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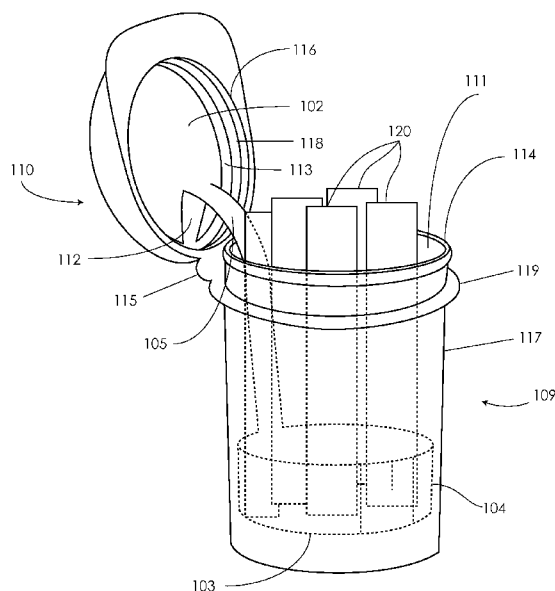


FIG. 3

(57) Abstract: The present disclosure provides test strip carriers for insertion into test strip vials and methods of making the same. Also provided are test strip vials including test strip carriers, and systems including test strip vials, test strip carriers and analytical test strips. The test strip carriers of the present disclosure are capable of engaging with the caps of test strip vials and thereby facilitating the retrieval of one or more test strips from the test strip vials upon opening of the test strip vials.

CAP-LINKED TEST STRIP CARRIER FOR VIAL AUGMENTATION

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to the filing date of United States Patent Application Serial No. 12/465,942, filed May 14, 2009, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

[0002] Test strips for analytical purposes are generally supplied to users in test strip vials from which individual test strips are removed as needed. A variety of test strips are known in the art including, for example, those designed to measure the concentration of an analyte in a fluid sample. With currently available test strip vials, it may be difficult for a user to remove a single test strip without tilting and/or shaking the vial, especially when the test strip vial is filled with test strips. Furthermore, tilting and/or shaking of test strip vials may result in undesired test strip spills and potential contamination of test strips. The present disclosure addresses these and related issues in the art.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0003] The present disclosure provides test strip carriers for insertion into test strip vials and methods of making the same. Also provided are test strip vials including test strip carriers, and systems including test strip vials, test strip carriers and analytical test strips. The test strip carriers of the present disclosure are capable of engaging with the caps of test strip vials and thereby facilitating the retrieval of one or more test strips from the test strip vials upon opening of the test strip vials. These and other objects, features and advantages of the present disclosure will become more fully apparent from the following detailed description of the embodiments, the appended claims and the accompanying drawings.

[0004] In a first aspect, the present disclosure provides a test strip carrier for insertion into a test strip vial, wherein the test strip vial includes a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial. The test strip carrier includes a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket, the test strip basket including a base and a wall. The test strip carrier also includes a second end configured to engage the cap and a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end, wherein the test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the

second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip basket from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.

[0005] In one embodiment of the test strip carrier according to the first aspect the wall is an annular wall.

[0006] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is configured to snapedly engage the cap.

[0007] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is at least substantially disk shaped.

[0008] The test strip carrier according to the first aspect can be formed from a single piece of flexible material. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer, and the polymer is a plastic.

[0009] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is attached via an adhesive to the cap.

[0010] In a second aspect, the present disclosure provides a system including a test strip vial, wherein the test strip vial comprises a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial. The system also includes a test strip carrier, wherein the test strip carrier includes a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket. The test strip basket includes a base and a wall. The test strip carrier also includes a second end configured to engage the cap and a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end. The system also includes a plurality of test strips disposed in the test strip basket, wherein the test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip basket from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.

[0011] In one embodiment of the system according to the second aspect the wall is an annular wall.

[0012] In another embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is configured to snapedly engage the cap.

[0013] In another embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is at least substantially disk shaped.

[0014] In the system according to the second aspect, the test strip carrier can be formed from a single piece of flexible material. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer, and the polymer is a plastic.

[0015] In a third aspect, the present disclosure provides a test strip vial including a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial. The test strip vial also includes a test strip carrier,

wherein the test strip carrier includes a first end inserted into the test strip vial, wherein the first end defines a test strip basket. The test strip basket includes a base and a wall. The test strip carrier also includes a second end engaged with the cap and a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end. Opening of the cap raises the test strip carrier from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.

[0016] In one embodiment of the test strip vial according to the third aspect the wall is an annular wall.

[0017] In another embodiment, the second end of the test strip snappedly engages with the cap.

[0018] In another embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is at least substantially disk shaped.

[0019] In the test strip vial according to the third aspect, the test strip carrier can be formed from a single piece of flexible material. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer, and the polymer is a plastic.

[0020] In one embodiment, the test strip vial includes a plurality of analytical test strips disposed in the test strip basket.

[0021] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is attached via an adhesive to the cap of the test strip vial.

[0022] In a fourth aspect, the present disclosure provides a method of making a test strip carrier for insertion into a test strip vial having a cap hingedly coupled thereto. The method includes cutting a test strip carrier pattern from a sheet of flexible material and folding the test strip carrier pattern to form a test strip carrier, wherein the test strip carrier includes a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket. The test strip basket includes a base and a wall. The test strip carrier also includes a second end configured to engage the cap and a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end. The test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip carrier from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.

[0023] In one embodiment of the method described in the fourth aspect the wall is an annular wall.

[0024] In one embodiment, where the wall is an annular wall, the test strip carrier pattern comprises a first engagement slit and a second engagement slit, and the annular wall is formed by engaging the first engagement slit with the second engagement slit.

[0025] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is configured to snapably engage the cap of the test strip vial.

[0026] In one embodiment, the second end of the test strip carrier is at least substantially disk shaped.

[0027] In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a polymer, and the polymer is a plastic.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0028] The invention is best understood from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings. It is emphasized that, according to common practice, the various features of the drawings are not to-scale. On the contrary, the dimensions of the various features are arbitrarily expanded or reduced for clarity. Referring now to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals and letters indicate corresponding structure throughout the several views:

[0029] **Fig. 1** shows an embodiment of a test strip carrier according to the present disclosure;

[0030] **Fig. 2** shows the test strip carrier of Fig. 1 inserted into a test strip vial and engaged with a test strip vial cap;

[0031] **Fig. 3** shows the test strip carrier of Fig. 2 with analytical test strips disposed therein; and

[0032] **Fig. 4** shows a cutout pattern which can be folded to form a test strip carrier according to the present disclosure.

[0033] Before the present invention is further described, it is to be understood that this invention is not limited to the particular embodiments described, as such may vary. It is also to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only, and is not intended to be limiting, since the scope of the present invention will be limited only by the appended claims.

[0034] Where a range of values is provided, it is understood that each intervening value, to the tenth of the unit of the lower limit unless the context clearly dictates otherwise, between the upper and lower limit of that range and any other stated or intervening value in that stated range, is encompassed within the invention. The upper and lower limits of these smaller ranges may independently be included in the smaller ranges, and are also encompassed within the invention, subject to any specifically excluded limit in the stated

range. Where the stated range includes one or both of the limits, ranges excluding either or both of those included limits are also included in the invention.

[0035] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs. Although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can also be used in the practice or testing of the present invention, the preferred methods and materials are now described. All publications mentioned herein are incorporated herein by reference to disclose and describe the methods and/or materials in connection with which the publications are cited.

[0036] As used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms “a,” “and,” and “the” include plural referents unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. It is further noted that the claims may be drafted to exclude any optional element. As such, this statement is intended to serve as antecedent basis for use of such exclusive terminology as “solely,” “only” and the like in connection with the recitation of claim elements, or use of a “negative” limitation.

[0037] The publications discussed herein are provided solely for their disclosure prior to the filing date of the present application. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the present invention is not entitled to antedate such publication by virtue of prior invention. Further, the dates of publication provided may be different from the actual publication dates which may need to be independently confirmed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Test Strip Carriers

[0038] As indicated above, the present disclosure provides test strip carriers for insertion into test strip vials. With reference to Figs. 1, 2 and 3, exemplary embodiments of the test strip carriers of the present disclosure are now described. A test strip carrier **100** includes a first end **101**. The first end **101** defines a test strip basket having a base **103** and a wall **104**. In the embodiment shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3, the wall **104** is an annular wall, although additional configurations are possible, e.g., a wall having one or more 90° angles. As used herein, the term “annular” refers to a shape which is at least substantially circular or elliptical.

[0039] With reference to Fig. 1, the test strip carrier **100** optionally includes one or more base tabs **106** which extend from the base of wall **104**, and which can be folded during assembly of the test strip carrier such that they engage the base **103** to form the test strip

basket. The test strip carrier **100** optionally includes a first engagement slit **107** and a second engagement slit **108** (engagement slits **106** and **107** are visible in the cutout provided in Fig. 4 and are shown in an engaged configuration in Fig. 1). In one embodiment, during formation of the test strip carrier **100**, the wall **104** is formed by engaging first engagement slit **107** with second engagement slit **108** or vice versa. The dimensions of the wall **104** may vary. However, the distance from the base **103** to the top of the wall **104** should be less than the length of the test strips **120** held by the test strip basket to facilitate retrieval of the test strips from the test strip basket.

[0040] With reference to Figs. 2 and 3, the first end **101** is configured for insertion into a test strip vial **109** which includes a cap **110** hingedly coupled to the test strip vial **109**, e.g., via a hinge or flange. When the test strip carrier **100** is inserted into the test strip vial **109**, the first end **101** slidably engages with the inner wall **111** of the test strip vial **109**. In other words, first end **101** engages the inner wall **111** via a sliding action. To allow for such slidable engagement, the dimensions of the first end **101** can be configured based on the dimensions of the test strip vial **109** into which the test strip carrier **100** will be inserted. In another embodiment, the test strip vial **109** is configured based on the dimensions of the test strip carrier **100** to be inserted therein.

[0041] In one embodiment, the first end **101**, is configured such that the outer dimensions of the first end **101**, e.g., the circumference of the base including the width of the wall, are sufficiently less than the circumference of the interior wall **111** of test strip vial **109** so as to allow the test strip carrier **100** to slide within the test strip vial **109** with the application of minimal force, e.g., the force applied by a user using one hand to open the test strip vial **109**. It may also be desirable to configure test strip carrier **100** such that it engages the inner wall **111** of the test strip vial **109** with sufficient tightness to prevent test strips **120** from sliding past the test strip carrier **100** to the space below the test strip carrier **100** in the test strip vial **109**.

[0042] In one embodiment, the base **103** optionally includes one or more apertures (not shown) extending through the base **103**. These apertures can provide for the exchange of gasses between the area beneath the base **103** and the area above the base **103**. Generally, these apertures are sized such that they are large enough to allow for the exchange of gasses between the area beneath the base **103** and the area above the base **103** but small enough to prevent the passage of test strips **120** through the apertures.

[0043] The test strip carrier **100** also includes a second end **102**, which is configured to engage the cap **110** of the test strip vial **109**. Engagement of the cap **110** with the second

end **102** may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, via application of an adhesive material between the second end **102** and the interior surface **112** of cap **110**.

[0044] In one embodiment, the second end **102** is configured to detachably engage the cap **110** of the test strip vial **109**. In other words, in one embodiment, the test strip carrier is not a component of the cap **110**, but is instead a separate component which can detachably engage with the cap **110**. Such a configuration is of substantial benefit to the art because the test strip carrier **100** can be readily configured to work with a variety of preexisting test strip vials. In this manner, substantial costs associated with the design and production of new test strip vials and/or retooling of assembly lines can be avoided.

[0045] In one embodiment, the second end **102** is configured to snapably engage, e.g., via a snap feature, the cap **110** of the test strip vial **109**. In other words, second end **102** and cap **110** can be configured for snap-fit engagement. For example, in one embodiment second end **102** is at least substantially disk shaped. Where second end **102** is at least substantially disk shaped, it may be sized to snap into annular gap **113** of cap **110**.

[0046] A flexible connector **105** connects the first end **101** to the second end **102**. The flexible connector may take a variety of shapes, provided that the flexible connector is capable of operating as described herein. As shown in Figs. 1-3, in one embodiment the flexible connector **105** has an elongate rectangular shape.

[0047] Overall, the test carrier **100** is configured such that when it is inserted into test strip vial **109**, opening of the cap **110** raises the test strip basket from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial **109**. For example, with reference to Fig. 3, the pivoting motion of cap **110** about flange **115**, moves the cap **110** from a closed position to an open position. Because second end **102** is engaged with the cap **110**, the motion of the cap **110** exerts an upward force on the test strip basket via the flexible connector **105**. The distance between the first position and the interior surface **112** of cap **110**, when the cap **110** is in the closed position, is at least as long as the test strips **120** to be held by the test strip basket. The distance between the second position and the rim **114** of the test strip vial **109** is such that the ends of the test strips **120** will extend beyond the rim **114** of the test strip vial **109** when present. In other words, when a user opens cap **110** of test strip vial **109**, the test strip basket is raised within the test strip vial **109** thereby lifting the test strips **120** from a first position closer to the base of the test strip vial **109** to a second position towards the upper edge or rim **114** of test strip vial **109**.

Test Strip Vials for Use with the Disclosed Test Strip Carriers

[0048] The test strip carriers of the present disclosure can be configured for insertion into a variety of test strip vials known in the art. Vials suitable for use with the test strip carriers disclosed herein are described, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,723,085, and 5,911,937, the disclosures of each of which are incorporated by reference herein.

[0049] In one embodiment, the test strip carriers of the present disclosure are configured for insertion into a test strip vial **109** as shown in Figs. 2 and 3. In the embodiment shown in Figs. 2 and 3, the test strip vial **109** is cylindrical in shape with an integrally formed bottom. The test strip vial **109** includes an interior wall **111**. A cap **110** is provided which is adapted to seal the vial closed with a substantially hermetic seal. The cap **110** can be integrally connected to the vial **109** with a small flange **115**. In one embodiment, the vial **109** and cap **110** are injection molded from a thermoplastic material.

[0050] The cap **110** includes a cap rim **116**. The cap rim **116** is intended to fit over the annular rim **114** of the outer wall **117** of the test strip vial **109** in a sealing manner. A ridge **118** may be formed on the inside of cap **110** to enhance the seal of the cap **110** to the vial **109**. An annular gap **113** extends from the ridge **118** to the outer edge of interior surface **112** of cap **110**.

[0051] The test strip vial **109** has an annular ridge **119** extending around the periphery of the test strip vial **109**. The annular ridge **119** and a smooth transition surface at the upper edge or rim **114** of the vial **109** form an annular region for interlocking with the cap **110**.

[0052] The inside of the cap **110**, including the ridge **118** and the annular gap **113**, combine to form an annular region for interlocking with the interlocking annular region on the vial **109**. The inner surface of cap **110** extending from cap rim **116** to ridge **118** is angled so as to guide the upper edge or rim **114** of the vial wall into the annular gap **113**. The annular rim **114** of the vial **109** is designed to fit within the annular gap **113**.

Analyte Test Strips for Use with the Disclosed Test Strip Carriers

[0053] The test strip carriers of the present disclosure can be configured to work with any of a wide variety of analyte test strips. In some embodiments, the test strip carriers of the present disclosure are configured to hold FreeStyle® test strips for use in blood glucose monitoring or Precision® brand test strips for use in monitoring glucose and ketones. FreeStyle® and Precision® brand analyte test strips are available from Abbott Diabetes Care Inc., Alameda, CA. Exemplary analyte test strips are also described in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,071,391; 6,120,676; 6,143,164; 6,299,757; 6,338,790; 6,377,894;

6,600,997; 6,773,671; 6,592,745; 5,628,890; 5,820,551; 6,736,957; 4,545,382; 4,711,245; 5,509,410; 6,540,891; 6,730,200; 6,764,581; 6,299,757; 6,338,790; 6,461,496; 6,503,381; 6,591,125; 6,616,819; 6,618,934; 6,676,816; 6,749,740; 6,893,545; 6,942,518; 6,175,752; and 6,514,718, the disclosures of each of which are incorporated by reference herein.

[0054] Test strips suitable for use with the test strip carriers described herein include optical and electrochemical test strips configured for use in testing for any of a wide variety of analytes, including, but not limited to, glucose, lactate, acetyl choline, amylase, bilirubin, cholesterol, chorionic gonadotropin, creatine kinase (e.g., CK-MB), creatine, DNA, fructosamine, glucose, glutamine, growth hormones, hormones, ketones, lactate, peroxide, prostate-specific antigen, prothrombin, RNA, thyroid stimulating hormone, and troponin.

[0055] Test strips suitable for use with the test strip carriers described herein also include test strips configured for use in testing for drugs, such as, for example, antibiotics (e.g., gentamicin, vancomycin, and the like), digitoxin, digoxin, drugs of abuse, theophylline, and warfarin, may also be determined and the like.

Materials for Construction

[0056] Test strip carriers according to the present disclosure may be formed and/or constructed from a variety of suitable materials, provided that the materials are sufficiently flexible to operate as described herein. In one embodiment, the test strip carrier is formed from single piece of flexible material, as shown in Fig. 4, which is folded to achieve the final configuration. In another embodiment, the test strip carrier is molded, e.g., injection molded, to achieve the final configuration. Suitable flexible materials include polymers, e.g., plastics. In one embodiment, the flexible material is a thermoplastic polymer, e.g., polycarbonate, polystyrene, polyethylene, polysulfone or polypropylene.

Desiccants

[0057] It may be desirable to keep the test strips stored in the test strip vials disclosed herein as moisture free as possible. As such, the test strip vials disclosed herein can include one or more desiccants, e.g., silica gel. The desiccant can be located in the test strip vial or included as a component of the test strip vial itself. The desiccant can also be located on and/or in the material used to form the test strip carrier. In one embodiment the desiccant is included in a moisture absorbing desiccant entrained polymer. This

polymer can be used as a component of the test strip vial and/or the test strip carrier. It can also be used to coat one or more surfaces of the test strip vial and/or the test strip carrier. Processes and resulting structures for producing moisture absorbing desiccant entrained polymers are described, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,911,937, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein.

Method of Making

[0058] In one embodiment, the test strip carrier **100** is formed from a single piece of flexible material which is folded into the final configuration to be inserted into a test strip vial **109**. The single piece of flexible material can be cut from a sheet of flexible material, e.g., a flexible polymer. A variety of methods are known in the art for cutting a predetermined pattern from a sheet of flexible material. Such methods include, but are not limited to, die cutting and laser cutting. These methods can be readily adapted to large scale, high throughput applications as needed.

[0059] In one embodiment, the cutout pattern has the configuration shown in Fig. 4. The numeric identifiers in Fig. 4 refer to the structures of the test strip carrier **100** that can be formed from the identified portions of the cutout pattern. The test strip carrier **100** shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3 can be formed from the cutout shown in Fig. 4 as follows. The portion of the flexible material forming base **103** is folded at position (A) at an approximately 90° angle relative to the portion of the flexible material which will form the wall **104**. The portion of the flexible material which will form the wall **104** is folded such that first engagement slit **107** engages second engagement slit **108** to form wall **104**. In another embodiment, the flexible material which will form the wall **104** is folded and engaged with itself via application of an adhesive.

[0060] Optional base tabs **106** can be folded at an approximately 90° angle relative to wall **104** such that they engage and/or provide support for base **103**. In one embodiment, a plurality of slits (not shown) is provided in base **103**. The base tabs **106** can be inserted into these slits in an interlocking manner to provide engagement of the base tabs **106** with the base **103**. In another embodiment, the base tabs **106** can engage with base **103** via application of an adhesive. The wall **104** together with base **103** and optional base tabs **108** form the test strip basket in which analytical test strips **120** can be disposed.

[0061] Second end **102** is folded at position (B) at one end of flexible connector **105** to form a disk shaped engagement element having a cutout which forms a portion of flexible connector **105** as shown in Figs. 1, 2 and 3. The fold at position (B) allows the

disk shaped engagement element to pivot about the fold axis while engaged with the cap **110** of test strip vial **109**.

[0062] As indicated above, the test strip carrier can also be molded, e.g., injection molded, to achieve the final configuration.

[0063] While the present invention has been described with reference to the specific embodiments thereof, it should be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes may be made and equivalents may be substituted without departing from the true spirit and scope of the invention. In addition, many modifications may be made to adapt a particular situation, material, composition of matter, process, process step or steps, to the objective, spirit and scope of the present invention. All such modifications are intended to be within the scope of the claims appended hereto.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A test strip carrier for insertion into a test strip vial, wherein the test strip vial comprises a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial, the test strip carrier comprising:
 - a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket, the test strip basket comprising a base and a wall;
 - a second end configured to engage the cap; and
 - a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end, wherein the test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip basket from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.
2. The test strip carrier of Claim 1, wherein the wall is an annular wall.
3. The test strip carrier of Claim 1, wherein the second end is configured to snapedly engage the cap.
4. The test strip carrier of Claim 1, wherein the second end is at least substantially disk shaped.
5. The test strip carrier of Claim 1, wherein the test strip carrier is formed from a single piece of flexible material.
6. The test strip carrier of Claim 5, wherein the flexible material is a polymer.
7. The test strip carrier of Claim 6, wherein the polymer is a plastic.
8. The test strip carrier of Claim 1, wherein the second end is attached via an adhesive to the cap.
9. A system comprising:
 - a test strip vial, wherein the test strip vial comprises a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial;

a test strip carrier, wherein the test strip carrier comprises
a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket, the test strip basket comprising a base and a wall;
a second end configured to engage the cap; and
a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end; and
a plurality of test strips disposed in the test strip basket, wherein the test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip basket from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.

10. The system of Claim 9, wherein the wall is an annular wall.
11. The system of Claim 9, wherein the second end is configured to snapedly engage the cap.
12. The system of Claim 9, wherein the second end is at least substantially disk shaped.
13. The system of Claim 9, wherein the test strip carrier is formed from a single piece of flexible material.
14. The system of Claim 13 wherein the flexible material is a polymer.
15. The system of Claim 14, wherein the polymer is a plastic.
16. A test strip vial comprising:
 - a cap hingedly coupled to the test strip vial;
 - a test strip carrier, wherein the test strip carrier comprises
 - a first end inserted into the test strip vial, wherein the first end defines a test strip basket comprising a base and a wall;
 - a second end engaged with the cap; and
 - a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end, wherein opening the cap raises the test strip carrier from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.
17. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the wall is an annular wall.

18. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the second end is snapedly engaged with the cap.
19. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the second end is at least substantially disk shaped.
20. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the test strip carrier is formed from a single piece of flexible material.
21. The test strip vial of Claim 20 wherein the flexible material is a polymer.
22. The test strip vial of Claim 21, wherein the polymer is a plastic.
23. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the test strip vial comprises a plurality of analytical test strips disposed in the test strip basket.
24. The test strip vial of Claim 16, wherein the second end is attached via an adhesive to the cap.
25. A method of making a test strip carrier for insertion into a test strip vial having a cap hingedly coupled thereto, the method comprising:
 - cutting a test strip carrier pattern from a sheet of flexible material;
 - folding the test strip carrier pattern to form a test strip carrier, the test strip carrier comprising
 - a first end configured for insertion into the test strip vial and defining a test strip basket, the test strip basket comprising a base and a wall;
 - a second end configured to engage the cap; and
 - a flexible connector connecting the first end to the second end, wherein the test strip carrier is configured such that when the first end is inserted into the test strip vial and the second end engages the cap, opening of the cap raises the test strip carrier from a first position to a second position within the test strip vial.
26. The method of Claim 25, wherein the wall is an annular wall.

27. The method of claim 25, wherein the test strip carrier pattern comprises a first engagement slit and a second engagement slit, and wherein the annular wall is formed by engaging the first engagement slit with the second engagement slit.
28. The method of Claim 25, wherein the second end is configured to snapedly engage the cap.
29. The method of Claim 25, wherein the second end is at least substantially disk shaped.
30. The method of Claim 25, wherein the flexible material is a polymer.
31. The method of Claim 30, wherein the polymer is a plastic.

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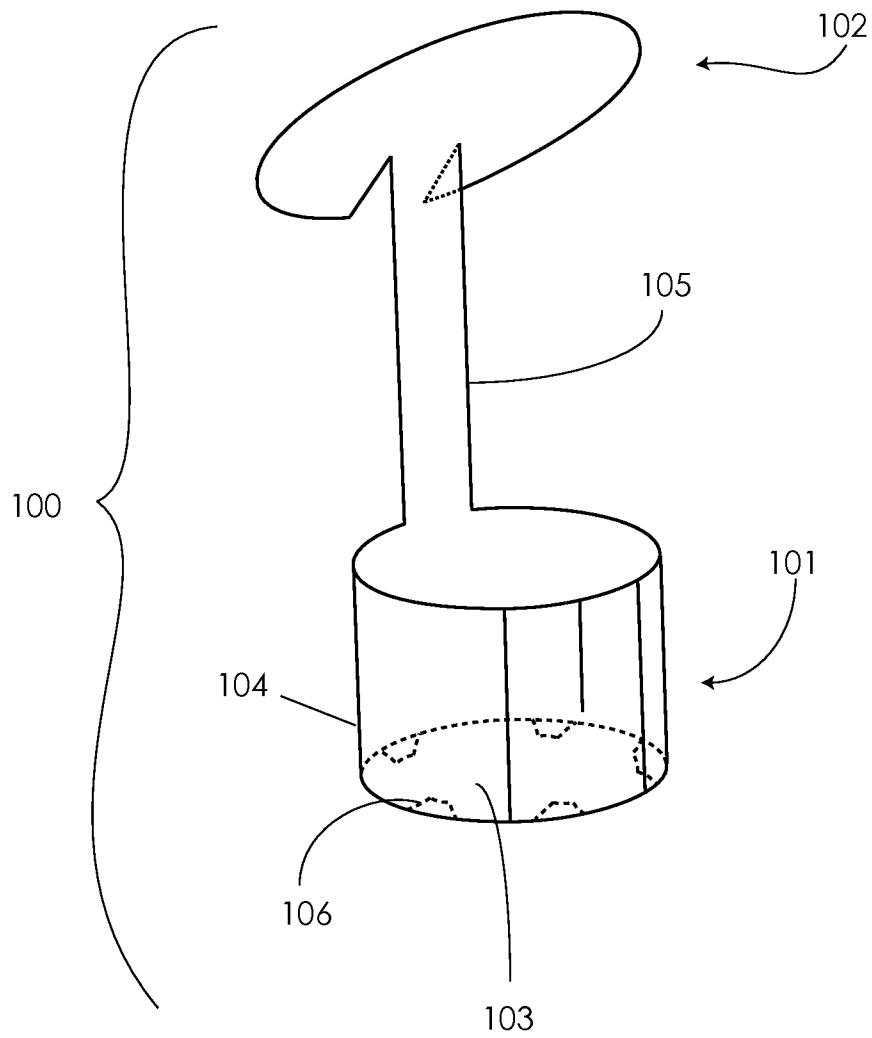


Fig. 1

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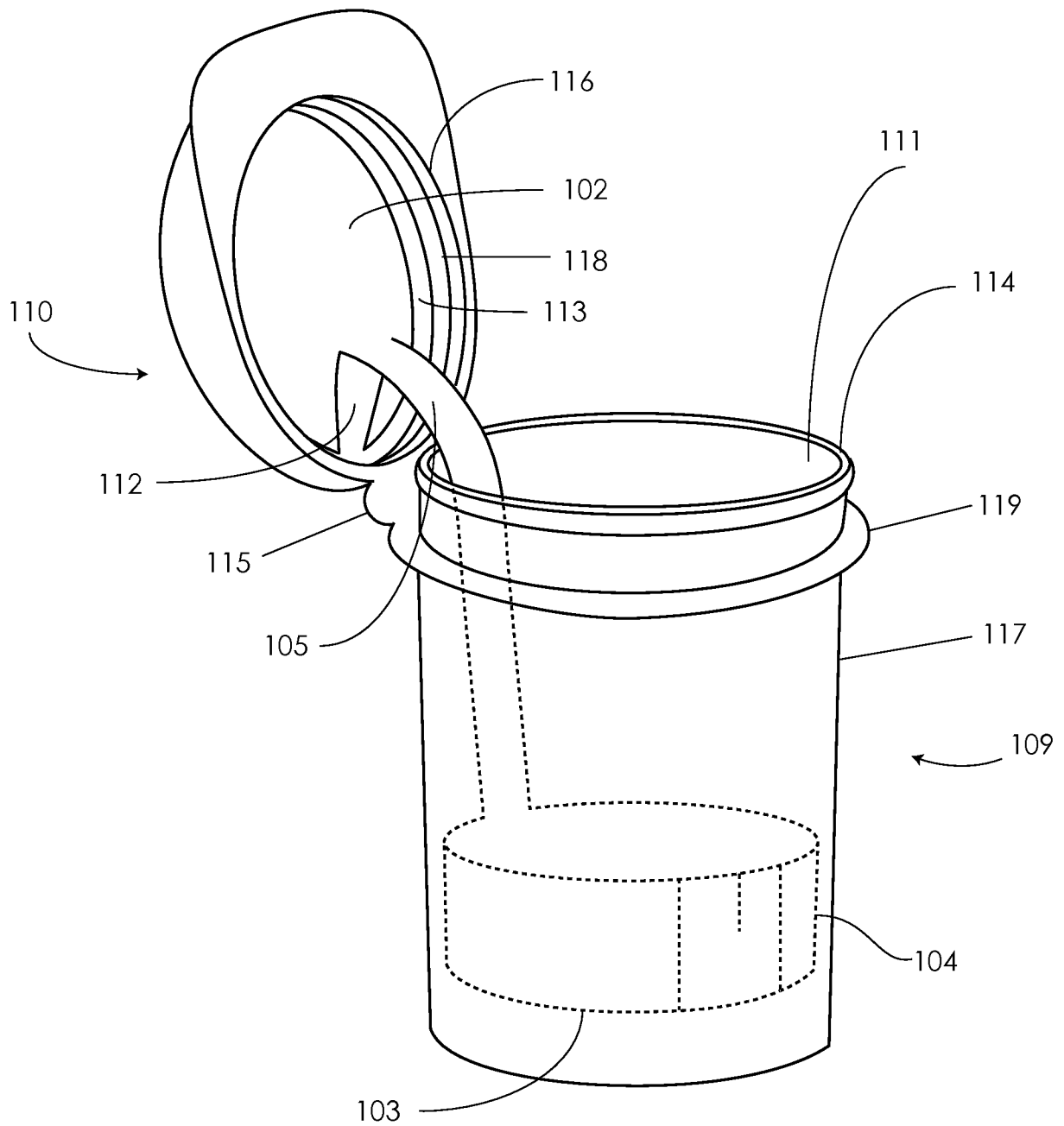
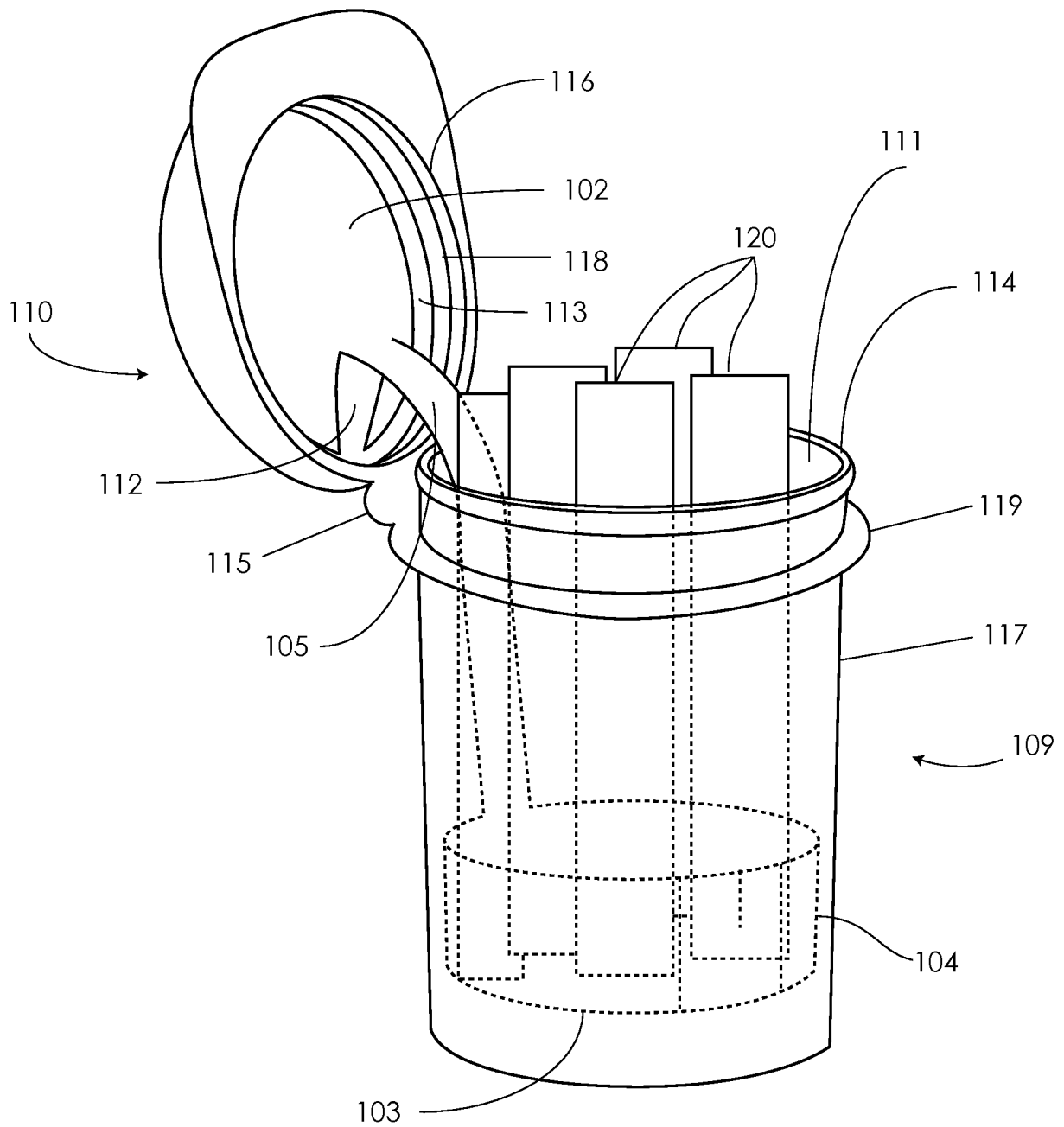


FIG. 2

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**FIG. 3**

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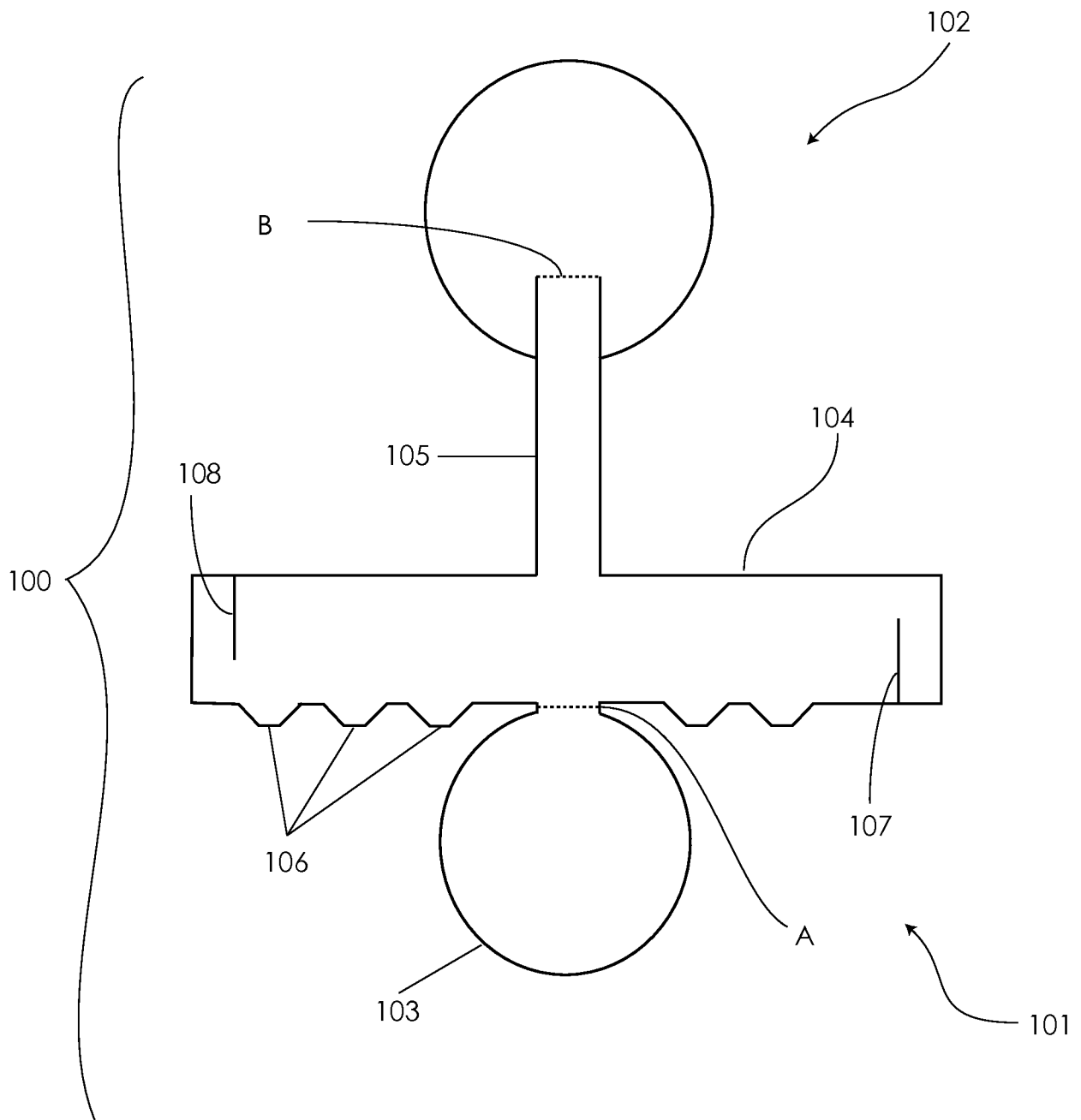


Fig. 4