



US 20030207866A1

(19)

United States

(12)

Patent Application Publication

Jacobsen et al.

(10)

Pub. No.: US 2003/0207866 A1

(43)

Pub. Date:

Nov. 6, 2003

- (54)

BIS-ARYLSULFONES
- (75)

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Appl. No.: **10/414,062**
- (22)

Filed: **Apr. 15, 2003**
- (60)

Provisional application No. 60/212,894, filed on Jun. 20, 2000. Provisional application No. 60/237,025, filed on Sep. 29, 2000. Provisional application No. 60/239,713, filed on Oct. 12, 2000. Provisional application No. 60/268,261, filed on Feb. 13, 2001.
- Publication Classification**
- (51)

Int. Cl.⁷ **A61K 31/551**; C07D 243/08
- (52)

U.S. Cl. **514/218**; 540/575
- (57)

ABSTRACT

Related U.S. Application Data

(63)

Continuation of application No. 09/877,308, filed on Jun. 8, 2001, now Pat. No. 6,579,870.

The present invention provides pharmaceutically active compounds useful for the treatment of diseases or disorders of the central nervous system.

BIS-ARYLSULFONES

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 09/877,308 filed Jun. 8, 2001, which claims the benefit of the following provisional applications: U.S. Serial No. 60/212,894, filed Jun. 20, 2000; U.S. Serial No. 60/237,025, filed Sep. 29, 2000; U.S. Serial No. 60/239,713, filed Oct. 12, 2000 and U.S. Serial No. 60/268,261, filed Feb. 13, 2001, under 35 USC 119(e)(i).

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to novel bis-arylsulfone derivatives, and more specifically, relates to bis-arylsulfone compounds of formula I described herein below. These compounds are 5-HT receptor ligands and are useful for treating diseases wherein modulation of 5-HT activity is desired.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] Serotonin has been implicated in a number of diseases and conditions that originate in the central nervous system. These include diseases and conditions related to sleeping, eating, perceiving pain, controlling body temperature, controlling blood pressure, depression, anxiety, schizophrenia, and other bodily states. Serotonin also plays an important role in peripheral systems, such as the gastrointestinal system, where it has been found to mediate a variety of contractile, secretory, and electrophysiologic effects.

[0004] As a result of the broad distribution of serotonin within the body, there is a tremendous interest in drugs that affect serotonergic systems. In particular, agonists, partial agonists and antagonists are of interest for the treatment of a wide range of disorders, including anxiety, depression, hypertension, migraine, obesity, compulsive disorders, schizophrenia, autism, neurodegenerative disorders (e.g. Alzheimer's disease, Parkinsonism, and Huntington's chorea), and chemotherapy-induced vomiting.

[0005] The major classes of serotonin receptors (5-HT₁₋₇) contain fourteen to eighteen separate receptors that have been formally classified. See Glennon, et al., *Neuroscience and Behavioral Reviews*, 1990, 14, 35; and D. Hoyer, et al. *Pharmacol. Rev.* 1994, 46, 157-203.

[0006] There is currently a need for pharmaceutical agents that are useful to treat diseases and conditions that are associated with 5-HT receptors. In particular, there is a need for agents that can selectively bind to individual receptor subtypes (e.g. receptor-specific agonists or antagonists); such agents would be useful as pharmaceutical agents, or would be useful to facilitate the study of the 5-HT receptor family, or to aid in the identification of other compounds that selectively bind to the specific 5-HT receptors.

[0007] For example, the 5-HT₆ receptor is identified in 1993 (Monsma et al. *Mol. Pharmacol.* 1993, 43, 320-327 and Ruat, M. et al. *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Com.* 1993, 193, 269-276). Several antidepressants and a typical antipsychotics bind to the 5-HT₆ receptor with high affinity and this binding may be a factor in their profile of activities (Roth et al. *J. Pharm. Exp. Therapeut.* 1994, 268, 1403-1410; Sleight et al. *Exp. Opin. Ther. Patents* 1998, 8, 1217-1224; Bourson

et al. *Brit. J. Pharm.* 1998, 125, 1562-1566; Boess et al. *Mol. Pharmacol.* 1998, 54, 577-583; Sleight et al. *Brit. J. Pharmacol.* 1998, 124, 556-562). In addition, the 5-HT₆ receptor has been linked to generalized stress and anxiety states (Yoshioka et al. *Life Sciences* 1998, 17/18, 1473-1477). Together these studies and observations suggest that compounds that antagonize the 5-HT₆ receptor will be useful in treating disorders of the central nervous system.

[0008] Generally, compounds of the present invention are 5-HT ligands. In particular, they can selectively bind to the 5-HT₆ receptor (e.g. receptor-specific agonists or antagonists). Thus, they are useful for treating diseases wherein modulation of 5-HT activity, specifically 5-HT₆ activity, is desired. Therefore, the compounds of this invention are useful for the treatment of diseases or disorders of the central nervous system. More specifically, for the treatment of psychosis, paraphrenia, psychotic depression, mania, schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorders, anxiety, migraine headache, drug addiction, convulsive disorders, personality disorders, post-traumatic stress syndrome, alcoholism, panic attacks, obsessive-compulsive disorders, and sleep disorders. The compounds of this invention are also useful to treat psychotic, affective, vegetative, and psychomotor symptoms of schizophrenia and the extrapyramidal motor side effects of other antipsychotic drugs. This last action will allow higher doses of antipsychotics to be used and thus greater antipsychotic efficacy to be obtained as a result of a reduction in side effects. The compounds of this invention are also useful in the modulation of eating behavior and thus are useful in treating excess weight and associated morbidity and mortality.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

[0009] U.S. Pat. No. 5,627,077 discloses aniline compounds useful in making mineral oils.

[0010] U.S. Pat. No. 4,851,423 discloses pharmaceutically active compounds having antiviral and antiinflammatory.

[0011] PCT International Publication WO 99/37623 discloses novel compounds having pharmacological activity for the treatment of CNS disorders.

[0012] PCT International Publication WO 99/47516 discloses 3-(2-pyrrolidinylmethyl)-indole compound having 5-HT₆ affinity.

[0013] PCT International Publication WO 99/42465 discloses novel sulphonamide derivatives having CNS activity.

[0014] PCT International Publication WO 99/02502 discloses novel compounds having pharmacological activity for the treatment of CNS disorders.

[0015] PCT International Publication WO 93/17682 discloses angiotensin II receptor antagonists.

[0016] PCT International Publication WO 92/06683 discloses pharmaceutical compositions having anti-retrovirus activity.

[0017] PCT International Publication WO 92/20642 discloses bis or mono bicyclic aryl and/or heteroaryl compounds exhibiting protein tyrosine kinase inhibition activity.

[0018] Abstract of PCT International Publication WO 92/9408956A discloses compounds useful for depress blood lipid levels.

[0019] Abstract of JO 3056-431-a discloses diphenyl compounds having analgesic, anti-inflammatory, anti-rheumatic, and anti-nephritic activity.

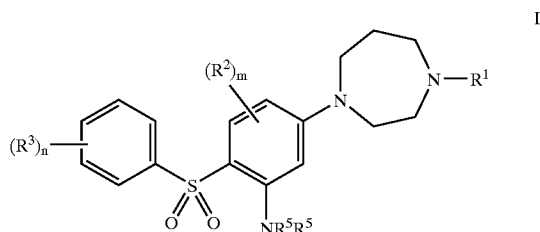
[0020] Abstract of JP 07033735-A discloses diphenylsulphone compounds useful for treating inflammation, allergies and asthma.

[0021] Abstract of WO 9318035 discloses angiotensin II receptor containing fused heterocycle and two phenyl rings.

[0022] Abstract of WO 9707790 discloses compounds containing diphenyl for treating infectious diseases such as malaria.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0023] The present invention provides novel compounds of formula I:

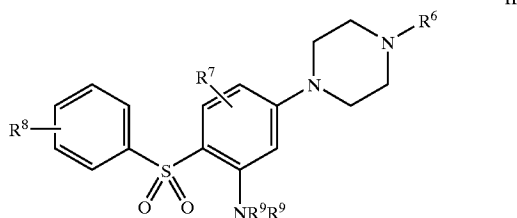


[0024] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

[0025] R^1 is H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, or aryl; each R^2 is independently H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-12} alkenyl, halo, NO_2 , CN, CF_3 , or OR^1 ; each R^3 is independently H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-12} alkenyl, or R^4 ; R^4 is halo, NO_2 , CN, CF_3 , OR^1 , $CONR^1R^1$, $NHSO_2R^1$, NR^1R^1 , NR^1COR^1 , $SO_2NR^1R^1$, $C(=O)R^1$, CO_2R^1 , or $S(O)_iR^1$; each R^5 is independently H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, aryl, $C(=O)R^1$, $S(O)_2R^1$, $C(O)NR^1R^1$, CO_2R^1 , or CSR^1 ; at each occurrence, alkyl, alkenyl, alkylaryl or aryl is optionally substituted with one or more R^4 ;

[0026] i is 0, 1, or 2; m is 1, 2 or 3; and n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

[0027] The present invention further provides novel compounds of formula II:

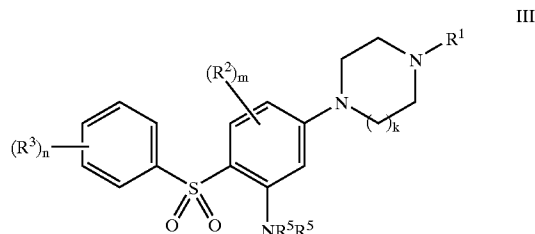


[0028] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein R^6 is H, or C_{1-4} alkyl; R^7 is H, halo, C_{1-4} alkyl, or NR^6R^6 ; R^8 is H, halo, or C_{1-4} alkyl; and each R^9 is independently H, C_{1-4} alkyl, $C(=O)R^{10}$, $S(O)_2R^{10}$,

$C(O)NR^{10}R^{11}$, CO_2R^{10} , or CSR^{10} ; and each R^{10} is independently H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, or aryl.

[0029] The present invention further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula I or II, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In preferred embodiments, the composition preferably comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula I or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0030] The present invention further provides a method for treating a disease or condition in a mammal wherein a 5-HT receptor is implicated and modulation of a 5-HT function is desired comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III



[0031] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

[0032] R^1 is H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, or aryl; each R^2 is independently H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-12} alkenyl, halo, NO_2 , CN, CF_3 , or OR^1 ; each R^3 is independently H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-12} alkenyl, or R^4 ; R^4 is halo, NO_2 , CN, CF_3 , OR^1 , $CONR^1R^1$, $NHSO_2R^1$, NR^1R^1 , NR^1COR^1 , $SO_2NR^1R^1$, $C(=O)R^1$, CO_2R^1 , or $S(O)_iR^1$; each R^5 is independently H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, aryl, $C(=O)R^1$, $S(O)_2R^1$, $C(O)NR^1R^1$, CO_2R^1 , or CSR^1 ; at each occurrence, alkyl, alkenyl, alkylaryl or aryl is optionally substituted with one or more R^4 ; k is 1 or 2; i is 0, 1, or 2; m is 1, 2 or 3; and n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

[0033] The present invention further provides a method for treating a disease or condition in a mammal wherein a 5-HT₆ receptor is implicated and modulation of a 5-HT₆ function is desired comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0034] The present invention further provides a method for treating or preventing diseases or disorders of the central nervous system comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to the mammal. Diseases or disorders for which a compound of formula I may have activity include, but are not limited to the following: obesity, depression, schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorder, schizoaffective disorder, delusional disorder, a stress related disease (e.g. general anxiety disorder), panic disorder, a phobia, obsessive compulsive disorder, post-traumatic-stress syndrome, immune system depression, major depression, a stress induced problem with the urinary, gastrointestinal or cardiovascular system (e.g., stress incontinence), neurodegenerative disorders, autism, chemotherapy-

induced vomiting, hypertension, migraine headaches, cluster headaches, sexual dysfunction in a mammal (e.g. a human), addictive disorder and withdrawal syndrome, an adjustment disorder, an age-associated learning and mental disorder, anorexia nervosa, apathy, an attention-deficit disorder due to general medical conditions, attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, behavioral disturbance (including agitation in conditions associated with diminished cognition (e.g., dementia, mental retardation or delirium)), bipolar disorder, bulimia nervosa, chronic fatigue syndrome, conduct disorder, cyclothymic disorder, dysthymic disorder, fibromyalgia and other somatoform disorders, generalized anxiety disorder, an inhalation disorder, an intoxication disorder, movement disorder (e.g., Huntington's disease or Tardive Dyskinesia), oppositional defiant disorder, peripheral neuropathy, post-traumatic stress disorder, premenstrual dysphoric disorder, a psychotic disorder (brief and long duration disorders, psychotic disorder due to medical condition, psychotic disorder NOS), mood disorder (major depressive or bipolar disorder with psychotic features) seasonal affective disorder, a sleep disorder, cognitive disorders, irritable bowel syndrome, a specific developmental disorder, agitation disorder, selective serotonin reuptake inhibition (SSRI) "poop out" syndrome or a Tic disorder (e.g., Tourette's syndrome).

[0035] The present invention further provides a method for treating anxiety, or stress related disorders comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to the mammal.

[0036] The present invention further provides a method for treating depression comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to the mammal.

[0037] The present invention further provides a method for treating obesity comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to the mammal.

[0038] The present invention further provides the use of a compound of formula III or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to prepare a medicament for treating or preventing diseases or disorders of the central nervous system.

[0039] The present invention further provides a composition of formula I and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0040] The present invention further provides a composition of formula II and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0041] The invention may also provide novel intermediates and processes for preparing compounds of formula III.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0042] The compounds of the present invention are generally named according to the IUPAC or CAS nomenclature system. Abbreviations which are well known to one of ordinary skill in the art may be used (e.g. "Ph" for phenyl, "Me" for methyl, "Et" for ethyl, "h" for hour or hours, "rt" for room temperature, and etc.).

[0043] The carbon atom content of various hydrocarbon-containing moieties is indicated by a prefix designating the minimum and maximum number of carbon atoms in the moiety, i.e., the prefix C_{i-j} indicates a moiety of the integer "i" to the integer "j" carbon atoms, inclusive. Thus, for example, C₁₋₇alkyl refers to alkyl of one to seven carbon atoms, inclusive.

[0044] Specific and preferred values listed below for radicals, groups, moieties, substituents, or ranges, are for illustration only; they do not exclude other defined values or other values within defined ranges.

[0045] The following definitions are used, unless otherwise described.

[0046] The term "halo" denotes fluoro, chloro, bromo, or iodo.

[0047] Alkyl denotes both straight and branched groups; but reference to an individual group or moiety such as "propyl" embraces only the straight chain group or moiety, a branched chain isomer such as "isopropyl" being specifically referred to.

[0048] Aryl denotes a phenyl radical or an ortho-fused bicyclic carbocyclic group or moiety having about nine to ten ring atoms in which at least one ring is aromatic.

[0049] Mammal denotes human and animals.

[0050] It is to be understood that the present invention encompasses any racemic, optically-active, polymorphic, tautomeric, or stereoisomeric form, or mixture thereof, of a compound of the invention, which possesses the useful properties described herein.

[0051] In cases where compounds are sufficiently basic or acidic to form stable nontoxic acid or base salts, administration of the compounds as salts may be appropriate. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts are organic acid addition salts formed with acids which form a physiological acceptable anion, for example, tosylate, methane-sulfonate, acetate, citrate, malonate, tartarate, succinate, benzoate, ascorbate, α -ketoglutarate, maleate, fumarate, benzenesulfonate and α -glycerophosphate. Suitable inorganic salts may also be formed, including hydrobromide, hydrochloride, sulfate, nitrate, bicarbonate, and carbonate salts.

[0052] Pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be obtained using standard procedures well known in the art, for example by reacting a sufficiently basic compound such as an amine with a suitable acid affording a physiologically acceptable anion. Alkali metal (for example, sodium, potassium or lithium) or alkaline earth metal (for example calcium) salts of carboxylic acids can also be made.

[0053] In one embodiment, R¹ is H or C₁₋₄alkyl.

[0054] In another embodiment, R¹ is methyl.

[0055] In one embodiment, R¹ is H.

[0056] In another embodiment, each R² is independently H or C₁₋₆alkyl.

[0057] In another embodiment, R^1 is H.

[0058] In one embodiment, each R^3 is independently H, fluoro or C_{1-4} alkyl.

[0059] In one embodiment, each R^3 is fluoro, n is one or two.

[0060] In one embodiment, each R^5 is H independently or C_{1-4} alkyl.

[0061] In one embodiment, R^5 is H.

[0062] In one embodiment, each R^5 is independently H, or $C(=O)R^1$.

[0063] In one embodiment, each R^5 is independently H, or $C(=O)RCH_3$.

[0064] In one embodiment, each R^5 is independently H, $S(O)_2R^1$, $C(O)NR^1R^1$, CO_2R^1 , or CSR^1 .

[0065] In one embodiment, R^6 is H, methyl or ethyl.

[0066] In one embodiment, R^7 is H.

[0067] In one embodiment, R^8 is H or fluoro, or methyl.

[0068] Examples of the present invention are:

[0069] (1) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0070] (2) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0071] (3) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0072] (4) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0073] (5) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,

[0074] (6) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]aniline,

[0075] (7) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0076] (8) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,

[0077] (9) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide, or

[0078] (10) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0079] Another examples of the present invention are:

[0080] (1) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,

[0081] (2) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,

[0082] (3) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,

[0083] (4) 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,

[0084] (5) 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,

[0085] (6) 5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0086] (7) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine, or

[0087] (8) N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

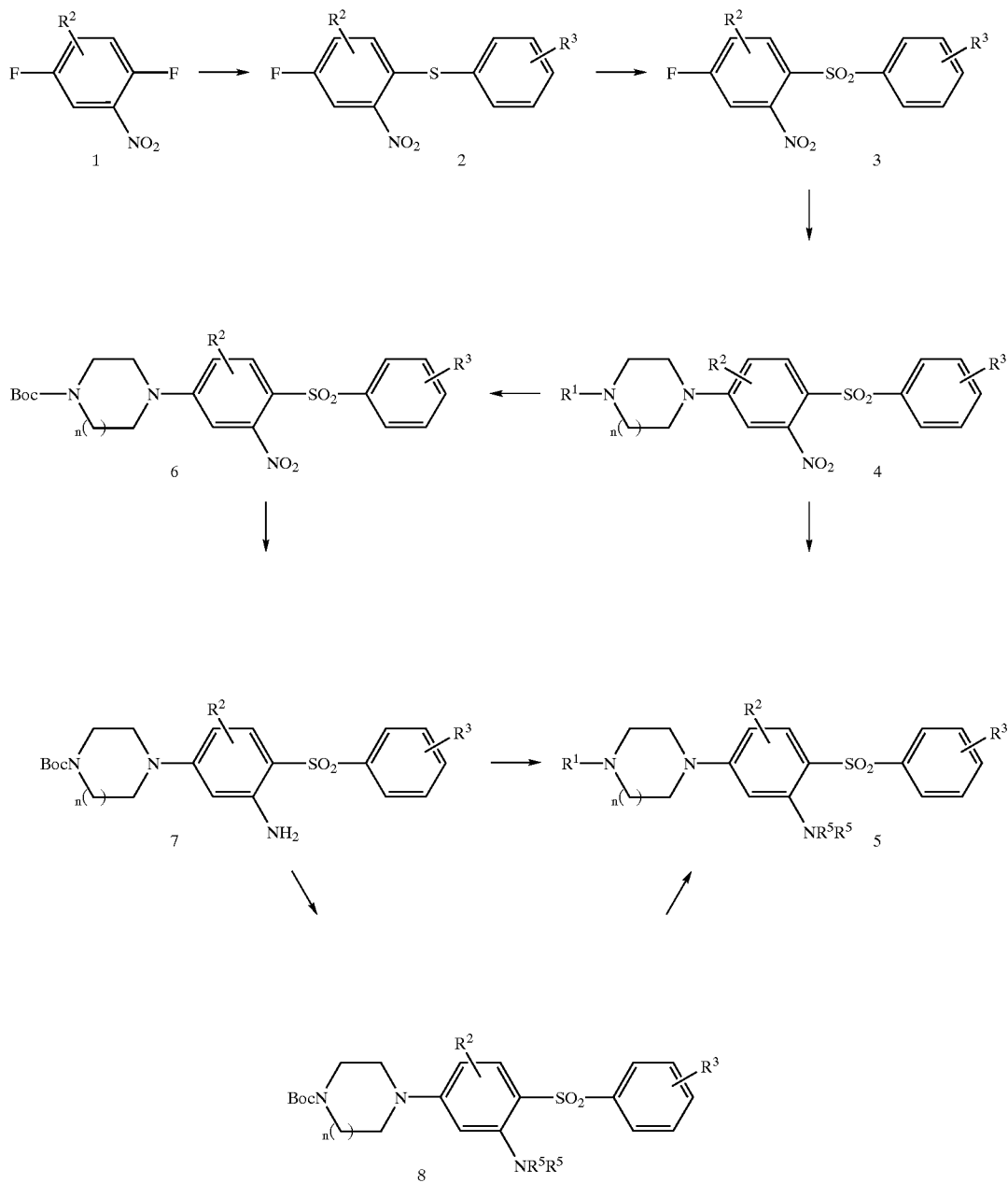
[0088] Specific example of the present invention is N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0089] Specific example of the present invention is 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0090] Specific example of the present invention is N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

[0091] Chart I and Chart II describe the preparation of compounds of the present invention. All of the starting materials are prepared by procedures described herein or by procedures that would be well known to one of ordinary skill in organic chemistry. As shown in Chart I, treatment of commercially available substituted or unsubstituted 2,5-difluoronitro-benzene 1 with the desired arylthiol gave thioether 2. This reaction is usually carried out in the presence of a suitable base such as potassium carbonate and a suitable solvent such as acetonitrile. The oxidation of 2 to sulfone 3 is usually carried out using m-CPBA (in CH_2Cl_2) or H_2O_2 (in hot acetic acid) as the oxidizing agents. When using m-CPBA, the reaction is done at ambient temperature in a solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 . The desired arylpiperazine moiety 4 is formed by a second nucleophilic substitution reaction, using the appropriate amine. Again, this displacement is done using potassium carbonate as the base and a solvent such as acetonitrile. Depending on the R^1 -substituent, reduction of nitrobenzene 4 to the aniline 5 is accomplished using Raney nickel and hydrazine. The solvent system most typically utilized is EtOH/THF. If further purification of 5 is desired, piperazine 4 is protected as the tert-butyl carbamate using di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (THF, H_2O) to give carbamate 6. This compound is reduced as described above using Raney Nickel, to give aniline 7. In contrast to compound 5, carbamate 7 can be readily purified by chromatography. Deprotection using TFA in CH_2Cl_2 provided bis-sulfone 5. If desired, carbamate 7 can be alkylated to give compound of structure 8. In this case, treatment of 7 with methyltriflate in the presence of potassium hydride gives the methylamine 8. Deprotection, as described above, using TFA in CH_2Cl_2 provides a compound of structure 5.

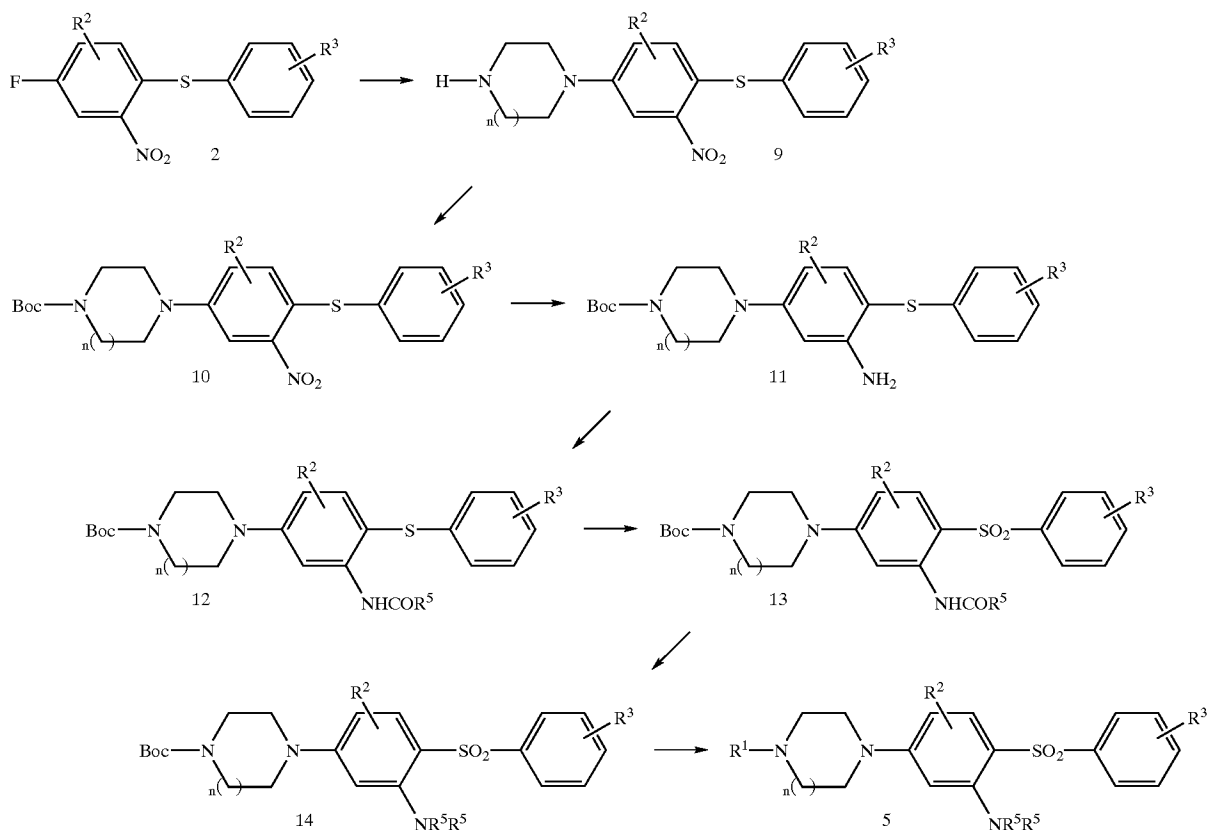
CHART I



[0092] Alternatively, N-alkylated compound of structure 5 can be prepared according to CHART II as shown here. Reaction of a compound of structure 2 with a desired piperazine, as described in Chart I (potassium carbonate/acetonitrile; at ambient to elevated temperatures), provides piperazine 9. Protection of 9 using di-tert-butyl dicarbonate provided carbamate 10. Reduction of nitro 10 using Raney nickel and hydrazine gives aniline 11, which can be readily reacted with acetyl chloride to give 12. This reaction is carried out quite effectively using acetyl chloride (or other acyl chlorides or ethyl formate), in the presence of DMAP,

and Hunigs base, in a suitable solvent such as CH_2Cl_2 . Oxidation of 12 to the sulfone is accomplished with m-CPBA (CH_2Cl_2 , -78°C -rt) to give 13. Reduction of amide 13 utilizing borane-methylsulfide complex gives the desired alkylamine 14. The piperazine is the deprotected and alkylated to provide a compound of structure 5. If desired, a dialkylated compound can also be prepared according to the methods well-known in the art. If desired, amides such as 13 in Chart II may be simply deprotected using either TFA, HCl in EtOH, or TsOH to give acetamide 5 ($\text{R}=\text{COCH}_3$). Sulfonamides can be prepared in a similar fashion.

CHART II



[0093] The inventive compounds may be used in their native form or as salts. In cases where compounds are sufficiently basic or acidic to form stable nontoxic acid or base salts, administration of the compounds as salts may be appropriate. Examples of pharmaceutically acceptable salts are organic acid addition salts formed with acids which form a physiological acceptable anion, for example, tosylate, methanesulfonate, acetate, citrate, malonate, succinate, benzoate, ascorbate, etoglutarate, and glycerophosphate. Suitable inorganic salts may also be formed, including hydrochloride, sulfate, nitrate, bicarbonate, and carbonate salts.

[0094] Pharmaceutically acceptable salts may be obtained using standard procedures well known in the art, for example by reacting a sufficiently basic compound such as an amine with a suitable acid affording a physiologically acceptable anion. Alkali metal (for example, sodium, potassium or lithium) or alkaline earth metal (for example calcium) salts of carboxylic acids can also be made.

[0095] Compounds of the present invention can conveniently be administered in a pharmaceutical composition containing the compound in combination with a suitable excipient, the composition being useful in combating CNS diseases. Pharmaceutical compositions containing a compound appropriate for CNS diseases' use are prepared by methods and contain excipients which are well known in the art. A generally recognized compendium of such methods

and ingredients is Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences by E. W. Martin (Mark Publ. Co., 15th Ed., 1975). The compounds and compositions of the present invention can be administered parenterally (for example, by intravenous, intraperitoneal or intramuscular injection), topically (including but not limited to surface treatment, transdermal application, and nasal application), intravaginally, orally, or rectally, depending on whether the preparation is used to treat a specific disease.

[0096] For oral therapeutic administration, the active compound may be combined with one or more excipients and used in the form of ingestible tablets, buccal tablets, troches, capsules, elixirs, suspensions, syrups, wafers, and the like. Such compositions and preparations should contain at least 0.1% of active compound. The percentage of the compositions and preparations may, of course, be varied and may conveniently be between about 2 to about 60% of the weight of a given unit dosage form. The amount of active compound in such therapeutically useful compositions is such that an effective dosage level will be obtained.

[0097] The tablets, troches, pills, capsules, and the like may also contain the following: binders such as gum tragacanth, acacia, corn starch or gelatin; excipients such as dicalcium phosphate; a disintegrating agent such as corn starch, potato starch, alginic acid and the like; a lubricant such as magnesium stearate; and a sweetening agent such as sucrose, fructose, lactose or aspartame or a flavoring agent

such as peppermint, oil of wintergreen, or cherry flavoring may be added. When the unit dosage form is a capsule, it may contain, in addition to materials of the above type, a liquid carrier, such as a vegetable oil or a polyethylene glycol. Various other materials may be present as coatings or to otherwise modify the physical form of the solid unit dosage form. For instance, tablets, pills, or capsules may be coated with gelatin, wax, shellac or sugar and the like. A syrup or elixir may contain the active compound, sucrose or fructose as a sweetening agent, methyl and propylparabens as preservatives, a dye and flavoring such as cherry or orange flavor. Of course, any material used in preparing any unit dosage form should be pharmaceutically acceptable and substantially non-toxic in the amounts employed. In addition, the active compound may be incorporated into sustained-release preparations and devices such as the osmotic release type devices developed by the Alza Corporation under the OROS trademark.

[0098] The compounds or compositions can also be administered intravenously or intraperitoneally by infusion or injection. Solutions of the active compound or its salts can be prepared in water, optionally mixed with a nontoxic surfactant. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, triacetin, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

[0099] Pharmaceutical dosage forms suitable for injection or infusion can include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions or sterile powders comprising the active ingredient which are adapted for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable or infusible solutions or dispersions, optionally encapsulated in liposomes. In all cases, the ultimate dosage form should be sterile, fluid and stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage. The liquid carrier or vehicle can be a solvent or liquid dispersion medium comprising, for example, water, ethanol, a polyol (for example, glycerol, propylene glycol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and the like), vegetable oils, nontoxic glyceryl esters, and suitable mixtures thereof. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the formation of liposomes, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersions or by the use of surfactants. The prevention of the action of microorganisms can be brought about by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like. In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars, buffers or sodium chloride. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

[0100] Sterile injectable solutions can be prepared by incorporating the active compound in the required amount in the appropriate solvent with various of the other ingredients enumerated above, as required, followed by filter sterilization. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation are vacuum drying and the freeze drying techniques, which yield a powder of the active ingredient plus any additional desired ingredient present in the previously sterile-filtered solutions.

[0101] For topical administration, the present compounds may be applied in pure form, i.e., when they are liquids. However, it will generally be desirable to administer them to the skin as compositions or formulations, in combination with a dermatologically acceptable carrier, which may be a solid or a liquid.

[0102] Useful solid carriers include finely divided solids such as talc, clay, microcrystalline cellulose, silica, alumina and the like. Useful liquid carriers include water, alcohols or glycols or water-alcohol/glycol blends, in which the present compounds can be dissolved or dispersed at effective levels, optionally with the aid of non-toxic surfactants. Adjuvants such as fragrances and additional antimicrobial agents can be added to optimize the properties for a given use. The resultant liquid compositions can be applied from absorbent pads, used to impregnate bandages and other dressings, or sprayed onto the affected area using pump-type or aerosol sprayers. Thickeners such as synthetic polymers, fatty acids, fatty acid salts and esters, fatty alcohols, modified celluloses or modified mineral materials can also be employed with liquid carriers to form spreadable pastes, gels, ointments, soaps, and the like, for application directly to the skin of the user.

[0103] Examples of useful dermatological compositions which can be used to deliver the compounds of formula I to the skin are known to the art; for example, see Jacquet et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 4,608,392), Geria (U.S. Pat. No. 4,992,478), Smith et al. (U.S. Pat. No. 4,559,157) and Wortzman (U.S. Pat. No. 4,820,508).

[0104] Useful dosages of the compounds of formula I can be determined by comparing their *in vitro* activity, and *in vivo* activity in animal models. Methods for the extrapolation of effective dosages in mice, and other animals, to humans are known to the art; for example, see U.S. Pat. No. 4,938,949.

[0105] The compound is conveniently administered in unit dosage form; for example, containing 1 to 1000 mg, conveniently 5 to 750 mg, most conveniently, 5 to 400 mg of active ingredient per unit dosage form. The desired dose may conveniently be presented in a single dose or as divided doses administered at appropriate intervals, for example, as two, three, four or more sub-doses per day. The sub-dose itself may be further divided, e.g., into a number of discrete loosely spaced administrations; such as multiple inhalations from an insufflator or by application of a plurality of drops into the eye.

[0106] The compositions can be administered orally or parenterally at dose levels, calculated as the free base, of about 0.01 to 300 mg/kg mammal body weight, preferably 0.1 to 50 mg/kg of mammal body weight, more preferably 1.0 to 30 mg/kg of mammal body weight, and can be used in man in a unit dosage form, administered one to four times daily in the amount of 1 to 1000 mg per unit dose.

[0107] Generally, the concentration of the compound(s) of formula I in a liquid composition, such as a lotion, will be from about 0.1-25 wt-%, preferably from about 0.5-10 wt-%. The concentration in a semi-solid or solid composition such as a gel or a powder will be about 0.1-5 wt-%, preferably about 0.5-2.5 wt-%.

[0108] The exact regimen for administration of the compounds and compositions disclosed herein will necessarily

be dependent upon the needs of the individual subject being treated, the type of treatment and, of course, the judgment of the attending practitioner. The compounds of the present invention can be administered to an animal in need of treatment. In most instances, this will be a human being, but the treatment of livestock and companion animals is also specifically contemplated as falling within the scope of the instant invention.

[0109] Generally, compounds of the invention are 5-HT ligands. The ability of a compound of the invention to bind or act at a 5-HT receptor, or to bind or act selectively at a specific 5-HT receptor subtype can be determined using in vitro and in vivo assays that are known in the art. As used herein, the term "bind selectively" means a compound binds at least 2 times, preferably at least 10 times, and more preferably at least 50 times more readily to a given 5-HT subtype than to one or more other subtypes. Preferred compounds of the invention bind selectively to one or more 5-HT receptor subtypes.

[0110] The ability of a compound of the invention to act as a 5-HT receptor agonist or antagonist can also be determined using in vitro and in vivo assays that are known in the art. All of the Example compounds provided above are 5-HT ligands, with the ability to displace >50% of a radiolabeled test ligand from one or more 5-HT receptor subtypes at a concentration of 1 μ M. The procedures used for testing such displacement are well known and illustrated below.

5-HT₆ Receptor Binding Assay

[0111] Growth of Cells and Membrane Preparation

[0112] Hela cells containing the cloned human 5-HT₆ receptor are acquired from Dr. David R. Sibley's laboratory in National Institute of Health (see Sibley, D. R., *J. Neurochemistry*, 66, 47-56, 1996). Cells are grown in high glucose Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium, supplemented with L-glutamine, 0.5% sodium pyruvate, 0.3% penicillin-streptomycin, 0.025% G-418 and 5% Gibco fetal bovine serum and then are harvested, when confluent, in cold phosphate buffered saline.

[0113] Harvested intact cells are washed once in cold phosphate-buffered saline. The cells are pelleted and resuspended in 100 ml of cold 50 mM Tris, 5 mM EDTA and 5 mM EGTA, pH 7.4. Homogenization is with a Vir Tishear generator, 4 cycles for 30 seconds each at setting 50. The homogenized cells are centrifuged at 700 RPM (1000 $\times$ g) for 10 minutes and the supernatant is removed. The pellet is resuspended in 100 ml of the above buffer and rehomogenized for 2 cycles. The rehomogenized cells are then centrifuged at 700 RPM (1000 $\times$ g) for 10 minutes and the supernatant is removed. The combined supernatant (200 ml) is centrifuged at 23,000 RPM (80,000 $\times$ g) for 1 hour in a Beckman Rotor (42.1 Ti). The membrane pellet is resuspended in 50-8-ml of assay buffer containing HEPES 20 mM, MgCl₂ 10 mM, NaCl 150 mM, EDTA 1 mM, pH 7.4 and stored frozen in aliquots at -70° C.

[0114] 5-HT₆ Receptor Binding Assay

[0115] The radioligand binding assay used [³H]-lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD). The assay is carried out in Wallac 96-well sample plates by the addition of 11 μ l of the test sample at the appropriate dilution (the assay employed 11 serial concentrations of samples run in duplicate), 11 μ l of

radioligand, and 178 μ l of a washed mixture of WGA-coated SPA beads and membranes in binding buffer. The plates are shaken for about 5 minutes and then incubated at room temperature for 1 hour. The plates are then loaded into counting cassettes and counted in a Wallac MicroBeta Trilux scintillation counter.

[0116] Binding Constant (K_i) Determination

[0117] Eleven serial dilutions of test compounds are distributed to assay plates using the PE/Cetus Pro/Pette pipetter. These dilutions were, followed by radioligand and the bead-membrane mixture prepared as described above. The specifically bound cpm obtained are fit to a one-site binding model using GraphPad Prism ver. 2.0. Estimated IC₅₀ values are converted to K_i values using the Cheng-Prusoff equation (Cheng, Y. C. et al., *Biochem. Pharmacol.*, 22, 3099-108, 1973). The K_i values obtained from the assay are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1

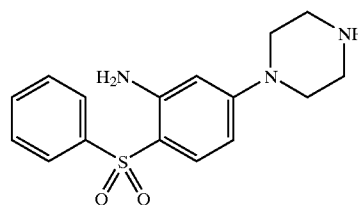
5-HT ₆ receptor Binding Assay Data	
Example #	K _i (nM)
1	2.6
2	4.9
3	31
4	32
5	23
6	68
7	3.6
8	5.2
9	79
10	11
11	11
12	1.4
13	2.7
14	—

[0118] The compounds and their preparations of the present invention will be better understood in connection with the following examples, which are intended as an illustration of and not a limitation upon the scope of the invention.

EXAMPLE 1

Preparation of 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine

[0119]



[0120] Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl) Benzene

[0121] To a mixture of thiophenol (0.96 mL, 9.3 mmol) and potassium carbonate (1.4 g, 10.1 mmol) in 16 mL of dry

acetonitrile is added 2,5-difluoronitrobenzene (1.0 mL, 9.2 mmol). The mixture is allowed to stir overnight at rt. Water (30 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x25 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. Recrystallization from EtOAc/heptane gives 2.3 g (99%) of the title compound as a solid, mp 66-67° C.

[0122] IR (drift) 1576, 1526, 1468, 1344, 1286, 1269, 1209, 946, 866, 819, 806, 756, 749, 693, 645 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.95, 7.54-7.60, 7.46-7.52, 7.07-7.15, 6.85; MS (EI) m/z 249 (M^+), 203, 202, 186, 185, 184, 78, 77.

[0123] Step 2: Preparation of 4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl) Benzene

[0124] A solution of 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (15 g, 87 mmol) in 110 mL of CH_2Cl_2 is slowly added to a mixture of 4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl) benzene (8.7 g, 35 mmol) and sodium bicarbonate (7.3 g, 87 mmol) in 260 mL of CH_2Cl_2 , at -78° C. The solution is stirred at -78° C. for 1 h, then warmed to rt and allowed to stir overnight. The mixture is partitioned between NaHCO_3 (200 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 (3x100 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered and concentrated to a white solid. Recrystallization from EtOAc/heptane gives 9.7 g (99%) of the title compound as a solid, mp 127-129° C.;

[0125] IR (drift) 1602, 1590, 1551, 1371, 1329, 1318, 1274, 1227, 1161, 1083, 881, 811, 752, 728, 685 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.37-8.43, 7.92-8.00, 7.43-7.70; MS (EI) m/z 281 (M^+), 200, 188, 186, 170, 97, 93, 77.

[0126] Step 3: Preparation of 1-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl) phenyl]piperazine

[0127] A solution of 4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl) benzene (1.0 g, 3.6 mmol), piperazine (0.37 g, 4.3 mmol), and potassium carbonate (0.79 g, 5.7 mmol) is stirred in 35 mL of acetonitrile overnight at reflux. The mixture is cooled to rt and 35 mL of water and CH_2Cl_2 are added. The layers are separated and the aqueous layer extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x35 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. Purification via flash column chromatography (15% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2) gives 1.1 g (92%) of title compound as a solid, mp 180-182° C.

[0128] IR (drift) 1601, 1536, 1448, 1367, 1358, 1303, 1254, 1153, 1138, 1085, 1022, 774, 750, 724, 688 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.10, 7.89-7.95, 7.47-7.55, 6.95-7.05, 3.31-3.45, 2.96-3.08, 2.51; MS (EI) m/z 347 (M^+), 305, 275, 258, 152, 118, 77.

[0129] Step 4: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0130] To a solution of 1-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl) phenyl]piperazine (1.5 g, 4.3 mmol) and NaOH (0.38 g, 9.5 mmol) in 64 mL of a 1:1 THF: H_2O solvent system is added a solution of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.0 g, 4.7 mmol) in 5 mL of THF. The solution is stirred at rt for 16 h. The mixture is neutralized with 6 N HCl and 25 mL of EtOAc is added. The layers are separated and the aqueous layer is extracted with EtOAc (3x25 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. Recrystallization from EtOAc/hexane gives 1.7 g (87%) of the title compound as solid, mp 190-191° C.

[0131] IR (drift) 1690, 1607, 1544, 1415, 1362, 1350, 1322, 1306, 1290, 1243, 1177, 1151, 1138, 748, 688 cm^{-1} ;

^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.13, 7.89-7.97, 7.47-7.62, 6.96-7.05, 3.53-3.64, 3.34-3.45, 1.48; MS (EI) m/z 447 (M^+), 305, 275, 258, 152, 91, 77.

[0132] Step 5: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-amino-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0133] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.85 g, 1.8 mmol) in 20 mL of a 4:1 EtOH:THF solvent system is added Raney nickel (130 mg suspension in EtOH) followed by hydrazine monohydrate (0.44 mL, 9.1 mmol). The mixture is stirred vigorously for 2 h and then filtered through celite that is pretreated with water. The filtrate is concentrated, and the residue crystallized from MeOH/EtOAc/hexane to give 0.76 g (99%) of the aniline as a white solid, mp 135-137° C.

[0134] IR (drift) 1693, 1602, 1552, 1448, 1420, 1390, 1366, 1306, 1288, 1249, 1224, 1168, 1142, 1097, 736 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.85-7.93, 7.68, 7.41-7.56, 6.32, 5.98, 5.09, 3.48-3.58, 3.18-3.28, 1.47; MS (EI) m/z 417 (M^+), 361, 317, 275, 167, 91, 77

[0135] Step 6: Preparation of 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine

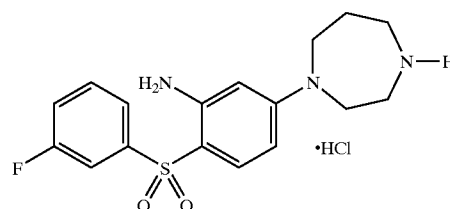
[0136] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-amino-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.68 g, 1.6 mmol) in 18 mL of CH_2Cl_2 at 0° C., is added trifluoroacetic acid (18 mL). The solution is stirred at 0° C. for 2 h and then concentrated. Methylene chloride (30 mL) and 1 N NaOH (30 mL) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3x25 mL) and the combined organic layers dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to give 0.46 g (89%) of a white solid. The solid is dissolved in 50 mL of MeOH and HCl/MeOH (5 mL) is added slowly and stirred under N_2 for 2 min. The solvent is removed under vacuum to give a white solid. Recrystallization from MeOH/EtOAc/hexane gives the pure title compound as the hydrogen chloride salt, mp 165-166° C.

[0137] IR (drift) 3371, 2831, 1600, 1550, 1447, 1304, 1284, 1260, 1225, 1140, 1092, 1034, 736, 688, 602 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.86-7.94, 7.66, 7.40-7.55, 6.33, 5.98, 5.03, 3.16-3.30, 2.91-3.04, 2.31; MS (EI) m/z 317 (M^+), 276, 275, 91, 77.

EXAMPLE 2

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl) sulfonyl]phenylamine

[0138]



[0139] A solution of 1-[4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-nitrophenyl]-1,4-diazepane (using the similar procedure as described in EXAMPLE 1, step 3, 0.382 g, 1.10 mmol) and

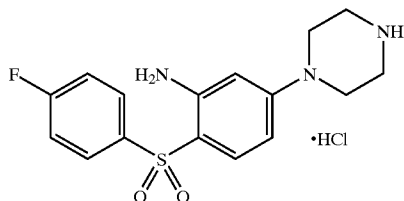
Pd/C (0.0573 g, 15% by wt. of IV) in 35 mL of a 4:1 EtOH:THF solvent is exposed to hydrogen gas (25 psi) in a Parr bottle. The pressure of hydrogen is constantly monitored and kept near 25 psi. After 2 h, the mixture is filtered, the solids rinsed with MeOH and CH₂Cl₂, and the filtrate concentrated to give 0.349 g (99%) of a white solid. The HCl salt is prepared by standard methods to give an off-white solid. Recrystallization from hot MeOH/EtOAc/hexane gives a nearly quantitative yield of the title compound as hydrochloride salt, mp 106-108° C.

[0140] IR (drift) 1600, 1550, 1506, 1474, 1458, 1313, 1290, 1270, 1222, 1135, 1085, 727, 691, 678, 651 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67-7.71, 7.56-7.63, 7.35-7.47, 7.10-7.23, 6.17, 5.80, 4.95, 3.48-3.59, 3.00, 2.83, 2.11, 1.81-1.92; MS (EI) m/z 349 (M⁺), 307, 293, 281, 148.

EXAMPLE 3

Preparation of 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl) Phenylamine

[0141]



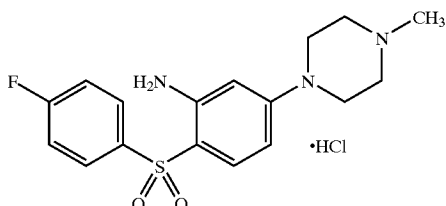
[0142] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, 2,5-difluoronitrobenzene is converted to the title compound, mp 144-146° C.

[0143] IR (drift) 2924, 2919, 2685, 2676, 2589, 1599, 1552, 1492, 1451, 1286, 1265, 1236, 1141, 1092, 601 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83-7.91, 7.64, 7.03-7.12, 6.69-6.74, 6.23-6.30, 3.46, 3.06-3.15, 2.81-2.89; MS (EI) m/z 335 (M⁺), 293, 96, 95, 93, 91, 83

EXAMPLE 4

Preparation of 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl) Phenylamine

[0144]



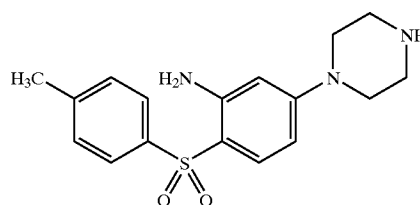
[0145] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained, mp 85-89° C.

[0146] IR (drift) 2957, 2926, 2850, 2828, 2793, 2714, 1592, 1552, 1492, 1450, 1287, 1238, 1139, 1090, 837 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, MeOH-d₄) δ 8.30, 7.64-7.75, 7.37, 7.04-7.12, 3.36-3.44, 2.54-2.62, 2.36, 1.67; MS (EI) m/z 349 (M⁺), 334, 279, 213, 120, 96, 91.

EXAMPLE 5

Preparation of 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl) Phenylamine

[0147]



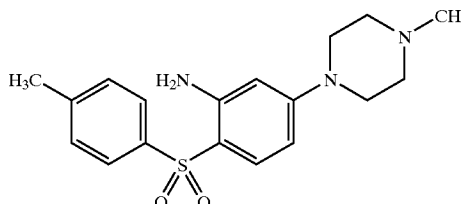
[0148] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 1 (Steps 1-6) and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained, mp 102-106° C.

[0149] IR (drift) 1599, 1551, 1448, 1302, 1282, 1262, 1139, 1092, 812, 728, 705, 680, 671, 667, 657 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77, 7.66, 7.20-7.30, 6.31, 5.97, 5.09, 3.17-3.30, 2.93-3.03, 2.37; MS (EI) m/z 331 (M⁺), 290, 289, 119, 93, 92, 91, 65, 57, 56.

EXAMPLE 6

Preparation of 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl) Phenylamine

[0150]



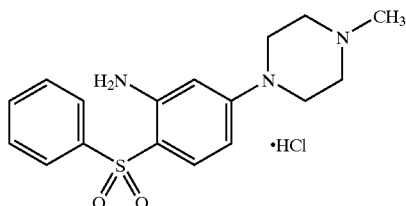
[0151] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 1 (Steps 1-6) and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained, mp 148-151° C.

[0152] IR (drift) 3334, 2954, 2857, 1598, 1552, 1453, 1296, 1288, 1255, 1140, 1095, 833, 759, 708, 654 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.42-8.60, 7.72-7.81, 7.62-7.72, 7.20-7.33, 6.58, 6.20-6.30, 6.00, 5.12, 3.35-3.50, 2.83, 2.60, 2.38; MS (EI) m/z 345 (M^+), 330, 120, 92, 91, 71, 65, 58, 57, 56.

EXAMPLE 7

Preparation of
5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)
Phenylamine

[0153]



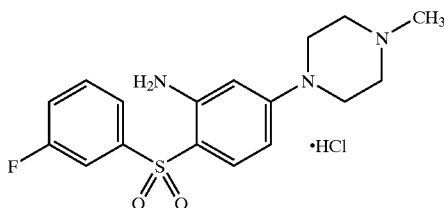
[0154] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained, mp 90-93° C.

[0155] IR (drift) 3458, 3370, 2843, 1601, 1552, 1448, 1289, 1264, 1230, 1140, 1095, 737, 689, 644, 610 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.87-7.92, 7.71, 7.66, 7.42-7.51, 6.75, 6.33, 5.98, 5.03, 3.27-3.33, 3.25-3.29, 2.56-2.59, 2.48-2.52, 2.36, 2.33; MS (EI) m/z 331 (M^+), 316, 261, 92, 78.

EXAMPLE 8

Preparation of 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl) Phenylamine

[0156]



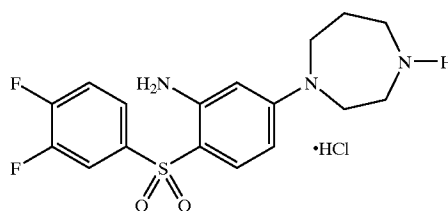
[0157] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained, mp 89-92° C.

[0158] IR (drift) 2670, 2580, 2467, 2446, 1601, 1552, 1474, 1451, 1293, 1267, 1222, 1135, 1087, 697, 616 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.30, 7.11-7.19, 6.82-6.86, 6.68-6.78, 6.38, 6.31, 4.24, 3.20-3.28, 2.55-2.59, 2.36; MS (EI) m/z 349 (M^+), 334, 279, 91, 86.

EXAMPLE 9

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl] Phenylamine

[0159]



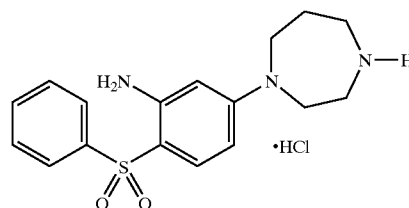
[0160] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non-critical variations, the title compound is obtained.

[0161] MS (EI) m/z 367 (M^+), 311, 299, 134, 122, 119, 91, 70, 65, 63, 57.

EXAMPLE 10

Preparation of
5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)
Phenylamine

[0162]

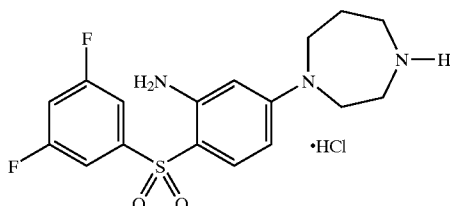


[0163] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations but using 1-[4-[(phenyl)sulfonyl]-3-nitrophenyl]-1,4-diazepane as a starting material, the title compound is obtained. MS (FAB) m/z 332 (MH^+), 486, 408, 348, 334, 333, 332, 331, 330, 191, 44.

EXAMPLE 11

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine

[0164]



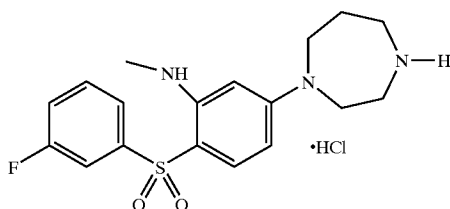
[0165] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained.

[0166] MS (EI) m/z 367 (M⁺), 325, 311, 299, 146, 119, 113, 91, 84, 69, 57.

EXAMPLE 12

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl) sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine

[0167]



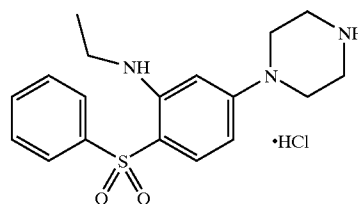
[0168] tert-Butyl 4-[3-amino-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-1-carboxylate (prepared as described in EXAMPLE 1, step 5; 2.3 g, 5.1 mmol) and methyl trifluoromethane sulfonate (0.58 mL, 5.1 mmol) in 54 mL of dry THF is added sodium hydride (0.21 g, 5.1 mmol) in small portions. Upon complete addition, the mixture is stirred overnight under a blanket of N₂. The solution is quenched by the addition of 55 mL of NH₄Cl and the layers are separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with EtOAc (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated. Purification via column chromatography (30% EtOAc/hexane) gives the desired methylaniline. The carbamate is deprotected following the synthetic route for EXAMPLE 1 (step 6) to give 0.11 g (6.0% overall) of the title compound as a solid. Recrystallization from MeOH/EtOAc/hexane gives the pure product as the HCl salt, mp 153-154° C.

[0169] IR (drift) 2944, 2811, 2734, 2685, 1596, 1560, 1468, 1290, 1270, 1220, 1133, 795, 732, 691, 677 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45-7.65, 7.34-7.45, 7.12-7.21, 6.15-6.30, 6.10, 5.72, 3.51-3.60, 3.30-3.44, 3.01, 2.81, 2.27, 1.80-1.91; MS (EI) m/z 363 (M⁺), 307, 295, 234, 216, 146, 81, 77.

EXAMPLE 13

Preparation of
N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)
Phenylamine

[0170]



[0171] Step 1: Preparation of 1-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]piperazine

[0172] To a mixture of piperazine (1.0 g, 12 mmol) and potassium carbonate (2.0 g, 14 mmol) in 80 mL of dry acetonitrile is added 4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl)benzene (2, EXAMPLE 1, step 1, 2.7 g, 9.5 mmol). The mixture is allowed to stir overnight at rt. Water and CH₂Cl₂ (80 mL each) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×50 mL). The combined organic layers are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated. Purification via column chromatography (50% EtOAc/hexane) gives 1.6 g (47%) of the title compound as a red oil.

[0173] IR (drift) 3683, 3020, 2400, 1547, 1521, 1441, 1338, 1295, 1215, 851, 758, 754, 707, 692, 669 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63, 7.35-7.60, 6.90-7.00, 6.81-6.96, 3.16-3.23, 3.02-3.08; MS (EI) m/z 315 (M⁺), 273, 243, 226, 184, 139, 84, 77.

[0174] Step 2: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0175] To a solution of 1-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]piperazine (1.6 g, 4.5 mmol) and NaOH (0.39 g, 9.8 mmol) in 64 mL of a 1:1 THF:H₂O solvent system is added a solution of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (1.1 g, 4.9 mmol) in 5 mL of THF. The solution is stirred at rt for 16 h. The mixture is made neutral with 6 N HCl and 25 mL of EtOAc is added. The layers are separated and the aqueous layer is extracted with EtOAc (3×25 mL). The combined organic layers are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated.

Purification by column chromatography (15% EtOAc/hexane) gives 1.7 g (85%) of the title compound as a oil.

[0176] IR (drift) 3437, 3344, 2976, 1682, 1613, 1595, 1501, 1429, 1365, 1290, 1258, 1221, 165, 1128, 733 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.66, 7.49-7.57, 7.39-7.47, 6.98, 6.85, 3.56-3.64, 3.13-3.23, 1.50; MS (EI) m/z 415 (M^+), 385, 329, 285, 244, 243, 227, 151.

[0177] Step 3: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-amino-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0178] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-nitro-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.7 g, 3.8 mmol) in 42 mL of a 4:1 EtOH:THF solvent system is added Raney nickel (260 mg suspension in EtOH) followed by hydrazine monohydrate (0.92 mL, 19 mmol). The mixture is stirred vigorously for 2 h and then filtered through celite that is pretreated with water. The filtrate is concentrated, the residue crystallized from MeOH/EtOAc/hexane to give 1.5 g (92%) of the aniline as a white foam.

[0179] IR (drift) 3344, 2976, 1682, 1613, 1595, 1501, 1430, 1365, 1290, 1259, 1221, 1166, 766, 733, 687 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34, 7.16-7.24, 7.02-7.11, 6.30-6.41, 4.34, 3.54-3.64, 3.15-3.24, 1.49; MS (EI) m/z 385 (M^+), 285, 244, 243, 229, 227, 151, 104.

[0180] Step 4: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0181] A solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-amino-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.69 g, 1.6 mmol) in 7 mL of dry CH_2Cl_2 is cooled to 0°C . Acetyl chloride (0.13 mL, 1.8 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.32 mL, 1.8 mmol), and DMAP (0.020 g, 0.16 mmol) are added and the solution allowed to warm to rt overnight with stirring. Water and CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL each) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 10 mL) and the combined organic layers are washed with 1 N HCl, H_2O , and brine. After drying over MgSO_4 , the mixture is filtered and concentrated to give the crude product. Purification by column chromatography (25% EtOAc/hexane) gives 0.70 g (99%) of the title compound as a oil.

[0182] IR (mull) 1694, 1596, 1582, 1557, 1518, 1440, 1430, 1395, 1294, 1271, 1238, 1179, 1120, 744, 739 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.22-8.26, 8.20, 7.46, 7.19-7.26, 7.10-7.15, 7.01-7.03, 6.68, 3.56-3.61, 3.25-3.29, 2.05, 1.48; MS (EI) m/z 427 (M^+), 371, 327, 285, 227, 218, 161, 147, 134.

[0183] Step 5: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0184] A mixture of 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (1.3 g, 7.7 mmol) in 17 mL of CH_2Cl_2 is added to a mixture of tert-butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (1.3 g, 3.1 mmol) and NaHCO_3 (0.65 g, 7.7 mmol) in 36 mL of CH_2Cl_2 , cooled to -78°C . The solution is stirred at -78°C for 1 h and then warmed to rt and stirred for 6 additional hours. The mixture is partitioned between NaHCO_3 (50 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 50 mL), dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated. Purification by

column chromatography (10% MeOH/ CH_2Cl_2) gives 0.51 g (36%) of the pure title compound as a solid, mp $129\text{--}130^\circ\text{C}$.

[0185] IR (drift) 1697, 1592, 1461, 1442, 1418, 1393, 1366, 1287, 1264, 1252, 1174, 1149, 1036, 752, 690 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 10.48, 8.70-8.75, 8.26, 7.70, 7.44-7.56, 3.84-4.24, 3.60-3.83, 3.41, 3.08-3.18, 2.11; MS (EI) m/z 459 (M^+), 310, 261, 218, 185, 161, 150, 128, 85, 77.

[0186] Step 6: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-(ethylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate

[0187] To a mixture of tert-butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.44 g, 0.96 mmol) in 7 mL of dry THF is added borane-methyl sulfide complex (0.28 mL, 2.8 mmol, 10.0 M). The mixture is stirred at rt overnight. The reaction is quenched upon dropwise addition of 10% HCl. Water (3.0 mL) and KOH (2.0 g) are added, the mixture heated at reflux for 6 h. At that time methanol (2 mL) is added and the mixture stirred at reflux overnight. After cooling to rt, the organics are removed under reduced pressure, the aqueous layer is saturated with NaCl, and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 10 mL). The combined organic layers are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to give the crude product. Purification by column chromatography (15% EtOAc/hexane) gave 0.18 g (43%) of the pure title compound as an oil.

[0188] IR (drift) 2970, 1690, 1592, 1561, 1476, 1457, 1430, 1363, 1288, 1243, 1215, 1173, 1128, 993, 743 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.48-7.55, 7.36-7.46, 7.32, 6.20, 5.96, 5.90, 3.49-3.59, 3.17-3.25, 2.82-3.06, 1.47, 1.05; MS (EI) m/z 445 (M^+), 414, 357, 324, 280, 271, 147, 136, 104, 58, 57.

[0189] Step 7: Preparation of N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperaziny)phenylamine

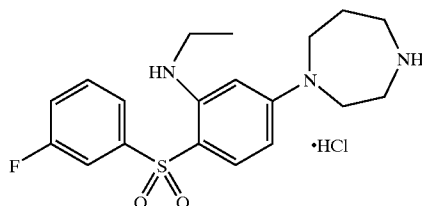
[0190] To a solution of tert-butyl 4-[3-(ethylamino)-4-(phenylsulfanyl)phenyl]-1-piperazinecarboxylate (0.18 g, 0.40 mmol) in 4.6 mL of CH_2Cl_2 at 0°C is added trifluoroacetic acid (4.6 mL). The solution is stirred at 0°C for 2 h and then concentrated. Methylene chloride (10 mL) and 1 N NaOH (10 mL) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 $\times$ 15 mL) and the combined organic layers are dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated to give 0.13 g (86%) of a white solid. The solid is dissolved in 25 mL of MeOH and HCl/MeOH (5 mL) is added slowly. The solvent is removed under vacuum to give a white solid. Recrystallization from MeOH/EtOAc/hexane gives the pure title compound as the hydrogen chloride salt, mp $121\text{--}123^\circ\text{C}$.

[0191] IR (drift) 2957, 2932, 2822, 2778, 2747, 2720, 2692, 1599, 1588, 1566, 1512, 1449, 1440, 1220, 739 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36, 7.17-7.25, 7.03-7.12, 6.30, 6.20, 4.77-4.85, 3.22-3.29, 3.11-3.22, 3.03-3.10, 2.00, 1.18; MS (EI) m/z 345 (M^+), 313, 271, 147, 136, 133, 117, 91, 77.

EXAMPLE 14

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl) Sulfonyl]aniline Hydrochloride

[0192]

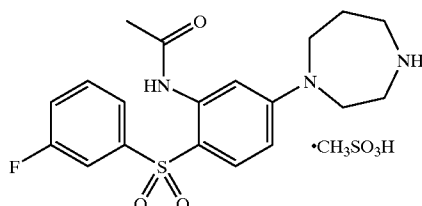


[0193] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 13 (Steps 1-7) and making non critical variations, 1-[4-fluoro-2-nitro-1-(phenylsulfonyl)]-3-fluorobenzene (prepared as described in EXAMPLE 1, step I) is converted to the title compound, MS (EI) m/z 377 (M⁺), 321, 310, 309, 135, 131, 119, 117, 83, 77, 69.

EXAMPLE 15

Preparation of N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl] Phenyl]acetamide and its Methanesulfonate

[0194]



[0195] Step 1: Preparation of 4-fluoro-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl Sulfide

[0196] To a mixture of 3-fluorothiophenol (8.36 g, 65.2 mmol) and potassium carbonate (9.81 g, 71.0 mmol) in 115 mL of dry acetonitrile is added 2,5-difluoronitrobenzene (7.00 mL, 64.55 mmol). The mixture is allowed to stir at room temperature for 2 hours. Water and CH₂Cl₂ (120 mL each) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer is extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×50 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated to give a bright yellow solid. The solid is triturated with hexane to give 17.1 g (99%) of the title compound as a bright yellow solid.

[0197] ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95, 7.41-7.51, 7.33-7.38, 7.26-7.31, 7.12-7.24, 6.91.

[0198] Step 2: Preparation of 4-fluoro-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl Sulfone

[0199] A mixture of 4-fluoro-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl sulfide (17.1 g, 64.1 mmol) in 430 mL of glacial acetic

acid is heated to 100° C. and treated with 7.4 mL of a 30% H₂O₂ solution. After stirring for 20 min at 100° C., another 7.4 mL of the H₂O₂ solution is added and the mixture stirred at 100° C. for an additional 30 min. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is diluted with 450 mL of water and the resulting white solid is filtered. The solids are rinsed with 1 N NaOH, and water until neutral to litmus, triturated with hexane, and dried under vacuum to give 18.5 g (96%) of the title compound as a white solid.

[0200] ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38-8.43, 7.74-7.77, 7.62-7.66, 7.47-7.60, 7.31-7.48.

[0201] Step 3: Preparation of 4-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl Sulfone

[0202] A mixture of 4-fluoro-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl sulfone (5.00 g, 16.7 mmol), homopiperazine (2.09 g, 20.9 mmol), and potassium carbonate (3.46 g, 25.1 mmol) in 140 mL of dry acetonitrile is stirred vigorously for 4 h at 60° C. After cooling to room temperature, water and CH₂Cl₂ (140 mL each) are added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×50 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated to give an orange solid. The crude product is triturated with a hot Et₂O:CH₂Cl₂ mixture (4:1) until solid. Further trituration with hot EtOAc/hexane gave 6.31 g (99%) of the title compound as bright yellow solid.

[0203] ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05, 7.71-7.76, 7.59-7.64, 7.46-7.54, 7.22-7.30, 6.90, 6.83, 3.54-3.70, 3.00-3.07, 2.80-2.88, 1.82-1.94.

[0204] Step 4: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-nitrophenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate

[0205] To a mixture of 4-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-nitrophenyl 3-fluorophenyl sulfone (49.1 g, 129 mmol) and sodium hydroxide (11.4 g, 286 mmol) in 650 mL of a 1:1 THF:H₂O solvent is slowly added a mixture of di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (32.4 g, 148 mmol) in 5 mL of THF. The solution is stirred at rt for 16 h. The mixture is neutralized with 6 N HCl and 200 mL of CH₂Cl₂ is added. The layers are separated and the aqueous layer extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3×100 mL). The combined organics are dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and concentrated to give an orange solid. The crude product is triturated with EtOAc and hexane to give 60.35 g (99%) of the title compound as a bright yellow solid.

[0206] ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12, 7.76-7.80, 7.63-7.67, 7.52-7.58, 7.31-7.34, 6.94-6.97, 6.87-6.92, 3.62-3.75, 3.39-3.45, 3.30-3.35, 1.94-2.03, 1.42, 1.34.

[0207] Step 5: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-amino-4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]Phenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate

[0208] A mixture of tert-butyl 4-[4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-3-nitrophenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate (58.0 g, 121 mmol) and Pd/C (8.70 g, 15% by wt.) in 1.5 L of a 2:2:1 THF:MeOH:EtOH solvent is exposed to hydrogen gas (25 psi) in a Parr bottle. The pressure of hydrogen is constantly monitored and kept near 25 psi. After 16 h, the mixture is

filtered, solids rinsed with MeOH and CH_2Cl_2 , and filtrate concentrated to give a brown solid. The solid is triturated with EtOAc and hexane to give 53.4 g (98%) of the title compound as an off white solid.

[0209] ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.72-7.76, 7.64, 7.44-7.51, 7.21-7.27, 6.22-7.26, 5.84-5.87, 5.03-5.09, 3.52-3.63, 3.33-3.38, 3.23-3.29, 1.91-1.99, 1.45, 1.34.

[0210] Step 6: Preparation of Tert-Butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate

[0211] A mixture of tert-butyl 4-[3-amino-4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate (0.29 g, 0.66 mmol) and anhydrous acetic anhydride (1.0 mL) is stirred at 60° C. for 1 h under a nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling to rt, 5 mL of toluene is added and the mixture concentrated. The crude product is triturated with more toluene then with EtOAc and Et_2O to give 0.31 g (97%) of the title compound as a white solid.

[0212] ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.50-9.66, 7.78-7.85, 7.67, 7.51-7.54, 7.37-7.45, 7.14-7.19, 6.35-6.44, 3.50-3.58, 3.21-3.27, 3.12-3.17, 2.15, 1.86-1.94, 1.33, 1.28.

[0213] Step 7: Preparation of N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide Methanesulfonate

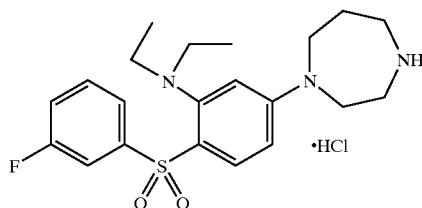
[0214] To a mixture of tert-butyl 4-[3-(acetylamino)-4-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-1,4-diazepane-1-carboxylate (0.508 g, 1.03 mmol) in 20 mL of a 1:1 $\text{Et}_2\text{O}:\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ solvent is added anhydrous methanesulfonic acid (0.109 g, 1.14 mmol) and the mixture is stirred at rt for 2.5 h. Hot Et_2O (10 mL) is added and the white solid is filtered, rinsed with Et_2O and dried under vacuum to give 0.497 g (99%) of the title compound as a white solid.

[0215] ^1H NMR (400 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$) δ 9.42, 8.62-8.64, 7.84, 7.64-7.69, 7.50-7.56, 7.18-7.22, 6.77, 3.69-3.74, 3.49-3.55, 3.22-3.28, 3.11-3.18, 2.29, 2.04-2.08, 1.98-2.03.

EXAMPLE 16

Preparation of 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine

[0216]



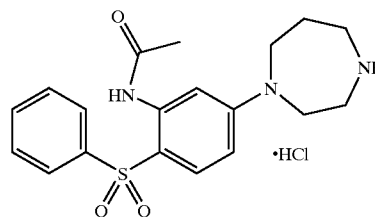
[0217] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 2 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained.

[0218] MS (CI) m/z 406 (MH^+), 408, 406, 249, 247, 245, 219, 69, 58, 56, 52.

EXAMPLE 17

Preparation of N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide

[0219]



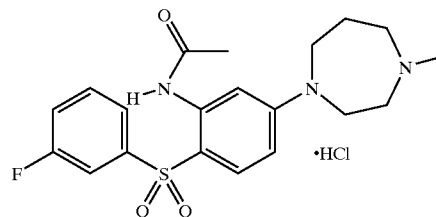
[0220] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 15 and making non critical variations but using fluorothiophenol as a starting material, the title compound is obtained.

[0221] HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}+\text{H}_1$ 374.1538, found 374.1515.

EXAMPLE 18

Preparation of N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide.

[0222]



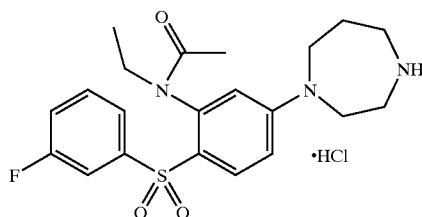
[0223] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 15 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained.

[0224] HRMS (FAB) calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}+\text{H}_1$ 406.1600, found 406.1602.

EXAMPLE 19

Preparation of N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl) sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide

[0225]



[0226] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLE 15 and making non critical variations, the title compound is obtained.

[0227] HRMS (FAB) calcd for $C_{21}H_{26}FN_3O_3S+H_1$ 420.1757, found 420.1760.

[0228] Following the general procedure of EXAMPLES 1-19 and making non critical variations, the following compounds can be obtained. Examples of these compounds are:

[0229] (1) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0230] (2) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-methyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0231] (3) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,

[0232] (4) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,

[0233] (5) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,

[0234] (6) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0235] (7) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0236] (8) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0237] (9) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0238] (10) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-N-propylphenylamine,

[0239] (11) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,

[0240] (12) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,

[0241] (13) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,

[0242] (14) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,

[0243] (15) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0244] (16) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,

[0245] (17) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,

[0246] (18) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,

[0247] (19) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,

[0248] (20) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,

[0249] (21) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0250] (22) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0251] (23) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

[0252] (24) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

[0253] (25) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

[0254] (26) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

[0255] (27) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine, or

[0256] (28) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine.

[0257] Another examples are:

[0258] (1) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide,

[0259] (2) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl] acetamide,

[0260] (3) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide,

[0261] (4) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

[0262] (5) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

[0263] (6) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

[0264] (7) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

[0265] (8) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

[0266] (9) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,

[0267] (10) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,

[0268] (11) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,

- [0269] (12) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,
- [0270] (13) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0271] (14) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0272] (15) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0273] (16) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0274] (17) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0275] (18) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0276] (19) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0277] (20) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0278] (21) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0279] (22) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0280] (23) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0281] (24) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0282] (25) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0283] (26) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0284] (27) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0285] (28) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0286] (29) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0287] (30) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0288] (31) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0289] (32) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0290] (33) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0291] (34) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0292] (35) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0293] (36) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0294] Another examples are:
- [0295] (1) 5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- [0296] (2) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
- [0297] (3) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
- [0298] (4) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
- [0299] (5) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
- [0300] (6) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0301] (7) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0302] (8) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0303] (9) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0304] (10) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0305] (11) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0306] (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0307] (13) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0308] (14) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0309] (15) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0310] (16) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0311] (17) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0312] (18) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0313] (19) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0314] (20) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0315] (21) N,N-dimethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0316] (22) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0317] (23) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0318] (24) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,

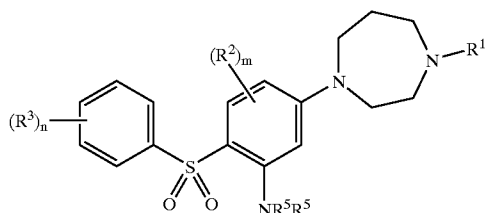
- [0319] (25) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0320] (26) N,N-diethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0321] (27) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0322] (28) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0323] (29) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0324] (30) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
- [0325] (31) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0326] (32) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0327] (33) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0328] (34) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine, or
- [0329] (35) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine.
- [0330] Another examples are:
- [0331] (1) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0332] (2) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0333] (3) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0334] (4) N-methyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0335] (5) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0336] (6) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0337] (7) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0338] (8) N-ethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0339] (9) N-ethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0340] (10) N-ethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0341] (11) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- [0342] (12) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- [0343] (13) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- [0344] (14) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- [0345] (15) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- [0346] (16) N,N-dimethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0347] (17) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0348] (18) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0349] (19) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0350] (20) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0351] (21) N,N-diethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl amine,
- [0352] (22) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0353] (23) N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0354] (24) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0355] (25) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0356] (26) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- [0357] (27) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- [0358] (28) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- [0359] (29) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine, or
- [0360] (30) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine.
- [0361] Another examples are:
- [0362] (1) N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0363] (2) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0364] (3) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0365] (4) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0366] (5) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0367] (6) N-methyl-N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0368] (7) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0369] (8) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,

- [0370] (9) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0371] (10) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0372] (11) N-ethyl-N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0373] (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0374] (13) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0375] (14) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0376] (15) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0377] (16) N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0378] (17) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0379] (18) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0380] (19) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0381] (20) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0382] (21) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0383] (22) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0384] (23) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0385] (24) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0386] (25) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0387] (26) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0388] (27) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0389] (28) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0390] (29) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0391] (30) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- [0392] (31) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0393] (32) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0394] (33) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0395] (34) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-ethyl acetamide,
- [0396] (35) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-(36) piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- [0397] (36) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0398] (37) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0399] (38) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- [0400] (39) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide, or
- [0401] (40) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide.
- [0402] Another examples are:
- [0403] (1) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0404] (2) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- [0405] (3) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0406] (4) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0407] (5) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0408] (6) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0409] (7) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
- [0410] (8) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0411] (9) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0412] (10) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0413] (11) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0414] (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0415] (13) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0416] (14) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0417] (15) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0418] (16) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
- [0419] (17) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,

- [0420] (18) N,N-dimethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0421] (19) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0422] (20) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0423] (21) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0424] (22) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
- [0425] (23) N,N-diethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0426] (24) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0427] (25) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0428] (26) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0429] (27) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
- [0430] (28) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0431] (29) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0432] (30) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
- [0433] (31) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine, or
- [0434] (32) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine.

What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula I



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

R¹ is

- H,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkyl,
- C₁₋₆ alkylaryl, or
- aryl;

at each occurrence, R² is independently

- H,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkyl,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkenyl,
- halo,
- NO₂,
- CN,
- CF₃, or
- OR¹,

at each occurrence, R³ is independently

- H,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkyl,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkenyl, or
- R⁴;

R⁴ is

- halo,
- NO₂,
- CN,
- CF₃,
- OR¹,
- CONR¹R¹,
- NHSO₂R¹,
- NR¹R¹,
- NR¹COR¹,
- SO₂NR¹R¹,
- C(=O)R¹,
- CO₂R¹, or
- S(O)_iR¹;

at each occurrence, R⁵ is independently

- H,
- C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- C₁₋₁₂ alkylaryl,
- aryl,
- C(=O)R¹,
- S(O)₂R¹,
- C(O)NR¹R¹,
- CO₂R¹, or
- CSR¹;

at each occurrence, alkyl, alkenyl, alkylaryl or aryl is optionally substituted with one or more R⁴;

i is 0, 1, or 2;

m is 1, 2 or 3; and

n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

2. A compound of claim 1 wherein R¹ is hydrogen or C₁₋₄ alkyl.

3. A compound of claim 2 wherein R² is H.

4. A compound of claim 2 wherein R⁵ is H.

5. A compound of claim 2 wherein one of the R^5 is H, the other one is C_{1-4} alkyl.

6. A compound of claim 2 wherein one of the R^5 is H, the other one is $C(=O)CH_3$.

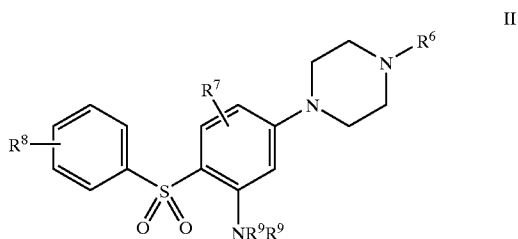
7. A compound of claim 4, 5 or 6 wherein R^3 is hydrogen.

8. A compound of claim 4, 5 or 6 wherein R^3 is fluoro; and n is 1 or 2.

9. A compound of claim 4, 5 or 6 wherein R^3 is C_{1-4} alkyl.

10. A compound of claim 9 wherein R^1 is hydrogen.

11. A compound of formula II



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein

R^6 is H, or C_{1-4} alkyl;

R^7 is H, halo, C_{1-4} alkyl, or NR^6R^6 ;

R^8 is H, halo, or C_{1-4} alkyl;

R^9 is H, C_{1-4} alkyl, $C(=O)R^{10}$, $S(O)_2R^{10}$, $C(O)NR^{10}OR^{10}$, CO_2R^{10} , or CSR^{10} ; and

R^{10} is H, C_{1-12} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkylaryl, or aryl.

12. A compound of claim 11 wherein R^6 is hydrogen.

13. A compound of claim 11 wherein R^6 is methyl, or ethyl.

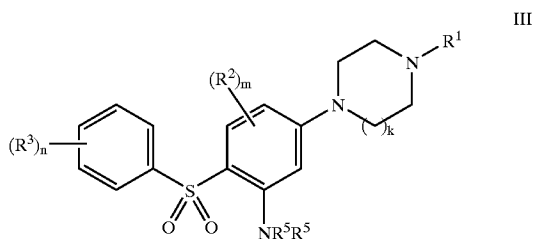
14. A compound of claim 12 or 13 wherein R^8 is hydrogen.

15. A compound of claim 12 or 13 wherein R^8 is fluoro.

16. A compound of claim 12 or 13 wherein R^8 is methyl.

17. A compound of claim 12 or 13 wherein each R^9 is independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl.

18. A method for treating a disease or disorder of the central nervous system in a mammal comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, to said mammal



wherein

R^1 is

a) H,

b) C_{1-12} alkyl,

c) C_{1-6} alkylaryl, or

d) aryl;

at each occurrence, R^2 is independently

a) H,

b) C_{1-12} alkyl,

c) C_{1-12} alkenyl,

d) halo,

e) NO_2 ,

f) CN,

g) CF_3 , or

h) OR^1 ,

at each occurrence, R^3 is independently

a) H,

b) C_{1-12} alkyl,

c) C_{1-12} alkenyl, or

d) R^4 ;

R^4 is

a) halo,

b) NO_2 ,

c) CN,

d) CF_3 ,

e) OR^1 ,

f) $CONR^1R^1$,

g) $NHSO_2R^1$,

h) NR^1R^1 ,

i) NR^1COR^1 ,

j) $SO_2NR^1R^1$,

k) $C(=O)R^1$,

l) CO_2R^1 , or

m) $S(O)_iR^1$;

at each occurrence, R^5 is independently

a) H,

b) C_{1-6} alkyl,

c) C_{1-12} alkylaryl,

d) aryl,

e) $C(=O)R^1$,

f) $S(O)_2R^1$,

g) $C(O)NR^1R^1$,

h) CO_2R^1 , or

i) CSR^1 ;

at each occurrence, alkyl, alkenyl, alkylaryl or aryl is optionally substituted with one or more R^4 ;

k is 1 or 2;

i is 0, 1, or 2;

m is 1, 2 or 3; and

n is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

19. A method of claim 18 wherein R^1 is H or C_{1-4} alkyl; R^2 is H, halo or C_{1-4} alkyl, R^5 is H, C_{1-4} alkyl or COC_{1-4} alkyl; and R^3 is H, halo, or C_{1-4} alkyl.

20. A method for treating a disease or disorder in a mammal wherein the 5-HT receptor is implicated and modulation of 5-HT function is desired comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula III as shown in claim 18, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein, to said mammal.

21. The method of claim 20 wherein the receptor is a 5-HT₆ receptor.

22. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein the mammal is a human.

23. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein said disease or disorder is anxiety, depression, schizophrenia, a stress related disease, panic disorder, a phobia, obsessive compulsive disorder, post-traumatic-stress syndrome, immune system depression, major depression, psychosis, paraphrenia, mania, convulsive disorders, personality disorders, migraine headache, drug addiction, alcoholism, obesity, eating disorders, or sleep disorders.

24. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein the disease or disorder is psychotic, affective, vegetative, and psychomotor symptoms of schizophrenia and the extrapyramidal motor side effects of other antipsychotic drugs.

25. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein the disease is anxiety, or a stress related disease.

26. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein the disease is obesity.

27. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein the disease is depression.

28. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein said disease or disorder is obesity, depression, schizophrenia, schizophreniform disorder, schizoaffective disorder, delusional disorder, a stress related disease (e.g. general anxiety disorder), panic disorder, a phobia, obsessive compulsive disorder, post-traumatic-stress syndrome, immune system depression, major depression, a stress induced problem with the urinary, gastrointestinal or cardiovascular system (e.g., stress incontinence), neurodegenerative disorders, autism, chemotherapy-induced vomiting, hypertension, migraine headaches, cluster headaches, sexual dysfunction in a mammal (e.g. a human), addictive disorder and withdrawal syndrome, an adjustment disorder, an age-associated learning and mental disorder, anorexia nervosa, apathy, an attention-deficit disorder due to general medical conditions, attention-deficit hyperactivity disorder, behavioral disturbance (including agitation in conditions associated with diminished cognition (e.g., dementia, mental retardation or delirium)), bipolar disorder, bulimia nervosa, chronic fatigue syndrome, conduct disorder, cyclothymic disorder, dysthymic disorder, fibromyalgia and other somatoform disorders, generalized anxiety disorder, an inhalation disorder, an intoxication disorder, movement disorder (e.g., Huntington's disease or Tardive Dyskinesia), oppositional defiant disorder, peripheral neuropathy, post-traumatic stress disorder, premenstrual dysphoric disorder, a psychotic disorder (brief and long duration disorders, psychotic disorder due to medical condition, psychotic disorder NOS), mood disorder (major

depressive or bipolar disorder with psychotic features) seasonal affective disorder, a sleep disorder, cognitive disorders, irritable bowel syndrome, a specific developmental disorder, agitation disorder, selective serotonin reuptake inhibition (SSRI) "poop out" syndrome or Tourette's syndrome.

29. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein said compound is administered rectally, topically, nasally, sublingually, transdermally or parenterally.

30. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein said compound is administered orally.

31. The method of claim 18 or **20** wherein said compound is administered in an amount from about 0.01 to about 300 mg/kg of body weight of said mammal per day.

32. The method of claim 31 wherein said compound is administered in an amount from about 0.1 to about 50 mg/kg of body weight of said mammal per day.

33. The method of claim 31 wherein said compound is administered in an amount from about 1 to about 30 mg/kg of body weight of said mammal per day.

34. A compound of claim 1 which is

- (1) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (2) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (3) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (4) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (5) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,
- (6) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]aniline,
- (7) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (8) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (9) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide, or
- (10) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide.

35. A compound of claim 11 which is

- (1) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (2) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (3) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (4) 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (5) 2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (6) 5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (7) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine, or

(8) N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine.

36. A compound selected from N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

37. A compound selected from 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

38. A compound selected from N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

39. A compound selected from:

- (1) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (2) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-methyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (3) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,
- (4) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,
- (5) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methylphenylamine,
- (6) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (7) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (8) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (9) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N-ethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,
- (10) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (11) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,
- (12) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,
- (13) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,
- (14) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-propylphenylamine,
- (15) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-dimethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (16) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,
- (17) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,
- (18) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,
- (19) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethylphenylamine,
- (20) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
- (21) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

(22) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

(23) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenylamine,

(24) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

(25) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

(26) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

(27) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,

(28) 5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dipropylphenylamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

40. A compound selected from a group consisting of:

- (1) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide,
- (2) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide,
- (3) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]acetamide,
- (4) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (5) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (6) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (7) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (8) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (9) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,
- (10) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,
- (11) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,
- (12) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-ethylacetamide,
- (13) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (14) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (15) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (16) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (17) N-[5-(1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (18) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,

- (19) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-phenyl]acetamide,
 - (20) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (21) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (22) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (23) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (24) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (25) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (26) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (27) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (28) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (29) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (30) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (31) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (32) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (33) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (34) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (35) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (36) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 41.** A compound selected from a group consisting of:
- (1) 5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenylamine,
 - (2) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
 - (3) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
 - (4) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
 - (5) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenylamine,
 - (6) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (7) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (8) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (9) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (10) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (11) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (13) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (14) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (15) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (16) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (17) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (18) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (19) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (20) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (21) N,N-dimethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (22) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (23) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (24) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (25) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (26) N,N-diethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (27) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (28) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (29) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (30) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]amine,
 - (31) N-[5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
 - (32) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,
 - (33) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,

- (34) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine, or
- (35) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1,4-diazepan-1-yl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
42. A compound selected from a group consisting of:
- (1) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (2) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (3) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (4) N-methyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (5) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (6) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (7) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (8) N-ethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (9) N-ethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (10) N-ethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (11) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (12) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (13) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (14) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (15) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N-propylphenylamine,
- (16) N,N-dimethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (17) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (18) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (19) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (20) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-N,N-dimethyl-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (21) N,N-diethyl-2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (22) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (23) N,N-diethyl-2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (24) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (25) N,N-diethyl-2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
- (26) 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- (27) 2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- (28) 2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- (29) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine,
- (30) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)-N,N-dipropylphenylamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
43. A compound selected from a group consisting of:
- (1) N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (2) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (3) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (4) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (5) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (6) N-methyl-N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (7) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (8) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (9) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (10) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
- (11) N-ethyl-N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (13) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (14) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (15) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
- (16) N-[2-(phenylsulfonyl)-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (17) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
- (18) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,

- (19) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (20) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (21) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (22) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (23) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (24) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (25) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (26) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (27) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (28) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (29) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (30) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylacetamide,
 - (31) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (32) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (33) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (34) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-ethyl acetamide,
 - (35) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]acetamide,
 - (36) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (37) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (38) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide,
 - (39) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide, or
 - (40) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylacetamide, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 44.** A compound selected from a group consisting of:
- (1) 2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
 - (2) 2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenylamine,
 - (3) N-methyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (4) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (5) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (6) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (7) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-methylamine,
 - (8) N-ethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (9) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (10) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (11) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (12) N-ethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (13) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N-propyl amine,
 - (14) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (15) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (16) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (17) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N-propylamine,
 - (18) N,N-dimethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (19) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (20) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (21) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (22) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dimethylamine,
 - (23) N,N-diethyl-N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (24) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (25) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (26) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (27) N,N-diethyl-N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]amine,
 - (28) N-[5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,

(29) N-[2-[(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,

(30) N-[2-[(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,

(31) N-[2-[(3,4-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine,

(32) N-[2-[(3,5-difluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-5-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)phenyl]-N,N-dipropylamine, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

45. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

46. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of claim 11 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

47. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of claim 36 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

48. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of claim 37 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

49. A pharmaceutically acceptable composition comprising a compound of claim 38 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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