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(54) Title: LIFE ATTENUATED STRAINS OF PRRS VIRUS

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to live attenuated European PRRS viruses which are attenuated by nucleic acid mutations on specific sites of the viral protein coded by ORF 2, 3 and 5. The invention also pertains to nucleotide sequences coding said viruses, methods of generating such viruses and a pharmaceutical composition comprising said PRRS viruses and the use of said PRRS virus in the manufacture of a vaccine for the prophylaxis and treatment of PRRSV infections.



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Life attenuated strains of PRRS virus

Field of the invention

5 The present invention relates to live attenuated European PRRS viruses which are attenuated by nucleic acid mutations on specific sites. The invention also pertains to nucleotide sequences coding said viruses, methods of generating such viruses and a pharmaceutical composition comprising said PRRS viruses and the use of said PRRS virus in the manufacture of a vaccine for the prophylaxis and treatment of PRRS infections.

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Background of the invention

Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS), is caused by an enveloped positive-stranded RNA virus of the family arteriviridae (Snijder E.J., Meulenbergh J.J.M. 15 1998. „The molecular biology of arteriviruses“. Journal of General Virology 79(5):961-971). About 10 to 15 years ago, two different PRRS virus strains emerged apparently independently in the USA and Europe. The disease is now endemic in many swine producing countries in North America, Europe and Asia. It continues to be a major cause of reproductive loss and respiratory disease in swine. In the USA the prevalence of 20 infection is estimated to be up to 70 %.

The virus is transmitted by inhalation, ingestion, coitus, bite wounds or needles. It replicates in mucosal, pulmonary or regional macrophages. Subclinically, the disease results in resolution or persistent infection. Persistently infected animals shed virus in 25 oral/pharyngeal fluids, blood, feces, urine and semen. Clinical symptoms in sows relate to abortion or premature farrowing with weak live-born pigs, stillborn pigs and autolyzed fetuses. Infected neonatal pigs have a high mortality or suffer from pneumonia. The subsequent nursery and growth of pigs is complicated by pneumonia, concurrent bacterial infections and increased mortality. Boars are prone to fever and morphological changes in 30 semen.

Like for all arteriviruses, the PRRS virus genome is a single positive-stranded RNA molecule of about 15 kilobases. ORF's (open reading frame) 1a and 1b code replicases,

ORF's 2 to 5 putative glycoproteins (gp 1 to 4), ORF 6 a membrane protein (M) and ORF 7 codes for a nucleocapsid protein (N).

The original descriptions of PRRS infection in the USA (WO 93/03760, isolate ATCC VR-2332, deposited July 18, 1991 at the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland, USA, NCBI GeneBank Accession No. U 87392 U00153) and Europe (WO 92/21375, isolate Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91), Accession No. CNCM I-1102, deposited June 5 1991 with the Institute Pasteur, Paris; NCBI GeneBank Accession Nos. M 96262 [gi:11125727], NC 002533 [gi:11138120]) identified viruses that had genomic and serological differences. Comparison demonstrated that both had a common ancestor which had diverged before the clinical disease was described in the late 1980's. Full length genomic sequences have been reported for a number of PRRS viruses and complete structural protein-coding regions thereof (Snijder et al. 1998, *supra*; Meulenbergh J.J.M., Hulst, M.M. et al., 1993. Lelystad virus, the causative agent of porcine epidemic abortion and respiratory syndrome ..., Virology 192, 62-72; Conzelmann K.K., Visser N., Van Woensel P., Thiel H.J., 1993. Molecular characterization of porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus, a member of the arterivirus group, Virology 103, 329-339; Murtaugh M.P., Elam M.R., Kakach L.T., 1995. Comparison of the structural protein coding sequences of the VR-2332 and Lelystad virus strains of the PRRS virus, Archives of Virology 140, 1451-1460; Kapur V., Elam M.R., Pawtovich T.M. Murtaugh M.P., 1996. Genetic variation in porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus isolates in the midwestern United States, Journal of General Virology 77, 1271-1276).

PRRS virus can be replicated *in vitro* in pig lung macrophages, monocytes, glial cells and two MA-104 cell subpopulations (embryonic monkey kidney cell) known as CL-2621 and MARC-145 (K.D. Rossow, Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome, Vet Pathol 35:1-20, 1998). Recombinant means for generating infectious PRRS clones are also available (EP 0839912).

For protecting pigs, live attenuated PRRS vaccines are commercially available (RespPRRS/Ingelvac® PRRS MLV, Boehringer Ingelheim). Killed vaccines (inactivated whole virus) or subunit vaccines (conventionally purified or heterologously expressed purified viral proteins) are most often inferior to live vaccines in their efficacy to produce a full protective immune response even in the presence of adjuvants. For PRRS, it has been

demonstrated that in comparison to the currently available killed vaccines, the attenuated vaccines induce an immunity against the disease which lasts longer and is more efficient (Snijder et al., referenced above). The present live PRRS vaccines are attenuated conventionally by serially passaging the virus in appropriate host cells until pathogenicity is lost (American strain: EP 0529584; European strain: EP 0676467; EP 0835930).

Present live PRRS vaccines still leave room for improvement. For one, they do not prevent reinfection. Secondly, they do not allow serological discrimination between vaccinated animals and animals infected with the field virus. Furthermore, a live vaccine in principle has a theoretical risk of reversion to the non-attenuated phenotype. In particular, RNA viruses such as the PRRS virus, are considered to have high rates of mutation due to imprecise replication of the RNA genome resulting from a lack of proofreading by the RNA replication enzyme. For conventionally derived attenuated viruses obtained by conventional multiple passaging, the molecular origin as well as the genetic stability remains unknown, and the features of revertants are unpredictable.

Thus, the problem underlying the invention was to provide improved PRRS virus strains which can be used for the manufacture of vaccines which overcome the disadvantages of the prior art.

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Figure Legends

Figure 1: Sequence comparison of wild type Lelystad Virus, published in GenBank, Attenuated virus A (abbreviated Vir.A) and attenuated Lelystad Virus B

25 Genomic area: ORF 2

Number of nucleotides: 750

In **Bold** and boxed are indicated the mutations (non-synonymous nucleotide exchanges) according to the invention (see also claims 2 and 3)

30 **Figure 2:** Sequence comparison of wild type Lelystad- Virus, published in GenBank, Attenuated virus A (abbreviated Vir.A) and attenuated Lelystad- Virus B

Genomic area: ORF 3

Number of nucleotides: 798

In **Bold** and boxed are indicated the mutations (non-synonymous nucleotide exchanges) according to the invention (see also claims 2 and 3)

Figure 3: Sequence comparison of wild type Lelystad Virus, published in GenBank, Attenuated virus A (abbreviated Vir.A) and attenuated Lelystad Virus B

Genomic area: ORF 4

Number of nucleotides: 552

Figure 4: Sequence comparison of wild type Lelystad Virus, published in GenBank, Attenuated virus A (abbreviated Vir.A) and attenuated Lelystad- Virus B

Genomic area: ORF 5

Number of nucleotides: 606

In **Bold** and boxed are indicated the mutations (non-synonymous nucleotide exchanges) according to the invention (see also claims 2 and 3)

Disclosure of the invention

Before the embodiments of the present invention it must be noted that as used herein and in the appended claims, the singular forms "a", "an", and "the" include plural reference unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Thus, for example, reference to "a PRRS virus" includes a plurality of such PRRS viruses, reference to the "cell" is a reference to one or more cells and equivalents thereof known to those skilled in the art, and so forth. Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meanings as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs.

Although any methods and materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the present invention, the preferred methods, devices, and materials are now described. All publications mentioned herein are incorporated herein by reference for the purpose of describing and disclosing the cell lines, vectors, and methodologies which are reported in the publications which might be used in connection with the invention. Nothing herein is to be construed as an admission that the invention is not entitled to antedate such disclosure by virtue of prior invention.

The present invention provides an attenuated European PRRS virus encoded by a nucleic acid comprising ORF1, ORF2, ORF3, ORF4, ORF5, ORF6 and ORF7 and subtypes thereof such as ORF1a and ORF1b or ORF2a and ORF2b, characterized in that:

- 5 a) ORF2 comprises at positions 11915 – 11935 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 1:

A	T	G	A	C	C	A	G	A	A	C	G	A	A	G	A	G	T	C	T	C
C	C	A	C	T	T	C	A	C	C	A	A	C	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A
G	G	T	G	A	A	G	T	G	G	G	T	G	G	T	G	T	G	T	G	T

and at positions 12037 – 12057 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 2:

T	G	T	T	A	A	A	C	G	T	C	A	G	T	T	C	G	T	G	G	G
C	A	C	C	C	C	C	T	A	C	T	C	A	C	C	T	A	C	A	A	A
G	T	G	G	G	G	G	A	T	G	A	G	T	G	G	A	T	G	T	T	T

and at positions 12058 – 12078 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 3:

T	A	A	C	C	C	A	T	A	C	A	A	A	A	C	C	G	T	G	T	A
C	C	C	T	T	T	C	C	C	T	C	C	C	C	T	T	A	C	A	C	C
G	G	G	A	A	A	G	G	G	A	G	G	G	G	A	A	T	G	T	G	G

and/or a deletion at said position(s) and/or

- 10 b) ORF3 comprises at positions 12660 – 12680 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 4:

C	A	A	C	A	A	T	T	A	C	A	G	G	T	A	G	G	G	C	A	G
T	C	C	T	C	C	C	C	C	T	C	A	A	C	C	A	A	A	T	C	A
A	G	G	A	G	G	G	G	G	A	G	T	T	G	G	T	T	T	A	G	T

and/or a deletion at said position(s) and/or

- c) ORF5 comprises at positions 13684 – 13704 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 5:

C	T	G	G	A	A	A	C	A	C	G	A	A	A	T	G	G	G	C	C	A
T	C	A	A	C	C	C	T	C	T	A	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	T	T	C
A	G	T	T	G	G	G	A	G	A	T	G	G	G	G	T	T	T	A	A	G

- 15 and/or a deletion at said position(s).

It has surprisingly been found that PRRS viruses comprise specific sites on individual viral proteins which, if mutated, lead to an attenuated phenotype compared to the original

virulent field strain. The evolutionary pressure on these from now on called "virulence specific sites" or simply referred to as "sites of the invention" or just "sites" is immense. It is assumed that these sites have a general involvement in the process leading to the attenuation of European PRRSV like vaccine strains. These sites disclosed in tables 1 to 5 are specific for European strains (wild type Lelystad Agent CNCM I-1102 is regarded as reference type strain) and not shared with US strains of PRRS viruses.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus wherein at least one of the sequence sections corresponding to SEQ ID NOs: 25, 26, 27, 28, or 29 is mutated at one, two, three, or more positions, up to a maximum of ten mutations. The sites SEQ ID NO's: 25, 26, and 27 are located in ORF2 (positions 130-150, 252-272, and 273-293, respectively, in Fig 1), the site SEQ ID NO: 28 is located in ORF3 (position 267-287 in Fig. 3), and the site SEQ ID NO: 29 is located in ORF5 (position 201-221 in Fig. 4). Said sequence sections represent the virulence specific sites according to the invention. As PRRS virus is a positive-stranded RNA virus, it will comprise a respective RNA sequence instead of the DNA sequences given in the sequences listings, i.e. it will contain uracil (U) at positions indicated to be thymine (T) in the sequence listings, and ribose instead of deoxyribose.

It is to be understood that an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention comprises genomic RNA containing sequence sections corresponding to the DNA sequences with SEQ ID NOs: 25, 26, 27, 28, or 29, wherein at least one of said sequences sections differs from the referred sequences by at least one mutation. In this context, "corresponding to" means that the virus of the invention contains sequence sections which can be aligned to the referred sequences by a standard alignment algorithm like BLAST (Altschul, S.F., Gish, W., Miller, W., Myers, E.W. & Lipman, D.J. (1990) "Basic local alignment search tool." J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410; Gish, W. & States, D.J. (1993) "Identification of protein coding regions by database similarity search." Nature Genet. 3:266-272; Madden, T.L., Tatusov, R.L. & Zhang, J. (1996) "Applications of network BLAST server" Meth. Enzymol. 266:131-141; Zhang, J. & Madden, T.L. (1997) "PowerBLAST: A new network BLAST application for interactive or automated sequence analysis and annotation." Genome Res. 7:649-656; Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schäffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database

search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402). Sequence positions which are aligned pairwise by such an algorithm "correspond to" each other.

Upon such an alignment, a respective mutated sequence section of the virus then would
5 differ from the corresponding reference sequence ("site", i.e. either SEQ ID NO: 25, 26,
27, 28, or 29) at one, two, three, or more positions, up to a maximum of ten positions.
Preferably, a virus of the invention is mutated at all five of the cited sequence sections
(sites). Preferably, the mutation(s) is/are substitution(s) and/or a deletion(s). In preferred
embodiments, the mutations result in a change of the amino acid sequence(s) of the
10 protein(s) coded by the respective ORF(s).

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus
having an ORF2 containing a sequence section corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 25, wherein
the triplet corresponding to positions 10 to 12 of SEQ ID NO: 25 is mutated. Preferably,
15 said triplet does not code for phenylalanine. Preferably, said triplet codes for a different
amino acid. In a preferred embodiment, said triplet codes for serine. More preferably, the
nucleotide corresponding to position 11 of SEQ ID NO: 25 is a C. Hence in a preferred
embodiment, the attenuated European PRRS virus has an ORF2 coding for a protein which
has not phenylalanine at position 47 (or the corresponding position in a BLAST
20 alignment). Preferably, said protein has a serine at this position instead.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus
having an ORF2 containing a sequence section corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 26, wherein
the triplet corresponding to positions 10 to 12 of SEQ ID NO: 26 is mutated. Preferably,
25 said triplet does not code for valine. Preferably, said triplet codes for a different amino
acid. In a preferred embodiment, said triplet codes for phenylalanine. More preferably, the
nucleotide corresponding to position 10 of SEQ ID NO: 26 is a T (or an U in the RNA,
respectively). Hence in a preferred embodiment, the attenuated European PRRS virus has
an ORF2 coding for a protein which has not valine at position 88 (or the corresponding
30 position in a BLAST alignment). Preferably, said protein has a phenylalanine at this
position instead.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus
having an ORF2 containing a sequence section corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 27, wherein

the triplet corresponding to positions 11 to 13 of SEQ ID NO: 27 is mutated. Preferably, said triplet does not code for phenylalanine. Preferably, said triplet codes for a different amino acid. In a preferred embodiment, said triplet codes for leucine. More preferably, the nucleotide corresponding to position 11 of SEQ ID NO: 27 is a C. Hence in a preferred
5 embodiment, the attenuated European PRRS virus has an ORF2 coding for a protein which has not phenylalanine at position 95 (or the corresponding position in a BLAST alignment). Preferably, said protein has a leucine at this position instead.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus
10 having an ORF3 containing a sequence section corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 28, wherein the triplet corresponding to positions 11 to 13 of SEQ ID NO: 28 is mutated. Preferably, said triplet does not code for serine. Preferably, said triplet codes for a different amino acid. In a preferred embodiment, said triplet codes for proline. More preferably, the nucleotide corresponding to position 11 of SEQ ID NO: 28 is a C. Hence in a preferred
15 embodiment, the attenuated European PRRS virus has an ORF2 coding for a protein which has not serine at position 93 (or the corresponding position in a BLAST alignment). Preferably, said protein has a proline at this position instead.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus
20 having an ORF5 containing a sequence section corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 29, wherein the triplet corresponding to positions 11 to 13 of SEQ ID NO: 29 is mutated. Preferably, said triplet does not code for leucine. Preferably, said triplet codes for a different amino acid. In a preferred embodiment, said triplet codes for phenylalanine. More preferably, the nucleotide corresponding to position 11 of SEQ ID NO: 29 is a T (or an U in the RNA,
25 respectively). Hence in a preferred embodiment, the attenuated European PRRS virus has an ORF2 coding for a protein which has not leucine at position 71 (or the corresponding position in a BLAST alignment). Preferably, said protein has a phenylalanine at this position instead.

30 Live PRRS vaccines based on European strains attenuated by defined mutations and/or deletions allow to avoid the disadvantages of the present generation of attenuated vaccines. If the attenuated strain carries defined and known mutations, it can be analysed conveniently for quality control and genetic stability. The possibility to introduce defined deletions and/or substitutions, in particular as double or multiple mutations decreases the

probability of reversion to the non-attenuated or virulent phenotype. A further advantage of said attenuating mutations lies in their known molecular uniqueness which allows for use as distinctive labels for attenuated PRRS viruses and to distinguish them from PRRS viruses from the field. With the sites identified in the present invention, safe and site-specifically attenuated viruses can be generated. Such viruses are useful for the preparation of a safe live vaccine for use in the prevention and/or treatment of PRRS infections.

The present invention is directed to attenuated European PRRS strains and methods of production thereof. In this context, "attenuated" means that a virulent strain is or has been modified in a way that he is less virulent or pathogen than before the modification. In particular, "attenuated" means that the virus has a significantly reduced ability of causing clinical disease, while he is still able to replicate in the host. Preferably, virulence or pathogenicity is reduced to an amount which makes the virus acceptable for administration as a vaccine. In a preferred embodiment, the virus is attenuated to an extent that it does not cause clinical disease while still being able to replicate in the host. Such an attenuated strain is an ideal agent for vaccination because replication in the host ensures stimulation of a rapid and excellent immune response. In one preferred embodiment, an attenuated European PRRS virus is less virulent than the Lelystad Agent. In another embodiment, the attenuated virus is less virulent than the parent strain from which it is derived. The term "less virulent than the PRRS virus Lelystad Agent" (or, likewise, the parent strain from which it is derived) is to be understood in terms of a comparison of clinical symptoms of the virus of interest with Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91/CNCM I-1102), or the parent strain. A preferred procedure for determining if a PRRS virus is less virulent than Lelystad Agent, or likewise for determining if a virus modified according to the invention is less virulent than its parent strain before the modification, is disclosed in example 1. It may be that not each and every possible nucleic acid mutation at the virulence specific site is implicated in reducing virulence. The procedure of example 1 provides a precise and straight forward experimental setup for determining whether a live PRRS virus according to the teaching of the invention is less virulent than its parent strain or a virulent field isolate like Lelystad Agent.

The present invention is directed to European PRRSV strains which can be distinguished from American strains as follows. Soon after the virus was found, Wensvoort et al. (J. Vet. Diagn. Invest 4: 134-138 (1992)) observed differences in antigenic characteristics between

American and European isolates. They raised sera against both the American type and the European type in several pigs, and compared the cross-reactivity of the anti-European (LV) and anti-American (VR-2332) sera with three American virus isolates and 4 European isolates. Sera against PRRS viruses of the European serotype are significantly less reactive with American isolates than with European isolates. Furthermore, sera raised against viruses of the American serotype are less reactive, or even not reactive at all, with European virus isolates. Wensvoort et al. also showed the reactivity of sera raised against European and American isolates with the two reference viruses CNCM I-1102 (European) and ATCC VR-2332 (American). In this experiment, sera raised against European strains were not reactive at all with the American strain. Thus, two fully different serotypes of the virus exist: the American and the European serotypes, which may be distinguished based on their serological properties.

This can also be shown on the molecular level. Nelson et al. (74th Annual Meeting of the Conference of Research Workers in Animal Diseases, November 8-9, 1993) compared sequences of polymerase-encoding genes of various isolates. They demonstrated that polymerase genes show a 87-95% homology within the American group. However, a homology as low as 64-67% based on nucleic acids was found between European serotypes and American serotypes. Mardassi published comparable results at the Conference mentioned above, showing that the 3'-terminal 530 nucleic acids of the Quebec PRRS Reference strain and European isolates only show a homology as low as 59%. The results from the papers mentioned above make it most likely that the American and European serotypes have diverged a long time ago, which would then easily explain their genetic differences and their serological unrelatedness.

American and European serotypes thus may be easily discriminated. Viruses of the European serotype are characterised in that they react to a higher titer in an Immunoperoxidase Monolayer Assay with a panel of antisera against the European PRRS virus LV (CNCM I-1102) compared with a reaction with a panel of antisera against the American PRRS virus (ATCC VR-2332). If a panel of sera is used, obtained about 40 days post infection, and from different animals, any virus can easily be classified as belonging either to the American or European serotype. Typically, the reactivity of a European strain with a panel of antisera against other European strains is about 400 times higher than with a panel of antisera against American strains. When a European strain is reacted with

antisera against the deposited European strain I-1102 and the deposited American strain VR-2332, a typical difference in reactivity of about 55 times is found (Wensvoort et al., referenced above).

5 "Mutation" means the substitution, deletion, or insertion of a nucleotide or amino acid at a given position of a nucleotide or amino acid sequence. A "substitution" is a replacement of a nucleotide or amino acid by another (e.g. C for a T). "Deletion" means the removal of a nucleotide or amino acid. "Insertion" means that a nucleotide or amino acid is inserted at a given position.

10

In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a method or process of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF2 corresponding to positions 130 to 150 and/or positions 252 to 272 and/or positions 273 to 293 of SEQ ID NO: 22;
- 15 b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- 20 a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF3 corresponding to positions 267 to 287 of SEQ ID NO: 23;
- b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

25 In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions corresponding to positions 201 to 221 of ORF5 according to SEQ ID NO: 24;
- 30 b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

In this context, the term "corresponding to" has a meaning as outlined above, i.e. that the two positions corresponding to each other would be aligned as a pair in a sequence alignment like BLAST. Preferably, the modification according to the invention results in a

change of the amino acid sequence of the encoded protein. In preferred embodiments, the modifications are deletions and/or substitutions, preferably double or multiple mutations. In a preferred embodiment, two or more of the aforementioned modifications are combined. In a further preferred embodiment, the sequence of each of ORF2, ORF3, and
5 ORF5 is modified. Preferably, the sequence of ORF2 is modified at least at two, preferably at least at three positions.

Preferably, the aforementioned method comprises (a) modification(s) resulting in one or more of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having the amino acid(s) at
10 one or more of amino acid sequence positions corresponding to positions 47, 88 and/or 95 of SEQ ID NO: 22 substituted or deleted; an ORF3 encoding a protein having the amino acid at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 93 of SEQ ID NO: 23 substituted or deleted; and/or an ORF5 encoding a protein having the amino acid at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 71 of SEQ ID NO: 24 substituted or
15 deleted. Preferably, all of the aforementioned positions are mutated.

Preferably, the method according to the invention comprises (a) modification (s) resulting in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having not phenylalanine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 47 of
20 SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 encoding a protein having not valine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 88 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having not phenylalanine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 95 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having not serine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 93 of SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having not leucine at amino acid sequence
25 position corresponding to position 71 of SEQ ID NO: 24.

Preferably, the method according to the invention comprises (a) modification (s) resulting in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having serine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 47 of SEQ ID NO:
30 22, an ORF2 encoding a protein having phenylalanine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 88 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having leucine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 95 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having proline at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 93 of SEQ ID NO: 23,

and/or an ORF5 having phenylalanine at amino acid sequence position corresponding to position 71 of SEQ ID NO: 24.

Preferably, a method according to the invention comprises (a) modification (s) resulting in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 140 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a T at the position corresponding to position 262 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 283 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having a C at the position corresponding to position 277 of SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having a T at the position corresponding to position 211 of SEQ ID NO: 24.

Furthermore, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus obtainable by any one of the aforementioned methods.

In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a nucleic acid containing the coding information of an attenuated European PRRS virus as described above. As outlined above, this may be a ribonucleic acid (RNA). Such nucleic acid may furthermore be a deoxyribonucleic acid which is complementary to such a ribonucleic acid, i.e. a cDNA, or any other type of DNA. In a preferred embodiment, such a cDNA is infectious. This means that if such a cDNA is introduced into a suitable host cell, said cell will start generating virus particles. The present invention furthermore relates to a RNA, cDNA, or other DNA comprising any one, or a multitude of the mutations outlined above.

In a further aspect, the invention comprises a vaccine comprising an attenuated European PRRS virus as described in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a method of vaccination of a pig against PRRS, characterised in that an efficient amount of the aforementioned vaccine is administered to said pig.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to the use of an attenuated European PRRS virus as described for the manufacture of a vaccine against PRRS.

According to the present invention, the numbering of nucleotides or amino acids is according to the publicly available Lelystad agent as disclosed above. However, as disclosed in figures 1 to 4, the ORFs ("open reading frames = ORF") are numbered separately as some of them are overlapping.

5

The nucleotides of the specific sites at which the attenuated European virus is different from the virulent wild type are of ORF 2 the nucleotides 11915 – 11935 (table 1 corresponding to numbers 130 to 150 in figure 1), 12037 – 12057 (table 2 numbers 252-272 in figure 1), 12058 – 12078 (table 3 numbers 273-293 in figure 1); of ORF 3 12660 – 12680 (table 4; numbers 267-287 in figure 3), and/or of ORF5 13684 – 13704 (table 5; numbers 201-221 in figure 4). By mutating the Lelystad Agent at one or several of the before-mentioned positions to any one of the nucleotides indicated in said tables and/deleting said nucleotides at said positions, the artisan will obtain life attenuated European vaccine strains of PRRS virus. The mutations such as replacement or deletion at said locations are only limited by the condition that the virus must still be able to replicate, i.e. it must still be a live virus. This can be determined without undue experimentation. The skilled person can, on the basis of the publicly available Lelystad Agent and the teachings according to the invention, introduce e.g. one single mutation into every site disclosed on the basis of the provided tables, e.g. at position 11915 he may introduce an A, C or G or he may delete the nucleotide at that position (which is a T). A non-limited example is shown in figures 1 to 3 (ORF2, ORF 3 and ORF 5 of Lelystad B and Attenuated Virus A) and in example 1.

The invention comprises such viruses wherein only one nucleotide is mutated, but also several nucleotides, or even all nucleotides e.g. one or several triplets encoding one or several amino acids at said positions. However, the sequence shall not be mutated to the extend that the virus is not capable of replicating anymore, i.e. according to the invention, a live virus is encoded.

Additional nucleic acids outside said regions may also be mutated, however, this is not essential to the invention (see figure 1, e.g. position 426 of ORF2 of Lelystad-B which is a C instead of a T).

Said mutations may be carried out by standard genetic engineering methods known in the art, in particular by site-directed mutagenesis. In the context of the invention, „site-directed mutagenesis“ means a genetic engineering technique which allows directed mutation of preselected sites of a nucleic acid. In general, such a technique requires at least partial knowledge of the sequence of such nucleic acid. The classical attenuation method by serial passaging does not allow mutation of preselected sites. Such genetic engineering methods are well-known in the art (see e.g. Sambrook et al.(1989) *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York; Chapter 15; Wu (ed.) (1993), *Methods in Enzymology* Vol 217, p. 173-285).

As a starting material for introduction of mutations, a cDNA clone of a virulent PRSSV strain, e.g. Lelystad Agent (CNCM I-1102), may be generated according to procedures known in the art (Boyer et Haenni. *Infectious transcripts and cDNA clones of RNA viruses*. *Virology* (1994) 198: 415-426). For example, an infectious PRSSV copy may be prepared as described (WO00/53787; Meulenberg. et al, *Adv. Exp. Biol* (1998) 440:199-206; Meulenberg et al., *J. Virol.* (1998) 72(1): 380-387) which then may be mutated according to the invention. The cited references provide detailed procedures how to obtain infectious cDNA clones of PRSSV and to create mutants thereof. The mutated clone or infectious transcripts thereof generated in vitro may then be transfected into appropriate host cells which will then generate attenuated virus.

In particular, it was surprisingly found that sites 11925, 12047, and 12068 of ORF2 (see figure 1); 12670 of ORF 3 (see figure 2) and/or 13694 of ORF5 (see figure 4) are consistently changed compared to the virulent field strain Lelystad Agent. Therefore, another preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention, characterized in that:

- a) ORF2 comprises a C, A or G at position 11925 and/or a C, T or A at position 12047 and/or a A, C or G at position 12068 or a deletion at said position(s) and/or
- b) ORF3 comprises a A, C or G at position 12670 or a deletion at said position and/or
- c) ORF5 comprises a G, A or T at position 13694 or a deletion at said position.

Even more particular, it was found that found that site 11925 of ORF 2 is consistently changed to a C, site 12047 of ORF 2 is consistently changed to T, and site 12068 of ORF2 is consistently changed to C (see figure 1); site 12670 of ORF 3 is consistently changed to

C (see figure 2) and/or 13694 of ORF5 is consistently changed to T (see figure 4) compared to the virulent field strain Lelystad Agent. Thus, another more preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention, wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- 5 a) said ORF2 comprises a C at position 11925 and/or a T at position 12047 and/or a C at position 12068 or a deletion at said position(s) and/or
- b) said ORF3 comprises a C at position 12670 or a deletion at said position and/or
- c) said ORF5 comprises a T at position 13694 or a deletion at said position.

10 Another more preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention designated attenuated Virus A in the figures, wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- a) said ORF2 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 1 and/or
- b) said ORF3 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 2 and/or
- 15 c) said ORF4 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 3 and/or
- d) said ORF5 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 4.

or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

20 A „fragment“ according to the invention is any immunogenic subunit of a PRRS virus or ORF according to the invention, i.e. any polypeptide subset, characterized in that it is encoded by a shorter nucleic acid molecule than disclosed above, however still retains its activity.

25 A „functional variant“ of the PRRS virus or ORF according to the invention is a PRRS virus or ORF which possesses a biological activity (either functional or structural) that is substantially similar to the PRRS virus or ORF according to the invention. The term „functional variant“ also includes „a fragment“, „an allelic variant“, „a functional variant“, „variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code“ or „chemical derivatives“. Such a
30 „functional variant“ e.g. may carry one or several point mutations, one or several nucleic acid exchanges, deletions or insertions or one or several amino acid exchanges, deletions or insertions. Said functional variant is still retaining its biological activity, e.g. function as a vaccine strain, at least in part or even going along with an improvement said biological activity.

A „variant based on the degenerative of the genetic code“ is a variant due to the fact that a certain amino acid may be encoded by several different nucleotide triplets. Said variant is still retaining its biological activity, at least in part or even going along with an improvement said biological activity.

A „fusion molecule“ may be the PRRS virus or ORF according to the invention fused to e.g. a reporter such as a radiolabel, a chemical molecule such as a fluorescent label or any other molecule known in the art.

10

As used herein, a „chemical derivative“ according to the invention is a PRRS virus or ORF according to the invention chemically modified or containing additional chemical moieties, not normally being part of the molecule. Such moieties may improve the molecule's solubility, absorption, biological half life etc.

15

A molecule is „substantially similar“ to another molecule if both molecules have substantially similar structures or biological activity. Thus, provided that two molecules possess a similar activity, they are considered variants as that term is used herein even if the structure of one of the molecules is not found in the other, or if the sequence of amino acid residues is not identical.

20

Another most preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention (designated attenuated Virus A in the figures), wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that:

- 25 a) said ORF2 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 1 and/or
- b) said ORF3 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 2 and/or
- c) said ORF4 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 3 and/or
- d) said ORF5 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 4.

30 Another preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention (designated attenuated virus A in the figures), wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that it comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 5 or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

Another most preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention (designated attenuated virus A in the figures), wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that it consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 5.

Another preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention (LELYSTAD-B in the figures), wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- a) said ORF2 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 6 and/or
 - b) said ORF3 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 7 and/or
 - c) said ORF4 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 8 and/or
 - d) said ORF5 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 9 and/or
- or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

Another most preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus according to the invention (LELYSTAD-B in the figures), wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- a) said ORF2 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 6 and/or
- b) said ORF3 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 7 and/or
- c) said ORF4 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 8 and/or
- d) said ORF5 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 9.

Another important embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European PRRS virus (attenuated virus A in the figures), wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in that:

- a) ORF1a comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 10 and/or
- b) ORF1b comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 11 and/or
- c) ORF2 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 12 and/or
- d) ORF3 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 13 and/or
- e) ORF4 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 14 and/or
- f) ORF5 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 15 and/or
- g) ORF6 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 16 and/or
- h) ORF7 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 17.

or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, glycosylation variant, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

Another more preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European
5 PRRS virus according to the invention (attenuated virus A in the figures), wherein said
PRRS virus is characterized in that:

- a) ORF1a consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 10 and/or
- b) ORF1b consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 11 and/or
- c) ORF2 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 12 and/or
- 10 d) ORF3 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 13 and/or
- e) ORF4 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 14 and/or
- f) ORF5 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 15 and/or
- g) ORF6 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 16 and/or
- h) ORF7 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 17.

15

Another very important embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European
PRRS virus (LELYSTAD-B in the figures), wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in
that:

- a) ORF2 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 18 and/or
- 20 b) ORF3 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 19 and/or
- c) ORF4 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 20 and/or
- d) ORF5 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 21.

or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, glycosylation variant, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

25

Another more preferred embodiment of the present invention is an attenuated European
PRRS virus according to the invention (LELYSTAD-B in the figures), wherein said PRRS
virus is characterized in that:

- a) ORF2 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 18 and/or
- 30 b) ORF3 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 19 and/or
- c) ORF4 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 20 and/or
- d) ORF5 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 21.

Yet another important embodiment of the present invention is a nucleotide sequence coding for a virus according to the invention as described above. Such nucleotide sequences include sequences disclosed in the sequence listing (e.g. with the identification numbers 1 to 9 (given under <400> = SEQ ID NO.). The invention further relates to the proteins disclosed in SEQ ID No. 10 to 21.

Yet another preferred embodiment of the present invention is a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, wherein the nucleotide sequence has been modified to encode a virulence marker and/or a serological marker. As mentioned in the introductory pages it is important for the health management of pigs to be able to distinguish between the less virulent live vaccine strain of the pharmaceutical composition and the virulent wild type virus infections. This is often difficult, especially when clinical symptoms of a field infection are not that specific or superimposed by other infections or the time period for observation and evaluation is short. The recombinant generation of the viruses of interest allows for the introduction of modifications in the genetic code that establishes a serological marker and/or a virulence marker. A serological marker refers to an antigenically detectable molecule such as a peptide, a protein, glycoprotein that can be isolated from infected cells or body fluids such as but not limited to pharyngeal or nasal fluids or urine. A virulence marker is to be understood as a marker in the genetic code that can be identified by recombinant analytical methods such as but not limited to PCR and conventional sequencing. Therefore, in a preferred embodiment, the present invention relates to a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, wherein the nucleotide sequence has been modified to encode a virulence marker and/or a serological marker. Particularly, the mutations or deletions introduced for the purpose of attenuating the virus are useful as virulence and serological markers. By monitoring these mutations in the disclosed virulence specific sites it is possible to predict the emergence of possibly virulent revertants at an early stage.

Yet another preferred embodiment of the present invention is a nucleotide sequence according to the invention, wherein the nucleic acid encoding said marker is located within any of the open reading frames encoding structural viral proteins.

In another aspect, the invention relates to a method for the generation of an infectious live attenuated PRRS virus, said method comprising producing a recombinant nucleic acid

comprising at least one full-length DNA copy or in vitro-transcribed RNA copy or a derivative of either said DNA or RNA whereby said nucleotide sequence is a nucleotide sequence according to the invention. Thus, according to the invention, the method leads to a PRRS virus as described above. The artisan may employ site-directed mutagenesis (Sambrook et al.(1989) Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York.; Chapter 15; Wu (ed.) (1993), Methods in Enzymology Vol 217, p. 173-285) or any other method to insert mutation(s) to specifically insert mutation(s) to obtain a PRRS virus as disclosed above.

10 The method disclosed in the following preferred aspect will lead (at the genomic level) to the PRRS virus according to the invention as described supra. Thus, in another preferred aspect, the invention relates to a method as described for the generation of an infectious live attenuated PRRS virus; said method is characterized by the following steps:

- a) a PRRS virus according to the invention is used to infect a suitable cell line
- 15 b) said PRRS virus is further attenuated via cell culture passages.

In another preferred aspect, the invention relates to a method as described, wherein said cell line is an embryonic monkey kidney cell or preferred a Marc cell or a derivative thereof (see below):

20 In another preferred aspect, the invention relates to a method as described, wherein said PRRS virus is or are the virus(es) according to the invention as disclosed supra.

In a further aspect, the present invention relates to a cell line comprising a PRRS virus according to the invention. Examples for such cell lines include permanent cell lines known to the artisan, preferably porcine, monkey or human cell lines such as human embryonic kidney (HEK) 293, BHK, GH3, H4, U373, NT2, PC12, COS, CHO, Ltk⁻, fibroblasts, myelomas, neuroblastomas, hybridomas, oocytes, embryonic stem cells), insect cell lines (e.g., using baculovirus vectors such as pPbac or pMbac (Stratagene, La Jolla, USA)), yeast (e.g., *Pichia pastoris* or using yeast expression vectors such as pYESHIS (Invitrogen, San Diego, USA)), and fungi.

In a further preferred aspect, the present invention relates to a cell line according to the invention, wherein said cell line is an embryonic monkey kidney cell or preferred a Marc cell or a derivative thereof.

5 In a further aspect, the present invention comprises a method or process of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF2 corresponding to positions 130 to 150 and/or positions 252 to 272 and/or positions 273 to 293 of SEQ ID NO: 22;
- 10 b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

In this context, a position within a nucleic acid or amino acid sequence "corresponding to" a position of another sequence shall mean that, if the two sequences have sufficient structural similarity to be aligned with a standard alignment algorithm like BLAST (Altschul, S.F., Gish, W., Miller, W., Myers, E.W. & Lipman, D.J. (1990) "Basic local alignment search tool." J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410; Gish, W. & States, D.J. (1993) "Identification of protein coding regions by database similarity search." Nature Genet. 3:266-272; Madden, T.L., Tatusov, R.L. & Zhang, J. (1996) "Applications of network BLAST server" Meth. Enzymol. 266:131-141; Zhang, J. & Madden, T.L. (1997) "PowerBLAST: A new network BLAST application for interactive or automated sequence analysis and annotation." Genome Res. 7:649-656; Altschul, Stephen F., Thomas L. Madden, Alejandro A. Schäffer, Jinghui Zhang, Zheng Zhang, Webb Miller, and David J. Lipman (1997), "Gapped BLAST and PSI-BLAST: a new generation of protein database search programs", Nucleic Acids Res. 25:3389-3402), and such an alignment is done, the two positions would be aligned as a pair.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to a method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF3 corresponding to positions 267 to 287 of SEQ ID NO: 23;
- 30 b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to a method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions corresponding to positions 201 to 221 of ORF5 according to SEQ ID NO: 24;
- b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

Preferably, a modification as described above results in a change of the amino acid sequence of the encoded protein. Preferably, the modification is a deletion or a substitution. In a preferred embodiment, the sequence of each of ORF2, ORF3, and ORF5 is modified. In another preferred embodiment, the sequence of ORF2 is modified at least at two, preferably at least at three positions. Preferably, the modification results in one or more of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having the amino acid at one or more of amino acid sequence positions corresponding to positions 47, 88 and/or 95 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22 substituted or deleted; an ORF3 encoding a protein having the amino acid corresponding to position 93 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 23 substituted or deleted; and/or an ORF5 encoding a protein having the amino acid corresponding to position 71 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 24 substituted or deleted.

More preferably, the modification made by such method results in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having serine at the position corresponding to position 47 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 encoding a protein having phenylalanine at the position corresponding to position 88 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having leucine at the position corresponding to position 95 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having proline at the position corresponding to position 93 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having phenylalanine at the position corresponding to position 71 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 24.

In preferred embodiments, the modification results in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 140 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a T at the position corresponding to position 262 of SEQ

ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 283 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having a C at the position corresponding to position 277 of SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having a T at the position corresponding to position 211 of SEQ ID NO: 24.

5

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus obtainable by a method described above.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF2 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 22 at one or more of positions 130 to 150, and/or at one or more of positions 252 to 272, and/or at one or more of positions 273 to 293.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF3 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 23 at one or more of positions 267 to 287.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to an attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF5 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 24 at one or more of positions 201 to 221.

In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to a vaccine comprising an attenuated European PRRS virus as described above in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In a further embodiment, the present invention relates to a method of vaccination of a pig against PRRS, characterised in that an efficient amount of such vaccine is administered to said pig. Alternatively, the present invention relates to the use of an attenuated European PRRS virus as disclosed for the manufacture of a vaccine against PRRS.

Preferably, the live attenuated PRRS virus may be used for the treatment, prophylaxis or diagnosis of diseases caused by wild-type PRRS virus. Such diseases and uses are exemplified in example 1. A further aspect of the invention relates to the use of the viruses of the invention. Their defined molecular basis of attenuation makes them superior to viruses known in the art. Especially the use of viruses according to the invention that

comprise deletions in the virulence specific sites is preferred since deletions are less prone to revert.

Another preferred embodiment of the present invention is a pharmaceutical composition comprising one or several PRRS virus(es) according to the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. A preferred aspect is a pharmaceutical composition comprising not only said European PRRS virus according to the invention, but also an attenuated US PRRS virus such as the virus which is sold in a pharmaceutical composition under the trade name RespPRRS/Ingelvac[®] PRRS MLV, Boehringer Ingelheim. A pharmaceutically acceptable carrier can contain physiologically acceptable compounds that act, for example, to stabilize or to increase the absorption or form part of a slow release formulation of the PRRS virus according to the invention. Such physiologically acceptable compounds include, for example, carbohydrates, such as glucose, sucrose or dextrans, antioxidants, such as ascorbic acid or glutathione, chelating agents, low molecular weight proteins or other stabilizers or excipients (see also e.g. Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (1990). 18th ed. Mack Publ., Easton). One skilled in the art would know that the choice of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, including a physiologically acceptable compound, depends, for example, on the route of administration of the composition. Most preferably, the composition is formulated by obtaining the virus-containing supernatant (tissue culture fluid) of an infected cell culture and freeze drying said supernatant, optionally after addition of a stabilisator. The freeze-dried composition may be reconstituted with water prior to administration. In another example, a suitable carrier would be a physiological salt solution. Preferably, the pharmaceutical composition is injected intramuscularly or intradermally. The vaccine according to the invention can be administered to pigs depending on the vaccination history of the sows at 1, 3, 6 or 10 weeks of age, to sows before mating and/or up to 6 weeks before farrowing (booster vaccination), or to boars each half a year (boosters).

Another preferred embodiment of the present invention is the use of a PRRS virus according to the invention in the manufacture of a vaccine for the prophylaxis and treatment of PRRS infections.

The following example serves to further illustrate the present invention; but the same should not be construed as limiting the scope of the invention disclosed herein.

Example 1 Establishment of attenuation

This example provides a clear guidance for the comparison of the virulent character of two
5 different strains of PRRS viruses. As reference strain for a typical virulent European strain
can serve a low cell culture passage (not more than 5) of the Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-
2.91).

At least 10 gilts per group are included in each trial, which are derived from a PRRS free
10 farm. Animals are tested free of PRRS virus specific serum antibodies and negative for
PRRSV. All animals included in the trial are of the same source and breed and from a
farm historically free of any PRRSV infection. The animals allocation to the groups is
randomized. Challenge is performed at day 85-90 of pregnancy with intranasal application
of 1 ml PRRSV with 10^5 TDCID₅₀ (third passage) per nostril. There are at least three
15 groups for each test setup:

One group for challenge Lelystad Agent (CDI-NL-2.91) ; one test group for challenge with
the possibly attenuated virus; and one strict control group.

20 Validity of the study is given when the strict controls stay PRRS negative over the time
course of the study and at least 25% less life healthy piglets are born compared to the the
strict controls in the Lelystad agent challenged group.

Attenuation, in other words less virulence, is defined as the statistical significant change of
25 one or more parameters determining reproductive performance:

Significant reduction in at least one of the following parameters for the test group is
preferred:

- frequency of stillborns
- 30 • abortion at or before day 112 of pregnancy
- number of mumified piglets
- number of life and weak piglets
- preweaning mortality

or furthermore a significant increase in one of the following parameters for the test group is preferred:

- number of piglets weaned per sow
- number of life healthy piglets born per sow
- compared to the Lelystad agent infected group.

In an exemplary manner the following results can be obtained in a clinical trial according to the given description with the 147th cell culture passage of the Lelystad agent:

Passage level	live /healthy	live/weak	stillborn	Mummified	average of born liters per sow
5	30,5%	45,5%	17,9%	6,2%	11
147	71,9%	10,5%	17,54%	0	11,4

Individual sow reproductive performance data from sows being inoculated as described above with cell culture passage 5 Lelystad agent (group 1) and cell culture passage 147 of Lelystad agent (group 2) are given. In addition group 3 animals served as strict controls and were only inoculated with PRRSV free cell culture supernatant:

Group	Passage level of inoculum	Duration of gestation in days	Total No. of born piglets	Live /Healthy	Live/ Weak	Stillborn	Mummi fied
1	5	115	15	5	7	2	1
1	5	111	7	5	1	1	0
1	5	113	6	2	2	1	1
1	5	110	14	2	10	2	0
1	5	115	13	0	8	4	1
Average group 1			11	2,8	5,6	2,0	0,6
%			100	30,5	45,5	17,9	6,2
2	147	115	13	11	1	1	0
2	147	113	12	12	0	0	0
2	147	115	10	0	4	6	0
2	147	115	8	8	0	0	0
2	147	115	14	10	1	3	0
Average group 2			11,4	8,2	1,2	2	0
%			100	71,93	10,53	17,54	0
3	—	117	12	11	1	0	0
3	—	115	9	8	1	0	0
3	—	116	14	9	5	0	0
3	—	115	6	6	0	0	0
3	—	115	14	11	3	0	0
3	—	116	15	14	1	0	0
Average group 3			11,7	9,8	1,8	0	0
%			100	86,1	13,9	0	0

Claims

1. Attenuated European PRRS virus encoded by a nucleic acid comprising ORF1, ORF2, ORF3, ORF4, ORF5, ORF6 and ORF7, characterized in that:

- 5 a) ORF2 comprises at positions 11915 – 11935 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 1:

A	T	G	A	C	C	A	G	A	A	C	G	A	A	G	A	G	T	C	T	C
C	C	A	C	T	T	C	A	C	C	A	A	C	C	A	C	A	C	A	C	A
G	G	T	G	A	A	G	T	G	G	G	T	G	G	T	G	T	G	T	G	T

and at positions 12037 – 12057 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 2:

T	G	T	T	A	A	A	C	G	T	C	A	G	T	T	C	G	T	G	G	G
C	A	C	C	C	C	C	T	A	C	T	C	A	C	C	T	A	C	A	A	A
G	T	G	G	G	G	G	A	T	G	A	G	T	G	G	A	T	G	T	T	T

and at positions 12058 – 12078 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 3:

T	A	A	C	C	C	A	T	A	C	A	A	A	A	C	C	G	T	G	T	A
C	C	C	T	T	T	C	C	C	T	C	C	C	C	T	T	A	C	A	C	C
G	G	G	A	A	A	G	G	G	A	G	G	G	G	A	A	T	G	T	G	G

and/or a deletion at said position(s) and/or

- 10 b) ORF3 comprises at positions 12660 – 12680 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 4:

C	A	A	C	A	A	T	T	A	C	A	G	G	T	A	G	G	G	C	A	G
T	C	C	T	C	C	C	C	C	T	C	A	A	C	C	A	A	A	T	C	A
A	G	G	A	G	G	G	G	G	A	G	T	T	G	G	T	T	T	A	G	T

and/or a deletion at said position(s) and/or

- c) ORF5 comprises at positions 13684 – 13704 at least one of the nucleotides as set out in table 5:

C	T	G	G	A	A	A	C	A	C	G	A	A	A	T	G	G	G	C	C	A
T	C	A	A	C	C	C	T	C	T	A	C	C	C	C	A	A	A	T	T	C
A	G	T	T	G	G	G	A	G	A	T	G	G	G	G	T	T	T	A	A	G

- 15 and/or a deletion at said position(s).

2. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to claim 1, characterized in that:

- a) ORF2 comprises a C, A or G at position 11925 and/or a C, T or A at position 12047 and/or a A, C or G at position 12068 or a deletion at said position(s) and/or
- b) ORF3 comprises a A, C or G at position 12670 or a deletion at said position and/or
- c) ORF5 comprises a G, A or T at position 13694 or a deletion at said position.

5

3. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- a) said ORF2 comprises a C at position 11925 and/or a T at position 12047 and/or a C at position 12068 or a deletion at said position(s) and/or
- 10 b) said ORF3 comprises a C at position 12670 or a deletion at said position and/or
- c) said ORF5 comprises a T at position 13694 or a deletion at said position.

4. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:

- 15 a) said ORF2 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 1 and/or
- b) said ORF3 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 2 and/or
- c) said ORF4 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 3 and/or
- d) said ORF5 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 4.

or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

20

5. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that:

- a) said ORF2 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 1 and/or
- 25 b) said ORF3 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 2 and/or
- c) said ORF4 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 3 and/or
- d) said ORF5 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 4.

6. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that it comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 5 or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.

30

7. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 6, wherein said nucleic acid is characterized in that it consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 5.
- 5 8. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 3, wherein said nucleic acid is further characterized in that:
- a) said ORF2 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 6 and/or
 - b) said ORF3 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 7 and/or
 - c) said ORF4 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 8 and/or
 - 10 d) said ORF5 comprises the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 9 and/or
- or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, variant based on the degenerative nucleic acid code, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.
9. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 3 or 8, wherein said
- 15 nucleic acid is further characterized in that:
- a) said ORF2 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 6 and/or
 - b) said ORF3 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 7 and/or
 - a) said ORF4 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 8 and/or
 - b) said ORF5 consists of the nucleic acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 9.
- 20
10. Attenuated European PRRS virus, wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in that:
- a) ORF1a comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 10 and/or
 - b) ORF1b comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 11 and/or
 - c) ORF2 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 12 and/or
 - 25 d) ORF3 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 13 and/or
 - e) ORF4 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 14 and/or
 - f) ORF5 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 15 and/or
 - g) ORF6 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 16 and/or
 - h) ORF7 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 17.
- 30 or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, glycosylation variant, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.
11. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to claim 10, wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in that:

- a) ORF1a consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 10 and/or
 - b) ORF1b consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 11 and/or
 - c) ORF2 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 12 and/or
 - d) ORF3 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 13 and/or
 - 5 e) ORF4 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 14 and/or
 - f) ORF5 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 15 and/or
 - g) ORF6 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 16 and/or
 - h) ORF7 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 17.
- 10 12. Attenuated European PRRS virus, wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in that:
- a) ORF2 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 18 and/or
 - b) ORF3 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 19 and/or
 - c) ORF4 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 20 and/or
 - d) ORF5 comprises the amino acid as defined in SEQ ID No. 21.
- 15 or a fragment, allelic variant, functional variant, glycosylation variant, fusion molecule or a chemical derivative thereof.
13. Attenuated European PRRS virus according to claim 14, wherein said PRRS virus is characterized in that:
- 20 a) said ORF2 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ No. 18 and/or
 - b) said ORF3 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ No. 19 and/or
 - c) said ORF4 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ No. 20 and/or
 - d) said ORF5 consists of the amino acid as defined in SEQ No. 21.
- 25 14. A nucleotide sequence coding for a virus according to any one of claims 1 to 13.
15. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 14, wherein the nucleotide sequence has been modified to encode a virulence marker and/or a serological marker.
- 30 16. A nucleotide sequence according to claim 14 or 15, wherein the nucleic acid encoding said marker is located within any of the open reading frames encoding structural viral proteins.

17. Method for the generation of an infectious live attenuated PRRS virus, said method comprising producing a recombinant nucleic acid comprising at least one full-length DNA copy or in vitro-transcribed RNA copy or a derivative of either whereby said nucleotide sequence is a nucleotide sequence according to any one of claims 14 to 16.
18. Method for the generation of an infectious live attenuated PRRS virus, said method is characterized by the following steps:
- a) a PRRS virus according to any of claims 1 to 13 is used to infect a suitable cell line
 - b) said PRRS virus is attenuated via cell culture passages.
19. Method according to claim 18, wherein said cell line is a Marc cell or a derivative thereof.
20. Method according to any one of claims 18 or 19, wherein said PRRS virus is the virus according to any one of claims 1 to 13.
21. Method according to any one of claims 18 to 20, wherein said PRRS virus is the virus according to claim 5, 9, 11 or 13.
22. Cell line comprising a PRRS virus according to any one of claims 1 to 13.
23. Cell line according to claim 22, wherein said cell line is a Marc cell or a derivative thereof.
24. Pharmaceutical composition comprising a PRRS virus according to any one of claims 1 to 13 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
25. Use of a PRRS virus according to any one of claims 1 to 13 in the manufacture of a vaccine for the prophylaxis and treatment of PRRS infections.
26. Method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that
- a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF2 corresponding to positions 130 to 150 and/or positions 252 to 272 and/or positions 273 to 293 of SEQ ID NO: 22;

b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

27. Method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- 5 a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions of ORF3 corresponding to positions 267 to 287 of SEQ ID NO: 23;
- b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

28. Method of attenuation of a European PRRS virus, characterised in that

- 10 a) the nucleotide sequence of said virus is modified by site-directed mutagenesis at at least one of the positions corresponding to positions 201 to 221 of ORF5 according to SEQ ID NO: 24;
- b) it is tested whether the resulting PRRS virus is attenuated.

15 29. Method of any one of claims 26 to 28, wherein the modification results in a change of the amino acid sequence of the encoded protein.

30. Method of any one of claims 26 to 29, wherein the modification is a deletion or a substitution.

20 31. Method of any one of claims 26 to 30, wherein the sequence of each of ORF2, ORF3, and ORF5 is modified.

32. Method of claim 31, wherein the sequence of ORF2 is modified at least at two,
25 preferably at least at three positions.

33. Method of any one of claims 26 to 32, wherein the modification results in one or more of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having the amino acid at one or more of amino acid sequence positions corresponding to positions 47, 88 and/or 95 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22 substituted or deleted; an ORF3
30 encoding a protein having the amino acid corresponding to position 93 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 23 substituted or deleted; and/or an ORF5 encoding a protein having the amino acid corresponding to position 71 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 24 substituted or deleted.

34. Method of claim 33, wherein the modification results in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 encoding a protein having serine at the position corresponding to position 47 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 encoding a protein having phenylalanine at the position corresponding to position 88 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having leucine at the position corresponding to position 95 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having proline at the position corresponding to position 93 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having phenylalanine at the position corresponding to position 71 of the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 24.
35. Method of claim 34, wherein the modification results in one or more, preferably all of the following features: an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 140 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a T at the position corresponding to position 262 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF2 having a C at the position corresponding to position 283 of SEQ ID NO: 22, an ORF3 having a C at the position corresponding to position 277 of SEQ ID NO: 23, and/or an ORF5 having a T at the position corresponding to position 211 of SEQ ID NO: 24.
36. Attenuated European PRRS virus obtainable by the method of any one of claims 26 to 35.
37. Attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF2 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 22 at one or more of positions 130 to 150, and/or at one or more of positions 252 to 272, and/or at one or more of positions 273 to 293.
38. Attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF3 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 23 at one or more of positions 267 to 287.
39. Attenuated European PRRS virus having an ORF5 which differs from SEQ ID NO: 24 at one or more of positions 201 to 221.

40. Vaccine comprising an attenuated European PRRS virus according to according to any one of claims 36 to 39 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
41. Method of vaccination of a pig against PRRS, characterised in that an efficient amount
5 of the vaccine of claim 40 is administered to said pig.
42. Use of an attenuated European PRRS virus according to any one of claims for the manufacture of a vaccine against PRRS.

Fig. 1A

	10	20	30	40	50	60
Lelystad	ATGCAATGGG	GTCACGTGTGG	AGTAAATCA	GCCAGCTGTT	CGTGGACGCC	TTCACGTGAGT
Vir.A	.....	..T.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	70	80	90	100	110	120
Lelystad	TCCTTGTTAG	TGTGGTTGAT	ATTGCCATTT	TCCTTGCCAT	ACTGTTTGGG	TTCACCGTCG
Vir.A	.....	.....	....TT....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	....T....	.....	.....	.....
	130	140	150	160	170	180
Lelystad	CAGGATGGTT	ACTGGTCTTT	CTTCTCAGAG	TGGTTTGCTC	CGCGCTTCTC	CGTTCGCGCT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	190	200	210	220	230	240
Lelystad	CTGCCATTCA	CTCTCCCGAA	CTATCGAAGG	TCCTATGAAG	GCTTGTTGCC	CAACTGCAGA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	250	260	270	280	290	300
Lelystad	CCGGATGTCC	CACAATTTGC	AGTCAAGCAC	CCATTGGGyA	TGTTTGGCA	CATGCGAGTT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....T.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....T.....	.....	.....
	310	320	330	340	350	360
Lelystad	TCCCACCTTGA	TTGATGAGAT	GGTCTCTCGT	CGCATTTACC	AGACCATGGA	ACATTTCAGGT
Vir.A	A..A.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	370	380	390	400	410	420
Lelystad	CAAGCGGCCT	GGAAGCAGGT	GGTTGGTGAG	GCCACTCTCA	CGAAGCTGTC	AGGGCTCGAT
Vir.A	.....	.....C	.....	.....	.....	..A.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	430	440	450	460	470	480
Lelystad	ATAGTTACTC	ATTTCACA	CCTGGCCGCA	GTGGAGGCGG	ATTCTTGCCG	CTTTCTCAGC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	..A.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	C....	Y.	.....	.....	.....	.....
	490	500	510	520	530	540
Lelystad	TCACGACTCG	TGATGCTAAA	AAATCTTGCC	GTTGGCAATG	TGAGCCTACA	GTACAACACC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	550	560	570	580	590	600
Lelystad	ACGTTTGACC	GCGTTGAGCT	CATCTTCCCC	ACGCCAGGTA	CGAGGCCCAA	GTTGACCGAT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....C
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	610	620	630	640	650	660
Lelystad	TTCAGACAAT	GGCTCATCAG	TGTGCACGCT	TCCATTTTTT	CCTCTGTGGC	TTCATCTGTT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	670	680	690	700	710	720
Lelystad	ACCTTGTTCA	TAGTGCTTTG	GCTTCGAATT	CCAGCTCTAC	GCTATGTTTT	TGGTTTCCAT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Fig. 1B

	730	740	750
Lelystad	TGGCCCACGG	CAACACATCA	TTCGAGCTGA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....

Fig. 2A

	10	20	30	40	50	60
LELYSTAD	ATGGCTCATC	AGTGTGCACG	CTTCCATTTT	TTCCTCTGTG	GCTTCATCTG	TTACCTTGTT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	70	80	90	100	110	120
LELYSTAD	CATAGTGCTT	TGGCTTCGAA	TTCCAGCTCT	ACGCTATGTT	TTTGGTTTCC	ATTGGCCCCAC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	130	140	150	160	170	180
Lelystad	GGCAACACAT	CATTTCGAGCT	GACCATCAAC	TACACCATAT	GCATGCCCTG	TTCTACCAGT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	190	200	210	220	230	240
LELYSTAD	CAAGCGGCTC	GCCAAAGGCT	CGAGCCCGGT	CGTAACATGT	GGTGCAAAAT	AGGGCATGAC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....T.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	A..G.....	.....	.....
	250	260	270	280	290	300
LELYSTAD	AGGTGTGAGG	AGCGTGACCA	TGATGAGTTG	TTAATGTTCCA	TCCCGTCCGG	GTACGGACAA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....ACA.C
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....C.....	.....	.....ACA.C
	310	320	330	340	350	360
LELYSTAD	CTCAAACCTG	AGGGTTATTA	TGCTTGGCTG	GCTTTTTTGT	CCTTTTCCTA	CGCGGCCCAA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	370	380	390	400	410	420
LELYSTAD	TTCCATCCGG	AGTTGTTCCG	GATAGGGAAT	GTGTCGCGCG	TCTTCGTGGA	CAAGCGACAC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	430	440	450	460	470	480
LELYSTAD	CAGTTCATTT	GTGCCGAGCA	TGATGGACAC	AATTCAACCG	TATCTACCGG	ACACAACATC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....G	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.G.....	.....
	490	500	510	520	530	540
LELYSTAD	TCCGCATTAT	ATGCGGCATA	TTACCACCAC	CAAATAGACG	GGGGCAATTG	GTTCCATTTG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	550	560	570	580	590	600
LELYSTAD	GAATGGCTGC	GGCCACTCTT	TTCTTCCTGG	CTGGTGCTCA	ACATATCATG	GTTTCTGAGG
Vir.A	.....	.....	...C.....	.....	.T.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
610	620	630	640	650	660	
LELYSTAD	CGTTCGCCTG	TAAGCCCTGT	TTCTCGACGC	ATCTATCAGA	TATTGAGACC	AACACGACCG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	....A.....	.....
	670	680	690	700	710	720
LELYSTAD	CGGCTGCCCG	TTTCATGGTC	CTTCAGGACA	TCAATTGTTT	CCGACCTCAC	GGGGTCTCAG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....C.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Fig. 2B

	730	740	750	760	770	780
LELYSTAD	CAGCGCAAGA	GAAAATTTCC	TTCGGAAAGT	CGTCCCAATG	TCGTGAAGCC	GTCGGTACTC
Vir.A	.....	.G.....C..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

	790	798
LELYSTAD	CCCAGTACAT	CACGATAA
Vir.A	.....	.....
Lelystad-b	.....	.....

Fig. 3

	10	20	30	40	50	60
LELYSTAD	ATGGCTGCGG	CCACTCTTTT	CTTCCTGGCT	GGTGCTCAAC	ATATCATGGT	TTCTGAGGCG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.C.....	T	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	70	80	90	100	110	120
LELYSTAD	TTCGCCTGTA	AGCCCTGTTT	CTCGACGCAT	CTATCAGATA	TTGAGACCAA	CACGACCGCG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	..A.....	.....
	130	140	150	160	170	180
LELYSTAD	GCTGCCGGTT	TCATGGTCCT	TCAGGACATC	AATTGTTTCC	GACCTCACGG	GGTCTCAGCA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....C..	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	190	200	210	220	230	240
LELYSTAD	GCGCAAGAGA	AAATTTTCCT	CGGAAAGTCG	TCCCAATGTC	GTGAAGCCGT	CGGTACTCCC
Vir.A	G	C....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	250	260	270	280	290	300
LELYSTAD	CAGTACATCA	CGATAACGGC	TAACGTGACC	GACGAATCAT	ACTTGTACAA	CGCGGACCTG
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....T..
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	310	320	330	340	350	360
LELYSTAD	CTGATGCTTT	CTGCGTGCCT	TTTCTACGCC	TCAGAAATGA	GCGAGAAAGG	CTTCAAAGTC
Vir.A	.....	.....	....C.....	.....	.....	.....T
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	370	380	390	400	410	420
LELYSTAD	ATCTTTGGGA	ATGTCTCTGG	CGTTGT'TTCT	GCTTGTGTCA	AT'TTCACAGA	TTATGTGGCC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....C	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	430	440	450	460	470	480
LELYSTAD	CATGTGACCC	AACATACCCA	GCAGCATCAT	CTGGTAAT'TG	ATCACATTCG	GTTGCTGCAT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	T.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....G..	.....	.....
	490	500	510	520	530	540
LELYSTAD	TTCTTGACAC	CATCTGCAAT	GAGGTGGGCT	ACAACCATTG	CTTGT'TTGT	CGCCATTCTC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lelystad-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....C.	.....
	550					
Lelystad	TTGGCAATAT	GA				
Vir.A	G....	..				
Lelystad-B	N....	..				

Fig.4

	10	20	30	40	50	60
LELYSTAD	ATGAGATGTT	CTCACAAATT	GGGGCGTTTC	TTGACTCCGC	ACTCTTGCTT	CTGGTGGCTT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....T..
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....C.	.....	.....	.....
	70	80	90	100	110	120
Lelystad	TTTTTGCTGT	GTACCGGCTT	GTCCTGGTCC	TTTGCCGATG	GCAACGGCGA	CAGCTCGACA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....A.	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	130	140	150	160	170	180
LELYSTAD	TACCAATACA	TATATAACTT	GACGATATGC	GAGCTGAATG	GGACCGACTG	GTTGTCCAGC
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....G....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	190	200	210	220	230	240
LELYSTAD	CATTTTGCTT	GGGCAGTCGA	GACCTTTGTG	CTTTACCCGG	TTGCCACTCA	TATCCTCTCA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	CTTTACCCGG	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	CTTTACCCGG	.....	.....
	250	260	270	280	290	300
LELYSTAD	CTGGGTTTTT	TCACAACAAG	CCATTTTTTT	GACGCGCTCG	GTCTCGGCGC	TGTATCCACT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	310	320	330	340	350	360
LELYSTAD	GCAGGATTTG	TTGGCGGGCG	GTACGTACTC	TGCAGCGTCT	ACGGCGCTTG	TGCTTTCGCA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....T.....	.....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	370	380	390	400	410	420
LELYSTAD	GCGTTCGTAT	GTTTTGTTCAT	CCGTGCTGCT	AAAAATTGCA	TGGCCTGCCG	CTATGCCCGT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	430	440	450	460	470	480
LELYSTAD	ACCCGGTTTA	CCAACTTCAT	TGTGGACGAC	CGGGGGAGAG	TTCATCGATG	GAAGTCTCCA
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....A...A..	.....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	490	500	510	520	530	540
LELYSTAD	ATAGTGGTAG	AAAAATTGGG	CAAAGCCGAA	GTCGATGGCA	ACCTCGTCAC	CATCAAACAT
Vir.A	.....	.....	.....	.....C....	.....	.....
LELYSTAD-B	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	550	560	570	580	590	600
LELYSTAD	GTCGTCCTCG	AAGGGGTTAA	AGCTCAACCC	TTGACGAGGA	CTTCGGCTGA	GCAATGGGAG
Vir.A						
LELYSTAD-B						
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Vir.A						
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SEQUENCE LISTING

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<210> 6

<211> 750

<212> DNA

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 6

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<210> 7

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 7

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cccagtacat cagcataa 798

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<210> 8

<211> 552

<212> DNA

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 8

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<211> 606

<212> DNA

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 9

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gcctag 606

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<210> 10

<211> 2396

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 10

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Phe Trp Asn Ala Gly Gln Val Phe Cys Thr Arg Cys Leu Ser Ala Arg
          20                      25                      30

```

```

Ser Leu Leu Ser Pro Glu Leu Gln Asp Thr Asp Leu Gly Ala Val Gly
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Leu Phe Tyr Lys Pro Arg Asp Lys Leu His Trp Lys Val Pro Ile Gly
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Ile Pro Gln Val Glu Cys Thr Pro Ser Gly Cys Cys Trp Leu Ser Ala
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Val Phe Pro Leu Ala Arg Met Thr Ser Gly Asn His Asn Phe Leu Gln
          85                      90                      95

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Lys Asp Ser Ala	Pro Thr Pro Lys Val	Ala Leu Pro Val	Pro Thr Cys			
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Gly Ile Thr Thr	Tyr Ser Pro Pro Thr	Asp Gly Ser Cys	Gly Trp His			
	420	425	430			
Val Leu Ala Ala	Ile Met Asn Arg Met	Ile Asn Gly Asp	Phe Thr Ser			
	435	440	445			
Pro Leu Thr Gln	Tyr Asn Arg Pro Glu	Asp Asp Trp Ala	Ser Asp Tyr			
	450	455	460			
Asp Leu Val Gln	Ala Ile Gln Cys Leu	Gln Leu Pro Ala	Thr Val Val			
465	470	475	480			
Arg Asn Arg Ala	Cys Pro Asn Ala Lys	Tyr Leu Ile Lys	Leu Asn Gly			
	485	490	495			
Val His Trp Glu	Val Glu Val Arg Ser	Gly Met Ala Pro	Arg Ser Leu			
	500	505	510			
Pro Arg Glu Cys	Val Val Gly Val Cys	Ser Glu Gly Cys	Val Ala Pro			
	515	520	525			
Pro Tyr Pro Ala	Asp Gly Leu Pro Lys	Arg Ala Leu Glu	Ala Leu Ala			
	530	535	540			
Ser Ala Tyr Arg	Leu Pro Ser Asp Cys	Val Ser Ser Gly	Ile Ala Asp			
545	550	555	560			
Phe Leu Ala Asn	Pro Pro Pro Gln	Glu Phe Trp Thr	Leu Asp Lys Met			
	565	570	575			
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	580	585	590			
Leu Leu Leu Glu	Val Val Pro Gln	Lys Cys Gly Ala	Thr Glu Gly Ala			
	595	600	605			
Phe Ile Tyr Ala	Val Glu Arg Met Leu	Lys Asp Cys Pro	Ser Ser Lys			
610	615	620				
Gln Ala Met Ala	Leu Leu Ala Lys	Ile Lys Val Pro	Ser Ser Lys Ala			
625	630	635	640			
Pro Ser Val Ser	Leu Asp Gly Cys Phe	Pro Thr Asp Val	Pro Ala Asp			
	645	650	655			
Phe Glu Pro Ala	Ser Pro Glu Arg Xaa	Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	Xaa Xaa Xaa			
	660	665	670			
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa	Xaa Xaa Xaa			
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Xaa Xaa Xaa Ala Gly Leu Ile Asn Leu Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Ser Pro
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 755 760 765

Leu Asp Leu Ser Gln Pro Ala Pro Ala Ala Thr Thr Thr Leu Val Arg
 770 775 780

Glu Gln Thr Pro Asp Asn Pro Gly Ser Asp Ala Gly Ala Leu Pro Val
 785 790 795 800

Thr Val Arg Glu Phe Val Pro Thr Gly Pro Ile Leu Arg His Val Glu
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His Cys Gly Thr Glu Ser Gly Asp Ser Ser Ser Pro Leu Asp Gln Ser
 820 825 830

Asp Ala Gln Thr Leu Asp Gln Pro Leu Asn Leu Ser Leu Ala Ala Trp
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Pro Val Arg Ala Thr Ala Ser Asp Pro Gly Trp Val His Gly Arg Arg
 850 855 860

Glu Pro Val Phe Val Lys Pro Arg Asn Ala Phe Ser Asp Gly Asp Ser
 865 870 875 880

Ala Leu Gln Phe Gly Glu Leu Ser Glu Ser Ser Pro Val Ile Glu Phe
 885 890 895

Asp Arg Thr Lys Asp Ala Pro Val Val Asp Ala Pro Val Asp Leu Thr
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Thr Ser Asn Glu Ala Leu Ser Val Val Asp Pro Phe Glu Phe Ala Glu
 915 920 925

Leu Lys Arg Pro Arg Phe Ser Ala Gln Ala Leu Ile Asp Arg Gly Gly
 930 935 940

Pro Leu Ala Asp Val His Ala Lys Ile Lys Asn Arg Val Tyr Glu Gln
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Cys Leu Gln Ala Cys Glu Pro Gly Ser Arg Ala Thr Pro Ala Thr Arg
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Glu Trp Leu Asp Lys Met Trp Asp Arg Val Asp Met Lys Thr Trp Arg
 980 985 990

Cys Thr Ser Gln Phe Gln Ala Gly Arg Ile Leu Ala Ser Leu Lys Phe
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 1860 1865 1870
 Ala Ile Ile Pro Asp Val Thr Ser Ile Pro Ser Asp Leu Ala Ser Leu
 1875 1880 1885

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 1890 1895 1900
 Leu Cys Val Phe Phe Leu Leu Trp Arg Met Met Gly His Ala Trp Thr
 1905 1910 1915 1920
 Pro Ile Val Ala Val Gly Phe Phe Leu Leu Asn Glu Ile Leu Pro Ala
 1925 1930 1935
 Val Leu Val Arg Ala Val Phe Ser Phe Ala Leu Phe Val Leu Ala Trp
 1940 1945 1950
 Ala Thr Pro Trp Ser Ala Gln Val Leu Met Ile Arg Leu Leu Thr Ala
 1955 1960 1965
 Ser Leu Asn Arg Asn Lys Leu Ser Leu Ala Phe Tyr Ala Leu Gly Gly
 1970 1975 1980
 Val Val Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Ile Gly Thr Phe Ala Gly Arg Leu Ser
 1985 1990 1995 2000
 Glu Leu Ser Gln Ala Leu Ser Thr Tyr Cys Phe Leu Pro Arg Val Leu
 2005 2010 2015
 Ala Met Thr Ser Cys Val Pro Thr Ile Ile Ile Gly Gly Leu His Thr
 2020 2025 2030
 Leu Gly Val Ile Leu Trp Leu Phe Lys Tyr Arg Cys Leu His Asn Met
 2035 2040 2045
 Leu Val Gly Asp Gly Ser Phe Ser Ser Ala Phe Phe Leu Arg Tyr Phe
 2050 2055 2060
 Ala Glu Gly Asn Leu Arg Lys Gly Val Ser Gln Ser Cys Gly Met Asn
 2065 2070 2075 2080
 Asn Glu Ser Leu Thr Ala Ala Leu Ala Cys Lys Leu Ser Gln Ala Asp
 2085 2090 2095
 Leu Asp Phe Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Asn Phe Lys Cys Phe Val Ser Ala
 2100 2105 2110
 Ser Asn Met Lys Asn Ala Ala Gly Gln Tyr Ile Glu Ala Ala Tyr Ala
 2115 2120 2125
 Lys Ala Leu Arg Gln Glu Leu Ala Ser Leu Val Gln Ile Asp Lys Met
 2130 2135 2140
 Lys Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Leu Glu Ala Phe Ala Glu Thr Ala Thr Pro
 2145 2150 2155 2160
 Ser Leu Asp Ile Gly Asp Val Ile Val Leu Leu Gly Gln His Pro His
 2165 2170 2175
 Gly Ser Ile Leu Asp Ile Asn Val Gly Thr Glu Arg Lys Thr Val Ser

Ser Arg Thr Phe Thr Leu Gly Pro Leu Asp Leu Lys Val Thr Ser Glu
35 40 45

Val Glu Val Lys Lys Ser Thr Glu Gln Gly His Ala Val Val Ala Asn
 50 55 60

Leu Cys Ser Gly Val Ile Leu Met Arg Pro His Pro Pro Ser Leu Val
 65 70 75 80

Asp Val Leu Leu Lys Pro Gly Leu Asp Thr Thr Pro Gly Ile Gln Pro
 85 90 95

Gly His Gly Ala Gly Asn Met Gly Val Asp Gly Ser Ile Trp Asp Phe
 100 105 110

Glu Thr Ala Pro Thr Lys Ala Glu Leu Glu Leu Ser Lys Gln Ile Ile
 115 120 125

Gln Ala Cys Glu Val Arg Arg Gly Asp Ala Pro Asn Leu Gln Leu Pro
 130 135 140

Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Pro Val Arg Gly Asp Pro Glu Arg His Lys Gly Arg
 145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Asn Thr Arg Phe Gly Asp Leu Pro Tyr Lys Thr Pro Gln Asp
 165 170 175

Thr Lys Ser Ala Ile His Ala Ala Cys Cys Leu His Pro Asn Gly Ala
 180 185 190

Pro Val Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Thr Leu Gly Thr Thr Leu Gln His Gly
 195 200 205

Phe Glu Leu Tyr Val Pro Thr Val Pro Tyr Ser Val Met Glu Tyr Leu
 210 215 220

Asp Ser Arg Pro Asp Thr Pro Phe Met Cys Thr Lys His Gly Thr Ser
 225 230 235 240

Lys Ala Ala Ala Glu Asp Leu Gln Lys Tyr Asp Leu Ser Thr Gln Gly
 245 250 255

Phe Val Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Arg Leu Val Arg Arg Phe Ile Phe Gly
 260 265 270

His Ile Gly Lys Ala Pro Pro Leu Phe Leu Pro Ser Thr Tyr Pro Ala
 275 280 285

Lys Asn Ser Met Ala Gly Ile Asn Gly Gln Arg Phe Pro Thr Lys Asp
 290 295 300

Val Gln Ser Ile Pro Glu Ile Asp Glu Met Cys Ala Arg Ala Val Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Asn Trp Gln Thr Val Thr Pro Cys Thr Leu Lys Lys Gln Tyr Cys
 325 330 335

Ser Lys Pro Lys Thr Arg Thr Ile Leu Gly Thr Asn Asn Phe Ile Ala

340	345	350
Leu Ala His Arg Ser Ala Leu Ser Gly Val Thr Gln Ala Phe Met Lys		
355	360	365
Lys Ala Trp Lys Ser Pro Ile Ala Leu Gly Lys Asn Lys Phe Lys Glu		
370	375	380
Leu His Cys Thr Val Ala Gly Arg Cys Leu Glu Ala Asp Leu Ala Ser		
385	390	395
Cys Asp Arg Ser Thr Pro Ala Ile Val Arg Trp Phe Val Ala Asn Leu		
405	410	415
Leu Tyr Glu Leu Ala Gly Cys Glu Glu Tyr Leu Pro Ser Tyr Val Leu		
420	425	430
Asn Cys Cys His Asp Leu Val Ala Thr Gln Asp Gly Ala Phe Thr Lys		
435	440	445
Arg Gly Gly Leu Ser Ser Gly Asp Pro Val Thr Ser Val Ser Asn Thr		
450	455	460
Val Tyr Ser Leu Val Ile Tyr Ala Gln His Met Val Leu Ser Ala Leu		
465	470	475
Lys Met Gly His Glu Ile Gly Leu Lys Phe Leu Glu Glu Gln Leu Lys		
485	490	495
Phe Glu Asp Leu Leu Glu Ile Gln Pro Met Leu Val Tyr Ser Asp Asp		
500	505	510
Leu Val Leu Tyr Ala Glu Arg Pro Thr Phe Pro Asn Tyr His Trp Trp		
515	520	525
Val Glu His Leu Asp Leu Met Leu Gly Phe Arg Thr Asp Pro Lys Lys		
530	535	540
Thr Val Ile Thr Asp Lys Pro Ser Phe Leu Gly Cys Arg Ile Glu Ala		
545	550	555
Gly Arg Gln Leu Val Pro Asn Arg Asp Arg Ile Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala		
565	570	575
Tyr His Met Lys Ala Gln Asn Ala Ser Glu Tyr Tyr Ala Ser Ala Ala		
580	585	590
Ala Ile Leu Met Asp Ser Cys Ala Cys Ile Asp His Asp Pro Glu Trp		
595	600	605
Tyr Glu Asp Leu Ile Cys Gly Ile Ala Arg Cys Ala Arg Gln Asp Gly		
610	615	620
Tyr Ser Phe Pro Gly Pro Ala Phe Phe Met Ser Met Trp Glu Lys Leu		
625	630	635
		640

Arg	Ser	His	Asn	Glu	Gly	Lys	Lys	Phe	Arg	His	Cys	Gly	Ile	Cys	Asp	
				645					650					655		
Ala	Lys	Ala	Asp	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Ala	Cys	Gly	Leu	Asp	Leu	Cys	Leu	Phe	
			660					665					670			
His	Ser	His	Phe	His	Gln	His	Cys	Pro	Val	Thr	Leu	Ser	Cys	Gly	His	
		675					680					685				
His	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Glu	Cys	Ser	Gln	Cys	Gln	Ser	Pro	Val	Gly	Ala	
	690					695					700					
Gly	Arg	Ser	Pro	Leu	Asp	Ala	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Lys	Pro	
705					710					715					720	
Pro	Arg	Thr	Val	Ile	Met	Lys	Val	Gly	Asn	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asp	
				725					730					735		
Pro	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Arg	Arg	Gly	Leu	Val	Ala	Val	Lys	Arg	Gly	
			740					745					750			
Ile	Ala	Gly	Asn	Glu	Val	Asp	Leu	Ser	Asp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Val	Val	
		755					760					765				
Pro	Leu	Leu	Pro	Thr	Cys	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asn	Met	Val	Lys	Val	Ala	Cys	
	770					775					780					
Asn	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ile	Val	Gly	Pro	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	
785					790					795					800	
Thr	Thr	Trp	Leu	Leu	Ser	Gln	Val	Gln	Asp	Asp	Asp	Val	Ile	Tyr	Thr	
			805						810					815		
Pro	Thr	His	Gln	Thr	Met	Phe	Asp	Ile	Val	Ser	Ala	Leu	Lys	Val	Cys	
			820					825					830			
Arg	Tyr	Ser	Val	Pro	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Leu	Pro	Phe	Pro	Pro	Pro	Ala	
		835					840					845				
Arg	Ser	Gly	Pro	Trp	Val	Arg	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gly	His	Val	Pro	Gly	
	850					855					860					
Arg	Val	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Asn	His	Leu	Asp	Ile	
865					870					875					880	
Leu	Arg	Leu	Leu	Ser	Lys	Thr	Pro	Leu	Val	Cys	Leu	Gly	Asp	Leu	Gln	
			885						890					895		
Gln	Leu	His	Pro	Val	Gly	Phe	Asp	Ser	Xaa	Cys	Tyr	Val	Phe	Asp	Gln	
			900					905					910			
Met	Pro	Gln	Lys	Gln	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ile	
		915					920					925				
Cys	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gln	Pro	Cys	Tyr	Arg	Glu	Lys	Leu	Glu	Ser	Lys	Ala	
	930					935					940					

Arg Asn Thr Arg Val Val Phe Thr Thr Arg Pro Val Ala Phe Gly Gln
 945 950 955 960
 Val Leu Thr Pro Tyr His Lys Asp Arg Ile Gly Ser Ala Ile Thr Ile
 965 970 975
 Asp Ser Ser Gln Gly Ala Thr Phe Asp Ile Val Thr Leu His Leu Pro
 980 985 990
 Ser Pro Lys Ser Leu Asn Lys Ser Arg Ala Leu Val Ala Ile Thr Arg
 995 1000 1005
 Ala Arg His Gly Leu Phe Ile Tyr Asp Pro His Asn Gln Leu Gln Glu
 1010 1015 1020
 Phe Phe Asn Leu Thr Pro Glu Arg Thr Asp Cys Asn Leu Val Phe Ser
 1025 1030 1035 1040
 Cys Gly Asp Glu Leu Val Val Leu Asn Ala Asp Asn Ala Val Thr Thr
 1045 1050 1055
 Val Ala Lys Ala Leu Glu Thr Gly Pro Ser Arg Phe Arg Val Ser Asp
 1060 1065 1070
 Pro Arg Cys Lys Ser Leu Leu Ala Ala Cys Ser Ala Ser Leu Glu Gly
 1075 1080 1085
 Ser Cys Met Pro Leu Pro Gln Val Ala His Asn Leu Gly Phe Tyr Phe
 1090 1095 1100
 Ser Pro Asp Ser Pro Val Phe Ala Pro Leu Pro Lys Glu Leu Ala Pro
 1105 1110 1115 1120
 His Trp Pro Val Val Thr His Gln Asn Asn Arg Ala Trp Pro Asp Arg
 1125 1130 1135
 Leu Val Ala Ser Met Arg Pro Ile Asp Ala Arg Tyr Ser Lys Pro Met
 1140 1145 1150
 Val Gly Ala Gly Tyr Val Val Gly Pro Ser Thr Phe Leu Gly Thr Pro
 1155 1160 1165
 Gly Val Val Ser Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Leu Tyr Ile Arg Gly Glu Pro Gln
 1170 1175 1180
 Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Leu Val Ser Thr Gly Arg Ile Ala Thr Asp Cys
 1185 1190 1195 1200
 Arg Glu Tyr Leu Asp Ala Ala Glu Glu Glu Ala Ala Lys Glu Leu Pro
 1205 1210 1215
 His Ala Phe Ile Gly Asp Val Lys Gly Thr Thr Val Gly Gly Cys His
 1220 1225 1230
 His Ile Thr Ser Lys Tyr Leu Pro Arg Ser Leu Pro Lys Asp Ser Val

1235	1240	1245
Ala Val Val Gly Val Ser Ser Pro Gly Arg Ala Ala Lys Ala Val Cys 1250 1255 1260		
Thr Leu Thr Asp Val Tyr Leu Pro Glu Leu Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Pro 1265 1270 1275 1280		
Glu Thr Ala Ser Lys Cys Trp Lys Leu Lys Leu Asp Phe Arg Asp Val 1285 1290 1295		
Arg Leu Met Val Trp Lys Gly Ala Thr Ala Tyr Phe Gln Leu Glu Gly 1300 1305 1310		
Leu Thr Trp Ser Ala Leu Pro Asp Tyr Ala Arg Phe Ile Gln Leu Pro 1315 1320 1325		
Lys Asp Ala Val Val Tyr Ile Asp Pro Cys Ile Gly Pro Ala Thr Ala 1330 1335 1340		
Asn Arg Lys Val Val Arg Thr Thr Asp Trp Arg Ala Asp Leu Ala Val 1345 1350 1355 1360		
Thr Pro Tyr Asp Tyr Gly Ala Gln Asn Ile Leu Thr Thr Ala Trp Phe 1365 1370 1375		
Glu Asp Leu Gly Pro Gln Trp Lys Ile Leu Gly Leu Gln Pro Phe Arg 1380 1385 1390		
Arg Ala Phe Gly Phe Glu Asn Thr Glu Asp Trp Ala Ile Leu Ala Arg 1395 1400 1405		
Arg Met Asn Asp Gly Lys Asp Tyr Thr Asp Tyr Asn Trp Asn Cys Val 1410 1415 1420		
Arg Glu Arg Pro His Ala Ile Tyr Gly Arg Ala Arg Asp His Thr Tyr 1425 1430 1435 1440		
His Phe Ala Pro Gly Thr Glu Leu Gln Val Glu Leu Gly Lys Pro Arg 1445 1450 1455		
Leu Pro Pro Gly Gln Val Pro 1460		

<210> 12

<211> 249

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 12

Met	Gln	Trp	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Gly	Val	Lys	Ser	Ala	Ser	Cys	Ser	Trp	Thr
1					5				10					15	

Pro	Ser	Leu	Ser	Ser	Leu	Leu	Val	Trp	Leu	Ile	Leu	Leu	Phe	Ser	Leu
			20					25					30		

Pro Tyr Cys Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Gln Asp Gly Tyr Trp Ser Ser Phe
 35 40 45
 Ser Glu Trp Phe Ala Pro Arg Phe Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Pro Phe Thr
 50 55 60
 Leu Pro Asn Tyr Arg Arg Ser Tyr Glu Gly Leu Leu Pro Asn Cys Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Asp Val Pro Gln Phe Ala Phe Lys His Pro Leu Gly Met Leu Trp
 85 90 95
 His Met Arg Val Ser Gln Leu Ile Asp Glu Met Val Ser Arg Arg Ile
 100 105 110
 Tyr Gln Thr Met Glu His Ser Gly Gln Ala Ala Trp Lys Gln Ala Val
 115 120 125
 Gly Glu Ala Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Ser Arg Leu Asp Ile Val Thr His
 130 135 140
 Phe Gln His Leu Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Asp Ser Cys Arg Phe Leu Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Arg Leu Val Met Leu Lys Asn Leu Ala Val Gly Asn Val Ser Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Tyr Asn Thr Thr Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Leu Ile Phe Pro Thr Pro
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Arg Pro Lys Leu Thr Asp Phe Arg Gln Trp Leu Ile Ser Val
 195 200 205
 His Ala Ser Ile Phe Ser Ser Val Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Ile
 210 215 220
 Val Leu Trp Leu Arg Ile Pro Ala Leu Arg Tyr Val Phe Gly Phe His
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Pro Thr Ala Thr His His Ser Ser
 245

<210> 13

<211> 265

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 13

Met Ala His Gln Cys Ala Arg Phe His Phe Phe Leu Cys Gly Phe Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Cys Tyr Leu Val His Ser Ala Leu Ala Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu
 20 25 30

Ile Asn Tyr Thr Ile Cys Met Pro Cys Ser Thr Ser Gln Ala Ala Arg
50 55 60

Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Gly Arg Asn Met Trp Cys Lys Ile Gly Tyr Asp
65 70 75 80

Arg Cys Glu Glu Arg Asp His Asp Glu Leu Leu Met Pro Ile Pro Ser
85 90 95

Gly Tyr Asp Asn Leu Lys Leu Glu Gly Tyr Tyr Ala Trp Leu Ala Phe
100 105 110

Leu Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ala Ala Gln Phe His Pro Glu Leu Phe Gly Ile
115 120 125

Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Val Phe Val Asp Lys Arg His Gln Phe Ile Cys
130 135 140

Ala Glu His Asp Gly Gln Asn Ser Thr Val Ser Thr Gly His Asn Ile
145 150 155 160

Ser Ala Leu Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Tyr His His Gln Ile Asp Gly Gly Asn
165 170 175

Trp Phe His Leu Glu Trp Leu Arg Pro Leu Phe Ser Ser Trp Leu Val
180 185 190

Leu Asn Ile Ser Trp Phe Leu Arg Arg Ser Pro Val Ser Pro Val Ser
195 200 205

Arg Arg Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Arg Pro Thr Arg Pro Arg Leu Pro Val
210 215 220

Ser Trp Ser Phe Arg Thr Ser Ile Val Ser Asp Leu Thr Gly Ser Gln
225 230 235 240

Gln Arg Lys Arg Lys Phe Pro Ser Glu Ser Arg Pro Asn Val Val Lys
245 250 255

Pro Ser Val Leu Pro Ser Thr Ser Arg
260 265

<210> 14

<211> 183

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 14

Met Ala Ala Ala Thr Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Gly Ala Gln Tyr Ile Met
1 5 10 15

Val Ser Glu Ala Phe Ala Cys Lys Pro Cys Phe Ser Thr His Leu Ser

20 25 30
 Asp Ile Glu Thr Asn Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Met Val Leu Gln
 35 40 45
 Asp Ile Asn Cys Leu Arg Pro His Gly Val Ser Ala Ala Gln Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Ile Pro Phe Gly Lys Ser Ser Gln Cys Arg Glu Ala Val Gly Thr Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Gln Tyr Ile Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn Val Thr Asp Glu Ser Tyr Leu Tyr
 85 90 95
 Asn Ala Asp Leu Leu Met Leu Ser Ala Cys Leu Phe His Ala Ser Glu
 100 105 110
 Met Ser Glu Lys Gly Phe Lys Val Ile Phe Gly Asn Val Ser Gly Val
 115 120 125
 Val Ser Ala Cys Val Asn Phe Thr Asp Tyr Val Ala His Val Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 His Thr Gln Gln His His Leu Val Ile Asp His Ile Arg Leu Leu His
 145 150 155 160
 Phe Leu Thr Pro Ser Ala Met Arg Trp Ala Thr Thr Ile Ala Cys Leu
 165 170 175
 Phe Ala Ile Leu Leu Ala Ile
 180

<210> 15

<211> 201

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 15

Met Arg Cys Ser His Lys Leu Gly Arg Phe Leu Thr Pro His Ser Cys
 1 5 10 15
 Phe Trp Trp Phe Phe Leu Leu Cys Thr Gly Leu Ser Trp Ser Phe Ala
 20 25 30
 Asp Gly Asn Gly Asn Ser Ser Thr Tyr Gln Tyr Ile Tyr Asn Leu Thr
 35 40 45
 Ile Cys Glu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Trp Leu Ser Ser His Phe Gly Trp
 50 55 60
 Ala Val Glu Thr Phe Val Phe Tyr Pro Val Ala Thr His Ile Leu Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Gly Phe Leu Thr Thr Ser His Phe Phe Asp Ala Leu Gly Leu Gly
 85 90 95

Ala Val Ser Thr Ala Gly Phe Val Gly Gly Arg Tyr Val Leu Cys Ser
100 105 110

Val Tyr Gly Ala Cys Ala Phe Ala Ala Phe Val Cys Phe Val Ile Arg
115 120 125

Ala Ala Lys Asn Cys Met Ala Cys Arg Tyr Ala Arg Thr Arg Phe Thr
130 135 140

Asn Phe Ile Val Asp Asn Arg Gly Arg Val His Arg Trp Lys Ser Pro
145 150 155 160

Ile Val Val Glu Lys Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Asn Leu Val
165 170 175

Thr Ile Lys His Val Val Leu Glu Gly Val Lys Ala Gln Pro Leu Thr
180 185 190

Arg Thr Ser Ala Glu Gln Trp Glu Ala
195 200

<210> 16

<211> 173

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 16

Met Gly Gly Leu Asp Asp Phe Cys Asn Asp Pro Ile Ala Ala Gln Lys
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Leu Ala Phe Ser Ile Thr Tyr Thr Pro Ile Met Ile Tyr Ala
20 25 30

Leu Lys Val Ser Arg Gly Arg Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu His Ile Leu Ile
35 40 45

Phe Leu Asn Cys Ser Phe Thr Phe Gly Tyr Met Thr Tyr Val His Phe
50 55 60

Gln Ser Thr Asn Arg Val Ala Leu Thr Leu Gly Ala Val Val Ala Leu
65 70 75 80

Leu Trp Gly Val Tyr Ser Phe Thr Glu Ser Trp Lys Phe Ile Thr Ser
85 90 95

Arg Cys Arg Leu Cys Cys Leu Gly Arg Arg Tyr Ile Leu Ala Pro Ala
100 105 110

His His Val Glu Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu His Ser Ile Ser Ala Ser Gly
115 120 125

Asn Arg Ala Tyr Ala Val Arg Lys Pro Gly Leu Thr Ser Val Asn Gly
130 135 140

Thr Leu Val Pro Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Gly Gly Lys Arg Ala
 145 150 155 160

Val Lys Arg Gly Val Val Asn Leu Val Lys Tyr Gly Arg
 165 170

<210> 17

<211> 128

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 17

Met Ala Gly Lys Asn Gln Ser Gln Lys Lys Lys Lys Ser Thr Ala Pro
 1 5 10 15

Met Gly Asn Gly Gln Pro Val Asn Gln Leu Cys Gln Leu Leu Gly Ala
 20 25 30

Met Ile Lys Ser Gln Arg Gln Gln Pro Arg Gly Gly Gln Ala Lys Lys
 35 40 45

Lys Lys Pro Glu Lys Pro His Phe Pro Leu Ala Ala Glu Asp Asp Ile
 50 55 60

Arg His His Leu Thr Gln Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu Cys Leu Gln Ser Ile
 65 70 75 80

Gln Thr Ala Phe Asn Gln Gly Ala Gly Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser
 85 90 95

Gly Lys Val Ser Phe Gln Val Glu Phe Met Leu Pro Val Ala His Thr
 100 105 110

Val Arg Leu Ile Arg Val Thr Ser Thr Ser Ala Ser Gln Gly Ala Ser
 115 120 125

<210> 18

<211> 249

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 18

Met Gln Trp Gly His Cys Gly Val Lys Ser Ala Ser Cys Ser Trp Thr
 1 5 10 15

Pro Ser Leu Ser Ser Leu Leu Val Trp Leu Ile Leu Ser Phe Ser Leu
 20 25 30

Pro Tyr Cys Leu Gly Ser Pro Ser Gln Asp Gly Tyr Trp Ser Ser Phe
 35 40 45

Ser Glu Trp Phe Ala Pro Arg Phe Ser Val Arg Ala Leu Pro Phe Thr
 50 55 60

Leu Pro Asn Tyr Arg Arg Ser Tyr Glu Gly Leu Leu Pro Asn Cys Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Asp Val Pro Gln Phe Ala Phe Lys His Pro Leu Gly Met Leu Trp
 85 90 95
 His Met Arg Val Ser His Leu Ile Asp Glu Met Val Ser Arg Arg Ile
 100 105 110
 Tyr Gln Thr Met Glu His Ser Gly Gln Ala Ala Trp Lys Gln Val Val
 115 120 125
 Gly Glu Ala Thr Leu Thr Lys Leu Ser Gly Leu Asp Ile Val Thr His
 130 135 140
 Phe Gln Xaa Leu Ala Ala Val Glu Ala Asp Ser Cys Arg Phe Leu Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Arg Leu Val Met Leu Lys Asn Leu Ala Val Gly Asn Val Ser Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Tyr Asn Thr Thr Leu Asp Arg Val Glu Leu Ile Phe Pro Thr Pro
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Arg Pro Lys Leu Thr Asp Phe Arg Gln Trp Leu Ile Ser Val
 195 200 205
 His Ala Ser Ile Phe Ser Ser Val Ala Ser Ser Val Thr Leu Phe Ile
 210 215 220
 Val Leu Trp Leu Arg Ile Pro Ala Leu Arg Tyr Val Phe Gly Phe His
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Pro Thr Ala Thr His His Ser Ser
 245

<210> 19

<211> 265

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 19

Met Ala His Gln Cys Ala Arg Phe His Phe Phe Leu Cys Gly Phe Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Cys Tyr Leu Val His Ser Ala Leu Ala Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Thr Leu
 20 25 30
 Cys Phe Trp Phe Pro Leu Ala His Gly Asn Thr Ser Phe Glu Leu Thr
 35 40 45
 Ile Asn Tyr Thr Ile Cys Met Pro Cys Ser Thr Ser Gln Ala Ala Arg
 50 55 60

Gln Arg Leu Glu Pro Gly His Ser Met Trp Cys Lys Ile Gly His Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Cys Glu Glu Arg Asp His Asp Glu Leu Leu Met Pro Ile Pro Ser
 85 90 95
 Gly Tyr Asp Asn Leu Lys Leu Glu Gly Tyr Tyr Ala Trp Leu Ala Phe
 100 105 110
 Leu Ser Phe Ser Tyr Ala Ala Gln Phe His Pro Glu Leu Phe Gly Ile
 115 120 125
 Gly Asn Val Ser Arg Val Phe Val Asp Lys Arg His Gln Phe Ile Cys
 130 135 140
 Ala Glu His Asp Gly His Asn Ser Thr Val Ser Thr Gly His Asn Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Ala Leu Tyr Ala Ala Tyr Tyr His His Gln Ile Asp Gly Gly Asn
 165 170 175
 Trp Phe His Leu Glu Trp Leu Arg Pro Leu Phe Ser Ser Trp Leu Val
 180 185 190
 Leu Asn Ile Ser Trp Phe Leu Arg Arg Ser Pro Val Ser Pro Val Ser
 195 200 205
 Arg Arg Ile Tyr Gln Ile Leu Arg Pro Thr Arg Pro Arg Leu Pro Val
 210 215 220
 Ser Trp Ser Phe Arg Thr Ser Ile Val Ser Asp Leu Thr Gly Ser Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Gln Arg Lys Arg Lys Phe Pro Ser Glu Ser Arg Pro Asn Val Val Lys
 245 250 255
 Pro Ser Val Leu Pro Ser Thr Ser Arg
 260 265

<210> 20

<211> 183

<212> PRT

<213> Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus

<400> 20

Met Ala Ala Ala Thr Leu Phe Phe Leu Ala Gly Ala Gln His Ile Met
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ser Glu Ala Phe Ala Cys Lys Pro Cys Phe Ser Thr His Leu Ser
 20 25 30
 Asp Ile Lys Thr Asn Thr Thr Ala Ala Ala Gly Phe Met Val Leu Gln
 35 40 45
 Asp Ile Asn Cys Phe Arg Pro His Gly Val Ser Ala Ala Gln Glu Lys

Leu Ala Ile Leu Leu Ala Ile
180

Val Tyr Gly Ala Cys Ala Phe Ala Ala Phe Val Cys Phe Val Ile Arg
115 120 125

Ala Ala Lys Asn Cys Met Ala Cys Arg Tyr Ala Arg Thr Arg Phe Thr
 130 135 140

Asn Phe Ile Val Asp Asp Arg Gly Arg Val His Arg Trp Lys Ser Pro
 145 150 155 160

Ile Val Val Glu Lys Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu Val Asp Gly Asn Leu Val
 165 170 175

Thr Ile Lys His Val Val Leu Glu Gly Val Lys Ala Gln Pro Leu Thr
 180 185 190

Arg Thr Ser Ala Glu Gln Trp Glu Ala
 195 200

27

<210> 22

<211> 750

<212> DNA

<213> PRRSV Lelystad Agent ORF2

<400> 22

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ATGCAATGGG GTCACTGTGG AGTAAAATCA GCCAGCTGTT CGTGGACGCC TTCACTGAGT 60
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CAGGATGGTT ACTGGTCTTT CTTCTCAGAG TGGTTTGCTC CGCGCTTCTC CGTTCGCGCT 180
CTGCCATTCA CTCTCCCGAA CTATCGAAGG TCCTATGAAG GCTTGTTGCC CAACTGCAGA 240
CCGGATGTCC CACAATTTGC AGTCAAGCAC CCATTGGGyA TGTTTGGCA CATGCGAGTT 300
TCCCACTTGA TTGATGAGAT GGTCTCTCGT CGCATTTACC AGACCATGGA ACATTCAGGT 360
CAAGCGGCCT GGAAGCAGGT GGTGGTGAG GCCACTCTCA CGAAGCTGTC AGGGCTCGAT 420
ATAGTTACTC ATTTCCAACA CCTGGCCGCA GTGGAGGCGG ATTCTTGCCG CTTTCTCAGC 480
TCACGACTCG TGATGCTAAA AAATCTTGCC GTTGGCAATG TGAGCCTACA GTACAACACC 540
ACGTTGGACC GCGTTGAGCT CATCTTCCCC ACGCCAGGTA CGAGGCCCAA GTTGACCGAT 600
TTCAGACAAT GGCTCATCAG TGTGCACGCT TCCATTTTTT CCTCTGTGGC TTCATCTGTT 660
ACCTTGTTCA TAGTGCTTTG GCTTCGAATT CCAGCTCTAC GCTATGTTTT TGGTTTCCAT 720
TGGCCCACGG CAACACATCA TTCGAGCTGA 750

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<210> 23

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> PRRSV Lelystad Agent ORF3

<400> 23

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ATGGCTCATC AGTGTGCACG CTTCCATTTT TTCCTCTGTG GCTTCATCTG TTACCTTGTT 60
CATAGTGCTT TGGCTTCGAA TTCCAGCTCT ACGCTATGTT TTTGGTTTCC ATTGGCCAC 120
GGCAACACAT CATTGAGCT GACCATCAAC TACACCATAT GCATGCCCTG TTCTACCACT 180
CAAGCGGCTC GCCAAAGGCT CGAGCCCGGT CGTAACATGT GGTGCAAAAT AGGGCATGAC 240
AGGTGTGAGG AGCGTGACCA TGATGAGTTG TTAATGTCCA TCCCGTCCGG GTACGGACAA 300
CTCAAACCTG AGGGTTATTA TGCTTGGCTG GCTTTTTTGT CTTTTTCTTA CGCGGCCCAA 360
TTCCATCCGG AGTTGTTTCG GATAGGGAAT GTGTCGCGCG TCTTCGTGGA CAAGCGACAC 420
CAGTTCATTT GTGCCGAGCA TGATGGACAC AATTCAACCG TATCTACCGG ACACAACATC 480
TCCGCATTAT ATGCGGCATA TTACCACCAC CAAATAGACG GGGGCAATTG GTTCCATTTG 540
GAATGGCTGC GGCCACTCTT TTCTTCCTGG CTGGTGCTCA ACATATCATG GTTTCTGAGG 600
CGTTCGCCTG TAAGCCCTGT TTCTCGACGC ATCTATCAGA TATTGAGACC AACACGACCG 660

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