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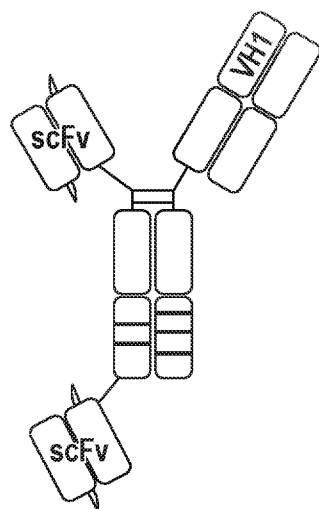


FIG. 1A

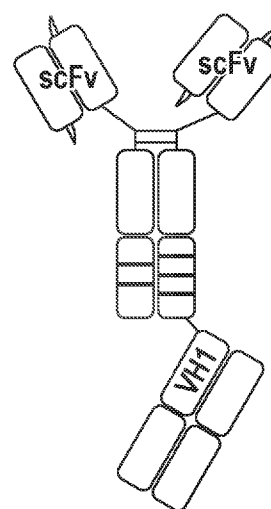


FIG. 1B

(57) Abstract: This disclosure relates generally to proteins target tumor cell killing comprising: a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, and a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3. In some embodiments, the present application provides antibodies that specifically bind ROR1. In some embodiments the application also provides therapeutic methods for using such proteins in the treatment of a cancer.



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PROTEINS THAT DECOUPLE T CELL-MEDIATED TUMOR CYTOTOXICITY FROM
RELEASE OF PRO-INFLAMMATORY CYTOKINES

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

5 [0001] The present application claims the benefit of and priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 63/231,148, filed August 9, 2021, the entire disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein in its entirety for all purposes.

REFERENCE TO A SEQUENCE LISTING XML

[0002] The present application contains a Sequence Listing which has been submitted
10 electronically in XML format. The Sequence Listing XML is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. Said XML file, created on July 28, 2022, is named EMD-018WO_SL.xml and is 325,620 bytes in size.

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0003] The present disclosure relates generally to bispecific proteins capable of inducing T
15 cell cytotoxicity of tumor cells, and uses of the same for the treatment of cancers.

BACKGROUND

[0004] ROR1 is a cell surface tyrosine kinase predominantly expressed during embryonic development. ROR1 is expressed on both hematological tumor cells including chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) cells and mantle cell leukemia (MCL) cells, and solid tumors
20 including those of the ovary, lung, stomach, pancreas, uterus, breast, and prostate. ROR1 exhibits limited expression on normal adult tissues (for example, adipose tissue, pre-B cells, pancreatic islets) and is therefore considered a relatively tumor-specific tumor-associated antigen ("TAA"). ROR1-specific antibody drug conjugates (ADC) have demonstrated promising efficacy in early clinical trials with manageable adverse event (AE) profiles. However, the low
25 density and heterogeneous nature of cell surface ROR1 expression in solid tumors represents a challenge for many immunotherapeutic modalities including monospecific antibodies that mediate antibody-dependent cytotoxicity and ADCs.

[0005] ADCs rely on the magnitude of ADC internalization for efficacy. ROR1 ADCs appear to be highly effective in early clinical trials for ROR1⁺ hematological malignancies including
30 CLL and MCL but this may be attributed at least in part to: (1) greater access of ADC to

hematological versus solid tumors that require penetration of the ADC, and (2) a higher frequency and more homogenous expression of ROR1 by hematological versus solid tumors.

[0006] CD3 bispecific antibodies (bsAbs) require minimal receptor occupancy to mediate potent functional activity. TAA-CD3 bsAbs activate all CD3⁺ lymphocytes, including $\alpha\beta$ T cells, $\gamma\delta$ T cells, NK-T cells, regulatory T cells (Tregs), mucosal associated invariant T (MAIT) cells, and their phenotypic subsets, when bridged between CD3 on T cells and the target TAA epitope on tumor cells. In solid tumors, the relative frequency of CD3⁺ lymphocytes, including CD8⁺ cytotoxic T cells, is low relative to tumor cells (generally >10 tumor cells per CD8⁺ T cell), even in highly immunogenic and inflamed tumors such as melanoma. Accordingly, efficacy of CD3 bsAbs is dependent on the capacity of a single CD8⁺ T cell to kill more than one tumor cell, a process termed serial killing.

[0007] Crosslinking of the TCR/CD3 complex via this bsAb bridge preferentially activates cytotoxic T cell subsets to mediate killing of TAA-expressing cells (the majority of which are presumed to be tumor cells) and release of pro-inflammatory cytokines capable of shifting the tumor microenvironment (TME) from immunosuppressive to immuno-permissive. In the context of Tregs, CD3 bsAbs can activate Tregs to secrete immunosuppressive cytokines such as TGF β . This mechanism is an important factor influencing the efficacy of blinatumomab, a CD19-targeting CD3 bsAb for the treatment of hematological malignancies.

[0008] However, CD3 bsAbs are linked to potentially lethal AEs including cytokine release syndrome (CRS) and neurotoxicity. Certain bsAbs therapeutic candidates have thus aimed to decouple tumor cytotoxic activity from pro-inflammatory cytokine (e.g., IFN γ , TNF α , IL-2) release (see, for example Zuch de Zafra et al. (2019) Clin Cancer Res.;25(13):3921-3933.; Trinklein et al. (2019) MAbs.;11(4):639-652.; and Hernandez-Hoyos et al. (2016) Mol Cancer Ther.;15(9):2155-65).

[0009] There is a pressing need for novel therapeutics having potent tumor cell-targeted killing activity, minimal off-target toxicity, an expanded therapeutic window for solid tumor and/or hematopoietic tumors, and a manageable AE profile.

SUMMARY OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0010] The present disclosure generally provides bispecific proteins capable of inducing robust T cell cytotoxicity against tumor cells, and uses of the same for the treatment of cancers.

[0011] In one aspect, the present disclosure generally provides bispecific proteins capable of inducing and/or that induce robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells, and uses of the same for the treatment of cancers. In some embodiments, the present disclosure

provides bispecific proteins capable of inducing and/or that induce robust T cell cytotoxicity against ROR1⁺ tumor cells, and uses of the same for the treatment of cancers.

[0012] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce a significant amount of cytokine release. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but do not induce a significant amount of cytokine release.

[0013] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, includes two arms, the first arm comprises a first component, which specifically binds to a TAA, at its N-terminal end, and a second component, which specifically binds to the same TAA, at its C-terminal end, and a second arm comprises a component, which specifically binds to CD3, at its N-terminal end.

[0014] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize.

[0015] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to an end of a bridging moiety; and a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 connected to an opposite end of the bridging moiety.

[0016] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0017] In some embodiments, the protein further comprises a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0018] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 and the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 are connected to the C-terminal end and the N-terminal end of the same polypeptide arm, respectively, and wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the second polypeptide arm.

[0019] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing tumor cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize.

[0020] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0021] In some embodiments, the protein further comprises a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0022] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 are connected to the N-terminal end and the C-terminal end of the sample polypeptide arm, respectively, and

wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the second polypeptide arm.

[0023] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is selected from the group consisting of: a single-chain variable
5 fragment (scFv), a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, and a nanobody (VHH). In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is an scFv.

[0024] In some embodiments, the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is selected from the group consisting of: an scFv, a
10 Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, and a VHH. In some embodiments, the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is an scFv.

[0025] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a heavy chain complementarity-
15 determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23); (ii) a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24); (iii) a
20 heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25); (iv) a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26); (v) a light chain complementarity-
25 determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS; and (vi) a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

[0026] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more
30 polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY

(SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

[0027] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).

[0028] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

[0029] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a VHCDR1, a VHCDR2, a VHCDR3, a VLCDR1, a VLCDR2, and a VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain as listed in the present disclosure.

[0030] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at

least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.

5 [0031] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 30.

15 [0032] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 31.

20 [0033] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 39 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 40.

25 [0034] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain disclosed in the present application.

30 [0035] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more

polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a linker polypeptide comprising a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.

- [0036] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 49, or SEQ ID NO: 59.
- 10 [0037] In some embodiments, polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41.
- 15 [0038] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 42.
- 20 [0039] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 59.
- 25 [0040] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 or the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, an scFv comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to an scFv listed in the present disclosure.
- [0041] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is selected from the group consisting of: a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, an
- 30

scFv, a minibody, and a VHH. In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is a Fab.

[0042] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61); (ii) a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62); (iii) a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGX₁X₂YVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 67), wherein X₁ is N, A, or E, and X₂ is S or A; (iv) a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64); (v) a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and (vi) a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).

[0043] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61); a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62); a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63); a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64); a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).

[0044] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61); a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62); a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68); a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64); a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).

[0045] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a VHCDR1, a VHCDR2, a VHCDR3, a VLCDR1, a VLCDR2, and a VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1,

VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain listed in the present disclosure, respectively.

[0046] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72, SEQ ID NO: 73, SEQ ID NO: 74, SEQ ID NO: 75, or SEQ ID NO: 80 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 76, SEQ ID NO: 77, SEQ ID NO: 78, SEQ ID NO: 79, or SEQ ID NO: 81.

[0047] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 72 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 81.

[0048] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 71 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 76.

[0049] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain listed in the present disclosure, respectively.

[0050] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 82 or SEQ ID NO: 83, and a sequence having at

least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 84 or SEQ ID NO: 85.

5 [0051] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain and a light chain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain and light chain sequences of a heavy chain and light chain listed in the present disclosure, respectively.

[0052] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety is functional or non-functional.

10 [0053] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises a strand-exchange engineered domain (SEED) format Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, a polypeptide linker, or a polypeptide hinge.

[0054] In some embodiments, the SEED format Fc domain comprises one or more than one effector function silencing mutation.

15 [0055] In some embodiments, the SEED format Fc domain comprises a polypeptide comprising a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 86, SEQ ID NO: 117, or SEQ ID NO: 88, and a polypeptide comprising a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at
20 least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 87, SEQ ID NO: 118, or SEQ ID NO: 89.

[0056] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises an immunoglobulin Fc domain. In some embodiments, the immunoglobulin Fc domain comprises two polypeptide arms each comprising one or more than one mutation promoting heterodimerization.

25 [0057] In some embodiments, the immunoglobulin Fc domain comprises a first polypeptide arm and a second polypeptide arm, each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm sequences of a first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm listed in the present disclosure, respectively.

30 [0058] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety further comprises a hinge at its N-terminal end.

[0059] In some embodiments, the hinge comprises a polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence comprising of SEQ ID NO: 92.

[0060] In some embodiments, the hinge further comprises a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence comprising of SEQ ID NO: 90 or SEQ ID NO: 92.

5 [0061] In some embodiments, the hinge comprises a polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence listed in the present disclosure. In some embodiments, the hinge further comprises a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence listed in the present disclosure.

10 [0062] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide. In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide. In some embodiments, the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.

15 [0063] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid
20 sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid
25 sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS, and a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28); (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more
30 polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of

VRHGNFGX₁X₂YVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 67), wherein X₁ is N, A, or E, and X₂ is S or A, a
 VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2
 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence
 of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); and (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the polypeptide or
 5 complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the polypeptide or
 complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety
 comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ
 ID NO: 86 or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm
 comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 87, or SEQ ID NO: 92
 10 and SEQ ID NO: 87.

[0064] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises a second
 polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety. In some embodiments, the second
 polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
 15 comprises a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or
 an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSQVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino
 acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ
 ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)
 or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising
 20 an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN
 (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS, and a
 VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X
 is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

[0065] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide
 25 or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1
 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an
 amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid
 sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of
 QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a
 30 VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15); (ii) a
 polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a
 VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2
 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3
 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a

VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).

[0066] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14); (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second polypeptide or

second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

[0067] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28); (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86 and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

[0068] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28); (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

[0069] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain variable domain (VH) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39, and a light chain variable domain (VL) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40; (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72, SEQ ID NO: 73, SEQ ID NO: 74, SEQ ID

NO: 75, or SEQ ID NO: 80, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76, SEQ ID NO: 77, SEQ ID NO: 78, SEQ ID NO: 79, or SEQ ID NO: 81; and (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 87, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87.

[0070] In some embodiments, the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain variable domain (VH) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a light chain variable domain (VL) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33; SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.

[0071] In some embodiments, a protein of the present invention comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31; (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76; (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) two polypeptides at its N-terminal end comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92, and (b) a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86 and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (1) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (2) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31.

[0072] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30; (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76; (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and (iv) a second a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0073] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42; (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85; (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42.

[0074] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41; (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85; (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87.

NO: 87; and (iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41.

[0075] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure comprises a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, and a light chain, each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first heavy chain, a sequence of a second heavy chain, and a sequence of a light chain listed in the present disclosure, respectively.

[0076] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has a K_D for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 50 nM, or 15 nM to 20 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

[0077] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC_{50} of 20 nM to 50 nM, or 25 nM to 35 nM, in a CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.

[0078] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure binds to the Ig-like domain of ROR1. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure does not bind to the Frizzled and/or Kringle domain of ROR1.

[0079] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has a K_D for binding a TAA of 80 nM to 120 nM, 95 nM to 105 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, or 3 nM to 5 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has a K_D for ROR1 binding of 80 nM to 120 nM, 95 nM to 105 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, or 3 nM to 5 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

[0080] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC_{50} of 80 nM to 120 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, or 2 nM to 5 nM in a TAA binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 TAA molecules/cell. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC_{50} of 80 nM to 120 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, or 2 nM to 5 nM in a ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell.

[0081] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure is for use in the treatment of a solid tumor. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure is for use in the treatment of a hematologic tumor.

[0082] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure induces T cell lytic granule degranulation. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC_{50} of 160 pM to 200 pM, 165 pM to 190 pM, 25 pM to 50 pM, or 30 pM to 40 pM for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of TAA-expressing cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.

[0083] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC₅₀ of 160 pM to 200 pM, 165 pM to 190 pM, 25 pM to 50 pM, or 30 pM to 40 pM for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.

- 5 [0084] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure does not induce a significant increase in the production and/or release of pro-inflammatory cytokines by T cells when administered to cultures at concentrations sufficient to induce T cell mediated cytotoxicity.

- [0085] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has an EC₅₀ of 1000 pM to 2000 pM, 1400 pM to 1800 pM, 200 pM to 600 pM, or 300 pM to 500 pM as measured in a T
10 cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.

[0086] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has a C_{max} of 20% to 60%, 35% to 45%, or 45% to 55% compared to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.

- [0087] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure does not induce significant
15 levels of TNF α or IL2 release when administered to freshly isolated peripheral mononuclear cell (PBMC) cultures or PBMCs pre-cultured for 48 hours at high density.

[0088] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure has a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2 to 1:4, 1:2.2, or 1:2.9 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay and IFN γ production assay.

- 20 [0089] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure induces a tumor serial killing index of 3 to 5, 3.4 to 3.6, or 3.8 to 4.2 as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.

- [0090] In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure is cross-reactive with cynomolgus CD3 but not mouse CD3. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure
25 is cross-reactive with a cynomolgus TAA and mouse TAA. In some embodiments, a protein of the present disclosure is cross-reactive with cynomolgus ROR1 and mouse ROR1.

[0091] The present disclosure also provides a formulation comprising a protein of the present invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

[0092] The present disclosure also provides a nucleic acid encoding a protein of the present invention.

[0093] The present disclosure further provides a cell comprising one or more nucleic acids encoding a protein of the present invention.

5 [0094] The present disclosure provides a method of treating a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a protein or formulation of the present invention. In some embodiments, the cancer is a hematological cancer or a solid tumor cancer. In some
embodiments, the cancer is selected from the group consisting of chronic lymphocytic leukemia, mantle cell lymphoma, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, ovarian cancer, lung cancer, bronchial cancer,
10 colon cancer, rectal cancer, melanoma, renal cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, uterine cancer, breast cancer, oral cancer, pharyngeal cancer, hairy cell leukemia, liver cancer, intrahepatic bile duct cancer, and thyroid cancer.

[0095] In some embodiments of the present disclosure, an antibody or functional fragment thereof comprising, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable
15 complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1
20 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

[0096] In some embodiments, the antibody comprises a heavy chain variable domain
25 comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29, and a light chain variable domain comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 30.

30 [0097] In some embodiments, an antibody of the present disclosure comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a

heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15). In some embodiments, the antibody comprises a heavy chain variable domain comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 39, and a light chain variable domain comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 40. In some embodiments, the antibody is a human IgG1 antibody

[0098] Other embodiments and details of the disclosure are presented herein below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0099] FIGs. 1A and 1B provide schematic illustrations of protein designs of bispecific T cell-engagers (TCEs) comprising a bridging moiety, a first scFv that specifically binds a tumor-associated antigen ("TAA") (*e.g.*, ROR1), a Fab that specifically binds CD3, and a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1. FIG. 1A is a schematic illustration of an exemplary bispecific TCE in "Format 1A" where the first scFv that specifically binds a TAA (*e.g.*, ROR1) is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety, the Fab that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety, and the second scFv that specifically binds a TAA (*e.g.*, ROR1) is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety. FIG. 1B is a schematic illustration of an exemplary bispecific TCE in "Format 1B" where the first scFv that specifically binds a TAA (*e.g.*, ROR1) is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety, the Fab that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety, and the second scFv that specifically binds a TAA (*e.g.*, ROR1) is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0100] FIGs. 2A to 2D are graphs showing the apparent binding affinities of the CD3-binding polypeptide arms of 69A02 and/or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A and Format 1B, human IgG1 isotype control (hIgG2), a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format

1B, for human or cynomolgus CD3 on Jurkat T cells (FIG. 2A), cynomolgus pan-T cells (FIG. 2B), T cells isolated from human CD3 knock-in C57BL/6 mice (FIG. 2C), or human CD3 knockout Jurkat T cells (FIG. 2D).

[0101] FIGs. 3A to 3D are graphs showing the apparent binding affinities of the ROR1-binding polypeptide arms of 69A02 and/or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A and Format 1B, human IgG1 isotype control (Isotype Control), and a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B for human ROR1 on hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 3A), hROR1⁺ T47D cells (FIG. 3B), 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress human ROR1 (FIG. 3C), or 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress murine ROR1 (FIG. 3D).

[0102] FIGs. 4A and 4B are graphs showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by 69A02 and/or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A) on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells (FIG. 4A), or hROR1⁺ T47D tumor cells (FIG. 4B). FIGs. 4C and 4D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by 69A02 and/or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A) on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells (FIG. 4C), or hROR1⁺ T47D tumor cells (FIG. 4D). FIG. 4E is a bar graph showing the magnitude by which induction of cytotoxic activity is decoupled from induction of proinflammatory cytokine release by 69A02 or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A) normalized to values achieved by a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder).

[0103] FIG. 5A is a graph showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by 69A02 or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), on CD8⁺ T cells co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells. FIGs. 5B is a graph showing titrations of induction of IFN γ production by 69A02 or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), on CD8⁺ T cells co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells. FIG. 5C and FIG. 5D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ production by 69A02 bispecific

TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on CD8⁺ T cells co-cultured for 24 hours with MCF-7 tumor cells and T47D cells, respectively.

[0104] FIG. 6A is a bar graph showing the serial killing frequency of hROR1⁺ NCI-H1975 tumor cells by tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) expanded from triple negative breast cancer (TNBC) biopsies, in the presence of 69A02 or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B. FIG. 6B is a bar graph showing the serial killing frequency of hROR1⁺ T47D tumor cells by TILs expanded from TNBC biopsies, in the presence of 69A02 or 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B.

[0105] FIG. 7A is a graph showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A (82H02 TCE 1A), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells. FIG. 7B is a graph showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A (82H02 TCE 1A), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells. FIG. 7C is a graph showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1B (82H02 TCE 1B), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells. FIG. 7D is a graph showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1B (82H02 TCE 1B), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells. FIG. 7E is a graph showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by the reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A, or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells. FIG. 7F is a graph showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by the reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-

binding TCE) in Format 1A, or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ Du-145, A549, NCI-H1975, MDA-MB-231, NCCIT tumor cells, or hROR1⁺ MCF-7 tumor cells.

[0106] FIGs. 8A and 8B are graphs showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on human CD8⁺ T cells (FIG. 8A) or cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells (FIG. 8B) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells. FIGs. 8C and FIG. 8D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on human CD8⁺ T cells (FIG. 8C) or cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells (FIG. 8D) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells.

[0107] FIGs. 9A and 9C are graphs showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on freshly isolated splenocytes from human CD3 ϵ knock-in mice co-cultured for 24 hours with human ROR1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9A) or murine ROR1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9C). FIGs. 9B and 9D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on freshly isolated splenocytes from human CD3 ϵ knock-in mice co-cultured for 24 hours with human ROR1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9B) or murine ROR1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9D). FIGs. 9E and 9F are bar graphs showing the magnitudes by which induction of cytotoxic activity against hROR-1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9E) or mROR1⁺ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 9F) are decoupled from induction of proinflammatory cytokine release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, normalized to values achieved by a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder).

[0108] FIGs 10A to 10D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ (FIG. 10A), TNF α (FIG. 10B), IL-10 (FIG. 10C), or IL-2 (FIG. 10D) release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B an OKT3 α -CD3 positive control (OKT3), a hIgG1 isotype control (hIgG1), a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-

binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on freshly isolated PBMCs from healthy human donors cultured at a cell density of 1.0×10^7 cells/ml.

[0109] FIGs 11A to 11D are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ (FIG. 11A), TNF α (FIG. 11B), IL-10 (FIG. 11C), or IL-2 (FIG. 11D) release by the 82H02 bispecific TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, an OKT3 α -CD3 positive control (OKT3), a hIgG1 isotype control (hIgG1), a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), or a reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE (Ref. Frz-binding TCE) in Format 1A or Format 1B, on PBMCs from healthy human donors pre-cultured for 48 hours at a cell density of 1×10^7 cells/ml.

[0110] FIGs. 12A and 12B are graphs showing the apparent binding affinities of the CD3-binding polypeptide arms of four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), human IgG1 isotype control (hIgG1), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), for human CD8 $^+$ cells (FIG. 12A) or cynomolgus Pan-T cells (FIG. 12B).

[0111] FIGs. 13A to 13D are graphs showing the apparent binding affinities of the ROR1-binding polypeptide arms of sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (FIG. 13A; 82H02 #1, 82H02 #2, FIG. 13B; 82H02 #3, 82H02 #4), human IgG1 isotype control (hIgG1), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), for MDA-MB-231 tumor cells (FIG. 13A and FIG. 13B) or mROR1 $^+$ 4T1 tumor cells (FIG. 13C and FIG. 13D).

[0112] FIG. 14A is a graph showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1 $^+$ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells. FIG. 14B is a graph showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with hROR1 $^+$ MDA-MB-231 tumor cells. FIG. 14C is a bar graph showing the magnitude by which induction of cytotoxic activity is decoupled from induction of proinflammatory cytokine release by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), normalized to values achieved by a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder).

[0113] FIG. 15 is a bar graph showing the serial killing frequency of hROR1 $^+$ NCI-H1975 tumor cells by tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) expanded from triple negative breast cancer

(TNBC) biopsies in the presence of four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder).

[0114] FIGs. 16A to 16F are graphs showing titrations of induction of cytotoxic activity by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with MDA-MB-231 tumor cells having cell surface densities of hROR1 expression of approximately 7×10^6 (FIG. 16A), 1.3×10^6 (FIG. 16B), 6×10^5 (FIG. 16C), 4×10^5 (FIG. 16D), 2×10^5 (FIG. 16E) molecules/cell, or hROR1 knockout cells (FIG. 16F).

[0115] FIGs. 17A to 17F are graphs showing titrations of induction of IFN γ release by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), or a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), on freshly isolated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) co-cultured for 24 hours with MDA-MB-231 tumor cells having cell surface densities of hROR1 expression of approximately 7×10^6 (FIG. 17A), 1.3×10^6 (FIG. 17B), 6×10^5 (FIG. 17C), 4×10^5 (FIG. 17D), 2×10^5 (FIG. 17E) molecules/cell, or hROR1 knockout cells (FIG. 17F).

[0116] FIG. 18 is bar graph showing the magnitudes by which induction of cytotoxic activity against MDA-MB-231 tumor cells having cell surface densities of hROR1 expression of approximately 2×10^5 , 4×10^5 , 6×10^5 , 1.3×10^6 , or 7×10^6 molecules/cell, are decoupled from induction of proinflammatory cytokine release by four sequence optimized 82H02 bispecific TCEs in Format 1A (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4), normalized to values achieved by a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder).

[0117] FIG. 19 is a graph showing mean fluorescence intensities (MFI) of NCCIT cell cultures pre-treated with ROR1-binding clones of the present disclosure in scFv-Fc format (82H02 scFv-Fc and 69A02 scFv-Fc), a reference T cell-binder in scFv format (Ref. T cell-binder scFv-Fc), or a reference Frizzled-binding clone in scFv-Fc format (Ref. Frz-binding scFv-Fc) then incubated with 82H02 scFv-Fc labeled with Alexa Fluor 647-conjugated Zenon fragments in a competitive binding assay.

30 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0118] The present application provides bispecific proteins that bind a TAA (e.g., ROR1) on the surface of tumor cells and CD3 on the surface of T cells, and are capable of inducing potent T cell cytotoxic activity against ROR1⁺ tumor cells. This anti-tumor cytotoxicity inducing

activity is decoupled from its ability to induce proinflammatory cytokine production. In some embodiments, the application also provides therapeutic methods for using such proteins for the treatment of cancers. Various aspects of the bispecific proteins described in the present application are set forth below in sections; however, aspects of the proteins described in one particular section are not to be limited to any particular section. Also provided in the present application are antibodies that specifically bind the Ig-like domain of ROR1.

DEFINITIONS

[0119] To facilitate an understanding of the present application, a number of terms and phrases are defined below.

10 [0120] The terms “a” and “an” as used herein mean “one or more” and include the plural unless the context is inappropriate.

[0121] As used herein, the term “antigen-binding site” refers to the part of the immunoglobulin (Ig) molecule that participates in antigen binding. In human antibodies, the antigen-binding site is formed by amino acid residues of the N-terminal variable (“V”) domains of the heavy (“H”) and light (“L”) chains. Three highly divergent stretches within the V regions of the heavy and light chains are referred to as “hypervariable regions” which are interposed between more conserved flanking stretches known as “framework regions,” or “FR.” Thus, the term “FR” refers to amino acid sequences which are naturally found between and adjacent to hypervariable regions in immunoglobulins. In a human antibody molecule, the three hypervariable regions of a light chain and the three hypervariable regions of a heavy chain are disposed relative to each other in three-dimensional space to form an antigen-binding surface. The antigen-binding surface is complementary to the three-dimensional surface of an antigen to which the antigen-binding site specifically binds, and the three hypervariable regions of each of the heavy and light chains are referred to as “complementarity-determining regions,” or “CDRs.”

25 In certain animals, such as camels and cartilaginous fish, the antigen-binding site is formed by a single antibody chain providing a “single domain antibody.” Antigen-binding sites can exist in an intact antibody, in an antigen-binding fragment of an antibody that retains the antigen-binding surface (for example, Fab, Fab’, F(ab’)₂, or in a recombinant polypeptide such as an scFv, using a peptide linker to connect the heavy chain variable domain to the light chain variable domain in a single polypeptide, a minibody, or a nanobody (VHH).

30

[0122] As used herein, the term “functional fragment thereof” refers to a portion of a protein or polypeptide that maintains the ability to perform a biological function of the whole protein or

polypeptide. For example, a functional fragment of a polypeptide or protein of the present application maintains its ability to bind its cognate binding partner or ligand.

[0123] As used herein, the terms “subject” and “patient” refer to an organism to be treated by the methods and compositions described herein. Such organisms preferably include, but are not limited to, mammals (*e.g.*, murines, simians, equines, bovines, porcines, canines, felines, and the like), and more preferably include humans.

[0124] As used herein, the term “effective amount” refers to the amount of a compound (*e.g.*, a bispecific protein or antibody of the present application) sufficient to effect beneficial or desired results. An effective amount can be administered in one or more administrations, applications or dosages and is not intended to be limited to a particular formulation or administration route. As used herein, the term “treating” includes any effect, *e.g.*, lessening, reducing, modulating, ameliorating or eliminating, that results in the improvement of the condition, disease, disorder, and the like, or ameliorating a symptom thereof.

[0125] As used herein, “significantly” or “significant” refers to a change or alteration in a measurable parameter to a statistically significant degree as determined in accordance with an appropriate statistically relevant test. For example, in some embodiments, a change or alteration is significant if it is statistically significant in accordance with, *e.g.*, a Student’s t-test, chi-square, or Mann Whitney test.

[0126] As used herein, ROR1 or ROR-1 refers to the protein of SEQ ID NO: 268 and related isoforms and orthologs.

ROR1 Amino Acid Sequence:

MHRPRRRGTRPPLLALLAALLLAARGAAAQETELSVSAELVPTSSWN
 ISSELNKDSYLTLDPEMNNITSLGQTAELHCKVSGNPPPTIRWFKND
 APVVQEPRRLSFRSTIYGSRLRIRNLDTTDTGYFQCVATNGKEVVSST
 GVLVFKFGPPPTASPGYSDEYEEDGFCQPYRGIACARFIGNRTVYMES
 LHMQGEIENQITAAFTMIGTSSHLSDKCSQFAIPSLCHYAFPYCDETSS
 VPKPRDLCRDECEILENVLCQTEYIFARSNPMILMRLKLPNCEDLPQPE
 SPEAANCIRIGIPMADPINKNHKCYNSTGVDYRGTVSVTKSGRQCQP
 WNSQYPHTHTFTALRFPENGGHSYCRNPGNQKEAPWCFTLDENFKS
 DLCDIPACDSKDSKEKNKMEILYILVPSVAIPLAIALFFFCVCRNNQK
 SSSAPVQRQPKHVRGQNVEMSMLNAYKPKSKAKELPLSAVRFMEEL
 GECAFGKIYKGHLYLPQMDHAQLVAIKTLKDYNPNPQQWTEFQQEAS
 LMAELHHPNIVCLLGAVTQEQPVCMLFEYINQGDLEFLIMRSPHSD

VGCSSDEDGTVKSSLDHGDFLHIAIQIAAGMEYLSSHFFVHKDLAARN
 ILIGEQLHVKISDLGLSREIYSADYYRVQSKSLLPIRWMPPEAIMYGKF
 SSDSDIWSFGVVLWEIFSFGQLQPYYGFSNQEVIMVRKRQLLPCSEDC
 PPRMYSLMTECWNEIPSRPRFKDIHVRLRSWEGLSSHTSSTTPSGGN
 5 ATTQTTSLASPVSNLSNPRYPNYMFPSQGITPQGQIAGFIGPPIPQNQR
 FIPINGYPPIPGYAAFPAAHYQPTGPPRVIQHCPPPKSRSPSSASGSTSTG
 HVTSLPSSGSNQEANIPLLPHMSIPNHPGGMGITVFGNKSQKPKYKIDSK
 QASLLGDANIHGHTESMISAEL (SEQ ID NO: 268)

[0127] As used herein, CD3 refers to the protein comprising the CD3 ϵ (SEQ ID NO: 269),
 10 CD3 γ (SEQ ID NO: 270), CD3 δ (SEQ ID NO: 271), and CD3 ξ (SEQ ID NO: 96) polypeptides,
 which together with the T-cell receptor α/β and γ/δ heterodimers form the T-cell receptor-CD3
 complex.

CD3 ϵ Sequence:

MQSGTHWRVLGLCLLSVGWVGQDGNEEMGGITQTPYKVSISGTTVIL
 15 TCPQYPGSEILWQHNDKNIGGDEDDKNIGSDEDHLSLKEFSELEQSGY
 YVCYPRGSKPEDANFYLYLRARVCENCMEMDVMSVATIVIVDITG
 GLLLLVYYWSKNRKAKAKPVTRGAGAGGRQRGQNKERPPVPNP
 YEPIRKGQRDLYSGLNQRRI (SEQ ID NO: 269)

CD3 γ Sequence:

MEQGKGLAVLILAIILLQGTLAQSIKGNHLVKVYDYQEDGSVLLTCD
 20 AEAKNITWFKDGKMIGFLTEDKKKWNLGSNAKDPRGMYQCKGSQN
 KSKPLQVYYRMCQNCIELNAATISGFLFAEIVSIFVLAVGVYFIAGQD
 GVRQSRASDKQTLLPNDQLYQPLKDREDDQYSHLQGNQLRRN (SEQ
 ID NO: 270)

CD3 δ Sequence:

MEHSTFLSGLVLATLLSQVSPFKIPIEELEDVFNVCNTSITWVEGTVG
 25 TLLSDITRLDLGKRILDPRGIYRCNGTDIYKDKESTVQVHYRMCQSCV
 ELDPATVAGIIVTDVIATLLALGVFCFAGHETGRLSGAADTQALLRN
 DQVYQPLRDRDDAQYSHLGGNWARNK (SEQ ID NO: 271)

CD3 ξ Sequence:

MKWKALFTAAILQAQLPITEAQSFGLLDPKLCYLLDGILFIYGVILTAL
 30 FLRVKFSRSADAPAYQOGQNQLYNELNLGRREEYDVLDKRRGRDPE
 MGGKPQRRKNPQEGLYNELQKDKMAEAYSEIGMKGERRRRGKGGHDG
 LYQGLSTATKDTYDALHMQALPPR (SEQ ID NO: 96)

[0128] For sequences presented herein with signal peptides, it is understood that mature versions of the proteins are expressed without the signal peptide.

[0129] Throughout the description, where a protein is described as having, including, or comprising specific components, or where processes and methods are described as having, including, or comprising specific steps, it is contemplated that, additionally, there are proteins described in the present application that consist essentially of or consist of the recited components, and that there are processes and methods according to the present application that consist essentially of or consist of the recited processing steps.

I. PROTEINS

[0130] The present application provides bispecific proteins that specifically bind to a TAA.

[0131] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but do not induce a significant amount of cytokine release.

[0132] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, includes two arms, the first arm comprises a first component, which specifically binds to a TAA, at its N-terminal end, and a second component, which specifically binds to the same TAA, at its C-terminal end, and a second arm comprises a component, which specifically binds to CD3, at its N-terminal end.

[0133] For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present application specifically bind to the Ig-like domain of ROR1 expressed on cancer cells in a bivalent manner. As compared to high affinity and/or monovalent antibodies, proteins of the present application have a greater capacity to distinguish between target tumor cells and off-target non-tumor cells based on ROR1 surface density. Furthermore, by bridging ROR1 on the surface of target tumor cells and CD3 on the surface of T cells, proteins of the present application activate the cytotoxic activity of CD8⁺ T cells and induces T cell serial killing of the ROR1-expressing tumor cells. This cytotoxic activity is decoupled from induction of T cell cytokine release.

[0134] The bispecific proteins of the present disclosure include two arms, each arm including at least one component (*e.g.*, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides), wherein a first arm comprises a first component which specifically binds to ROR1 at its N-terminal or C-terminal end. In some embodiments, a second arm comprises a component which specifically binds to CD3 at its N-terminal or C-terminal end, and the first arm further comprises a second

component which specifically binds to ROR1 at an end that is opposite to the first component. In other embodiments, a second arm comprises a component which specifically binds to CD3 at its N-terminal or C-terminal end, and further comprises a second component which specifically binds to ROR1 at an end of the second arm that is opposite to the component which specifically binds CD3. In some embodiments, the first and second components that specifically bind to ROR1 can comprise a single polypeptide. In some embodiments, the component that specifically binds to CD3 can comprise a complex of two or more polypeptides. In some embodiments, the complex of two or more polypeptides of the component that specifically binds to CD3 may be connected by one or more than one covalent linkage (*e.g.*, a disulfide bond) and/or one or more than one non-covalent interaction (*e.g.*, an ionic or hydrophobic interaction). Further description of exemplary bispecific proteins is provided below.

[0135] A bispecific protein of the present disclosure includes a first component and second component that are polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind ROR1. In some embodiments, the first component and second component can be, but are not limited to, one or more antigen-binding sites, for example, single-chain variable fragments (scFvs), antibodies, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibodies, or nanobodies (VHHs).

[0136] A bispecific protein of the present disclosure includes a component that is a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3. In some embodiments, the component can be, but is not limited to, one or more antigen-binding site, for example, a Fab, an antibody, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), a minibody, or a nanobody (VHH).

[0137] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure additionally comprises a bridging moiety, which can include, but is not limited to: a strand-exchange engineered domain (SEED) format immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, polypeptide linkers, or polypeptide hinges. In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization of the two arms of the protein. In some embodiments, the bridging moiety is a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising a first and second polypeptide. In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure further comprises a hinge polypeptide immediately N-terminal to each of the first and second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain.

[0138] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure further comprises a linker polypeptide, which connects the first component or second component that specifically

binds ROR1, or the component that specifically binds CD3 to the N-terminal or C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

[0139] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize.

[0140] The bispecific proteins described herein can take various formats. For example, one bispecific protein format comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize. In this format, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are antigen-binding sites (*e.g.*, scFvs, antibodies, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibodies, or VHHs) and the component that specifically binds CD3 is an antigen-binding site (*e.g.*, Fab, scFv, antibody, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibody, or VHH). In some embodiments, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are scFvs and the component that specifically binds CD3 is a Fab (FIG. 1A). In some embodiments, the component that specifically binds CD3 comprises a Fab, wherein a partial hinge (for example, a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) is connected to the C-terminus of the Fab heavy chain (HC) CH1 domain and forms a disulfide bond with the Fab light chain (LC). Bispecific proteins of this format may also optionally comprise a linker polypeptide connecting the C-terminus of the first polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain to the N-terminus of the second component that specifically binds ROR1.

[0141] Another bispecific protein format comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a component comprising a polypeptide or
 5 complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize. In this format,
 10 the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are antigen-binding sites (*e.g.*, scFvs, antibodies, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibodies, or VHHs) and the component that specifically binds CD3 is an antigen-binding site (*e.g.*, Fab, scFv, antibody, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibody, or VHH). In some embodiments, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are scFvs and the component that specifically binds CD3 is a Fab (**FIG. 1B**). In some embodiments,
 15 the component that specifically binds CD3 comprises a Fab, wherein a partial hinge (for example, a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) is connected to the C-terminus of the Fab heavy chain (HC) CH1 domain and forms a disulfide bond with the Fab light chain (LC). Bispecific proteins of this format may also optionally comprise a linker polypeptide connecting the C-terminus of the first polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc
 20 domain to the N-terminus of the component that specifically binds CD3.

[0142] In another format, a bispecific protein comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of an immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of
 25 two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of an immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the immunoglobulin Fc domain each comprise one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization of the
 30 first and second arms. In this format, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are antigen-binding sites (*e.g.*, scFvs, antibodies, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibodies, or VHHs) and the component that specifically binds CD3 is an antigen-binding site (*e.g.*, Fab, scFv, antibody, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibody, or VHH). In some embodiments, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are scFvs and the component that specifically binds

CD3 is a Fab (FIG. 1A). In some embodiments, the component that specifically binds CD3 comprises a Fab, wherein a partial hinge (for example, a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) is connected to the C-terminus of the Fab heavy chain (HC) CH1 domain and forms a disulfide bond with the Fab light chain (LC). Bispecific proteins of this format may also optionally comprise a linker polypeptide connecting the C-terminus of the first polypeptide of the immunoglobulin Fc domain to the N-terminus of the second component that specifically binds ROR1.

[0143] In yet another format, a bispecific protein comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of an immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the immunoglobulin Fc domain each comprise one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization of the first and second arms. In this format, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are antigen-binding sites (e.g., scFvs, antibodies, Fab, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibodies, or VHs) and the component that specifically binds CD3 is an antigen-binding site (e.g., Fab, scFv, antibody, Fab', F(ab')₂, minibody, or VHH). In some embodiments, the first and second components that specifically bind ROR1 are scFvs and the component that specifically binds CD3 is a Fab (FIG. 1B). In some embodiments, the component that specifically binds CD3 comprises a Fab, wherein a partial hinge (for example, a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) is connected to the C-terminus of the Fab heavy chain (HC) CH1 domain and forms a disulfide bond with the Fab light chain (LC). Bispecific proteins of this format may also optionally comprise a linker polypeptide connecting the C-terminus of the first polypeptide of the immunoglobulin Fc domain to the N-terminus of the component that specifically binds CD3.

[0144] Individual components of the proteins are described in more detail below.

1A Polypeptides or Complexes of Two or More Polypeptides that Specifically Bind ROR1

[0145] Polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind ROR1 on the surface of tumor cells function to target bispecific proteins of the present disclosure to hematological tumor cells, for example chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) cells and mantle cell leukemia (MCL) cells, as well as solid tumor cells, for example ovarian, lung, gastric,

prostate, uterine, and breast tumor cells. Although ROR1 is expressed at relatively low density on the cell surface, it is considered to be a relatively specific TAA. Therefore, ROR1-binding polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides of the present disclosure have limited binding to normal, non-cancerous, adult tissues. In some embodiments, ROR1-binding

5 polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides of the present disclosure have relatively lower binding affinity as compared to ROR1-binding high affinity and/or monovalent antibodies known in the art. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two lower affinity ROR1-binding polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides, thereby conferring greater capacity to distinguish between cells having different densities of
10 surface ROR1 expression.

[0146] As used herein, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that binds to a protein having a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 268 and related isoforms and orthologs. In some
15 embodiments, ROR1-binding polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides specifically bind one or more than one epitope on the extracellular domain of ROR1. In some embodiments, ROR1-binding polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides specifically bind the distal Ig-like domain of ROR1 (SEQ ID NO: 99). In some embodiments, ROR1-binding polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides of the present disclosure do not bind to the Frizzled or Kringle domain of ROR1 (SEQ ID NO: 102 and SEQ ID NO: 105,
20 respectively).

ROR1 Ig-like Domain:

PTSSWNISSELNKDSYLTLDPEMNNITSLGQTAELHCKVSGNPPPTIRWFKNDAP
VVQEPRRLSFRSTIYGSRLRIRNLDTTDTGYFQCVATNGKEVVSSTGVLF (SEQ ID
NO: 99)

25 **ROR1 Frizzled Domain:**

EEDGFCQPYRGIACARFIGNRTVYMESLHMQGEIENQITAAFTMIGTSSHLSDKC
SQFAIPSLCHYAFPYCDETSSVPKPRDLCRDECEILENVLCQTEYIFARSNPMILM
RLKLPNCEDLPQPESPEAANCIRI (SEQ ID NO: 102)

ROR1 Kringle Domain:

30 KCYNSTGVVDYRGTVSVTKSGRQCQPWNSQYPHTHTFTALRFPELNGGHSYCRN
PGNQKEAPWCFTLDENFKSDLCDIPAC (SEQ ID NO: 105)

[0147] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 includes, but is not limited to, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv),

an antibody, a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, or a nanobody (VHH). For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFv polypeptides that each specifically bind to the Ig-like domain of ROR1.

[0148] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a heavy chain variable domain (VH) and a light chain variable domain (VL). **TABLE 1** lists VH and VL complementarity-determining regions (CDRs) that, in combination, can specifically bind to ROR1. In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences selected from the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences listed in **TABLE 1**, determined under IMGT unique numbering scheme, Kabat (see Kabat et al., (1991) Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, NIH Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda), Chothia (see, e.g., Chothia C & Lesk A M, (1987), J. Mol. Biol. 196: 901-917), MacCallum (see MacCallum R M et al., (1996) J. Mol. Biol. 262: 732-745), or any other CDR determination method known in the art.

[0149] Unless indicated otherwise, the CDR sequences provided in **TABLE 1** are determined under the IMGT unique numbering scheme.

[0150] **TABLE 1: VHCDR and VLCDR sequences for polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind ROR1**

Heavy Chain	Light Chain
CDR1	
GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8)	QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11)
GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23)	QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26)
GFTFSSYA (SEQ ID NO: 127)	PDINSY (SEQ ID NO: 130)
GYTGTSYT (SEQ ID NO: 179)	QDIGSS (SEQ ID NO: 182)
GYTFTEYT (SEQ ID NO: 173)	SSVSY (SEQ ID NO: 176)
GYTFSDYE (SEQ ID NO: 143)	QNVDA (SEQ ID NO: 146)

GFSLTSYG (SEQ ID NO: 151)	SNVSY (SEQ ID NO: 154)
GFAFTGYN (SEQ ID NO: 172)	QGINSY (SEQ ID NO: 264)
GYNFTINYW (SEQ ID NO: 159)	QDINNY (SEQ ID NO: 162)
GFTSSYA (SEQ ID NO: 248)	QDINSY (SEQ ID NO: 170)
CDR2	
ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9)	DAS
IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24)	GAS
ISRGGTT (SEQ ID NO: 128)	RAN
INPSSGYT (SEQ ID NO: 180)	ATS
INPNNGGT (SEQ ID NO: 174)	LTS
IDPETGGT (SEQ ID NO: 144)	SAS
IWAGGFT (SEQ ID NO: 152)	EIS
IDPYYGGS (SEQ ID NO: 262)	RGN
IYPGSGST (SEQ ID NO: 160)	YTS
ISTGASA (SEQ ID NO: 168)	RAN
CDR3	
AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	QQRSNWPPXT wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L Y, or V (SEQ ID NO: 13) QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14)

	QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15) QQRSNWPPCT (SEQ ID NO: 16) QQRSNWPPRT (SEQ ID NO: 17) QQRSNWPPQT (SEQ ID NO: 18) QQRSNWPPIT (SEQ ID NO: 19) QQRSNWPPLT (SEQ ID NO: 20) QQRSNWPPYT (SEQ ID NO: 21) QQRSNWPPVT (SEQ ID NO: 22)
AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25)	QYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28)
YDYDGYAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 129)	LQYDEFPYT (SEQ ID NO: 132)
ARRVLWLRRGDY (SEQ ID NO: 181)	LQYASSP (SEQ ID NO: 184)
ALQGFAY (SEQ ID NO: 175)	QQWSSNPYT (SEQ ID NO: 178)
TGYDYDSFTY (SEQ ID NO: 145)	QQYDIYPYT (SEQ ID NO: 148)
ARRGSSYSMDY (SEQ ID NO: 153)	QQWNYPLIT (SEQ ID NO: 156)
ARSPGGDYAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 263)	LQYDEFPYT (SEQ ID NO: 132)
ARDGNYYAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 161)	QQGNTLPPYT (SEQ ID NO: 164)
ARITTSTWYFDV (SEQ ID NO: 169)	LQYDEFPYT (SEQ ID NO: 132)

[0151] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8 or SEQ ID NO: 23; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9 or SEQ ID NO: 24; (iii) a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10 or SEQ ID NO: 25; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11 or SEQ ID NO: 26; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13 or SEQ ID NO: 28. For example, in some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, SEQ ID NO: 16, SEQ ID NO: 17, SEQ ID NO: 18, SEQ ID NO: 19, SEQ ID NO: 20, SEQ ID NO: 21, SEQ ID NO: 22, or SEQ ID NO: 28.

[0152] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9; (iii) a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13 or SEQ ID NO: 28; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14.

[0153] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9; (iii) a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13 or SEQ ID NO: 28; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15.

[0154] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24; (iii) a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28.

[0155] TABLE 2 lists amino acid sequences of exemplary VH and VL domains that, in combination, can specifically bind to ROR1. In some embodiments, polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides of the present disclosure comprise VH and VL having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to VH domain and VL sequences

listed in TABLE 2. In certain embodiments, the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, and VHCDR3 and the VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences are determined under IMGT unique numbering scheme, Kabat (see Kabat et al., (1991) Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, NIH Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda), Chothia (see, *e.g.*, Chothia C & Lesk A M, (1987), J. Mol. Biol. 196: 901-917), MacCallum (see MacCallum R M et al., (1996) J. Mol. Biol. 262: 732-745), or any other CDR determination method known in the art, of the VH and VL sequences disclosed in TABLE 2.

[0156] Unless indicated otherwise, the CDR sequences provided in TABLE 2 are determined under the IMGT unique numbering scheme.

10 [0157] TABLE 2: VH and VL sequences for polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind ROR1

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
82H02	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u>	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u>
	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGS SIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SN WPPCTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 32)
	CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8)	CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11)
	CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9)	CDR2 – DAS
82H02 v1.06	CDR3 – AQGS SIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	CDR3 – QQR SNWPPCT (SEQ ID NO: 16)
	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u>	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u>
	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGS SIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SN WPPCTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 30)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14)
82H02 v1.07	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASNRAATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISSELEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPSTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 31) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15)
82H02 v1.02	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASNRAATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISSELEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPRTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 33) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	CDR3 – QQRSNWPPRT (SEQ ID NO: 17)
82H02 v1.03	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPQTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 34) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPQT (SEQ ID NO: 18)
82H02 v1.04	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPITFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 35) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPIT (SEQ ID NO: 19)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
82H02 v1.05	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASNRAITGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPLTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 36) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPLT (SEQ ID NO: 20)
82H02 v1.08	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNSKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWG QGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASNRAITGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTISLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSN WPPYTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 37) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQRSNWPPYT (SEQ ID NO: 21)
82H02 v1.09	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGK GLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCR ASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSL RAEDTAVYYCAQGS SIFDYWG QGTLTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 29) CDR1 – GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) CDR2 – ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) CDR3 – AQGS SIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10)	LIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTD FTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SN WPPVTFGQGT RLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 38) CDR1 – QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) CDR2 – DAS CDR3 – QQR SNWPPVT (SEQ ID NO: 22)
69A02	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTC SFSGFSITTS GVS VGWIRQPPGK ALEWLALIWDDDKRYSPSLK SRLTITRDT SKNQVVLTM TNM DPVDTATYYCAHAPRYTPGGY FDYWGGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 39) CDR1 – GFSITTS GVS (SEQ ID NO: 23) CDR2 – IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24) CDR3 – AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCR ASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTE FTLTSSSLQSEDFAIYYCQQYKN WPPAFGGGTELEIK (SEQ ID NO: 40) CDR1 – QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26) CDR2 – GAS CDR3 – QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28)
US 9,150,647, US 10,544,201 2A4	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVKLQQSGPELVKPGASVKISC KTSGYTFTEYTMHWVKQSHG KSLEWIGGINPNNGGTSYNQKF KGKATLTVDKSSSTAYMELRS LTSEDSAVYYCALQGFAYWGQ GTPLTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 123)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> EIEITQTPALMSASPGKVTMTCS ASSSVSYMYWYQQKPRSSPKPW IYLTSNLASGVPARFSGSGSGTSY SLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSN PYTFGGGTRLELK (SEQ ID NO: 124)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	CDR1 – GYTFTEYT (SEQ ID NO: 173) CDR2 – INPNNGGT (SEQ ID NO: 174) CDR3 – ALQGFAY (SEQ ID NO: 175)	CDR1 – SSVSY (SEQ ID NO: 176) CDR2 – LTS CDR3 – QQWSSNPYT (SEQ ID NO: 178)
US2013/01 01607, US 10,544,201 4A5	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVKLVESGGGLVKGPGSLKLS CAASGFTFSSYAMSWVRQIPEK RLEWVASISRGGTTYYPDSVK GRFTISRDNVRNILYLQMSSLR SEDTAMYYCGRYDYGYYAM DYWGQGTSSVSS (SEQ ID NO: 125) CDR1 – GFTFSSYA (SEQ ID NO: 127) CDR2 – ISRGGTT (SEQ ID NO: 128) CDR3 – YDYDGYIAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 129)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> DIKMTQSPSSMYASLGERVTITC KASPDINSYLSWFQQKPGKSPKT LIYRANRLVDGVPSRFSGGGSGQ DYSLTINSLEYEDMGIYYCLQYD EFPYTFGGGKLEMK (SEQ ID NO: 126) CDR1 – PDINSY (SEQ ID NO: 130) CDR2 – RAN CDR3 – LQYDEFPTY (SEQ ID NO: 132)
US 10,544,201 2A2	QVQLQQSGAELVRPGASVTLN CKASGYTFSDYEMHWVIQTPV HGLEWIGRIDPETGGTAYNQKF KGKAILTADKSSSTAYMELRSL TSEDSAVYYCTGYYDYDSFTY WGQGTLLTVSA (SEQ ID NO: 141) CDR1 – GYTFSDYE (SEQ ID NO: 143) CDR2 – IDPETGGT (SEQ ID NO: 144) CDR3 – TGYDYDSFTY (SEQ ID NO: 145)	DIVMTQSQKIMSTTVGDRVSITC KASQNVDAAVAWYQQKPGQSP KLLIYSASNRYTGVPDRFTGSGS GTDFTLTISNMQSEDLADYFCQQ YDIYPYTFGGGKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 142) CDR1 – QNVDAV (SEQ ID NO: 146) CDR2 – SAS CDR3 – QQYDIYPYT (SEQ ID NO: 148)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
US 10,544,201 D10	QVQLKESGPGLVAPSQTLSITC TVSGFSLTSYGVHWVROPPGK GLEWLGVWAGGFTNYNSALK SRLSISKDNSKSQVLLKMTSLQ TDDTAMYYCARRGSSYSMDY WGQGTSVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 149) CDR1 – GFSLTSYG (SEQ ID NO: 151) CDR2 - IWAGGFT (SEQ ID NO: 152) CDR3 - ARRGSYSMDY (SEQ ID NO: 153)	EIVLSQSPAITAASLGQKVTITCS ASSNVSYIHWYQQRSGTSPRPWI YEISKLASGVPVRFSGSGSGTSYS LTISSMEAEDAIIYYCQQWNYPL ITFGSGTKLEIQ (SEQ ID NO: 150) CDR1 - SNVSY (SEQ ID NO: 154) CDR2 - EIS CDR3 - QQWNYPLIT (SEQ ID NO: 156)
US 10,544,201 G6	EVQLQQSGPELEKPGASVKISC KASGFAFTGYNMNWVKQTNG KSLEWIGSIDPYYGGSTYNQKF KDKATLTVDKSSSTAYMQLKS LTSDDSAVYYCARSPGGDYAM DYWGQGTSVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 167) CDR1 – GFAFTGYN (SEQ ID NO: 172) CDR2 - IDPYYGGS (SEQ ID NO: 262) CDR3 - ARSPGGDYAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 263)	DIKMTQSPSSMYASVGERVTITC KASQGINSYSGWVFPKPGKSPKT LIYRGNRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQ DYSLTISSEYEDMGIIYYCLQYD EFPYTFGGGKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 171) CDR1 - QGINSY (SEQ ID NO: 264) CDR2 - RGN CDR3 - LQYDEFPYT (SEQ ID NO: 132)
US 10,544,201 G3	QVQLQQPGAELVKPGTSVKLS CKASGYNFTNYWINWVKLRPG QGLEWIGEIYPGSGSTNYNEKF KSKATLTADTSSSTAYMQLSSL ASEDSALYYCARDGNYYAMD YWQGQTSVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 157) CDR1 – GYNFTNYW (SEQ ID NO: 159) CDR2 - IYPGSGST	DIQMTQTTSSLSASLGDRVITTCR ASQDINNYLNWYQQKPDGTVKL LIYYTSALHSGVPSRFSGSGSGTD YSLTISNLEQEDIATYFCQQGNTL PPYTFGGGKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 158) CDR1 - QDINNY (SEQ ID NO: 162) CDR2 - YTS

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	(SEQ ID NO: 160) CDR3 - ARDGNYYAMDY (SEQ ID NO: 161)	CDR3 - QQGNTLPPYT (SEQ ID NO: 164)
US 10,544,201 H10	EVKLVESGGGLVVKPGGSLKLS CAASGFTFSSYAMSWVRQTPE KRLEWVASISTGASAYFPDSVK GRFTISRDNARNILYLQMSSLR SEDTAMYYCARITTSTWYFDV WGAGTTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 165) CDR1 – GFTFSSYA (SEQ ID NO: 127) CDR2 - ISTGASA (SEQ ID NO: 168) CDR3 - ARITTSTWYFDV (SEQ ID NO: 169)	DIKMTQSPSSMYASLGERVTITC KASQDINSYLSWFQKPGKSPKT LIYRANRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQ DYSLTISSELEYEDMGIIYYCLQYD EFPYTFGGGTKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 166) CDR1 - QDINSY (SEQ ID NO: 170) CDR2 - RAN CDR3 - LQYDEFPYT (SEQ ID NO: 132)

[0158] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.

[0159] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0160] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least

98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 29; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 31.

[0161] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 39; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 40.

[0162] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is in an scFv format. In some embodiments, a ROR1-binding scFv of the present disclosure comprises a linker polypeptide that connects a VH domain and VL domain. In some embodiments, a linker polypeptide comprises the sequence (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1), wherein n is 1 to 12. For example, in some embodiments, a ROR-1 binding scFv comprises, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a VL domain, a linker polypeptide, and a VH domain. In other embodiments, a ROR-1 binding scFv comprises, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a VH domain, a linker polypeptide, and a VL domain.

[0163] TABLE 3 lists amino acid sequences of exemplary ROR1-binding scFvs. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFvs comprising scFv sequences at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to an scFv sequence listed in TABLE 3.

[0164] TABLE 3: Exemplary ROR1-binding scFv amino acid sequences

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
82H02	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPCT FGQGRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 43)
82H02 V1.06(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTF GQGRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLVQPGGSL LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVK GRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLV TVSS (SEQ ID NO: 41)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
82H02 V1.07(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTF GQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSL RLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVK GRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLV TVSS (SEQ ID NO: 42)
82H02 V1.02(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPRT FGQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 44)
82H02 V1.03(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPQT FGQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 45)
82H02 V1.04(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPITF GQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSL RLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVK GRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLV TVSS (SEQ ID NO: 46)
82H02 V1.05(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPLT FGQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 47)
82H02 V1.08(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPYT FGQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 48)
82H02 V1.09(1)	EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRTGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPVT FGQGTRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTL VTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 49)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
82H02(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPCTFGQGTR LEIK (SEQ ID NO: 52)
82H02 V1.06(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPFTFGQGTRL EIK (SEQ ID NO: 50)
82H02 V1.07(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPSTFGQGTRL EIK (SEQ ID NO: 51)
82H02 V1.02(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPRTFGQGTR LEIK (SEQ ID NO: 53)
82H02 V1.03(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPQTFGQGTR LEIK (SEQ ID NO: 54)
82H02 V1.04(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPITFGQGTRL EIK (SEQ ID NO: 55)
82H02 V1.05(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTIS SLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPPLTFGQGTRL EIK (SEQ ID NO: 56)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
82H02 V1.08(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPYTFGQGTR LEIK (SEQ ID NO: 57)
82H02 V1.09(2)	EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQS PATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRA TGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPVTFGQGTR LEIK (SEQ ID NO: 58)
69A02	ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTSSSLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFG GGTELEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTL TCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRL TITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGQ TLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 59)
69A02(2)	QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGG ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTSSSLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFG GGTELEIK (SEQ ID NO: 60)
US 9150647 2A4	EIEITQTPALMSASPGKEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMYWYQQKPRSSPKPWIY LTSNLAGVPARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPYTF GGGTRLELKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVKLQQSGPELVKPGASV KISCKTSGYTFTEYTMHWVKQSHGKSLEWIGGINPNNGGTSYNQKFK GKATLTVDKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYCALQGFAFWGQGTPLTV SS (SEQ ID NO: 135)
US 2013/0101607 4A5	DIKMTQSPSSMYASLGERVTITCKASPDINSYLSWFQQKPGKSPKTLIY RANRLVDGVPSRFSGGGSGQDYSLTINSLEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYT FGGGTKLEMKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVKLQQSGPELVKPGA SVKISCKTSGYTFTEYTMHWVKQSHGKSLEWIGGINPNNGGTSYNQKF KGKATLTVDKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYCALQGFAFWGQGTPLT VSS (SEQ ID NO: 136)
US 9150647 2A4(2)	EVKLQQSGPELVKPGASVKISCKTSGYTFTEYTMHWVKQSHGKSLEWI GGINPNNGGTSYNQKFKGKATLTVDKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYC ALQGFAFWGQGTPLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIEITQTPAL MSASPGKEKVTMTCSASSSVSYMYWYQQKPRSSPKPWIYLTSLNLAGV PARFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAATYYCQQWSSNPYTFGGGTRLEL K (SEQ ID NO: 139)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
US 2013/0101607 4A5(2)	EVKLQQSGPELVKPGASVKISCKTSGYTFTEYTMHWVKQSHGKSLEWI GGINPNNGGTSYNQKFKGKATLTVDKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYC ALQGFAYWGQGTPLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIKMTQSPS SMYASLGERVTITCKASPDINSYLSWFQQKPGKSPKTLIYRANRLVDG VPSRFSGGSGQDYSLTINSLEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYTFGGGKLE MK (SEQ ID NO: 140)
US 10,544,201 2A2	DIVMTQSQKIMSTTVGDRVSITCKASQNVDAAVAWYQQKPGQSPKLLI YSASNRYTGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISNMQSEDLADYFCQQYDIYPY TFGGGKLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVQLQQSGAELVRPGA SVTLSCASGYTFSYEMHWVIQTPVHGLEWIGAIIDPETGGTAYNQKF KGKAILTADKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYCTGYDYDSFTYWGQG TLVTVSA (SEQ ID NO: 185)
US 10,544,201 D10	EIVLSQSPAITAASLGQKVITITCSASSNVSYIHWYQQRSGTSPRPWIYELS KLASGVPVRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISMEAEADAAIYYCQQWNYPLITFGSG TKLEIQGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVQLKESGPGLVAPSQTLSITC TVSGFSLTSYGVHWVROPPEGKLEWLGVIWAGGFTNYSALKSRLSIS KDNSKSQVLLKMTSLQTDATAMYYCARRGSSYSMDYWGQGTSTVTS S (SEQ ID NO: 186)
US 10,544,201 G6	DIKMTQSPSSMYASVGERVTITCKASQGINSYSGWFQQKPGKSPKTLIY RGNRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQDYSLTISSELEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYTF GGGKLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLQQSGPELEKPGASV KISCKASGFAFTGYNMNVWKQTNGKSLEWIGSIDPYGGSTYNQKFK DKATLTVDKSSSTAYMQLKSLTSDSAVYYCARSPGGDYAMDYWGQ GTSVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 266)
US 10,544,201 G3	DIQMTQTTSSLSASLGDRVTITCRASQDINNYLNWYQQKPDGTVKLLI YYTSALHSGVPSRFSGSGSDYSLTISNLEQEDIATYFCQQGNTLPPY TFGGGKLEIK GGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVQLQQPGAELVKPGTSVKLSCKASG YNFTNYWINWVKLRPGGLEWIGEIYPGSGSTNYNEKFKSKATLTADT SSSTAYMQLSSLASEDSALYYCARDGNYYAMDYWGQGTSTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 187)
US 10,544,201 H10	DIKMTQSPSSMYASLGERVTITCKASQDINSYLSWFQQKPGKSPKTLIY RANRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQDYSLTISSELEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYTF GGGKLEIK GGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVKLVESGGGLVKPGGSLKLSAASGF TFSSYAMSWVRQTPEKRLEWVASISTGASAYFPDSVKGRFTISRDNAR NILYLQMSSLRSEDAMYYCARITTSWYFDVWGAGTIVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 188)
US 10,544,201 2A2(2)	QVQLQQSGAELVRPGASVTLSCASGYTFSYEMHWVIQTPVHGLEW IGAIIDPETGGTAYNQKFKGKAILTADKSSSTAYMELRSLTSEDSAVYYC TGYYDYDSFTYWGQGTSLVTVSAGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDIVM TQSQKIMSTTVGDRVSITCKASQNVDAAVAWYQQKPGQSPKLLIYSAS NRYTGVPDRFTGSGSGTDFTLTISNMQSEDLADYFCQQYDIYPYTFGG GTKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 189)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
US 10,544,201 D10(2)	QVQLKESGPGGLVAPSQTLSITCTVSGFSLTSYGVHVVROPPGKGLEWL GVIWAGGFTNYNSALKSRLSISKDNSKSQVLLKMTSLQTDDETAMYYC ARRGSSYSMDYWGGQTSVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLS QSPAITAASLGQKVTITCSASSNVSYIHWYQQRSGTSPRPWIYEISKLAS GVPVRFSGSGSGTSYSLTISSMEAEDAAIYYCQQWNYPLITFGSGTKLEI Q (SEQ ID NO: 190)
US 10,544,201 G6(2)	EVQLQQSGPELEKPGASVKISCKASGFAFTGYNMNWVKQTNGKSLEW IGSIDPYYGGSTYNQKFKDKATLTVDKSSSTAYMQLKSLTSDDSAVYY CARSPGGDYAMDYWGGQTSVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSDI KMTQSPSSMYASVGERVTITCKASQGINSYSGWFOQKPGKSPKTLIYR GNRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQDYSLTISSELEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYTFG GGTKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 267)
US 10,544,201 G3(2)	QVQLQQPGAELVKPGTSVKLSCKASGYNFTNYWINWVKLRPGQGLE WIGEIYPGSGSTNYNEKFKSKATLTADTSSSTAYMQLSSLASEDSALYY CARDGNYYAMDYWGGQTSVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS DIQMTQTSSLSASLGDRVITICRASQDINNYLNWYQQKPDGTVKLLI YYTSALHSGVPSRFSGSGSGTDYSLTISNLEQEDIAFYFCQQGNTLPPY TFGGGTKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 191)
US 10,544,201 H10(2)	EVKLVESGGGLVKPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFSSYAMSWVRQTPPEKRLW VASISTGASAYFPDSVKGRFTISRDNARNILYLQMSSLRSEDTAMYYCA RITTSTWYFDVWGAGTTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS DIKMTQSPSSMYASLGERVTITCKASQDINSYLSWFOQKPGKSPKTLIY RANRLVDGVPSRFSGSGSGQDYSLTISSELEYEDMGIYYCLQYDEFPYTF GGGTKLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 192)

[0165] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 48, SEQ ID NO: 49, or SEQ ID NO: 59.

[0166] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFvs that specifically bind ROR1, each comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 48, SEQ ID NO: 49, or SEQ ID NO: 59.

[0167] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41.

5 [0168] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFvs that specifically bind ROR1, each comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 41.

10 [0169] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 42.

15 [0170] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFvs that specifically bind ROR1, each comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 42.

20 [0171] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 59.

[0172] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFvs that specifically bind ROR1, each comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 59.

25 ***LB Polypeptides or Complexes of Two or More Polypeptides that Specifically Bind CD3***

[0173] Bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind CD3 on the surface of T cells. In some embodiments, polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides specifically bind the CD3ε chain of the CD3/T cell receptor complex, which is broadly expressed on all mature T lymphocytes, for example, αβ T cells, γδ T cells, NK-T cells, mucosal-associated invariant T (MAIT) cells, and their phenotypic subsets. In some embodiments, binding of the CD3ε chain induces activation of the T cell when bridged to ROR1.

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[0174] As used herein, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, is a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3ε (SEQ ID NO: 269).

[0175] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 includes, but is not limited to: a Fab, an antibody, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), a minibody, or a nanobody (VHH).

[0176] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 includes, but is not limited to, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), an antibody, a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, or a nanobody (VHH). For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise two scFv polypeptides that each specifically bind to the Ig-like domain of ROR1.

[0177] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a VH domain and a VL domain. TABLE 4 lists VH and VL CDRs that, in combination, can specifically bind to CD3. In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences selected from the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences listed in TABLE 4, determined under IMGT unique numbering scheme, Kabat (see Kabat et al., (1991) Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, NIH Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda), Chothia (see, e.g., Chothia C & Lesk A M, (1987), J. Mol. Biol. 196: 901-917), MacCallum (see MacCallum R M et al., (1996) J. Mol. Biol. 262: 732-745), or any other CDR determination method known in the art.

[0178] Unless indicated otherwise, the CDR sequences provided in TABLE 4 are determined under the IMGT unique numbering scheme.

[0179] TABLE 4: VHCDR and VLCDR sequences for polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind CD3

Heavy Chain	Light Chain
CDR1	
GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61)	TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64)
CDR2	
IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62)	GT

CDR3	
VRHGNFGX ₁ X ₂ YVSWFAY wherein X ₁ is N, A, or E, and X ₂ is S or A (SEQ ID NO: 67)	ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63)	
VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68)	
VRHGNFGESYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 69)	
VRHGNFGNAYVSFAY (SEQ ID NO: 70)	

[0180] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 61; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 62; (iii) a
5 VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 67; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 64; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 66. For example, in some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID
10 NO: 63, SEQ ID NO: 68, SEQ ID NO: 69, or SEQ ID NO: 70.

[0181] In certain embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 61; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 62; (iii) a
15 VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 63; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 64; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 66.

[0182] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 61; (ii) a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 62; (iii) a
20 VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 68; (iv) a VLCDR1 comprising

an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 64; (v) a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and (vi) a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 66.

[0183] **TABLE 5** lists amino acid sequences of exemplary VH and VL domains that, in combination, can specifically bind to CD3. In some embodiments, polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides of the present disclosure comprise VH and VL having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to VH domain and VL sequences listed in **TABLE 5**. In certain embodiments, the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, and VHCDR3 and the VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences are determined under IMGT unique numbering scheme, Kabat (see Kabat et al., (1991) Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, NIH Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda), Chothia (see, *e.g.*, Chothia C & Lesk A M, (1987), J. Mol. Biol. 196: 901-917), MacCallum (see MacCallum R M et al., (1996) J. Mol. Biol. 262: 732-745), or any other CDR determination method known in the art, of the VH and VL sequences disclosed in in Format 1A or Format 1B.

[0184] Unless indicated otherwise, the CDR sequences provided in **TABLE 5** are determined under the IMGT unique numbering scheme.

[0185] **TABLE 5: VH and VL sequences for polypeptides or complexes of two or more polypeptides that specifically bind CD3**

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
IF3.5	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u>	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u>
	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGL EWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVK DRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWF AYWGQGTMTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 80)	QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRS STGAVTTSNYANWVQKPGQAP RGLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG GKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYNSLWVFGGGTKLTVL (SEQ ID NO: 81)
	CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61)	CDR1 – TGA VTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64)
	CDR2 – IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62)	CDR2 – GT
	CDR3 – VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63)	CDR3 – ALWYNSLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
IF3.5 v1.01	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u>	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u>
	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGL EWVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVK GRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKT	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCAS STGAVTTSNYANWVQKPGQAP RALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWF AYWGGQGTMTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 71) CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61) CDR2 – IRSKYNNTAT (SEQ ID NO: 62) CDR3 – VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63)	GKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYNSLWVFGGGTKLTVL (SEQ ID NO: 76) CDR1 – TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64) CDR2 – GT CDR3 – ALWYNSLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
IF3.5 v1.03	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGL EWVGRIRSKYNNTATYYADSVK GRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKT EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWF AYWGGQGTMTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 72) CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61) CDR2 – IRSKYNNTAT (SEQ ID NO: 62) CDR3 – VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTIVTLTCAS STGAVTTSNYANWVQKPGQAP RALIYGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG GKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYNSLWVFGGGTKLTVL (SEQ ID NO: 78) CDR1 – TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64) CDR2 – GT CDR3 – ALWYNSLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
IF3.5 v1.02	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGL EWVGRIRSKYNNTATYYADSVK GRFTISRDDSKNTAYLQMNSLKT EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWF AYWGGQGTMTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 73) CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61) CDR2 – IRSKYNNTAT (SEQ ID NO: 62) CDR3 – VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTIVTLTCAS STGAVTTSNYANWFQKPGQAP RALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG GKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYNSLWVFGGGTKLTVL (SEQ ID NO: 77) CDR1 – TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64) CDR2 – GT CDR3 – ALWYNSLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
IF3.5 v1.04	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGL EWVGRIRSKYNNTATYYADSVK GRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKT EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGESYVSWF AYWGGQGTMTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 74)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTIVTLTCAS STGAVTTSNYANWFQKPGQAP RALIYGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG GKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYNSLWVFGGGTKLTVL (SEQ ID NO: 79)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence	
	CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61) CDR2 – IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62) CDR3 – VRHGNFGESYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 69)	CDR1 – TGA VTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64) CDR2 – GT CDR3 – ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)
IF3.5 v1.05	<u>Heavy Chain Variable Domain (VH)</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQP GGSLKLSCA ASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGL EWVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVK GRFTISRDDSKNTAYLQMNSLKT EDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNAYVSFA YWGGQGTMTVTSS (SEQ ID NO: 75) CDR1 – GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61) CDR2 – IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62) CDR3 – VRHGNFGNAYVSFAY (SEQ ID NO: 70)	<u>Light Chain Variable Domain (VL)</u> QTVVTQEPSLT VSPGGTVTLTCAS STGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAP RALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLG GKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCAL WYSNLWVFVG GGTKLT VL (SEQ ID NO: 76) CDR1 – TGA VTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64) CDR2 – GT CDR3 – ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66)

[0186] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72, SEQ ID NO: 73, SEQ ID NO: 74, SEQ ID NO: 75 or SEQ ID NO: 80; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 76, SEQ ID NO: 77, SEQ ID NO: 78, SEQ ID NO: 79, or SEQ ID NO: 81.

[0187] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 72; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 81.

[0188] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: (i) a VH having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least

98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 71; and (ii) a VL having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 76.

[0189] In some embodiments, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is in a Fab format. **TABLE 6** lists polypeptide sequences of heavy chains (HC) and light chains (LC) that, in combination, can specifically bind to CD3. In some embodiments, the heavy chain and the light chains are arranged in Fab format having HC and LC sequences at least 90% identical (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to HC and LC sequences listed in **TABLE 6**.

[0190] **TABLE 6: Heavy chain and light chain sequences for antigen binding sites in Fab format that specifically bind CD3**

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
Heavy Chain	
1F3.5	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLE WVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLY SLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 93)
1F3.5_VH1.01	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLY SLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 83)
1F3.5_VH1.03	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLY SLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 82)
1F3.5_VH1.02	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTAYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLY SLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 108)
1F3.5_VH1.04	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGESYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSS KSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLY SLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 111)

Clone	Amino Acid Sequence
1F3.5_VH1.05	EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTAYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFNGNAYVSFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSK STSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYS LSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKV (SEQ ID NO: 114)
Light Chain	
1F3.5	QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVL GQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSP VKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTV EKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
1F3.5_VL1.01	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYP GAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSH RSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
1F3.5_VL1.03	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIYGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYP GAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSH RSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 119)
1F3.5_VL1.02	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWFQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYP GAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSH RSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 120)
1F3.5_VL1.04	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWFQQKPGQAPR ALIYGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYP GAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSH RSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 121)
1F3.5_VL1.05	QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYS NLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYP GAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSH RSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPECS (SEQ ID NO: 122)

[0191] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at

least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 82 or SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 84 or SEQ ID NO: 85.

[0192] In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 82, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 84.

[0193] In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 85.

[0194] In some embodiments, a partial hinge (for example, a polypeptide having the sequence of EPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 133)) is connected to the C-terminus of a CH1 domain of a Fab heavy chain (HC) that specifically binds CD3 and forms a disulfide bond with the Fab light chain (LC) that specifically binds CD3.

LC Bridging Moieties

[0195] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure further comprise a bridging moiety. In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety may be non-functional, *i.e.* merely serves as a structural connection and/or appendage and does not perform a biological function or have a biological purpose. In other embodiments, the bridging moiety is functional and has a biological function in the context of the protein.

[0196] In some embodiments, the N-terminus of the bridging moiety is connected to the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 and the C-terminus of the bridging moiety is connected to the N-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1. In some embodiments, the

N-terminus of the bridging moiety is further connected to the C-terminus of a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1. In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms, wherein the N-terminus of a first polypeptide arm is connected to the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, the C-terminus of a second polypeptide arm is connected to the N-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, and the N-terminus of the second polypeptide arm is connected to the C-terminus of a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1.

[0197] In some embodiments, the N-terminus of the bridging moiety is connected to the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 and the C-terminus of the bridging moiety is connected to the N-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3. In some embodiments, the N-terminus of the bridging moiety is further connected to the C-terminus of a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1. In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms, wherein the N-terminus of a first polypeptide arm is connected to the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, the C-terminus of the first polypeptide arm is connected to the N-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, and the N-terminus of a second polypeptide arm is connected to the C-terminus of a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1.

[0198] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises, but is not limited to, a strand-exchange engineered domain (SEED) format Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, a polypeptide linker, or a polypeptide hinge.

SEED Format Fc Domain

[0199] In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises a SEED format Fc domain or functional fragment thereof comprising two asymmetric, complementary polypeptide arms, designated AG and GA, each comprising alternating sequences of IgA and IgG CH3 domains. In some embodiments, the AG and GA polypeptide arms of the SEED format Fc domain comprise alternating sequences of human IgA and IgG CH3 domains. In some embodiments, a SEED format Fc domain promotes AG/GA heterodimerization and disfavors AG and GA homodimers.

[0200] Within an Fc domain, CD16 binding is mediated by the hinge region and the CH2 domain. For example, within human IgG1, the interaction with CD16 is primarily focused on amino acid residues Asp 265 – Glu 269, Asn 297 – Thr 299, Ala 327 – Ile 332, Leu 234 – Ser 239, and carbohydrate residue N-acetyl-D-glucosamine in the CH2 domain (see, Sondermann et al., Nature, 406 (6793):267-273), numbered according to the EU index as in Kabat. Based on the known domains, mutations can be selected to enhance or reduce the binding affinity to CD16, such as by using phage-displayed libraries or yeast surface-displayed cDNA libraries, or can be designed based on the known three-dimensional structure of the interaction. Accordingly, in certain embodiments, a SEED format Fc domain or functional portion thereof comprises a hinge polypeptide and a CH2 domain.

[0201] In some embodiments, the SEED format AG polypeptide arm and GA polypeptide arm each comprise one or more mutation(s) to reduce binding to an Fcγ receptor (e.g., FcγRI, FcγRIIA, FcγRIIB, FcγRIIIA, or FcγRIIIB) or a complement component (e.g., C1q) in the first and/or second polypeptide arms of the SEED format Fc domain. Such mutations are useful for reducing effector functions. For example, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure includes LALA (L234A and L235A) mutations, LALAPA (L234A, L235A, and P329A) mutations, LALAPG (L234A, L235A, and P329G) mutations, or LALEGAASPS (L234A, L235E, G237A, A330S, and P331S) mutations. In some embodiments, the terminal lysine residue of a SEED format Fc domain is mutated (K447A) or deleted (K447Δ). In some embodiments, amino acids at any one or more of positions 322, 330, 331, 355, and 358 may be mutated. The positions of the amino acid substitutions are all numbered according to the EU index as in Kabat, unless otherwise stated.

[0202] TABLE 7 lists polypeptide sequences of SEED format AG and GA polypeptide arms that heterodimerize with each other at their respective CH3 domains. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise: (i) an AG polypeptide arm having an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to an AG polypeptide arm sequence listed in TABLE 7; and (ii) a GA polypeptide arm having an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to an GA polypeptide arm sequence listed in TABLE 7.

[0203] TABLE 7: Exemplary SEED format Fc domain sequences

	AG Arm	GA Arm
Parental	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGF YPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP SRQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 88)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPP SEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPV LDSDGSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKG DTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDR SPGK (SEQ ID NO: 89)
82H02	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGF YPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP SRQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 86)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALG APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPP SEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPV LDSDGSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKG DTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDR SPGK (SEQ ID NO: 87)
69A02	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSN KALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGF YPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP SRQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKS RWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHY TQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 117)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALA APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPP SEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPV LDSDGSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKG DTFSCSVMHEALHN RFTQKSLDR SPGK (SEQ ID NO: 118)
Parental (CH3)	GQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQV SLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTPSRQEPSQGTTTFAV TSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVM HEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 296)	GQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELV TLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQ ELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYS ILRVA AEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 297)
82H02 (CH3)	GQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQV SLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTPSRQEPSQGTTTFAV TSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVM HEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 298)	GQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELV TLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQ ELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYS ILRVA AEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 299)
69A02 (CH3)	GQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQV SLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTPSRQEPSQGTTTFAV	GQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELV TLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQ ELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYS

	TSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVM HEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 300)	ILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEA LHNRFQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 301)
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[0204] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a bridging moiety comprising a SEED format AG polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 86, SEQ ID NO: 117, or SEQ ID NO: 88, and a SEED format GA polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 87, SEQ ID NO: 118, or SEQ ID NO: 89.

[0205] In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise a bridging moiety comprising a SEED format AG polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 86, and a SEED format GA polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence having at least 90% sequence identity (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to SEQ ID NO: 87.

IgG Fc Heterodimers

[0206] In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises an immunoglobulin Fc domain. For example, in some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises an IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, or IgE Fc domain. In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises an IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4 Fc domain. In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises an IgG1 Fc domain. In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises a human IgG1 Fc domain. In certain embodiments, an immunoglobulin Fc domain bridging moiety comprises a first polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain and a second polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain which dimerize with each other.

[0207] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure includes, a first immunoglobulin Fc domain polypeptide arm and a second immunoglobulin Fc domain polypeptide arm, which are both IgG1 Fc domain polypeptides comprising one or more mutation(s) that promote heterodimerization with each other. In some embodiments, the one or more mutation(s) that promote heterodimerization are within the CH3 of the IgG1 Fc domain. For example, immunoglobulin Fc domain can be engineered for heterodimerization using, but

not limited to, a “knobs-into-holes” format, duobody format, azymetric format, charge pair format, crossMab format, electrostatic steering format, or HA-TF format. For example, if the Fc domain is derived from the Fc of a human IgG1, the Fc domain can comprise an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to amino acids 234-332 of a human IgG1 antibody, and differ at one or more position(s) selected from the group consisting of E345, Q347, Y349, T350, L351, S354, E356, E357, K360, S364, T366, L368, K370, K392, T394, D399, F405, Y407, and K409 according to EU numbering.

[0208] In certain embodiments, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional portion thereof comprises a hinge polypeptide and a CH2 domain.

[0209] In certain embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises a human IgG1 Fc domain comprising one or more mutation(s) to reduce binding to an Fcγ receptor (*e.g.*, FcγRI, FcγRIIA, FcγRIIB, FcγRIIIA, or FcγRIIIB) or a complement component (*e.g.*, C1q) in the first and/or second polypeptide arms of the human IgG1 Fc domain. Such mutations are useful for reducing effector functions. For example, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure includes LALA (L234A and L235A) mutations, LALAPA (L234A, L235A, and P329A) mutations, LALAPG (L234A, L235A, and P329G) mutations, or LALEGAASPS (L234A, L235E, G237A, A330S, and P331S) mutations. In some embodiments, the terminal lysine residue of human IgG1 Fc domain is mutated (K447A) or deleted (K447Δ). In some embodiments, amino acids at any one or more of positions 322, 330, 331, 355, and 358 may be mutated. The positions of the amino acid substitutions are all numbered according to the EU index as in Kabat, unless otherwise stated.

[0210] TABLE 8 lists polypeptide sequences of immunoglobulin Fc domain polypeptide arms that heterodimerize with each other. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure comprise: (i) a first polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain having an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to a first polypeptide arm sequence listed in TABLE 8; and (ii) a second polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain having an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) to a second polypeptide arm sequence listed in TABLE 8.

[0211] TABLE 8: Exemplary human immunoglobulin Fc domain heterodimerization sequences

	First Polypeptide Arm	Second Polypeptide Arm
Knob-in-hole (1)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLWCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 194)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLSCAVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFFLVSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 195)
Knob-in-hole (2)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPCRDELTKNQVSLWCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 196)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVCTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLSCAVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFFLVSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 197)
HA-TF (1)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVHLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFALYSKLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK SLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 198)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVTTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTFPPVLDSD GSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 199)
XmAb	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCDVSGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 200)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDQLTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVF SCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K (SEQ ID NO: 201)
ZW1	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT

	First Polypeptide Arm	Second Polypeptide Arm
	VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY VYPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTP PVLDS DGSFALVSKLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK SLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 202)	VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYVLP SRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQPENNYLTWPPVLDS DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVF SCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K (SEQ ID NO: 203)
7.8.60	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTDNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTP PVLMSDGSFFLASKLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK SLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 204)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPRRPRVYTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLVCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLDS DGSFFLYSVLTVDKSRWQQGNVF SCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K (SEQ ID NO: 205)
Electrostatic Steering	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTP PVLDS DGSFFLYSNLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 206)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLKSD GSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 207)
DD-KK	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYDTTP PVLDS DGSFFLYSDLTVDKSRWQ QGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 208)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDKLTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLKS DGSFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVF SCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K (SEQ ID NO: 209)
EW-RVT	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTDNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTP PVLDS DGSFFLYSWLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK SLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 210)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPRVYTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLVSD GSFTLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 211)

	First Polypeptide Arm	Second Polypeptide Arm
EW-RVT (2)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVC TLPPSRDELLENQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSWLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 212)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPRVYTLPPC RDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFTLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 213)
A107	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELLENQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSWLTVDKSRW QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 214)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDNLTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDI AVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD DGSFTLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVF SCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPG K (SEQ ID NO: 215)
Duobody	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTC VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGV EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN KALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGF YPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTP PVLDSGDSFFLYSRLTVDKSRWQ QQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 216)	PSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCV VVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEV HNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT VLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALP APIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPS RDELTKNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIA VEWESNGQPENNYKTPPVLDSD GSFTLYSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFS CSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 217)
Knob-in-hole (1) CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLWCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYS KLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHE ALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 272)	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LSCAVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLVSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 273)
Knob-in-hole (2) CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLWCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNG QPENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLYS KLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHE ALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 274)	GQPREPQVCTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LSCAVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFFLVSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 275)
HA-TF (1) CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV HLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTPPVLDSDGSFALYSK	GQPREPQVTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTFPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLT

	First Polypeptide Arm	Second Polypeptide Arm
	LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 276)	VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 277)
XmAb CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCDVSGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSK LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 278)	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDQLTKNQV KLTCVLKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 279)
ZW1 CH3	GQPREPQVYVYPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFALVSK LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 280)	GQPREPQVYVLPSPSRDELTKNQV SLLCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYLTWPPVLDSGDSFFLYSKL TVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEAL HNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 281)
7.8.60 CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTDNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLMSDGSFFLASK LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 282)	GQPRRPRVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LVCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSVLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 283)
Electrostatic Steering CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSN LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 284)	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 285)
DD-KK CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYDTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSD LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 286)	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDKLTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLKSDGSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 287)
EW-RVT CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSW LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 288)	GQPREPRVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLVSDGSFTLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 289)
EW-RVT (2) CH3	GQPREPQVCTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSW LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 290)	GQPREPRVYTLPPCRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLVSDGSFTLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 291)
A107 CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSW	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDNLTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLVSDGSFTLYSKLT

	First Polypeptide Arm	Second Polypeptide Arm
	LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 292)	VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 293)
Duobody CH3	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQV SLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQ PENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSR LTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEA LHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 294)	GQPREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQVS LTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP ENNYKTTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLT VDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALH NHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 295)

Hinge Polypeptide

[0212] In some embodiments, the bridging moiety comprises at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide arm. The hinge polypeptide arm can be derived from an immunoglobulin heavy chain, *e.g.*, IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgG4, or other classes. Preferably, the hinge polypeptide arm is derived from human IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, or IgG4. More preferably, the hinge polypeptide arm is derived from a human IgG1 heavy chain.

[0213] In some embodiments, at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide arm is connected to the N-terminus of the heavy chain constant domain 2 (CH2) of an AG polypeptide arm and GA polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain, or a first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm of a human immunoglobulin Fc domain.

[0214] In some embodiments, a hinge polypeptide arm connects the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 to the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of a SEED format Fc domain AG or GA polypeptide arm, or the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of an immunoglobulin Fc domain first polypeptide arm or second polypeptide arm. In some embodiments, a hinge polypeptide arm connects the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of a SEED format Fc domain AG or GA polypeptide arm, or the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of an immunoglobulin Fc domain first polypeptide arm or second polypeptide arm.

[0215] In some embodiments, a hinge polypeptide arm connects the C-terminus of a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of a SEED format Fc domain AG or GA polypeptide arm, or the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of an immunoglobulin Fc domain first polypeptide arm or second polypeptide arm. In some embodiments, a hinge polypeptide arm connects the C-terminus of a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds

ROR1 to the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of a SEED format Fc domain AG or GA polypeptide arm, or the N-terminus of the CH2 domain of an immunoglobulin Fc domain first polypeptide arm or second polypeptide arm.

[0216] In some embodiments, amino acids at any one or more of positions C220, E233, L234 or L235 may be mutated in a hinge polypeptide arm of human IgG1. The positions of the amino acid substitutions are all numbered according to the EU index as in Kabat, unless otherwise stated.

[0217] TABLE 9 lists exemplary hinge polypeptide arm sequences. In some embodiments, a bridging moiety of the present disclosure comprises a hinge polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to a hinge polypeptide arm sequence listed in TABLE 9.

[0218] TABLE 9: Exemplary hinge polypeptide arm sequences

Hinge	Amino Acid Sequence
Parental	EPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGG (SEQ ID NO: 91)
Parental C220S	EPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGG (SEQ ID NO: 193)
82H02 (LALA)	EPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGG (SEQ ID NO: 90)
82H02 (LALA)(2)	EPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGG (SEQ ID NO: 92)
69A02 (LALA)	EPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAG (SEQ ID NO: 115)
69A02 (LALA)(2)	EPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAG (SEQ ID NO: 116)

[0219] In certain embodiments, a bridging moiety of the present invention comprises: (i) a hinge polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 92; and a second hinge polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 90.

[0220] In certain embodiments, a bridging moiety of the present invention comprises: (i) a hinge polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 92; and a second hinge polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 92.

1.E Exemplary Bispecific Proteins

[0226] Listed below are examples of bispecific proteins of the present invention comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA (*e.g.*, ROR1) and a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3.

5 [0227] In one aspect, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, includes two arms, the first arm comprises a first component, which specifically binds to a TAA, at its N-terminal end, and a second component, which specifically binds to the same TAA, at its C-terminal end, and a second arm comprises a component, which
10 specifically binds to CD3, at its N-terminal end.

[0228] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides
15 that specifically binds a TAA, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds a TAA; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED
20 format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize.

[0229] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing tumor cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, comprises: (i) a first arm comprising, from N-terminus to
25 C-terminus, a first component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, a first hinge polypeptide, a first polypeptide of a SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, and a second component comprising a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1; and (ii) a second arm comprising, from N-terminus to C-terminus, a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that
30 specifically binds CD3, a second hinge polypeptide, and a second polypeptide of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain, wherein the first and second polypeptides of the SEED format immunoglobulin Fc domain dimerize.

[0230] In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 can comprise an antigen binding site (*e.g.*, a single-chain variable fragment (scFv); an antibody, a Fab; a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody; or a nanobody (VHH)). For example, antigen binding sites that specifically bind ROR1 can comprise an scFv comprising the
5 VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences selected from any of the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences listed in TABLE 1, the VH and VL sequences listed in TABLE 2, and/or the scFv sequences listed in TABLE 3.

[0231] As described above, bispecific proteins of the present invention may comprise a
10 bridging moiety. In some embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected at its N-terminus to the C-terminus of a bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected at its C-terminus to the N-terminus of the bridging moiety. In some
15 embodiments, a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected at its C-terminus to the N-terminus of the bridging moiety.

[0232] In other embodiments, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected at its C-terminus to the N-terminus of a bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected at its N-terminus to the C-terminus of the bridging moiety. In some embodiments, a
20 second polypeptides or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected at its C-terminus to the N-terminus of the bridging moiety.

[0233] As described above, the bridging moiety can be a strand-exchange engineered domain (SEED) format Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, a polypeptide linker, or a polypeptide hinge. For example, the
25 bridging moiety can comprise any AG and GA pair of SEED format Fc domain polypeptide arms listed in TABLE 7. In other embodiments, the bridging moiety can comprise an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising any first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm pair listed in TABLE 8. The bridging moiety can also comprise a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus optionally comprising one or more mutation such as a sequence selected from any one
30 of the sequences listed in TABLE 9.

[0234] As also described above, the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1, or the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, can be connected to the C-terminus of the bridging moiety via a linker

polypeptide. For example, the linker polypeptide can comprise a polypeptide comprising a sequence selected from any one of the sequences listed in **TABLE 10**.

[0235] Proteins of the present invention can comprise a first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, and a light chain. For example, a first heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a heavy chain variable (VH) domain and a heavy chain constant domain 1 (CH1) of a Fab that specifically binds CD3; and (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and an AG or GA polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain. A second heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a GA or AG polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain; (iii) a linker polypeptide; and (iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1. A light chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a light chain variable (VL) domain and a light chain constant (CL) domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3.

[0236] In other embodiments, a first heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a VH domain and CH1 domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3; and (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a first or second polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization. A second heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a second or first polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization; (iii) a linker polypeptide; and (iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1. A light chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a VL domain and a CL domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3.

[0237] In some embodiments, a first heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and an AG or GA polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain; (iii) a linker polypeptide; and (iv) a VH domain and CH1 domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3. A second heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a GA or AG polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain. A light chain of the

present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a VL domain and a CL domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3. The first heavy chain can additionally comprise at the C-terminus of the CH1 domain, a partial IgG1 hinge sequence (for example, a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) comprising a cysteine residue capable of forming a disulfide bond with a cysteine residue in a CL.

[0238] In other embodiments, a first heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a first or second polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization; (iii) a linker polypeptide; and (iv) a VH domain and CH1 domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3. A second heavy chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1; and (ii) a bridging moiety comprising at least a portion of a hinge polypeptide at its N-terminus and a second or first polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation that promotes heterodimerization. A light chain of the present invention can comprise, from N-terminus to C-terminus: (i) a VL domain and a CL domain of a Fab that specifically binds CD3. The first heavy chain can additionally comprise at the C-terminus of the CH1 domain, a partial IgG1 hinge sequence (for example, a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 133) comprising a cysteine residue capable of forming a disulfide bond with a cysteine residue in a CL.

[0239] TABLE 11 lists exemplary first heavy chain, second heavy chain, and light chain sequences of bispecific proteins of the present invention. In combination, a first heavy chain and light chain, or a second heavy chain and light chain as listed in TABLE 11 associate, for example linked by a disulfide bond, and can specifically bind to CD3. As contemplated in bispecific proteins of the present invention, a hinge polypeptide and/or CH3 domain of an AG polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain can facilitate dimerization with a hinge polypeptide and/or CH3 domain of a GA polypeptide arm of a SEED format Fc domain resulting in a bispecific protein comprising a first and second heavy chain and a light chain. As contemplated in other embodiments, a hinge polypeptide and/or CH2 domain of a first polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation can facilitate heterodimerization with a hinge polypeptide and/or CH2 domain of a second polypeptide arm of an immunoglobulin Fc domain comprising one or more than one mutation resulting in a bispecific protein comprising a first and second heavy chain and a light chain.

[0240] TABLE 11 Exemplary First Heavy Chain, Second Heavy Chain and Light Chain Sequences

	Amino Acid Sequence
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.03	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKF NWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL ARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 94) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGTREIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTPAPV LDSGDSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRS PGKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT TISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTREIKGGGGSGGGGSGGG GSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQA PGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLR AEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVVSS (SEQ ID NO: 95) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSTLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKF NWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL

	ARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTSPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFCSCVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 97) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWAPV LDSGGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRS PGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTL TISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGG GSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQA PGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLR AEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 98) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.03	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKF NWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL ARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTSPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFCSCVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 100) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFT FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWAPV LDSGGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRS

	PGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SOSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTL TISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGG GSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQA PGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLR AEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 101) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSL LGGKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKF NWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL ARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 103) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFT FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT L VTVSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTL P PPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEW LQGSQELPREKYL TWAPV LDS DGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRS PGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SOSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTL TISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGG GSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQA PGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLR AEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 104) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSL LGGKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)

69A02x1F3.5:	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLE WVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC AVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLA RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 106) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLI YGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPA FGGGTELEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQT LTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSL KSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLTMNMDPVDATATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDY WGQGTLVTVSSSEPSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMIS RTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTY RVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQ VYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYL TWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNRFQK SLDRSPGKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETAT LSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSG TEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKGGGSGGGG SGGGGSGGGGSGQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVG WIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLTM TNMDPVDATATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 107) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
69A02 1A(2)	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKF NWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYK CKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL ARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVD KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 218)

	<u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLI YGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAFYCYCQYKNWPPA FGGGTELEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQT LTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIWDDDKRYSPL KSRLTITRDTSKNQVLTMTNMDPVDATATYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDY WGQGTLLTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLM ISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNST YRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREP QVYTLPPPSSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGSGQELPREKY LTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNHYTQ KSLDRSPGKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGET ATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSG SGTEFTLTISLQSEDAFYCYCQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKGGGSGG GGSGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSV GWIRQPPGKALEWLALIWDDDKRYSPLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVLT MTNMDPVDATATYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVTS (SEQ ID NO: 219) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGAALTLGVQPEDEAEYCYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02- VL1.07x1F3.5 (1B)	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQSEDAFYCYCQYRSNWPPST FGQGTRELEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYCAQGSIFDYWGQGTLL TVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEVHLLPP SREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGOPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAA SGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDR FTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYW GQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVN HKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 109) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISLQSEDAFYCYCQYRSNWPPST FGQGTRELEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYCAQGSIFDYWGQGTLL TVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV

	LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWQLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 110) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPRGLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYSNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
1B_69A02x1F3.5 (1B)	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIWDDDKRYSPLKSLRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLPPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGKGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSS (SEQ ID NO: 112) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGSGGGSGGGGSQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIWDDDKRYSPLKSLRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWQLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHRTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 113) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPRGLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYSNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)

69A02 (1B)(2)	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTL TLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIIYWDGDKRYSPLKS RLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWG QGTLVTVSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEV HLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPS RQEPSQGTITTFVAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK TISLSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLR LSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADS VKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSW FAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYF PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYI CNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 220) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTL TLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIIYWDGDKRYSPLKS RLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWG QGTLVTVSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQV YTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLT WAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 221) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.03 VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCL RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTITTFVAVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 94)

	<u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGG EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGTRLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQV YTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLT WAPVLDS DGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSV MHEALHNHYTQKS LDRSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRL SCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGR FTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTV SSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRAS QSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ISSELEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 222) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSTLVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLGGAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01 VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPETCVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVS N KALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPRPEVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLA RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTIPSRQEPSQGTTF AVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSV MHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 97) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPET CVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVS VLT TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVL DSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSV MHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GKEVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGL EWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA VYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGG GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS

	YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 223) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.03 VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLA RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTTFFAVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 100) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYCKKVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTPAPVL DSDGSFFLYSILRVAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAA SGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISR DNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGG GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 224) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL

VH-VL scFv	YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHNKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLA RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTTFQAVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 103) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTPAVPL DSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAA SGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISR DNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGG GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 225) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGKKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
69A02x1F3.5: VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLE WVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHNKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC AVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLA RGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPSQGTTFQAVTSKLTVDK SRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 106) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPE

	EVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWQLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSGDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHFTQKSLDRSPGKQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDTATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIK (SEQ ID NO: 226) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPRGLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYSNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
69A02 1A(2) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLEWVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQEPSQGTTFFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 218) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDTATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWQLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSGDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDTATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIK (SEQ ID NO: 227) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPRALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWYSNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF

	YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02- VL1.07x1F3.5 (1B) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCA SGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRF TISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWG QGTMTVTSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT SWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 228) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWAPVL DSDGSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GK (SEQ ID NO: 229) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEP SLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
1B_69A02x1F3 .5 (1B) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTS GVS VGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLTITRDT SKNQVLTMTNMDPVD TATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDFAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT EVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVV SVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEVHL LPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQ EPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTIS

	LSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSC AASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVK DRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFA YWGGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEP VTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICN VNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSS (SEQ ID NO: 230) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSGVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGQGTMTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPPVAGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT EVTCTVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVV SVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCAVSNKALAAPIEKISKAKGQPREPQVYIT LPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWA PVLDSGDSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNRFQKSLD RSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 231) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCSRSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLGGKAALTLGSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETITPSKQSNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
69A02 (1B)(2) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSGVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGQGTMTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKISKAKGQPRPEVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFPKDI AVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSR QEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKTI SLSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLS CAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSV KDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWF AYWGGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFP EPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYIC NVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 232) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSGVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGQGTMTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT

	PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTW APVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSL DRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 233) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.03 GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAAE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 234) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRAS QSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGG SGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAP GKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 235) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)

82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01 GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 236) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGTREIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYCKVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTTPSRQEPS QGTTFFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRAS QSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTREIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGG SGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAP GKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLTVTSS (SEQ ID NO: 237) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSTLVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGAALTLGSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.03 GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 238) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFT

	FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCP PCAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPF RPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRAS QSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPFTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGG SGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAP GKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVVSS (SEQ ID NO: 239) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01 GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRI RSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT VSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCK VSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYL TWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVA AE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 240) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIY DASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPFT FGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCP PCAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPF RPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRAS QSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRL LIYDASN RATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLT ITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQR SNWPPFTFGQGTRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGG SGGGGSEVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAP GKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRA EDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVVSS (SEQ ID NO: 241)

	<u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
69A02 1A(2) GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTVAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 242) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTL TLTCFSFGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPLKS RLITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWG QGTLVTVSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFREPV HLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTPPS RQEPSQGTTFITAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQK TISLSPGKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETAT LSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSG TEFTLTISSLQSEDAFYCYCQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIKGGGSGGGGSG GGGSGGGGSGQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCFSFGFSITTSVSVGWI RQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLITRDTSKNQVVLMTN MDPVDATATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLVTVSS (SEQ ID NO: 243) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02- VL1.07x1F3.5 (1B) GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFLTISLSEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGRLEIKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGEVQLLESGLVQPGGG LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSV KGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEV TCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL

	TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLTWAPVL DSDGSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAA SGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRF TISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWG QGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT SWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 244) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGGTDFLTITISLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGRLEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGS LRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSV KGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSIFDYWGQGT LTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPRPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GK (SEQ ID NO: 245) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
69A02 (1B)(2) GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGGTFTLTITISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTL TLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALYWDKRYSPSLKS RLTITRDTSKNQVVLTMNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWG QGTLLTVTSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQV YTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLGQSQELPREKYLT WAPVLDSGDSFFLYSILRVA AEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKS LDRSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLR LSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADS VKDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSW FAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYF PEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYI CNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 246) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGGTFTLTITISLQSEDAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTL

	TLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKS RLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWG QGTLVTVSSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEV HLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPS RQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK TISLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 247) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.03 VH-VL scFv GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 306) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGLLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGG EIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY DASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTITSSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPST FGQGRLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISR TPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYR VVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEV HLLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPS RQEPSQGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQK TISLSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLESGLLVQPGGSLR LSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKG RFTISRDNKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTV VSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRA SQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTL TISLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGRLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 307) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLSGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS

	(SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.07x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01 VH-VL scFv GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTVAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 250) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGGTDFTLTISSLEPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYCKVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKEVQLLESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGL EWVSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA VYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGG GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGGTDFTLTISSLEP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 251) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSTLVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLGGAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.03 VH-VL scFv GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGASYVSWFAYWGQGMVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTVAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 252)

	<u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPF RPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAA SGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISR DN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSG GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGT RLEIK (SEQ ID NO: 253) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEP SLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSL LGGKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
82H02 VL1.06x1F3.5- VH1.01- VL1.01 VH-VL scFv GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCK KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYL TWAPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 254) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPF RPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFY PKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLLES GGGGLVQP GGSRLRLSCAA SGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEWVSTISGSGGGTYYTDSVKGRFTISR DN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCAQGSSIFDYWGQGLTVTVSSG

	GGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQSPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSS YLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNRATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELP EDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPFTFGQGTREIK (SEQ ID NO: 255) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
69A02 1A(2) VH-VL scFv GA-AG	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLKLSCAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQASGKGLE WVGRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLKTEDT AVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPS SKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGL YSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCP PCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFN WYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKC KVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLV KGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTPVLDSDGSFFLYSILRVAEE DWKKGDTFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKSLDRSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 256) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSQVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLTMNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYCKVSNAKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPRPEVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSR QEPSQGTITFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMEALHNHYTQKTI SLSPGKGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSQVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLT CSFSGFSITTSQVSVGWIRQPPGKALEWLALIYWDDDKRYSPSLKSRLT ITRDTSKNQVVLTMNMDPVDATYYCAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGT LTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLS CRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYGASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTE FTLTISLQSEDAIYYCQYKNWPPAFGGGTELEIK (SEQ ID NO: 257) <u>Light Chain:</u> QTVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCASSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR ALIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 85)
82H02- VL1.07x1F3.5 (1B) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGTLLTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ

GA-AG	SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPP PSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTWAPVL DSDGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLDRSP GKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAA SGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKDRF TISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWG QGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFPEPVT SWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYICNVNH KPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 258) <u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> EVQLLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFTSYAMSWVRQAPGKGLEW VSTISGSGGGTYTDSVKGRFTISRDN SKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYY CAQGSSIFDYWGQGT LVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEIVLTQ SPATLSLSPGERATLSCRASQSVSSYLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIYDASNR ATGIPARFSGSGSGTDFTLTISSELPEDFAVYYCQQRSNWPPSTFGQGT RLEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVT CVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVL TVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPF RPEVHLLPPS REEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSRQEPS QGTTTFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKTISLSP GK (SEQ ID NO: 259) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEP SLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSL LGGKAALTL SGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
69A02 (1B)(2) VH-VL scFv	<u>First Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTS GVS VGWIRPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLKSRLTITRDT SKNQVLTMTNMDPVD TATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGQGT LVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISSLQSEDFAIYYCQQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVY TLPPPSEELALNELVTLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWLQGSQELPREKYLTW APVLDS DGSFFLYSILRVAAEDWKKGDTFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSL DRSPGKGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSEVQLVESGGGLVQPGGSLRLS CAASGFTFNTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEWVARIRSKYNNYATYYADSV KDRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTAVYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWF AYWGQGTMTVTVSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKDYFP EPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVTVTPSSSLGTQTYIC NVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 260)

	<u>Second Heavy Chain:</u> QVTLKESGPTLVKPTQTLTLTCSFSGFSITTSVSVGWIRQPPGKALEW LALIYWDDDKRYSPLSKSRLTITRDTSKNQVVLMTNMDPVDATYY CAHAPRYTPGGYFDYWGGTGLTVTVSSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGSGGGGS ETTLTQSPATLSVSPGETATLSCRASQSVSSNLAWYQQKPGQAPRLLIY GASTRATGIPATFSGSGSGTEFTLTISLQSEDAFYCYCQYKNWPPAF GGGTELEIKEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRT PEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV VSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPFPRPEVH LLPPSREEMTKNQVSLTCLARGFYPKDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPSR QEPSQGTTFITFAVTSKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKTI SLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 261) <u>Light Chain:</u> QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCRSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQQKPGQAPR GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGVQPEDEAEYYCALWY SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFPPSSEELQANKATLVCLISDF YPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTTPSKQSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQW KSHRSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS (SEQ ID NO: 84)
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[0241] Also provided herein is a use of a first or second heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from any of the first or second heavy chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11**, respectively, in the preparation of a bispecific protein wherein the first heavy chain or second heavy chain is associated: (i) with a light chain selected from any of the light chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11** (*e.g.*, via a disulfide bond); and (ii) a second heavy chain, or first heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from any of the second or first heavy chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11**. Additionally provided herein is a use of a nucleic acid that encodes a first or second heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from any of the first or second heavy chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11**, respectively, in the preparation of a bispecific protein wherein the first heavy chain or second heavy chain is associated: (i) with a light chain selected from any of the light chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11** (*e.g.*, via a disulfide bond); and (ii) a second heavy chain, or first heavy chain comprising a sequence selected from any of the second or first heavy chain amino acid sequences listed in **TABLE 11**. Nucleic acids encoding the bispecific proteins disclosed herein may be codon optimized for optimal expression using standard bioinformatic methods. Cells comprising one or more nucleic acid encoding a bispecific protein of the present invention are also contemplated and can be produced by a standard transfection or transduction method (*e.g.*, electroporation, calcium chloride transfection, lipofection, lentiviral deliver, or adeno-associated virus delivery).

LF Characteristics of the Proteins

[0242] In some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure, which induces robust T cell cytotoxicity against certain TAA expressing cells but does not induce a significant amount of cytokine release, includes two arms, the first arm comprises a first component, which specifically binds to a TAA, at its N-terminal end, and a second component, which specifically binds to the same TAA, at its C-terminal end, and a second arm comprises a component, which specifically binds to CD3, at its N-terminal end. In some embodiments, the present disclosure provides bispecific proteins that are capable of specifically binding or binds to ROR1 and CD3.

[0243] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure specifically bind the Ig-like domain of ROR1. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not bind the Frizzled and/or Kringle domain of ROR1. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention specifically bind the CD3 ϵ (SEQ ID NO: 269), CD3 γ (SEQ ID NO: 270), CD3 δ (SEQ ID NO: 271), or CD3 ξ (SEQ ID NO: 96) polypeptide of CD3. For example, in certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention specifically bind the CD3 ϵ polypeptide of CD3.

[0244] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to both a TAA and CD3 with high affinity as measured by any one of a variety of assays known in the field (for example, binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to both ROR1 and CD3 with high affinity as measured by any one of a variety of assays known in the field (for example, binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM, for example, 2 nM to 8 nM, 3 nM to 5 nM, or 4 nM to 6 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 3 nM to 5 nM (e.g., 3.0 nM, 3.2 nM, 3.4 nM, 3.6 nM, 3.8 nM, 4.0 nM, 4.2 nM, 4.4 nM, 4.6 nM, 4.8 nM, or 5.0 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (e.g., 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 4.0 nM to 6.0 nM (e.g., 4.0 nM, 4.2 nM, 4.4 nM, 4.6 nM, 4.8 nM, 5.0 nM, 5.2 nM, 5.4 nM, 5.6 nM, 5.8 nM, or 6.0 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

[0245] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with low affinity and CD3 with high affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell

binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with low affinity and CD3 with high affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 75 nM to 150 nM, for example, 80 nM to 120 nM, 85 nM to 115 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, or 95 to 105 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (*e.g.*, 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 4.0 nM to 6.0 nM (*e.g.*, 4.0 nM, 4.2 nM, 4.4 nM, 4.6 nM, 4.8 nM, 5.0 nM, 5.2 nM, 5.4 nM, 5.6 nM, 5.8 nM, or 6.0 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

[0246] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with high affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with high affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM, for example, 2 nM to 8 nM, 3 nM to 5 nM, or 4 nM to 6 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 3 nM to 5 nM (*e.g.*, 3.0 nM, 3.2 nM, 3.4 nM, 3.6 nM, 3.8 nM, 4.0 nM, 4.2 nM, 4.4 nM, 4.6 nM, 4.8 nM, or 5.0 nM) as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 100 nM, for example, 10 nM to 80 nM, 10 nM to 60 nM, 10 nM to 50 nM, 10 nM to 40 nM, 20 nM to 60 nM, 30 nM to 50 nM, 35 nM to 45 nM, 15 nM to 80 nM, 15 nM to 60 nM, 15 nM to 40 nM, or 15 nM to 20 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

[0247] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with low affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell binding assay as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with low affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured by cell binding assays (for example, cell binding assay as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have a K_D for ROR1 binding of 75 nM to 150 nM, for example, 80 nM to 120 nM, 85 nM to 115 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, or 95 to 105 nM, as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins

of the present invention have a K_D for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 100 nM, for example, 10 nM to 80 nM, 10 nM to 60 nM, 10 nM to 50 nM, 10 nM to 40 nM, 20 nM to 60 nM, 30 nM to 50 nM, 35 nM to 45 nM, 15 nM to 80 nM, 15 nM to 60 nM, 15 nM to 40 nM, or 15 nM to 20 as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

5 [0248] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to both a TAA and CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to both ROR1 and CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding
10 assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 0.1 nM to 10 nM, for example, 0.1 nM to 1 nM, 0.2 nM to 8 nM, 0.4 nM to 6 nM, 0.6 nM to 4 nM, 0.8 nM to 2 nM, 0.1 nM to 1 nM, 0.2 nM to 1 nM, 0.4 nM to 1 nM, 0.6 nM to 1 nM, 0.8 nM to 1 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, 2 nM to 10 nM, 6 nM to 10 nM, 8 nM to 10 nM, 2 nM to 4 nM, 2 nM to 5 nM, 2 nM to 6 nM, 2 nM to 8 nM, or 2 nM to
15 10 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay. For example, in some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 0.1 nM to 1 nM (*e.g.*, 0.1 nM, 0.2 nM, 0.3 nM, 0.4 nM, 0.5 nM, 0.6 nM, 0.7 nM, 0.8 nM, 0.9 nM, or 1 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present
20 invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (*e.g.*, 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 2 nM to 5 nM (*e.g.*, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, or 5 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay
25 using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for CD3 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (*e.g.*, 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells (for example, a CD3 binding assay as described in EXAMPLE 2). For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present
30 invention have an EC_{50} for CD3 binding of 2 nM to 4 nM (*e.g.*, 2.0 nM, 2.2 nM, 2.4 nM, 2.6 nM, 2.8 nM, 3.0 nM, 3.2 nM, 3.4 nM, 3.6 nM, 3.8 nM, or 4.0 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.

[0249] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with high affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for

example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with high affinity and CD3 with low affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments,

5 bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 0.1 nM to 10 nM, for example, 0.1 nM to 1 nM, 0.2 nM to 8 nM, 0.4 nM to 6 nM, 0.6 nM to 4 nM, 0.8 nM to 2 nM, 0.1 nM to 1 nM, 0.2 nM to 1 nM, 0.4 nM to 1 nM, 0.6 nM to 1 nM, 0.8 nM to 1 nM, 1 nM to 10 nM, 2 nM to 10 nM, 6 nM to 10 nM, 8 nM to 10 nM, 2 nM to 4 nM, 2 nM to 5 nM, 2 nM to 6 nM, 2 nM to 8 nM, or 2 nM to 10 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding

10 assay. For example, in some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 0.1 nM to 1 nM (*e.g.*, 0.1 nM, 0.2 nM, 0.3 nM, 0.4 nM, 0.5 nM, 0.6 nM, 0.7 nM, 0.8 nM, 0.9 nM, or 1 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM

15 (*e.g.*, 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 2 nM to 5 nM (*e.g.*, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, or 5 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1

20 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 100 nM, 10 nM to 90 nM, 10 nM to 80 nM, 10 nM to 70 nM, 10 nM to 60 nM, 10 nM to 50 nM, 10 nM to 40 nM, 10 nM to 30 nM, 10 nM to 20 nM, 20 nM to 100 nM, 20 nM to 90 nM, 20 nM to 80 nM, 20 nM to 70 nM, 20 nM to 60 nM, 20 nM to 50 nM, 25 nM to 75 nM, 25 nM to 65 nM, 25 nM to 55 nM, 25 nM to 45 nM, or 25 nM to 35 nM as

25 measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.

[0250] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with low affinity and CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some

embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with low affinity and

30 CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 50 nM to 220 nM, 60 nM to 220 nM, 70 nM to 220 nM, 80 nM to 220 nM, 90 nM to 220 nM, 100 nM to 220 nM, 110 nM to 220 nM, 120 nM to 220 nM, 130 nM to 220 nM, 140 nM to 220 nM, 150 nM to 220

nM, 175 nM to 220 nM, 200 nM to 220 nM, 50 nM to 200 nM, 60 nM to 200 nM, 70 nM to 200 nM, 80 nM to 200 nM, 90 nM to 200 nM, 100 nM to 200 nM, 110 nM to 200 nM, 120 nM to 200 nM, 130 nM to 200 nM, 140 nM to 200 nM, 150 nM to 200 nM, 50 nM to 180 nM, 60 nM to 180 nM, 70 nM to 180 nM, 80 nM to 180 nM, 90 nM to 180 nM, 100 nM to 180 nM, 110 nM to 180 nM, 120 nM to 180 nM, 130 nM to 180 nM, 140 nM to 180 nM, 150 nM to 180 nM, 50 nM to 160 nM, 60 nM to 160 nM, 70 nM to 160 nM, 80 nM to 160 nM, 90 nM to 160 nM, 100 nM to 160 nM, 110 nM to 160 nM, 120 nM to 160 nM, 130 nM to 160 nM, 140 nM to 160 nM, 150 nM to 160 nM, 50 nM to 140 nM, 60 nM to 140 nM, 70 nM to 140 nM, 80 nM to 140 nM, 90 nM to 140 nM, 100 nM to 140 nM, 110 nM to 140 nM, 120 nM to 140 nM, 130 nM to 140 nM, 50 nM to 120 nM, 60 nM to 120 nM, 70 nM to 120 nM, 80 nM to 120 nM, 90 nM to 120 nM, 100 nM to 120 nM, 110 nM to 120 nM, 50 nM to 110 nM, 60 nM to 110 nM, 70 nM to 110 nM, 80 nM to 110 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, 100 nM to 110 nM, 50 nM to 100 nM, 60 nM to 100 nM, 70 nM to 100 nM, 80 nM to 100 nM, or 90 nM to 100 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 80 nM to 120 nM or 90 nM to 110 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (e.g., 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for ROR1 binding of 2 nM to 5 nM (e.g., 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, or 5 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for CD3 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (e.g., 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells (for example, a CD3 binding assay as described in EXAMPLE 2). For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC_{50} for CD3 binding of 2 nM to 4 nM (e.g., 2.0 nM, 2.2 nM, 2.4 nM, 2.6 nM, 2.8 nM, 3.0 nM, 3.2 nM, 3.4 nM, 3.6 nM, 3.8 nM, or 4.0 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.

[0251] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to a TAA with low affinity and CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention bind to ROR1 with low affinity and

CD3 with high affinity as measured in flow cytometry-based binding assays (for example, flow cytometry-based binding assays as described in EXAMPLE 2). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC₅₀ for ROR1 binding of 50 nM to 220 nM, 60 nM to 220 nM, 70 nM to 220 nM, 80 nM to 220 nM, 90 nM to 220 nM, 100 nM to 220 nM, 110 nM to 220 nM, 120 nM to 220 nM, 130 nM to 220 nM, 140 nM to 220 nM, 150 nM to 220 nM, 175 nM to 220 nM, 200 nM to 220 nM, 50 nM to 200 nM, 60 nM to 200 nM, 70 nM to 200 nM, 80 nM to 200 nM, 90 nM to 200 nM, 100 nM to 200 nM, 110 nM to 200 nM, 120 nM to 200 nM, 130 nM to 200 nM, 140 nM to 200 nM, 150 nM to 200 nM, 50 nM to 180 nM, 60 nM to 180 nM, 70 nM to 180 nM, 80 nM to 180 nM, 90 nM to 180 nM, 100 nM to 180 nM, 110 nM to 180 nM, 120 nM to 180 nM, 130 nM to 180 nM, 140 nM to 180 nM, 150 nM to 180 nM, 50 nM to 160 nM, 60 nM to 160 nM, 70 nM to 160 nM, 80 nM to 160 nM, 90 nM to 160 nM, 100 nM to 160 nM, 110 nM to 160 nM, 120 nM to 160 nM, 130 nM to 160 nM, 140 nM to 160 nM, 150 nM to 160 nM, 50 nM to 140 nM, 60 nM to 140 nM, 70 nM to 140 nM, 80 nM to 140 nM, 90 nM to 140 nM, 100 nM to 140 nM, 110 nM to 140 nM, 120 nM to 140 nM, 130 nM to 140 nM, 50 nM to 120 nM, 60 nM to 120 nM, 70 nM to 120 nM, 80 nM to 120 nM, 90 nM to 120 nM, 100 nM to 120 nM, 110 nM to 120 nM, 50 nM to 110 nM, 60 nM to 110 nM, 70 nM to 110 nM, 80 nM to 110 nM, 90 nM to 110 nM, 100 nM to 110 nM, 50 nM to 100 nM, 60 nM to 100 nM, 70 nM to 100 nM, 80 nM to 100 nM, or 90 nM to 100 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC₅₀ for ROR1 binding of 80 nM to 120 nM or 90 nM to 110 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC₅₀ for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM (*e.g.*, 1 nM, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, 5 nM, 6 nM, 7 nM, 8 nM, 9 nM, or 10 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC₅₀ for ROR1 binding of 2 nM to 5 nM (*e.g.*, 2 nM, 3 nM, 4 nM, or 5 nM) as measured in a flow cytometry-based ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5×10^4 ROR1 molecules/cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present invention have an EC₅₀ for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 100 nM, 10 nM to 90 nM, 10 nM to 80 nM, 10 nM to 70 nM, 10 nM to 60 nM, 10 nM to 50 nM, 10 nM to 40 nM, 10 nM to 30 nM, 10 nM to 20 nM, 20 nM to 100 nM, 20 nM to 90 nM, 20 nM to 80 nM, 20 nM to 70 nM, 20 nM to 60 nM, 20 nM to 50 nM, 25 nM to 75 nM, 25 nM to 65 nM, 25 nM to 55 nM, 25 nM to 45 nM, or 25 nM to 35 nM as measured in a flow cytometry-based CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.

[0252] Activation of T cells, *e.g.*, cytotoxic CD8⁺ T cells, by binding of the CD3/TCR complex to its cognate peptide ligand presented on the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules of target cells, induces degranulation of preformed lytic granules and release of cytotoxic enzymes into the immune synapse formed between the T cell and the target cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure promote T cell lytic granule degranulation.

[0253] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce T cell mediated cytotoxicity of TAA-expressing tumor cells. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells.

For example, in some embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure has an EC₅₀ for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells of 150 pM to 250 pM, 155 pM to 250 pM, 160 pM to 250 pM, 165 pM to 250 pM, 170 pM to 250 pM, 175 pM to 250 pM, 150 pM to 225 pM, 155 pM to 225 pM, 160 pM to 225 pM, 165 pM to 225 pM, 170 pM to 225 pM, 175 pM to 225 pM, 150 pM to 200 pM, 155 pM to 200 pM, 160 pM to 200 pM, 165 pM to 200 pM, 170 pM to 200 pM, 175 pM to 200 pM, 150 pM to 190 pM, 155 pM to 190 pM, 160 pM to 190 pM, 165 pM to 190 pM, 170 pM to 190 pM, or 175 pM to 190 pM, as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay as described in EXAMPLE 3.

[0254] In other embodiments, a bispecific protein of the present disclosure has an EC₅₀ for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells of 10 pM to 100 pM, 15 pM to 100 pM, 20 pM to 100 pM, 25 pM to 100 pM, 30 pM to 100 pM, 35 pM to 100 pM, 40 pM to 100 pM, 50 pM to 100 pM, 10 pM to 75 pM, 15 pM to 75 pM, 20 pM to 75 pM, 25 pM to 75 pM, 30 pM to 75 pM, 35 pM to 75 pM, 40 pM to 75 pM, 50 pM to 75 pM, 10 pM to 50 pM, 15 pM to 50 pM, 20 pM to 50 pM, 25 pM to 50 pM, 30 pM to 50 pM, 35 pM to 50 pM, 40 pM to 50 pM, 10 pM to 40 pM, 15 pM to 40 pM, 20 pM to 40 pM, 25 pM to 40 pM, 30 pM to 40 pM, or 35 pM to 40 pM, as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay as described in EXAMPLE 3.

[0255] Activation of T cells, by binding of the CD3/TCR complex to its cognate peptide ligand presented on the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules of target cells, can induce the release of proinflammatory cytokines such as, but not limited to, IFN γ , TNF α , and IL2. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce the release of significant levels of proinflammatory cytokines from activated T cells as compared to a reference control molecule. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have an EC₅₀ for IFN γ release of 1000 pM to 2000 pM, 1200 pM to 2000 pM, 1400 pM to 2000 pM, 1600 pM to 2000 pM, 1800 pM to 2000 pM, 1000 pM to 1800 pM, 1200

pM to 1800 pM, 1400 pM to 1800 pM, or 1600 pM to 1800 pM, as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay as described in EXAMPLE 3.

[0256] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce the release of significant levels of proinflammatory cytokines from activated T cells as compared to a reference control molecule. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have an EC₅₀ for IFN γ release of 1000 pM to 2000 pM, 1200 pM to 2000 pM, 1400 pM to 2000 pM, 1600 pM to 2000 pM, 1800 pM to 2000 pM, 1000 pM to 1800 pM, 1200 pM to 1800 pM, 1400 pM to 1800 pM, or 1600 pM to 1800 pM, as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay as described in EXAMPLE 3.

[0257] In other embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have an EC₅₀ for IFN γ release of 100 pM to 1000 pM, 200 pM to 1000 pM, 300 pM to 1000 pM, 400 pM to 1000 pM, 500 pM to 1000 pM, 600 pM to 1000 pM, 700 pM to 1000 pM, 800 pM to 1000 pM, 900 pM to 1000 pM, 100 pM to 800 pM, 200 pM to 800 pM, 300 pM to 800 pM, 400 pM to 800 pM, 500 pM to 800 pM, 600 pM to 800 pM, 700 pM to 800 pM, 100 pM to 600 pM, 200 pM to 600 pM, 300 pM to 600 pM, 400 pM to 600 pM, 500 pM to 600 pM, 100 pM to 500 pM, 200 pM to 500 pM, 300 pM to 500 pM, or 400 pM to 500 pM, as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay as described in EXAMPLE 3.

[0258] As used herein, “maximal concentration” or “C_{max}” refers to the maximal concentration of a cytokine that can be released from a cell. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure can induce a C_{max} of 10% to 80%, 20% to 60%, 35% to 45%, 45% to 55%, or 35% to 75% compared to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay. For example, a reference T cell-binder can include, but is not limited to, a bispecific protein comprising four polypeptides having amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 302, SEQ ID NO: 303, SEQ ID NO: 304, and SEQ ID NO: 305.

Reference T Cell Binder Polypeptide 1:

MGWSCILFLVATATGVHSELVLTQSPSVSAALGSPAKITCTLSSAHKT
DTIDWYQQQLQGEAPRYLMQVQSDGSYTKRPGVPDRFSGSSSGADRY
LIIPSVQADDEADYYCGADYIGGYVFGGGTQLTVLGQPKAAPSVTLFP
PSSEELQANKATLVCLISDFYPGAVTVAWKADSSPVKAGVETTTPSK
QSNNKYAASSYLSLTPEQWKSHKSYSCQVTHEGSTVEKTVAPTECS
(SEQ ID NO: 302)

Reference T Cell Binder Polypeptide 2:

QEQLVESGGRLVTPGGSLTLSCKASGFDFSAYYMSWVRQAPGKGLE
 WIATIYPSSGKTYATWVNGRFTISSDNAQNTVDLQMNSLTAADRAT
 YFCARDSYADDGALFNIWGPGLVTISSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGG
 5 TAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV
 VTPVSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDGGGGSGGGGSE
 VQLES GGGLVQPGGSLRLSCAASGFTFSTYAMNWVRQAPGKGLEW
 VSRIRSKYNNYATYYADSVKGRFTISRDDSKNTLYLQMNSLRAEDTA
 VYYCVRHGNFGNSYVSWFAYWGQGLTVTVSSASVAAPSVFIFPPSDE
 10 QLKSGTASVCLLNFPYPREAKVQWKVDNALQSGNSQESVTEQDSK
 DSTYLSSTLTLSKADYEKHKVYACEVTHQGLSSPVTKSFNRGEC DK
 THTCPPCPAPEAAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHED
 PEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLN
 GKEYKCKVSNKALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPCRDELTKNQ
 15 VSLWCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSK
 LTVDKSRWQQGNV FSCSV MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID
 NO: 303)

Reference T Cell Binder Polypeptide 3:

QEQLVESGGRLVTPGGSLTLSCKASGFDFSAYYMSWVRQAPGKGLE
 20 WIATIYPSSGKTYATWVNGRFTISSDNAQNTVDLQMNSLTAADRAT
 YFCARDSYADDGALFNIWGPGLVTISSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGG
 TAALGCLVKDYFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSV
 VTPVSSSLGTQTYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSCDKTHTCPPCPAPE
 AAGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLMISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVD
 25 GVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSN
 KALGAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVCTLPISRDELTKNQVSLCAVKGFY
 PSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLVSKLTVDKSRWQQG
 NVFSCSV MHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK (SEQ ID NO: 304)

Reference T Cell Binder Polypeptide 4:

30 QAVVTQEPSLTVSPGGTVTLTCGSSTGAVTTSNYANWVQEKPQAFR
 GLIGGTNKRAPGTPARFSGSLLGGKAALTLGAQPEDEAEYYCALWY
 SNLWVFGGGTKLTVLSSASTKGPSVFPLAPSSKSTSGGTAALGCLVKD

YFPEPVTVSWNSGALTSGVHTFPAVLQSSGLYSLSSVVTVPSSSLGTQ
 TYICNVNHKPSNTKVDKKVEPKSC (SEQ ID NO: 305)

[0259] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce significant levels of TNF α release when administered to freshly isolated PBMC cultures as compared to an anti-CD3 reference antibody. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce significant levels of TNF α release when administered to PBMCs cultured for 48 hours at high density (*e.g.*, 1.0×10^7 cells/mL) as compared to an anti-CD3 reference antibody.

[0260] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce significant levels of IL2 release when administered to freshly isolated PBMC cultures as compared to an anti-CD3 reference antibody. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure do not induce significant levels of IL2 release when administered to PBMCs cultured for 48 hours at high density (*e.g.*, 1.0×10^7 cells/mL) as compared to an anti-CD3 reference antibody.

[0261] As used herein, a “cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio” for a given bispecific protein refers to the ratio between the area under the curve (AUC) for induction of IFN γ release (as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay as described in EXAMPLE 3) and the AUC for cytotoxic killing (as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay as described in EXAMPLE 3). In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2, 1:2.1, 1:2.2, 1:2.3, 1:2.4, 1:2.5, 1:2.6, 1:2.7, 1:2.8, 1:2.9, 1:3, 1:3.1, 1:3.2, 1:3.3, 1:3.4, 1:3.5, 1:3.6, 1:3.7, 1:3.8, 1:3.9, 1:4, 1:4.1, 1:4.2, 1:4.3, 1:4.4, 1:4.5, 1:4.6, 1:4.7, 1:4.8, 1:4.9, or 1:5, normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay and IFN γ production assay. For example, in some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay and IFN γ production assay. In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2.2 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay and IFN γ production assay. In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2.9 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay and IFN γ production assay.

[0262] As used herein, the term “serial killing index” or “tumor serial killing index” refers to the average number of tumor cells killed by a single CD8⁺ T cell. In some embodiments,

bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce a tumor serial killing index of 2 to 6. For example, T cells treated with bispecific proteins of the present disclosure have a serial killing index of 2.2 to 5.5, 2.4 to 5.5, 2.6 to 5.5, 2.8 to 5.5, 3.0 to 5.5, 3.2 to 5.5, 3.4 to 5.5, 3.6 to 5.5, 3.8 to 5.5, 4.0 to 5.5, 2.2 to 5.0, 2.4 to 5.0, 2.6 to 5.0, 2.8 to 5.0, 3.0 to 5.0, 3.2 to 5.0, 3.4 to 5.0, 3.6 to 5.0, 3.8 to 5.0, 4.0 to 5.0, 2.2 to 4.8, 2.4 to 4.8, 2.6 to 4.8, 2.8 to 4.8, 3.0 to 4.8, 3.2 to 4.8, 3.4 to 4.8, 3.6 to 4.8, 3.8 to 4.8, 4.0 to 4.8, 2.2 to 4.6, 2.4 to 4.6, 2.6 to 4.6, 2.8 to 4.6, 3.0 to 4.6, 3.2 to 4.6, 3.4 to 4.6, 3.6 to 4.6, 3.8 to 4.6, 4.0 to 4.6, 2.2 to 4.4, 2.4 to 4.4, 2.6 to 4.4, 2.8 to 4.4, 3.0 to 4.4, 3.2 to 4.4, 3.4 to 4.4, 3.6 to 4.4, 3.8 to 4.4, 4.0 to 4.4, 2.2 to 4.2, 2.4 to 4.2, 2.6 to 4.2, 2.8 to 4.2, 3.0 to 4.2, 3.2 to 4.2, 3.4 to 4.2, 3.6 to 4.2, 3.8 to 4.2, 4.0 to 4.2, 2.2 to 4.0, 2.4 to 4.0, 2.6 to 4.0, 2.8 to 4.0, 3.0 to 4.0, 3.2 to 4.0, 3.4 to 4.0, 3.6 to 4.0, 3.8 to 4.0, 2.2 to 3.8, 2.4 to 3.8, 2.6 to 3.8, 2.8 to 3.8, 3.0 to 3.8, 3.2 to 3.8, 3.4 to 3.8, 3.6 to 3.8, 2.2 to 3.6, 2.4 to 3.6, 2.6 to 3.6, 2.8 to 3.6, 3.0 to 3.6, 3.2 to 3.6, 3.4 to 3.6, 2.2 to 3.4, 2.4 to 3.4, 2.6 to 3.4, 2.8 to 3.4, 3.0 to 3.4, or 3.2 to 3.4 as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay. In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce a tumor serial killing index of 3.4 to 3.6. In certain embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure induce a tumor serial killing index of 3.8 to 4.2.

[0263] In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure are cross-reactive with cynomolgus CD3 but not with mouse CD3. In some embodiments, bispecific proteins of the present disclosure are cross-reactive with cynomolgus ROR1 and mouse ROR1.

20 II Antibodies

[0264] Also provided herein are antibodies that specifically bind ROR1. In some embodiments, an antibody that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a heavy chain variable domain (VH) and light chain variable domain (VL) selected from the sequences listed in TABLE 2.

25 [0265] In some embodiments, the heavy chain variable domain and the light chain variable domain of antibodies described herein comprise VH and VL CDR sequences selected from the VHCDR and VLCDR sequences listed in TABLE 1.

[0266] Unless indicated otherwise, the CDR sequences provided in TABLE 1 are determined under the IMGT unique numbering scheme

30 [0267] In some embodiments, antibodies of the present invention may be IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD, or IgE. In certain embodiments, antibodies described herein are IgG1, IgG1, IgG3, or IgG4. In certain embodiments, the antibodies of the present invention are human IgG1 antibodies.

[0268] In certain embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind to ROR1 comprise a VHCDR3 sequence selected from the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10 or SEQ ID NO: 25. In certain embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind to ROR1 comprise a VLCDR3 sequence selected from the consensus sequence of SEQ ID NO: 13 or the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28.

5 [0269] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically binds to ROR1 comprise: a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8 or SEQ ID NO: 23; a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9, or SEQ ID NO: 24; and a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of: SEQ ID NO: 10 or SEQ ID NO: 25.

[0270] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind to ROR1 comprise: a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11, or SEQ ID NO: 26; a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence DAS or GAS; and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14, SEQ ID NO: 15, or SEQ ID NO: 28.

[0271] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind to ROR1 comprise: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8; a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9; a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10; a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11; a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 14.

[0272] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind ROR1 comprise: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8; a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9; a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10; a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11; a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 15.

[0273] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind ROR1 comprise: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 23; a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 24; a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 25; a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 26; a VLCDR2 comprising

an amino acid sequence of GAS; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 28.

[0274] In some embodiments, antibodies that specifically bind to ROR1 comprise, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a VHCDR and VLCDR consensus sequences of **TABLE 1**, respectively.

[0275] In certain embodiments, the antibody that specifically binds ROR1 comprises an antibody heavy chain variable domain (VH) that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to the VH of an antibody disclosed in **TABLE 2**, and an antibody light chain variable domain (VL) that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to the VL of the same antibody disclosed in **TABLE 2**. In certain embodiments, the antibody comprises the heavy chain CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3 and the light chain CDR1, CDR2, and CDR3, determined under IMGT unique numbering scheme, Kabat (see Kabat et al., (1991) Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, NIH Publication No. 91-3242, Bethesda), Chothia (see, *e.g.*, Chothia C & Lesk A M, (1987), J. Mol. Biol. 196: 901-917), MacCallum (see MacCallum R M et al., (1996) J. Mol. Biol. 262: 732-745), or any other CDR determination method known in the art, of the VH and VL sequences disclosed in **TABLE 1**.

[0276] In certain embodiments, the antibody that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VH that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 30.

[0277] In certain embodiments, the antibody that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VH that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (*e.g.*, at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 31.

[0278] In certain embodiments, the antibody that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VH that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (e.g., at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 39, and a VL that comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% (e.g.,
5 at least 91%, at least 92%, at least 93%, at least 94%, at least 95%, at least 96%, at least 97%, at least 98%, at least 99%, or 100%) identical to SEQ ID NO: 40.

III Therapeutic Applications

[0279] The present disclosure also provides pharmaceutical formulations that contain a therapeutically effective amount of a protein disclosed herein. The pharmaceutical formulation
10 comprises one or more excipients and is maintained at a certain pH. The term “excipient,” as used herein, means any non-therapeutic agent added to the formulation to provide a desired physical or chemical property, for example, pH, osmolarity, viscosity, clarity, color, isotonicity, odor, sterility, stability, rate of dissolution or release, adsorption, or penetration.

[0280] The present application provides methods for treating a cancer using a protein
15 described herein and/or a pharmaceutical formulation described herein. The methods may be used to treat a variety of cancers including, but not limited to, chronic lymphocytic leukemia, mantle cell lymphoma, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, ovarian cancer, lung cancer, bronchial cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, melanoma, renal cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, uterine cancer, breast cancer, oral cancer, pharyngeal cancer, hairy cell leukemia, liver
20 cancer, intrahepatic bile duct cancer, and thyroid cancer

EXAMPLES

[0281] The disclosure now being generally described, will be more readily understood by reference to the following examples, which are included merely for purposes of illustration of certain aspects and embodiments of the present disclosure, and are not intended to limit the
25 scope of the disclosure in any way.

EXAMPLE 1: Reagent Preparation

[0282] This example describes the reagents, and screening assays that were used to generate the data of the present disclosure.

1.1 Luciferase Reporter Target Cells

30 [0283] Target cells were engineered to stably express firefly luciferase and eGFP via lentiviral transduction. Loss of luciferase activity upon addition of D-luciferin to a sample was used as an indication of cell killing.

1.2 Screening and Identification of ROR1-binding Clones

- [0284] Clone 69A02 was obtained from a naïve human scFv phage library panning on recombinant ROR1 protein, using standard techniques well known to persons of ordinary skill in the art. Counterselection was performed on His-tagged human ROR2 extracellular domain (ECD) and an irrelevant His-tagged negative target. Positive selection was carried out on His-tagged human ROR1 ECD ROR1 binders. Primary screening for human ROR1 vs. human ROR2 was followed by secondary screening for specific cellular binding to recombinantly overexpressed human ROR1. Subsequent ELISA domain binning applying coated human Fc-Ig (huFc-Ig) (SEQ ID NO: 134), human Fc-Ig-Frizzled (huFc-Ig-frz) (SEQ ID NO: 137), or human Fc-Frizzled-Kringle (huFc-frz-KNG) (SEQ ID NO: 138) fusion proteins revealed specificity of 69A02 towards the Ig-like domain of human ROR1. An additional sandwich ELISA-based Ig-binder binning (coating of binder A, pre-incubation binder B + human ROR1 ECD-His, detection of non-overlapping binding via anti-His-horseradish peroxidase (HRP)) indicated a unique epitope that did not overlap with further internal hit candidates.
- [0285] Clone 82H02 was identified by applying a randomly paired Fab yeast surface display library derived from transgenic rats producing human variable antibody domains immunized with human ROR1 ECD-His protein. 82H02 was selected by gating on mouse and human ROR1 and in subsequent sorting rounds further sorted for huFc-Ig (SEQ ID NO: 134) but not huFc-frz-KNG (SEQ ID NO: 138) binding. Flow cytometry using recombinant cell lines confirmed specificity to human ROR1 without binding human ROR2. This was further confirmed using a standard ELISA assay.

huFc-Ig:

MKLPVRLLVLMFWIPASLSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLM
ISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV
LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMT
KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPVLDSGDSFFLYSKLTVD
KSRWQQGNVFSCSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKQETELSVSAELVPTSSWNIS
SELNKDSYLTLDPEMNNITSLGQTAELHCKVSGNPPPTIRWFKNDAPVVQEP
LSFRSTIYGSRLRIRNLDTTDTGYFQCVAATNGKEVVSSTGVLFVKFGPPPTASPGY
SDEY (SEQ ID NO: 134)

huFc-frz:

MKLPVRLLVLMFWIPASLSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLM
ISRTPEVTCVVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV

LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMT
 KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVD
 KSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKQETELSVSAELVPTSSWNIS
 SELNKDSYLTLDPEPMNNITTSLGQTAELHCKVSGNPPPTIRWFKNDAPVVQEPRR
 5 LSFRSTIYGSRLRIRNLDTTDTGYFQCVATNGKEVVSSTGVLFVKFGPPPTASPGY
 SDEYEEDGFCQPYRGIACARFIGNRTVYMESLHMQGEIENQITAAFTMIGTSSHLS
 DKCSQFAIPSLCHYAFPYCDETSSVPKPRDLRDECEILENVLCQTEYIFARSNPMI
 LMRLKLPNCEDLPQPESPEAANCIRIGIPMADPINKNH (SEQ ID NO: 137)

huFe-frz-KNG:

10 MKLPVRLLVLMFWIPASLSEPKSSDKTHTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKPKDTLM
 ISRTPEVTCVVDVSHEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSV
 LTVLHQDWLNGKEYKCKVSNKALPAPIEKTISKAKGQPREPQVYTLPPSREEMT
 KNQVSLTCLVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQPENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLYSKLTVD
 KSRWQQGNVFCFSVMHEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGKVFKFGPPPTASPGYSDEYEED
 15 GFCQPYRGIACARFIGNRTVYMESLHMQGEIENQITAAFTMIGTSSHLSDKCSQF
 AIPSLCHYAFPYCDETSSVPKPRDLRDECEILENVLCQTEYIFARSNPMILMRLK
 LPNCEDLPQPESPEAANCIRIGIPMADPINKNHKCYNSTGVVDYRGTVSVTKSGRQ
 CQPWNSQYPHTHTFTALRFPELNGGHSYCRNPGNQKEAPWCFTLDENFKSDLCD
 IPACDSKDSKEKNKMEILY (SEQ ID NO: 138)

20 EXAMPLE 2: Cell Binding Assays

[0286] This example describes cell binding assays that were used to determine the binding affinities of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure.

[0287] Target cells (*e.g.*, human Jurkat-T cells (**FIG. 2A**); cynomolgus pan-T cells (**FIG. 2B**); C57BL/6 human CD3 ϵ knock-in mouse T cells (**FIG. 2C**); CD3 ϵ knock-out human Jurkat-
 25 T cells (**FIG. 2D**); MDA-MB-231 cells (**FIG. 3A**); T-47D cells (**FIG. 3B**); human ROR1
 expressing mouse 4T1 cells (**FIG. 3C**); mouse ROR1 expressing mouse 4T1 cells (**FIG. 3D**);
 human CD8⁺ T cells (**FIG. 12A**); cynomolgus pan-T cells (**FIG. 12B**); MDA-MB-231 cells
 (**FIG. 13A** and **FIG. 13B**); mouse ROR1 expressing mouse 4T1 cells (**FIG. 13C** and **FIG. 13D**)
 were added to V-bottom 96-well plates at 300,000 cells per well. After washing twice with 200
 30 μ L of phosphate buffered saline (PBS) by centrifugation at 500 $\times$ g for 5 minutes at room
 temperature, the cells were resuspended in 100 μ L of Live/Dead fixable green working buffer
 (ThermoFisher Scientific, Cat No: L23101; one vial of Live/Dead fixable green powder was
 dissolved into 50 μ L of DMSO and 1 μ L of dissolved Live/Dead fixable green was added to 1

mL of PBS to prepare the working buffer). After 15-minutes of incubation at room temperature, the cells were washed twice with 200 μ L of PBS by centrifugation at $500 \times g$ for 5 minutes at room temperature and resuspended in 50 mL of 10% goat serum in BD staining buffer (BD Biosciences, Cat No: 554657). Next, the cells were incubated at room temperature for 20 minutes and 50 μ L of a bispecific reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder)(comprising polypeptides having amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 302, SEQ ID NO: 303, SEQ ID NO: 304, SEQ ID NO: 305), reference Frizzled-binding TCE (Ref Frz-binding TCE 1A or Ref Frz-binding TCE 1B), 69A02 TCE (69A02 TCE 1A or 69A02 TCE 1B) or 82H02 TCE (82H02 TCE 1A or 82H02 TCE 1B) (serial dilutions in BD staining buffer from 250 nM to 10 pM, as indicated in each figure) were added to the cells without washing. The plates were then covered with foil to avoid direct light and incubated for 60 minutes at 4 °C. The cells were then washed twice with 200 μ L of PBS by centrifugation at $500 \times g$ for 5 minutes at room temperature and resuspended in 100 μ L of 3 μ g/mL goat anti-human IgG-Alexa Fluor 647 antibody (Jackson ImmunoResearch Lab, Cat No: 109-606-003) in BD staining buffer. After incubating for 30 minutes at 4 °C, the cells were washed twice with 200 μ L of PBS by centrifugation at $500 \times g$ for 5 minutes at room temperature and resuspended into 100 μ L of fixation buffer (BioLegend, Cat No: 420801). The samples were then analyzed on a flow cytometer for binding signal using FlowJo software. ROR1 and CD3 binding EC_{50} s (concentration vs mean fluorescence intensity (MFI)) for reference molecules and test bispecific TCEs were obtained using 4-parameter non-linear regression curve fitting in GraphPad Prism.

2.1 *CD3 Binding Affinity*

[0288] The apparent binding affinities for human or cynomolgus CD3 associated with a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B), bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A (69A02 TCE 1A), bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B (69A02 TCE 1B), bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A (82H02 TCE 1A), and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B (82H02 TCE 1B), on Jurkat T cells, cynomolgus pan-T cells, T cells isolated from C57BL/6 mice expressing a chimeric CD3 ϵ consisting of the ectodomain of human CD3 and the transmembrane and cytosolic domains of mouse CD3, or human CD3 knockout Jurkat T cells are shown in FIG. 2A (and summarized in TABLE 12), FIG. 2B (and summarized in TABLE 12), FIG. 2C (and summarized in TABLE 12), and FIG. 2D (and summarized in TABLE 12), respectively.

[0289] TABLE 12: Apparent CD3 Binding Affinities

	Jurkat T cells	Cynomolgus pan T cells	T cells from huCD3 knock-in C57BL/6 mice	huCD3 knockout Jurkat T cells
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)
Control	No binding	No binding	No binding	Not Tested
Ref. T cell-binder	157.3	164.28	258.8	No binding
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	9.1	10.47	4.06	No binding
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	37.6	34.92	33.84	No binding
69A02 TCE 1A	10.4	13.362	Not Tested	No binding
69A02 TCE 1B	35.86	17.64	Not Tested	No binding
82H02 TCE 1A	8.6	11.73	4.34	No binding
82H02 TCE 1B	67.3	34.92	24.5	No binding

[0290] As shown in TABLE 12, the EC₅₀s indicate that the apparent binding affinities of 69A02 TCE 1A, 69A02 TCE 1B, 82H02 TCE 1A, and 82H02 TCE 1B for human, cynomolgus, and human/mouse chimeric CD3 were less than 3 fold different from each other. The apparent binding affinities for CD3 of 69A02 and 82H02 TCEs were approximately 4-fold lower in Format 1B as compared to Format 1A. Reference T cell-binder had an approximately 15-fold lower apparent binding affinity to CD3 as compared to bispecific TCEs 69A02 and 82H02 in Format 1A and approximately 4-fold lower apparent binding affinity to CD3 as compared to bispecific TCEs 69A02 and 82H02 in Format 1B. To address specificity for CD3, binding of bispecific TCEs 69A02 and 82H02 in Format 1A and Format 1B to Jurkat T cells devoid of CD3 was assessed (FIG. 2D). No non-specific binding was observed.

[0291] The apparent binding affinities for human and cynomolgus CD3 associated with the bispecific TCEs incorporating sequence optimized variants of 82H02 (82H02 TCE #1 having high ROR1 binding affinity and high CD3 affinity), 82H02 TCE #2 (having high ROR1 binding affinity and low CD3 binding affinity), 82H02 TCE #3 (having low ROR1 binding affinity and high CD3 binding affinity), and 82H02 TCE #4 (having low ROR1 binding affinity and low CD3 binding affinity) and reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder) were determined by flow cytometry using human CD8⁺ T cells (FIG. 12A and summarized in TABLE 13) and pan T cells from cynomolgus macaque (FIG. 12B and summarized in TABLE 13).

[0292] TABLE 13: Apparent CD3 Binding Affinities of Sequence Optimized Variants

	Human CD8 ⁺ T Cells	Cynomolgus Pan T cells
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)
Anti-HEL Control	No binding	No binding
Ref. T cell-binder	266.3	358.2
82H02 TCE #1	2.8	4.1
82H02 TCE #2	19.8	26.2
82H02 TCE #3	3.0	4.4
82H02 TCE #4	20.4	27.7

[0293] As shown in TABLE 13, reference T cell-binder had the weakest affinity for both human and cynomolgus CD3 at about 250 and 350 nM, respectively. These values were approximately 100-fold lower affinity than sequence optimized variants 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #3, and approximately 10 to 15-fold lower affinity than the sequence optimized variants 82H02 TCE #2 and 82H02 TCE #4. The difference between apparent CD3 binding affinity to human and cynomolgus CD3 for each sequence optimized 82H02 TCE variant was less than 2-fold. Interestingly, the maximum number of CD3 molecules bound by 82H02 TCE #1 (C_{max}) was between 30% (human) and 40% higher (cynomolgus) than the C_{max} observed for 82H02 TCE #3. The mechanism of action for this observation is unclear but may be caused by a difference in conformation between the two bispecific TCEs that results in easier access of 82H02 TCE #1 to CD3 than 82H02 TCE #3.

2.2 ROR1 Binding Affinity

[0294] The apparent binding affinities for human ROR1 associated with a reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B), bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A (69A02 TCE 1A), bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B (69A02 TCE 1B), bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A (82H02 TCE 1A), and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B (82H02 TCE 1B), on MDA-MB-231 cells, T47D cells, 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress human ROR1, or 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress murine ROR1 are shown in FIG. 3A (and summarized in TABLE 14), FIG. 3B (and summarized in TABLE 14), FIG. 3C (and summarized in TABLE 14), and FIG. 3D (and summarized in TABLE 14), respectively.

[0295] TABLE 14: Apparent ROR1 Binding Affinities

	MDA-MB-231 Cells	T-47D Cells	4T1 huROR1	4T1 muROR1
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)
Control	No binding	No binding	No binding	No binding
Ref. T cell-binder	0.37	Minimal	2.48	No binding
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	81.63	Minimal	1.27	1.12
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	63.72	Minimal	1.45	1.01
69A02 TCE 1A	0.23	No binding	Not Tested	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1B	0.43	No binding	Not Tested	Not Tested
82H02 TCE 1A	0.52	No binding	1.14	2.08
82H02 TCE 1B	2.23	No binding	0.7	2.01

[0296] As shown in TABLE 14, the apparent binding affinities of reference T cell-binder, 69A02 TCE and 82H02 TCE were greater than 30-fold higher than reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE using wild type MDA-MB-231 cells, which express low levels of ROR1. Minimal non-specific binding to ROR1⁺ T47D cells was observed with reference T cell binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE at high concentrations. No non-specific binding was observed with 69A02 or 82H02 TCEs

[0297] To determine the apparent binding affinities of bispecific 82H02 in Format 1A and Format 1B for mouse ROR1, 4T1 cells were engineered using the PiggyBAC transposon to overexpress mouse ROR-1 (FIG. 3D) and compared to cells engineered to express human ROR1 (FIG. 3C). The apparent affinities for human and mouse ROR1 were less than 3-fold different between bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A, bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B, and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE. Purified human IgG was used as a negative control. Reference T cell-binder did not bind mouse ROR1.

[0298] The apparent ROR1 binding affinity for reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE was greater than 30-fold higher in 4T1 cells engineered to express human ROR1 (FIG. 3C) as compared to MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 3A). This increased binding affinity may be because the density of ROR1 expression on 4T1-hROR1⁺ cells is greater than 10-fold higher than expression on MDA-MB-231 cells. Further, the maximum number of hROR1 molecules bound by reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Formats 1A and 1B was approximately 2.5 fold less than bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B. In contrast, for mouse ROR1, the

maximum number of muROR1 molecules bound by reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B was about the same. The reason for this difference in binding to human versus mouse ROR1 may be due to (1) access to the human versus mouse ROR1 Frizzled domain for which reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE is specific and/or (2) a difference in density between human and mouse ROR1 expression on 4T1 cells.

[0299] The apparent binding affinities for human and mouse ROR1 associated with the bispecific TCEs incorporating sequence optimized variants of 82H02 (82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, 82H02 TCE #4) and reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder) were determined by flow cytometry using ROR1⁺ MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 13A and summarized in TABLE 15) and 4T1 cells engineered to overexpress murine ROR1 (FIG. 13B and summarized in TABLE 15).

[0300] TABLE 15: Apparent ROR1 Binding Affinities of Sequence Optimized Variants

	ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231	4T1 muROR1
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	EC ₅₀ (nM)
Anti-HEL Control	No binding	No binding
Ref. T cell-binder	0.14	No binding
82H02 TCE #1	0.81	2.19
82H02 TCE #2	0.72	2.24
82H02 TCE #3	211.18	1037
82H02 TCE #4	76.48	496

[0301] As shown in TABLE 15, both sequence optimized variants 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2 had an approximately 3-fold difference in apparent ROR1 binding affinity between human and mouse ROR1. For sequence optimized variants 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4, the difference in apparent ROR1 binding affinity between human and mouse was approximately 5-fold and 6.5-fold, respectively. The difference in apparent ROR1 binding affinity between bispecific TCEs having high ROR1 binding affinities (82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2) and bispecific TCEs having low ROR1 binding affinities (82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4) ranged between 100 to 250-fold for human ROR1 and 250 to 500-fold for mouse ROR1. Interestingly, although the apparent ROR1 binding affinities of bispecific TCEs having high ROR1 binding affinity were not appreciably impacted by high or low CD3 binding affinities, the difference in ROR1 binding affinity in 82H02 TCE #3 (having low 82H02 binding affinity and high CD3 binding affinity) versus 82H02 TCE #4 (having low 82H02 binding affinity and low CD3 binding affinity), was about 3-fold and 2-fold higher for human ROR1 and

mouse ROR1, respectively. This result may be due to the maximum number of ROR1 molecules bound by 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4, relative to 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2, which made it difficult to calculate accurate EC₅₀ binding values for 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4.

5 **EXAMPLE 3: Target-dependent cytotoxicity (TDCC) and Cytokine Release Assays (TDCR)**

[0302] This example describes the induction of target tumor cell killing and cytokine release by CD8⁺ T cells in the presence or absence of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure.

3.1 *TDCC and TDCR Assays using Human CD8⁺ T Cells*

10 [0303] 24 hours before TDCC and TDCR experiments, target cells (MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 5A and FIG. 5B); MCF-7 cells (FIG. 5C); T-47D cells (FIG. 5D); MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 8A and FIG. 8C)) were cultured in antibiotic-free media. 100 µL of target cell suspension was dispensed into each well of a black walled, clear flat-bottom plate (5000 cells per well) and incubated for 4 hours. The viability of human CD8⁺ T cells (HemaCare BioResearch (Cat No. PB08NC)) cultured for 48 hours in 250 IU/mL IL2 was determined via trypan blue exclusion and the viable cell density was adjusted to 500,000 cells/mL in AIM-V medium (Gibco, Cat No: 12055-091) supplemented with 250 U/mL IL2. Test bispecific TCEs, reference T cell-binders, and reference Frizzled-binding TCEs were serially diluted in AIM-V media. At the end of the 4 hour incubation of target cells, culture medium was removed and 50 µL of media control was
15 added to designated wells or 50 µL of CD8⁺ T cell suspension were added to each designated well to make an effector CD8⁺ T cell:target cell (E:T) ratio of 5:1. 50 µL of media control, test bispecific TCE, reference T cell-binder, or reference Frizzled-binding TCE dilution were added to designated wells and the plates were incubated for 24 hours at 37 °C, 5% CO₂.

[0304] After the 24 hour incubation, plates were centrifuged for 30 seconds at 1000 RPM and
25 50 µL of supernatant was transferred to a black-walled, clear flat-bottom plate and 50 µL of ONE-Glo Luciferase Assay solution (Promega, Cat No: E6120) was added to each well and incubated for 2 minutes at room temperature. Bioluminescence of the samples in the plates was measured using an Envision plate reader (or equivalent). The killing percentage of target cells in a sample was calculated by treating the bioluminescence of samples comprising target cells co-cultured with CD8⁺ T cells and media control as 100% killing of target cells, while the
30 bioluminescence of samples comprising target cells and the bioluminescence of samples comprising target cells in the absence of CD8⁺ T cells as 0% killing of target cells. The killing

EC₅₀ (concentration vs killing percentage) was obtained using 4-parameter non-linear regression curve fitting in GraphPad Prism.

[0305] After the 24 hour incubation, 50 μ L of supernatant was also transferred to wells of a V-bottom storage plate for IFN γ release detection. IFN γ release was measured using a human
5 IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit (PerkinElmer, Cat No: AL217F). In brief, 5 μ L of samples or standards were added to a non-clear 384-well flat bottom assay plate. AlphaLISA anti-IFN γ acceptor beads (1 volume) were mixed with biotinylated anti-IFN γ antibody (1 volume) in 198 volumes of prepared 1 $\times$ assay buffer. 20 μ L of mixed acceptor bead/antibody was added to the samples and standards and incubated for 60 minutes at room temperature in the dark. Next, 1
10 volume of streptavidin donor beads were diluted in 61.5 volumes of 1 $\times$ assay buffer and 25 μ L of diluted streptavidin donor beads was added to wells containing the samples and standards and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark. After 30 minutes incubation, the plate was read using an Envision plate reader. Conversion to the concentrations of IFN γ was calculated as per the manufacturer's specifications. EC₅₀ of IFN γ release (concentration vs
15 IFN γ) was obtained using 4-parameter non-linear regression curve fitting in GraphPad Prism.

[0306] As shown in FIG. 5A (and summarized in TABLE 16), reference T cell-binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A were the most potent molecules tested in their ability to induce CD8⁺ T cell cytotoxicity when co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells and were less than 2-fold different from each other. Potency was defined as the EC₅₀ for
20 target cell killing. The EC₅₀s for bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A were both approximately 20 pM and within 2 to 3 fold difference of the EC₅₀s for bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B, respectively.

[0307] The magnitude of killing of the reference T cell-binder, reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A, bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A, and bispecific TCE
25 82H02 in Format 1A were not appreciably different, whereas bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B, had slightly reduced potency with EC₅₀s ranging from about 35 to 60 pM.

30

[0308] TABLE 16: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human CD8⁺ T Cells

	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231
	EC ₅₀ (pM)
Ref. T cell-binder	6.9
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	4.7
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1A	20.2
69A02 TCE 1B	35.6
82H02 TCE 1A	19
82H02 TCE 1B	58.1

[0309] As shown in FIG. 5B (and summarized in TABLE 17), reference T cell-binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE were the most potent molecules tested in their ability to induce CD8⁺ T cell IFN γ release when co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells and were approximately 2-fold different from each other. Potency was defined as the EC₅₀ for IFN γ release.

[0310] Bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A were approximately 2 to 3-fold less potent than reference T cell-binder and induced approximately 30% less maximum IFN γ release indicating a decoupling from T cell cytotoxic activity induction. Bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B were approximately 3 to 9-fold less potent than reference T cell-binder and induced approximately 40% less maximum IFN γ release

[0311] As shown in FIGs. 5C and 5D (and summarized in TABLE 17), neither reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A or Format 1B, or bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A or Format 1B induced detectable levels of IFN γ release indicating that IFN γ release was ROR1-dependent.

[0312] TABLE 17: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human CD8⁺ T Cells

	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB- 231	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB- 231	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁻ MCF7	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁻ MCF7	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁻ T47D	CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁻ T47D
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)
Ref. T cell- binder	9.9	1814	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1A	4.7	1128	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1B	Not Tested	Not Tested	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity
69A02 TCE 1A	21.5	1203	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity
69A02 TCE 1B	28.9	1099	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity	No Activity
82H02 TCE 1A	19.8	1271	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested
82H02 TCE 1B	88.9	1094	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested

3.2 TDCC and TDCR Assays using Cynomolgus CD8⁺ T Cells

[0313] To assess whether cynomolgus monkeys are a relevant species with which to study the
5 bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure, we compared the functional activity of human and
cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells in the in vitro target-dependent cytotoxicity and IFN γ release assays.

[0314] TDCC assays using cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells (IQ Biosciences, Cat No: IQB-Mn1-
CD8T2) were performed using methods analogous to TDCC assays using human CD8⁺ T cells
as described in Example 3.1 above.

10 [0315] TDCR assays using cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells were performed using a cynomolgus
IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit (PerkinElmer, Cat No: AL561C) having a manufacturer's
protocol analogous to that of the human IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit as described in
EXAMPLE 3.1 above.

[0316] As shown in FIG. 8A and FIG. 8B (and summarized in TABLE 18), the rank order
15 of molecules tested in their ability to induce CD8⁺ T cell cytotoxicity when co-cultured with
MDA-MB-231 tumor cells was the same for both human and cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells; namely,
reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference T cell-binder >

reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. For each molecule tested, there was an approximate 2 fold difference in potency of induction of cytotoxic activity between treated human CD8⁺ T cells and treated cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells.

5 [0317] **TABLE 18: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human and Cynomolgus CD8⁺ T Cells**

	Human CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231	Cynomolgus CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	EC ₅₀ (pM)
Ref. T cell-binder	2.5	3.858
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	0.7	1.446
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	4.8	10.61
69A02 TCE 1A	Not Tested	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1B	Not Tested	Not Tested
82H02 TCE 1A	8.3	21.08
82H02 TCE 1B	23.7	54.81

[0318] As shown in FIG. 8C and FIG. 8D (and summarized in TABLE 19), the rank order of molecules tested in their ability to induce IFN γ release from CD8⁺ T cells co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 tumor cells was the same for both human and cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells; namely, reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference T cell-binder > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. For each molecule tested, there was an approximate 2 fold difference in potency of induction of IFN γ release between treated human CD8⁺ T cells and treated cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells.

[0319] The magnitude of ROR1-dependent tumor cell cytotoxicity and IFN γ release was similar between human and cynomolgus CD8⁺ T cells. This supports the use of cynomolgus monkeys for non-clinical studies of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure.

[0320] TABLE 19: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human and Cynomolgus CD8⁺ T Cells

	Human CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231 Cells	Human CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA-MB-231 Cells	Cynomolgus CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA- MB-231 Cells	Cynomolgus CD8 ⁺ T cell: ROR1 ⁺ MDA- MB-231 Cells
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)
Ref. T cell- binder	12.8	201.2	26.7	211.5
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1A	5.7	249.6	10.2	249.5
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1B	17.2	177.1	41.2	190.8
69A02 TCE 1A	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1B	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested
82H02 TCE 1A	40.0	174.8	79.7	170.9
82H02 TCE 1B	104.4	124.6	191	138.6

3.3 TDCC and TDCR Assays using Human PBMCs

- 5 [0321] TDCC assays using PBMCs isolated from human whole blood and target cells (MDA-MB-231 cells (FIG. 4A, FIG. 4C, and FIG. 14); T-47D cells (FIG. 4B and FIG. 4D); Du-145 cells, A549 cells, NCI-H1975 cells, MDA-MB-231 cells, NCCIT cells and MCF-7 cells (FIG. 7); and MDA-MB-231 cells with different expression levels of ROR1 (FIG. 16 and FIG. 17)), were performed using methods analogous to TDCC assays using human CD8⁺ T cells as
- 10 described in EXAMPLE 3.1 above.

[0322] Specifically, PBMCs were isolated from whole blood using Ficoll-Paque Plus medium (GE Healthcare, Cat No: 17144002) according to the manufacturer's instructions and resuspended in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin at a cell density of 3 million cells/mL.

- 15 [0323] TDCR assays using PBMCs were performed using a human IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit (PerkinElmer, Cat No: AL217F) as described in EXAMPLE 3.1 above.

- [0324] To identify bispecific TCEs that induce robust TDCC of target tumor cells and low levels of TDCR from PBMCs, a decoupling ratio was calculated and defined as the quotient of the area under the curve (AUC) of a TDCC assay killing percentage vs concentration plot and
- 20 the AUC of a TDCR assay IFN γ release vs concentration plot.

[0325] As shown in FIG. 4A (and summarized in TABLE 20), reference T cell-binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A were the most potent molecules tested in their ability to induce CD8⁺ T cell cytotoxicity when co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells and were less than 2-fold different from each other. Potency was defined as the EC₅₀ for target cell killing.

[0326] The EC₅₀s for bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A were approximately 5-fold less potent than reference T cell binder (~ 19 to 25 pM). EC₅₀s for bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B, were 4-fold less potent than bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A, respectively (~ 48 to 77 pM).

[0327] The magnitude of killing of the reference T cell-binder, reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A, bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A, and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A were not appreciably different. As shown in FIG. 4B (and summarized in TABLE 20), no cytotoxicity was measurably detected in co-cultures of PBMCs with ROR1⁻ T47D target tumor cells, indicating that the observed cytotoxicity was ROR1-dependent.

[0328] TABLE 20: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human PBMCs

	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁺ MDA- MB-231 cells	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁻ T47D cells
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	EC ₅₀ (pM)
Ref. T cell-binder	6.4	No activity
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	3.4	No activity
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	Not Tested	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1A	19.4	No activity
69A02 TCE 1B	48.0	No activity
82H02 TCE 1A	24.8	No activity
82H02 TCE 1B	76.6	No activity

[0329] As shown in FIG. 4C (and summarized in TABLE 21), reference T cell-binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A were the most potent molecules tested in their ability to induce PBMC IFN γ release when co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells and were less than 2-fold different from each other. Potency was defined as the EC₅₀ for IFN γ release.

[0330] Bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A were approximately 10-fold less potent than reference T cell-binder. Bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B were approximately 300 to 1000-fold less potent than reference T cell-binder and induced approximately 60 to 70% less maximum IFN γ release.

[0331] As shown in FIG 4D (and summarized in TABLE 21), neither reference T cell-binder, reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A, bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A or Format 1B, or bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A or Format 1B induced detectable levels of IFN γ release indicating that IFN γ release was ROR1-dependent.

[0332] While reference T cell-binder and reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A were highly potent at the induction of PBMC cytotoxic killing of tumor cells and IFN γ release, bispecific TCEs 69A02 and 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B were more potent inducers of cytotoxic killing than IFN γ release.

[0333] TABLE 21: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human PBMCs

	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁺ MDA- MB-231 Cells	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁺ MDA- MB-231 Cells	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁻ T47D Cells	PBMCs: ROR1 ⁻ T47D Cells
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max. IFN γ (pg/mL)
Ref. T cell-binder	6.6	1806	No activity	No activity
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A	8	1324	No activity	No activity
Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1B	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested	Not Tested
69A02 TCE 1A	87.6	1084.1	No activity	No activity
69A02 TCE 1B	2090	707.4	No activity	No activity
82H02 TCE 1A	130	996.7	No activity	No activity
82H02 TCE 1B	7120	600.3	No activity	No activity

[0334] To quantify the magnitude by which each test bispecific TCE decoupled cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release, a “decoupling ratio” was calculated as the quotient between the area under the curve (AUC) for target killing and the AUC for IFN γ release for a given test or reference molecule.

[0335] AUC values were normalized to the values calculated for the reference T cell-binder, for which the EC₅₀s (potency) of target cell killing and IFN γ release were both about 6 pM (*i.e.* a decoupling ratio of 1, meaning that cytotoxicity was not decoupled from IFN γ release). As shown in FIG. 4E, bispecific TCE 69A02 in Formats 1A and 1B, and bispecific TCE 82H02 in
 5 Formats 1A and 1B had decoupling ratios significantly greater than reference T cell binder (*i.e.* greater than 1).

[0336] Bispecific TCE 69A02 in Formats 1A and 1B, and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A had comparable decoupling ratios ranging from approximately 1.8 to 2. Bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B had the highest decoupling ratio.

10 [0337] The observed decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release in PBMCs was more pronounced than the decoupling observed in pure CD8⁺ T cell populations (EXAMPLE 3.1, above), particularly for bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. These results suggest that the presence of CD4⁺ helper T cells may play a role in the mechanism of action by which bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure maintain cytotoxicity while having reduced
 15 IFN γ release.

[0338] To determine whether decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release mediated by bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure was a generalized characteristic across an array of ROR1⁺ tumor cell lines, ROR1 dependent target cell killing and ROR1-dependent IFN γ release was assessed across multiple tumor cell lines having various surface
 20 expression levels of ROR1. Average cell surface densities of ROR1 on cell lines used in this example are shown in TABLE 22.

[0339] TABLE 22: ROR1 Cell Surface Densities of Various Cell Lines

Cell Line	ROR1 density (molecules per cell)
MCF-7	0
Du-145	13336
A549	36334
NCI-H1975	38486
MDA-MB-231	46660
NCCIT	94426

[0340] As shown in FIGs. 7A to 7D, and as was previously observed with MDA-MB-231
 25 targets, decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release was observed with all ROR-1⁺ tumor cell lines when co-cultured with PBMCs in the presence of bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A (FIG. 7A and FIG. 7B) and 1B (FIG. 7C and FIG. 7D). Decoupling was

not observed in either reference T cell-binder or reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A (FIG. 7E and FIG. 7F). No target cell killing or IFN γ release was observed in PBMC co-cultures with ROR1⁻ MCF-7 cells.

[0341] Overall, both target cell killing and proinflammatory cytokine release were observed to be ROR1 dependent. Further, given that the observed decoupling of cytotoxicity from cytokine release by bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B was observed for all ROR1⁺ cell lines tested, it appears that this phenomenon is not limited to MDA-MB-231 but is more generally applicable to all ROR1⁺ cell lines.

[0342] As shown in FIG. 14A (and summarized in TABLE 23), reference T cell-binder was 2 to 4-fold and 15-fold more potent in inducing cytotoxic tumor cell killing when PBMCs were co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells as compared to sequence optimized bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2; and bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4, respectively. The decreased potencies of bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2 (high-affinity ROR1 binding) compared to bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4 (low-affinity ROR1 binding), was between 4 to 6-fold. The decreased potencies of bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #3 (high-affinity CD3 binding) compared to bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #2 and 82H02 TCE #4 (low-affinity CD3 binding), was less than 2-fold. These results suggested that the major difference in potency for inducing cytotoxic killing activity between bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure is primarily driven by the apparent affinity for ROR1 and not CD3.

[0343] As shown in FIG. 14B (and summarized in TABLE 24), reference T cell-binder was about 20 to 25-fold and 40 to 50-fold more potent in inducing IFN γ release when PBMCs were co-cultured with MDA-MB-231 cells as compared to sequence optimized bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2; and bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4, respectively. The decreased potencies of bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2 (high-affinity ROR1 binding) compared to bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4 (low-affinity ROR1 binding), was approximately 2-fold. The decreased potencies of bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #3 (high-affinity CD3 binding) compared to bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #2 and 82H02 TCE #4 (low-affinity CD3 binding), was less than 2-fold. These results suggested that the major difference in potency for inducing IFN γ release between bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure is primarily driven by the apparent affinity for ROR1 and not CD3. In addition, the maximum release of IFN γ was reduced by about 50% and 60 to 65% by sequenced optimized bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1 and 82H02 TCE #2; and bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #3 and 82H02 TCE #4, respectively.

[0344] As shown in FIG. 14C, all of bispecific TCEs 82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4 were associated with decoupling ratios which were not appreciably different from one another (approximately 2 as normalized to reference T cell binder).

[0345] TABLE 23: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human PBMCs

	PBMCs: MDA-MB-231
	EC ₅₀ (nM)
Ref. T cell-binder	10.1
82H02 TCE #1	24.58
82H02 TCE #2	43.9
82H02 TCE #3	148.4
82H02 TCE #4	168.4

5

[0346] TABLE 24: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human PBMCs

	PBMCs: MDA-MB-231	PBMCs: MDA-MB-231
	EC ₅₀ (nM)	Max IFN γ (pg/mL)
Ref. T cell-binder	10.7	2136.1
82H02 TCE #1	204.7	1124.8
82H02 TCE #2	264.9	1001.1
82H02 TCE #3	424.9	880.7
82H02 TCE #4	509.4	764.3

[0347] The capacity for ROR1 density discrimination related to sequence optimized bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure was assessed by co-culturing PBMCs with target MDA-MB-231 tumor cells engineered to express different cell surface densities of ROR1. MDA-MB-231 cells express approximately 40,000 ROR1 molecules/cell. To reduce surface expression of ROR1, MDA-MB-231 cells were transduced with lentiviruses encoding ROR1-specific shRNA. To increase surface expression of ROR1, MDA-MB-231 cells were transduced with lentiviruses encoding full-length ROR1. ROR1 knockout MDA-MB-231 cells were made using Cas9/CRISPR technology. In total, 6 cell lines were generated having various surface expression levels of ROR1: 0.2×10^5 molecules/cell (MDA-MB-231-0.2); 0.4×10^5 molecules/cell (MDA-MB-231-0.4); 6×10^5 molecules/cell (MDA-MB-231-0.6); 1.3×10^6 molecules/cell (MDA-MB-231-1.3); 7×10^6 molecules/cell (MDA-MB-231-7).

[0348] As shown in FIG. 16F (and summarized in TABLE 25) and FIG. 17F (and summarized in TABLE 26), PBMCs co-cultures with ROR1 knockout MDA-MB-231 target cells did not result in appreciable levels of killing or IFN γ release above background. As shown FIGs. 16A to 16E, maximal PBMC-mediated cytotoxicity induced by sequence-optimized

bispecific 82H02 TCEs or reference T cell-binder was reduced as cell surface density of ROR1 was reduced. Similarly, as shown in FIGs. 17A to 17E, maximal IFN γ release induced by sequence-optimized bispecific 82H02 TCEs or reference T cell-binder was reduced as cell surface density of ROR1 was reduced.

5 [0349] The rank order of potency for both induction of cytotoxic activity and IFN γ release was reference T cell-binder > 82H02 TCE #1 > 82H02 TCE #2 > 82H02 TCE #3 > 82H02 TCE #4.

[0350] For cytotoxic killing of target tumor cells, differences in potency of the test molecules increased as ROR1 density decreased. At the lowest ROR1 cell density (MDA-MB-231-0.2),
10 potencies of cytotoxic activities of reference T cell-binder, 82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4, were less than 3 fold.

[0351] For IFN γ release, lower EC₅₀ and E_{max} values relative to cytotoxic killing were consistent with decoupling of cytotoxicity from cytokine release and observed 82H02 TCE #1, 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4, but not the reference T cell-binder. The
15 magnitude of decoupling was inversely correlated with the cell surface density of ROR1 and was not appreciably superior to induction by reference T cell binder at super-physiological densities of ROR1 (*i.e.* > 1.3x10⁶ molecules/cell).

[0352] As shown in FIG. 18, the decoupling ratio (normalized to reference T cell-binder), increased with decreasing densities of cell surface ROR1 expression. The highest decoupling
20 ratios were observed with 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4 and were not appreciably different from one another. The decoupling ratios associated with 82H02 TCE #1 at ROR1 densities between 0.2 x 10⁵ and 0.6 x 10⁵ molecules/cells were approximately 20% lower compared to 82H02 TCE #2, 82H02 TCE #3, and 82H02 TCE #4.

[0353] TABLE 25: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human PBMCs Against Target
25 Cells Having Various ROR1 Cell Surface Densities

	PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-7			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-1.3			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.6			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.4			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.2		
	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC
Ref. T cell-binder	79.28	3.571	77740	70.3	5.676	68976	62.91	6.124	60564	55.53	7.295	54216	43.33	10.21	41534
82H02 TCE #1	75.8	4.334	74224	66.5	7.03	64797	60.25	10.02	57087	52.22	10.32	50197	40.69	11.89	39032
82H02 TCE #2	74.13	4.705	72000	65.3	8.96	63659	56.84	10.52	54138	50.18	12.53	47643	37.54	13.72	35670

82H02				63.2		6172			5097			4484			3133
TCE #3	72.75	5.456	71422	2	10.15	7	53.8	13.83	8	47.79	15.27	2	33.11	18.1	4
82H02				60.3		5889			4634			4191			2591
TCE #4	70.26	6.529	68323	7	11.19	7	51.45	15.24	5	45	19.62	6	27.41	22.33	9

[0354] **TABLE 26: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human PBMCs Against Target Cells Having Various ROR1 Cell Surface Densities**

	PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-7			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-1.3			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.6			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.4			PBMCs: MDA-MB-231-0.2		
	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC	E _{max} (%)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	AUC
Ref. T cell-binder	6611	5.394	6575904	7059	7.189	6904992	6362	8.42	6246567	5859	13.4	5671198	5256	14.13	5044135
82H02 TCE #1	5423	20.4	5157097	5258	24.28	4928042	3975	80.34	3151466	3051	123	2433954	2861	143.2	2094719
82H02 TCE #2	4972	26.47	4683147	4853	30.55	4494702	3668	97.65	2797977	2667	151	2034463	2267	191.6	1554079
82H02 TCE #3	4734	27.14	4430368	4677	30.79	4317548	3157	107.4	2647162	2247	167	1680388	1829	202	1286784
82H02 TCE #4	4478	30.87	4144898	4556	35.08	4108415	2784	121.1	2477823	1835	160.2	1424962	1729	279.5	1089083

5 3.4 TDCC and TDCR Assays using CD3ε-Knock-In C57BL/6 Mouse Splenocytes

[0355] C57BL/6 mice in which mouse CD3ε is knocked out and replaced with a chimeric CD3ε consisting of the ectodomain of human CD3 and the transmembrane and cytosolic domains of mouse CD3 (human CD3 knock-in or hCD3-KI) were generated to see if such animals could be used as relevant models for assessing the preclinical in vivo activity of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure. 4T1 cells stably expressing cell surface human ROR1 (hROR1⁺ 4T1) or mouse ROR1 (mROR1⁺ 4T1) using the PiggyBAC transposon based system.

[0356] TDCC assays using CD3ε-knock-in C57BL/6 mouse splenocytes and target cells (4T1-hROR1 cells (FIG. 9A and FIG. 9B); or 4T1-mROR1 cells (FIG. 9C and FIG. 9D)), were performed using methods analogous to TDCC assays using human CD8⁺ T cells as described in EXAMPLE 3.1 above.

[0357] Specifically, mouse splenocytes were isolated from the spleens of human CD3ε-knock-in C57BL/6 mice by pressing the spleens through a 100-μm cell strainer into a 50 mL conical tube. The cell strainer was washed twice with 5 mL of PBS and the flow-through was collected to the 50-mL conical tube. The splenocytes were pelleted, resuspended in 5 mL of ACK lysis buffer (ThermoFisher, Cat No: A1049201), and incubated for 5 minutes at room

temperature. Splenocytes were washed with PBS and resuspended in culture medium (RPMI1640 with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin) at a density of 3×10^6 cells/mL.

[0358] TDCR assays using mouse CD8⁺ T cells were performed using a mouse IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit (PerkinElmer, Cat No: AL501C) having a manufacturer's protocol analogous to that of the human IFN γ AlphaLISA Detection Kit as described in EXAMPLE 3.1 above.

[0359] To identify bispecific TCEs that induce robust TDCC of target tumor cells and low levels of TDCR from PBMCs, a decoupling ratio was calculated and defined as the quotient of the AUC of a TDCC assay killing percentage vs concentration plot and the AUC of a TDCR assay IFN γ release vs concentration plot.

[0360] As shown in FIG. 9A (and summarized in TABLE 27), the rank order of potency for induction of cytotoxic target cell killing against hROR1⁺ 4T1 cells was reference T cell-binder > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. As shown in FIG. 9C (and summarized in TABLE 27), the rank order of potency for induction of cytotoxic target cell killing against mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells was bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. As expected, reference T cell-binder had no cytotoxic activity against mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells because it does not bind murine ROR1. For bispecific TCE 82H02, the difference in potencies against hROR1⁺ 4T1 and mROR1⁺ 4T1 was approximately 3-fold and 9-fold for Formats 1A and 1B, respectively.

[0361] As shown in FIG. 9B (and summarized in TABLE 28), the rank order of potency for induction of IFN γ release against hROR1⁺ 4T1 cells was reference T cell-binder > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. As shown in FIG. 9D (and summarized in TABLE 28), the rank order of potency for induction of IFN γ release against mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells was reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A > reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A > bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B. As expected, reference T cell-binder had no measurable IFN γ release against mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells because it does not bind murine ROR1. For bispecific TCE 82H02, the difference in potencies for IFN γ release against hROR1⁺ 4T1 and mROR1⁺ 4T1 was approximately 3-fold and greater than 3-fold for Formats 1A and 1B, respectively.

[0362] TABLE 27: Target-dependent Cytotoxicity of Human CD3-Knock-in Mouse Splenocytes Against Human or Mouse ROR1⁺ 4T1 Cells

	hCD3 KI splenocytes: hROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells	hCD3 KI splenocytes: mROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	EC ₅₀ (pM)
Ref. T cell- binder	7.6	No activity
5Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1A	14.4	11.8
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1B	25.9	17.7
82H02 TCE 1A	31.6	11.2
82H02 TCE 1B	185	21.5

[0363] TABLE 28: Target-dependent Cytokine Release of Human CD3-Knock-in Mouse Splenocytes Against Human or Mouse ROR1⁺ 4T1 Cells

	hCD3 KI splenocytes: hROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells	hCD3 KI splenocytes: hROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells	hCD3 KI splenocytes: mROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells	hCD3 KI splenocytes: mROR1 ⁺ 4T1 cells
	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max IFN γ (pg/mL)	EC ₅₀ (pM)	Max IFN γ (pg/mL)
Ref. T cell- binder	2.4	2182	No activity	Not Detected
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1A	6.7	2100	4	2323
Ref. Frz- binding TCE 1B	24.9	2007	10	2127
82H02 TCE 1A	235.2	1880	78.4	2050
82H02 TCE 1B	>300	1771	140.1	2012

[0364] In co-cultures of splenocytes hCD3-knock-in mouse splenocytes and hROR1⁺ 4T1 cells, decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release was observed for bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B but not for either reference T cell binder or reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Formats 1A or 1B. A decoupling ratio ≥ 1.5

was observed with bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B, with a delta reaching about 1.7 and 2-fold normalized to reference T cell-binder, respectively (FIG. 9E).

[0365] Because reference T cell-binder does not bind to mROR1, in co-culture experiments of hCD3-knock-in mouse splenocytes and mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells, the decoupling ratios were calculated normalized to reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A. As shown in FIG. 9F, little to no decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release was observed in co-cultures of splenocytes hCD3-knock-in mouse splenocytes and mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells,

[0366] Overall, the magnitude of ROR1-dependent tumor cell cytotoxicity was similar when mouse tumor targets expressing human or mouse ROR1 were co-cultured with splenocytes from hCD3-knockin mice. Decoupling of cytotoxicity from proinflammatory cytokine release was observed for co-cultures with hROR1⁺ 4T1 cells but appeared to be diminished in co-cultures with mROR1⁺ 4T1 cells. These observations support the use of human ROR1 engineered syngeneic tumor bearing hCD3-knock-in mice for non-clinical in vivo pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics and efficacy studies.

EXAMPLE 4: Serial Killing Assay by Tumor Infiltrating T Cells (TILs)

[0367] This example describes the induction of serial killing of target tumor cells by tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) in the presence or absence of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure.

[0368] TILs were isolated from fresh triple negative breast cancer biopsies and expanded in culture. In brief, 1 mm/1 gram of biopsy tissue pieces were incubated with 5 mL of collagenase 1A (Sigma Cat No: C9891, resuspend in RPMI1640 at 100 U/ml) and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C, then another 30 minutes at room temperature. Samples were passed through a 40 µm cell strainer and collected into 50 ml tubes. Cells were washed with RPMI1640 media and mononuclear cells isolated using Ficoll-Paque plus media (Cytiva, Cat No: GE17-1440-02) according to the manufacturer's instructions. 1×10^6 isolated mononuclear cells were cultured with 6000 U/mL of human IL2 in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% heat inactivated human AB Serum, 1% penicillin/streptomycin, 10mM glutamine, and 10mM HEPES for 24 hours at a cell density of 1×10^6 cells per mL. Following 24 hour incubation, 1.3×10^5 TILs were resuspended in 10 mL of RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% heat inactivated human AB Serum, 1% penicillin/streptomycin, 10mM glutamine, 10mM HEPES, 3000 U/mL human IL-2 and 0.03 µg/mL CD3 antibody clone OKT3.

[0369] Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) collected from six different healthy donors were gamma irradiated at 5000 rad and 2.7×10^6 irradiated PBMCs were resuspended in AIM-V medium and added to the 1.3×10^5 TILs in a T-25 flask. PBMC-TIL co-cultures were incubated for 96 hours then 10 mL of the culture media was removed from each flask and replaced with 5ml AIM-V media and 5 mL of RPMI1640 supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated human AB Serum, 1% penicillin/streptomycin, 10mM glutamine, 10mM HEPES, and 6000 U/mL human IL2. Cells were maintained at a culture density of less than 1×10^6 cells/mL by adding AIM-V media supplemented with 3,000 U/mL IL2. After 14-days incubation, TIL cells were counted and analyzed by flow cytometry by staining with CD3, CD4 and CD8 expression (>99% of cells were CD3⁺ T cells, and >80% CD3⁺ T cells were CD8⁺ T cells). TILs were frozen in freezing medium (ThermoFisher, Cat No: 12648010) until use in serial killing assays.

[0370] To perform the serial killing assays, frozen TILs were thawed, washed, cultured in RPMI1640 medium supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS), 1% penicillin/streptomycin, and 500 U/mL human IL2 for 48 hours at 37°C, 5% CO₂, then serially diluted in the same medium to make TIL cell suspensions having cell densities of 1×10^6 , 5×10^5 , 2.5×10^5 , 1.25×10^5 , 6.25×10^4 , 3.125×10^4 , 1.562×10^4 , 7.81×10^3 cells/mL or media alone (*i.e.* 0 TILs).

[0371] Target cells (NCI-H1975 cells (FIG. 6A and FIG. 15); and T-47D cells (FIG. 6B)) were cultured in the absence of antibiotics for 24 hours then resuspended at a cell density of 50,000 cells/mL in culture media. 100 µL of target cell suspension was carefully dispensed into to each well of a black walled, clear flat-bottom plate and incubated for 4 hours. Wells containing 20000, 10000, 5000, 2500, 1250, 625, 313, 156, 78 and 0 target cells in 100 µL of culture medium were also seeded in designated wells for use as standard references.

[0372] 100 µL of each test bispecific TCE (100 pM), reference T cell-binder (100 pM), reference Frizzled-binding TCE dilution (100 pM), or media control was mixed with 100 µl of each TIL cell suspension dilution, or media control, then added to wells of the black walled, clear flat-bottom plate containing dilutions of target cells and co-cultures were incubated at 30°C, 5% CO₂ for 24 hours.

[0373] After 24 hours incubation, cells were centrifuged for 30 seconds at 1000 RPM and 100 µL of supernatant was removed from each well and transferred to a second plate for storage. 100 µL of One-Glo solution was added to each well containing the co-culture and remaining 100 µL of co-culture supernatant and incubated for 2 minutes at room temperature. The bioluminescence of the samples in the plates was measured using an Envision plate reader (or

equivalent). A standard curve was plotted using the bioluminescence intensities of the target cell standard references. The number of living target cells in each co-culture sample was calculated using the standard curve and the number of killed target cells further calculated as the difference between the 5000 target cells seeded into each well and the calculated number of living target cells. The killing frequency was calculated by dividing the number of killed target cell by the number of TILs for each condition and averaged to provide killing frequencies at the E:T ratios of 1:8 and 1:16. Average killing frequencies were plotted using GraphPad Prism.

[0374] As shown in FIG. 6A, when TILs were co-cultured with NCI-H1975 cells in the presence of reference T cell-binder, little to no serial killing was observed. Bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A induced between 30 to 40% greater serial killing than bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A. Reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A induced approximately 25% and 30% greater serial killing than bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A, respectively. Reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1B induced approximately 20% and 30% greater serial killing than bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1B and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1B, respectively.

[0375] Overall, reference ROR1 Frizzled domain-binding TCE in Format 1A, bispecific TCE 69A02 in Format 1A and bispecific TCE 82H02 in Format 1A all induced a serial killing frequency of at least 3 tumor cells per T cell. The greater serial killing observed with molecules in Format 1A versus Format 1B was attributed to the higher apparent affinity of for CD3, likely due to reduced steric hindrance when engineered onto the N-terminus of the bridging moiety in Format 1A as compared to the C-terminus in Format 1B. As shown in FIG. 6B, no serial killing was observed when TILs were co-cultured with ROR1⁻ T47D cells, indicating that the observed serial killing was ROR1 dependent.

[0376] As shown in FIG. 15, reference T cell-binder induced little to no serial killing of NCI-H1975 tumor cells by TILs. Sequence optimized bispecific TCEs 82H02 #1, 82H02 #2, 82H02 #3, and 82H02 #4 had similar levels of serial killing (about 3 to 4 tumor cells/T cell)

EXAMPLE 5: Biosafety Assays

[0377] This example describes experiments performed to measure cytokine and chemokine release by freshly isolated PBMCs or PBMCs pre-cultured at high density, cultured in the presence or absence of bispecific TCEs of the present disclosure. Freshly isolated PBMCs from healthy donors is meant to mimic PBMCs in the circulation where cell to cell contacts would be sparse. High density precultured PBMCs (e.g., 1×10^7 cells/mL for 48 hours) is designed to mimic PBMCs in secondary lymphoid structures (e.g., spleen and lymph nodes) where cell-to-

cell contacts are high. Such cell-to-cell contacts are thought to result in weak tonic signaling of the TCR/CD3 complex on T cells through very low affinity interactions with MHC on all cells, thus mildly priming T cells. This “high density” pre-culture was shown to be necessary to recapitulate the non-specific T cell mediated proinflammatory cytokine release induced by the CD28 superagonist antibody, TGN1412 (Romer *et al.* (2011) *Blood*. 118(26):6772-82.).

[0378] Human PBMCs were isolated from whole blood using Ficoll-Paque Plus medium (GE Healthcare, Cat No: 17144002) according to the manufacturer’s instructions. PBMCs were then resuspended in culture medium (RPMI1640 supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin) at a cell density of 2×10^6 cells/mL. 50 μ L of PBMCs were added to each well of a flat-bottom 96-well plate (*i.e.* 100,000 cells/well). Test bispecific TCEs (82H02 TCE 1A or 82H02 TCE 1B), reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), reference Frizzled-binding TCEs (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A or Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), isotype control antibody (hIgG) or mouse anti-human CD3 clone OKT3 (OKT3, positive control) were each prepared in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin to a concentration of 24 pM. 50 μ L of prepared test bispecific TCEs, reference T cell-binder, reference Frizzled-binding TCEs, hIgG, or OKT3 were added to the wells of the 96-well plate containing PBMCs to a final volume of 100 μ L and incubated for 24 hours at 37 °C, 5% CO₂. Following the 24 hour incubation, supernatants were collected for quantification of cytokine and chemokine release.

[0379] For high density co-culture experiments, freshly isolated PBMCs were pelleted and resuspended in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin to a cell density of 1.0×10^7 cells/mL and incubated for 48 hours at 37 °C, 5% CO₂. Following 48 hour incubation, PBMCs were then resuspended in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin to a cell density of 2.0×10^6 cells/mL. 50 μ L of PBMCs were added to each well of a flat-bottom 96-well plate (*i.e.* 100,000 cells/well). Test bispecific TCEs (82H02 TCE 1A or 82H02 TCE 1B), reference T cell-binder (Ref. T cell-binder), reference Frizzled-binding TCEs (Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A or Ref. Frz-binding TCE 1A), isotype control antibody (hIgG) or mouse anti-human CD3 clone OKT3 (OKT3, positive control) were each prepared in RPMI1640 media supplemented with 10% FBS and 1% penicillin/streptomycin to a concentration of 24 pM. 50 μ L of prepared test bispecific TCEs, reference T cell-binder, reference Frizzled-binding TCEs, hIgG, or OKT3 were added to the wells of the 96-well plate containing high density pre-cultured PBMCs to a final volume of 100 μ L and incubated for 24 hours at 37 °C, 5% CO₂. Following the 24 hour incubation, supernatants were collected for quantification of cytokine and chemokine release.

[0380] Cytokine and chemokine levels in cultured PBMC samples were measured using a MILLIPLEX® Human CD8⁺ T Cell Magnetic Bead Panel Premixed 17 Plex - Immunology Multiplex Assay kit (Sigma, Cat No: HCD8MAG15K17PMX) according to the manufacturer's instructions. In brief, 200 µL of assay buffer was added to the 96-well assay plate provided in the kit. The plate was then sealed and placed on a plate-shaker for 10 minutes at room temperature and the buffer was discarded. 25 µL of PBMC culture supernatants, standard or controls were added to designated wells and 25 µL of RPMI1640 culture medium was added to each well to bring the volume in each well to 50 µL. 25 µL of premixed beads were added to each well and the plate was sealed and placed on a plate-shaker for overnight incubation at 4 °C.

10 The plate was washed twice and 25 µL of prepared detection antibody was added to each well. The plate was sealed and incubated on a plate-shaker for 1 hour at room temperature. 25 µL of streptavidin-phycoerythrin (PE) was added to each well and the plate was sealed and incubated on a plate shaker for an additional 30 minutes at room temperature. After the incubation, the plate was washed twice and 150 µL of sheath fluid was added to each well. The plate was

15 further incubated for 5 minutes on a plate-shaker and the samples were analyzed on a MAGPIX® instrument using xPONENT® software. Standard curves were generated using the readout of individual standards. The levels of cytokines or chemokines were calculated using the individual standard curve for each cytokine or chemokine. Results were plotted in GraphPad Prism (cytokine/chemokine release vs concentration of testing articles).

20 [0381] As shown in FIGs. 10A to 10D, and FIGs. 11A to 11D, anti-human CD3 clone OKT3 induced, significant cytokine release (IFN γ , TNF α , and IL10) in both freshly isolated PBMC cultures, and high-density pre-cultured PBMCs in a dose dependent manner.

[0382] Reference T cell-binder and reference Frizzled-binding TCE in Format 1B induced a small degree of non-specific IL2 release in freshly isolated PBMCs and TNF α in high-density pre-cultured PBMCs. Bispecific TCE 82H02 in Formats 1A and 1B did not induce release of significant levels of cytokines as compared to background or hIgG1 isotype control.

25

EXAMPLE 6: Competition Assays

[0383] This example describes experiments performed to determine whether ROR1-binding clones of the present disclosure (82H02 and 69A02), bispecific reference T cell-binders, or reference Frizzled-binding clones compete for binding to ROR1 on NCCIT cells.

30

[0384] NCCIT cell cultures were tested for viability and resuspended in culture media to a cell density of 1×10^6 cells/ml. 200 µL of NCCIT cell suspension was added to each well of a U-bottom 96 well plate (*i.e.* 200,000 cells per well). Cells were washed twice with PBS and 100 µL

of live/dead fixable staining solution (Thermo Fisher, Cat No: L34961) was added to each well. Cells were incubated at room temperature in the dark for 15 minutes, washed twice with PBS, then resuspended in 100 μ L of serially-diluted unlabeled 82H02 scFv-Fc, 69A02 scFv-Fc, Ref. T cell-binder scFv-Fc, or Ref. Frz-binding scFv-Fc (three-fold dilutions from 1000 nM to 0.017 nM) in staining buffer (eBiosciences, Cat No: 00-4222-26). Cells were then incubated in the dark for 30 minutes on ice, washed with ice cold PBS, then resuspended in 100 μ L of 146 nM 82H02 scFv-Fc labeled with Alexa Fluor 647-conjugated Zenon fragments (Thermo Fisher, Cat No: Z25408). Cells were incubated on ice for 30 minutes in the dark, washed three times with ice cold PBS, then fixed in 50 μ L/well of fixing buffer (Biolegend, Cat No: 42080) for 10 minutes at room temperature. Cells were then resuspended in 200 μ L of PBS and cells were analyzed by flow cytometry performed on a Fortessa X-20 instrument using FlowJo software.

[0385] As shown in FIG. 19, Alexa Fluor 647-conjugated Zenon fragment-labeled 82H02 scFv-Fc did not bind ROR-1 on NCCIT cells that were occupied by its competing antibody (*i.e.* unlabelled 82H02 scFv-Fc) and gave weak Alexa Fluor 647 signal as measured by flow cytometry. In contrast, significant Alexa Fluor 647 signal was measured in NCCIT cell samples pre-treated with 69A02 scFv-Fc, Ref. T cell-binder scFv-Fc, or Ref. Frz-binding scFv-Fc suggesting that Alexa Fluor 647-conjugated Zenon fragment-labeled 82H02 scFv-Fc does not compete for binding of ROR1 with these molecules and that these molecules bind to different epitopes/regions of ROR1.

EXAMPLE 7: Binding Affinity Assays

[0386] This example describes biolayer interferometry experiments that were used to determine the binding affinities of bispecific TCEs and sequence optimized variants of the present disclosure.

[0387] TABLE 29 shows K_D values of immobilized bispecific TCEs against recombinant human ROR1 extracellular domain protein as measured by biolayer interferometry.

[0388] TABLE 29: Binding Affinities for ROR1-Binding Bispecific TCEs

Construct ID	K_D Human /Cyno ROR1 (nM)
Reference Frizzled domain-Binder	1.1
69A02	3.5
82H02	5.4

82H02 VL1.02	121.9
82H02 VL1.03	475.2
82H02 VL1.04	50.7
82H02 VL1.05	153.6
82H02 VL1.06 (low)	99.0
82H02 VL1.07 (high)	4.2
82H02 VL1.08	166.4
82H02 VL1.09	160.5

[0389] TABLE 30 shows K_D values of immobilized bispecific TCEs against recombinant human CD3 ϵ /8 heterodimer SEED Fc fusion protein as measured by biolayer interferometry.

[0390] TABLE 30: Binding Affinities for CD3-Binding Bispecific TCEs

Construct ID	K_D Human CD3 ϵ (nM)
Parental 1F3.5	2.7
1F3.5 VL1.00-VH1.01	2.9
1F3.5 VL1.00-VH1.02	5.5
1F3.5 VL1.00-VH1.03 (high)	4.6
1F3.5 VL1.00-VH1.04	6.5
1F3.5 VL1.00-VH1.05	8.2
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.00	62.3
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.01 (low)	42.0
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.02	47.1
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.03	84.8
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.04	74.2
1F3.5 VL1.01-VH1.05	59.2

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

[0391] The entire disclosure of each of the patent documents and scientific articles referred to herein is incorporated by reference for all purposes.

EQUIVALENTS

[0392] The disclosure may be embodied in other specific forms without departing from the spirit or essential characteristics thereof. The foregoing embodiments are therefore to be
5 considered in all respects illustrative rather than limiting the disclosure described herein. Various structural elements of the different embodiments and various disclosed method steps may be utilized in various combinations and permutations, and all such variants are to be considered forms of the disclosure. Scope of the disclosure is thus indicated by the appended claims rather than by the foregoing description, and all changes that come within the meaning and range of
10 equivalency of the claims are intended to be embraced therein.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A protein comprising:
 - a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
 - 5 connected to an end of a bridging moiety; and
 - a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 connected to an opposite end of the bridging moiety.
2. The protein of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the
- 10 polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
3. The protein of claim 2, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
- 15 4. The protein of claim 3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms and wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 and the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 are connected to the C-terminal end and the N-terminal end of the
- 20 same polypeptide arm, respectively, and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the second polypeptide arm.
5. The protein of claim 1, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is
- 25 connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
6. The protein of claim 5, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
7. The protein of claim 6, wherein the bridging moiety comprises two polypeptide arms and
- 30 wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds

- ROR1 and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 are connected to the N-terminal end and the C-terminal end of the sample polypeptide arm, respectively, and the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the second polypeptide arm.
- 5
8. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is selected from the group consisting of: a single-chain variable fragment (scFv), a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, and a nanobody (VHH).
9. The protein of claim 8, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is an scFv.
- 10
10. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, or 7, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is selected from the group consisting of: an scFv, a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, a minibody, and a VHH.
11. The protein of claim 10, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is an scFv.
- 15
12. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises:
- a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23);
- 20
- a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24);
- a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25);
- 25
- a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26);

a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS; and

a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or
 5 an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

13. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, or 10 to 12, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises:

a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS
 10 (SEQ ID NO: 23);

a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24);

a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of
 15 AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25);

a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26);

20 a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS; and

a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or
 an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

25 14. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of

QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

15. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, or 10 to 14, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a
5 VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT
10 (SEQ ID NO: 14).
16. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of
15 AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).
17. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, or 16, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a
20 VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST
25 (SEQ ID NO: 15).
18. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid
30 sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of

- GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).
19. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, or 18, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises: a
 5 VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid
 10 sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).
20. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a VHCDR1, a VHCDR2, a VHCDR3, a VLCDR1, a VLCDR2, and a
 15 VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 1, respectively.
21. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, or 20, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a VHCDR1, a VHCDR2, a VHCDR3, a
 20 VLCDR1, a VLCDR2, and a VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 1, respectively.
22. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more
 25 polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.
- 30 23. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, or 22, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a

sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38 or SEQ ID NO: 40.

24. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 15, 22, or 23, wherein the polypeptide or complex of
5 two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 30.
25. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 15, or 22 to 24, wherein the second
10 polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 30.
26. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, 16, 17, 22, or 23, wherein the polypeptide or
15 complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 31.
27. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, 16, 17, 22, 23, or 26, wherein the second
polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 29 and a
sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 31.
- 20 28. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, 18, 19, 22, or 23, wherein the polypeptide or
complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence
having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 39 and a sequence having at least 90%
sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 40.
- 25 29. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, 18, 19, 22, 23, or 28, wherein the second
polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 39 and a
sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 40.
- 30 30. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 11, 20, or 21, wherein the polypeptide or complex of
two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a heavy chain variable
domain and a light chain variable domain each comprising an amino acid sequence
corresponding to the heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain sequences

of a heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 2, respectively.

31. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 20, 21, or 30, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 2, respectively.
32. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 31, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a linker polypeptide comprising a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
33. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, or 10 to 32, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a linker polypeptide comprising a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
34. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, 22, 23, 32, or 33, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 49, or SEQ ID NO: 59.
35. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, 22, 23, or 32 to 34, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 49 or SEQ ID NO: 59.
36. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 15, 22 to 25, or 32 to 35, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 41.
37. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 15, 22 to 25, or 32 to 36, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 41.

38. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, 16, 17, 22, 23, 26, 27, or 32 to 35, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 42.
39. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, 16, 17, 22, 23, 26, 27, 32 to 35, or 38,
5 wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 42.
40. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 13, 18, 19, 22, 23, 28, 29, or 32 to 35, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises
10 a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 59.
41. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10 to 13, 18, 19, 22, 23, 28, 29, 32 to 35, or 40, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 59.
- 15 42. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 11, 20, 21, 30, or 31, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises, an scFv comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to an scFv listed in TABLE 3.
43. The protein of any one of claims 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 20, 21, 30, 31, or 42, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1
20 comprises, an scFv comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to an scFv listed in TABLE 3.
44. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 43, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is selected from the group consisting of: a Fab, a Fab', a F(ab')₂, an scFv, a minibody, and a VHH.
- 25 45. The protein of claim 44, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is a Fab.
46. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 45, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises:

- a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61);
- a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62);
- 5 a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGX₁X₂YVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 67), wherein X₁ is N, A, or E, and X₂ is S or A;
- a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64);
- 10 a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and
- a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).
47. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 46, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more
- 15 polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61); a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62); a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63); a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64); a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).
- 20
48. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 46, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises: a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61); a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62); a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68); a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64); a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT; and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66).
- 25

49. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 45, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a VHCDR1, a VHCDR2, a VHCDR3, a VLCDR1, a VLCDR2, and a VLCDR3 each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the VHCDR1, VHCDR2, VHCDR3, VLCDR1, VLCDR2, and VLCDR3 sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 4, respectively.
50. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72, SEQ ID NO: 73, SEQ ID NO: 74, SEQ ID NO: 75, or SEQ ID NO: 80 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 76, SEQ ID NO: 77, SEQ ID NO: 78, SEQ ID NO: 79, or SEQ ID NO: 81.
51. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, or 50, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 72 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 81.
52. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, or 50, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 71 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 76.
53. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 45, or 49, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable domain and a light chain variable domain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain sequences of a heavy chain variable domain and light chain variable domain listed in TABLE 5, respectively.
54. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, or 50, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 82 or SEQ ID NO: 83, and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 84 or SEQ ID NO: 85.
55. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, 50, or 54, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least

- 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 82 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 84.
56. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 48, 50, or 54, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 83 and a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 85.
57. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 45, 49, or 53, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprises, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain and a light chain each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the heavy chain and light chain sequences of a heavy chain and light chain listed in TABLE 6, respectively.
58. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 57, wherein the bridging moiety is functional or non-functional.
59. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 58, wherein the bridging moiety comprises a strand-exchange engineered domain (SEED) format Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, an immunoglobulin Fc domain or functional fragment thereof, a polypeptide linker, or a polypeptide hinge.
60. The protein of claim 59, wherein the bridging moiety comprises a SEED format Fc domain.
61. The protein of claim 59 or 60, wherein the SEED format Fc domain comprises one or more than one effector function silencing mutation.
62. The protein of any one of claims 59 to 61, wherein the SEED format Fc domain comprises a polypeptide comprising a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 86, SEQ ID NO: 117, or SEQ ID NO: 88, and a polypeptide comprising a sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to SEQ ID NO: 87, SEQ ID NO: 118, or SEQ ID NO: 89.
63. The protein of any one of claims 59 to 62, wherein the SEED format Fc domain comprises a polypeptide comprising or consisting of SEQ ID NO: 86 and a polypeptide comprising or consisting of SEQ ID NO: 87.
64. The protein of claim 59, wherein the bridging moiety comprises an immunoglobulin Fc domain.

65. The protein of claim 59 or 64, wherein the immunoglobulin Fc domain comprises two polypeptide arms each comprising one or more than one mutation promoting heterodimerization.
66. The protein of claim 59, 64, or 65, wherein the immunoglobulin Fc domain comprises a first polypeptide arm and a second polypeptide arm each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to the first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm sequences of a first polypeptide arm and second polypeptide arm listed in TABLE 8, respectively.
67. The protein of any one of claims 60 to 66, wherein the bridging moiety further comprises a hinge at its N-terminal end.
68. The protein of claim 67, wherein the hinge comprises a polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence comprising of SEQ ID NO: 92.
69. The protein of claim 68, wherein the hinge further comprises a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence comprising of SEQ ID NO: 90 or SEQ ID NO: 92.
70. The protein of claim 67, wherein the hinge comprises a polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence listed in Table 9.
71. The protein of claim 68, wherein the hinge further comprises a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence listed in Table 9.
72. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 4, or 8 to 71, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
73. The protein of any one of claims 1, or 5 to 71, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
74. The protein of claim 72 or 73, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
75. A protein comprising:
- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an

amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a heavy chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a light chain complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a light chain complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS, and a light chain complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28);

(ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGX₁X₂YVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 67), wherein X₁ is N, A, or E, and X₂ is S or A, a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66); and

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86 or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 87, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87.

76. The protein of claim 75, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

77. The protein of claim 76, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
78. The protein of claim 77, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).
79. The protein of any one of claims 76 to 78, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
80. The protein of claim 79, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
81. The protein of claim 75, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
82. The protein of claim 81, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
83. The protein of claim 82, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8) or an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9) or an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising

- an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10) or an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11) or an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS or GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPXT (SEQ ID NO: 13), wherein X is F, S, C, R, Q, I, L, Y or V, or an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).
84. The protein of any one of claims 81 to 83, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
85. The protein of claim 84, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
86. The protein of any one of claims 75 to 80 comprising:
- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15);
- (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:

90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).

87. The protein of any one of claims 75 to 80 comprising:

(i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15);

(ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).

88. The protein of any one of claims 75 to 80 comprising:

- 10 (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14);
- 15 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGASYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 68), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);
- 20 (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
- 25 (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2
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comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

89. The protein of any one of claims 75 to 80 comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14);
- (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
- (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid

sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).

90. The protein of any one of claims 75 to 80 comprising:

5 (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid
10 sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28);

(ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a
15 VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging
20 moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86 and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically
25 binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an
30 amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

91. The protein of any one of claims 81 to 85 comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a
5 VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15);
- (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a
10 VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences
15 of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
- (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a VHCDR3 comprising
20 an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).

92. The protein of any one of claims 81 to 85 comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a

VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28);

- 5 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VHCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFNTYA (SEQ ID NO: 61), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IRSKYNNYAT (SEQ ID NO: 62), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of VRHGNFGNSYVSWFAY (SEQ ID NO: 63), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of TGAVTTSN (SEQ ID NO: 64), a
10 VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GT, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of ALWYSNLWV (SEQ ID NO: 66);

- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging
15 moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

- (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VHCDR1
20 comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a VHCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a VHCDR3 comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a VLCDR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a VLCDR2 comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a VLCDR3 comprising an amino acid
25 sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

93. A protein comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain variable domain (VH) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ
30 ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39, and a light chain variable domain (VL) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33; SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40;

- (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, SEQ ID NO: 72, SEQ ID NO: 73, SEQ ID NO: 74, SEQ ID NO: 75, or SEQ ID NO: 80, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76, SEQ ID NO: 77, SEQ ID NO: 78, SEQ ID NO: 79, or SEQ ID NO: 81; and
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 87, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87.
94. The protein of claim 93, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
95. The protein of claim 94, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
96. The protein of claim 95, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a heavy chain variable domain (VH) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a light chain variable domain (VL) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33, SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.
97. The protein of any one of claims 94 to 96, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
98. The protein of claim 97, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
99. The protein of claim 93, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety and

the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

100. The protein of claim 99, further comprising a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

101. The protein of claim 100, wherein the second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprises a heavy chain variable domain (VH) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29 or SEQ ID NO: 39 and a light chain variable domain (VL) comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30, SEQ ID NO: 31, SEQ ID NO: 32, SEQ ID NO: 33; SEQ ID NO: 34, SEQ ID NO: 35, SEQ ID NO: 36, SEQ ID NO: 37, SEQ ID NO: 38, or SEQ ID NO: 40.

102. The protein of any one of claims 99 to 101, wherein the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.

103. The protein of claim 102, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.

104. The protein of any one of claims 93 to 98, comprising:

(i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31;

(ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31.

5 105. The protein of any one of claims 93 to 98, comprising:

(i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31;

10 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76;

15 (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) two polypeptides at its N-terminal end comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92, and (b) a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 86 and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 87 wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (1) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (2) a second polypeptide arm
20 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31.

25 106. The protein of any one of claims 93 to 98, comprising:

(i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30;

a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81;

5 (ii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

10 (iii) a second a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30.

107. The protein of any one of claims 93 to 98, comprising:

15 (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 30;

(ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 71, and a VL
20 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 76;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid
25 sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of
30 SEQ ID NO: 30.

108. The protein of any one of claims 93 to 98, comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 40;
- 5 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 80, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81;
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
- 10 (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 40.
- 15

109. The protein of any one of claims 99 to 103, comprising:

- (i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31;
- 20 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81;
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
- 25
- 30

(iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 29, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 31.

5 110. The protein of any one of claims 99 to 103 comprising:

(i) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 40;

10 (ii) a polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3 comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 72, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 81;

15 (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the polypeptide or complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

20 (iv) a second polypeptide or second complex of two or more polypeptides that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising a VH comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, and a VL comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 40.

111. A protein comprising:

25 (i) a single-chain variable fragment (scFv) that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 48, SEQ ID NO: 49, SEQ ID NO: 50, SEQ ID NO: 51, SEQ ID NO: 52, SEQ ID NO: 53, SEQ ID NO: 54, SEQ ID NO: 55, SEQ ID NO: 56, SEQ ID NO: 57, SEQ ID NO: 58, SEQ ID NO: 59, or SEQ ID NO: 60;

- (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 82 or SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84 or SEQ ID NO: 85; and
- (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 87, or SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87.
112. The protein of claim 111, wherein the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the Fab that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
113. The protein of claim 112, further comprising a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
114. The protein of claim 113, wherein the second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 48, SEQ ID NO: 49, SEQ ID NO: 50, SEQ ID NO: 51, SEQ ID NO: 52, SEQ ID NO: 53, SEQ ID NO: 54, SEQ ID NO: 55, SEQ ID NO: 56, SEQ ID NO: 57, SEQ ID NO: 58, SEQ ID NO: 59, or SEQ ID NO: 60.
115. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 114, wherein the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
116. The protein of claim 115, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
117. The protein of claim 111, wherein the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 is connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety and the Fab that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety.
118. The protein of claim 117, further comprising a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety.

119. The protein of claim 118, wherein the second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprises an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41, SEQ ID NO: 42, SEQ ID NO: 43, SEQ ID NO: 44, SEQ ID NO: 45, SEQ ID NO: 46, SEQ ID NO: 47, SEQ ID NO: 48, SEQ ID NO: 49, SEQ ID NO: 50, SEQ ID NO: 51, SEQ ID NO: 52, SEQ ID NO: 53, SEQ ID NO: 54, SEQ ID NO: 55, SEQ ID NO: 56, SEQ ID NO: 57, SEQ ID NO: 58, SEQ ID NO: 59, or SEQ ID NO: 60.
120. The protein of any one of claims 117 to 119, wherein the Fab that specifically binds CD3 is connected to the C-terminal end of the bridging moiety by a linker polypeptide.
121. The protein of claim 120, wherein the linker polypeptide comprises a (GGGGS)_n (SEQ ID NO: 1) sequence, wherein n is 1 to 12.
122. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 116, comprising:
- (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42;
 - (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 82, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84;
 - (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and
 - (iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42.
123. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 116, comprising:
- (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42;
 - (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42.

124. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 116, comprising:

(i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41;

(ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 82, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41.

125. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 116, comprising:

(i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41;

(ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 83, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the N-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the C-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO:

90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 41.

5 126. The protein of any one of claims 112 to 116, comprising:

(i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 59;

10 (ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84;

(iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 90 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

15

(iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 59.

127. The protein of any one of claims 117 to 121, comprising:

20 (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42;

(ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84;

25 (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

(iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 42.

128. The protein of any one of claims 117 to 121, comprising:

5 (i) an scFv that specifically binds ROR1 comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 59;

(ii) a Fab that specifically binds CD3 comprising a heavy chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 93, and a light chain comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84;

10 (iii) a bridging moiety connecting the C-terminal end of the scFv that specifically binds ROR1 to the N-terminal end of the Fab that specifically binds CD3, wherein the bridging moiety comprises: (a) a polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 86, and (b) a second polypeptide arm comprising amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 92 and SEQ ID NO: 87; and

15 (iv) a second scFv that specifically binds ROR1 connected to the N-terminal end of the bridging moiety comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 59.

129. A protein comprising a polypeptide having at least 90% sequence identity to an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: SEQ ID NO: 95, SEQ ID NO: 98, SEQ ID NO: 101, SEQ ID NO: 104, SEQ ID NO: 219, SEQ ID NO: 109, and SEQ ID NO: 220.

20 130. A protein comprising polypeptides having at least 90% sequence identity to amino acid sequences selected from the group consisting of:

(a) SEQ ID NO: 94, SEQ ID NO: 95, and SEQ ID NO: 84;

(b) SEQ ID NO: 97, SEQ ID NO: 98, and SEQ ID NO: 85;

(c) SEQ ID NO: 100, SEQ ID NO: 101, and SEQ ID NO: 84;

(d) SEQ ID NO: 103, SEQ ID NO: 104, and SEQ ID NO: 85;

25 (e) SEQ ID NO: 218, SEQ ID NO: 219, and SEQ ID NO: 85;

(f) SEQ ID NO: 109, SEQ ID NO: 110, and SEQ ID NO: 84; and

(g) SEQ ID NO: 220, SEQ ID NO: 221, and SEQ ID NO: 84.

131. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 94, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 95, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84.
132. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 97, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 98, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85.
133. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 100, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 101, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84.
134. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 103, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 104, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85.
135. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 218, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 219, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 85.
136. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 109, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 110, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84.
137. A protein comprising a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 220, a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 221, and a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 84.
138. A protein comprising first heavy chain, a second heavy chain, and a light chain, each comprising an amino acid sequence corresponding to a sequence of a first heavy chain, a sequence of a second heavy chain, and a sequence of a light chain listed in TABLE 11, respectively.
139. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 138, wherein the protein has a K_D for CD3 binding of 10 nM to 50 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.
140. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 139, wherein the protein has a K_D for CD3 binding of 15 nM to 20 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.

141. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 140, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 20 nM to 50 nM in a CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.
142. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 141, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 25 nM to 35 nM in a CD3 binding assay using activated T cells.
- 5 143. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 142, wherein the protein binds to the Ig-like domain of ROR1.
144. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 143, wherein the protein does not bind to the Frizzled and/or Kringle domain of ROR1.
145. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 144, wherein the protein has a K_D for ROR1
10 binding of 80 nM to 120 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.
146. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 145, wherein the protein has a K_D for ROR1 binding of 95 nM to 105 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.
147. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 144, wherein the protein has a K_D for ROR1 binding of 1 nM to 10 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.
- 15 148. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 144, wherein the protein has a K_D for ROR1 binding of 3 nM to 5 nM as measured in a biolayer interferometry assay.
149. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 148, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 80 nM to 120 nM in a ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5 X 10⁴ ROR1 molecules/cell.
- 20 150. The protein of claim 149, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 90 nM to 110 nM in a ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5 X 10⁴ ROR1 molecules/cell.
151. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 148, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 1 nM to 10 nM in a ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5 X 10⁴ ROR1 molecules/cell.
152. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 148, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 2 nM to 5
25 nM in a ROR1 binding assay using cells expressing about 3.5 X 10⁴ ROR1 molecules/cell.
153. The protein of any one of claims 145, 146, 149, or 150, for use in the treatment of a solid tumor.

154. The protein of any one of claims 147, 148, 151, or 152, for use in the treatment of a hematologic tumor.
155. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 154, wherein the protein induces T cell lytic granule degranulation.
- 5 156. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 155, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 160 pM to 200 pM for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
157. The protein of claim 156, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 165 pM to 190 pM for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell
10 co-culture killing assay.
158. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 155, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 25 pM to 50 pM for T cell mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
159. The protein of claim 158, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 30 pM to 40 pM for T cell
15 mediated cytotoxicity of ROR1-expressing tumor cells as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
160. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 159, wherein the protein does not induce a significant increase in the production and/or release of pro-inflammatory cytokines by T cells when administered to cultures at concentrations sufficient to induce T cell mediated
20 cytotoxicity.
161. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 159, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 1000 pM to 2000 pM as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
162. The protein of any one of claim 161, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 1400 pM to 1800 pM as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
- 25 163. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 159, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 200 pM to 600 pM as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
164. The protein of any one of claim 163, wherein the protein has an EC₅₀ of 300 pM to 500 pM as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.

165. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 159, wherein the protein has a C_{max} of 20% to 60% compared to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
166. The protein of claim 165, wherein the protein has a C_{max} of 35% to 45% compared to a
5 reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
167. The protein of claim 165, wherein the protein has a C_{max} of 45% to 55% compared to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture IFN γ production assay.
168. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 167, wherein the protein does not induce significant levels of TNF α release when administered to freshly isolated peripheral mononuclear cell
10 (PBMC) cultures.
169. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 168, wherein the protein does not induce significant levels of TNF α release when administered to PBMCs pre-cultured for 48 hours at high density.
170. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 169, wherein the protein does not induce significant
15 levels of IL2 release when administered to freshly isolated PBMC cultures.
171. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 169, wherein the protein does not induce significant levels of IL2 release when administered to PBMCs pre-cultured for 48 hours at high density..
172. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 171, wherein the protein has a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2 to 1:4 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a
20 T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
173. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 172, wherein the protein has a cytokine release to killing decoupling ratio of 1:2.2 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
174. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 172, wherein the protein has a cytokine release to
25 killing decoupling ratio of 1:2.9 normalized to a reference T cell-binder as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
175. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 174, wherein the protein induces a tumor serial killing index of 3 to 5 as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.

176. The protein of claim 175, wherein the protein induces a tumor serial killing index of 3.4 to 3.6 as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
177. The protein of claim 175, wherein the protein induces a tumor serial killing index of 3.8 to 4.2 as measured in a T cell/tumor cell co-culture killing assay.
- 5 178. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 177, wherein the protein is cross-reactive with cynomolgus CD3 but not mouse CD3.
179. The protein of any one of claims 1 to 178, wherein the protein is cross-reactive with cynomolgus ROR1 and mouse ROR1.
- 10 180. A formulation comprising a protein of any one of claims 1 to 179 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
181. A nucleic acid encoding a protein of any one of claims 1 to 179.
182. A cell comprising one or more nucleic acids encoding a protein of any one of claims 1 to 179.
- 15 183. A method of treating a cancer in a patient, the method comprising administering to the patient a protein of any one of claims 1 to 179, or the formulation of claim 180.
184. The method of claim 183, wherein the cancer is a hematological cancer or a solid tumor cancer.
185. The method of claim 184, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of chronic lymphocytic leukemia, mantle cell lymphoma, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, ovarian
20 cancer, lung cancer, bronchial cancer, colon cancer, rectal cancer, melanoma, renal cancer, gastric cancer, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer, uterine cancer, breast cancer, oral cancer, pharyngeal cancer, hairy cell leukemia, liver cancer, intrahepatic bile duct cancer, and thyroid cancer.
186. Use of a protein or functional fragment thereof of claim 129 in preparation of a protein of
25 claim 130.
187. Use of a nucleic acid that encodes a protein of claim 129, or a functional fragment thereof, in the preparation of a protein of claim 130.

188. An antibody or functional fragment thereof comprising, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPFT (SEQ ID NO: 14).
189. The antibody of claim 188, wherein the heavy chain variable domain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 29, and the light chain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 30.
190. An antibody or functional fragment thereof comprising, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFTFTSYA (SEQ ID NO: 8), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of ISGSGGGT (SEQ ID NO: 9), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AQGSSIFDY (SEQ ID NO: 10), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSY (SEQ ID NO: 11), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of DAS, and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQRSNWPPST (SEQ ID NO: 15).
191. The antibody of claim 190, wherein the heavy chain variable domain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 29, and the light chain variable domain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 31.
192. An antibody or functional fragment thereof comprising, according to the IMGT unique numbering scheme, a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VHCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of GFSITTSGVS (SEQ ID NO: 23), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VHCDR2) comprising an amino acid

sequence of IYWDDDK (SEQ ID NO: 24), a heavy chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VHCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of AHAPRYTPGGYFDY (SEQ ID NO: 25), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 1 (VLCDR1) comprising an amino acid sequence of QSVSSN (SEQ ID NO: 26), a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 2 (VLCDR2) comprising an amino acid sequence of GAS, and a light chain variable complementarity-determining region 3 (VLCDR3) comprising an amino acid sequence of QQYKNWPPA (SEQ ID NO: 28).

193. The antibody of claim 192, wherein the heavy chain variable domain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 39, and the light chain variable domain comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 40.

194. The antibody of any one of claims 188 to 193, or functional fragment thereof, wherein the antibody is a human IgG1 antibody.

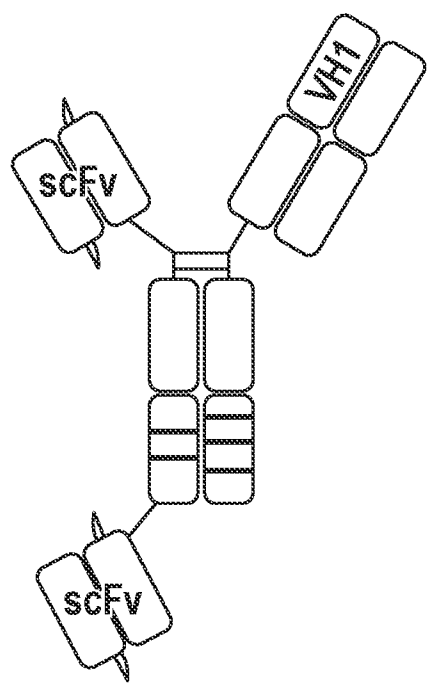


FIG. 1A

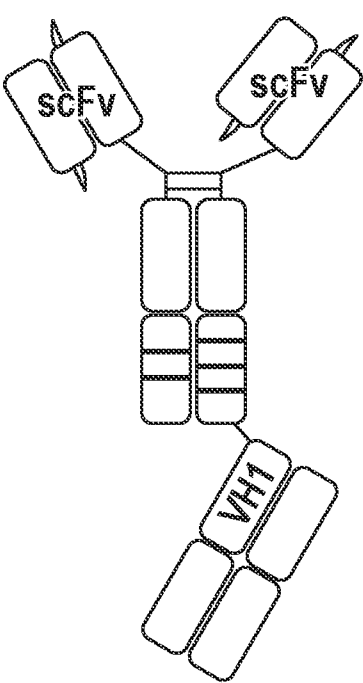


FIG. 1B

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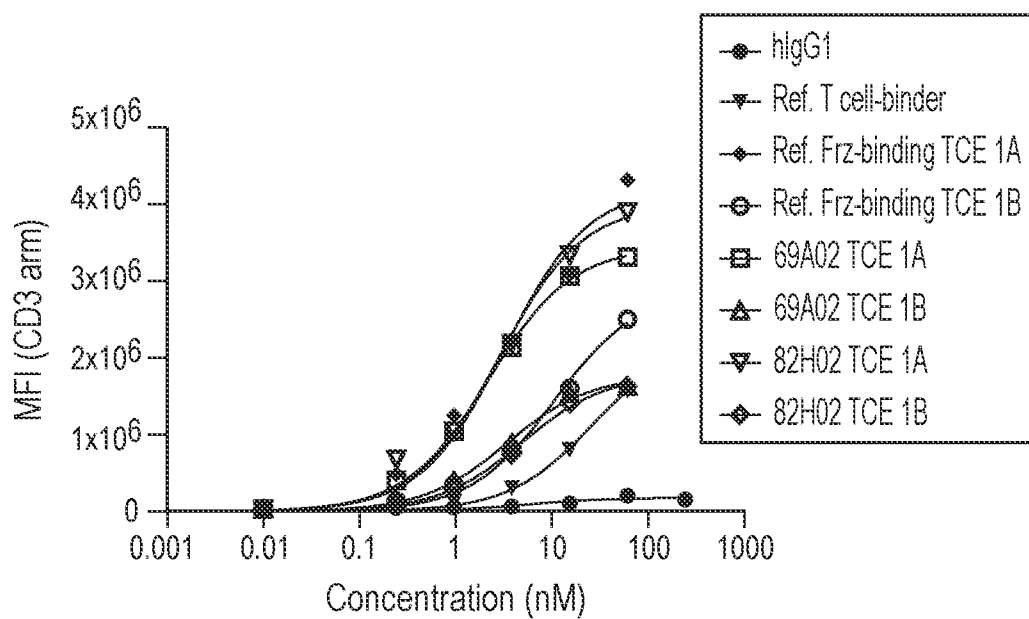


FIG. 2A

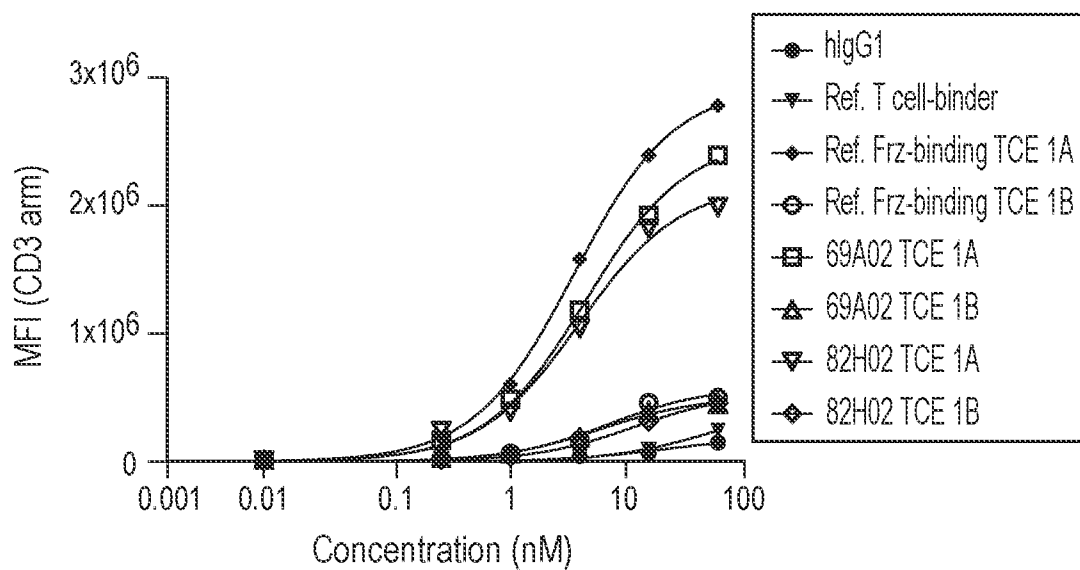


FIG. 2B

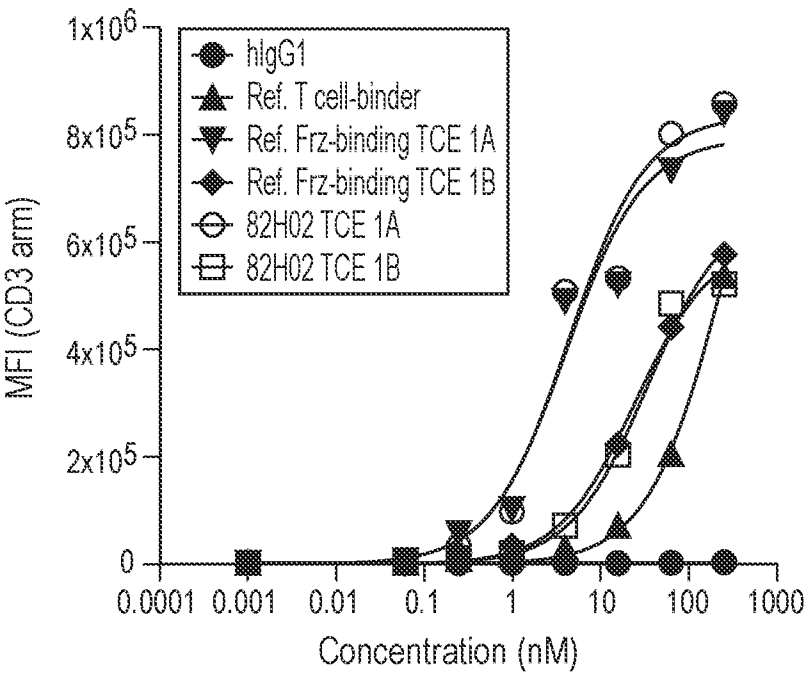


FIG. 2C

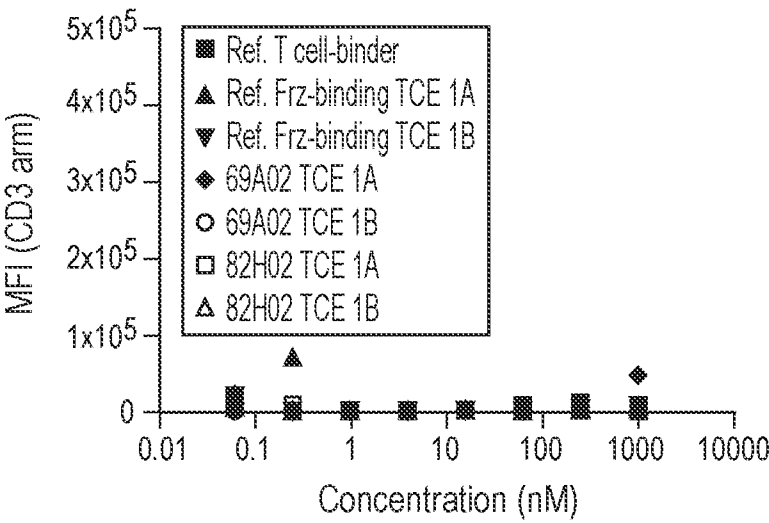


FIG. 2D

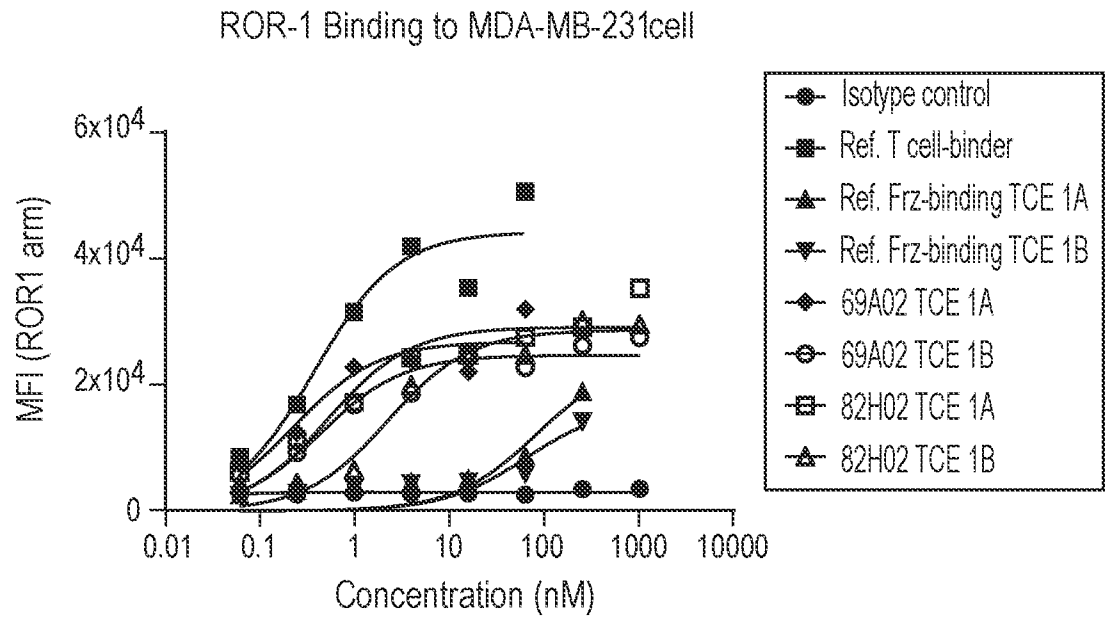


FIG. 3A

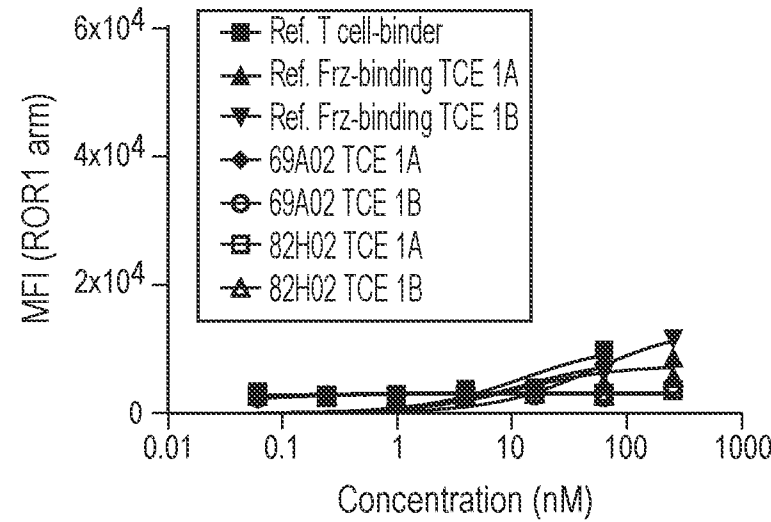


FIG. 3B

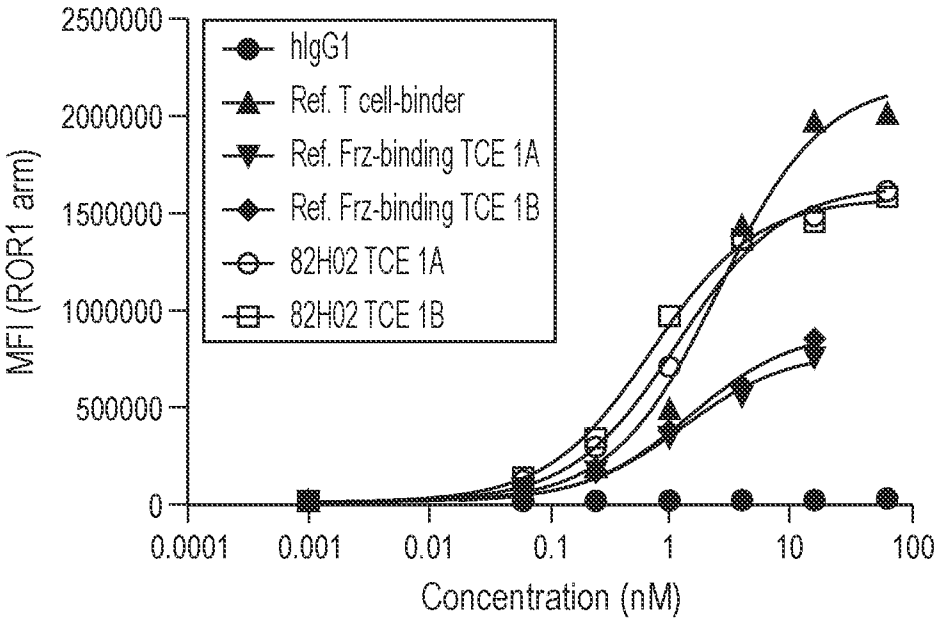


FIG. 3C

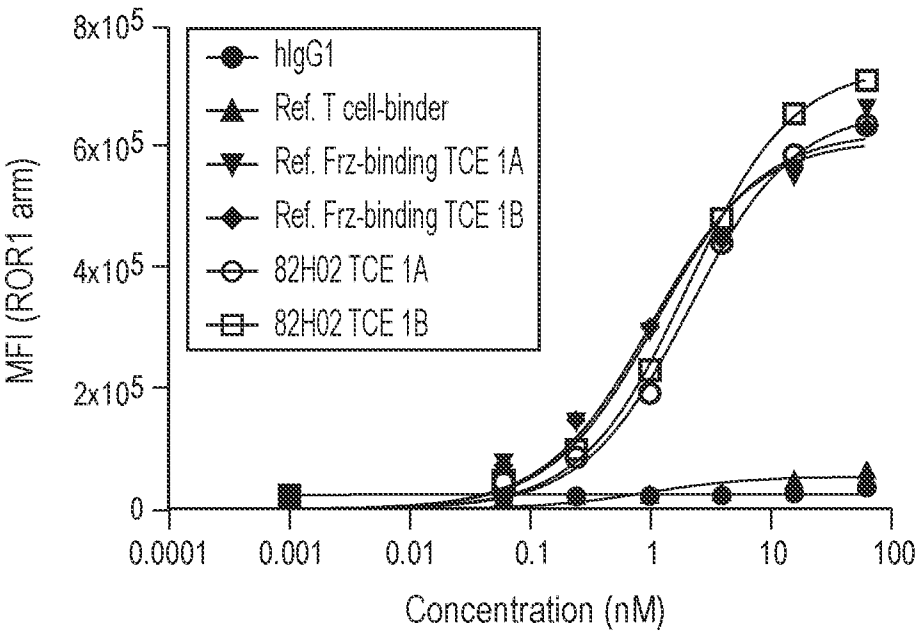


FIG. 3D

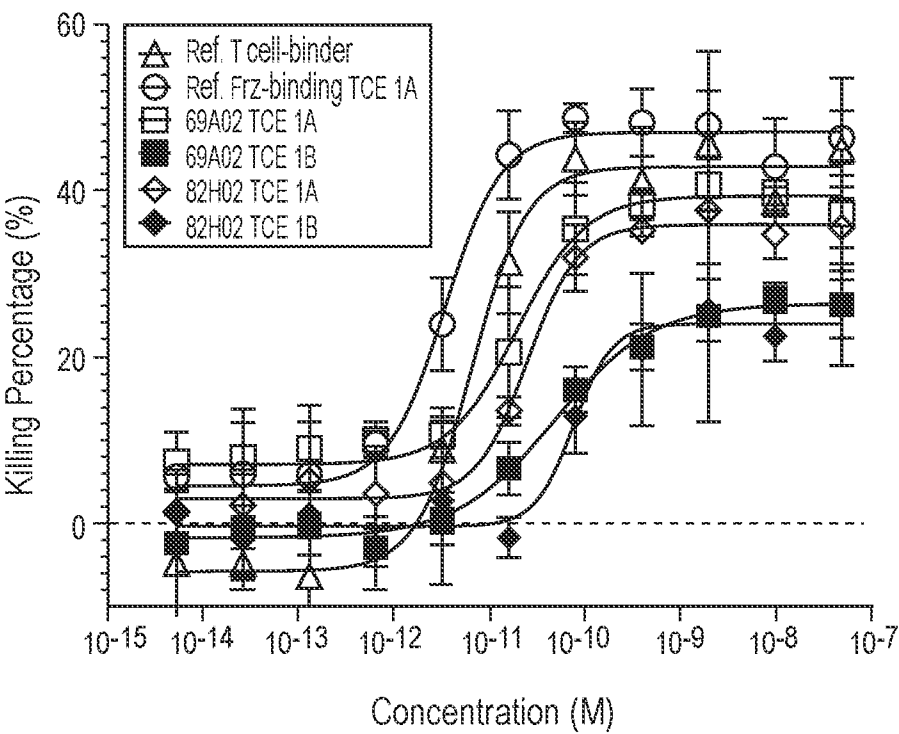


FIG. 4A

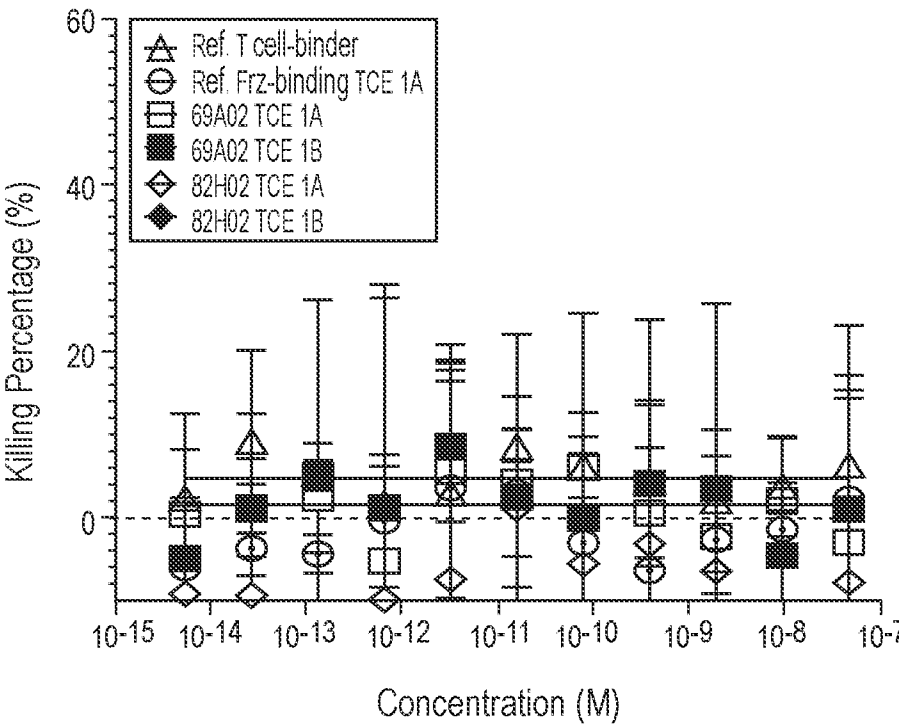


FIG. 4B

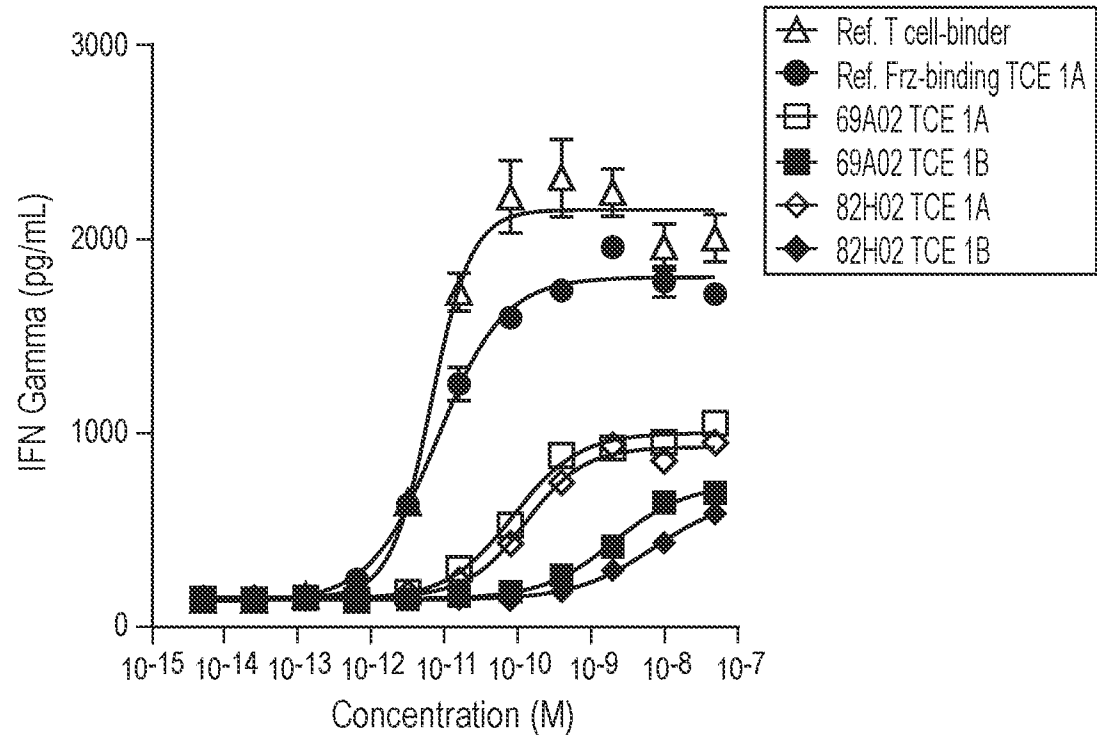


FIG. 4C

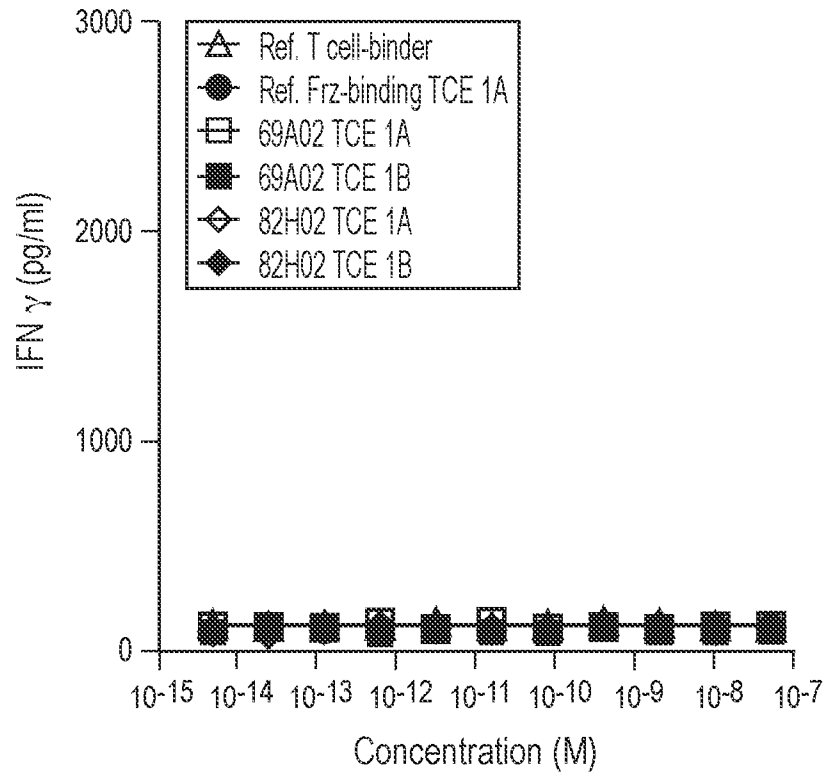


FIG. 4D

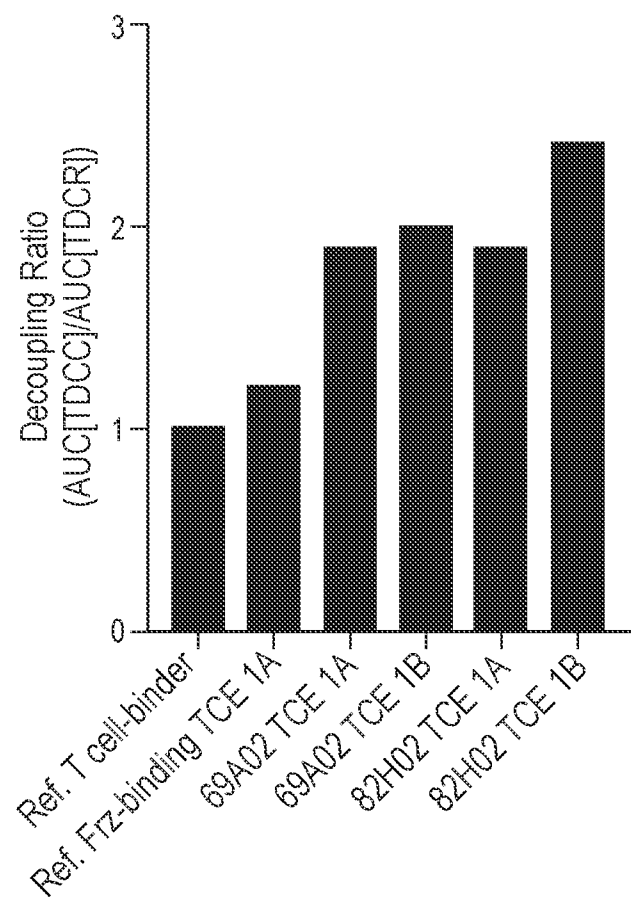


FIG. 4E

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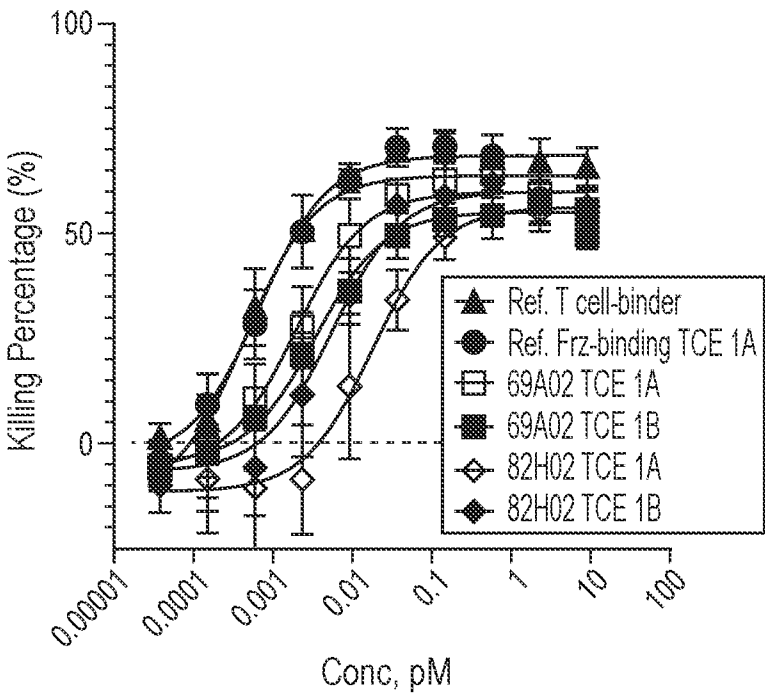


FIG. 5A

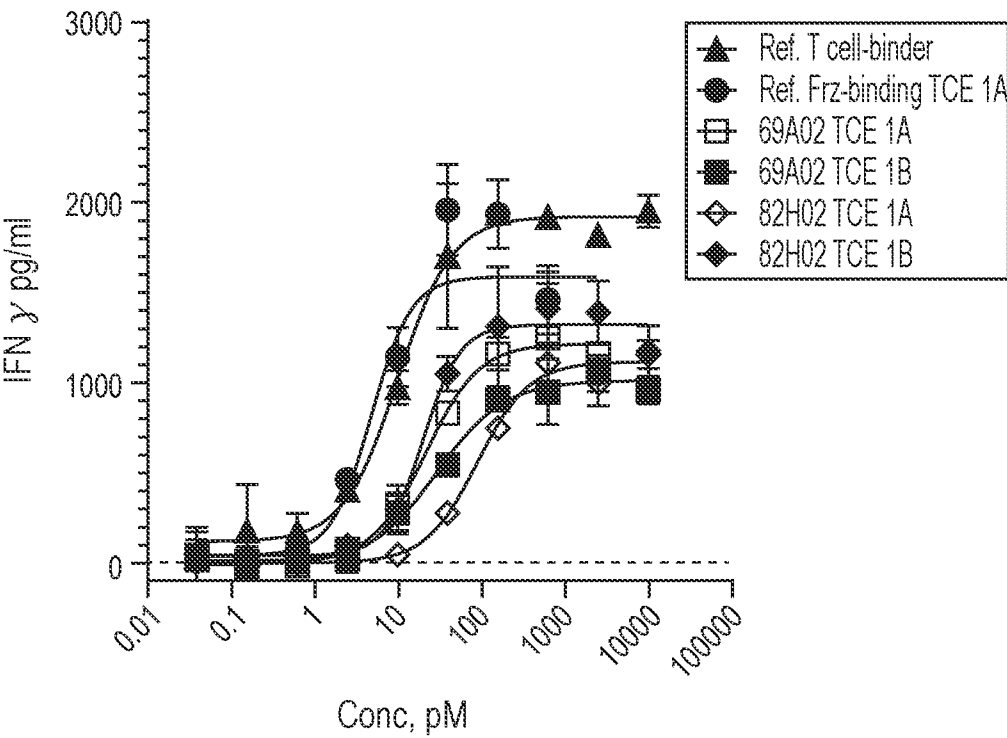


FIG. 5B

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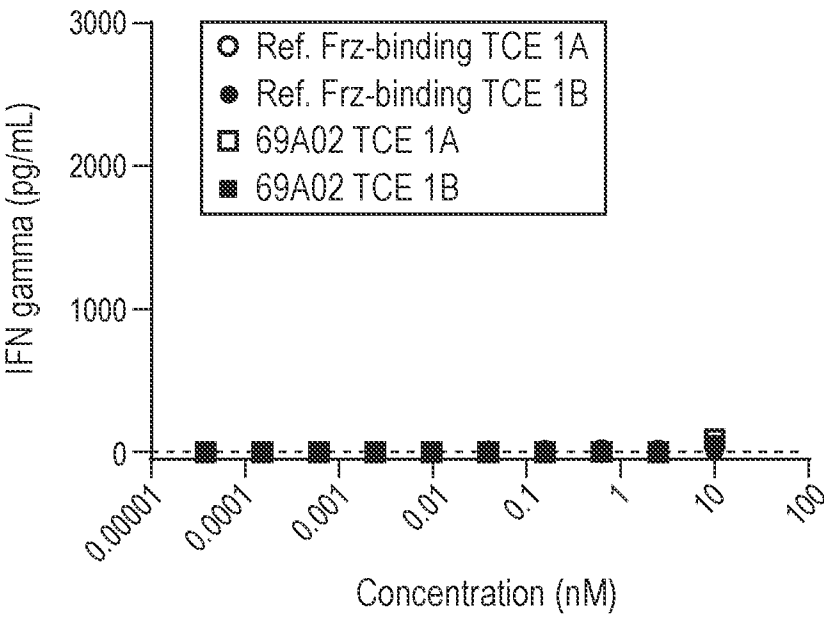


FIG. 5C

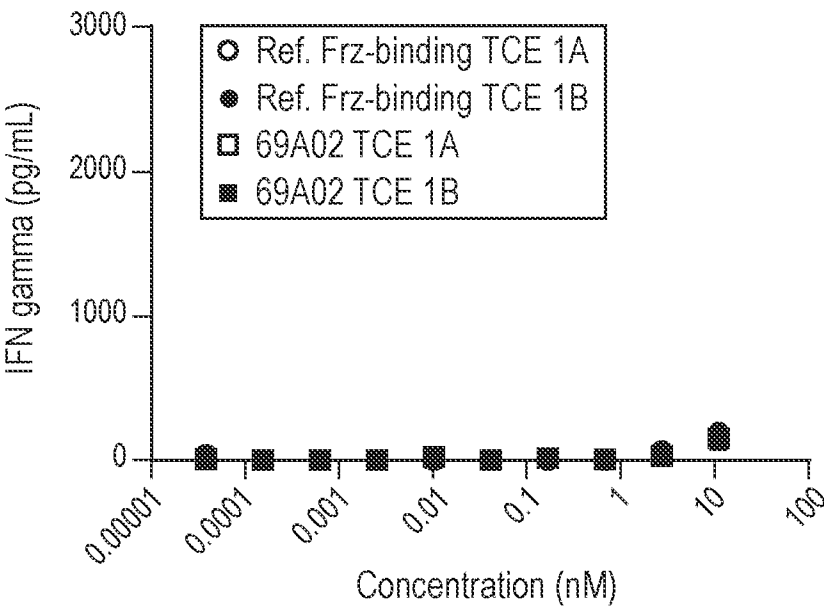


FIG. 5D

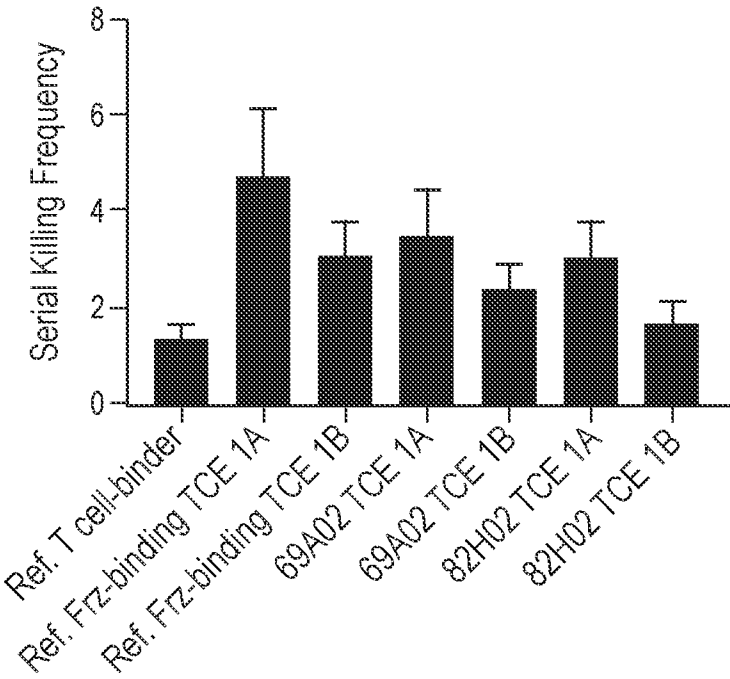


FIG. 6A

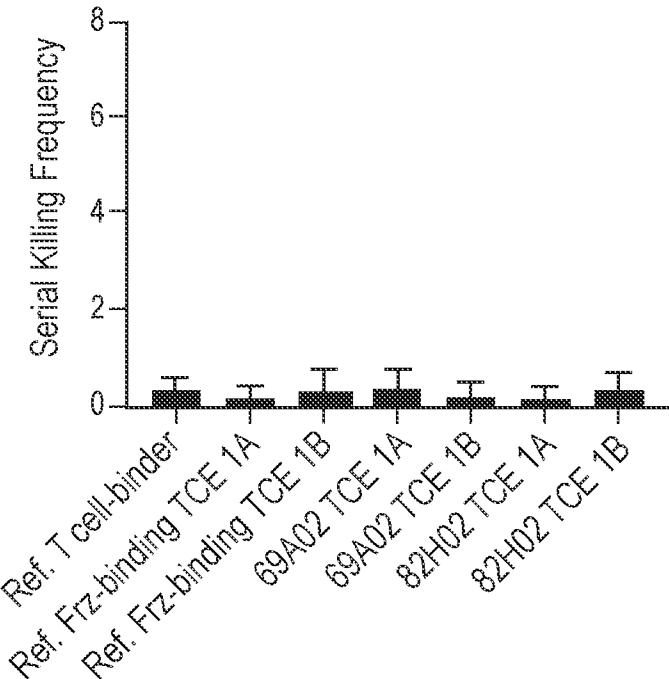


FIG. 6B

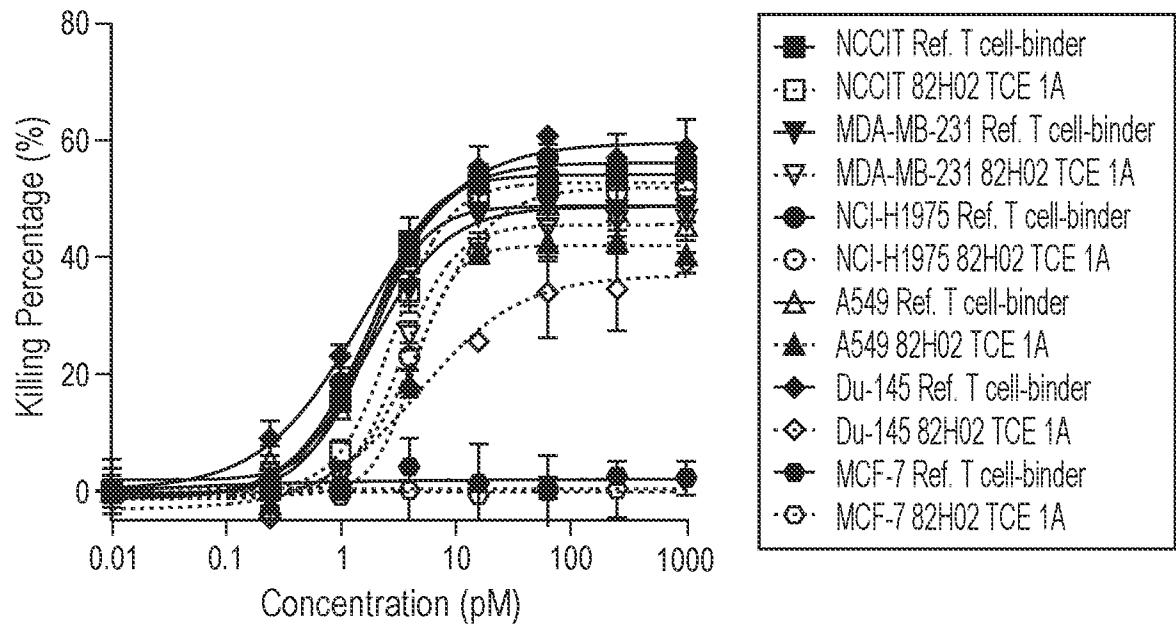


FIG. 7A

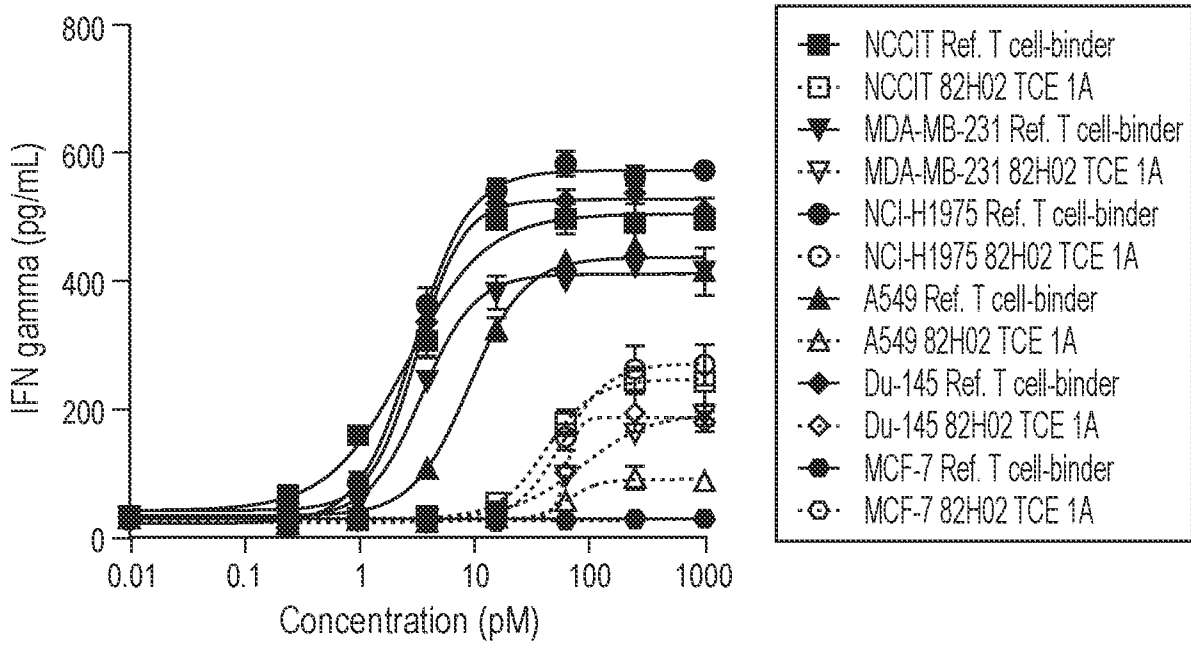


FIG. 7B

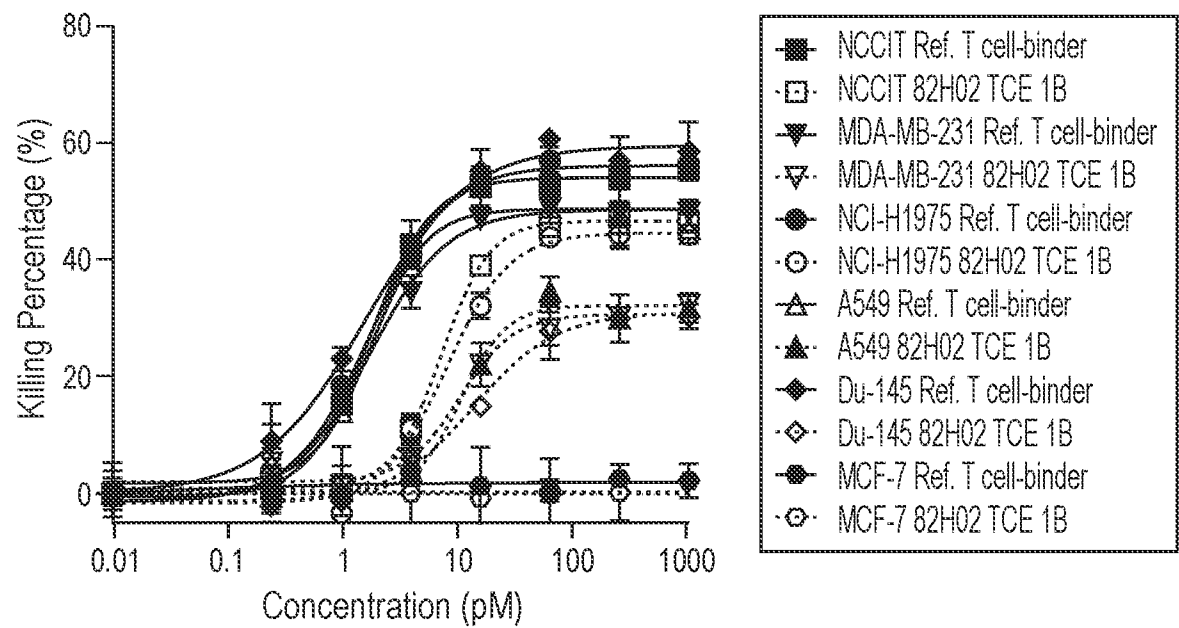


FIG. 7C

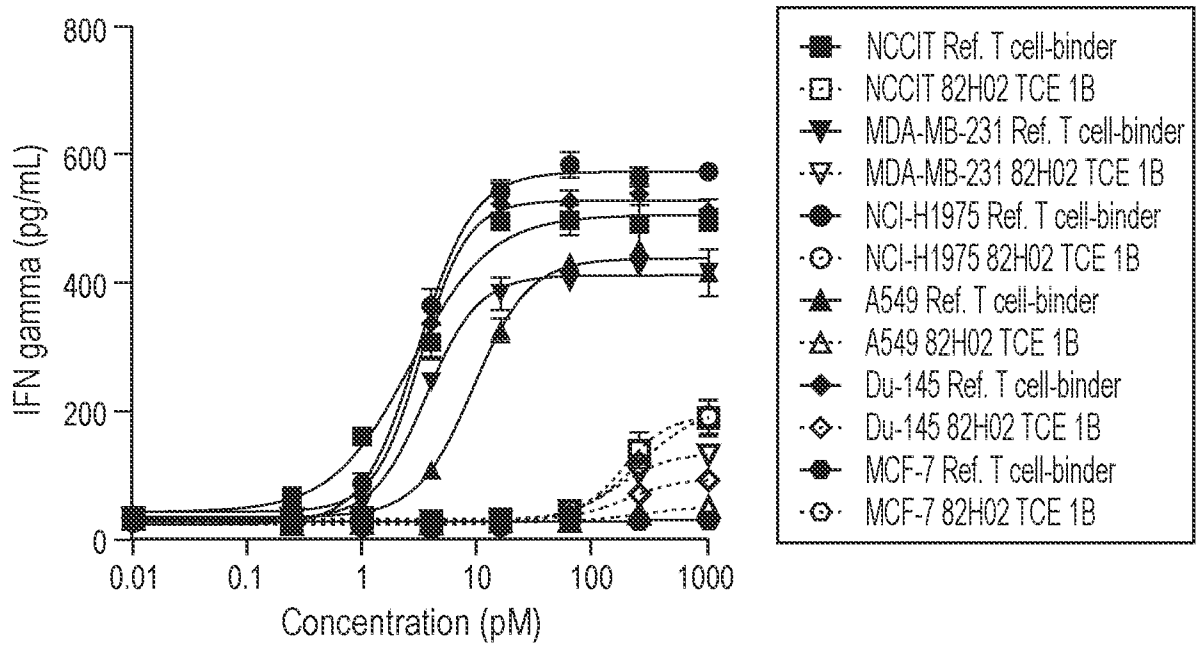


FIG. 7D

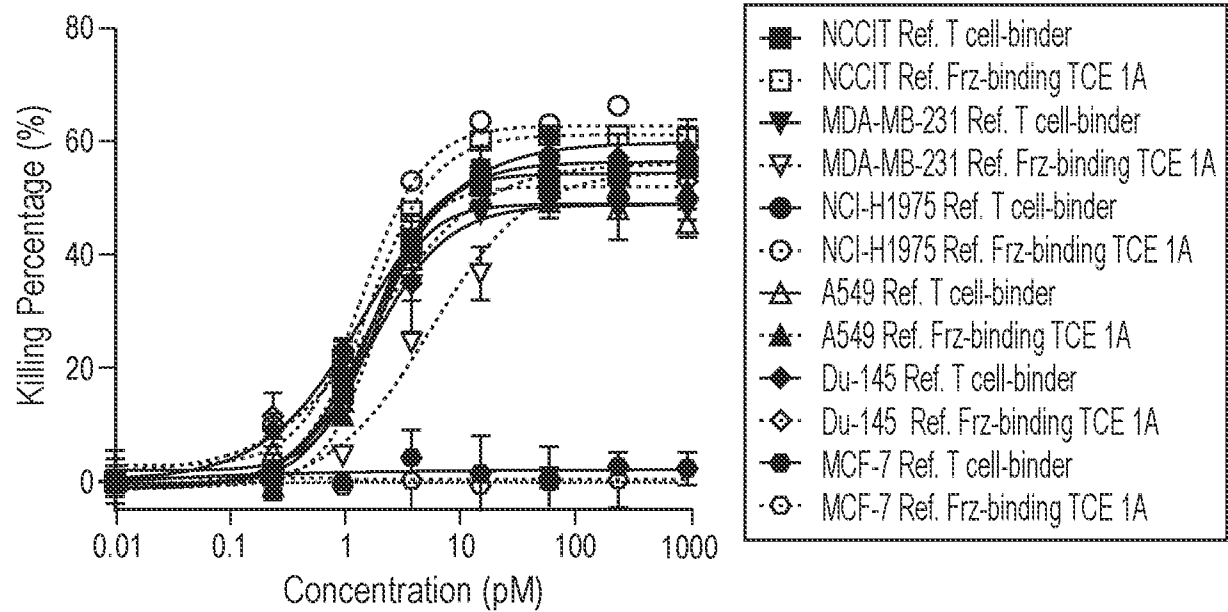


FIG. 7E

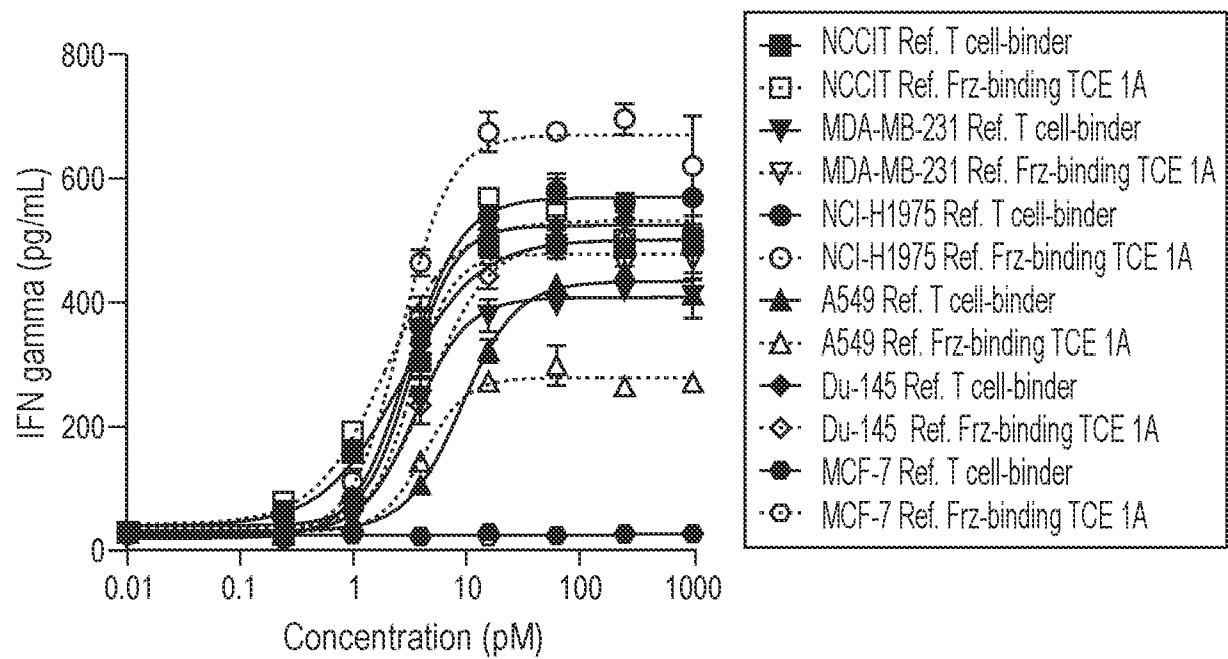


FIG. 7F

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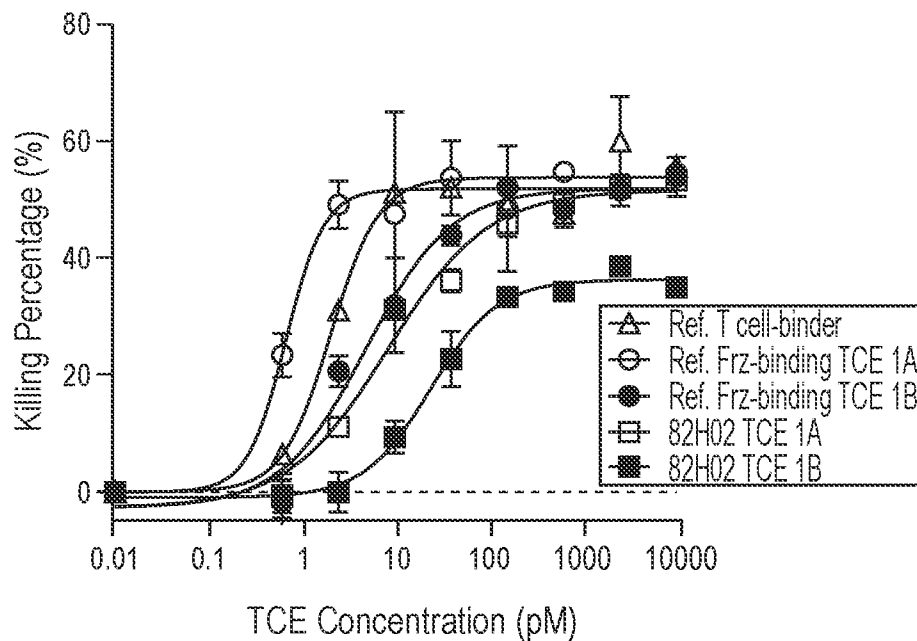


FIG. 8A

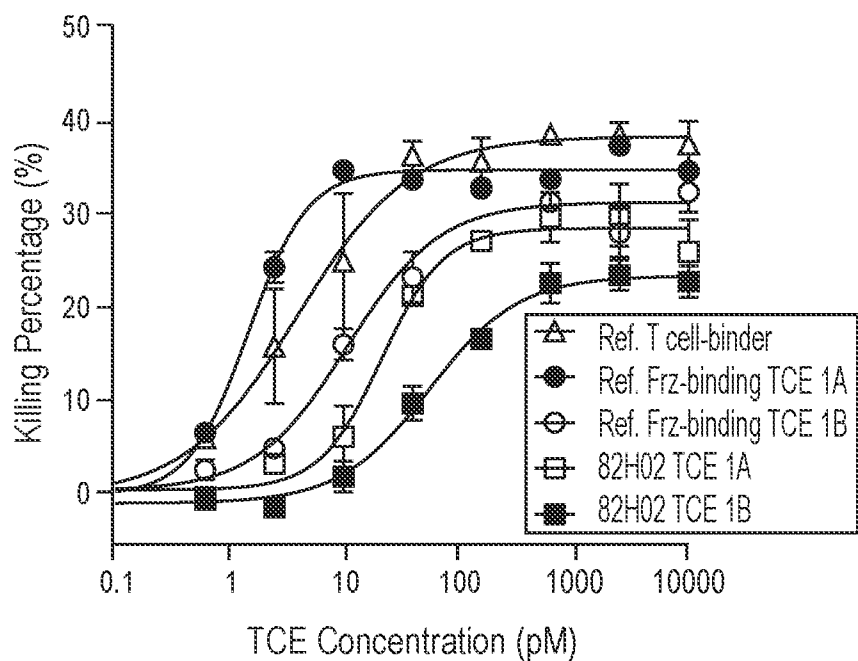


FIG. 8B

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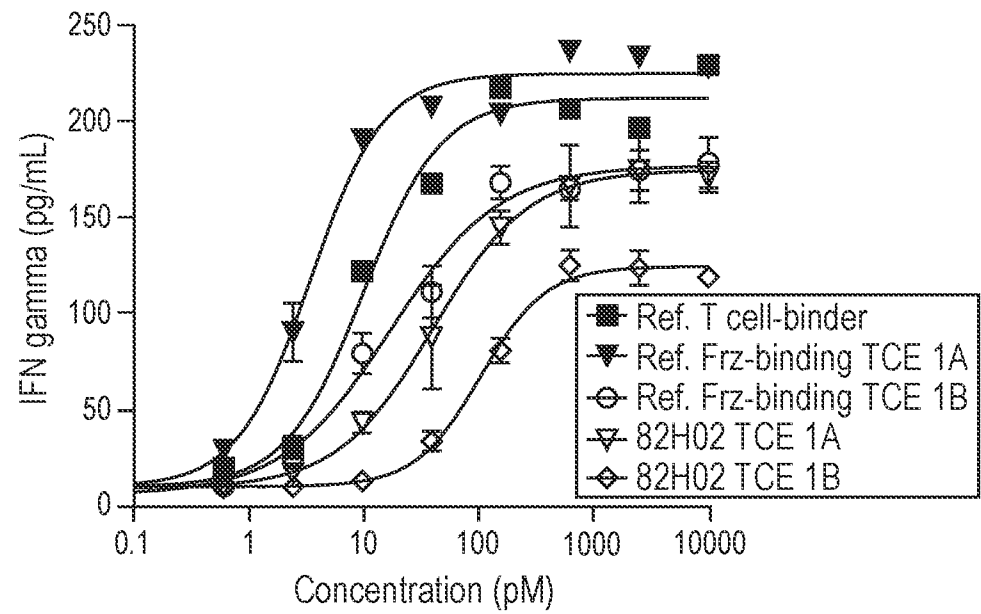


FIG. 8C

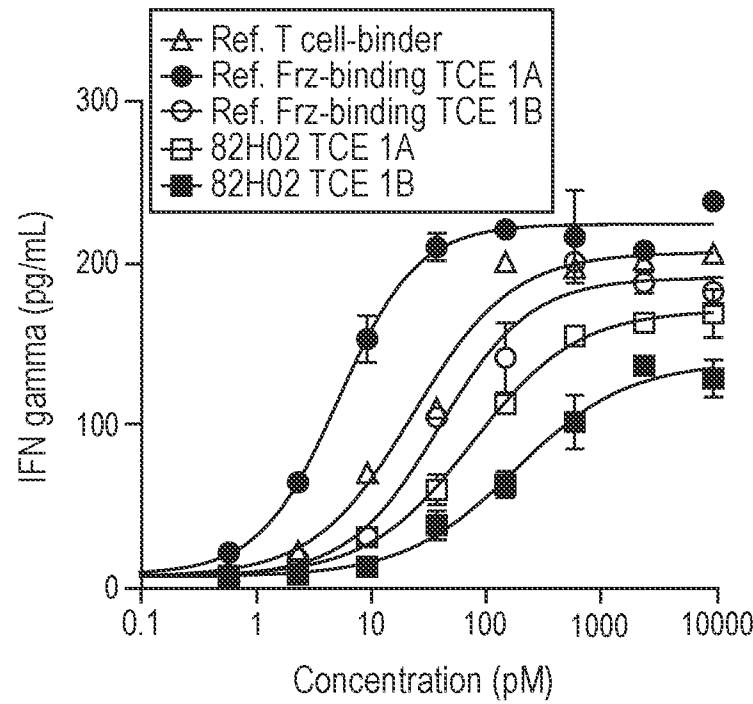


FIG. 8D

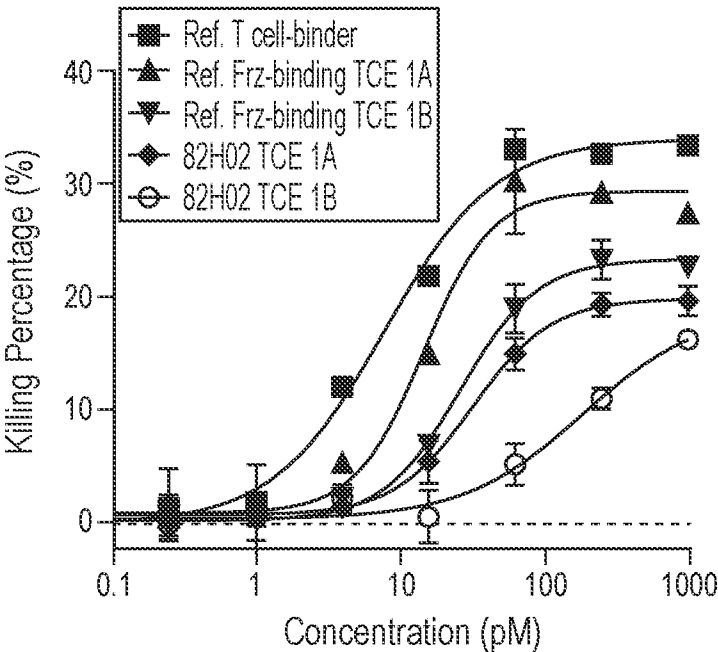


FIG. 9A

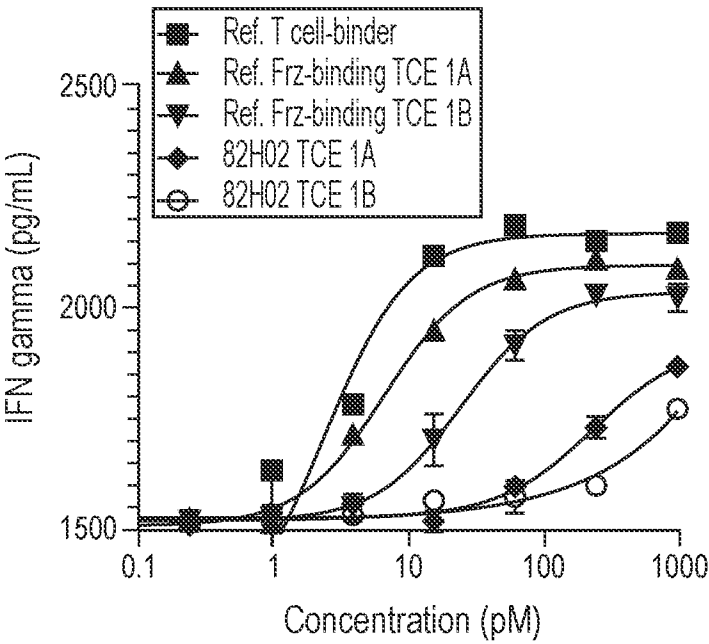


FIG. 9B

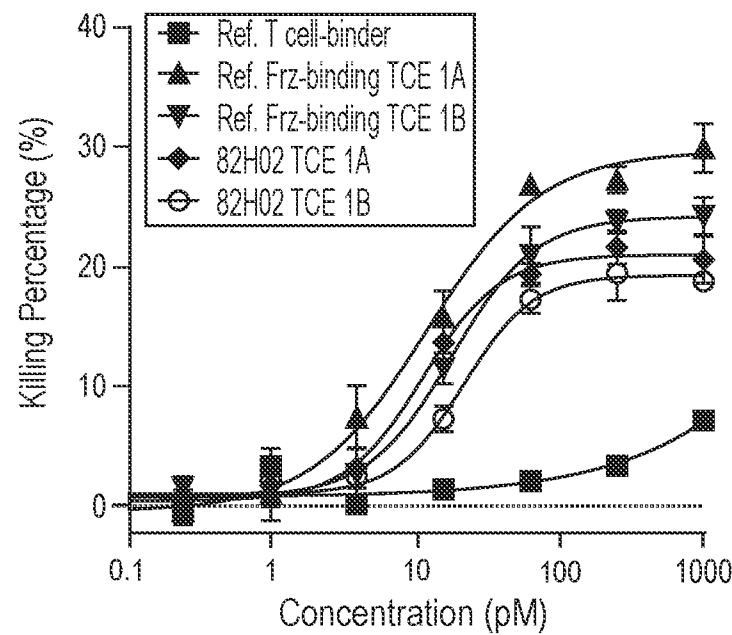


FIG. 9C

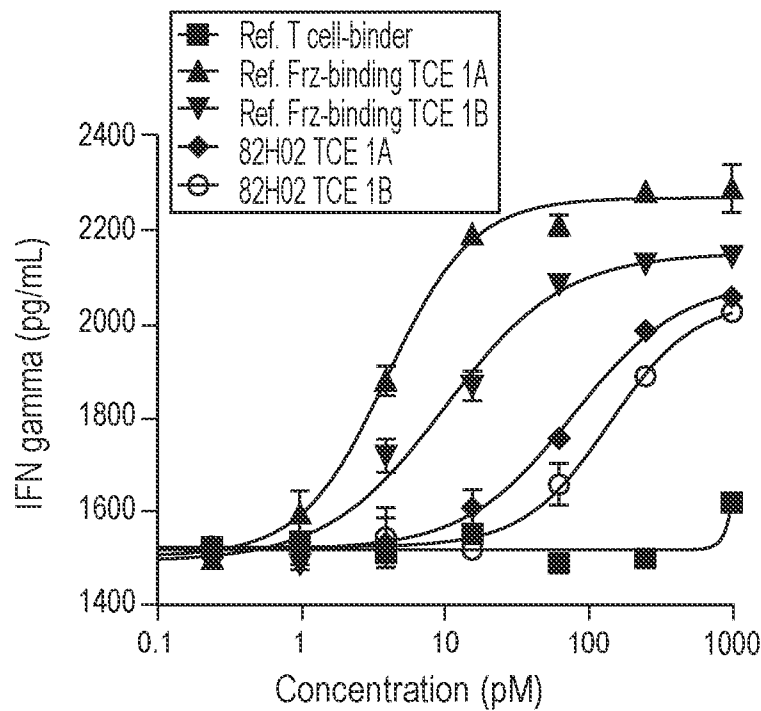


FIG. 9D

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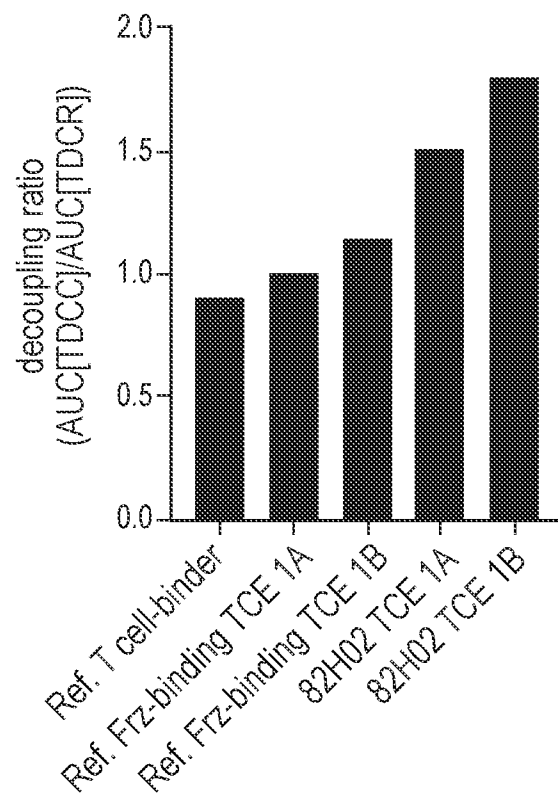


FIG. 9E

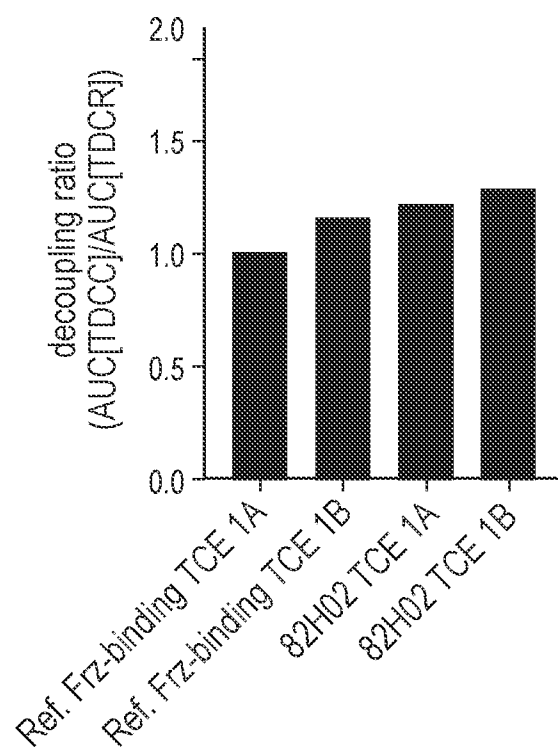


FIG. 9F

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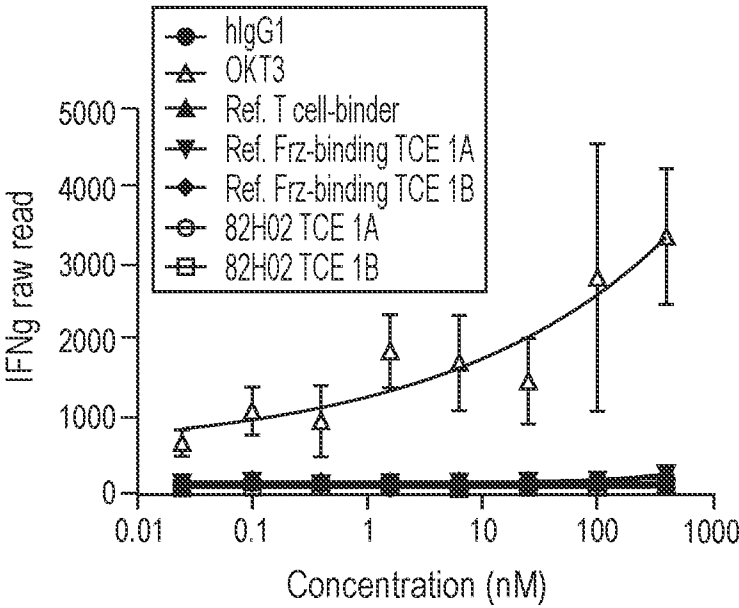


FIG. 10A

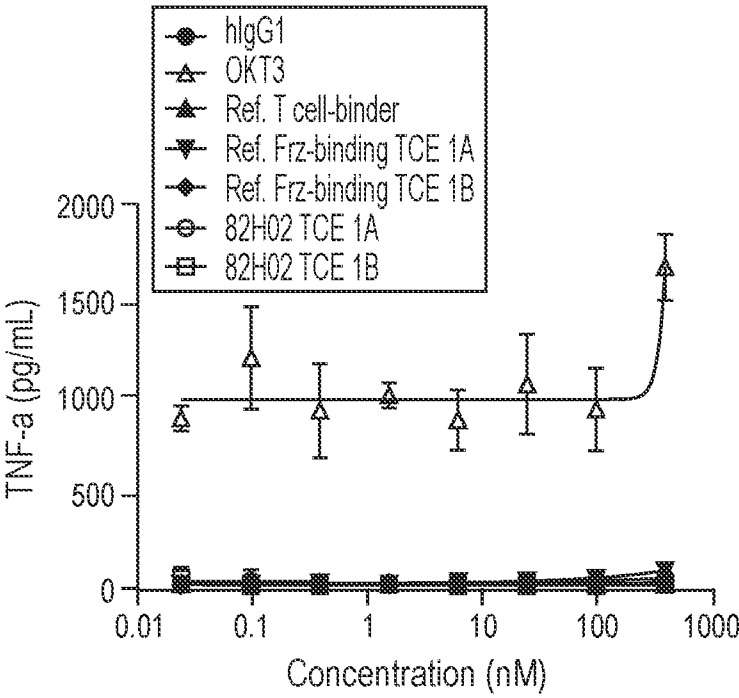


FIG. 10B

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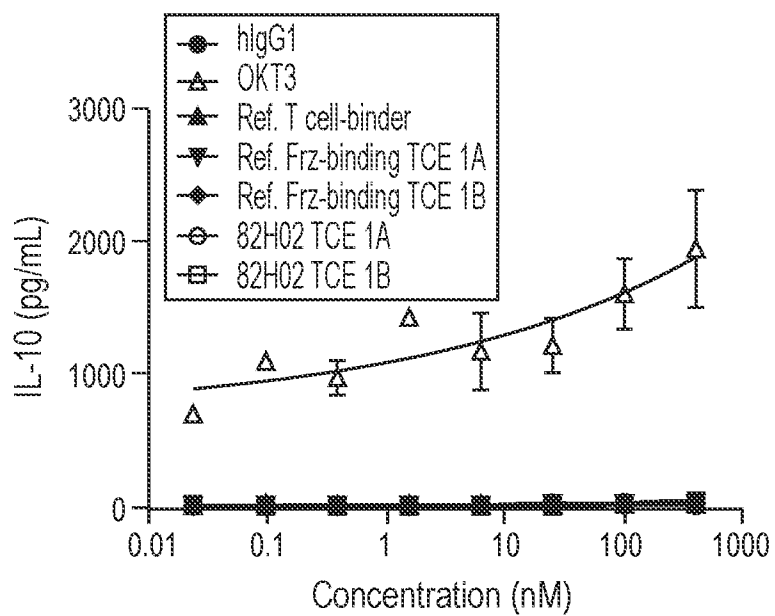


FIG. 10C

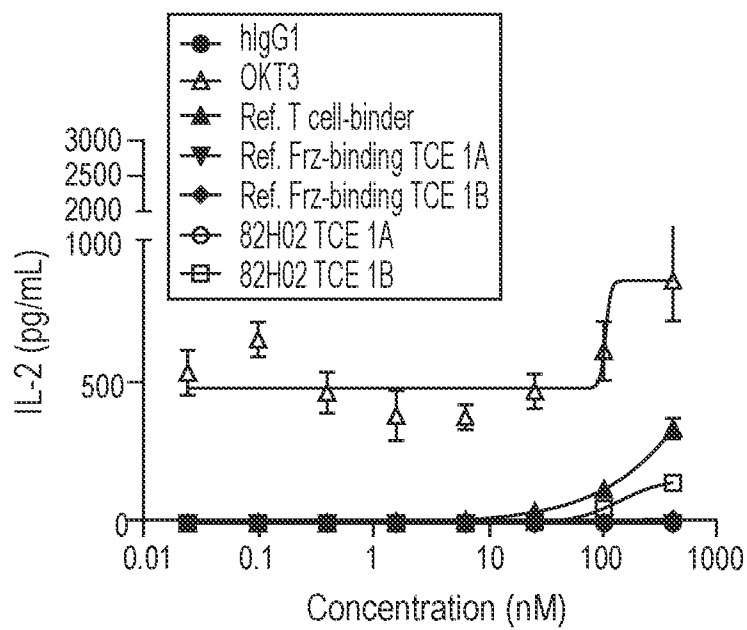


FIG. 10D

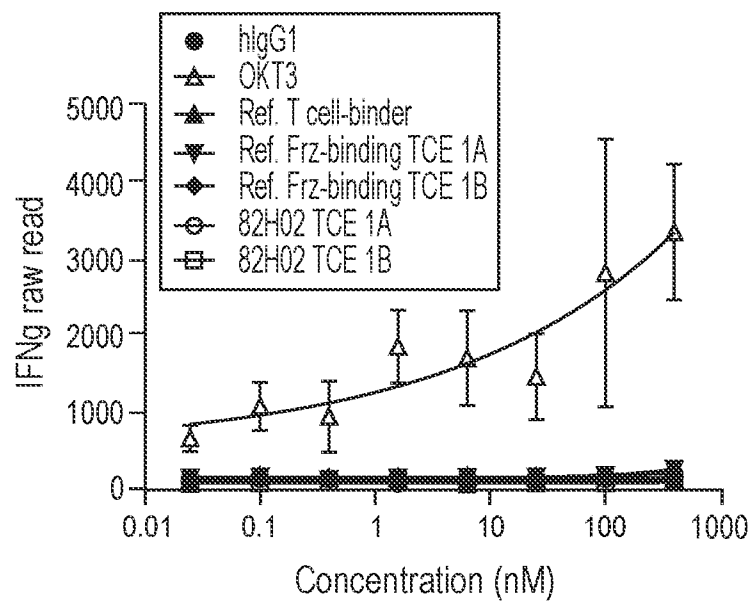


FIG. 11A

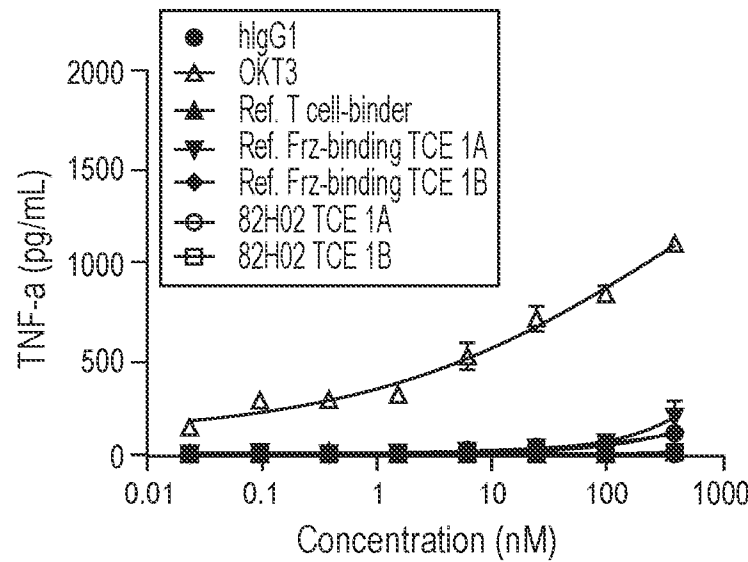


FIG. 11B

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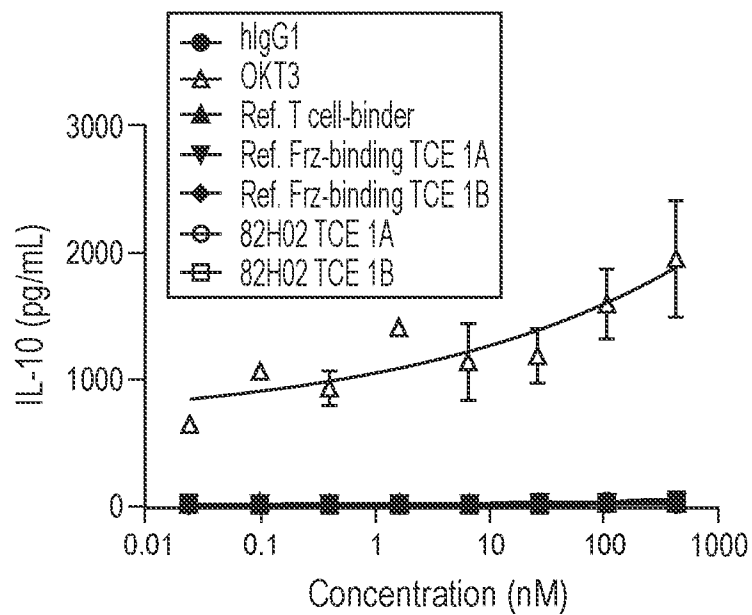


FIG. 11C

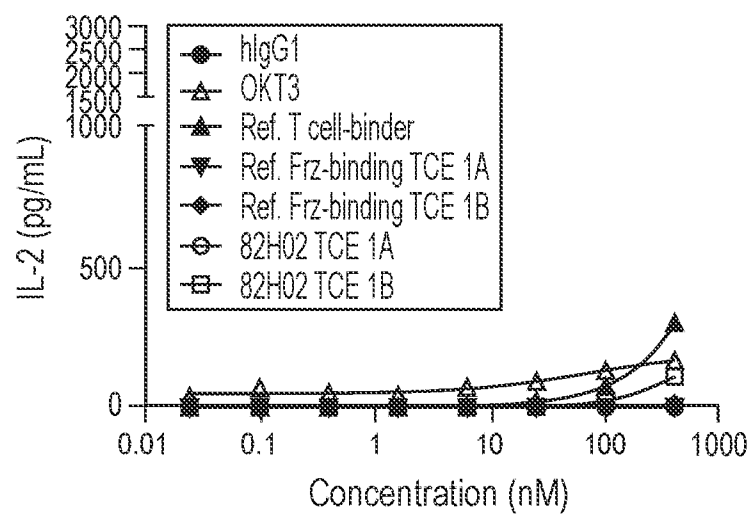


FIG. 11D

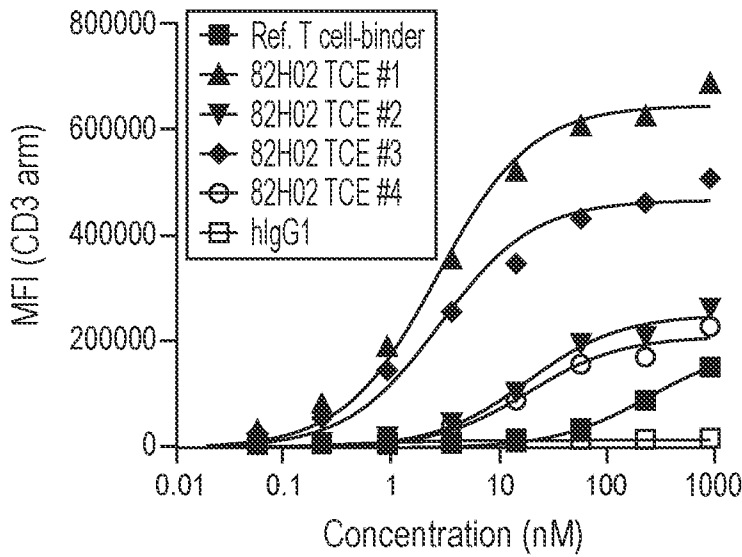


FIG. 12A

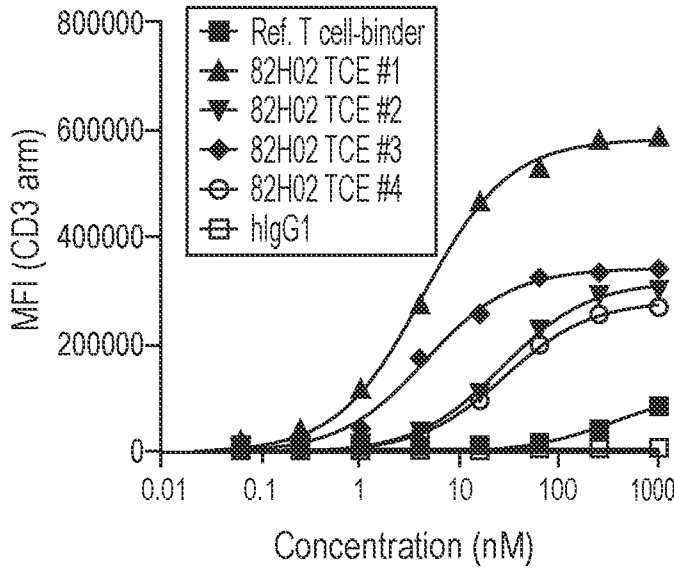


FIG. 12B

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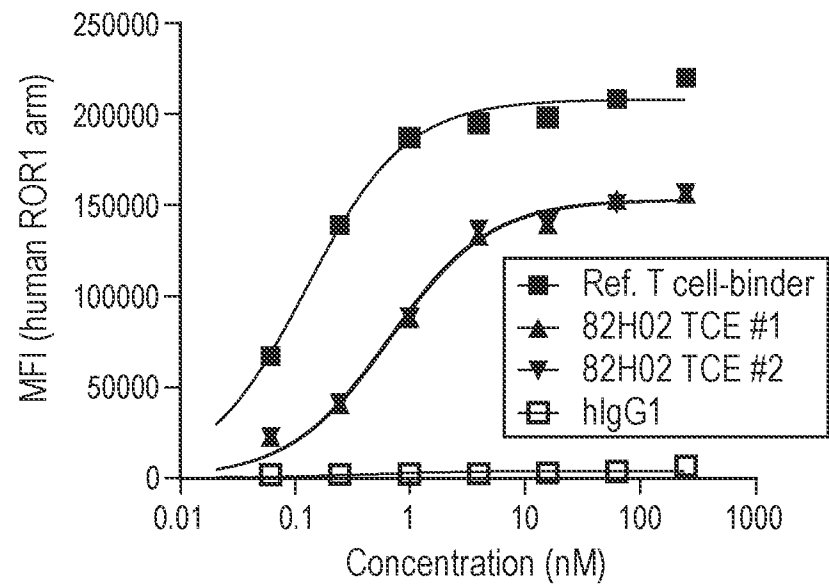


FIG. 13A

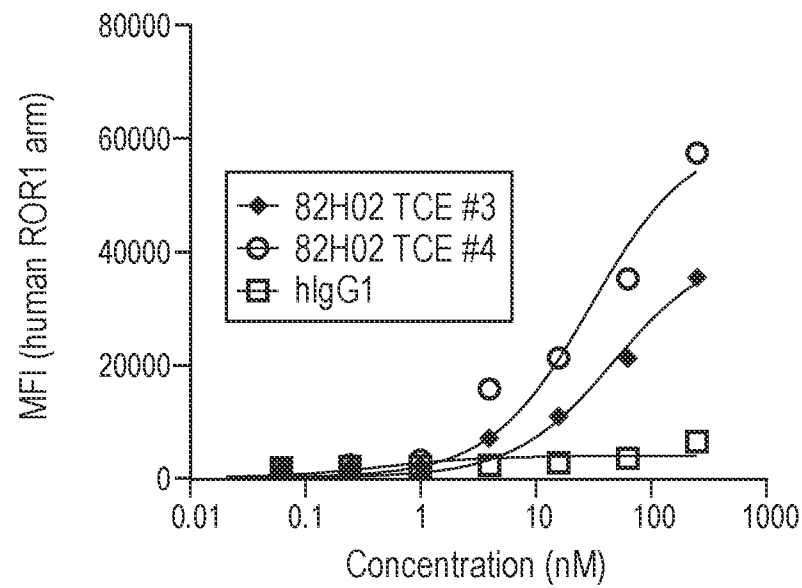


FIG. 13B

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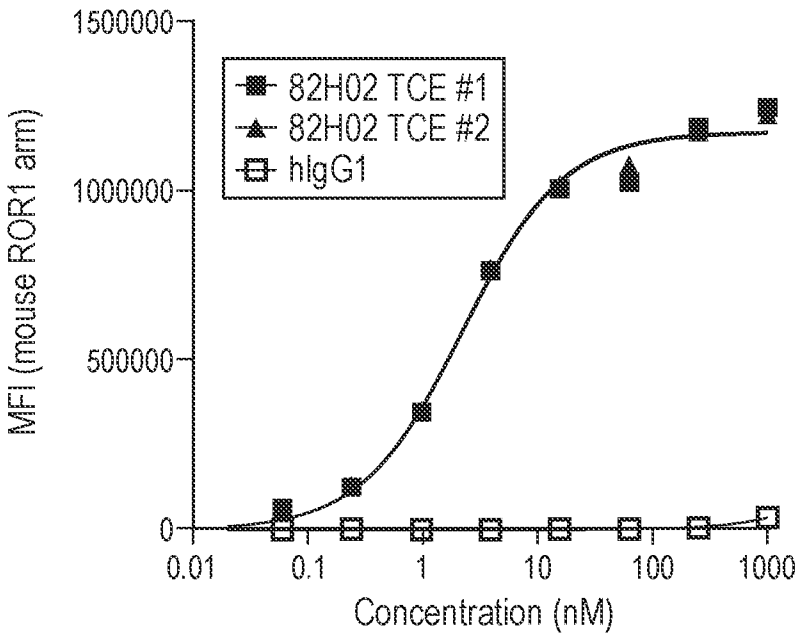


FIG. 13C

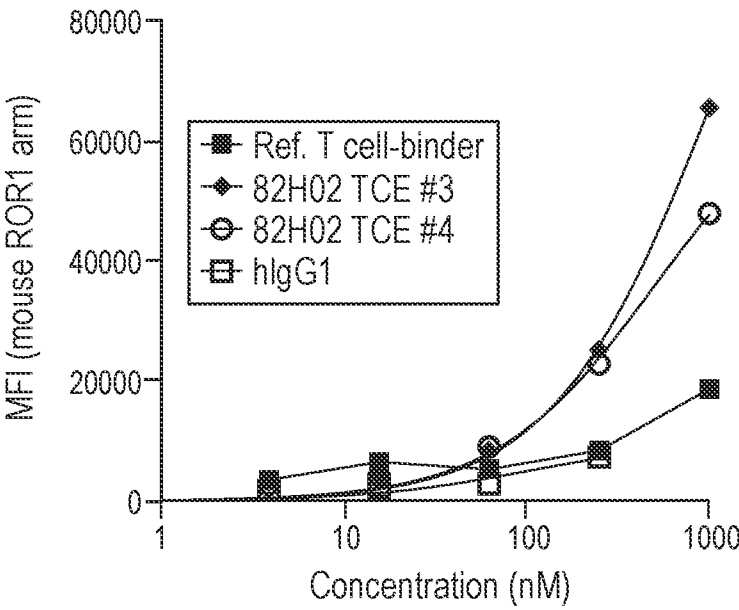


FIG. 13D

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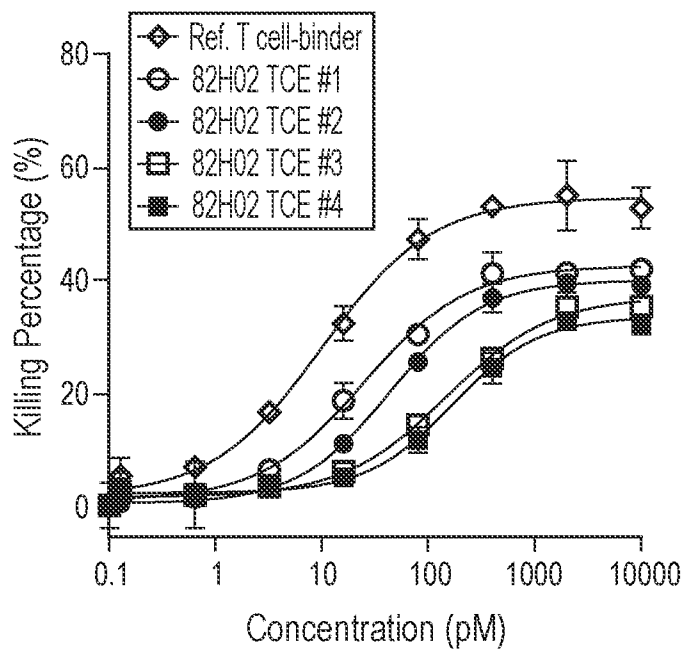


FIG. 14A

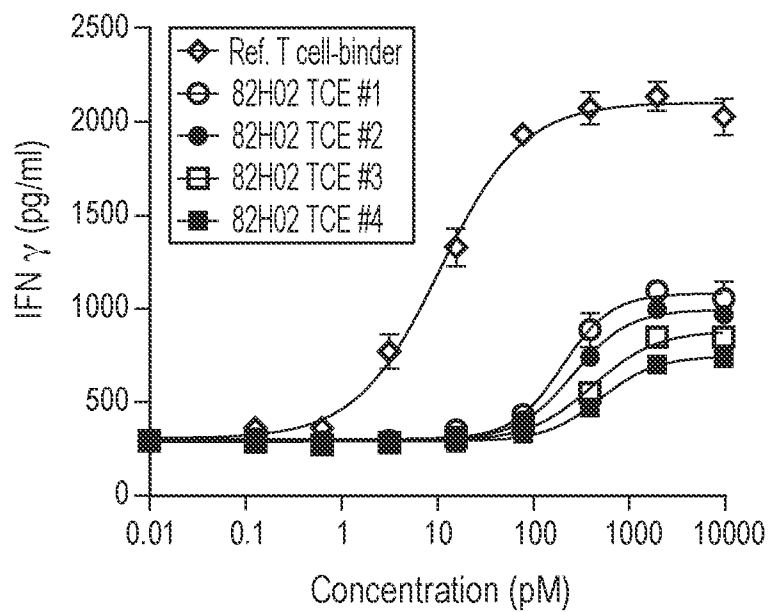


FIG. 14B

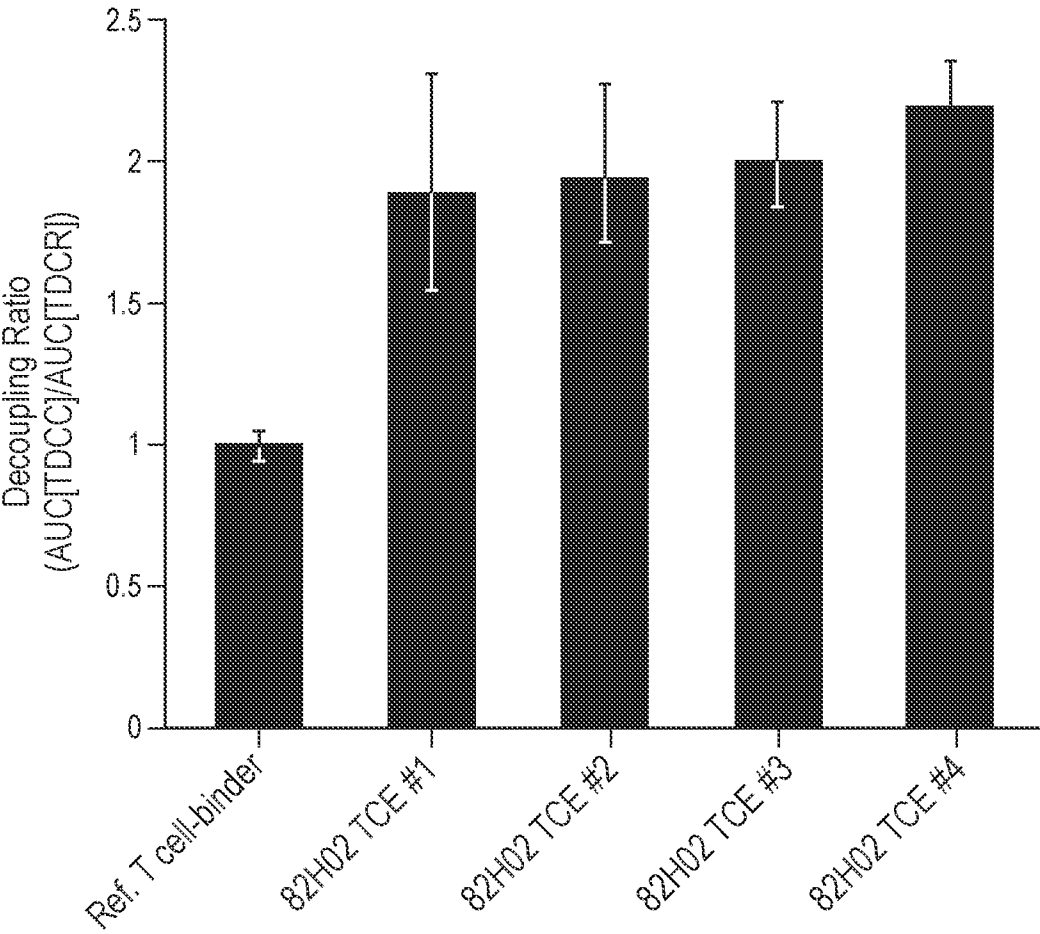


FIG. 14C

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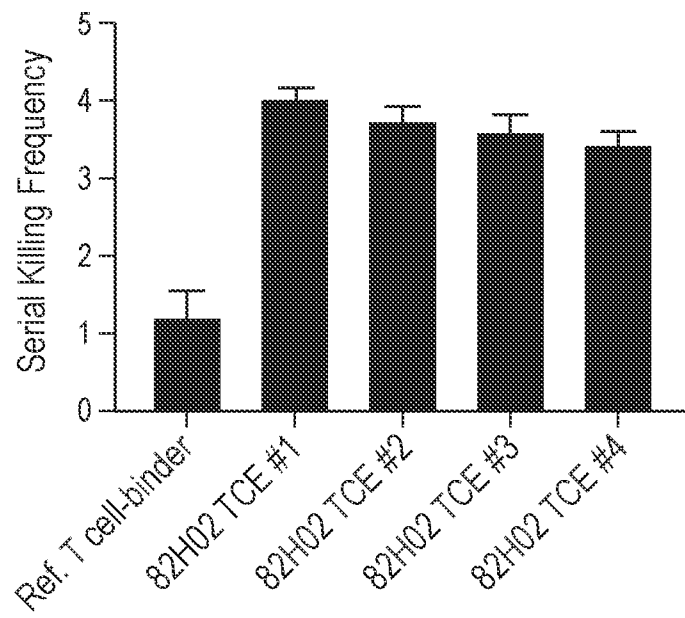


FIG. 15

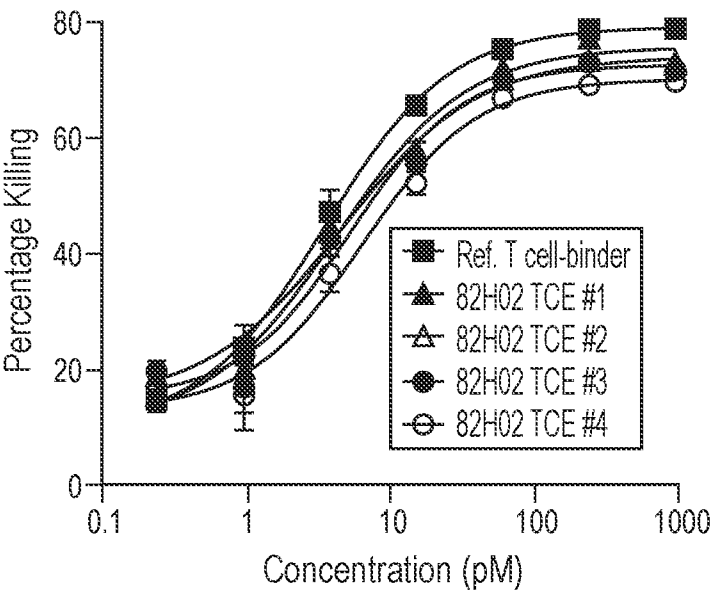


FIG. 16A

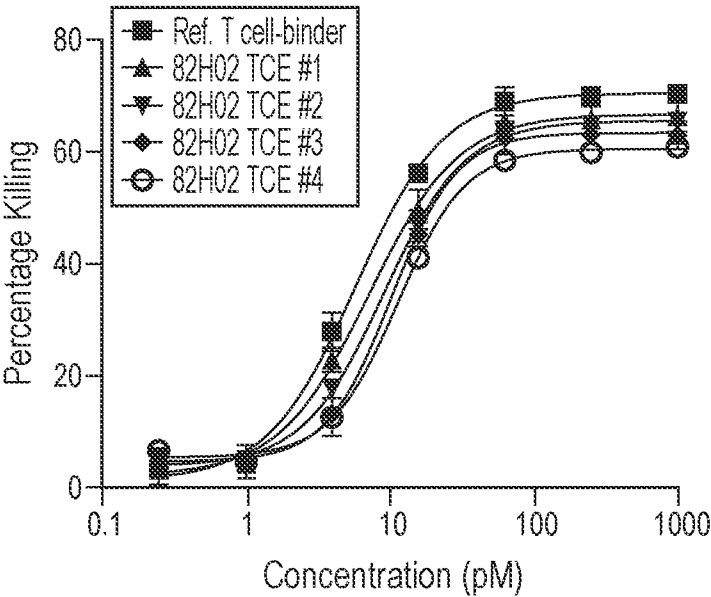


FIG. 16B

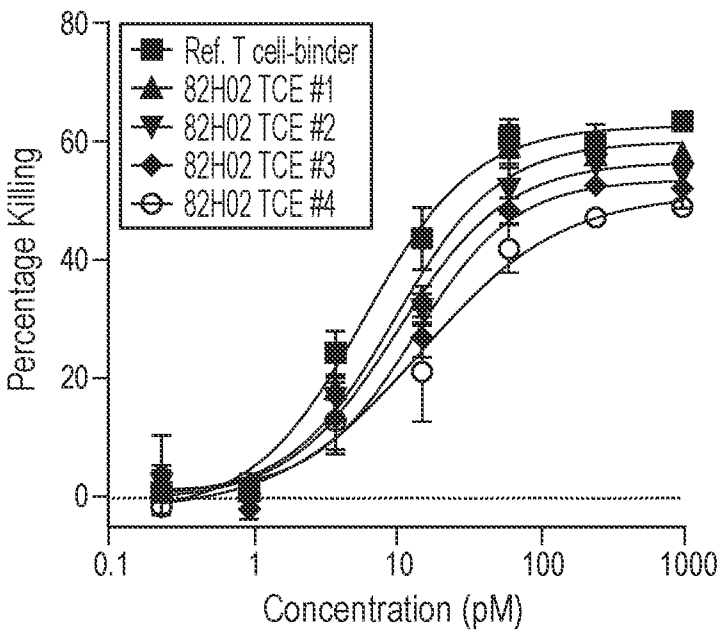


FIG. 16C

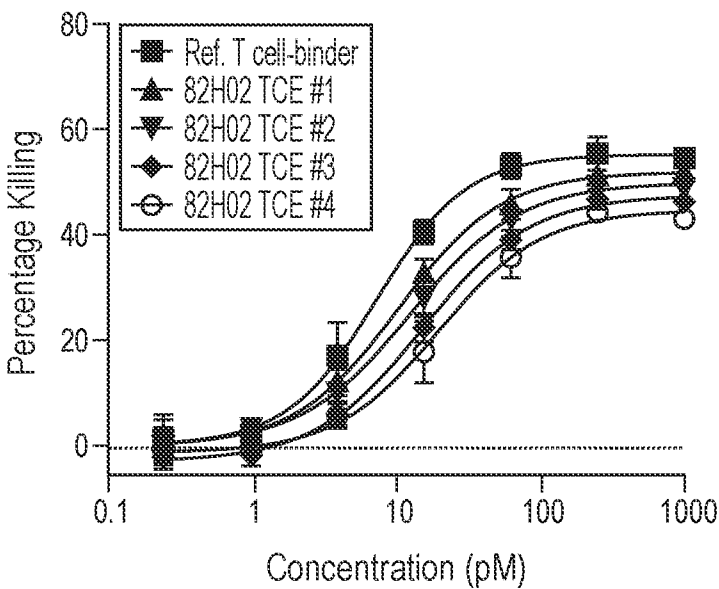


FIG. 16D

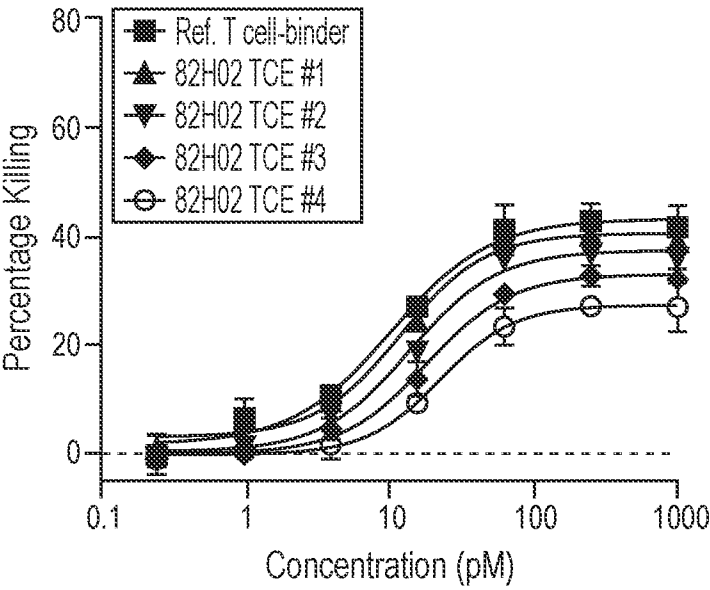


FIG. 16E

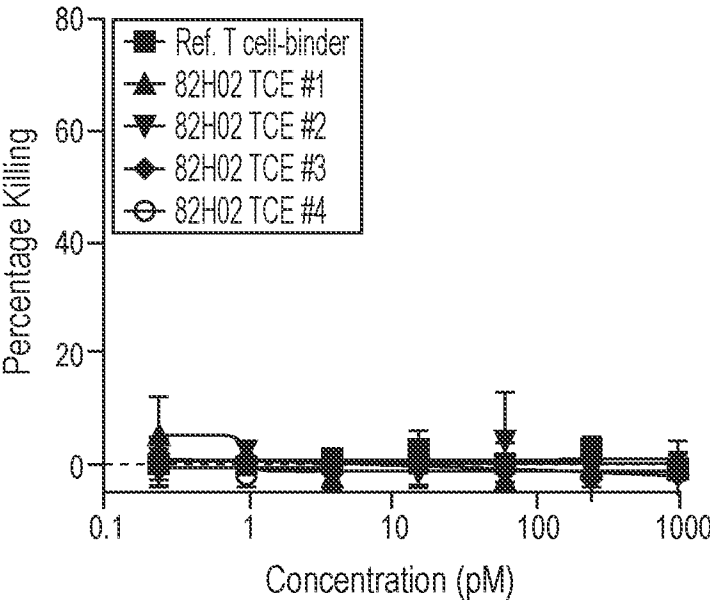


FIG. 16F

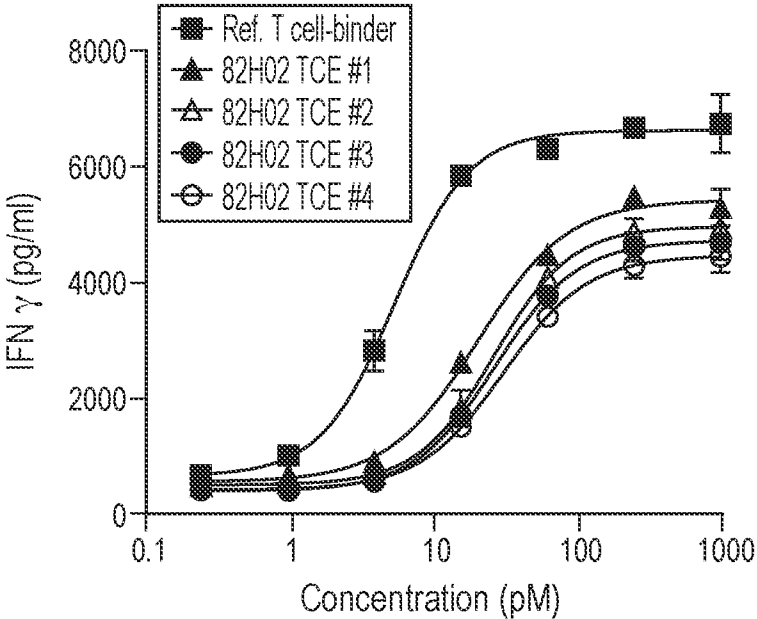


FIG. 17A

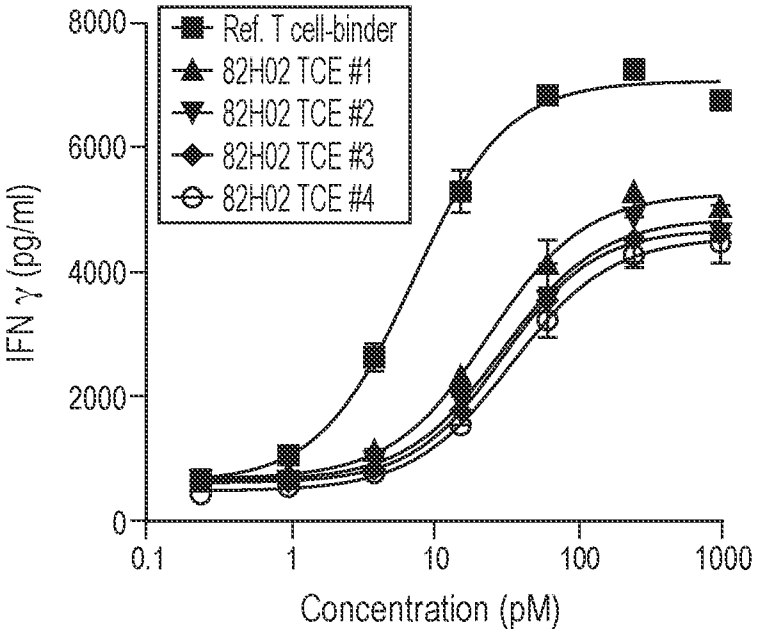


FIG. 17B

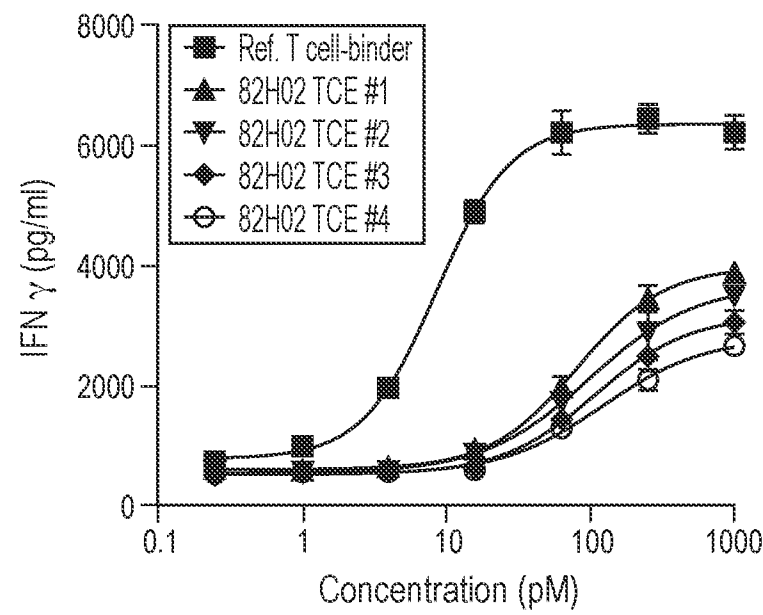


FIG. 17C

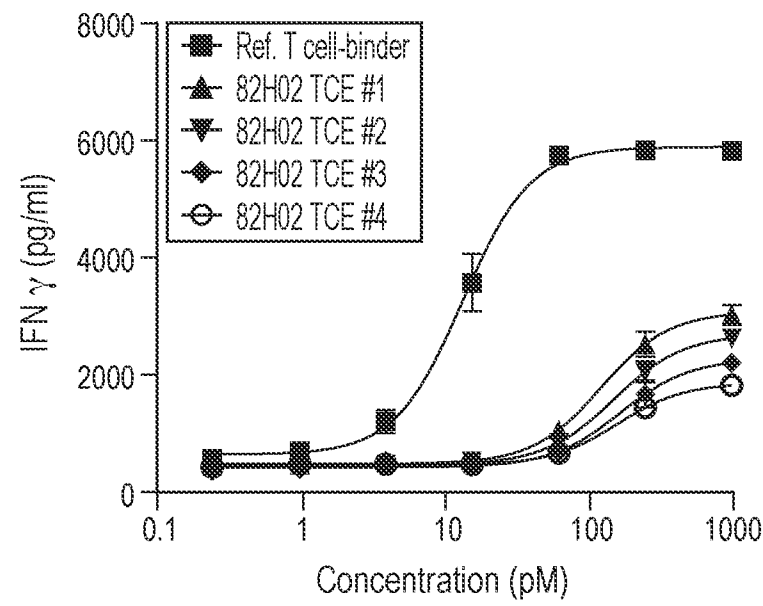


FIG. 17D

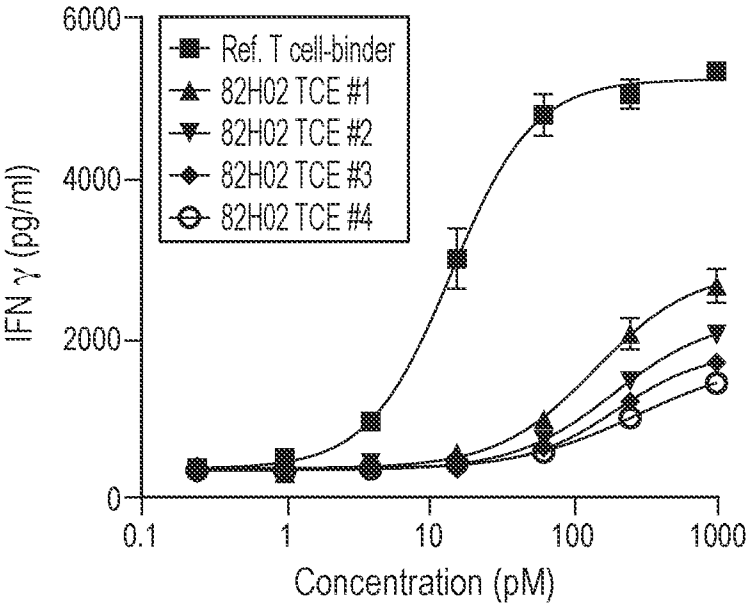


FIG. 17E

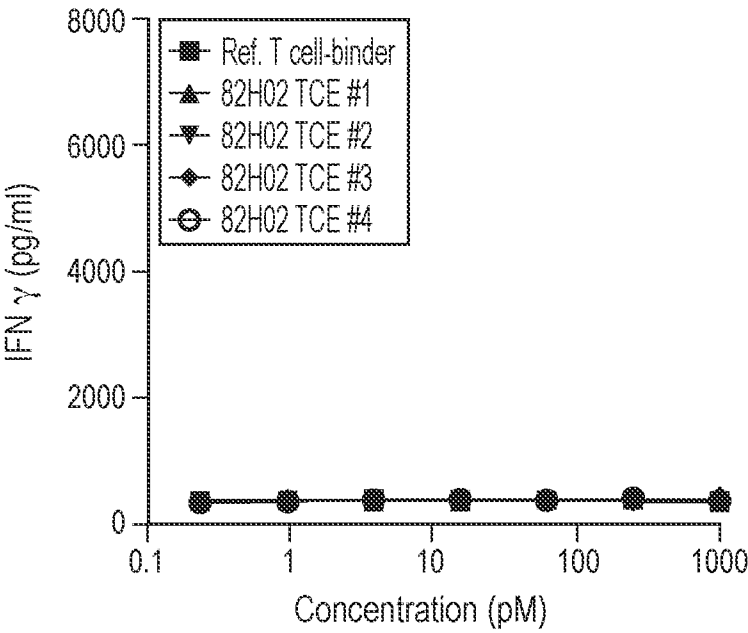


FIG. 17F

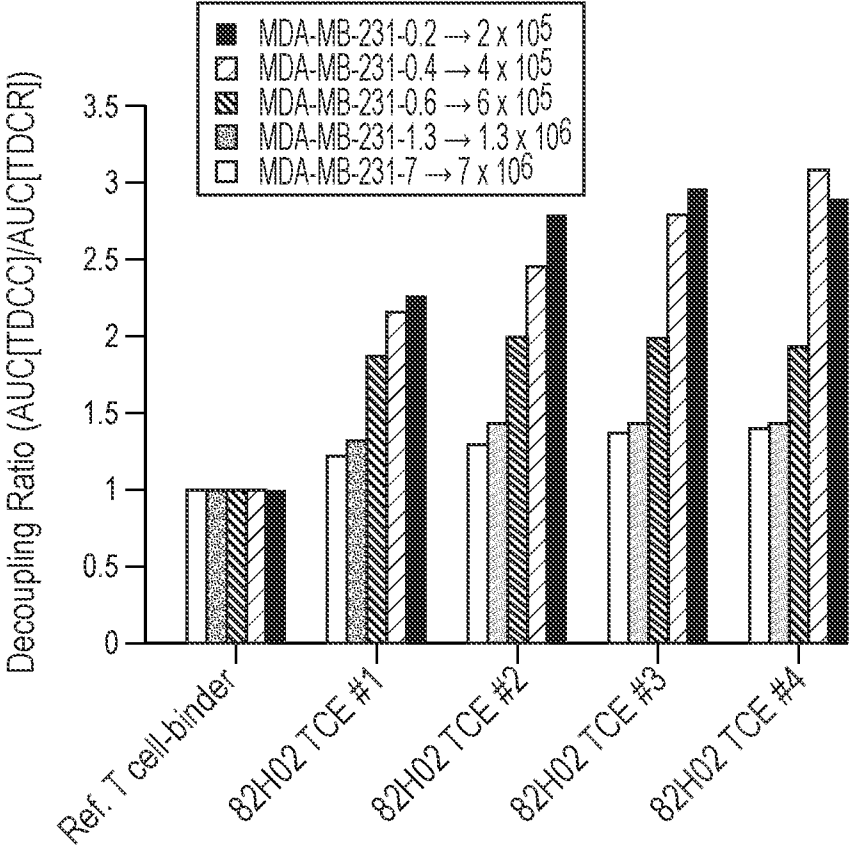


FIG. 18

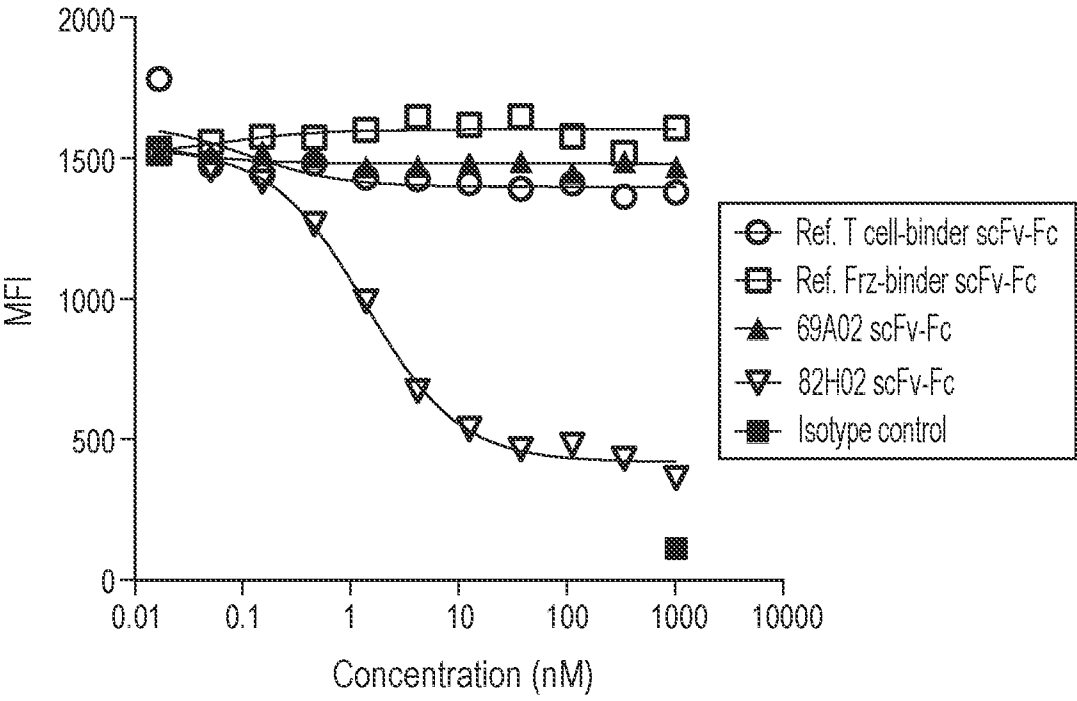


FIG. 19