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(54) **METHOD AND DEVICE FOR PERFORMING REMOTE TASK USING GUEST DEVICE**

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CPC H04L 67/10; H04W 24/10; H04W 88/02
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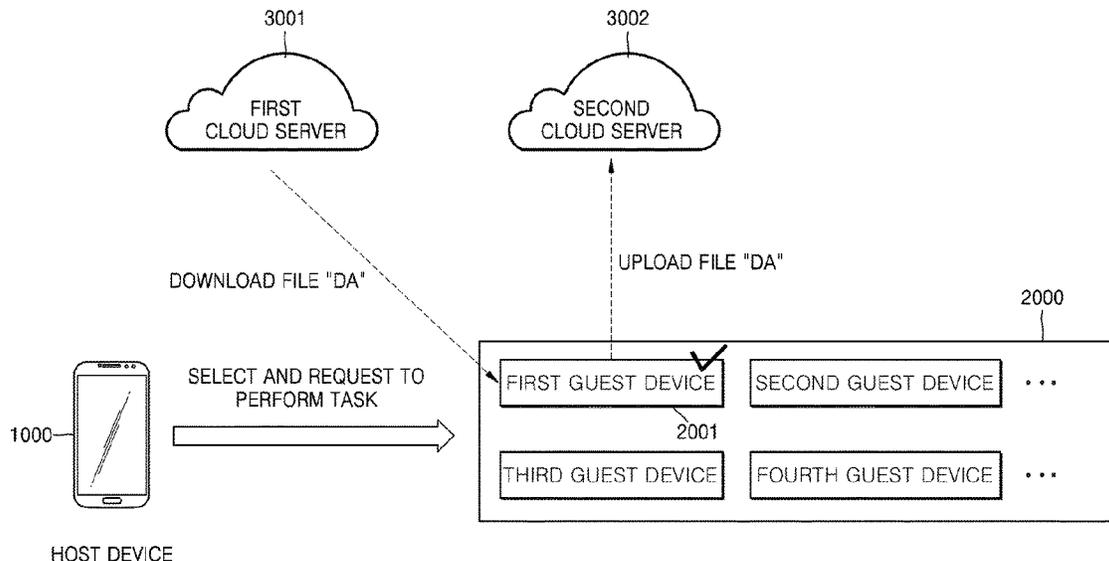
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(57) **ABSTRACT**
A method whereby a host device accesses a remote server and performs a task is disclosed, the method including receiving a task command regarding the remote server; searching for a guest device capable of communicating with the host device and the remote server; determining a task performing pattern based on a found guest device and details of the task; and, according to the determined task performing pattern, performing the task via the host device and one or more devices selected from among found guest devices.

20 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets



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FIG. 1

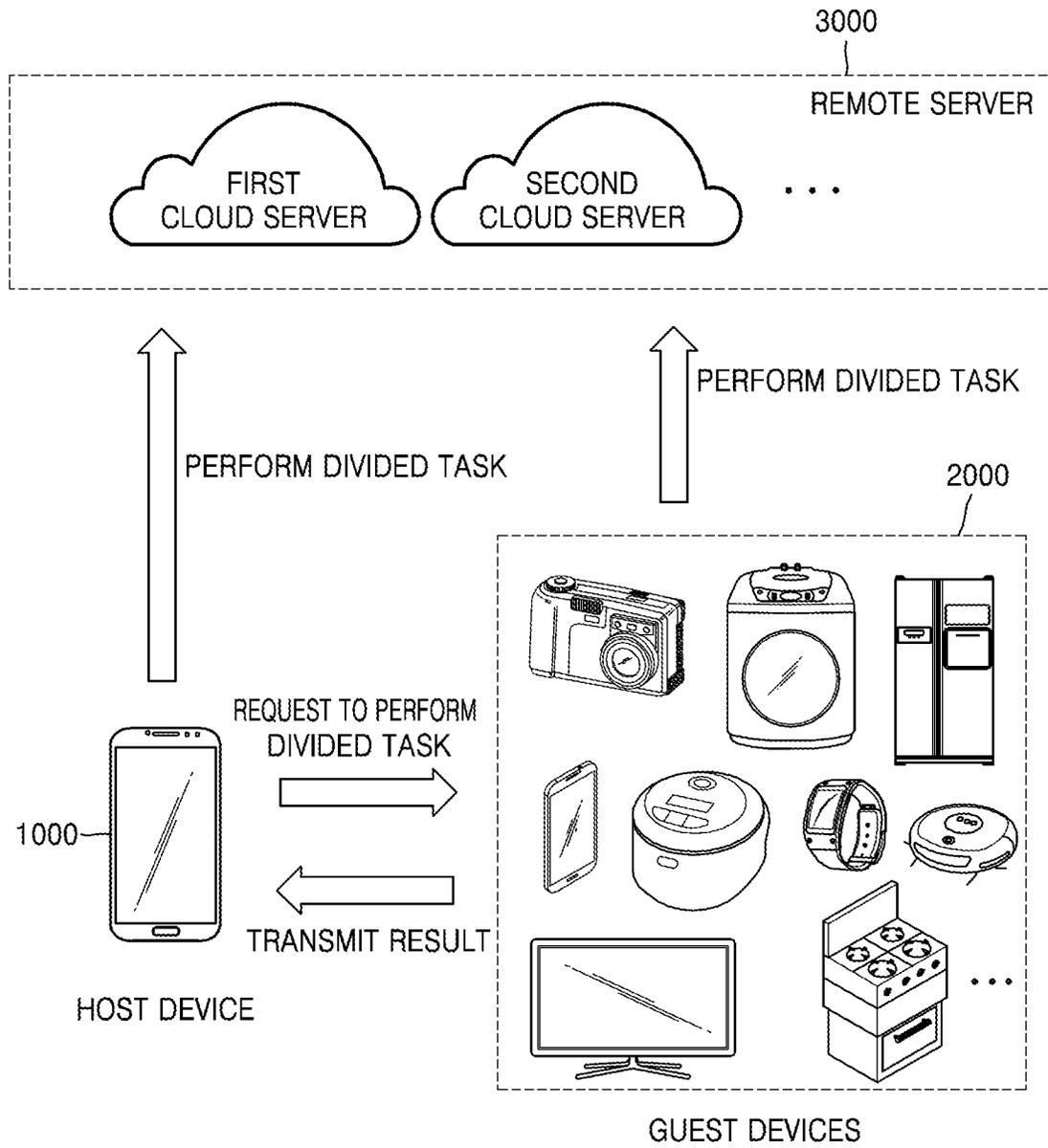


FIG. 2

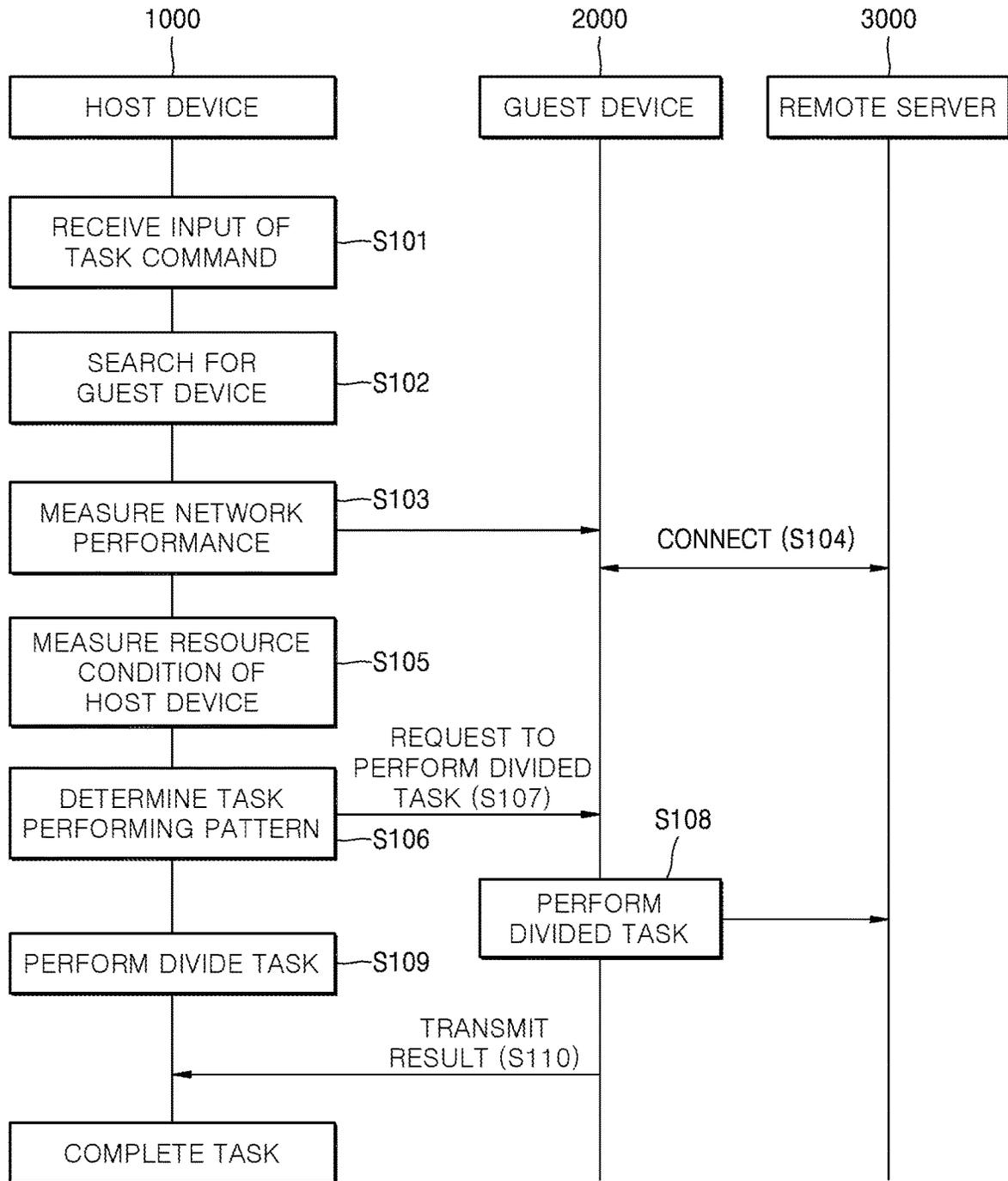


FIG. 3

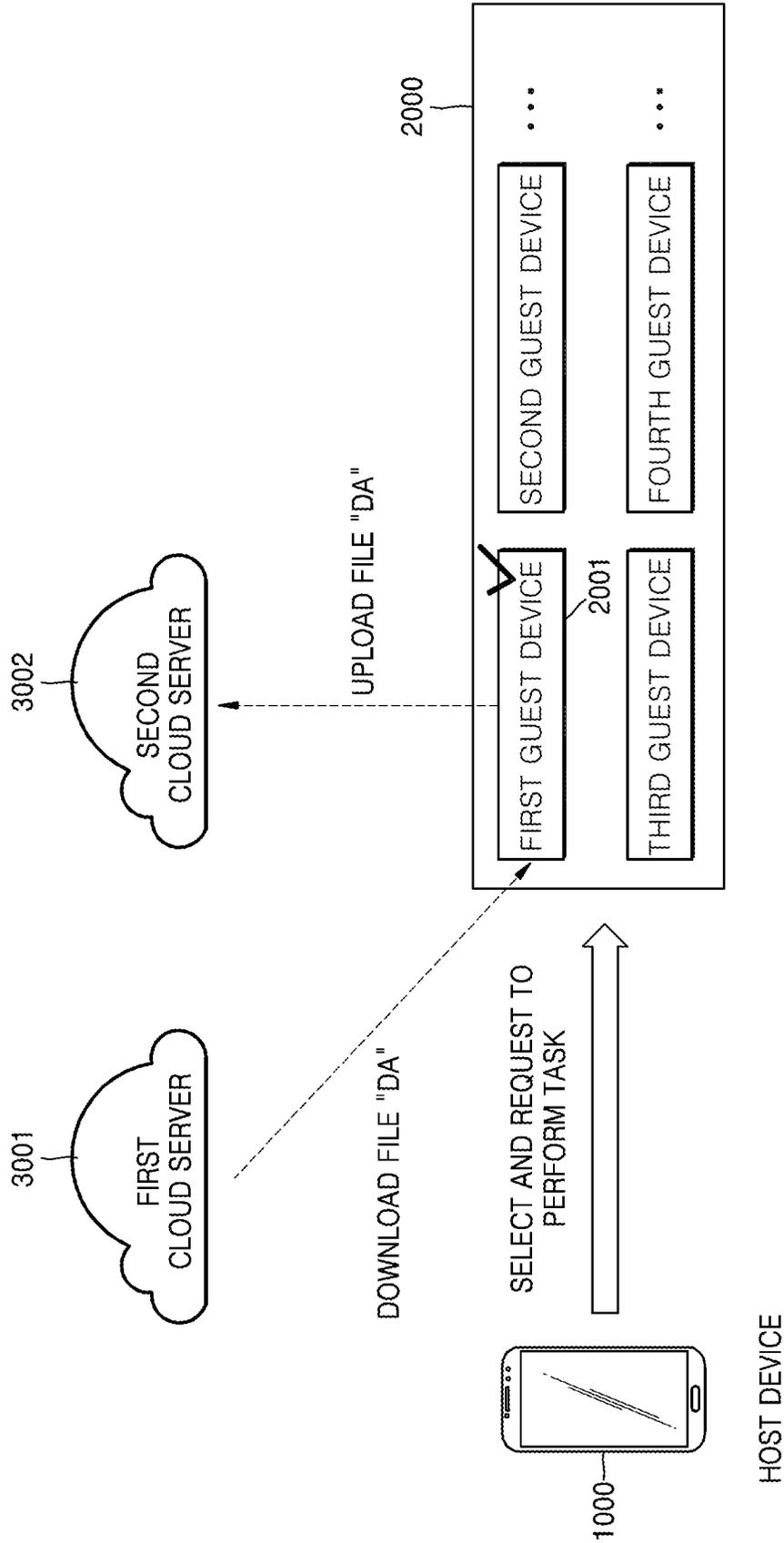


FIG. 4

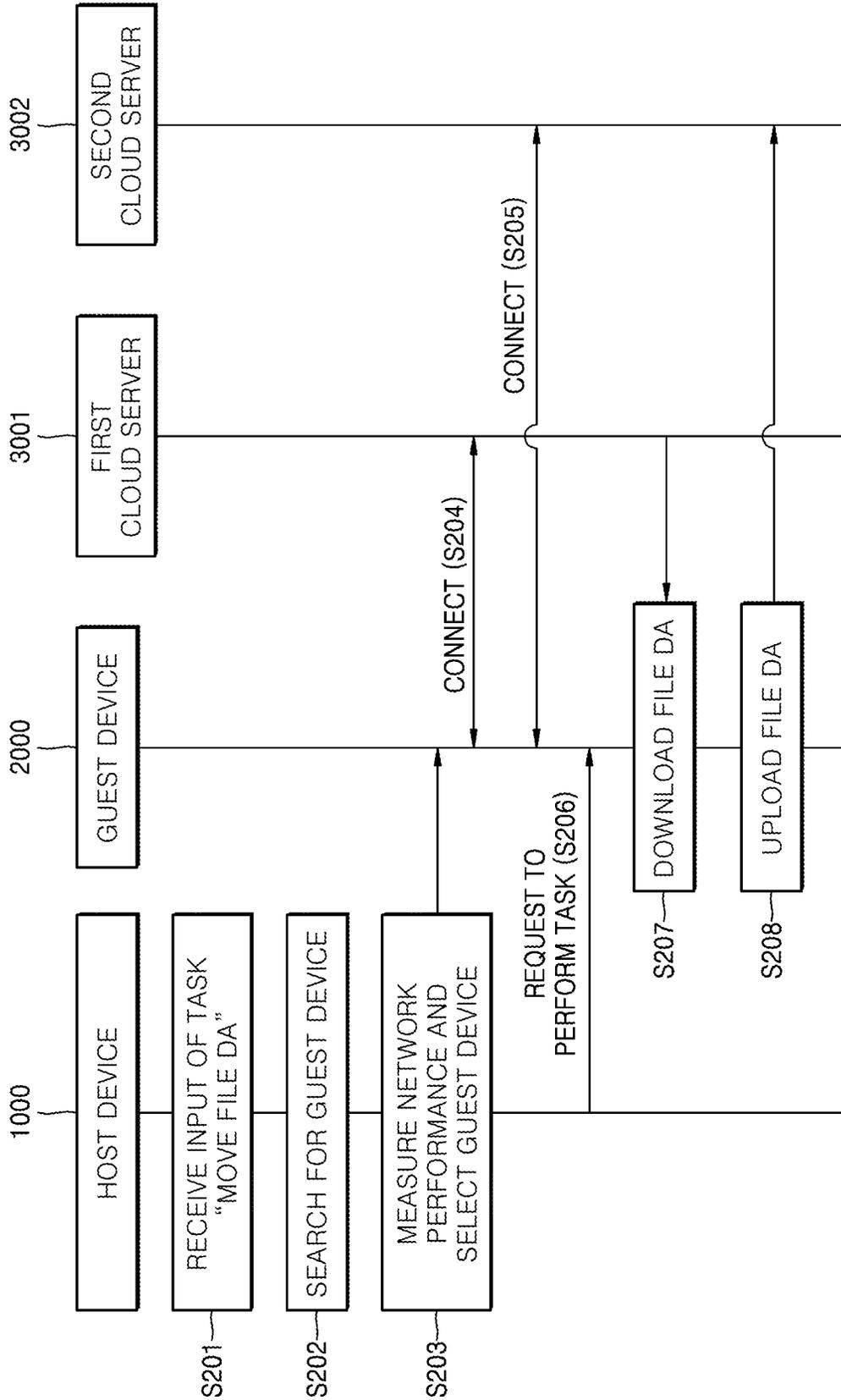


FIG. 5

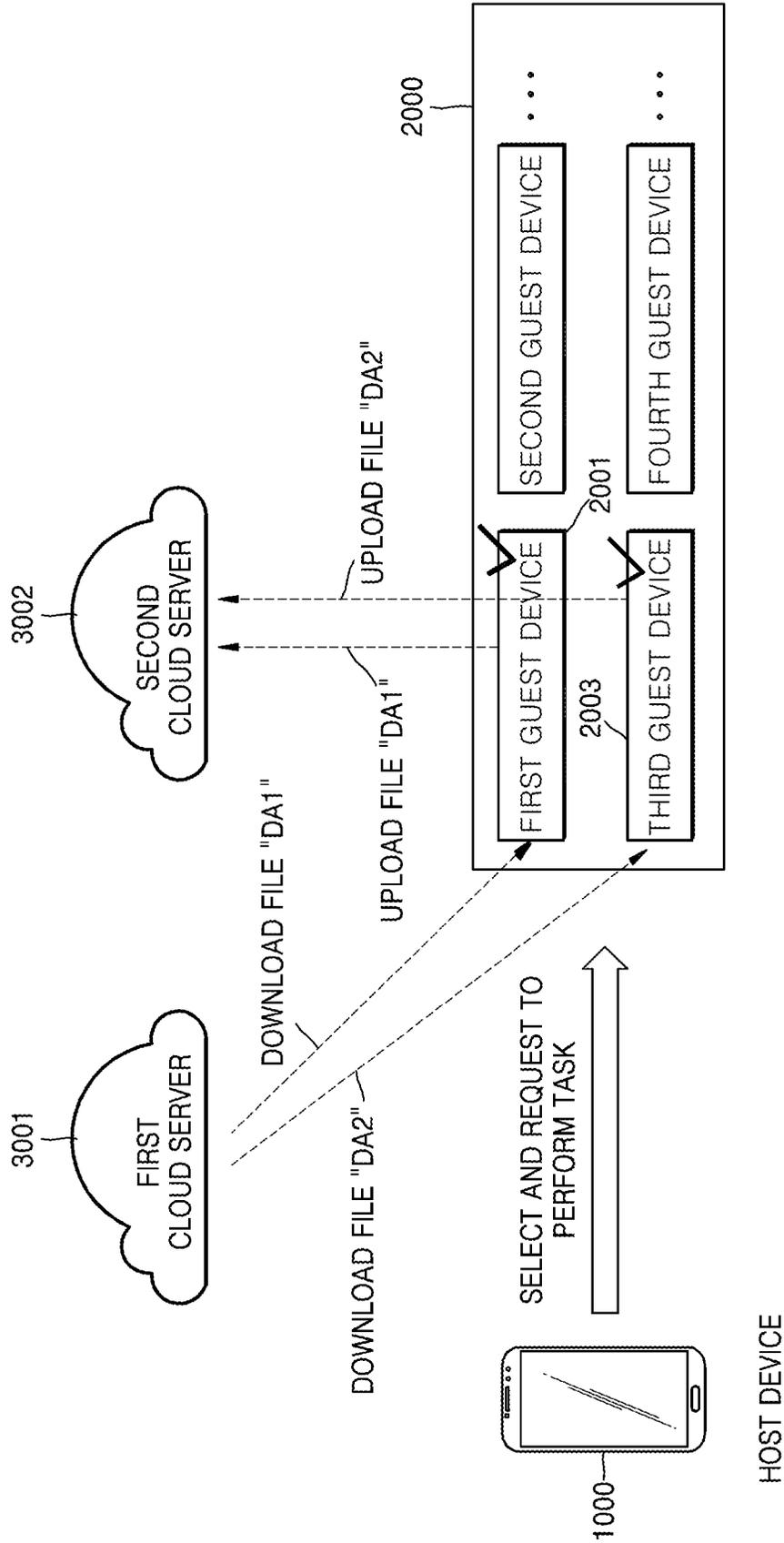


FIG. 6

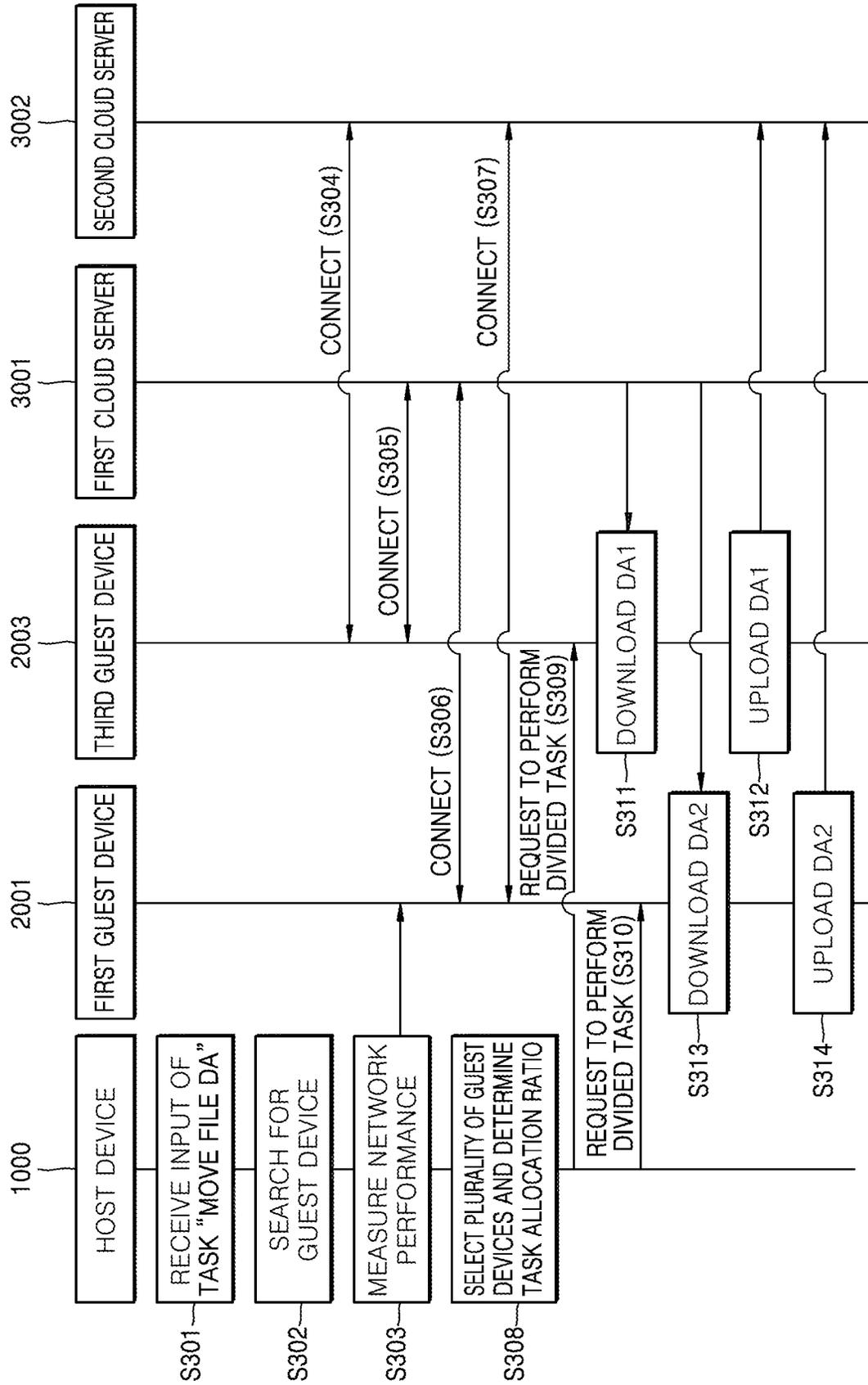


FIG. 7

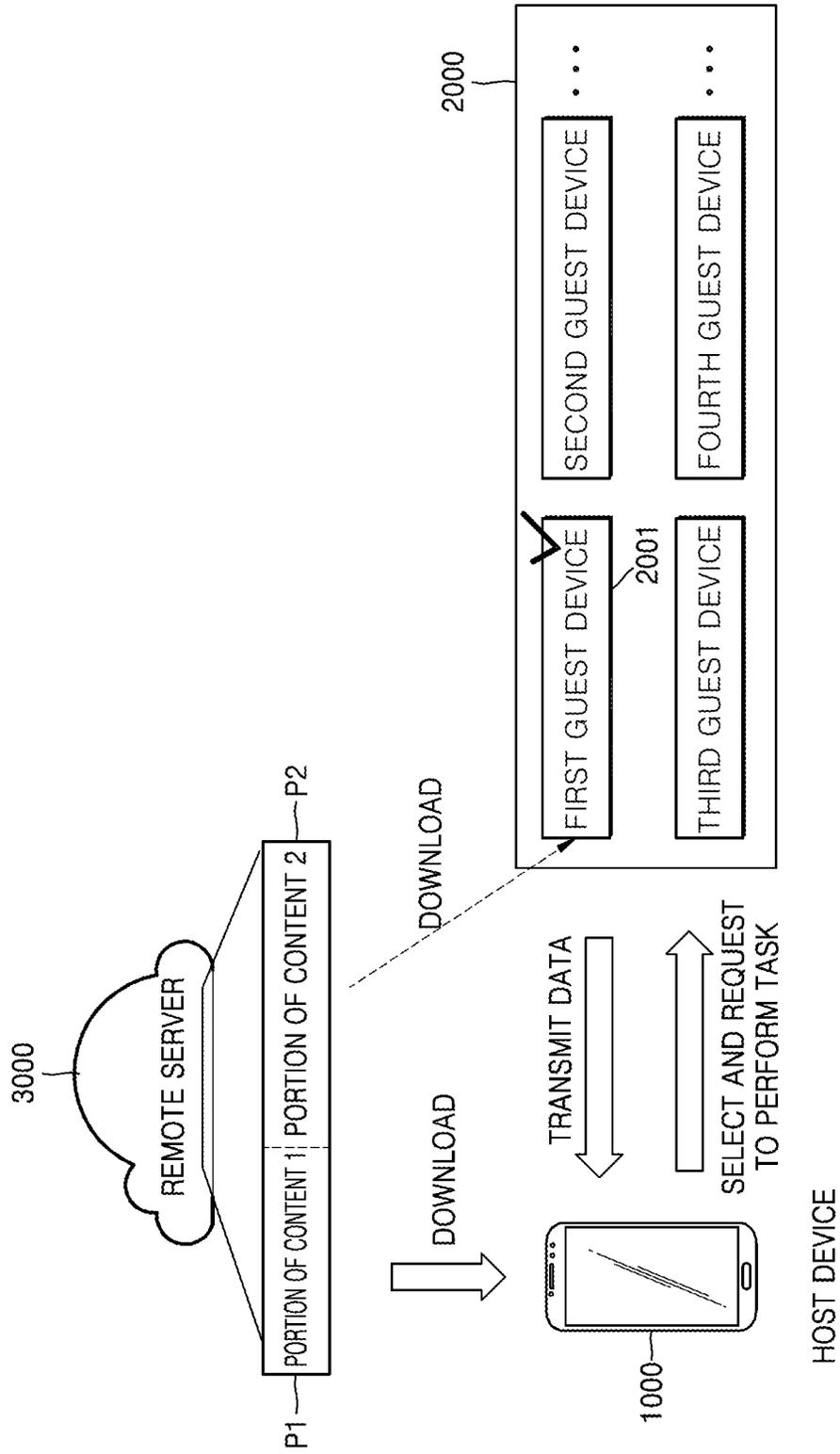


FIG. 8

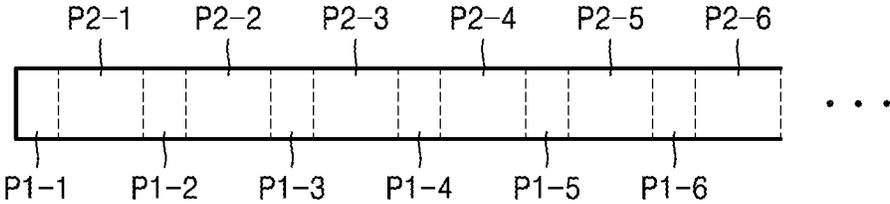


FIG. 9

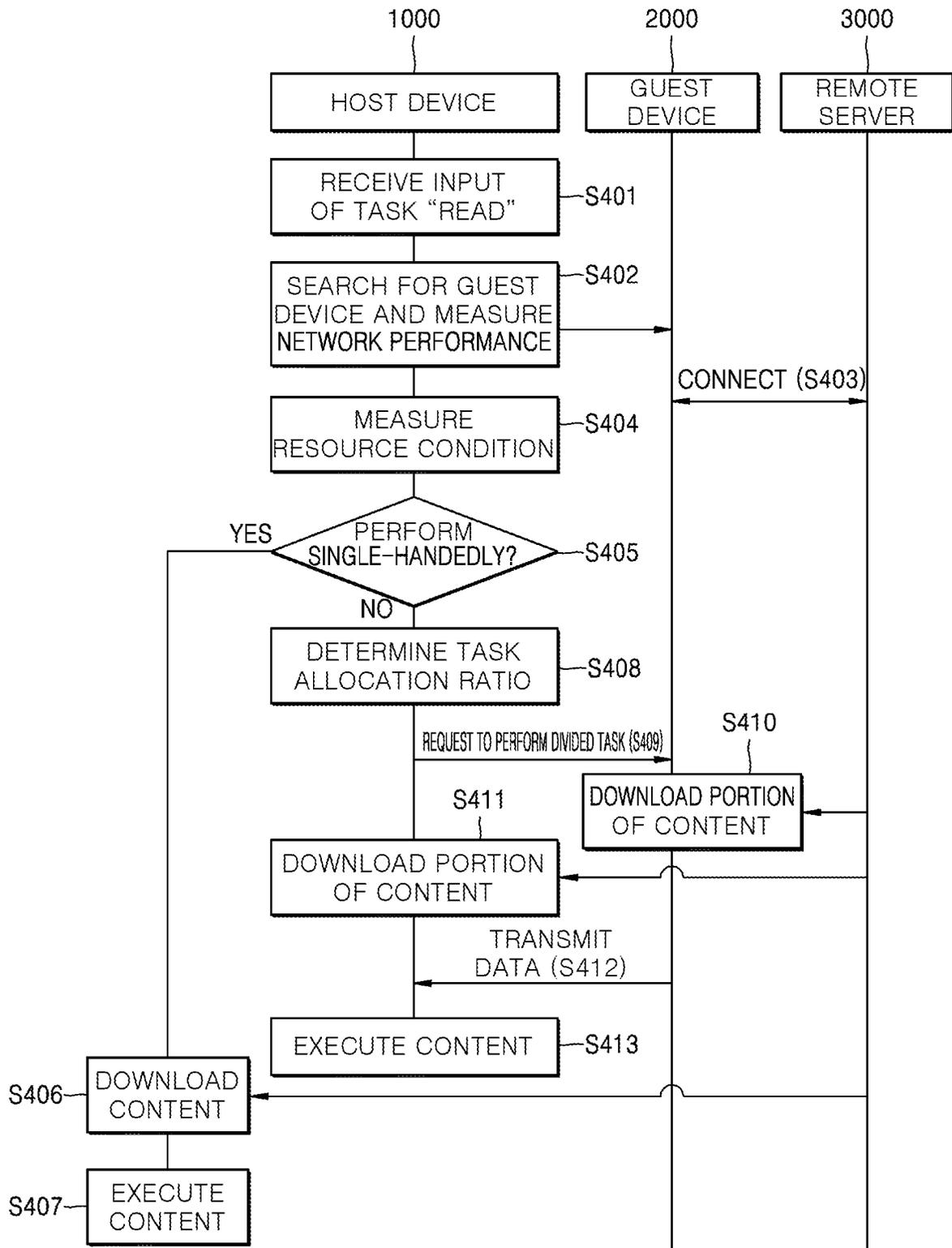
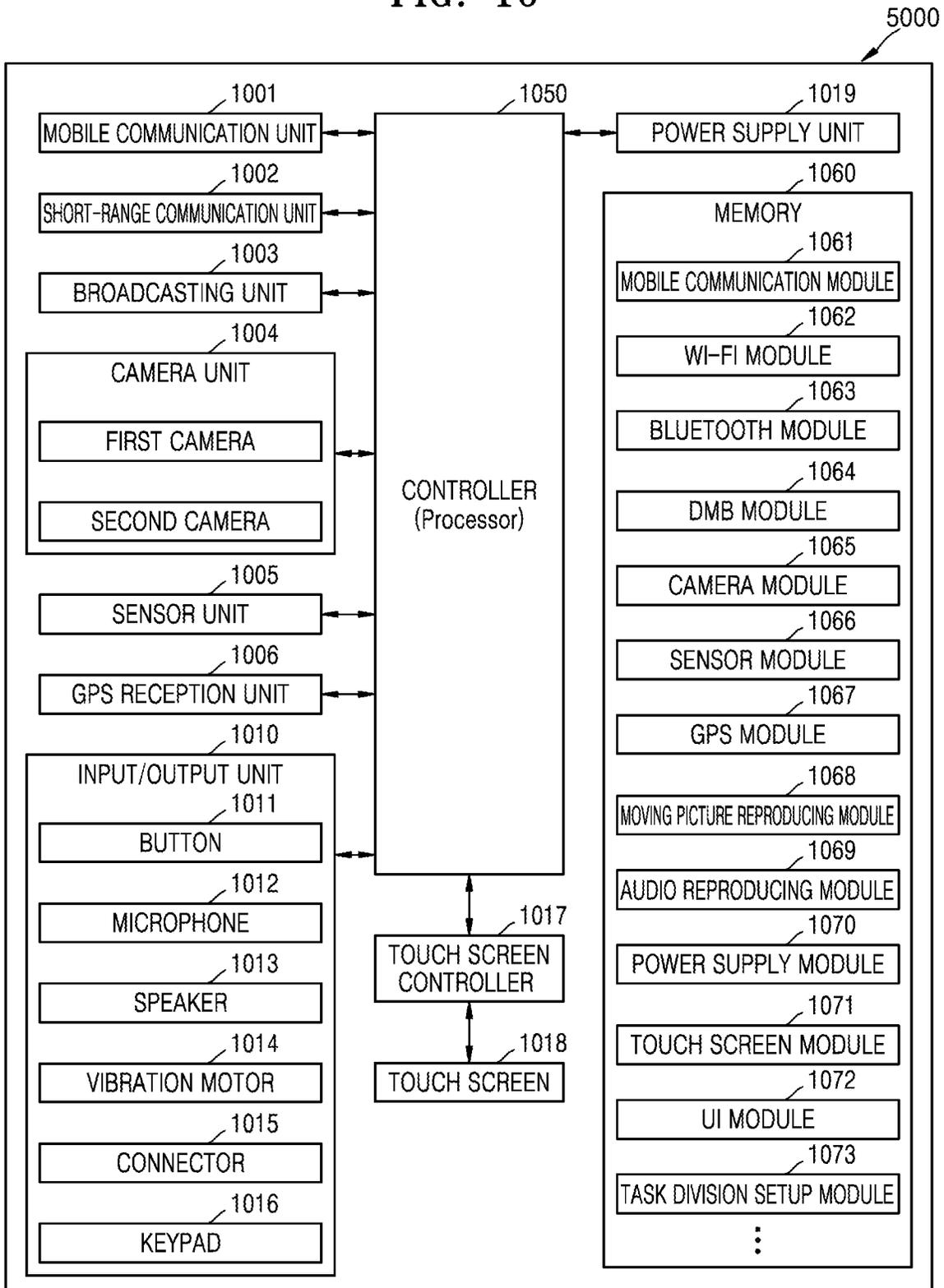


FIG. 10



METHOD AND DEVICE FOR PERFORMING REMOTE TASK USING GUEST DEVICE

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/684,759, filed on Aug. 23, 2017, which is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 14/885,033, filed on Oct. 16, 2015, now U.S. Pat. No. 9,781,195, which is based on and claims priority under 35 U.S. § 119 to Korean Patent Application No. 10-2014-0145397, filed on Oct. 24, 2014, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office. The contents of each of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

The disclosure relates to a method and a device for performing a remote task.

2. Description of Related Art

As the Internet network has become widely popularized among general consumers based on developments in communication technologies, various types of services using the Internet are being developed. Recently, based on the popularization of personal devices like smart phones, environments for accessing the Internet regardless of time and location have been established.

As such Internet accessing environments are established, cloud storage services are recently introduced. In cloud storage services, contents, e.g., movie files, picture files, music files, media files, document files, and address book files, may be stored in cloud storage.

A cloud storage service enables access to files stored in cloud storage by using personal terminals, such as a smart phones or a personal computers (PCs), at anytime and from anywhere. Furthermore, as the number of cloud storage service providers increases, a user may use a plurality of cloud storage services at the same time. Each cloud storage service provider provides an application for accessing its cloud storage.

Therefore, a change and a need of a user with respect to performing various data processing operations while using one or more remote storage spaces is increasing. However, if a network status is unstable, it may be inconvenient to access remote data.

SUMMARY

A method and a device for performing a remote task at an improved speed using a guest device are provided.

Additional aspects will be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, will be apparent from the description.

According to an aspect of an example embodiment, a method whereby a host device accesses a remote server and performs a task, includes receiving a task command regarding the remote server; searching for a guest device capable of communicating with the host device and the remote server; determining a task performing pattern based on the found guest device and details of the task; and, based on the determined task performing pattern, performing the task via

the host device and one or more devices selected from among the found guest devices.

The guest device may be registered to the host device in advance.

5 The guest device may be capable of communicating with the remote server via a wire and may be capable of wirelessly communicating with the host device via, for example, a short-range wireless communication technique.

10 The task performing pattern includes a pattern wherein the host device alone performs the task, a pattern wherein one or more of the guest devices from among the found guest devices performs the task in place of the host device, or a pattern wherein the host device and one or more of the guest devices from among the found guest devices divide,

15 allocate and perform the task. Determining the task performing pattern may include measuring network performance of the host device; and measuring respective network performances of the found guest devices.

20 Determining the task performing pattern may further include measuring a battery condition of the host device.

Determining the task performing pattern may further include selecting a guest device to allocate at least a portion of the task from among the found guest devices.

25 Determining the task performing pattern may further include determining a task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device.

The task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device may be determined to be proportional to the measured network performance.

30 The method may further include transmitting signals requesting that the selected guest devices perform portions of the task allocated thereto.

The method may further include receiving results of performing the allocated portions of the task from the selected guest devices.

The task may include uploading data from the host device to the remote server, downloading data from the remote server to the host device, moving data from the remote server to another remote server, or executing content stored in the remote server on the host device.

40 According to an aspect of another example embodiment, a device includes a memory, in which at least one program is stored; and a processor, which executes the at least one program to perform a task with respect to a remote server by utilizing a guest device, wherein the at least one program includes commands for executing: receiving a task command regarding the remote server; searching for a guest device capable of communicating with the host device and the remote server; determining a task performing pattern based on the found guest device and details of the task; and, based on the determined task performing pattern, performing the task via the host device and one or more devices selected from among the found guest devices.

55 The at least one program may further include commands for executing measuring network performance of the host device; and measuring respective network performances of the found guest devices, in the determining of the task performing pattern.

60 The at least one program may further include commands for executing measuring a battery condition of a device.

The at least one program may further include commands for executing selecting a guest device from among the found guest devices to allocate at least a portion of the task.

65 The at least one program may further include commands for executing determining a task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device.

The task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device may be determined to be proportional to the measured network performance.

The at least one program may further include commands for executing transmitting signals for requesting that the selected guest devices perform portions of the task allocated thereto.

The at least one program may further include commands for receiving results of performing the allocated portions of the task from the selected guest devices.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and/or other aspects will become apparent and more readily appreciated from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which like reference numerals refer to like elements, and wherein:

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby a host device performs a remote task by using a guest device;

FIG. 2 is a flowchart illustrating an example method whereby the host device performs a remote task utilizing the guest device;

FIG. 3 is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby the host device delegates a task for moving data between remote servers to a guest device;

FIG. 4 is a flowchart illustrating the example method of FIG. 3;

FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby the host device delegates a task for moving data between remote servers to a plurality of guest devices;

FIG. 6 is a flowchart illustrating the example method of FIG. 5;

FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating an example in which the host device divides a task for executing content stored in a remote server and performs divided tasks with a guest device;

FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating an example of dividing content stored in the remote server;

FIG. 9 is a flowchart illustrating the example method of FIG. 7; and

FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating an example device.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Reference will now be made in detail to example embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout. In this regard, the example embodiments may have different forms and should not be construed as being limited to the descriptions set forth herein. Accordingly, the example embodiments are merely described below, by referring to the figures, to explain aspects. As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. Expressions such as “at least one of,” when preceding a list of elements, modify the entire list of elements and do not necessarily modify the individual elements of the list.

As the disclosure allows for various changes and numerous examples, particular examples will be illustrated in the drawings and described in detail in the disclosure. However, this is not intended to limit the disclosure to particular modes of practice, and it is to be appreciated that all changes, equivalents, and substitutes that do not depart from the spirit and technical scope of the disclosure are encompassed in the disclosure. In the disclosure, certain detailed explanations of

the related art are omitted when it is deemed that they may unnecessarily obscure the essence of the disclosure.

While such terms as “first,” “second,” etc., may be used to describe various components, such components must not be limited to the above terms. The above terms are used only to distinguish one component from another.

In addition, although the terms used in the disclosure are selected from generally known and used terms, some of the terms mentioned in the disclosure may have been selected by the applicant at his or her discretion, the detailed meanings of which are described in relevant parts of the description herein. Furthermore, is the disclosure may be understood, not simply by the actual terms used but by the meaning of each term lying within.

An expression used in the singular encompasses the expression of the plural, unless it has a clearly different meaning in the context. In addition, unless explicitly described to the contrary, the word “comprise” and variations such as “comprises” or “comprising” will be understood to imply the inclusion of stated elements but not the exclusion of any other elements.

Throughout the disclosure, it will be understood that when a portion is referred to as being “connected to” another portion, it can be “directly connected to” the other portion or “electrically connected to” the other portion via another element.

Furthermore, throughout the disclosure, a connection between two devices refers to a state that the two devices may transmit and receive data to and from each other, where the two devices may be connected to each other via Bluetooth communication, Wi-Fi communication, and near field communication (NFC).

Furthermore, throughout the disclosure, a host device may be the subject of performing a task with respect to a remote server and may store a result of performing the task. For example, a host device may be a device that displays, executes, reproduces, or stores a result of performing a task.

Furthermore, a guest device may be a device that delegates and shares tasks to be performed by a host device, under the control of the host device and may refer to a device that is connected to a host device for performing a certain task. A guest device may, for example, not be able to independently perform a certain task. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto. A guest device may be connected to a host device, receive a control command from the host device, and perform a certain task based on the received control command.

Hereinafter, example embodiments will be described more fully with reference to the accompanying drawings. The example embodiments may, however, be embodied in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the examples set forth herein. Rather, the example embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough, and will convey the scope of the disclosure to those of ordinary skill in the art. In the drawings, certain elements are omitted for clarity, and like elements denote like reference numerals throughout the specification.

Hereinafter, examples will be described in detail with reference to accompanying drawings.

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby a host device **1000** performs a remote task by using a guest device **2000**.

A remote task may, for example, be a task in which the host device **1000** utilizes a storage space of a remote server **3000**, e.g., uploading data from the host device **1000** to the remote server **3000**, downloading data from the remote server **3000** to the host device **1000**, moving data from the

remote server **3000** to another remote server **3000**, executing content stored in the remote server **3000** on the host device **1000**, etc.

The remote server **3000** may, for example, be a server that communicates with various devices, such as, for example, a mobile phone and a tablet personal computer (PC), via a network, and may include a cloud server, such as Google Drive or Dropbox, a web driver, and a File Transfer Protocol (FTP) server, etc., and may include a storage space for storing data of users. The remote server **3000** refers to one or more from among the above-stated devices.

The host device **1000** may, for example, be a device that performs a task with respect to the remote server **3000**. For example, the host device **1000** owns a result of performing the task. In other words, the host device **1000** is a device that, for example, displays, executes, reproduces, or stores a result of performing a task.

The host device **1000** may communicate with the remote server **3000** via a wired network or a wireless network. For example, the host device **1000** may communicate with the remote server **3000** via a 3G communication network, a 4G communication network, a Wi-Fi network, or the like. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto. The host device **1000** may, for example, be a smart phone, a mobile phone, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a laptop computer, a media player, a PC, or various other mobile or non-mobile computing devices. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto.

The guest device **2000** is a device capable of performing a certain task with respect to the remote server **3000** based on a control signal from the host device **1000** and may include various electronic devices, such as, for example, household electronic devices and wearable devices. For example, the guest device **2000** may include a TV, an illumination device, a refrigerator, an audio device, a washing machine, an oven, a gas range, a home gateway, a game device, an electronic blackboard, a touch table, a wristwatch, etc. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto. The guest device **2000** does not necessarily refer to all of the devices shown in FIG. 1 and may refer to one or more thereof.

The guest device **2000** may, for example, communicate with the remote server **3000** via a wire or wirelessly. The guest device **2000** may communicate with the host device **1000** via Bluetooth communication, Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) communication, near field communication (NFC), Wi-Fi (WLAN) communication, Zigbee communication, infrared data association (IrDA) communication, Wi-Fi Direct (WFD), ultra wideband (UWB) communication, Ant+ communication, Wi-Fi communication, etc. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto.

When the host device **1000** performs a certain remote task with respect to the remote server **3000**, the remote task may not be smoothly or efficiently performed due to factors including a network condition, a battery condition, and a data capacity of the host device **1000**. According to an example embodiment, the host device **1000** may perform a desired task smoothly or more efficiently by utilizing a guest device **2000**.

For example, the host device **1000** may divide a task to perform, instruct at least one device selected from among the guest devices **2000** to perform some allocated portion of the divided tasks, and performs the remainder of the divided task. The host device **1000** may select a suitable guest device **2000** in consideration of various conditions regarding the guest device **2000** and the host device **1000**, for example, a resource condition of the host device **1000** and types of a task to perform and may request the guest device **2000** to

perform a divided task. The selected guest device **2000** may perform an allocated divided task with respect to the guest device **2000** and transmit a result thereof to the host device **1000**.

FIG. 2 is a flowchart illustrating an example method whereby the host device **1000** performs a remote task by utilizing the guest device **2000**.

The host device **1000** receives an input of a task command regarding the remote server **3000** (operation S101). A task command may, for example, refer to a remote task using the remote server **3000** and may include various operations, such as uploading data from the host device **1000** to the remote server **3000**, downloading data from the remote server **3000** to the host device **1000**, moving data from the remote server **3000** to another remote server **3000**, executing or reproducing content stored in the remote server **3000** on the host device **1000**, etc.

The host device **1000** searches for a guest device **2000** capable of communicating with the remote server **3000** (operation S102). The guest device **2000** may be registered to the host device **1000** in advance. The guest device **2000** may be a device capable of communicating with the remote server **3000** via a wire or wirelessly and may wirelessly communicate with the host device **1000** using, for example, a short-range wireless communication technique. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto. For example, the guest device **2000** may include at least one of a TV, an illumination device, a refrigerator, an audio device, a washing machine, an oven, a gas range, a home gateway, a game device, an electronic blackboard, a touch table, a wristwatch, etc.

The host device **1000** determines a task performing pattern based on conditions of the found guest device **2000**, conditions of the host device **1000**, and details of a task (operation S106). The task is performed by the host device **1000** and one or more devices selected from the found guest devices **2000** based on the determined task performing pattern.

A task performing pattern may, for example, be a pattern whereby the host device **1000** performs the task alone, a pattern whereby one or more of the guest devices **2000** from among the found guest devices **2000** performs the task in place of the host device **1000**, or a pattern whereby the host device **1000** and one or more of the guest devices **2000** from among the found guest devices **2000** divide, allocate and perform the task.

To determine a task performing pattern, the host device **1000** may measure a network performance (operation S103). The network performance refers, for example, to network performance of the host device **1000** and respective network performances of the found guest devices **2000**. For example, the network performance may refer to network performances between the host device **1000** and the guest devices **2000**, network performance between the host device **1000** and the remote server **3000**, and network performances between the guest devices **2000** and the remote server **3000**. Network performance may be determined by measuring a reaction speed, a bandwidth, a type of data communication (wired, wireless, 3G, 4G, etc.), etc. Network performance may include network speed. For example, network performance may be determined by measuring a data transmission speed from the host device **1000** to the remote server **3000**, data transmission speeds from the respective guest devices **2000** to the remote server **3000**, and data transmission speeds from the host device **1000** to the respective guest devices **2000**.

To measure network performance, the host device **1000** may, for example, be connected to the remote server **3000** and the guest devices **2000**. Furthermore, to measure network performances of the guest devices **2000** with respect to the remote server **3000**, the host device **1000** may request the guest devices **2000** to be connected to the remote server **3000**. After the guest devices **2000** are connected to the remote server **3000** (operation **S104**), the host device **1000** may measure network performances of the guest devices **2000**.

Furthermore, an operation **S105** for measuring resource conditions of the host device **1000** may be further performed. The resource conditions of the host device **1000** may, for example, include, a battery condition, remaining wireless data capacity, etc.

Sequences for performing the operation **S103** for measuring network performance and the operation **S105** for measuring resource conditions of the host device **1000** are not limited to the above-stated sequences and may be switched.

Based on results of the measurements, the host device **1000** determines a task performing pattern (operation **S106**). A determined task performing pattern may include whether to perform a task alone (e.g., without allocating a portion of the task to a guest device), whether to perform the task jointly, a task allocation ratio, and information regarding guest devices to which to allocate the task. For example, a task allocation ratio between the host device **1000** and the selected guest device **2000** may be determined in proportion to the measured network performance.

The host device **1000** transmits an allocated task requesting signal to the selected guest device **2000** (operation **S107**), and the guest device **2000** performs an allocated task with respect to the remote server **3000** based on a control signal from the host device **1000** (operation **S108**). The host device **1000** performs the remaining task (operation **S109**). The guest device **2000** transmits a result of performing the task to the host device **1000** (operation **S110**).

Hereinafter, types of tasks to be performed by the host device **1000** and examples in which remote tasks are divided and performed by the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000** under various circumstances will be described.

FIG. **3** is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby the host device **1000** delegates a task for moving data between remote servers to a guest device, and FIG. **4** is a flowchart illustrating the method.

A remote task to be performed by the host device **1000** may, for example, be a task for moving a user's file "DA" stored in a first cloud server **3001** to a second cloud server **3002**.

When a move task command is input to the host device **1000** (operation **S201**), the host device **1000** searches for the guest device **2000** (operation **S202**).

The host device **1000** measures network performances of the guest devices **2000** and selects the particular guest device **2000** to perform the task (operation **S203**). The host device **1000** may directly measure network performances of the guest devices **2000** or may request the guest devices **2000** to provide information regarding network performances of the guest devices **2000** to the host device **1000**. The network performances of the guest devices **2000** may include network performances between the guest devices **2000** and the host device **1000** and network performances between the guest devices **2000** and the cloud servers **3001** and **3002**, for example.

Furthermore, to measure network performances, the host device **1000** may request the guest devices **2000** to be

connected to the first cloud server **3001** and the second cloud server **3002**. After the guest devices **2000** are connected to the first cloud server **3001** and the second cloud server **3002** (operation **S204**) (operation **S205**), network performances are measured. The host device **1000** may receive information regarding network performances of the guest devices **2000** from the guest devices **2000**. The host device **1000** may select the guest device **2000** with the better network performance from among the registered guest devices **2000**, e.g., a first guest device **2001**, to perform the task.

The host device **1000** requests the selected guest device **2000** to perform a task (operation **S206**). The guest device **2000** downloads the file "DA" from the first cloud server **3001** and uploads the same to the second cloud server **3002** based on a control signal from the host device **1000** (operation **S208**).

Although FIGS. **3** and **4** show that one guest device delegating performance of a task of the host device **1000**, a plurality of guest devices may divide and perform the task.

FIG. **5** is a diagram illustrating an example method whereby the host device **1000** delegates a task for moving data between remote servers to a plurality of guest devices, and FIG. **6** is a flowchart illustrating the method.

When a move task command is input to the host device **1000** (operation **S301**), the host device **1000** searches for the guest device **2000** (operation **S302**).

The host device **1000** measures network performances of the guest devices **2000** (operation **S303**). To measure network performances, the host device **1000** may request the guest devices **2000** to be connected to the first cloud server **3001** and the second cloud server **3002**. After the guest devices **2000** are connected to the first cloud server **3001** and the second cloud server **3002** (operation **S304**) (operation **S305**) (operation **S306**) (operation **S307**), network performances are measured (operation **S303**).

The host device **1000** selects a plurality of guest devices to perform a task from among the registered guest devices **2000** and determines a task allocation ratio (operation **S308**). For example, a plurality of guest devices with the better network performances, e.g., the first guest device **2001** and a third guest device **2003**, may be selected to perform the task. In this case, the first guest device **2001** and the third guest device **2003** receive divided portions of the file, where dividing ratio of the file may be in proportion to network performances. For example, if network speed of the first guest device **2001** is 1 Mbps and network speed of the third guest device **2003** is 2 Mbps, the first guest device **2001** may perform a move task regarding a portion "DA1" corresponding to $\frac{1}{3}$ of the file "DA," whereas the third guest device **2003** may perform a move task regarding a portion "DA2" corresponding to $\frac{2}{3}$ of the file "DA." Alternatively, if network speed of the first guest device **2001** is identical to that of the third guest device **2003**, a dividing ratio of the file "DA" may be 1:1. However, the dividing method as described above is merely an example, and the disclosure is not limited thereto.

Based on the determination, the host device **1000** requests the first guest device **2001** and the third guest device **2003** to perform tasks allocated thereto (operation **S309**) (operation **S310**). The first guest device **2001** downloads the portion "DA1" from the first cloud server **3001** and uploads the same to the second cloud server **3002**, based on a control signal of the host device **1000**. The third guest device **2003** downloads the portion "DA2" from the first cloud server **3001** and uploads the same to the second cloud server **3002**, based on a control signal of the host device **1000**. Furthermore, the second cloud server **3002** may combine the

portion “DA1” received from the first guest device **2001** with the portion “DA2” received from the third guest device **2003**. Furthermore, the second cloud server **3002** may store the file “DA” by combining the portion “DA1” with the portion “DA2.”

FIG. 7 is a diagram illustrating an example in which the host device **1000** divides a task for executing content stored in a remote server and performs divided tasks with a guest device. FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating an example of dividing content stored in the remote server **3000**, and FIG. 9 is a flowchart illustrating the method of FIG. 7.

When, for example, a “Read” task is input to the host device **1000** (operation S401), the host device **1000** searches for a guest device and measures network performance (operation S402). To measure network performances, the host device **1000** may request the guest device **2000** to be connected to the remote server **3000** (operation S403).

The host device **1000** also measures resource conditions, such as a battery condition and a wireless data capacity (operation S404).

Based on results of the measurements, it is determined whether the host device **1000** should perform the task alone (i.e., single-handedly) (operation S405).

For example, it may be determined to perform a task alone (e.g., single-handedly) when there is no suitable guest device to divide and perform the task or when it is determined as more appropriate for the host device **1000** to single-handedly perform the task in consideration of network performances of the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000** and resources of the host device **1000**. The host device **1000** downloads content stored in the remote server **3000** (operation S406) and executes the same (operation S407).

It may be determined that it is not appropriate to single-handedly perform the task. For example, to watch a moving picture stored in the remote server **3000** at the host device **1000**, at least transmission speed of 2 Mbps is necessary for seamless reproduction of the moving picture, but a current network performance of the host device **1000** may, for example, allow a transmission speed up to 1 Mbps only. Incidentally, the guest devices **2000** may include a device with a network speed of 2 Mbps with respect to the remote server **3000** and a short-range network speed of 3 Mbps with respect to the host device **1000**, and thus real time execution of the content may be guaranteed by utilizing the guest device **2000**. A task allocation ratio between the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000** is determined in consideration of, for example, the above-stated conditions (operation S408). The task allocation ration may be determined in consideration of network performances, type of communication (via a wire/wireless), and resources of the host device **1000**. For example, if network speed of the host device **1000** is slightly insufficient to guarantee real time execution, a ratio between a portion of the task allocated to the host device **1000** and a ratio of the task allocated to the guest device **2000** may be about 1:1. Alternatively, if the guest device **2000** is connected to a wired communication and exhibits superior network performance than that of the host device **1000**, the task may be divided, such that the guest device **2000** performs most of the divided tasks.

After the task allocation ratio is determined, the host device **1000** request the guest device **2000** to perform the divided task (operation S409). The guest device **2000** downloads a portion of the content allocated thereto from the remote server **3000** (operation S410) and transmits the portion of the content to the host device **1000** (operation

S412). The host device **1000** also downloads a portion of the content allocated thereto from the remote server **3000** (operation S411).

The host device **1000** executes the whole content generated by combining the portion of the content downloaded by the host device **1000** with the portions of the content received from the guest device **2000** (operation S413).

FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating an example of dividing content stored in the remote server **3000**. Based on types of ‘execution’ to be performed by the host device **1000**, content in the remote server **3000** may be executed after being entirely downloaded by the host device **1000** or, like moving picture playback or music playback, the content may be executed via streaming without downloading the entire content. In this case, the entire content is divided by a suitable size, and the divided portions of content are alternately allocated to the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000** from the first divided portion. For example, portions P1-1, P1-2, P1-3, and so on are allocated to the host device **1000**, whereas portions P2-1, P2-2, P2-3, and so on are allocated to the guest device **2000**. A size ratio between P2-N (N=1, 2, 3 and so on) and P2-N (N=1, 2, 3 and so on) may be identical to the task allocation ratio determined in the operation S409 based on network performances of the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000**. The host device **1000** executes the portions of content in real time as soon as the portions of content are transmitted to the host device **1000**.

Although a case in which the host device **1000** and the one guest device **2000** divide and perform a task is described above, the host device **1000** and a plurality of guest devices **2000** may divide and perform a task.

Although the “Read” task is illustrated and described in the description above, the host device **1000** and the guest device **2000** may divide and perform a “Write” task in a similar regard.

FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating an example device **5000**. The device **5000** shown in FIG. 10 may, for example, be the host device **1000** as described above in the example embodiments.

A mobile communication unit **1001** includes circuitry configured to exchange wireless signals with at least one of a station, an external terminal, and a server on a mobile communication network. Here, the wireless signals may include a voice call signal, a video call signal, or various types of data related to transmission and reception of text/multimedia messages.

A short-range communication unit **1002** includes communication circuitry configured to perform short-range wireless communication. The short-range communication unit **1002** may, for example, include a Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) communication unit, a near field communication unit (NFC) communication unit, a Wi-Fi (WLAN) communication unit, a Zigbee communication unit, an infrared data association (IrDA) communication unit, a Wi-Fi Direct (WFD), an ultra wideband (UWB) communication unit, or an Ant+ communication unit. However, the disclosure is not limited thereto.

A broadcasting unit **1003** includes circuitry configured to receive DMB broadcasting signals.

A camera unit **1004** may, for example, include a lens and optical elements for picking up photographs or moving pictures.

A sensor unit **1005** may, for example, include various sensors, such as a gravity sensor for detecting movement of a device, an illumination sensor for detecting luminance, a

proximity sensor for detecting proximity of a person, and a motion sensor for detecting a motion of a person.

A GPS reception unit **1006** includes circuitry configured to receive GPS signals from satellites. Various services may be provided to a user by using the GPS signals.

An input/output unit **1010** provides an interface with an external device or a person and includes a button **1011**, a microphone **1012**, a speaker **1013**, a vibration motor **1014**, a connector **1015**, and a keypad **1016**.

A touch screen **1018** receives a touch input from a user. A touch screen controller **1017** transfers a touch input received via the touch screen **1018** to a controller **1050**. A power supply unit **1019** is connected to a battery or an external power source to supply necessary power to the device **5000**.

The controller **1050** includes processing circuitry configured to execute programs stored in a memory **1060**. For example, the controller **1050** utilizes a guest device to divide and perform a task with respect to a remote server as described above by executing a task division setup module **1073**.

Programs stored in the memory **1060** may be categorized into a plurality of modules, e.g., a mobile communication module **1061**, a Wi-Fi module **1062**, a Bluetooth module **1063**, a DMB module **1064**, a camera module **1065**, a sensor module **1066**, a GPS module **1067**, a moving picture reproducing module **1068**, an audio reproducing module **1069**, a power supply module **1070**, a touch screen module **1071**, an UI module **1072**, and the task division setup module **1073**.

Since functions of each of the other modules may be inferred by one of ordinary skill in the art from names thereof, only the task division setup module **1073** will be described below.

The task division setup module **1073** is a module including hardware and/or software for dividing and performing a task with a guest device in consideration of various conditions including network performances when it is requested to perform the task with respect to a remote server. The task division setup module **1073** includes commands for executing an operation for receiving a task communication regarding a remote server; an operation for searching for guest devices capable of communicating with the remote server; determining a task performing pattern based on the found guest device and details of the task; and, based on the determined task performing pattern, performing the task single-handedly or together with one or more guest devices selected from the found guest devices.

A task command regarding the remote server may be input when a user executes various programs stored in the memory **1060**. For example, a user may desire to execute a moving picture file or a music file via the moving picture reproducing module **1068** or the audio reproducing module **1069**.

The task division setup module **1073** searches for guest devices capable of communicating with the remote server and capable of performing a short-range wireless communication with the device **5000**, checks conditions thereof, and determines a task performing pattern.

To determine a task performing pattern, the task division setup module **1073** measures network performance of the device **5000**, network performances of the respective found guest devices, and a resource condition of the device **5000** and considers results of the measurements and types of tasks to determine a task performing pattern.

A task performing pattern may be a pattern whereby the device **5000** single-handedly performs the task, a pattern whereby one or more of the guest devices from among the

found guest devices **2000** perform the task in place of the host device, or a pattern whereby the device **5000** and one or more of the guest devices from among the found guest devices **2000** divide and perform the task.

If it is determined to divide and perform the task, a task allocation ratio between the device **5000** and the selected guest device is determined, where the task allocation ratio may, for example, be determined to be proportional to measured network performances.

Furthermore, the task division setup module **1073** may transmit signals for requesting to perform allocated portions to selected guest devices and receive results of performing the allocated portions of the task from the selected guest devices.

Although function of the task division setup module **1073** is briefly described for convenience of explanation, the disclosure is not limited thereto, and details of the functions of the task division setup module **1073** may be inferred from the descriptions given above with reference to FIGS. **1** to **9**.

According to the above-stated method, a user may utilize various electronic devices via a host device, and thus various tasks with respect to a remote server may be smoothly and efficiently performed.

One or more example embodiments may be implemented by a non-transitory computer-readable recording medium, such as a program module executed by a computer. The non-transitory computer-readable recording medium may be an arbitrary available medium accessible by a computer, and examples thereof include all volatile media (e.g., RAM) and non-volatile media (e.g., ROM) and separable and non-separable media. Further, examples of the non-transitory computer-readable recording medium may include a computer storage medium and a communication medium. Examples of the computer storage medium include all volatile and non-volatile media and separable and non-separable media, which have been implemented by an arbitrary method or technology, for storing information such as computer-readable commands, data structures, program modules, and other data. The communication medium typically include a computer-readable command, a data structure, a program module, other data of a modulated data signal, or another transmission mechanism, and an example thereof includes an arbitrary information transmission medium. For example, the computer-readable recording medium may be a ROM, a RAM, a flash memory, a CD, a DVD, a magnetic disk, or a magnetic tape.

Furthermore, in the disclosure, the term "unit" may refer to a hardware component, such as a processor or a circuit, and/or a software component that is executed by a hardware component like a processor.

While the disclosure has been particularly shown and described with reference to example embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the disclosure as defined by the following claims. Hence, it will be understood that the example embodiments described above are not limiting the scope of the disclosure. For example, each component described in a single type may be executed in a distributed manner, and components described distributed may also be executed in an integrated form.

The scope of the disclosure is indicated by the claims which will be described in the following rather than the detailed description, and it should be understood that the claims and all modifications or modified forms drawn from the concept of the claims are included in the scope of the disclosure.

What is claimed is:

1. A method for a host device to access at least two remote servers and perform a task, the method comprising: receiving, by the host device, a task command for a task of moving a file stored in a first remote server from the first remote server to a second remote server, so that the moved file is stored in the second remote server, the first remote server and the host device being different devices from each other and the file not existing in the host device when the host device receives the task command; determining a task performing pattern based on at least one guest device and details of the task; and allocating performing of the task to one or more devices selected from among the host device and the at least one guest device, based on the task performing pattern.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second remote servers comprise cloud servers.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the allocating performing of the task comprises allocating performing download of a file stored in the first remote server and upload of the file to the second remote server, to the at least one guest device.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one guest device is pre-registered with the host device.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one guest device is configured for communicating with the first and second remote servers via wired communication and is configured for wirelessly communicating with the host device via short-range wireless communication.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein the task performing pattern comprises a pattern including one or more of: the host device performing the task itself; the at least one guest device performing the task in place of the host device; and the host device and the at least one guest device dividing and performing the task.
7. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the task performing pattern comprises: measuring network performance of the host device; measuring network performance of the at least one guest device; selecting one or more guest devices among the at least one guest device to which to allocate at least a portion of the task; and determining a task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest devices, wherein the task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device is determined to be proportional to the measured network performances of the host device and the selected guest devices.
8. The method of claim 1, further comprising searching for the at least one guest device capable of performing the task and communicating with the remote servers.
9. The method of claim 1, wherein the searching for the at least one guest device is performed after the host device receives the task command.
10. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the task performing pattern further comprises determining a battery condition of the host device.
11. The method of claim 1, further comprising transmitting signals requesting the selected guest devices to perform portions of the task allocated thereto.
12. The method of claim 11, further comprising receiving results of performing the allocated portions of the task from the selected guest devices.
13. A host device comprising: a memory, in which at least one program is stored; and

- a processor configured to execute the at least one program to perform a task, wherein the at least one program, when executed, causes the host device to perform at least:
- receiving a task command for a task of moving a file stored in a first remote server from the first remote server to a second remote server, so that the moved file is stored in the second remote server, wherein the first remote server is a different device from the host device and the file does not exist in the host device when the host device receives the task command; determining a task performing pattern based on at least one guest device and details of the task; and allocating performing of the task to one or more devices selected from among the host device and the at least one guest device, based on the determined task performing pattern.
 14. The device of claim 13, wherein the first and second remote servers comprise cloud servers.
 15. The device of claim 13, wherein the allocating performing of the task comprises allocating performing download of a file stored in the first remote server and upload of the file to the second remote server, to the at least one guest device.
 16. The device of claim 13, wherein the task performing pattern comprises a pattern including one or more of: the host device performing the task itself; the at least one guest device performing the task in place of the host device; and the host device and the at least one guest device dividing and performing the task.
 17. The device of claim 13, wherein determining the task performing pattern comprises: measuring network performance of the host device; measuring network performance of the at least one guest device; selecting one or more guest devices among the at least one guest device to which to allocate at least a portion of the task; and determining a task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest devices, wherein the task allocation ratio between the host device and the selected guest device is determined to be proportional to the measured network performances of the host device and the selected guest devices.
 18. The device of claim 13, wherein the at least one program further causes the host device to search for the at least one guest device capable of performing the task and communicating with the remote servers.
 19. The method of claim 13, wherein the at least one program further causes the host device to search for the at least one guest device after the host device receives the task command.
 20. A non-transitory computer readable recording medium having recorded thereon a computer program which, when executed by a processor of a host device, causes to host device to at least: receive a task command for a task of moving a file stored in a first remote server from the first remote server to a second remote server, so that the moved file is stored in the second remote server, wherein the first remote server is a different device from the host device and the file does not exist in the host device when the host device receives the task command; determine a task performing pattern based on at least one guest device and details of the task; and

allocate performing of the task to one or more devices selected from among the host device and the at least one guest device, based on the task performing pattern.

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