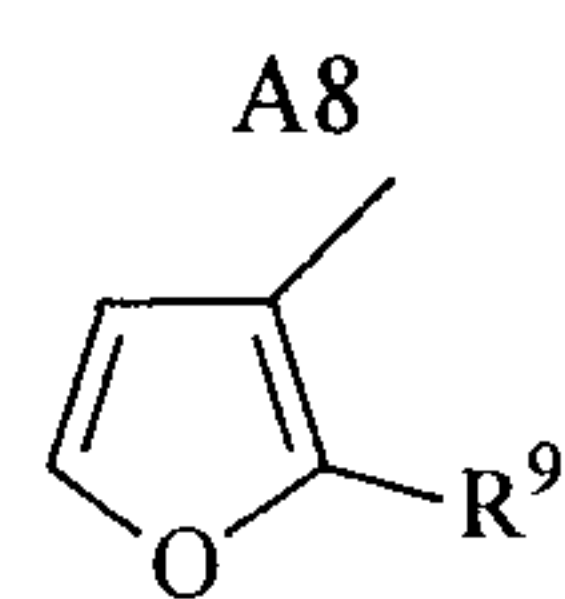
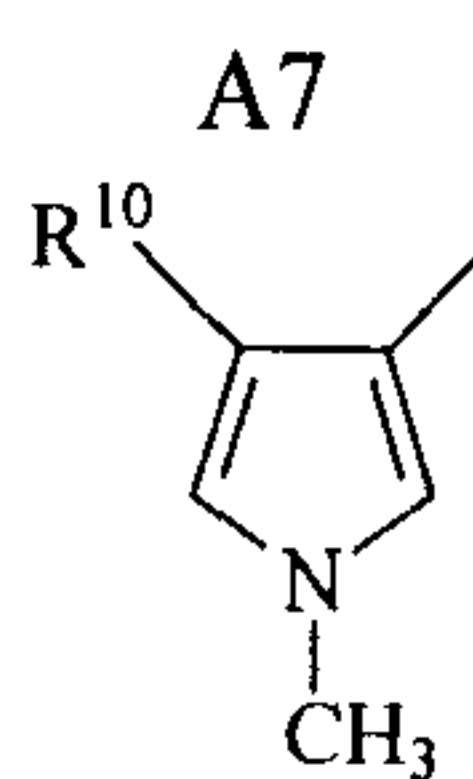
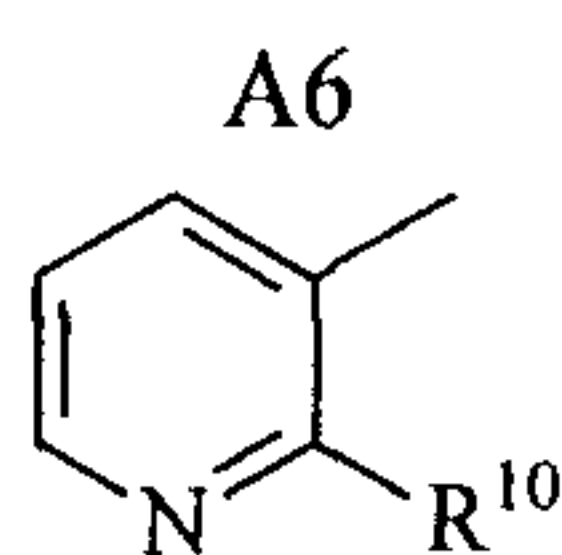
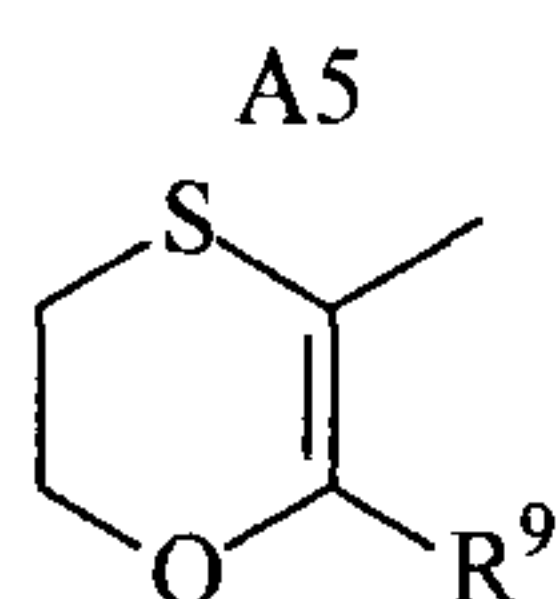
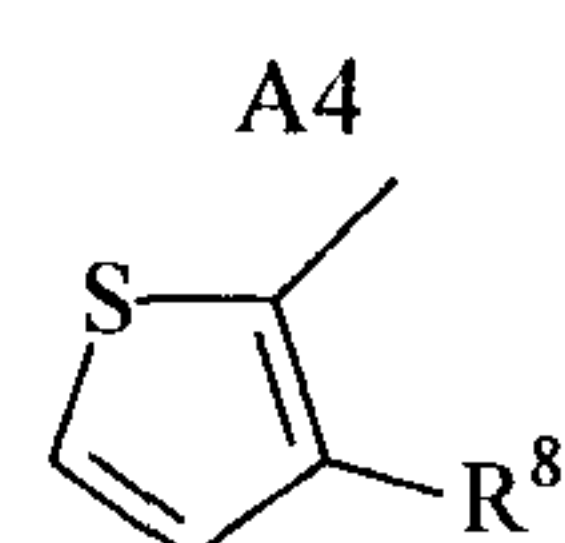
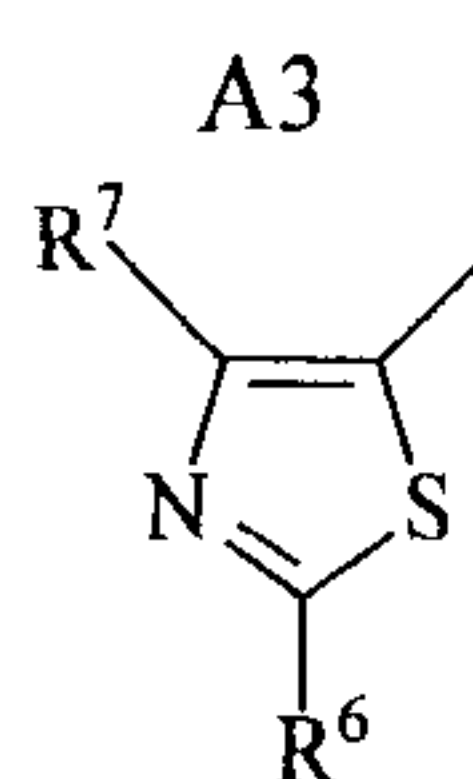
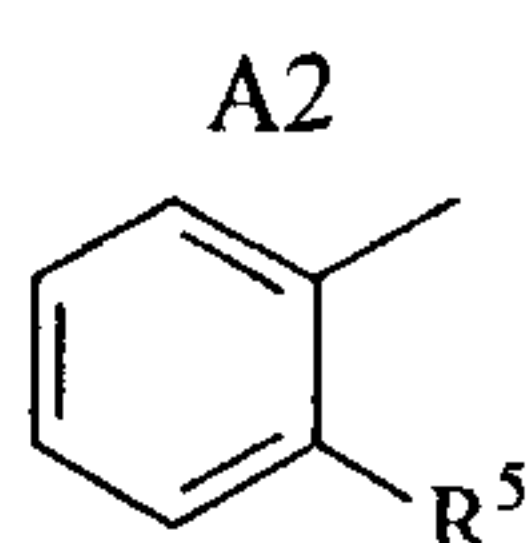
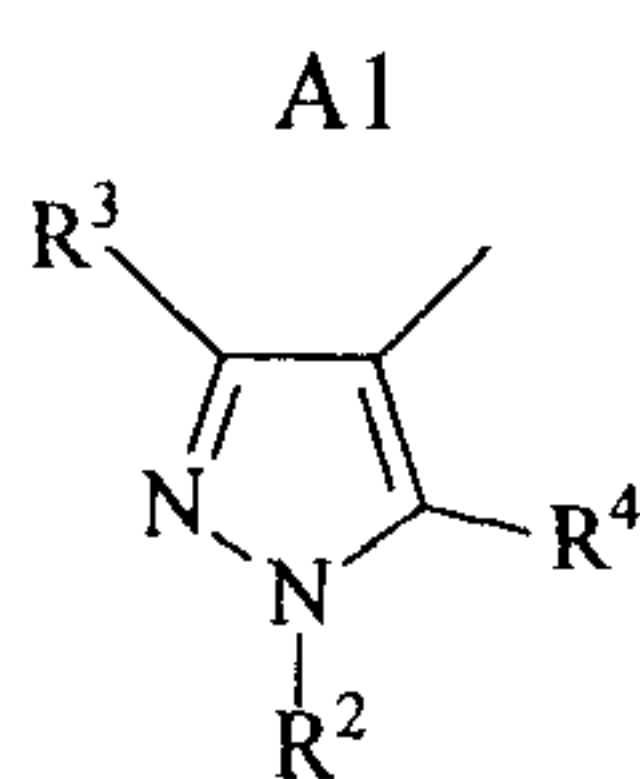


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in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,

A represents one of the radicals A1 to A8 below:



15

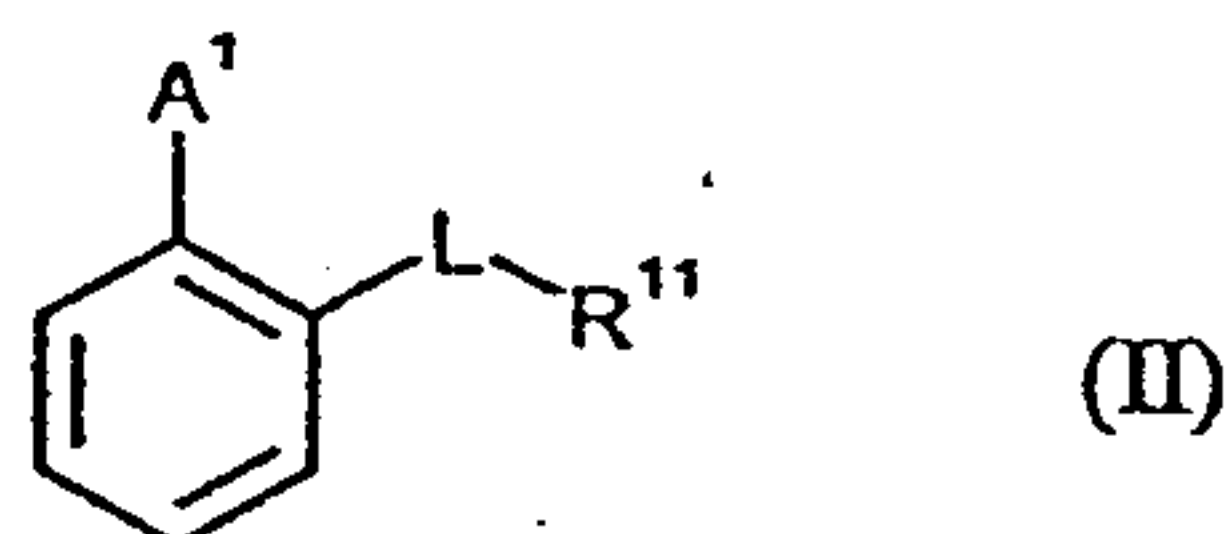
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- R^2 represents C_1 - C_3 -alkyl,
 R^3 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 R^4 represents hydrogen, halogen or C_1 - C_3 -alkyl,
 5 R^5 represents halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 R^6 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl, amino, mono- or di(C_1 - C_3 -alkyl)amino,
 R^7 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 10 R^8 represents halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 R^9 represents halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 R^{10} represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_3 -alkyl or C_1 - C_3 -haloalkyl having 1 to 7 fluorine, chlorine and/or bromine atoms,
 15

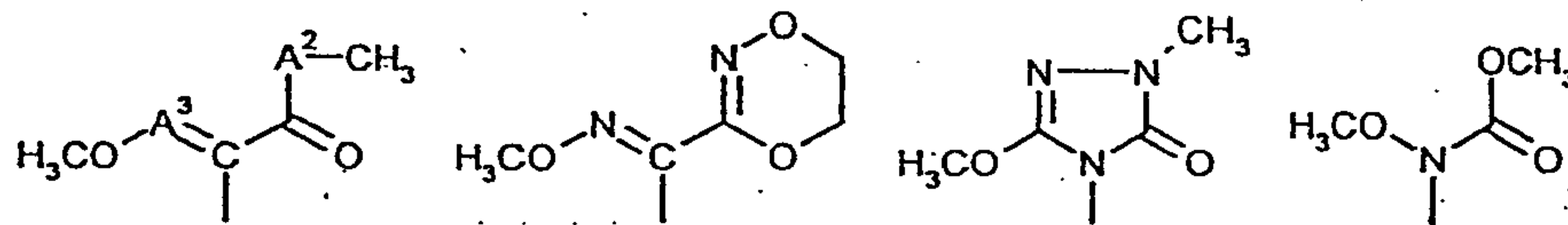
and at least one active compound selected from groups (2) to (24) below:

Group (2) Strobilurins of the general formula (II)



in which

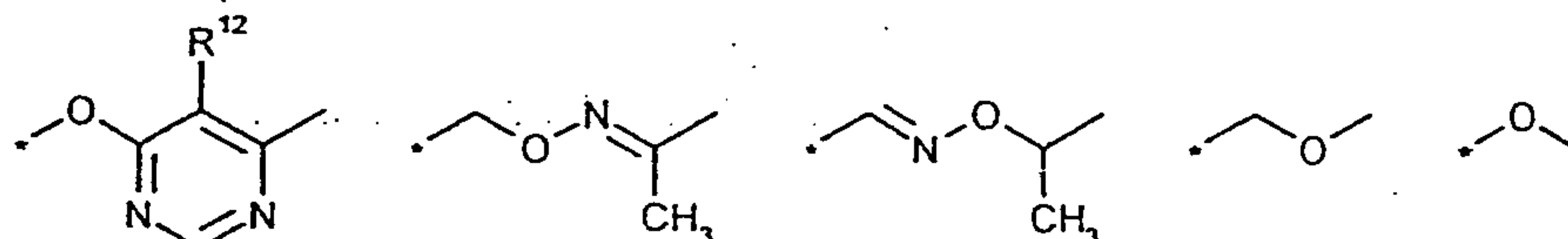
A^1 represents one of the groups



A^2 represents NH or O,

25 A^3 represents N or CH,

L represents one of the groups



where the bond marked with an asterisk (*) is attached to the phenyl ring,

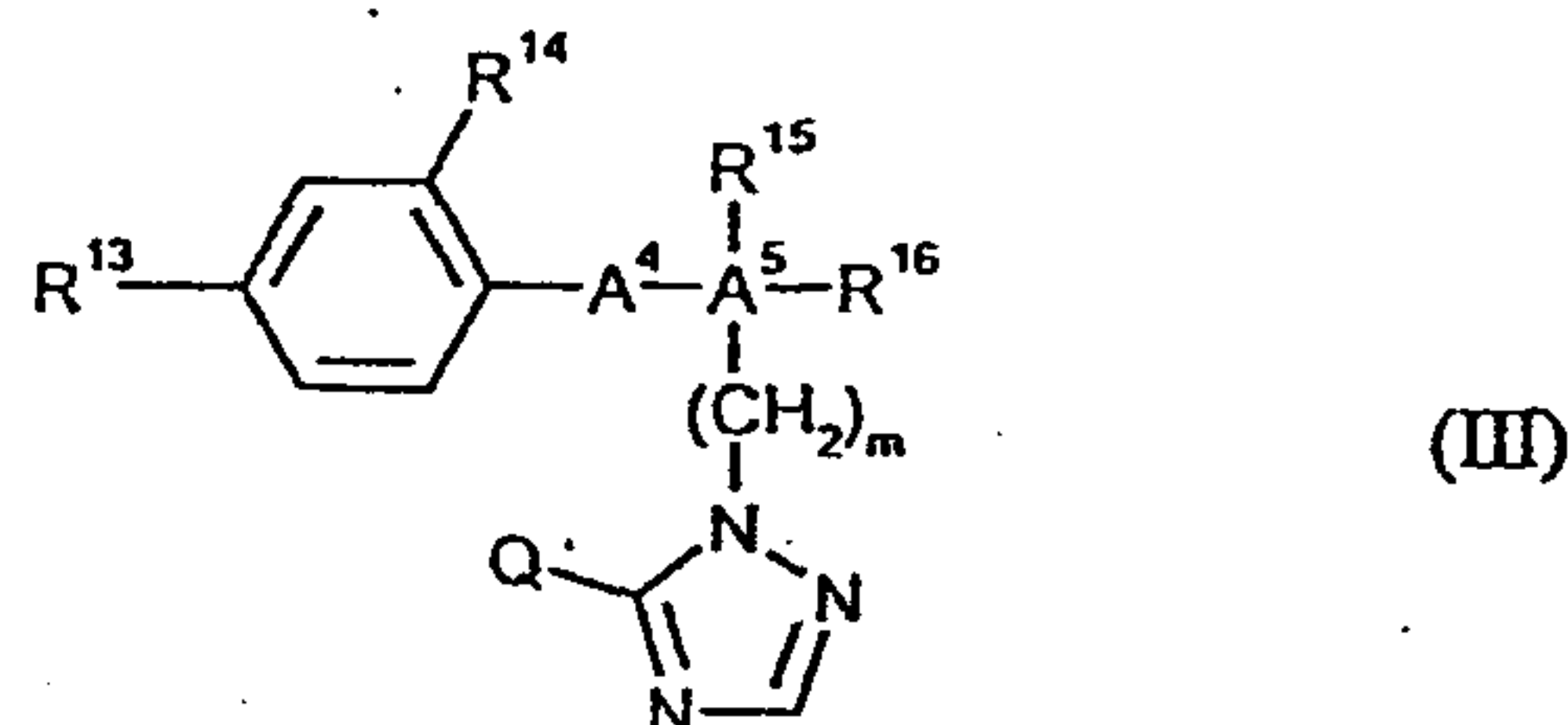
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R^{11} represents phenyl, phenoxy or pyridinyl, each of which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of chlorine, cyano, methyl and trifluoromethyl, or represents 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-pyrazol-3-yl or represents 1,2-propanedione-bis(O-methyloxime)-1-yl,

5 R^{12} represents hydrogen or fluorine;

Group (3) Triazoles of the general formula (III)



in which

10 Q represents hydrogen or SH ,

m represents 0 or 1,

R^{13} represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, phenyl or 4-chlorophenoxy,

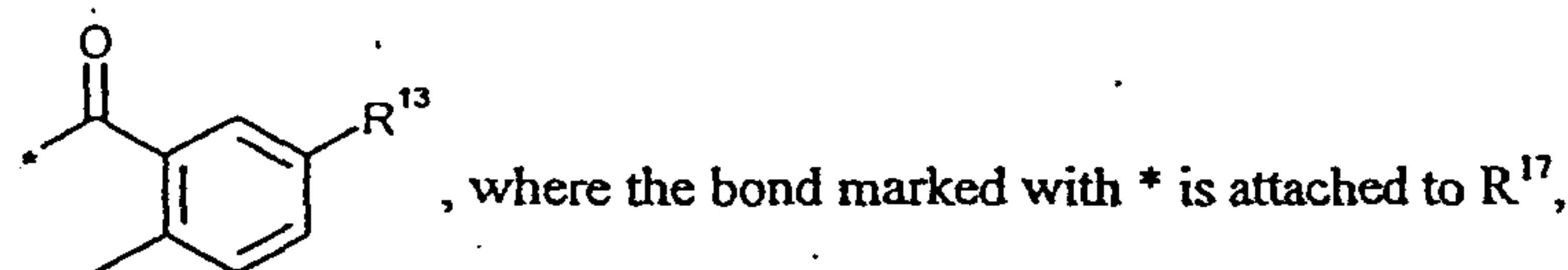
R^{14} represents hydrogen or chlorine,

A^4 represents a direct bond, $-CH_2-$, $-(CH_2)_2-$ or $-O-$,

15 A^4 furthermore represents $*-CH_2-CH(R^{17})-$ or $*-CH=CH(R^{17})-$, where the bond marked with $*$ is attached to the phenyl ring, in which case R^{15} and R^{17} together represent $-CH_2-CH_2-CH[CH(CH_3)_2]-$ or $-CH_2-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-$,

A^5 represents C or Si (silicon),

20 A^4 further represents $-N(R^{17})-$ and A^5 furthermore together with R^{15} and R^{16} represents the group $C=N-R^{18}$, in which case R^{17} and R^{18} together represent the group



R^{15} represents hydrogen, hydroxyl or cyano,

25 R^{16} represents 1-cyclopropylethyl, 1-chlorocyclopropyl, C_1-C_4 -alkyl, C_1-C_6 -hydroxyalkyl, C_1-C_4 -alkylcarbonyl, C_1-C_2 -haloalkoxy- C_1-C_2 -alkyl, trimethylsilyl- C_1-C_2 -alkyl, monofluorophenyl or phenyl,

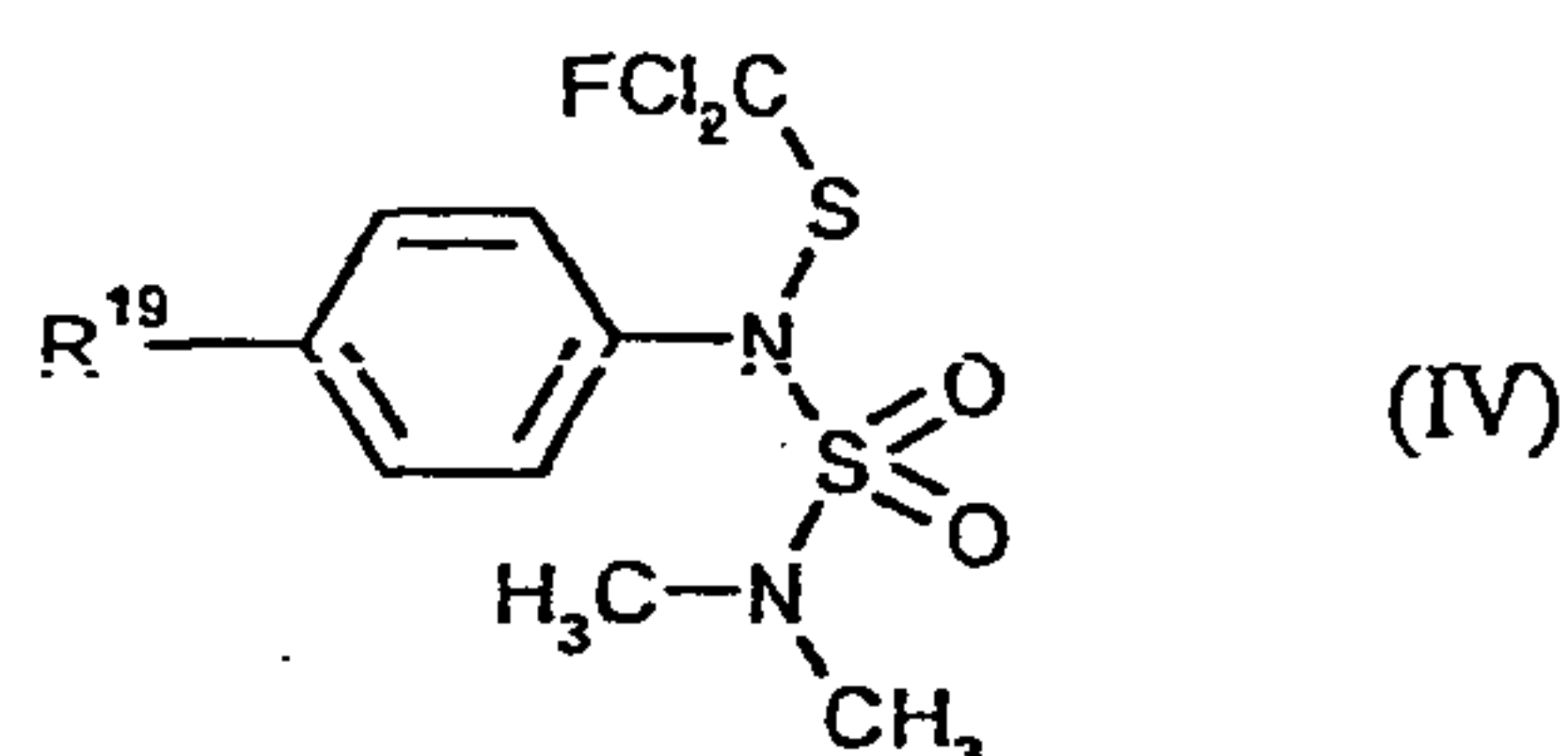
R^{15} and R^{16} furthermore together represent $-O-CH_2-CH(R^{18})-O-$, $-O-CH_2-CH(R^{18})-CH_2-$, or $-O-CH-(2-chlorophenyl)-$,

R^{18} represents hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkyl or bromine;

30 Group (4) Sulphenamides of the general formula (IV)

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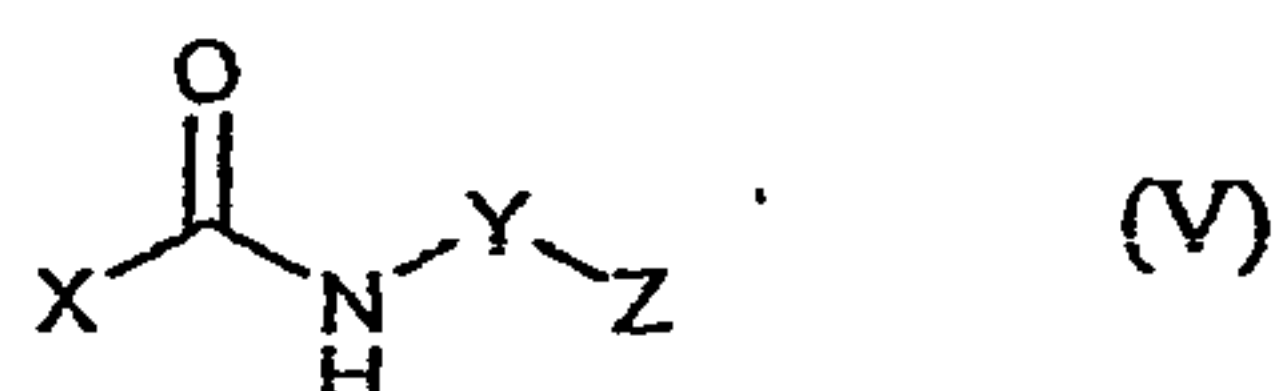


in which R^{19} represents hydrogen or methyl;

Group (5) Valinamides selected from

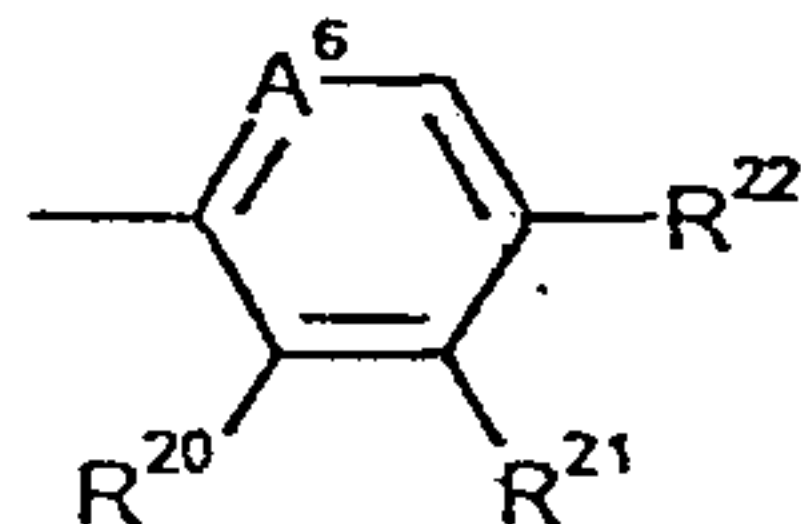
- 5 (5-1) iprovalicarb
 (5-2) N^1 -[2-(4-{[3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propynyl]oxy}-3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]- N^2 -(methylsulphonyl)-D-valinamide
 (5-3) benthiavalicarb

10 Group (6) Carboxamides of the general formula (V)



in which

- X represents 2-chloro-3-pyridinyl, represents 1-methylpyrazol-4-yl which is substituted in the 3-position by methyl or trifluoromethyl and in the 5-position by hydrogen or chlorine,
 15 represents 4-ethyl-2-ethylamino-1,3-thiazol-5-yl, represents 1-methyl-cyclohexyl, represents 2,2-dichloro-1-ethyl-3-methylcyclopropyl, represents 2-fluoro-2-propyl or represents phenyl which is mono- to trisubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of chlorine and methyl,
 X furthermore represents 3,4-dichloroisothiazol-5-yl, 5,6-dihydro-2-methyl-1,4-oxathiin-3-yl, 4-methyl-1,2,3-thiadiazol-5-yl, 4,5-dimethyl-2-trimethylsilylthiophen-3-yl, 1-methylpyrrol-3-yl
 20 which is substituted in the 4-position by methyl or trifluoromethyl and in the 5-position by hydrogen or chlorine,
 Y represents a direct bond, C_1 - C_6 -alkanediyl (alkylene) which is optionally substituted by chlorine, cyano or oxo or represents thiophenediyl,
 25 Y furthermore represents C_2 - C_6 -alkenediyl (alkenylene),
 Z represents hydrogen or the group



- Z furthermore represents C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,
 A^6 represents CH or N,

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R^{20} represents hydrogen, chlorine, phenyl which is optionally mono- or disubstituted by identical or different substituents from the group consisting of chlorine and di(C_1 - C_3 -alkyl)amino-carbonyl,

R^{20} furthermore represents cyano or C_1 - C_6 -alkyl,

5 R^{21} represents hydrogen or chlorine,

R^{22} represents hydrogen, chlorine, hydroxyl, methyl or trifluoromethyl,

R^{22} furthermore represents di(C_1 - C_3 -alkyl)aminocarbonyl,

R^{20} and R^{21} furthermore together represent $^*CH(CH_3)-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2$ or $^*CH(CH_3)-O-C(CH_3)_2$ where the bond marked with * is attached to R^{20} ;

10

Group (7) Dithiocarbamates selected from

(7-1) mancozeb

(7-2) maneb

(7-3) metiram

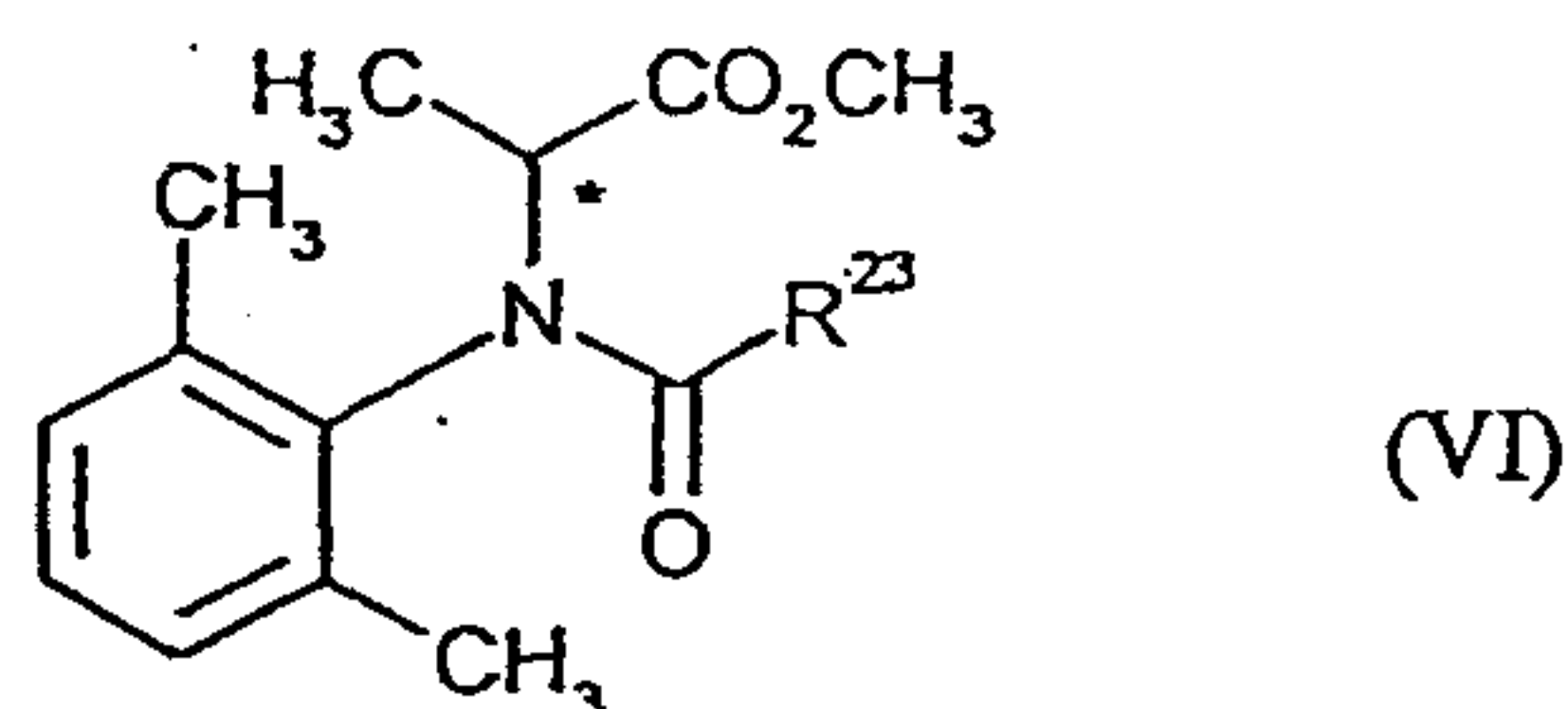
15 (7-4) propineb

(7-5) thiram

(7-6) zineb

(7-7) ziram

20 Group (8) Acylalanines of the general formula (VI)



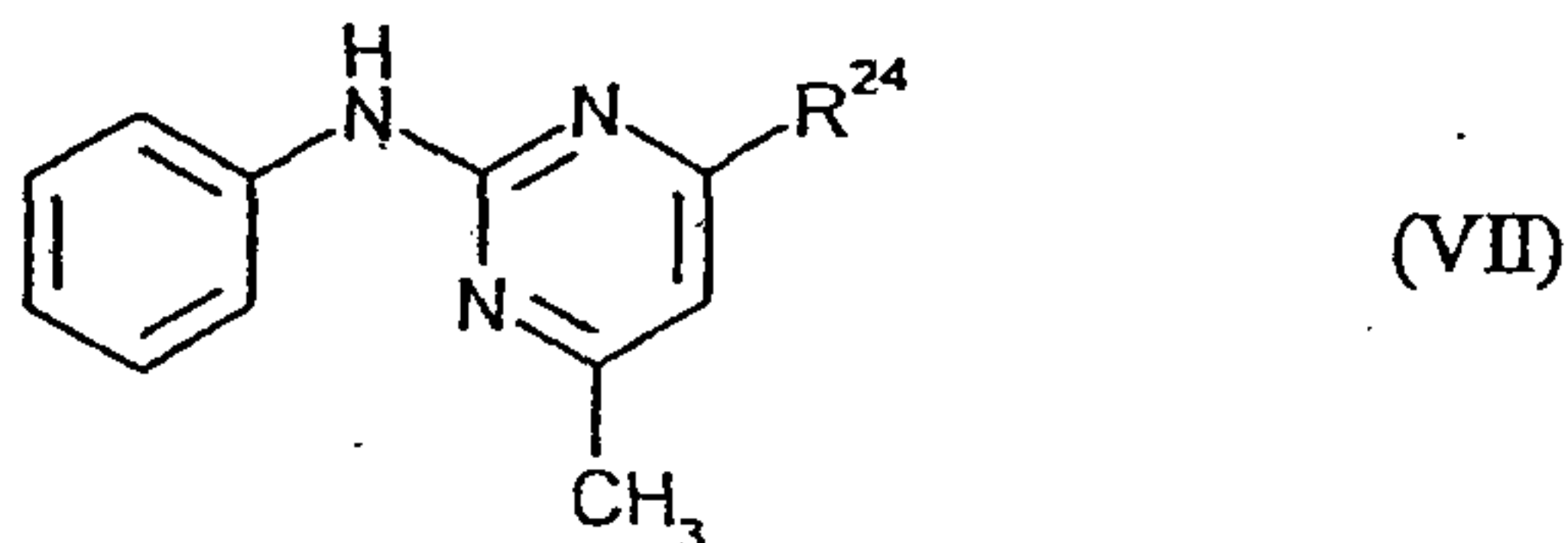
in which

* marks a carbon atom in the R or the S configuration, preferably in the S configuration,

R^{23} represents benzyl, furyl or methoxymethyl;

25

Group (9): Anilinopyrimidines of the general formula (VII)



in which

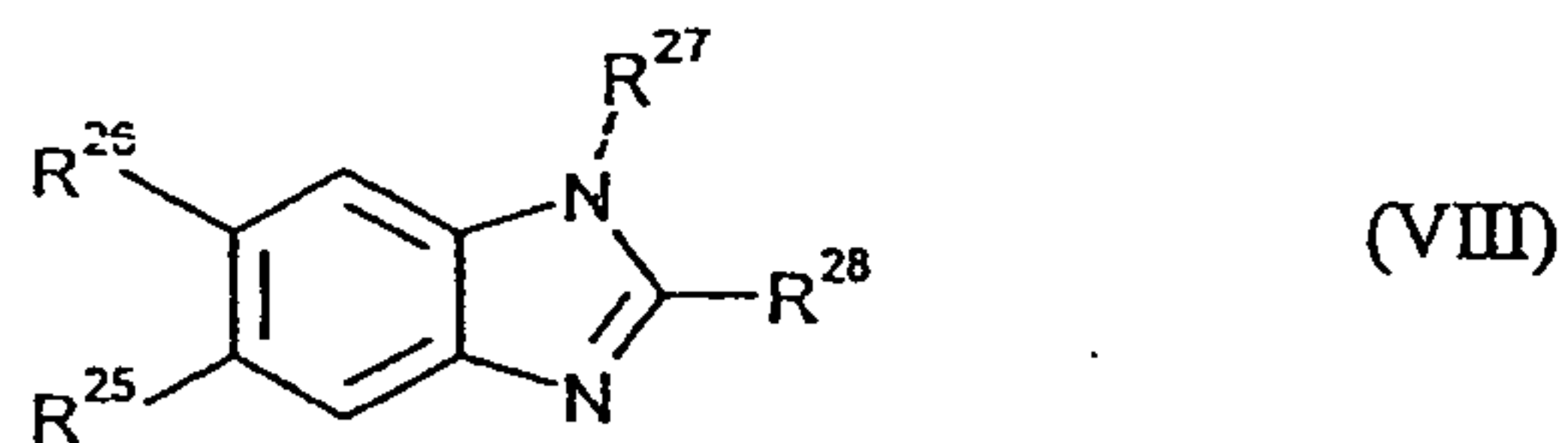
R^{24} represents methyl, cyclopropyl or 1-propynyl;

30

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Group (10): Benzimidazoles of the general formula (VIII)



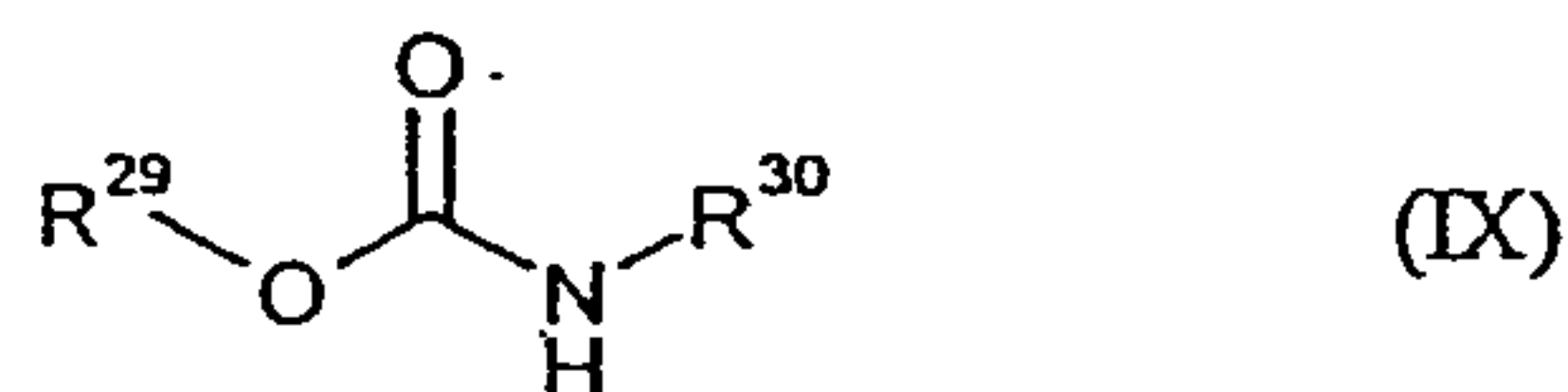
in which

R^{25} and R^{26} each represent hydrogen or together represent $-O-CF_2-O-$,

5 R^{27} represents hydrogen, C_1-C_4 -alkylaminocarbonyl or represents 3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylsulphonyl,

R^{28} represents chlorine, methoxycarbonylamino, chlorophenyl, furyl or thiazolyl;

Group (11): Carbamates of the general formula (IX)



in which

R^{29} represents n- or isopropyl,

R^{30} represents di(C_1-C_2 -alkyl)amino- C_2-C_4 -alkyl or diethoxyphenyl,

salts of these compounds being included;

Group (12): Dicarboximides selected from

(12-1) captafol

(12-2) captan

(12-3) folpet

20 (12-4) iprodione

(12-5) procymidone

(12-6) vinclozolin

Group (13): Guanidines selected from

25 (13-1) dodine

(13-2) guazatine

(13-3) iminoctadine triacetate

(13-4) iminoctadine tris(albesilate)

30 Group (14): Imidazoles selected from

(14-1) cyazofamid

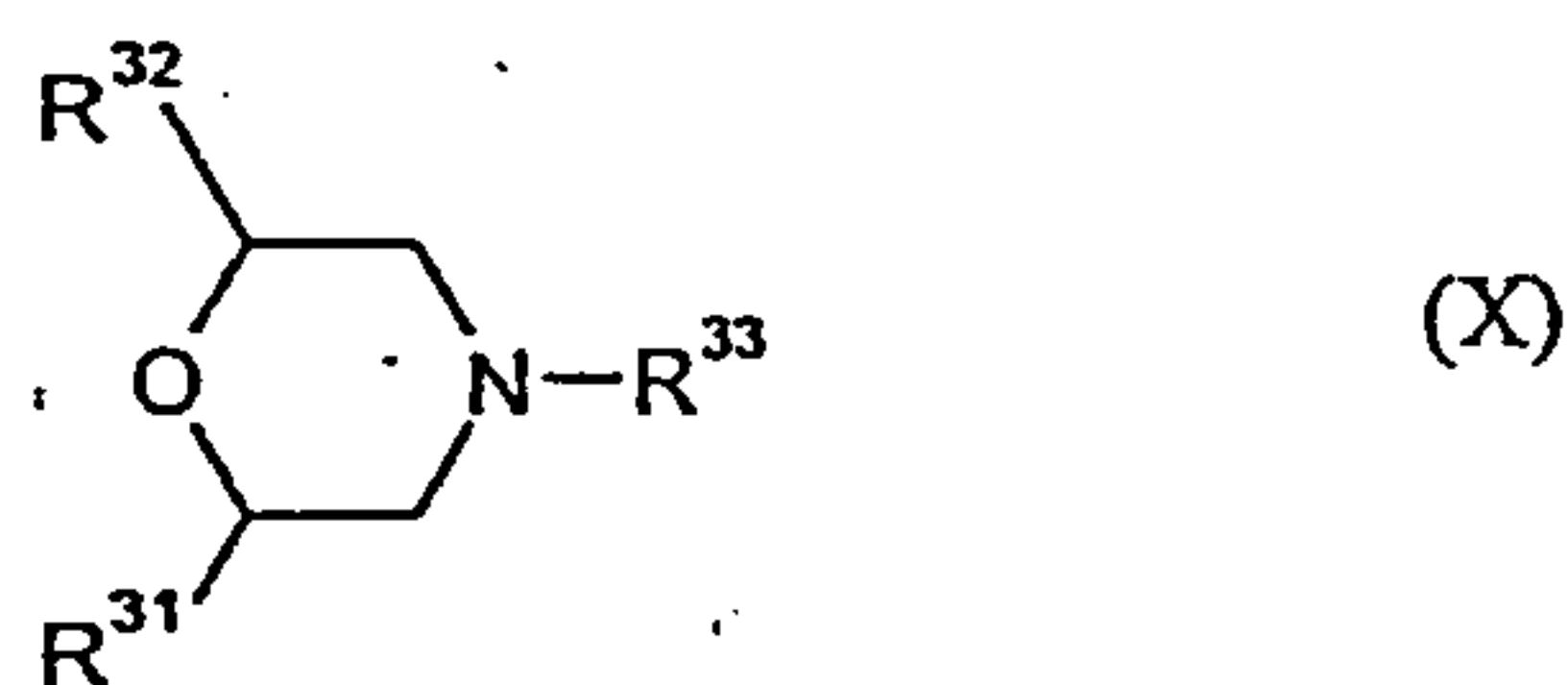
(14-2) prochloraz

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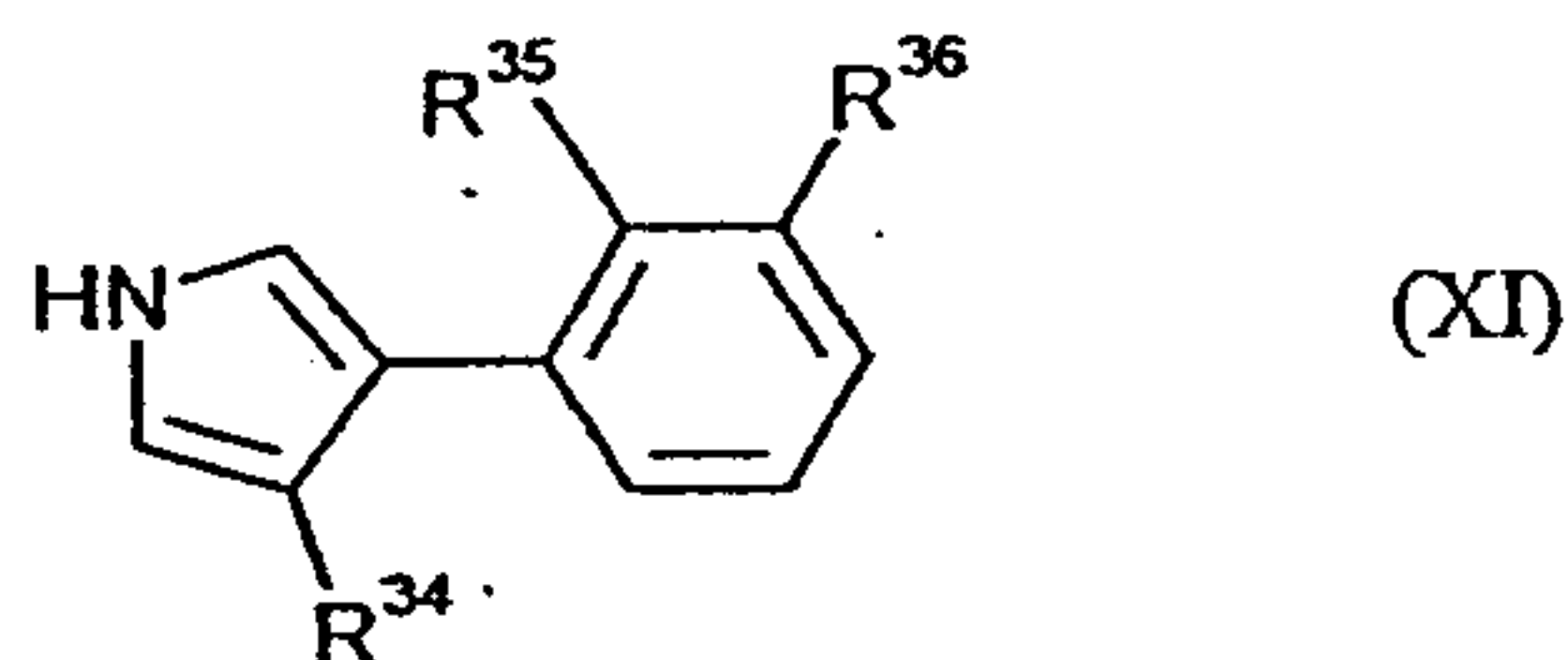
(14-3) triazoxide

(14-4) pefurazoate

Group (15): Morpholines of the general formula (X)

5

in which

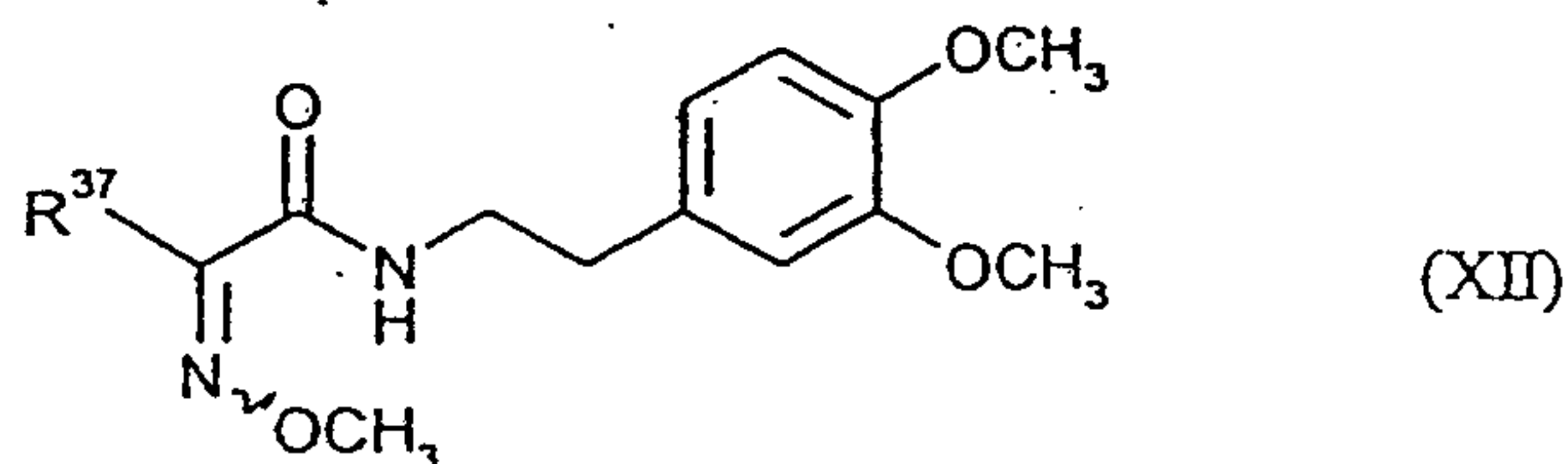
 R^{31} and R^{32} independently of one another represent hydrogen or methyl, R^{33} represents C_1 - C_{14} -alkyl (preferably C_{12} - C_{14} -alkyl), C_5 - C_{12} -cycloalkyl (preferably C_{10} - C_{12} -cycloalkyl), phenyl- C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, which may be substituted in the phenyl moiety by halogen or10 C_1 - C_4 -alkyl or represents acrylyl which is substituted by chlorophenyl and dimethoxyphenyl;Group (16): Pyrroles of the general formula (XI)

in which

15 R^{34} represents chlorine or cyano, R^{35} represents chlorine or nitro, R^{36} represents chlorine, R^{35} and R^{36} furthermore together represent $-O-CF_2-O-$;20 Group (17): Phosphonates selected from

(17-1) fosetyl-Al

(17-2) phosphonic acid;

Group (18): Phenylethanamides of the general formula (XII)

25

in which

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R³⁷ represents unsubstituted or fluorine-, chlorine-, bromine-, methyl- or ethyl-substituted phenyl, 2-naphthyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthyl or indanyl;

Group (19): Fungicides selected from

- 5 (19-1) acibenzolar-S-methyl
- (19-2) chlorothalonil
- (19-3) cymoxanil
- (19-4) edifenphos
- (19-5) famoxadone
- 10 (19-6) fluazinam
- (19-7) copper oxychloride
- (19-8) copper hydroxide
- (19-9) oxadixyl
- (19-10) spiroxamine
- 15 (19-11) dithianon
- (19-12) metrafenone
- (19-13) fenamidone
- (19-14) 2,3-dibutyl-6-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one
- (19-15) probenazole
- 20 (19-16) isoprothiolane
- (19-17) kasugamycin
- (19-18) phthalide
- (19-19) ferimzone
- (19-20) tricyclazole
- 25 (19-21) N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
- (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide

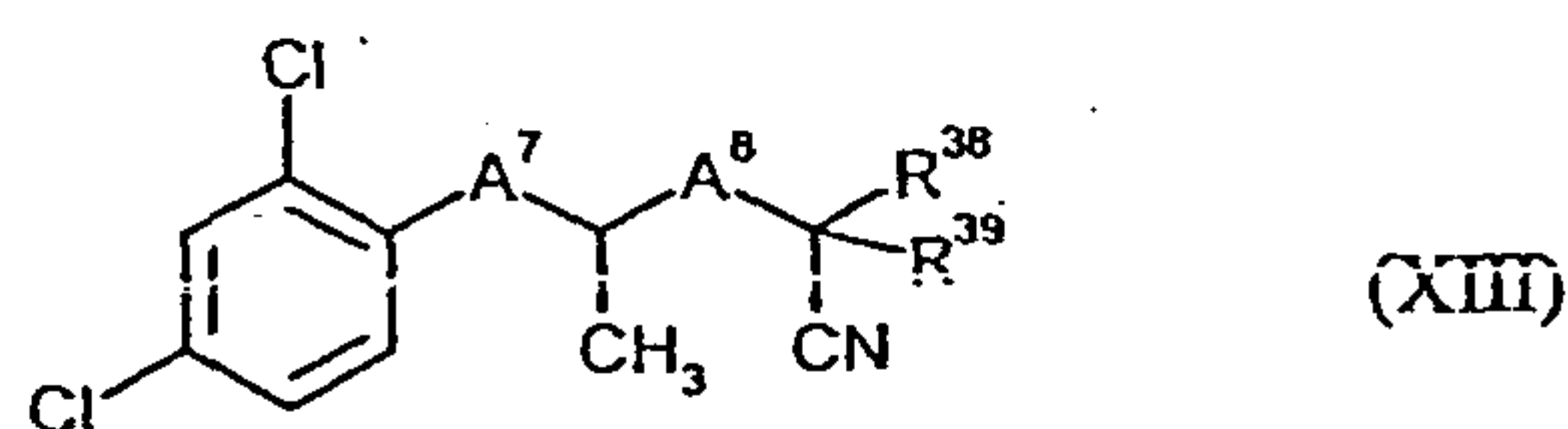
Group (20): (Thio)urea derivatives selected from

- 30 (20-1) pencycuron
- (20-2) thiophanate-methyl
- (20-3) thiophanate-ethyl

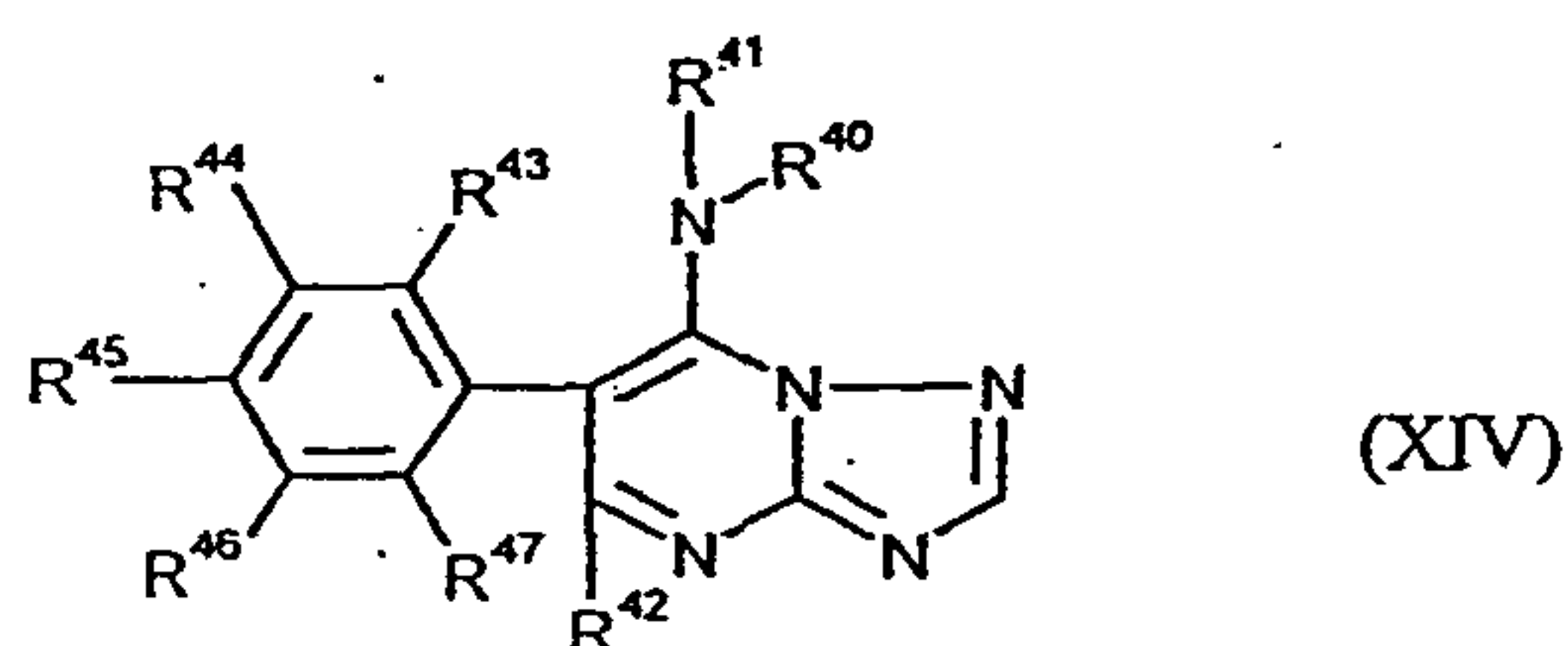
Group (21): Amides of the general formula (XIII)

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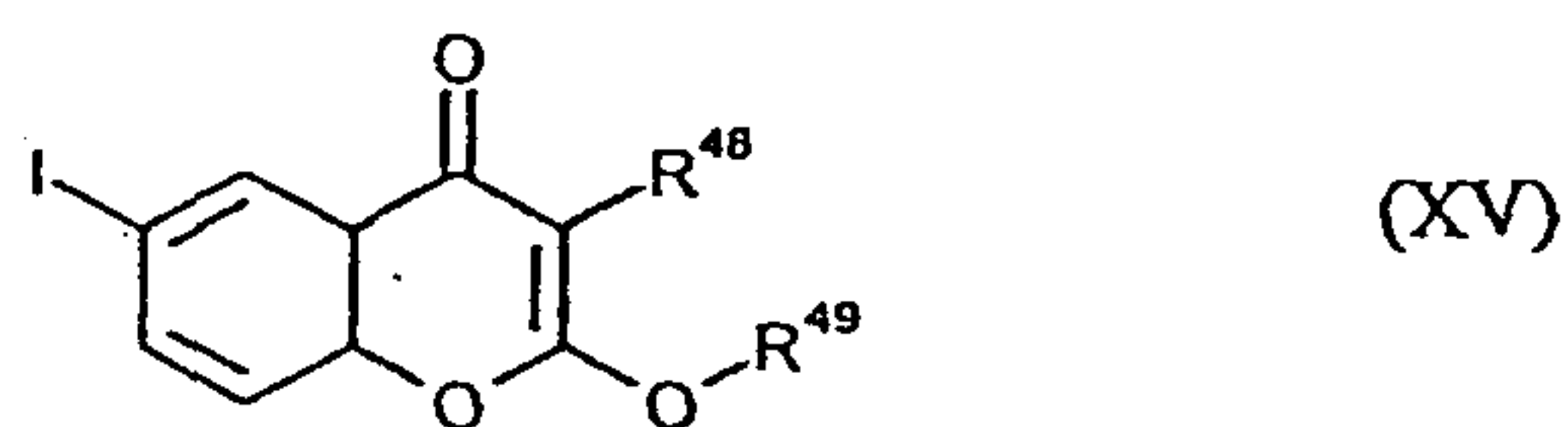
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in which

A⁷ represents a direct bond or -O-,A⁸ represents -C(=O)NH- or -NHC(=O)-,5 R³⁸ represents hydrogen or C₁-C₄-alkyl,R³⁹ represents C₁-C₆-alkyl;Group (22): Triazolopyrimidines of the general formula (XIV)

10 in which

R⁴⁰ represents C₁-C₆-alkyl or C₂-C₆-alkenyl,R⁴¹ represents C₁-C₆-alkyl,R⁴⁰ and R⁴¹ furthermore together represent C₄-C₅-alkanediyl (alkylene) which is mono- or disubstituted by C₁-C₆-alkyl,15 R⁴² represents bromine or chlorine,R⁴³ and R⁴⁷ independently of one another represent hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or methyl,R⁴⁴ and R⁴⁶ independently of one another represent hydrogen or fluorine,R⁴⁵ represents hydrogen, fluorine or methyl,20 Group (23): Iodochromones of the general formula (XV)

in which

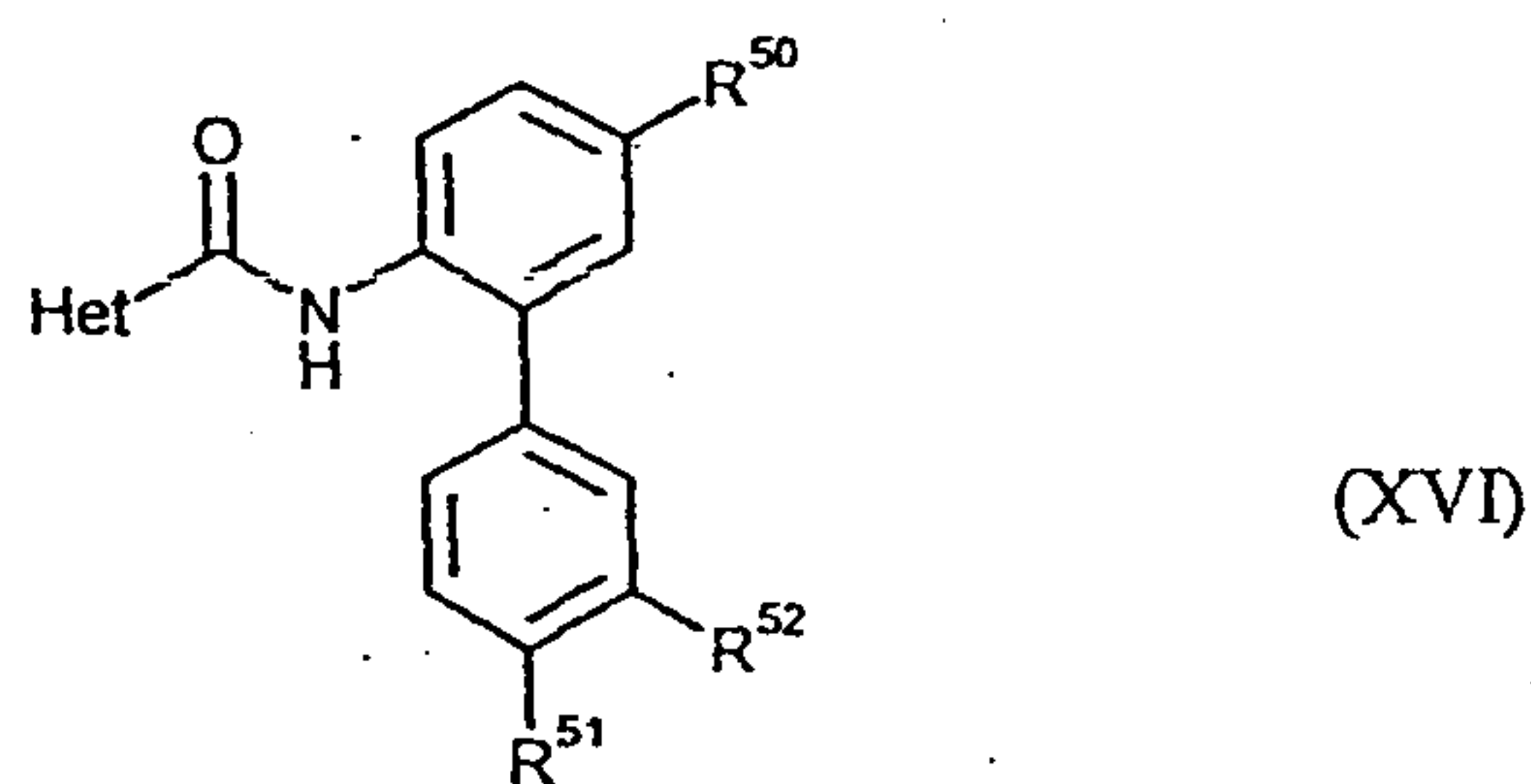
R⁴⁸ represents C₁-C₆-alkyl,R⁴⁹ represents C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₂-C₆-alkenyl or C₂-C₆-alkynyl;

25

Group (24): Biphenylcarboxamides of the general formula (XVI)

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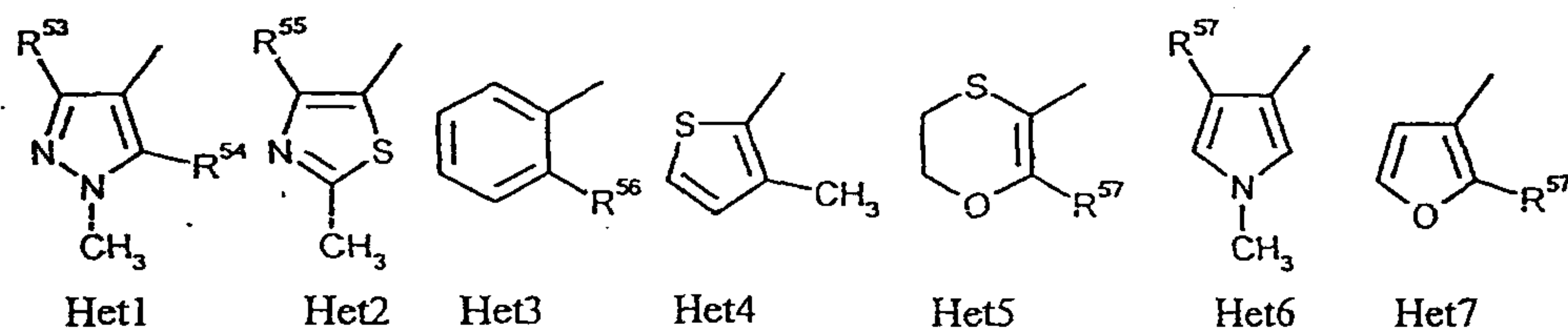
in which

R^{50} represents hydrogen or fluorine,

R^{51} represents fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy,
 5 $-\text{CH}=\text{N}-\text{OMe}$ or $-\text{C}(\text{Me})=\text{N}-\text{OMe}$,

R^{52} represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, methyl or trifluoromethyl,

Het represents one of the radicals Het1 to Het7 below:



R^{53} represents iodine, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,

10 R^{54} represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or methyl,

R^{55} represents methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,

R^{56} represents chlorine, bromine, iodine, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,

R^{57} represents methyl or trifluoromethyl.

15 Surprisingly, the fungicidal action of the active compound combinations according to the invention is considerably better than the sum of the activities of the individual active compound. Thus, an unforeseeable true synergistic effect is present, and not just an addition of actions.

The formula (I) provides a general definition of the compounds of group (I).

20

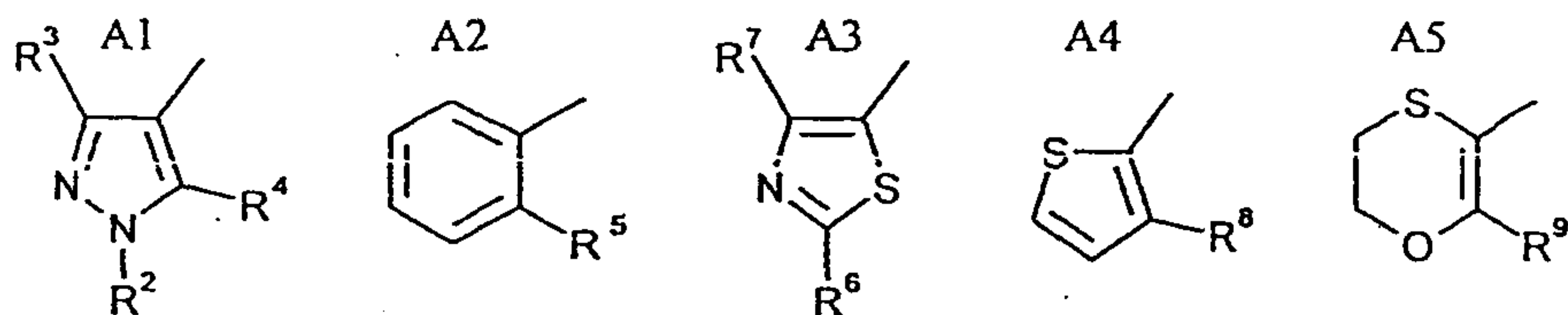
Preference is given to carboxamides of the formula (I) in which

R^1 represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, n-, isopropyl, monofluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, monochloromethyl, dichloromethyl or trichloromethyl,

25 A represents one of the radicals A1 to A5 below:

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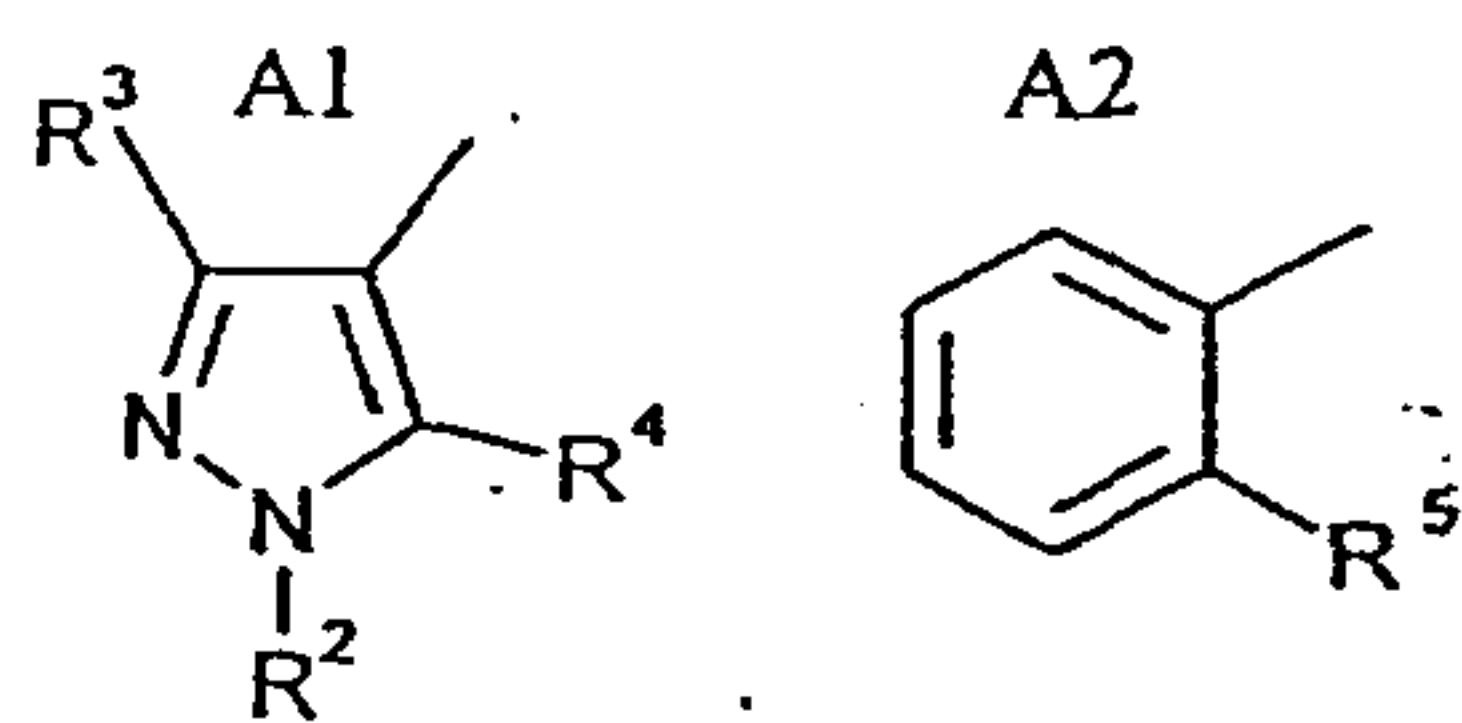


- R^2 represents methyl, ethyl, n- or isopropyl,
 R^3 represents iodine, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,
 R^4 represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or methyl,
 5 R^5 represents chlorine, bromine, iodine, methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,
 R^6 represents hydrogen, chlorine, methyl, amino or dimethylamino,
 R^7 represents methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,
 R^8 represents bromine or methyl,
 R^9 represents methyl or trifluoromethyl.

10

Particular preference is given to carboxamides of the formula (I) in which

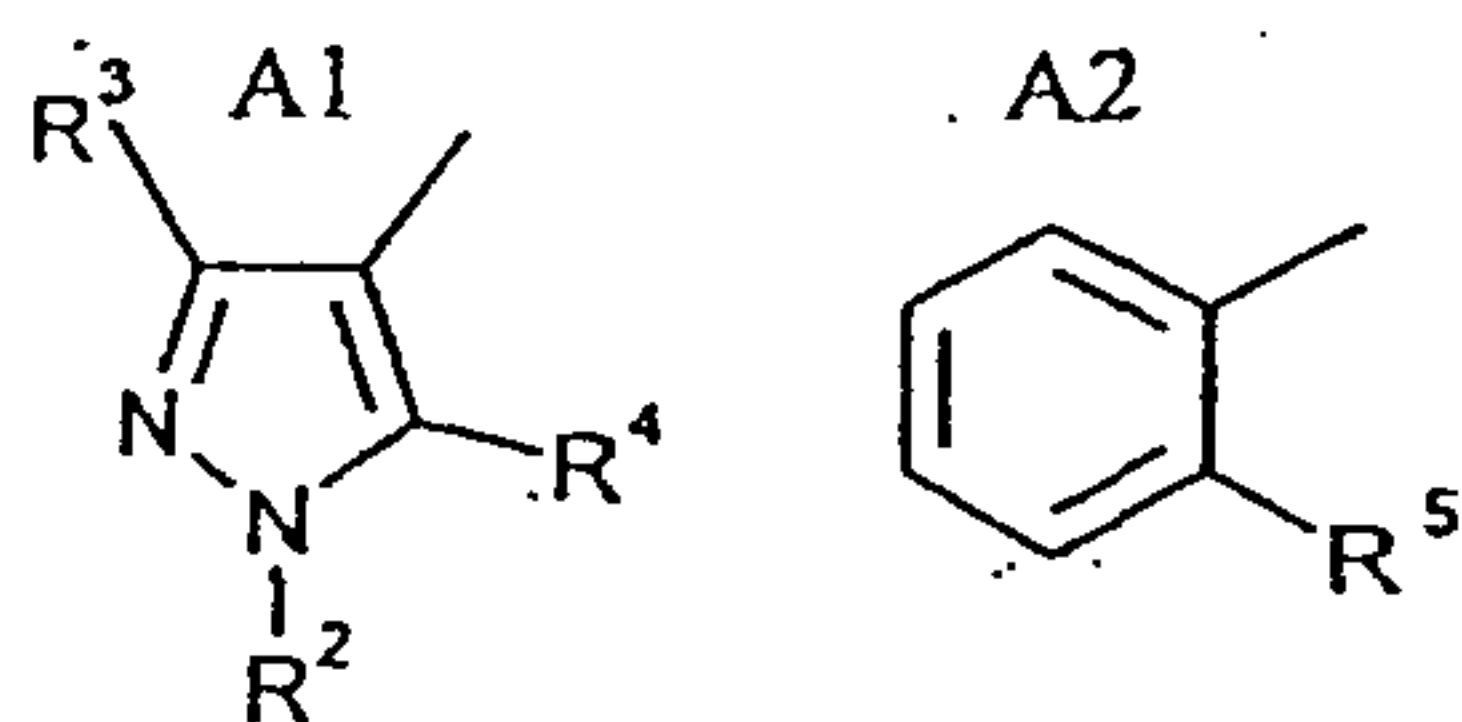
- R^1 represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl,
 A represents one of the radicals A1 or A2 below:



- 15 R^2 represents methyl or isopropyl,
 R^3 represents methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,
 R^4 represents hydrogen or fluorine,
 R^5 represents iodine, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl.

20 Very particular preference is given to carboxamides of the formula (I) in which

- R^1 represents hydrogen or methyl,
 A represents one of the radicals A1 or A2 below:

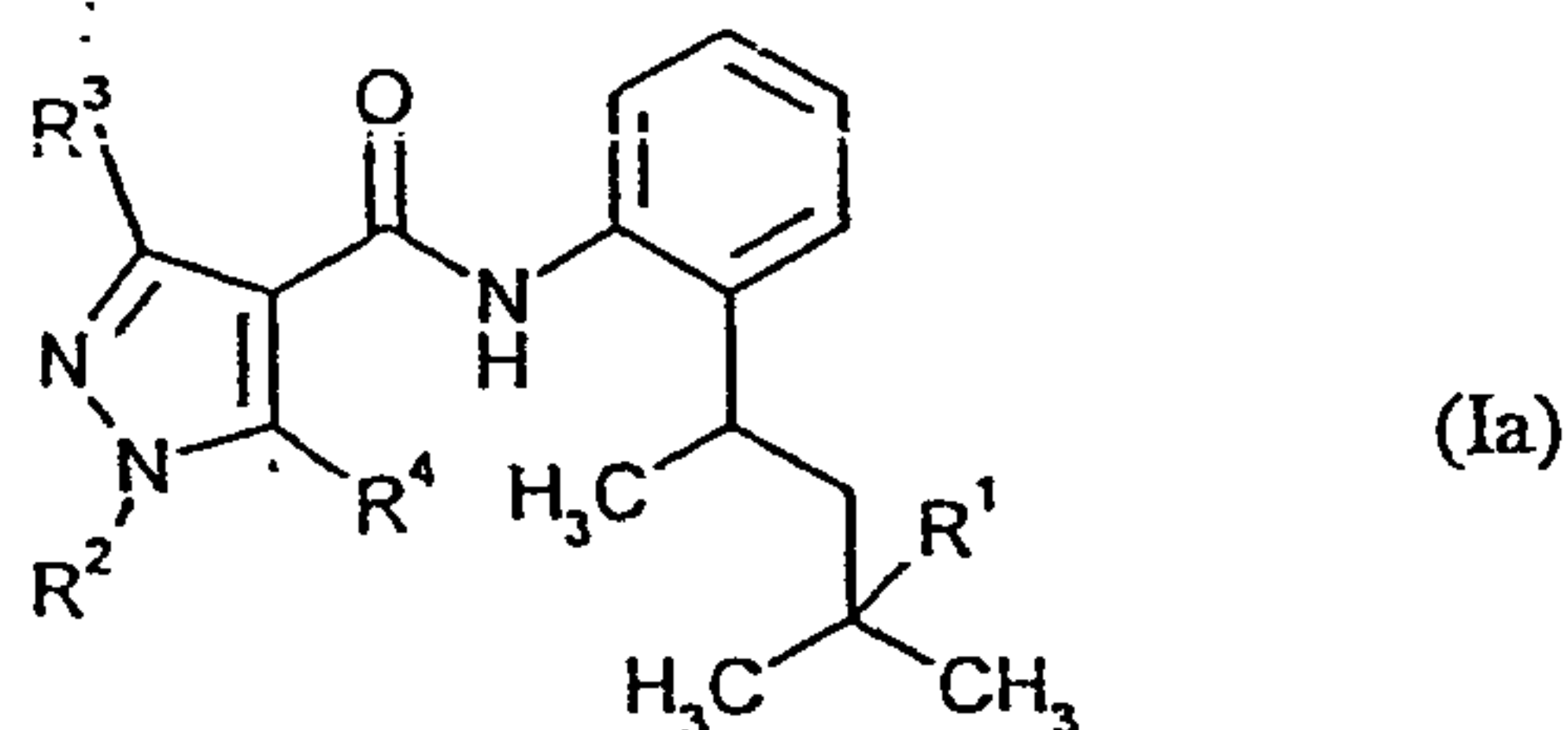


- 25 R^2 represents methyl,
 R^3 represents methyl,
 R^4 represents fluorine,
 R^5 represents iodine or trifluoromethyl.

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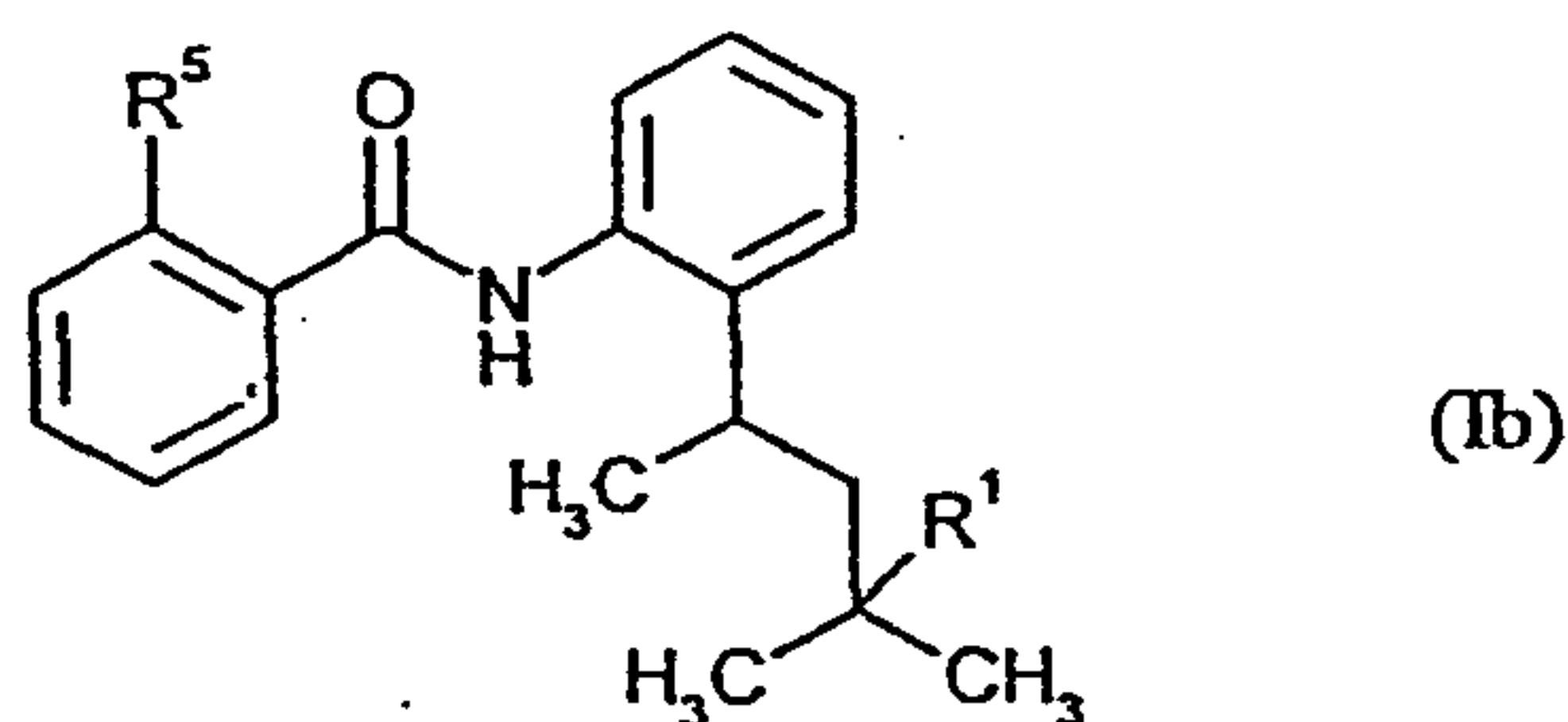
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Very particular preference is given to using, in mixtures, compounds of the formula (Ia)



in which R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are as defined above.

Very particular preference is given to using, in mixtures, compounds of the formula (Ib)



5

in which R¹ and R⁵ are as defined above.

The formula (I) embraces in particular the following preferred mixing partners of group (1):

- (1-1) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 10 (1-2) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
(known from WO 03/010149)
- (1-3) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
(known from JP-A 10-251240)
- (1-4) 3-(difluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 15 (1-5) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
carboxamide (known from DE-A 103 03 589)
- (1-6) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-chloro-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
carboxamide (known from JP-A 10-251240)
- (1-7) 1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 20 (1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
(known from WO 03/010149)
- (1-9) 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 25 (1-11) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
carboxamide (known from DE-A 103 03 589)

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- (1-12) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5-chloro-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from JP-A 10-251240)
- (1-13) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide
(known from DE-A 102 29 595)
- 5 (1-14) 2-iodo-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide
(known from DE-A 102 29 595)
- (1-15) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide
(known from DE-A 102 29 595)
- (1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide
10 (known from DE-A 102 29 595)

Emphasis is given to active compound combinations according to the invention which, in addition to the carboxamide (1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (group 1) contain one or more, preferably one, mixing partner of groups (2) to (24).

15

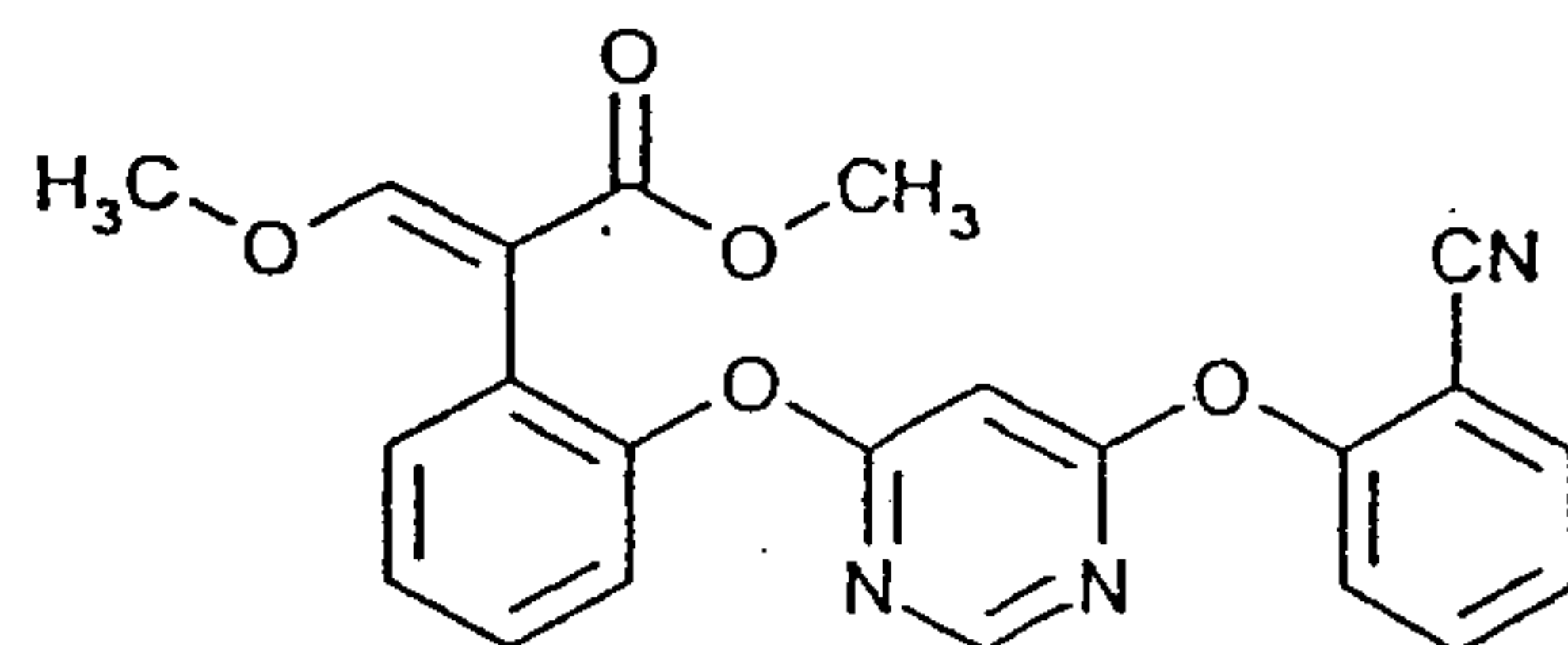
Emphasis is given to active compound combinations according to the invention which, in addition to the carboxamide (1-2) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (group 1) contain one or more, preferably one, mixing partner of groups (2) to (24).

20 Emphasis is given to active compound combinations according to the invention which, in addition to the carboxamide (1-15) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (group 1) contain one or more, preferably one, mixing partner of groups (2) to (24).

Emphasis is given to active compound combinations according to the invention which, in addition to
25 the carboxamide (1-13) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide (group 1) contain one or more, preferably one, mixing partner of groups (2) to (24).

The formula (II) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (2):

(2-1) azoxystrobin (known from EP-A 0 382 375) of the formula

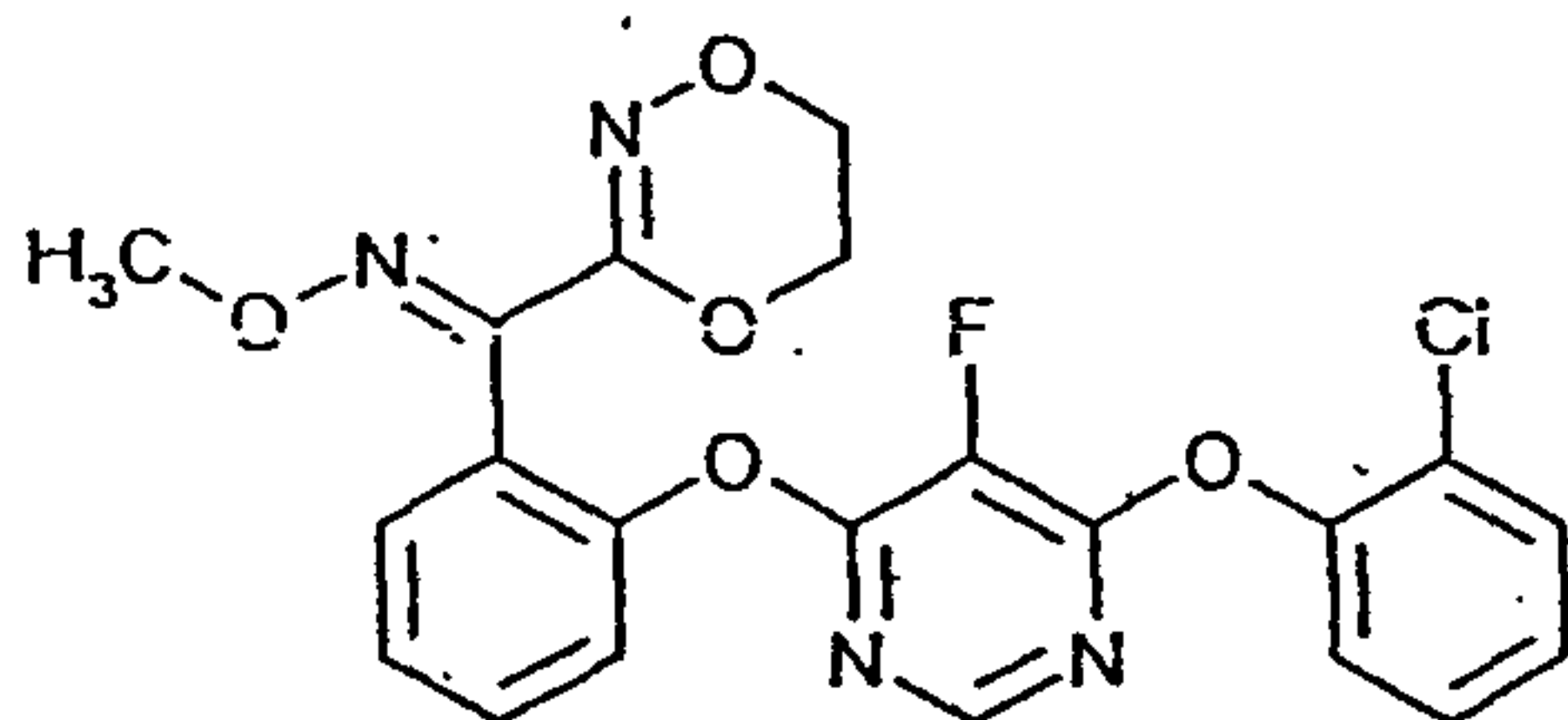


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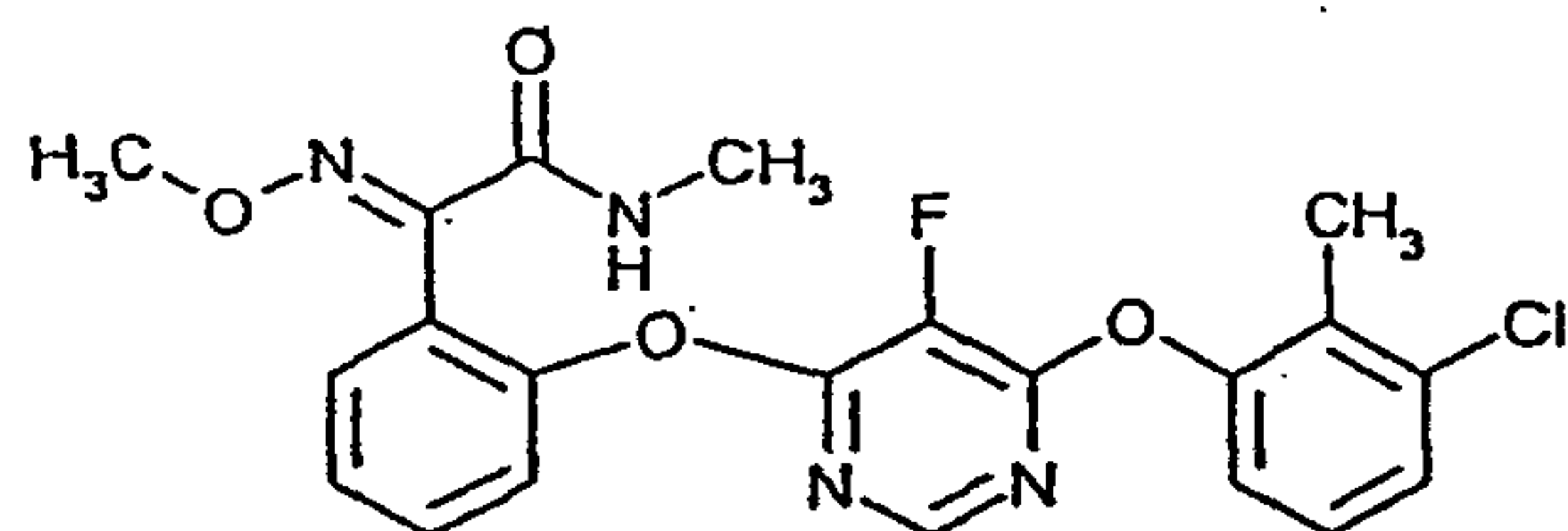
(2-2) fluoxastrobin (known from DE-A 196 02 095) of the formula

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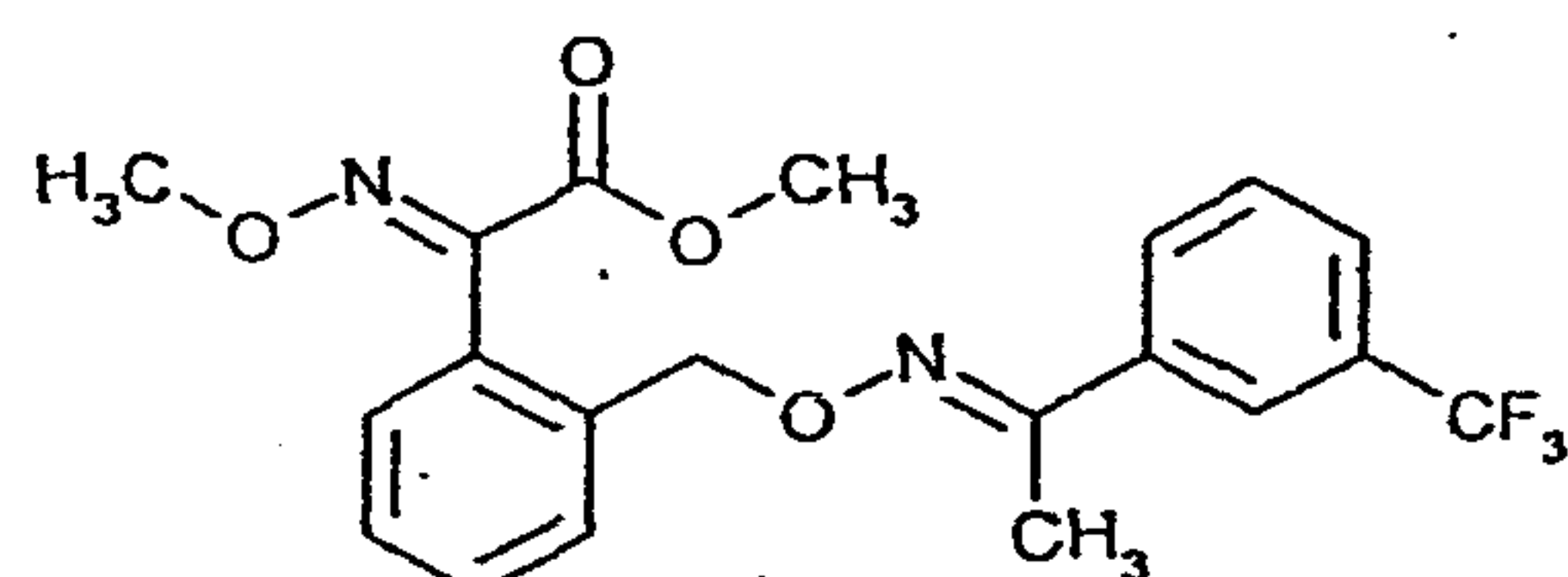
- 14 -



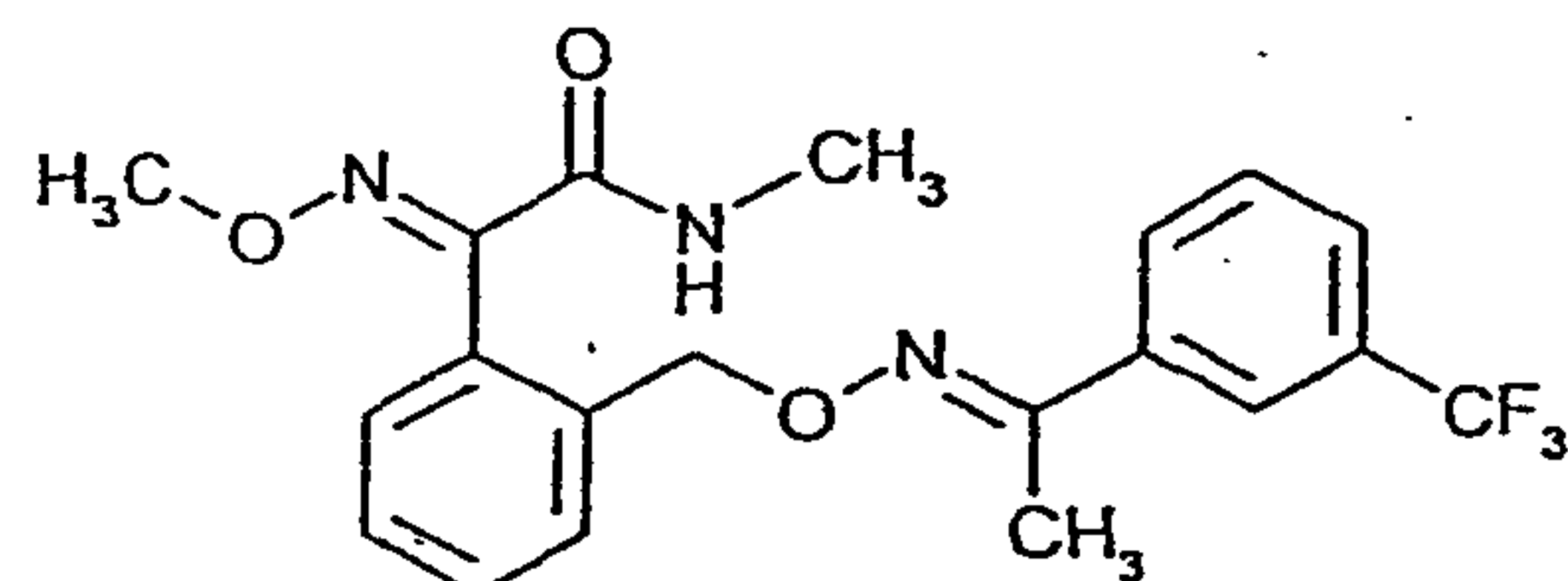
- (2-3) (2*E*)-2-(2-([6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy)phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methylethanamide (known from DE-A 196 46 407, EP-B 0 712 396) of the formula



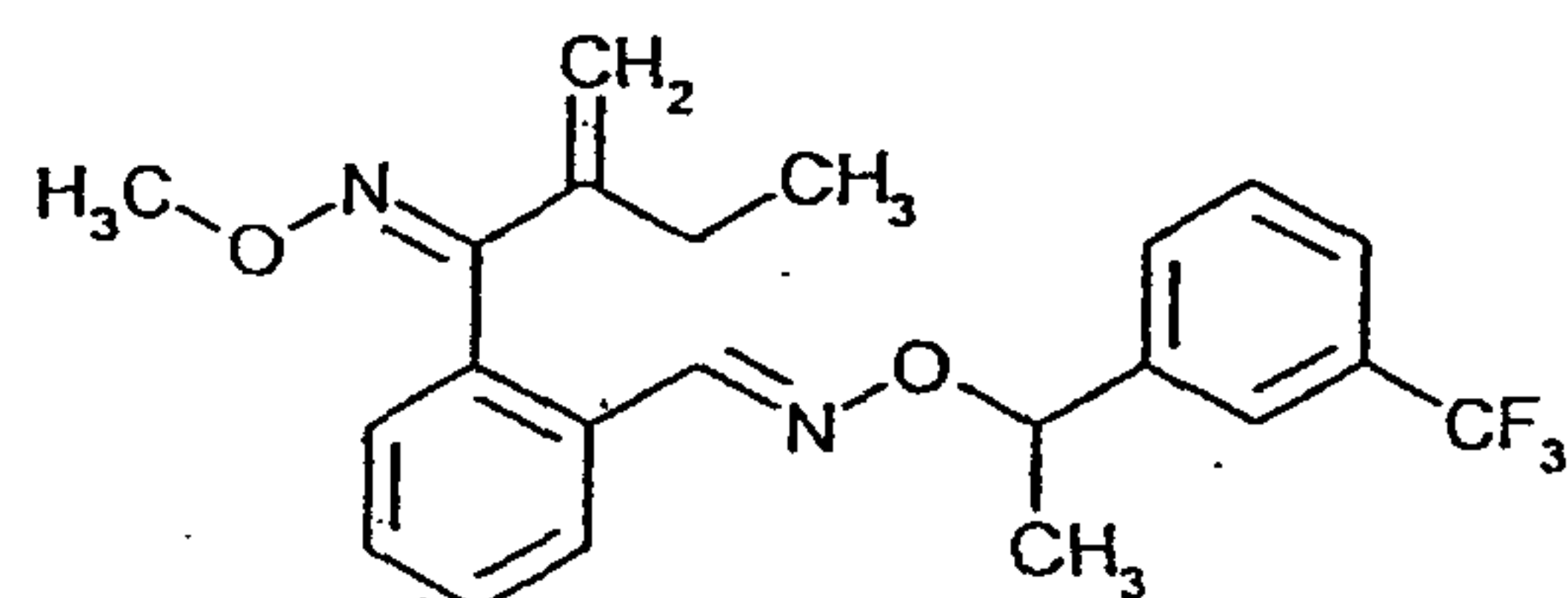
- 5 (2-4) trifloxystrobin (known from EP-A 0 460 575) of the formula



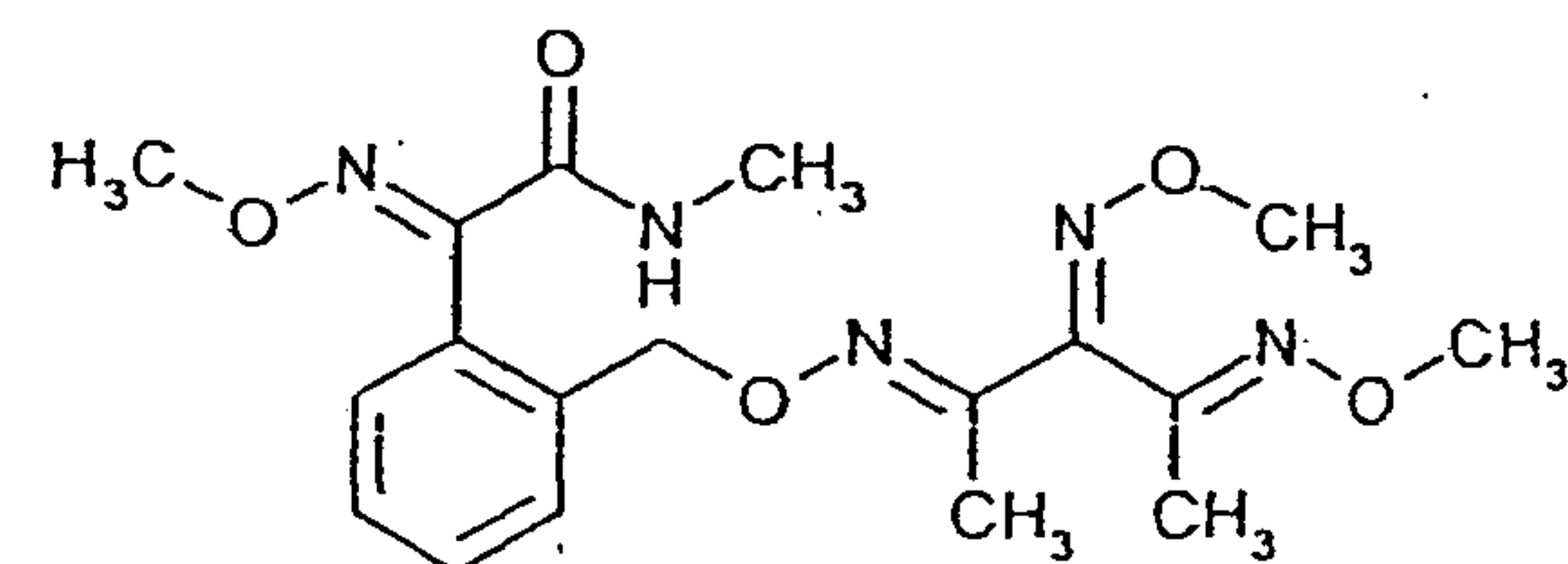
- (2-5) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-(2-([((1*E*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyliden)-amino)oxy)methyl]phenyl)ethanamide (known from EP-A 0 569 384) of the formula



- 10 (2-6) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-(2-[(*E*)-({1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethoxy} imino)-methyl]phenyl)ethanamide (known from EP-A 0 596 254) of the formula



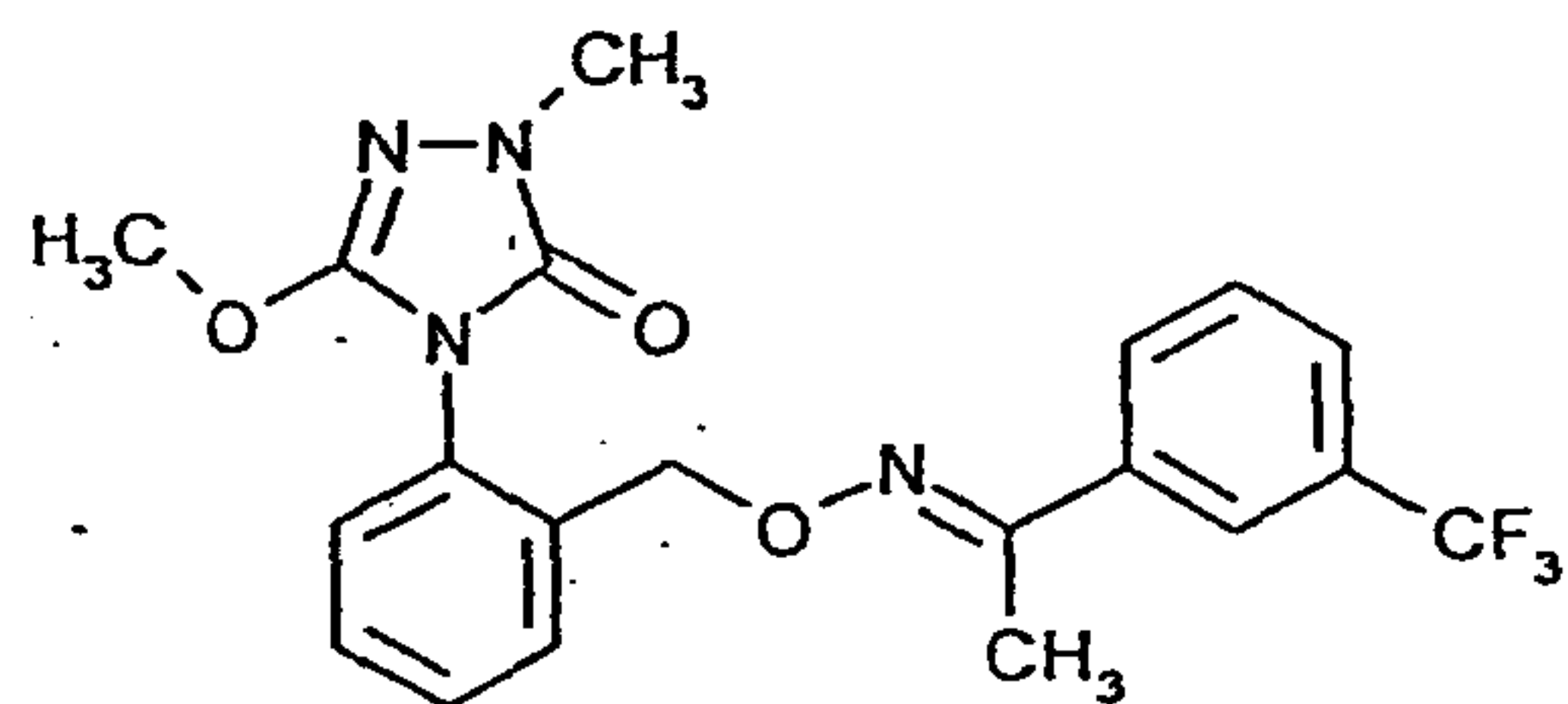
- (2-7) orysastrobin (known from DE-A 195 39 324) of the formula



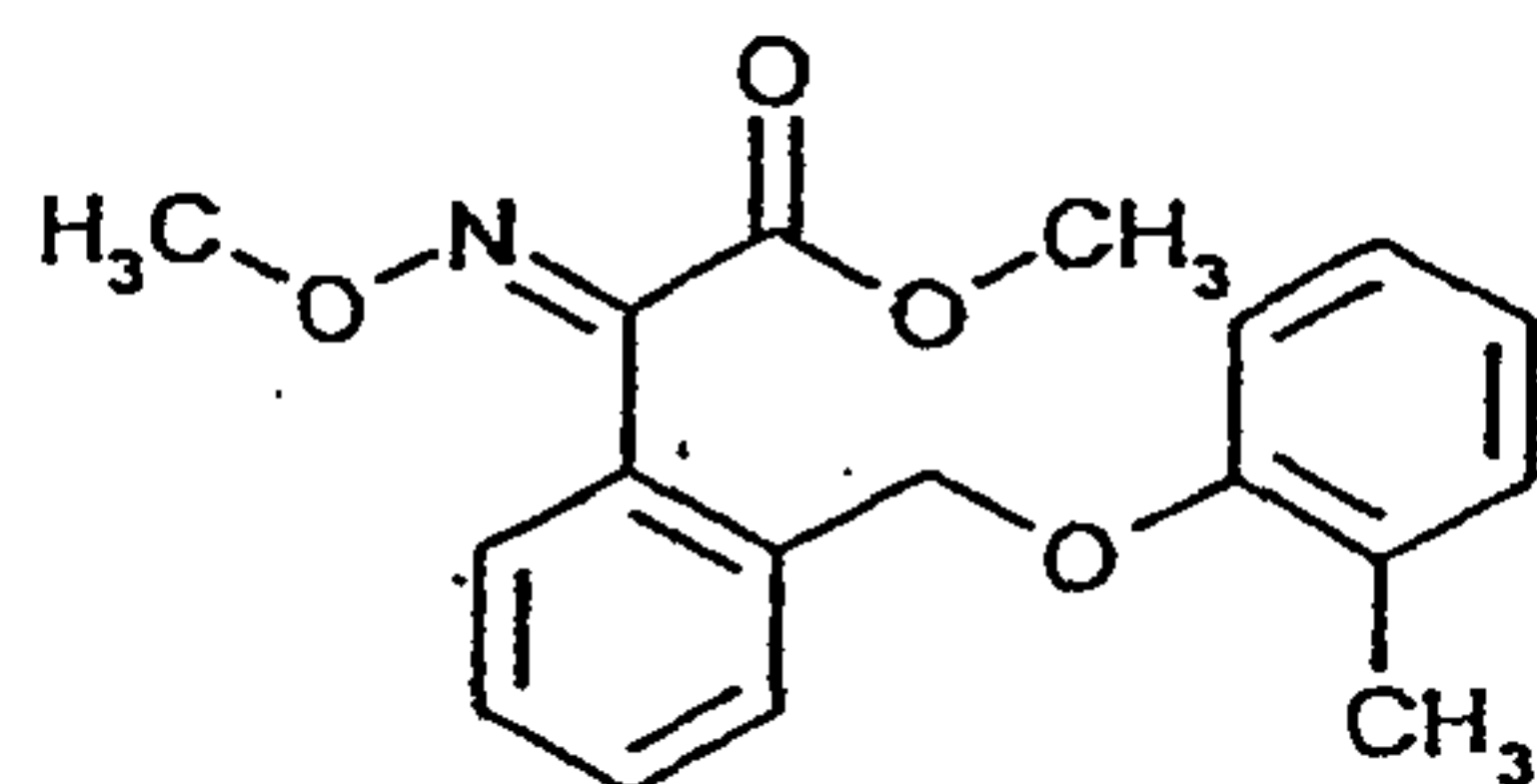
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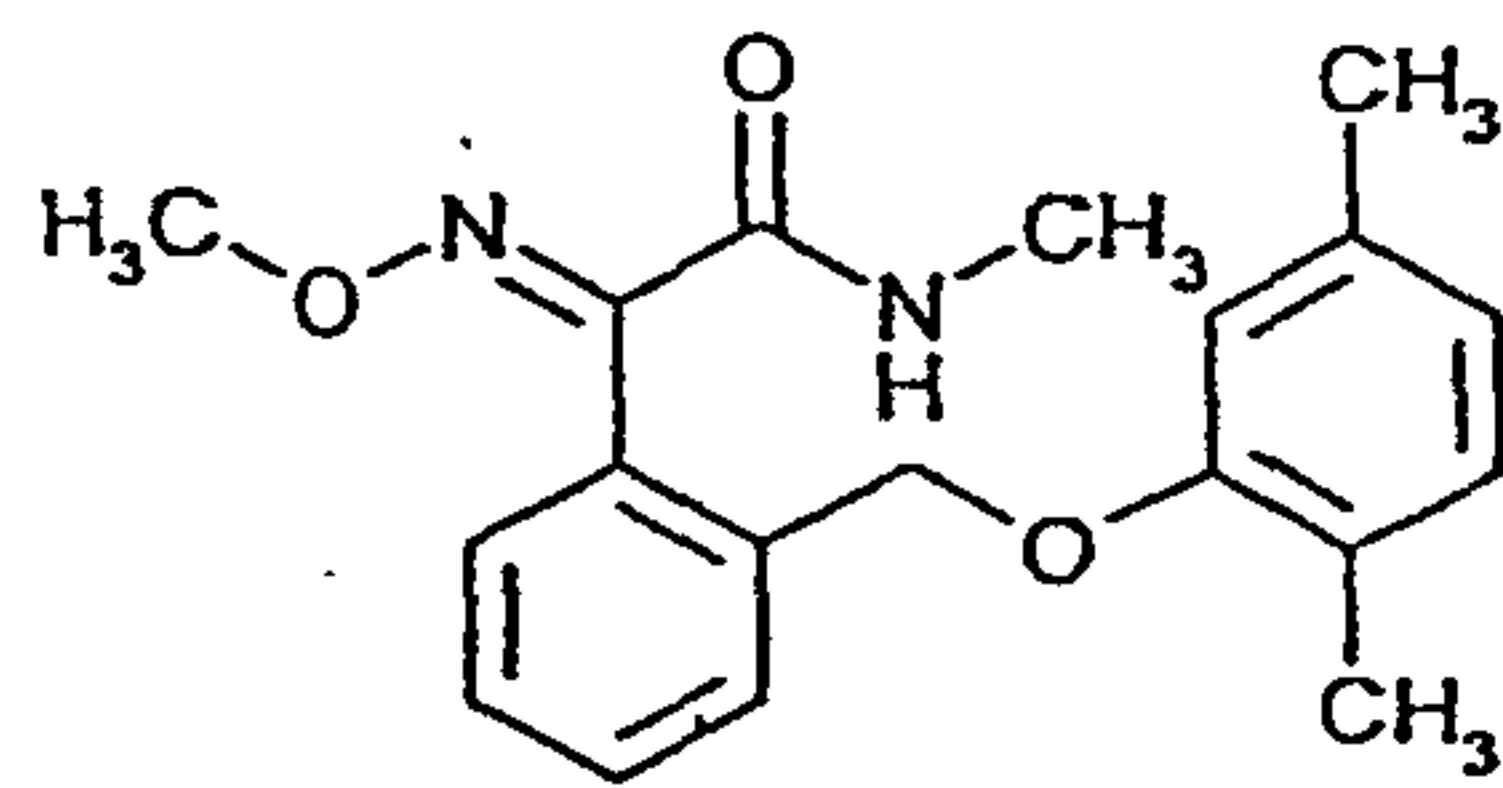
- (2-8) 5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-(2-((((1E)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyliden)amino)oxy)-methyl)phenyl)-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazol-3-one (known from WO 98/23155) of the formula



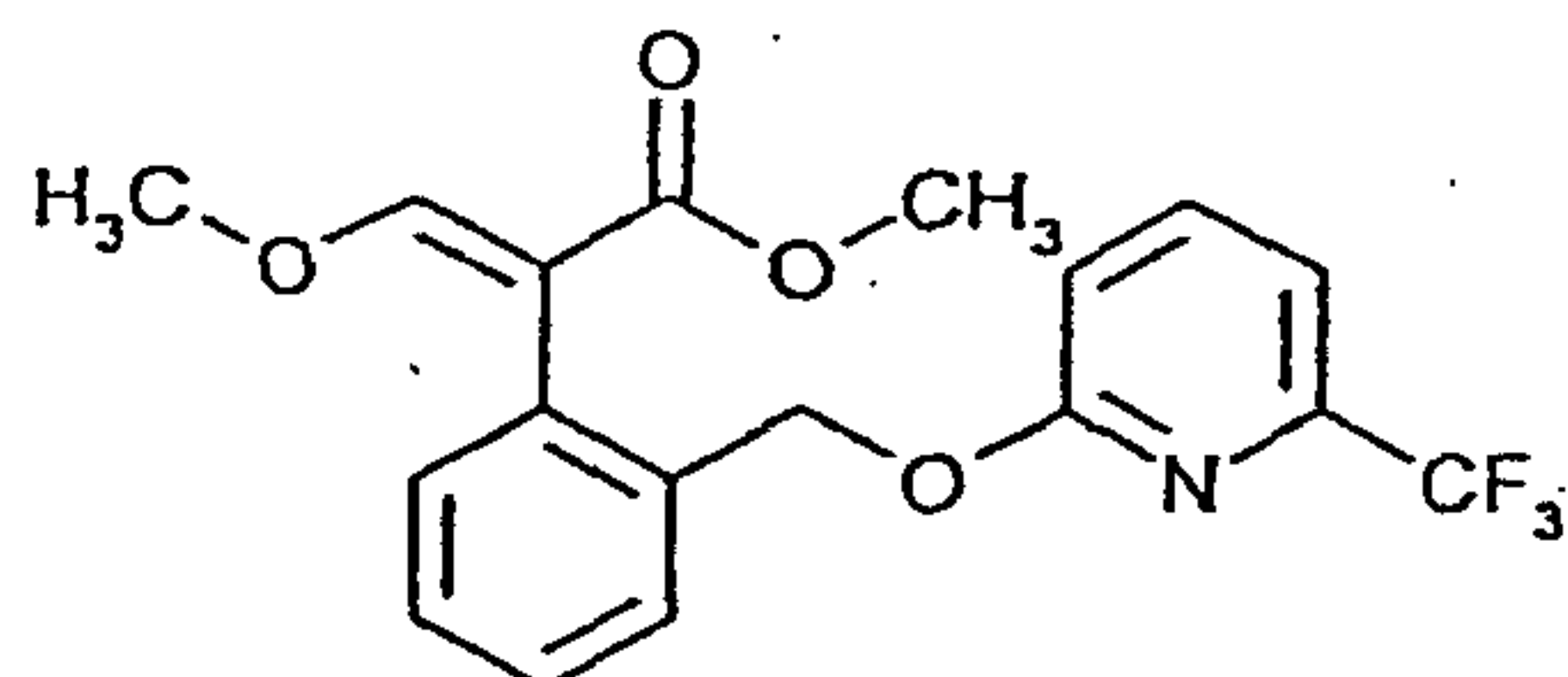
- 5 (2-9) kresoxim-methyl (known from EP-A 0 253 213) of the formula



- (2-10) dimoxystrobin (known from EP-A 0 398 692) of the formula

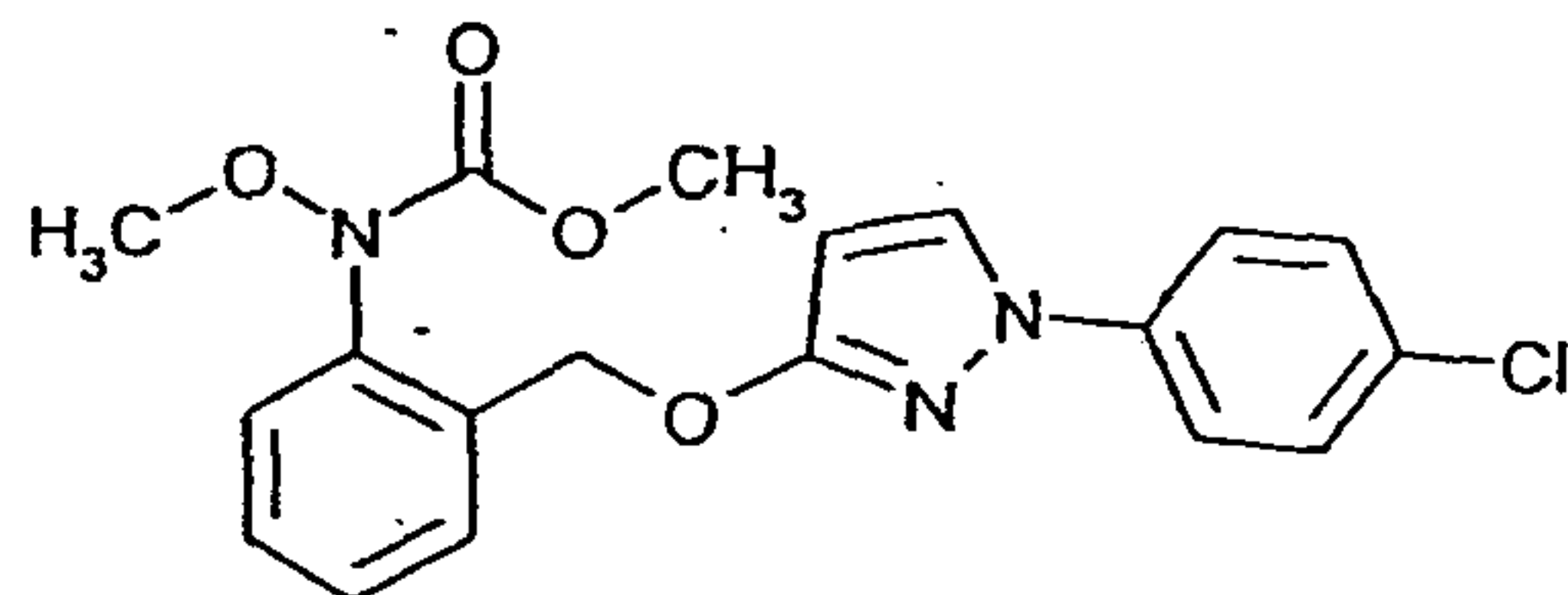


- (2-11) picoxystrobin (known from EP-A 0 278 595) of the formula

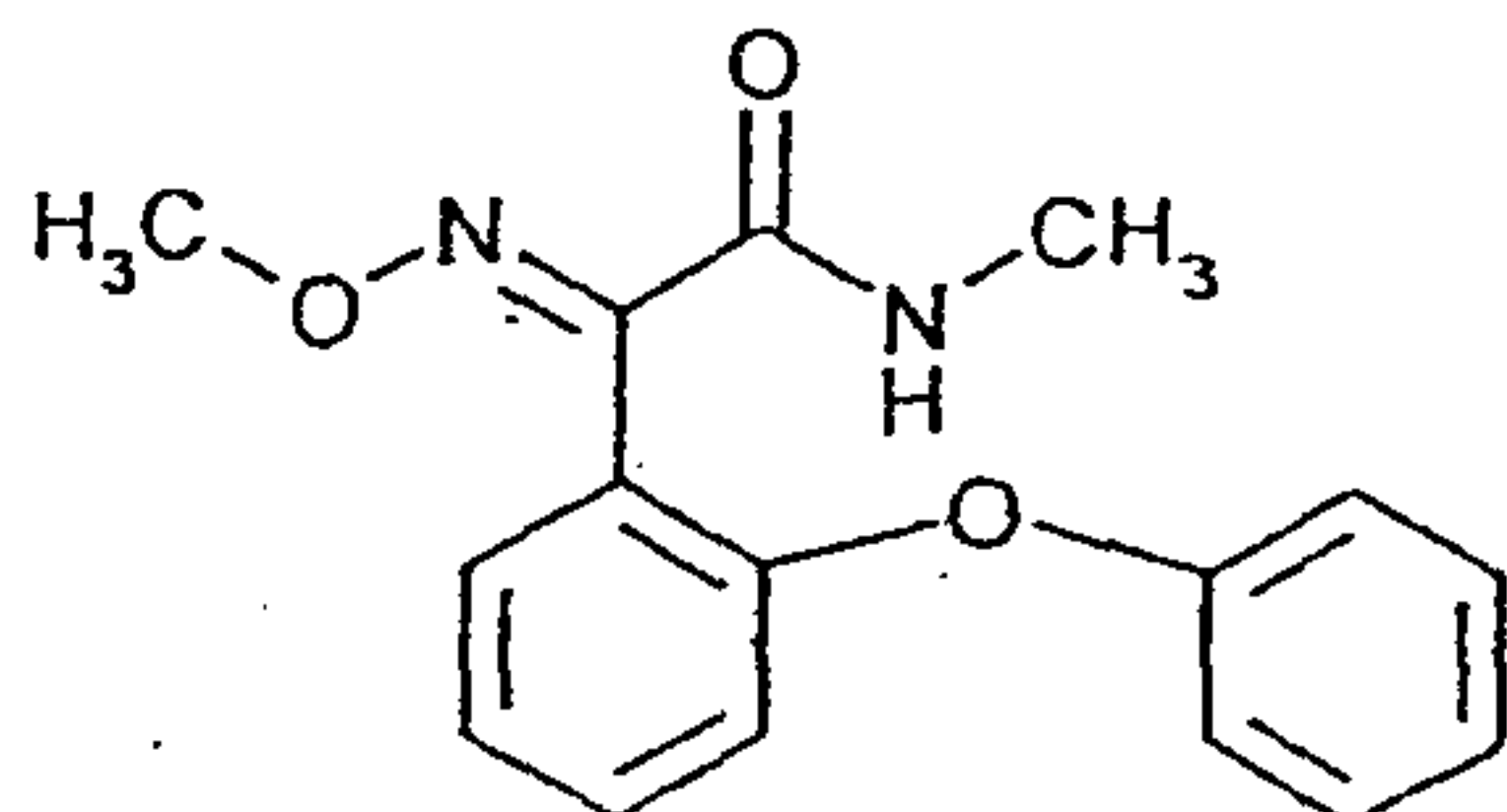


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- (2-12) pyraclostrobin (known from DE-A 44 23 612) of the formula



- (2-13) metominostrobin (known from EP-A 0 398 692) of the formula

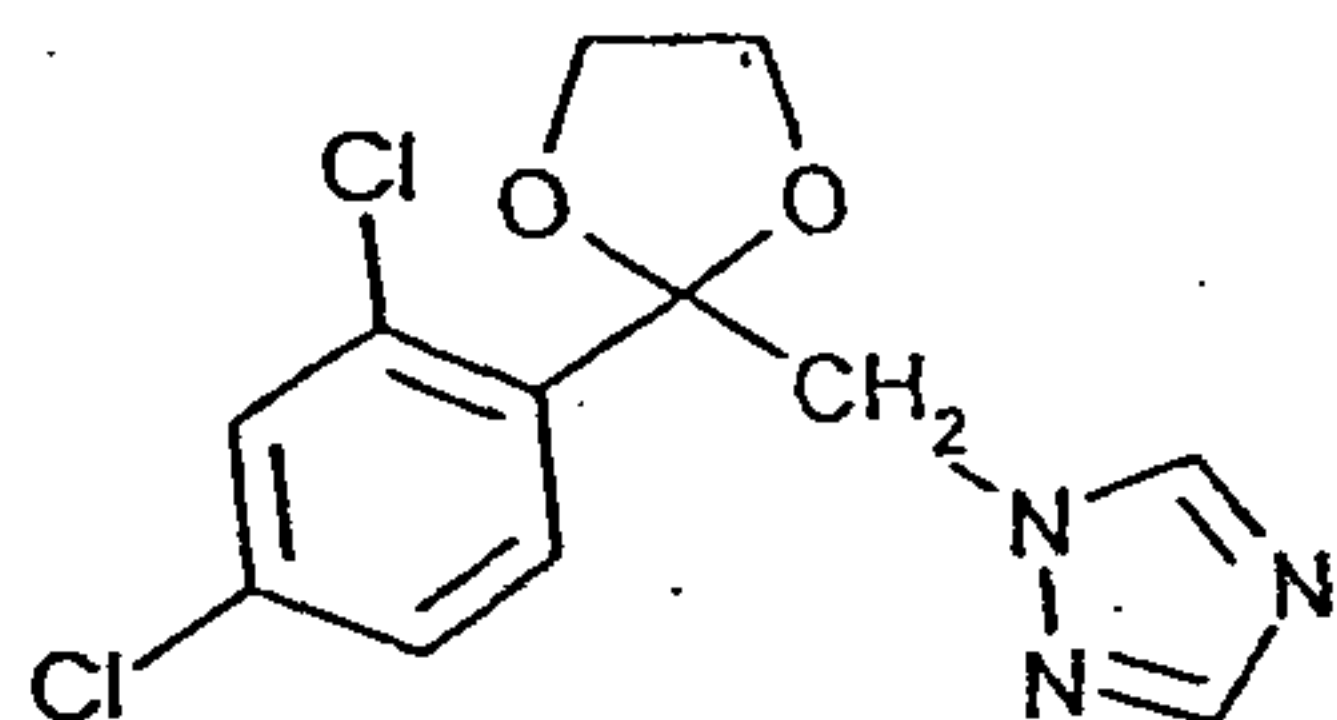


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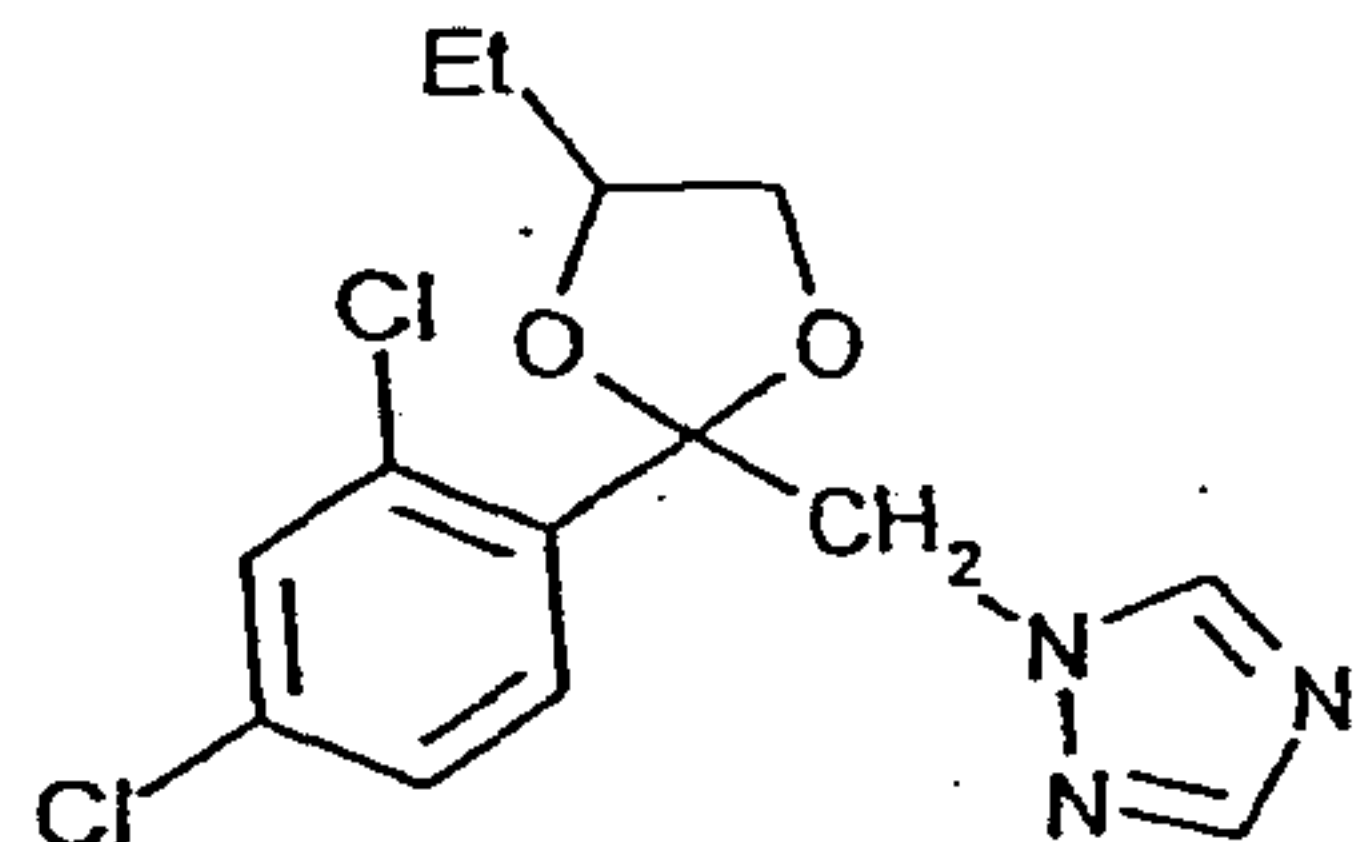
- 16 -

The formula (III) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (3):

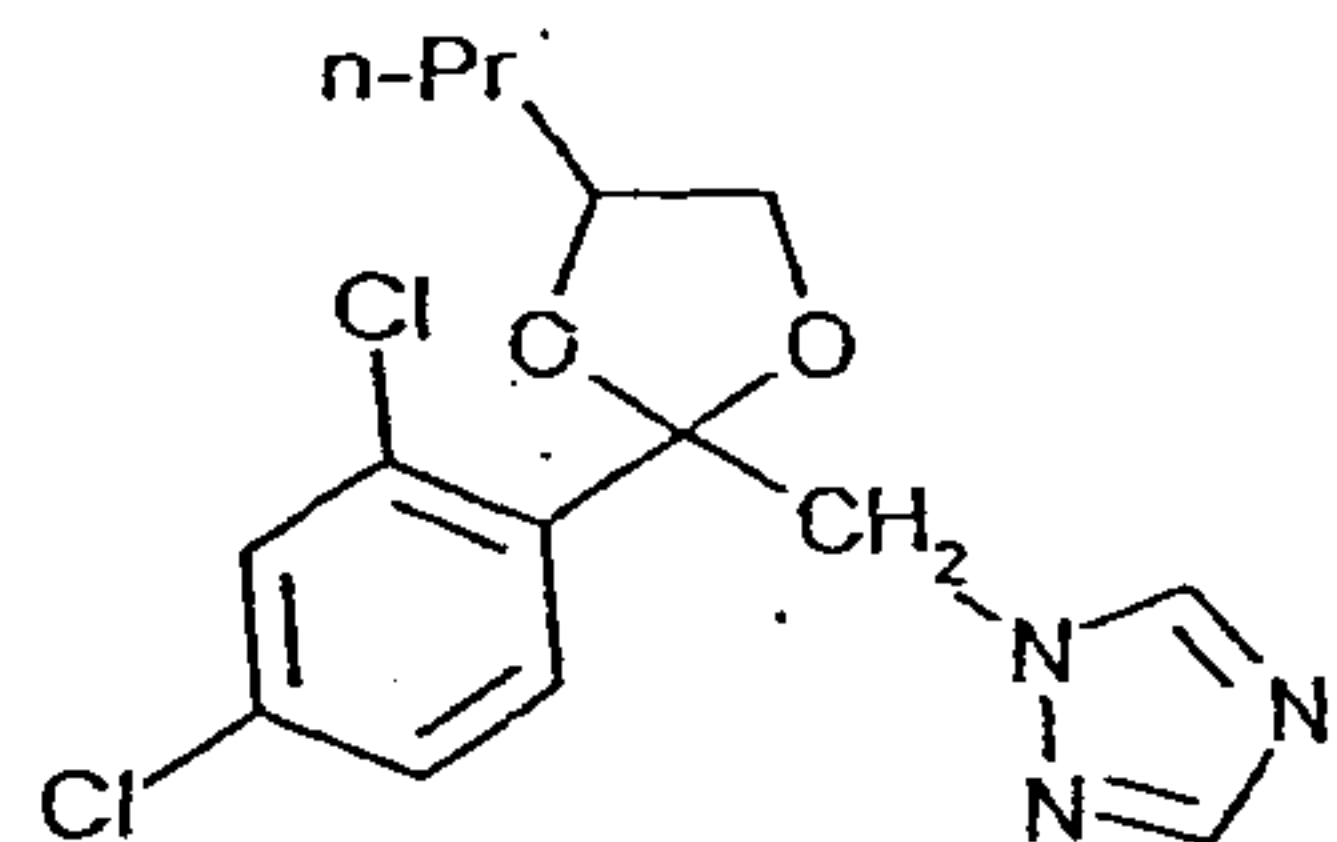
(3-1) azaconazole (known from DE-A 25 51 560) of the formula



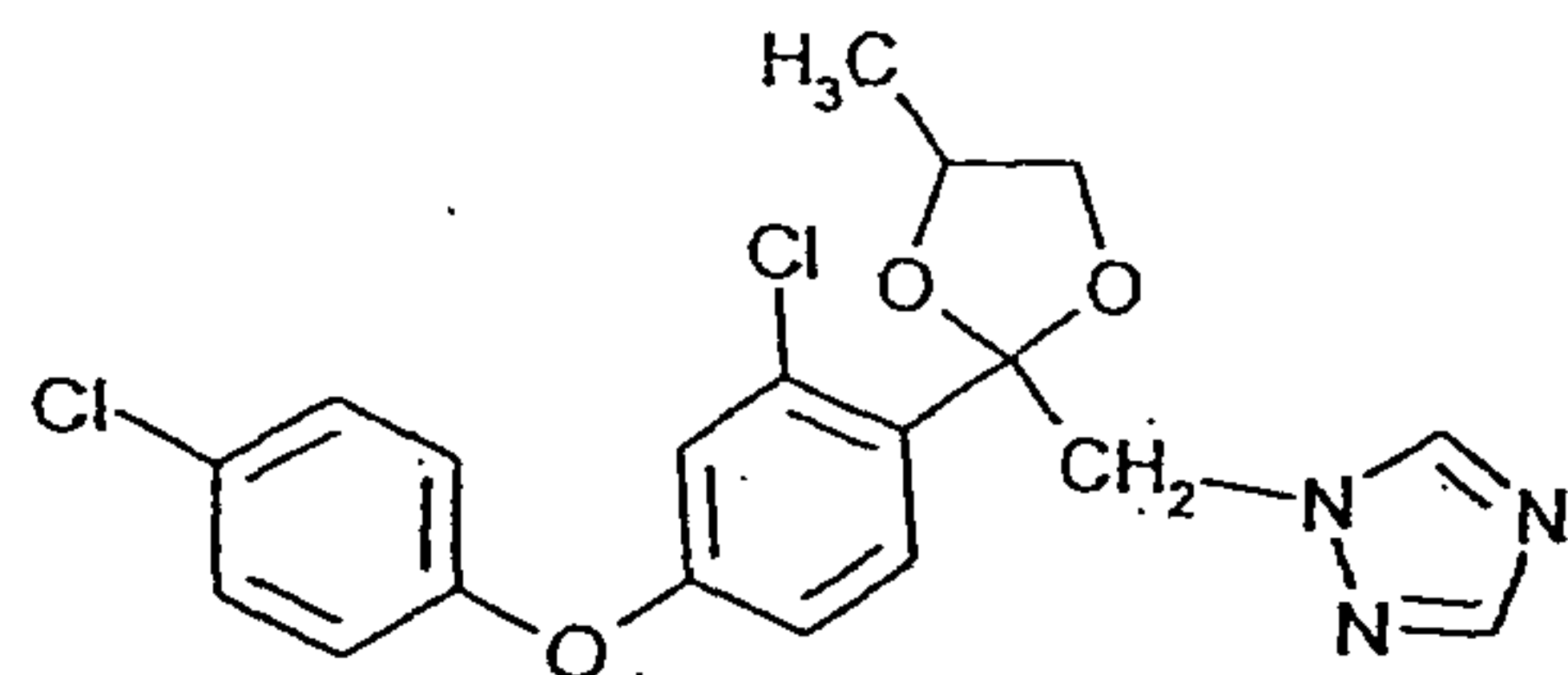
(3-2) etaconazole (known from DE-A 25 51 560) of the formula



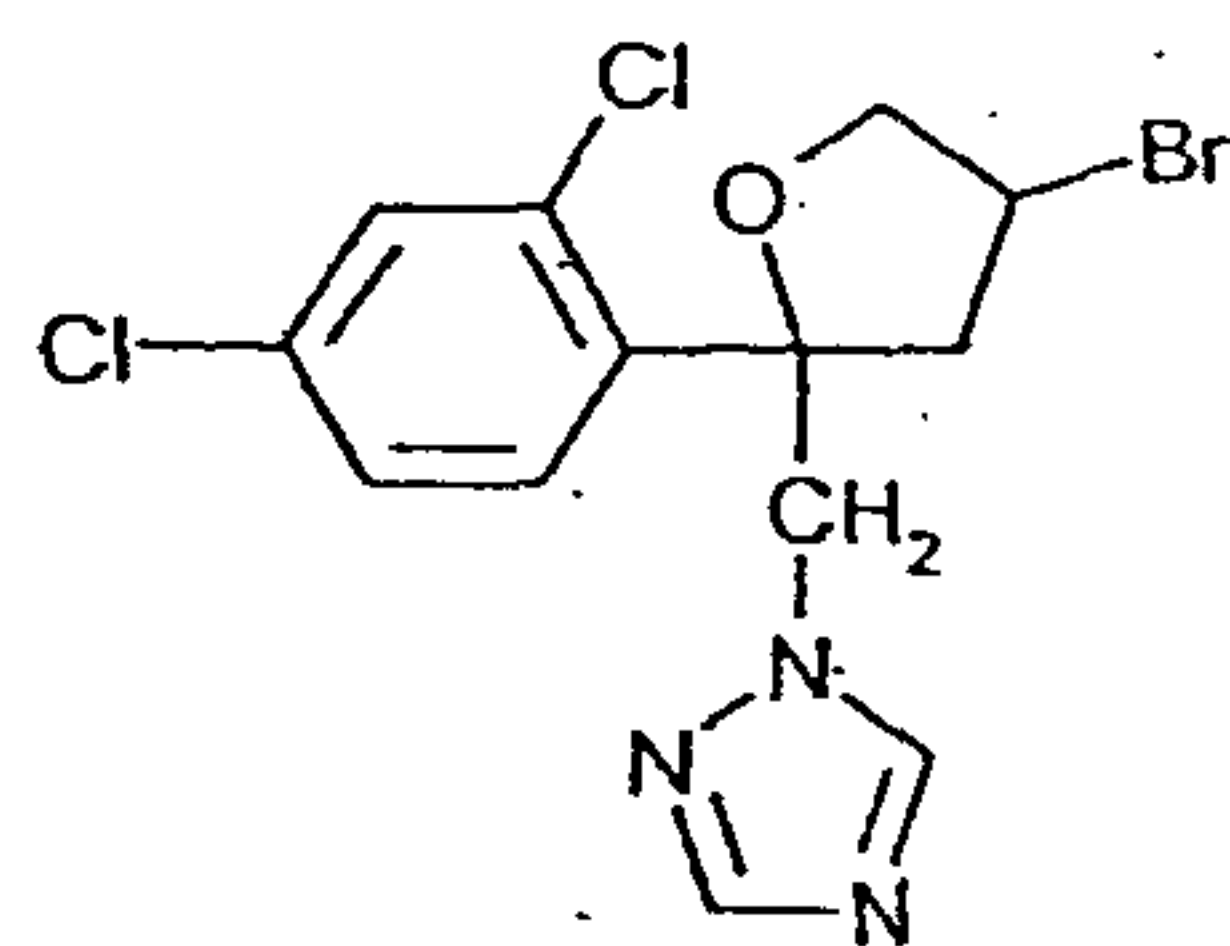
(3-3) propiconazole (known from DE-A 25 51 560) of the formula



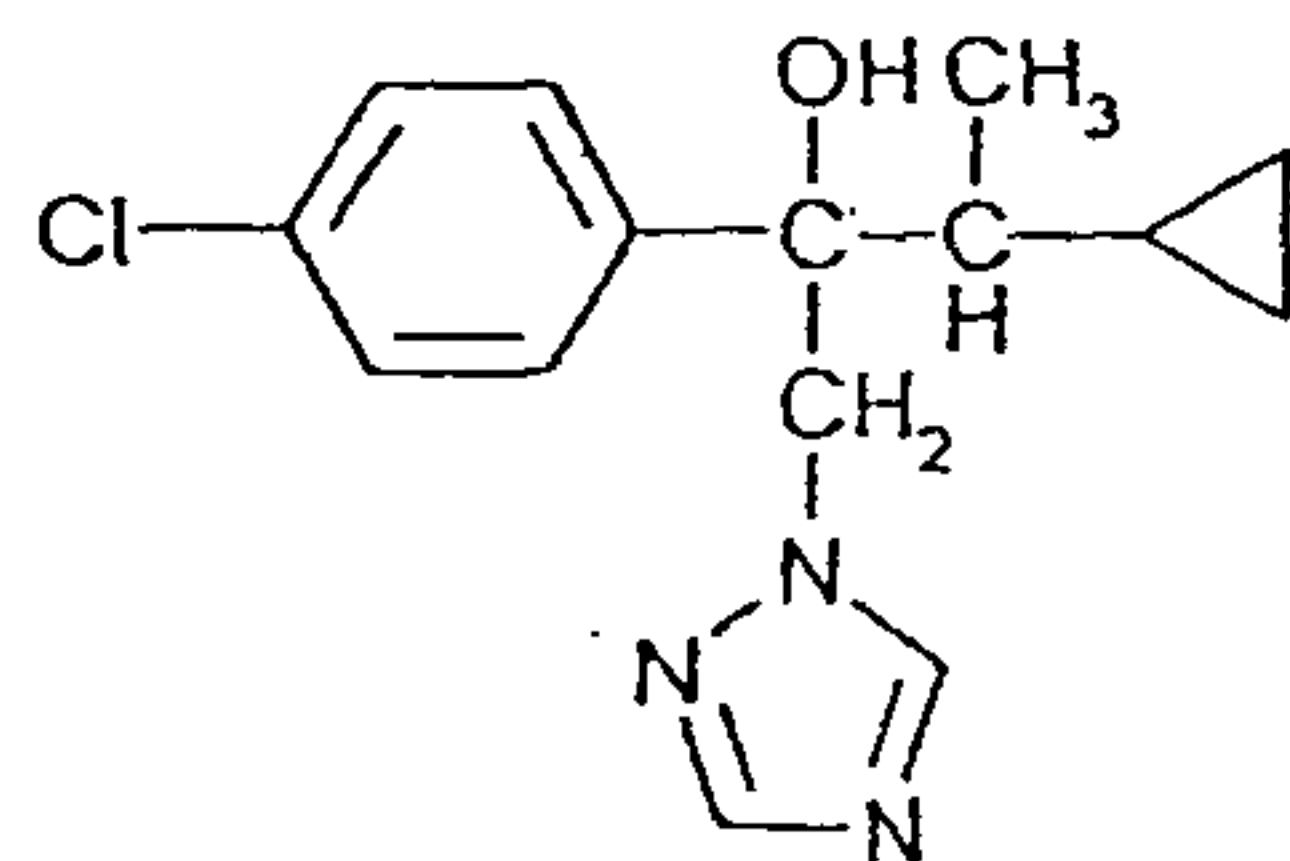
(3-4) difenoconazole (known from EP-A 0 112 284) of the formula



(3-5) bromuconazole (known from EP-A 0 258 161) of the formula



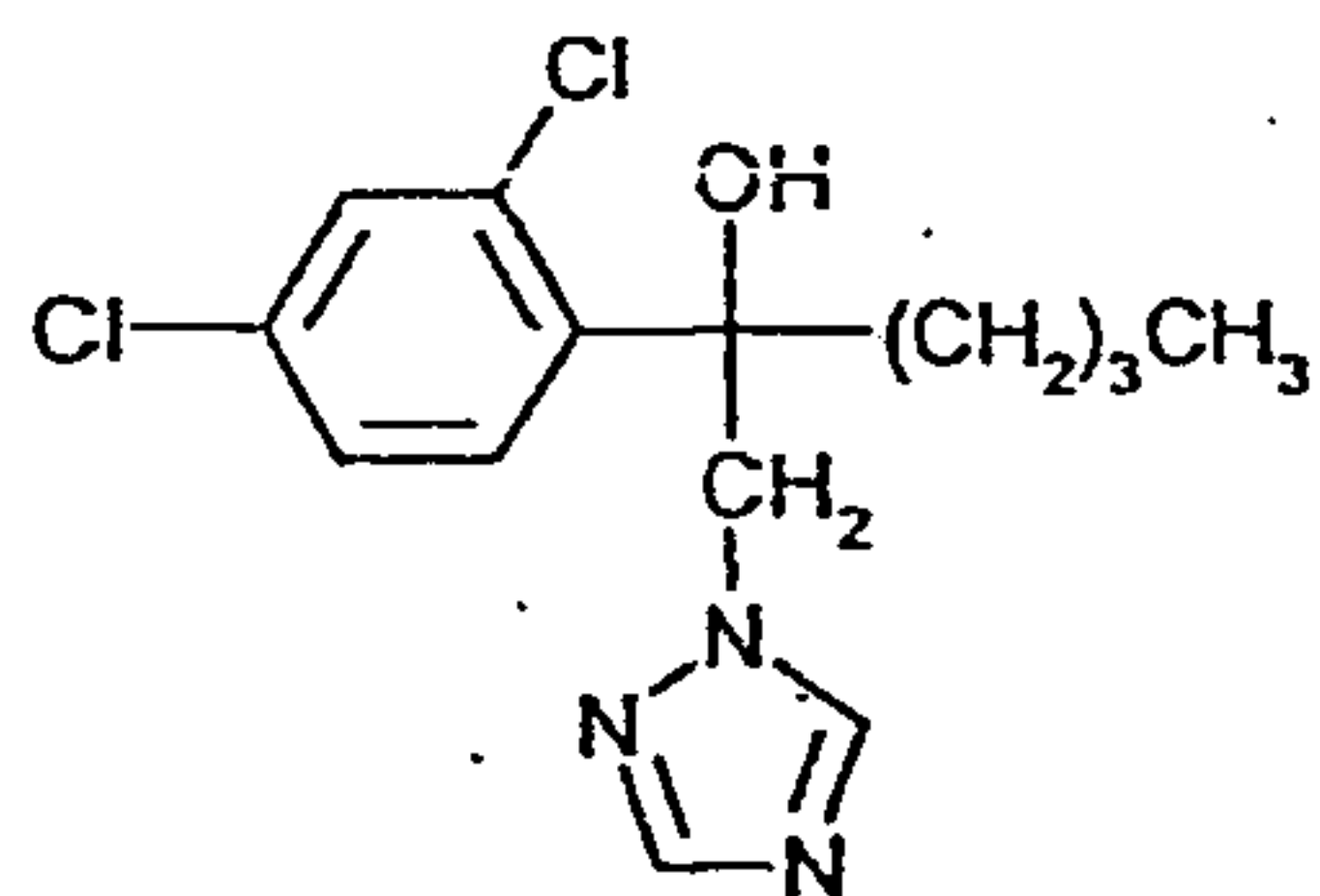
(3-6) cyproconazole (known from DE-A 34 06 993) of the formula



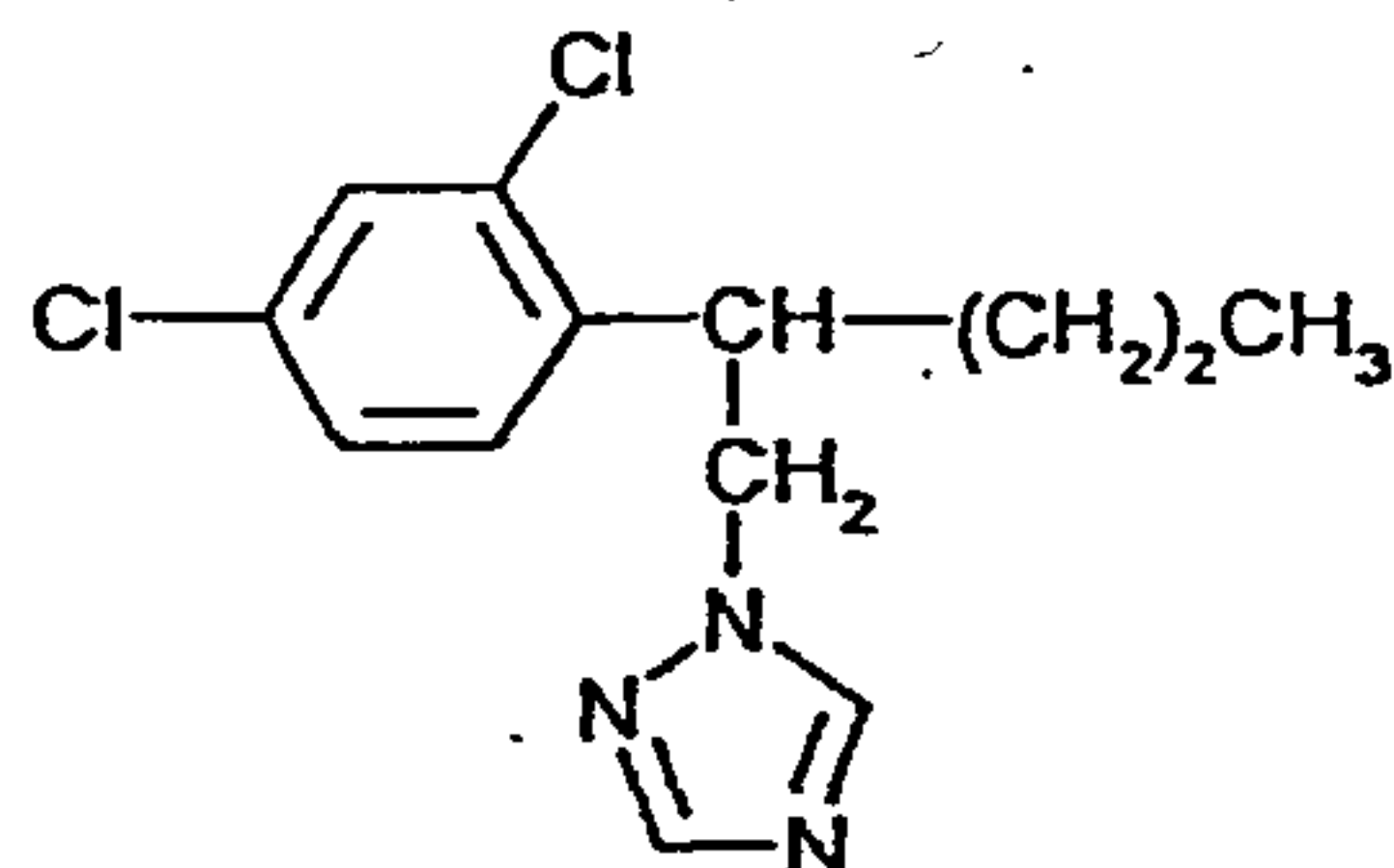
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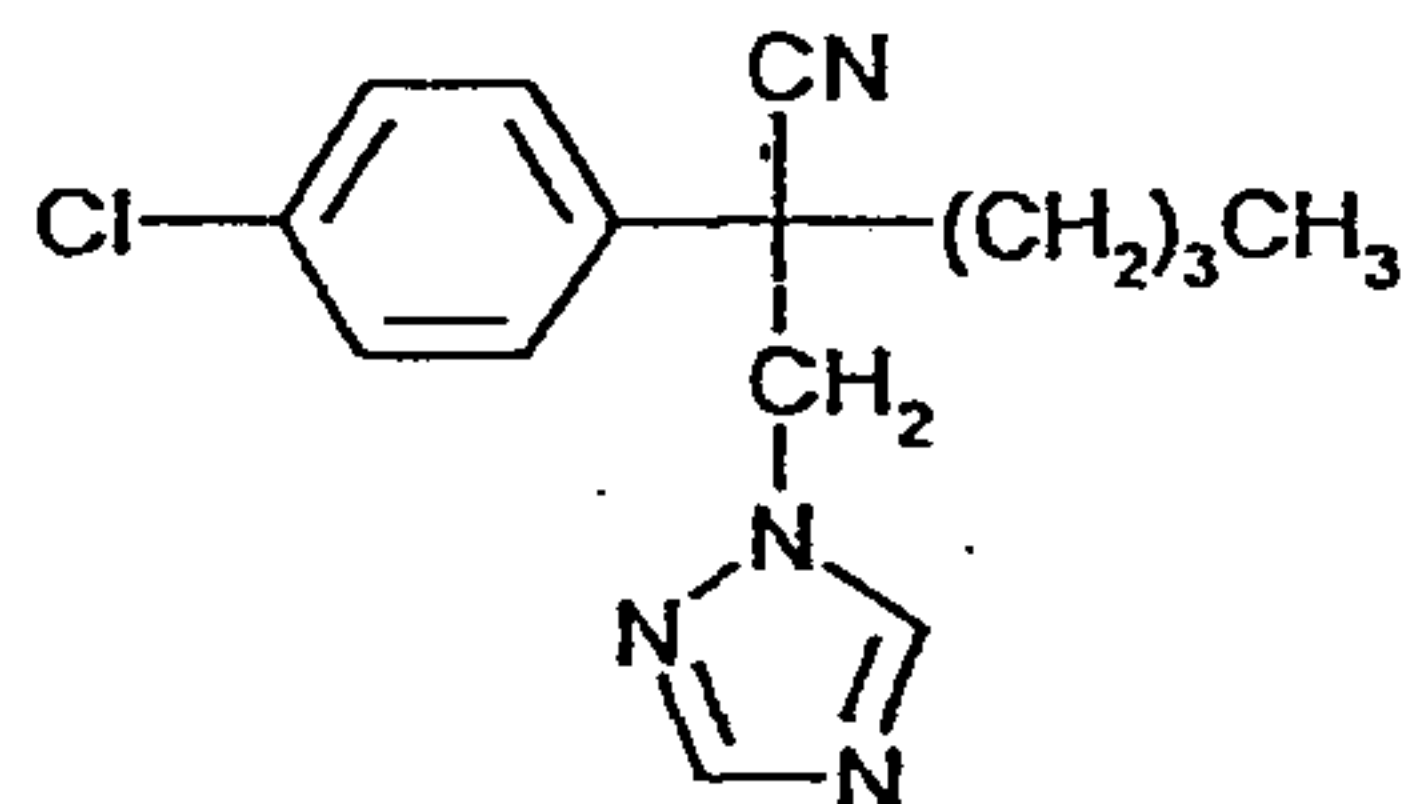
(3-7) hexaconazole (known from DE-A 30 42 303) of the formula



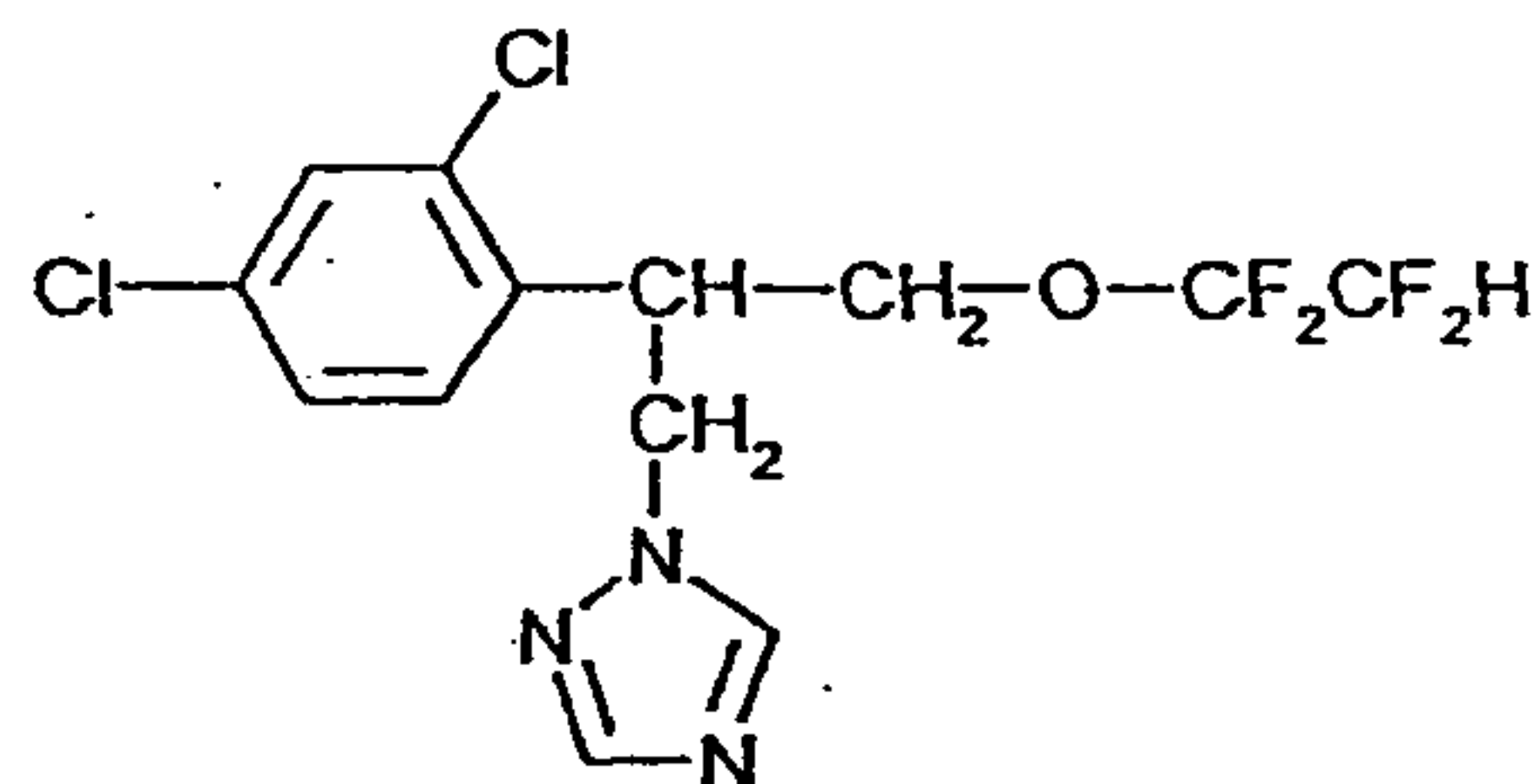
(3-8) penconazole (known from DE-A 27 35 872) of the formula



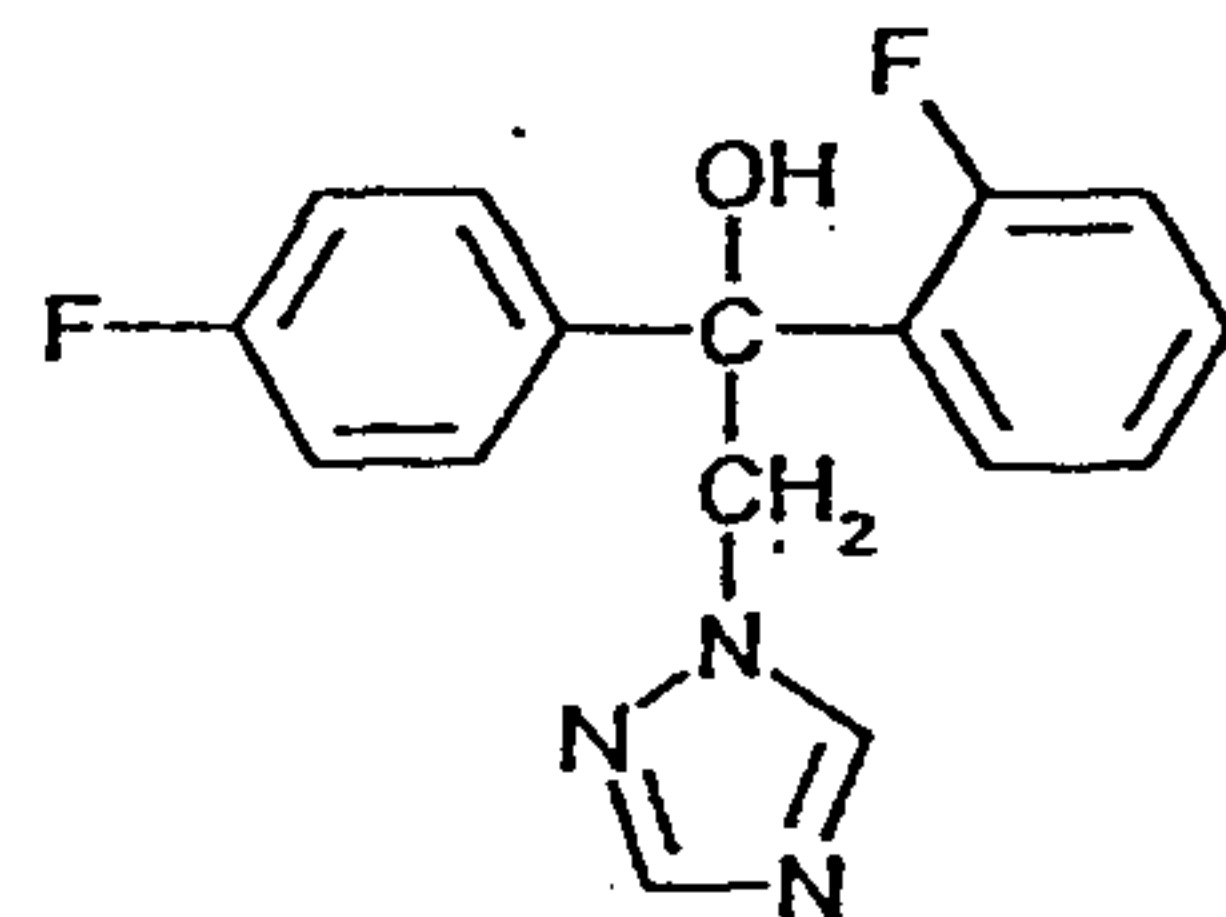
5 (3-9) myclobutanil (known from EP-A 0 145 294) of the formula



(3-10) tetraconazole (known from EP-A 0 234 242) of the formula

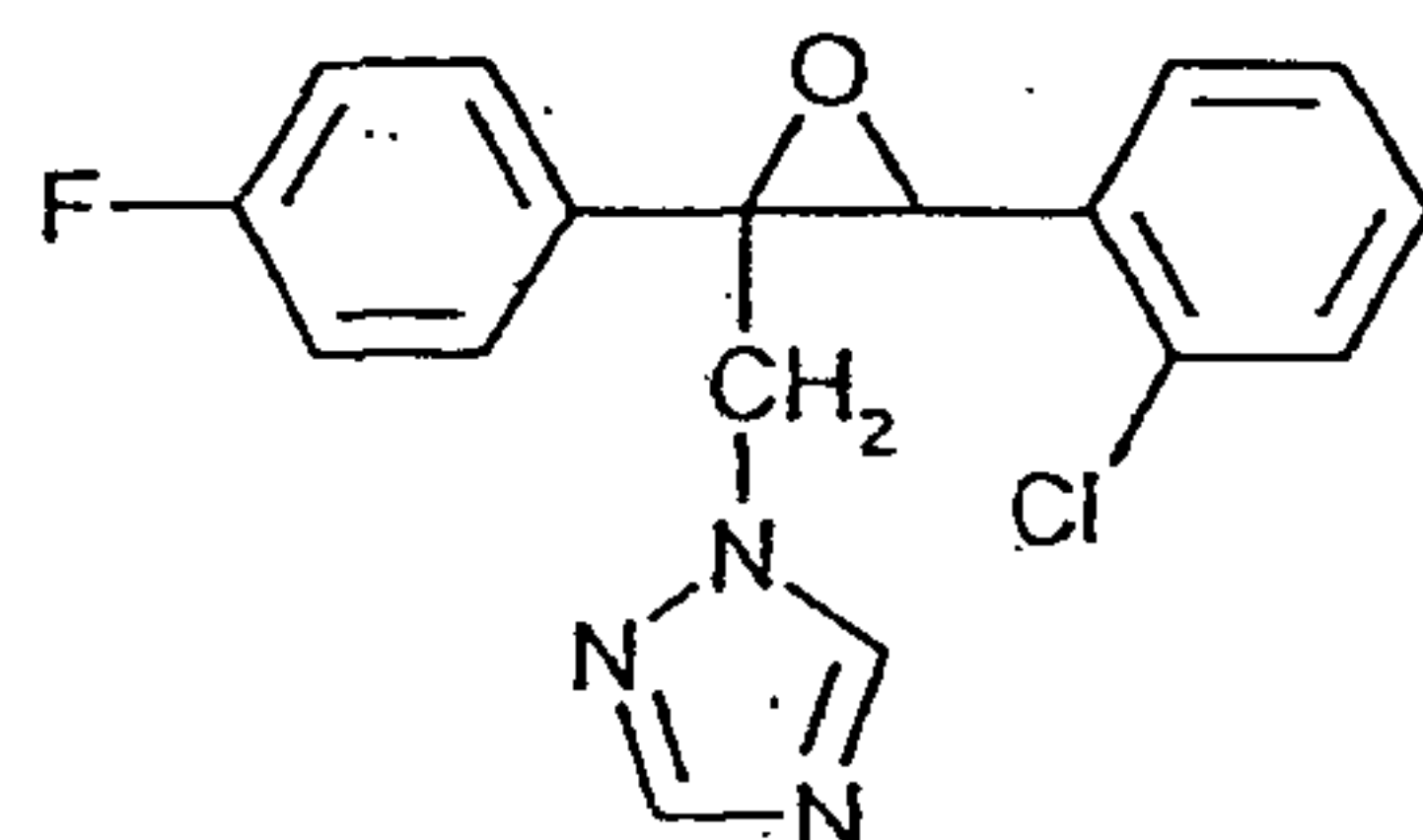


(3-11) flutriafol (known from EP-A 0 015 756) of the formula



10

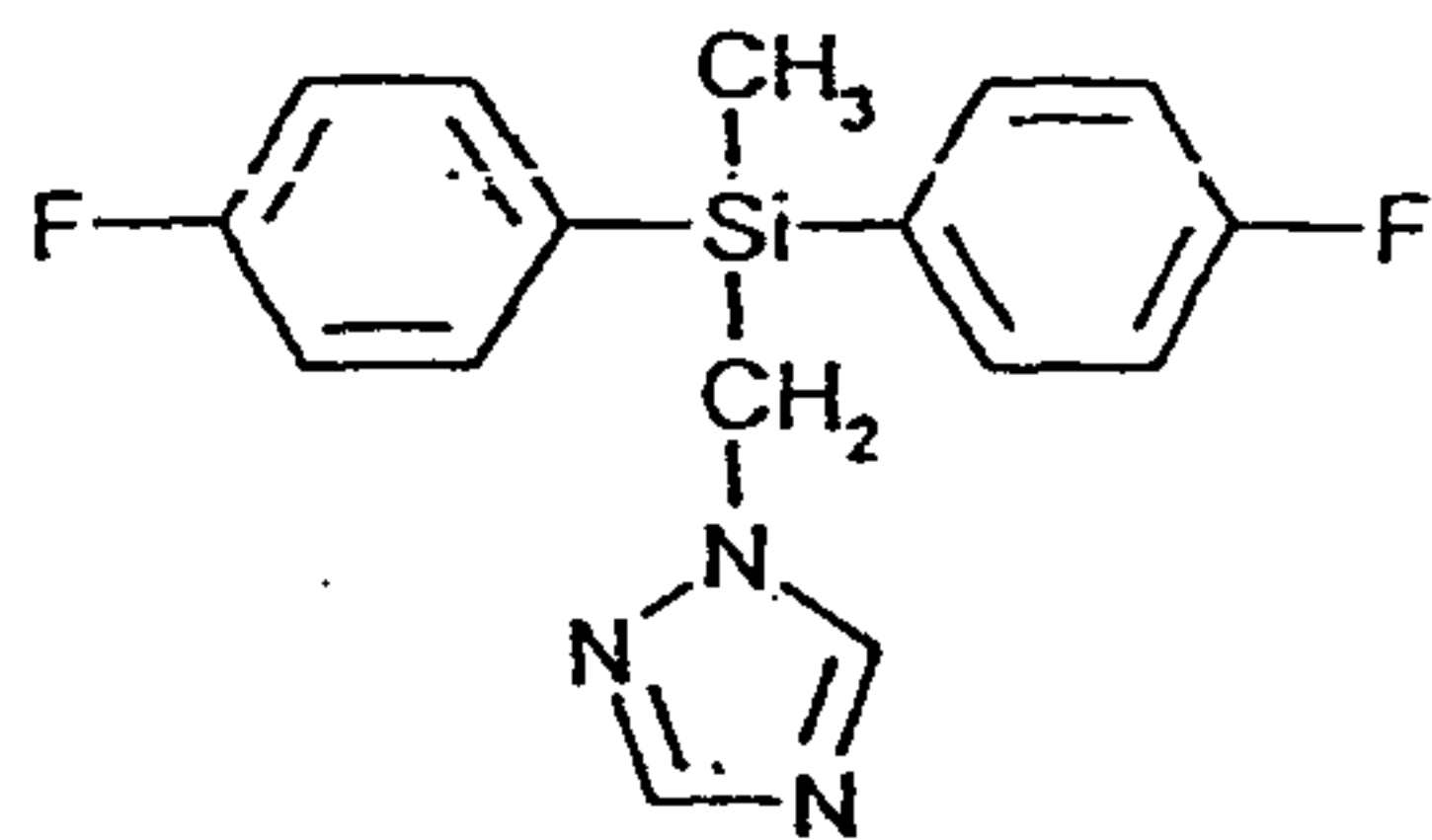
(3-12) epoxiconazole (known from EP-A 0 196 038) of the formula



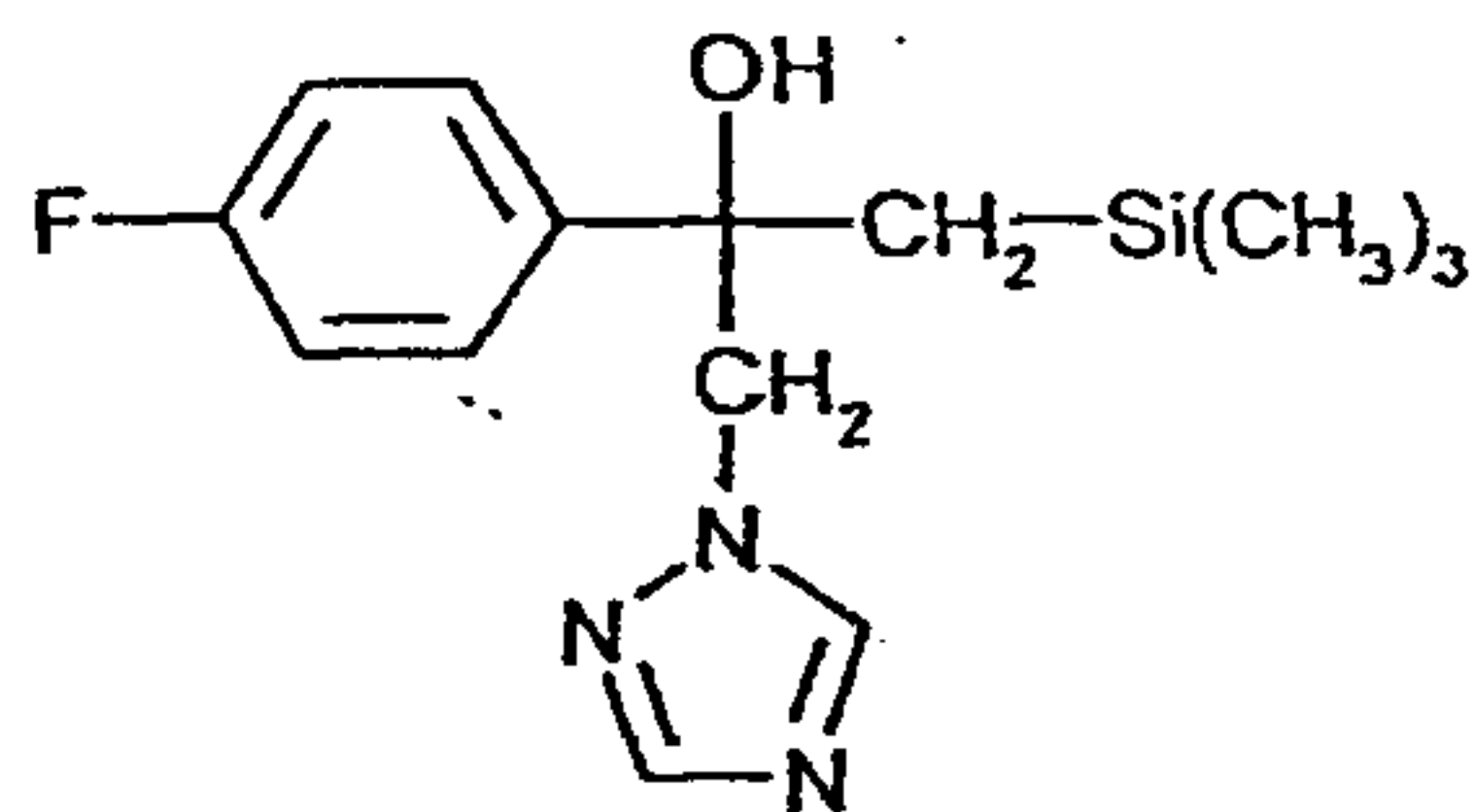
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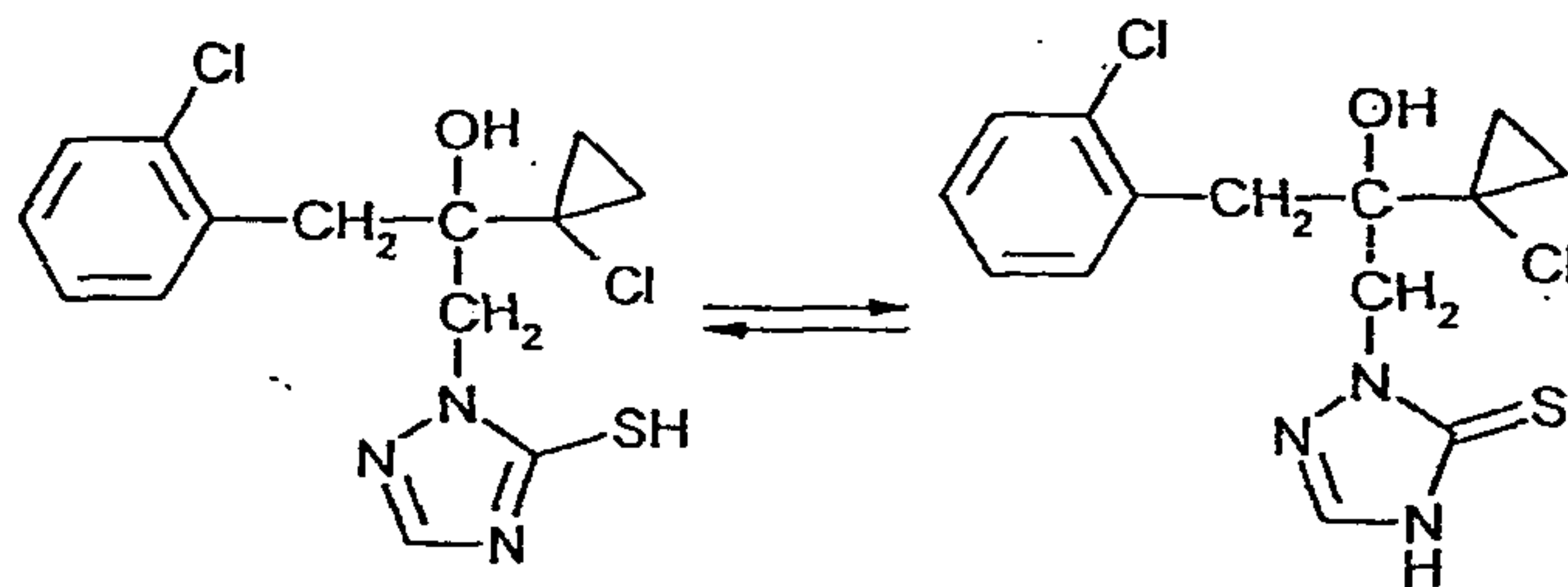
(3-13) flusilazole (known from EP-A 0 068 813) of the formula



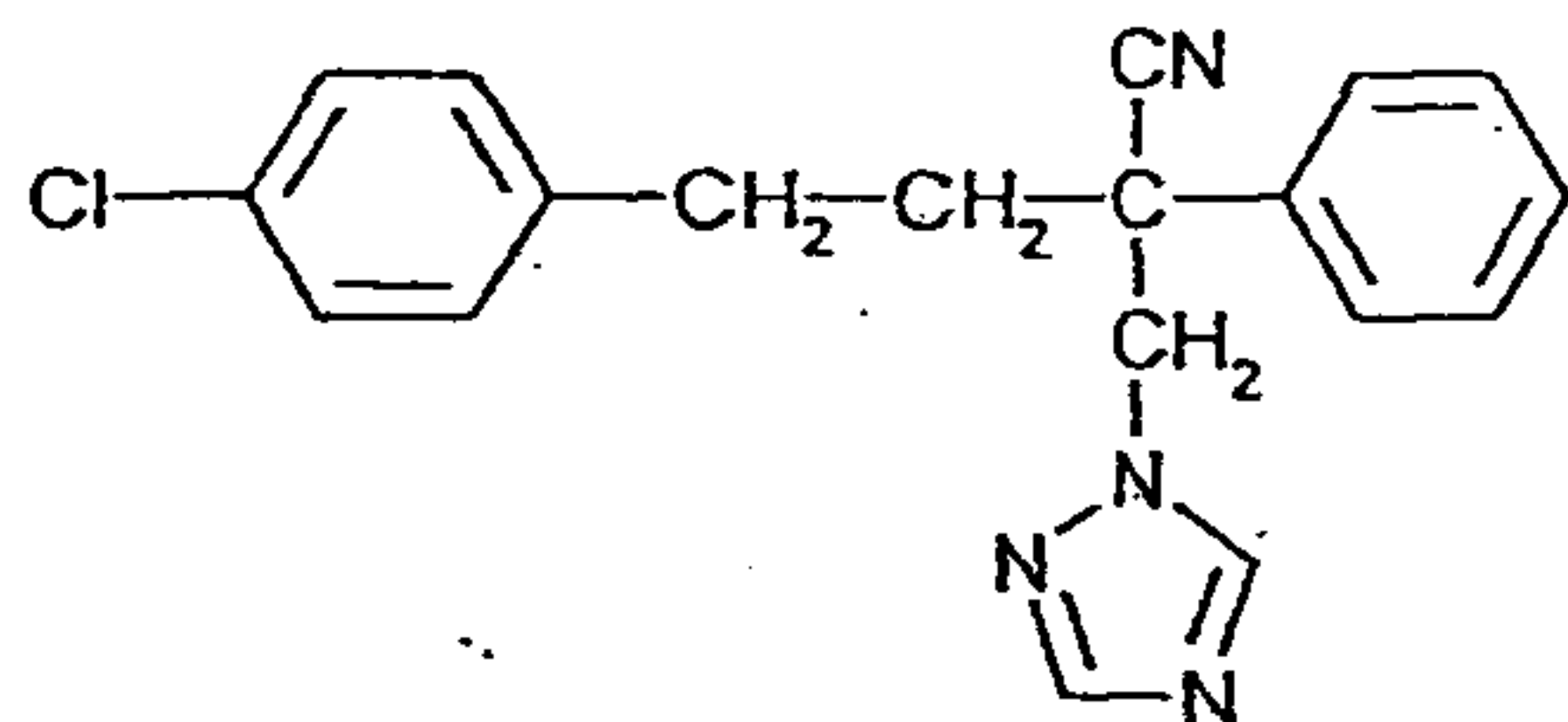
(3-14) simeconazole (known from EP-A 0 537 957) of the formula



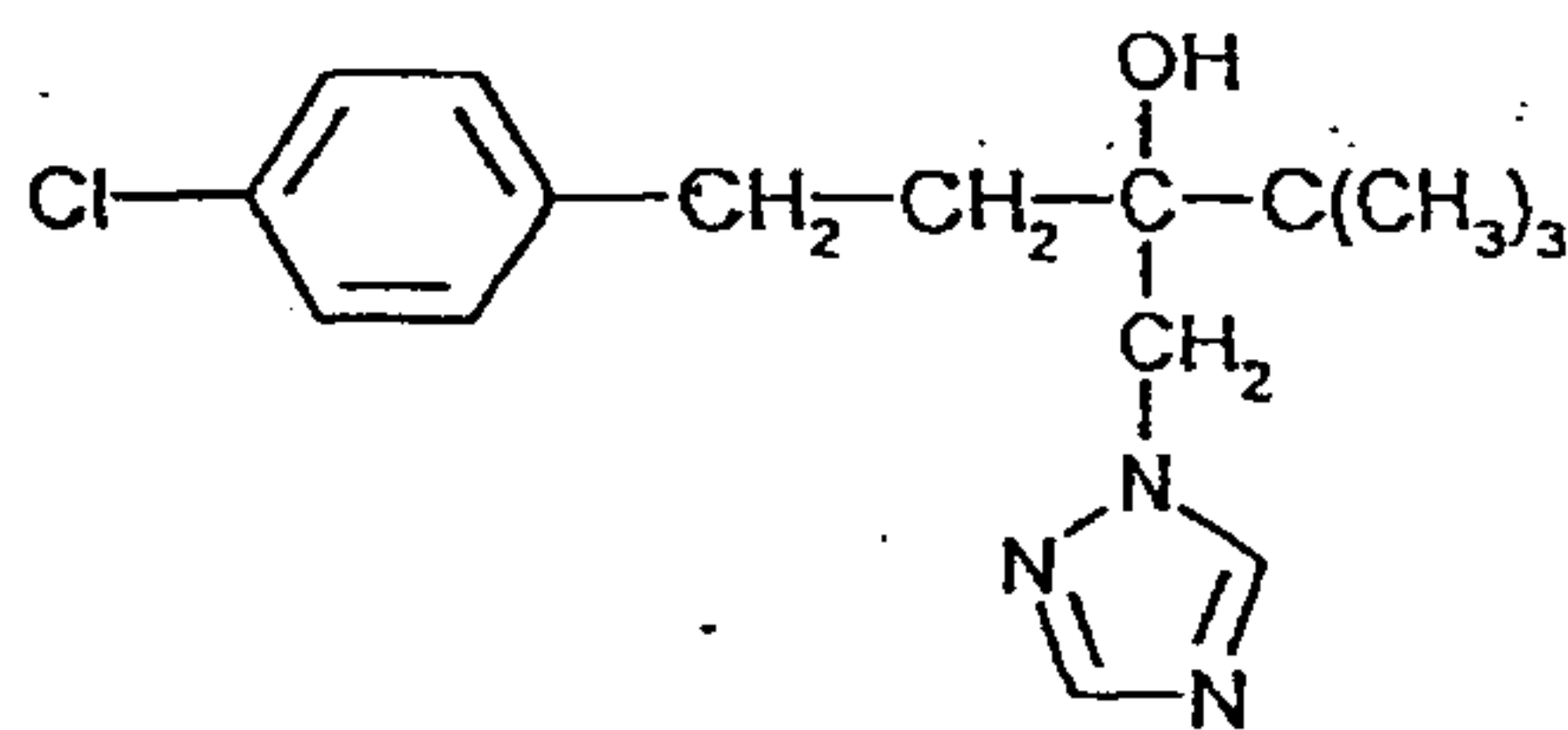
5 (3-15) prothioconazole (known from WO 96/16048) of the formula



(3-16) fenbuconazole (known from DE-A 37 21 786) of the formula

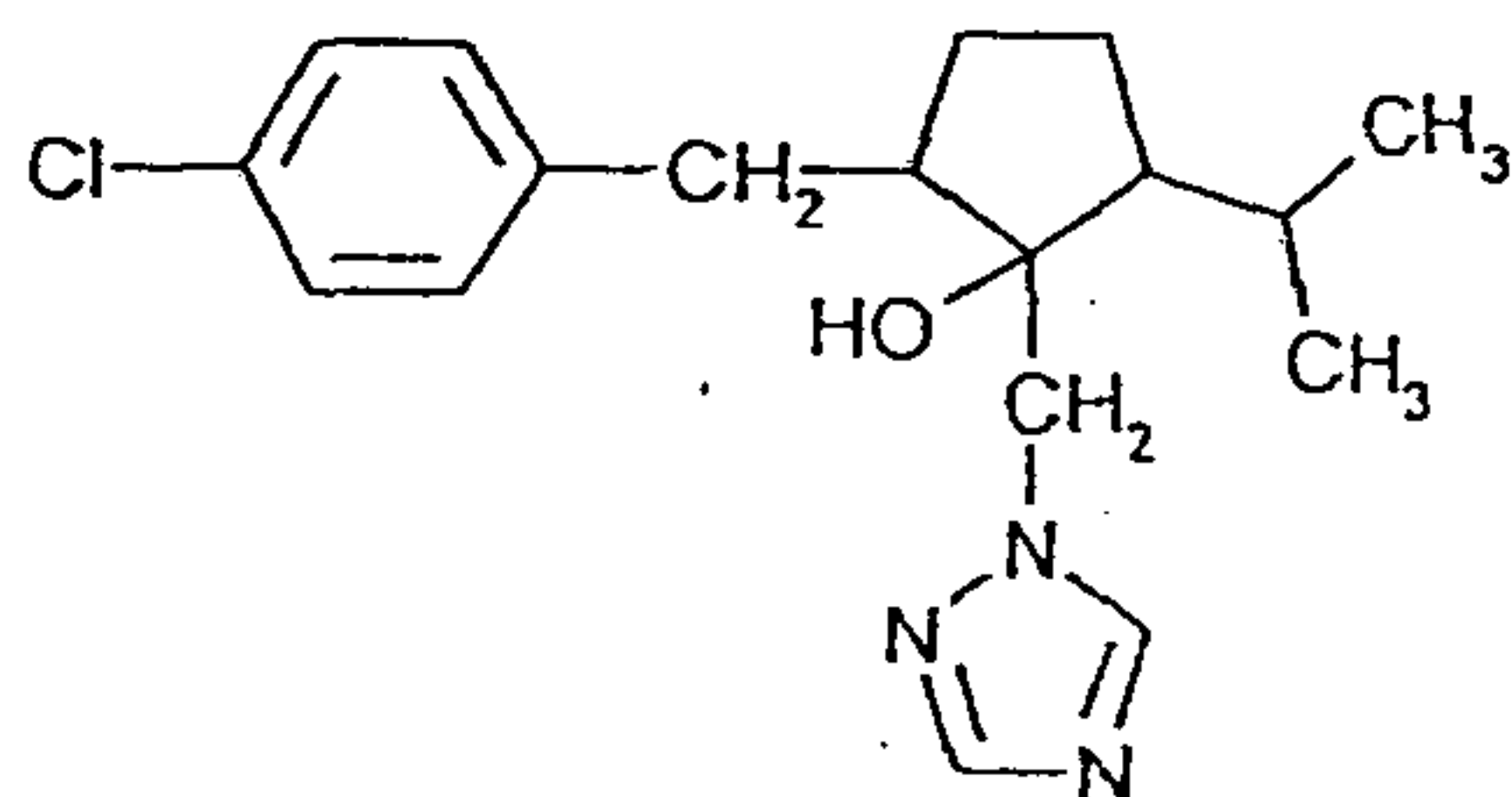


(3-17) tebuconazole (known from EP-A 0 040 345) of the formula



10

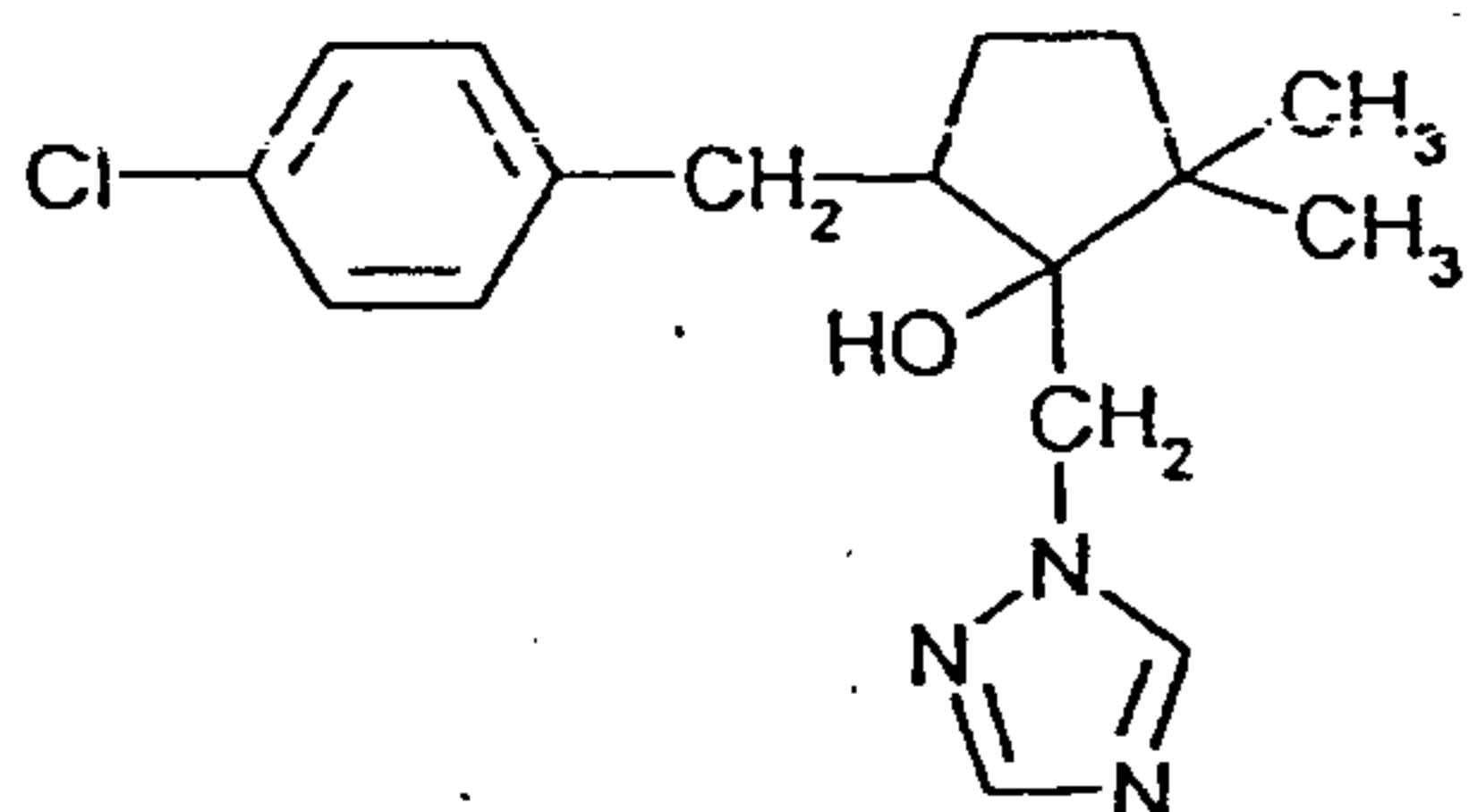
(3-18) ipconazole (known from EP-A 0 329 397) of the formula



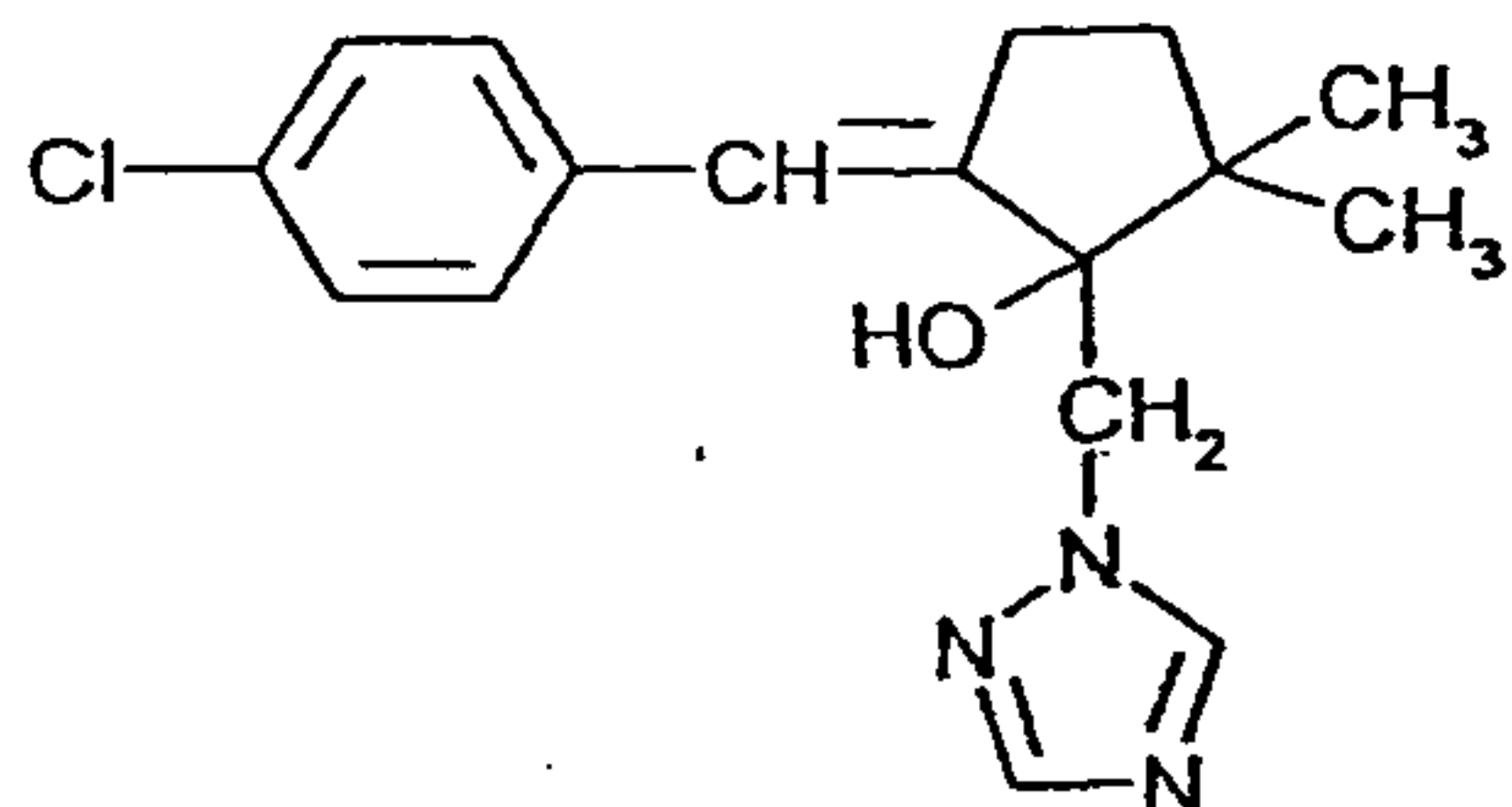
30725-1018J

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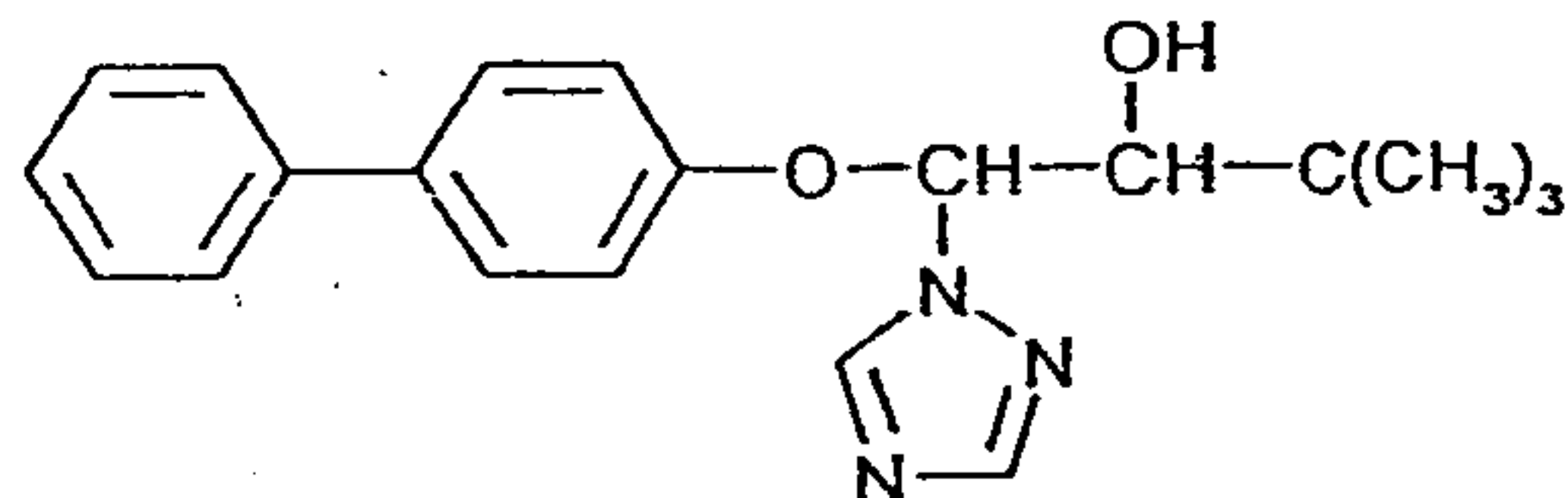
(3-19) metconazole (known from EP-A 0 329 397) of the formula



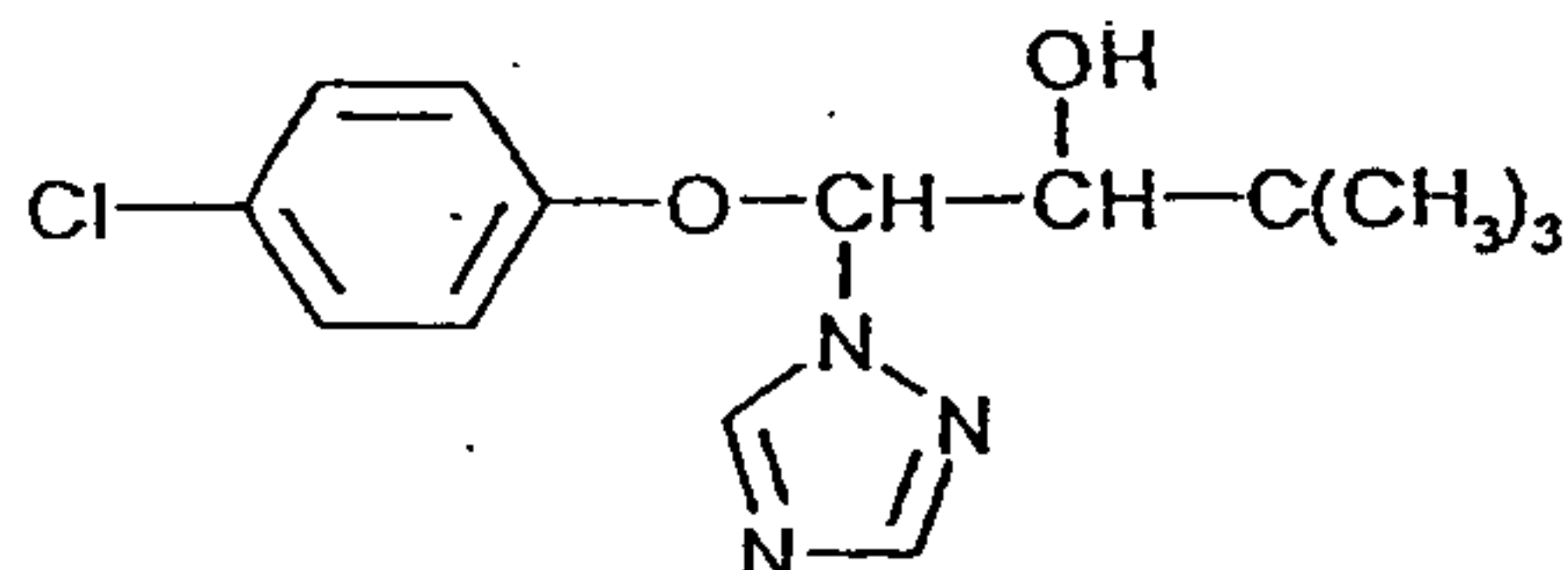
(3-20) triticonazole (known from EP-A 0 378 953) of the formula



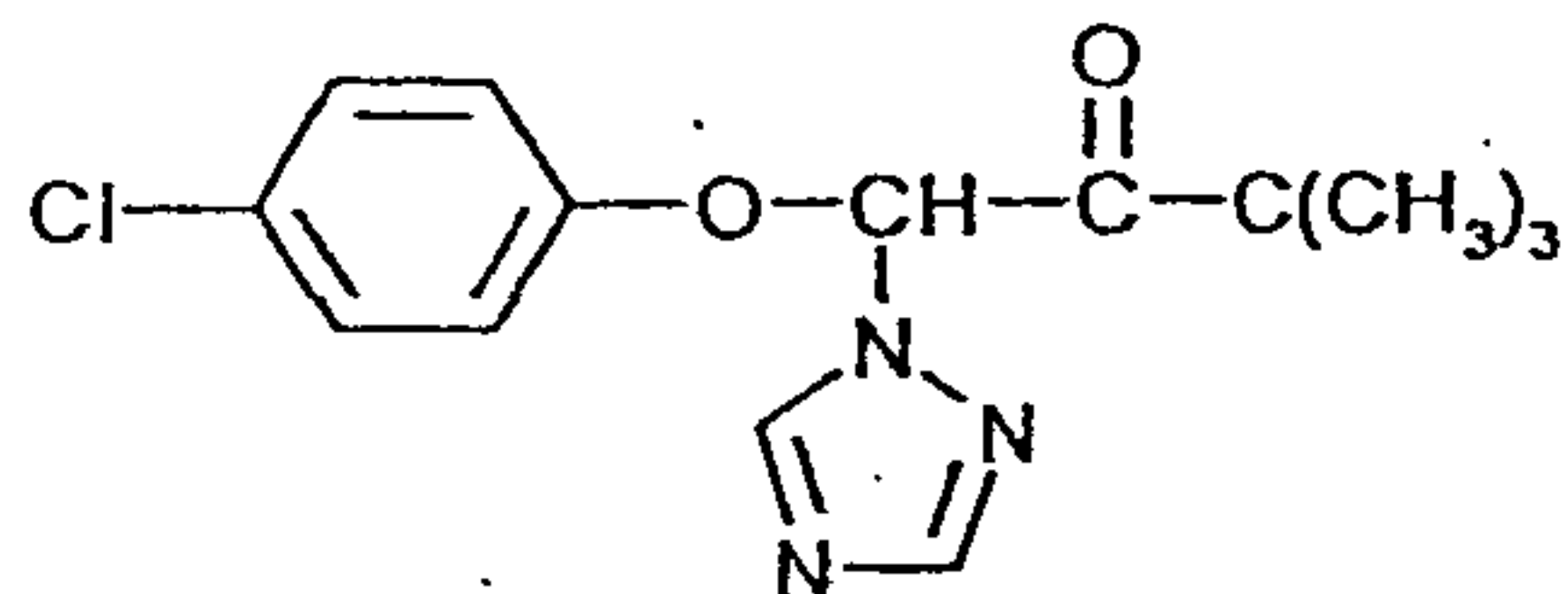
5 (3-21) bitertanol (known from DE-A 23 24 010) of the formula



(3-22) triadimenol (known from DE-A 23 24 010) of the formula

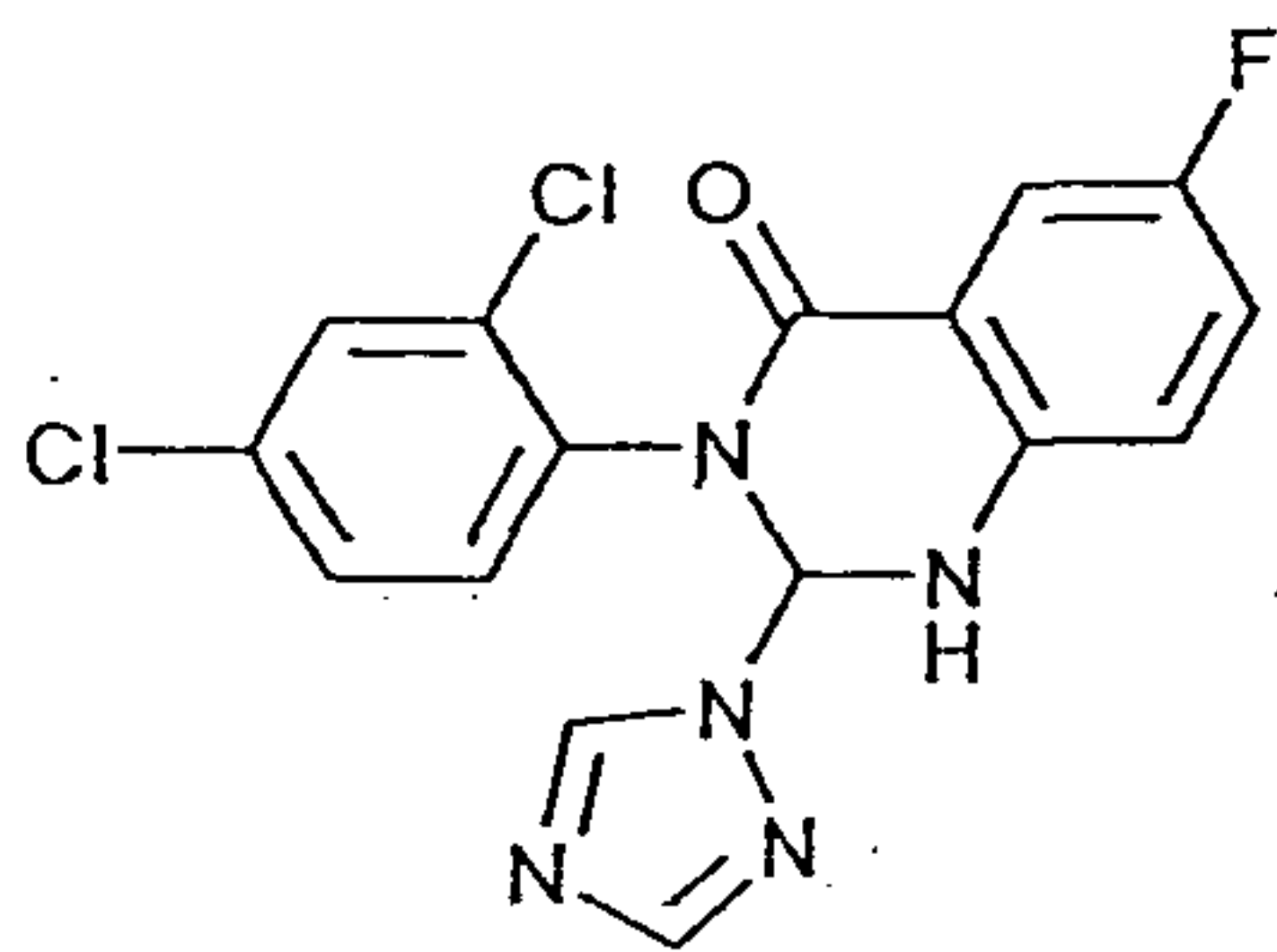


(3-23) triadimefon (known from DE-A 22 01 063) of the formula



10

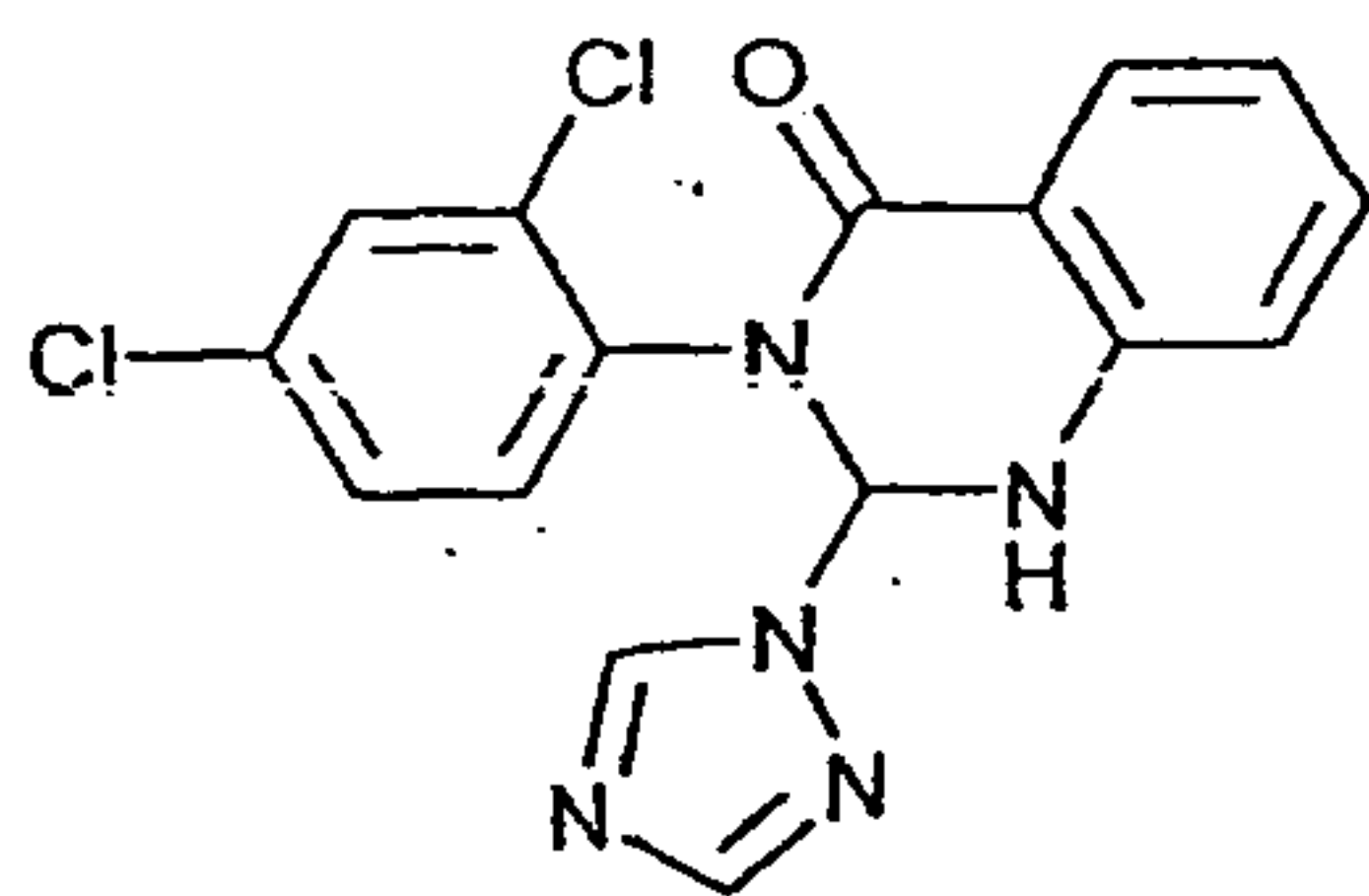
(3-24) fluquinconazole (known from EP-A 0 183 458) of the formula



(3-25) quinconazole (known from EP-A 0 183 458) of the formula

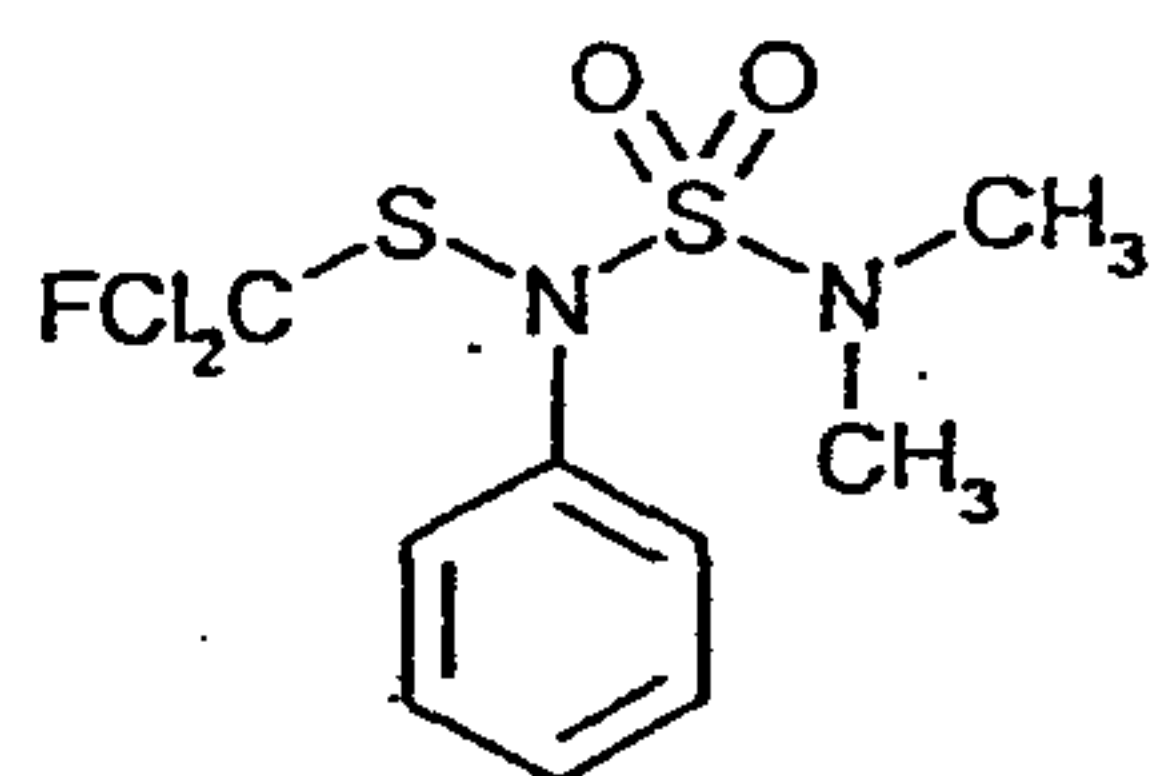
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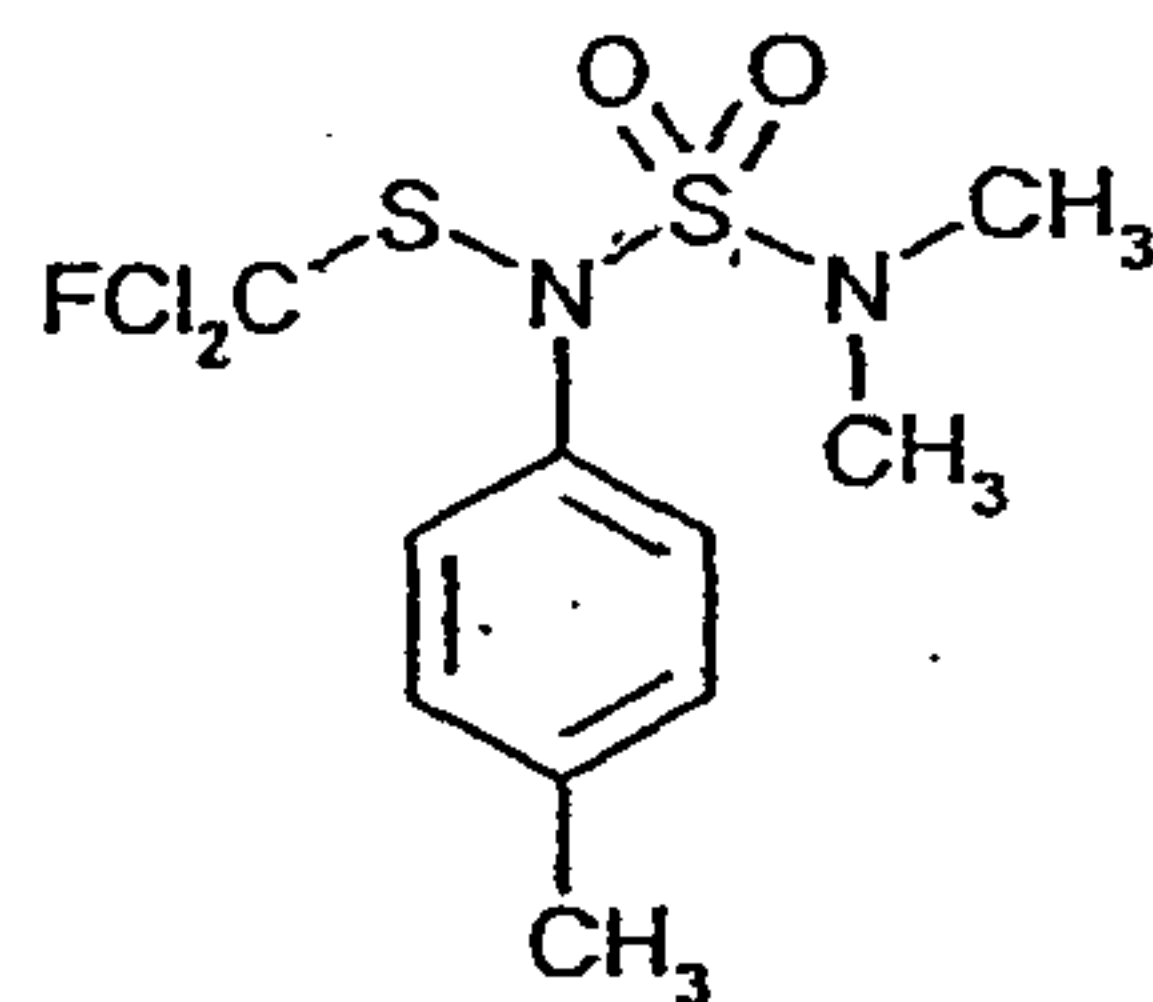
The formula (IV) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (4):

(4-1) dichlofluanid (known from DE-A 11 93 498) of the formula



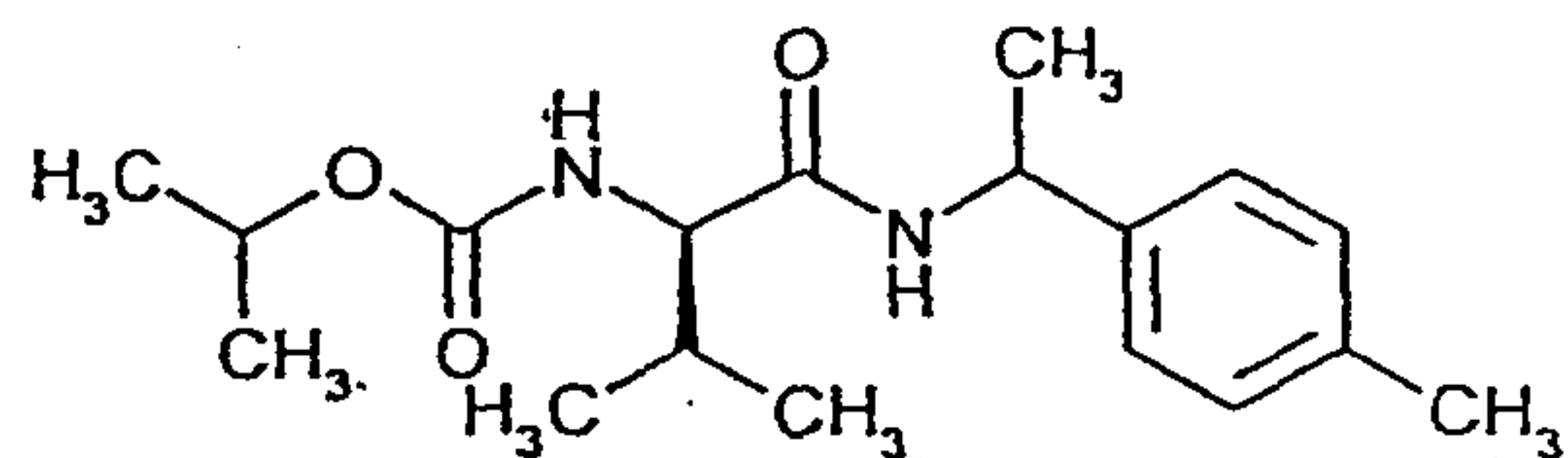
5

(4-2) tolylfluanid (known from DE-A 11 93 498) of the formula



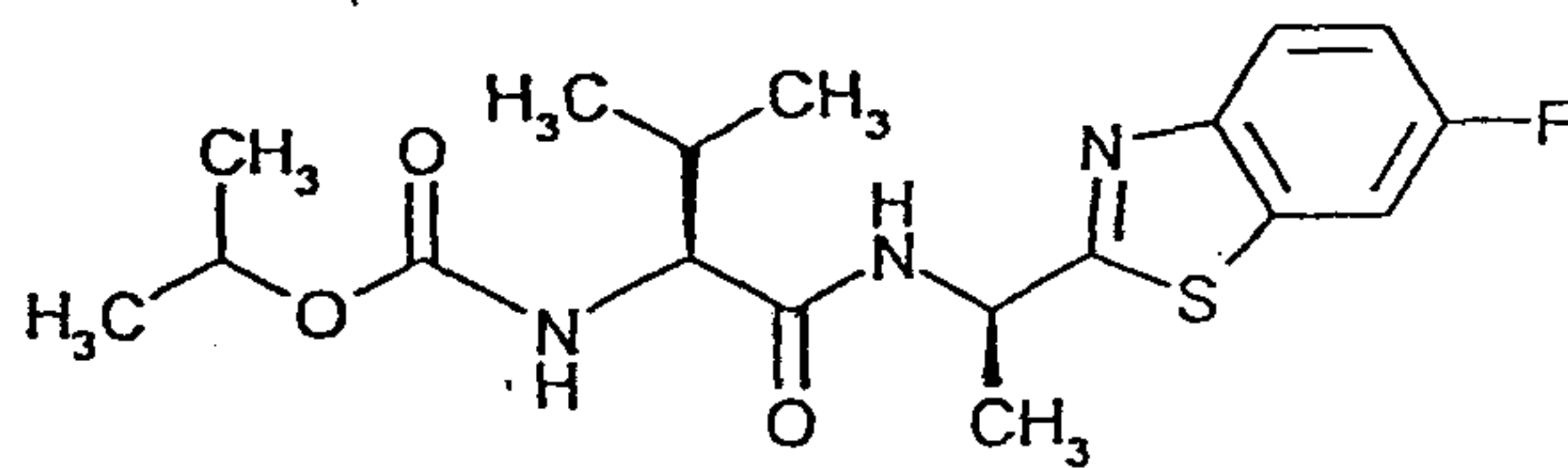
Preferred mixing partners of group (5) are

(5-1) iprovalicarb (known from DE-A 40 26 966) of the formula



10

(5-3) benthiavalicarb (known from WO 96/04252) of the formula



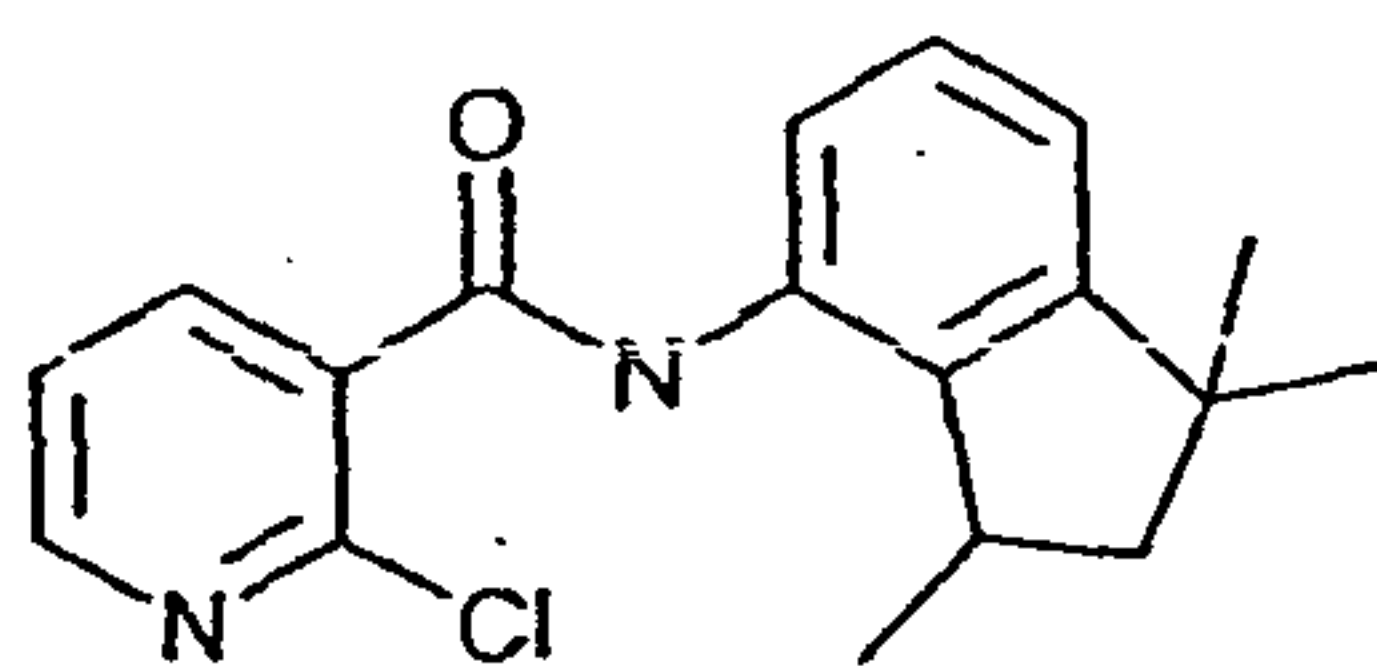
The formula (V) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (6):

(6-1) 2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide (known from EP-A 0 256 503) of the formula

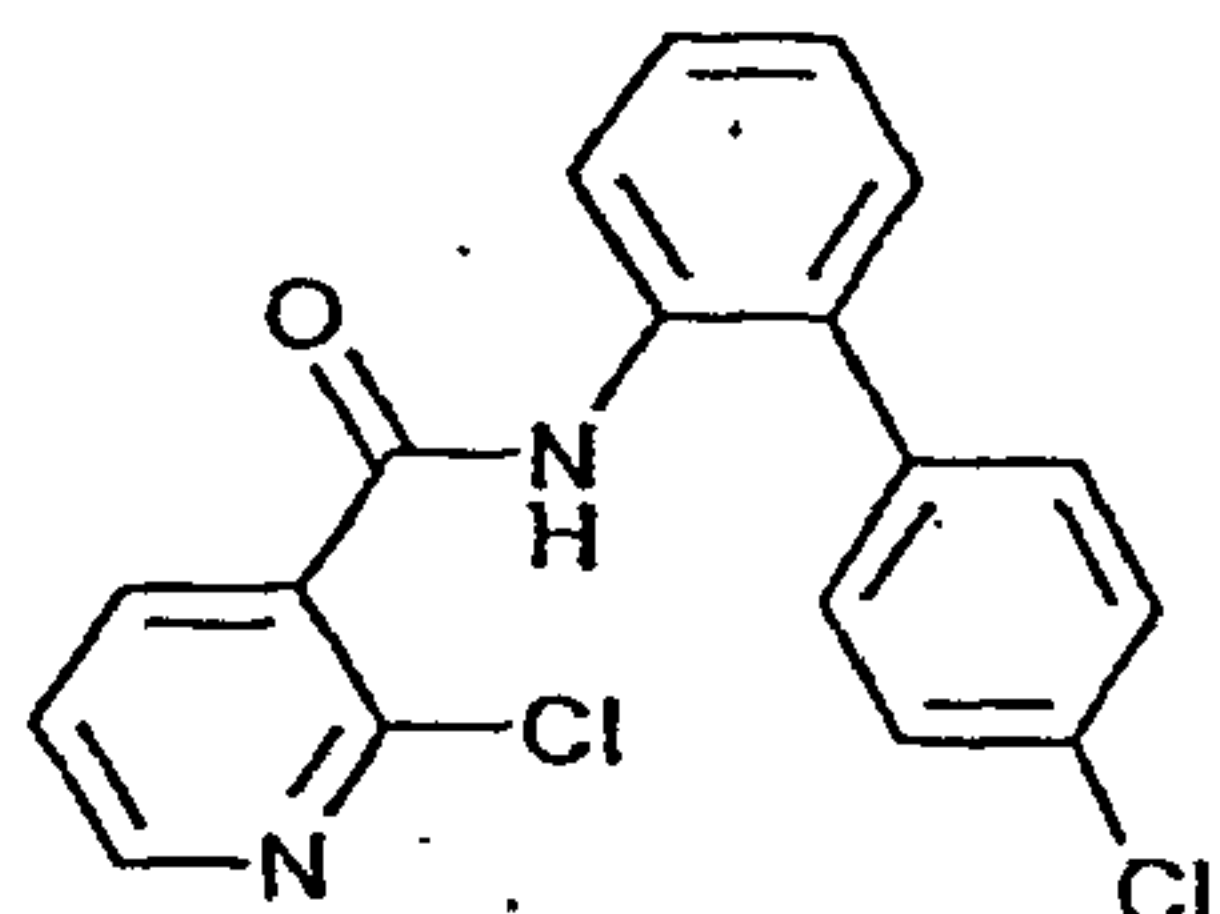
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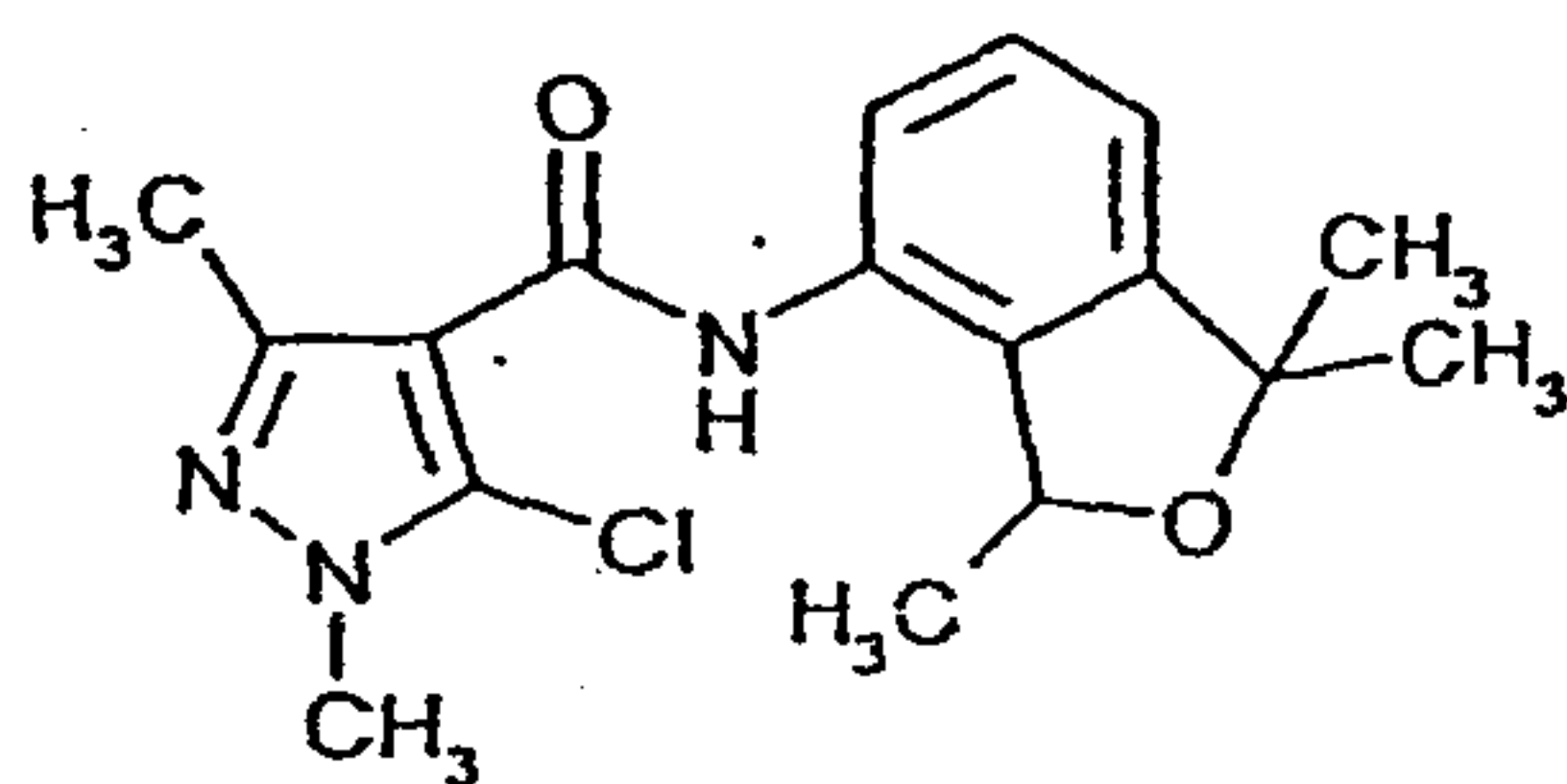
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(6-2) boscalid (known from DE-A 195 31 813) of the formula

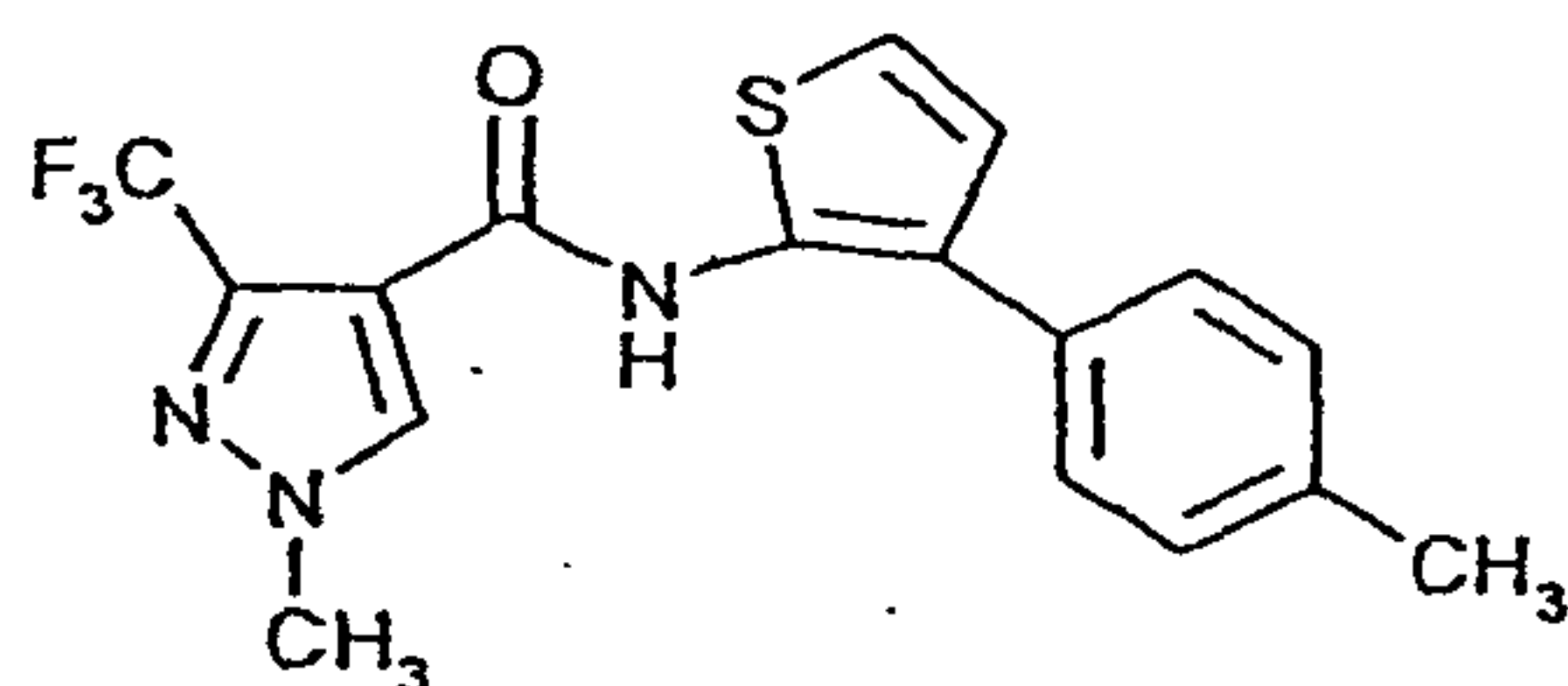


(6-3) furametpyr (known from EP-A 0 315 502) of the formula

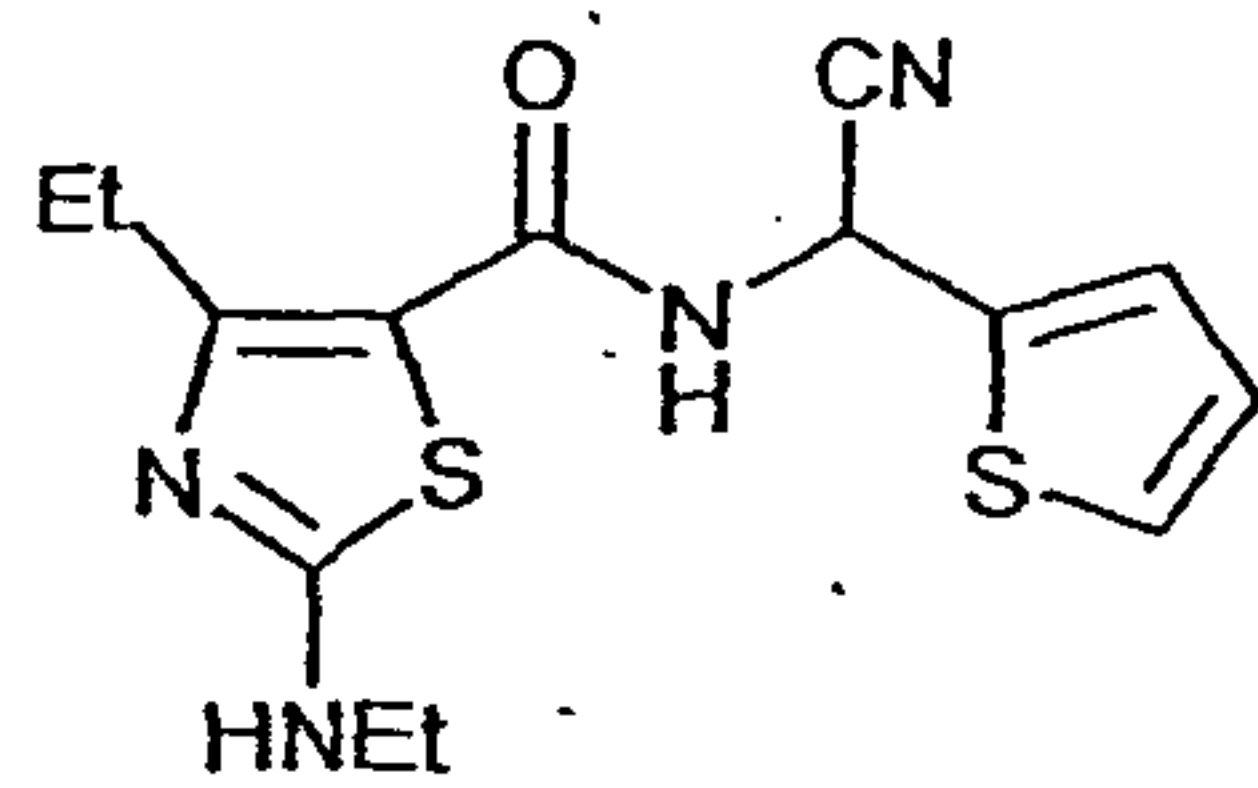


5

(6-4) N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from EP-A 0 737 682) of the formula

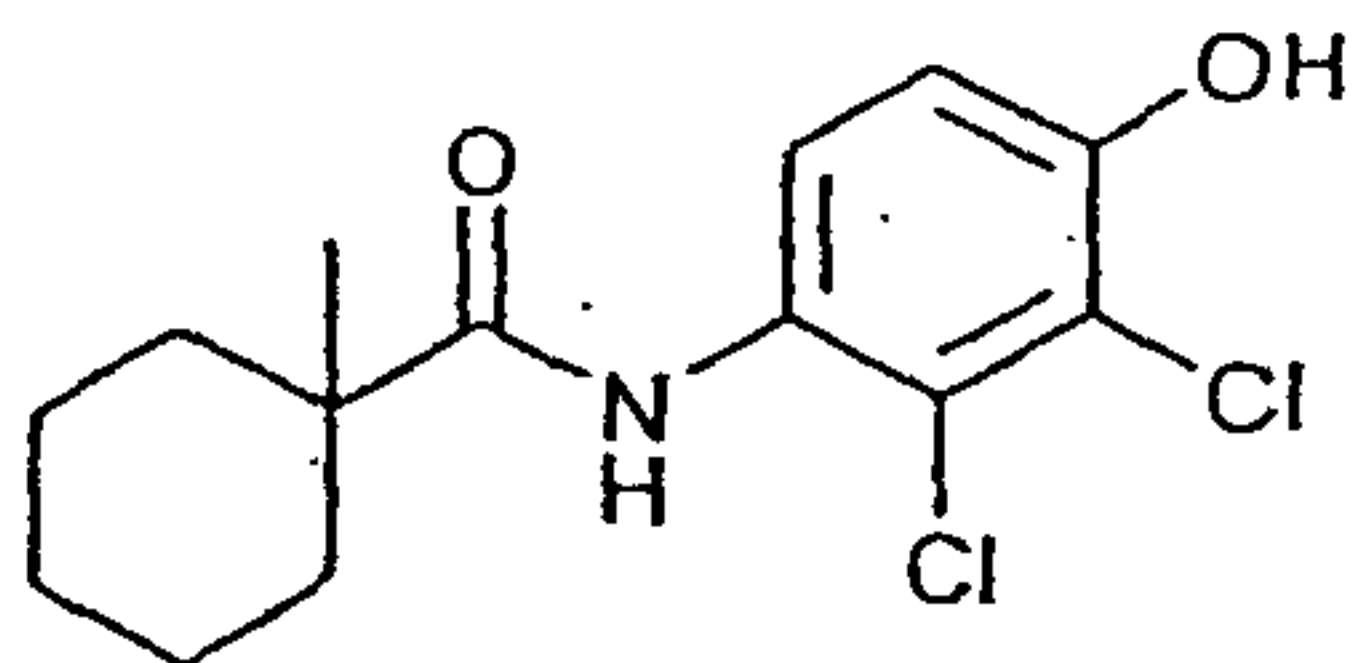


(6-5) ethaboxam (known from EP-A 0 639 574) of the formula



10

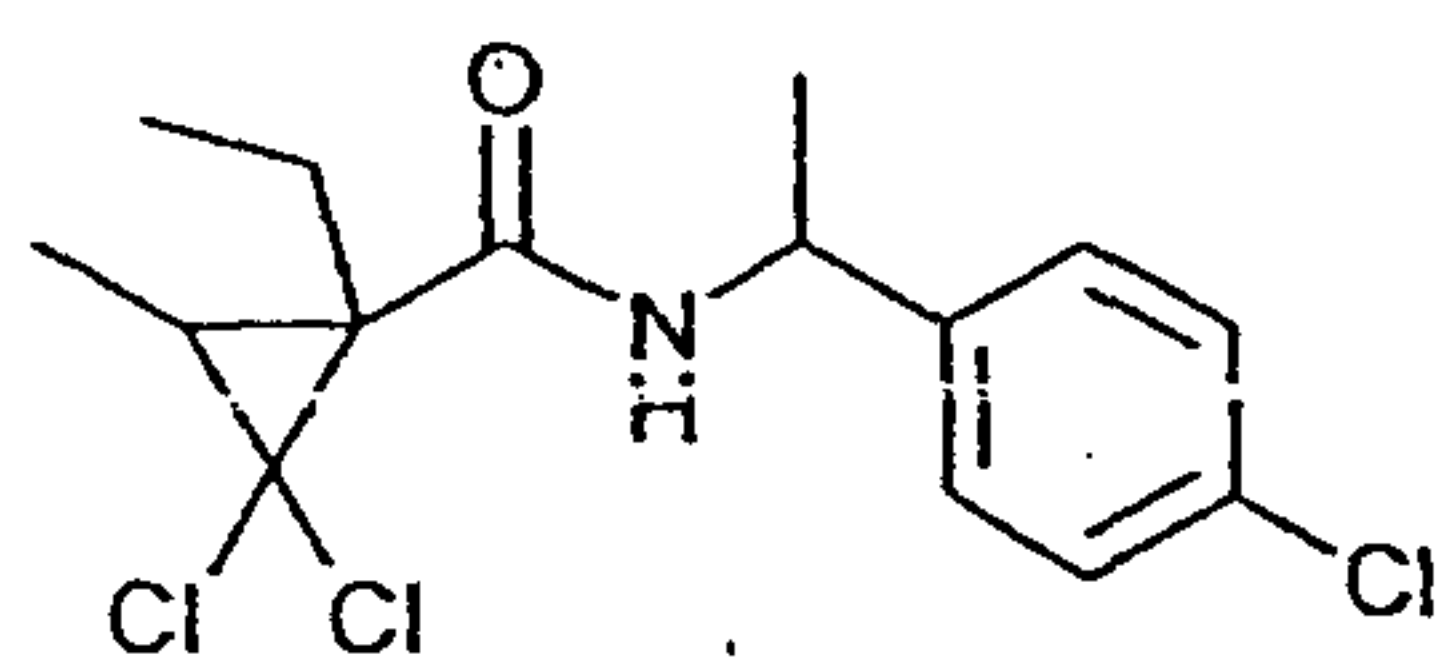
(6-6) fenhexamid (known from EP-A 0 339 418) of the formula



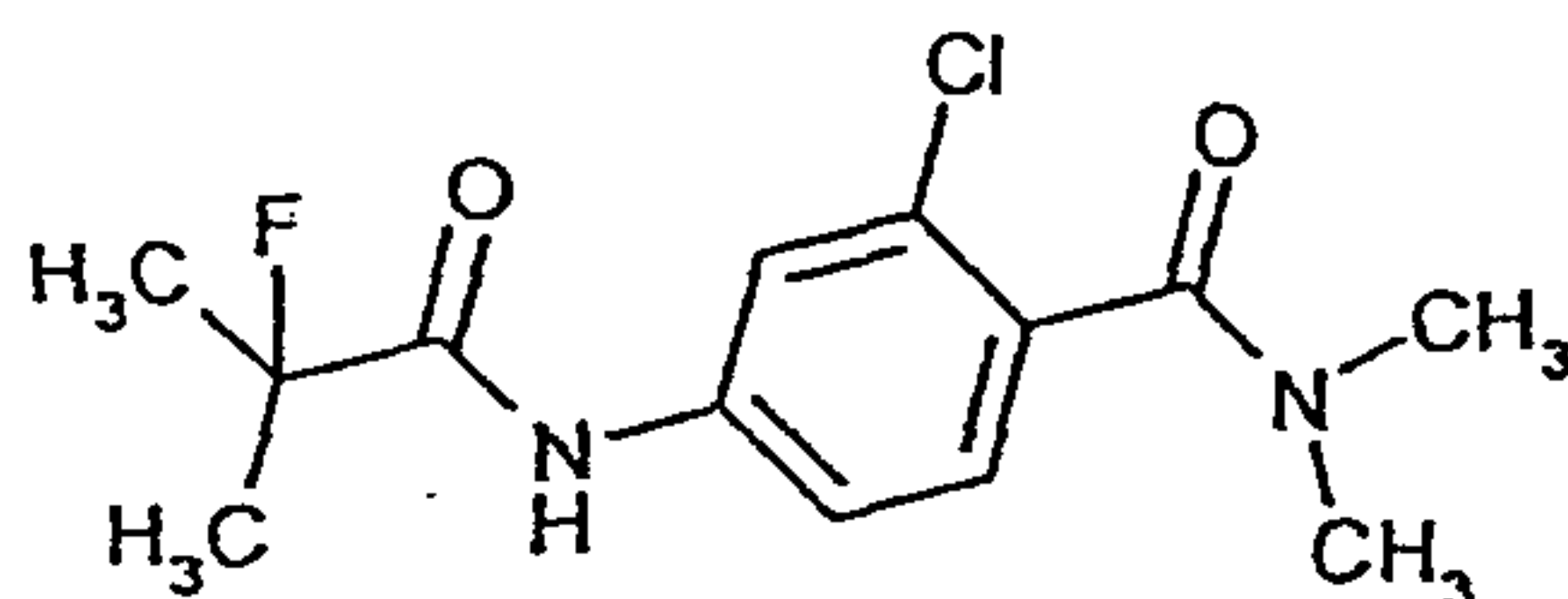
(6-7) carpropamid (known from EP-A 0 341 475) of the formula

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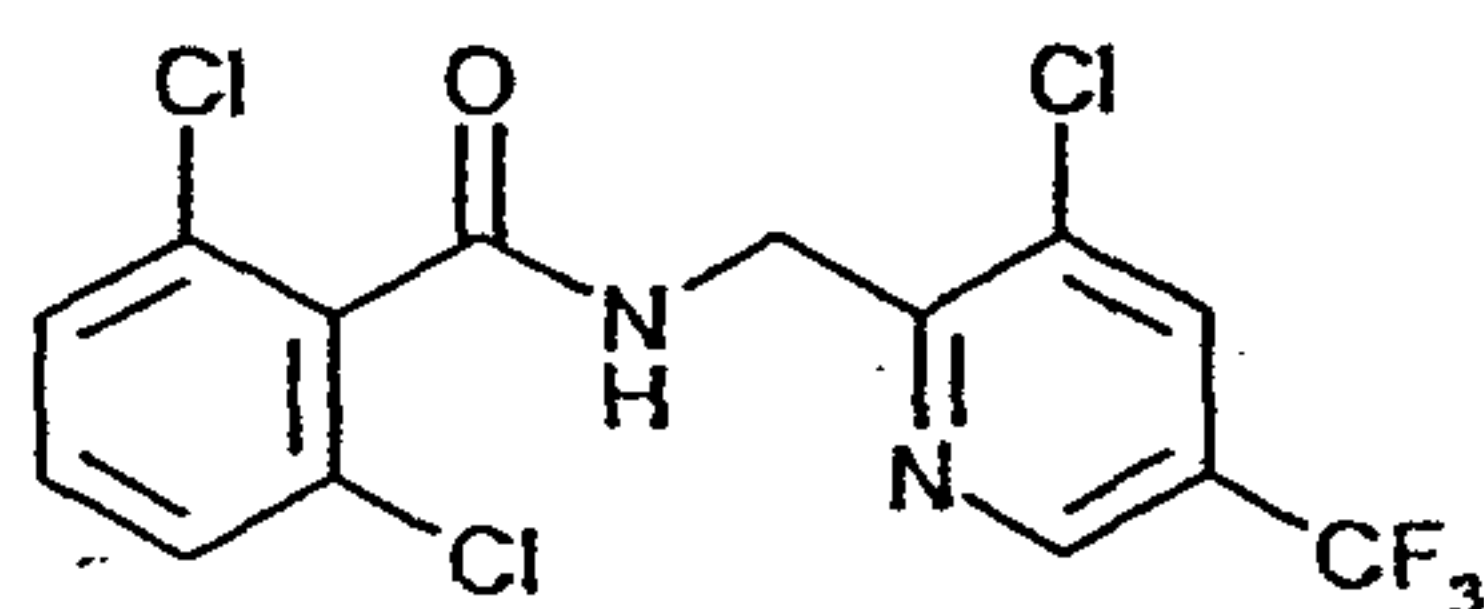
- 22 -



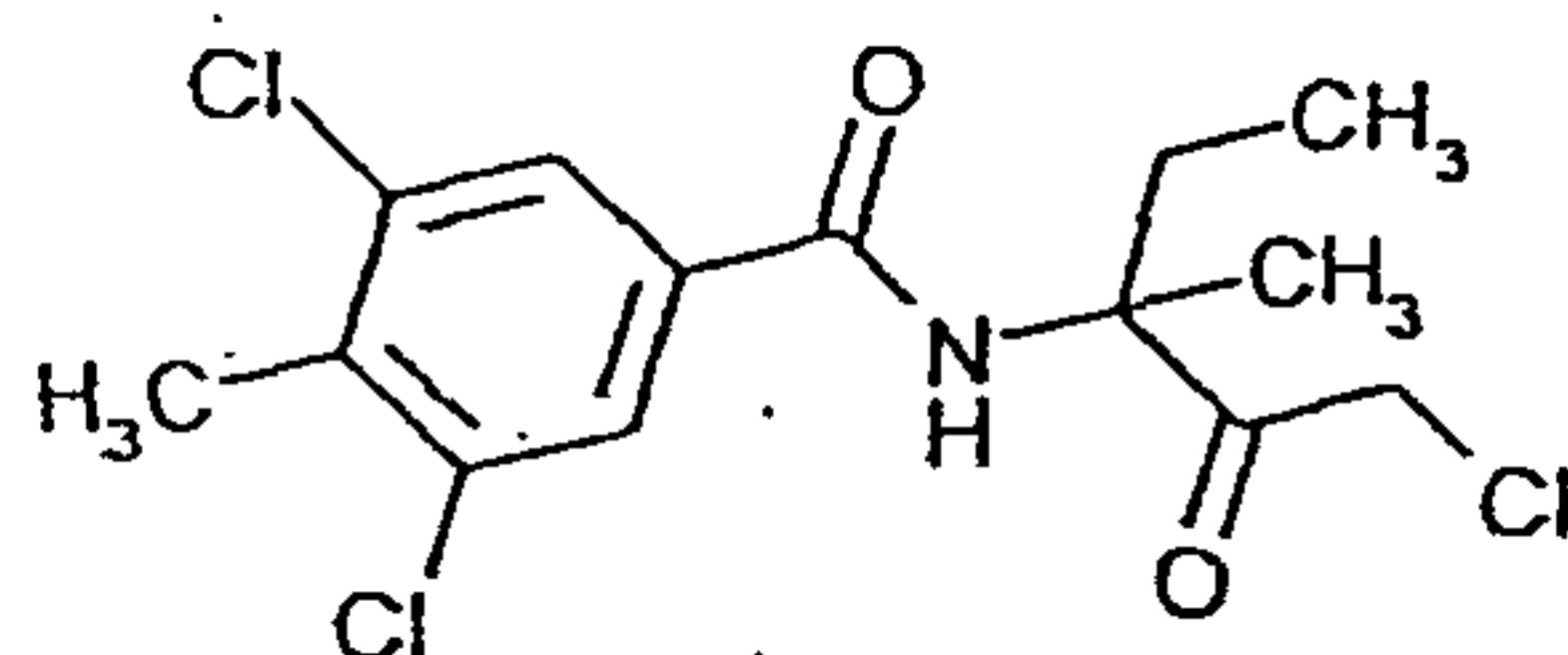
- (6-8) 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide
(known from EP-A 0 600 629) of the formula



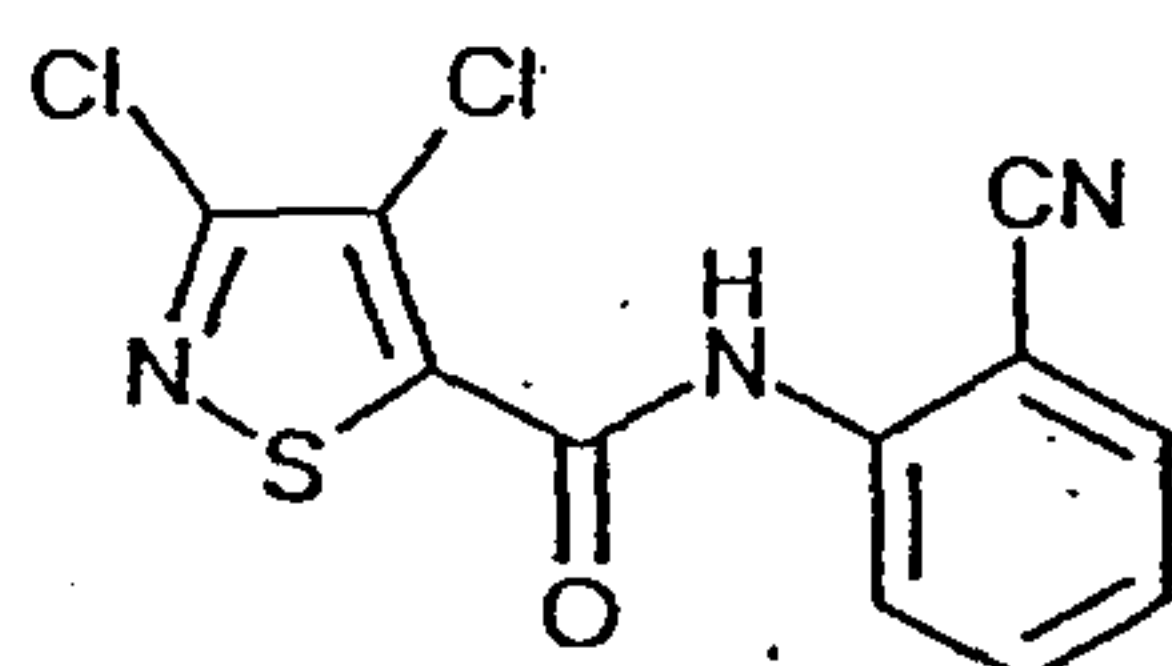
- 5 (6-9) picobenzamid (known from WO 99/42447) of the formula



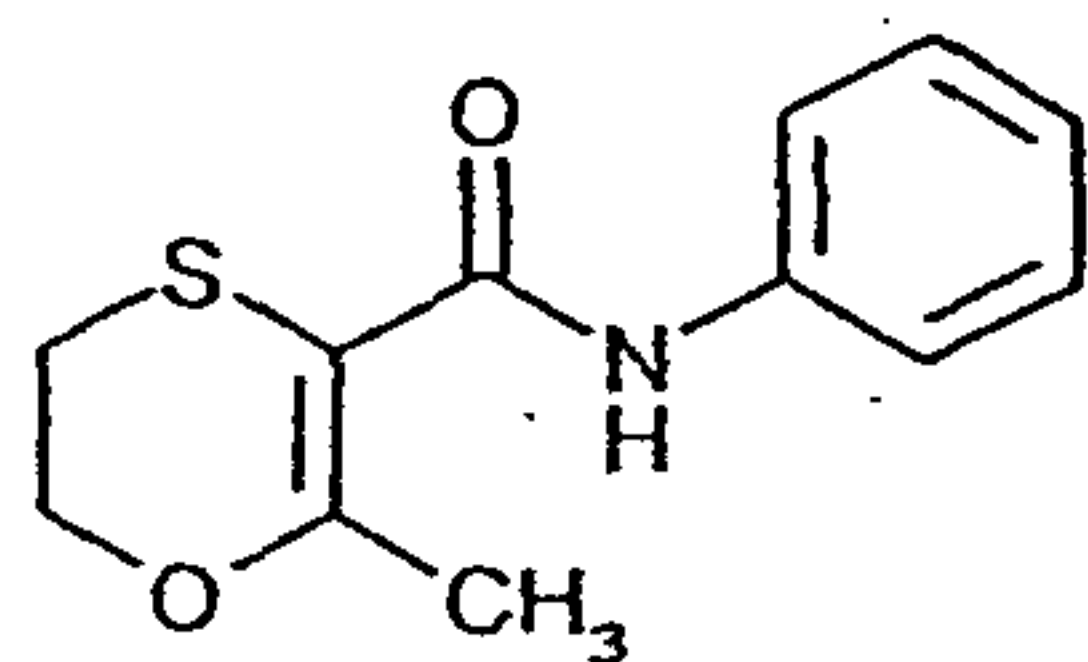
- (6-10) zoxamide (known from EP-A 0 604 019) of the formula



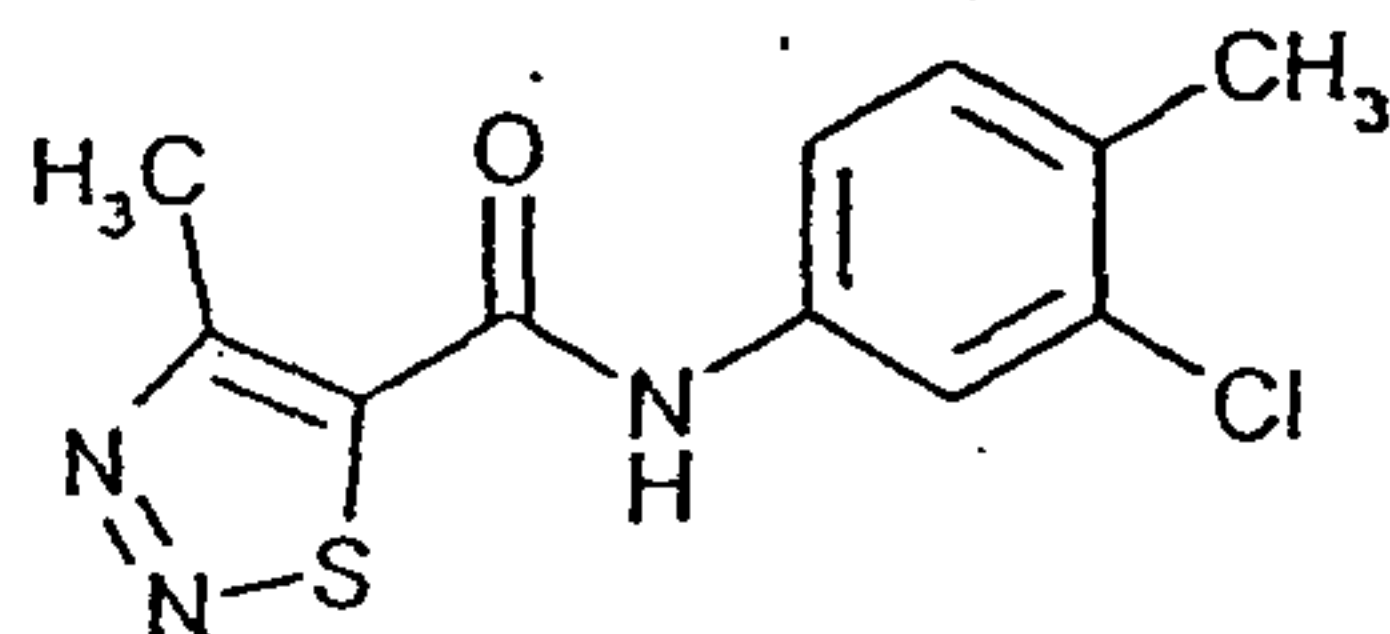
- 10 (6-11) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide (known from WO 99/24413) of the formula



- (6-12) carboxin (known from US 3,249,499) of the formula



- (6-13) tiadinil (known from US 6,616,054) of the formula

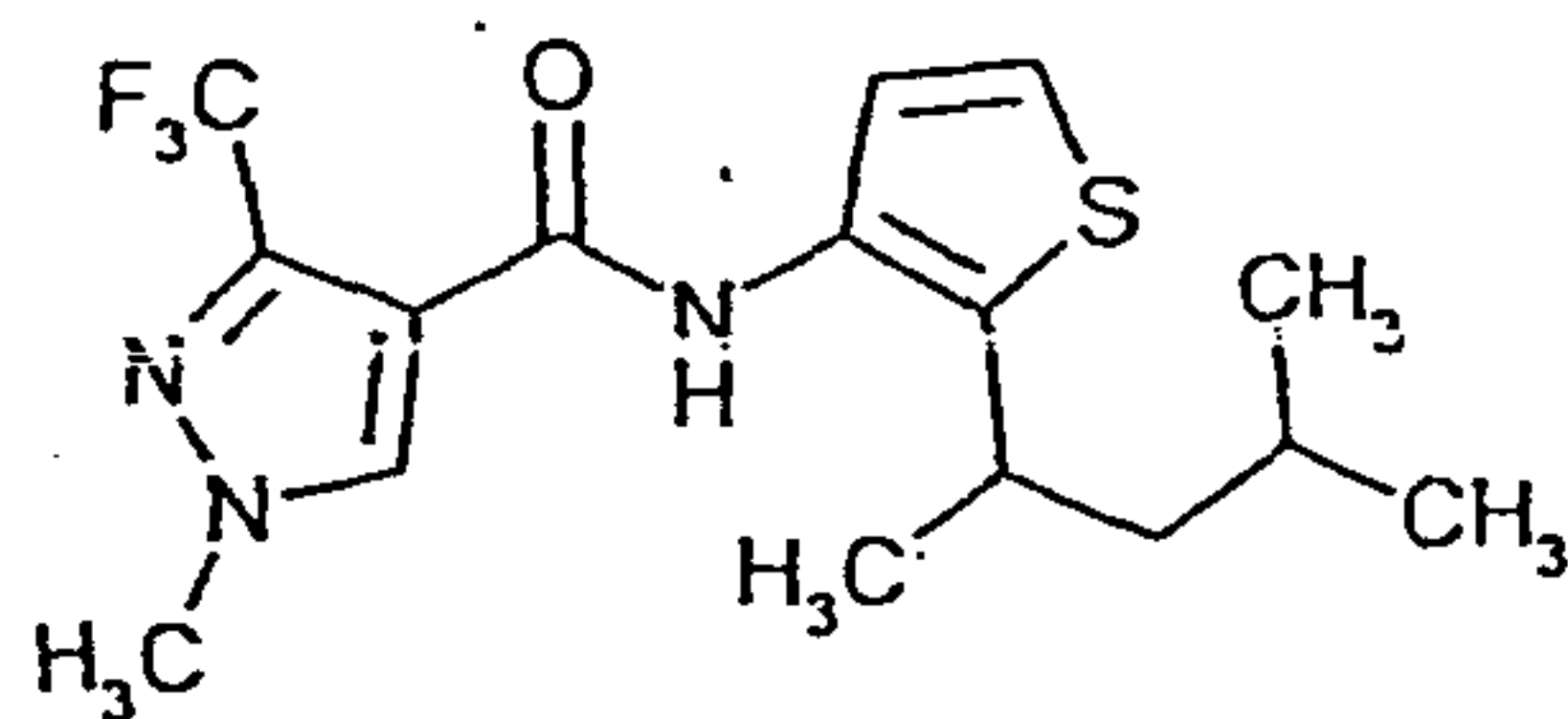


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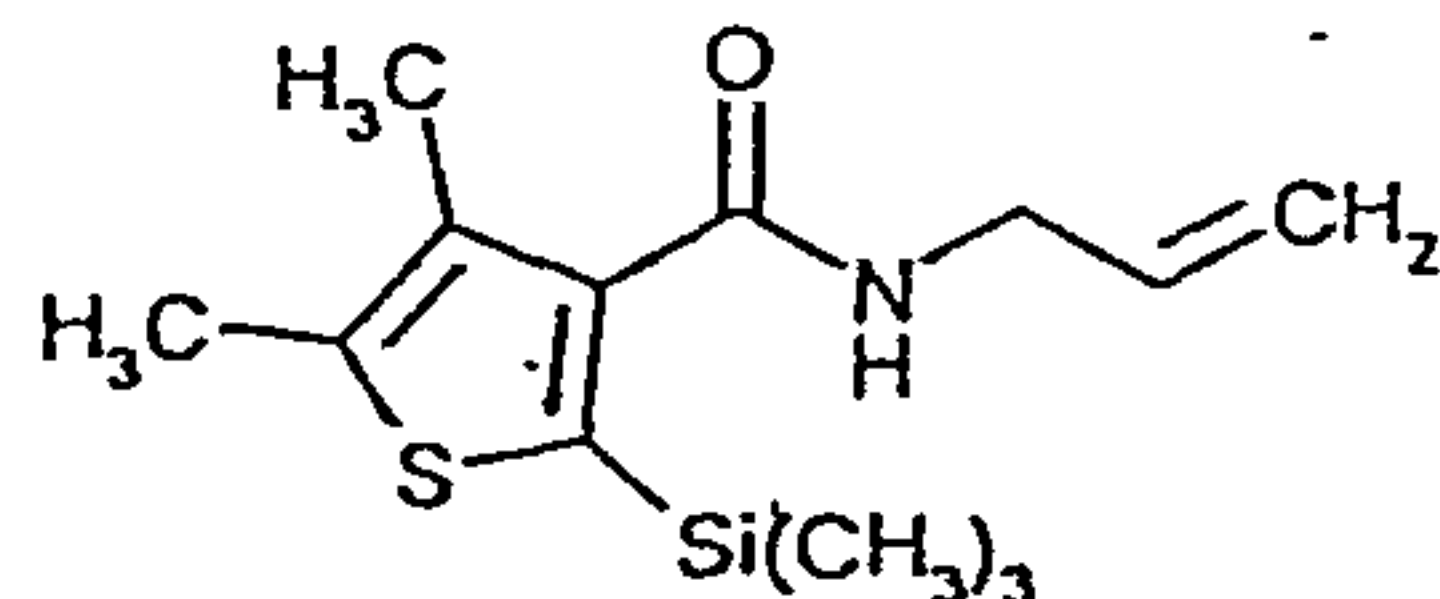
- (6-14) penthiopyrad (known from EP-A 0 737 682) of the formula

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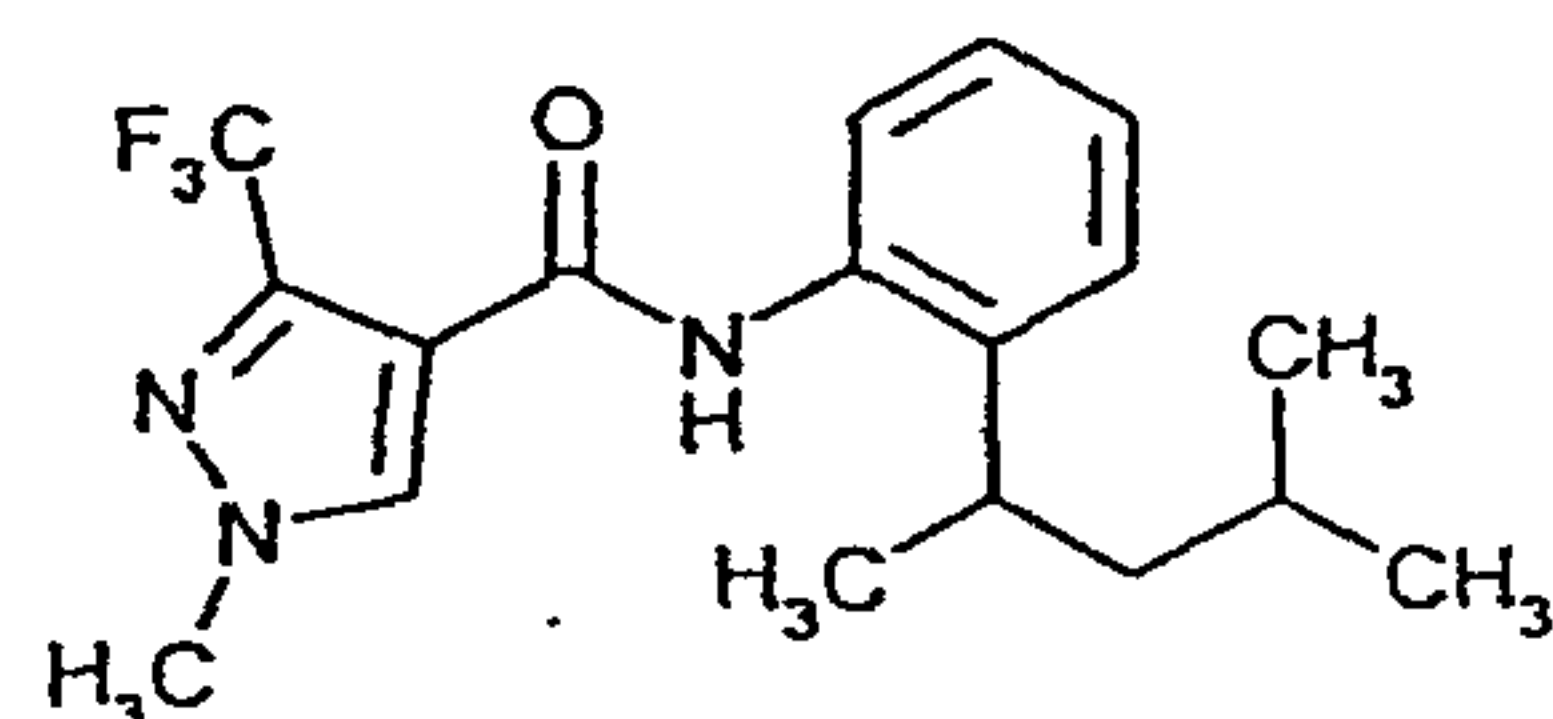
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(6-15) silthiofam (known from WO 96/18631) of the formula



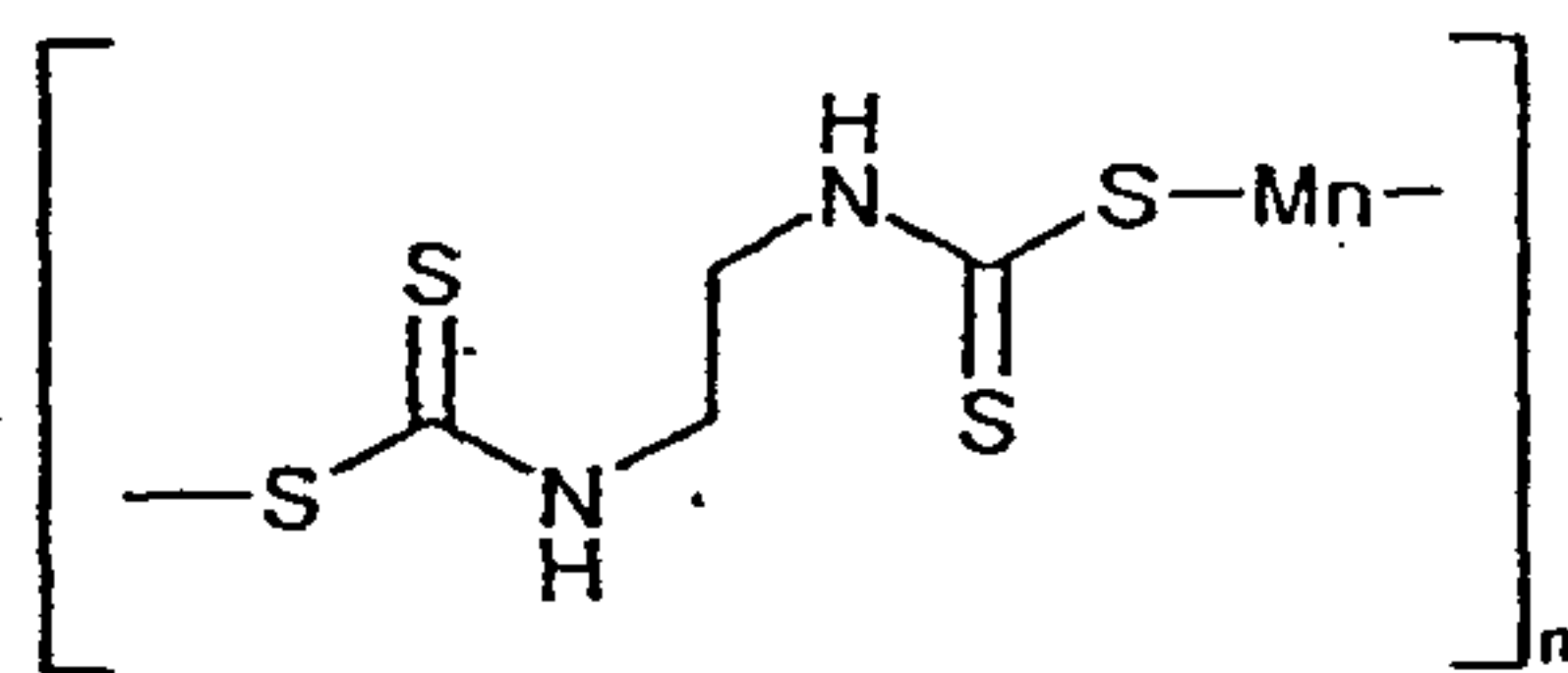
(6-16) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
(known from WO 02/38542) of the formula



Preferred mixing partners of group (7) are

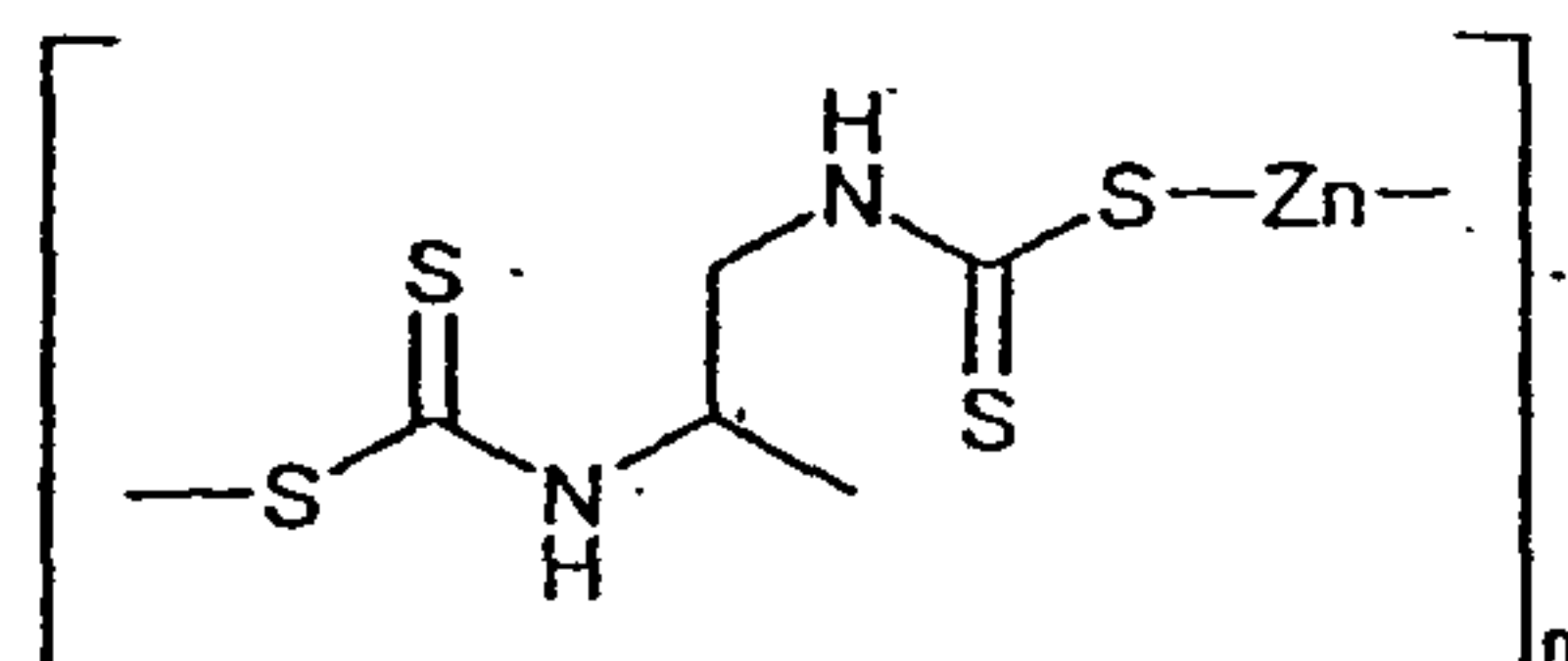
(7-1) mancozeb (known from DE-A 12 34 704) having the IUPAC name
manganese ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate) (polymeric) complex with zinc salt

(7-2) maneb (known from US 2,504,404) of the formula

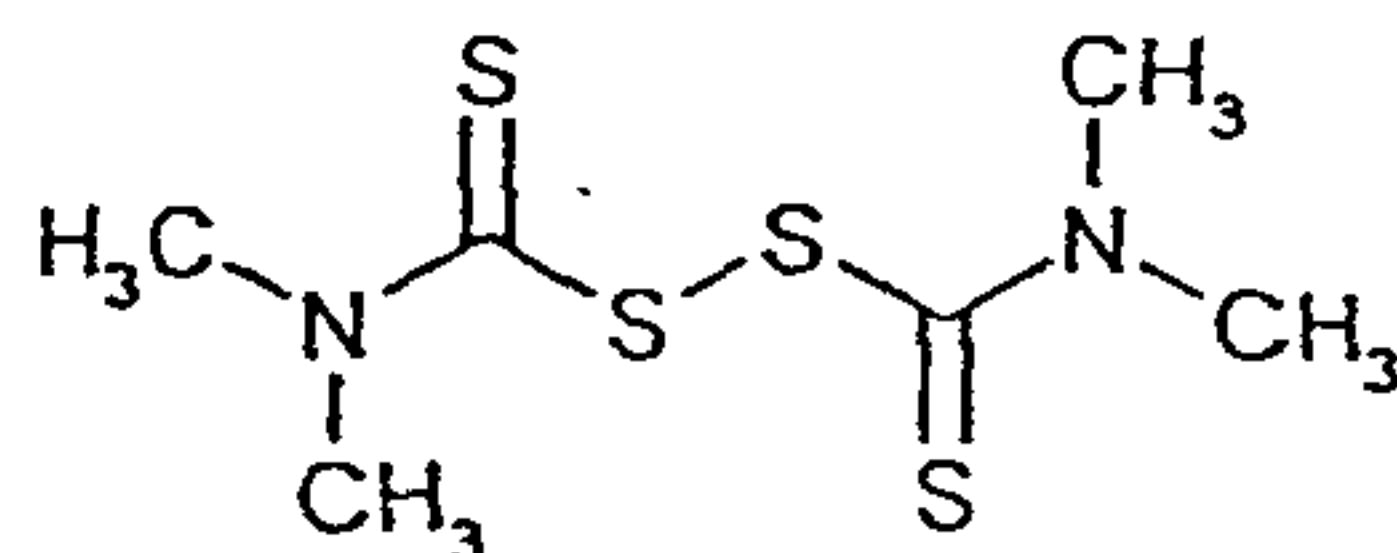


(7-3) metiram (known from DE-A 10 76 434) having the IUPAC name
zinc ammoniate ethylenebis(dithiocarbamate)-poly(ethylenethiuram disulphide)

(7-4) propineb (known from GB 935 981) of the formula



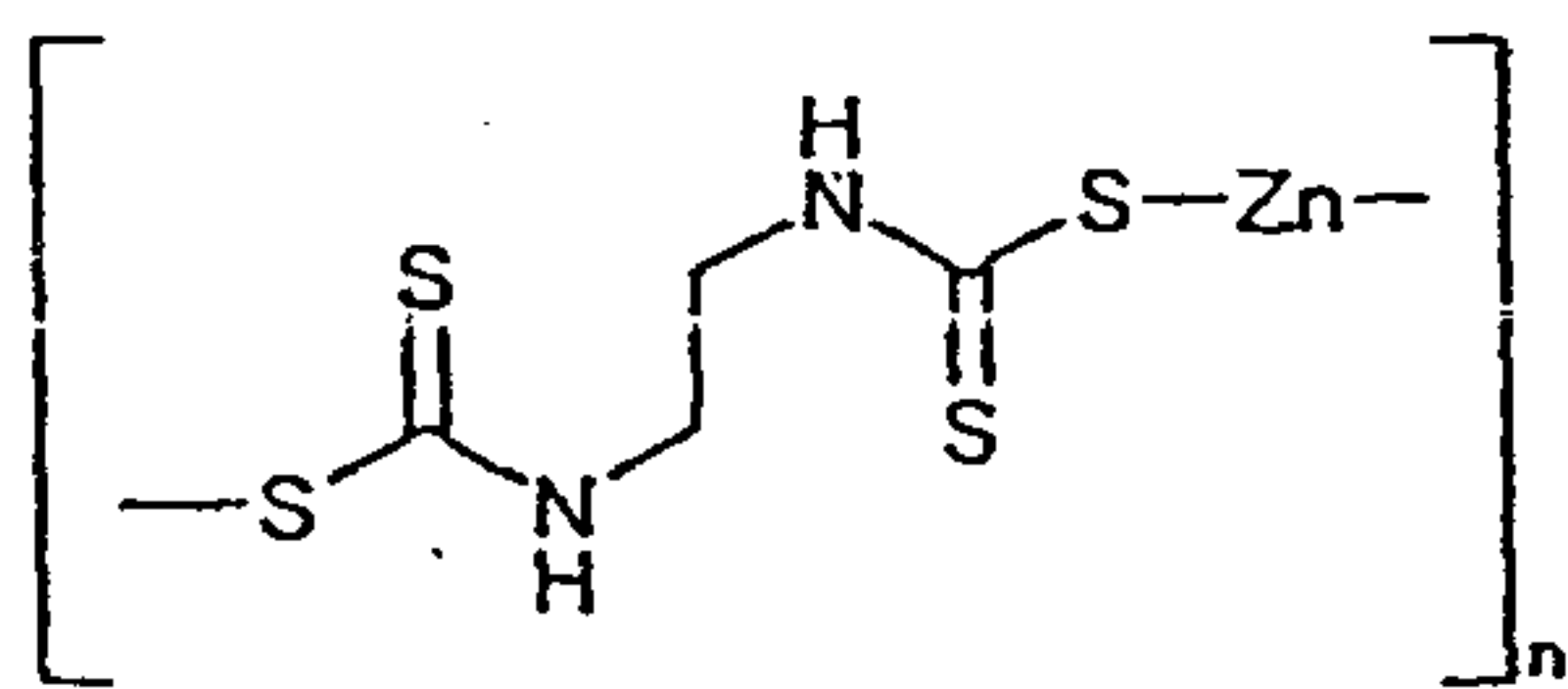
(7-5) thiram (known from US 1,972,961) of the formula



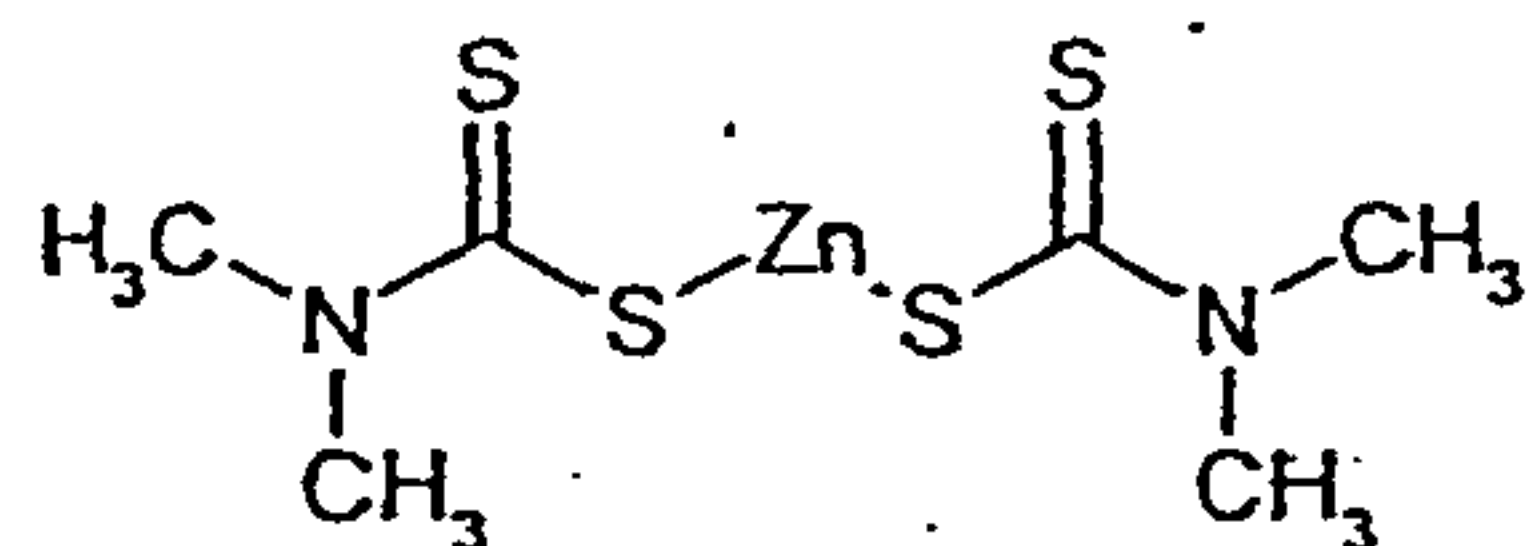
(7-6) zineb (known from DE-A 10 81 446) of the formula

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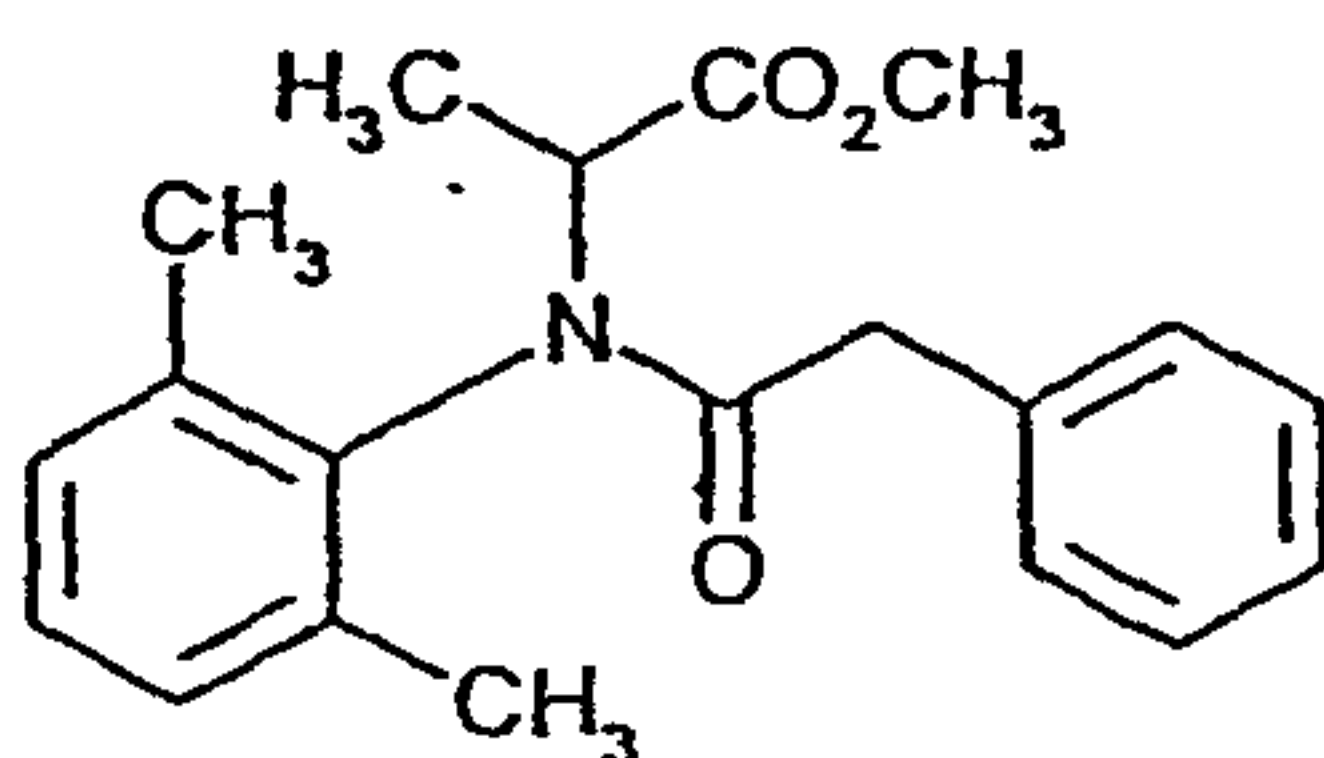


(7-7) ziram (known from US 2,588,428) of the formula

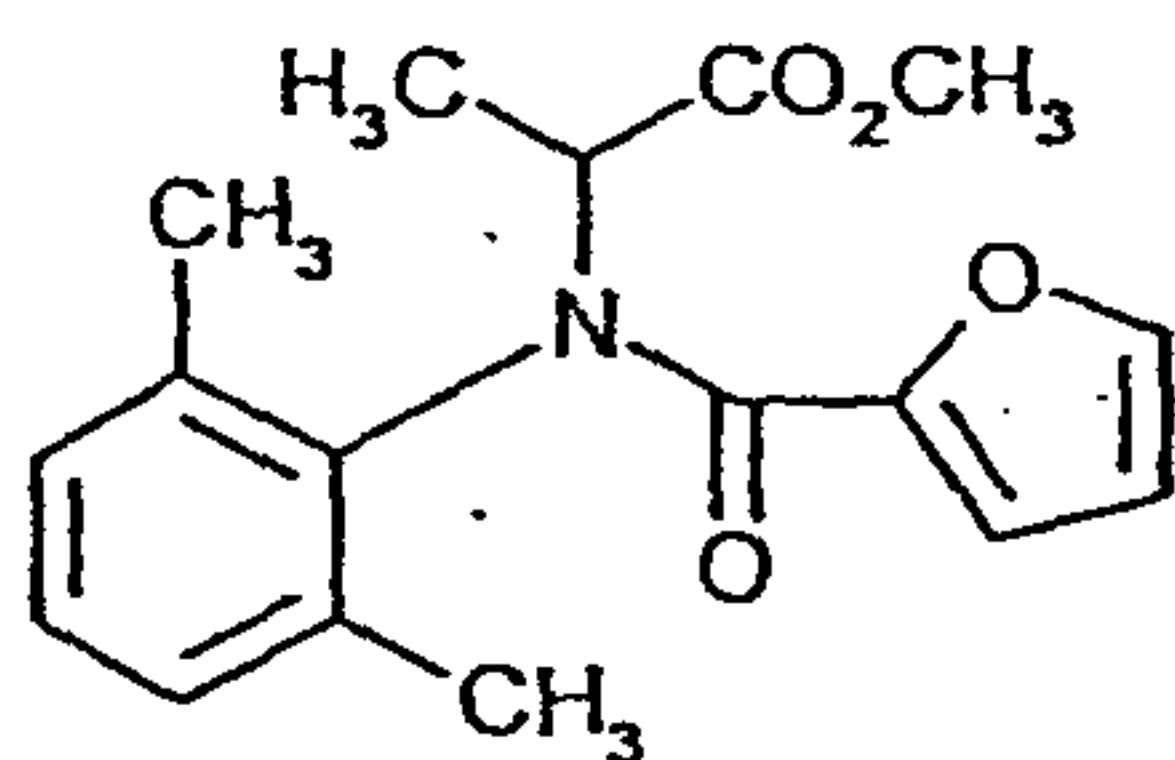


The formula (VI) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (8):

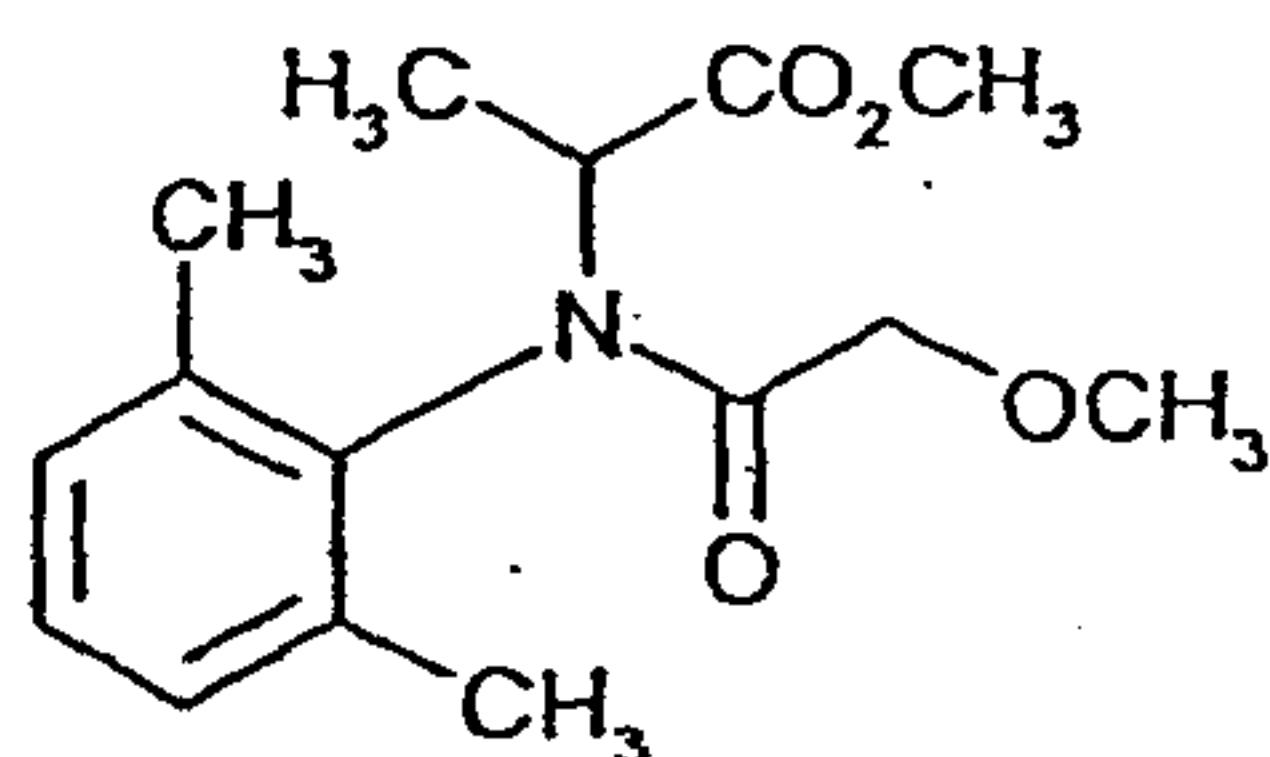
5 (8-1) benalaxyl (known from DE-A 29 03 612) of the formula



(8-2) furalaxyl (known from DE-A 25 13 732) of the formula

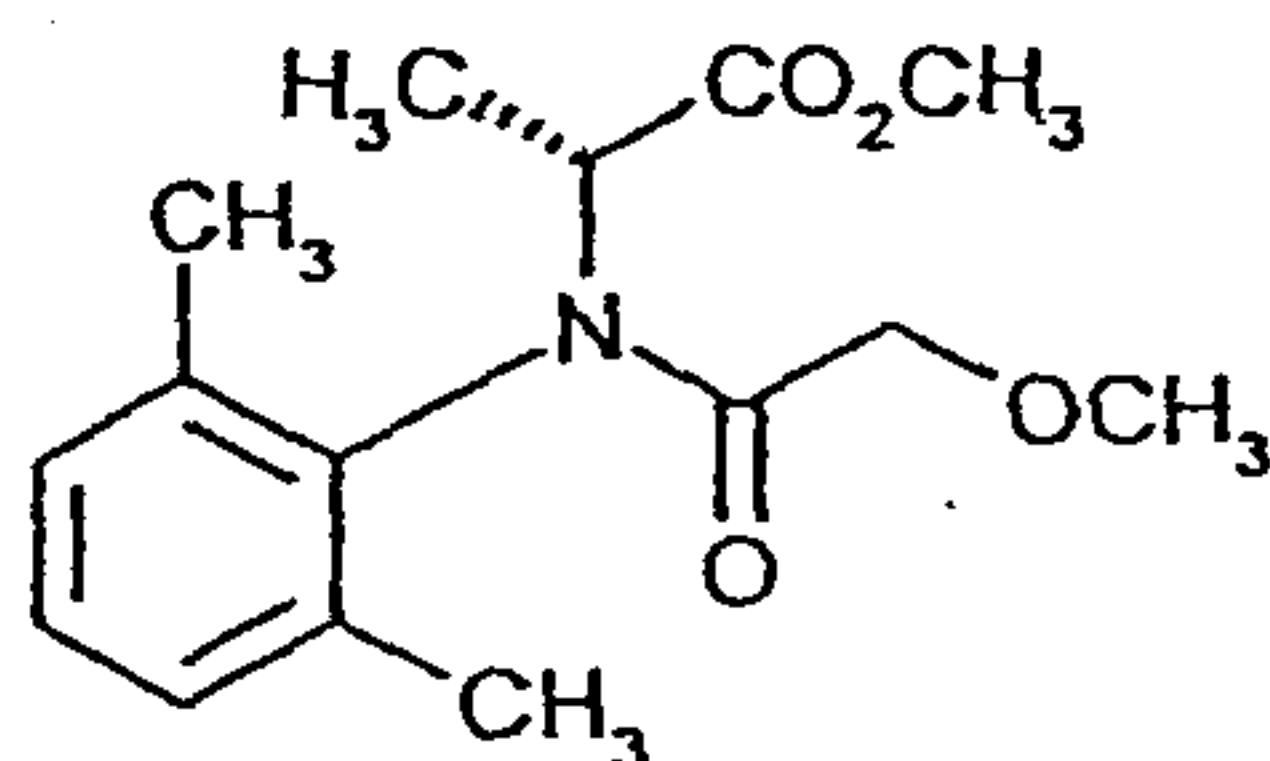


(8-3) metalaxyl (known from DE-A 25 15 091) of the formula

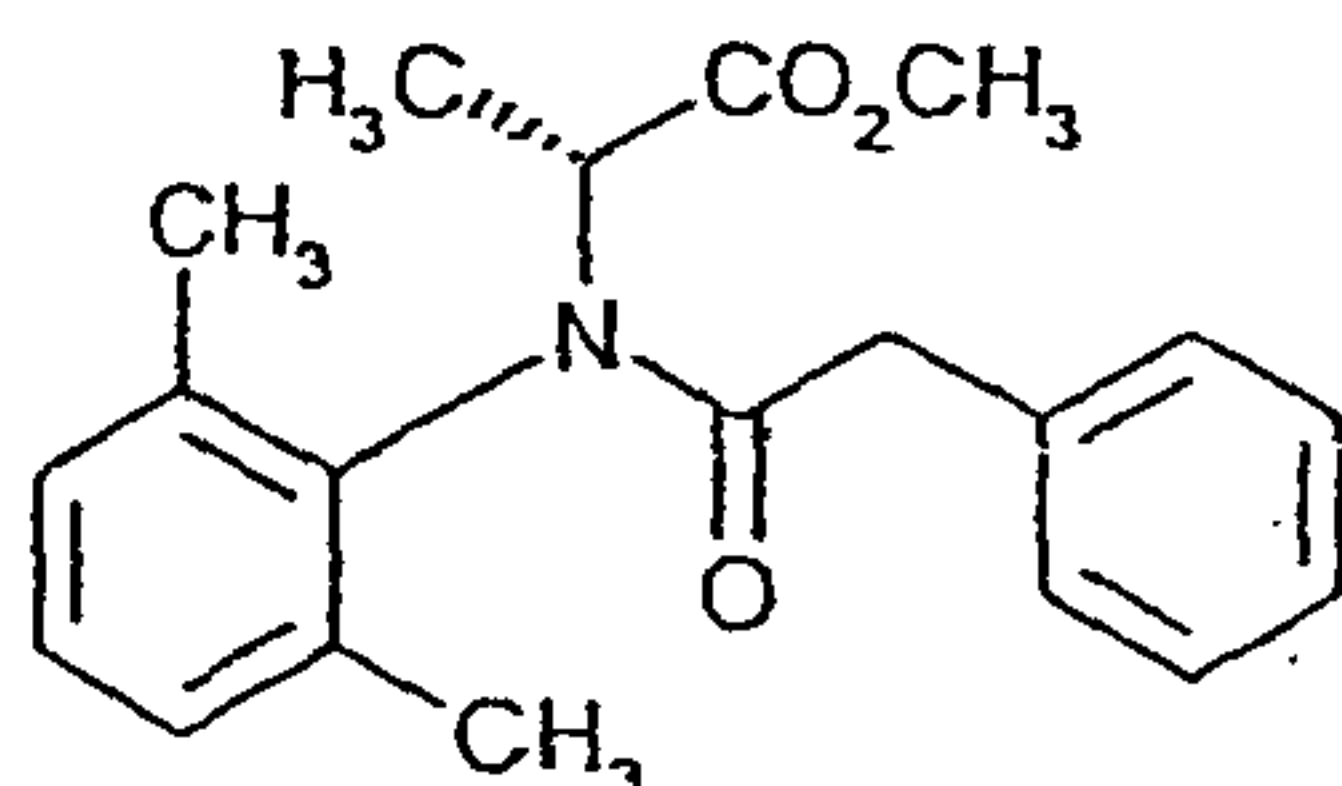


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(8-4) metalaxyl-M (known from WO 96/01559) of the formula



(8-5) benalaxyl-M of the formula

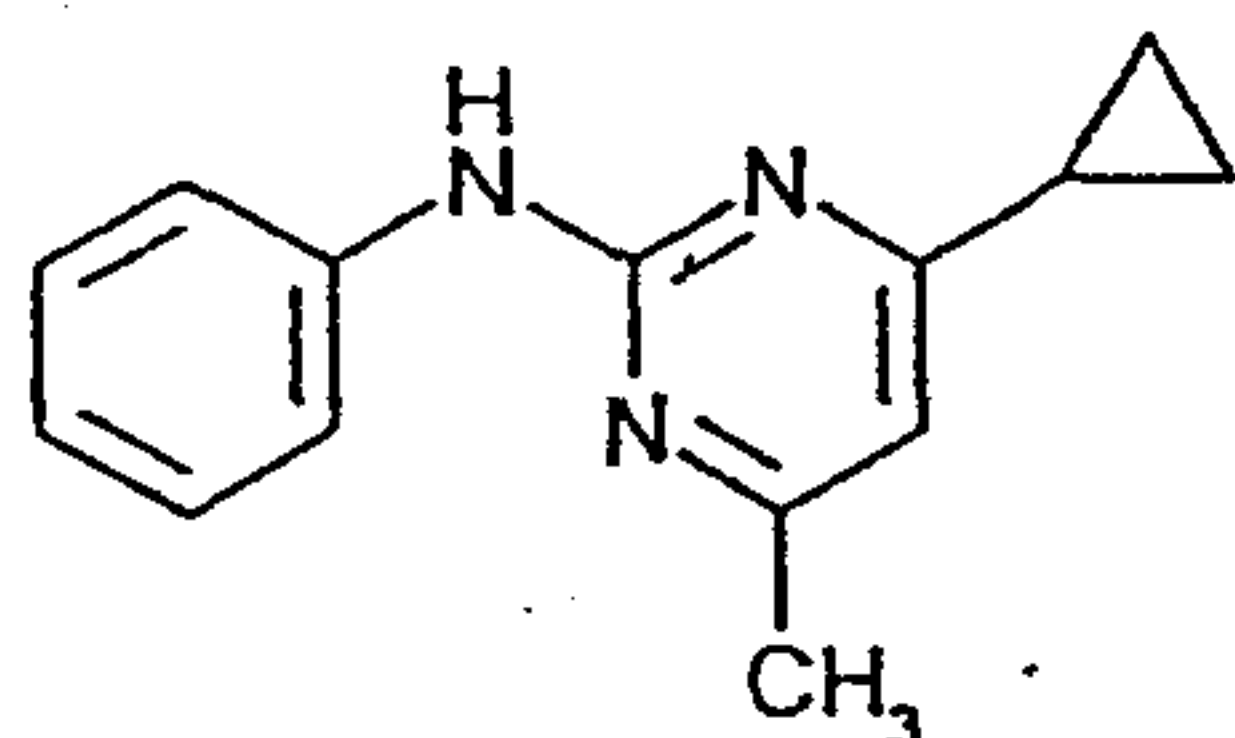


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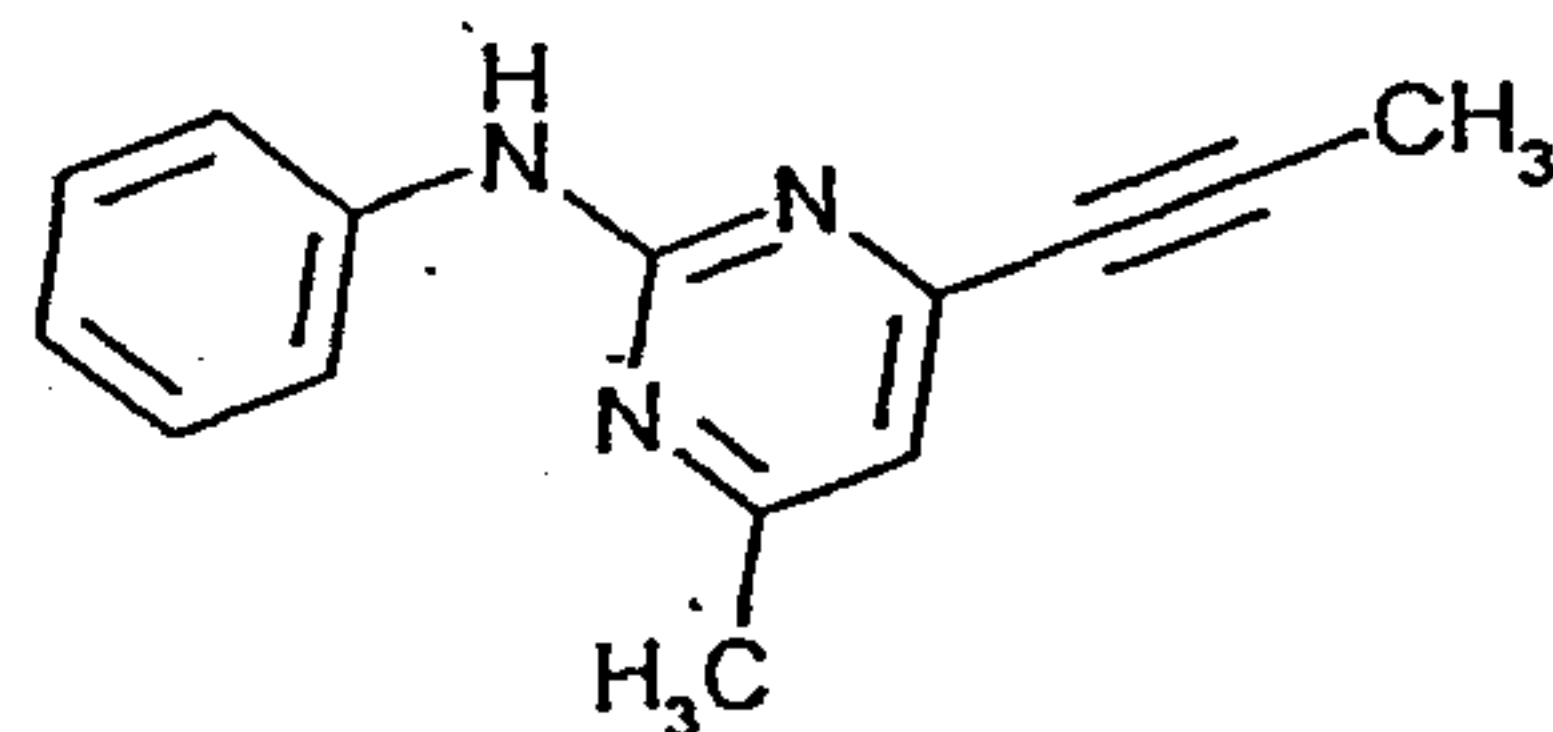
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The formula (VII) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (9):

(9-1) cyprodinil (known from EP-A 0 310 550) of the formula

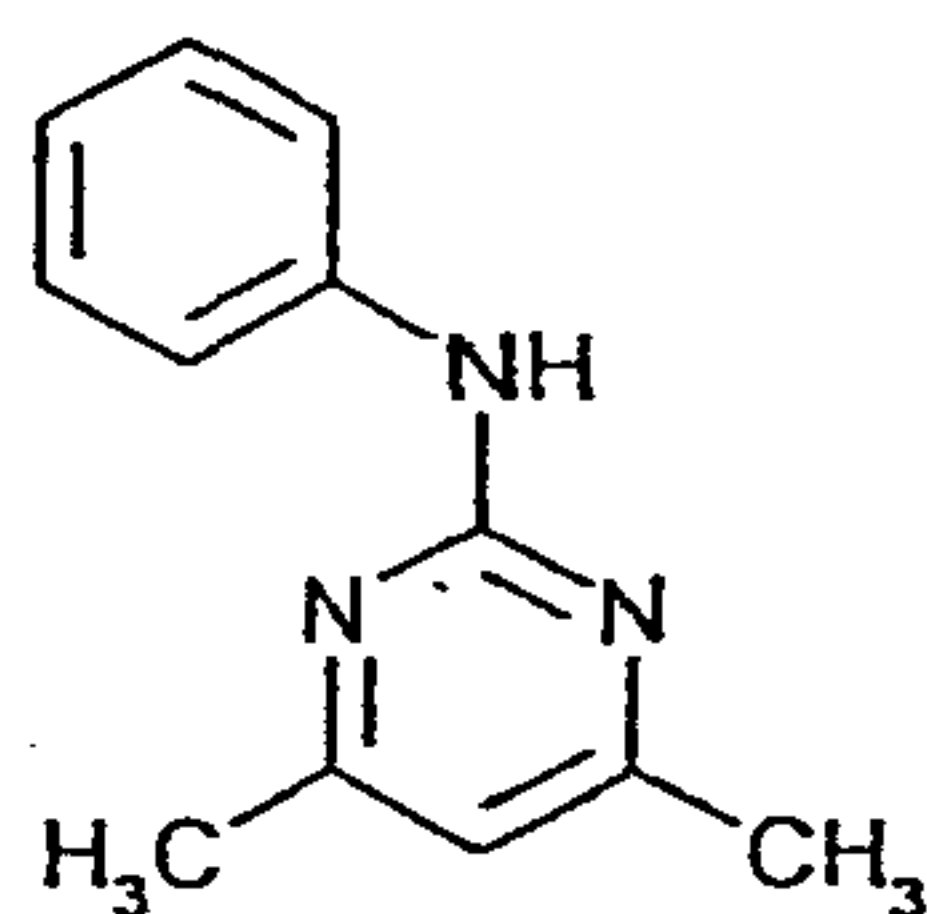


(9-2) mepanipyrim (known from EP-A 0 270 111) of the formula



5

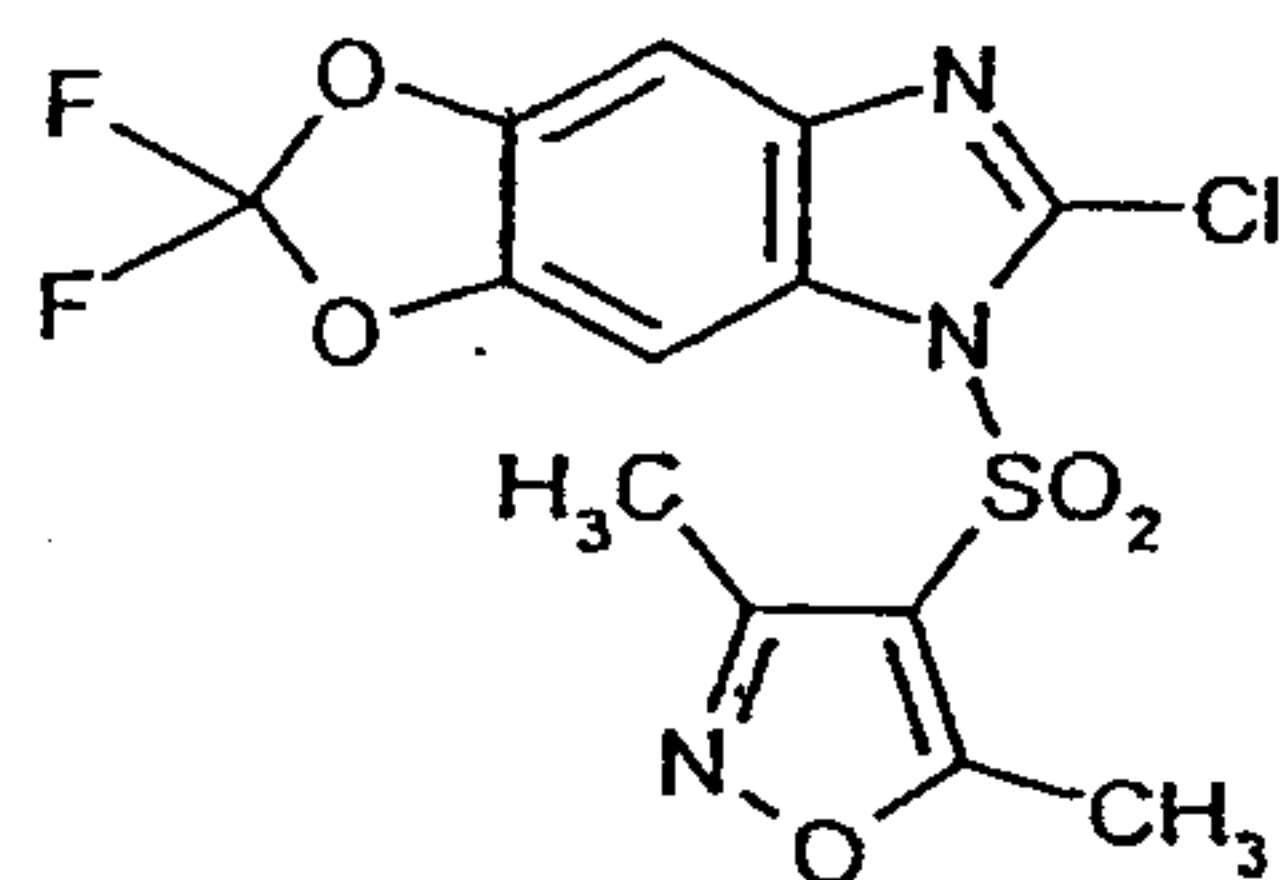
(9-3) pyrimethanil (known from DD 151 404) of the formula



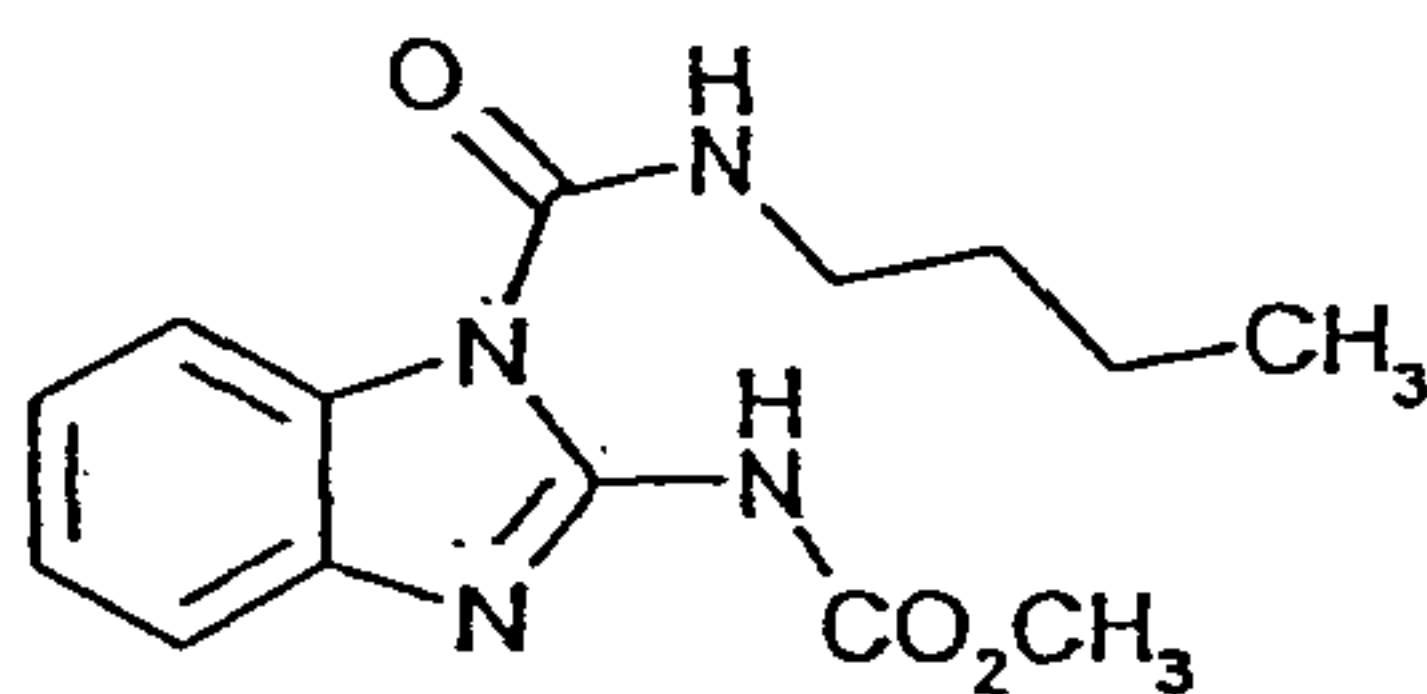
The formula (VIII) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (10):

(10-1) 6-chloro-5-[(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-yl)sulphonyl]-2,2-difluoro-5H-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-f]-benzimidazole (known from WO 97/06171) of the formula

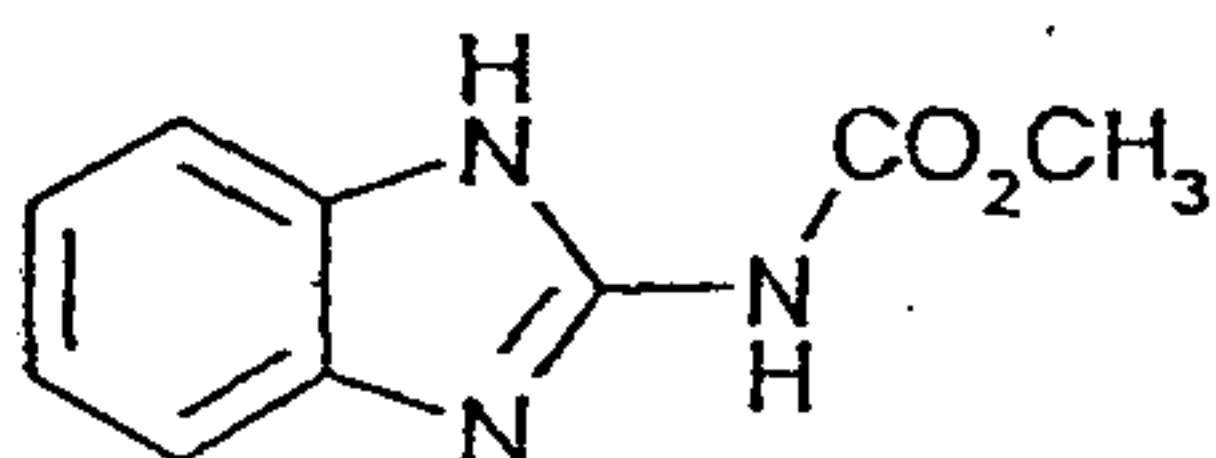
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(10-2) benomyl (known from US 3,631,176) of the formula



(10-3) carbendazim (known from US 3,010,968) of the formula

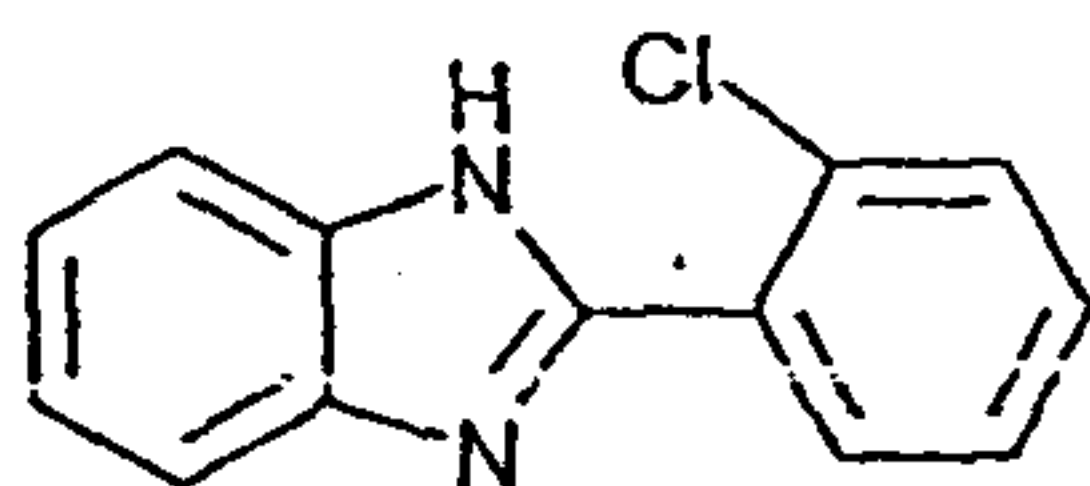


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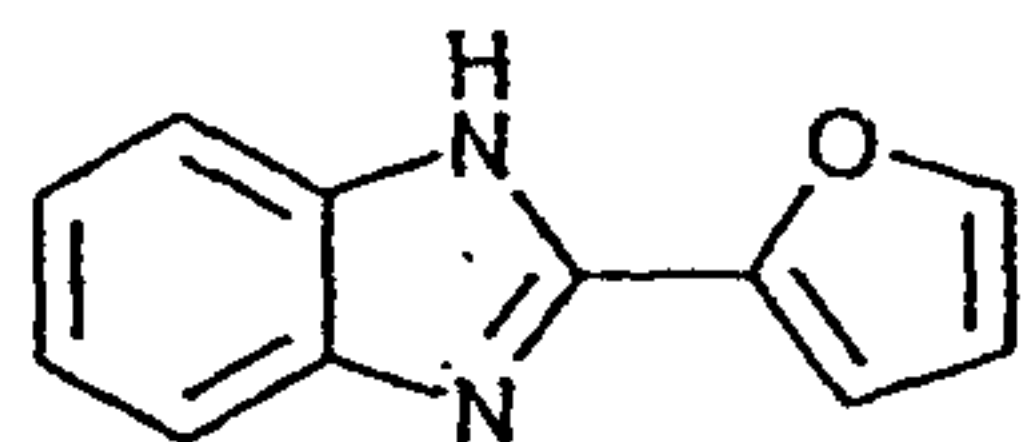
(10-4) chlorfenazole of the formula

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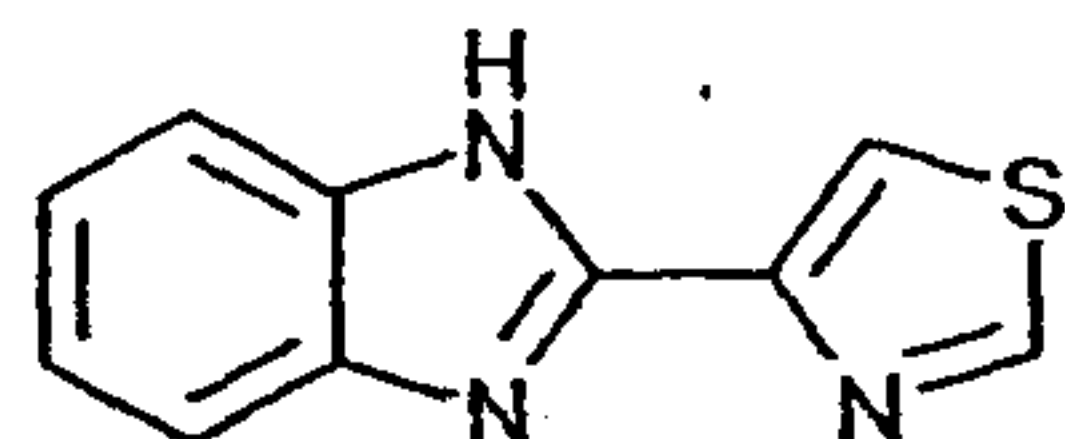
- 26 -



(10-5) fuberidazole (known from DE-A 12 09 799) of the formula



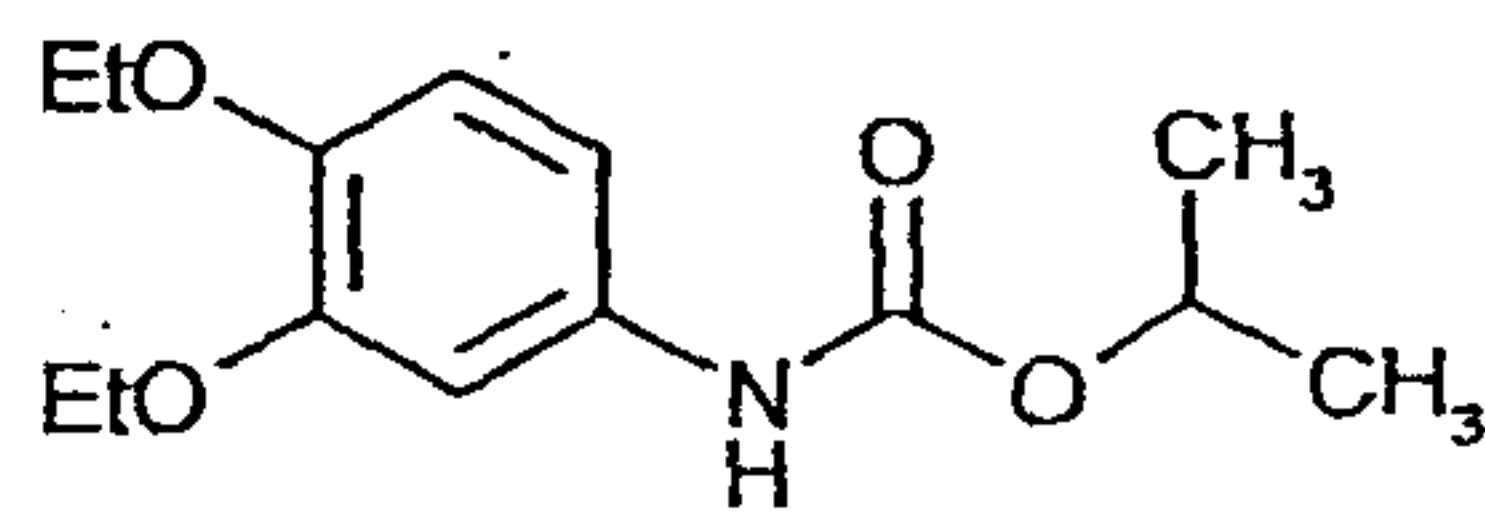
(10-6) thiabendazole (known from US 3,206,468) of the formula



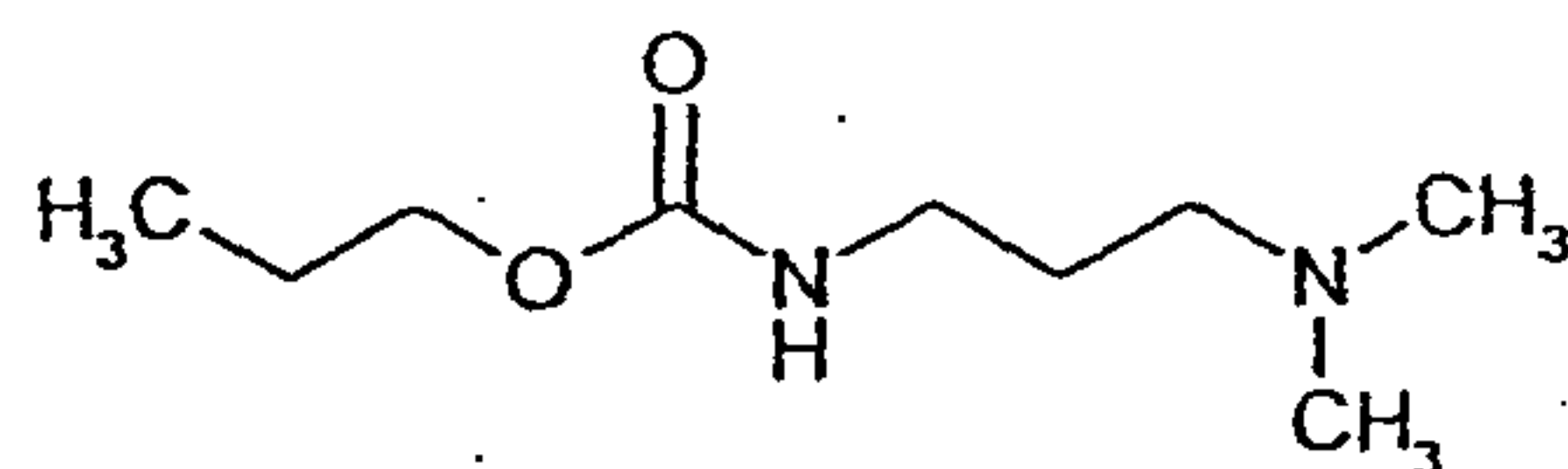
5

The formula (IX) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (11):

(11-1) diethofencarb (known from EP-A 0 078 663) of the formula

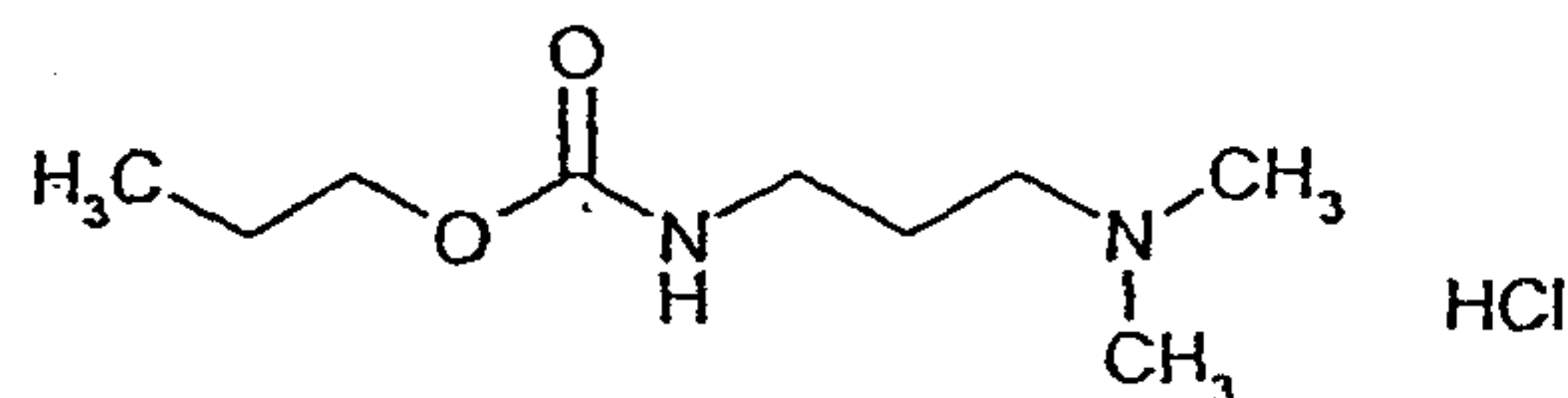


(11-2) propamocarb (known from US 3,513,241) of the formula

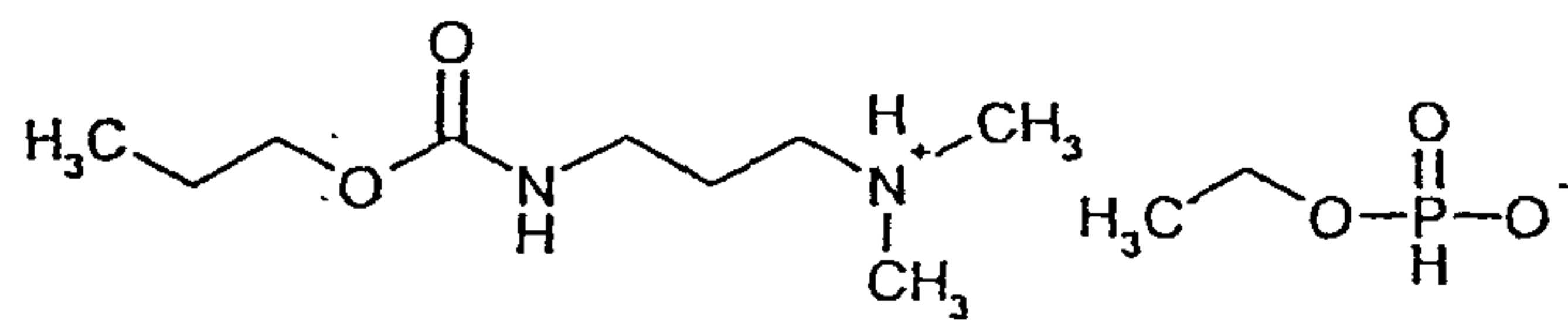


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(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride (known from US 3,513,241) of the formula

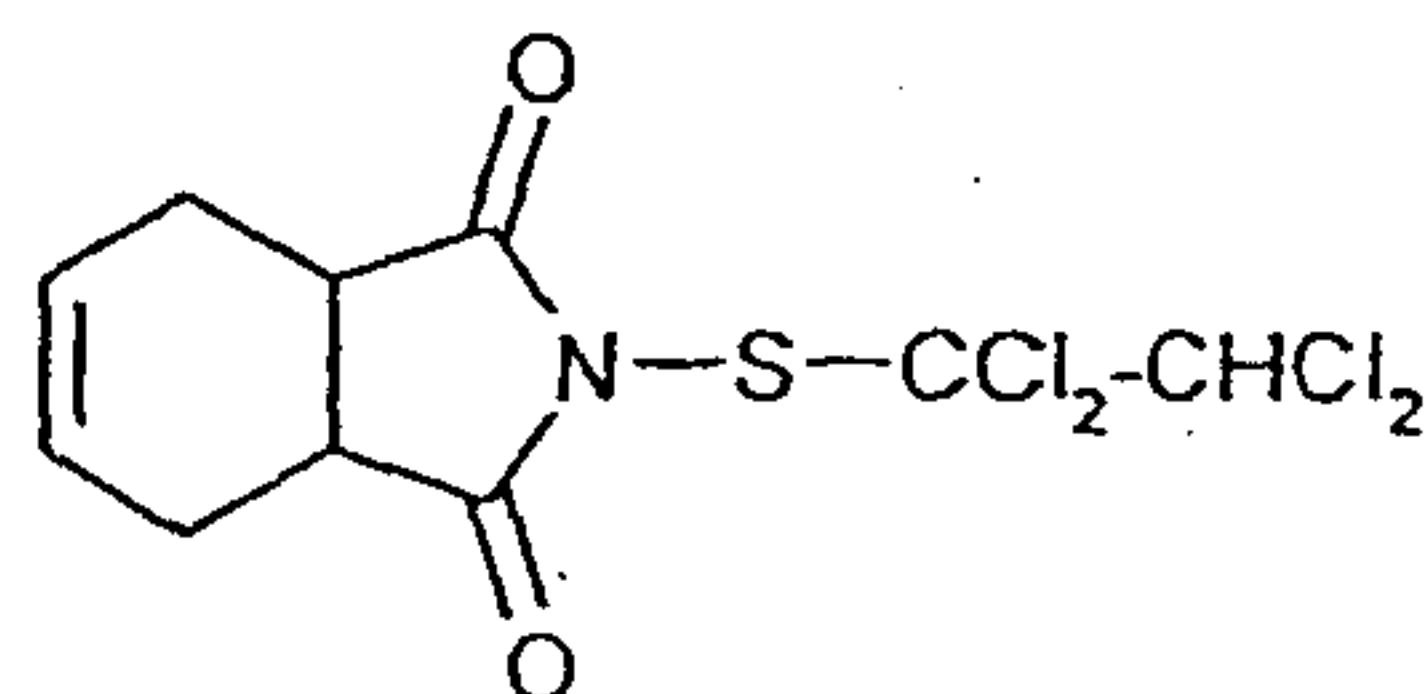


(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl of the formula



15 Preferred mixing partners of group (12) are

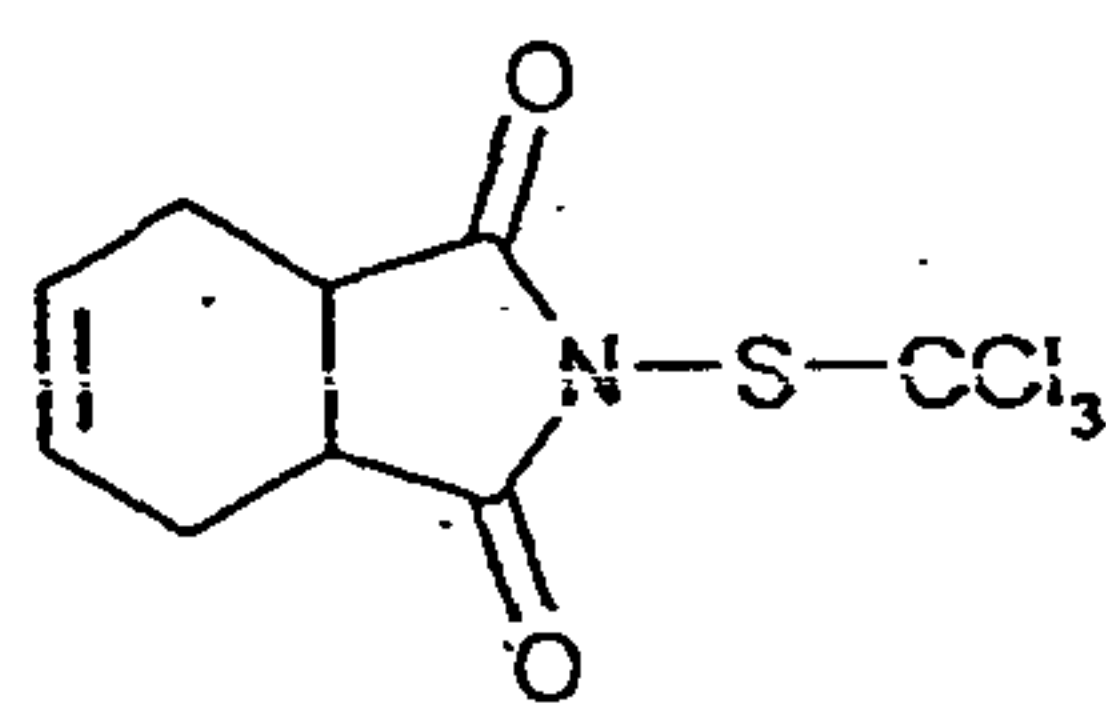
(12-1) captan (known from US 3,178,447) of the formula



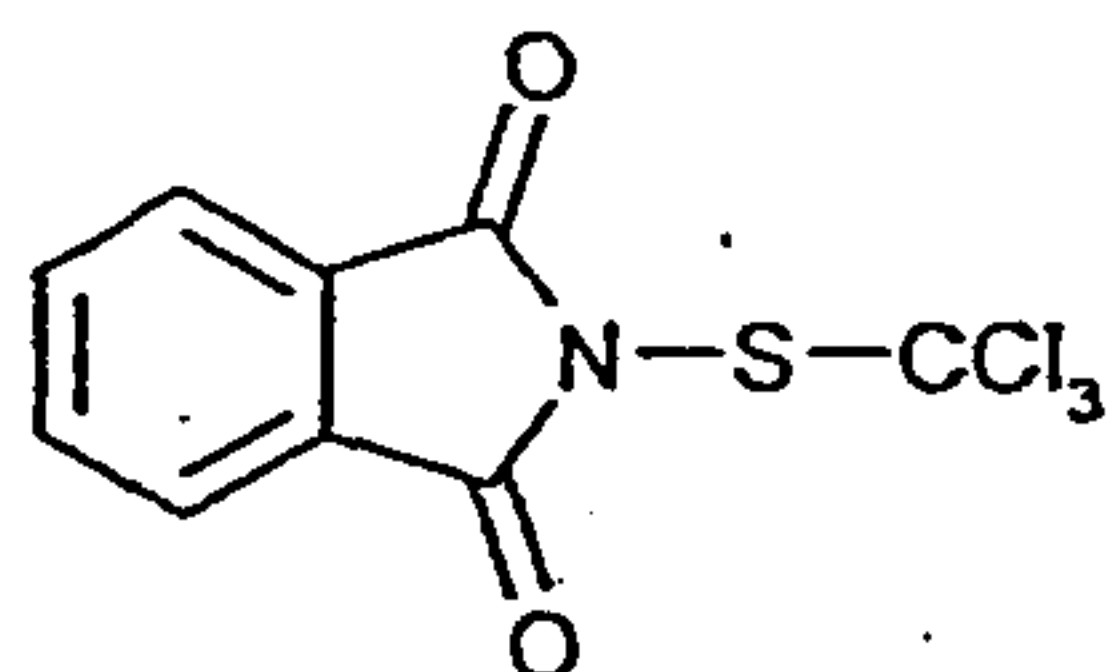
(12-2) captan (known from US 2,553,770) of the formula

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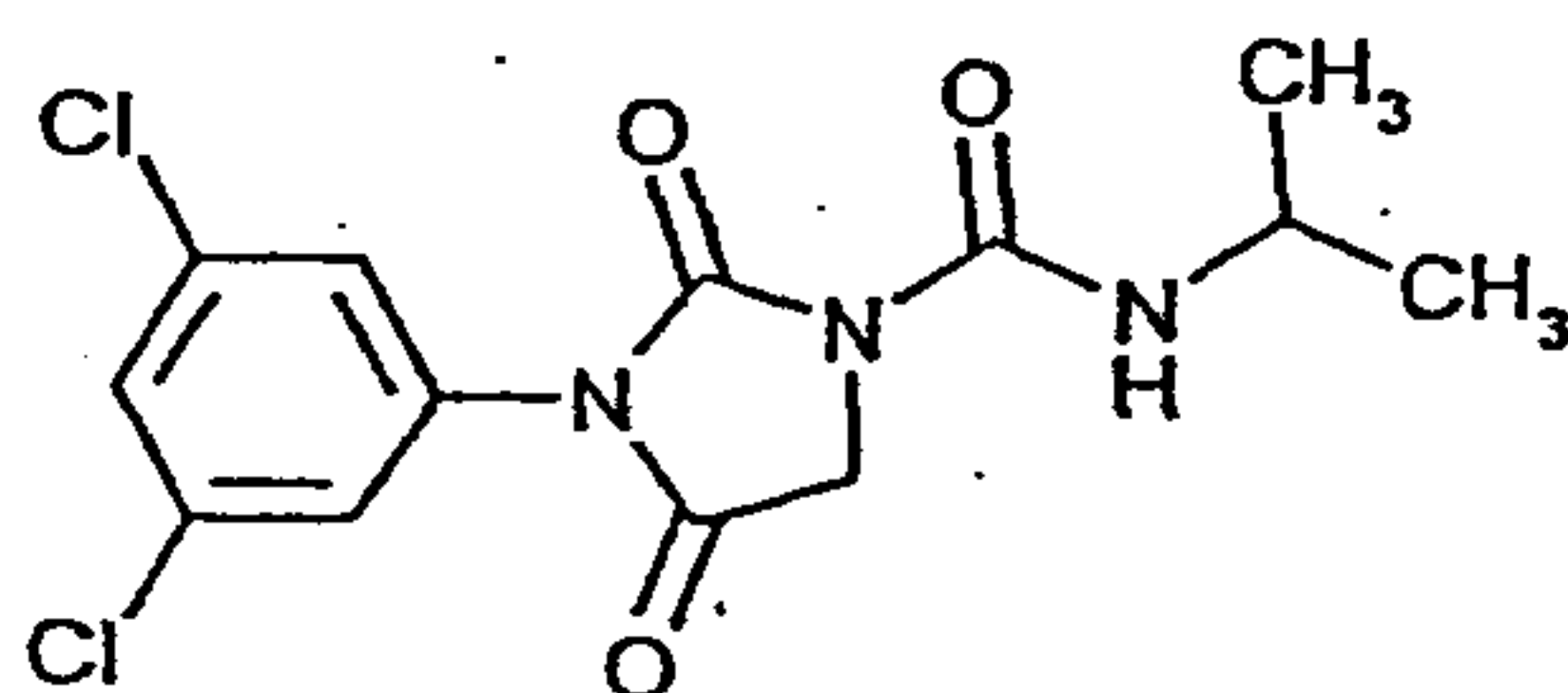
- 27 -



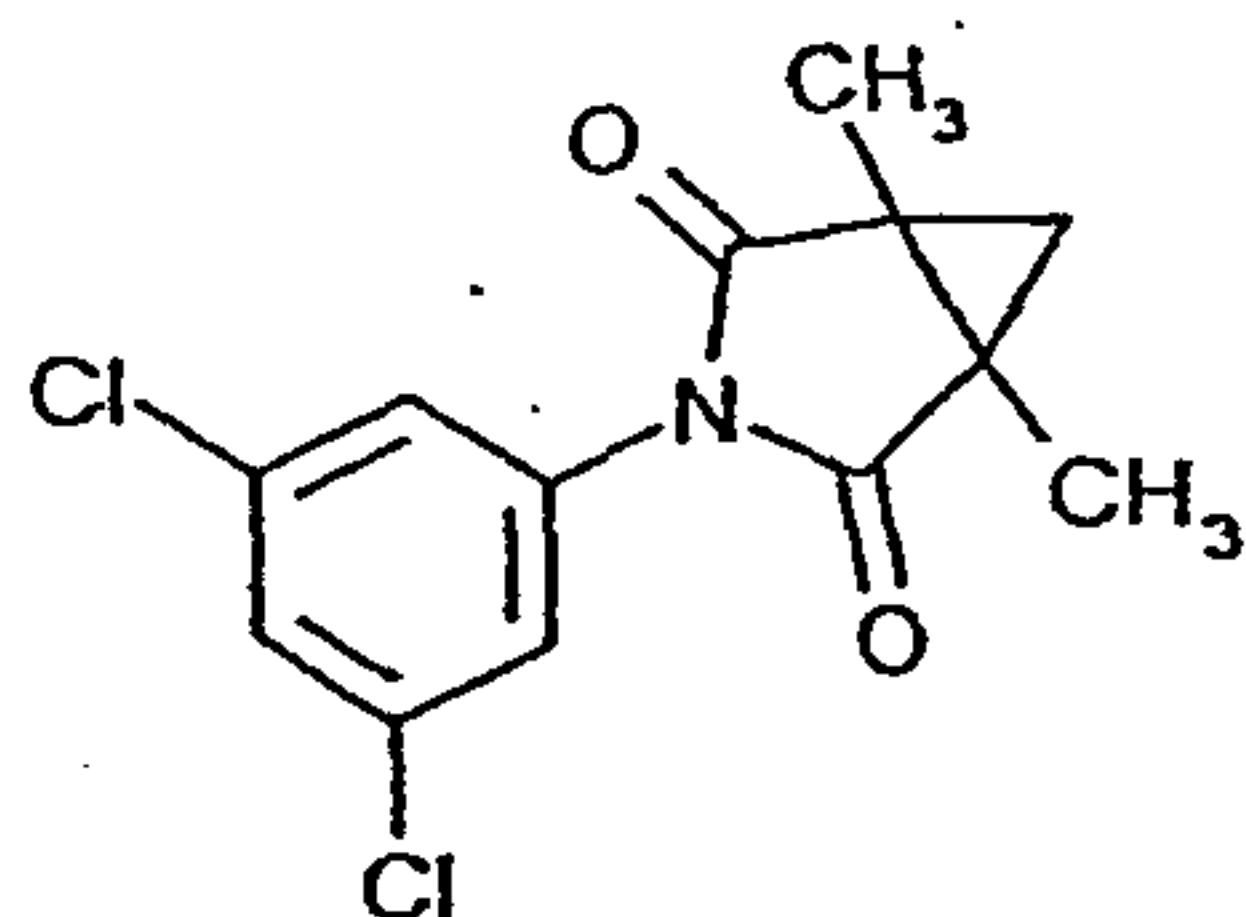
(12-3) folpet (known from US 2,553,770) of the formula



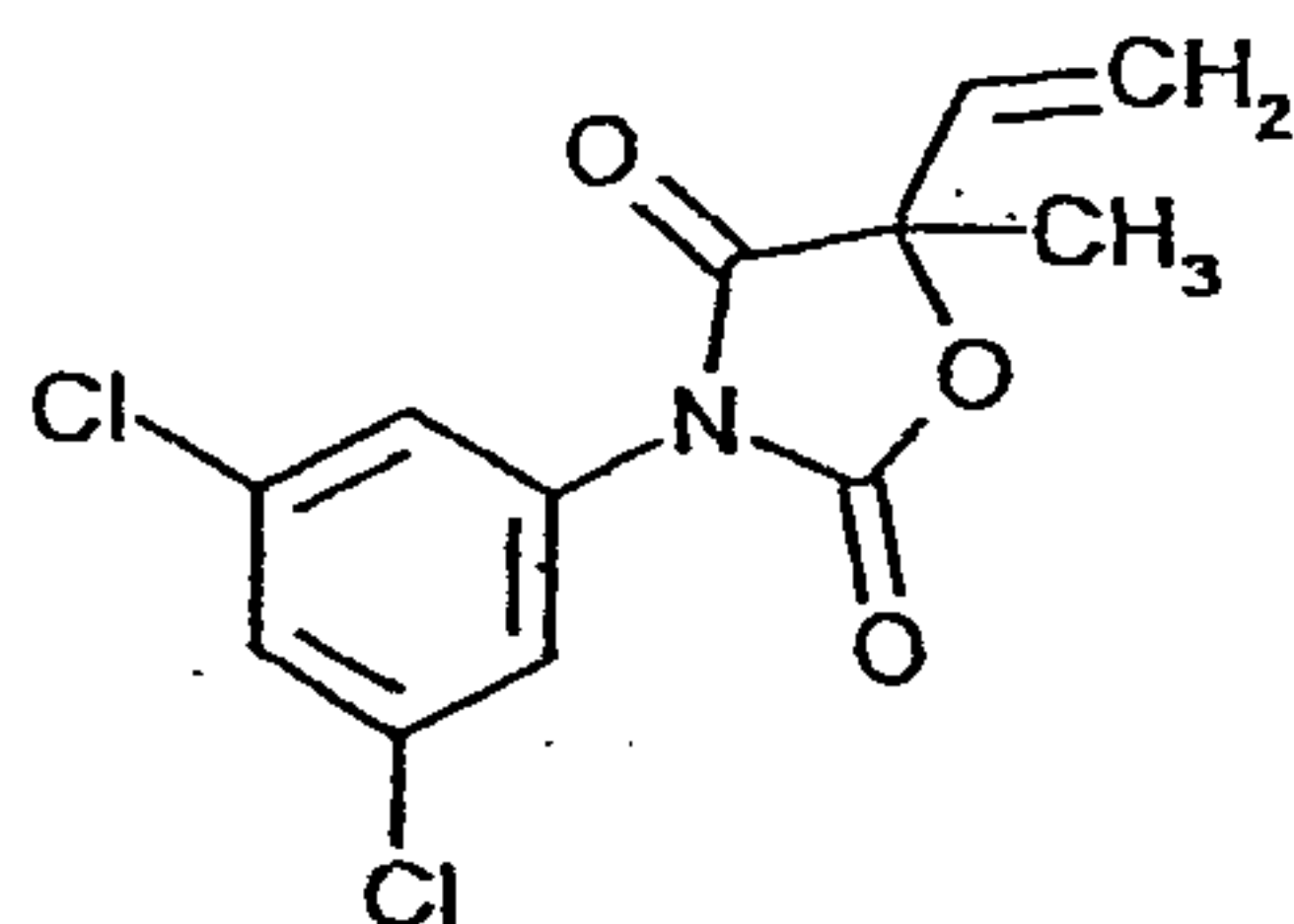
(12-4) iprodione (known from DE-A 21 49 923) of the formula



(12-5) procymidone (known from DE-A 20 12 656) of the formula

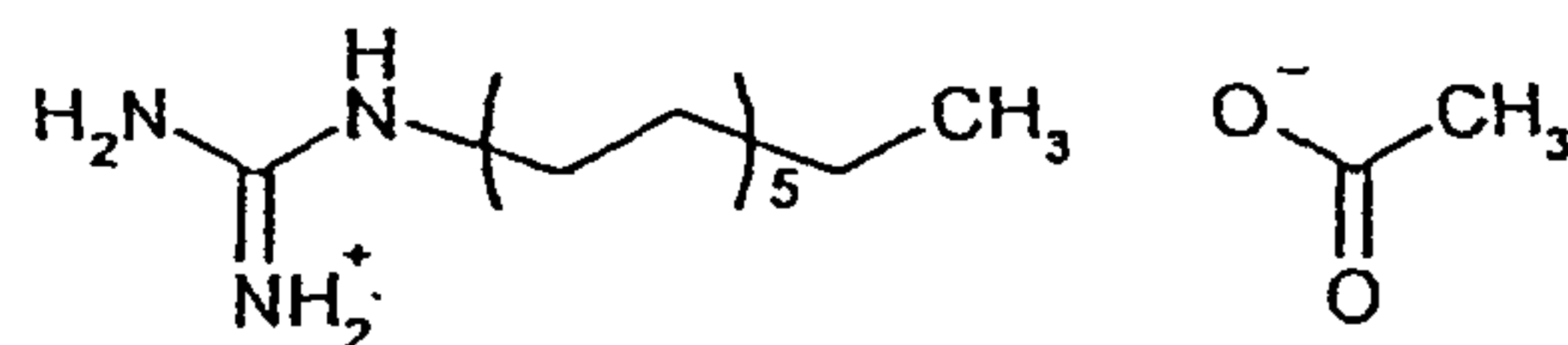


(12-6) vinclozolin (known from DE-A 22 07 576) of the formula



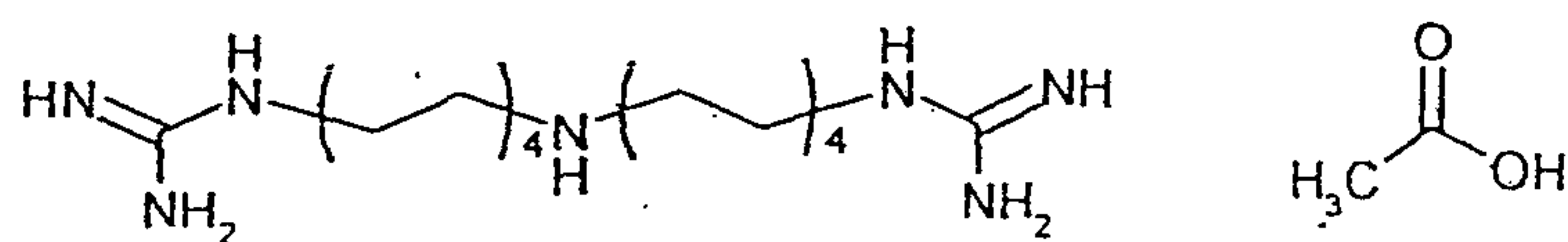
10 Preferred mixing partners of group (13) are

(13-1) dodine (known from GB 11 03 989) of the formula



(13-2) guazatine (known from GB 11 14 155)

(13-3) iminoctadine triacetate (known from EP-A 0 155 509) of the formula



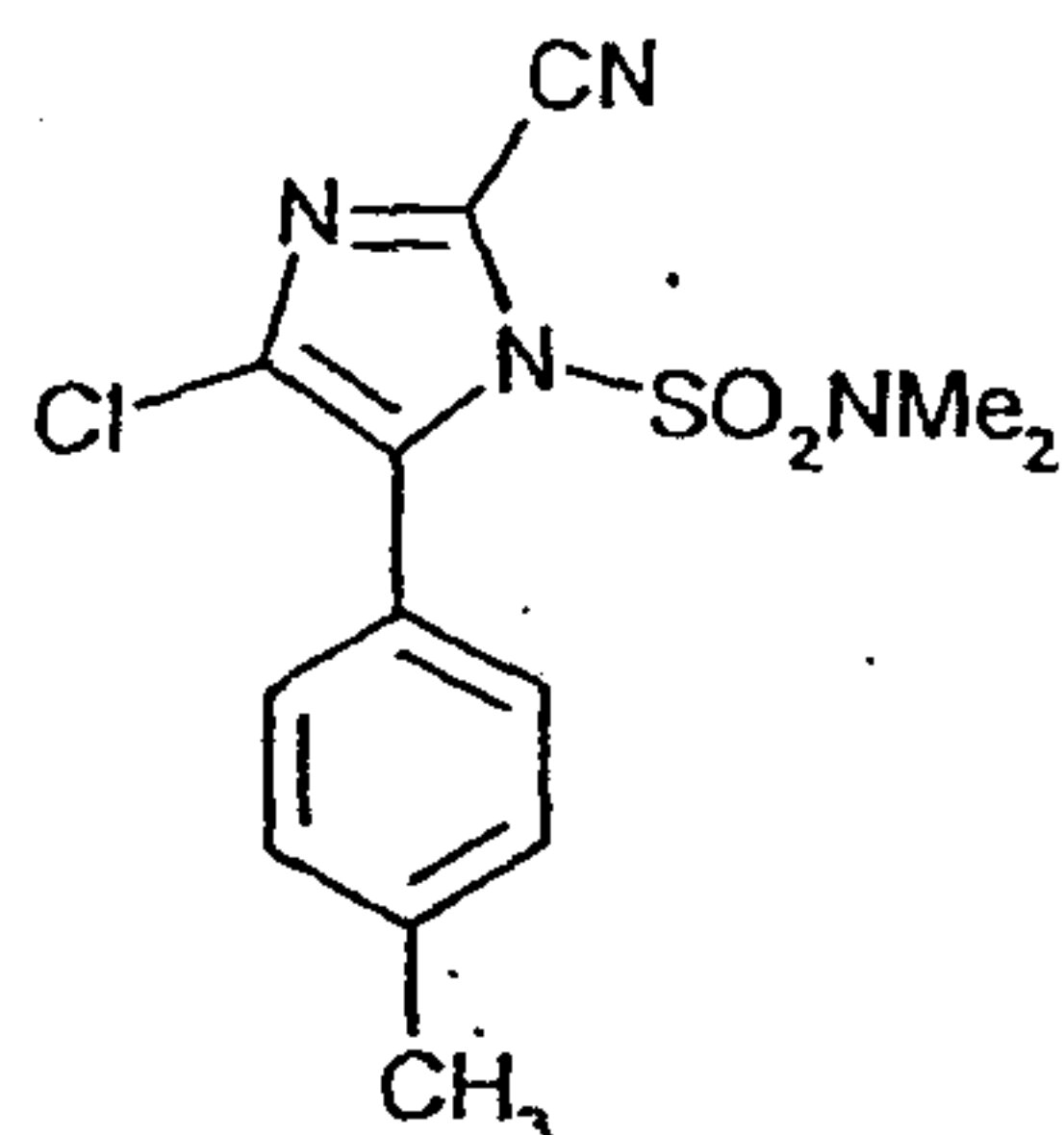
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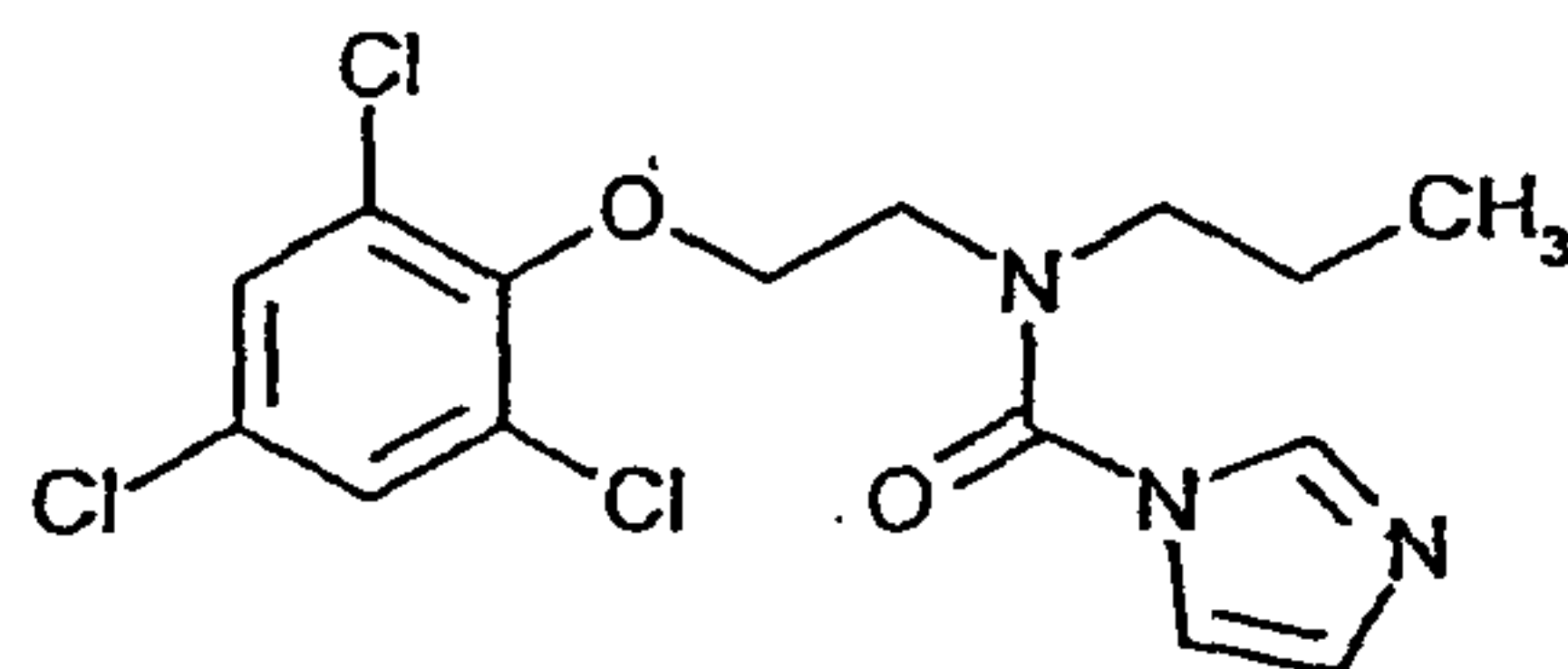
- 28 -

Preferred mixing partners of group (14) are

(14-1) cyazofamid (known from EP-A 0 298 196) of the formula

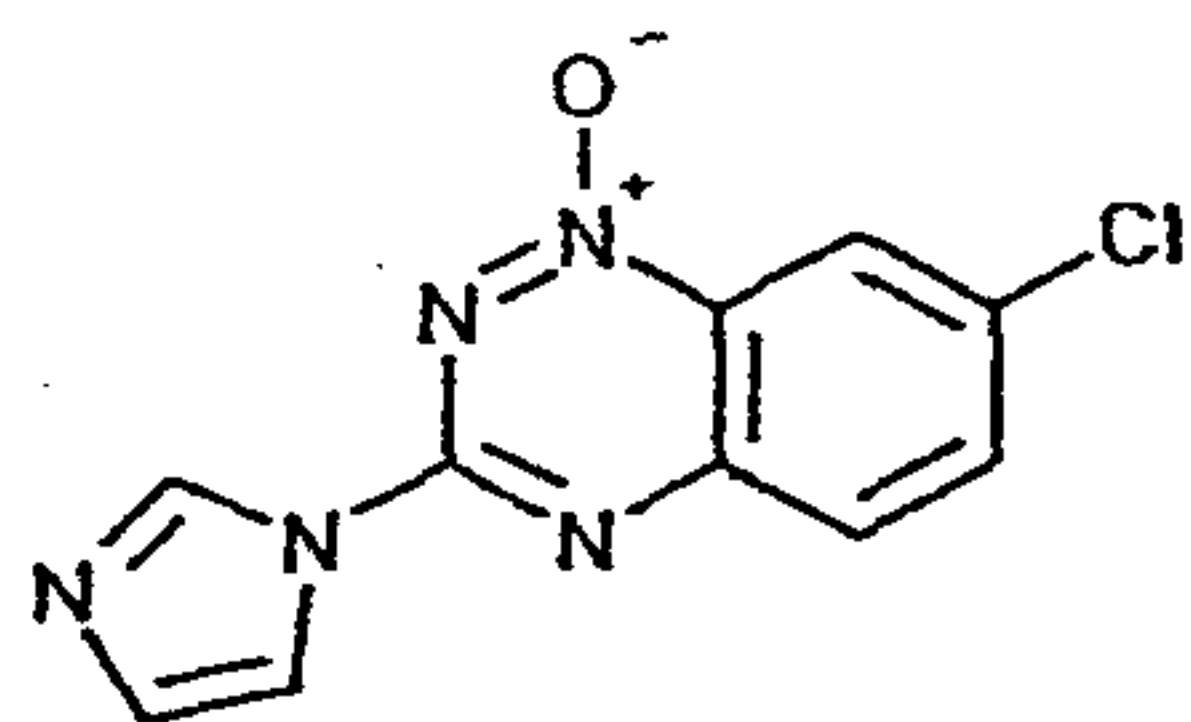


(14-2) prochloraz (known from DE-A 24 29 523) of the formula

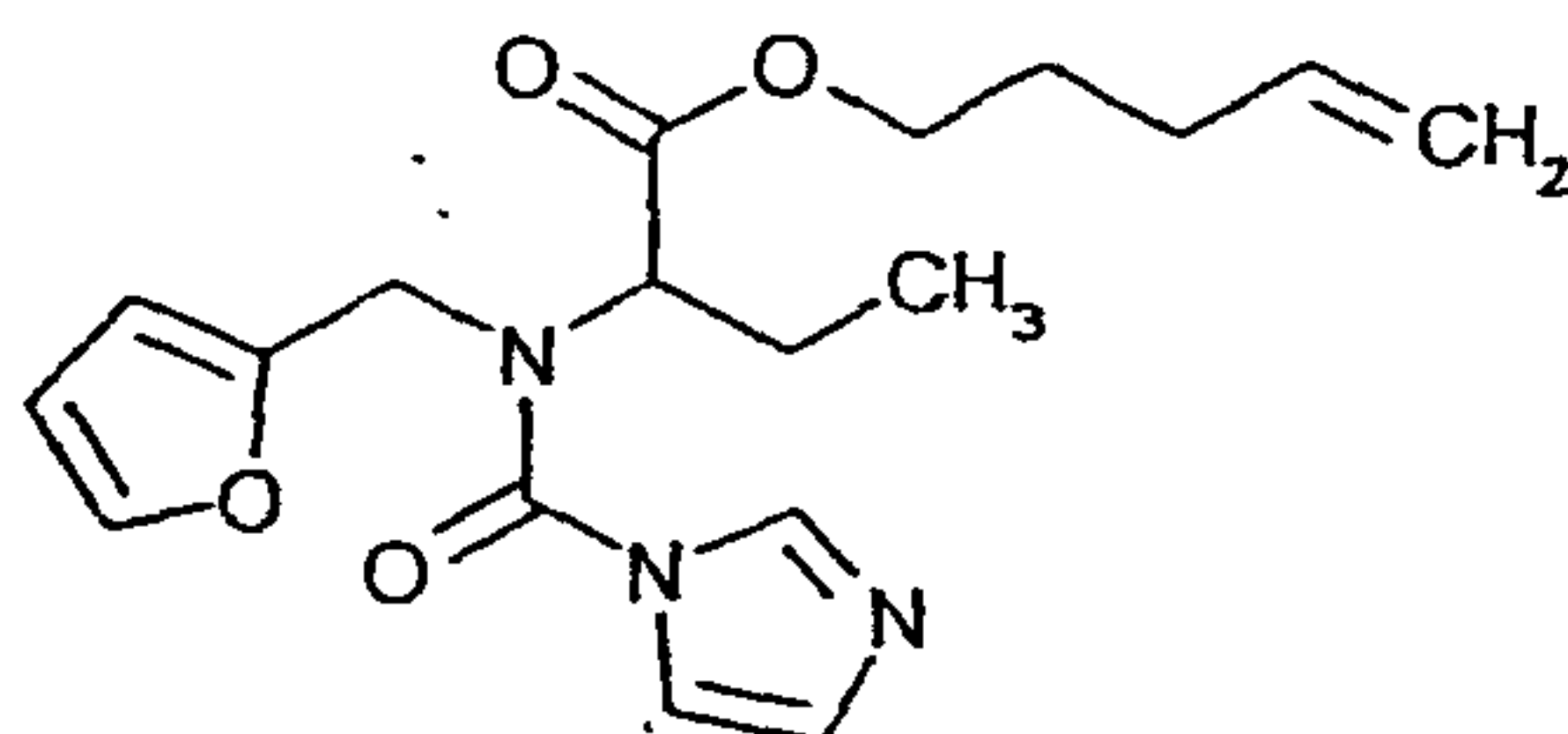


5

(14-3) triazoxide (known from DE-A 28 02 488) of the formula

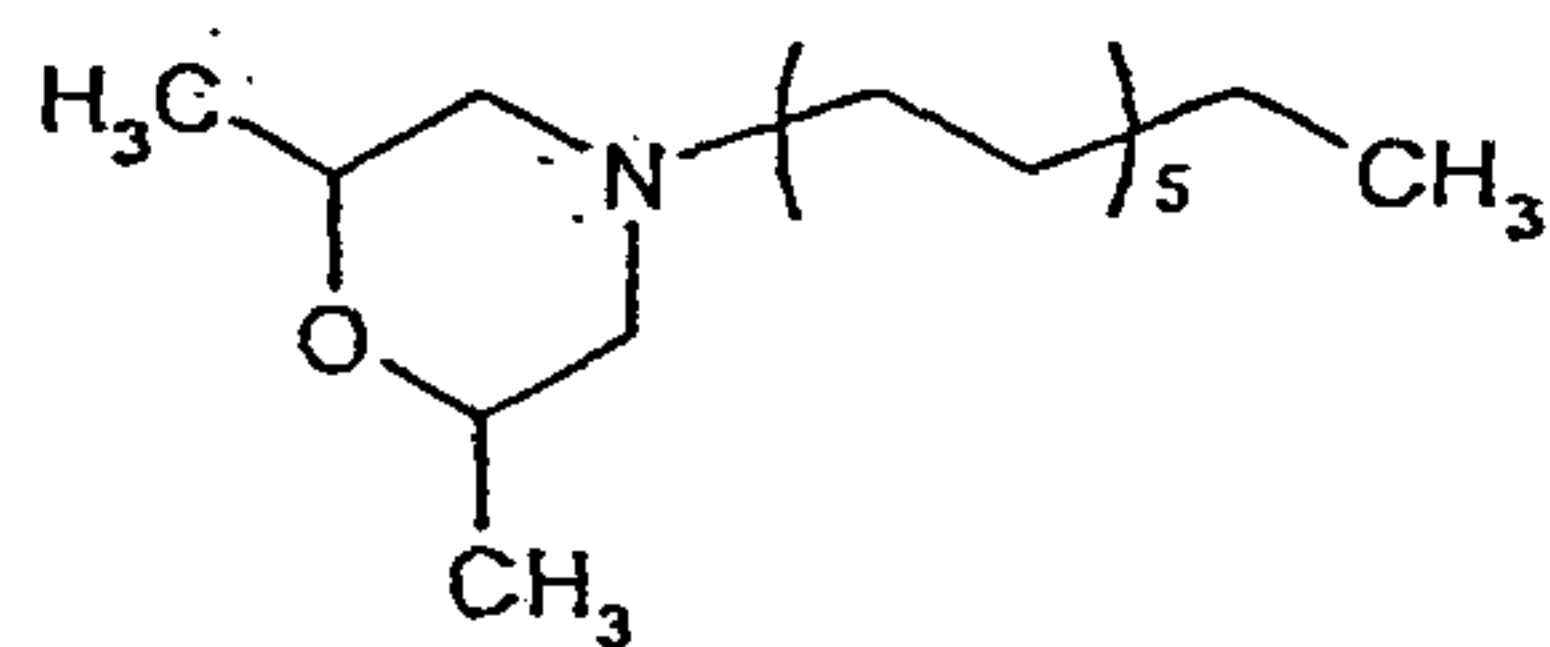


(14-4) pefurazoate (known from EP-A 0 248 086) of the formula

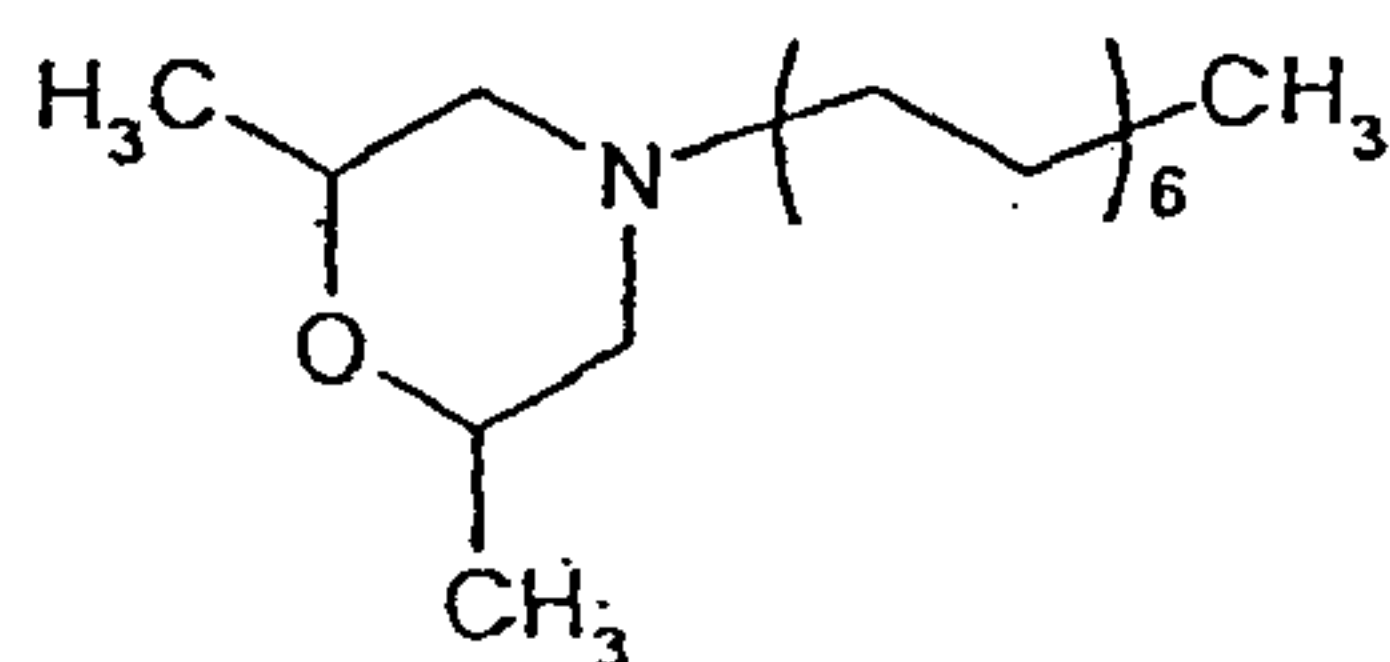


10 The formula (X) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (15):

(15-1) aldimorph (known from DD 140 041) of the formula



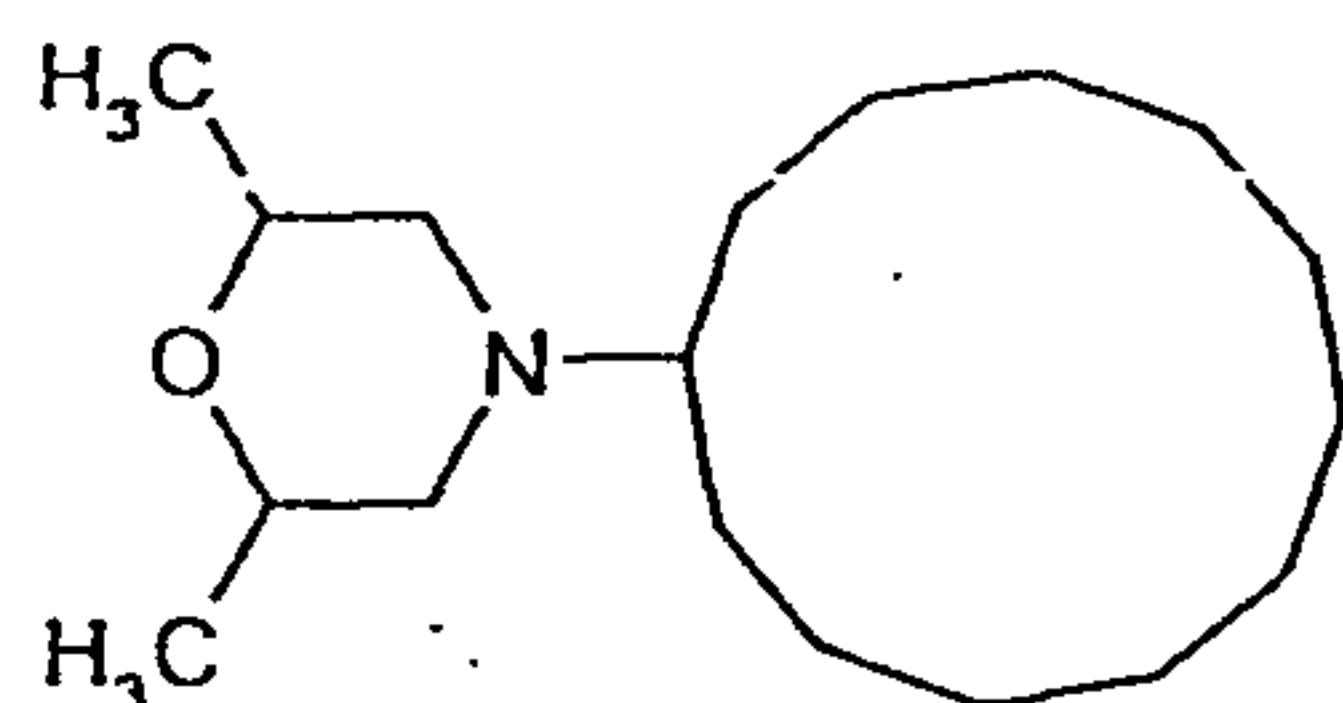
(15-2) tridemorph (known from GB 988 630) of the formula



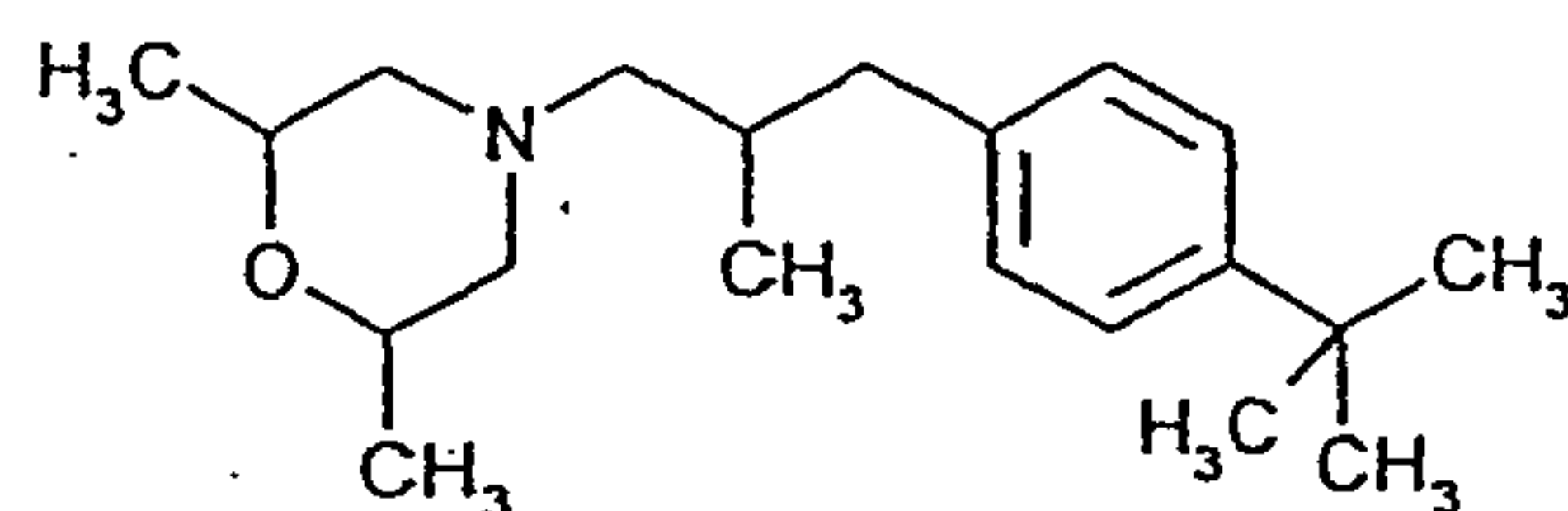
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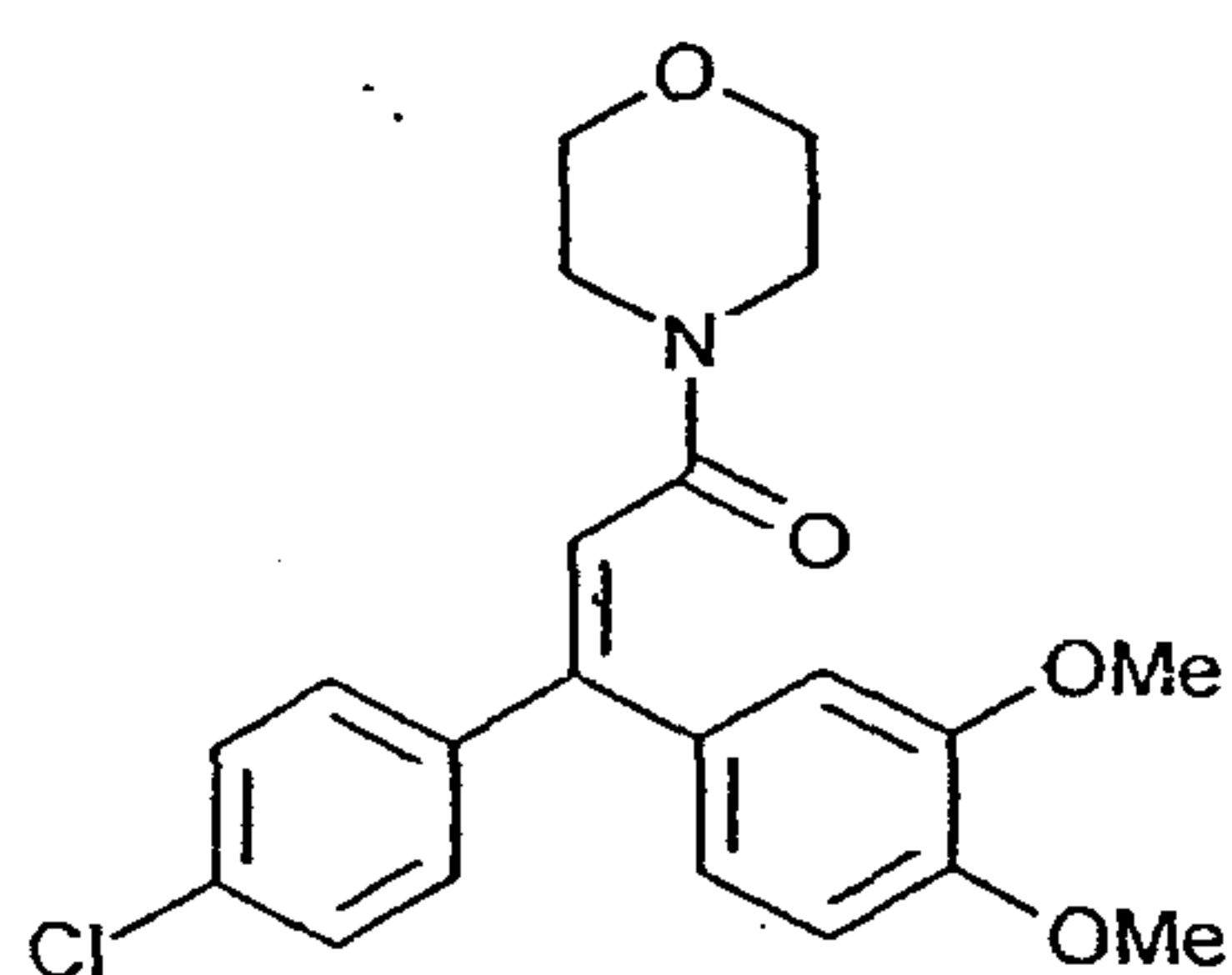
(15-3) dodemorph (known from DE-A 25 432 79) of the formula



(15-4) fenpropimorph (known from DE-A 26 56 747) of the formula

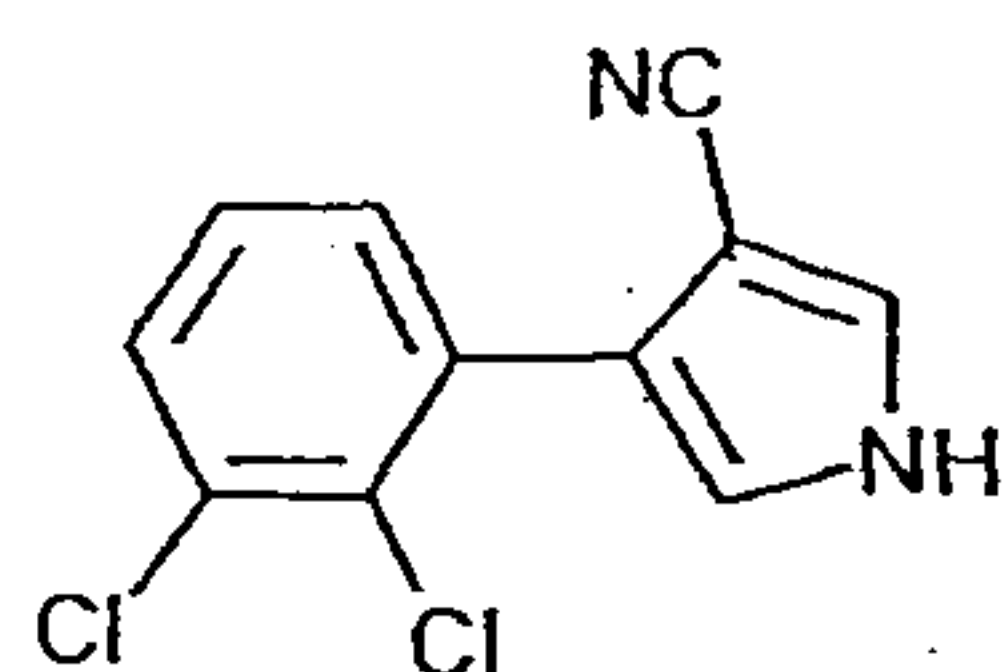


5 (15-5) dimethomorph (known from EP-A 0 219 756) of the formula



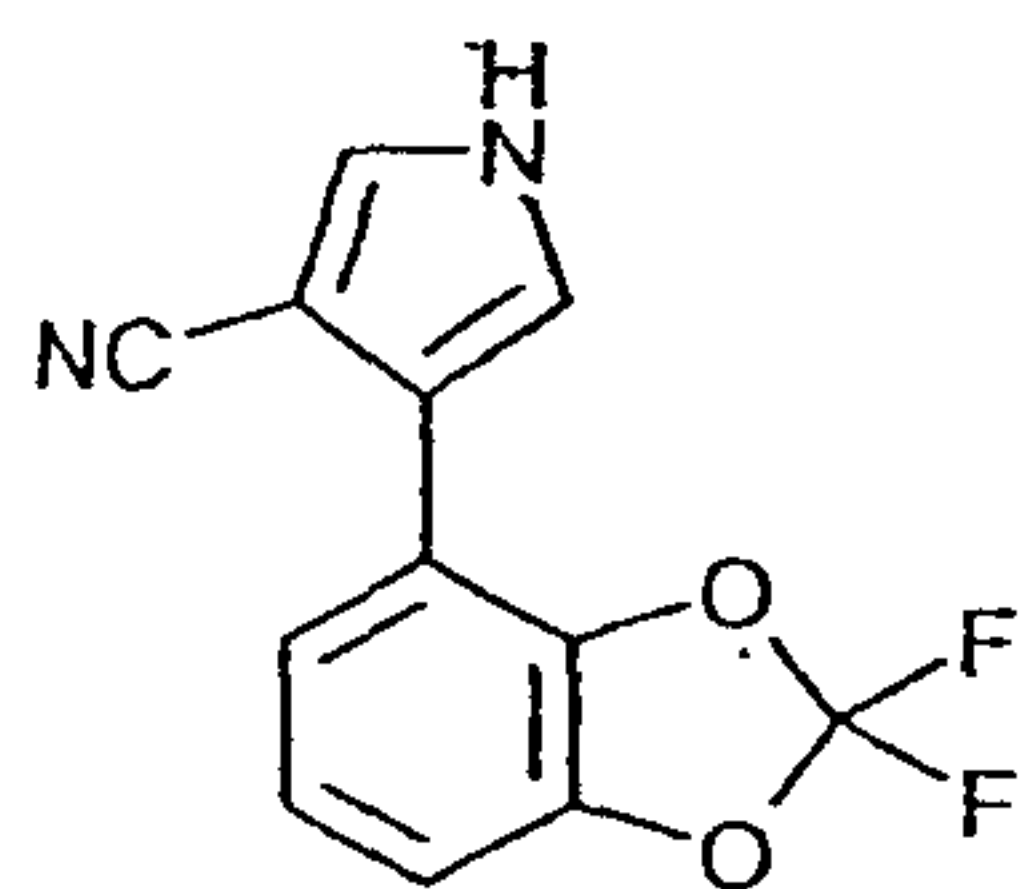
The formula (XI) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (16):

(16-1) fenpiclonil (known from EP-A 0 236 272) of the formula

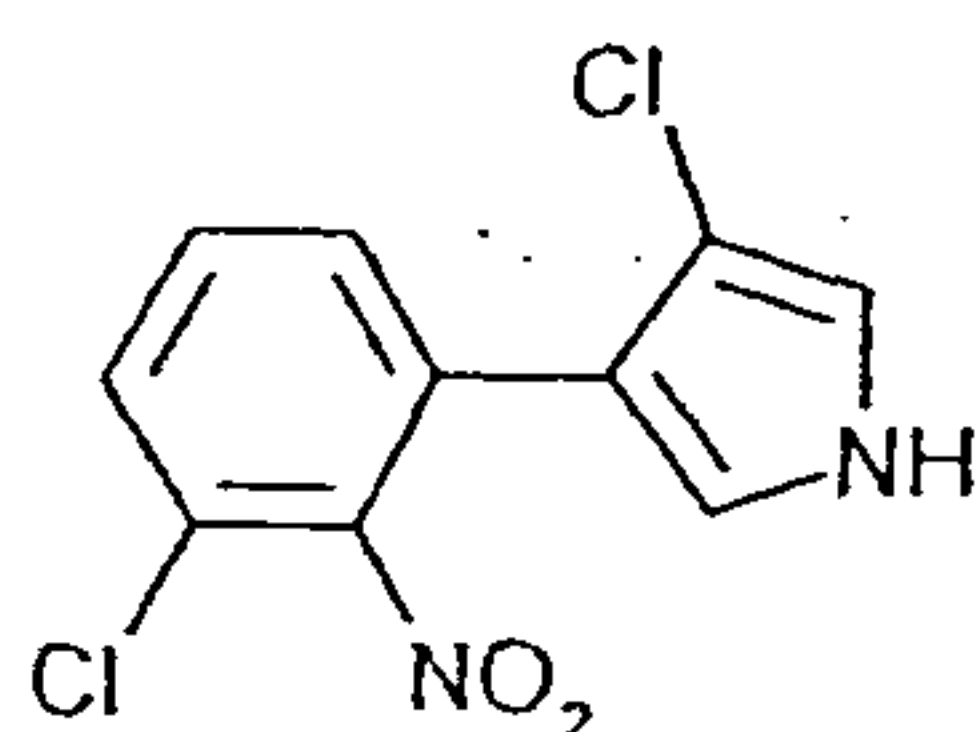


10

(16-2) fludioxonil (known from EP-A 0 206 999) of the formula



(16-3) pyrrolnitrin (known from JP 65-25876) of the formula



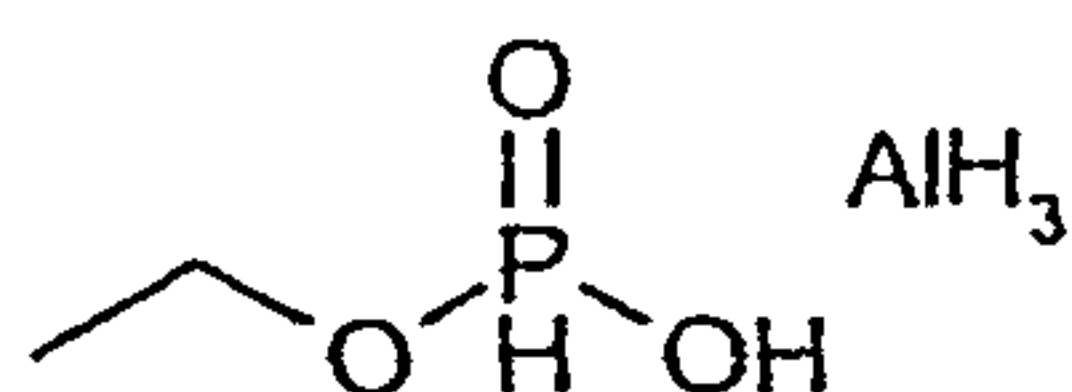
15

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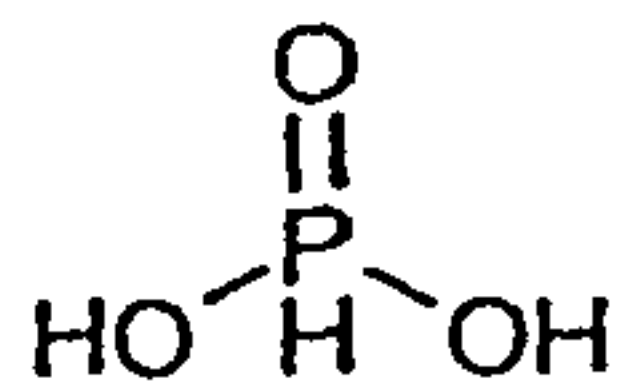
- 30 -

Preferred mixing partners of group (17) are

(17-1) fosetyl-Al (known from DE-A 24 56 627) of the formula

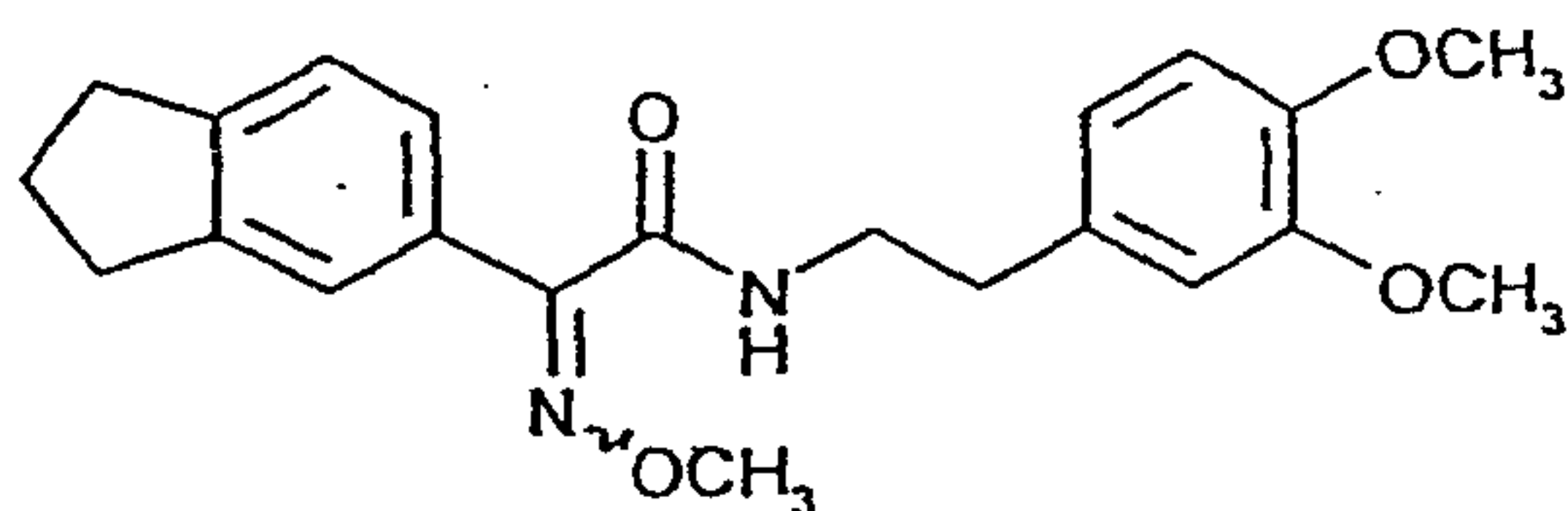


(17-2) phosphonic acid (known chemical) of the formula

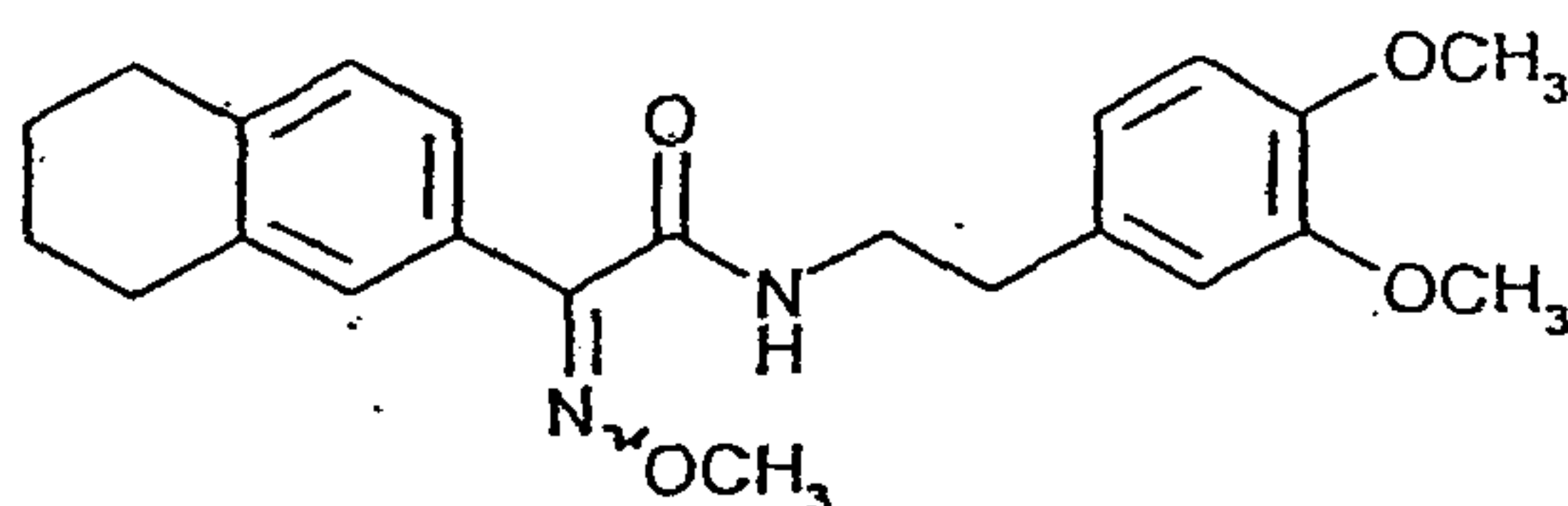


The formula (XII) embraces the following preferred mixing partners of group (18) which are known from WO 96/23793 and can in each case be present as E or Z isomers. Accordingly, compounds of the formula (XII) can be present as a mixture of different isomers or else in the form of a single isomer. Preference is given to compounds of the formula (XII) in the form of their E isomers:

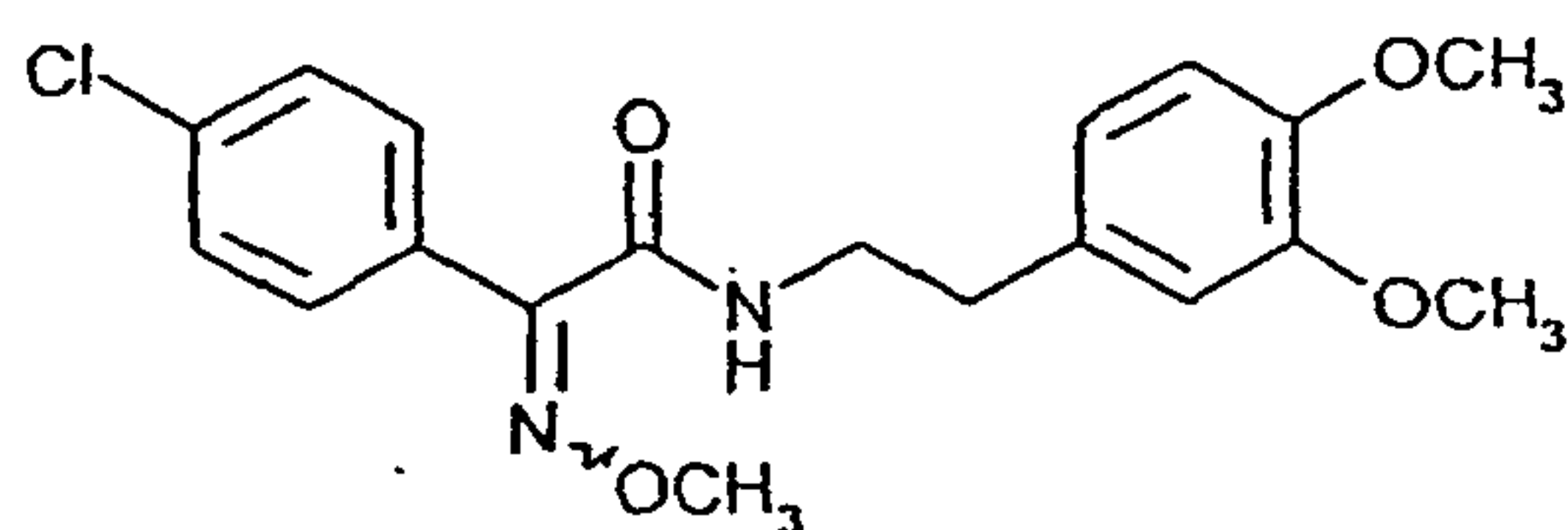
10 (18-1) the compound 2-(2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-yl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)acetamide of the formula



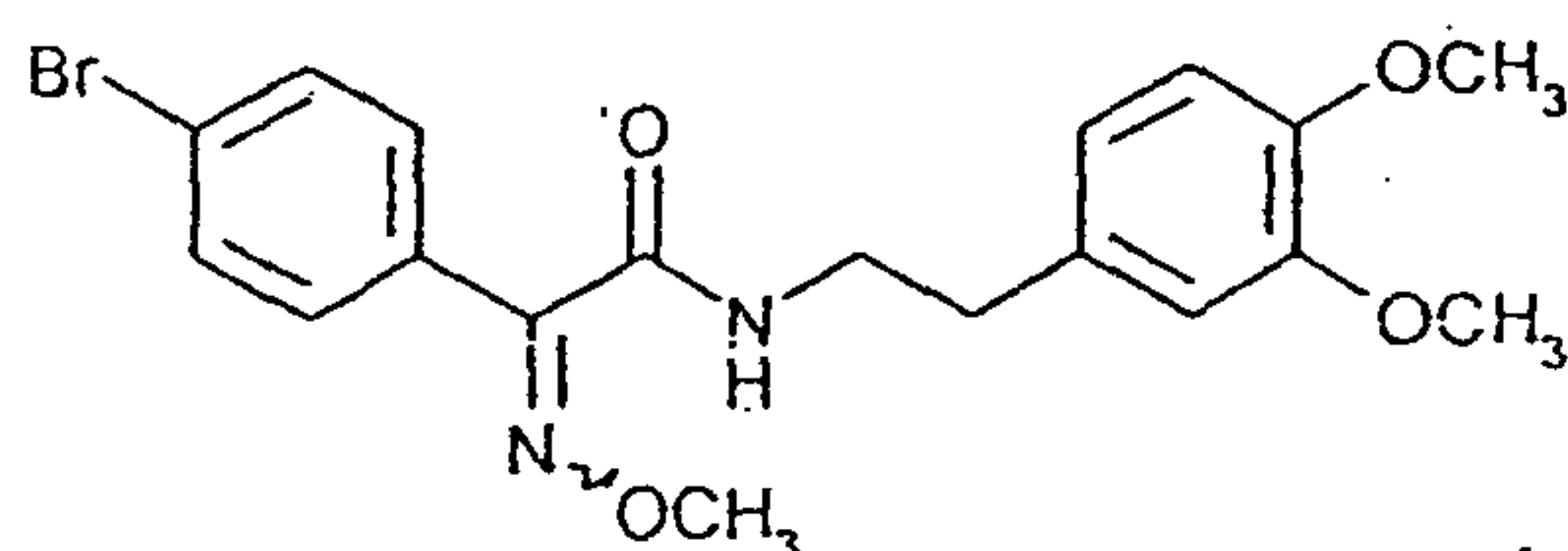
(18-2) the compound N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)-2-(5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-2-yl)acetamide of the formula



15 (18-3) the compound 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)acetamide of the formula



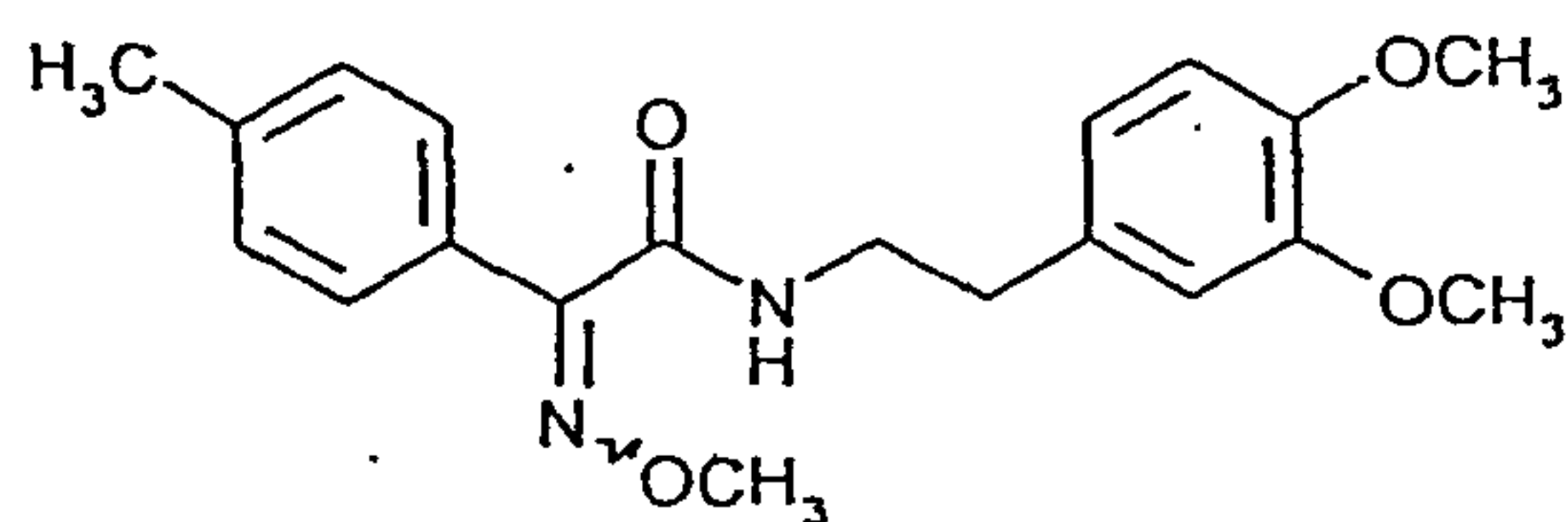
20 (18-4) the compound 2-(4-bromophenyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)acetamide of the formula



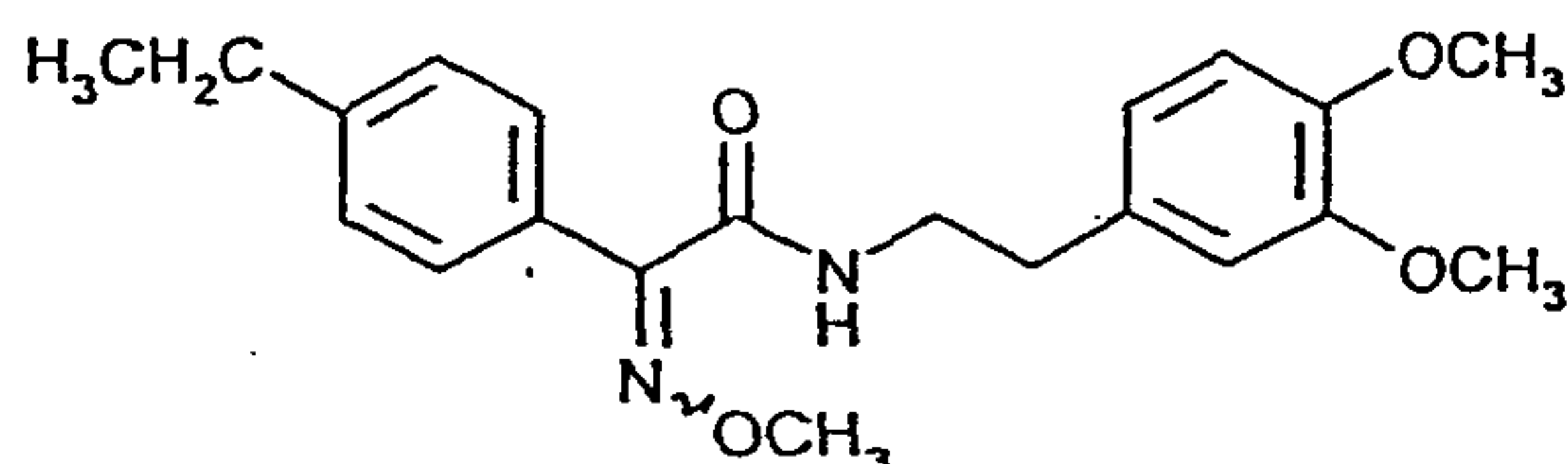
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(18-5) the compound 2-(4-methylphenyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)-acetamide of the formula

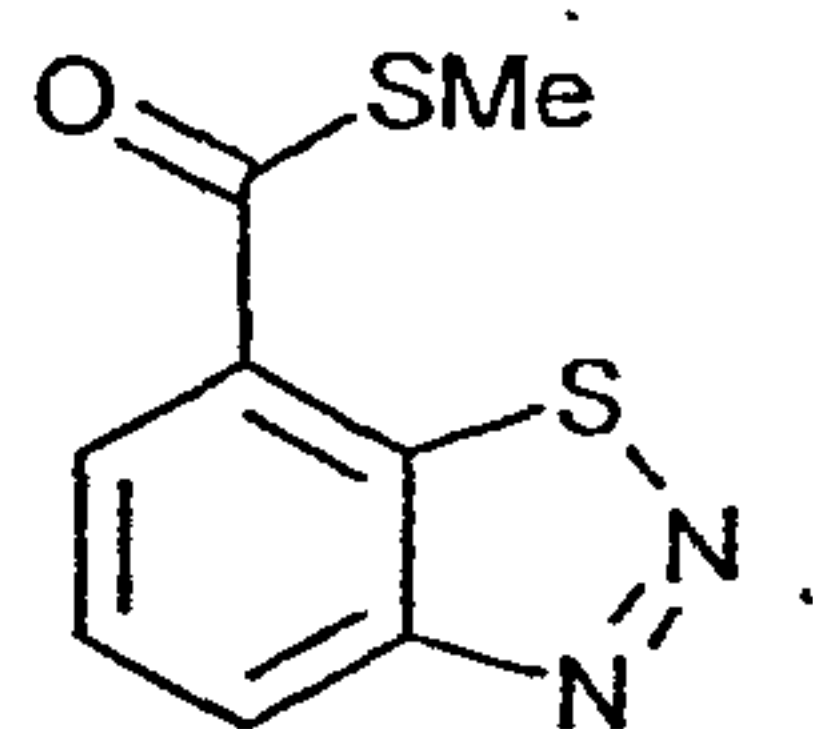


5 (18-6) the compound 2-(4-ethylphenyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]-2-(methoxyimino)-acetamide of the formula

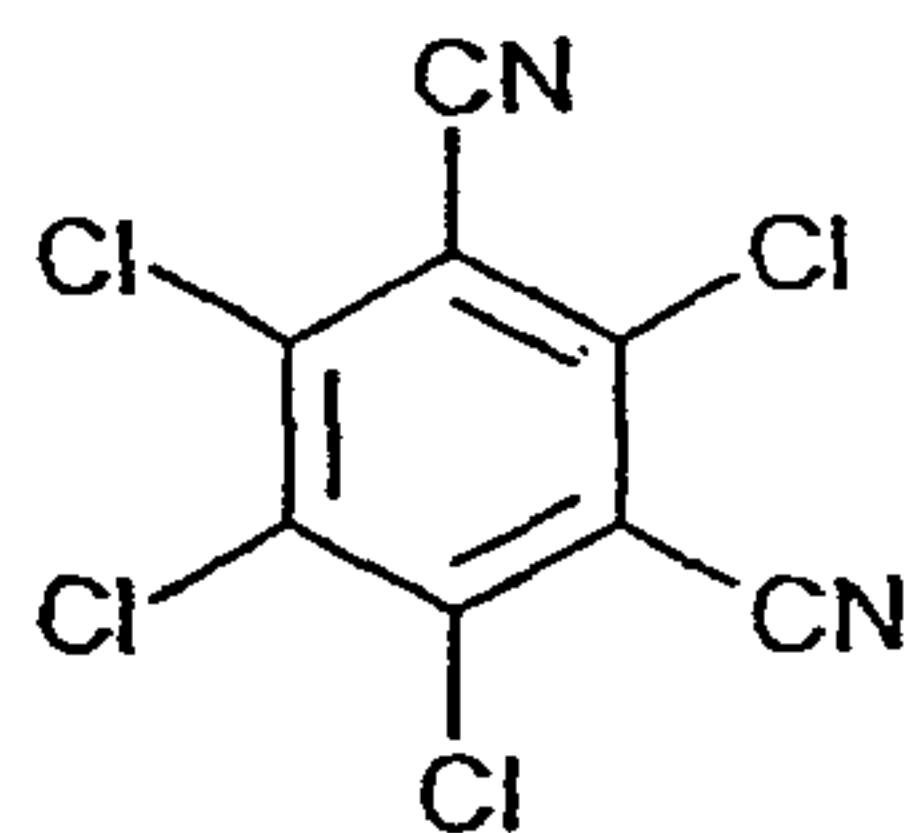


Preferred mixing partners of group (19) are

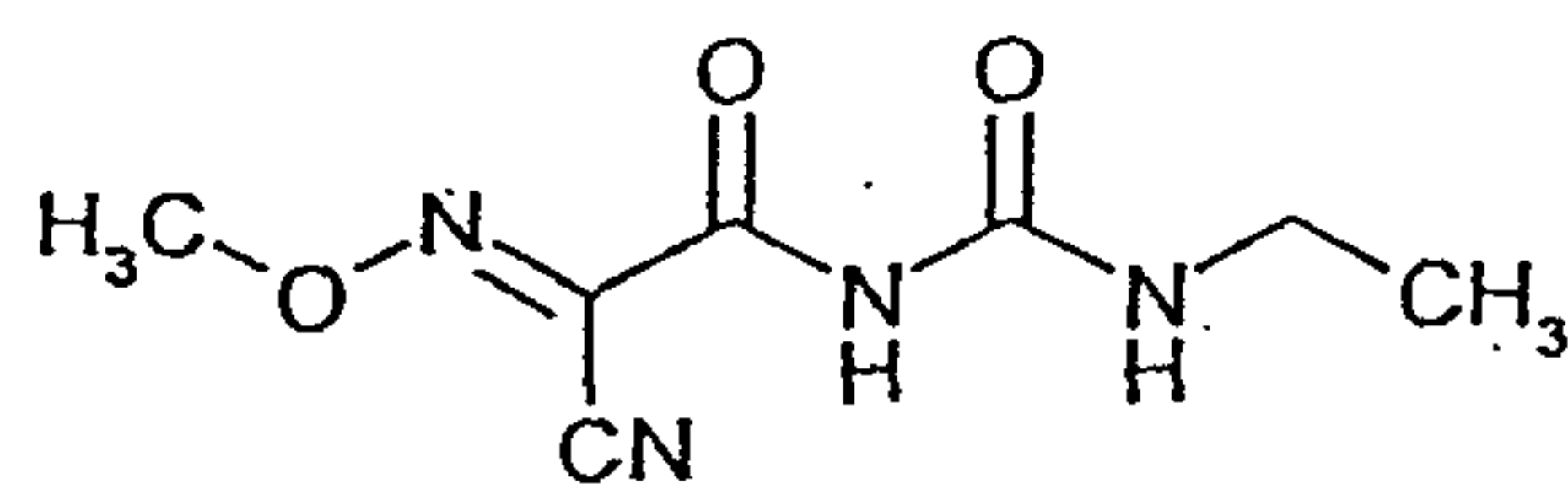
(19-1) acibenzolar-S-methyl (known from EP-A 0 313 512) of the formula



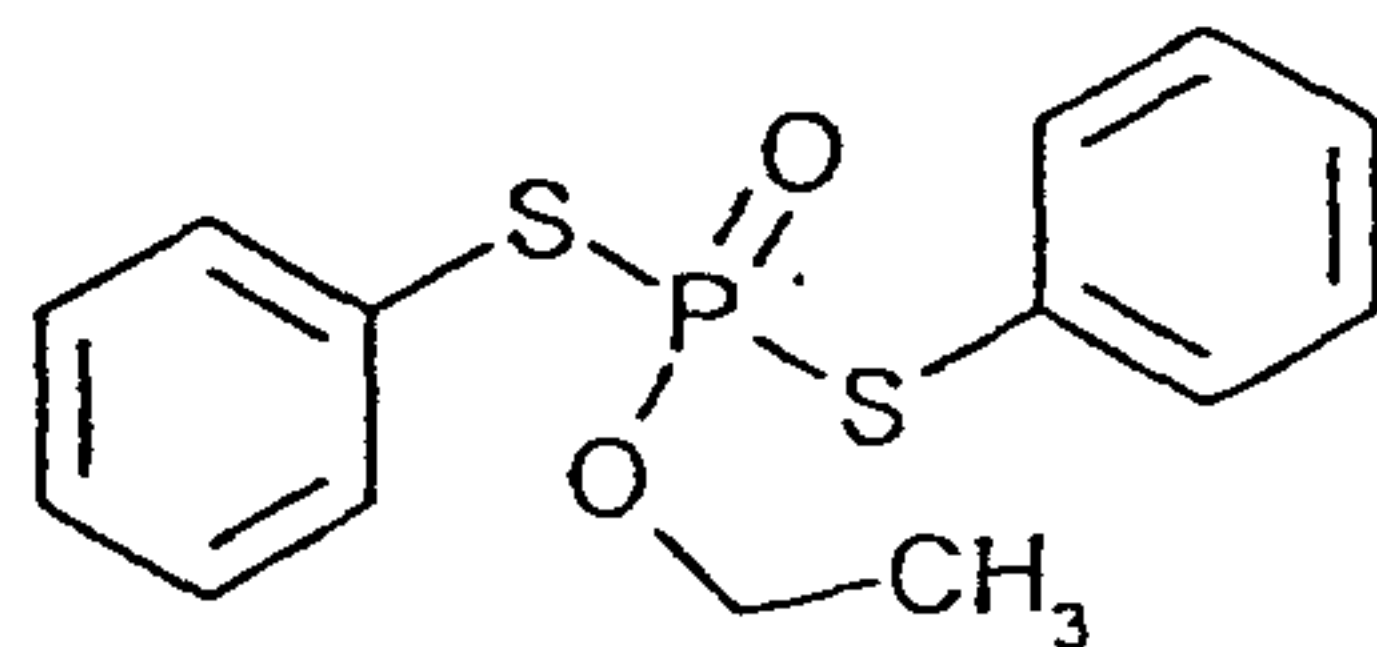
10 (19-2) chlorothalonil (known from US 3,290,353) of the formula



(19-3) cymoxanil (known from DE-A 23 12 956) of the formula



(19-4) edifenphos (known from DE-A 14 93 736) of the formula

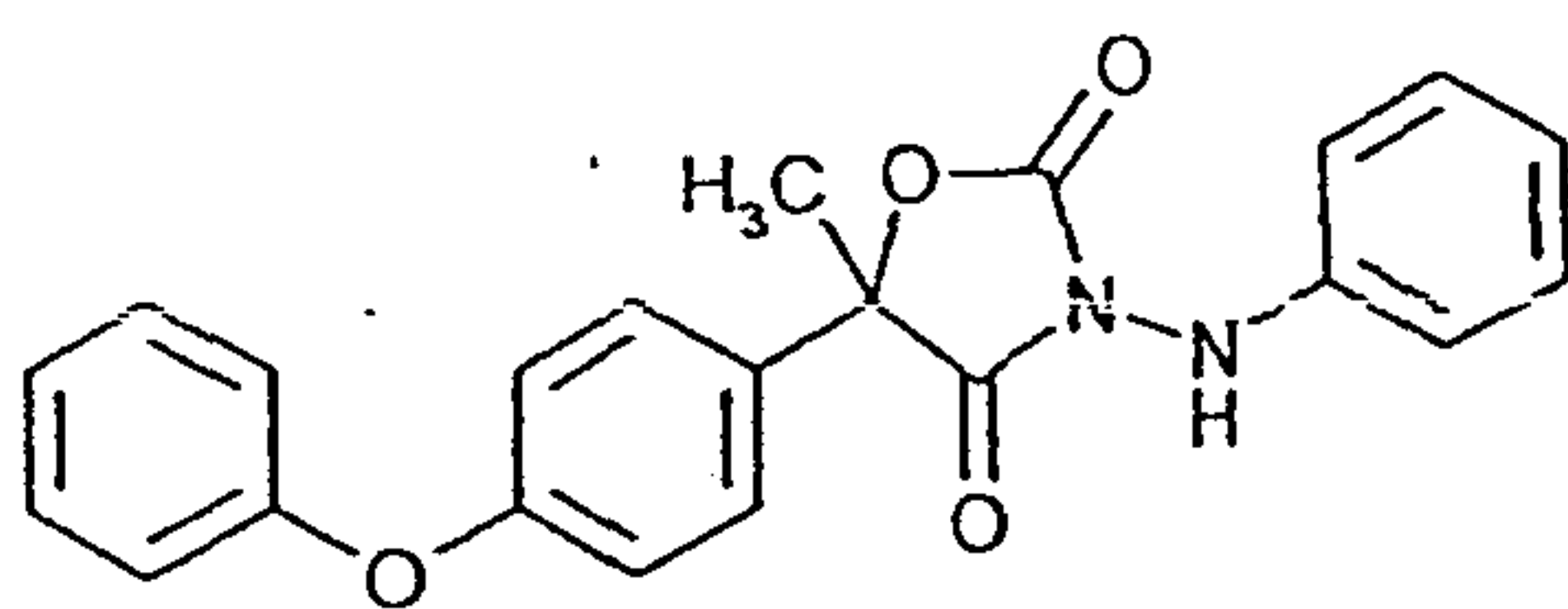


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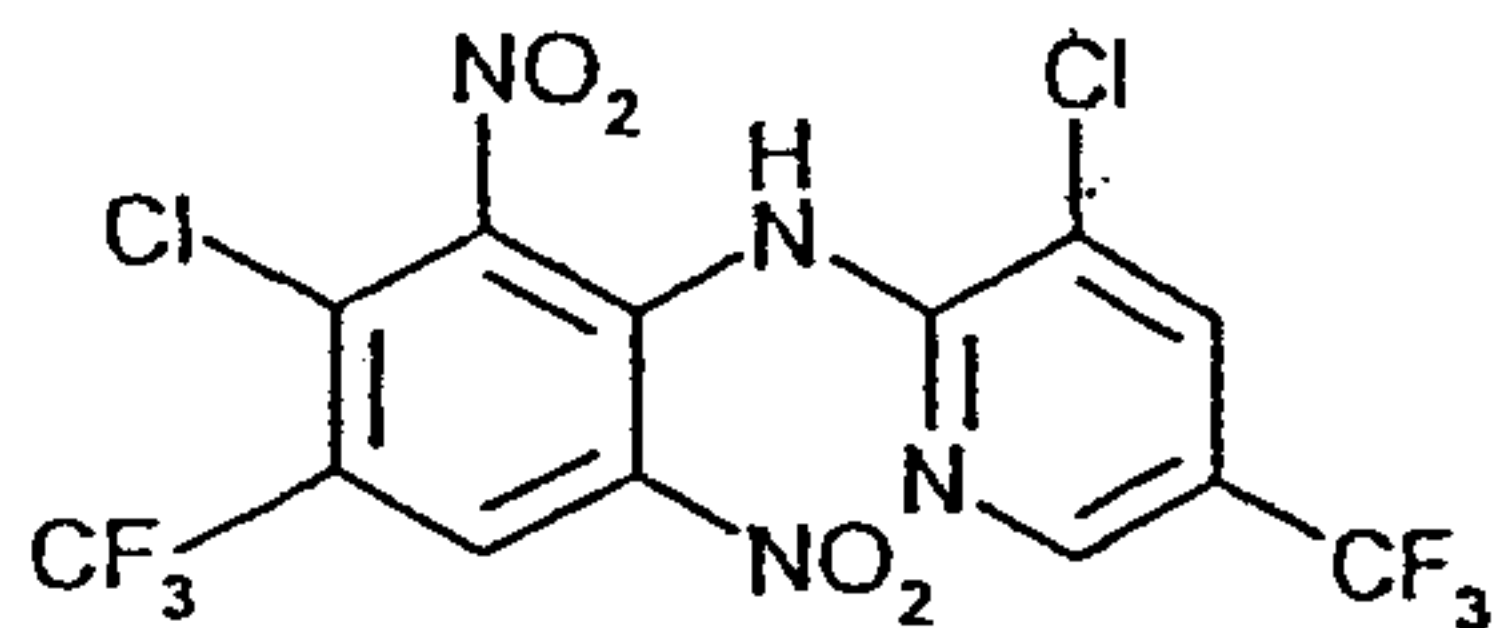
(19-5) famoxadone (known from EP-A 0 393 911) of the formula

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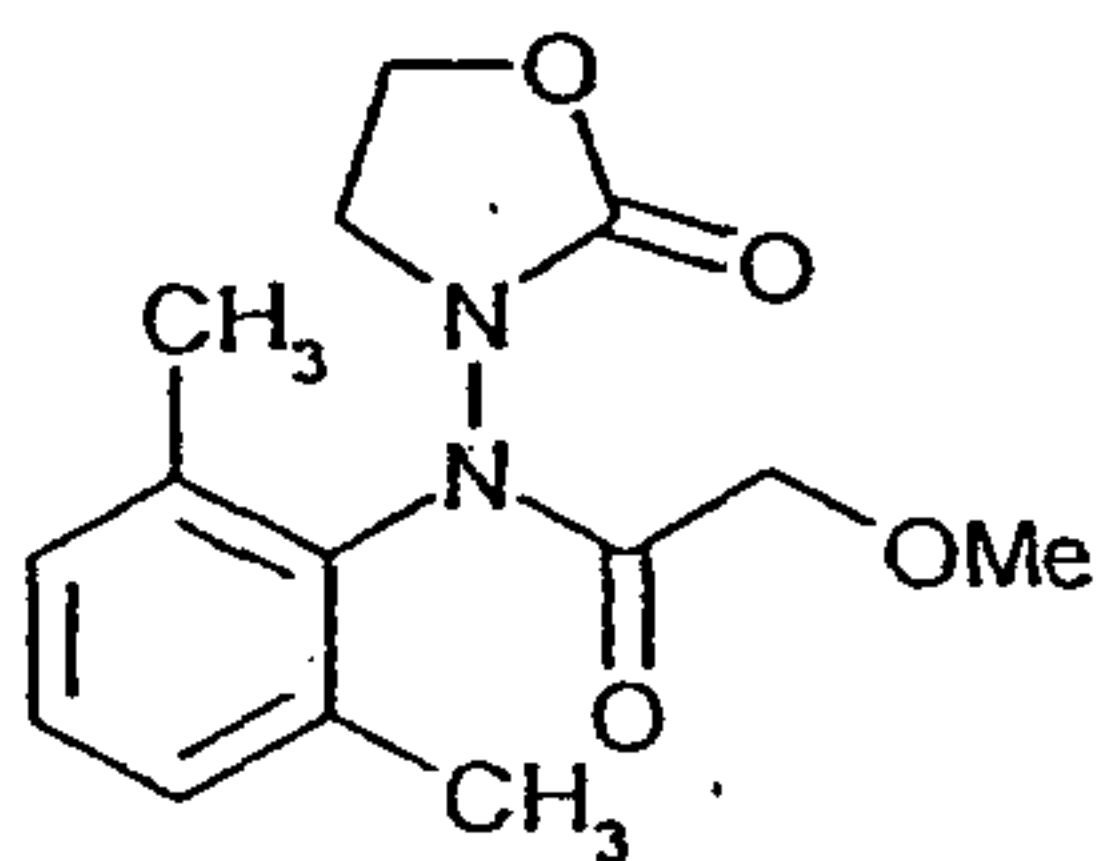


(19-6) fluazinam (known from EP-A 0 031 257) of the formula

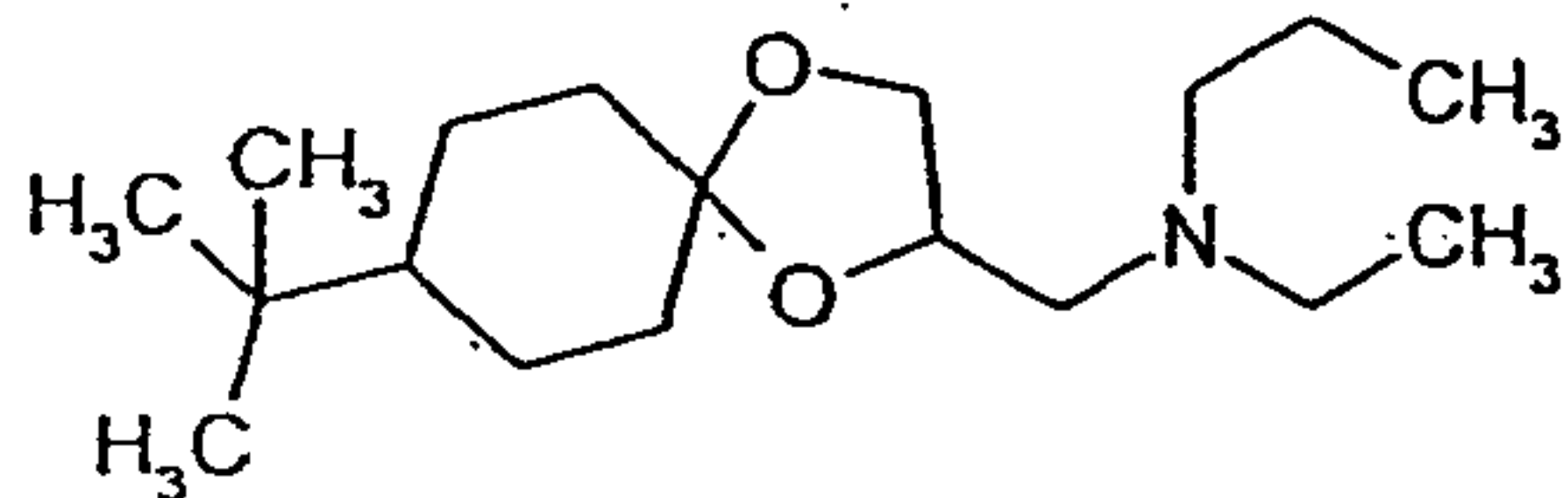


(19-7) copper oxychloride

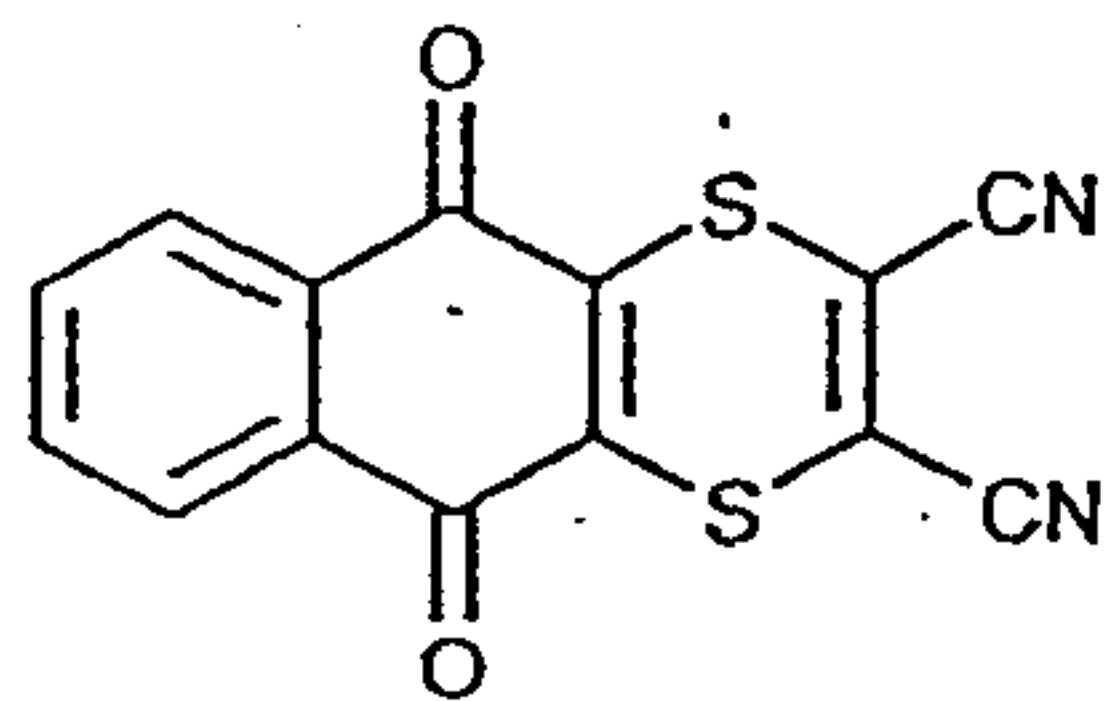
5 (19-9) oxadixyl (known from DE-A 30 30 026) of the formula



(19-10) spiroxamine (known from DE-A 37 35 555) of the formula

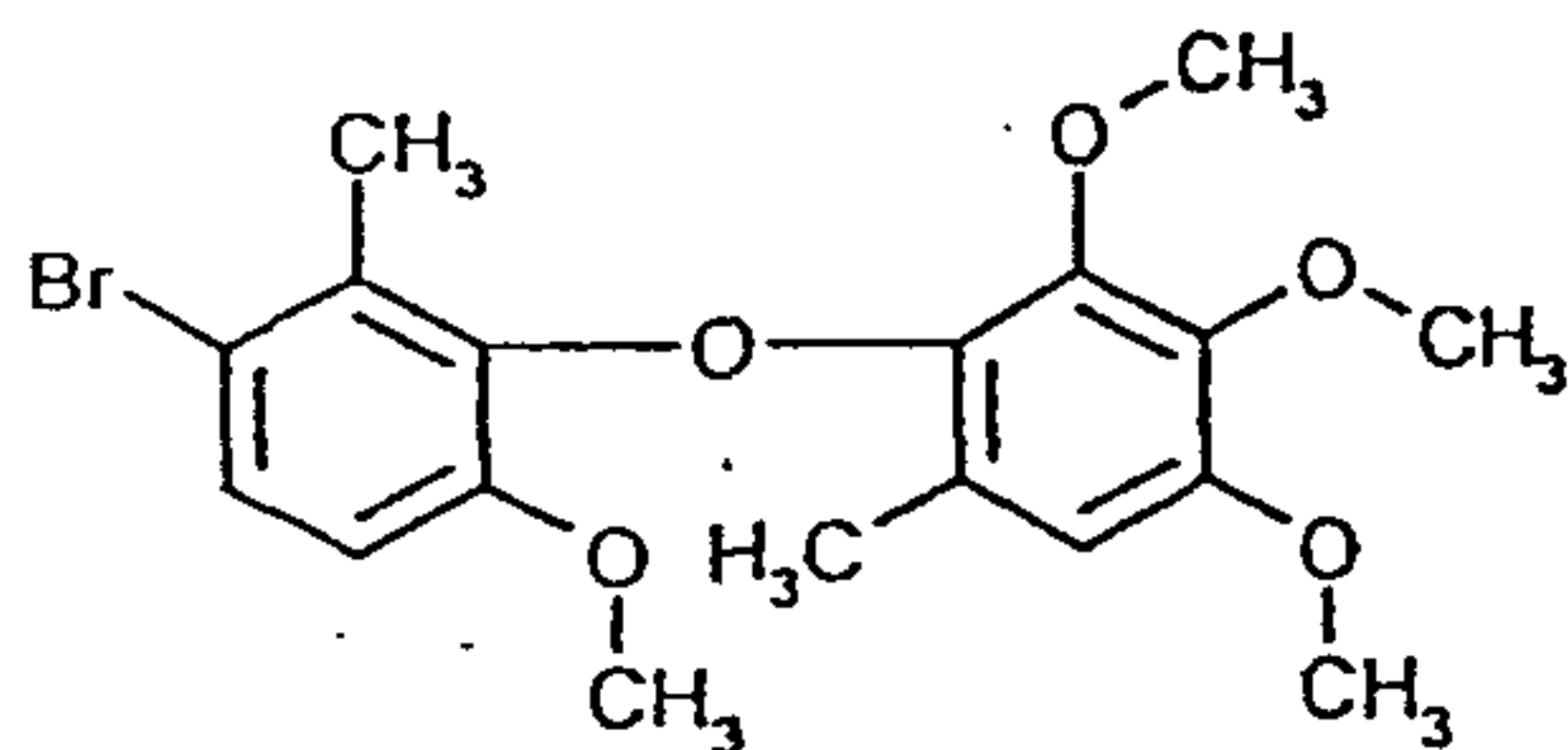


(19-11) dithianon (known from JP-A 44-29464) of the formula

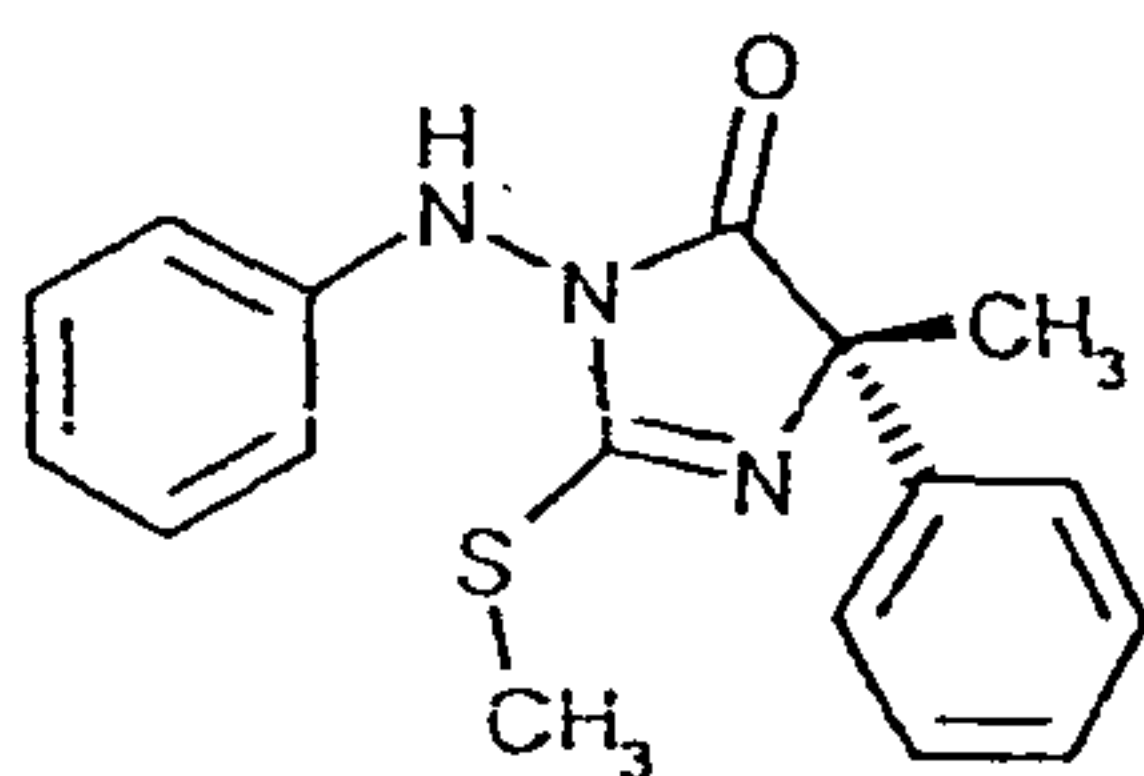


10

(19-12) metrafenone (known from EP-A 0 897 904) of the formula



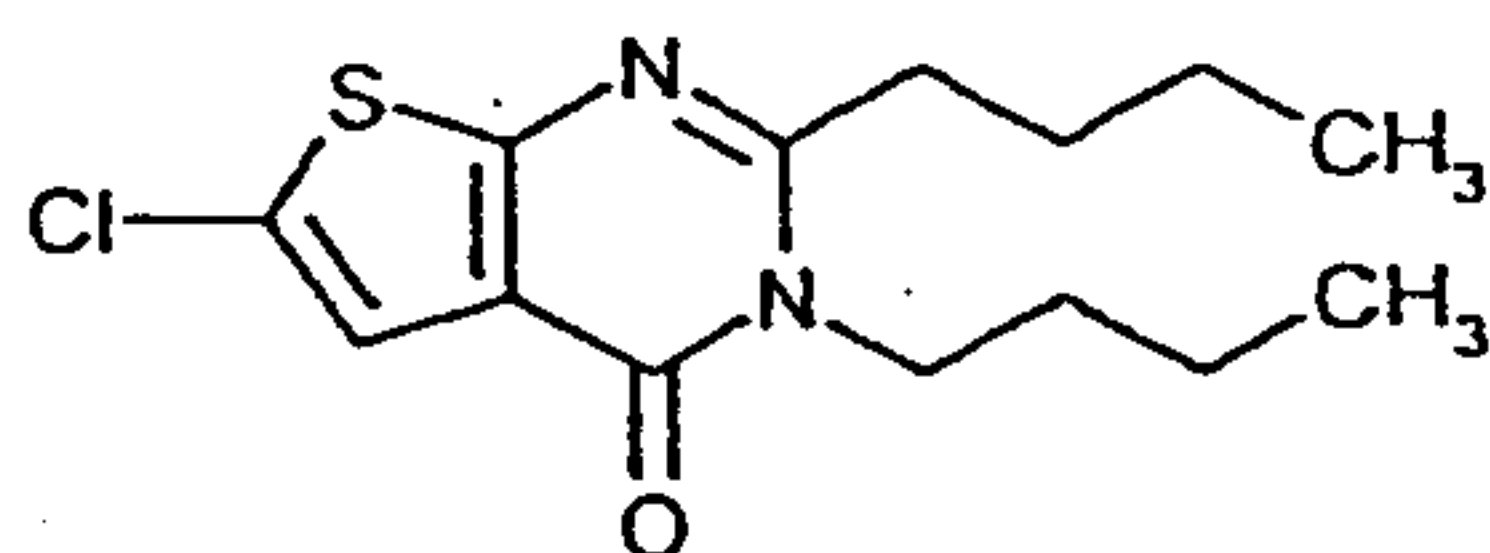
(19-13) fenamidone (known from EP-A 0 629 616) of the formula



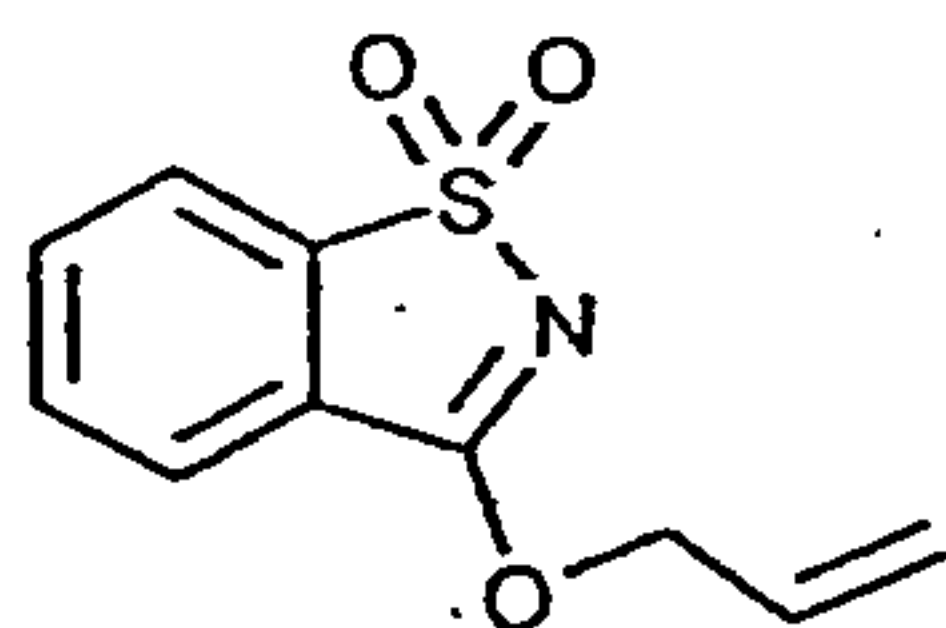
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- (19-14) 2,3-dibutyl-6-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)one (known from WO 99/14202) of the formula

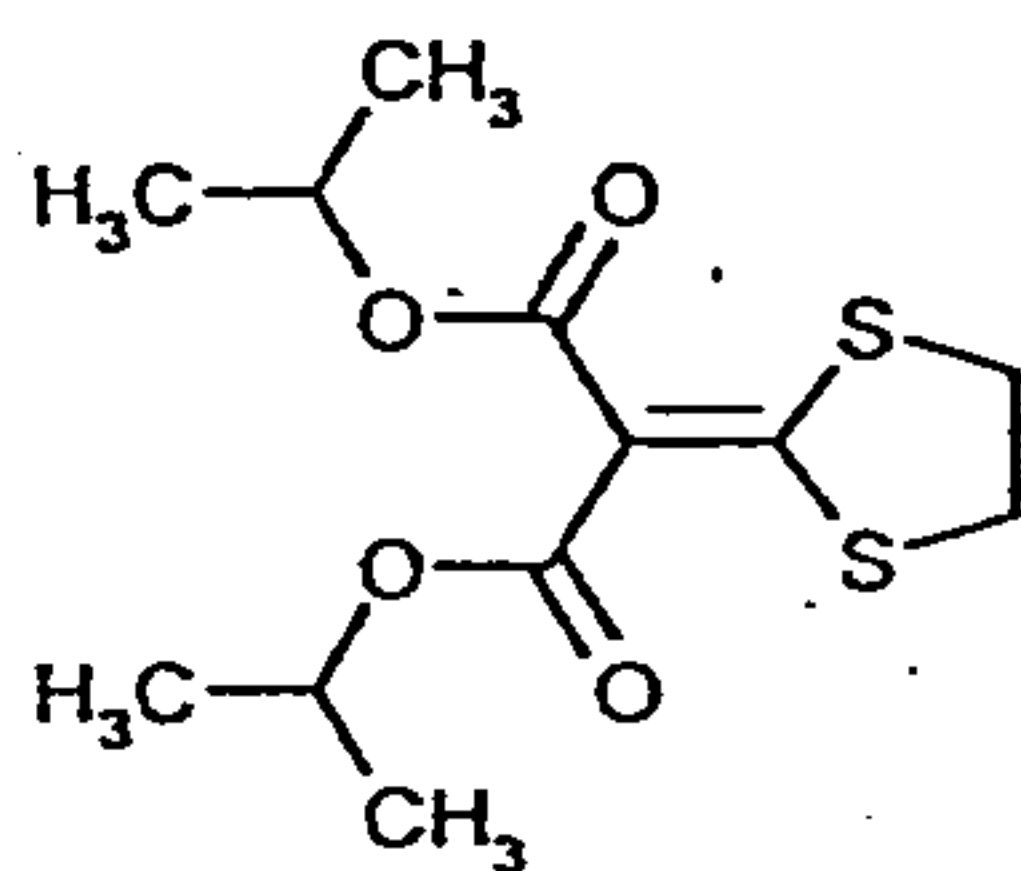


- (19-15) probenazole (known from US 3,629,428) of the formula

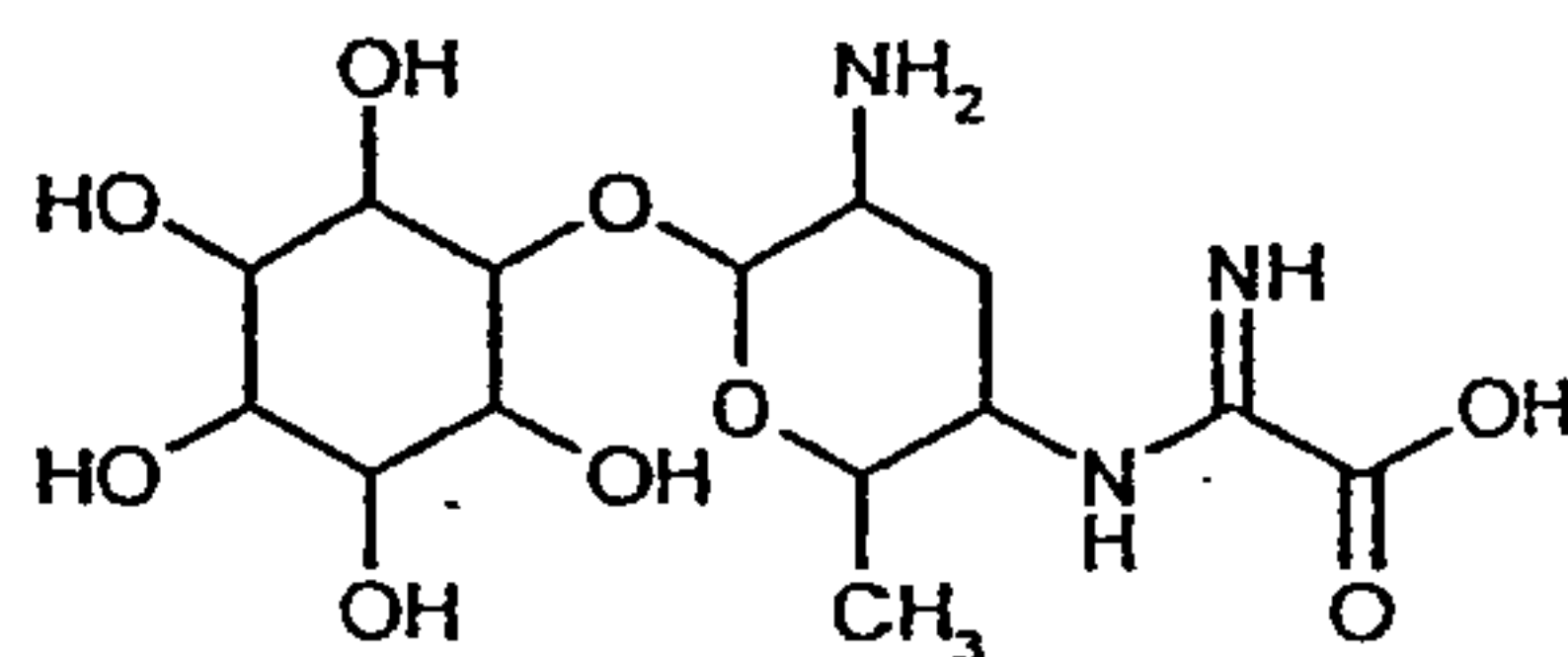


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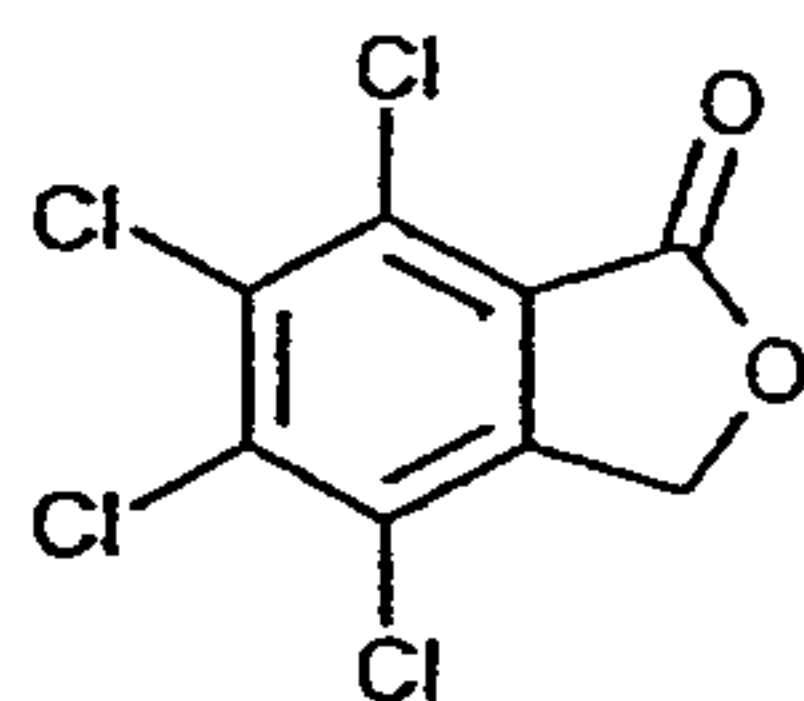
- (19-16) isoprothiolane (known from US 3,856,814) of the formula



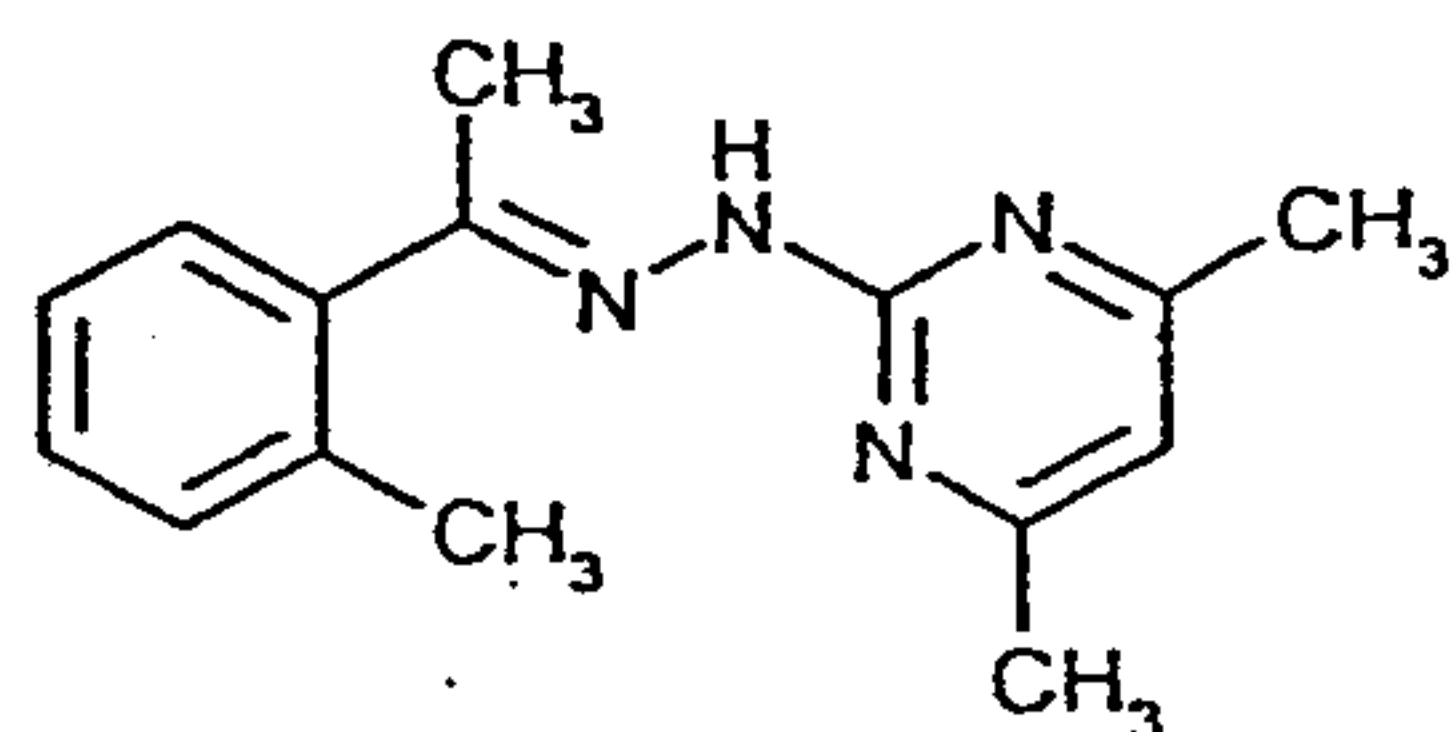
- (19-17) kasugamycin (known from GB 1 094 567) of the formula



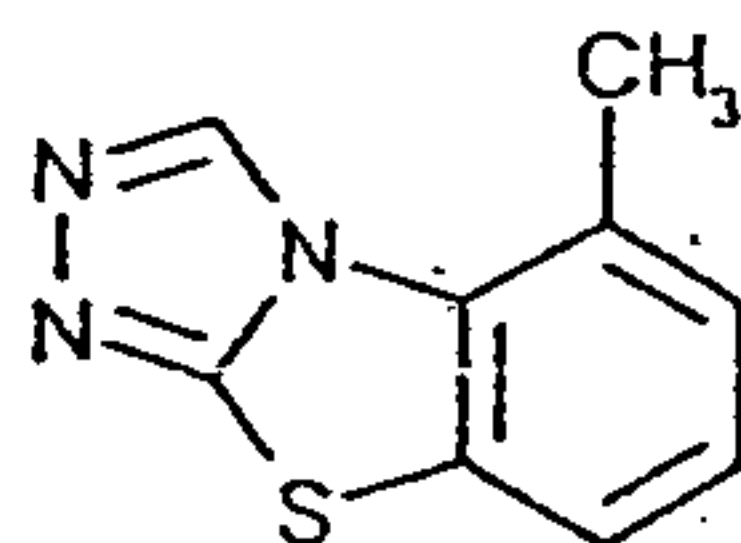
- 10 (19-18) phthalide (known from JP-A 57-55844) of the formula



- (19-19) ferimzone (known from EP-A 0 019 450) of the formula



- (19-20) tricyclazole (known from DE-A 22 50 077) of the formula

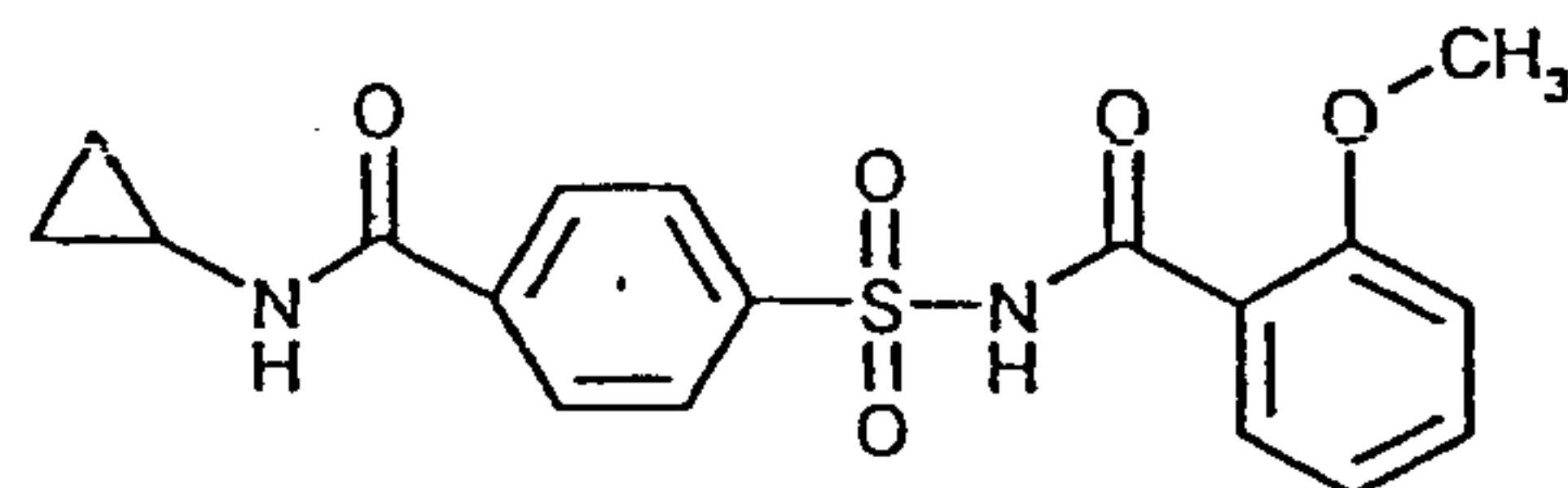


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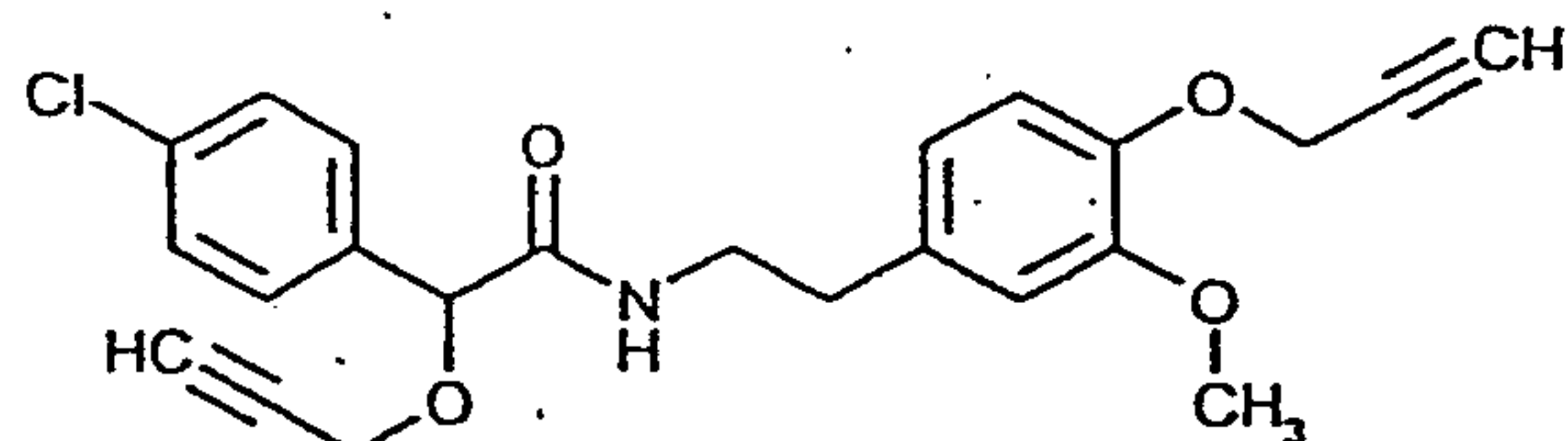
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(19-21) N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide of the formula

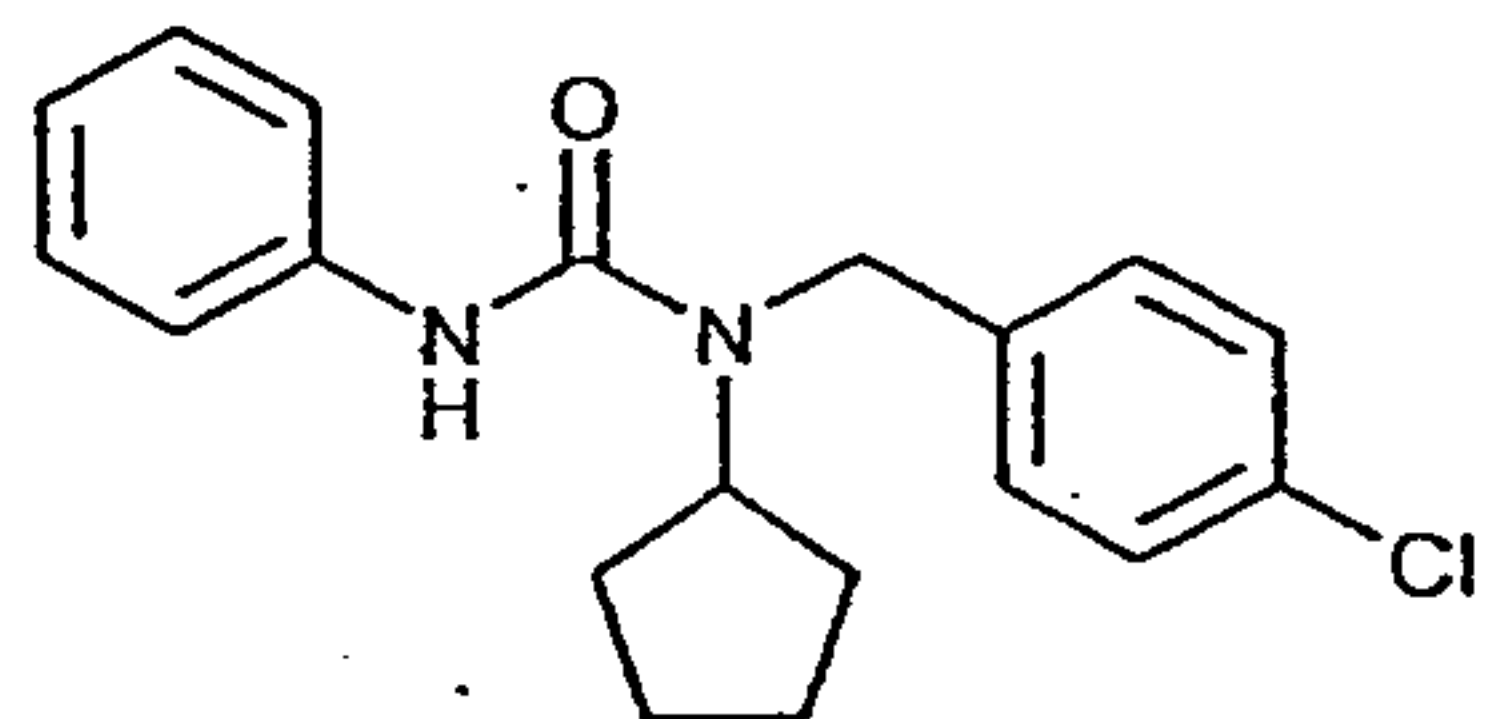


(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide (known from WO 01/87822) of the formula

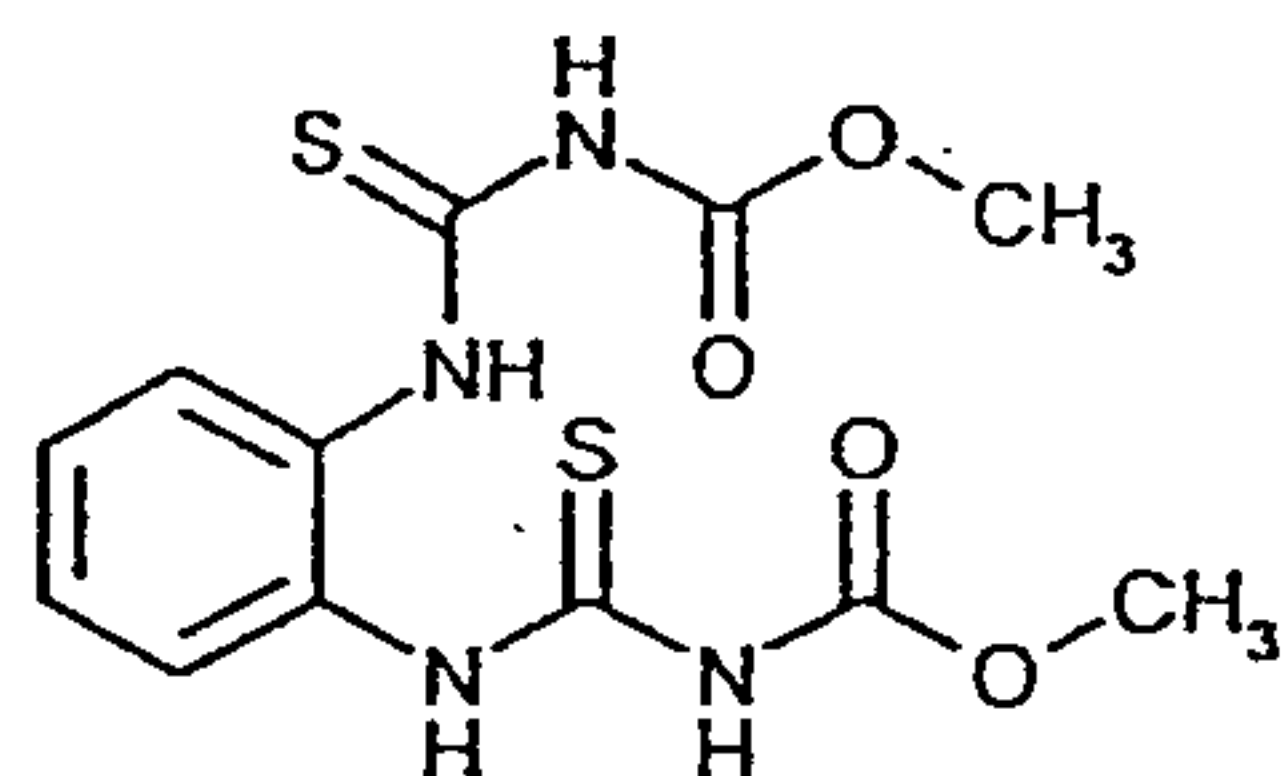


Preferred mixing partners of group (20) are

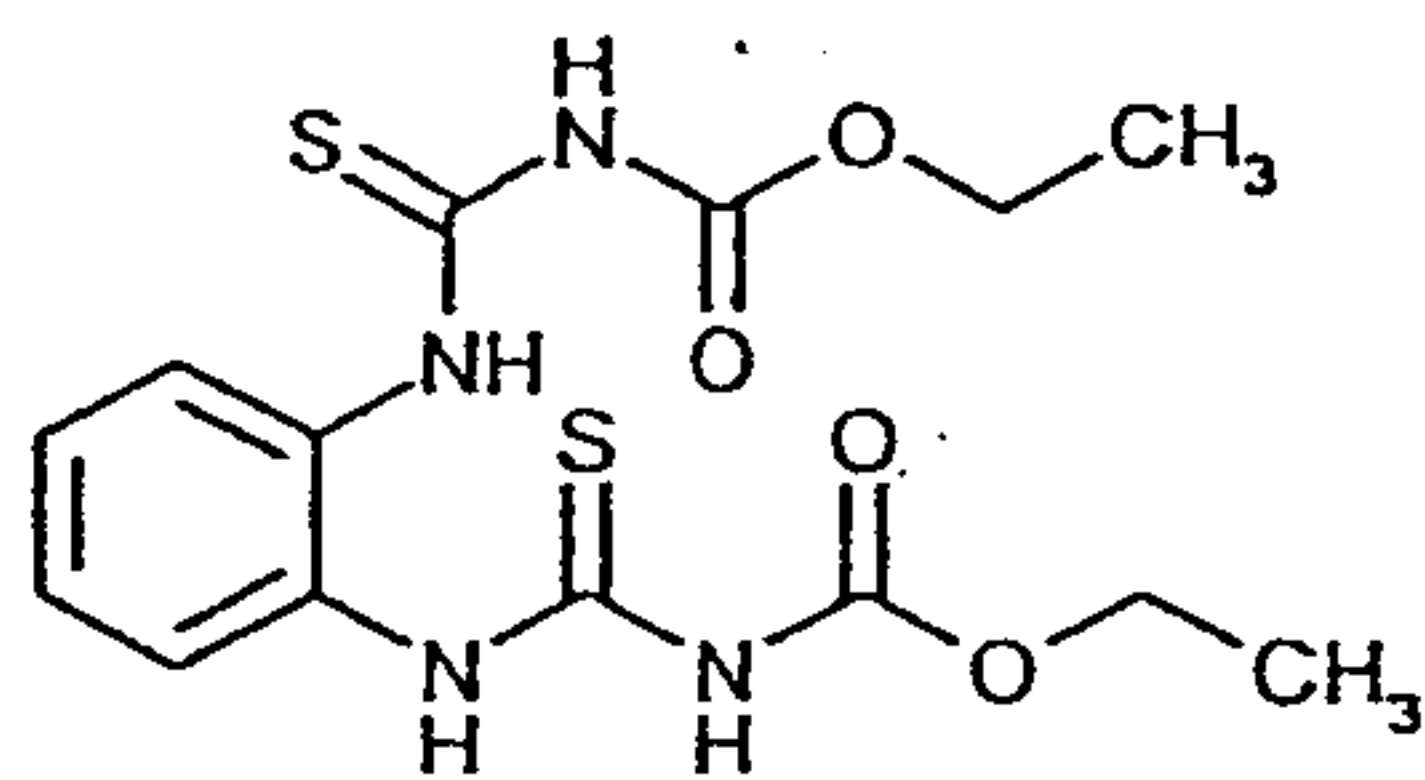
(20-1) pencycuron (known from DE-A 27 32 257) of the formula



(20-2) thiophanate-methyl (known from DE-A 18 06 123) of the formula

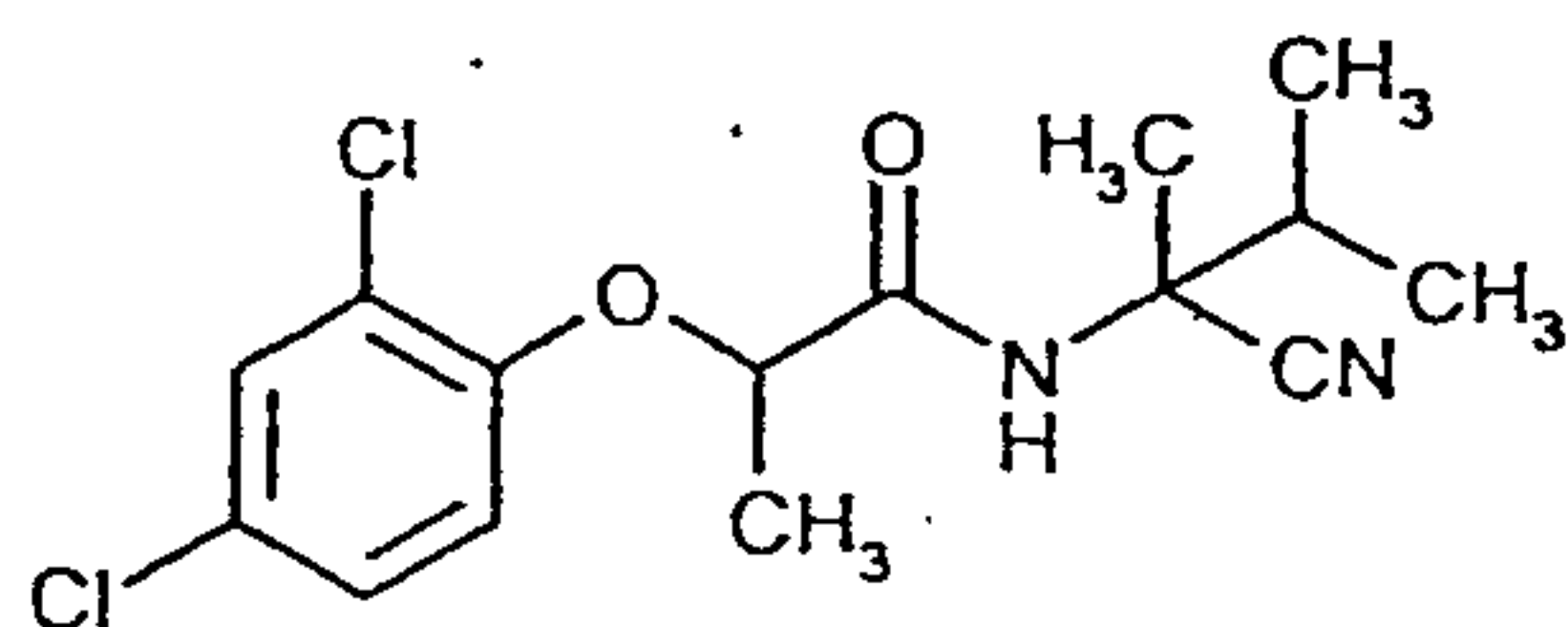


(20-3) thiophanate-ethyl (known from DE-A 18 06 123) of the formula



Preferred mixing partners of group (21) are

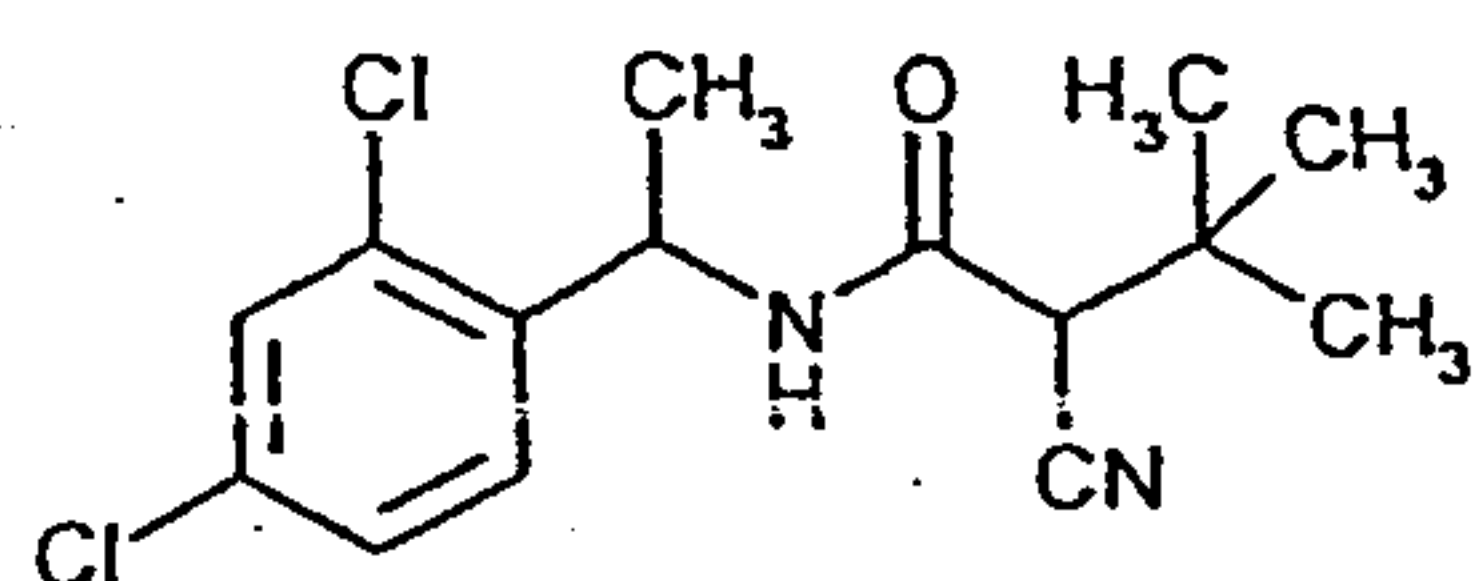
(21-1) fenoxanil (known from EP-A 0 262 393) of the formula



(21-2) diclocymet (known from JP-A 7-206608) of the formula

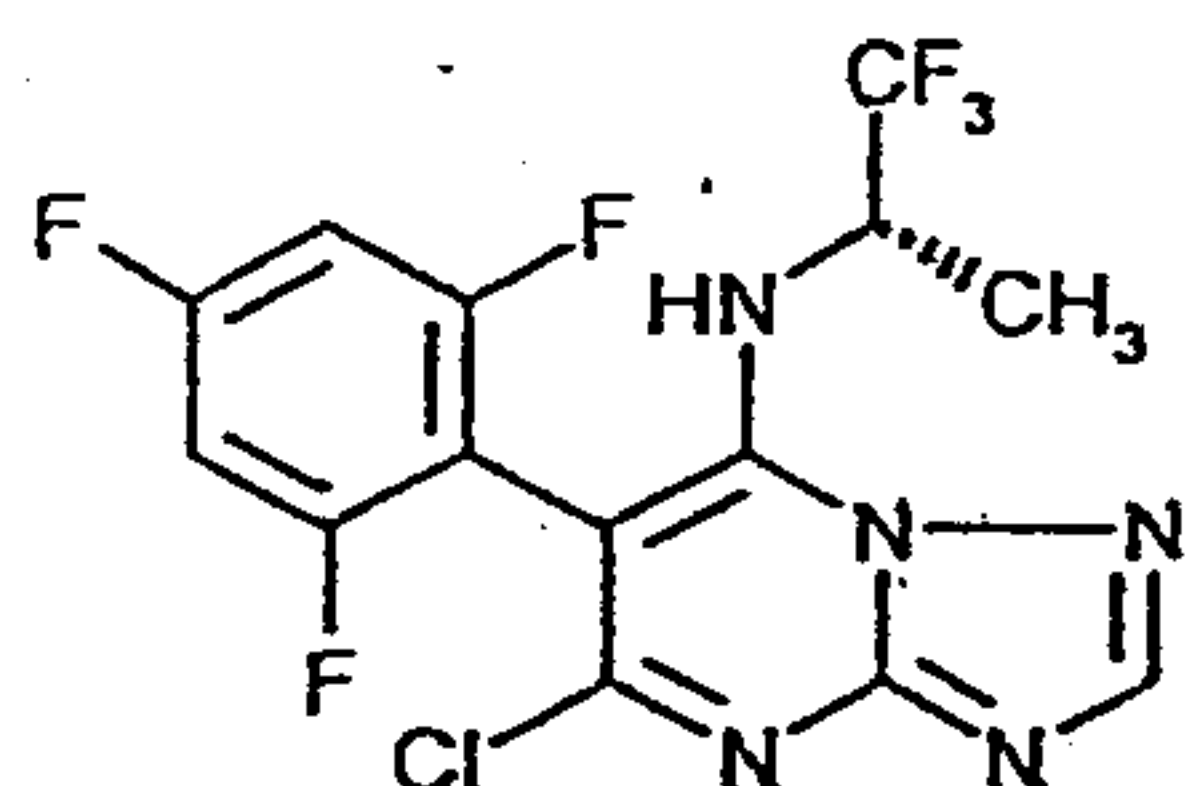
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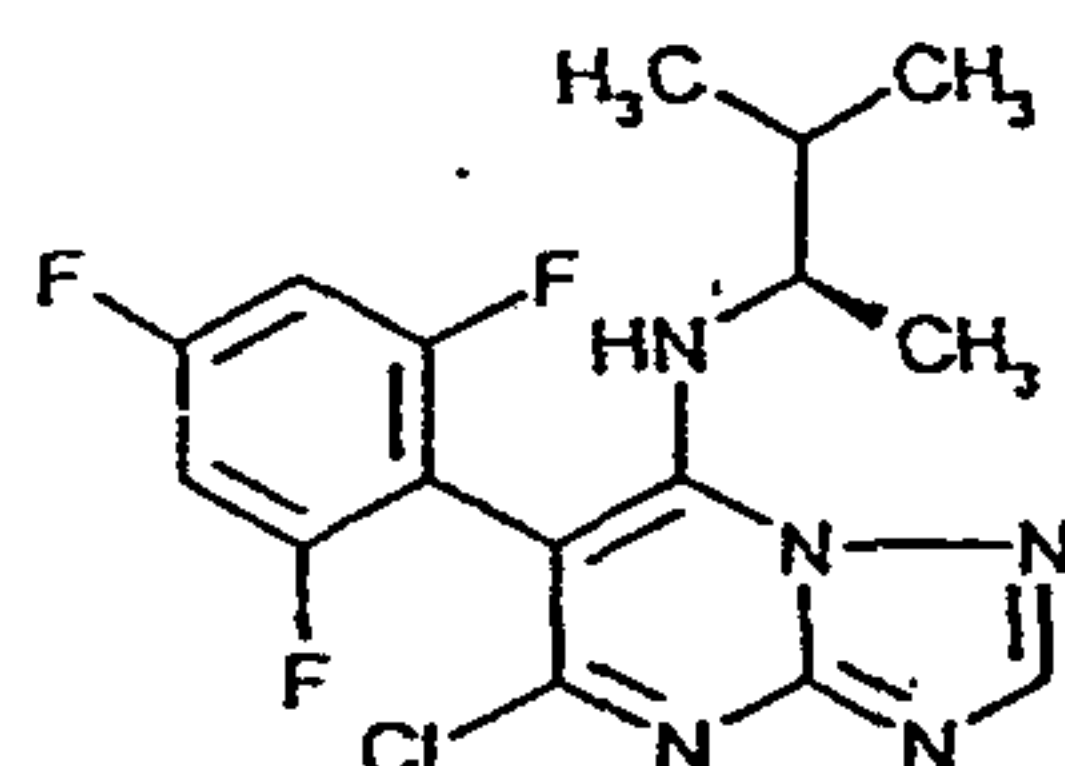
Preferred mixing partners of group (22) are

- (22-1) 5-chloro-*N*-[(1*S*)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine-7-amine (known from US 5,986,135) of the formula



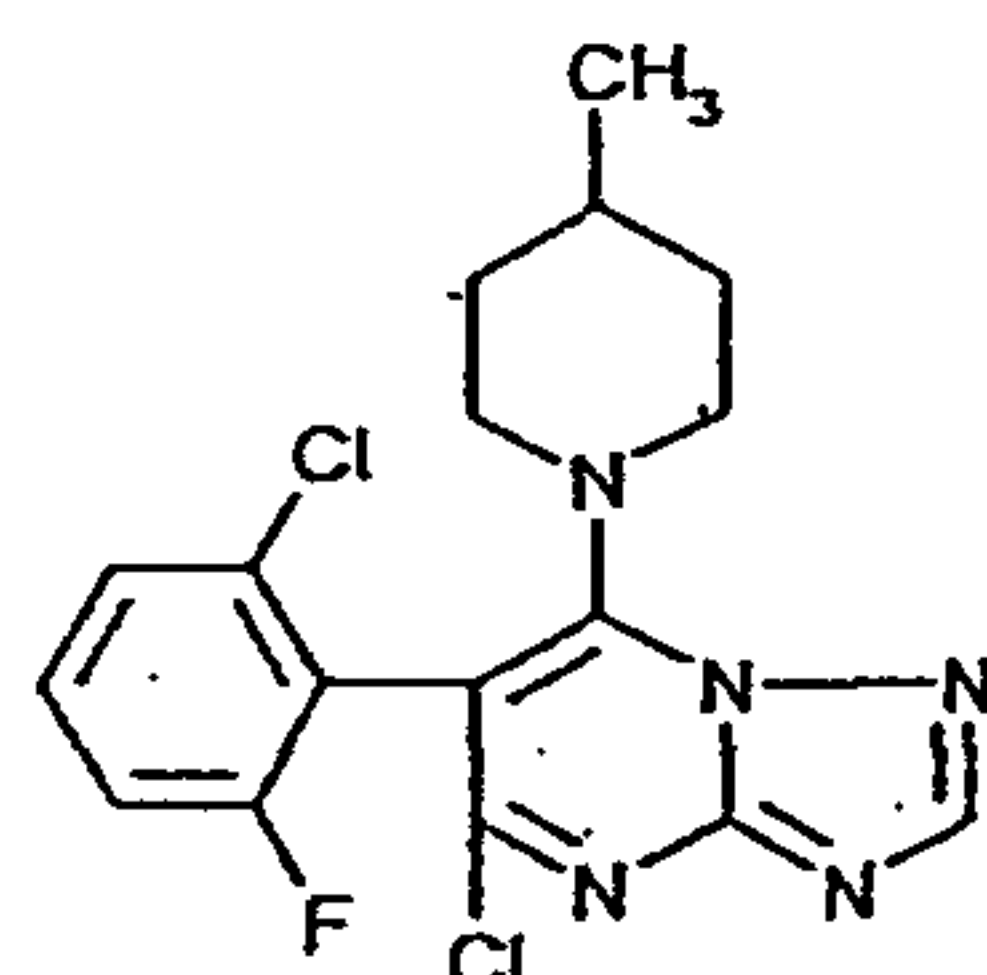
5

- (22-2) 5-chloro-*N*-[(1*R*)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine-7-amine (known from WO 02/38565) of the formula

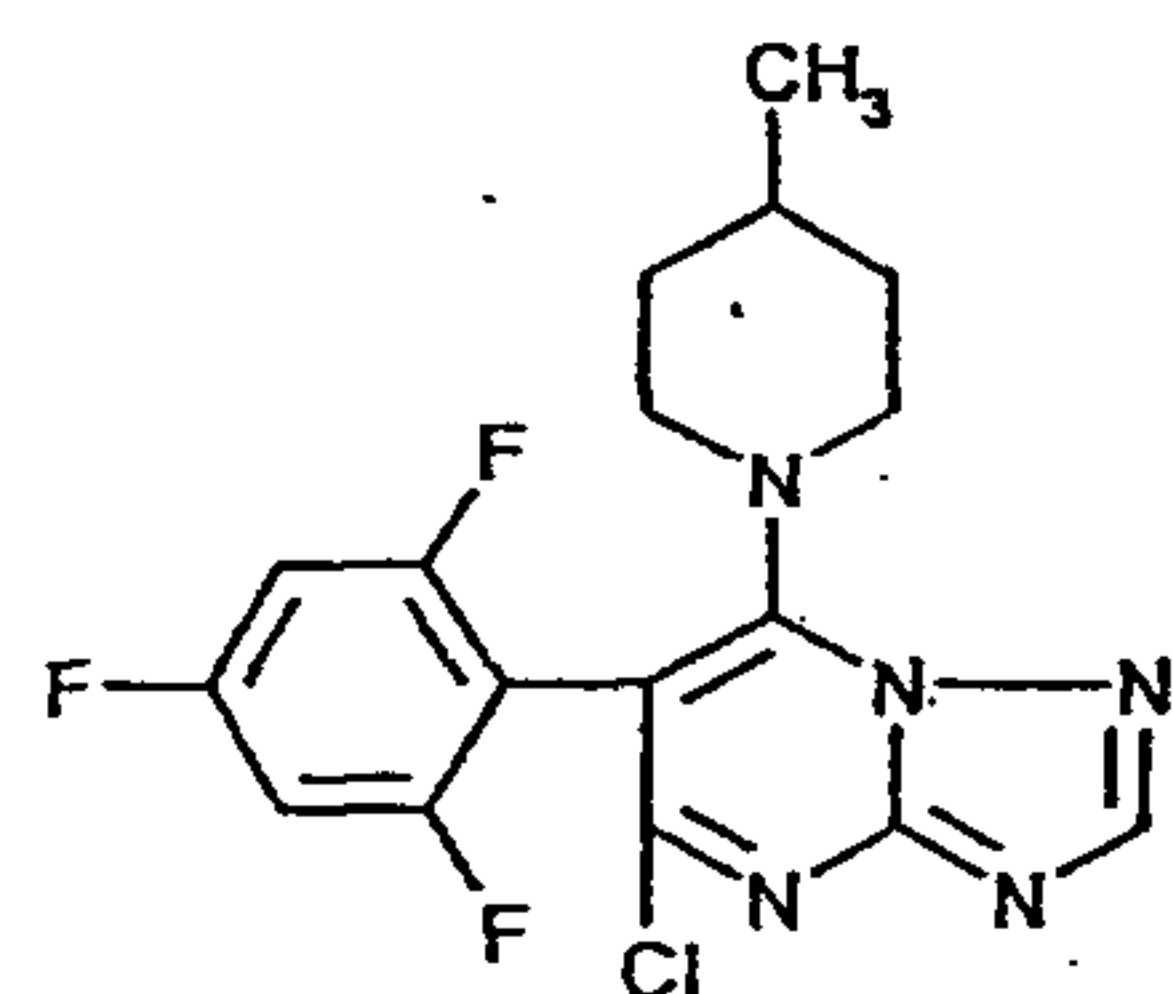


- (22-3) 5-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine (known from US 5,593,996) of the formula

10



- (22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine (known from DE-A 101 24 208) of the formula

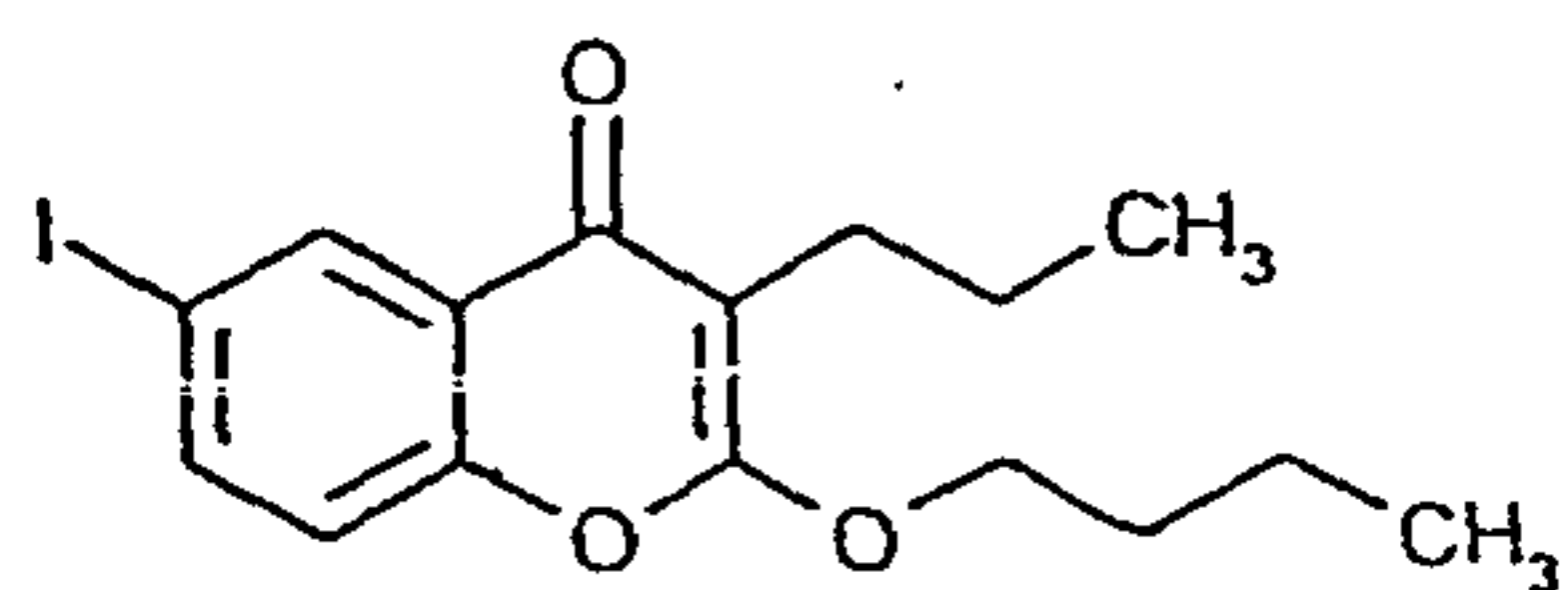


- 15 Preferred mixing partners of group (23) are

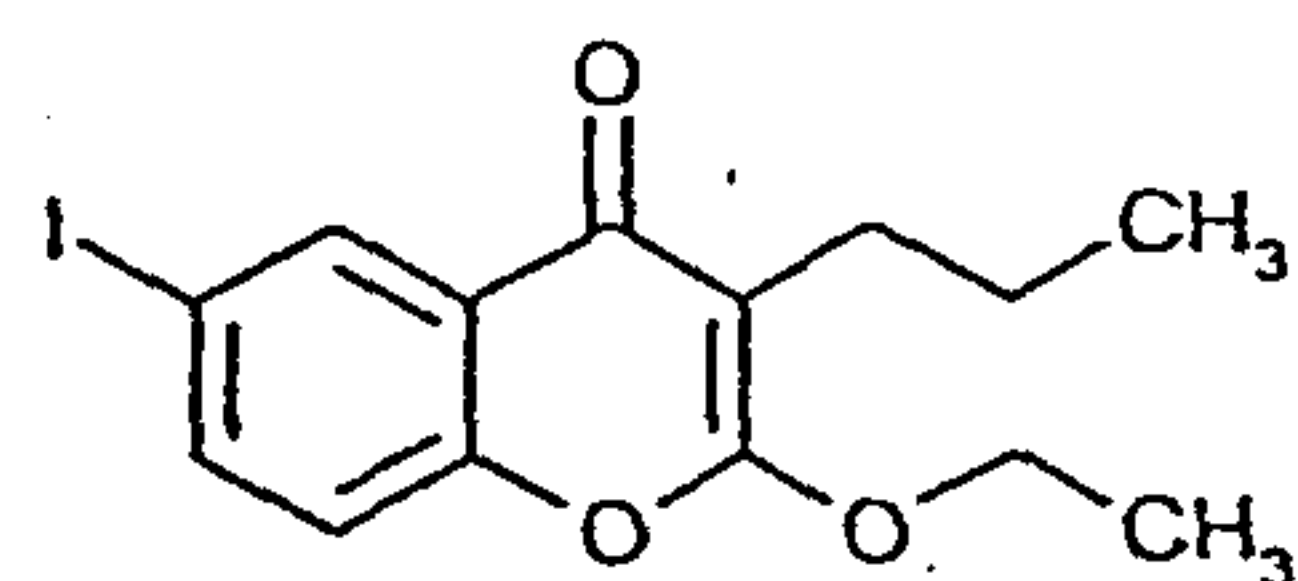
- (23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula

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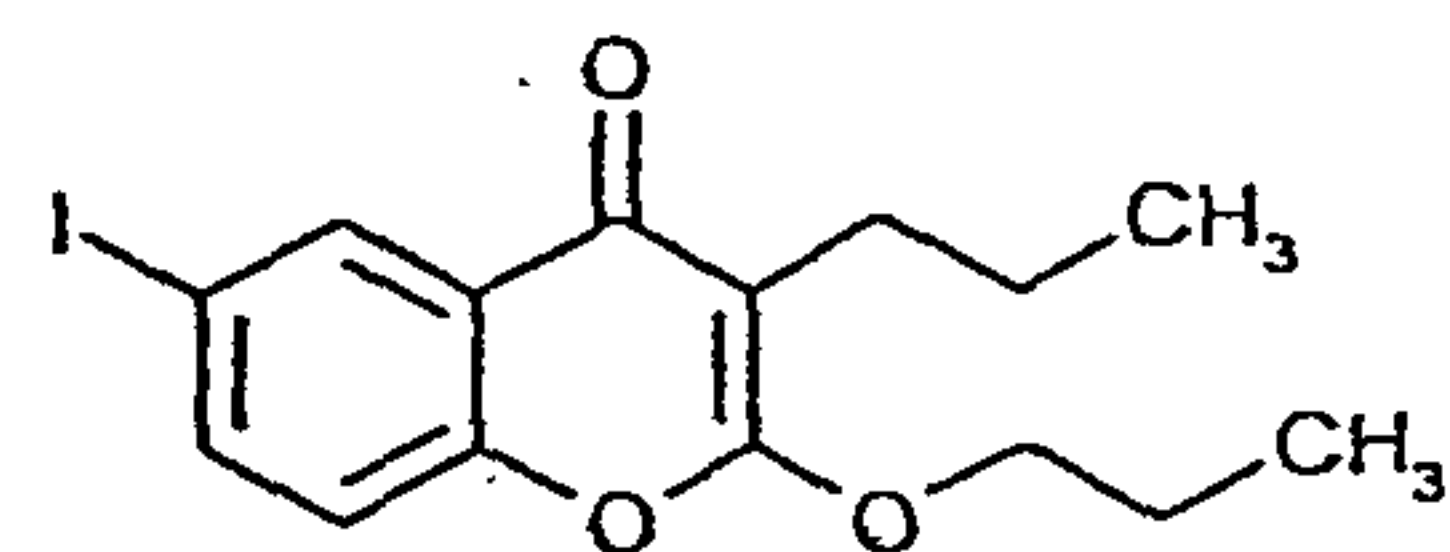
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(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula

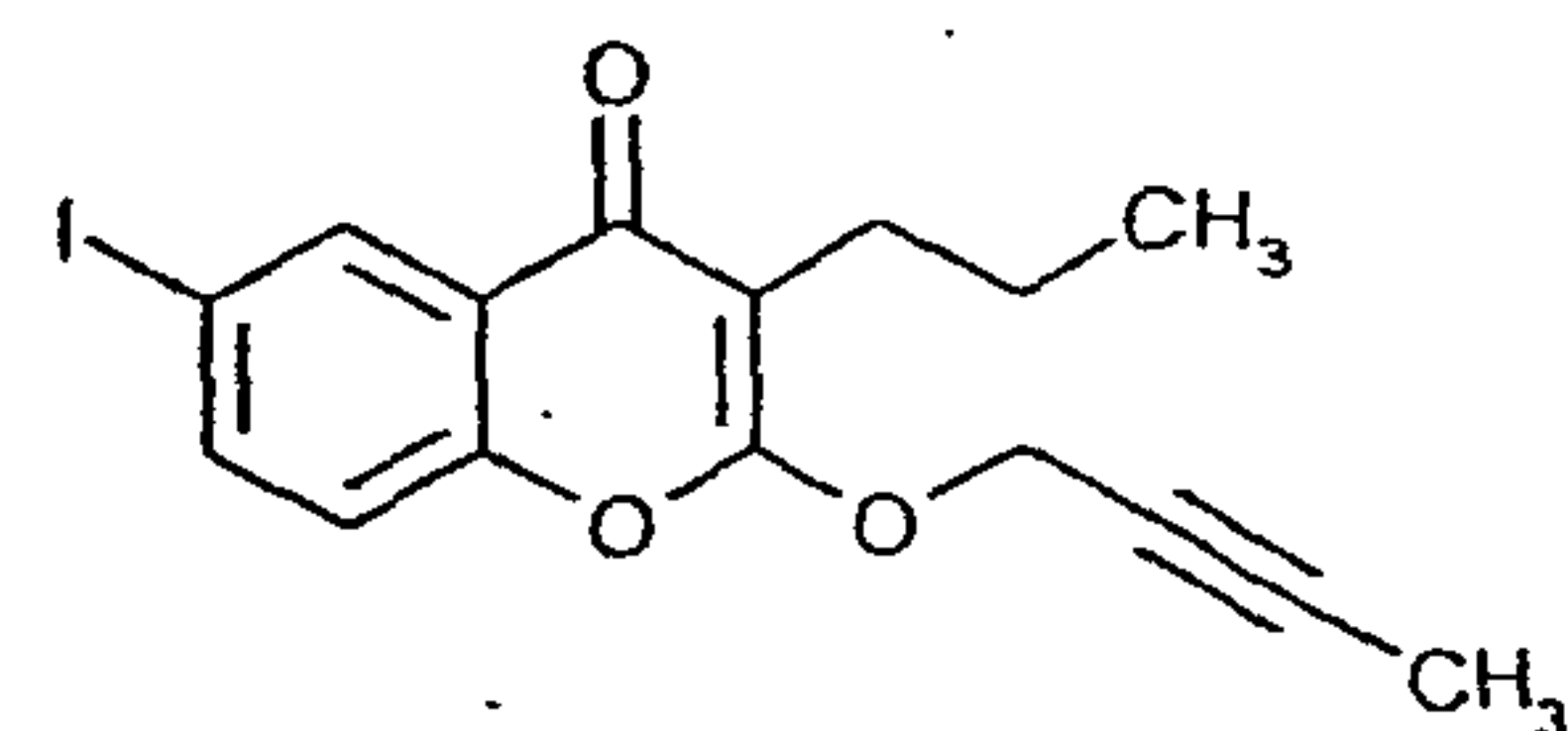


(23-3) 6-iodo-2-propoxy-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula



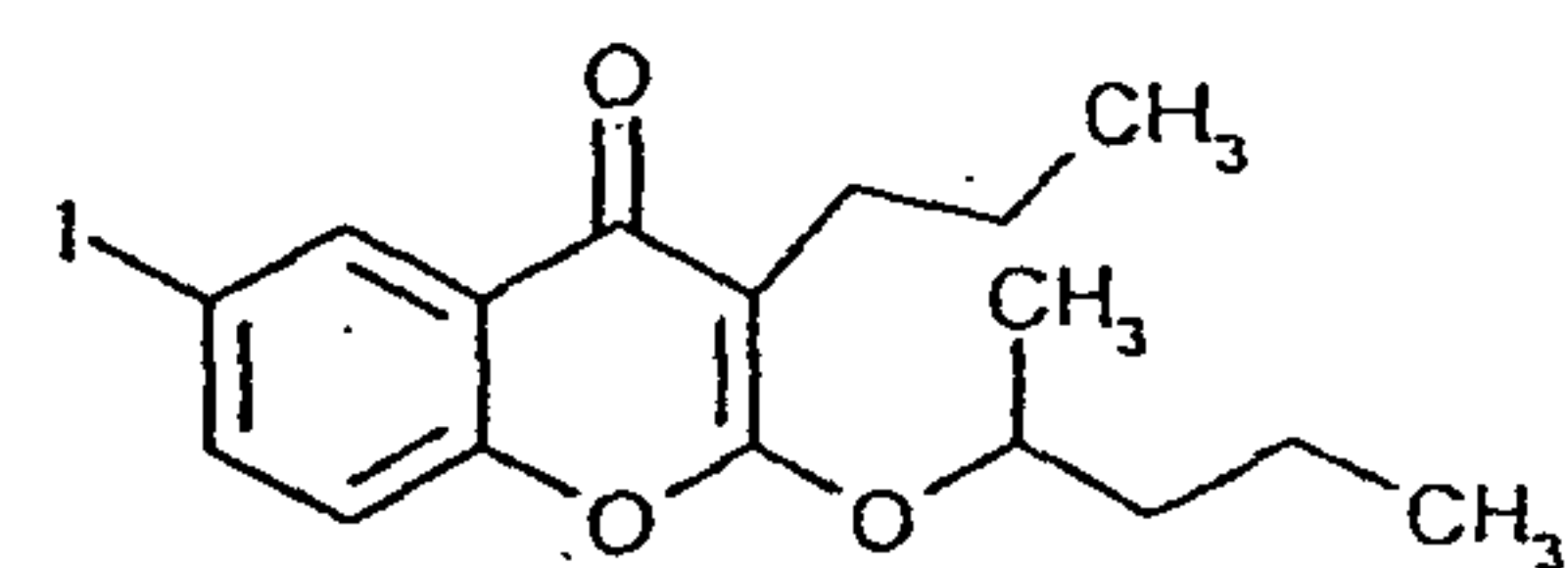
5

(23-4) 2-but-2-ynyloxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula

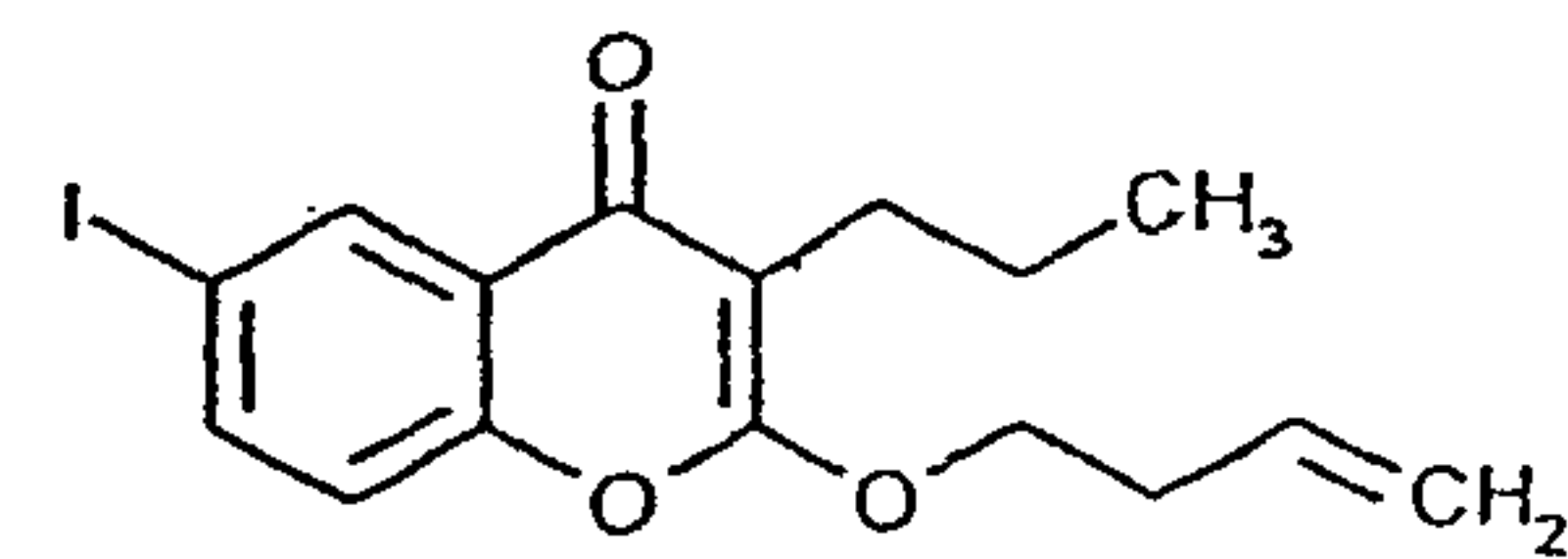


(23-5) 6-iodo-2-(1-methylbutoxy)-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula

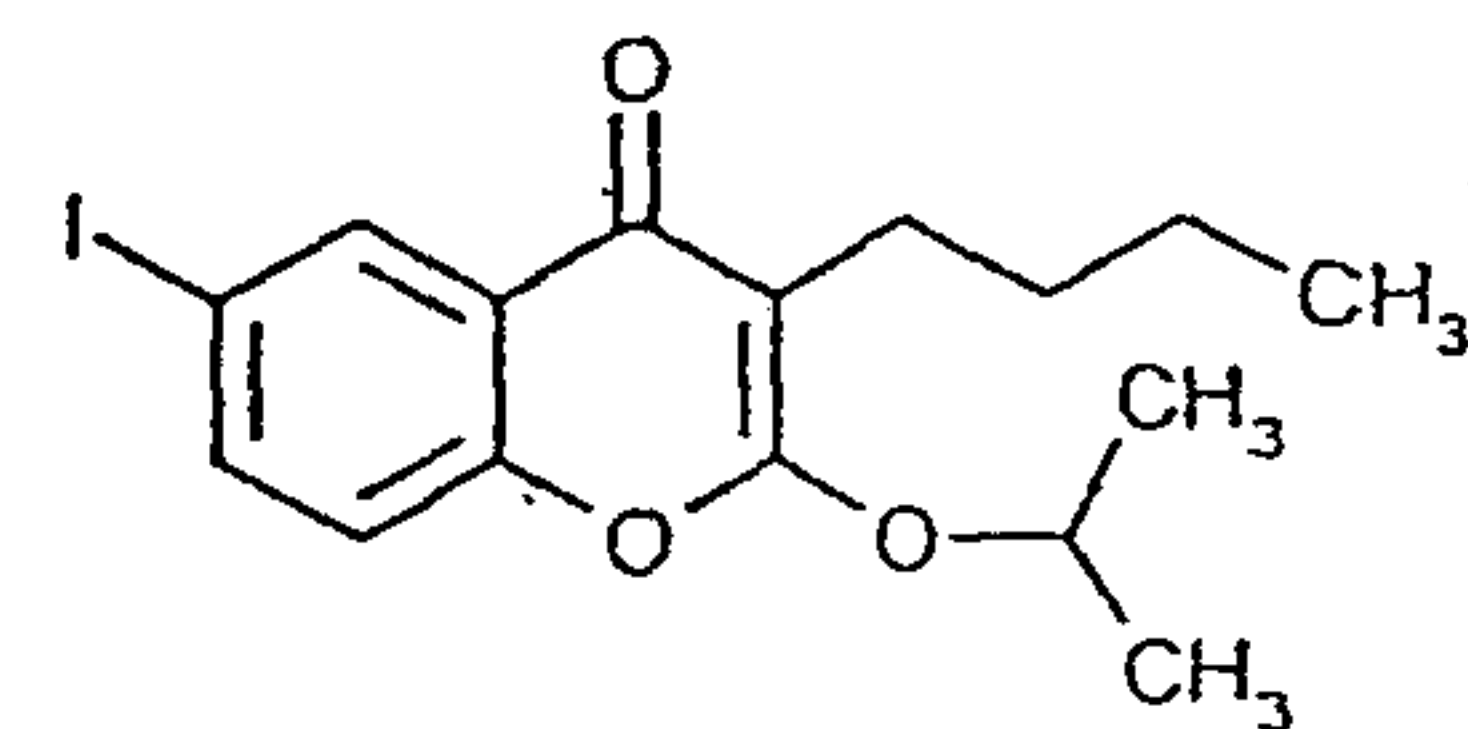
10



(23-6) 2-but-3-enyloxy-6-iodobenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula



(23-7) 3-butyl-6-iodo-2-isopropoxybenzopyran-4-one (known from WO 03/014103) of the formula



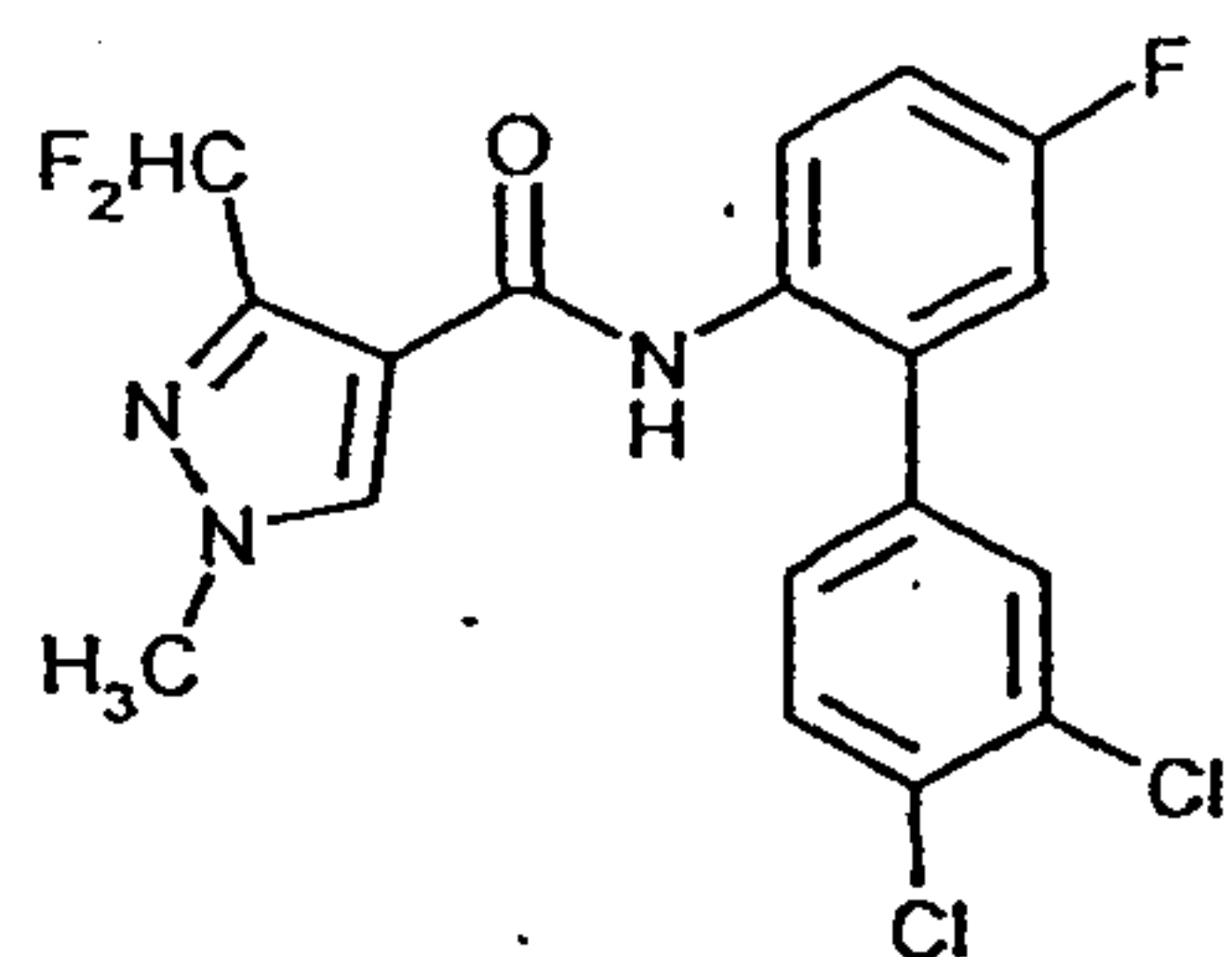
15.

Preferred mixing partners of group (24) are

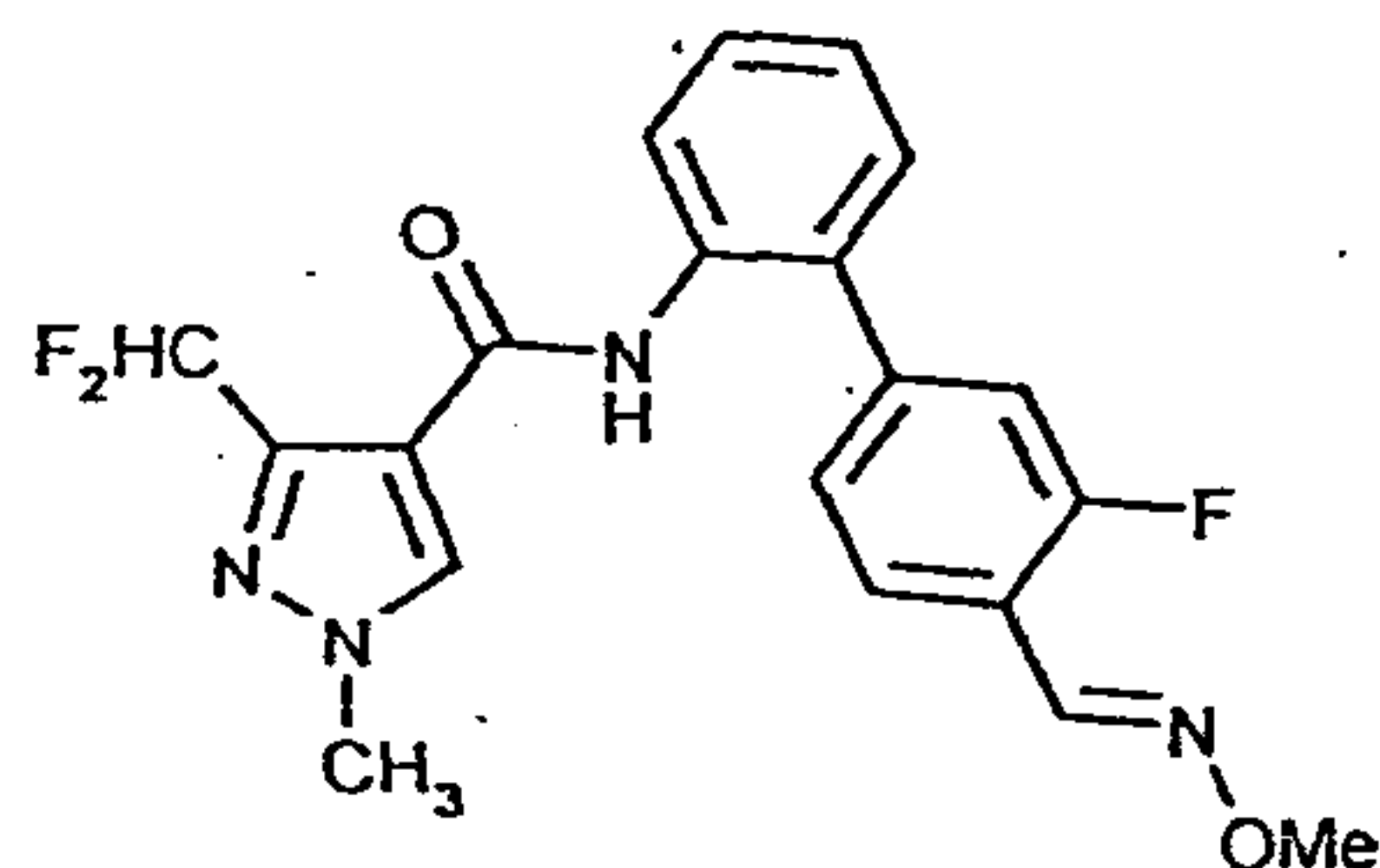
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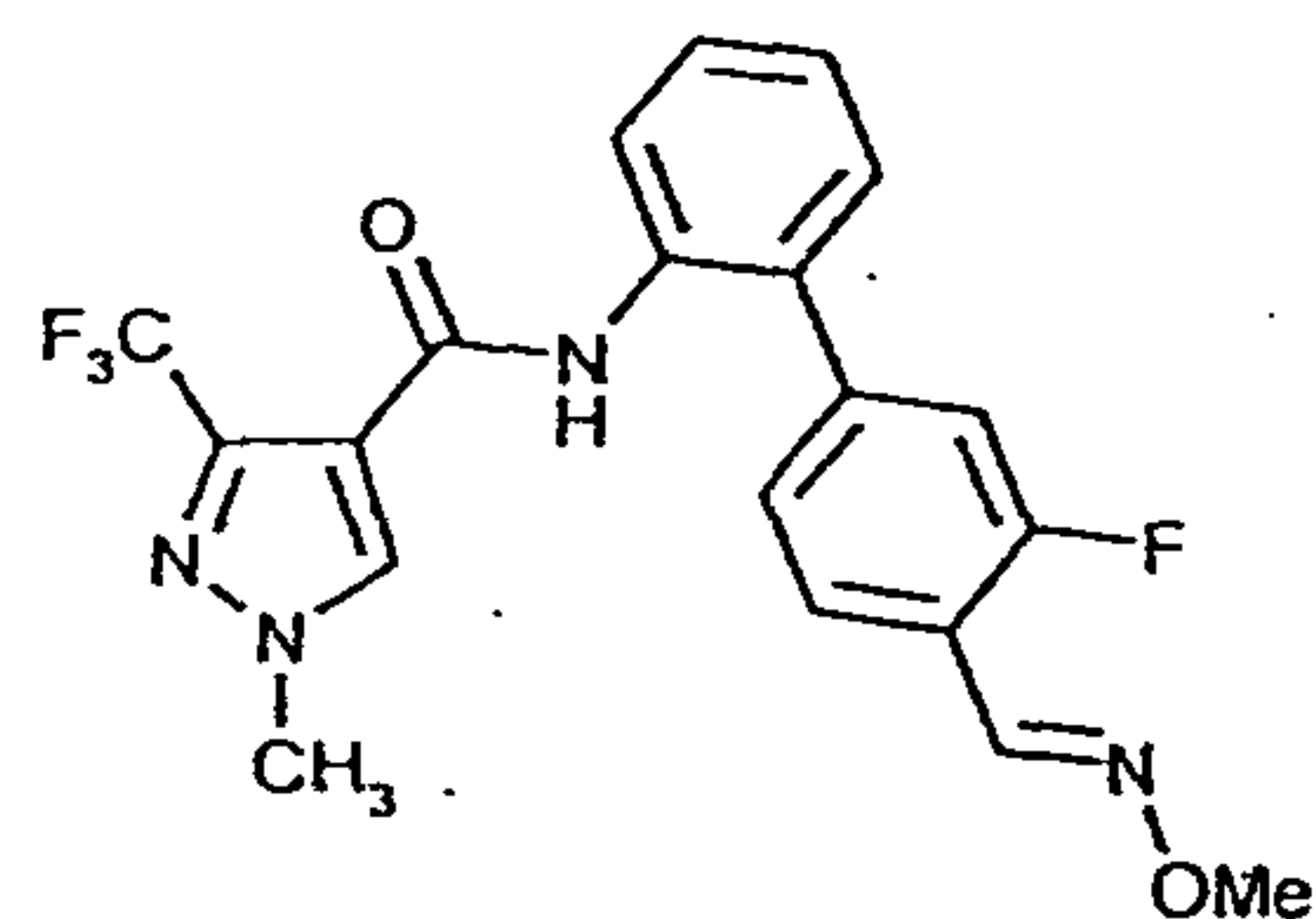
- (24-1) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from WO 03/070705) of the formula



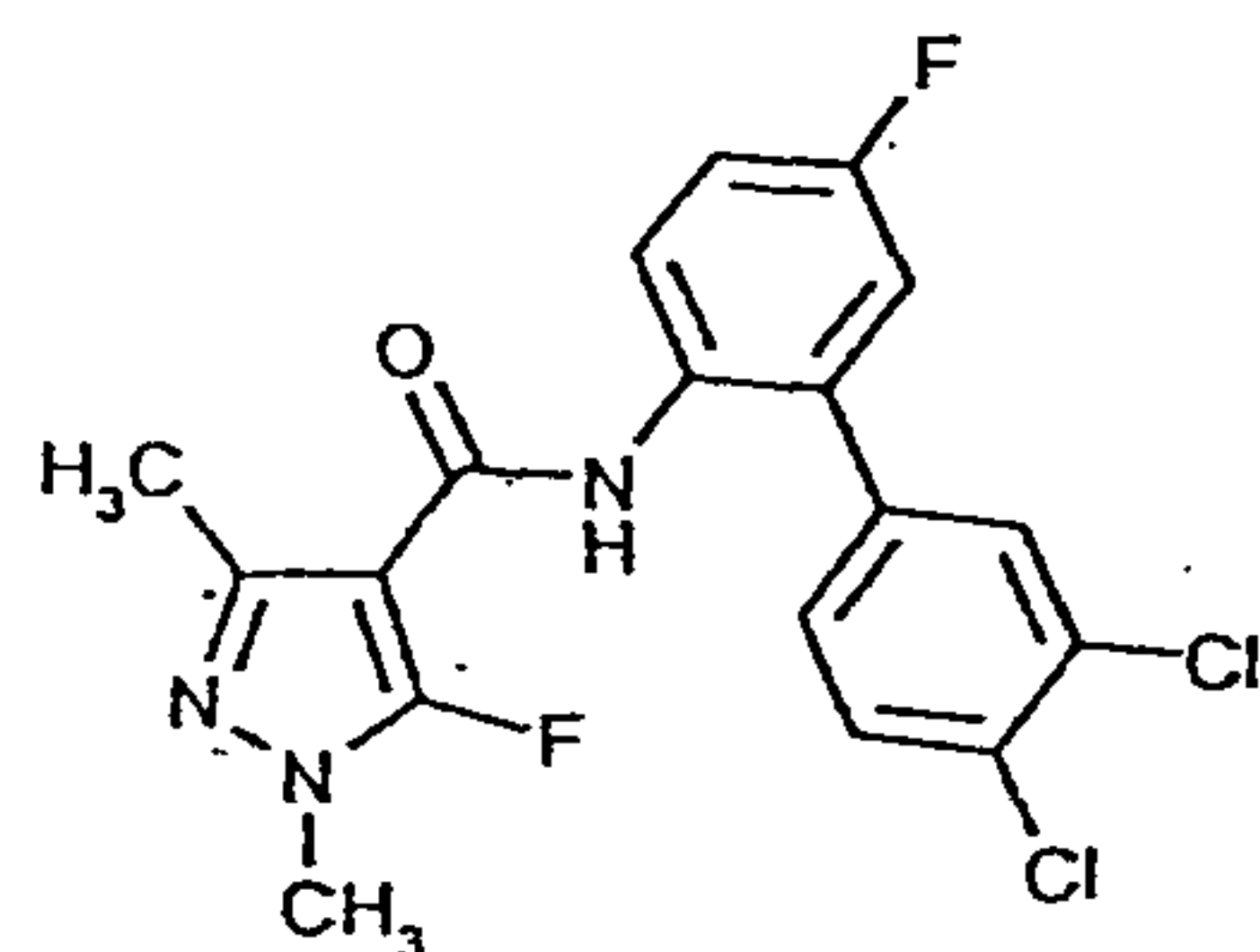
- (24-2) 3-(difluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from WO 02/08197) of the formula



- (24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from WO 02/08197) of the formula



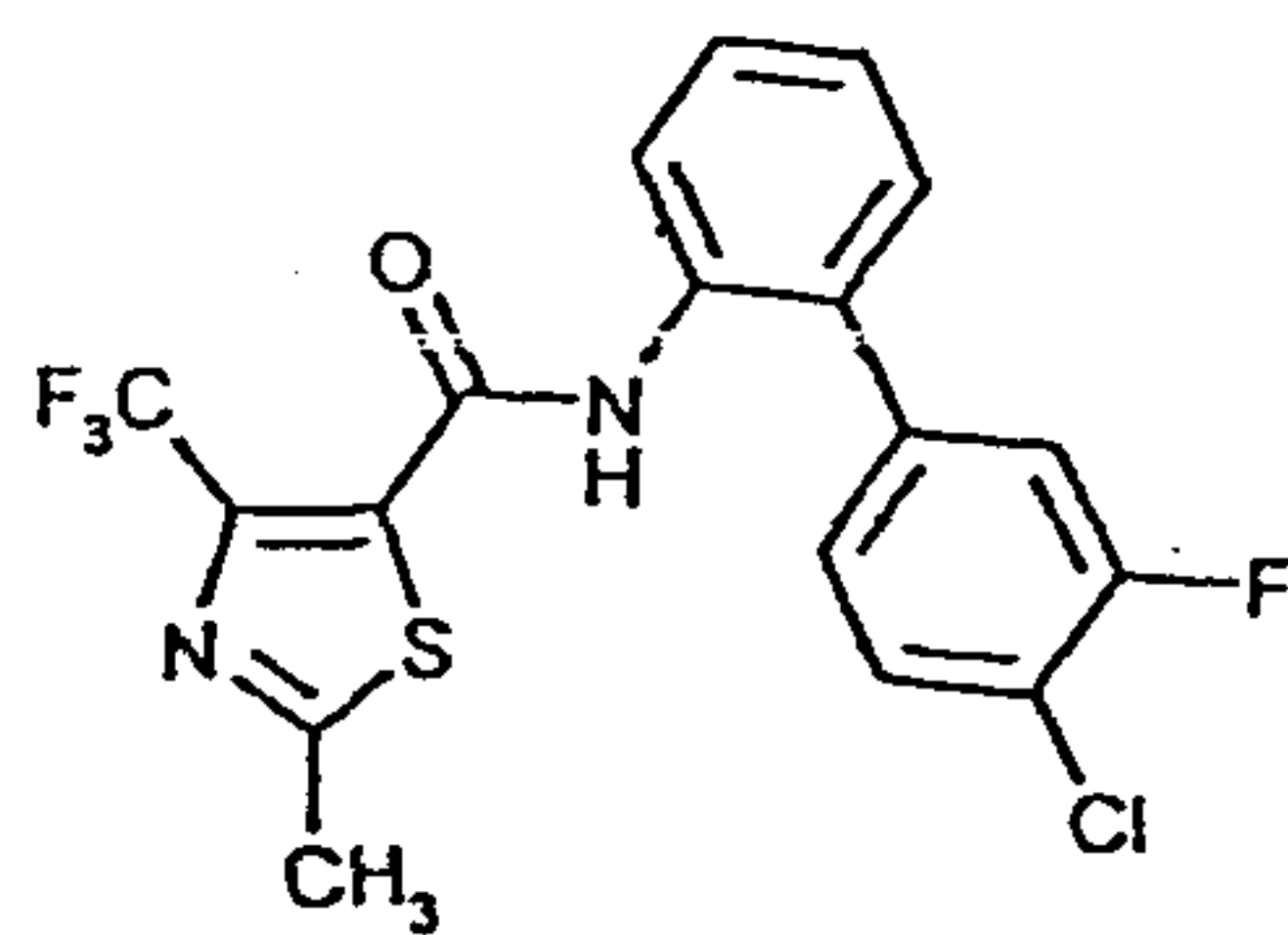
- 10 (24-4) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (known from WO 00/14701) of the formula



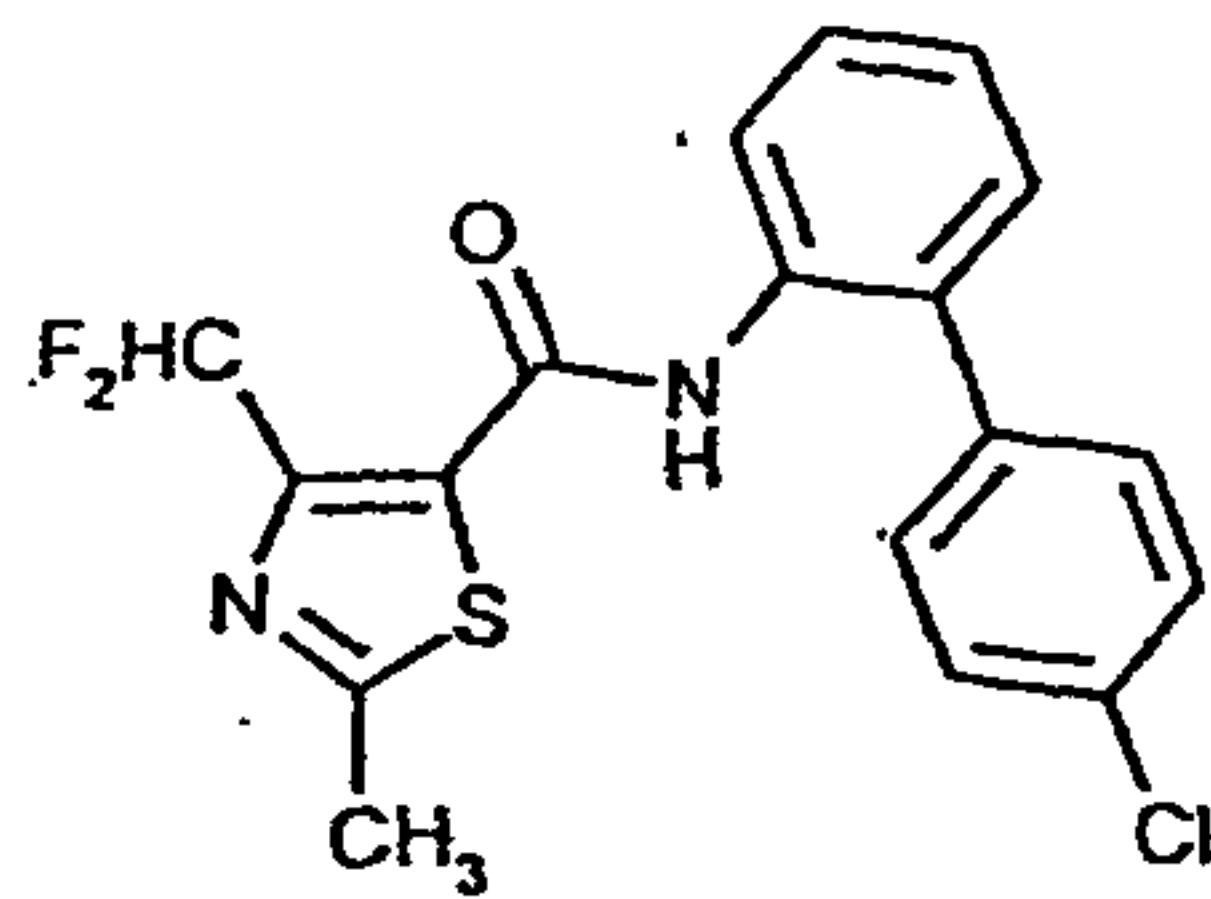
- (24-5) *N*-(4'-chloro-3'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide (known from WO 03/066609) of the formula

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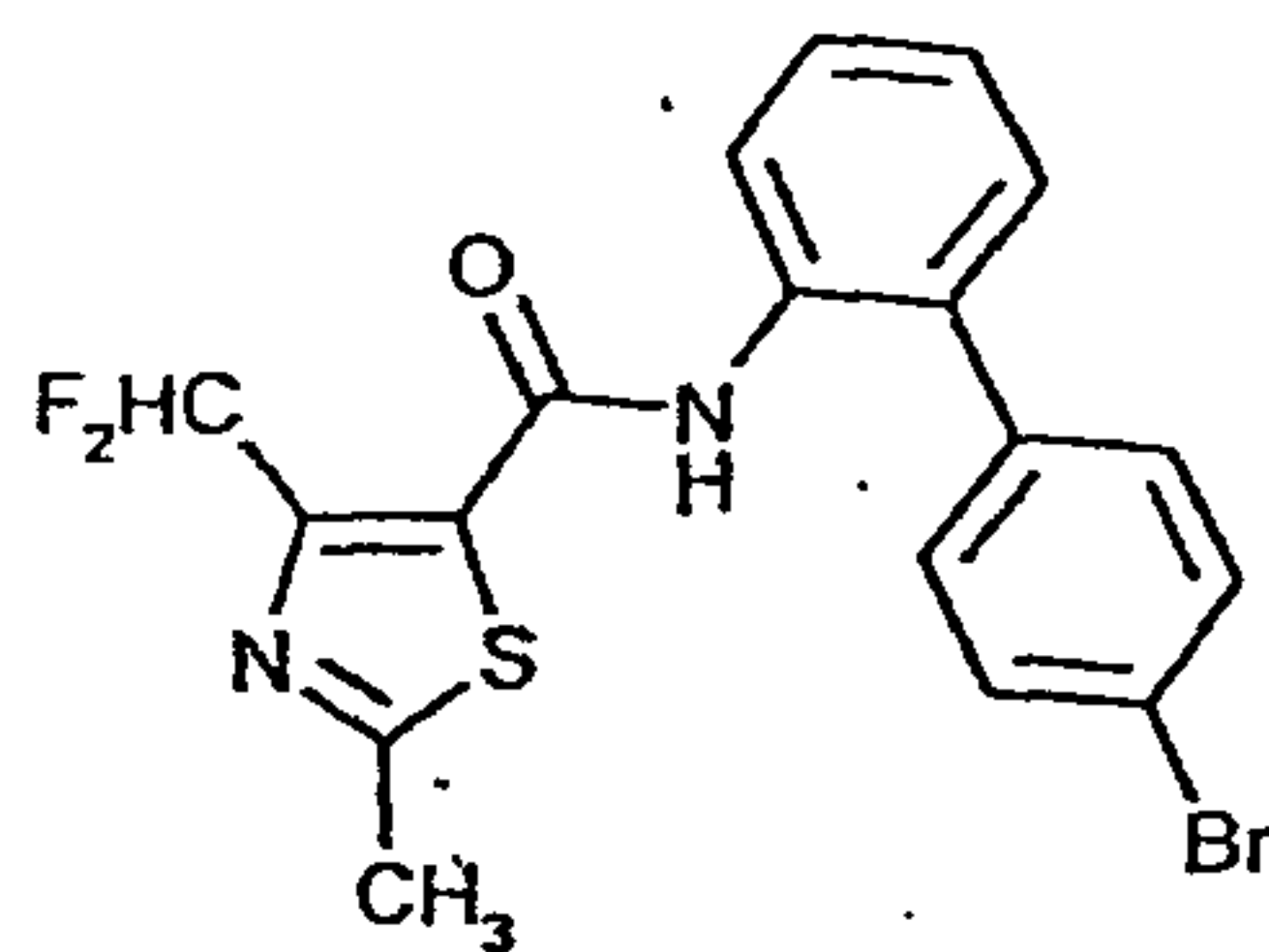
- 38 -



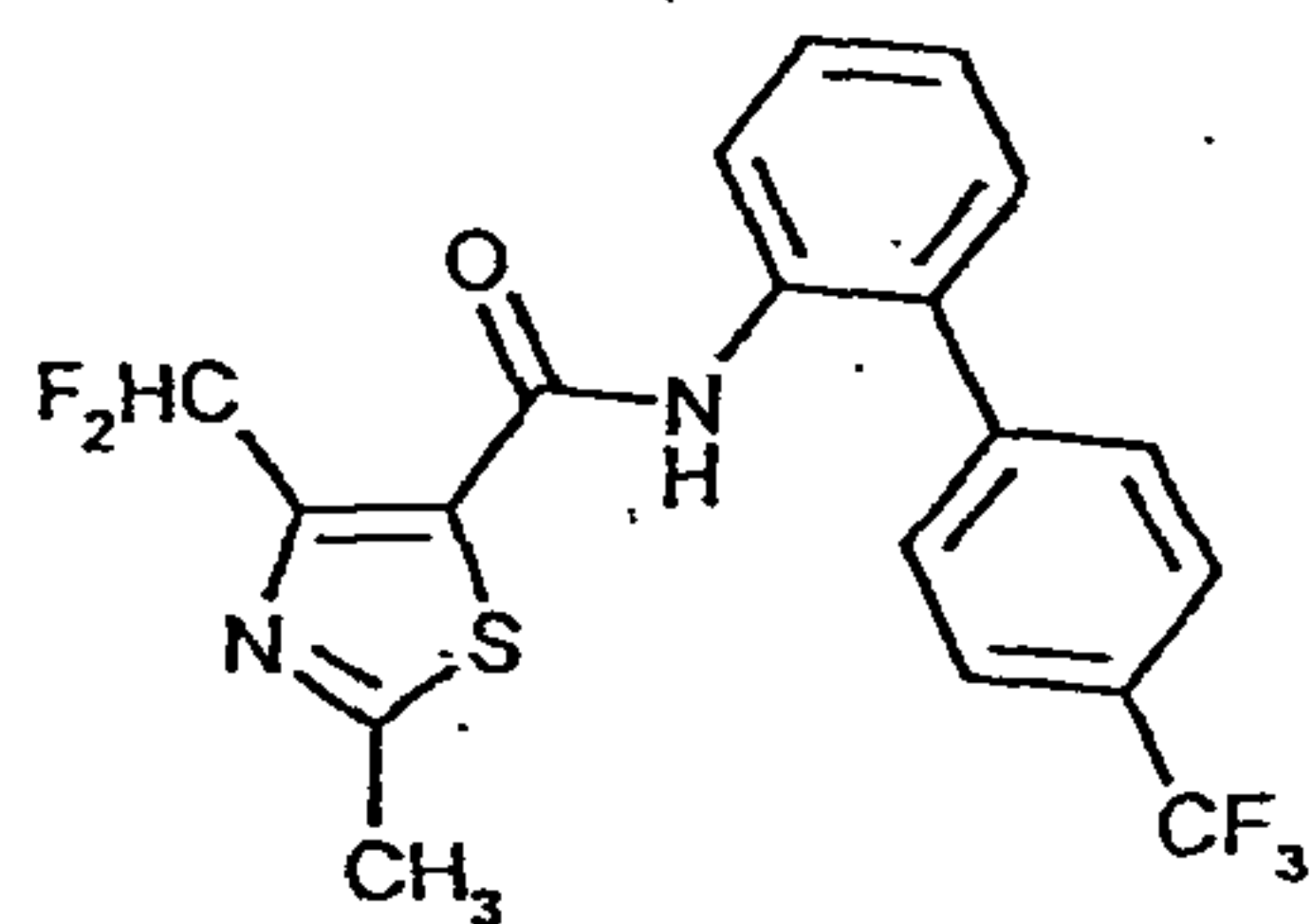
(24-6) *N*-(4'-chloro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
(known from WO 03/066610) of the formula



5 (24-7) *N*-(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
(known from WO 03/066610) of the formula



(24-8) 4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-*N*-[4'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl]-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide (known from WO 03/066610) of the formula



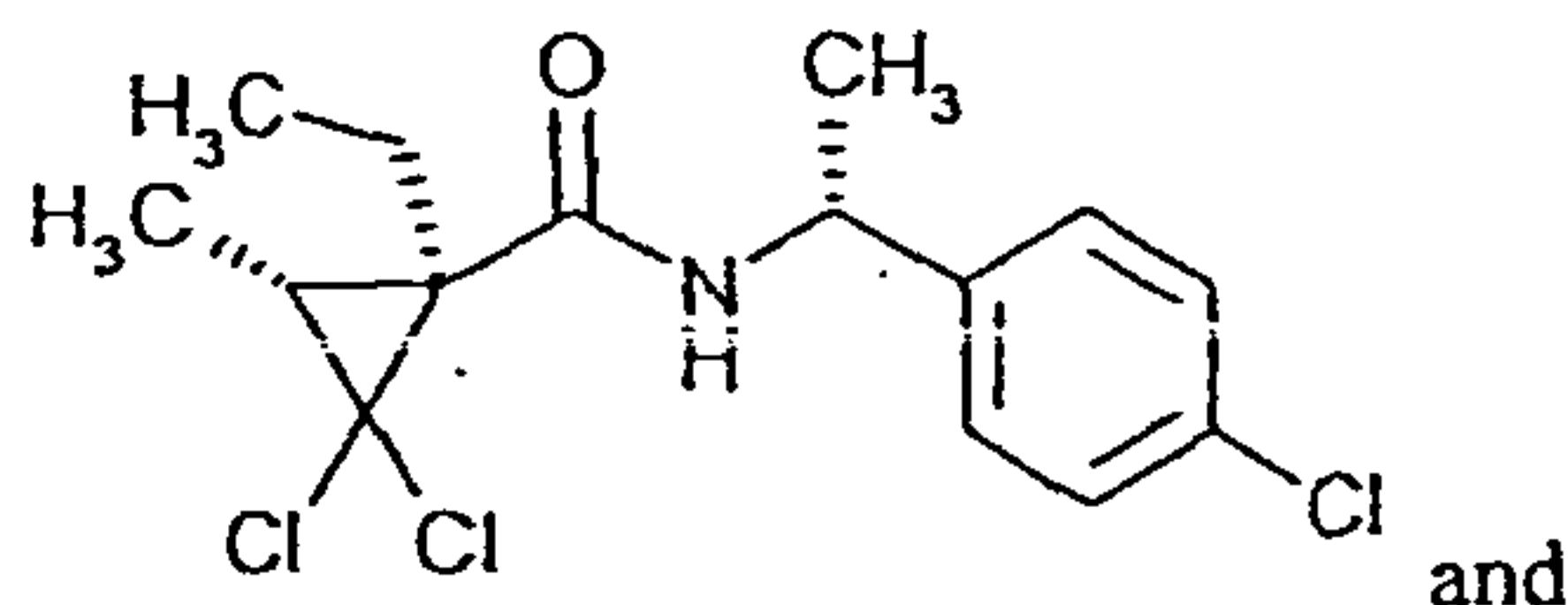
10

Compound (6-7), carpropamid, has three asymmetrically substituted carbon atoms. Accordingly, compound (6-7) can be present as a mixture of different isomers or else in the form of a single component. Particular preference is given to the compounds

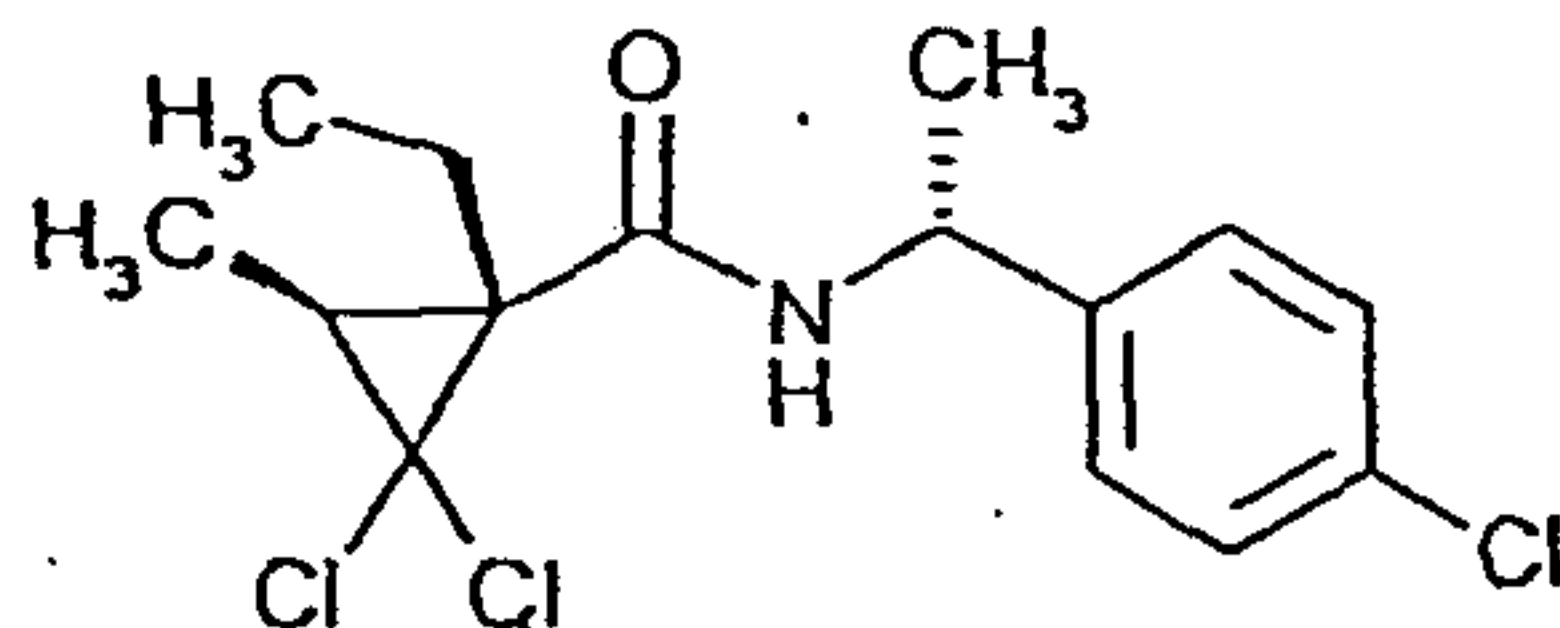
15 (1*S*,3*R*)-2,2-dichloro-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-1-ethyl-3-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide of the formula

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(1*R*,3*S*)-2,2-dichloro-*N*-[(1*R*)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-1-ethyl-3-methylcyclopropanecarboxamide of the formula



5

Particularly preferred mixing partners are the following active compounds:

- (2-1) azoxystrobin
- (2-2) fluoxastrobin
- (2-3) (2*E*)-2-(2-{{[6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy}phenyl}-2-
- 10 (methoxyimino)-*N*-methylethanamide
- (2-4) trifloxystrobin
- (2-5) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-(2-{{{(1*E*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)-
- phenyl]ethyliden}amino)oxy)methyl}phenyl)ethanamide
- (2-6) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-{2-[(*E*)-({1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-
- 15 ethoxy}imino)methyl}phenyl)ethanamide
- (2-8) 5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-(2-{{{(1*E*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyliden}-
- amino)oxy)methyl}phenyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one
- (2-11) picoxystrobin
- (2-9) kresoxim-methyl
- 20 (2-10) dimoxystrobin
- (2-12) pyraclostrobin
- (2-13) metominostrobin
- (3-3) propiconazole
- (3-4) difenoconazole
- 25 (3-6) cyproconazole
- (3-7) hexaconazole
- (3-8) penconazole
- (3-9) myclobutanil
- (3-10) tetraconazole
- 30 (3-12) epoxiconazole
- (3-13) flusilazole

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- (3-15) prothioconazole
- (3-16) fenbuconazole
- (3-17) tebuconazole
- (3-19) metconazole
- 5 (3-21) bitertanol
- (3-22) triadimenol
- (3-23) triadimefon
- (3-24) fluquinconazole
- (4-1) dichlofluanid
- 10 (4-2) tolylfluanid
- (5-1) iprovalicarb
- (5-3) benthiavalicarb
- (6-2) boscalid
- (6-5) ethaboxam
- 15 (6-6) fenhexamid
- (6-7) carpropamid
- (6-8) 2-chloro-4-[(2-fluoro-2-methylpropanoyl)amino]-*N,N*-dimethylbenzamide
- (6-9) picobenzamid
- (6-10) zoxamide
- 20 (6-11) 3,4-dichloro-*N*-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide
- (6-14) penthiopyrad
- (6-16) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxamide
- (7-1) mancozeb
- (7-2) maneb
- 25 (7-4) propineb
- (7-5) thiram
- (7-6) zineb
- (8-1) benalaxyl
- (8-2) furalaxyl
- 30 (8-3) metalaxyl
- (8-4) metalaxyl-M
- (8-5) benalaxyl-M
- (9-1) cyprodinil
- (9-2) mepanipyrim
- 35 (9-3) pyrimethanil

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- (10-1) 6-chloro-5-[(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-yl)sulphonyl]-2,2-difluoro-5H-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-f]-benzimidazole
- (10-3) carbendazim
- (11-1) diethofencarb
- 5 (11-2) propamocarb
- (11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
- (11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
- (12-2) captan
- (12-3) folpet
- 10 (12-4) iprodione
- (12-5) procymidone
- (13-1) dodine
- (13-2) guazatine
- (13-3) iminoctadine triacetate
- 15 (14-1) cyazofamid
- (14-2) prochloraz
- (14-3) triazoxide
- (15-5) dimethomorph
- (15-4) fenpropimorph
- 20 (16-2) fludioxonil
- (17-1) fosetyl-Al
- (17-2) phosphonic acid
- (19-1) acibenzolar-S-methyl
- (19-2) chlorothalonil
- 25 (19-3) cymoxanil
- (19-5) famoxadone
- (19-6) fluazinam
- (19-9) oxadixyl
- (19-10) spiroxamine
- 30 (19-7) copper oxychloride
- (19-13) fenamidone
- (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
- (20-1) pencycuron
- 35 (20-2) thiophanate-methyl

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- (22-1) 5-chloro-*N*-[(1*S*)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]-
triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine-7-amine
- (22-2) 5-chloro-*N*-[(1*R*)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]-
pyrimidine-7-amine
- 5 (22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine
- (23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-3) 6-iodo-2-propoxy-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (24-1) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
10 carboxamide
- (24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-
methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (24-7) *N*-(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide.
- 15 Very particularly preferred mixing partners are the following active compounds:
- (2-2) fluoxastrobin
- (2-4) trifloxystrobin
- (2-3) (2*E*)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-
(methoxyimino)-*N*-methylethanamide
- 20 (3-15) prothioconazole
- (3-17) tebuconazole
- (3-21) bitertanol
- (3-22) triadimenol
- (3-24) fluquinconazole
- 25 (4-1) dichlofluanid
- (4-2) tolylfluanid
- (5-1) iprovalicarb
- (6-6) fenhexamid
- (6-9) picobenzamid
- 30 (6-7) carpropamid
- (6-14) penthiopyrad
- (7-4) propineb
- (8-4) metalaxyl-M
- (8-5) benalaxyl-M
- 35 (9-3) pyrimethanil
- (10-3) carbendazim

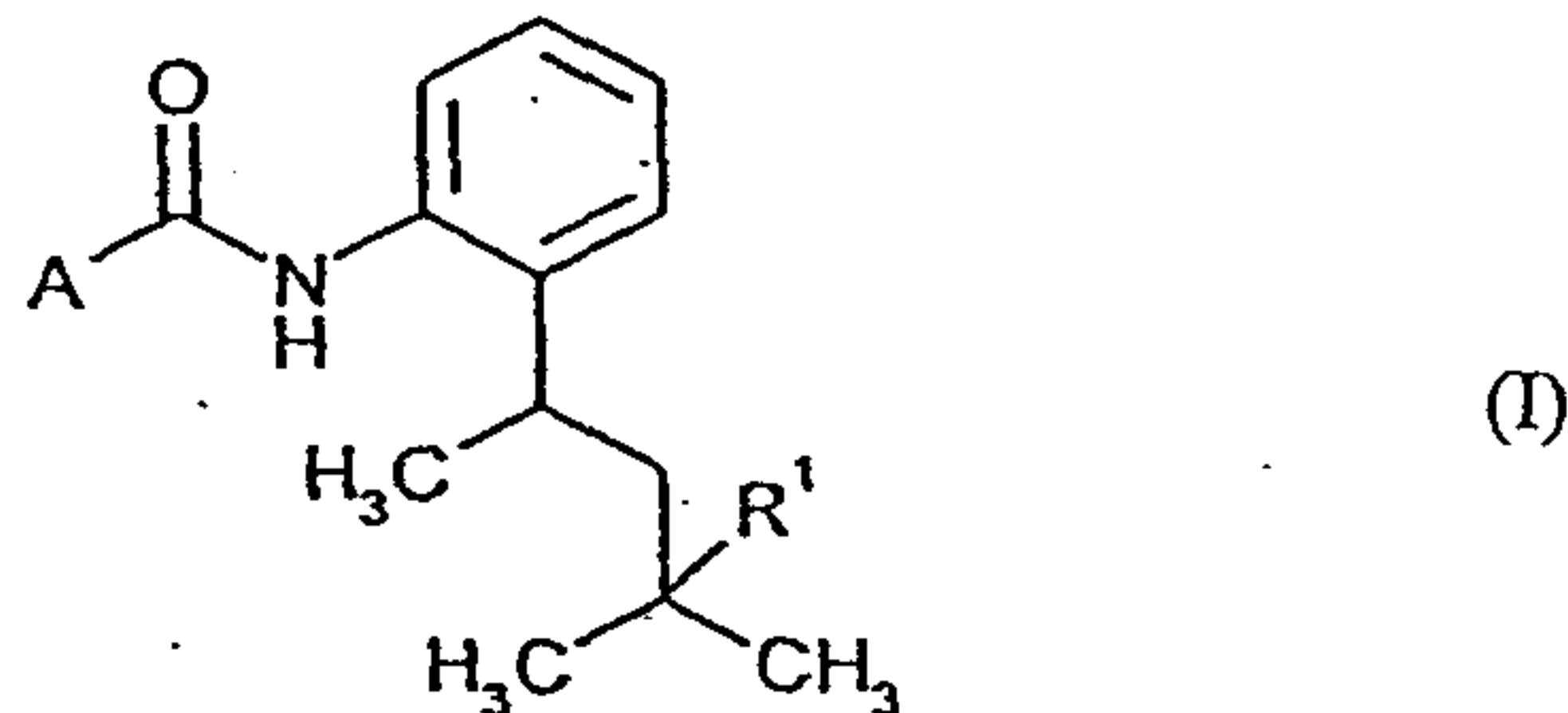
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- (11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
 (12-4) iprodione
 (14-2) prochloraz
 (14-3) triazoxide
 5 (16-2) fludioxonil
 (19-10) spiroxamine
 (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
 (22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine
 10 (24-1) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide.

Preferred active compound combinations comprising two groups of active compounds and in each case at least one carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1) and at least one active compound of the
 15 given group (2) to (24) are described below. These combinations are the active compound combinations A to U.

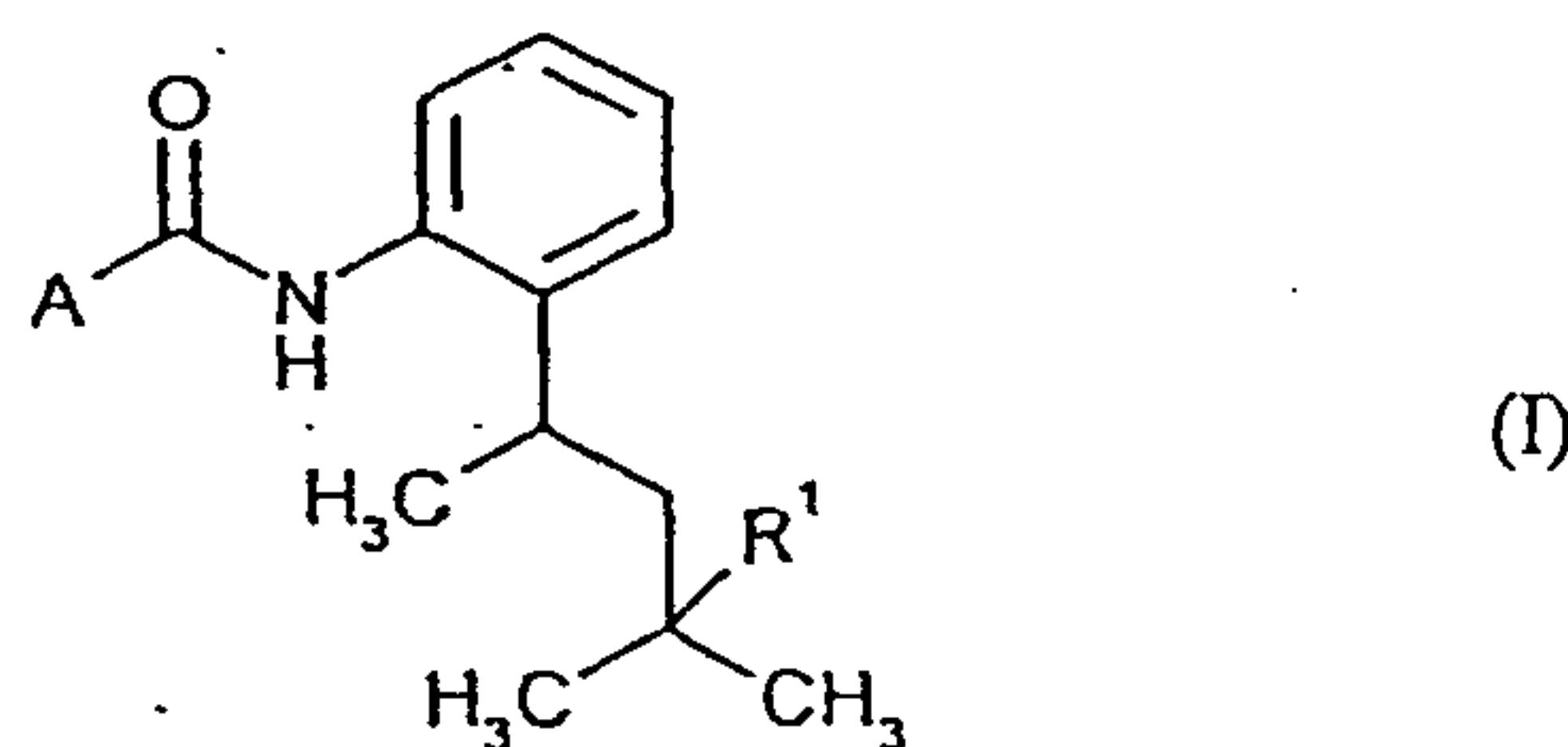
Among the preferred active compound combinations A to U, emphasis is given to those comprising a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1)



20

in which R¹ and A are as defined above.

Particularly preferred are active compound combinations A to U comprising a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1)



25

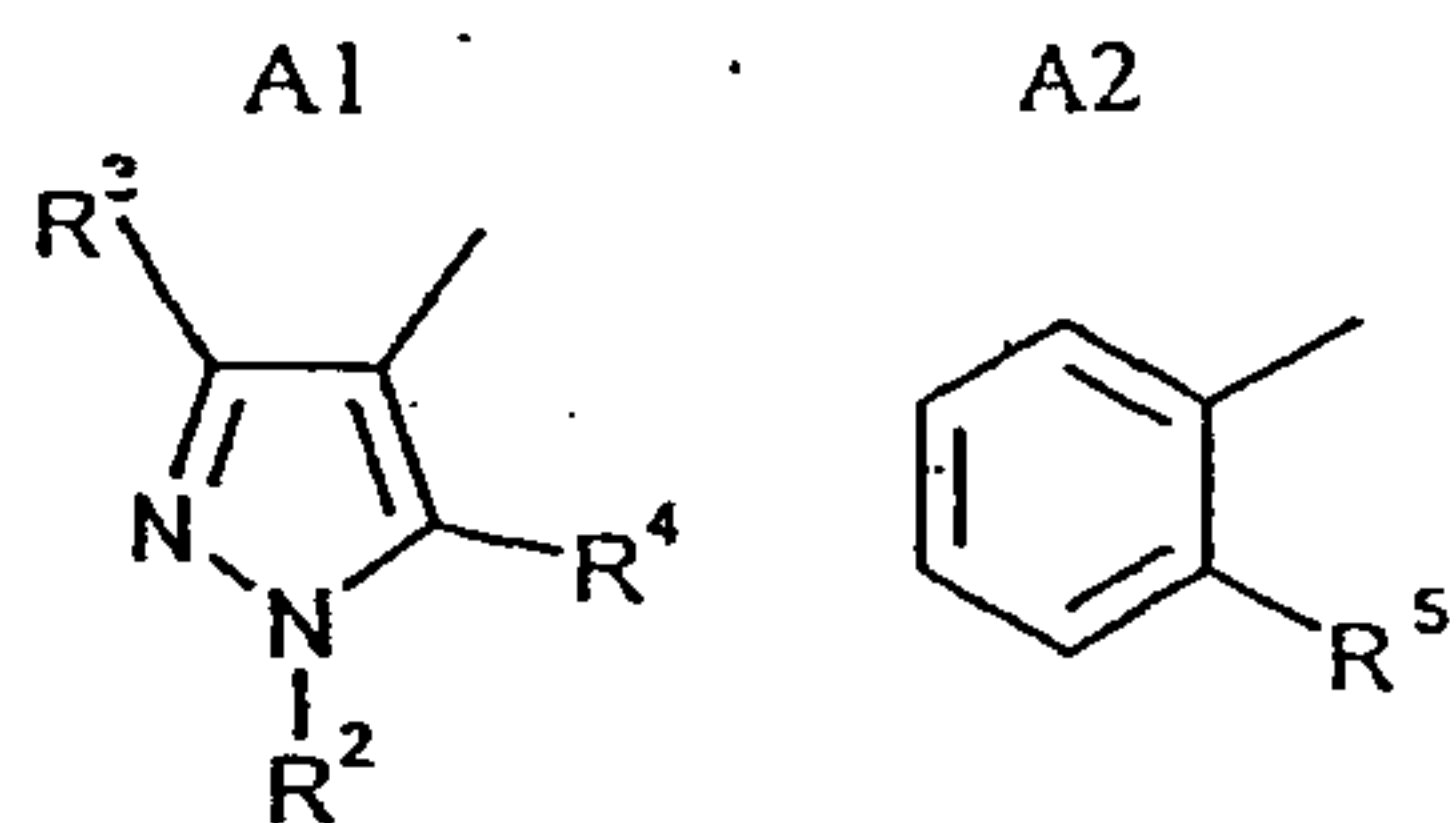
in which

R¹ represents hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl or trifluoromethyl,

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A represents one of the radicals A1 or A2 below:



R² represents methyl,

R³ represents methyl, difluoromethyl or trifluoromethyl,

5 R⁴ represents hydrogen or fluorine,

R⁵ represents iodine or trifluoromethyl.

Very particularly preferred are active compound combinations A to U in which the carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1) is selected from the list below:

- 10 (1-1) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-2) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-3) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-chloro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-4) 3-(difluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-5) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
- 15 carboxamide
- (1-6) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-chloro-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
- carboxamide
- (1-7) 1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 20 (1-9) 3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (1-11) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5-fluoro-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
- carboxamide
- (1-12) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-5-chloro-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-
- 25 carboxamide
- (1-13) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide
- (1-14) 2-iodo-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide
- (1-15) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide
- (1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide

30

Especially preferred are active compound combinations A to U in which the carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1) is selected from the list below:

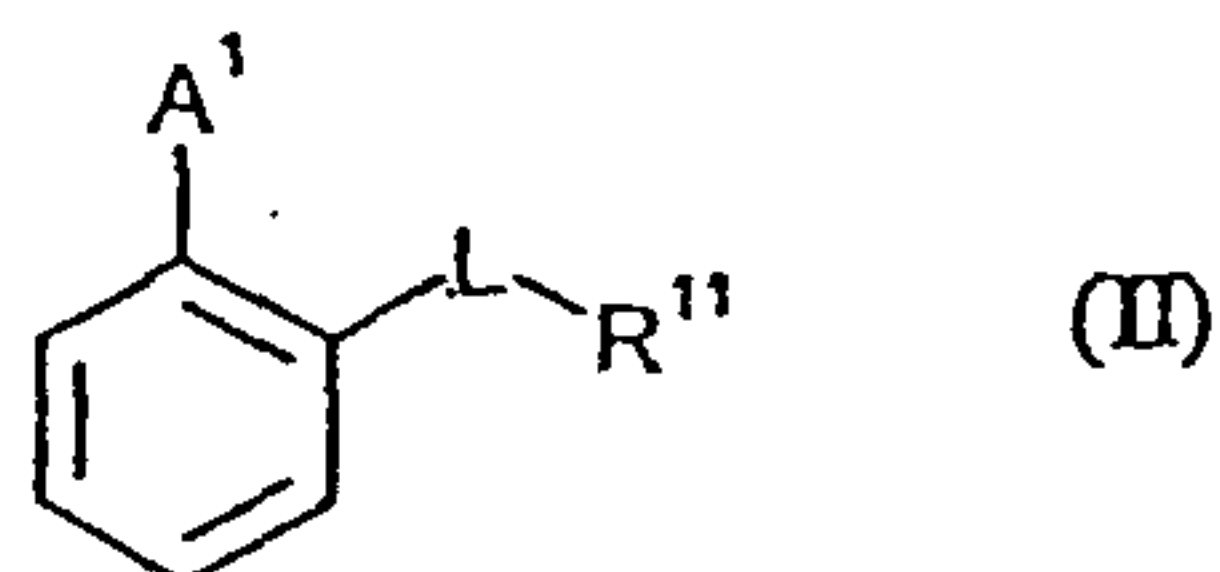
- (1-2) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide

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- (1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
 (1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
 (1-13) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide
 (1-14) 2-iodo-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide
 5 (1-15) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide
 (1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations A also comprise a strobilurin of the formula (II) (group 2)



10

in which A¹, L and R¹¹ are as defined above.

Preferred are active compound combinations A in which the strobilurin of the formula (II) (group 2) is selected from the list below:

- 15 (2-1) azoxystrobin
 (2-2) fluoxastrobin
 (2-3) (2*E*)-2-(2-{{[6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl]oxy}phenyl}-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methylethanamide
 (2-4) trifloxystrobin
 20 (2-5) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-(2-{{[(1*E*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyliden}amino]oxy}methyl}phenyl)ethanamide
 (2-6) (2*E*)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methyl-2-{2-[(*E*)-({1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethoxy}-imino)methyl]phenyl}ethanamide
 (2-7) orysastrobin
 25 (2-8) 5-methoxy-2-methyl-4-(2-{{[(1*E*)-1-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyliden}-amino]oxy}methyl}phenyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one
 (2-9) kresoxim-methyl
 (2-10) dimoxystrobin
 (2-11) picoxystrobin
 30 (2-12) pyraclostrobin
 (2-13) metominostrobin

Particularly preferred are active compound combinations A in which the strobilurin of the formula (II) (group 2) is selected from the list below:

- (2-1) azoxystrobin

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- (2-2) fluoxastrobin
 (2-3) (2*E*)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)-*N*-methylethanamide
 (2-4) trifloxystrobin
 5 (2-12) pyraclostrobin
 (2-9) kresoxim-methyl
 (2-10) dimoxystrobin
 (2-11) picoxystrobin
 (2-13) metominostrobin

10 Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations A listed in Table 1 below:

Table 1: Active compound combinations A

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Strobilurin of the formula (II)
A-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide

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Table 1: Active compound combinations A

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Strobilurin of the formula (II)
A-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-2) fluoxastrobin
A-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-3) (2 <i>E</i>)-2-(2-{{6-(3-chloro-2-methylphenoxy)-5-fluoro-4-pyrimidinyl}oxy}phenyl)-2-(methoxyimino)- <i>N</i> -methylethanamide
A-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-4) trifloxystrobin
A-22	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-23	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-24	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-25	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-26	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-27	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-28	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-29	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-30	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-31	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-32	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-33	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-34	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-35	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-36	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-37	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin

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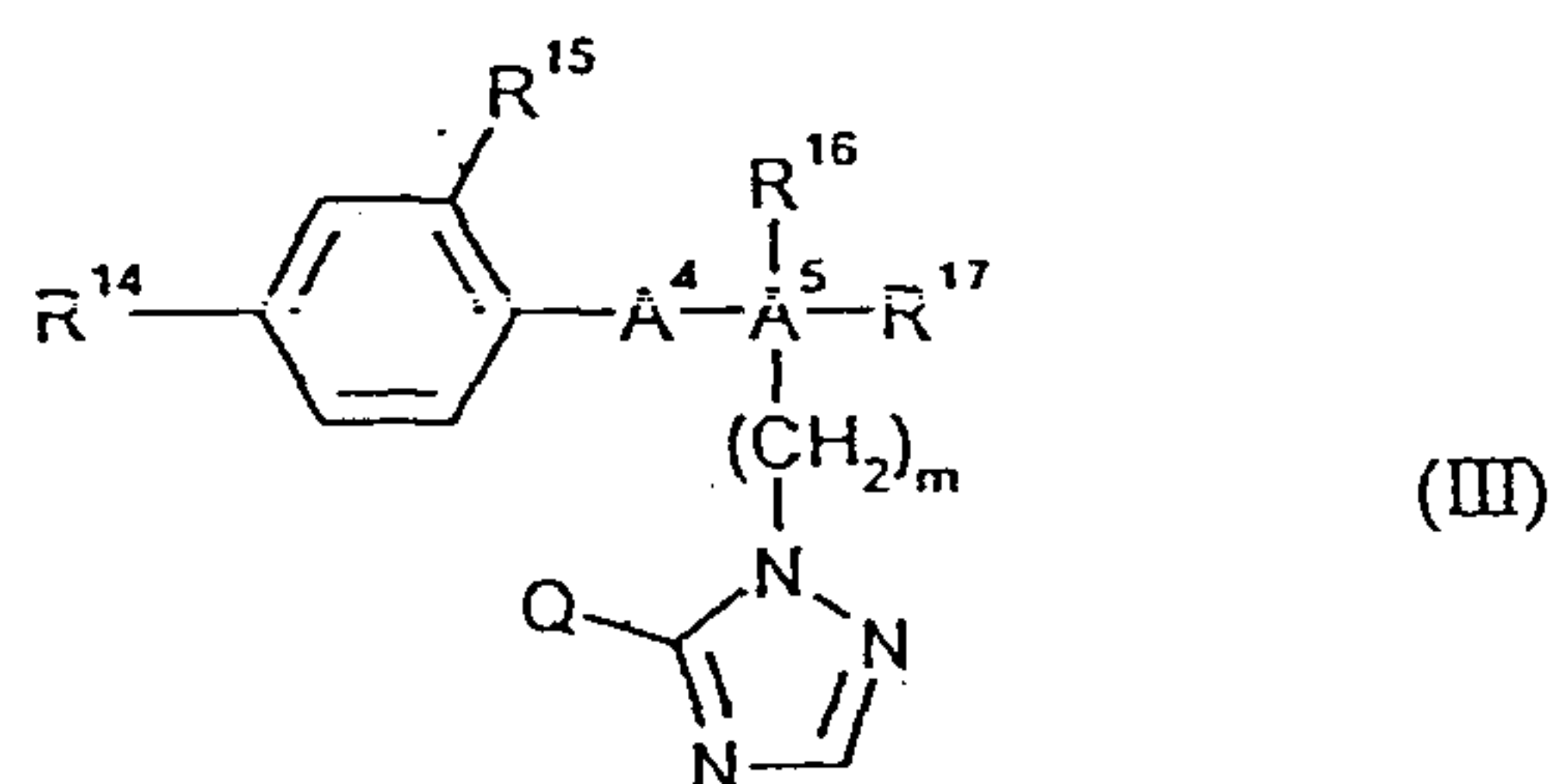
Table 1: Active compound combinations A

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Strobilurin of the formula (II)
A-38	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-39	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-40	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-41	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-42	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-43	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-44	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-45	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-46	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-47	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-48	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-49	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-50	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-51	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-52	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-53	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-54	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-55	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-56	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-57	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(2-13) metominostrobin
A-58	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-1) azoxystrobin
A-59	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-12) pyraclostrobin
A-60	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-9) kresoxim-methyl
A-61	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-10) dimoxystrobin
A-62	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-11) picoxystrobin
A-63	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(2-13) metominostrobin

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations B also comprise a triazole of the formula (III) (group 3)

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in which Q, m, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, A⁴, A⁵, R¹⁶ and R¹⁷ are as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations B in which the triazole of the formula (III) (group 3) is selected from the list below:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 5 | (3-1) azaconazole |
| | (3-2) etaconazole |
| | (3-3) propiconazole |
| | (3-4) difenoconazole |
| | (3-5) bromuconazole |
| 10 | (3-6) cyproconazole |
| | (3-7) hexaconazole |
| | (3-8) penconazole |
| | (3-9) myclobutanil |
| | (3-10) tetraconazole |
| 15 | (3-11) flutriafol |
| | (3-12) epoxiconazole |
| | (3-13) flusilazole |
| | (3-14) simeconazole |
| | (3-15) prothioconazole |
| 20 | (3-16) fenbuconazole |
| | (3-17) tebuconazole |
| | (3-18) ipconazole |
| | (3-19) metconazole |
| | (3-20) triticonazole |
| 25 | (3-21) bitertanol |
| | (3-22) triadimenol |
| | (3-23) triadimefon |
| | (3-24) fluquinconazole |
| | (3-25) quinconazole |
| 30 | Particular preference is given to active compound combinations B in which the triazole of the formula (III) (group 3) is selected from the list below: |
| | (3-3) propiconazole |

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- (3-6) cyproconazole
 (3-15) prothioconazole
 (3-17) tebuconazole
 (3-21) bitertanol
 5 (3-4) difenoconazole
 (3-7) hexaconazole
 (3-19) metconazole
 (3-22) triadimenol
 (3-24) fluquinconazole

- 10 Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations B listed in Table 2 below:

Table 2: Active compound combinations B

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Triazole of the formula (III)
B-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-4	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-5	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-7	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-8	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-9	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-10	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-11	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-12	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-13	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-14	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-15	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-16	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-17	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-18	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-19	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-17) tebuconazole

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Table 2: Active compound combinations B

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Triazole of the formula (III)
B-20	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-21	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-22	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-23	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-24	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-25	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-26	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-27	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-28	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-29	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-30	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-31	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-3) propiconazole
B-32	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-6) cyproconazole
B-33	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-15) prothioconazole
B-34	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-17) tebuconazole
B-35	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-21) bitertanol
B-36	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-37	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-38	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-39	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-40	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-41	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-42	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-43	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-44	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-45	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-46	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-47	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-48	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-49	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-22) triadimenol

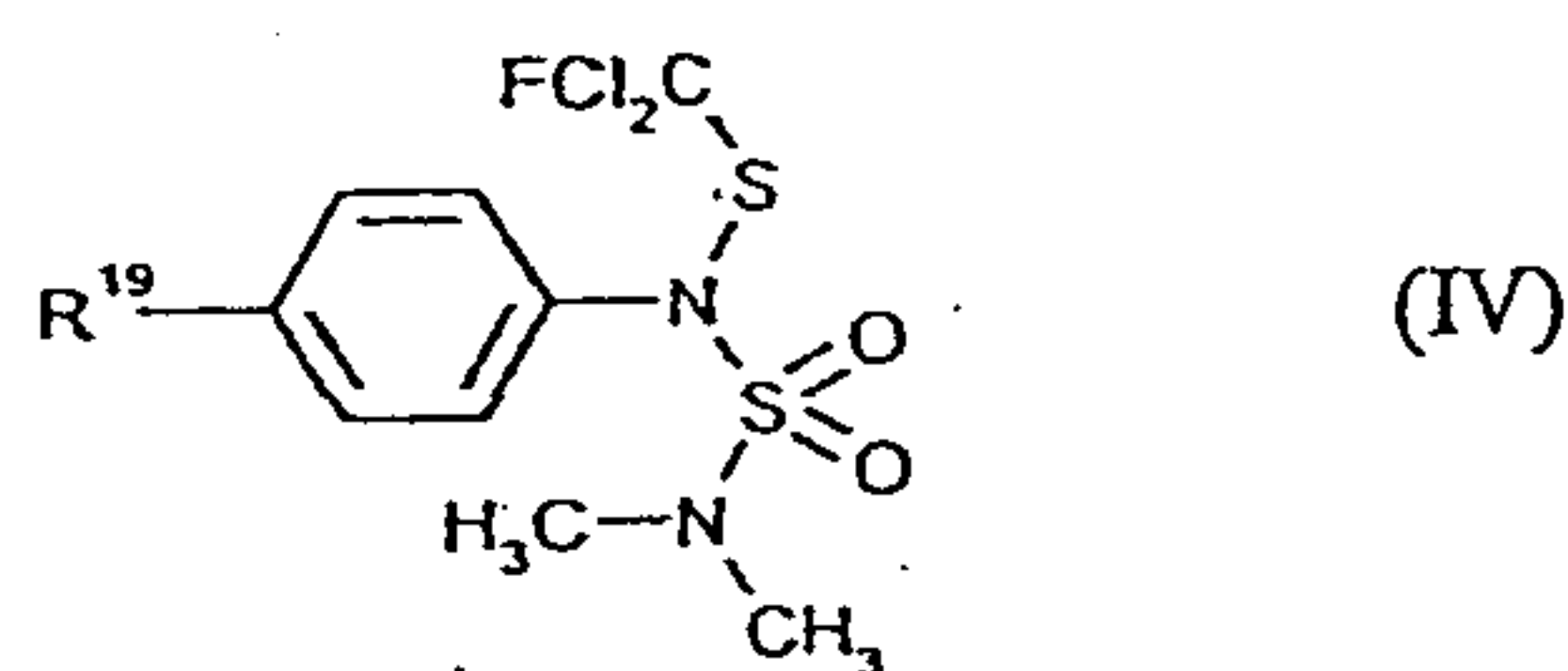
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Table 2: Active compound combinations B

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Triazole of the formula (III)
B-50	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-51	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-52	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-53	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-54	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-55	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-56	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-57	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-58	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-59	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-60	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-61	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-62	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-63	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-64	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-65	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole
B-66	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-4) difenoconazole
B-67	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-7) hexaconazole
B-68	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-19) metconazole
B-69	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-22) triadimenol
B-70	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(3-24) fluquinconazole

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations C also comprise a sulphenamide of the formula (IV) (group 4)



5 in which R¹⁹ is as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations C in which the sulphenamide of the formula (IV) (group 4) is selected from the list below:

- (4-1) dichlofluanid
10 (4-2) tolylfluanid

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations C listed in Table 3 below:

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Table 3: Active compound combinations C

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Sulphenamide of the formula (IV)
C-1	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-2	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-7	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-8	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-9	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-10	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-11	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-12	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid
C-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(4-1) dichlofluanid
C-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(4-2) tolylfluanid

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations D also comprise a valinamide (group 5) selected from

(5-1) iprovalicarb

5 (5-2) N^1 -[2-(4-([3-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-propynyl]oxy)-3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]- N^2 -(methylsulphonyl)-D-valinamide

(5-3) benthiavalicarb

Preference is given to active compound combinations D in which the valinamide (group 5) is selected from the list below:

10 (5-1) iprovalicarb

(5-3) benthiavalicarb

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations D listed in Table 4 below:

Table 4: Active compound combinations D

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Valinamide
D-1	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-2	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb
D-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb

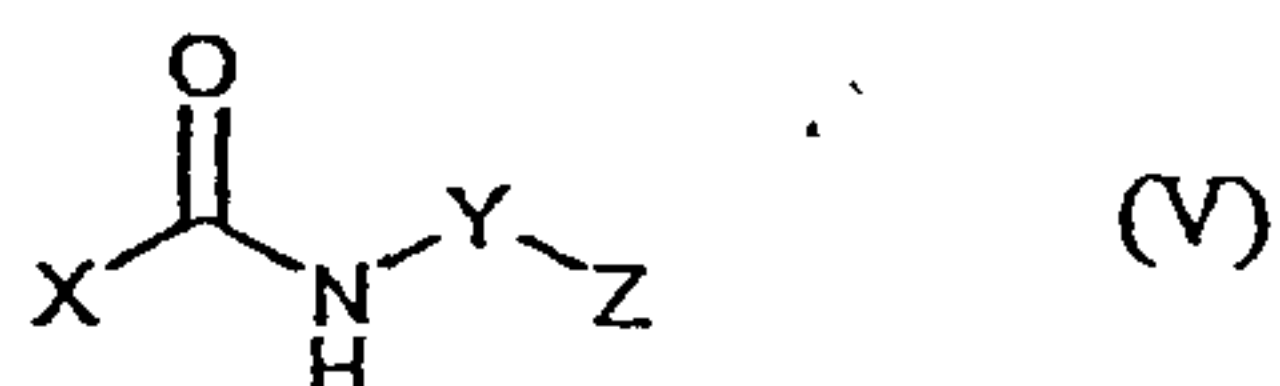
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Table 4: Active compound combinations D

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Valinamide
D-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb
D-7	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-8	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb
D-9	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-10	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb
D-11	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-12	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb
D-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(5-1) iprovalicarb
D-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(5-3) benthiavalicarb

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations E also comprise a carboxamide of the formula (V) (group 6)



5 in which X, Y and Z are as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations E in which the carboxamide of the formula (V) (group 6) is selected from the list below:

- (6-1) 2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide
- 10 (6-2) boscalid
- (6-3) furametpyr
- (6-4) N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (6-5) ethaboxam
- (6-6) fenhexamid
- 15 (6-7) carpropamid
- (6-8) 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide
- (6-9) picobenzamid
- (6-10) zoxamide
- (6-11) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide
- 20 (6-12) carboxin
- (6-13) tiadinil
- (6-14) penthiopyrad
- (6-15) silthiofam
- (6-16) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

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Particular preference is given to active compound combinations E in which the carboxamide of the formula (V) (group 6) is selected from the list below:

- (6-2) boscalid
 (6-5) ethaboxam
 5 (6-6) fenhexamid
 (6-7) carpropamid
 (6-8) 2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methyl-propionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide
 (6-9) picobenzamid
 (6-10) zoxamide
 10 (6-11) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide
 (6-14) penthiopyrad
 (6-16) *N*-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxamide

Very particular preference is given to active compound combinations E in which the carboxamide of the formula (V) (group 6) is selected from the list below:

- 15 (6-2) boscalid
 (6-6) fenhexamid
 (6-7) carpropamid
 (6-9) picobenzamid
 (6-14) penthiopyrad

20

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations E listed in Table 5 below:

Table 5: Active compound combinations E

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Carboxamide of the formula (V)
E-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-4	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-5	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-7	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-8	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-9	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-9) picobenzamid

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Table 5: Active compound combinations E

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Carboxamide of the formula (V)
E-10	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-11	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-12	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-13	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-14	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-15	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-16	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-17	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-18	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-19	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-20	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-21	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-22	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-23	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-24	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-25	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-26	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-27	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-28	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-29	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-30	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad
E-31	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-2) boscalid
E-32	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-6) fenhexamid
E-33	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-7) carpropamid
E-34	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-9) picobenzamid
E-35	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(6-14) penthiopyrad

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations F also comprise a dithiocarbamate (group 7) selected from

- (7-1) mancozeb
 5 (7-2) maneb
 (7-3) metiram
 (7-4) propineb
 (7-5) thiram
 (7-6) zineb
 10 (7-7) ziram

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Preference is given to active compound combinations F in which the dithiocarbamate (group 7) is selected from the list below:

- (7-1) mancozeb
 (7-2) maneb
 5 (7-4) propineb
 (7-5) thiram
 (7-6) zineb

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations F in which the dithiocarbamate (group 7) is selected from the list below:

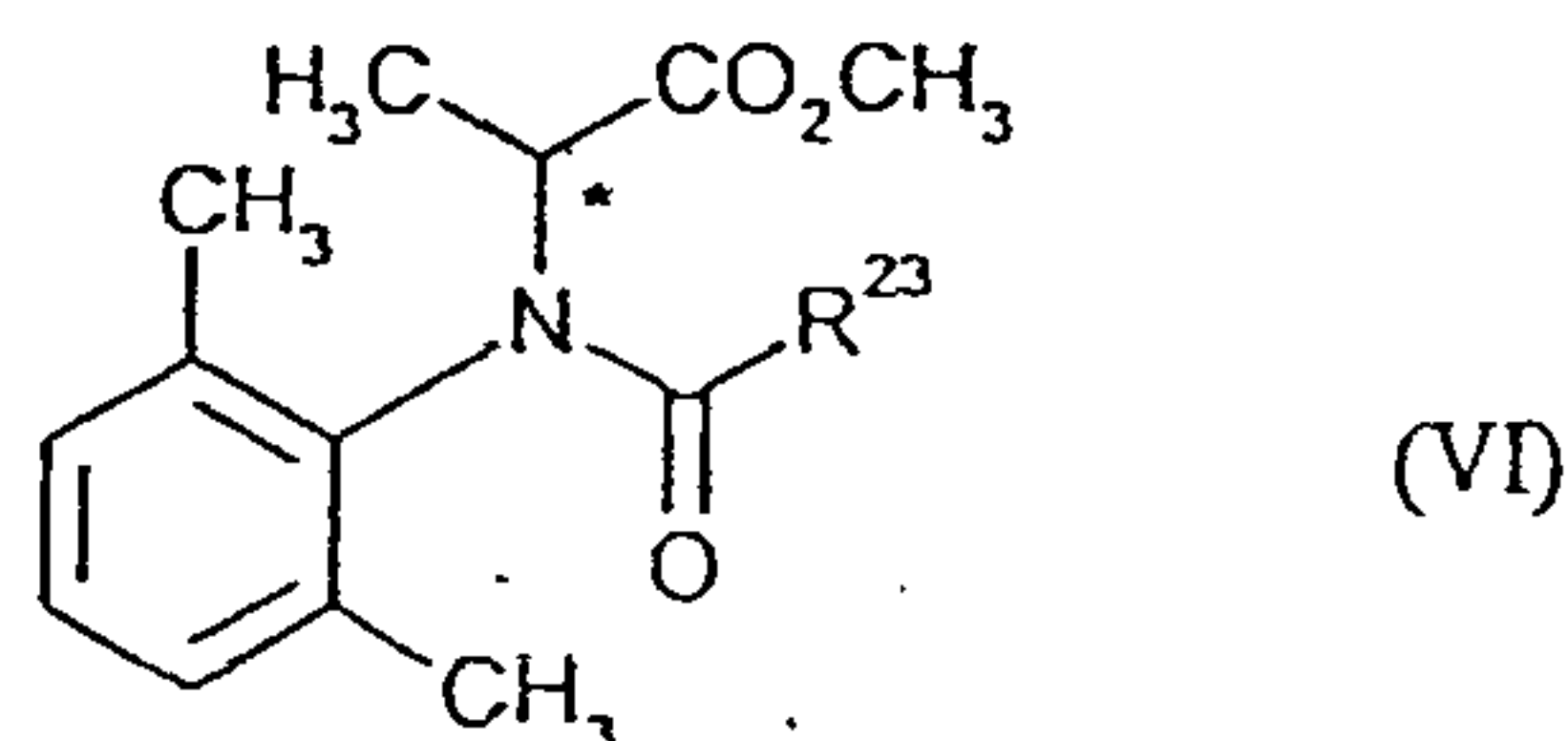
- 10 (7-1) mancozeb
 (7-4) propineb

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations F listed in Table 6 below:

Table 6: Active compound combinations F

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Dithiocarbamate
F-1	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-2	(1-2) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-4) propineb
F-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-4) propineb
F-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(7-4) propineb
F-7	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-8	(1-13) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(7-4) propineb
F-9	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-10	(1-14) 2-iodo-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(7-4) propineb
F-11	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-12	(1-15) N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(7-4) propineb
F-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(7-1) mancozeb
F-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)-N-[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(7-4) propineb

- 15 In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations G also comprise an acylalanine of the formula (VI) (group 8)



in which * and R²³ are as defined above.

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Preference is given to active compound combinations G in which the acylalanine of the formula (VI) (group 8) is selected from the list below:

- (8-1) benalaxyl
 (8-2) furalaxyl
 5 (8-3) metalaxyl
 (8-4) metalaxyl-M
 (8-5) benalaxyl-M

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations G in which the acylalanine of the formula (VI) (group 8) is selected from the list below:

- 10 (8-3) metalaxyl
 (8-4) metalaxyl-M
 (8-5) benalaxyl-M

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations G listed in Table 7 below:

Table 7: Active compound combinations G

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Acylalanine of the formula (VI)
G-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M
G-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M
G-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M
G-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M
G-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M
G-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M

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Table 7: Active compound combinations G

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Acylalanine of the formula (VI)
G-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(8-3) metalaxyl
G-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(8-4) metalaxyl-M
G-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(8-5) benalaxyl-M

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations H also comprise an anilinopyrimidine (group 9) selected from

- (9-1) cyprodinil
 5 (9-2) mepanipyrim
 (9-3) pyrimethanil

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations H listed in Table 8 below:

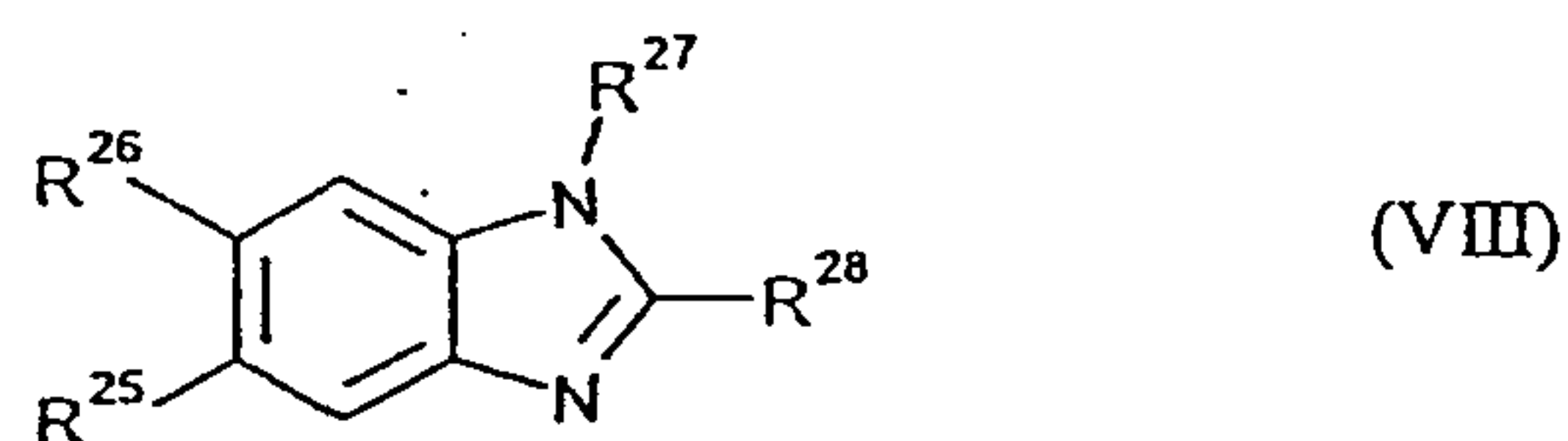
Table 8: Active compound combinations H

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Anilinopyrimidine
H-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil
H-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-1) cyprodinil
H-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-2) mepanipyrim
H-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(9-3) pyrimethanil

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In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations I also comprise a benzimidazole of the formula (VIII) (group 10)



in which R^{25} , R^{26} , R^{27} and R^{28} are as defined above.

- 5 Preference is given to active compound combinations I in which the benzimidazole of the formula (VIII) (group 10) is selected from the list below:

(10-1) 6-chloro-5-[(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-yl)sulphonyl]-2,2-difluoro-5H-[1,3]dioxolo[4,5-f]-benzimidazole

(10-2) benomyl

- 10 (10-3) carbendazim

(10-4) chlorfenazole

(10-5) fuberidazole

(10-6) thiabendazole

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations I in which the benzimidazole of the

- 15 formula (VIII) (group 10) is:

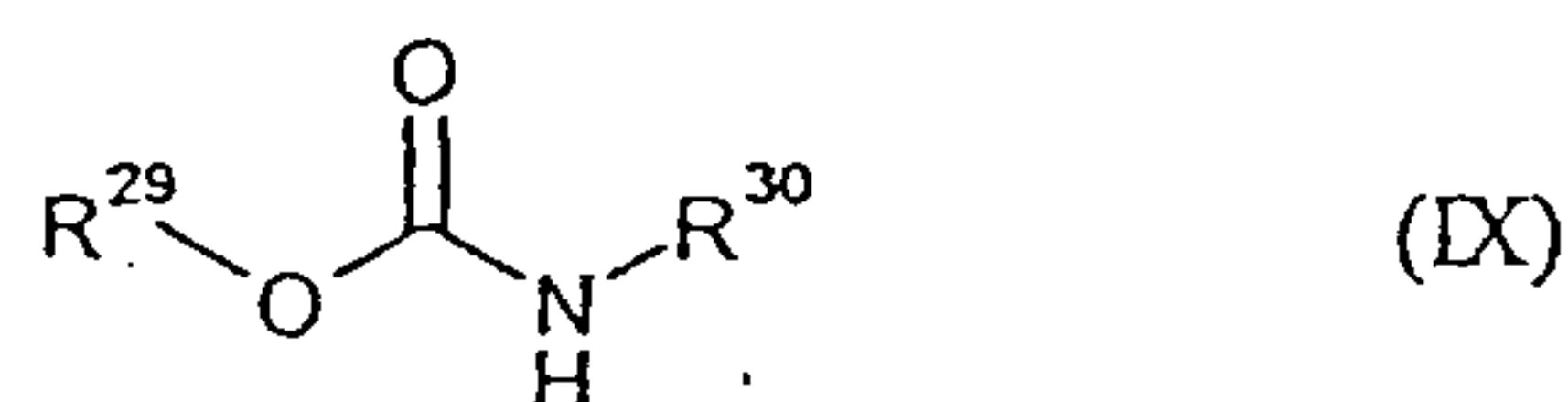
(10-3) carbendazim

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations I listed in Table 9 below:

Table 9: Active compound combinations I

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Benzimidazole of the formula (VIII)
I-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-2	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-3	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-4	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-5	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-6	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(10-3) carbendazim
I-7	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(10-3) carbendazim

- 20 In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations J also comprise a carbamate (group 11) of the formula (IX)



in which R^{29} and R^{30} are as defined above.

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Preference is given to active compound combinations J in which the carbamate (group 11) is selected from the list below:

- (11-1) diethofencarb
- (11-2) propamocarb
- 5 (11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
- (11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations J listed in Table 10 below:

Table 10: Active compound combinations J

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Carbamate of the formula (IX)
J-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl
J-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-2) propamocarb
J-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-3) propamocarb-hydrochloride
J-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(11-4) propamocarb-fosetyl

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In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations K also comprise a dicarboximide (group 12) selected from

- (12-1) captafol
 (12-2) captan
 5 (12-3) folpet
 (12-4) iprodione
 (12-5) procymidone
 (12-6) vinclozolin

Preference is given to active compound combinations K in which the dicarboximide (group 12) is
 10 selected from the list below:

- (12-2) captan
 (12-3) folpet
 (12-4) iprodione

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations K listed in Table 11 below:

Table 11: Active compound combinations K

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Dicarboximide
K-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-2) captan
K-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-3) folpet
K-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-2) captan
K-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-3) folpet
K-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-2) captan
K-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-3) folpet
K-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(12-2) captan
K-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(12-3) folpet
K-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-2) captan
K-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-3) folpet
K-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(12-2) captan
K-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(12-3) folpet
K-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(12-4) iprodione
K-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-2) captan
K-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-3) folpet
K-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(12-4) iprodione

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In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations L also comprise a guanidine (group 13) selected from

- (13-1) dodine
 (13-2) guazatine
 5 (13-3) iminoctadine triacetate
 (13-4) iminoctadine tris(albesilate)

Preference is given to active compound combinations L in which the guanidine (group 13) is selected from the list below:

- (13-1) dodine
 10 (13-2) guazatine

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations L listed in Table 12 below:

Table 12: Active compound combinations L

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Guanidine
L-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-1) dodine
L-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-1) dodine
L-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-1) dodine
L-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-7	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(13-1) dodine
L-8	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-9	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(13-1) dodine
L-10	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-11	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(13-1) dodine
L-12	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(13-2) guazatine
L-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(13-1) dodine
L-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(13-2) guazatine

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations M also comprise an imidazole (group 14) selected from

- 15 (14-1) cyazofamid
 (14-2) prochloraz
 (14-3) triazoxide
 (14-4) pefurazoate

- 20 Preference is given to active compound combinations M in which the imidazole (group 14) is selected from the list below:

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(14-2) prochloraz

(14-3) triazoxide

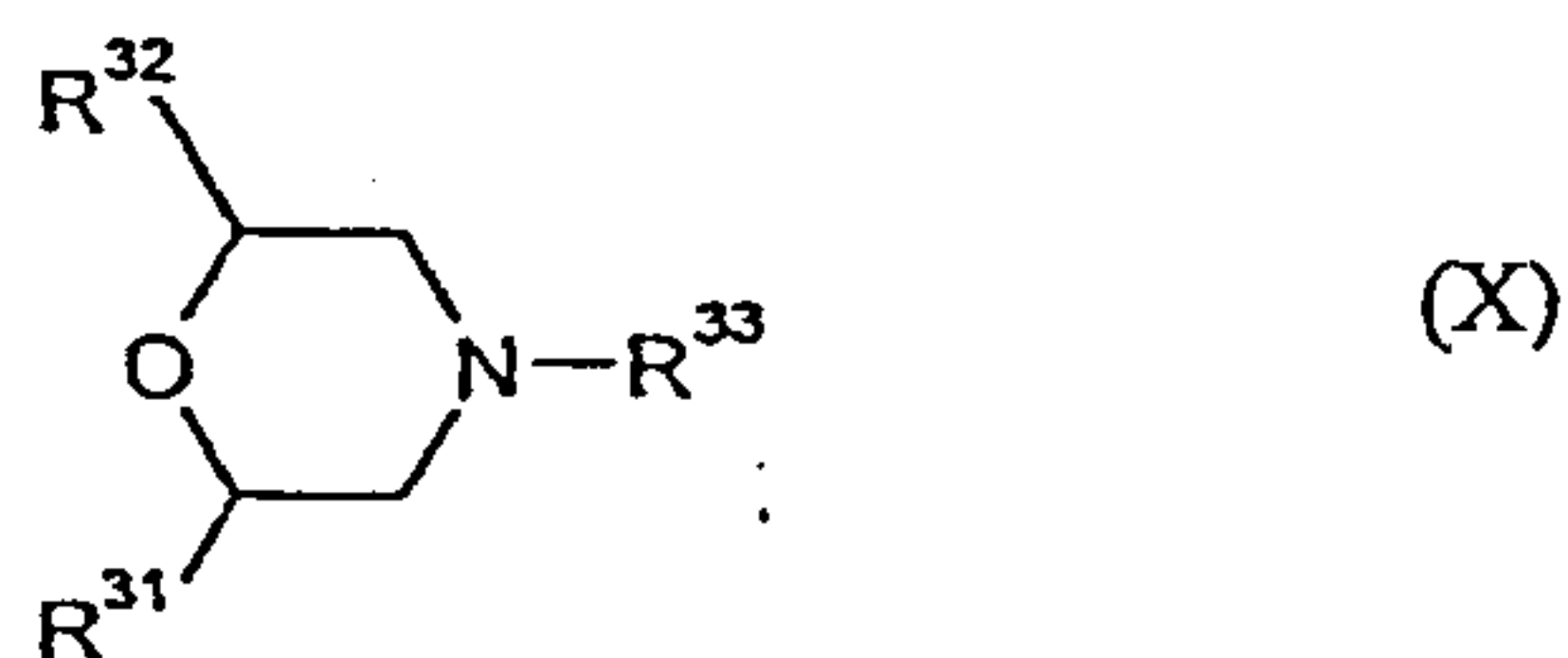
Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations M listed in Table 13 below:

Table 13: Active compound combinations M

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Imidazole
M-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-7	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-8	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-9	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-10	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-11	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-12	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(14-3) triazoxide
M-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(14-2) prochloraz
M-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(14-3) triazoxide

5

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations N also comprise a morpholine (group 15) of the formula (X)



in which R³¹, R³² and R³³ are as defined above.

10

Preference is given to active compound combinations N in which the morpholine (group 15) of the formula (X) is selected from the list below:

(15-1) aldimorph

(15-2) tridemorph

15 (15-3) dodemorph

(15-4) fenpropimorph

(15-5) dimethomorph

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Particular preference is given to active compound combinations N in which the morpholine (group 15) of the formula (X) is selected from the list below:

(15-4) fenpropimorph

(15-5) dimethomorph

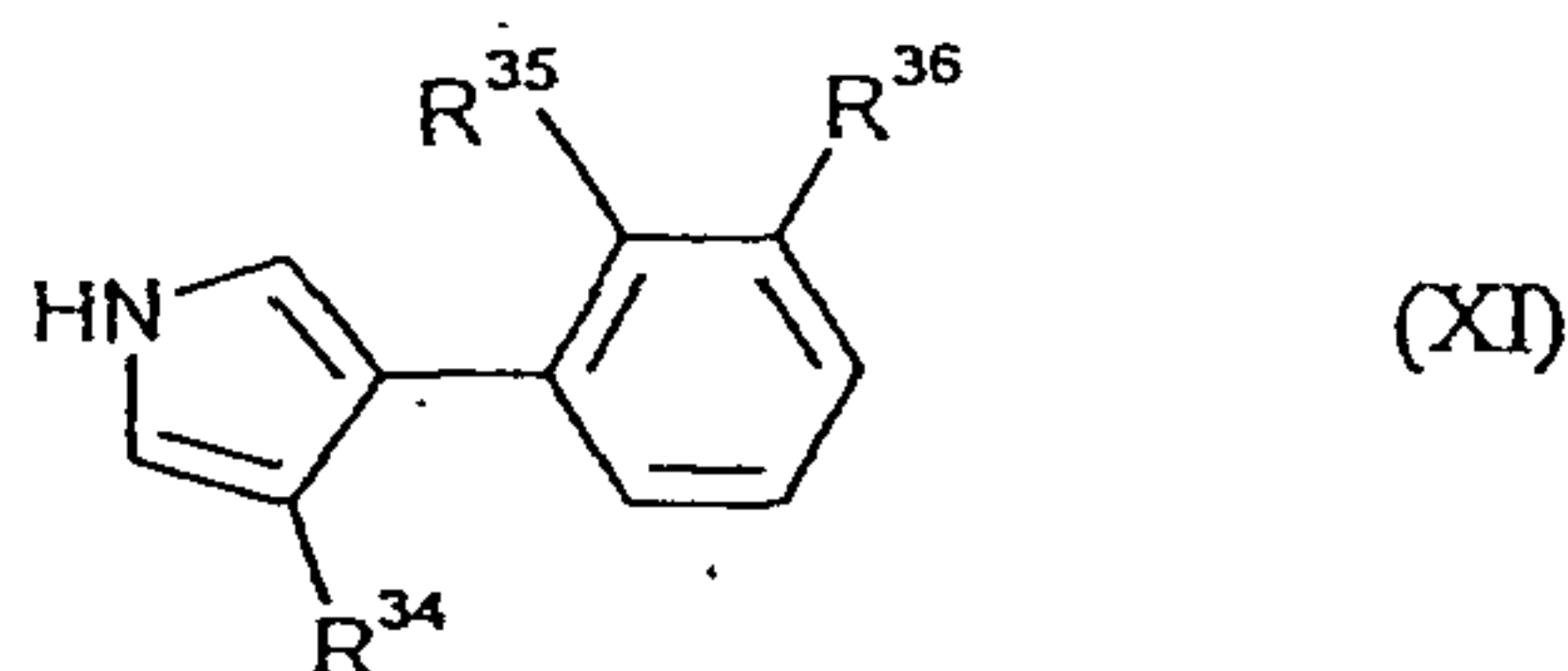
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Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations N listed in Table 14 below:

Table 14: Active compound combinations N

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Morpholine of the formula (X)
N-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-2	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-3	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-4	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-5	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-6	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph
N-7	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(15-4) fenpropimorph

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations O also comprise a pyrrole (group 16) of the formula (XI)



10

in which R^{34} , R^{35} and R^{36} are as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations O in which the pyrrole (group 16) of the formula (XI) is selected from the list below:

15 (16-1) fenpiclonil

(16-2) fludioxonil

(16-3) pyrrolnitrin

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations O in which the pyrrole (group 16) of the formula (XI) is selected from the list below:

20 (16-2) fludioxonil

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations O listed in Table 15 below:

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Table 15: Active compound combinations O

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Pyrrole of the formula (XI)
O-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-2	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-3	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-4	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-5	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-6	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(16-2) fludioxonil
O-7	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(16-2) fludioxonil

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations P also comprise a phosphonate (group 17) selected from

(17-1) fosetyl-Al

(17-2) phosphonic acid

5

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations P listed in Table 16 below:

Table 16: Active compound combinations P

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Phosphonate
P-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-2	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-3	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-4	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-5	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-6	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al
P-7	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(17-1) fosetyl-Al

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations Q also comprise a fungicide (group 19) selected from

- 10 (19-1) acibenzolar-S-methyl
 (19-2) chlorothalonil
 (19-3) cymoxanil
 (19-4) edifenphos
 (19-5) famoxadone
 15 (19-6) fluazinam
 (19-7) copper oxychloride
 (19-8) copper hydroxide
 (19-9) oxadixyl

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- (19-10) spiroxamine
- (19-11) dithianon
- (19-12) metrafenone
- (19-13) fenamidone
- 5 (19-14) 2,3-dibutyl-6-chlorothieno[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one
- (19-15) probenazole
- (19-16) isoprothiolane
- (19-17) kasugamycin
- (19-18) phthalide
- 10 (19-19) ferimzone
- (19-20) tricyclazole
- (19-21) N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
- (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
- 15 Preference is given to active compound combinations Q in which the fungicide (group 19) is selected from the list below:
 - (19-1) acibenzolar-S-methyl
 - (19-2) chlorothalonil
 - (19-3) cymoxanil
 - 20 (19-5) famoxadone
 - (19-6) fluazinam
 - (19-7) copper oxychloride
 - (19-9) oxadixyl
 - (19-10) spiroxamine
 - 25 (19-13) fenamidone
 - (19-21) N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
 - (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
- Particular preference is given to active compound combinations Q in which the fungicide (group 19)
- 30 is selected from the following list:
 - (19-2) chlorothalonil
 - (19-7) copper oxychloride
 - (19-10) spiroxamine
 - (19-21) N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
 - 35 (19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide

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Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations Q listed in Table 17 below:

Table 17: Active compound combinations Q

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Fungicide
Q-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-4	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-5	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
Q-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-7	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-8	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-9	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-10	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
Q-11	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-12	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-13	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-14	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-15	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
Q-16	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-17	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-18	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-19	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-20	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide

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Table 17: Active compound combinations Q

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Fungicide
Q-21	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-22	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-23	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-24	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-25	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)-phenyl]benzamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
Q-26	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-27	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-28	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-29	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-30	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide
Q-31	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(19-2) chlorothalonil
Q-32	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(19-7) copper oxychloride
Q-33	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(19-10) spiroxamine
Q-34	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(19-21) <i>N</i> -({4-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide
Q-35	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)- <i>N</i> -{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)acetamide

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations R also comprise a (thio)urea derivative (group 20) selected from

- (20-1) pencycuron
 5 (20-2) thiophanate-methyl
 (20-3) thiophanate-ethyl

Preference is given to active compound combinations R in which the (thio)urea derivative (group 20) is selected from the list below:

- (20-1) pencycuron
 10 (20-2) thiophanate-methyl

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations R listed in Table 18 below:

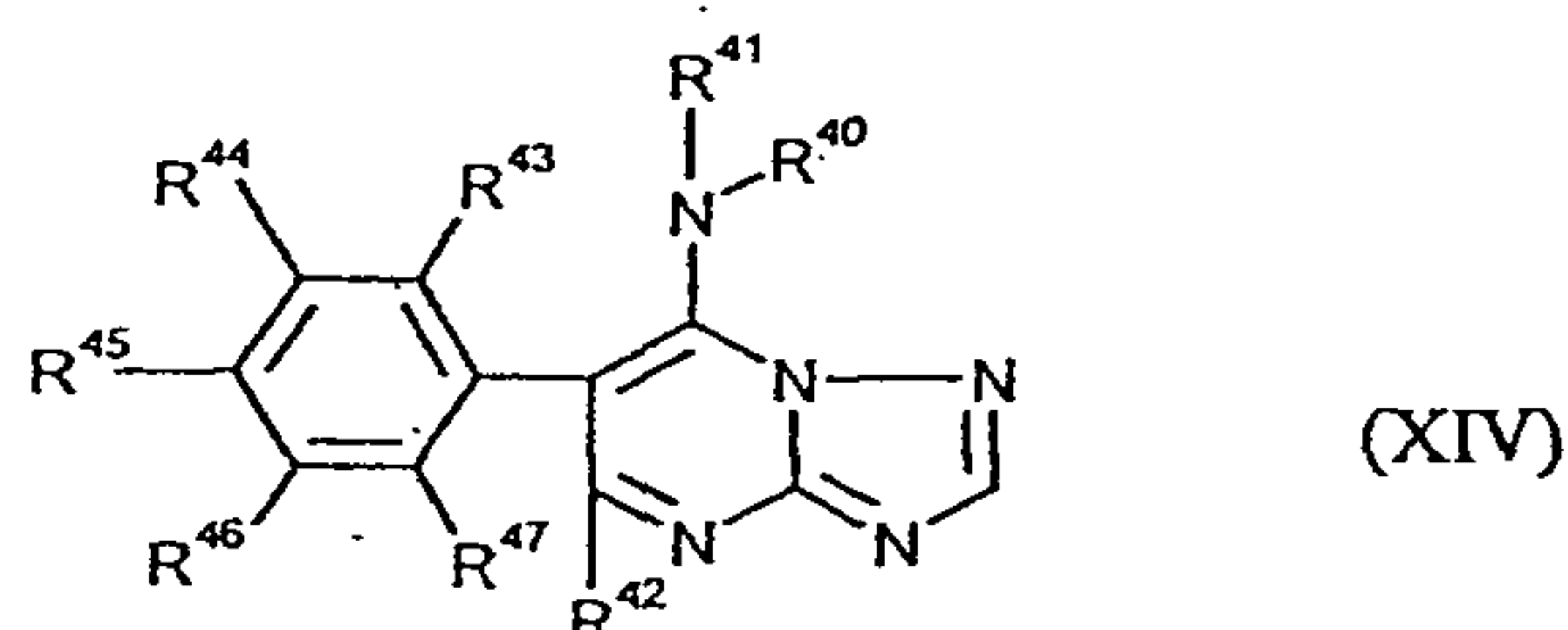
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Table 18: Active compound combinations R

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	(Thio)urea derivative
R-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-2	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-3	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-4	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-5	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-6	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzamide	(20-1) pencycuron
R-7	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-benzamide	(20-1) pencycuron

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations S also comprise a triazolopyrimidine (group 22) of the formula (XIV)



5 in which R^{40} , R^{41} , R^{42} , R^{43} , R^{44} , R^{45} , R^{46} and R^{47} are as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations S in which the triazolopyrimidine (group 22) of the formula (XIV) is selected from the list below:

- (22-1) 5-chloro-*N*-[(*IS*)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo-
10 [1,5-a]pyrimidine-7-amine
- (22-2) 5-chloro-*N*-[(*IR*)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]-
pyrimidine-7-amine
- (22-3) 5-chloro-6-(2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]-
pyrimidine

- 15 (22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations S in which the triazolopyrimidine (group 22) of the formula (XIV) is selected from the list below:

- (22-1) 5-chloro-*N*-[(*IS*)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo-
[1,5-a]pyrimidine-7-amine
- 20 (22-2) 5-chloro-*N*-[(*IR*)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]-
pyrimidine-7-amine
- (22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine

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Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations S listed in Table 19 below:

Table 19: Active compound combinations S

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Triazolopyrimidine of the formula (XIV)
S-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine
S-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine
S-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine
S-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine
S-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine
S-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine

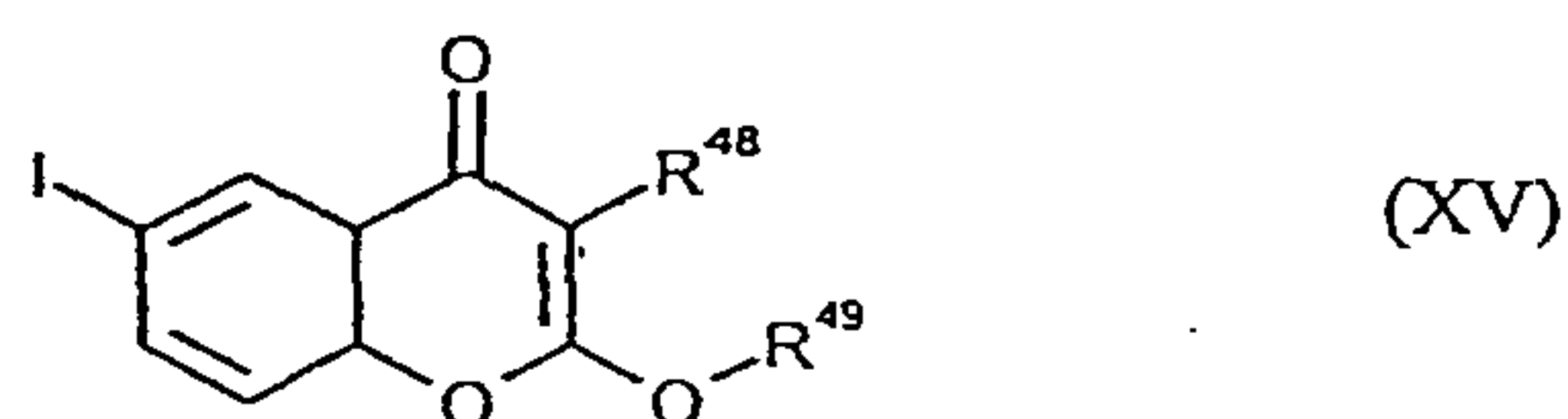
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Table 19: Active compound combinations S

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Triazolopyrimidine of the formula (XIV)
S-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine
S-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methyl-ethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo-[1,5-a]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine-7-amine
S-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(22-4) 5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-7-(4-methylpiperidin-1-yl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5-a]pyrimidine

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations T also comprise an iodochromone (group 23) of the formula (XV)



5 in which R⁴⁸ and R⁴⁹ are as defined above.

Preference is given to active compound combinations T in which the iodochromone (group 23) of the formula (XV) is selected from the list below:

- (23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- 10 (23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-3) 6-iodo-2-propoxy-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-4) 2-but-2-ynyloxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-5) 6-iodo-2-(1-methylbutoxy)-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-6) 2-but-3-enyloxy-6-iodobenzopyran-4-one
- 15 (23-7) 3-butyl-6-iodo-2-isopropoxybenzopyran-4-one

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations T in which the iodochromone (group 23) of the formula (XV) is selected from the list below:

- (23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
- (23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one

20 Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations T listed in Table 20 below:

Table 20: Active compound combinations T

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Iodochromone of the formula (XV)
T-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one

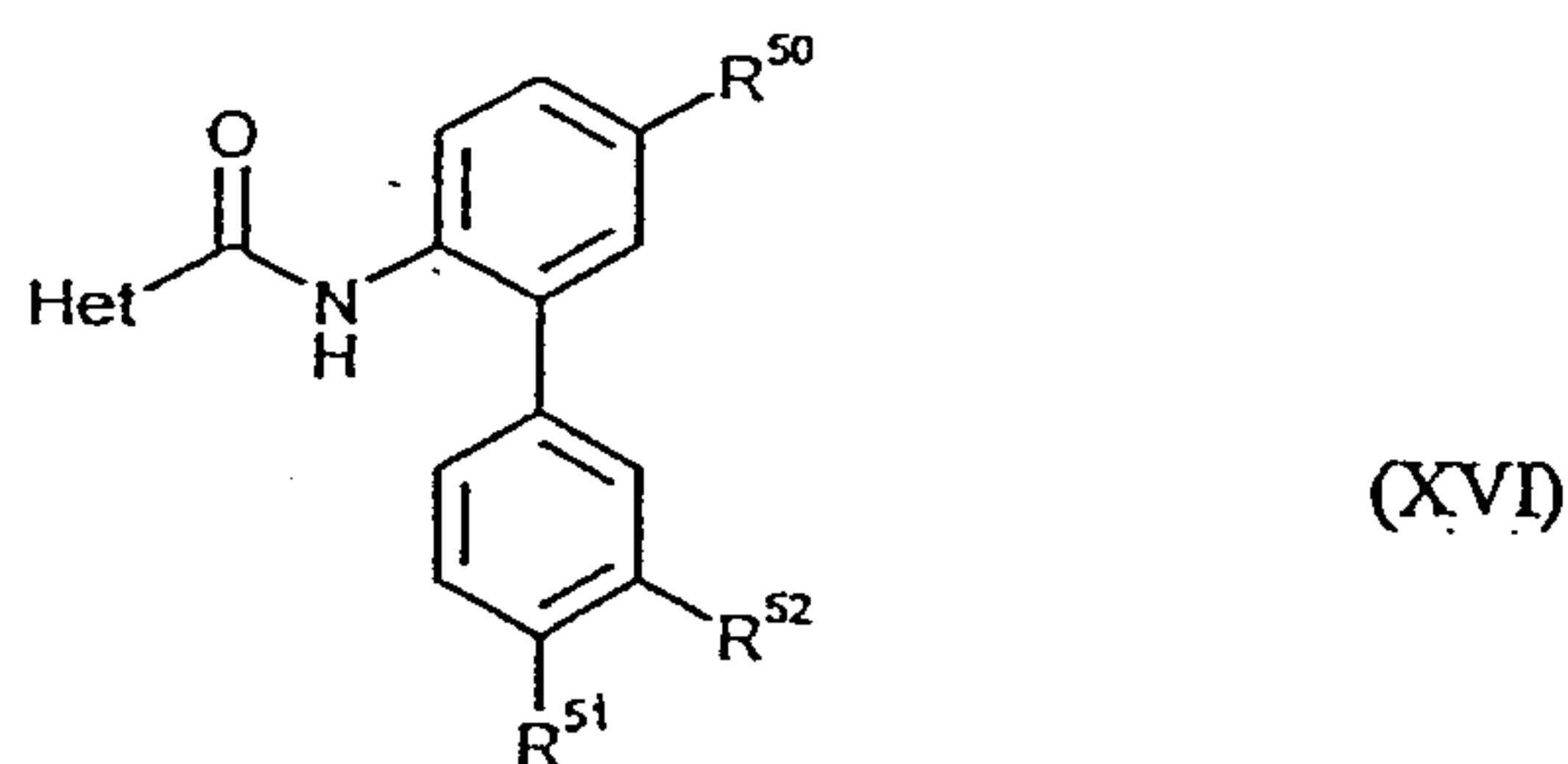
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Table 20: Active compound combinations T

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Iodochromone of the formula (XV)
T-3	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-5	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-6	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-7	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-8	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodobenzamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-9	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-10	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-11	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-12	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-13	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(23-1) 2-butoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one
T-14	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(23-2) 2-ethoxy-6-iodo-3-propylbenzopyran-4-one

In addition to a carboxamide of the formula (I) (group 1), the active compound combinations U also comprise a biphenylcarboxamide (group 24) of the formula (XVI)



in which R^{50} , R^{51} , R^{52} and Het are as defined above.

5

Preference is given to active compound combinations U in which the biphenylcarboxamide (group 24) of the formula (XVI) is selected from the list below:

- (24-1) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- 10 (24-2) 3-(difluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
- (24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide

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(24-4) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide(24-5) *N*-(4'-chloro-3'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-2-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide(24-6) *N*-(4'-chloro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide5 (24-7) *N*-(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide(24-8) 4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-*N*-[4'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl]-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide.

Particular preference is given to active compound combinations U in which the biphenylcarboxamide (group 24) of the formula (XVI) is selected from the list below:

10 (24-1) *N*-(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-*N*-{3'-fluoro-4'-[(*E*)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carboxamide(24-7) *N*-(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide

15

Emphasis is given to the active compound combinations U listed in Table 21 below:

Table 21: Active compound combinations U

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Biphenylcarboxamide of the formula (XVI)
U-1	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-2	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -{3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-3	(1-2) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
U-4	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-5	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -{3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-6	(1-8) 5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
U-7	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-8	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -{3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl}-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-9	(1-10) 3-(trifluoromethyl)-1-methyl- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide

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Table 21: Active compound combinations U

No.	Carboxamide of the formula (I)	Biphenylcarboxamide of the formula (XVI)
U-10	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodo-benzamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-11	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodo-benzamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -(3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-12	(1-13) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-iodo-benzamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
U-13	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-14	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -(3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-15	(1-14) 2-iodo- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
U-16	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-17	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -(3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-18	(1-15) <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide
U-19	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-20	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-3) 3-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -(3'-fluoro-4'-[(<i>E</i>)-(methoxyimino)methyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-1-methyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide
U-21	(1-16) 2-(trifluoromethyl)- <i>N</i> -[2-(1,3,3-trimethylbutyl)phenyl]benzamide	(24-7) <i>N</i> -(4'-bromo-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-4-(difluoromethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxamide

In addition to an active compound of the formula (I), the active compound combinations according to the invention comprise at least one active compound from the compounds of groups (2) to (24). In addition, they may also comprise further fungicidally active additives.

5

If the active compounds in the active compound combinations according to the invention are present in certain weight ratios, the synergistic effect is particularly pronounced. However, the weight ratios of the active compounds in the active compound combinations can be varied within a relatively wide range. In general, the active compound combinations according to the invention comprise active

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compounds of the formula (I) and a mixing partner from one of the groups (2) to (24) in the mixing ratios listed in an exemplary manner in Table 22 below.

The mixing ratios are based on ratios by weight. The ratio is to be understood as active compound of
5 the formula (I): mixing partner.

Table 22: Mixing ratios

Mixing partner	Preferred mixing ratio	Particularly preferred mixing ratio
Group (2): strobilurins	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (3): triazoles except for (3-15)	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	20 : 1 to 1 : 20
(3-15): prothioconazole	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (4): sulphenamides	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 1 to 1 : 100
Group (5): valinamides	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (6): carboxamides	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	20 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (7): dithiocarbamates	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 1 to 1 : 100
Group (8): acylalanines	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
Group (9): anilinopyrimidines	5 : 1 to 1 : 50	1 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (10): benzimidazoles	10 : 1 to 1 : 50	5 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (11): carbamates except for (11-1)	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 1 to 1 : 100
(11-1): diethofencarb	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (12): (12-1)/(12-2)/(12-3)	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 5 to 1 : 100
Group (12): (12-4)/(12-5)/(12-6)	5 : 1 to 1 : 50	1 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (13): guanidines	100 : 1 to 1 : 150	20 : 1 to 1 : 100
Group (14): imidazoles	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (15): morpholines	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (16): pyrroles	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (17): phosphonates	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 1 to 1 : 100
Group (18): phenylethanamides	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-1): acibenzolar-S-methyl	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	20 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-2): chlorothalonil	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-3): cymoxanil	10 : 1 to 1 : 50	5 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-4): edifenphos	10 : 1 to 1 : 50	5 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-5): famoxadone	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-6): fluazinam	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-7): copper oxychloride	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 5 to 1 : 100

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Table 22: Mixing ratios

Mixing partner	Preferred mixing ratio	Particularly preferred mixing ratio
(19-8): copper hydroxide	1 : 1 to 1 : 150	1 : 5 to 1 : 100
(19-9): oxadixyl	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-10): spiroxamine	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-11) dithianon	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-12) metrafenone	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-13) fenamidone	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-14): 2,3-dibutyl-6-chlorothieno-[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)one	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-15): probenazole	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-16): isoprothiolane	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-17): kasugamycin	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-18): phthalide	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-19): ferimzone	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-20): tricyclazole	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
(19-21): N-({4-[(cyclopropylamino)-carbonyl]phenyl}sulphonyl)-2-methoxybenzamide	10 : 1 to 1 : 150	5 : 1 to 1 : 100
(19-22) 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-N-{2-[3-methoxy-4-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)phenyl]ethyl}-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)-acetamide	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (20): (thio)urea derivatives	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (21): amides	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (22): triazolopyrimidines	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (23): iodochromones	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20
Group (24): biphenylcarboxamides	50 : 1 to 1 : 50	10 : 1 to 1 : 20

In each case, the mixing ratio is to be chosen such that a synergistic mixture is obtained. The mixing ratios between the compound of the formula (I) and a compound of one of the groups (2) to (24) may also vary between the individual compounds of a group.

5

The active compound combinations according to the invention have very good fungicidal properties and are suitable for controlling phytopathogenic fungi, such as Plasmodiophoromycetes, Oomycetes, Chytridiomycetes, Zygomycetes, Ascomycetes, Basidiomycetes, Deuteromycetes, etc.

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The active compound combinations according to the invention are particularly suitable for controlling *Erysiphe graminis*, *Pyrenophora teres* and *Leptosphaeria nodorum*.

Some pathogens causing fungal diseases which come under the generic names listed above may be
5 mentioned by way of example, but not by way of limitation:

Pythium species, such as, for example, *Pythium ultimum*; Phytophthora species, such as, for example, *Phytophthora infestans*; Pseudoperonospora species, such as, for example, *Pseudoperonospora humuli* or *Pseudoperonospora cubensis*; Plasmopara species, such as, for example, *Plasmopara viticola*; Bre-
10 mia species, such as, for example, *Bremia lactucae*; Peronospora species, such as, for example, *Peronospora pisi* or *P. brassicae*; Erysiphe species, such as, for example, *Erysiphe graminis*; Sphaerotheca species, such as, for example, *Sphaerotheca fuliginea*; Podosphaera species, such as, for example, *Podosphaera leucotricha*; Venturia species, such as, for example, *Venturia inaequalis*; Pyrenophora species, such as, for example, *Pyrenophora teres* or *P. graminea* (conidia form: Drechslera, syn: Helminthosporium); Cochliobolus species, such as, for example, *Cochliobolus sativus* (conidia form: Drechslera, syn: Helminthosporium); Uromyces species, such as, for example, *Uromyces appendiculatus*; Puccinia species, such as, for example, *Puccinia recondita*; Sclerotinia species, such as, for example, *Sclerotinia sclerotiorum*; Tilletia species, such as, for example, *Tilletia caries*; Ustilago species, such as, for example, *Ustilago nuda* or *Ustilago avenae*; Pellicularia species, such as, for example, *Pellicularia sasakii*; Pyricularia species, such as, for example, *Pyricularia oryzae*; Fusarium species, such as, for example, *Fusarium culmorum*; Botrytis species, such as, for example, *Botrytis cinerea*; Septoria species, such as, for example, *Septoria nodorum*; Leptosphaeria species, such as, for example, *Leptosphaeria nodorum*; Cercospora species, such as, for example, *Cercospora canescens*; Alternaria species, such as, for example, *Alternaria brassicae*; Pseudocercospora species, such as, for example, *Pseudocercospora herpotrichoides*, Rhizoctonia species, such as, for example, *Rhizoctonia solani*.
25

The fact that the active compound combinations are well tolerated by plants at the concentrations required for controlling plant diseases permits a treatment of entire plants (above-ground parts of plants and roots), of propagation stock and seed, and of the soil. The active compound combinations
30 according to the invention can be used for foliar application or else as seed dressings.

The fact that the active compounds which can be used are well tolerated by plants at the concentrations required for controlling plant diseases permits a treatment of the seed. Accordingly, the active compounds according to the invention can be used as seed dressings.

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A large part of the damage to crop plants which is caused by phytopathogenic fungi occurs as early as when the seed is attacked during storage and after the seed is introduced into the soil, during and immediately after germination of the plants. This phase is particularly critical since the roots and shoots of the growing plant are particularly sensitive and even minor damage can lead to the death of the whole plant. Protecting the seed and the germinating plant by the use of suitable compositions is therefore of particularly great interest.

The control of phytopathogenic fungi which damage plants post-emergence is carried out primarily by treating the soil and the above-ground parts of plants with crop protection agents. Owing to the concerns regarding a possible impact of crop protection agents on the environment and the health of man and animals, there are efforts to reduce the amount of active compounds applied.

The control of phytopathogenic fungi by treating the seeds of plants has been known for a long time and is subject-matter of continuous improvements. However, the treatment of seed frequently entails a series of problems which cannot always be solved in a satisfactory manner. Thus, it is desirable to develop methods for protecting the seed and the germinating plant which dispense with the additional application of crop protection agents after sowing or after the emergence of the plants or where additional applications are at least reduced. It is furthermore desirable to optimize the amount of active compound employed in such a way as to provide maximum protection for the seed and the germinating plant from attack by phytopathogenic fungi, but without damaging the plant itself by the active compound employed. In particular, methods for the treatment of seed should also take into consideration the intrinsic fungicidal properties of transgenic plants in order to achieve optimum protection of the seed and the germinating plant with a minimum of crop protection agents being employed.

The present invention therefore in particular also relates to a method for the protection of seed and germinating plants from attack by phytopathogenic fungi, by treating the seed with a composition according to the invention.

The invention likewise relates to the use of the compositions according to the invention for the treatment of seed for protecting the seed and the germinating plant from phytopathogenic fungi.

Furthermore, the invention relates to seed which has been treated with a composition according to the invention so as to afford protection from phytopathogenic fungi.

One of the advantages of the present invention is that the particular systemic properties of the compositions according to the invention mean that treatment of the seed with these compositions not

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only protects the seed itself, but also the resulting plants after emergence, from phytopathogenic fungi. In this manner, the immediate treatment of the crop at the time of sowing or shortly thereafter can be dispensed with.

- 5 Furthermore, it must be considered as advantageous that the mixtures according to the invention can also be employed in particular in transgenic seed.

The compositions according to the invention are suitable for protecting seed of any plant variety which is employed in agriculture, in the greenhouse, in forests or in horticulture. In particular, this
10 takes the form of seed of cereals (such as wheat, barley, rye, millet and oats), maize, cotton, soya beans, rice, potatoes, sunflowers, beans, coffee, beet (for example sugar beet and fodder beet), peanuts, vegetables (such as tomatoes, cucumbers, onions and lettuce), lawn and ornamental plants. The treatment of seed of cereals (such as wheat, barley, rye and oats), maize and rice is of particular importance.

15

In the context of the present invention, the composition according to the invention is applied to the seed either alone or in a suitable formulation. Preferably, the seed is treated in a state which is stable enough to avoid damage during treatment. In general, the seed may be treated at any point in time between harvest and sowing. The seed usually used has been separated from the plant and freed from
20 cobs, shells, stalks, coats, hairs or the flesh of the fruits. Thus, for example, it is possible to use seed which has been harvested, cleaned and dried to a moisture content of below 15% by weight. Alternatively, it is also possible to use seed which, after drying, has, for example, been treated with water and then dried again.

- 25 When treating the seed, care must generally be taken that the amount of the composition according to the invention applied to the seed and/or the amount of further additives is chosen in such a way that the germination of the seed is not adversely affected, or that the resulting plant is not damaged. This must be borne in mind in particular in the case of active compounds which may have phytotoxic effects at certain application rates.

30

The compositions according to the invention can be applied directly, that is to say without comprising further components and without having been diluted. In general, it is preferable to apply the composition to the seed in the form of a suitable formulation. Suitable formulations and methods for the treatment of seed are known to the skilled worker and are described, for example, in the following
35 documents: US 4,272,417 A, US 4,245,432 A, US 4,808,430 A, US 5,876,739 A, US 2003/0176428 A1, WO 2002/080675 A1, WO 2002/028186 A2.

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The active compound combinations according to the invention are also suitable for increasing the yield of crops. In addition, they show reduced toxicity and are well tolerated by plants.

According to the invention, it is possible to treat all plants and parts of plants. Plants are to be understood here as meaning all plants and plant populations, such as desired and undesired wild plants or crop plants (including naturally occurring crop plants). Crop plants can be plants which can be obtained by conventional breeding and optimization methods or by biotechnological and genetic engineering methods or combinations of these methods, including the transgenic plants and including plant cultivars which can or cannot be protected by plant breeders' certificates. Parts of plants are to be understood as meaning all above-ground and below-ground parts and organs of plants, such as shoot, leaf, flower and root, examples which may be mentioned being leaves, needles, stems, trunks, flowers, fruit-bodies, fruits and seeds and also roots, tubers and rhizomes. Parts of plants also include harvested material and vegetative and generative propagation material, for example seedlings, tubers, rhizomes, cuttings and seeds.

The treatment of the plants and parts of plants according to the invention with the active compounds is carried out directly or by action on their environment, habitat or storage area according to customary treatment methods, for example by dipping, spraying, evaporating, atomizing, broadcasting, brushing-on and, in the case of propagation material, in particular in the case of seeds, furthermore by one- or multilayer coating.

As already mentioned above, it is possible to treat all plants and their parts according to the invention. In a preferred embodiment, wild plant species and plant cultivars, or those obtained by conventional biological breeding, such as crossing or protoplast fusion, and parts thereof, are treated. In a further preferred embodiment, transgenic plants and plant cultivars obtained by genetic engineering, if appropriate in combination with conventional methods (Genetically Modified Organisms), and parts thereof, are treated. The term "parts" or "parts of plants" or "plant parts" has been explained above.

Particularly preferably, plants of the plant cultivars which are in each case commercially available or in use are treated according to the invention.

Depending on the plant species or plant cultivars, their location and growth conditions (soils, climate, vegetation period, diet), the treatment according to the invention may also result in superadditive ("synergistic") effects. Thus, for example, reduced application rates and/or a widening of the activity spectrum and/or an increase in the activity of the substances and compositions which can be used according to the invention, better plant growth, increased tolerance to high or low temperatures,

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increased tolerance to drought or to water or soil salt content, increased flowering performance, easier harvesting, accelerated maturation, higher harvest yields, better quality and/or a higher nutritional value of the harvested products, better storage stability and/or processability of the harvested products are possible which exceed the effects which were actually to be expected.

5 The transgenic plants or plant cultivars (i.e. those obtained by genetic engineering) which are preferably to be treated according to the invention include all plants which, in the genetic modification, received genetic material which imparted particularly advantageous useful properties ("traits") to these plants. Examples of such properties are better plant growth, increased tolerance to high or low temperatures, 10 increased tolerance to drought or to water or soil salt content, increased flowering performance, easier harvesting, accelerated maturation, higher harvest yields, better quality and/or a higher nutritional value of the harvested products, better storage stability and/or processability of the harvested products. Further and particularly emphasized examples of such properties are a better defence of the plants against animal and microbial pests, such as against insects, mites, phytopathogenic fungi, bacteria and/or 15 viruses, and also increased tolerance of the plants to certain herbicidally active compounds. Examples of transgenic plants which may be mentioned are the important crop plants, such as cereals (wheat, rice), maize, soya beans, potatoes, cotton, oilseed rape and also fruit plants (with the fruits apples, pears, citrus fruits and grapes), and particular emphasis is given to maize, soya beans, potatoes, cotton and oilseed rape. Traits that are emphasized are in particular increased defence of the plants against insects, by 20 toxins formed in the plants, in particular those formed in the plants by the genetic material from *Bacillus thuringiensis* (for example by the genes CryIA(a), CryIA(b), CryIA(c), CryIIA, CryIIIA, CryIIIB2, Cry9c, Cry2Ab, Cry3Bb and CryIF and also combinations thereof) (hereinbelow referred to as "Bt plants"). Traits that are furthermore particularly emphasized are the increased tolerance of the plants to certain herbicidally active compounds, for example imidazolinones, sulphonylureas, glyphosate or 25 phosphinotricin (for example the "PAT" gene). The genes which impart the desired traits in question can also be present in combination with one another in the transgenic plants. Examples of "Bt plants" which may be mentioned are maize varieties, cotton varieties, soya bean varieties and potato varieties which are sold under the trade names YIELD GARD® (for example maize, cotton, soya beans), KnockOut® (for example maize), StarLink® (for example maize), Bollgard® (cotton), Nucoton® (cotton) and 30 NewLeaf® (potato). Examples of herbicide-tolerant plants which may be mentioned are maize varieties, cotton varieties and soya bean varieties which are sold under the trade names Roundup Ready® (tolerance to glyphosate, for example maize, cotton, soya bean), Liberty Link® (tolerance to phosphinotricin, for example oilseed rape), IMI® (tolerance to imidazolinones) and STS® (tolerance to sulphonylureas, for example maize). Herbicide-resistant plants (plants bred in a conventional manner for 35 herbicide tolerance) which may be mentioned also include the varieties sold under the name Clearfield®

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(for example maize). Of course, these statements also apply to plant cultivars which have these genetic traits or genetic traits still to be developed, and which will be developed and/or marketed in the future.

Depending on their particular physical and/or chemical properties, the active compound combinations
 5 according to the invention can be converted into the customary formulations, such as solutions, emulsions, suspensions, powders, dusts, foams, pastes, soluble powders, granules, aerosols, suspoemulsion concentrates, natural and synthetic materials impregnated with active compound and microencapsulations in polymeric substances and in coating compositions for seeds, and ULV cool and warm fogging formulations.

10

These formulations are produced in a known manner, for example by mixing the active compounds or active compound combinations with extenders, that is liquid solvents, liquefied gases under pressure, and/or solid carriers, optionally with the use of surfactants, that is emulsifiers and/or dispersants, and/or foam formers.

15

If the extender used is water, it is also possible to employ, for example, organic solvents as auxiliary solvents. Essentially, suitable liquid solvents are: aromatics such as xylene, toluene or alkyl naphthalenes, chlorinated aromatics or chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons such as chlorobenzenes, chloroethylenes or methylene chloride, aliphatic hydrocarbons such as cyclohexane or paraffins, for example petroleum
 20 fractions, mineral and vegetable oils, alcohols such as butanol or glycol and their ethers and esters, ketones such as acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, methyl isobutyl ketone or cyclohexanone, strongly polar solvents such as dimethylformamide or dimethyl sulphoxide, or else water.

25

Liquefied gaseous extenders or carriers are to be understood as meaning liquids which are gaseous at standard temperature and under atmospheric pressure, for example aerosol propellants such as butane, propane, nitrogen and carbon dioxide.

30

Suitable solid carriers are: for example ammonium salts and ground natural minerals such as kaolins, clays, talc, chalk, quartz, attapulgite, montmorillonite or diatomaceous earth, and ground synthetic
 35 minerals such as finely divided silica, alumina and silicates. Suitable solid carriers for granules are: for example crushed and fractionated natural rocks such as calcite, pumice, marble, sepiolite and dolomite, or else synthetic granules of inorganic and organic meals, and granules of organic material such as sawdust, coconut shells, maize cobs and tobacco stalks. Suitable emulsifiers and/or foam formers are: for example nonionic and anionic emulsifiers, such as polyoxyethylene fatty acid esters, polyoxyethylene fatty alcohol ethers, for example alkylaryl polyglycol ethers, alkylsulphonates, alkyl

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sulphates, arylsulphonates, or else protein hydrolysates. Suitable dispersants are: for example lignosulphite waste liquors and methylcellulose.

5 Tackifiers such as carboxymethylcellulose, natural and synthetic polymers in the form of powders, granules or latices, such as gum arabic, polyvinyl alcohol and polyvinyl acetate, or else natural phospholipids such as cephalins and lecithins and synthetic phospholipids can be used in the formulations. Other possible additives are mineral and vegetable oils.

10 It is possible to use colorants such as inorganic pigments, for example iron oxide, titanium oxide and Prussian Blue, and organic dyestuffs such as alizarin dyestuffs, azo dyestuffs and metal phthalocyanine dyestuffs, and trace nutrients such as salts of iron, manganese, boron, copper, cobalt, molybdenum and zinc.

15 The active compound content of the use forms prepared from the commercial formulations may be varied within wide ranges. The concentration of active compound of the use forms for controlling animal pests, such as insects and acarids, may be from 0.0000001 to 95% by weight of active compound and is preferably from 0.0001 to 1% by weight. Application is in a manner adapted to the use forms.

20 The formulations for controlling unwanted phytopathogenic fungi generally comprise between 0.1 and 95 per cent by weight of active compound, preferably between 0.5 and 90%.

25 The active compound combinations according to the invention can be used as such, in the form of their formulations or as the use forms prepared therefrom, such as ready-to-use solutions, emulsifiable concentrates, emulsions, suspensions, wettable powders, soluble powders, dusts and granules. They are used in a customary manner, for example by watering (drenching), drip irrigation, spraying, atomizing, broadcasting, dusting, foaming, spreading-on, and as a powder for dry seed treatment, a solution for seed treatment, a water-soluble powder for seed treatment, a water-soluble powder for slurry treatment, or by encrusting.

30

The active compound combinations according to the invention can, in commercial formulations and in the use forms prepared from these formulations, be present as a mixture with other active compounds, such as insecticides, attractants, sterilants, bactericides, acaricides, nematocides, fungicides, growth regulators or herbicides.

35

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When using the active compound combinations according to the invention, the application rates can be varied within a relatively wide range, depending on the kind of application. In the treatment of parts of plants, the application rates of active compound combination are generally between 0.1 and 10 000 g/ha, preferably between 10 and 1000 g/ha. In the treatment of seeds, the application rates of active compound combination are generally between 0.001 and 50 g per kilogram of seed, preferably between 0.01 and 10 g per kilogram of seed. In the treatment of the soil, the application rates of active compound combination are generally between 0.1 and 10 000 g/ha, preferably between 1 and 5000 g/ha.

- 10 The active compound combinations can be used as such, in the form of concentrates or in the form of generally customary formulations, such as powders, granules, solutions, suspensions, emulsions or pastes.

15 The formulations mentioned can be prepared in a manner known per se, for example by mixing the active compounds with at least one solvent or diluent, emulsifier, dispersant and/or binder or fixative, water repellent, if desired desiccants and UV stabilizers, and, if desired, colorants and pigments and other processing auxiliaries.

20 The good fungicidal action of the active compound combinations according to the invention is demonstrated by the examples below. While the individual active compounds show weaknesses in their fungicidal action, the combinations show an action which exceeds a simple sum of actions.

25 A synergistic effect in the fungicides is always present when the fungicidal action of the active compound combinations exceeds the total of the action of the active compounds when applied individually.

The expected fungicidal action for a given combination of two active compounds can be calculated as follows; according to S.R. Colby ("Calculating Synergistic and Antagonistic Responses of Herbicide Combinations", Weeds 1967, 15, 20-22):

30

If

X is the *efficacy* when employing active compound A at an application rate of m g/ha,

Y is the *efficacy* when employing active compound B at an application rate of n g/ha and

E is the *efficacy* when employing active compounds A and B at application rates of m and n g/ha,

35

then

$$E = X + Y - \frac{X \times Y}{100}$$

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Here, the efficacy is determined in %. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

If the actual fungicidal action exceeds the calculated value, the action of the combination is superadditive, i.e. a synergistic effect is present. In this case, the actually observed efficacy must exceed the value calculated using the above formula for the expected efficacy (E).

The invention is illustrated by the examples below. However, the invention is not limited to the examples.

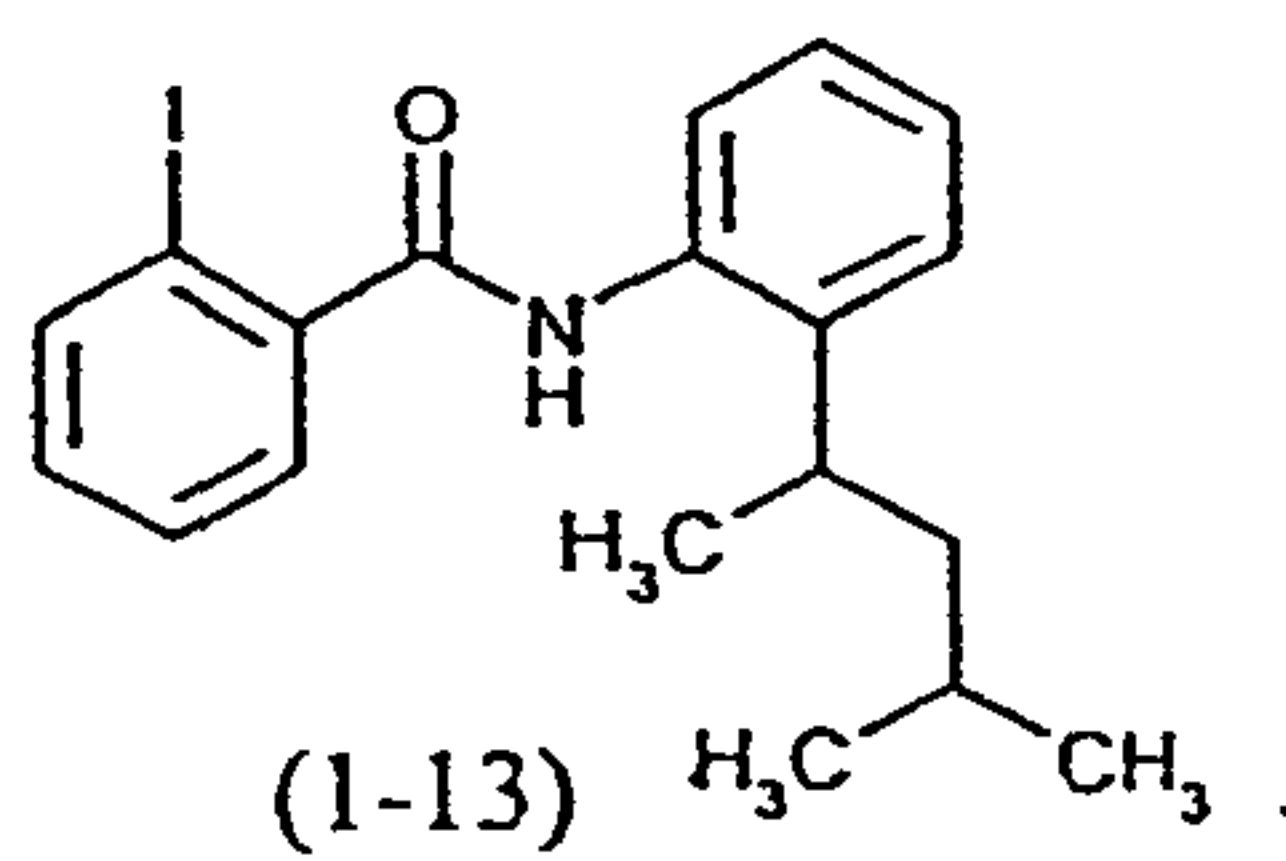
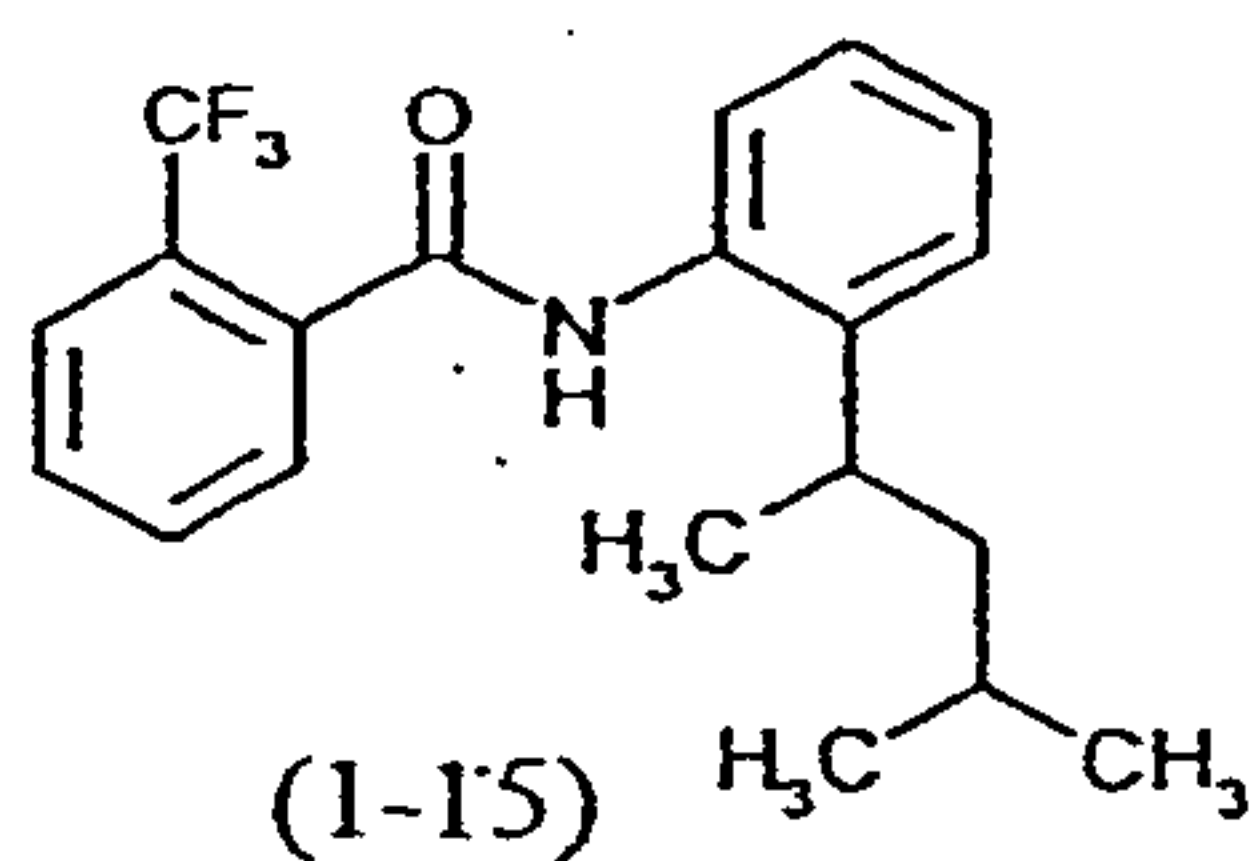
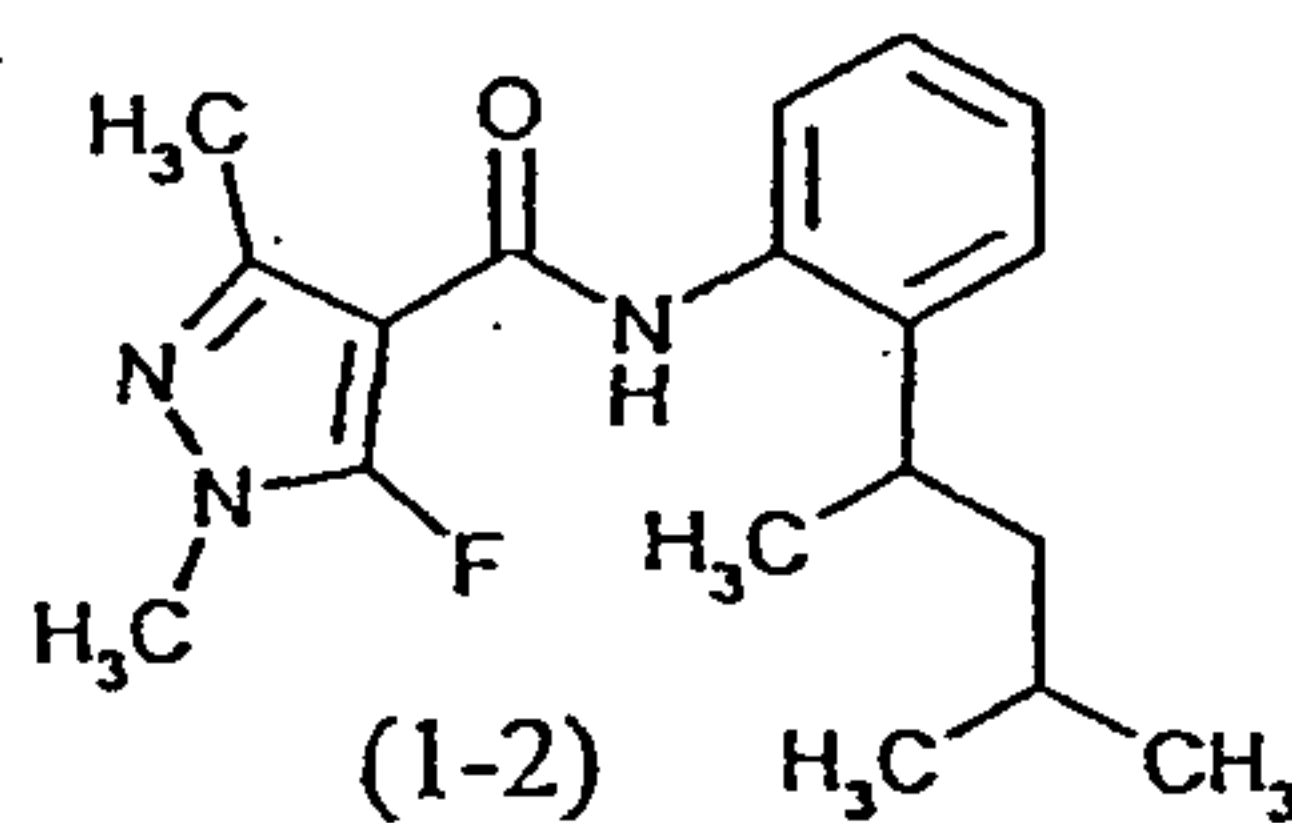
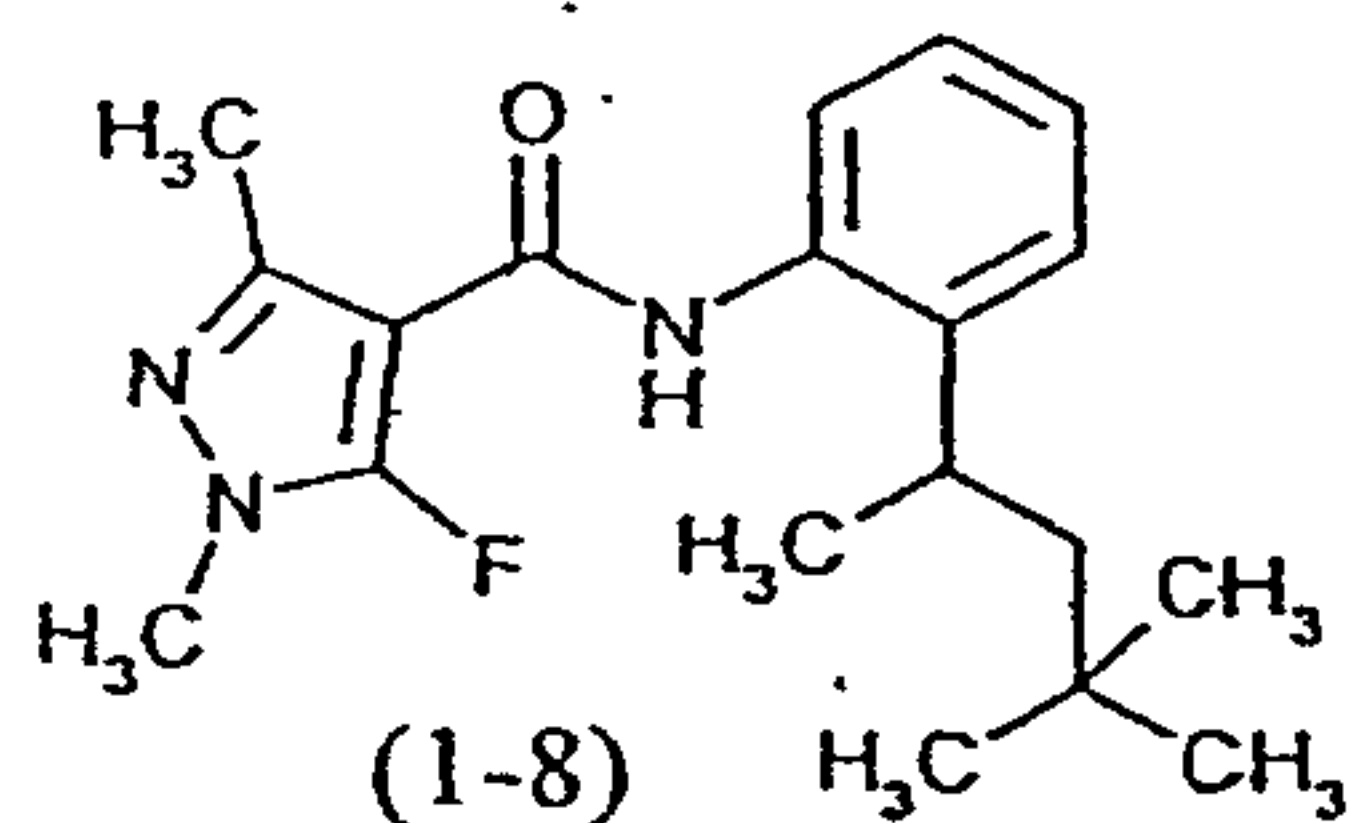
10

Use examples

15

In the use examples shown below, in each case mixtures of the carboxamides of the general formula (I) (group 1) below with the mixing partners given in each case (structural formulae see above) were tested.

Carboxamides of the formula (I) used:



20

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Example A**Erysiphe test (barley) / curative**

- Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide
- 5 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound or active compound combination is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for curative activity, young plants are dusted with spores of *Erysiphe graminis f.sp. hordei*. 48 hours after the inoculation, the plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate.

- 15 The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 20°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80% to promote the development of mildew pustules.

Evaluation is carried out 6 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

20

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table A
Erysiphe test (barley) / curative

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-8)	25	0	
(1-2)	25	0	
(3-15) prothioconazole	25	22	
(1-8) + (3-15) prothioconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	67	22
(1-2) + (3-15) prothioconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	67	22

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example B**Pyrenophora teres test (barley) / curative**

Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide
5 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound or active compound combination is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for curative activity, young plants are sprayed with a conidia suspension of *Pyrenophora teres*. The plants remain in an incubation cabinet at 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity for 48 hours. The plants are then sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate.

15

The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 20°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80%.

Evaluation is carried out 12 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to
20 that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table B
Pyrenophora teres test (barley) / curative

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-8)	25	14	
(1-2)	62.5 25	71 29	
(1-15)	25	14	
(2-2) fluoxastrobin	25	0	
(3-17) tebuconazole	25	29	
(2-11) picoxystrobin	125	86	
(3-12) epoxyconazole	125	57	
(6-7) carpropamid	125	14	
(6-11) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)- isothiazole-5-carboxamide	125	43	
(1-8) + (2-2) fluoxastrobin (1:1)	25 + 25	57	14
(1-8) + (3-17) tebuconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	57	39
(1-2) + (2-2) fluoxastrobin (1:1)	25 + 25	43	29
(1-2) + (3-17) tebuconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	57	50
(1-2) + (2-11) picoxystrobin (1:2)	62.5 + 125	100	96
(1-2) + (3-12) epoxyconazole (1:2)	62.5 + 125	93	88
(1-2) + (6-7) carpropamid (1:2)	62.5 + 125	86	75
(1-2) + (6-11) 3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyano- phenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide (1:2)	62.5 + 125	86	83
(1-15) + (2-2) fluoxastrobin (1:1)	25 + 25	57	14
(1-15) + (3-17) tebuconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	43	39

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example C**Erysiphe test (barley) / protective**

- Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide
- 5 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound or active compound combination is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate.

- After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are dusted with spores of *Erysiphe graminis f.sp. hordei*.
- 15

The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 20°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80% to promote the development of mildew pustules.

- 20 Evaluation is carried out 6 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table C
Erysiphe test (barley) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-8)	12.5	11	
(1-2)	12.5	0	
(1-15)	12.5	0	
(1-13)	12.5	0	
(2-4) trifloxystrobin	12.5	78	
(3-15) prothioconazole	12.5	67	
(1-8) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	12.5 + 12.5	94	80
(1-2) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	12.5 + 12.5	94	78
(1-15) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	12.5 + 12.5	94	78
(1-15) + (3-15) prothioconazole (1:1)	12.5 + 12.5	78	67
(1-13) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	12.5 + 12.5	94	78

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example D**Leptosphaeria nodorum test (wheat) / curative**

- Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide
- 5 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound or active compound combination is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for curative activity, young plants are sprayed with a conidia suspension of *Leptosphaeria nodorum*. The plants remain in an incubation cabinet at 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity for 48 hours and are then sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate.

15

The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 15°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80%.

20 Evaluation is carried out 8 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table D
Leptosphaeria nodorum test (wheat) / curative

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-13)	25	0	
(2-2) fluoxastrobin	25	29	
(3-17) tebuconazole	25	29	
(1-13) + (2-2) fluoxastrobin (1:1)	25 + 25	43	29
(1-13) + (3-17) tebuconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	43	29

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example E**Leptosphaeria nodorum test (wheat) / protective**

Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide

5. Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound or active compound combination is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are sprayed with a spore suspension of *Leptosphaeria nodorum*. The plants remain in an incubation cabinet at 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity for 48 hours.

15

The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 15°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80%.

20 Evaluation is carried out 11 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table E
Leptosphaeria nodorum test (wheat) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-13)	25	13	
(3-15) prothioconazole	25	13	
(1-13) + (3-15) prothioconazole (1:1)	25 + 25	38	24

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example F**Puccinia recondita test (wheat) / curative**

Solvent: 50 parts by weight of N,N-dimethylacetamide

5 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvent and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the desired concentration.

10

To test for curative activity, young plants are sprayed with a conidia suspension of *Puccinia recondita*. The plants remain in an incubation cabinet at 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity for 48 hours. The plants are then sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate.

15

The plants are placed in a greenhouse at a temperature of about 20°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 80% to promote the development of rust pustules.

20

Evaluation is carried out 8 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table F
Puccinia recondita test (wheat) / curative

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	62.5	94	
(2-9) kresoxim-methyl	62.5	0	
(19-10) spiroxamine	62.5	0	
(14-2) prochloraz	62.5	0	
(16-2) fludioxonil	62.5	0	
(6-14) penthiopyrad	62.5	44	
(1-2) + (2-9) kresoxim-methyl (1:1)	62.5 + 62.5	100	94
(1-2) + (19-10) spiroxamine (1:1)	62.5 + 62.5	100	94
(1-2) + (14-2) prochloraz (1:1)	62.5 + 62.5	100	94
(1-2) + (16-2) fludioxonil (1:1)	62.5 + 62.5	100	94
(1-2) + (6-14) penthiopyrad (1:1)	62.5 + 62.5	100	97

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example G**Sphaerotheca fuliginea test (cucumber) / protective**

Solvents: 24.5 parts by weight of acetone
5 24.5 parts by weight of dimethylacetamide
Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvents and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the
10 desired concentration.

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are inoculated with an aqueous spore suspension of *Sphaerotheca fuliginea*. The plants are then placed in a greenhouse at
15 about 23°C and a relative atmospheric humidity of about 70%.

Evaluation is carried out 7 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

20 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table G
Sphaerotheca fuliginea test (cucumber) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	4 2 1 0.5	20 30 18 0	
(1-13)	1	10	
(2-1) azoxystrobin	4	50	
(2-2) fluoxastrobin	2	37	
(2-4) trifloxystrobin	1	20	
(3-3) propiconazole	1	37	
(3-15) prothioconazole	1	43	
(3-17) tebuconazole	2	10	
(3-21) bitertanol	2	20	
(4-2) tolylfluanid	10	0	
(6-2) boscalid	1	10	
(6-6) fenhexamid	10	0	
(7-1) mancozeb	10	0	
(7-4) propineb	5	0	
(9-3) pyrimethanil	10	0	
(12-4) iprodione	10	0	
(19-2) chlorothalonil	10	0	
(19-10) spiroxamine	10	0	
(22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(<i>IS</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine	1	22	
(22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(<i>IR</i>)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine	1	22	
(1-2) + (2-1) azoxystrobin (1:1)	4 + 4	80	60
(1-2) + (2-2) fluoxastrobin (1:1)	2 + 2	88	56
(1-2) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	1 + 1	72	34
(1-13) + (2-4) trifloxystrobin (1:1)	1 + 1	60	28
(1-2) + (3-3) propiconazole (1:1)	1 + 1	77	48

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Table G
Sphaerotheca fuliginea test (cucumber) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-13) + (3-3) propiconazole (1:1)	1 + 1	63	43
(1-2) + (3-15) prothioconazole (1:1)	1 + 1	90	53
(1-2) + (3-17) tebuconazole (1:1)	2 + 2	80	37
(1-2) + (3-21) bitertanol (1:1)	2 + 2	75	44
(1-2) + (4-2) tolylfluanid (1:10)	1 + 10	87	18
(1-2) + (6-2) boscalid (1:1)	1 + 1	65	26
(1-2) + (6-6) fenhexamid (1:10)	1 + 10	85	18
(1-2) + (7-1) mancozeb (1:10)	1 + 10	94	18
(1-2) + (7-4) propineb (1:10)	0.5 + 5	69	0
(1-2) + (9-3) pyrimethanil (1:10)	1 + 10	83	18
(1-2) + (12-4) iprodione (1:10)	1 + 10	91	18
(1-2) + (19-2) chlorothalonil (1:10)	1 + 10	98	18
(1-2) + (19-10) spiroxamine (1:10)	1 + 10	100	18
(1-2) + (22-1) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>S</i>)-2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine (1:1)	1 + 1	94	36
(1-2) + (22-2) 5-chloro- <i>N</i> -[(1 <i>R</i>)-1,2-dimethyl-propyl]-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)[1,2,4]triazolo[1,5- <i>a</i>]pyrimidine-7-amine (1:1)	1 + 1	91	36

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example H**Alternaria solani test (tomato) / protective**

	Solvents:	24.5	parts by weight of acetone
5		24.5	parts by weight of dimethylacetamide
	Emulsifier:	1	part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvents and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the
10 desired concentration.

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are inoculated with an aqueous spore suspension of *Alternaria solani*. The plants are then placed in an incubation cabinet
15 at about 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity.

Evaluation is carried out 3 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

20 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table H
Alternaria solani test (tomato) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	2 1	23 3	
(1-13)	2	0	
(2-3)	2 1	32 39	
(2-12) pyraclostrobin	2	37	
(8-5) benalaxyl-M	2	0	
(8-4) metalaxyl-M	2	0	
(1-2) + (2-3) (1:1)	1 + 1	66	41
(1-13) + (2-3) (1:1)	2 + 2	76	32
(1-2) + (2-12) pyraclostrobin (1:1)	2 + 2	64	52
(1-13) + (2-12) pyraclostrobin (1:1)	2 + 2	79	37
(1-2) + (8-5) benalaxyl-M (1:1)	2 + 2	75	23
(1-2) + (8-4) metalaxyl-M (1:1)	2 + 2	81	23

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example I**Phytophthora infestans test (tomato) / protective**

	Solvents:	24.5	parts by weight of acetone
5		24.5	parts by weight of dimethylacetamide
	Emulsifier:	1	part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvents and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the
10 desired concentration.

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are inoculated with an aqueous spore suspension of *Phytophthora infestans*. The plants are then placed in an incubation
15 cabinet at about 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity.

Evaluation is carried out 3 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

20 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

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Table I
Phytophthora infestans test (tomato) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	25	0	
	10	5	
	2	0	
	1	18	
	0.5	7	
(5-1) iprovalicarb	10	64	
(7-1) mancozeb	2	73	
	1	52	
	0.5	33	
(17-1) fosetyl-Al	500	45	
(19-13) fenamidone	2	47	
(5-3) bentiavalicarb	2	50	
(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	2	0	
	1	0	
	0.5	0	
(1-2) + (5-1) iprovalicarb (1:1)	10 + 10	90	66
(1-2) + (7-1) mancozeb (1:10)	2 + 20	84	73
	1 + 10	80	61
	0.5 + 5	68	38
(1-2) + (17-1) fosetyl-Al (1:20)	25 + 500	65	45
(1-2) + (19-3) fenamidone (1:1)	2 + 2	70	47
(1-2) + (5-3) bentiavalicarb (1:1)	2 + 2	80	50
(1-2) + (24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide (1:1)	2 + 2	90	0
	1 + 1	65	18
	0.5 + 0.5	67	7

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example J**Plasmopara viticola test (grapevine) / protective**

Solvents: 24.5 parts by weight of acetone
 5 24.5 parts by weight of dimethylacetamide
 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvents and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the
 10 desired concentration.

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, the plants are inoculated with an aqueous spore suspension of *Plasmopara viticola* and then remain in an incubation cabinet at about
 15 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity for 1 day. The plants are then placed in a greenhouse at about 21°C and about 90% atmospheric humidity for 4 days. The plants are then moistened and placed in an incubation cabinet for 1 day.

Evaluation is carried out 6 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that
 20 of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table J
Plasmopara viticola test (grapevine) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	50	0	
	25	0	
(17-1) fosetyl-Al	1000	58	
	500	33	
(1-2) + (17-1) fosetyl-Al (1:20)	50 + 1000	83	58
	25 + 500	58	33

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example K**Botrytis cinerea test (bean) / protective**

Solvents: 24.5 parts by weight of acetone
 5 24.5 parts by weight of dimethylacetamide
 Emulsifier: 1 part by weight of alkylaryl polyglycol ether

To produce a suitable preparation of active compound, 1 part by weight of active compound is mixed with the stated amounts of solvents and emulsifier, and the concentrate is diluted with water to the
 10 desired concentration.

To test for protective activity, young plants are sprayed with the preparation of active compound at the stated application rate. After the spray coating has dried on, 2 small pieces of agar colonized by *Botrytis cinerea* are placed onto each leaf. The inoculated plants are placed in a darkened chamber at
 15 about 20°C and 100% relative atmospheric humidity.

The size of the infected areas on the leaves is evaluated 2 days after the inoculation. 0% means an efficacy which corresponds to that of the control, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no infection is observed.

20

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table K
 Botrytis cinerea test (bean) / protective

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in g/ha	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	20	66	
	10	64	
	5	33	
(12-4) iprodione	20	47	
	10	54	
	5	13	
(1-2) + (12-4) iprodione (1:1)	20 + 20	94	82
	10 + 10	91	83
	5 + 5	72	42

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example L**Pyricularia oryzae test (in vitro) / microtitre plates**

- 5 The microtest is carried out in microtitre plates using potato dextrose broth (PDB) as liquid test medium. The active compounds are used as technical-grade a.i., dissolved in acetone. For inoculation, a spore suspension of *Pyricularia oryzae* is used. After 3 days of incubation in the dark and with shaking (10 Hz) for each filled cavity of the microtitre plates, the light transmittance is determined with the aid of a spectrophotometer.

10

0% means an efficacy which corresponds to the growth in the controls, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no fungal growth is observed.

- 15 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table L
Pyricularia oryzae test (in vitro) / microtitre plates

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in ppm	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	3	17	
(14-3) triazoxide	3	3	
(1-2) + (14-3) triazoxide (1:1)	3 + 3	53	20

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example M**Rhizoctonia solani test (in vitro) / microtitre plates**

- 5 The microtest is carried out in microtitre plates using potato dextrose broth (PDB) as liquid test medium. The active compounds are used as technical grade a.i., dissolved in acetone. For inoculation, a mycelium suspension of *Rhizoctonia solani* is used. After 5 days of incubation in the dark and with shaking (10 Hz) for each filled cavity of the microtitre plates, the light transmittance is determined with the aid of a spectrophotometer.

10

0% means an efficacy which corresponds to the growth in the controls, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no fungal growth is observed.

- 15 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table M
Rhizoctonia solani test (in vitro) / microtitre plates

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in ppm	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	1 0.003	40 30	
(11-2) propamocarb	1	7	
(20-1) pencycuron	1	54	
(24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide	0.003	50	
(1-2) + (11-2) propamocarb (1:1)	1 + 1	78	44
(1-2) + (20-1) pencycuron (1:1)	1 + 1	91	72
(1-2) + (24-1) <i>N</i> -(3',4'-dichloro-5-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-2-yl)-3-(difluoromethyl)-1-methyl-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-4-carboxamide (1:1)	0.003 + 0.003	92	65

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example N**Gibberella zeae test (in vitro) / microtitre plates**

- 5 The microtest is carried out in microtitre plates using potato dextrose broth (PDB) as liquid test medium. The active compounds are used as technical grade a.i., dissolved in acetone. For inoculation, a spore suspension of *Gibberella zeae* is used. After 3 days of incubation in the dark and with shaking (10 Hz) for each filled cavity of the microtitre plates, the light transmittance is determined with the aid of a spectrophotometer.

10

0% means an efficacy which corresponds to the growth in the controls, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no fungal growth is observed.

15

The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table N
Gibberella zeae test (in vitro) / microtitre plates

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in ppm	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	0.3	39	
(19-3) fenamidone	0.3	15	
(1-2) + (19-3) fenamidone (1:1)	0.3 + 0.3	70	48

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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Example O**Botrytis cinerea test (in vitro) / microtitre plates**

- 5 The microtest is carried out in microtitre plates using potato dextrose broth (PDB) as liquid test medium. The active compounds are used as technical grade a.i., dissolved in acetone. For inoculation, a spore suspension of *Botrytis cinerea* is used. After 7 days of incubation in the dark and with shaking (10 Hz) for each filled cavity of the microtitre plates, the light transmittance is determined with the aid of a spectrophotometer.

10

0% means an efficacy which corresponds to the growth in the controls, whereas an efficacy of 100% means that no fungal growth is observed.

- 15 The table below clearly shows that the activity found for the active compound combination according to the invention is higher than the calculated activity, i.e. that a synergistic effect is present.

Table O
Botrytis cinerea test (in vitro) / microtitre plates

Active compounds	Application rate of active compound in ppm	Efficacy in %	
		found*	calc.**
(1-2)	3	35	
(10-3) carbendazim	3	86	
(1-2) + (10-3) carbendazim (1:1)	3 + 3	97	91

* found = activity found

** calc. = activity calculated using Colby's formula

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CLAIMS:

1. A synergistic fungicidal active compound combination, comprising:

N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-5-fluoro-1,3-dimethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide,
penflufen; and
- 5 a carboxamide which is:

2-chloro-N-(1,1,3-trimethylindan-4-yl)nicotinamide;

boscalid;

furametpyr;

N-(3-p-tolylthiophen-2-yl)-1-methyl-3-trifluoromethyl-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide;
- 10 ethaboxam;

fenhexamid;

carpropamid;

2-chloro-4-(2-fluoro-2-methylpropionylamino)-N,N-dimethylbenzamide;

picobenzamid;
- 15 zoxamide;

3,4-dichloro-N-(2-cyanophenyl)isothiazole-5-carboxamide;

carboxin;

tiadinil;

penthioopyrad;
- 20 silthiofam; or

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N-[2-(1,3-dimethylbutyl)phenyl]-1-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrrole-3-carboxamide.

2. A use of the combination as defined in claim 1, for controlling unwanted phytopathogenic fungi.
3. A use of the combination as defined in claim 1, for treating seed.
- 5 4. A use of the combination as defined in claim 1, for treating transgenic plants.
5. A use of the combination as defined in claim 1, for treating seed of transgenic plants.
6. A method for controlling unwanted phytopathogenic fungi, comprising applying the combination as defined in claim 1, to the unwanted phytopathogenic fungi,
10 habitat thereof or seed thereof.
7. A process for preparing a fungicidal composition, comprising mixing the combination as defined in claim 1, with an extender, a surfactant or a mixture thereof.