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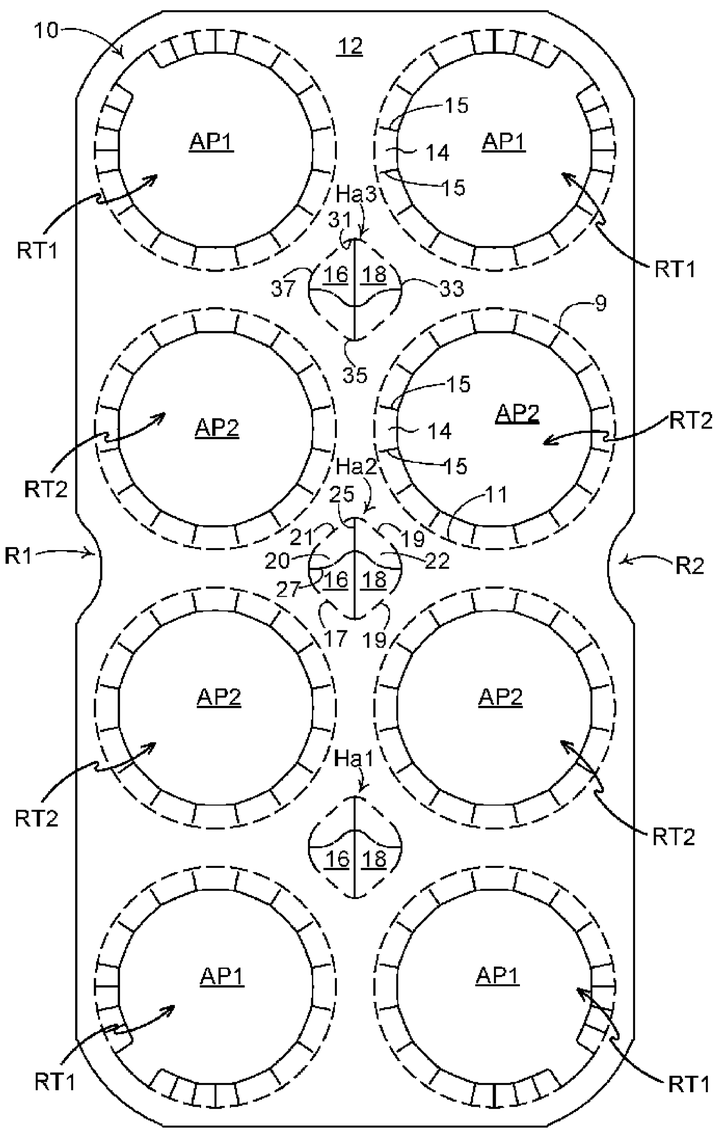


FIG. 1

(57) Abstract: Aspects of the disclosure relate to article carriers (90; 190) for forming a package and blanks (10; 110) for forming the article carriers (90; 190). The blank (10; 110) comprises at least one panel (12; 112) having at least one article engaging structure (RT1, RT2). The at least one article engaging structure (RT1, RT2) comprises an article receiving aperture (AP1, AP2) and an annular series of tabs (14, 30; 114, 114A) formed around the article receiving aperture (AP1, AP2). The annular series of tabs (14, 30; 114, 114A) is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines (15, 31; 115, 131). The annular series of tabs (14, 30; 114, 114A) is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines (9, 11; 109, 111). At least a first one (31, 131) of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line (9, 109) and at least a second one (15; 115) of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line (9, 109).

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ARTICLE CARRIERS AND BLANKS THEREFOR

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to packages, to article carriers and to blanks for forming the same. More specifically, but not exclusively, the invention relates to a package comprising a carrier having a main panel including one or more apertures for receiving an article and handle structure.

BACKGROUND

In the field of packaging it is known to provide cartons for carrying multiple articles. Cartons are well known in the art and are useful for enabling consumers to transport, store and access a group of articles for consumption. For cost and environmental considerations, such cartons or carriers need to be formed from as little material as possible and cause as little wastage in the materials from which they are formed as possible. Further considerations are the strength of the carton and its suitability for holding and transporting a weight of grouped articles. It is desirable that the contents of the carton are securely held by the carton and that the cartons or carriers are easy for a consumer to grasp and carry.

It is an object of the present disclosure to provide an article carrier for substantially cylindrical articles having a minimalistic appearance and having improved tear resistance and/or reduced deformation.

The present invention seeks to provide an improvement in the field of cartons, typically formed from paperboard or the like.

SUMMARY

A first aspect of the invention provides an article carrier for packaging at least one article. The article carrier comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure. The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines. At least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line.

Advantageously, deformation of a corner region of the main panel is reduced by providing at least one T-shaped cut in the article receiving structure. The T-shaped cut is provided in the corner region.

Optionally, the at least one article receiving aperture is a corner aperture, and the at least first one of the radial cut lines is positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel such that the at least first one of the radial cut lines extends from the corner aperture toward the corner.

Optionally, the at least one article receiving aperture is a corner aperture, and at least two of the annular series of tabs are separated by a tabless area, the at least first one of the radial cut lines defines part of at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs.

Optionally, the tabless area is positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel.

Optionally, the at least two of the annular series of tabs each have a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs.

Optionally, the at least first one of the radial cut lines defines part of each of at least two of the annular series of tabs, at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs has a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs.

A second aspect of the invention provides an article carrier for packaging at least one article. The article carrier comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure. The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs comprises a plurality of annularly connected tabs and a plurality of annularly disconnected tabs.

Optionally, the annularly disconnected tabs are partial tabs, wherein each annularly disconnected tab occupies a smaller portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure than a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure occupied by one of the annularly connected tabs.

Optionally, an engaging edge of a first one of the partial tabs is collinear with an engaging edge of a second adjacent one of the partial tabs.

Optionally, the partial tabs are arranged in pairs, each partial tab of a pair comprises an engaging edge arranged collinearly with an engaging edge of the other one of the pair.

Optionally, the partial tabs are dimensioned such that an integer number of partial tabs is equivalent to an integer number of annularly connected tabs.

Optionally, the annular series of tabs is interrupted by a cutaway, the cutaway occupies a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure disposed in closest proximity to a point of intersection between a first notional line collinear with an end edge of the at least one panel and a second notional line collinear with a side edge of the at least one panel.

Optionally, the point of intersection is a notional corner of the at least one panel.

Optionally, the cutaway is a T-shaped cut line.

Optionally, the cutaway interrupts the annularly disconnected tabs.

Optionally, the annularly disconnected tabs define a sector of the at least one article engaging structure disposed adjacent to a corner of the at least one panel.

Optionally, the annularly disconnected tabs define a sector of the at least one article engaging structure disposed proximate to a corner of the at least one panel.

A third aspect of the invention provides an article carrier for packaging at least one article. The article carrier comprises at least one panel having at least two article engaging structures including a first article engaging structure and a second article engaging structure. The first article engaging structure comprises a first article receiving aperture and a first annular series of tabs formed around the first article receiving aperture. The second article engaging structure comprises a second article receiving aperture and a second annular series of tabs formed around the second article receiving aperture. The first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by first plurality of radial cut lines defining a first cut pattern. The second annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by a second plurality of radial cut lines defining a second cut

pattern. The first cut pattern is rotated about its centre through a first angle with respect to the second cut pattern.

Optionally, the first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, and the first plurality of radial cut lines comprises at least one radial cut line extending to a corresponding circumferential cut line to be contiguous therewith and at least one further radial cut line spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

A fourth aspect of the invention provides a blank for forming an article carrier. The blank comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure. The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines. At least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line.

A fifth aspect of the invention provides a blank for forming an article carrier. The blank comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure. The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs comprises a plurality of annularly connected tabs and a plurality of annularly disconnected tabs.

A sixth aspect of the invention provides a blank for forming an article carrier. The blank comprises at least one panel having at least two article engaging structures including a first article engaging structure comprising and a second article engaging structure. The first article engaging structure comprises a first article receiving aperture and a first annular series of tabs formed around the first article receiving aperture. The second article engaging structure comprises a second article receiving aperture and a second annular series of tabs formed around the second article receiving aperture. The first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by first plurality of radial cut lines defining a first cut pattern. The second annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by a second plurality of radial cut lines defining a second cut pattern. The first cut pattern is rotated about its centre through a first angle with respect to the second cut pattern.

A seventh aspect of the invention provides an article carrier for packaging at least one article. The article carrier comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure.

The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines. At least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines is spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

An eighth aspect of the invention provides a blank for forming an article carrier. The blank comprises at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure. The at least one article engaging structure comprises an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines. The annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines. At least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines is spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

Within the scope of this application it is envisaged or intended that the various aspects, embodiments, examples, features and alternatives set out in the preceding paragraphs, in the claims and/or in the following description and drawings may be considered or taken independently or in any combination thereof.

Features or elements described in connection with, or relation to, one embodiment are applicable to all embodiments unless there is an incompatibility of features. One or more features or elements from one embodiment may be incorporated into, or combined with, any of the other embodiments disclosed herein, said features or elements extracted from said one embodiment may be included in addition to, or in replacement of one or more features or elements of said other embodiment.

A feature, or combination of features, of an embodiment disclosed herein may be extracted in isolation from other features of that embodiment. Alternatively, a feature, or combination of features, of an embodiment may be omitted from that embodiment.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Exemplary embodiments of the invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a plan view from above of a blank for forming an article carrier according to a first embodiment;

Figure 1A is an enlarged plan view of a portion of the blank of Figure 1;

Figure 2 is a perspective view from above of an article carrier formed from the blank of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a plan view from above of a blank for forming an article carrier according to a second embodiment;

Figure 3A is an enlarged plan view of a portion of the blank of Figure 3;

Figure 4 is a perspective view from above of an article carrier formed from the blank of Figure 3.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

Detailed descriptions of specific embodiments of the packages, blanks and carriers are disclosed herein. It will be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely examples of the way in which certain aspects of the invention can be implemented and do not represent an exhaustive list of all of the ways the invention may be embodied. As used herein, the word "exemplary" is used expansively to refer to embodiments that serve as illustrations, specimens, models, or patterns. Indeed, it will be understood that the packages, blanks and carriers described herein may be embodied in various and alternative forms. The Figures are not necessarily to scale and some features may be exaggerated or minimized to show details of particular components. Well-known components, materials or methods are not necessarily described in great detail in order to avoid obscuring the present disclosure. Any specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are not to be interpreted as limiting, but merely as a basis for the claims and as a representative basis for teaching one skilled in the art to variously employ the invention.

Referring to Figure 1, there is shown a plan view of a blank 10 which is capable of forming a carton or carrier 90, as shown in Figure 2. The carrier 90 is suitable for containing and carrying a group of primary products such as, but not limited to, bottles or cans, hereinafter referred to as articles B. The blank 10 forms a secondary package 90 that packages at least one primary product container B. An alternative blank 110 is shown in Figure 3 for forming an alternative carton or carrier 190 shown in Figure 4.

In the embodiments detailed herein, the terms "carton" and "carrier" refer, for the non-limiting purpose of illustrating the various features of the invention, to a container for engaging and carrying articles, such as primary product containers (articles B). It is contemplated that the teachings of the invention can be applied to various product containers, which may or may not be tapered and/or cylindrical. Exemplary containers may include bottles (for example metallic,

glass or plastics bottles), cans (for example aluminum cans), tins, pouches, packets and the like.

The blanks 10; 110 are formed from a sheet of suitable substrate. It is to be understood that, as used herein, the term “suitable substrate” includes all manner of foldable sheet material such as paperboard, corrugated board, cardboard, plastic, combinations thereof, and the like. It should be recognized that one or other numbers of blanks may be employed, where suitable, for example, to provide the carrier structure 90; 190 described in more detail below.

The packaging structures or cartons 90; 190, described herein, may be formed from a sheet material such as paperboard, which may be made of or coated with materials to increase its strength. An example of such a sheet material is tear-resistant NATRALOCK® paperboard made by WestRock Company. It should be noted that the tear resistant materials may be provided by more than one layer, to help improve the tear-resistance of the package. Typically, one surface of the sheet material may have different characteristics to the other surface. For example, the surface of the sheet material that faces outwardly from a finished package may be particularly smooth and may have a coating such as a clay coating or other surface treatment to provide good printability. The surface of the sheet material that faces inwardly may, on the other hand, be provided with a coating, a layer, a treatment or be otherwise prepared to provide properties such as one or more of tear-resistance, good glue-ability, heat sealability, or other desired functional properties.

In the illustrated embodiments, the blanks 10; 110 are configured to form a carton or carrier 90; 190 for packaging an exemplary arrangement of exemplary articles B. In the embodiments illustrated, the arrangement is a 4 x 2 matrix or array. In the illustrated embodiments four rows of two articles are provided, and the articles B are beverage cans. Alternatively, the blanks 10; 110 can be configured to form a carrier for packaging other types, number and size of articles and/or for packaging articles in a different arrangement or configuration.

Figure 1 illustrates a first embodiment and shows the blank 10 for forming the article carrier 90 shown in Figure 2. The carrier 90 takes the form of a top gripping clip. The article carrier 90 comprises openings configured to receive the articles B. The openings are arranged to accommodate a neck or upper portion of an article B, above a main body and/or shoulders of the article B.

The blank 10 comprises a main or engaging panel 12. The main panel 12 of the blank 10 includes at least one article retention structure RT1, RT2. The main panel 12 comprises a

plurality of article retention structures RT1, RT2, specifically eight article retention structures RT1, RT2 arranged in 2 x 4 matrix or array. Each of the article retention structures RT1, RT2 comprises an article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 about which a plurality of teeth or tabs 14, 30 may be disposed. Each of the teeth 14, 30 is struck from the engaging panel 12 and is hingedly connected thereto. Each tooth 14, 30 may be defined, in part, by a pair of cut lines 15, 31. The cut lines 15, 31 extend radially outward from a centre of the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2. The teeth or tabs 14, 30 are arranged in an annular series about the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 to form part of an article receiving opening.

The plurality of teeth 14, 30 are provided by the main panel 12. Each of the teeth 14, 30 is hingedly connected to the main panel 12, by a hinged connection. The hinged connection may be defined by a plurality of cut lines 9, 11. The plurality of cut lines 9, 11 may be arranged as an annular series of cuts about the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2.

The plurality of cut lines 9, 11 may define or approximate a portion of circle.

The blank 10 comprises four endmost article retention structures RT1 each comprising a first article receiving aperture AP1. The blank 10 comprises four medial or intermediate article retention structures RT2 each comprising a second article receiving aperture AP2.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise an article receiving opening defined in part by the first article receiving aperture AP1 which is defined in, or struck from, the main panel 12.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise an article receiving opening defined in part by the second article receiving aperture AP2 which is defined in, or struck from, the main panel 12.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a first plurality of teeth or tabs 14, 30 disposed about the first article receiving aperture AP1, best shown in Figure 1A. Each of the first plurality of teeth 14, 30 comprises an engaging edge opposing a hinged edge. The engaging edges are defined by a linear portion of a cut line defining the first article receiving aperture AP1. Each engaging edge may define a part of a polygon. The illustrated embodiment comprises nineteen teeth 14, 30 together defining a substantial portion of hexadecagon. The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise eleven full teeth 14 and eight half or partial teeth 30. The partial teeth 30 occupy a smaller circumferential region of the article receiving opening than the full teeth 14. Each full tooth 14 comprises a pair of side edges, the side

edges are defined by cuts 15 extending radially outward from respective vertices of the hexadecagon forming the first article receiving aperture AP1, that is to say, from a respective vertex between a pair of adjacent linear portions of the cut defining the portion of a hexadecagon. The cuts 15 are divergently arranged with respect to each other and define an angle therebetween, the angle may be about 22.5°. Each partial tooth 30 comprises a pair of side edges, the side edges are defined by cuts 31 extending radially outward from the first article receiving aperture AP1. The cuts 31 are divergently arranged with respect to each other and define an angle therebetween, the angle may be about 11.25°. Adjacently disposed pairs of the partial teeth 30 define a linear portion of the cut defining the portion of a hexadecagon, that is to say the engaging edges of each of the pairs of partial teeth 30 are collinear.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9. Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 is aligned with one of the radial cut lines 15, 31 such that said one of the radial cut lines 15, 31 or a notional extension thereof bisects a respective one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9.

Each of the radial cut lines 15 defining a full tooth 14 is spaced apart from a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9. Each radial cut line 15 is arranged with respect to one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 so as to bisect first circumferential cut lines 9. In this way a connecting nick or bridge portion is provided between a pair of adjacently disposed full teeth 14. The radial cut lines 15 and first circumferential cut lines 9 define disconnected T-shaped cuts.

Each of the radial cut lines 31 defining a partial tooth 30 is connected to, or contiguous with, a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9. Each radial cut line 31 is arranged with respect to one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 so as to bisect first circumferential cut lines 9. In this way each partial tooth 30 is disconnected from the adjacently disposed teeth 14, 30. The radial cut lines 31 and first circumferential cut lines 9 define connected T-shaped cuts.

Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 may be linear in shape.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11. Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11 is disposed between a pair of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 and is spaced apart therefrom so as to define a pair of connecting nick or bridge portions between each full tooth 14 and the main

panel 12. The pair of connecting nick or bridge portions provide a hinged or foldable connection between each full tooth 14 and the main panel 12.

Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11 may be linear in shape.

The partial teeth 30 are connected to the main panel 12 by a hinged or foldable connection between formed by a connecting nick or bridge portion provided between an adjacent pair of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9.

In alternative embodiments each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 may be arcuate or curved. In alternative embodiments each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11 may be arcuate or curved.

The plurality of teeth 14, 30 is interrupted by a first recess or cutaway R. The first recess R lies upon a first notional line n-n. First notional line n-n extends radially from the centre C of the apertures AP1 and passes through a notional corner of the main panel 12.

The first recess R may be dimensioned to be equivalent to a pair of partial teeth 30, and is centered upon the first notional line n-n. In alternative embodiments the first recess R may be replaced with a pair of partial teeth 30 separated by a radial cut line 31 lying upon the first notional line n-n, to form a connected T-cut with a first circumferential cut line 9.

The partial teeth 30 and first recess R define a first or minor arc. The full teeth extend about or occupy a second or major arc. The minor arc defines a sector which subtends a first angle θ. The first angle θ may be about 112.5° or equivalent to five full teeth 14 or ten partial teeth 30.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a second plurality of teeth or tabs 14 disposed about the second article receiving aperture AP2.

Each of the second plurality of teeth 14 comprises an engaging edge opposing a hinged edge. The engaging edges are defined by a linear portion of a cut line defining the second article receiving aperture AP2. Each engaging edge may define a part of a polygon. The illustrated embodiment comprises sixteen full teeth 14 together defining a hexadecagon. Each full tooth 14 comprises a pair of side edges, the side edges are defined by cuts 15 extending radially outward from respective vertices of the hexadecagon forming the second article receiving aperture AP2, that is to say, from a respective vertex between a pair of adjacent linear portions

of the cut defining the portion of a hexadecagon. The cuts 15 are divergently arranged with respect to each other and define an angle therebetween, the angle may be about 22.5°.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9. Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 is aligned with one of the radial cut lines 15 such that said one of the radial cut lines 15 or a notional extension thereof bisects a respective one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9.

Each of the radial cut lines 15 defining a full tooth 14 is spaced apart from a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9. In this way a connecting nick or bridge portion is provided between pairs of adjacently disposed full teeth 14. The radial cut lines 15 and first circumferential cut lines 9 define disconnected T-shaped cuts.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11. Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 11 is disposed between a pair of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 9 and is spaced apart therefrom so as to define a pair of connecting nick or bridge portions between each full tooth 14 and the main panel 12. The pair of connecting nick or bridge portions provide a hinged or foldable connection between each full tooth 14 and the main panel 12.

The blank 10 may comprise a handle structure. The handle structure comprises one, two, three or more handle or finger openings spaced apart from each other.

The handle or finger openings are disposed on a longitudinal axis bisecting the engaging panel 12.

A first opening Ha1 is provided between a first group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2. The first group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2 is provided adjacent a first end of the engaging panel 12. The first opening Ha1 is disposed between a first row of endmost article retention structures RT1 and a second row of intermediate article retention structures RT2. The first opening Ha1 is located at the centre of the first group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2.

A second opening Ha2 is provided between a second group of four article retention structures RT2. The second group of four article retention structures RT2 is provided medially of the engaging panel 12. The second opening Ha2 is disposed between the second row of intermediate article retention structures RT2 and a third row of intermediate article retention

structures RT2. The second opening Ha2 is located at the centre C of the second group of four article retention structures RT2.

A third opening Ha3 is provided between a third group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2. The third group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2 is provided adjacent a second end of the engaging panel 12. The third opening Ha3 is disposed between the third row of intermediate article retention structures RT2 and a fourth row of endmost article retention structures RT1. The third opening Ha3 is located at the centre of the third group of four article retention structures RT1, RT2.

The first, second and third openings Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 lie, at least in part, between a first column of article retention structures RT1, RT2 and a second column of article retention structures RT1, RT2.

Each of the handle openings Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 is defined by a plurality of tabs 16, 18, 20, 22. The first and second handle openings Ha1, Ha2 are substantially similar in construction to each other. The third handle opening Ha3 is substantially similar in construction to the first and second handle openings Ha1, Ha2 albeit a mirror image thereof. The handle openings Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 will be described in further detail by reference to the second handle opening Ha2 shown in Figure 1A.

Each handle opening Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 comprises four tabs 16, 18, 20, 22. Each tab 16, 18, 20, 22 is hinged to the engaging panel 12 by a hinged connection in the form of a fold line 17, 19, 21, 23. An arcuate or curvilinear cut line 31, 33, 35, 37 may be provided between each fold line 17, 19, 21, 23 to define a corner or vertex of the handle openings Ha1, Ha2, Ha3. Each of the handle openings Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 is substantially rhombus or diamond shaped, in other embodiments other shapes may be employed such as, but not limited to square. Each handle opening Ha1, Ha2, Ha3 comprises a pair of major tabs 16, 18 and a pair of minor tabs 20, 22.

A first major tab 16 is separated from a second major tab 18 by a first cut line or severable line 25. A first minor tab 20 is separated from a second minor tab 22 by the first cut line or severable line 25.

The first and second minor tabs 20, 22 are separated from the first and second major tabs 16, 18 by a second cut line or severable line 27.

The first cut line 25 is colinear with a notional line passing though the centre C of the group of four intermediate article retention structures RT2.

The first cut line 25 may be linear in shape and may extend between a first pair of opposed vertices of the handle opening Ha1, Ha2, Ha3.

The second cut line 27 may be non-linear in shape and may extend between a second pair of opposed vertices of the handle opening Ha1, Ha2, Ha3. The second cut line 27 intersects the first cutline 25, the second cut line 27 comprises an inverted “V” shaped medial portion; a vertex of the “V” shaped portion intersects the first cutline 25.

The first major tab 16 is hinged to the engaging panel 12 by a first fold line 17. The second major tab 18 is hinged to the engaging panel 12 by a second fold line 19.

The first minor tab 20 is hinged to the engaging panel 12 by a third fold line 21. The second minor tab 22 is hinged to the engaging panel 12 by a fourth fold line 23.

The first fold line 17 is divergently arranged with respect to the second fold line 19.

The first fold line 17 is divergently arranged with respect to the third fold line 21.

The second fold line 19 is divergently arranged with respect to the fourth fold line 23.

The third fold line 21 is divergently arranged with respect to the fourth fold line 23.

Optionally, the blank 10 comprises a first recess or cutaway R1 struck from a first side edge (see Figure 1). The first finger recess or cutaway R1 lies upon a notional line extending laterally of the blank 10 and bisecting the blank 10. In this way the first finger recess or cutaway R1 lies between the second and third rows of article retention structures RT1.

Optionally, the blank 10 comprises a second finger recess or cutaway R2 struck from a second side edge. The second side edge opposes the first side edge. The second finger recess or cutaway R2 lies upon a notional line extending laterally of the blank 10 and bisecting the blank 10. In this way the second finger recess or cutaway R2 lies between the second and third rows of article retention structures RT1.

The second handle opening Ha2 is collinear with the first and second finger recesses R1, R2.

The blank 10 forms a carrier 90, the blank 10 is lowered with respect to a group of articles B. Each opening of the retention structures RT1, RT2 receives one of the articles B forming the group. An end closure or upper end of the articles B passes through the openings. The tabs 14, 30 fold out of the plane of the engaging panel 12. The tabs 14, 30 fold upwardly, the tabs 14, 30 engage an article B below a flange or projection extending radially outward from the neck of the article B. The tabs 14, 30 support the article B and inhibit movement or withdrawal of the article B from the opening, best shown in Figure 2.

The first recess R has the benefit of reducing deformation of a corner region 12C of the main panel 12. The connected T-cuts provided by the radial cut lines 31 and first circumferential cut lines 9 reduce stress in the corner region 12C of the main panel 12. The absence of connecting portions between the partial teeth 30 has been found to reduce the likelihood of tear propagation in the main panel 12.

The connecting nicks between full teeth 14 may increase the security of the article B within the article receiving structure RT1, and may increase biasing of the tabs 14 against the article B so as to improve article retention.

Referring now to Figures 3, 3A, and 4, there is shown an additional embodiment of the present disclosure. In the second illustrated embodiment like numerals have, where possible, been used to denote like parts, albeit with the addition of the prefix “100” to indicate that these features belong to the second embodiment. The additional embodiment shares many common features with the first embodiment and therefore only the differences from the embodiment illustrated in Figures 1 and 2 will be described in detail.

Figure 3 illustrates a second embodiment and shows a blank 110 for forming an article carrier 190 shown in Figure 4.

The blank 110 comprises an engaging panel 112. The engaging panel 112 of the blank 110 includes at least one article retention structure RT1, RT2, each retention structure RT1, RT2 provides an article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 for receiving a respective article. The engaging panel 112 comprises a plurality of article retention structures RT1, RT2, specifically eight article retention structures RT1, RT2 arranged in 2 x 4 matrix or array. Each of the article retention structures RT1, RT2 comprises an opening or aperture AP1, AP2 about which a plurality of teeth or tabs 114 may be disposed. Each of the teeth 114 is struck from the engaging panel 112 and is hingedly connected thereto. Each tooth 114 may be defined, in

part, by a pair of cut lines 115. The cut lines 115 extend radially outward from a centre of the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2. The teeth or tabs 114 are arranged in an annular series about the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 to form part of an article receiving opening.

The plurality of teeth 114 are provided by the engaging panel 112. Each of the teeth 114 is hingedly connected to the engaging panel 112, by a hinged connection. The hinged connection may be defined by a plurality of cut lines 109, 111. The plurality of cut lines 109, 111 may be arranged as an annular series of cuts about the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2.

The plurality of cut lines 109, 111 may define or approximate a portion of circle.

The blank 110 comprises four endmost article retention structures RT1 each comprising a first article receiving aperture AP1. The blank 110 comprises four medial or intermediate article retention structures RT2 each comprising a second article receiving aperture AP2.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise an article receiving opening defined in part by the first article receiving aperture AP1 which is defined in, or struck from, the engaging panel 112.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a first plurality of teeth or tabs 114 disposed about the first article receiving aperture AP1, best shown in Figure 3A. Each of the first plurality of teeth 114 comprises an engaging edge opposing a hinged edge. The engaging edges are defined by a linear portion of a cut line defining the first article receiving aperture AP1. Each engaging edge may define a part of a polygon. The illustrated embodiment comprises sixteen teeth 114 together defining a hexadecagon. Each tooth 114 comprises a pair of side edges, the side edges are defined by cuts 115, 131 extending radially outward from respective vertices of the hexadecagon forming the first article receiving aperture AP1, that is to say, from a respective vertex between a pair of adjacent linear portions of the cut defining the portion of a hexadecagon. The cuts 115, 131 are divergently arranged with respect to each other and define an angle therebetween, the angle may be about 22.5°.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109. Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109 is aligned with one of the radial cut lines 115, 131. The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise first radial cut lines 115 and second radial cut lines 131. Each of the second radial cut lines 131 is connected to, or contiguous with, a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109.

Each of the second radial cut lines 131 bisects and intersects with a respective one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109. A notional extension of each of the first radial cut lines 115 bisects a respective one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise five second radial cut lines 131 each defining at least in part one of four annularly disconnected teeth 114A.

Each of the first radial cut lines 115 is spaced apart from a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109. In this way a connecting nick or bridge portion is provided between a pair of adjacently disposed full teeth 114. The first radial cut lines 115 and respective first circumferential cut lines 109 define disconnected T-shaped cuts.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise eleven first radial cut lines 115 each defining at least in part one of twelve annularly connected teeth 114.

The second radial cut lines 131 and respective first circumferential cut lines 109 define connected T-shaped cuts.

Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109 may be linear or arcuate in shape.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprise a plurality of second circumferential cut lines 111. Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 111 is disposed between a pair of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109 and is spaced apart therefrom so as to define a pair of connecting nick or bridge portions between each full tooth 114 and the engaging panel 112. The pair of connecting nick or bridge portions provide a hinged or foldable connection between each full tooth 114 and the engaging panel 112.

Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 111 may be linear or arcuate in shape.

The first recess or cutaway R of the embodiment of Figure 1 has been omitted, the first article receiving aperture AP1 is surrounded by teeth 114, 114A.

The arrangement of teeth 114, 114A, the cut pattern of radial cut lines 115, 131, has been rotated about the centre of the first article receiving aperture AP1 with respect to the arrangement of teeth 114, the cut pattern of radial cut lines 115, about the second article receiving aperture AP2 of the intermediate article retention structures RT2, best illustrated in Figure 3A. The endmost article retention structures RT1 are rotated through an angle β with

respect to intermediate article retention structures RT2. The angle of rotation β may be about 11.25° or equivalent to half a tooth 114.

One of the second radial cut lines 131 lies upon a notional line n-n passing through the centre C of the first article receiving aperture AP1 and through a real, or notional, corner of the engaging panel 112 – the real or notional corner being defined by the intersection of a pair of notional lines collinear with a respective one of the end and side edges of the main panel 112.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprises a first second radial cut line 131 which lies upon a notional line y-y extending longitudinally of the blank 110; said first second radial cut line 131 is oriented perpendicular with respect to an end edge of the engaging panel 112 and is parallel to a longitudinal axis of the engaging panel 112.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprises a second second radial cut line 131 which lies upon a notional line x-x extending transversely of the blank 110; said second second radial cut line 131 is oriented perpendicular with respect to a side edge of the engaging panel 112 and is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the engaging panel 112.

The endmost article retention structures RT1 comprises a first radial cut line 115 which lies upon the notional line y-y extending longitudinally of the blank 110; said first radial cut line 115 lies upon a notional radial line extending from the centre of the second article receiving aperture AP2 of the adjacent intermediate article retention structures RT2. The notional radial line extends through the centre or middle of one of the teeth 114 surrounding the second article receiving aperture AP2.

The annularly disconnected teeth 114A define a first or minor arc. The annularly connected teeth 114 extend about or occupy a second or major arc. The minor arc defines a sector which subtends a first angle θ. The first angle θ may be about 90° or equivalent to four teeth 114A.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a second plurality of teeth or tabs 114 disposed about the second article receiving aperture AP2.

Each of the second plurality of teeth 114 comprises an engaging edge opposing a hinged edge. The engaging edges are defined by a linear portion of a cut line defining the second article receiving aperture AP2. Each engaging edge may define a part of a polygon. The illustrated embodiment comprises sixteen teeth 114 together defining a hexadecagon. Each tooth 114 comprises a pair of side edges, the side edges are defined by cuts 115 extending

radially outward from respective vertices of the hexadecagon forming the second article receiving aperture AP2, that is to say, from a respective vertex between a pair of adjacent linear portions of the cut defining the portion of a hexadecagon. The cuts 115 are divergently arranged with respect to each other and define an angle therebetween, the angle may be about 22.5°.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109. Each of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109 is aligned with one of the radial cut lines 115 such that said one of the radial cut lines 115 or a notional extension thereof bisects a respective one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109.

Each of the radial cut lines 115 defining a tooth 114 is spaced apart from a corresponding one of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109. In this way a connecting nick or bridge portion is provided between pairs of adjacently disposed full teeth 114. The radial cut lines 115 and first circumferential cut lines 109 define disconnected T-shaped cuts.

The intermediate article retention structures RT2 comprise a plurality of second circumferential cut lines 111. Each of the plurality of second circumferential cut lines 111 is disposed between a pair of the plurality of first circumferential cut lines 109 and is spaced apart therefrom so as to define a pair of connecting nick or bridge portions between each full tooth 114 and the engaging panel 112. The pair of connecting nick or bridge portions provide a hinged or foldable connection between each full tooth 114 and the engaging panel 112.

The present disclosure provides a carrier 90; 190, and a blank 10; 110 for forming the carrier 90; 190, having a main panel 12; 112 with openings for receiving at least one article B. The main panel 12; 112 may comprise a handle structure.

The present disclosure provides a blank 10; 110 for forming an article carrier 90; 190 of the top engaging type. The blank 10; 110 or article carrier 90; 190 comprises at least one panel 12; 112 having at least one article engaging structure RT1, RT2. The at least one article engaging structure RT1, RT2 comprises an article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 and an annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A formed around the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2. The annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A is defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines 15, 31; 115, 131. The annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines 9, 11; 109, 111. At least a first one 31, 131 of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line 9, 109 and at least a second one 15; 115 of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line 9, 109.

Optionally, the at least one article receiving aperture AP1 may be a corner aperture, and the at least first one of the radial cut lines 131 may be positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel 12; 112 such that the at least first one of the radial cut lines 131 extends from the corner aperture toward the corner.

Optionally, the at least one article receiving aperture AP1 may be a corner aperture, and at least two of the annular series of tabs 30 may be separated by a toothless or tabless area or recess R. The at least first one 31 of the radial cut lines may define part of at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs 30. The tabless area or recess R may be positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel 12; 112.

The at least two of the annular series of tabs 30 each may have a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs 14.

The at least first one of the radial cut lines 31 may define part of each of at least two of the annular series of tabs 30, at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs 30 may have a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs 14.

The present disclosure provides a blank 10; 110 for forming an article carrier 90; 190 of the top engaging type. The blank 10; 110 or article carrier 90; 190 comprises at least one panel 12; 112 having at least one article engaging structure RT1, RT2. The at least one article engaging structure RT1, RT2 comprises an article receiving aperture AP1, AP2 and an annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A formed around the article receiving aperture AP1, AP2. The annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A comprises a plurality of annularly connected tabs 14; 114 and a plurality of annularly disconnected tabs 30; 114A.

Optionally, the annularly disconnected tabs 30 may be partial or half tabs 30, that is to say each annularly disconnected tab 30 occupies a smaller portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure RT1 than a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure RT1 occupied by one of the annularly connected tabs 14; 114.

Optionally, an engaging edge of a first one of the partial or half tabs 30 is colinear with an engaging edge of a second adjacent one of the partial or half tabs 30.

Optionally, the partial or half tabs 30 are arranged in pairs, each partial or half tab 30 of a pair comprising an engaging edge arranged collinearly with an engaging edge of the other one of the pair. The partial tabs 30 may be dimensioned such that an integer number of partial tabs 30 is equivalent to an integer number of annularly connected tabs 14; 114.

Optionally, the annular series of tabs 14, 30; 114, 114A is interrupted by a cutaway or recess R. The cutaway or recess R occupies a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure RT1 disposed in closest proximity to a point of intersection or vertex between a first notional line collinear with an end edge of the at least one panel 12; 112 and a second notional line collinear with a side edge of the at least one panel 12; 112. The point of intersection being a real or notional corner of the at least one panel 12; 112. The cutaway maybe a T-shaped cut line.

The cutaway or recess R may interrupt the annularly disconnected tabs 30.

The annularly disconnected tabs 30 may define a sector or quadrant of the at least one article engaging structure RT1 disposed adjacent, or proximate, to the real or notional corner of the at least one panel 12; 112.

The present disclosure provides a blank 10 for forming an article carrier 90 of the top engaging type, the blank 110 or article carrier 190 comprises at least one panel 112 having at least two article engaging structures RT1, RT2. A first one of the at least two article engaging structure RT1, RT2 comprises a first article receiving aperture AP1 and a first annular series of tabs 114, 114A formed around the first article receiving aperture AP1. A second one of the at least two article engaging structure RT2 comprises a second article receiving aperture AP2 and a second annular series of tabs 114 formed around the second article receiving aperture AP2. The first annular series of tabs 114, 114A is defined at least in part by first plurality of radial cut lines 115, 131 defining a first cut pattern. The second annular series of tabs 114 is defined at least in part by a second plurality of radial cut lines 115 defining a second cut pattern. The first cut pattern is rotated about its centre through a first angle with respect to the second cut pattern. The first annular series of tabs 114, 114A may be defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines 9, 11; 109, 111. The first plurality of radial cut lines 115, 131 may comprise at least one radial cut line extending to a corresponding circumferential cut line 9, 109 to be contiguous therewith and at least another one of the first plurality of radial cut lines 115, 131 stops short of, or is spaced apart from, a respective circumferential cut line 9, 109.

It will be recognized that as used herein, directional references such as "top", "bottom", “base”, "front", "back", "end", "side", "inner", "outer", "upper" and "lower" do not necessarily limit the respective panels to such orientation, but may merely serve to distinguish these panels from one another.

As used herein, the terms “hinged connection” and “fold line” refer to all manner of lines that define hinge features of the blank, facilitate folding portions of the blank with respect to one another, or otherwise indicate optimal panel folding locations for the blank. Any reference to “hinged connection” should not be construed as necessarily referring to a single fold line only; indeed, a hinged connection can be formed from two or more fold lines wherein each of the two or more fold lines may be either straight/linear or curved/curvilinear in shape. When linear fold lines form a hinged connection, they may be disposed parallel with each other or be slightly angled with respect to each other. When curvilinear fold lines form a hinged connection, they may intersect each other to define a shaped panel within the area surrounded by the curvilinear fold lines. A typical example of such a hinged connection may comprise a pair of arched or arcuate fold lines intersecting at two points such that they define an elliptical panel therebetween. A hinged connection may be formed from one or more linear fold lines and one or more curvilinear fold lines. A typical example of such a hinged connection may comprise a combination of a linear fold line and an arched or arcuate fold line which intersect at two points such that they define a half moon-shaped panel therebetween.

As used herein, the term “fold line” may refer to one of the following: a scored line, an embossed line, a debossed line, a line of perforations, a line of short slits, a line of half-cuts, a single half-cut, an interrupted cutline, a line of aligned slits, a line of scores and any combination of the aforesaid options.

It should be understood that hinged connections and fold lines can each include elements that are formed in the substrate of the blank including perforations, a line of perforations, a line of short slits, a line of half-cuts, a single half-cut, a cutline, an interrupted cutline, slits, scores, embossed lines, debossed lines, any combination thereof, and the like. The elements can be dimensioned and arranged to provide the desired functionality. For example, a line of perforations can be dimensioned or designed with degrees of weakness to define a fold line and/or a severance line. The line of perforations can be designed to facilitate folding and resist breaking, to facilitate folding and facilitate breaking with more effort, or to facilitate breaking with little effort.

The phrase “in registry with” as used herein refers to the alignment of two or more elements in an erected carton, such as an aperture formed in a first of two overlapping panels and a second aperture formed in a second of two overlapping panels. Those elements in registry with each other may be aligned with each other in the direction of the thickness of the overlapping panels. For example, when an aperture in a first panel is “in registry with” a second aperture in a second panel that is placed in an overlapping arrangement with the first panel, an edge of the aperture may extend along at least a portion of an edge of the second aperture and may be aligned, in the direction of the thickness of the first and second panels, with the second aperture.

CLAIMS

1. An article carrier for packaging at least one article, the article carrier comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, wherein at least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line.

2. An article carrier according to claim 1 wherein the at least one article receiving aperture is a corner aperture, and the at least first one of the radial cut lines is positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel such that the at least first one of the radial cut lines extends from the corner aperture toward the corner.

3. An article carrier according to claim 1 wherein the at least one article receiving aperture is a corner aperture, and at least two of the annular series of tabs are separated by a tabless area, the at least first one of the radial cut lines defines part of at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs.

4. An article carrier according to claim 3 wherein the tabless area is positioned across from the respective corner of the at least one panel.

5. An article carrier according to claim 3 wherein the at least two of the annular series of tabs each have a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs.

6. An article carrier according to claim 3 wherein the at least first one of the radial cut lines defines part of each of at least two of the annular series of tabs, at least one of the at least two of the annular series of tabs has a width dimension which is less than a width dimension of at least another one of the annular series of tabs.

7. An article carrier for packaging at least one article, the article carrier comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs comprising a plurality of annularly connected tabs and a plurality of annularly disconnected tabs.

8. An article carrier according to claim 7 wherein the annularly disconnected tabs are partial tabs, wherein each annularly disconnected tab occupies a smaller portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure than a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure occupied by one of the annularly connected tabs.

9. An article carrier according to claim 8 wherein an engaging edge of a first one of the partial tabs is collinear with an engaging edge of a second adjacent one of the partial tabs.

10. An article carrier according to claim 8 wherein the partial tabs are arranged in pairs, each partial tab of a pair comprises an engaging edge arranged collinearly with an engaging edge of the other one of the pair.

11. An article carrier according to claim 8 wherein the partial tabs are dimensioned such that an integer number of partial tabs is equivalent to an integer number of annularly connected tabs.

12. An article carrier according to claim 7 wherein the annular series of tabs is interrupted by a cutaway, the cutaway occupies a portion of the circumference of the at least one article engaging structure disposed in closest proximity to a point of intersection between a first notional line collinear with an end edge of the at least one panel and a second notional line collinear with a side edge of the at least one panel.

13. An article carrier according to claim 12 wherein the point of intersection is a notional corner of the at least one panel.

14. An article carrier according to claim 12 wherein the cutaway is a T-shaped cut line.

15. An article carrier according to claim 12 wherein the cutaway interrupts the annularly disconnected tabs.

16. An article carrier according to claim 7 wherein the annularly disconnected tabs define a sector of the at least one article engaging structure disposed adjacent to a corner of the at least one panel.

17. An article carrier according to claim 7 wherein the annularly disconnected tabs define a sector of the at least one article engaging structure disposed proximate to a corner of the at least one panel.

18. An article carrier for packaging at least one article, the article carrier comprising at least one panel having at least two article engaging structures, wherein a first one of the at least two article engaging structure comprises a first article receiving aperture and a first annular series of tabs formed around the first article receiving aperture, and a second one of the at least two article engaging structure comprises a second article receiving aperture and a second annular series of tabs formed around the second article receiving aperture, and wherein the first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by first plurality of radial cut lines defining a first cut pattern, the second annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by a second plurality of radial cut lines defining a second cut pattern, the first cut pattern being rotated about its centre through a first angle with respect to the second cut pattern.

19. An article carrier according to claim 18 wherein the first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, and wherein the first plurality of radial cut lines comprises at least one radial cut line extending to a corresponding circumferential cut line to be contiguous therewith and at least another one of the first plurality of radial cut lines is spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

20. A blank for forming an article carrier, the blank comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, wherein at least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines stops short of a respective circumferential cut line.

21. A blank for forming an article carrier, the blank comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs comprising a plurality of annularly connected tabs and a plurality of annularly disconnected tabs.

22. A blank for forming an article carrier, the blank comprising at least one panel having at least two article engaging structures, wherein a first one of the at least two article engaging structure comprises a first article receiving aperture and a first annular series of tabs formed around the first article receiving aperture, and a second one of the at least

two article engaging structure comprises a second article receiving aperture and a second annular series of tabs formed around the second article receiving aperture, and wherein the first annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by first plurality of radial cut lines defining a first cut pattern, the second annular series of tabs is defined at least in part by a second plurality of radial cut lines defining a second cut pattern, the first cut pattern being rotated about its centre through a first angle with respect to the second cut pattern.

23. An article carrier for packaging at least one article, the article carrier comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, wherein at least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines is spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

24. A blank for forming an article carrier, the blank comprising at least one panel having at least one article engaging structure, the at least one article engaging structure comprising an article receiving aperture and an annular series of tabs formed around the article receiving aperture, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of radial cut lines, the annular series of tabs being defined at least in part by plurality of circumferential cut lines, wherein at least a first one of the radial cut lines extends to a corresponding circumferential cut line and at least a second one of the radial cut lines is spaced apart from a respective circumferential cut line.

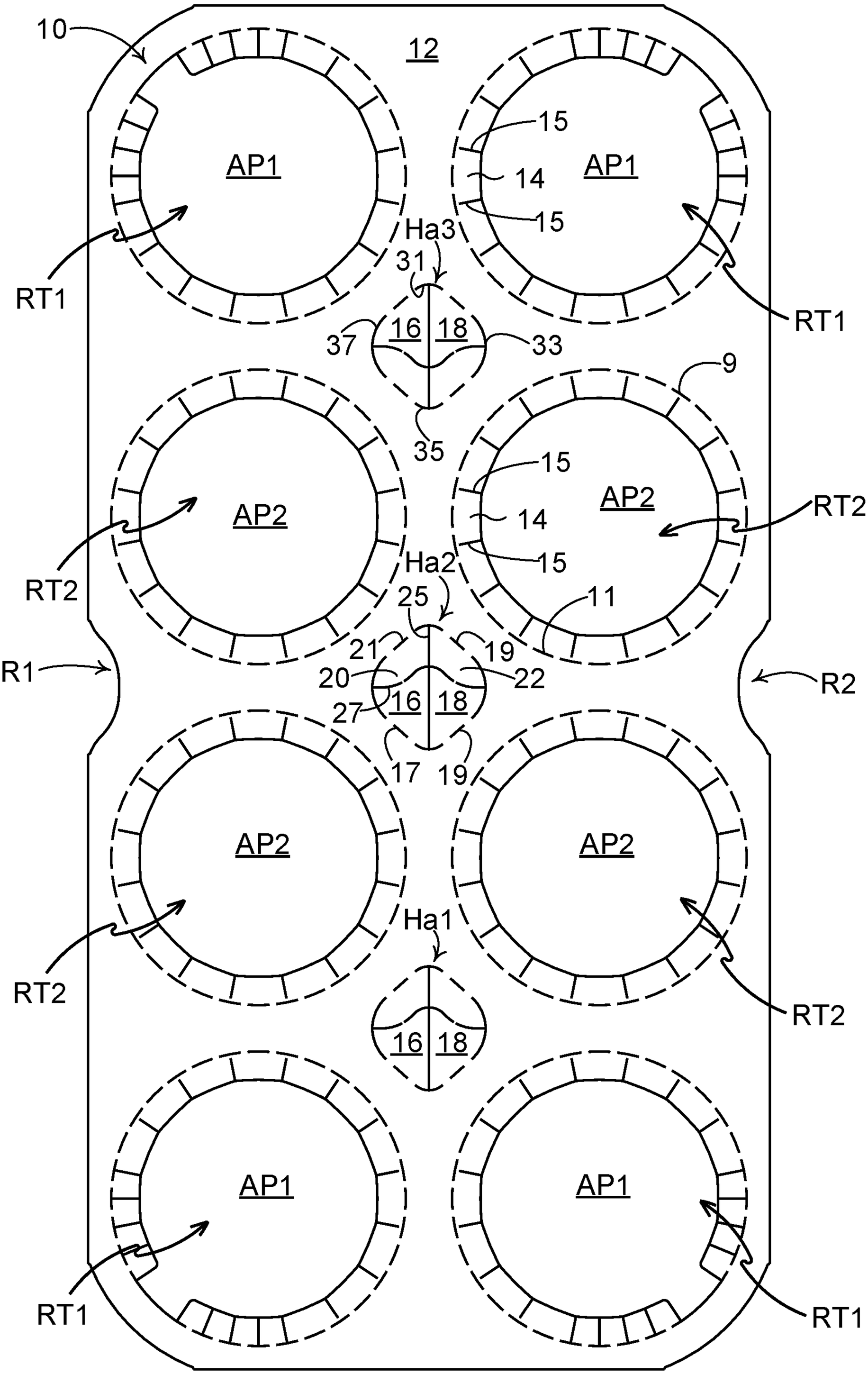

10
12
AP1
15
14
AP1
Ha3
31
RT1
RT1
37
16
18
33
9
35
15
AP2
RT2
14
AP2
RT2
15
Ha2
25
11
21
19
R1
20
22
R2
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RT2
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AP1
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RT1

FIG. 1

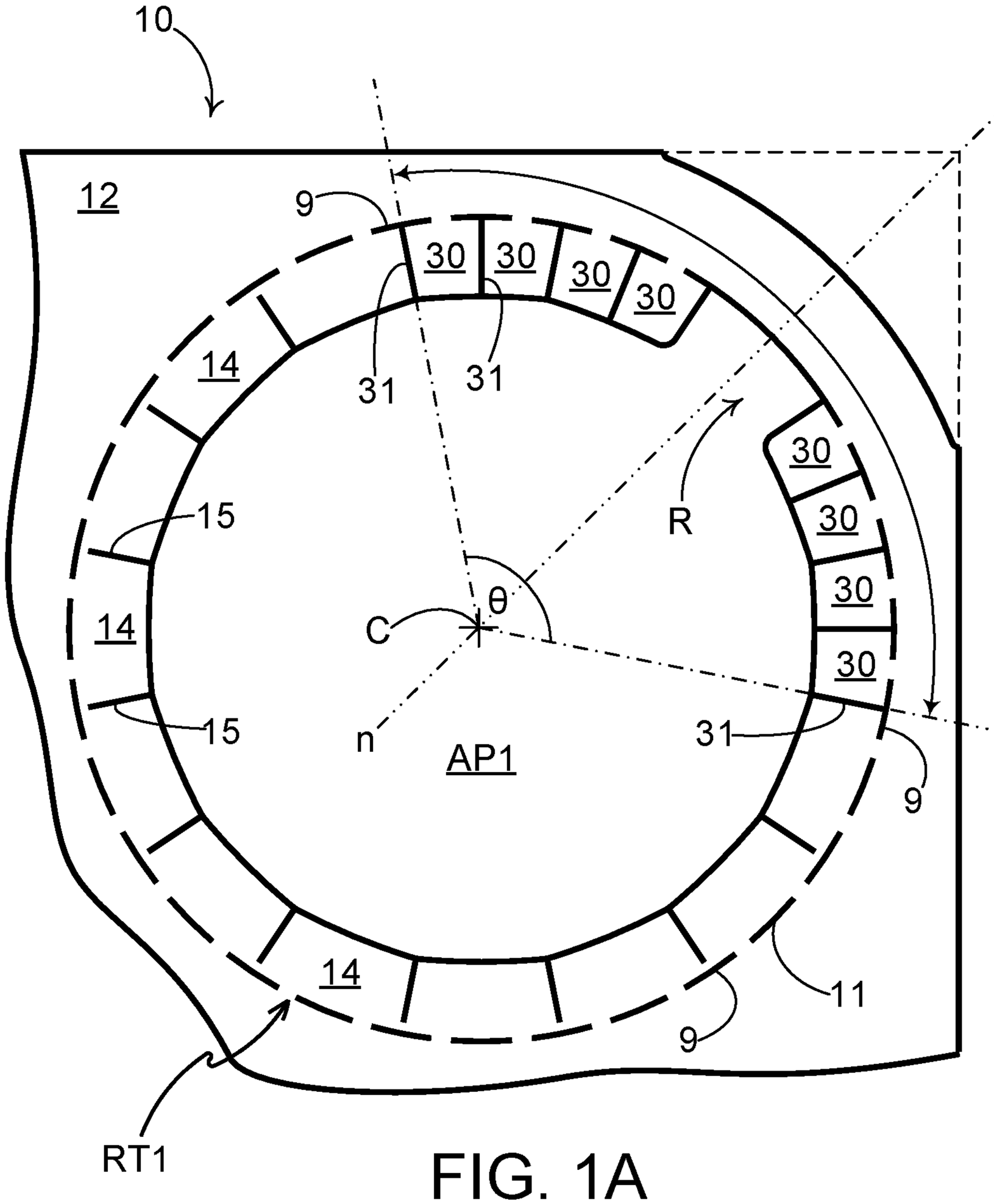


FIG. 1A

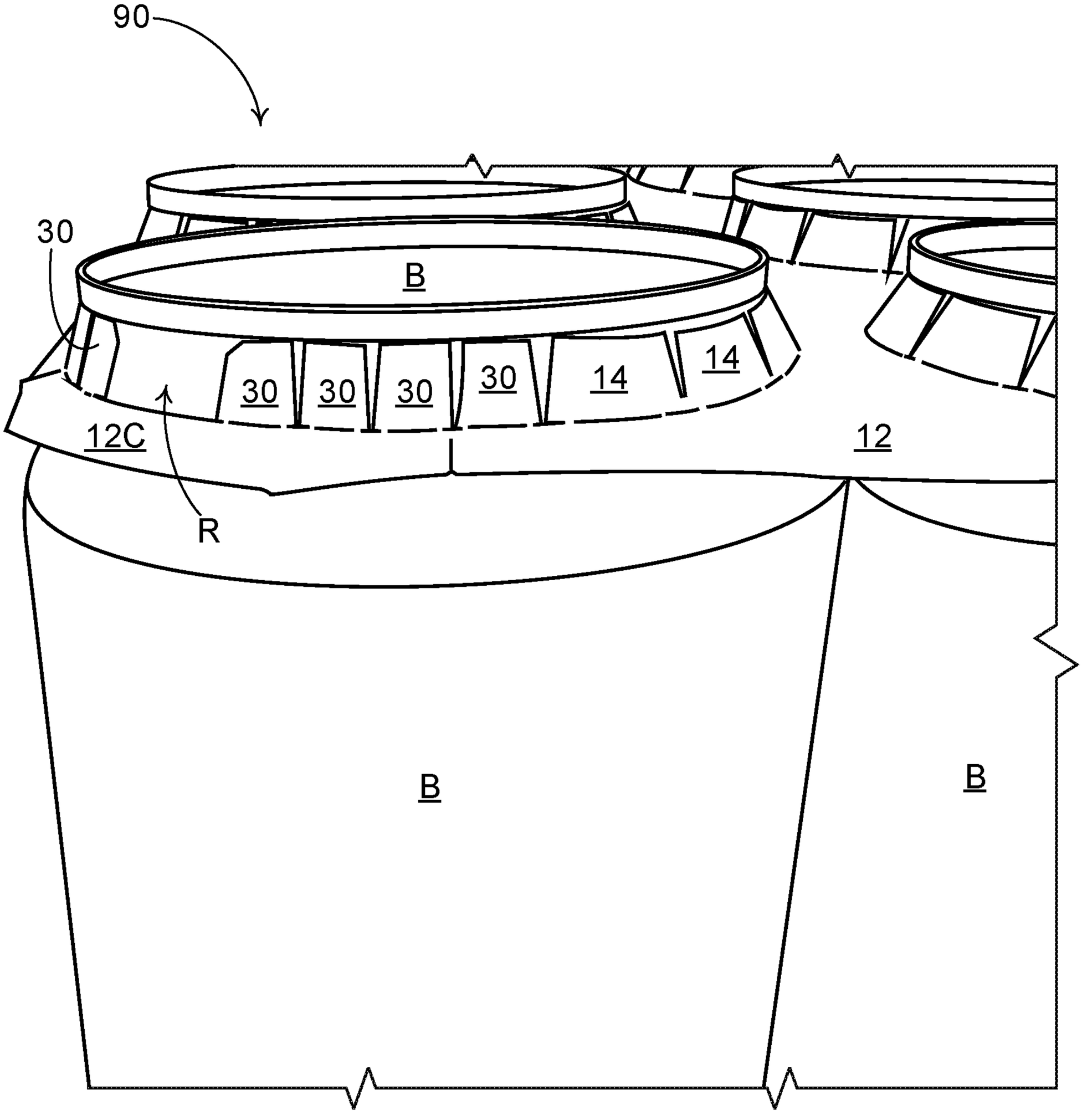


FIG. 2

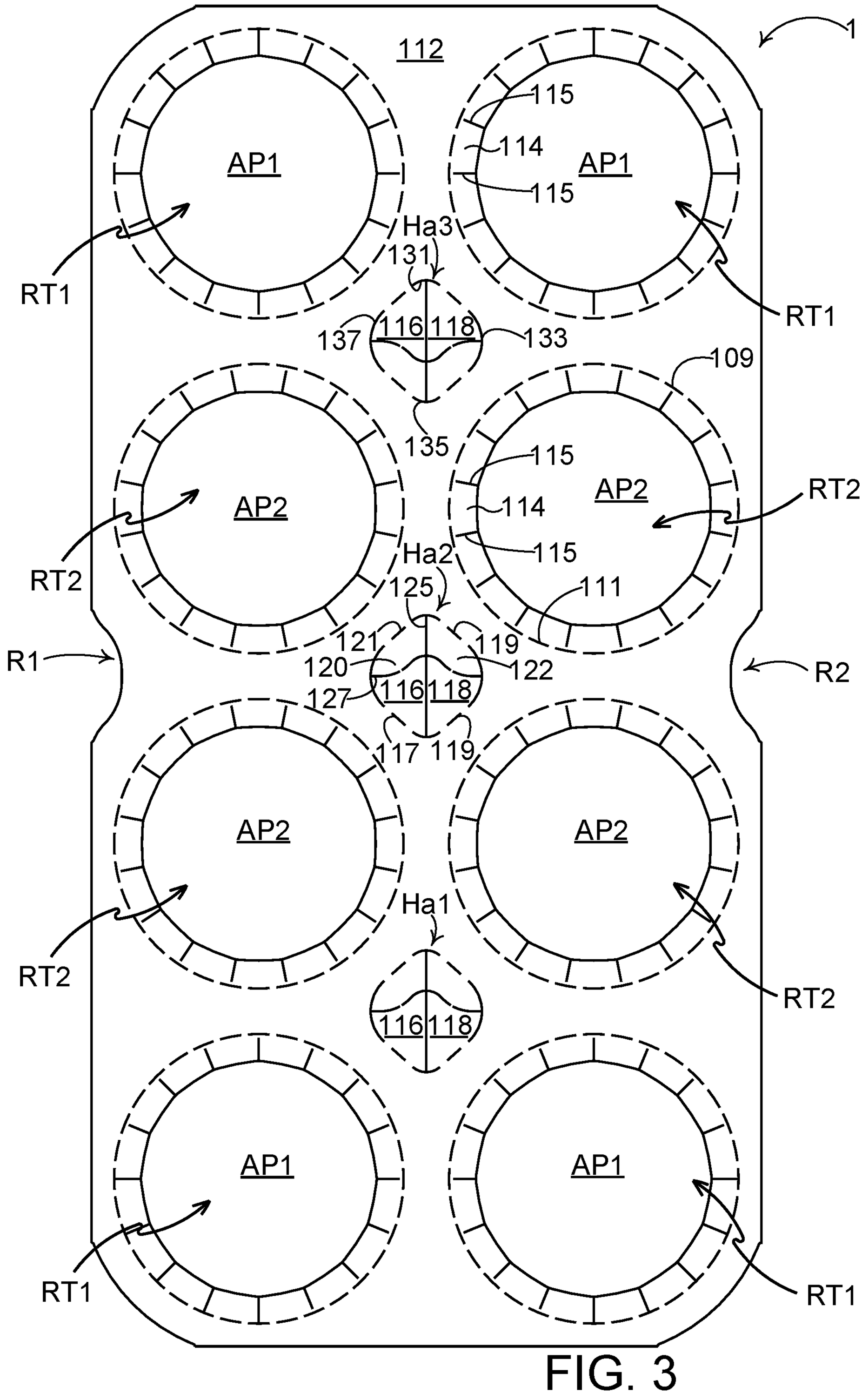

110
112
115
114
115
AP1
AP1
Ha3
131
RT1
RT1
137
116
118
133
109
135
115
AP2
AP2
RT2
RT2
114
115
Ha2
125
111
121
119
120
122
R1
R2
127
116
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RT2
RT2
116
118
AP1
AP1
RT1
RT1

FIG. 3

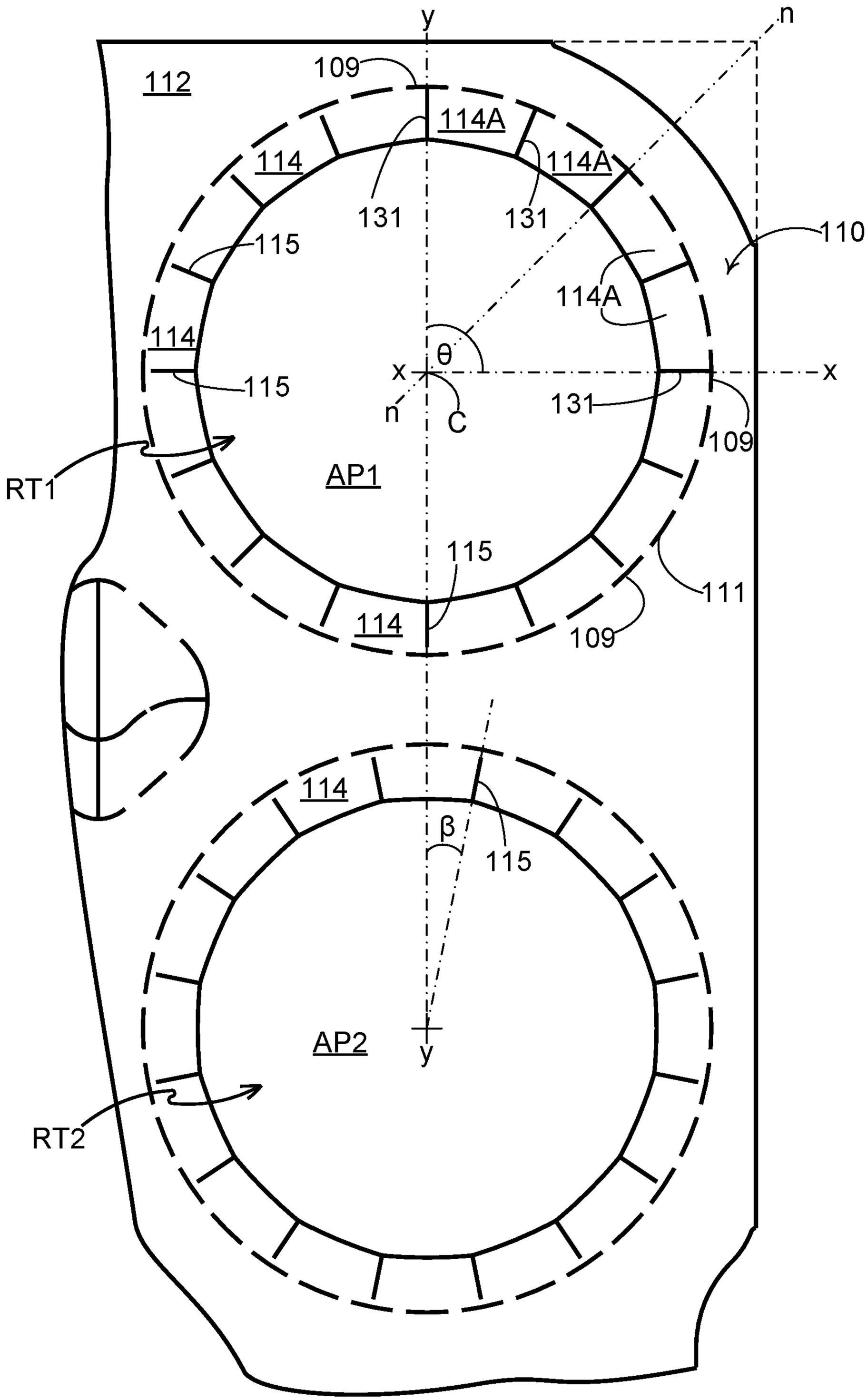

y
n
112
109
114A
114
114A
131
131
115
110
114A
θ
x
x
114
115
n'
C
131
109
RT1
AP1
115
111
114
109
114
β
115
AP2
y
RT2

FIG. 3A

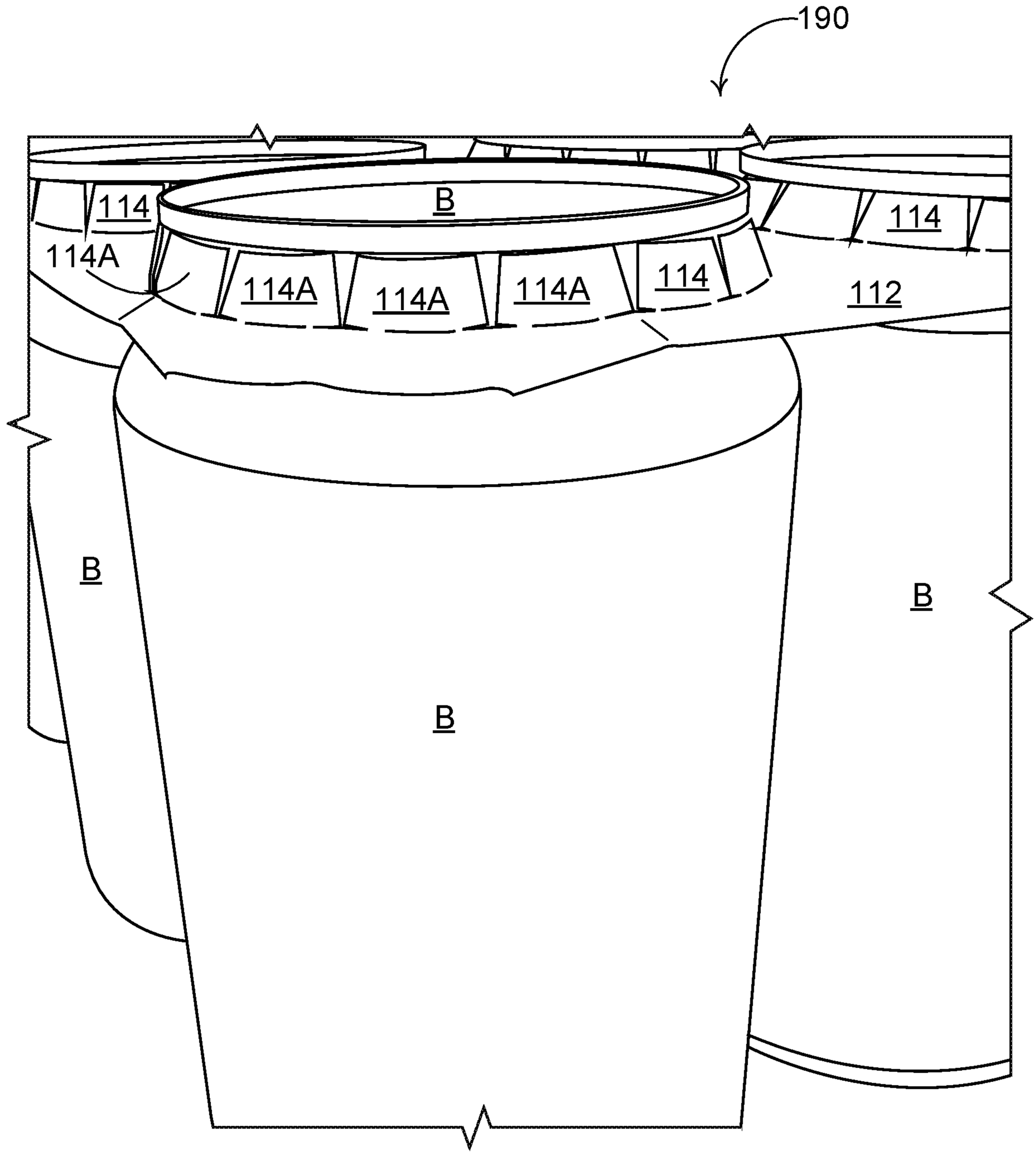


FIG. 4