H. W. BROWNSDON ET AL

SHOTGUN CARTRIDGE Filed Jan. 29, 1931

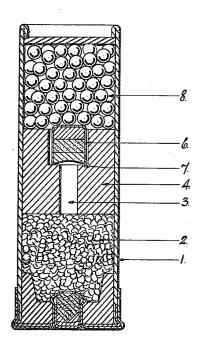
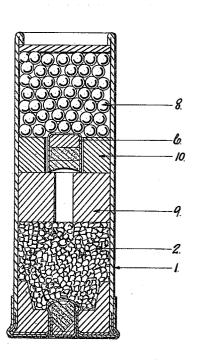


FIG. 1.



F16.2.

Inventors Henry W. Brownsdon Walter R. Nimmo by Steward & hu Kay their attorney

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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SHOTGUN CARTRIDGE

Application filed January 29, 1931. Serial No. 512,188.

ordinary charge of shot, which pellet is so arranged as to indicate the trajectory of the shot when the cartridge is fired.

Fig. 1 is a sectional view showing one em-

bodiment of our invention.

Fig. 2 is a sectional view showing a modi-

fied form of the invention.

In U.S. Specification No. 1,457,337 to Earle M. Barrows there is described and claimed a

tracer cartridge of this type.

Our researches have shown that a correct mean trajectory is only indicated by the tracer pellet when certain conditions are fulfilled, and it is the object of our invention to provide a shot gun tracer cartridge fulfilling these conditions, and hence capable of registering with considerable accuracy the correct mean trajectory of the charge of shot.

The shot gun cartridge in accordance with our invention contains a tracer pellet which is positioned centrally at the base of the shot charge, and yet is substantially as free to move forward with the shot as the shot pellets themselves, and is thus capable of taking accurately a central path amongst the shot trajectories. This is accomplished by arranging that the tracer pellet sits loosely in a central perforation in the wad which is immediately behind the charge of shot. If a single wad is used the perforation should be stepped as shown diagrammatically in Figure 1, where 1 is the shell of the cartridge, 2 the charge of powder, 4 the single wad having a perforation into which the tracer pellet, 6, sits loosely, this perforation being stepped so as to be narrower behind the tracer pellet (as shown at 3) and to provide a seat, 7, for the tracer pellet. The shot charge is indicated at 8.

In another embodiment of our invention a plurality of wads is used, that or those nearest the shot charge being perforated centrally so as to hold the tracer pellet loosely in posi-

Our invention relates to shot gun cartridges tion, whilst the wad or wads towards the rear containing a tracer pellet distinct from the have a smaller perforation connecting with the charge of powder and provide a seat for the tracer pellet. An arrangement having two wads, 9 and 10, is shown in Figure 2.

The figures are merely diagrammatic and are not drawn to scale. In practice, for instance, the tracer pellet need not be greatly larger than the shot pellets. The clearance shown between the tracer pellet and the walls 55 of the perforation in the wad must be such that the pellet is held in position substan-tially without friction and can move freely forward independently of the wad. The smaller perforation may be of any conven- 60 ient dimensions provided that it is smaller in diameter than the tracer pellet, and preferably the difference in diameter between the larger perforation and the smaller one should be greater than the diameter clearance be-65 tween tracer pellet and larger perforation.

The tracer pellet is preferably of a type which produces a bright light, but a smokeproducing pellet may be used if desired. It contains a light- or smoke-producing com- 70 position, e. g. a mixture of magnesium powder and an oxidizing agent such as barium peroxide, preferably highly compressed, together with a priming composition, which may be of similar nature but packed loosely so as to be easily ignited by the gases from

the powder charge.

As many apparently widely different embodiments of this invention may be made without departing from the spirit and scope thereof, it is to be understood that we do not limit ourselves to the specific embodiments thereof except as defined in the appended patent claims.

We claim:

A shot gun cartridge comprising a shell containing a powder charge, a shot charge, and a driving wad interposed between the powder charge and the shot charge, said wad having a cylindrical opening therein in the

direction of the shot charge and an opening of smaller diameter extending rearwardly from the larger opening to the powder charge, a tracer cartridge comprising a small cylinder open at one end and closed at the other and seated in said larger opening, but spaced laterally from the walls thereof, the open end of said cylinder being seated upon the driving wad and directly over the passage leading to the powder charge, the closed end of the said tracer cartridge being in engagement with the shot charge.

In testimony whereof we affix our sig-

natures.

HENRY WINDER BROWNSDON. WALTER R. NIMMO.

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