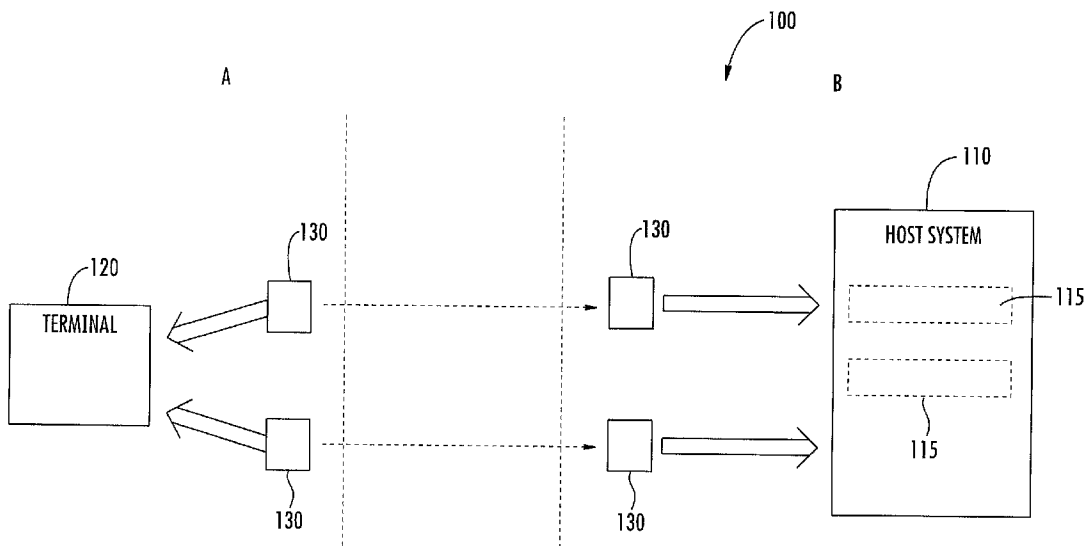




(22) Date de dépôt/Filing Date: 2016/07/28  
(41) Mise à la disp. pub./Open to Public Insp.: 2017/02/04  
(45) Date de délivrance/Issue Date: 2020/07/14  
(30) Priorité/Priority: 2015/08/04 (US14/817,490)

(51) Cl.Int./Int.Cl. *G09C 1/00* (2006.01),  
*G06F 21/62* (2013.01), *H04L 9/08* (2006.01)  
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(54) Titre : SERVEUR DE CLE CRYPTOGRAPHIQUE INTEGRE DANS UN SYSTEME DE TRANSFERT DE DONNEES  
(54) Title: CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEY SERVER EMBEDDED IN DATA TRANSFER SYSTEM



(57) **Abrégé/Abstract:**

Systems and methods for managing cryptographic keys in an avionic data transfer system are provided. A host device (110) associated with the avionic data transfer system can receive one or more cryptographic keys (115) via a key fill interface. For instance, in one embodiment, the host device (110) can receive one or more cryptographic keys (215) from a removable data cartridge (130). The host device (110) can act as a key server for other cryptographic units (115) associated with the avionic data transfer system via a data bus (118). For instance, the host device (110) can distribute one or more cryptographic keys (215) to other cryptographic units (115) associated with aircraft via an aircraft bus. The other cryptographic units (115) can use the one or more cryptographic keys (215) for cryptographic processing of data.

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## CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEY SERVER EMBEDDED IN DATA TRANSFER SYSTEM

## ABSTRACT

Systems and methods for managing cryptographic keys in an avionic data transfer system are provided. A host device (110) associated with the avionic data transfer system can receive one or more cryptographic keys (115) via a key fill interface. For instance, in one embodiment, the host device (110) can receive one or more cryptographic keys (215) from a removable data cartridge (130). The host device (110) can act as a key server for other cryptographic units (115) associated with the avionic data transfer system via a data bus (118). For instance, the host device (110) can distribute one or more cryptographic keys (215) to other cryptographic units (115) associated with aircraft via an aircraft bus. The other cryptographic units (115) can use the one or more cryptographic keys (215) for cryptographic processing of data.

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## CRYPTOGRAPHIC KEY SERVER EMBEDDED IN DATA TRANSFER SYSTEM

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present subject matter relates generally to cryptographic processing of data.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Cryptographic systems can include cryptographic equipment used for the processing and transfer of secure data. For instance, data transfer systems, such as data transfer systems used in aviation systems for aircraft, can include cryptographic equipment used to receive and transfer secure data. Cryptographic systems typically require one or more keys to be loaded into the system to allow the cryptographic processing of data. In addition, cryptographic equipment can require the presence of a cryptographic ignition key (CIK) for user authentication.

[0003] Data transfer systems can include multiple units of cryptographic equipment. For instance, data transfer systems used in an aviation system can include twenty or more cryptographic units. Each cryptographic unit can require the loading of keys for cryptographic processing as well as the presence of a CIK for user authentication. This can require significant time resources to allow cryptographic processing of data by the data transfer system. This can be particularly disadvantageous in certain data transfer systems, such as data transfer systems associated with aviation systems where time can be of the essence for dispatch of aircraft.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Aspects and advantages of embodiments of the present disclosure will be set forth in part in the following description, or may be learned from the description, or may be learned through practice of the embodiments.

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[0005] One example aspect of the present disclosure is directed to a method of providing cryptographic keys in an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft. The method includes receiving, at a host device, one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic process of data from a removable data storage device interfaced with the host device. The method further includes identifying, by the host device, at least one cryptographic unit of a plurality of cryptographic units in communication with the host device over a data bus for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys. The method can further include transferring, by the host device, the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus.

[0006] Another example aspect of the present disclosure is directed to an avionic data transfer system. The avionic data transfer system includes a host device and a plurality of cryptographic units coupled to the host device via a data bus. The host device includes one or more processors and one or more memory devices. The memory devices can store computer-readable instructions that when executed by the one or more processors cause the one or more processors to perform operations. The operations include receiving one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data from a removable data storage device interface with the host device. The operations can further include identifying at least one cryptographic unit of the plurality of cryptographic units for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys and transferring the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus.

[0007] Yet another example aspect of the present disclosure is directed to a cryptographic system. The cryptographic system includes an avionic data transfer system comprising a host device and a plurality of cryptographic units coupled to the host device via a data bus. The cryptographic system further includes a removable data storage device storing one or more cryptographic keys. When the removable data storage device is engaged with the host device, the host device is configured to receive the one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data from the removable data storage device. The host device is further configured to identify at least one cryptographic unit of

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a plurality of cryptographic units for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys. The host device is further configured to transfer the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus.

[0008] Variations and modifications can be made to these example aspects of the present disclosure.

[0009] These and other features, aspects and advantages of various embodiments will become better understood with reference to the following description and appended claims. The accompanying drawings, which are incorporated in and constitute a part of this specification, illustrate embodiments of the present disclosure and, together with the description, serve to explain the related principles.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0010] Detailed discussion of embodiments directed to one of ordinary skill in the art are set forth in the specification, which makes reference to the appended figures, in which:

[0011] FIG. 1 depicts an example cryptographic system according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0012] FIG. 2 depicts an example removable data cartridge according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0013] FIG. 3 depicts an example removable data cartridge according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0014] FIG. 4 depicts the example interfacing of a removable data cartridge having an embedded cryptographic ignition key (CIK) device according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0015] FIG. 5 depicts an example removable data cartridge having an embedded CIK device according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

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[0016] FIG. 6 depicts an example removable data cartridge having a key memory and an embedded CIK device according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0017] FIG. 7 depicts an example avionic data transfer system according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0018] FIG. 8 depicts a representation of an example cryptographic key configuration (CKC) according to example embodiments of the present disclosure;

[0019] FIG. 9 depicts an example terminal for generating a CKC according to example embodiments of the present disclosure; and

[0020] FIG. 10 depicts a flow diagram of an example method according to example embodiments of the present disclosure.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0021] Reference now will be made in detail to embodiments of the invention, one or more examples of which are illustrated in the drawings. Each example is provided by way of explanation of the invention, not limitation of the invention. In fact, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that various modifications and variations can be made in the present invention without departing from the scope of the invention. For instance, features illustrated or described as part of one embodiment can be used with another embodiment to yield a still further embodiment. Thus, it is intended that the present invention covers such modifications and variations as come within the scope of the appended claims and their equivalents.

[0022] Example aspects of the present disclosure are directed to an avionic data transfer system (e.g., associated with an aircraft) having one or more cryptographic units. A host device associated with the avionic data transfer system can receive one or cryptographic keys via a key fill interface (e.g., a DS-101 interface). For instance, in one embodiment, the host device can receive one or more cryptographic keys from a removable data cartridge. In particular implementations, the removable data cartridge can be configured

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to provide both data subject to cryptographic processing (e.g., secure aviation data) as well as one or more cryptographic keys to the host device. In some embodiments, the removable data cartridge can provide a cryptographic ignition key (CIK) for user authentication.

[0023] The host device can use the one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data (e.g., the mission planning data). In addition, the host device can act as a key server for other cryptographic units associated with the avionic data transfer system via a data bus. For instance, the host device can distribute one or more cryptographic keys to other cryptographic units associated with aircraft via an aircraft bus (e.g., MIL-STD-1553, ARINC-429, etc.). The other cryptographic units can use the one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data.

[0024] In one embodiment, the one or more cryptographic keys can include header data. The one or more cryptographic keys can be automatically distributed through the avionic data transfer system based on the header data. In one embodiment, an interface at the host device can be used to distribute the one or more cryptographic keys to the various cryptographic units in the avionic data transfer system.

[0025] A technical effect of example embodiments of the present disclosure is simplification of the key loading process for aircraft operations. More particularly, a removable data cartridge or other key fill device can load keys to a host device of an avionic transfer system. The one or more cryptographic keys can then be distributed to the plurality of cryptographic units via an aircraft data bus. In this way individual key load operations do not have to be performed for each cryptographic unit on the aircraft. Accordingly, distributing one or more cryptographic keys loaded to an avionic data transfer system via a removable data cartridge interface can provide the ability for all key management activities for an aircraft event to be accomplished at a single terminal, loaded onto a single removable data cartridge, and distributed to all cryptographic units on an aircraft in a single action.

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[0026] Example aspects of the present disclosure are discussed with reference to avionic data transfer systems associated with an aircraft for purposes of illustration and discussion. Those of ordinary skill in the art, using the disclosures provided herein, will understand that the subject matter described herein can be used with other cryptographic systems without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure.

[0027] FIG. 1 depicts an example cryptographic system 100 according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. As shown the cryptographic system 100 includes a host system 110, a terminal 120, and one or more removable data cartridges 130 used to transfer information to the host system 110. The host system 110 can be a data transfer system associated with one or more cryptographic units 115. Each cryptographic unit 115 can include one or more processors configured to cryptographically process (e.g., encrypt/decrypt) data using various encryption algorithms and/or perform other cryptographic functions. In some embodiments, the host system 110 can be a data transfer system associated with an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft. In some embodiments, the host system 115 can include a plurality of cryptographic units 115 in communications with each other over a network, such as an aircraft communication bus (e.g., ARINC-429 or MIL-STD-1553) or other network connection (e.g., Ethernet).

[0028] Each cryptographic unit 115 can require one or more cryptographic keys or other cryptographic variables (e.g., frequency hopping tables) to enable the cryptographic processing of data. In addition, each cryptographic unit 115 can require the presence of a cryptographic ignition key (CIK) for authorized user authentication. The cryptographic unit 115 can require a CIK to be interfaced with the cryptographic unit 115 before undertaking the cryptographic processing of data.

[0029] The system 100 includes one or more removable data cartridges 130. Each removable data cartridge 130 can be a removable data storage device. The one or more removable data cartridges 130 can be used to transfer data subject to cryptographic processing to the host system 110. In one embodiment, secure aviation data for an aviation

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system can be transferred from the terminal 120 to one or more cryptographic units 115 of the host system 110 using the removable data cartridges 130.

[0030] For example, the one or more removable data cartridges 130 can be interfaced with terminal 120 located at site A. Information, including aviation data and/or cryptographic key configuration (CKC) data, can be transferred to the removable data cartridge(s) 130 at the terminal. The data transferred to the removable data cartridge(s) 130 can include both encrypted (“black”) data as well as unencrypted (“red”) data.

[0031] The removable data cartridge(s) 130 can be transported to site B to the location of the host system 110. For instance, in one embodiment, the removable data cartridge(s) 130 can be transported to the location of an aircraft. The removable data cartridge(s) 130 can be interfaced with the host system 110. According to example aspects of the present disclosure, the removable data cartridge(s) 130 can transfer data subject to cryptographic processing (e.g., the secure aviation data) to the host system 110. In some embodiments, the removable data cartridge(s) 130 can transfer one or more cryptographic keys (e.g., as a key fill device) to the host system 110. In some embodiments, the removable data cartridge(s) 130 can include an embedded CIK for user authentication.

[0032] FIG. 2 depicts an example removable data cartridge 130 according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. The removable data cartridge 130 can include a housing 205 to house and protect various internal components of the removable data cartridge 130. As shown in FIG. 2, the removable data cartridge 130 includes a dedicated key memory 210 and a dedicated data memory 220 that is separate from the key memory 210 within the housing 205. The key memory 210 can store one or more cryptographic keys 215 for use by a host system (e.g., host system 110 of FIG. 1) in cryptographic processing of data. The data memory 220 can store data subject to cryptographic processing 225 (e.g., secure aviation data). The data memory 220 can include both encrypted and decrypted data. In some embodiment, the data memory 220 does not store data (e.g., one or more cryptographic keys) that is used in cryptographic processing of the data by one or more cryptographic units associated with a host system.

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[0033] As shown, the removable data cartridge 130 includes at least one connector 230. The connector 230 can be interfaced with an external device (e.g., a terminal or host system) by engaging the connector 230 with a suitable slot, socket, receptacle, or connection located on the external device to provide a mechanical and electrical connection with the external device. In the example embodiment shown in FIG. 2, the connector 230 can include first pins 232 and second pins 234. The first pins 232 and second pins 234 can be part of the same connector or separate connectors. In one embodiment, the first pins 232 can be a U-229 6-pin connector type used to transfer information using one or more serial protocols. The second pins 234 can include one or more pins arranged for a USB (universal serial bus) plug connection or similar connection.

[0034] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 2 includes a key memory interface 212. The key memory interface 212 can communicate one or more cryptographic keys 215 stored in the key memory 210 using the first pins 232 of the connector(s) 230 according to a first protocol. The first protocol can be a serial protocol suitable for the transfer of cryptographic keys, such as a serial protocol used by key fob devices. As an example, the first protocol can be a DS-101 or DS-102 protocol used for the transfer of key material. Other suitable protocols can be used as the first protocol without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure, such as a USB protocol, I2C protocol, SPI protocol, or other suitable protocol.

[0035] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 2 further includes a data memory interface 222 that is separate from the key memory interface 212. The data memory interface 222 can communicate data subject to cryptographic processing 225 stored in the data memory 220 using second pins 234 of the connector(s) 230 using a second protocol. In some embodiments, the second protocol can be different from the first protocol. The second protocol can be, for instance, a serial protocol suitable for the transfer of data subject to cryptographic processing 225, such as a USB protocol, I2C protocol, SPI protocol, or other suitable protocol.

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[0036] In some embodiments, the removable data cartridge 130 can include a key loader 218. The key loader 218 can include computer-readable instructions that when executed by one or more processors (e.g., processors associated with the removable data cartridge or an external device) cause the one or more processors to perform operations. The operations can include loading the one or more cryptographic keys 215 stored in the key memory 210 to the host system via the key memory interface 212 according to the first protocol (e.g., a DS-101 or DS-102 protocol). In some embodiments, the key loader 218 can automatically load the one or more cryptographic keys 215 to the host system when the removable data cartridge 130 is interfaced with the host system. In other embodiments, the key loader 218 can transfer the one or more cryptographic keys 215 in response to a request (e.g., as a result of a user input via a user interface) to transfer the one or more cryptographic keys 215.

[0037] FIG. 3 depicts a removable data cartridge 130 according to another example embodiment of the present disclosure. The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 3 is similar to the removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 2 except that the removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 3 includes a connector 240 having one set of pins 242 for communicating both the one or more cryptographic keys 215 and the data subject to cryptographic processing 225. The pins 242 can have any suitable configuration, such as a U-229 6-pin connector configuration, a USB (universal serial bus) plug configuration, or other suitable configuration.

[0038] The key memory 210 can be separately accessible via the pins 242 of the connector 240 relative to the data memory 220. More particularly, the one or more cryptographic keys 215 stored in the key memory 210 may not be accessible by the one or more pins 242 of the connector 240 at the same time as the data subject to cryptographic processing 225 stored in the data memory 220. In one embodiment, the one or more cryptographic keys 215 stored in the key memory 210 can be first transferred via the key memory interface 212 according to a first protocol. Subsequent to the transfer of the one or more cryptographic keys 215, the data subject to cryptographic processing 225 can be

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transferred via the data memory interface 222 via a second protocol. In other embodiments, the data subject to cryptographic processing 225 can be transferred prior to the transfer of the one or more cryptographic keys 215.

[0039] According to another example aspect of the present disclosure, the removable data cartridge(s) can include an embedded CIK device for user authentication during the cryptographic processing of data. In these example embodiments, a user desiring to perform cryptographic processing of data by one or more cryptographic units of a host system can interface the removable data cartridge(s) with the host system. A CIK device embedded in the removable data cartridge can communicate a CIK to the host system for user authentication. Once a user has been authenticated, data can be processed by the host system. For instance, data transferred to the host system can be encrypted and/or decrypted using one or more cryptographic keys.

[0040] For instance, FIG. 4 depicts an example removable data cartridge 130 with an embedded CIK device 250 according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. When the removable data cartridge 130 is engaged with or otherwise interfaced with the host system 110, the CIK device 250 embedded in the removable data cartridge can communicate a CIK to the host system 110 over a suitable CIK interface. In addition, the removable data cartridge 130 can transfer data subject to cryptographic processing (e.g., planning data) to the host system 110. The CIK can be communicated by the removable data cartridge 120 over the same interface or a different interface as the data subject to cryptographic processing.

[0041] For instance, in one embodiment, the data subject to cryptographic processing and the CIK can be communicated via at least one connector on the removable data cartridge 130 that is engaged with the host system 110. In one embodiment, the data subject to cryptographic processing can be communicated via the at least one connector on the removable data cartridge 130 that is engaged with the host system 110 and the CIK can be communicated over a separate interface, such as a dedicate CIK connector or a wireless interface.

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[0042] FIG. 5 depicts an example removable data cartridge 130 having an embedded CIK device according to example aspects of the present disclosure. The removable data cartridge 130 includes a housing 205 to house and protect various internal components of the removable data cartridge 130. As shown in FIG. 5, the removable data cartridge 130 includes a data memory 220. The data memory 220 can store data subject to cryptographic processing 225 (e.g., secure aviation data). The data memory 220 can include both encrypted and decrypted data. In some embodiments, the data memory 220 does not store data (e.g., one or more cryptographic keys) that is used in cryptographic processing of the data by one or more cryptographic units associated with a host system.

[0043] According to example aspects of the present disclosure, the removable data cartridge 130 includes an embedded CIK device 250. The embedded CIK device 250 can include circuitry configured to provide a CIK 255 to external devices for user authentication. For instance, a user can be associated with a particular CIK. An external device may need to receive the CIK associated with an authorized user prior to processing or communicating data. In one embodiment, the CIK device 250 can include a memory storing the CIK 255. In one embodiment, the CIK device 250 can include circuitry (e.g., a memory and transmitter) configured to wireless transmit a CIK for detection at an external device.

[0044] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 5 includes at least one connector 260. The connector 260 can be interfaced with an external device (e.g., a terminal or host system) by engaging the connector with a suitable slot, receptacle, or connection located on the external device to provide a mechanical and electrical connection with the external device. In the example embodiment shown in FIG. 5, the connector 260 can include first pins 262 and second pins 264. The first pins 262 and second pins 264 can be part of the same connector or separate connectors.

[0045] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 5 includes a CIK interface 252. The CIK interface 252 can communicate one or more CIKs 255 associated with the CIK device 250 using the first pins 262 of the connector(s) 260. The removable data cartridge 130 of

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FIG. 5 further includes a data memory interface 222 that is separate from the CIK interface 252. The data memory interface 222 can communicate data subject to cryptographic processing 225 stored in the data memory 220 using second pins 234 of the connector(s) 260.

[0046] In other embodiments, the CIK interface 252 can communicate one or more CIKs and the data memory interface 222 can communicate data subject to cryptographic processing over the same pins of connector connector(s) 260. For instance, one or more CIKs 255 can be first communicated via connector(s) 260 to an external device for user authentication. Data subject to cryptographic processing 225 can then be communicated via connector(s) 260 to the external device for cryptographic processing.

[0047] FIG. 6 depicts an example removable data cartridge 130 according to another example embodiment of the present disclosure. The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 6 can be a combination key fill device, data transfer device, and CIK device for use with a cryptographic system. More particularly, the removable data cartridge includes a key memory 210, a data memory 220, and a CIK device 250 all stored within the same housing 205. The key memory 210 can store one or more cryptographic keys 215 for use by a host system in cryptographic processing of data. The data memory 220 can store data subject to cryptographic processing 225 (e.g., secure aviation data). The data memory 220 can include both encrypted and decrypted data. In some embodiment, the data memory 220 does not store data (e.g., one or more cryptographic keys) that is used in cryptographic processing of the data by one or more cryptographic units associated with a host system.

[0048] The CIK device 250 can include circuitry configured to provide a CIK 255 to external devices for user authentication. In one embodiment, the CIK device 250 can include a memory storing the CIK 255. In one embodiment, the CIK device 250 can include circuitry (e.g., a memory and transmitter) configured to wireless transmit a CIK for detection at an external device.

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[0049] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 6 includes one or more connectors 270. The connector(s) 270 can be interfaced with an external device (e.g., a terminal or host system) by engaging the connector(s) with a suitable slot, receptacle, or connection located on the external device to provide a mechanical and electrical connection with the external device.

[0050] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 6 includes a key memory interface 212. The key memory interface 212 can communicate one or more cryptographic keys 215 stored in the key memory 210 via the connector(s) 270 according to a first protocol. The first protocol can be a serial protocol suitable for the transfer of cryptographic keys, such as a serial protocol used by key fill devices. As an example, the first protocol can be a DS-101 or DS-102 protocol used for the transfer of key material. Other suitable protocols can be used as the first protocol without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure, such as a USB protocol, I2C protocol, SPI protocol, or other suitable protocol.

[0051] The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 6 further includes a data memory interface 222 that is separate from the key memory interface 212. The data memory interface 222 can communicate data subject to cryptographic processing 225 stored in the data memory 220 via connector(s) 270 using a second protocol. In some embodiments, the second protocol can be different from the first protocol. The second protocol can be, for instance, a serial protocol suitable for the transfer of data subject to cryptographic processing 225, such as a USB protocol, I2C protocol, SPI protocol, or other suitable protocol. The removable data cartridge 130 of FIG. 6 includes a CIK interface 252. The CIK interface 252 can communicate one or more CIKs 255 associated with the CIK device 250 using connector(s) 270. The one or more CIKs 255 can be used by the host system for user authentication.

[0052] One example host system according to example embodiments of the present disclosure can be an avionic data transfer system having a plurality of cryptographic units. According to example aspects of the present disclosure, a host device (e.g., a cryptographic unit or other device) of the avionic data transfer system can act as a key server distributing

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one or more cryptographic keys loaded to the host device using a removable data cartridge to the one or more cryptographic units of the avionic data transfer system.

[0053] FIG. 7 depicts an example host system 110 according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. The host system 110 can be an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft. The host system 110 can include a plurality of cryptographic units 115. In FIG. 7, the host system 110 includes four cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4. Those of ordinary skill in the art, using the disclosures provided herein, will understand that more or fewer cryptographic units 115 can be included in the host system 110 without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure.

[0054] The host system 110 includes a host device 112. The host device 112 can be a cryptographic unit configured for cryptographically processing of data. In addition and/or in the alternative, the host device 112 can be a dedicated device for interfacing with a key fill device or other external device for receiving one or more cryptographic keys. The host device 112 can include a slot, socket, receptacle, or connection to interface with an external device for loading one or more cryptographic keys to the host device 112.

[0055] In one embodiment, the host device 112 can be interfaced with a removable data cartridge 130. The removable data cartridge 130 can be any removable data cartridge according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. In one embodiment, the removable data cartridge 130 includes both a key memory storing one or more cryptographic keys and a data memory storing data subject to cryptographic processing. In this way, the removable data cartridge 130 can act as both a key fill device and a data transfer device. In some embodiments, the removable data cartridge 130 can include an embedded CIK device.

[0056] The host device 112 can be in communication with the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4 over a data bus 118. For instance, the host device 112 can be in communication with the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4 via an aircraft data bus, such as an MIL-STD-1554, ARINC-429, or other suitable data bus. In

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other embodiments, the host device 112 can be in communication with the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4 over an Ethernet connection or other data bus.

[0057] The host device 112 can act as a key server for the avionic data transfer system. More particularly, the host device 112 can receive one or more cryptographic keys from the removable data cartridge 130 according to example aspects of the present disclosure. The one or more cryptographic keys can include encrypted keys (“black keys”) or decrypted keys (“red keys”). The host device 112 can also receive data subject to cryptographic processing (e.g., secure aviation data) from the removable data cartridge 130. The host device 112 can use the red keys and/or can decrypt the black keys for cryptographic processing of the data received from the removable data cartridge 130. In addition, the host device 130 can distribute one or more of the red keys and/or black keys to various of the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4 for cryptographic processing of data at the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4.

[0058] In one embodiment, the host device 112 can include a user interface (e.g., a graphical user interface presented on a display associated with the host device) that allows a user to interact with the host device 112 to distribute the one or more cryptographic keys among the various cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4. For example, a user can interact with the user interface to specify that a particular cryptographic key is to be distributed to cryptographic unit 115.2. The host device 112 can then distribute the cryptographic key to the cryptographic unit 115.2 for cryptographic processing.

[0059] In one embodiment, the host device 112 can automatically distribute the one or more cryptographic keys to the cryptographic units 115.1, 115.2, 115.3, and 115.4 based on header data associated with the one or more cryptographic keys received from the removable data cartridge 130. The header data for a cryptographic key can specify a particular destination cryptographic unit for the cryptographic key. For instance, the host device 112 can receive a cryptographic key having header data specifying that the cryptographic key is for use with cryptographic unit 115.1. The host device 112 can automatically distribute the cryptographic key to cryptographic unit 115.1 for

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cryptographic processing of data. The header data can be associated with the cryptographic key, for instance, at a terminal used for aviation planning.

[0060] According to example embodiments of the present disclosure, a cryptographic key configuration (CKC) can be generated at a terminal for configuration of various aspects of a cryptographic system. The CKC can be stored on a removable data cartridge at the terminal and transported to a host system, such as an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft. The CKC can be loaded into the avionic data transfer system and used to configure various aspects of the avionic data transfer system, such as mapping of authorized users and CIKs, mapping of cryptographic keys to various cryptographic units, etc.

[0061] FIG. 8 depicts a representation of an example cryptographic key configuration (CKC) 300 according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. The CKC can include one or more of the authorized user account data 302, data 304 mapping authorized user accounts to CIKs, cryptographic key data 306, data 308 mapping cryptographic keys to one or more channels, slots, and/or cryptographic units, and/or a load script 310 for loading cryptographic keys and other information to an avionic data transfer system. In some embodiments, the CKC 300 can be a platform CKC (PCKC) that further includes data 312 indicative of cryptographic unit identifiers as well as a mapping of information to cryptographic units of an avionic data transfer system.

[0062] The authorized user account data 302 can include data identifying authorized users of the avionic data transfer system, such as individuals authorized to load and process secure aviation data into the avionic data transfer system. The data 304 can include one or more CIKs and data mapping CIKs to authorized users. The data 304 can be used by the avionic data transfer system in requiring the presence of a CIK from a CIK device (e.g., a removable data cartridge with an embedded CIK device) to authenticate an authorized user of the avionic data transfer system.

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[0063] The one or more cryptographic keys 306 can be used by the host system for cryptographic processing of data (e.g., encrypting and/or decrypting data using various encryption algorithms). For instance, in one example embodiment, the one or more cryptographic keys 306 can be used to cryptographically process secure aviation data. The cryptographic keys 306 and data subject to cryptographic processing can be stored on the same removable storage device, such as a removable data cartridge having a dedicated key memory and a dedicated data memory according to example embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0064] The data 308 can be used to map cryptographic keys to various channels, slots, or cryptographic units in the host system. For instance, the data 308 can include header data associated with each of the one or more cryptographic keys. The header data for each cryptographic key can be indicative of the channel, slot, and/or cryptographic unit the cryptographic key is to be used for the cryptographic processing of data.

[0065] The load script 310 can be used to load the information from the CKC to the avionic data transfer system. In one embodiment, the load script can implement a key loader for loading keys to a data transfer system from a removable data cartridge according to example aspects of the present disclosure. For instance, the load script can cause one or more cryptographic keys to be loaded to a host device of the avionic data transfer system when the removable data cartridge is interfaced with the host device.

[0066] In some embodiments, the CKC can be a PCKC and can include additional data 312 indicative of cryptographic unit identifiers as well as a mapping of information to cryptographic units of an avionic data transfer system. The PCKC can be used to configure an avionic data transfer system having a plurality of cryptographic units. Cryptographic keys can be distributed to the plurality of cryptographic units, using for instance, a host device acting as a key server and in communication with the plurality of cryptographic units over, for instance, a data bus.

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[0067] According to example embodiments of the present disclosure, the CKC can be generated at a terminal remote from the avionic data transfer system. For instance, FIG. 9 depicts a terminal 120 that can be used to generate a CKC according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. The terminal 120 can be used to generate the CKC and transfer the CKC to a removable data cartridge 130. The removable data cartridge 130 can then be interfaced with the avionic data transfer system to configure the cryptographic elements of the avionic data transfer system.

[0068] As shown the terminal 120 can access various databases to generate the CKC according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. For instance, the terminal 120 can access one or more of a user account database 312, a CIK identifier database 314, a cryptographic key database 316, a CKC database 318, and cryptographic unit identifier database 320. The user account database 312 can store data associated with authorized users of one or more cryptographic systems. The CIK identifier database 314 can store data associated with CIKs used for user authentication. Cryptographic key database 316 can store cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data by one or more cryptographic systems. CKC database 318 can store CKCs generated by the terminal 120, and cryptographic unit identifier database 320 can store data associated with various cryptographic units in one or more cryptographic systems.

[0069] The terminal 120 can access data stored in one or more of the databases 312, 314, 316, 318, and 320 and use the data to generate a CKC. The terminal 120 can include one or more processors and one or more memory devices storing computer-readable instructions that when executed by the one or more processors cause the one or more processors to implement a user interface 125. The user interface 125 allows an administrator to interact with the terminal to perform one or more CKC actions to generate a CKC. The CKC actions can include one or more of the following actions: (1) Retrieve user account data from a repository of user account data. (2) Create/modify/delete user account data in a repository of user account data. (3) Authorize user accounts for cryptographic processing. (4) Retrieve CIK identifier from a repository of CIK identifiers.

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(5) Create/modify/delete CIK identifiers in a repository of CIK identifiers. (6) Create/modify/delete links between CIK identifiers and User Account Data. (7) Retrieve cryptographic keys from a repository of cryptographic keys. (8) Create/modify/delete links between cryptographic unit channel slots and cryptographic keys. (10) Create/modify/delete CKCs in a repository of CKCs. (11) Create/modify/delete CKC files on a medium for transport to a host system, such as a removable data cartridge.

[0070] In embodiments where PCKCs are created, the user interface can allow the administrator to additionally perform one or more of the following CKC actions: (1) Create/modify/delete links between cryptographic equipment identifiers and user account data and CIKs and keys, and platforms. (2) Create/modify/delete scripts to automate the loading of PCKCs into cryptographic equipment on a platform. (3) Create/modify/delete PCKCs in a repository of PCKCs. (4) Create/modify/delete PCKC files on a medium for transport to a platform, such as a removable data cartridge.

[0071] Once the CKC has been generated at the terminal, the CKC can be stored on the removable data cartridge 130. The removable data cartridge 130 can then be interfaced with an avionic data transfer system to configure the avionic data transfer system for cryptographic processing of data according to example embodiments of the present disclosure.

[0072] FIG. 10 depicts a flow diagram of an example method (400) according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. The method can be implemented using a cryptographic system, such as any of the cryptographic systems discussed herein. In addition, FIG. 10 depicts steps performed in a particular order for purposes of illustration and discussion. Those of ordinary skill in the art, using the disclosures provided herein, will understand that the steps of any of the methods described herein can be modified, expanded, omitted, adapted, or rearranged without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure.

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[0073] According to example aspects of the present disclosure, the method (400) can be performed by a host device. The host device can include one or more processors and one or more memory devices. The host device can be a cryptographic unit configured for cryptographically processing data. Alternatively, the host device can also be a dedicated device for interfacing with a removable data cartridge. The host device can be in communication with a plurality of cryptographic units via a data bus. The data bus can be, for instance, an aircraft data bus, such as a MIL-STD-1554, ARINC-429, or other suitable data bus.

[0074] At (402), a removable data cartridge is engaged with the host device via at least one connector associated with the removable data cartridge. For example, the removable data cartridge can be inserted into a suitable receptacle, slot, or connection at the host device. The removable data storage device can include a key fill device. In one embodiment, the removable data storage device can include a dedicated key memory storing the one or more cryptographic keys and a dedicated data memory storing the data subject to cryptographic processing (e.g., secure aviation data). The removable data cartridge can further include a CIK device configured to communicate a CIK for user authentication.

[0075] At (404), the method includes receiving one or more cryptographic keys at the host device. For instance, the one or more cryptographic keys can be received at the host device from a removable data cartridge. The one or more cryptographic keys can include encrypted keys and/or decrypted keys. At (406), the method can further include receiving data subject to cryptographic processing from the removable data cartridge. In one embodiment, the one or more cryptographic keys can be received via a key interface from a dedicated key memory in the removable data cartridge. The data subject to cryptographic processing can be received via a data memory interface from a dedicated data memory in the removable data cartridge.

[0076] At (406), the method includes identifying at least one cryptographic unit of the plurality of cryptographic units in communication with the host device for distribution of

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the cryptographic keys. In one embodiment, the at least one cryptographic unit is identified based at least in part on a user interaction with the host device (e.g., via a user interface) specifying the at least one cryptographic unit for distribution of the cryptographic keys. In one embodiment, the at least one cryptographic unit can be identified based on header data associated with the cryptographic keys. The header data for a cryptographic key can specify a particular destination cryptographic unit for the cryptographic key.

[0077] At (408), the method can include transferring the cryptographic keys to the identified cryptographic unit. In this way, the host device can act as a key server for the cryptographic keys. At (410), the method can include processing data at the at least one cryptographic unit based at least in part on the cryptographic keys. For instance, the method can include encrypting or decrypting the data subject to cryptographic processing at the at least one cryptographic unit based at least in part on the one or more cryptographic keys.

[0078] Although specific features of various embodiments may be shown in some drawings and not in others, this is for convenience only. In accordance with the principles of the present disclosure, any feature of a drawing may be referenced and/or claimed in combination with any feature of any other drawing.

[0079] While there have been described herein what are considered to be preferred and exemplary embodiments of the present invention, other modifications of these embodiments falling within the scope of the invention described herein shall be apparent to those skilled in the art.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of providing cryptographic keys in an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft, the method comprising:

engaging a removable data storage device with a host device via at least one connector;

receiving, at the host device, one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data from the removable data storage device interfaced with the host device;

identifying, by the host device, at least one cryptographic unit of a plurality of cryptographic units in communication with the host device over a data bus for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys;

transferring, by the host device, the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus,

wherein engaging the removable data storage device with a host device comprises inserting the removable data storage device into a slot in the host device,

wherein the removable data storage device comprises a dedicated key memory storing the one or more cryptographic keys and a dedicated data memory storing data subject to cryptographic processing, and

wherein transferring, by the host device, a respective one of the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit comprises automatically distributing the respective one of the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit by the host device when the removable data storage device is engaged with the host device.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the method comprises receiving, at the host device, data subject to cryptographic processing from the removable data storage device, and

wherein the method comprises receiving, at the host device, both encrypted data and unencrypted data.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the method comprises processing data at the at least one cryptographic unit based at least in part on the one or more cryptographic keys transferred to the at least one cryptographic unit from the host device over the data bus.

4. A method of providing cryptographic keys in an avionic data transfer system associated with an aircraft, the method comprising:

engaging a removable data storage device with a host device via at least one connector;

receiving, at the host device, one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data from the removable data storage device interfaced with the host device;

identifying, by the host device, at least one cryptographic unit of a plurality of cryptographic units in communication with the host device over a data bus for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys;

transferring, by the host device, the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus,

wherein the removable data storage device comprises an embedded cryptographic ignition key (CIK) device,

wherein the plurality of cryptographic units are in communication with each other via one or more Ethernet connections, and

wherein the at least one cryptographic unit is identified based at least in part on a user interaction with the host device specifying the at least one cryptographic unit.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein the one or more cryptographic keys comprise header data.

6. The method of claim 5, wherein the at least one cryptographic unit is identified based at least in part on the header data.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more cryptographic keys comprise encrypted keys and decrypted keys.

8. The method of claim 1, wherein the host device comprises a cryptographic unit.

9. The method of claim 1, wherein the host device comprises a dedicated device for interfacing with the removable data storage device, and wherein the data bus comprises an ARINC-429 data bus.

10. The method of claim 5, wherein the data bus comprises a MIL-STD-1554 data bus.

11. An avionic data transfer system, comprising:  
a host device;  
a plurality of cryptographic units coupled to the host device via a data bus;  
wherein the host device comprises one or more processors and one or more memory devices, the memory devices storing computer-readable instructions that when executed by the one or more processors cause the one or more processors to perform operations, the operations comprising:

receiving one or more cryptographic keys for cryptographic processing of data from a removable data storage device interfaced with the host device;

identifying at least one cryptographic unit of the plurality of cryptographic units for distribution of the one or more cryptographic keys; and

transferring the one or more cryptographic keys to the at least one cryptographic unit via the data bus,

wherein the removable data storage device comprises an embedded cryptographic ignition key (CIK) device,

wherein the plurality of cryptographic units are in communication with each other via one or more Ethernet connections, and

wherein the at least one cryptographic unit is identified based at least in part on a user interaction with the host device specifying the at least one cryptographic unit.

12. The avionic data transfer system of claim 11, wherein the one or more cryptographic keys comprise header data.

13. The avionic data transfer system of claim 12, wherein the at least one cryptographic unit is identified based at least in part on the header data.

14. The cryptographic system of claim 1, wherein the data subject to cryptographic processing comprises aviation data.

15. A removable data storage device for communicating cryptographic data to a host in an avionics data transfer system including one or more cryptographic units, the removable data storage device comprising:

a housing including connectors for physical engagement with the host;

a module within the housing and including one or more cryptographic keys;

a key interface (i) coupled to the module and (ii) configured for user selectable communication of only the one or more cryptographic keys to the host via a first of the connectors;

a data memory within the housing for storage of securable data subject to cryptographic processing responsive to the one or more cryptographic keys; and

a data interface (i) coupled to the data memory and (ii) configured for communication of only the securable data to the host via a second of the connectors.

16. The removable data storage device of claim 15, further comprising a user programmable key loader; and

wherein the module is a key memory configured for storing the one or more cryptographic keys, the user selecting particular ones of the one or more cryptographic keys for communication using the key interface via programming of the key loader.

17. The removable data storage device of claim 15, wherein the key interface is a wireless interface electrically coupled to the module; and

wherein the module includes circuitry for wireless transmission of the one or more cryptographic keys via the wireless interface.

18. The removable data storage device of claim 17, wherein each of the cryptographic keys includes a header for associating the key with a respective one of the one or more cryptographic units when the housing is in physical engagement with the host.

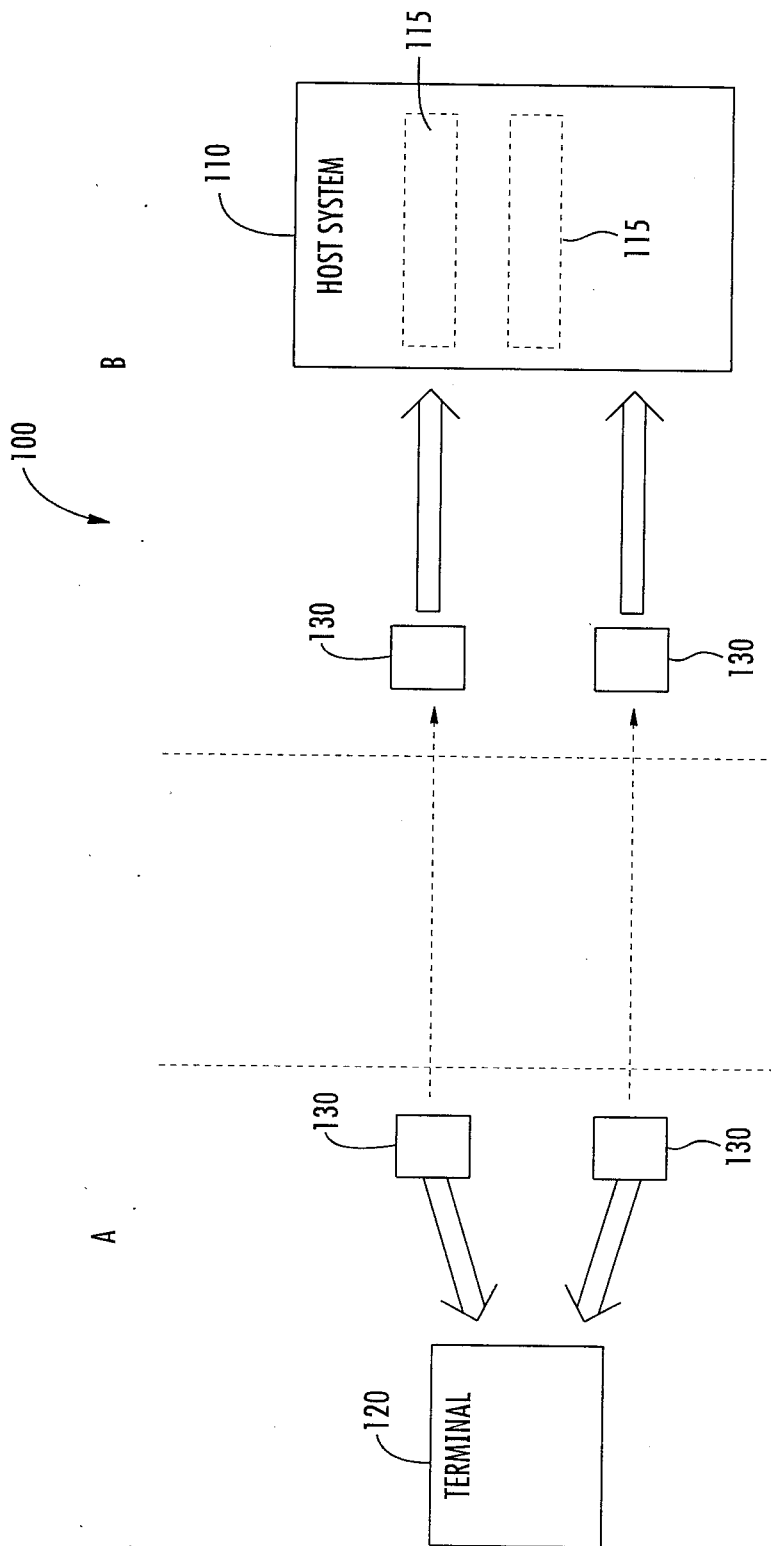


FIG. 1

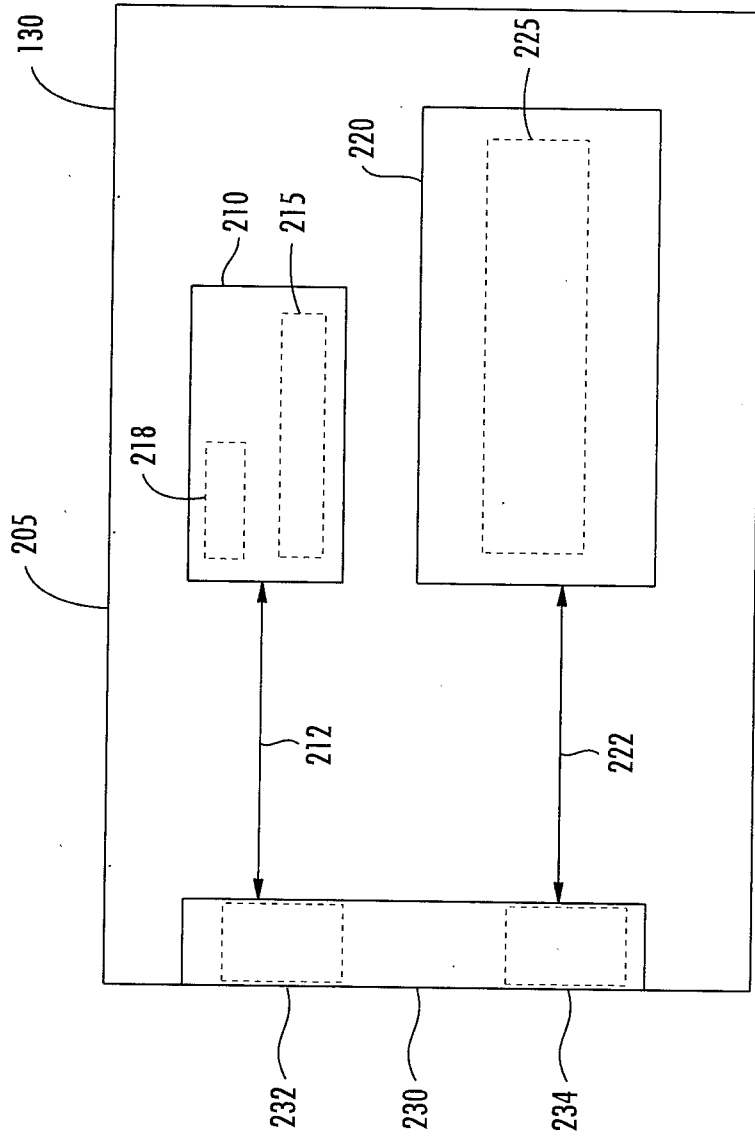


FIG. 2

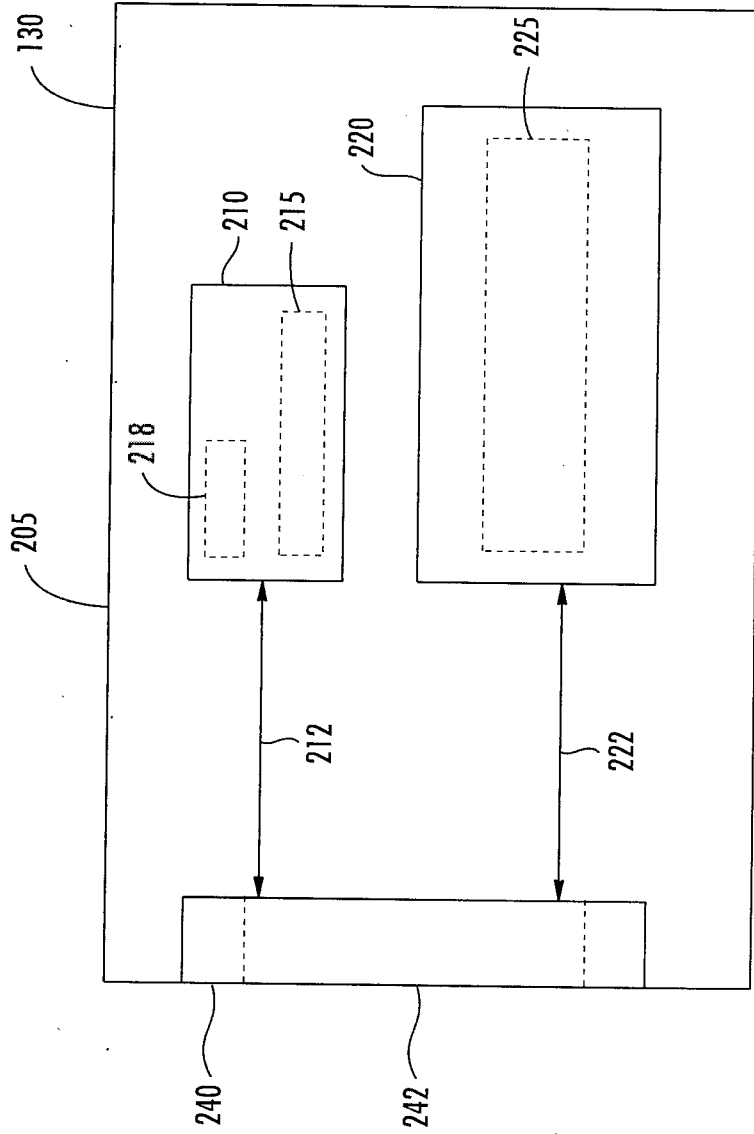


FIG. 3

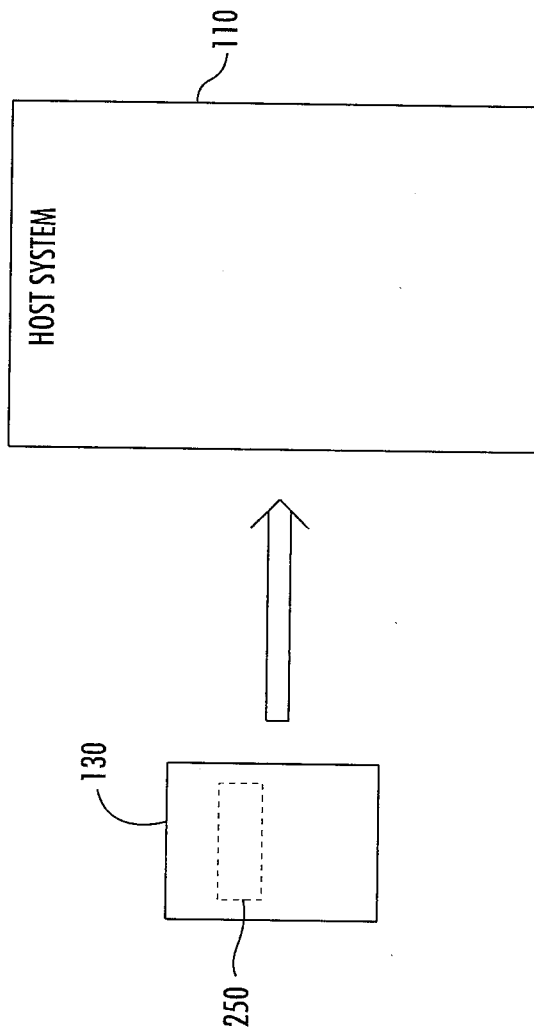


FIG. 4

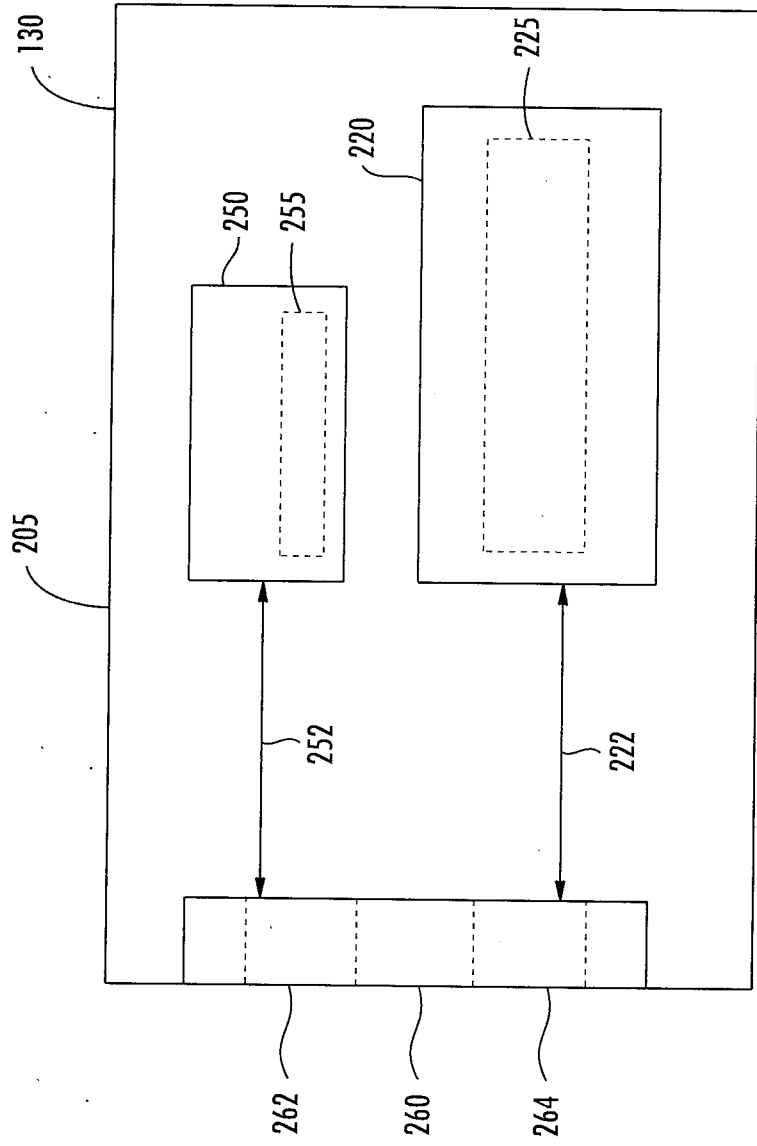


FIG 5

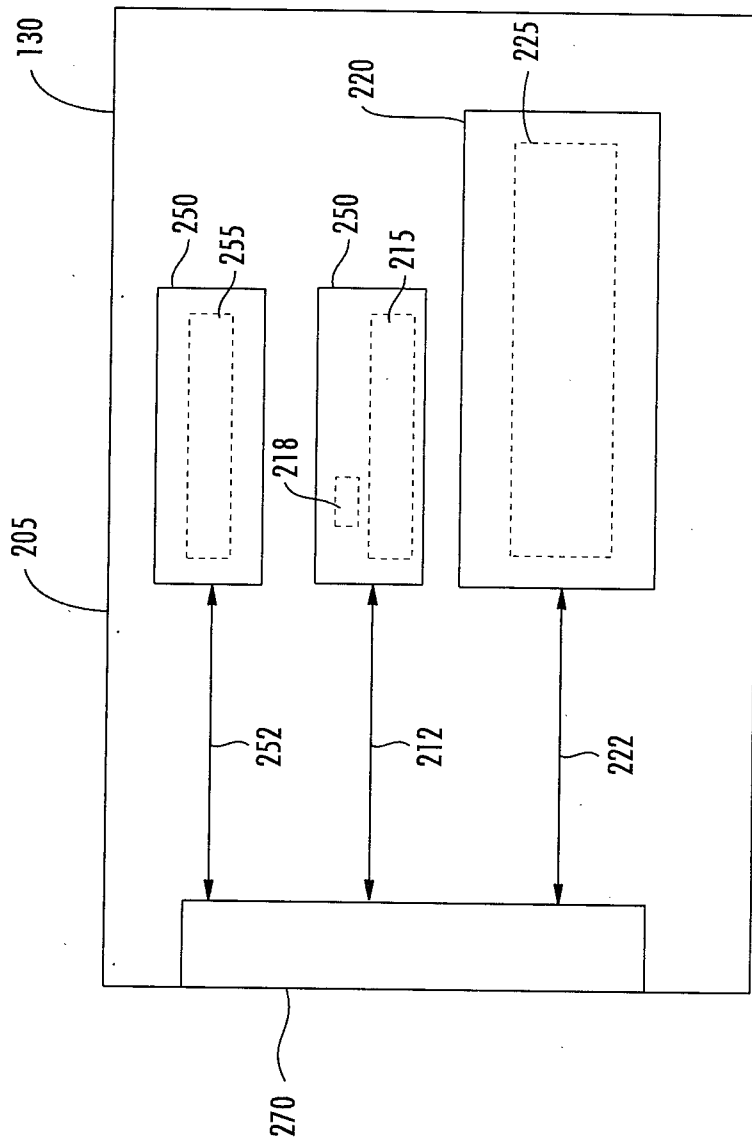


FIG. 6

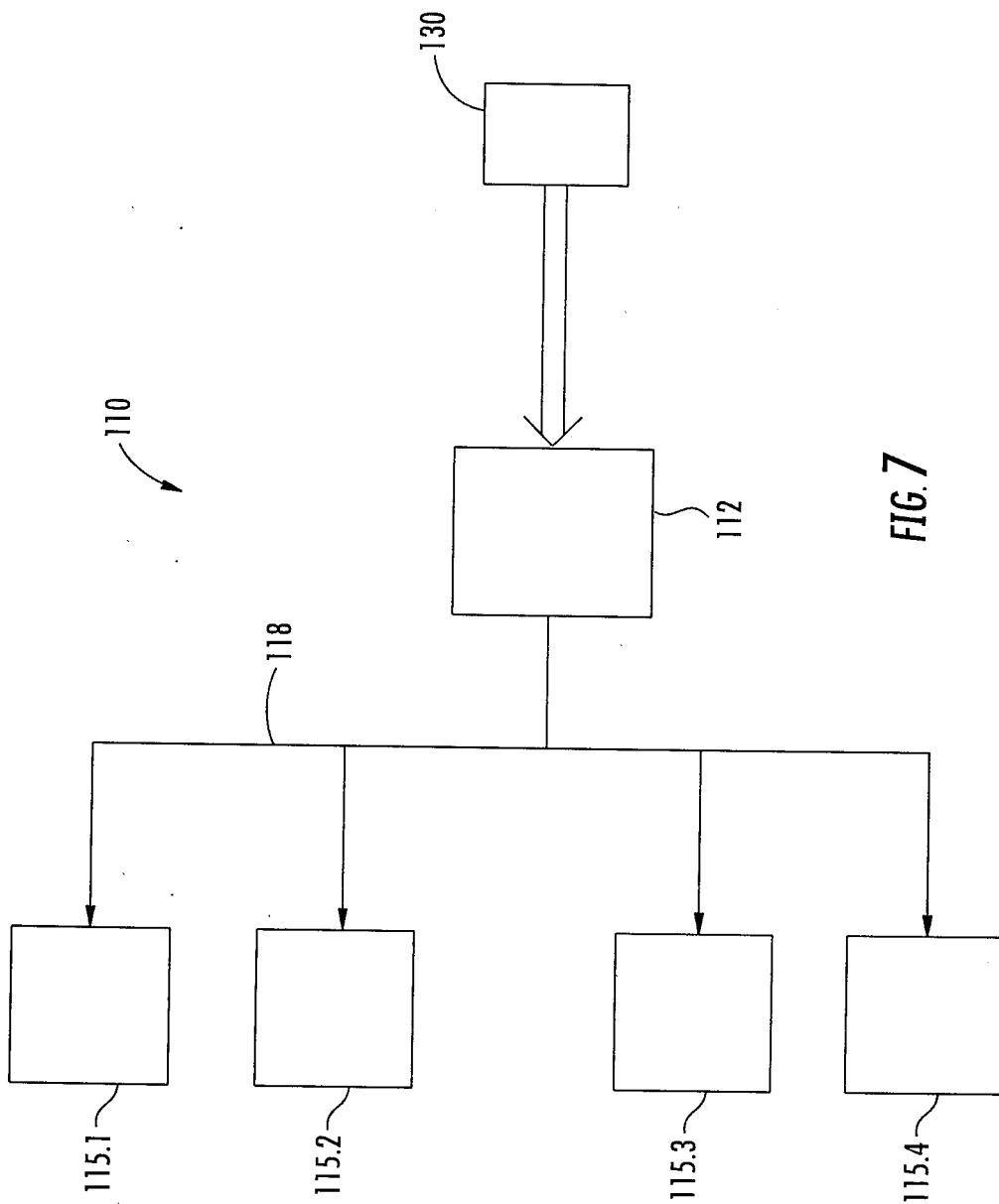


FIG. 7

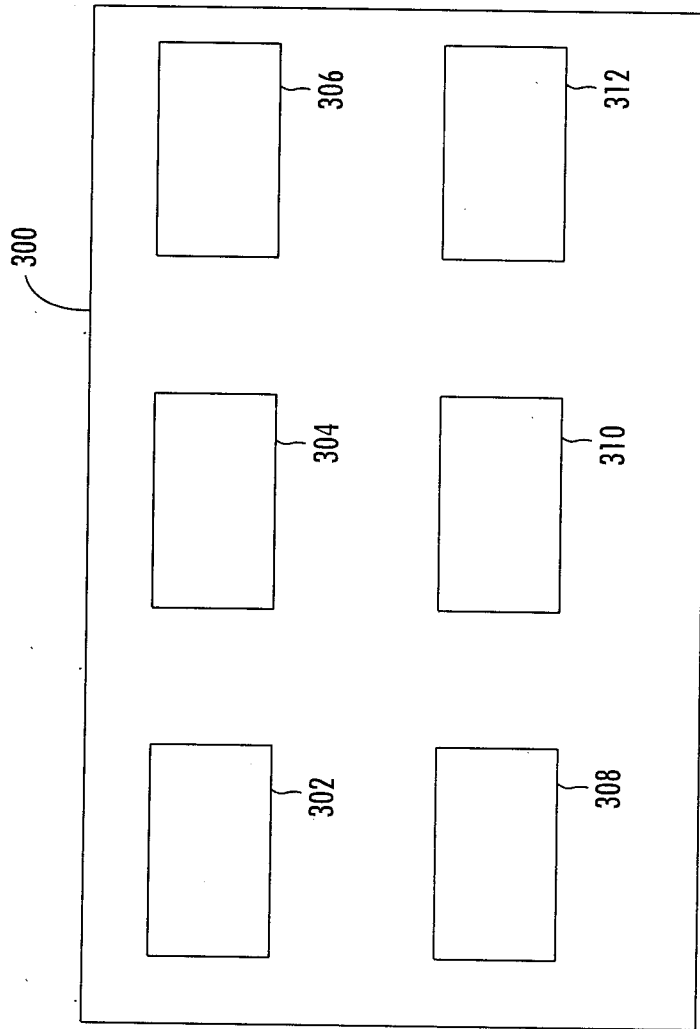


FIG. 8

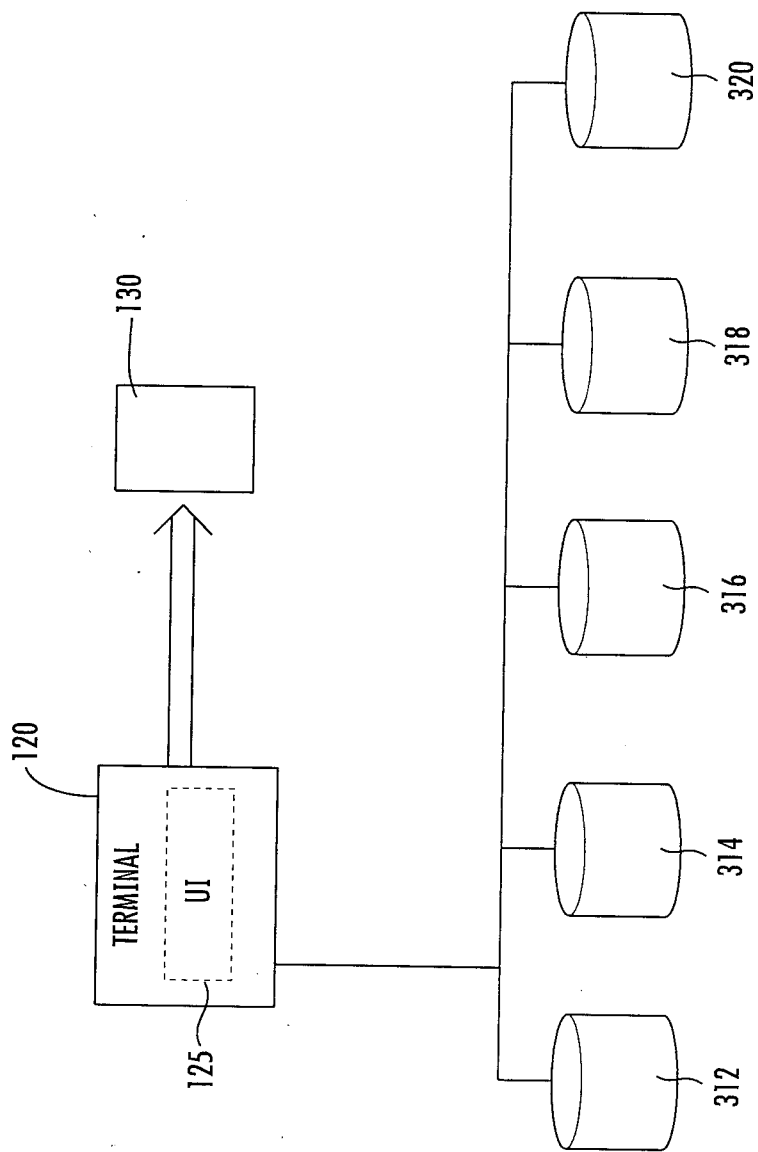


FIG. 9

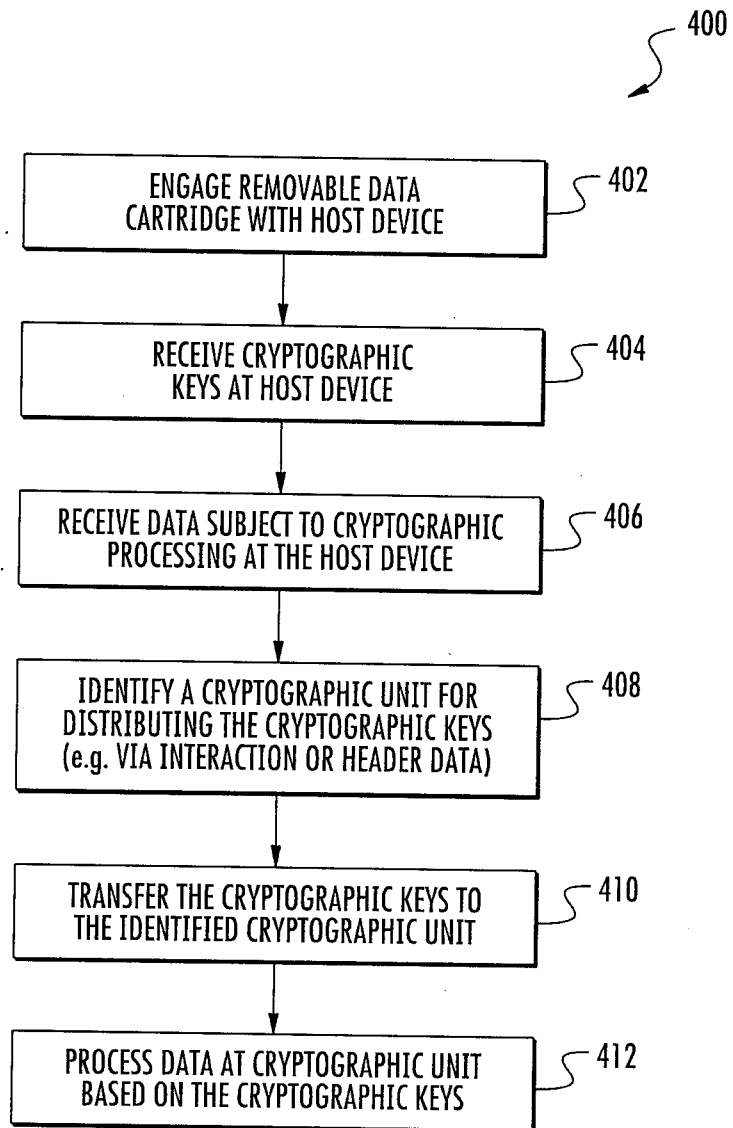


FIG. 10

