(54) Title: PYRIMIDINE DERIVATIVES AS ALK-5 INHIBITORS

(57) Abstract: Compounds of formula (I) in free or salt or solvate form, where $T^1$, $T^2$, $R^a$ and $R^b$ have the meanings as indicated in the specification, are useful for treating inflammatory or obstructive airways, pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary fibrosis, liver fibrosis, muscle diseases and systemic skeletal disorders. Pharmaceutical compositions that contain the compounds and processes for preparing the compounds are also described.
PYRIMIDINE DERIVATIVES AS ALK-5 INHIBITORS

This invention relates to organic compounds and their use as pharmaceuticals, in particular for the treatment of inflammatory or obstructive airways diseases, pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary fibrosis, liver fibrosis, muscle diseases such as muscle atrophies and muscle dystrophies, and systemic skeletal disorders such as osteoporosis.

In one aspect, the present invention provides a compound of formula I

in free or salt or solvate form, where

T¹ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by R¹, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₃-C₅-cycloalkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, halo, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, carboxy or nitro;

T² is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by R¹, R², R₅, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, halo, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, carboxy or nitro;

either R² and R₅ are independently hydrogen;

C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by R⁴;

C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, amino, C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, halo, cyano, oxo, carboxy or nitro; or

C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by halo, hydroxy, amino, cyano, oxo, carboxy, nitro or R⁵;
R¹ is C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₂-C₈-alkenyl or C₂-C₈-alkynyl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, cyano, amino or halo;

R² is C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by halo, hydroxy, R¹, R³, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, carboxy, nitro, -O-C₆-C₁₅-aryl, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -NR₆R⁷, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-NR₆R⁷, -O-C₁-C₈-alkyl-NR₆R⁷, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-R³, -O-R¹, -O-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, -C(=O)-NH₂, -C(=O)NR₆R⁷, -C(=O)-O-R¹, -O-C(=O)-R¹, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-R¹, -NH-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R³, -SO₂-C₆-C₁₅-aryl, -SO₂-R³, -SO₂NR₆R⁷ or by C₁-C₈-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino;

R⁴ is hydroxy, amino, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, halo, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, carboxy, nitro, -N(H)(H)-C(=NH)-NH₂, -N(H)-SO₂-R³, -R³, -C(=O)-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, -O-R², -O-R³, -N(H)-R³, -N(H)-R⁵, -N(=O)-R¹, -C(=O)-NH₂, -SO₂-R³, -C(=O)-O-R¹, -C(=O)-O-R³, -C(=O)-O-R⁵, -SO₂-R² or -C(=O)-N(H)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-C(=O)-N(=O)-R²;

or R⁴ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, halo, oxo, cyano, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, carboxy, nitro, -N(H)R¹, -N(H)-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -N(H)-C(=O)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-R³, -C(=O)-NH₂, -C(=O)-NR₆R⁷, -C(=O)-N(H)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-R⁶, -C(=O)-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, -C(=O)-R¹, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -R³, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-R³, -R⁵, -SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -SO₂-R³, -SO₂-R⁵ or -SO₂NR₆R⁷ or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;

or R⁴ is C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, -O-C₆-C₁₅-aryl or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;

or R⁴ is C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, amino, halo, cyano, carboxy, nitro or C₁-C₈-alkyl;

R⁵ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by oxo, amino, halo, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, nitro, -R¹, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH₂ or -SO₂-NH₂; and

R⁶ and R⁷ are independently hydrogen, -R¹, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, C₆-C₁₅-aryl, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-C₆-C₁₅-aryl, R¹ or -C₁-C₈-alkyl-R³;
provided that when $T^1$ is pyridin-2-yl, $T^2$ is pyridin-3-yl and $R^e$ is hydrogen, then $R^b$ is not 2(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl.

Terms used in the specification have the following meanings:

"Optionally substituted at one, two or three positions" as used herein means the group referred to can be substituted at one or two or three positions by any one or any combination of the radicals listed thereafter.

"Halo" or "halogen" as used herein denotes a element belonging to group 17 (formerly group VII) of the Periodic Table of Elements, which may be, for example, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine.

"$C_1$-$C_8$-alkyl" as used herein denotes straight chain or branched alkyl that contains one to eight carbon atoms.

"$C_2$-$C_8$-alkenyl" as used herein denotes straight chain or branched hydrocarbon chains that contain two to ten carbon atoms and one or more carbon-carbon double bonds.

"$C_2$-$C_8$-alkynyl" as used herein denotes straight chain or branched hydrocarbon chains that contain two to eight carbon atoms and one or more carbon-carbon triple bonds.

"$C_6$-$C_{15}$-aryl" as used herein denotes an aromatic group having 6- to 15-ring carbon atoms. Examples of $C_6$-$C_{15}$-aryl groups include but are not limited to phenyl, phenylene, benzenetriyl, indanyl, naphthyl, naphthylene, naphthalenetriyl and anthrylene,

"4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group" as used herein denotes a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic ring containing at least one ring heteroatom selected from the group consisting of nitrogen, oxygen and sulphur, which may be saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated. Examples of 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic groups include but are not limited to furan, azetidine, pyrrole, pyrrolidine, pyrazole, imidazole, triazole, isothiazole, tetrazole, thiadiazone, isoazolone, oxadiazole, pyridine, piperidine, pyrazine, oxazole, isoxazole, pyridazine, pyrimidine, piperazine, pyrrolidine, pyrrolidinone, morpholine, triazine, oxazine, tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydrothiophene, tetrahydrothiopyran, tetrahydropyran, 1,4-dioxane, 1,4-oxathiane, indazole, quinoline, indole, thiazole, isoquinoline, benzothiophene, benzoxazole,
benzisoxazole, benzothiazole, benzoisothiazole, benzo furan, dihydrobenzofuran, benzodioxole, benzimidazole, tetra hydronaphthyridine, pyr rolopyridine, tetrahydrocarbazole, benzotriazole and tetrahydrothiopyrano indole. The 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group can be unsubstituted or substituted.

"N-heterocyclic group" as used herein denotes a heterocyclic group wherein at least one of the ring atoms is a nitrogen atom. The N-heterocyclic group can be unsubstituted or substituted.

"C₃-C₈-cycloalkyl" denotes a fully saturated carbocyclic ring having 3 to 10 ring carbon atoms, for example a monocyclic group such as a cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl, cycloheptyl, cyclooctyl, cyclononyl or cyclodecyl, or a bicyclic group such as bicycloheptyl or bicyclooctyl.

"Halo-C₃-C₈-alkyl" as used herein denotes C₃-C₈-alkyl as hereinbefore defined substituted by one or more halogen atoms, preferably one, two or three halogen atoms.

"C₃-C₈-alkylamino" and "di(C₃-C₈-alkyl)amino" as used herein denote amino substituted respectively by one or two C₃-C₈-alkyl groups as hereinbefore defined, which may be the same or different.

"C₃-C₈-alkythio" as used herein denotes straight chain or branched alkylthio having 1 to 8 carbon atoms.

"C₃-C₈-alkoxy" as used herein denotes straight chain or branched alkoxy that contains 1 to 8 carbon atoms.

"C₃-C₈-alkoxycarbonyl" as used herein denotes C₃-C₈-alkoxy as hereinbefore defined attached through the oxygen atom to a carbonyl group.

Throughout this specification and in the claims that follow, unless the context requires otherwise, the word "comprise", or variations such as "comprises" or "comprising", should be understood to imply the inclusion of a stated integer or step or group of integers or steps but not the exclusion of any other integer or step or group of integers or steps.

Preferred compounds of formula I include compounds in free or salt or solvate form wherein
T is a 4- to 14-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by R;
T is a 4- to 14-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by R, R, R, C-sub-alkoxy, C-sub-alkoxycarbonyl or cyano;
R and R are independently hydrogen;
C-sub-alkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by R;
C-sub-C-sub-cycloalkyl; or
C-sub-ary1 optionally substituted at one or two positions by R;
R is C-sub-alkyl;
R is C-sub-C-sub-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by halo, R, R, -C-sub-alkyl-R, -C(O)-R, -SO2-NH2, -SO2-R, -NH-SO2-C-sub-alkyl, -C(O)-NH-R or by C-sub-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C-sub-alkyl)amino;
R is hydroxy, -C(O)-R or -SO2-R;
or R is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, halo, cyano, amino, carboxy, -N(H)-SO2-C-sub-alkyl,
C-sub-alkoxy, C-sub-C-sub-cycloalkyl, -C(O)-R, R, -SO2-C-sub-alkyl, R or by C-sub-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;
or R is C-sub-C-sub-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, C-sub-alkoxy,
-O-C-sub-C-sub-aryl or by C-sub-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy; and
R is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by C-sub-alkyl.

Especially preferred compounds of formula I include compounds in free or salt or solvate form wherein
T is a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one position by R;
T is a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by R, R, C-sub-alkoxy, C-sub-alkoxycarbonyl or cyano;
R is hydrogen;
R is hydrogen;
C-sub-alkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by R;
C-sub-C-sub-cycloalkyl; or
C-sub-ary1 optionally substituted at one position by R;
R is C-sub-alkyl;
R is phenyl optionally substituted at one position by halo, R, C-sub-alkyl-R,
-C(=O)-R^5, -SO_2-NH_2, -SO_2-R^1, -NH-SO_2-C_1-C_4-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R^5 or by C_1-C_4-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C_1-C_4-alkyl)amino;
R^4 is hydroxy, -C(=O)-R^5 or -SO_2-R^2;
or R^4 is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, halo, cyano, amino, carboxy, -N(H)-SO_2-C_1-C_4-alkyl,
C_1-C_4-alkoxy, C_3-C_6-cycloalkyl, -C(=O)-R^1, phenyl, -SO_2-C_1-C_4-alkyl, R^5 or by C_1-C_4-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;
or R^4 is C_5-C_10-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, C_1-C_4-alkoxy,
-O-C_5-C_10-aryl or by C_1-C_4-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy; and
R^5 is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by C_1-C_4-alkyl.

According to formula I, the following suitable, preferred, more preferred or most preferred aspects of the invention may be incorporated independently, collectively or in any combination.

T^1 is suitably a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one position by C_1-C_8-alkyl (e.g. C_1-C_4-alkyl, but preferably methyl). For example T^1 is unsubstituted pyridinyl, especially pyridin-2-yl, or pyridyl substituted by C_1-C_4-alkyl (especially methyl), for example 6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl or 3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl.

T^2 is suitably a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one position by C_1-C_4-alkoxy or by C_6-C_15-aryl (especially phenyl) optionally substituted by halo, C_1-C_4-alkoxy (especially methoxy), R^5, C_1-C_4-alkyl-R^5 or -C(=O)-R^5, For example T^2 is unsubstituted pyridinyl, especially unsubstituted pyridin-3-yl, or T^2 is pyridinyl substituted by methoxy or by phenyl substituted at one position by C_1-C_4-alkoxy or R^5.

R^4 is suitably hydrogen.

R^b is suitably C_1-C_4-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by R^4, and wherein R^4 is especially either (i) indolyl optionally substituted at one position by halo, hydroxy, C_1-C_8-alkyl, C_1-C_8-alkoxy or cyano, or (ii) phenyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy, C_1-C_8-alkyl or C_1-C_8-alkoxy.
Alternatively R² is suitably C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, especially C₃-C₅-cycloalkyl i.e. cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl or cyclopentyl.

R¹ and R² are suitably not both hydrogen.

R¹ is suitably C₁-C₄-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy or halo.

R² is suitably C₆-C₁₀-aryl, especially phenyl, optionally substituted at one or two positions by halo, -R¹, -C₁-C₄-alkyl-R³, -C(=O)-R³, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-C₁-C₄-alkyl, -NH-SO₂-C₁-C₄-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R⁵ or C₁-C₄-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino.

R⁴ is suitably a 4- to 10-membered heterocyclic group (especially indolyl) optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy, halo, cyano, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy.

R⁴ is also suitably phenyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy.

R⁵ is suitably a 4- to 10-membered heterocyclic group (especially a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic group) optionally substituted at one or two positions by oxo or C₁-C₄-alkyl. For example R⁵ is piperazin-2-one, piperiziny1 (especially piperizin-1-yl), morpholinyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperazinyl or tetrahydropyranyl.

Compounds of formula I that contain a basic centre are capable of forming acid addition salts, particularly pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts. Pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts of the compound of formula I include those of inorganic acids, for example, hydrohalic acids such as hydrofluoric acid, hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, hydroiodic acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid; and organic acids, for example aliphatic monocarboxylic acids such as formic acid, acetic acid, trifluoroacetic acid, propionic acid and butyric acid, caprylic acid, dichloroacetic acid, hippuric acid, aliphatic hydroxy acids such as lactic acid, citric acid, tartaric acid or malic acid, gluconic acid, mandelic acid, dicarboxylic acids such as maleic acid or succinic acid, adipic acid, aspartic acid, fumaric acid, glutamic acid, malonic acid, sebacic acid, aromatic carboxylic acids such as benzoic acid, p-chlorobenzoic acid, nicotinic acid, diphenylacetic acid or triphenylacetic acid, aromatic hydroxy acids such as o-hydroxybenzoic acid, p-hydroxybenzoic acid, 1-hydroxynaphthalene-2-carboxylic acid or 3-hydroxynaphthalene-2-carboxylic acid, and sulfonic acids such as methanesulfonic
acid or benzenesulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, ethane-1,2-disulfonic acid, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic acid, (+) camphor-10-sulfonic acid, naphthalene-2-sulfonic acid, naphthalene-1,5-disulfonic acid or p-toluenesulfonic acid. These salts may be prepared from compounds of formula I by known salt-forming procedures. Pharmaceutically acceptable solvates are generally hydrates.

Compounds of formula I which contain acidic, e.g. carboxyl groups, are also capable of forming salts with bases, in particular pharmaceutically acceptable bases such as those well known in the art; suitable such salts include metal salts, particularly alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts such as sodium, potassium, magnesium or calcium salts, or salts with ammonia or pharmaceutically acceptable organic amines or heterocyclic bases such as ethanolamines, benzylamines or pyridine, arginine, benethamine, benzathine, diethanolamine, 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)morpholine, 1-(2-hydroxyethyl)pyrrolidine, N-methyl glucamine, piperazine, triethanolamine or tromethamine. These salts may be prepared from compounds of formula I by known salt-forming procedures. Compounds of formula I that contain acidic, e.g. carboxyl groups may also exist as zwitterions with the quaternary ammonium centre.

Compounds of formula I in free form may be converted into salt form, and vice versa, in a conventional manner. The compounds in free or salt form can be obtained in the form of hydrates or solvates containing a solvent used for crystallisation. Compounds of formula I can be recovered from reaction mixtures and purified in a conventional manner. Isomers, such as enantiomers, may be obtained in a conventional manner, e.g. by fractional crystallisation or asymmetric synthesis from correspondingly asymmetrically substituted, e.g. optically active, starting materials.

Many compounds of the invention contain at least one asymmetric carbon atom and thus they exist in individual optically active isomeric forms or as mixtures thereof, e.g. as racemic mixtures. In cases where additional asymmetric centres exist the present invention also embraces both individual optically active isomers as well as mixtures, e.g. diastereomeric mixtures, thereof.

The invention includes all such forms, in particular the pure isomeric forms. The different isomeric forms may be separated or resolved one from the other by conventional methods, or any given isomer may be obtained by conventional synthetic methods or; by stereospecific or asymmetric syntheses. Since the compounds of the invention are intended for use in
pharmaceutical compositions it will readily be understood that they are each preferably provided in substantially pure form, for example at least 60% pure, more suitably at least 75% pure and preferably at least 85%, especially at least 98% pure (% are on a weight for weight basis). Impure preparations of the compounds may be used for preparing the more pure forms used in the pharmaceutical compositions; these less pure preparations of the compounds should contain at least 1%, more suitably at least 5% and preferably from 10 to 59% of a compound of the invention.

Specific especially preferred compounds of the invention are those described hereinafter in the Examples.

The invention also provides a process for the preparation of compounds of formula I which comprises

(i) (A) reacting a compound of formula II

(ii) where T¹ and T² are as hereinbefore defined and X is halo, with a compound of formula III

(iii) where Rᵃ and Rᵇ are as hereinbefore defined; or

(B) reacting a compound of formula IV

(iv) where T¹, Rᵃ and Rᵇ are as hereinbefore defined and X is halo, with a compound of formula V
where T² is as hereinbefore defined; and

(ii) recovering the product in free or salt or solvate form.

Process variant (A) may be effected using known procedures for reacting halogenated heterocyclic groups with primary or secondary amines or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The reaction is conveniently carried out in an organic solvent, for example N-methylpyrrolidinone (NMP), optionally in the presence of an inorganic base, for example potassium carbonate. Suitable reaction temperatures are elevated temperatures, e.g. from 100° C to 150° C, preferably by microwaving at about 120° C.

Process variant (B) may be effected using known procedures for reacting halogenated heterocyclic groups with heterocyclic boronic acids in the presence of a suitable catalyst such as tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The reaction is conveniently carried out in an organic solvent, for example acetonitrile, tetrahydrofuran (THF) or dimethylethylene glycol (DME), optionally in the presence of an inorganic base, for example sodium carbonate. Suitable reaction temperatures are elevated temperatures, e.g. from 100° C to 157° C, preferably by microwaving at about 150° C.

Compounds of formula II are formed by reacting a compound of formula VI

where T¹ and T² are as hereinbefore defined with a halogenating agent. This may be effected using known procedures for halogenating hydroxy compounds or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The halogenating agent is preferably a combination of a strong Lewis acid e.g. POCl₃ and PCl₅. Suitable reaction temperatures are elevated temperatures, for example reflux temperature.

Compounds of formula III are known or may be prepared by known procedures.
Compounds of formula IV are formed by reacting a compound of formula VII

\[
\begin{array}{c}
T^1 \\
\text{VII} \\
X \\
\text{X}
\end{array}
\]

where \( T^1 \) is as hereinbefore defined and \( X \) is halo, with a compound of formula III

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{HN} \\
R^a \\
\text{R}^b
\end{array}
\]

where \( R^a \) and \( R^b \) are as hereinbefore defined. This may be effected using known procedures for reacting halogenated heterocyclic groups with primary or secondary amines or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The reaction is conveniently carried out in an organic solvent, for example isopropanol, in the presence of a suitable base, for example \( N,N \)-diisopropylethylamine (DIPEA). Suitable reaction temperatures are elevated temperatures, e.g. from \( 100^\circ \text{C} \) to \( 150^\circ \text{C} \), preferably by microwaving at about \( 130^\circ \text{C} \).

Compounds of formula V are known or may be prepared by known procedures.

Compounds of formula VI are formed by reacting a compound of formula VIII

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{HN} \\
C \\
\text{NH}_2
\end{array}
\]

where \( T^1 \) is as hereinbefore defined with a compound of formula IX

\[
\begin{array}{c}
\text{C} \\
\text{C} \\
\text{O} \\
\text{O} \\
\text{CH}_3
\end{array}
\]

where \( T^2 \) is as hereinbefore defined. This may be effected using known procedures for reacting amidine with a \( \beta \)-ketoester or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The reaction is conveniently carried out in an organic solvent, for example ethanol, preferably in the presence of an inorganic base sodium hydroxide. Suitable reaction temperatures are from \( 0^\circ \text{C} \) to \( 50^\circ \text{C} \), conveniently room temperature.

Compounds of formula VII are formed by reacting a compound of formula X
where T' is as hereinbefore defined using known procedures for halogenating hydroxy compounds or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The halogenating agent is preferably a combination of a strong Lewis acid e.g. POCl₃ and PCl₅. Suitable reaction temperatures are elevated temperatures, for example reflux temperature.

Compounds of formula VIII or IX are known or may be prepared by known procedures.

Compounds of formula X are formed by reacting a compound of formula VIII

where T' is as hereinbefore defined with a compound of formula XI

This may be effected using known procedures for reacting amidine with a β-ketoester or analogously as hereinafter described in the Examples. The reaction is conveniently carried out in an organic solvent, for example methanol, preferably in the presence of an inorganic base, for example sodium methoxide, and preferably in an inert atmosphere (e.g. under argon). Suitable reaction temperatures are from 10° C to 70° C, but preferably at about 55° C.

The compound of formula XI is known and may be prepared by known procedures.

Compounds of formula I in pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hereinafter referred to alternatively as "agents of the invention", are useful as pharmaceuticals. Accordingly the invention also provides a compound of formula I in pharmaceutically acceptable salt for use as a pharmaceutical. The agents of the invention act as activin-like kinase ("ALK")-5 inhibitors. At least many agents of the invention also act as ALK-4 inhibitors too.

TGF-β1 is the prototypic member of a family of cytokines including the TGF-βs, activins, inhibins, bone morphogenetic proteins and Mullerian-inhibiting substance, that signal through
a family of single transmembrane serine/threonine kinase receptors. These receptors can be divided into two classes, the type I or activin like kinase (ALK) receptors and type II receptors. The ALK receptors are distinguished from the type II receptors in that the ALK receptors (a) lack the serine/threonine rich intracellular tail, (b) possess serine/threonine kinase domains that are very homologous between type I receptors, and (c) share a common sequence motif called the GS domain, consisting of a region rich in glycine and serine residues. The GS domain is at the amino terminal end of the intracellular kinase domain and is critical for activation by the type II receptor. Several studies have shown that TGF-β signalling requires both the ALK and type II receptors. Specifically, the type II receptor phosphorylates the GS domain of the type I receptor for TGF-β, ALK5, in the presence of TGF-β. The ALK5, in turn, phosphorylates the cytoplasmic proteins Smad2 and Smad3 at two carboxy terminal serines. The phosphorylated Smad proteins translocate into the nucleus and activate genes that contribute to the production of extracellular matrix. Therefore, preferred compounds of this invention are selective in that they inhibit the type I receptor.

Activins transduce signals in a manner similar to TGF-β. Activins bind to serine/threonine kinase, the activin type II receptor (ActRIIB), and the activated type II receptor hyperphosphorylates serine/threonine residues in the GS region of the ALK4. The activated ALK4 in turn phosphorylates Smad2 and Smad3. The consequent formation of a hetero-Smad complex with Smad4 results in the activin-induced regulation of gene transcription.


N. Engl. J. Med., 1994; 331(19), 1286-92. In these diseases the levels of TGF-β1 expression coincide with the production of extracellular matrix. Three lines of evidence suggest a causal relationship between TGF-β1 and the production of matrix. First, normal glomeruli, mesangial cells and non-renal cells can be induced to produce extracellular-matrix protein and inhibit protease activity by exogenous TGF-β1 in vitro. Second, neutralizing antibodies against TGF-β1 can prevent the accumulation of extracellular matrix in nephritic rats. Third, TGF-β1 transgenic mice or in vivo transfection of the TGF-β1 gene into normal rat kidneys resulted in the rapid development of glomerulosclerosis. Kopp J.B., et al, Lab. Invest., 1996; 74(6), 991-1003. Thus, inhibition of TGF-β1 activity is indicated as a therapeutic intervention in chronic renal disease.

TGF-β1 and its receptors are increased in injured blood vessels and are indicated in neointima formation following balloon angioplasty Saltis J., et al, Clin. Exp. Pharmacol. Physiol., 1996; 23(3), 193-200. In addition TGF-β1 is a potent stimulator of smooth muscle cell ("SMC") migration in vitro and migration of SMC in the arterial wall is a contributing factor in the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis and restenosis. Moreover, in multivariate analysis of the endothelial cell products against total cholesterol, TGF-β receptor ALK5 correlated with total cholesterol (P < 0.001) Blann A.D., et al, Atherosclerosis, 1996; 120(1-2), 221-6. Furthermore, SMC derived from human atherosclerotic lesions have an increased ALK5/TGF-β type II receptor ratio. Because TGF-β1 is over-expressed in fibroproliferative vascular lesions, receptor- I variant cells would be allowed to grow in a slow, but uncontrolled fashion, while overproducing extracellular matrix components McCaffrey T.A., et al, Jr., J. Clin.; Invest., 1995; 96(6), 2667-75. TGF-β1 was immunolocalized to non-foamy macrophages in atherosclerotic lesions where active matrix synthesis occurs, suggesting that non-foamy macrophages may participate in modulating matrix gene expression in atherosclerotic remodelling via a TGF-β-dependent mechanism. Therefore, inhibiting the action of TGF-β1 on ALK5 is also indicated in atherosclerosis and restenosis.

Liver fibrosis is the result of unbalanced wound healing response to chronic liver injury trigged by a number of agents, such as hepatitis B and hepatitis C virus, alcohol or drugs, and autoimmune diseases. Ultimately, liver fibrosis could lead to life-threatening cirrhosis and liver cancer (see review article by Gressner et al (2006) J. Cell. Mol. Med. 2006, 10(1): 76-99).

Several cellular signaling pathways are known to be altered upon chronic liver injury.
TGFβ signaling, its receptors and associated Smad-signaling proteins are well documented to be present in cell types involved in fibrogenesis. The circulating levels of TGFβ have been found to be elevated in a number of animal models of fibrotic diseases including liver fibrosis. Transgenic mice with overexpression of TGFβ1 develop fibrosis in multiple organs including liver, kidney, lungs and heart. It is apparent that an elevated TGFβ signaling is involved in all types of fibrotic diseases including liver fibrosis. This notion has been further validated in several studies using TGFβ inhibitors in fibrosis models. TGFβ mediates it signal by binding to two ser/thr kinase receptors, TGFβRII and ALK5. Expressing a dominant negative TGFβRII showed beneficial effects in a rat model of dimethylnitrosamine induced liver fibrosis (see Qi et al (1999) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 96: 2345-9 and Nakamura et al (2000) Hepatology 32: 247-55). Inhibiting TGFβ expression using an antisense approach also reduced liver fibrosis induced by bile duct ligation (see Arias et al (2003) BMC Gastroenterol. 3: 29). Recently, a small molecule inhibitor of ALK5, GW6604, when given therapeutically to rat, had significant effect in the treatment of dimethylnitrosamine induced liver fibrosis. It is quite remarkable that GW6604 prevented 40% of the death rate and inhibited extracellular matrix deposition by 60%, a key measurement for fibrosis. Importantly, no obvious side effects were noted during the 3 weeks treatment with GW6604 (see De Gouville et al (2005) Br. J. Pharmacol. 145: 166-77). Taken together these studies suggest that inhibiting TGFβ signaling could be an effective treatment for liver fibrotic diseases.

TGF-β1 is also indicated in wound repair. Neutralizing antibodies to TGF-β1 have been used in a number of models to illustrate that inhibition of TGF-β1 signalling is beneficial in restoring function after injury by limiting excessive scar formation during the healing process. For example, neutralizing antibodies to TGF-β1 and TGF-β2 reduced scar formation and improved the cytoarchitecture of the neoepidermis by reducing the number of monocytes and macrophages as well as decreasing dermal fibronectin and collagen deposition in rats Shah M., J. Cell. Sci., 1995,108, 985-1002. Moreover, TGF-β antibodies also improve healing of corneal wounds in rabbits Moller-Pedersen T., Curr. Eye Res., 1998,17, 736-747, and accelerate wound healing of gastric ulcers in the rat, Ernst H., Gut, 1996, 39, 172-175. These data strongly suggest that limiting the activity of TGF-β would be beneficial in many tissues and suggest that any disease with chronic elevation of TGF-β would benefit by inhibiting Smad2 and Smad3 signalling pathways.

TGF-β is also implicated in peritoneal adhesions Sand G.M., et al, Wound Repair Regeneration, 1999 Nov-Dec, 7(6), 504-510. Therefore, inhibitors of ALK5 would be
beneficial in preventing peritoneal and sub-dermal fibrotic adhesions following surgical procedures.


TGF-β signalling is also implicated in the development of pulmonary disorders, in particular pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary fibrosis (see Morrell NW et al, Altered growth responses of pulmonary artery smooth muscle cells from patients with primary pulmonary hypertension to transforming growth factor-beta(1) and bone morphogenetic proteins Circulation. 2001 Aug 14;104(7):790-5 and Bhatt N et al, Promising pharmacologic innovations in treating pulmonary fibrosis, Curr Opin Pharmacol. 2006 Apr 28).

TGF-β1 levels are increased in animal models of pulmonary hypertension (Mata-Greenwood E et al, Alterations in TGF-beta1 expression in lambs with increased pulmonary blood flow and pulmonary hypertension, Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell Mol. Physiol. 2003 Jul; 285(1):L209-21). Other studies have suggested that pulmonary endothelial cell-derived TGF-β1 can stimulate the growth of pulmonary vascular smooth muscle cells which may underlie the enhanced muscularisation observed in the pulmonary vasculature of individuals with pulmonary hypertension (Sakao S et al, Apoptosis of pulmonary microvascular endothelial cells stimulates vascular smooth muscle cell growth, Am. J. Physiol. Lung Cell Mol. Physiol. 2006 Apr 14). Therefore, inhibiting the action of TGF-β1 on ALK5 is indicated as a therapeutic intervention in pulmonary hypertension.

Additionally, dys-regulated TGF-β signalling has also been implicated in the development of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. Activation of ALK5 results in Smad3-activation and downstream modulation of the expression of genes involved in the fibrotic process such as plasminogen activator inhibitor-1, pro-collagen 3A1, and connective tissue growth factor. The levels of TGF-β1 and its downstream pro-fibrotic mediators have been demonstrated to be up-regulated in bronchoalveolar lavage taken from patients with idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (Hiwatari N et al, Significance of elevated procollagen-III-peptide and transforming growth factor-beta levels of bronchoalveolar lavage fluids from idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis patients,

Transient over-expression of active TGF-β1 in murine lungs, using adenoviral vector-mediated gene transfer, resulted in progressive pulmonary fibrosis in wild-type mice, whereas no fibrosis was seen in the lungs of Smad3 knockout mice up to 28 days following TGF-β1 challenge (Khalil N et al, Differential expression of transforming growth factor-beta type I and II receptors by pulmonary cells in bleomycin-induced lung injury: correlation with repair and fibrosis, Exp. Lung. Res. 2002 Apr-May;28(3):233-50. Thus, inhibition of TGF-β1 activation of ALK5 is also indicated for pulmonary fibrosis.


It follows, therefore, that inhibition of ALK5 and/or ALK4 phosphorylation of Smad2 and Smad3 by the compounds of the present invention can be useful to treat and prevent disorders that involve these signaling pathways.
Activin signalling is also implicated in the development of pulmonary disorders, in particular pulmonary hypertension and pulmonary fibrosis. For example, the expression of activin A in lung samples from patients with interstitial pulmonary fibrosis demonstrated strong expression of activin A on metaplastic epithelium, hyperplastic smooth muscle cells, desquamated cells, and alveolar macrophages. Pulmonary arteries from patients with primary or secondary pulmonary hypertension showed abundant immunoreactive activin A on smooth muscle cells. These findings suggest a potential role for this growth factor, activin A, in the pathogenesis of pulmonary tissue remodeling associated with interstitial pulmonary fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension (Matsuse T et al, Expression of immunoreactive activin A protein in remodeling lesions associated with interstitial pulmonary fibrosis, Am. J. Pathol. 1996 Mar;148(3):707-13). An increase in fibroblasts and associated connective tissue is a feature of pulmonary fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension. Activin A has been demonstrated to modulate human lung fibroblast (HFL1) activity, particularly with respect to proliferation and its differentiation into myofibroblast, thus activin A has potential effects on proliferation of lung fibroblast and its differentiation into myofibroblast, and may contribute to structural remodeling observed in pulmonary fibrosis and hypertension (Ohga E et al, Effects of activin A on proliferation and differentiation of human lung fibroblasts, Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 1996 Nov 12;228(2):391-6). The induction of pulmonary fibrosis mediated by bleomycin challenge in rats results in the up-regulated expression of activin A in macrophages infiltrated in the lung, and was detected in fibroblasts accumulated in the fibrotic area. Administration of follistatin, an antagonist of activin signalling to bleomycin-treated rats significantly reduced the number of macrophages and neutrophils in bronchoalveolar lavage and reduced the protein content. Follistatin markedly reduced the number of infiltrating cells, ameliorated the destruction of lung architecture, and attenuated lung fibrosis (Aoki F et al, Attenuation of bleomycin-induced pulmonary fibrosis by follistatin, Am. J. Respir. Crit. Care Med. 2005 Sep 15;172(6):713-20). Therefore, inhibiting activin signalling via ALK4 inhibition may also be beneficial for the treatment of pulmonary fibrosis and pulmonary hypertension.

It has been demonstrated recently that reduction in TGF-β signalling, through its effector Smad3, enhances the mechanical properties and mineral concentration of the bone matrix, as well as the bone mass, enabling the bone to better resist fracture. These results suggest that reduction of TGF-β signalling could be considered as a therapeutic target to treat bone disorders. (Balooch G, et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U S A. 2005 Dec 27;102(52):18813-8). Thus, inhibition of TGF-β1 activation of ALK5 is also indicated for increasing mineral density strength and content of bone and may be utilized to treat a wide variety of conditions,
including for example, osteopenia, osteoporosis, fractures and other disorders in which low bone mineral density are a hallmark of the disease.

Having regard to their inhibition of ALK-5 and/or ALK-4 receptors, agents of the invention are useful in the treatment of conditions mediated by the ALK-5 and/or ALK-4 receptors. Treatment in accordance with the invention may be symptomatic or prophylactic.

Therefore according to a further aspect, the invention provides the use of a compound defined in the first aspect in the preparation of a medicament for treating or preventing a disease or condition mediated by ALK-5 inhibition or ALK-4 inhibition.

Diseases or condition mediated by ALK-5 inhibition or ALK-4 inhibition include glomerulonephritis, diabetic nephropathy, lupus nephritis, hypertension-induced nephropathy, renal interstitial fibrosis, renal fibrosis resulting from complications of drug exposure, HIV-associated nephropathy, transplant necropathy, liver fibrosis due to all etiologies, hepatic dysfunction attributable to infections, alcohol-induced hepatitis, disorders of the biliary tree, pulmonary fibrosis, pulmonary hypertension, acute lung injury, adult respiratory distress syndrome, idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary disease due to infectious or toxic agents, post-infarction cardiac fibrosis, congestive heart failure, dilated cardiomyopathy, myocarditis, vascular stenosis, restenosis, atherosclerosis, ocular scarring, corneal scarring, proliferative vitreoretinopathy, excessive or hypertrophic scar or keloid formation in the dermis occurring during wound healing resulting from trauma or surgical wounds, peritoneal and sub dermal adhesion, scleroderma, fibrosclerosis, progressive systemic sclerosis, dermatomyositis, polymyositis, arthritis, ulcers, impaired neurological function, male erectile dysfunction, Alzheimer's disease, Raynaud's syndrome, fibrotic cancers, tumor metastasis growth, radiation-induced fibrosis, thrombosis, and bone conditions such as osteopenia and osteoporosis, which are associated with increased calcium depletion or resorption or in which stimulation of bone formation and calcium fixation in the bone is desirable.

Diseases or conditions mediated by ALK-5 inhibition in particular include chronic renal disease, acute renal disease, wound healing, arthritis, osteoporosis, kidney disease, congestive heart failure, inflammatory or obstructive airways diseases, pulmonary hypertension, ulcers (including diabetic ulcers, chronic ulcers, gastric ulcers, and duodenal ulcers), ocular disorders, corneal wounds, diabetic nephropathy, impaired neurological function, Alzheimer's disease,
atherosclerosis, peritoneal and sub-dermal adhesion, any disease wherein fibrosis is a major component, including, but not limited to kidney fibrosis, lung fibrosis and liver fibrosis, for example, hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), alcohol-induced hepatitis, haemochromatosis, primary biliary cirrhosis, restenosis, retroperitoneal fibrosis, mesenteric fibrosis, endometriosis, keloids, cancer, abnormal bone function, inflammatory disorders, scarring and photaging of the skin.

Inflammatory or obstructive airways diseases to which the present invention is applicable include asthma of whatever type or genesis including both intrinsic (non-allergic) asthma and extrinsic (allergic) asthma. Treatment of asthma is also to be understood as embracing treatment of subjects, e.g. of less than 4 or 5 years of age, exhibiting wheezing symptoms and diagnosed or diagnosable as “wheezy infants”, an established patient category of major medical concern and now often identified as incipient or early-phase asthmatics. (For convenience this particular asthmatic condition is referred to as “wheezy-infant syndrome”.)

Prophylactic efficacy in the treatment of asthma will be evidenced by reduced frequency or severity of symptomatic attack, e.g. of acute asthmatic or bronchoconstrictor attack, improvement in lung function or improved airways hyperreactivity. It may further be evidenced by reduced requirement for other, symptomatic therapy, i.e. therapy for or intended to restrict or abort symptomatic attack when it occurs, for example anti-inflammatory (e.g. corticosteroid) or bronchodilatory. Prophylactic benefit in asthma may in particular be apparent in subjects prone to “morning dipping”. “Morning dipping” is a recognised asthmatic syndrome, common to a substantial percentage of asthmatics and characterised by asthma attack, e.g. between the hours of about 4 to 6 am, i.e. at a time normally substantially distant from any previously administered symptomatic asthma therapy.

Other inflammatory or obstructive airways diseases and conditions to which the present invention is applicable include adult/acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), chronic obstructive pulmonary or airways disease (COPD or COAD), including chronic bronchitis, or dyspnea associated therewith, emphysema, as well as exacerbation of airways hyperreactivity consequent to other drug therapy, in particular other inhaled drug therapy. The invention is also applicable to the treatment of bronchitis of whatever type or genesis including, e.g., acute, arachidic, catarrhal, croupus, chronic or phthindon bronchitis. Further inflammatory or obstructive airways diseases to which the present invention is applicable include pneumoconiosis (an inflammatory, commonly occupational, disease of the lungs, frequently
accompanied by airways obstruction, whether chronic or acute, and occasioned by repeated inhalation of dusts) of whatever type or genesis, including, for example, aluminosis, anthracosis, asbestosis, chalicosis, ptalosis, siderosis, silicosis, tabacosis and byssinosis.

Preferably the disease or condition mediated by ALK-5 inhibition or ALK-4 inhibition is pulmonary hypertension, pulmonary fibrosis, liver fibrosis or osteoporosis.

Pulmonary hypertension to be treated in accordance with the invention includes primary pulmonary hypertension (PPH); secondary pulmonary hypertension (SPH); familial PPH; sporadic PPH; precapillary pulmonary hypertension; pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH); pulmonary artery hypertension; idiopathic pulmonary hypertension; thrombotic pulmonary arteriopathy (TPA); plexogenic pulmonary arteriopathy; functional classes I to IV pulmonary hypertension; and pulmonary hypertension associated with, related to, or secondary to, left ventricular dysfunction, mitral valvular disease, constrictive pericarditis, aortic stenosis, cardiomyopathy, mediastinal fibrosis, anomalous pulmonary venous drainage, pulmonary venoocclusive disease, collagen vascular disease, congenital heart disease, HIV virus infection, drugs and toxins such as fenfluramines, congenital heart disease, pulmonary venous hypertension, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, sleep-disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorder, chronic exposure to high altitude, neonatal lung disease, alveolar-capillary dysplasia, sickle cell disease, other coagulation disorder, chronic thromboemboli, connective tissue disease, lupus, schistosomiasis, sarcoidosis or pulmonary capillary hemangiomatosis.

Pulmonary hypertension to be treated in accordance with the invention is most particularly pulmonary hypertension associated with disorders of the respiratory system and/or hypoxemia, including chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, sleep-disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, chronic exposure to high altitude, neonatal lung disease and alveolar-capillary dysplasia, but especially chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

Lung fibrosis includes idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis in particular.

Compounds of the present may also be used to treat muscle diseases including muscular atrophies (e.g. disuse), muscular dystrophies (e.g. Duchenne's Muscle Dystrophy, Becker's Muscle Dystrophy, Limb-Girdle Muscle Dystrophy, Facioscapulohumeral Dystrophy), sarcopenia and cachexia.
Treatment of muscular diseases such as muscle atrophies and dystrophies is a largely unmet medical need. There are only few compounds approved for the use in assorted muscle disorders, mainly in the area of cancer-induced and HIV muscle wasting or cachexia, and a few more drugs are used off-label for these indications. In addition, most of these drugs only address the weight loss and do not specifically affect muscular growth and function. There is therefore a need for effective therapies to treat functional impairments associated with muscle diseases related to cachexia (e.g. in cancer, HIV and COPD), disuse atrophy, sarcopenia and dystrophy.


Moreover, mature myostatin has been shown to act via activin type IIb and activin receptor like kinase (ALK) receptors in adipocytes (Rebbarpragada et al (2003) Mol. Cell. Biol. 23: 1-12).
7230-7242). However, respective findings in skeletal muscle cells are not described. Myostatin is believed to inhibit differentiation and cause atrophy via ALK signaling. Moreover, inhibition of ALK signaling promotes skMC differentiation and causes skMC hypertrophy.

Osteoporosis is a systemic skeletal disorder characterized by low bone mass and micro-architectural deterioration of bone tissue, with a consequent increase in bone fragility and susceptibility to fracture. The osteoporotic syndrome is multi-faceted, encompassing primary disorders such as postmenopausal or age-related osteoporosis, and secondary conditions that accompany disease states or medications. The mechanical properties and composition of bone matrix, along with bone mass and architecture, are critical determinants of a bone's ability to resist fracture.

Thus in a further aspect the invention includes a method for preventing or treating bone conditions which are associated with increased calcium depletion or resorption or in which stimulation of bone formation and calcium fixation in the bone is desirable in which an effective amount of a compound of formula I as defined above, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable and -cleavable ester, or acid addition salt thereof is administered to a patient in need of such treatment.

In a yet further aspect the invention includes a pharmaceutical composition for preventing or treating bone conditions which are associated with increased calcium depletion or resorption or in which stimulation of bone formation and calcium fixation in the bone is desirable comprising a compound of formula I as defined above, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable and -cleavable ester, or acid addition salt thereof, in admixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, diluent or carrier.

The compounds of the Examples herein below generally have IC_{50} values below 2 μM, and mostly below 1 μM. For instance, the compounds of Examples 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.6, 1.15, 1.23, 1.29, 1.42, 1.48, 1.62, 1.77, 1.82, 2.2, 2.17, 2.31, 2.69, 2.70, and 2.71 have IC_{50} values of 0.1, 0.03, 0.06, 0.02, 0.79, 0.57, 0.37, 0.31, 0.08, 0.15, 0.18, 0.10, 0.02, 0.08, 0.91, 0.42, 0.01 and 0.04 μM respectively.

The kinase activity of ALK5 is assessed by measuring radiolabelled phosphate [33P] incorporation into the generic substrate, casein. The kinase domain of human ALK5 (amino acids 200-503) is fused to an N-terminal histidine tag. The kinase activity of ALK5 is rendered
constitutive via point mutation at amino acid 204 (threonine to aspartate modification, ALK5 T204D) and the kinase construct is engineered to be expressed from a baculovirus expression construct in insect cells. The purified, recombinantly-expressed histidine-tagged ALK5 T204D protein is dissolved at 5.4 mg/ml in 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 150 mM NaCl, 5 mM DTT. ALK5 T204D is dissolved to 2.5 μg/ml in assay buffer (Assay buffer: 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 10 mM MgCl₂, 2 mM MnCl₂) on the day of use.

Test compounds and reference compounds are dissolved in assay buffer without DTT containing 5% (v/v) DMSO. Stock solutions of test and reference compounds are diluted in assay buffer with DTT (1.25 mM) containing 4.5% (v/v) DMSO. 10 μl of test or reference compound are added to the appropriate wells of 96 well U-bottomed plate. Total enzyme activity is determined by measuring ALK5 T204D activity in the absence of ALK5 kinase inhibitor reference compounds. Non-specific binding (NSB) is determined by measuring the activity of ALK5 T204D in the presence of ALK5 kinase inhibitor reference compounds. 10 μl of dephosphorylated casein stock solution (dephosphorylated casein is dissolved in ddH₂O at 20 mg/ml) is added per well (200 μg/well final assay concentration). 20 μl of ALK5 T204D (2.5 μg/ml solution) is added per well (50 ng/well final assay concentration). The plates are left to incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes.

10 μl of ATP mix is added to the well to initiate the reaction (0.66 nM [³¹P]ATP/1 μM unlabelled ATP/well final assay concentration). The ATP mix is prepared as follows, unlabelled ATP (3 mM) is dissolved in ddH₂O and pH adjusted to 7.4. The stock concentration of [³¹P]ATP is 10 μCi/μl. The appropriate volume of [³¹P]ATP is added to unlabelled ATP solution such that the final assay concentration per well is 0.1 μCi. Following addition of the ATP mix, the plates are incubated at room temperature for 50 minutes. The kinase reaction is terminated by the addition of 50 μL Stop Buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.4, 10 mM EDTA).

75 μl/well from the reaction plate is transferred to a Multiscreen-IP plate (MultiScreen-IP plates are prepared by added 50 μL of 70% (v/v) ethanol per well and incubated for 5 minutes at room temperature. The ethanol is removed by aspiration via a MultiScreen HTS Vaccum Manifold unit (Millipore, Cat no: MSVMHT500). The plates are washed twice by adding 200 μl/well ddH₂O). The MultiScreen-IP plate is incubated at room temperature for 30 minutes to allowing binding of casein to the plate. The MultiScreen-IP plates are washed three times by adding 200 μl/well 100 mM phosphoric acid solution and the gasket is carefully removed from the back of the MultiScreen-IP plate and the plate dried in the oven for 30 minutes. The
MultiScreen-IP plate is backsealed, 50 µL of Microscint™ 20 is added, then the plates are topsealed and radiolabelled casein detected and quantified on a TopCount™ plate-reader using the 3²P scintillation protocol.

The agents of the invention are also useful as co-therapeutic agents for use in combination with other drug substances such as anti-inflammatory, bronchodilatory, antihistamine, decongestant or anti-tussive drug substances, particularly in the treatment of obstructive or inflammatory airways diseases such as those mentioned hereinbefore, for example as potentiators of therapeutic activity of such drugs or as a means of reducing required dosaging or potential side effects of such drugs. An agent of the invention may be mixed with one or more other drug substances in a fixed pharmaceutical composition or it may be administered separately, before, simultaneously with or after the other drug substance(s).

Such anti-inflammatory drugs include steroids, in particular glucocorticosteroids such as budesonide, beclamethasone, fluticasone, ciclesonide or mometasone, or steroids described in WO 02/88167, WO 02/12266, WO 02/100879 or WO 02/00679 (especially those of Examples 3, 11, 14, 17, 19, 26, 34, 37, 39, 51, 60, 67, 72, 73, 90, 99 and 101), and non-steroidal steroid agonists such as those described in WO 00/00531, WO 02/10143, WO 03/82280, WO 03/82787, WO 03/104195 and WO 04/05229; LTB4 antagonists such as BIIL 284, CP-195543, DPC11870, LTB4 ethanolamide, LY 293111, LY 255283, CGS025019C, CP-195543, ONO-4057, SB 209247 and SC-53228, and those described in US 5451700 and WO 04/108720; LTD4 antagonists such as montelukast, pranlukast, zafirlukast, accolate, SR2640, Wy-48,252, ICI 198615, MK-571, LY-171883, Ro 24-5913 and L-648051; dopamine receptor agonists such as cabergoline, bromocriptine, ropinirole and 4-hydroxy-7-[2-[[3-(2-phenyl-ethoxy)-propyl]-sulfonyl]ethyl][amino]ethyl]-2(3H)-benzothiazolone and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof (the hydrochloride being Viozan® - AstraZeneca); PDE4 inhibitors such as cilomilast (Ariflo® GlaxoSmithKline), Roflumilast (Byk Gulden), V-11294A (Napp), BAY19-8004 (Bayer), SCH-351591 (Schering-Plough), Arofylline (Almirall Prodesfarma), PD189659 / PD168787 (Parke-Davis), AWD-12-281 (Asta Medica), CDC-801 (Cegene), SelCID(TM) CC-10004 (Cegene), VM554/UM565 (Vernalis), T-440 (Tanabe), KW-4490 (Kyowa Hakko Kogyo) and GRC 3886 (Oglemilst, Glenmark), and those described in WO 92/19594, WO 93/19749, WO 93/19750, WO 93/19751, WO 98/18796, WO 99/16766, WO 01/13953, WO 03/39544, WO 03/104204, WO 03/104205, WO 04/00814, WO 04/00839 and WO 04/05258 (Merck), WO 04/18450, WO 04/18451, WO 04/18457, WO 04/18465, WO 04/18431, WO 04/18449, WO 04/18450, WO 04/18451, WO 04/18457, WO 04/18465,

Such bronchodilatory drugs include beta-2 adrenoceptor agonists. Suitable beta-2 adrenoceptor agonists include albuterol (salbutamol), metaproterenol, terbutaline, salmeterol fenoterol, procaterol, and especially, formoterol, carmoterol and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and compounds (in free or salt or solvate form) of formula I of WO 00/75114, which document is incorporated herein by reference, preferably compounds of the Examples thereof, especially a compound of formula

![Chemical Structure](image)

WO 05/65650, WO 05/66140, WO 05/70908, WO 05/74924, WO 05/77361, WO 05/90288, WO 05/92860, WO 05/92887, WO 05/90287, WO 05/95328, WO 05/102350, WO 06/56471, WO 06/74897 or WO 06/8173.


Suitable antihistaminic/anti-allergic drug substances include acetaminophen, activastine, astemizole, azelastin, baminip, cetirizine hydrochloride, cexchlorpheniramine, chlorphenexamine, clemastine fumarate, desloratidine, dimenhydrinate, dimetinden, diphenhydramine, doxylamine, ebastine, emedastin, epinastine, fexofenadine hydrochloride, ketotifen, levocabastin, loratidine, meclizine, mizolastine, pheniramine, promethazone and tefenadine, as well as those disclosed in JP 2004107299, WO 03/099807 and WO 04/026841 (including any pharmacologically acceptable acid addition salts thereof which may exist).

According to a further embodiment of the invention, the agents of the invention may be employed as adjunct or adjuvant to other therapy, e.g. a therapy using a bone resorption inhibitor, for example as in osteoporosis therapy, in particular a therapy employing calcium, a caleiron or an analogue or derivative thereof, e.g. salmon, eel or human calcitonin, a steroid hormone, e.g. an estrogen, a partial estrogen agonist or estrogen-gestagen combination, a SERM (Selective Estrogen Receptor Modulator) e.g. raloxifene, lasofoxifene, TSE-424, FC1271, Tibolone (Livial A), vitamin D or an analog thereof or PTH, a PTH fragment or a PTH derivative e.g. PTH (1-84), PTH (1-34), PTH (1-36), PTH (1-38), PTH (1-31)NH2 or PTS 893.

In accordance with the foregoing, the present invention also provides a method for the treatment of an obstructive or inflammatory airways disease which comprises administering to
a subject, particularly a human subject, in need thereof a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, as hereinbefore described. In another aspect, the invention provides a compound of formula I, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, as hereinbefore described for use in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of an obstructive or inflammatory airways disease.

The agents of the invention may be administered by any appropriate route, e.g. orally, for example in the form of a tablet or capsule; parenterally, for example intravenously; topically to the skin, for example in the treatment of psoriasis; intranasally, for example in the treatment of hay fever; or, preferably, by inhalation, particularly in the treatment of obstructive or inflammatory airways diseases. In particular, the agents of the invention may be delivered as an inhalable formulation for the treatment of COPD and asthma.

In a further aspect, the invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula I in free form or in the form of a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, optionally together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier therefor. Such compositions may be prepared using conventional diluents or excipients and techniques known in the galenic art. Thus oral dosage forms may include tablets and capsules. Formulations for topical administration may take the form of creams, ointments, gels or transdermal delivery systems, e.g. patches. Compositions for inhalation may comprise aerosol or other atomizable formulations or dry powder formulations.

Where the inhalable form of the active ingredient is an aerosol composition, the inhalation device may be an aerosol vial provided with a valve adapted to deliver a metered dose, such as 10 to 100 μl, e.g. 25 to 50 μl, of the composition, i.e. a device known as a metered dose inhaler. Suitable such aerosol vials and procedures for containing within them aerosol compositions under pressure are well known to those skilled in the art of inhalation therapy. For example, an aerosol composition may be administered from a coated can, for example as described in EP-A-0642992. Where the inhalable form of the active ingredient is a nebulizable aqueous, organic or aqueous/organic dispersion, the inhalation device may be a known nebulizer, for example a conventional pneumatic nebulizer such as an airjet nebulizer, or an ultrasonic nebulizer, which may contain, for example, from 1 to 50 ml, commonly 1 to 10 ml, of the dispersion; or a hand-held nebulizer, sometimes referred to as a soft mist or soft spray inhaler, for example an electronically controlled device such as an AERx (Aradigm, US) or Aerodose (Aerogen), or a mechanical device such as a RESPIMAT (Boehringer Ingelheim)
nebulizer which allows much smaller nebulized volumes, e.g. 10 to 100 µl, than conventional nebulizers. Where the inhalable form of the active ingredient is the finely divided particulate form, the inhalation device may be, for example, a dry powder inhalation device adapted to deliver dry powder from a capsule or blister containing a dry powder comprising a dosage unit of (A) and/or (B) or a multidose dry powder inhalation (MDPI) device adapted to deliver, for example, 3-25 mg of dry powder comprising a dosage unit of (A) and/or (B) per actuation. The dry powder composition preferably contains a diluent or carrier, such as lactose, and a compound that helps to protect against product performance deterioration due to moisture e.g. magnesium stearate. Suitable such dry powder inhalation devices include devices disclosed in US 3991761 (including the AEROLIZER™ device), WO 05/113042, WO 97/20589 (including the CERTIHALER™ device), WO 97/30743 (including the TWISTHALER™ device) and WO 05/37353 (including the GYROHALER™ device).

The invention also includes (A) a compound of formula I as hereinbefore described in free form, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or solvate thereof, in inhalable form; (B) an inhalable medicament comprising such a compound in inhalable form together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier in inhalable form; (C) a pharmaceutical product comprising such a compound in inhalable form in association with an inhalation device; and (D) an inhalation device containing such a compound in inhalable form.

Dosages of agents of the invention employed in practising the present invention will of course vary depending, for example, on the particular condition to be treated, the effect desired and the mode of administration. In general, suitable daily dosages for administration by inhalation are of the order of 0.0001 to 30 mg/kg, typically 0.01 to 10 mg per patient, while for oral administration suitable daily doses are of the order of 0.01 to 100 mg/kg.

The invention is illustrated by the following Examples.
EXAMPLES

Especially preferred compounds of the present invention include compounds of formula XII

![Chemical Structure XIII](image)

where T¹, T² and T³ are as shown in Table 1 and 2 below. The method of preparation being described hereinafter.

**TABLE 1**

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<td>T^3</td>
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<td>$T^3$</td>
<td>[M+H]$^+$</td>
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Preparation of final compounds

General Conditions: Mass spectra are run on an open access Waters 600/ZQ HPLC/Mass Spectrometer system using electrospray ionization. [M+H]⁺ refers to mono-isotopic molecular weights. Unless otherwise stated, all starting materials are obtained from commercial suppliers and used without further purification.

Abbreviations used have the following meanings: DCM is dichloromethane, DIPEA is N,N-diisopropylethylamine, DME is dimethylethylene glycol, DMF is dimethylformamide, Et₃N is triethylamine, EtOAc is ethyl acetate, EtOH is ethanol, H₂O is water, HPLC is high performance chromatography, iPrOH is iso-propanol, K₂CO₃ is potassium carbonate, MeCN is acetonitrile, MeOH is methanol, MgSO₄ is magnesium sulphate, NaBH(OAc)₃ is sodium triacetoxyborohydride, NaOH is sodium hydroxide, NaOME is sodium methoxide, NH₃ is ammonia, NMP is N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, Pd is palladium, PdCl₂(dppf).DCM is [1,1-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-ferrocenyl]dichloropalladium(II) complex with dichloromethane, SCX-2 is strong cation exchange, TFA is trifluoroacetic acid, and THF is tetrahydrofuran.

Example 1.1
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine
A solution of 4-chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate A) (1 eq, 0.2 g), C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (1.1 eq, 0.12 g) and K₂CO₃ (3 eq, 0.308 g) in NMP (6 ml) is heated using microwave radiation at 120°C for 1 hour. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is partitioned between EtOAc/water and the organic portion is separated, washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is purified by mass directed preparative HPLC eluting with acetonitrile in water – 0.1% TFA and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue is loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and dried under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]⁺ = 379.

Example 1.2
[2-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine
4-Chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate A) (1 eq, 50 mg) in NMP (1 ml) is treated with 2-(1H-indol-4-yl)-ethylamine (1.1 eq, 33 mg) followed by K₂CO₃ (5 eq, 178 mg). The reaction mixture is heated using microwave radiation at 120°C for 45 minutes. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is partitioned between EtOAc/water and the organic portion is separated, washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude
residue is purified by reverse phase column chromatography (Isolute™ C18, 0-100% acetonitrile in water – 0.1% TFA) and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue is loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and dried under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]^+ = 393.

Example 1.3

[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine

A solution of 4-chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate D) (1 eq, 50 mg), 3-(2-aminoethyl)indole (1.0 eq, 28.3 mg) and K₂CO₃ (1.0 eq, 24.4 mg) in NMP (1 ml) is heated using microwave radiation at 120° C for 1 hour. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is partitioned between EtOAc/water and the organic portion is separated, washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is purified by flash chromatography on silica eluting with 0-5% MeOH in DCM and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue is dissolved in MeOH and loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and the residue is dissolved in DCM and concentrated in vacuo once again. The resulting solid is dried under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]^+ = 407.

Example 1.4

4-[2-[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-ethyl]-phenol

A solution of 4-chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate D) (1 eq, 40 mg), 4-(2-amino-ethyl)-phenol (1.0 eq, 19.4 mg) and K₂CO₃ (2.0 eq, 39 mg) in NMP (1 ml) is heated using microwave radiation at 120° C for 1 hour. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is partitioned between DCM/water and the organic portion is separated and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is purified by reverse phase column chromatography (Isolute™ C18, 0-30% acetonitrile in water – 0.1% TFA) and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue is dissolved in MeOH and loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and the residue is dissolved in DCM and concentrated in vacuo once again. The resulting solid is dried under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]^+ = 384.

Example 1.5

4-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol
4-Chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate A) (1 eq, 0.74 mmol, 200 mg) and 4-(2-amino-ethyl)-phenol (1.2 eq, 0.89 mmol, 123 mg) are dissolved in iPrOH (3 ml). Then DIPEA (2 eq, 1.49 mmol, 196 mg) is added and the resulting mixture is heated using microwave radiation at 130°C for 20 min. The solvent is removed in vacuo and the crude residue is purified by flash chromatography eluting with 0-5% MeOH in DCM yielding the title compound [M+H]^+ = 370.

Examples 1.6 to 1.82

These examples namely,

[2-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(1H-Indazol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(2-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(7-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(2,3-Dihydro-benzofuran-7-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(6-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Pyridin-2-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-pyridin-3-yl-6-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Pyridin-3-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(2-Methyl-1-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(1H-Indol-3-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(3-Phenoxy-benzyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-1-o-tolyl-ethanol,
2-Methyl-3-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indole-5-carbonitrile,
1-Piperazin-1-yl-3-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-propan-1-one,
(1H-Indol-2-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(6-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(6-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indol-6-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Indol-1-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(5-Methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Pyrazin-2-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Benzenesulfonyl-ethyl)-(2-pyridin-2-yl-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(S)-1-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-3-ol,
(R)-1-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-3-ol,
1-[5-Methoxy-3-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-indol-1-yl]-
ethanol,
[2-(7-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Morpholin-4-yl-pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(5-Cyclopropyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(4-Chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
1-Pyridin-2-yl-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethanol,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-3-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-ethyl]-phenol,
2-Methyl-3-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
(2-Benzimidazol-1-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-propyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-7-ol,
[2-(4-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-4-ol,
[3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yl]-methanol,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ylamine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-6-ol,
4-[1-Hydroxy-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
2-Propyl-4-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
4-[6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
2-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
[3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-propyl]-phenyl]-methanol,
[3-[1H-Pyrazol-3-yl]-phenyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Morpholin-2-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(5-Methyl-isoxazol-3-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
N-[3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yl]-methanesulfonamide,
3-[1-Methyl-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(1-Methanesulfonyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Methyl-1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-[(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl phenol,
(1H-Indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1-Methyl-1H-indol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
Benzyl-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(4-Methoxy-benzyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Benzofuran-3-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indazol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-6-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
2-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-6-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
and
[2-(6-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine
are prepared from either 4-chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate A),
4-chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate D) or 4-chloro-2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate H) analogously to Example 1.1 by replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine with the appropriate amine.

Example 2.1
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(2-pyridin-2-yl-[4,5']bipyrimidinyl-6-yl)-amine trifluoroacetate
Step 1: (6-Chloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl) [2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-amine:
4,6-Dichloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate F) (1 eq, 8.85 mmol, 2.0 g) and 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylamine (1 eq, 8.85 mmol, 1.42 g) are dissolved in iPrOH (10 ml). DIPEA (2 eq, 17.7 mmol, 2.29 g) is added and the resulting mixture is heated using microwave radiation at 130°C for 20 min. The reaction mixture is added to water and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers are washed with brine, dried (MgSO4), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is crystallised from EtOAc giving the title compound [M+H]+ = 350.
Step 2: [2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-pyridin-2-yl]-{4,S}bipyrimidinyl-6-yl]-amine trifluoroacetate:
Under an argon atmosphere (6-chloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-amine (1 eq, 0.57 mmol, 200 mg) and 5-pyrimidinylboronic acid (2 eq, 1.14 mmol, 142 mg) are dissolved in MeCN (2 ml). Tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium (0.05 eq, 0.029 mmol, 34 mg) and 2M Na₂CO₃ (4 eq, 2.3 mmol, 1.1 ml) are added and the resulting mixture is heated using microwave radiation at 150°C for 20 min. The reaction mixture is added to water and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers are dried (MgSO₄), filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is purified by reverse phase chromatography affording the title compound [M+H]⁺ = 394.

Example 2.2
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[6-(5methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine

Step 1: 6-Chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(1H-indol-4-ylmethyl)-amine:
A solution of 4,6-dichloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine (Intermediate E) (1eq, 0.417 mmol, 0.1 g) and C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (1 eq, 0.417 mmol, 61 mg) and K₂CO₃ (1eq, 0.417 mmol, 58 mg) in NMP (1 ml) is heated using microwave radiation at 120°C C for 1 hour. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture is partitioned between DCM/water and the organic portion is separated and concentrated in vacuo. The crude brown oil is purified by flash chromatography on silica eluting with 100% DCM and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting oil is dissolved in MeOH and loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and the residue is dissolved in DCM and concentrated in vacuo once again. The resulting solid is dried under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]⁺ = 350/352.

Step 2: (1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[6-(5methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine:
A solution of 5-methoxypyridine-3-boronic acid pinacolester (1.2 eq, 0.24 mmol, 56.4 mg) in DME (1 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon is treated with 2M sodium carbonate (2eq, 0.4 mmol, 0.2 ml) and then stirred at room temperature for 15 minutes. To this mixture is added [6-chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl)-(1H-indol-4-ylmethyl)-amine (1 eq, 0.2 mmol, 70 mg) followed by PdCl₂(dppf).DCM (0.1 eq, 0.02 mmol, 16.3 mg) and the reaction mixture is heated at 80°C for 90 minutes. The mixture is dissolved in DCM and washed with water. The solvent is removed in vacuo and the crude product is purified by reverse phase
column chromatography and the appropriate fractions are combined and concentrated in 
vacuo. The resulting residue is loaded onto a SCX-2 cartridge eluting with MeOH followed by 
2M NH₃ in MeOH. The methanolic ammonia fractions are concentrated in vacuo and dried 
under vacuum to afford the title compound [M+H]+ = 423.

Examples 2.3 and 2.4
These compounds namely, [2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-
pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine and [2-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-[6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-
2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine are prepared analogously to Example 2.2 by 
replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (step 1) with the appropriate amine.

Example 2.5
[6-(3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazol-4-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-
ethyl]-amine
This compound is prepared analogously to Example 2.2 by replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-
methylamine (step 1) with 2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethylamine and by replacing 5-methoxypyridine-3-
boronic acid pinacolester (step 2) with the appropriate boronic ester.

Examples 2.6 to 2.9
These examples namely,
2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-(5-phenyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
5-[6-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethylamino]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinonitrile,
5-[6-[1(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-amino]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinonitrile,
are prepared from 4,6-dichloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate F) analogously to 
Example 2.2 by replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (step 1) with the appropriate amine 
and by replacing 5-methoxypyridine-3-boronic acid pinacolester (step 2) with the appropriate 
boronic acid.

Example 2.10
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine
A solution of 5-[6-[1(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-amino]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinonitrile 
(Ex. 2.9) (50 mg, 0.124 mmol) in DME (2 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon is treated 
with trimethylsilyl azide (5 eq, 70 mg, 0.248) and dibutyltin oxide (0.3 eq, 9.3 mg). The 
resulting mixture is heated at reflux for 4 hours and then allowed to cool to room temperature.
On cooling, a solid precipitates which is collected by filtration, washed with MeOH and dried *in vacuo* at 40° C overnight to afford the title compound [M+H]+ = 447.

**Examples 2.11 to 2.67**

These compounds namely,

5-[6-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethylamino]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinic acid ethyl ester,
[6-(3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazol-4-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethylamine,
[4-(5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone,
[6-(5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-amine,
[6-(5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
N-(3-[5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-methane sulfonamide,
3-([6-(5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-methyl)-phenol,
(1H-Indol-4-yI)ethyl]-[6-(5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Benzyl-[6-(5-(3methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Cyclopropyl-[6-(5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Ethyl-[6-(5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-(5-(4morpholin-4-yI)ethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-(5-(3-morpholin-4-yI)-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[4-5(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[6-[5-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[6-(5-(3-Ethoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[6-(5-(3-Methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
3-[5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-benzenesulfonamide,
[6-(5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-(5methyl-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[6-(5-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[6-(5-(2-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
Methyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[4-[(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[3-[(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
[3-[(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[6-[(5-(3-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-[(5-(4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(6-[[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
(6-[[3-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
3-[(6-(Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
4-[(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
3-[(6-[(5-(3-Morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[(2-Pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[(6-[(3-Morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[(2-Pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
(4-[(6-[(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
3-[(6-[(4-Morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[(6-[(4-Methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-lamino]-methyl]-phenol,
(3-[(6-[(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone,
3-[(6-{5-[3-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-methyl]-phenol,
3-[(6-{5-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-methyl]-phenol,
{3-[5-(6-Benzylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-morpholin-4-yl}-methyl-
Benzyl-(6-{5-[4-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl-
amine,
{4-[5-(6-Benzylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl}-(4-methyl-piperazin-
1-yl)-methanone,
Benzyl-(6-{5-[3-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl-
amine,
Benzyl-[6-{5-[3-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Benzyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-{5-[3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Benzyl-(6-{5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl-
amine,
Benzyl-(6-{5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-
4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-(6-{5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl-
amine,
Methyl-{6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-ylmethyl}-
4-yl]-amine,
3-{[6-{5-[4-(Methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-
ylamo-no]-methyl}-phenol, and
3-{[6-{5-[4-Piperidin-1-yl-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl}.
phenol are prepared from 4,6-dichloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine (Intermediate F) analogously
to Example 2.2 by replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (step 1) with the appropriate
amine (step 1) and by replacing 5-methoxy-pyridine-3-boronic acid pinacolester (step 2) with the
appropriate boronic acid.

Examples 2.68 and 2.94
These examples namely,
{6-[5-{4-(Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
{6-[5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
3-[(6-{5-[3-Methoxy-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino}]-
methyl]-phenol,
3-[[6-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
[6-[5-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[6-[5-(2-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
[6-[5-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
[6-[5-[3-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydropyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydropyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-benzene-sulfonamide,
[6-[5-(3-Methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
Benzyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl]-phenol,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-
pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-(4-
methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-
yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine and
Methyl-[6-[5-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-
yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine are prepared from 4,6-dichloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine
(Intermediate E) analogously to Example 2.2 by replacing C-(1H-indol-4-yl)-methylamine (step
1) with the appropriate amine (step 1) and by replacing 5-methoxypyridine-3-boronic acid
pinacolester with the appropriate boronic acid.

Preparation of intermediate compounds

Intermediate A

4-Chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine

Step 1: 6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-3H-pyrimidin-4-one:

Pyridine-2-carboxamide (1.2 eq, 3.76 g) in water (13 ml) is treated slowly with a solution of
NaOH (1.5 eq, 1.6 g) in water (5 ml). Ethyl-3-pyridoyl acetate (1 eq, 3.76 g) in EtOH (5 ml) is
then added slowly and the resulting mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight. The
suspension that results is collected by filtration and washed with a minimal volume of water
(approx. 5 ml). The solid is dried in a vacuum oven to give the titled compound [M+H]+ = 251.

Step 2: 4-Chloro-6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine:

To 6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-3H-pyrimidin-4-one (1eq, 0.26 mmol, 0.035 g) under inert
atmosphere, is added dropwise phosphorus oxychloride (15 eq, 3.9mmol, 0.36 ml) followed by
cautious addition of phosphorus pentachloride (1eq, 0.26 mmol, 0.054 g). After 4 hours at
reflux, the reaction mixture is added slowly to ice/water. The pH is adjusted to pH 7 using
NaHCO3 and the aqueous portion is extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts are
separated, washed with brine, dried (MgSO4) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product is
purified by flash chromatography eluting with 0-100% MeOH in DCM to afford 4-chloro-6-
pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine as a white solid; [M+H]+ = 269/271.
Intermediate B

6-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine

Step 1: N-Methoxy-6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine:
To a solution of 6-methyl-2-pyridinecarbonitrile (1 eq, 42.3 mmol, 5.00 g) in dry MeOH (20 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon is added 0.5M sodium methoxide in MeOH (1.1 eq, 46.6 mmol, 93.1 ml) The reaction mixture is stirred at room temperature overnight and then concentrated in vacuo. The residue is dissolved in DCM and washed with water. The organic portion is dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo to afford the title compound as an orange solid; [M+H]⁺ = 151.

Step 2: 6-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine:
To a solution of N-Methoxy-6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (1 eq, 32.9 mmol, 4.94 g) in EtOH (40 ml) and water (10 ml) at room temperature is added ammonium chloride (1 eq, 32.9 mmol, 1.76 g). The resulting mixture is heated to 80° C for 4 hours and then allowed to cool to room temperature overnight. The solvent is removed in vacuo to afford the title compound which is used in subsequent steps without further purification. [2M+H]⁺ = 271

Intermediate C

3-Methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine
This compound is prepared analogously to Intermediate B by replacing 6-methyl-2-pyridinecarbonitrile with 3-methyl-pyridine-2-carbonitrile

Intermediate D

4-Chloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-y1-pyrimidine
This compound is prepared analogously to Intermediate A by replacing pyridine-2-carboxamide (step 1) with 6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (Intermediate B); [M+H]⁺ = 283.

Intermediate E

4,6-Dichloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine

Step 1: 2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine-4,6-diol:
A solution of 6-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (Intermediate B) (1.2 eq, 8.23 mmol, 1.41 g) in MeOH (5 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon, at room temperature is treated with dimethyl malonate (1 eq, 6.86 mmol, 1.04 ml) and 0.5 M sodium methoxide in MeOH (3eq, 20.6 mmol, 41.2 ml). The resulting mixture is heated at reflux overnight and then allowed to cool to room temperature. Silica is added and the solvent is removed in vacuo. Purification by flash chromatography eluting with 0-5% MeOH in DCM affords the title compound as a pale yellow solid; [M+H]⁺ = 204/205.
Step 2: 4,6-Dichloro-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine:
2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidine-4,6-diol (1 eq, 4.23 mmol, 859 mg) under an inert atmosphere of argon, is treated with phosphorus oxychloride (10 eq, 42.3 mmol, 3.87 ml) followed by phosphorus pentachloride (1 eq, 4.23 mmol, 879 mg) at room temperature. The resulting yellow suspension is heated at 105°C for 6 hours and then allowed to cool to room temperature. Once cool, the mixture is added dropwise to ice water. The pH is adjusted to pH 7 using NaHCO₃ and the aqueous portion is extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic extracts are washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residue is dry loaded onto silica and purification by flash chromatography eluting with 100% DCM affords the title compound as a brown solid; [M+H]+ = 274.

Intermediate F
4,6-Dichloro-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidine
This compound is prepared from pyridine-2-carboxamide analogously to Intermediate E.

Intermediate G
5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine boronic acid
Step 1: 3-Bromo-5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine:
A solution of 3-methoxy-phenylboronic acid (1.0 eq, 300 mg, 1.27 mmol) in DME (3 ml) and 2M sodium carbonate solution (1.2 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon is treated with 3,5-bromopyridine (300 mg, 1.27 mmol) followed by PdCl₂(dppf)·DCM (0.1 eq, 93 mg) and then is heated using microwave radiation at 90°C for 30 minutes. The mixture is dissolved in DCM and washed with water. The solvent is removed in vacuo and the crude product is purified by chromatography on silica eluting with 0-30% EtOAc in iso-hexane to afford the title compound. [M+H]+ = 265.

Step 2: 5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine boronic acid hydrochloride:
A solution of 3-bromo-5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridine (180 mg, 0.68 mmol) in dry THF (3 ml) under an inert atmosphere of argon is treated with tri-isopropyl borate and then cooled to -78°C. The reaction mixture is treated dropwise with n-BuLi (2.5 M in hexanes) and then allowed to warm to room temperature over 2 hours. The reaction is quenched by slow addition of 2M HCl. The aqueous portion is washed with EtOAc and then concentrated in vacuo, until a solid precipitates. The solid is filtered and washed with water (1 ml) to afford the title compound; [M+H]+ = 230
Further boronic acids required to synthesise the Examples described herein can be prepared analogously to Intermediate G using the appropriate commercially available starting compounds.

**Intermediate H**

4-Chloro-2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidine

This compound is prepared analogously to Intermediate A by replacing pyridine-2-carboxamide (step 1) with 3-methyl-pyridine-2-carboxamidine (Intermediate C)
CLAIMS

1. A compound of formula I

\[ \text{\includegraphics{formula.png}} \]

in free or salt or solvate form, where

\( T^1 \) is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by \( R^1, C_1-C_8\)-alkoxy, \( C_2-C_5\)-cycloalkyl, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkythio, halo, halo-\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl, amino, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkylamino, di(\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl)amino, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, carboxy or nitro;

\( T^2 \) is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by \( R^1, R^2, R^3, C_1-C_8\)-alkoxy, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkoxycarbonyl, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkythio, halo, halo-\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl, amino, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkylamino, di(\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl)amino, cyano, oxo, hydroxy, carboxy or nitro;

either \( R^a \) and \( R^b \) are independently hydrogen;

\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by \( R^4 \);

\( C_3-C_{10}\)-cycloalkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, amino, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkoxy, halo, cyano, oxo, carboxy or nitro; or

\( C_6-C_{13}\)-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by halo, hydroxy, amino, cyano, oxo, carboxy, nitro or \( R^5 \);

\( R^1 \) is \( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl, \( C_2-C_8\)-alkenyl or \( C_2-C_8\)-alkynyl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, cyano, amino or halo;

\( R^2 \) is \( C_6-C_{15}\)-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by halo, hydroxy, \( R^1 \), \( R^5 \), \( C_1-C_8\)-alkylthio, amino, \( C_1-C_8\)-alkylamino, di(\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl)amino, cyano, carboxy, nitro, -\( O-C_6-C_{15}\)-aryl, halo-\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl, -NR^6R^7, -\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl-NR^6R^7, -\( O-C_1-C_8\)-alkyl-NR^6R^7, -\( C_1-C_8\)-alkyl-R^1, -\( O-R^1 \), -\( O-R^5 \), -\( C(=O)-R^3 \), -\( C(=O)-NH_2 \), -\( C(=O)NR^6R^7 \), -\( C(=O)\)-O-\( R^1 \),
-O-C(=O)-R¹, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-R¹, -NH-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R³, -SO₂-C₆-C₁₅-aryl, -SO₂-R³, -SO₂NR₆R⁷ or by C₁-C₈-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino;

R⁴ is hydroxy, amino, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkythio, halo, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, carboxy, nitro, -N(H)-C(=NH)-NH₂, -N(H)-SO₂-R³, -R³, -C(=O)-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, -O-R², -O-R⁵, -N(H)-R³, -N(H)-R⁵, -NR₆R⁷, -C(=O)-R¹, -C(=O)-NH₂, -SO₂-R³, -C(=O)-O-R¹, -C(=O)-O-R³, -C(=O)-O-R⁵, -SO₂-R² or -C(=O)-N(H)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-C(=O)-N(H)-R³;

or R⁴ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, halo, oxo, cyano, amino, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, carboxy, nitro, -N(H)R¹, -N(H)-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -N(H)-C(=O)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-R¹, -C(=O)-NH₂, -C(=O)-NR₆R³, -C(=O)-N(H)-C₁-C₈-alkyl-R⁶, -C(=O)-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkythio, C₅-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, -C(=O)-R¹, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, R³, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-R², -R⁵, -SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -SO₂-R², -SO₂-R⁵ or -SO₂NR₆R⁷ or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;

or R⁴ is C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, -O-C₆-C₁₅-aryl or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;

or R⁴ is C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl substituted at one, two or three positions by hydroxy, amino, halo, cyano, carboxy, nitro or C₁-C₈-alkyl;

R³ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one, two or three positions by oxo, amino, halo, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, nitro, -R¹, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkylthio, halo-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH₂ or -SO₂-NH₂, and

R⁶ and R⁷ are independently hydrogen, -R¹, C₁-C₈-alkylamino, di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino, C₆-C₁₅-aryl, -C₁-C₈-alkyl-C₆-C₁₅-aryl, R³ or -C₁-C₈-alkyl-R⁵;

provided that when T¹ is pyridin-2-yl, T² is pyridin-3-yl and R⁸ is hydrogen, then R⁸ is not 2(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl.

2. A compound according to claim 1, wherein
T¹ is a 4- to 14-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by R¹;
T₂ is a 4- to 14-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by R¹, R², R³, C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy carbonyl or cyano;
R¹ and R² are independently hydrogen;
  C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by R⁴;
  C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl; or
  C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by R⁵;
R¹ is C₁-C₈-alkyl;
R² is C₆-C₁₀-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by halo, R³, C₁-C₈-alkyl-R³, -C(=O)-R⁵, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-R¹, -NH-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R⁵ or by C₁-C₈-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C₁-C₈-alkyl)amino;
R⁴ is hydroxy, -C(=O)-R⁵ or -SO₂-R⁵;
or R⁴ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, halo, cyano, amino, carboxy, -N(H)-SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl,
  C₁-C₈-alkoxy, C₃-C₁₀-cycloalkyl, -C(=O)-R¹, R², -SO₂-C₁-C₈-alkyl, R⁵ or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;
or R⁴ is C₆-C₁₅-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, C₁-C₈-alkoxy,
  -O-C₆-C₁₅-aryl or by C₁-C₈-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy; and
R⁵ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by C₁-C₈-alkyl.

3. A compound according to claim 2, wherein
T₁ is a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one position by R¹;
T₂ is a 5- or 6-membered N-heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by
R¹, R², R³, C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₁-C₄-alkoxy carbonyl or cyano;
R⁴ is hydrogen;
R⁵ is hydrogen;
  C₁-C₄-alkyl optionally substituted at one or two positions by -R⁴;
  C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl; or
  C₆-C₁₀-aryl optionally substituted at one position by -R⁵;
R¹ is C₁-C₄-alkyl;
R² is phenyl optionally substituted at one position by halo, R³, C₁-C₄-alkyl-R³,
  -C(=O)-R⁵, -SO₂-NH₂, -SO₂-R¹, -NH-SO₂-C₁-C₄-alkyl, -C(=O)-NH-R⁵ or by C₁-C₄-alkoxy optionally substituted at one position by di(C₁-C₄-alkyl)amino;
R⁴ is hydroxy, -C(=O)-R⁵ or -SO₂-R⁵;
or R⁴ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group, that group being optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, halo, cyano, amino, carboxy, -N(H)-SO₂-C₁-C₄-alkyl,
C₁-C₄-alkoxy, C₃-C₆-cycloalkyl, -C(=O)-R¹, phenyl, -SO₂-C₁-C₄-alkyl, R⁴ or by C₁-C₄-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy;
or R⁴ is C₆-C₁₀-aryl optionally substituted at one or two positions by hydroxy, C₁-C₄-alkoxy,
-O-C₆-C₁₀-aryl or by C₁-C₄-alkyl optionally substituted at one position by hydroxy; and
R³ is a 4- to 14-membered heterocyclic group optionally substituted at one or two positions by
C₁-C₄-alkyl.

4. A compound according to claim 1 selected from
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
4-[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-ethyl]-phenol,
4-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
[2-(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(1H-Indazol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(2-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(7-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(2,3-Dihydro-benzofuran-7-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(6-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Pyridin-2-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-pyridin-3-yl-6-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(1-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-(5-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Pyridin-3-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(2-Methyl-1-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
(1H-Indol-3-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(3-Phenoxy-benzyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-1-o-tolyl-ethanol,
2-Methyl-3-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indole-5-
carbonitrile,
1-Piperazin-1-yl-3-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-propan-1-one,
(1H-Indol-2-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(6-Chloro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(6-Methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2,3-Dimethyl-1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indol-6-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(2-Indol-1-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(5-Methyl-4H-[1,2,4]triazol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Pyrazin-2-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Benzenesulfonyl-ethyl)-(2-pyridin-2-yl-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(S)-1-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-3-ol,
(R)-1-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-pyrrolidin-3-ol,
1-[5-Methoxy-3-(2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-indol-1-yl]-ethanone,
[2-(7-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Morpholin-4-yl-pyridin-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(5-Cyclopropyl-1H-pyrazol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(4-Chloro-benzenesulfonyl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
1-Pyridin-2-yl-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethanol,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-[2-(3-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-[2-(2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
2-Methyl-3-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
(2-Benzimidazol-1-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-propyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-7-ol,
[2-(4-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-4-ol,
[3-(2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yl)methanol,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indole-5-carboxylic acid,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yamine,
3-[2-(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-6-ol,
4-[1-Hydroxy-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
2-Propyl-4-[2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
4-[(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-methyl]-phenol,
2-[(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-phenol,
[3-[(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-propyl]phenyl]-methanol,
[3-{(1H-Pyrrol-3-yl)phenyl}-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Morpholin-2-yl-ethyl) (6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(5-Methyl-isoxazol-3-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
N-[3-[(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yl]-methane-
sulfonamide,
3-[(1-Methyl-2-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-ethyl]-1H-indol-5-ol,
[2-(1-Methanesulfonfyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-
amine,
(2-Methyl-1H-indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
3-[(6-Pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino)-methyl]-phenol,
(1H-Indol-5-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1-Methyl-1H-indol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
Benzyl-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(4-Methoxy-benzyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(2-Benzofuran-3-yl-ethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
(1H-Indazol-4-ylmethyl)-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-6-yl)-ethyl]-(6-pyridin-3-yl-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
2-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-ethyl]-(2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-6-yl)-ethyl]-(2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-[(6-Methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-pyridin-3-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(2-pyridin-2-yl-[4,5'-bipyrimidinyl]-6-yl)-amine trifluoroacetate,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl]-(6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-4-yl)-ethyl]-(6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
[6-(3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazol-4-yl)-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl][2-[(1H-Indol-3-yl)-
ethyl]-amine,
2-[(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-(5-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
[2-[(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-(6-(5-phenyl-pyridin-3-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
5-[6-{2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethylamino}2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinonitrite,
5-[6-{(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-amino}2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinonitrite,
(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-{5-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
5-[6-{2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-ethylamino}2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-nicotinic acid ethyl ester,
[6-(3,5-Dimethyl-isoxazol-4-yl)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-ethyl]-amine,
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1-yl]-methanone,
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amine,
{6-[5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
N-[3-{5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-methane
sulfonamide,
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(1H-Indol-4-ylmethyl)-[6-{5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
Benzyl-[6-{5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Cyclopropyl-[6-{5-(3-methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
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{6-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
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amine,
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[3-{5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
[3-{5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[6-{5-(3-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-{5-(4-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-{5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(6-{5-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
(6-{5-[3-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methylamine,
3-{5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-
benzamide,
4-{5-(6-Methylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl)-
benzamide,
3-{6-{5-(3-Morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-
methyl}-phenol,
3-{(2-Pyridin-2-yl-6-{5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl)-phenol,
3-{(6-{5-(3-Morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl)-
phenol,
3-{(2-Pyridin-2-yl-6-{5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-
methyl}-phenol,
(4-{5-{6-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-
morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
3-{6-{5-(4-Morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-methyl)-
phenol,
3-{6-{5-[4-(4-Methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamino]-
methyl]-phenol,
(3-{5-{6-(3-Hydroxy-benzylamino)-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-
(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone,
3-[[6-[5-[3-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-
ylamo]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[[6-[5-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-
ylamo]-methyl]-phenol,
[3-[5-(6-Benzylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-morpholin-4-yl-
methanone,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[4-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
[4-[5-(6-Benzylamino-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl)-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl]-(4-methyl-piperazin-
1-yl)-methanone,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[3-(2-dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[3-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Benzyl-[2-pyridin-2-yl-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-
4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-yl]-
amine,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-
4-yl]-amine,
3-[[6-[5-[4-(4-Methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-
ylamo]-methyl]-phenol,
3-[[6-[5-(4-Piperidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-pyridin-2-yl-pyrimidin-4-ylamo]-methyl]-
phenol,
[6-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
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3-[[6-[5-(3-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamo]-
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3-[[6-[5-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-ylamo]-
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[6-[5-(2-Methoxy-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-
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(4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
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(3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-1-yl-methanone,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-morpholin-4-ylmethyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-morpholin-4-yl-methanone,
[6-[5-[4-(2-Dimethylamino-ethoxy)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
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3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-
pyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-N-(tetrahydro-
pyran-4-yl)-benzamide,
3-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-benzenesulfonamide,
[6-[5-(3-Methanesulfonyl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-methyl-amine,
Benzyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
3-([2-(6-Methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-
ylamino]-methyl)-phenol,
Benzyl-[6-[5-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-
pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-pyrrolidin-1-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-6-[5-(3-morpholin-4-yl-phenyl)-pyridin-3-yl]-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-
pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine,
(4-[5-[6-Methylamino-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-pyridin-3-yl]-phenyl)-(4-
methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-methanone,
Methyl-[6-[5-[4-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine and
Methyl-[6-[5-[3-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-ylmethyl)-phenyl]-pyridin-3-yl]-2-(6-methyl-pyridin-2-yl)-pyrimidin-4-yl]-amine.

5. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 in combination with another drug substance which is an anti-inflammatory, a bronchodilator, an antihistamine, a decongestant or an anti-tussive drug substance.

6. A compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for use as a pharmaceutical.

7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising as active ingredient a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 and a suitable pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

8. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a condition mediated by the ALK-5 receptor or the ALK-4 receptor.

9. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension, chronic renal disease, acute renal disease, wound healing, arthritis, osteoporosis, kidney disease, congestive heart failure, ulcers, ocular disorders, corneal wounds, diabetic nephropathy, impaired neuro-logical function, Alzheimer's disease, atherosclerosis, peritoneal and sub-dermal adhesion, kidney fibrosis, lung fibrosis and liver fibrosis, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, alcohol-induced hepatitis, haemochromatosis, primary biliary cirrhosis, restenosis, retroperitoneal fibrosis, mesenteric fibrosis, endometriosis, keloids, cancer, abnormal bone function, inflammatory disorders, scarring and photaging of the skin.

10. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension.

11. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of pulmonary fibrosis or liver fibrosis.

12. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of osteoporosis.
13. The use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 4 for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a muscle disease.

14. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula I as claimed in claim 1 which comprises

(i) 
(A) reacting a compound of formula II

![Diagram of formula II]

where \(T^1\) and \(T^2\) are as defined in claim 1 and \(X\) is halo, with a compound of formula III

![Diagram of formula III]

where \(R^a\) and \(R^b\) are as defined in claim 1; or

(B) reacting a compound of formula IV

![Diagram of formula IV]

where \(T^1\), \(R^a\) and \(R^b\) are as defined in claim 1 and \(X\) is halo, with a compound of formula V

![Diagram of formula V]

where \(T^2\) is as defined in claim 1; and

(ii) recovering the product in free or salt or solvate form.
INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

INV. C07D401/14  C07D405/14  C07D413/14  A61K31/435  A61P9/00
A61P11/00  A61P29/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
C07D  A61K  A61P

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, CHEM ABS Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

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<td>X</td>
<td>WO 2005/058883 A (ALMIRALL PRODESFARMA SA [ES]; CRESPO CRESPO MARIA ISABEL [ES]; PRAT QU) 30 June 2005 (2005-06-30) example 99</td>
<td>1-3, 6, 7</td>
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* Special categories of cited documents:

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E earlier document but published on or after the International filing date
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O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
P document published prior to the International filing date but later than the priority date claimed

Date of the actual completion of the international search
26 September 2007

Date of mailing of the international search report
04/10/2007

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Authorized officer
Fritz, Martin

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