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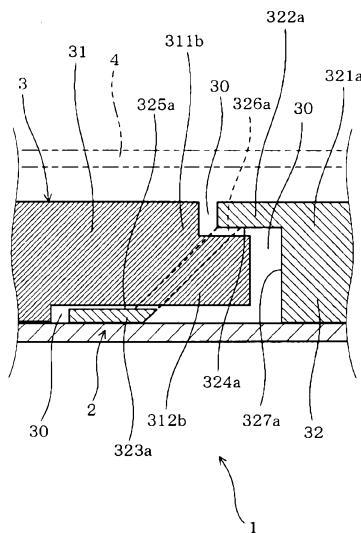
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[続葉有]

(54) Title: VEHICLE CEILING STRUCTURE

(54) 発明の名称: 車両天井構造

(図 4)



(57) Abstract: A vehicle ceiling structure (1) has a long reinforcing rib (3) mounted to a vehicle ceiling member (2), and the reinforcing rib (3) consists of a resin having a thermal expansion coefficient different from that of the ceiling member (2). The reinforcing rib (3) is composed of split ribs arranged in the longitudinal direction with gaps (30) in between. In each two adjacent split ribs (31, 32), an upper projection (322a) and a lower projection (323a) which project in the longitudinal direction are formed on the upper and lower portions of a front end (321a) of one split rib (32). Said split rib (32) and the other split rib (31) are fitted to each other such that a lower surface (324a) and an upper surface (325a) of the upper projection (322a) of the split rib (32) are opposed in the vertical direction to a rear end (311b) of the other split rib (31).

(57) 要約: 車両天井構造 1 においては、車両の天井材 2 に対して天井材 2 と熱膨張率が異なる樹脂よりなる長尺の補強リブ 3 が配設されている。補強リブ 3 は、長手方向に隙間 30 を有して分割された複数の分割リブにより構成されている。隣り合う分割リブ 31、32 のうちの一方の分割リブ 32 における前端部 321a の上下には、長手方向に突出する上側突出部 322a 及び下側突出部 323a が形成されている。一方の分割リブ 32 と他方の分割リブ 31 とは、一方の分割リブ 32 の上側突出部 322a の下面 324a 及び下側突出部 323a の上面 325a をそれぞれ他方の分割リブ 31 の後端部 311b に対して上下方向に

側突出部 323a の上面 325a をそれぞれ他方の分割リブ 31 の後端部 311b に対して上下方向に
対向させて嵌合している。



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DESCRIPTION

VEHICLE CEILING STRUCTURE

5 TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present invention relates to a vehicle ceiling structure having a reinforcing rib attached to a vehicle ceiling member.

10 BACKGROUND ART

[0002] Ceiling members for vehicles are provided with a reinforcing member for enhancing the rigidity of and thereby reinforcing the ceiling members. Such a reinforcing member may possess an impact absorbing function for absorbing an impact
15 when a head portion of a passenger hits the ceiling member (see Patent Documents 1 to 3). As a reinforcing member, for example, a resin molded product having a resin lattice rib as a base is known. Such a reinforcing member (hereinafter referred to as a reinforcing rib) is secured to the ceiling member with an
20 adhesive such as a hot melt adhesive.

[0003] Patent Document 1: Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 2003-320915

Patent Document 2: Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 2006-1478

25 Patent Document 3: Japanese Published Unexamined Patent Application No. 2007-145234

However, with a long reinforcing rib attached to the ceiling member, when the ceiling member and reinforcing rib undergo thermal expansion and contraction due to temperature changes thereof, there is a difference in the amount of expansion and contraction between them because they have different coefficients of thermal expansion. Generally, for the reinforcing rib, a material (such as resin) having a higher coefficient of thermal expansion than that of the ceiling member is used, because of which the amount of expansion and contraction of the reinforcing rib is larger than that of the ceiling member, which may result in formation of wrinkles in the ceiling member.

A long reinforcing rib may be divided into a plurality of pieces and attached with a gap between one another in the longitudinal direction, in which case the thermal expansion and contraction occur respectively in each of the segmented reinforcing rib pieces so that the difference in the amount of expansion and contraction between the ceiling member and reinforcing rib can be made smaller. On the other hand, the segmented portions of the reinforcing rib may be subjected to stress during handling when assembling the ceiling member to a vehicle body, which may cause flexing or bending of the ceiling member.

Object of the Invention

It is the object of the present invention to substantially overcome or at least ameliorate one or more of the foregoing disadvantages.

Summary

The present invention provides a vehicle ceiling structure having a long reinforcing rib attached to a ceiling member of the vehicle, the rib being made of a resin having a different coefficient of thermal expansion from that of the ceiling member, wherein

the reinforcing rib comprises a plurality of segmented ribs that are divided by a gap in a longitudinal direction;

one of the segmented ribs adjacent to each other is formed, in upper and lower parts of an end portion thereof, with an upper protrusion and a lower protrusion protruding in the longitudinal direction;

the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib fit with each other such that a lower face of the upper protrusion and an upper face of the lower protrusion of the one segmented rib respectively face an end portion of the other segmented rib in an up and down direction; and

the lower protrusion of the one segmented rib has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper protrusion.

In the vehicle ceiling structure according to an embodiment of the present invention, the reinforcing rib is not formed in one piece but comprises a plurality of segmented ribs divided by a gap in the longitudinal direction. Therefore, when the

reinforcing rib and ceiling member undergo thermal expansion and contraction due to temperature changes thereof after the reinforcing rib is attached to the ceiling member, the difference in the amount of expansion and contraction caused by the difference in their respective coefficients of thermal expansion can be made smaller. Namely, since
5 thermal expansion and contraction occur respectively in each of the plurality of segmented ribs that are divided of the reinforcing rib, the difference in the amount of expansion and contraction between the reinforcing rib and the ceiling member can be made smaller. Thereby, formation of wrinkles in the ceiling member after the attachment of the reinforcing rib can be prevented.

10 Moreover, in an embodiment of the present invention, the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib adjoining each other fit with each other such that a lower face of the upper protrusion and an upper face of the lower protrusion of the one segmented rib respectively face an end portion of the other segmented rib in the up and down direction. Namely, the one segmented rib has the lower face of the upper protrusion and the upper
15 face of the lower protrusion at least in upper and lower parts of its end portion to act as abutting faces to the end portion of the other segmented rib, so that the end portion of the other segmented rib faces these abutting faces in the up and down direction.

Accordingly, the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib adjacent to each other fit with each other in a state in which the other segmented rib is restricted
20 sufficiently relative to the one segmented rib in the up and down direction. Thereby, during the handling when assembling the ceiling member to the vehicle body after attaching the reinforcing rib to the ceiling member, even if the segmented ribs are

subjected to stress in the portion between them (segmented portion), flexing or bending of the ceiling member can be prevented from occurring.

Accordingly, in the vehicle ceiling structure in an embodiment of the present invention, the problems associated with the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion between the ceiling member and reinforcing rib can be prevented by forming the reinforcing rib with a plurality of segmented ribs. And, the problem that may occur by forming the reinforcing rib with a plurality of segmented ribs can be prevented by the fitting structure between adjacent segmented ribs.

As described above, according to an embodiment of the present invention, a vehicle ceiling structure that can prevent occurrence of failures such as wrinkles, flexing, bending or the like of the ceiling member can be provided.

Brief Description of the Drawings

FIG. 1 is an explanatory diagram showing a ceiling member with reinforcing ribs attached thereto in one embodiment.

FIG. 2 is an enlarged perspective view of part A of FIG. 1.

FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view along A1-A1 of FIG. 2.

FIG. 4 is an explanatory diagram showing a simplified view of the fitted state of a first segmented rib and a second segmented rib of FIG. 3.

5 FIG. 5 is an explanatory diagram showing a state immediately before the first segmented rib and the second segmented rib are fitted with each other in the embodiment.

FIG. 6 is an enlarged perspective view of part B of FIG. 1.

10 FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view along B1-B1 of FIG. 6.

FIG. 8 is an explanatory diagram showing a state immediately before the second segmented rib and a third segmented rib are fitted with each other in the embodiment.

15 BEST MODES FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

[0014] In the present invention, the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib adjacent to each other are preferably fitted with each other such that they are not twisted in a rotating direction around an axis extending in the longitudinal direction. Namely, the upper protrusion and lower protrusion of the one segmented rib, and the end portion of the other segmented rib, are preferably formed such that they can fit with each other without being twisted in a rotating direction around an axis extending in the longitudinal direction.

25 In this case, the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib adjacent to each other can be sufficiently and

reliably fitted with each other.

[0015] Further, the upper protrusion and lower protrusion of the one segmented rib preferably have respective tips protruding in the longitudinal direction to positions different
5 from each other.

In this case, the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib adjacent to each other can be readily fitted with each other.

[0016] Further, the lower protrusion of the one segmented
10 rib preferably has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper protrusion.

In this case, the other segmented rib can be readily fitted with the one segmented rib secured to the ceiling member prior to the other. More specifically, the end portion of the
15 other segmented rib can be readily fitted diagonally from above in between the upper protrusion and lower protrusion of the one segmented rib.

[0017] Further, the ceiling member preferably has an opening for a sunroof.

20 That is, the ceiling member provided with the opening for the sunroof has a lower rigidity than normal ceiling members. Therefore, attaching the reinforcing rib to the ceiling member by adopting the vehicle ceiling structure of the present invention enables to secure a sufficient rigidity of the ceiling
25 member.

[0018] Further, the ceiling member and reinforcing rib are

preferably bonded together with a hot melt adhesive.

In this case, the reinforcing rib can be readily and reliably attached to the ceiling member.

For the hot melt adhesive, polyamide, polyolefin,
5 polyester, synthetic rubber hot melt adhesives and the like can be used.

[0019] Further, at least part of the reinforcing rib preferably serves also as an impact absorbing material.

In this case, at least part of the reinforcing rib not
10 only serves its function as a reinforcing member for enhancing the rigidity of the ceiling member, but also serves a function as an impact absorbing material for absorbing an impact by deforming and/or breaking by an impact load applied when, for example, a head portion of a passenger inside the vehicle hits
15 the ceiling member.

[0020] Further, at least one of the plurality of segmented ribs is preferably made of a different resin from that of other segmented ribs.

In this case, it is possible to use different types of
20 resins depending on the attaching locations and necessary performance properties or the like of the segmented ribs to deal with various configurations. For example, a high-rigidity resin (e.g. ABS resin or the like) can be used for the segmented rib that is attached to a portion where the ceiling member is
25 particularly desired to have enhanced rigidity, while a resin easily deformable and/or breakable for impact and having a

relatively low rigidity (e.g. PP (polypropylene) resin or the like) can be used for the segmented rib that is attached to a portion where impact absorption is particularly necessary.

[0021] Using different resins for forming respective

5 segmented ribs and bonding them using an adhesive such as a hot melt adhesive will necessitate changing adhesives respectively for the segmented ribs. However, by adopting the vehicle ceiling structure of the present invention, it is possible to use only one type of adhesive.

10 Namely, even if there is a segmented rib made of a resin that has somewhat lower compatibility with the adhesive used, other segmented ribs made of a resin having good compatibility with the adhesive used and arranged on both sides can provide an anchoring effect due to the fitting structure between the
15 adjacent segmented ribs, whereby the reinforcing rib can be bonded to the ceiling member sufficiently. Thereby, a situation where two types of adhesives would have been required conventionally can be dealt with using only one type of adhesive.

20 [0022] For the material forming the ceiling member, a mixture or the like of a thermoplastic resin such as polypropylene, polyurethane, polyethylene terephthalate, and fiber such as wood fiber, glass fiber, can be used.

For the resin forming the reinforcing member, ABS, PP,
25 Noryl (trademark), polycarbonate, polycarbonate ABS, PE and the like can be used.

EMBODIMENTS

[0023] The vehicle ceiling structure according to an embodiment of the present invention will be described with
5 reference to FIGS. 1 to 8.

 In this embodiment, the vehicle ceiling structure 1 is adopted in a vehicle equipped with a sunroof as shown in FIG. 1, but the present invention is not limited to this.

[0024] As shown in the drawing, the ceiling member 2, which
10 is an interior material of the vehicle interior, is formed with a ceiling opening 20 for the sunroof. The ceiling opening 20 is provided on the front side of the ceiling member 2 and rectangular.

 Long reinforcing ribs 3 are respectively attached in a
15 front to back direction on both left and right sides of the ceiling opening 20 of the ceiling member 2. The reinforcing ribs 3 are bonded to the ceiling member 2 with a hot melt adhesive.

[0025] In this embodiment, the two reinforcing ribs 3
20 attached on both left and right sides of the ceiling opening 20 of the ceiling member 2 have the same configuration, except that they are provided symmetrically on the left and right. Accordingly, for convenience of explanation, one of the reinforcing ribs 3 attached on the left side of the ceiling
25 opening 20 of the ceiling member 2 will be described.

[0026] As shown in FIG. 1, the reinforcing rib 3 is made

up of a plurality of segmented ribs divided in a longitudinal direction thereof, i.e., a first segmented rib 31, a second segmented rib 32, and a third segmented rib 33 in order from the front side.

5 As shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 fit with each other with gaps 30 therebetween in the longitudinal direction. Also, as shown in FIGS. 6 and 7, the second segmented rib 32 and the third segmented rib 33 fit with each other with gaps 30 therebetween in the
10 longitudinal direction.

[0027] In this embodiment, the ceiling member 2 is formed of a mixture of thermoplastic resin and wood fiber. Further, in the reinforcing rib 3, the first segmented rib 31 and third segmented rib 33 are attached to portions where the ceiling
15 member 2 is particularly desired to have enhanced rigidity, and therefore formed of an ABS resin having high rigidity. The second segmented rib 32 is attached to a portion where impact absorption is particularly necessary and therefore formed of a PP resin having a relatively low rigidity.

20 The first segmented rib 31, second segmented rib 32, and third segmented rib 33 forming the reinforcing rib 3 are formed of materials having different coefficients of thermal expansion from that of the ceiling member 2.

[0028] Next, the fitted state of the first segmented rib
25 31 and second segmented rib 32 will be described.

As shown in FIGS. 2 to 4, the first segmented rib 31 is

provided, at a rear end portion 311b thereof, with a rear protrusion 312b protruding in a backward direction. The second segmented rib 32 is provided, on an upper side of a front end portion 321a thereof, with an upper front protrusion 322a protruding in a forward direction, and on a lower side thereof, with a lower front protrusion 323a protruding in the forward direction. The lower front protrusion 323a has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper front protrusion 322a.

10 [0029] As shown in the same drawings, the upper front protrusion 322a and lower front protrusion 323a are coupled to each other by front coupling portions 326a provided on both sides of the front end portion 321a of the second segmented rib 32. Between the upper front protrusion 322a and lower front protrusion 323a is formed a front fitting portion 327a for
15 allowing the rear protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 to fit therewith.

[0030] As shown in the same drawings, the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 are secured together by making
20 the rear protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 fit with the front fitting portion 327a of the second segmented rib 32. A lower face 324a of the upper front protrusion 322a of the second segmented rib 32 faces an upper face 314b of the rear protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 in the up and down direction.
25 An upper face 325a of the lower front protrusion 323a of the second segmented rib 32 faces a lower face 315b of the rear

protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 in the up and down direction.

[0031] Namely, as shown in the same drawings, the first segmented rib 31 is fitted in such a state that the rear

5 protrusion 312b thereof is restricted in the up and down direction by the lower face 324a of the upper front protrusion 322a and the upper face 325a of the lower front protrusion 323a of the second segmented rib 32. Further, the first segmented rib 31 is fitted in such a state that the rear protrusion 312b
10 thereof is restricted in the left and right direction by the front coupling portions 326a of the second segmented rib 32.

FIG. 2 is an enlarged perspective view of part A of FIG. 1. FIG. 3 is a cross-sectional view along A1-A1 of FIG. 2. FIG. 4 is a diagram showing a simplified view of FIG. 3.

15 [0032] Next, the fitted state of the second segmented rib 32 and third segmented rib 33 will be described.

As shown in FIGS. 6 and 7, the third segmented rib 33 is provided, at a front end portion 331a thereof, with a front protrusion 332a protruding in the forward direction. The
20 second segmented rib 32 is provided, on an upper side of a rear end portion 321b thereof, with an upper rear protrusion 322b protruding in the backward direction, and on a lower side thereof, with a lower rear protrusion 323b protruding in the backward direction. The lower rear protrusion 323b has its tip
25 positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper rear protrusion 322b.

[0033] As shown in the same drawings, the upper rear protrusion 322b and lower rear protrusion 323b are coupled to each other by rear coupling portions 326b provided on both sides of the rear end portion 321b of the second segmented rib 32.

5 Between the upper rear protrusion 322b and lower rear protrusion 323b is formed a rear fitting portion 327b for allowing the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 to fit therewith.

[0034] As shown in the same drawings, the second segmented rib 32 and third segmented rib 33 are secured together by making
10 the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 fit with the rear fitting portion 327b of the second segmented rib 32. A lower face 324b of the upper rear protrusion 322b of the second segmented rib 32 faces an upper face 334a of the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 in the up and down direction.

15 An upper face 325b of the lower rear protrusion 323b of the second segmented rib 32 faces a lower face 335a of the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 in the up and down direction.

[0035] Namely, as shown in the same drawings, the third segmented rib 33 is fitted in such a state that the front
20 protrusion 332a thereof is restricted in the up and down direction by the lower face 324b of the upper rear protrusion 322b and the upper face 325b of the lower rear protrusion 323b of the second segmented rib 32. Further, the third segmented rib 33 is fitted in such a state that the front protrusion 332a
25 thereof is restricted in the left and right direction by the rear coupling portions 326b of the second segmented rib 32.

FIG. 6 is an enlarged perspective view of part B of FIG. 1. FIG. 7 is a cross-sectional view along B1-B1 of FIG. 6.

[0036] Next, steps of attaching the reinforcing rib 3 to the ceiling member 2 will be described.

5 First, as shown in FIGS. 5(a) and 5(b), the rear protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 is inserted and fitted backward into the front fitting portion 327a of the second segmented rib 32 so as to assemble the first segmented rib 31 with the second segmented rib 32.

10 [0037] Then, as shown in FIGS. 8(a) and 8(b), the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 is inserted and fitted forward into the rear fitting portion 327b of the second segmented rib 32 so as to assemble the second segmented rib 32 with the third segmented rib 33.

15 Thus the first segmented rib 31, second segmented rib 32, and third segmented rib 33 are assembled together to obtain the reinforcing rib 3.

[0038] Next, hot melt adhesive in a molten state is applied to a location on the ceiling member 2 where the reinforcing rib 3 is to be attached. For the hot melt adhesive in this embodiment, a polyamide hot melt adhesive was used.

After setting the reinforcing rib 3 on the hot melt adhesive, the hot melt adhesive is cooled and cured to bond the reinforcing rib 3.

25 The reinforcing rib 3 is thus attached to the ceiling member 2.

[0039] Further, after that, the ceiling member 2, with the reinforcing rib 3 attached thereto, is secured to a body member 4 (see FIGS. 3, 4 and 7) forming the vehicle body, together with assist grips, a room lamp, sun visors and the like respectively provided at assist grip fixing portions 71, a room lamp fixing portion 72, and sun visor fixing portions 73 and the like (see FIG. 1).

[0040] Next, the effects achieved by the vehicle ceiling structure 1 of this embodiment will be described.

10 In the vehicle ceiling structure 1 of this embodiment, the reinforcing rib 3 is not formed in one piece but comprises a plurality of segmented ribs 31 to 33 divided by gaps 30 in the longitudinal direction. Therefore, after the reinforcing rib 3 is attached to the ceiling member 2 and when they undergo
15 thermal expansion and contraction due to temperature changes thereof, the difference in the amount of expansion and contraction caused by the difference in their respective coefficients of thermal expansion can be made smaller. Namely, since thermal expansion and contraction occur respectively in
20 each of the plurality of segmented ribs 31 to 33 that are divided of the reinforcing rib 3, the difference in the amount of expansion and contraction between the reinforcing rib 3 and the ceiling member 2 can be made smaller. Thereby, formation of wrinkles in the ceiling member 2 after the attachment of the
25 reinforcing rib 3 can be prevented.

[0041] Moreover, in this embodiment, as shown in FIG. 4,

and as will be explained taking the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 adjacent to each other as one example and using the simplified view (simplified view of FIG. 3) of how they fit with each other, the first segmented rib 31 and
5 second segmented rib 32 fit with each other such that the lower face 324a of the upper front protrusion 322a and the upper face 325a of the lower front protrusion 323a of the second segmented rib 32 respectively face the rear end portion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 in the up and down direction. Namely, the
10 second segmented rib 32 has the lower face 324a of the upper front protrusion 322a and the upper face 325a of the lower front protrusion 323a in upper and lower parts of its front end portion 321a to act as abutting faces relative to the first segmented rib 31, so that the rear end portion 312b of the first segmented
15 rib 31 faces these abutting faces in the up and down direction.
[0042] Accordingly, the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 fit with each other in a state in which the first segmented rib 31 is restricted relative to the second segmented rib 32 sufficiently in the up and down direction.
20 Thereby, during the handling when assembling the ceiling member 2 to the vehicle body after attaching the reinforcing rib 3 to the ceiling member 2, even if the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 are subjected to stress in the portion between them (segmented portion), flexing or bending of the
25 ceiling member 2 can be prevented from occurring. The same applies to the portion between the second segmented rib 32 and

third segmented rib 33.

[0043] Accordingly, in the vehicle ceiling structure 1 of this embodiment, the problems associated with the difference in the coefficient of thermal expansion between the ceiling member 2 and reinforcing rib 3 can be prevented by forming the reinforcing rib 3 with a plurality of segmented ribs 31 to 33. And, the problem that may occur by forming the reinforcing rib 3 with a plurality of segmented ribs 31 to 33 can be prevented by the fitting structure between adjacent segmented ribs 31 to 33.

[0044] In this embodiment, the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 adjacent to each other are fitted with each other such that they are not twisted in a rotating direction around an axis extending in the longitudinal direction. Namely, the first segmented rib 31 is fitted in such a state that its rear protrusion 312b is restricted relative to the second segmented rib 32 in the up and down direction as well as in the left and right direction. Thus the first segmented rib 31 and second segmented rib 32 adjacent to each other can be sufficiently and reliably fitted with each other.

[0045] Similarly, the second segmented rib 32 and third segmented rib 33 adjacent to each other are fitted with each other such that they are not twisted in a rotating direction around an axis extending in the longitudinal direction. Namely, the third segmented rib 33 is fitted in such a state that its front protrusion 332a is restricted relative to the second

segmented rib 32 in the up and down direction as well as in the left and right direction. Thus the second segmented rib 32 and third segmented rib 33 adjacent to each other can be sufficiently and reliably fitted with each other.

5 [0046] Further, the lower front protrusion 323a of the second segmented rib 32 has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper front protrusion 322a. Therefore, as shown in FIGS. 5(a) and 5(b), the rear protrusion 312b of the first segmented rib 31 can be
10 readily inserted and fitted diagonally from above into the front fitting portion 327a of the second segmented rib 32.

[0047] Also, the lower rear protrusion 323b of the second segmented rib 32 has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper rear protrusion
15 322b. Therefore, as shown in FIGS. 8(a) and 8(b), the front protrusion 332a of the third segmented rib 33 can be readily inserted and fitted diagonally from above into the rear fitting portion 327b of the second segmented rib 32.

[0048] Further, the ceiling member 2 has an opening 20 for
20 the sunroof. That is, the ceiling member 2 provided with the opening 20 for the sunroof has a lower rigidity than normal ceiling members 2. Therefore, attaching the reinforcing rib 3 to the ceiling member 2 by adopting the vehicle ceiling structure 1 of this embodiment enables to secure a sufficient
25 rigidity of the ceiling member 2.

The ceiling member 2 and reinforcing rib 3 are bonded

together with a hot melt adhesive. Therefore, the reinforcing rib 3 can be readily and reliably attached to the ceiling member 2.

[0049] Further, part of the reinforcing rib 3 serves also
5 as an impact absorbing material. In this embodiment, the second segmented rib 32 corresponds to this part. Therefore, the second segmented rib 32 not only serves its function as a reinforcing member for enhancing the rigidity of the ceiling member 2, but also serves a function as an impact absorbing
10 material for absorbing an impact by deforming and/or breaking by an impact load applied when, for example, a head portion of a passenger inside the vehicle hits the ceiling member 2.

[0050] Further, in the reinforcing rib 3, the second segmented rib 32 is made of a different resin from that of the
15 first segmented rib 31 and third segmented rib 33. Namely, dividing up the reinforcing rib 3 into a plurality of segmented ribs 31 to 33 has made it possible to use different types of resins depending on the attaching locations and necessary performance properties or the like of the segmented ribs 31 to
20 33 to deal with various configurations.

In this embodiment, a high-rigidity resin (ABS resin) is used for the first segmented rib 31 and third segmented rib 33 that are attached to portions where the ceiling member 2 is particularly desired to have enhanced rigidity, while a resin
25 easily deformable and/or breakable and having a relatively low rigidity (PP resin) is used for the second segmented rib 32 that

is attached to a portion where impact absorption is particularly necessary.

[0051] Using different resins for forming respective segmented ribs 31 to 33 and bonding them using a hot melt adhesive as in this embodiment will necessitate a change of adhesives respectively for the segmented ribs 31 to 33. However, by adopting the vehicle ceiling structure 1 of this embodiment, it is possible to use only one type of adhesive.

Namely, even if there is a segmented rib (for example, second segmented rib 32) made of a resin that has somewhat lower compatibility with the hot melt adhesive used, other segmented ribs (for example, first segmented rib 31 and third segmented rib 33) made of a resin having good compatibility with the adhesive used and arranged on both sides can provide an anchoring effect due to the fitting structure between adjacent segmented ribs 31 to 33, whereby the reinforcing rib 3 can be bonded to the ceiling member 2 sufficiently. Thereby, a situation where two types of adhesives would have been required conventionally can be dealt with using only one type of adhesive.

[0052] As described above, according to this embodiment, a vehicle ceiling structure 1 that can prevent occurrence of failures such as wrinkles, flexing, bending or the like of the ceiling member 2 can be provided.

The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A vehicle ceiling structure having a long reinforcing rib attached to a ceiling member of the vehicle, the rib being made of a resin having a different coefficient of thermal expansion from that of the ceiling member, wherein
- 5 the reinforcing rib comprises a plurality of segmented ribs that are divided by a gap in a longitudinal direction;
- one of the segmented ribs adjacent to each other is formed, in upper and lower parts of an end portion thereof, with an upper protrusion and a lower protrusion
- 10 protruding in the longitudinal direction;
- the one segmented rib and the other segmented rib fit with each other such that a lower face of the upper protrusion and an upper face of the lower protrusion of the one segmented rib respectively face an end portion of the other segmented rib in an up and down direction; and
- 15 the lower protrusion of the one segmented rib has its tip positioned to protrude more in the longitudinal direction than that of the upper protrusion.
2. The vehicle ceiling structure according to claim 1, wherein the ceiling member has an opening for a sunroof.
3. The vehicle ceiling structure according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the
- 20 ceiling member and the reinforcing rib are bonded together with a hot melt adhesive.
4. The vehicle ceiling structure according to any one of claims 1-3, wherein at least part of the reinforcing rib serves also as an impact absorbing material.
5. The vehicle ceiling structure according to any one of claims 1-4, wherein at least one of the plurality of segmented ribs is made of a different resin from
- 25 that of the other segmented ribs.
6. A vehicle ceiling structure substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Dated 15 September 2011

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Patent Attorneys for the Applicant/Nominated Person

SPRUSON & FERGUSON

FIG. 1

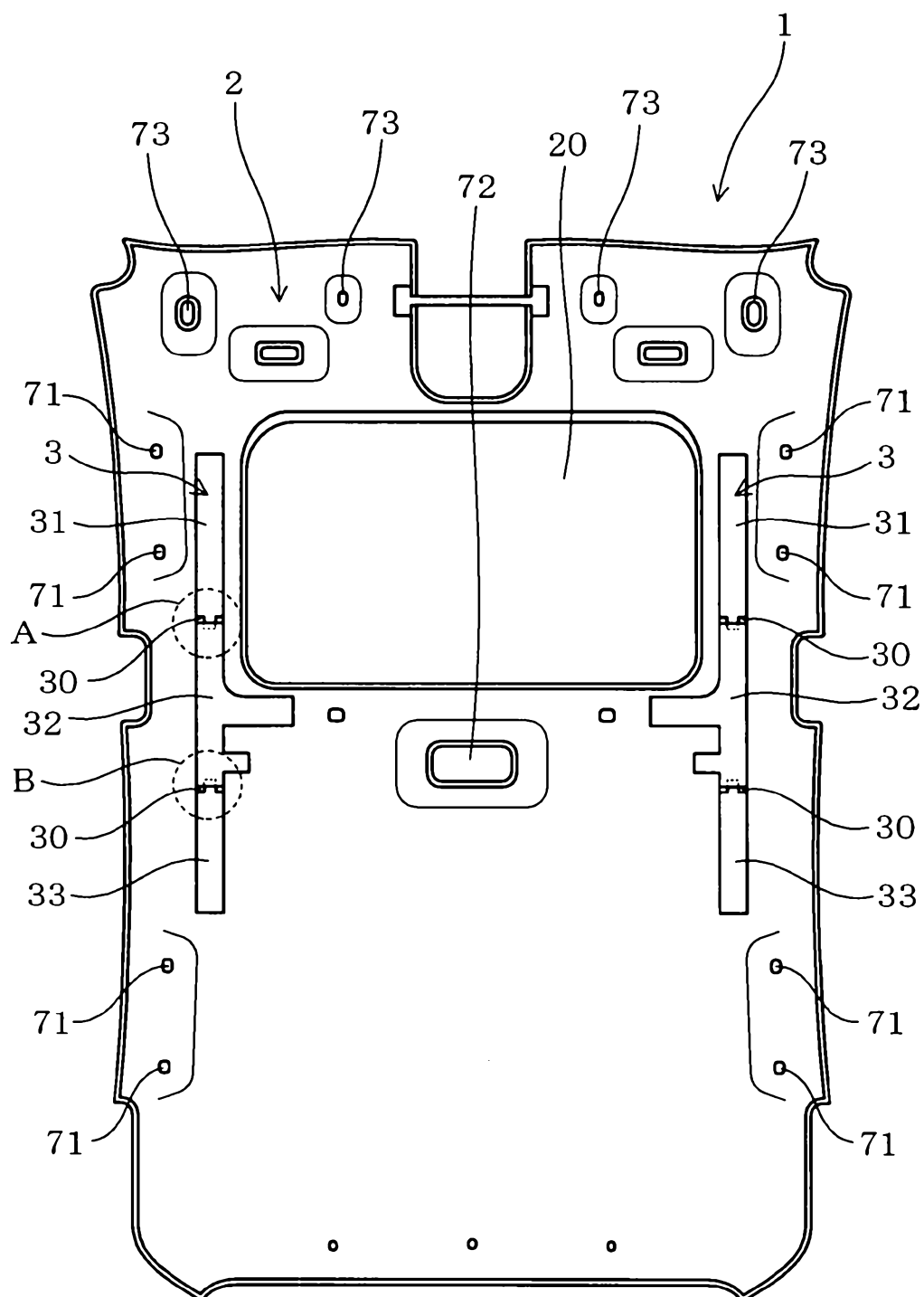


FIG. 2

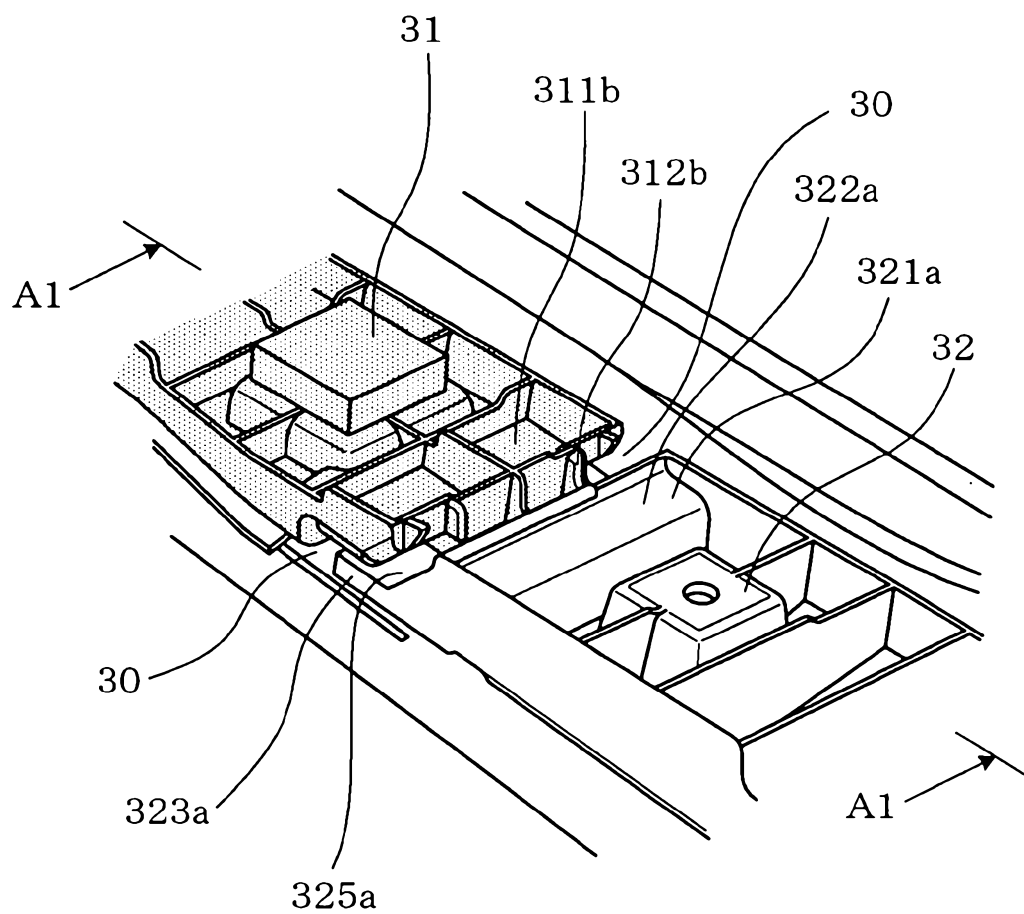
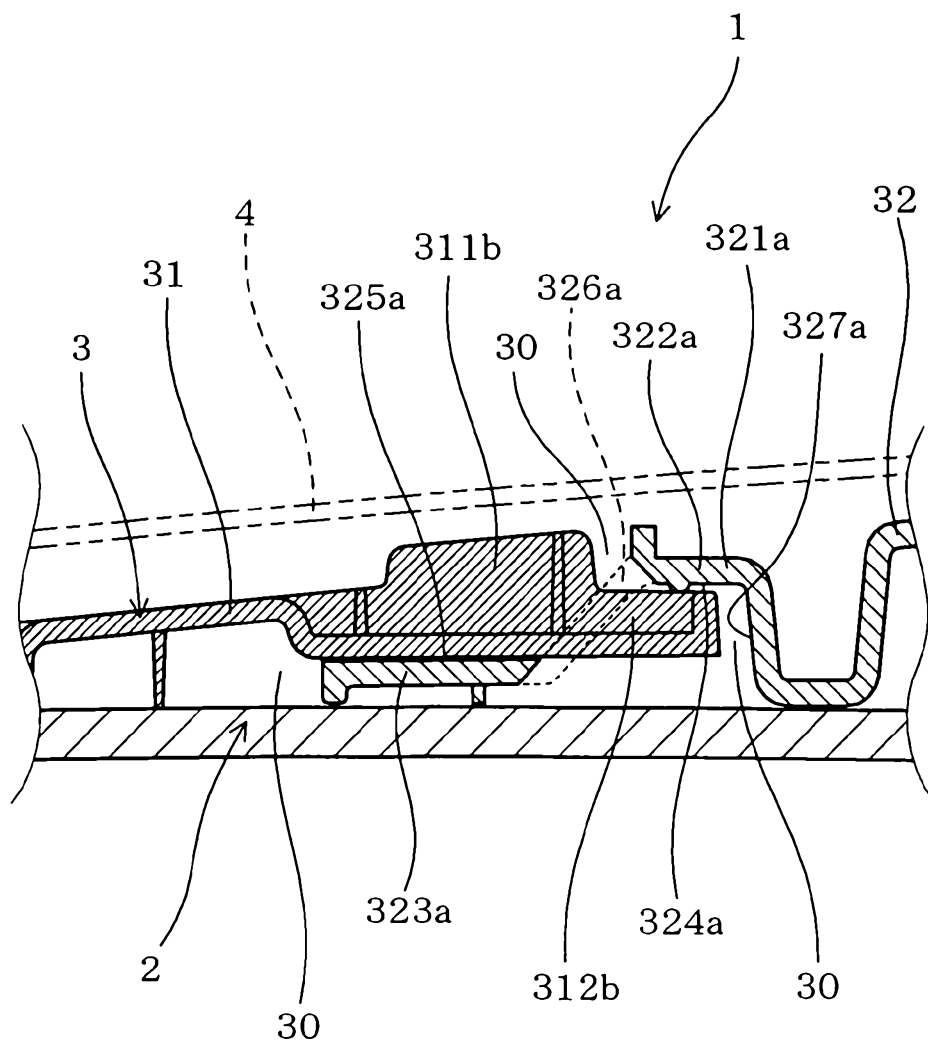


FIG. 3



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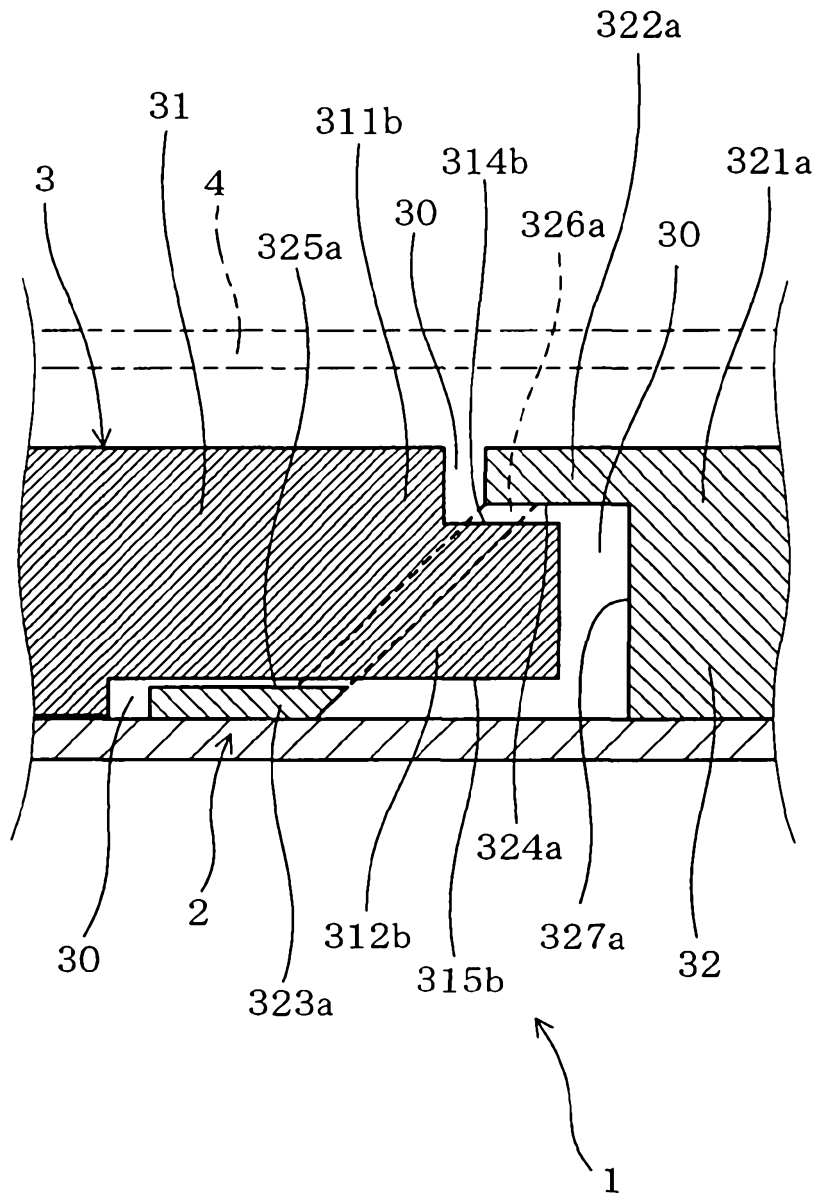


FIG. 5(a)

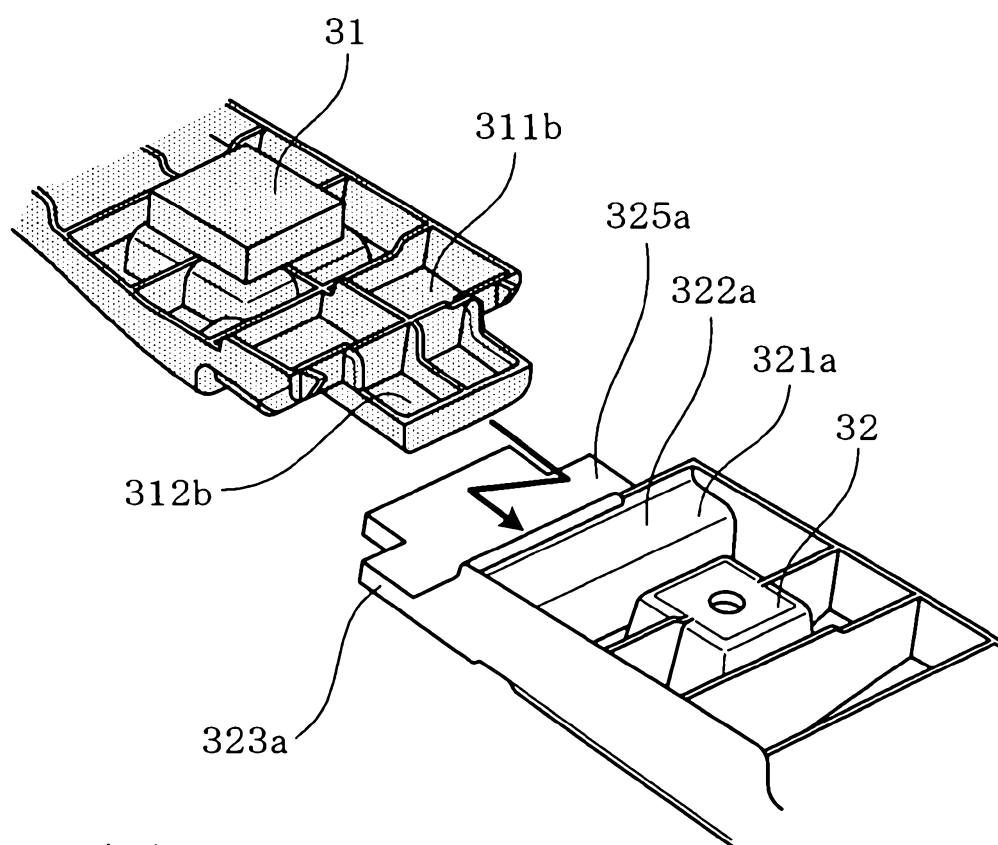


FIG. 5(b)

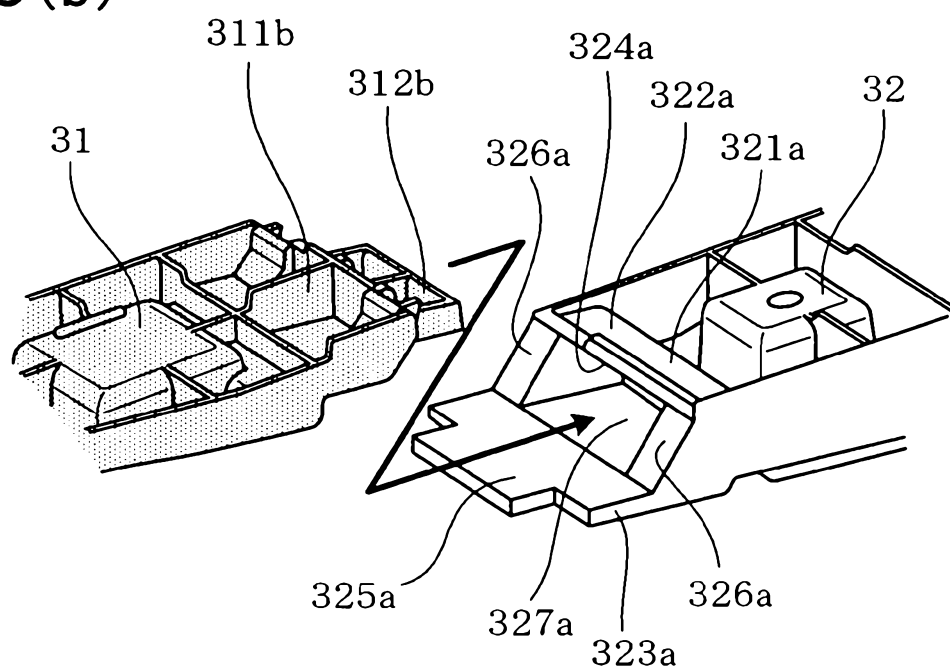


FIG. 6

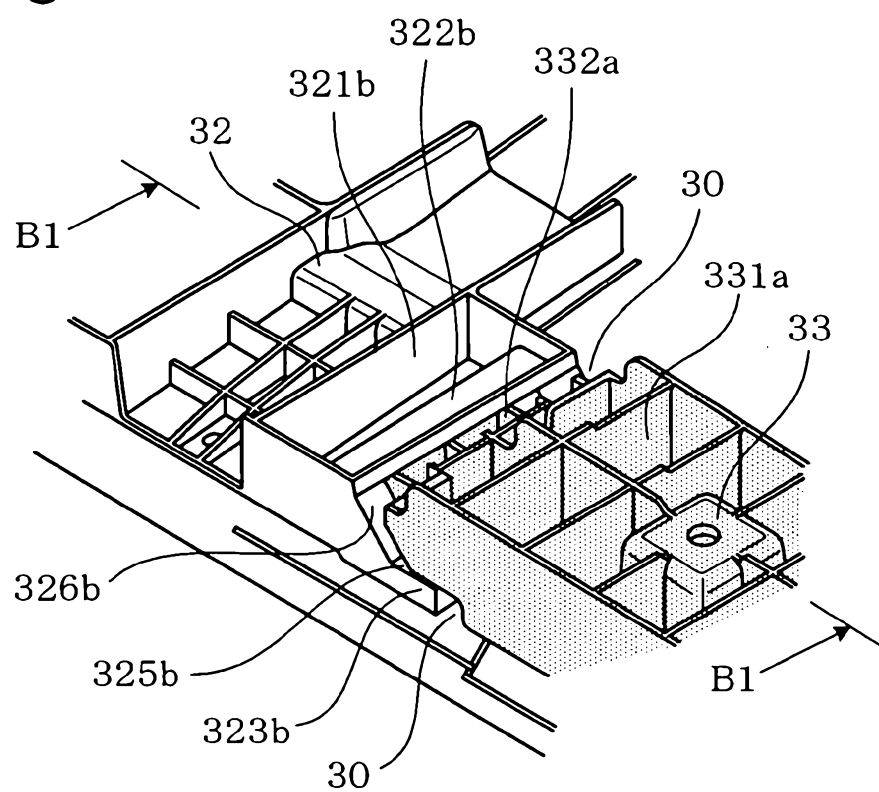


FIG. 7

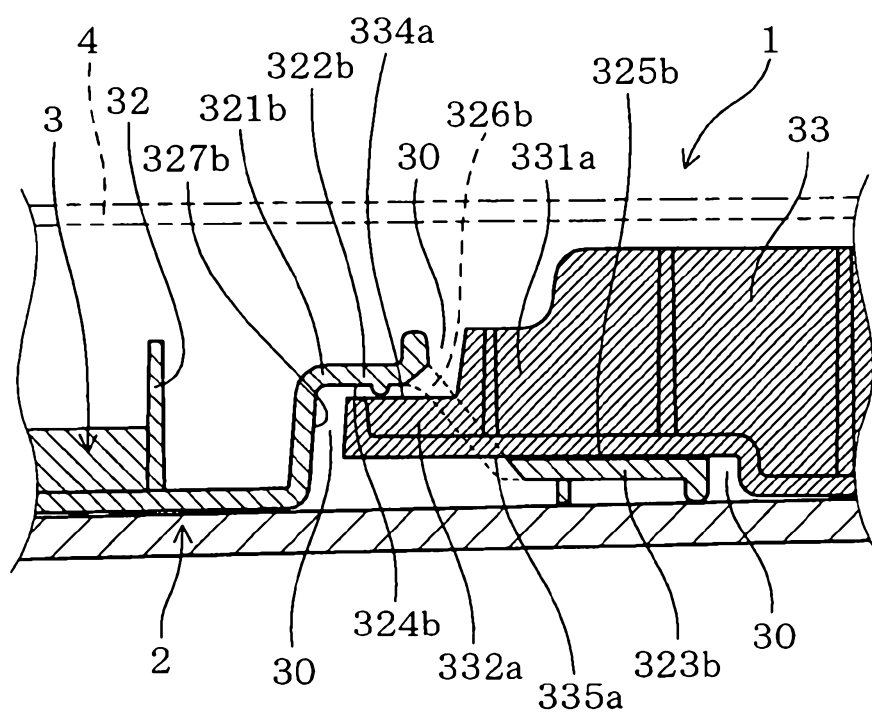


FIG. 8(a)

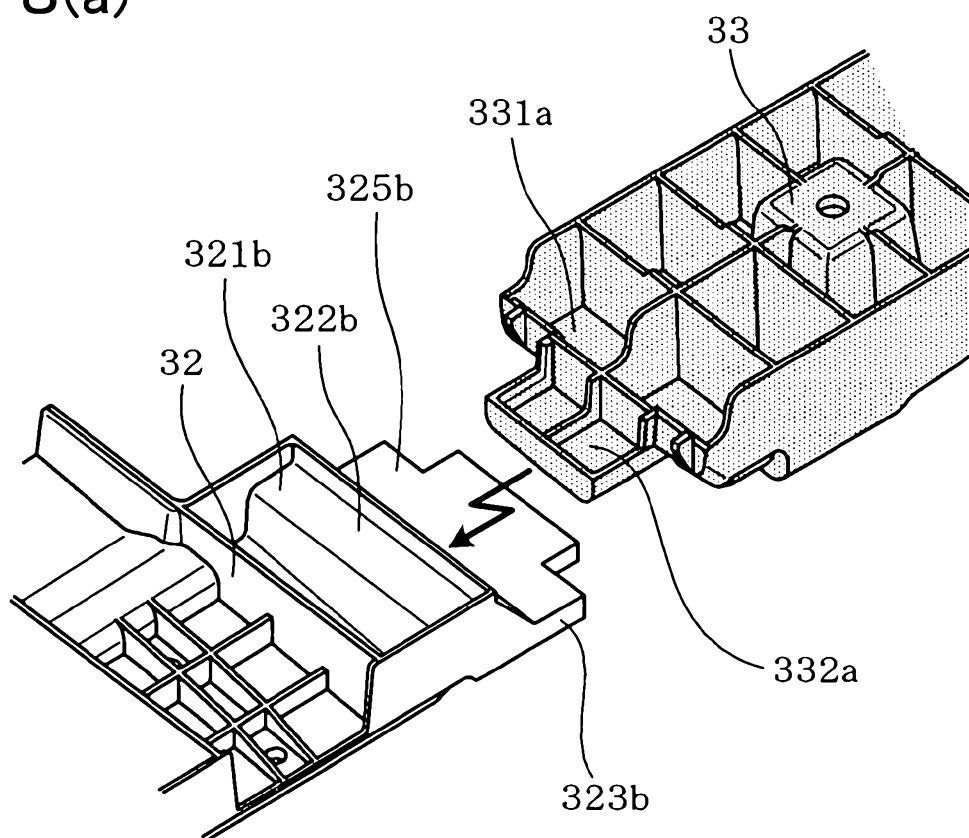


FIG. 8(b)

