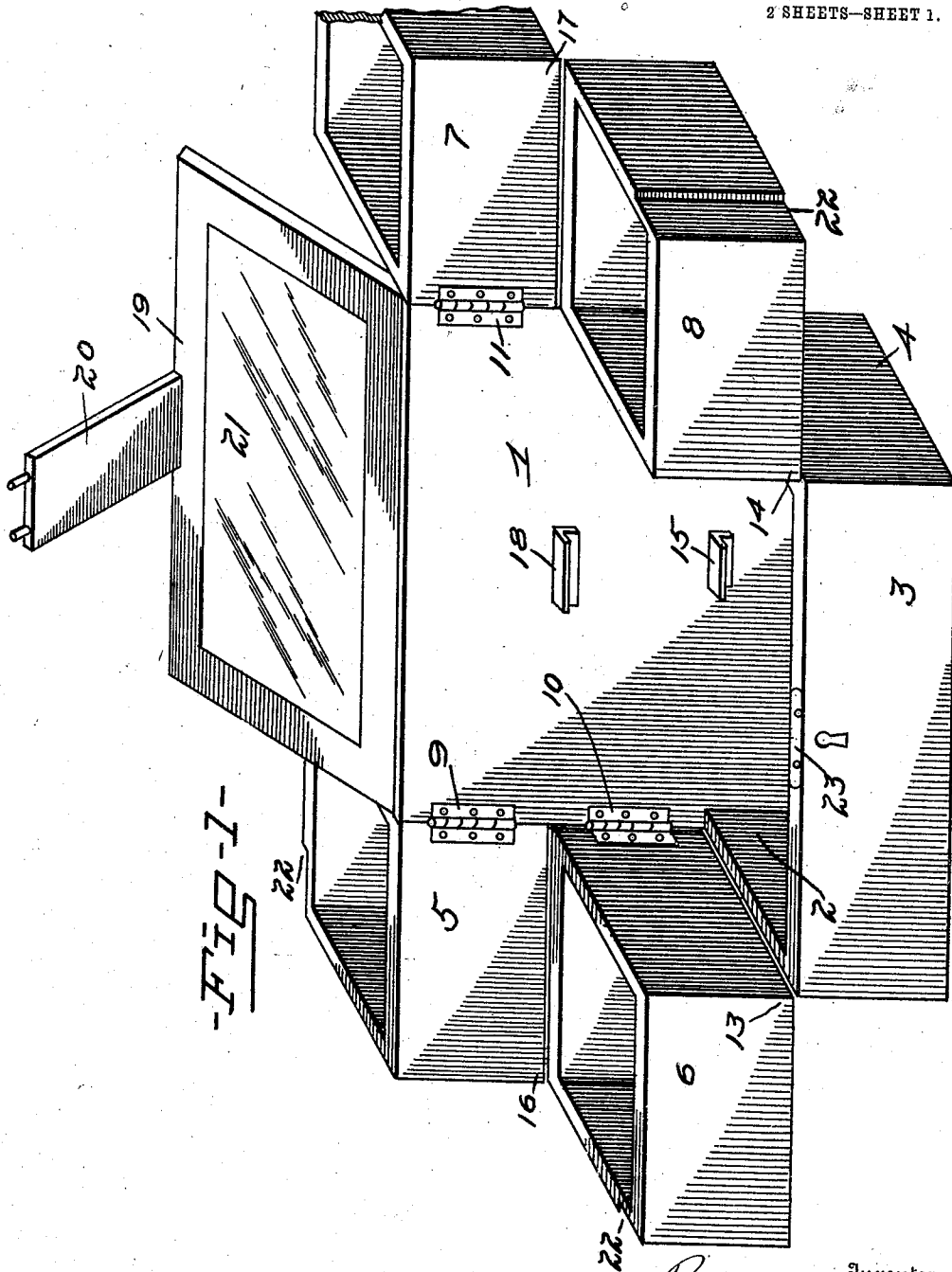


No. 823,901.

PATENTED JUNE 19, 1906.

R. W. STURR.
COMPARTMENT CABINET.
APPLICATION FILED FEB. 10, 1906.

2 SHEETS—SHEET 1.



Witnesses
Matthew Subler.
C. W. Theobald.

By

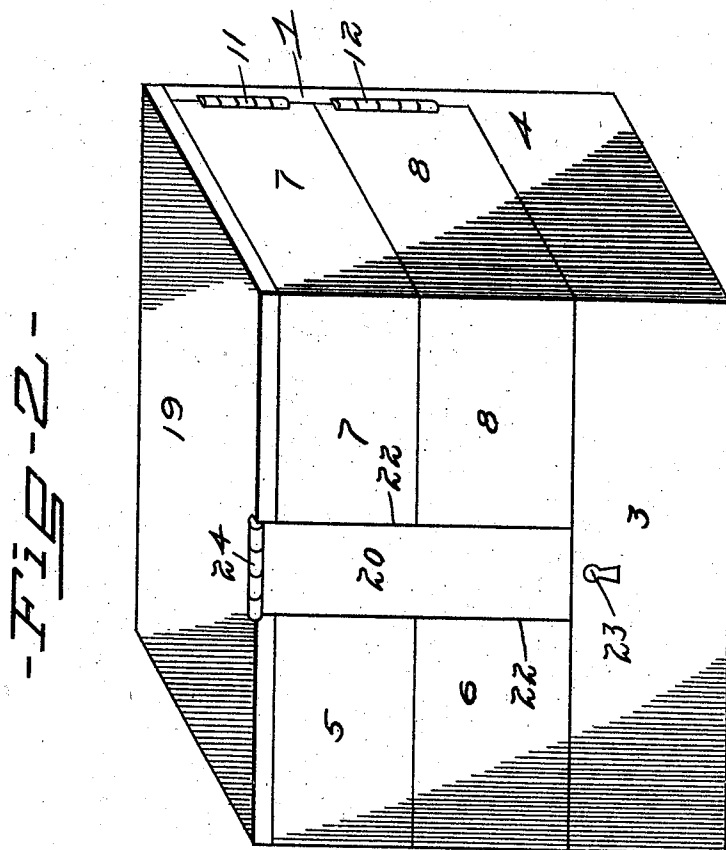
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2 SHEETS—SHEET 2.



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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

RICHARD W. STURR, OF DAYTON, OHIO.

COMPARTMENT-CABINET.

No. 823,901.

Specification of Letters Patent.

Patented June 19, 1906.

Application filed February 10, 1906. Serial No. 300,468.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, RICHARD W. STURR, a citizen of the United States, residing at the National Military Home, Dayton, in the county of Montgomery and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Compartment-Cabinets; and I do declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same, reference being had to the accompanying drawings, and to the figures of reference marked thereon, which form a part of this specification.

This invention relates to new and useful improvements in compartment-cabinets, and is especially adapted to trunks, tool-chests, valises, jewel-cases, and the like.

The object of the invention is to provide a compartment-cabinet that has a maximum amount of strength, which is easily locked, and when opened is easily accessible to all its compartments.

In a detail description of the invention reference is made to the accompanying drawings, of which—

Figure 1 is a perspective view of my invention when opened. Fig. 2 is a perspective view of my invention when closed.

In a detail description of the invention similar reference characters indicate corresponding parts.

1 designates the back of my improved cabinet, which forms, together with the sides 2, 3, and 4, the lower compartment. Mounted above the lower compartment are two smaller compartments 6 and 8, which are hinged to the back 1 by hinges 10 and 12. These compartments may be thrown into the position shown in Fig. 1 to gain access to the lower compartment. When these compartments 6 and 8 are thrown in, or, in other words, closed, the corners 13 and 14 rest upon the bracket 15 on the back 1, thereby forming a rigid support for said compartments. Mounted above the swinging compartments 6 and 8 are two similar compartments 5 and 7, which are swung on hinges 9 and 11 to the back 1. These compartments 5 and 7 may be swung clear of the compartments 6 and 8 to gain access thereto, as shown in Fig. 1. When the upper compartments 5 and 7 are closed or thrown in, the corners 16 and 17 rest upon the bracket 18 on the back 1, thereby form-

ing a rigid support for said upper compartments.

It will be understood that I may use any number of swinging compartments; but I have found four to be the most convenient.

Mounted above the upper swinging compartments 5 and 7 and hinged to the back 1 is a lid 19. This lid 19 may be provided with a mirror 21 when my invention is made in the form of a valise. This lid 19 is adapted to fit over the upper compartments 5 and 7 when such compartments are closed or thrown in, and said lid is provided with a hasp 20, which is secured, by means of a lock 23, on the lower front 3. The said hasp 20 is hinged to the lid 19 and acts as a stanchion to said lid when it is thrown back into a horizontal position. When the swinging compartments 5, 6, 7, and 8 are thrown in and the lid 19 is closed upon the upper compartments, the hasp 20 fits in the recesses 22 adjacent to the corners of the compartments, and thereby forms a smooth surface on the front of the cabinet.

Having described my invention, I claim—

In a cabinet, a lower compartment having a back extending upwardly therefrom, a series of smaller compartments above said lower compartment and hinged to the back at their corners and at the vertical edges of the back to move inwardly and outwardly above the lower compartment, brackets mounted on the back in central positions to support the free corners of the smaller compartments when such compartments are swung inwardly above the lower compartment, each of said smaller compartments having a recess adjacent to a corner which recesses are in alinement when said smaller compartments are swung inwardly, a lid hinged to the upper edge of the back in a position to close the upper smaller compartments when the compartments are swung inwardly, and a hasp hinged to said lid in a position to lie within the recesses in the smaller compartments when said compartments are swung inwardly, and a lock engaging said hasp, all substantially as shown and described.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

RICHARD W. STURR.

Witnesses:

MATTHEW SIEBLER,
C. M. THEOBALD.