Jan. 13, 1925. 1,523,119

V. GUINZBURG

GARMENT

Filed March 4, 1924

Fig. 1.

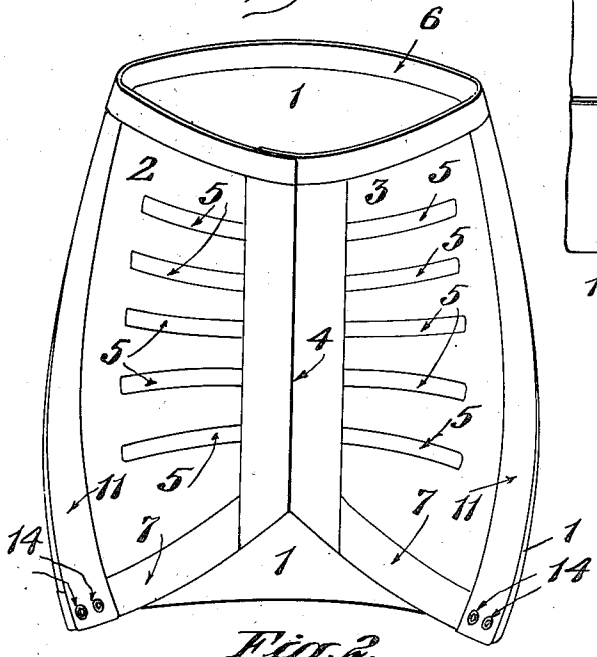


Fig. 2.

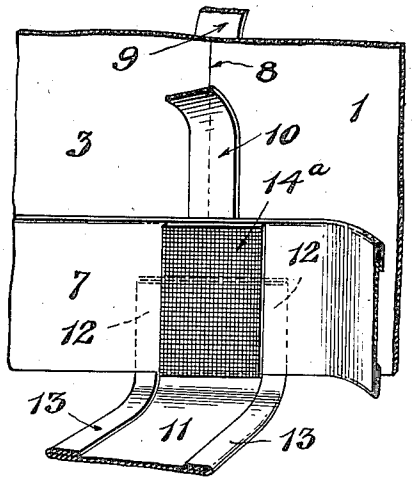


Fig. 5.

Fig. 3

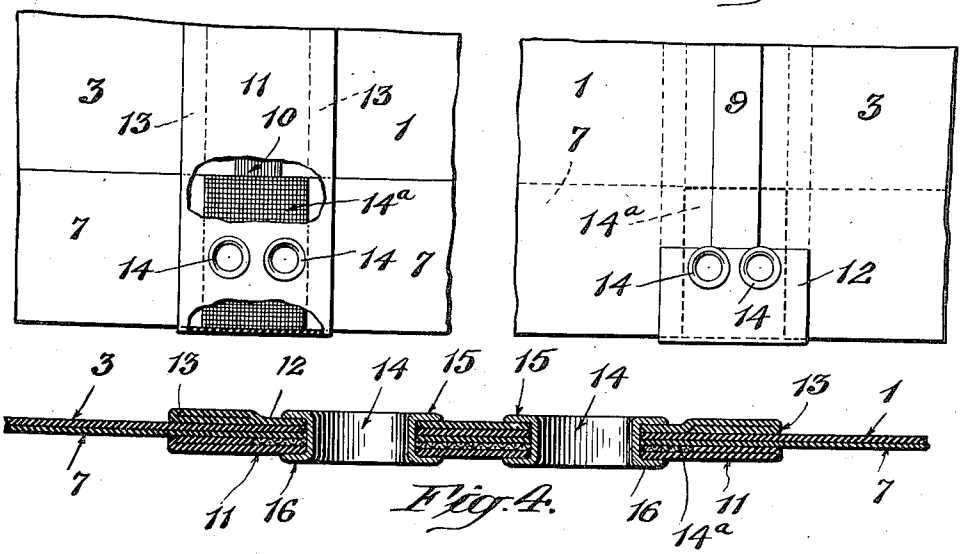


Fig. 4.

INVENTOR
Victor Guinzburg
BY
Joseph R. Rivs ATTORNEY

Patented Jan. 13, 1925. 1,523,119

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

VICTOR GUINZBURG, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., ASSIGNOR TO I. B. KLEINERT RUBBER COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, N. Y., A CORPORATION OF NEW YORK.

GARMENT.

Application filed March 4, 1924. Serial No. 696,730.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, VICTOR GUINZBURG, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of the city, county, and State of New York, have invented a certain new and useful Improvement in Garments, of which the following is a specification.

This invention relates to an improvement in a garment preferably made of an expansible impervious material such as sheet rubber or the like, the purpose of such a garment being to reduce or remove the superfluous flesh of the wearer.

A garment of this character is known as a reducing garment, and the object of this invention is to provide such a garment made from a plurality of sections of material which are united and reinforced at the points of joinder of the various sections by an improved reinforcing means.

A further object of this invention is to provide a garment of this character which will extend over the hips of the wearer and may be worn by women in place of a corset and which will be provided at its lower edge with means for engaging with the upper end of the garters.

A still further object of the invention is to provide a garment of the character above mentioned with means for supporting or receiving the garters or hose supporters, said means being so located and positioned and arranged that the strain or pull of the garters cannot distort or tear the rubber garment to which the upper end of the garters may be attached.

With these objects and such other objects as may hereinafter appear, in view, I have devised the particular arrangement of parts hereinafter set forth and more particularly pointed out in the claims appended hereto.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying drawings forming a part hereof in which—

Figure 1 is a front elevation of my improved garment;

Figure 2 is a front elevation of a portion of my improved garment adjacent its lower edge and at the point where two of the reinforcing strips overlap, showing the garter receiving means, parts being broken away to disclose construction;

Figure 3 is a similar view showing the inner face of the section of the garment disclosed in Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a transverse sectional view of the portions of the garment shown in Figures 2 and 3; and

Figure 5 is a perspective view of the portions of the garment shown in Figures 2 and 3 with the various parts being folded back to disclose construction.

Throughout the various views of the drawings, similar reference characters designate similar parts.

In Figure 1 of the drawing is disclosed the complete reducing garment which is intended to fit over the hips of the wearer and which is preferably made of an impervious expansible material such as sheet rubber. The garment is preferably made of several sections of material, the section 1 comprising the rear section and the sections 2 and 3 comprising the front sections. The two front sections 2 and 3 are preferably detachably united on the line 4, when the garment is used, by means of any suitable detachable fasteners, such as hooks and eyes, laces and the like. The two front sections are shaped to fit the wearer properly by means of the plurality of reinforced gorings 5.

The upper edge of the garment is provided with a suitable reinforcing strip 6 which is preferably made of rubber similar to that of the body of the garment and the lower edge of the garment is also provided with a continuous reinforcing strip 7 which extends co-extensively with the lower edge of the garment and is preferably located on the outer face of the garment so that it does not come into contact with the body of the wearer while the garment is worn.

The edges of the body sections 1, 2 and 3 are preferably joined together on the lines 8 by vulcanization and said lines of joinder are preferably reinforced by a plurality of reinforcing strips as will now be described.

On the inner face of the garment a single reinforcing strip 9 extends over the seam or joint and this strip 9 is of very thin rubber and is cemented or vulcanized over the joint 8. On the opposite side, or outer face of the garment a similar strip 10 is used, said strip extending transversely of the garment from its upper to its lower edge. The outer face of the garment is further reinforced by a substantially wide rubber strip 11 which lies over or on top of the strip 10 and is secured over said strip and to the

body of the garment. This strip 11 extends co-extensibly with the strip 10 from the upper edge of the garment to its lower edge and it also extends over the bottom reinforcing strip 7.

It is also to be noted that the lower end of the strip 11 is inturned or folded back so that the same projects on the inner face of the garment as at 12 and said inward extension 12 is secured on the inner face of the garment by vulcanization or by cementing.

The opposite longitudinal edges of the outer reinforcing strip 11 are preferably inturned as at 13 so that when pressure is placed upon said strip for the purpose of affixing it securely to the outer face of the garment, the thickened edge portions of said strip which are produced by the inturned edges 13 will, by reason of their greater thickness than the central portion of the strip, receive greater pressure than the central portion of the strip and will be consequently more securely fixed to the body of the garment.

At 14^a is shown a section of inelastic textile material which is placed between the reinforcing strip 11 and the longitudinal bottom reinforcing strip 7. At 14 is located a pair of spaced eyelets which extend through the strip 11, the section of textile fabric 14^a, the reinforcing strip 7, the body of the garment and through the folded back portion 12 of the strip 11. These eyelets 14 are intended to receive a safety pin or other fastening device attached to the upper end of the hose supporters.

The strips 11 are of course preferably located at those points in the garment where the upper end of the hose supporter is adapted to be attached and the eyelets 14 extending through the various thicknesses of material mentioned above are able to readily withstand the pull of the garter without becoming detached or distorting or tearing the rubber garment in any manner.

By reason of the fact that the various reinforcing strips 9, 10 and 11 are located on the line of the garter pull, the garment is reinforced by said strips at this point as the thickened portions produced by the various reinforcing strips render the garment less elastic along the line of the garter pull.

The section of textile fabric interposed between the strips 7 and 11 prevents the eyelets from readily becoming dislodged and prevents the holes in the rubber materials surrounding the eyelets from becoming enlarged or torn.

It is also to be noted that the flanges 15 and 16 on opposite sides of the eyelets 14 are of similar size completely preventing the eyelets from being pulled or drawn out of the garment when the garment is placed under greater strain or pull.

From the foregoing, it is obvious that my invention is not to be restricted to the exact embodiment shown but is broad enough to cover all structures coming within the scope of the annexed claims.

Having described my invention, what I claim is:

1. A rubber garment having a reinforcing strip extending substantially vertical when the garment is worn, means extending through the strip and through the body of the garment at the lower end of the strip for receiving a garter, and a section of inelastic fabric situated at the point of location of the garter-receiving means.

2. A garment composed of expansible rubber, said garment having a rubber reinforcing strip extending from its upper edge to its lower edge, a section of inexpansible fabric interposed between said strip and the body of the garment at the lower edge of said garment, and a reinforced opening extending through the strip, the fabric, and the body of the garment.

3. A garment composed of an expansible material, a reinforcing strip of expansible material extending from the upper edge of the garment to its lower edge on the line of a seam in said garment, said strip being located on one face of the garment and being folded back on the opposite face of the garment at the lower edge of said garment, and a pair of spaced eyelets extending through the folded portion of said strip and through the body of the garment.

4. A garment of the class described comprising a back section and two front sections, reinforcing strips located over the lines of joinder of said sections, said strips extending from the upper edge of said garment to the lower edge of the same, said strips being folded back on the opposite face of the garment at the lower edge of the same, a section of textile fabric lying between said strips and the body of the garment, and reinforced openings extending through the doubled portions of the strips, the textile fabric and the body of the garment.

Signed at the city, county and State of New York, this 29th day of February, 1924.

VICTOR GUINZBURG.