

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization

International Bureau



(10) International Publication Number

WO 2014/144549 A1

(43) International Publication Date
18 September 2014 (18.09.2014)

WIPO | PCT

(51) International Patent Classification:

A61K 39/00 (2006.01) *C12N 9/96* (2006.01)
C07K 16/00 (2006.01) *A61K 38/48* (2006.01)

DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IR, IS, JP, KE, KG, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PA, PE, PG, PH, PL, PT, QA, RO, RS, RU, RW, SA, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TH, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US2014/029010

(22) International Filing Date:

14 March 2014 (14.03.2014)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English

(30) Priority Data:

61/794,874 15 March 2013 (15.03.2013) US

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(81) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of national protection available): AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BN, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CL, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM,

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH, GM, KE, LR, LS, MW, MZ, NA, RW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, RU, TJ, TM), European (AL, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MK, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, SE, SI, SK, SM, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, KM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

- with international search report (Art. 21(3))
- before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments (Rule 48.2(h))
- with sequence listing part of description (Rule 5.2(a))



WO 2014/144549 A1

(54) Title: FACTOR IX POLYPEPTIDE FORMULATIONS

(57) Abstract: The present invention provides formulations comprising a Factor IX - FcRn Binding Partner (FIXFBP) polypeptide, and methods of administering FIXFBP.

FACTOR IX POLYPEPTIDE FORMULATIONS

BACKGROUND

[0001] The present invention relates generally to the field of therapeutics for hemostatic disorders.

[0002] Hemophilia B (also known as Christmas disease) is one of the most common inherited bleeding disorders in the world. It results in decreased *in vivo* and *in vitro* blood clotting activity and requires extensive medical monitoring throughout the life of the affected individual. In the absence of intervention, the afflicted individual will suffer from spontaneous bleeding in the joints, which produces severe pain and debilitating immobility; bleeding into muscles results in the accumulation of blood in those tissues; spontaneous bleeding in the throat and neck can cause asphyxiation if not immediately treated; renal bleeding; and severe bleeding following surgery, minor accidental injuries, or dental extractions also are prevalent.

[0003] Normal *in vivo* blood coagulation at minimum requires the serine proteases Factors II (prothrombin), VII, IX, X and XI (soluble plasma proteins); cofactors including the transmembrane protein tissue factor and the plasma proteins Factors V and VIII; fibrinogen, the transglutaminase Factor XIII, phospholipid (including activated platelets), and calcium. Additional proteins including kallikrein, high molecular weight kininogen, and Factor XII are required for some *in vitro* clotting tests, and can play a role *in vivo* under pathologic conditions.

[0004] In hemophilia, blood clotting is disturbed by a lack of certain plasma blood clotting factors. Hemophilia B is caused by a deficiency in Factor IX that can result from either the decreased synthesis of the Factor IX protein or a defective molecule with reduced activity. The treatment of hemophilia occurs by replacement of the missing clotting factor by exogenous factor concentrates highly enriched in Factor IX. However, generating such a concentrate from blood is fraught with technical difficulties, as is described below.

[0005] Purification of Factor IX from plasma (plasma derived Factor IX; pdFIX) almost exclusively yields active Factor IX. However, such purification of Factor IX from plasma is very difficult because Factor IX is only present in low concentration in plasma (5

μg/mL. Andersson, Thrombosis Research 7: 451-459 (1975). Further, purification from blood requires the removal or inactivation of infectious agents such as HIV and HCV. In addition, pdFIX has a short half-life and therefore requires frequent dosing. Recombinant factor IX (rFIX) is also available, but suffers from the same short half-life and need for frequent dosing (e.g., 2-3 times per week for prophylaxis) as pdFIX. rFIX also has a lower incremental recovery (K value) compared to pdFIX, which necessitates the use of higher doses of rFIX than those for pdFIX.

[0006] Reduced mortality, prevention of joint damage and improved quality of life have been important achievements due to the development of plasma-derived and recombinant Factor IX. Prolonged protection from bleeding would represent another key advancement in the treatment of hemophilia B subjects. However, to date, no products that allow for prolonged protection have been developed. Therefore, there remains a need for improved methods of treating hemophilia due to Factor IX deficiency that are more tolerable and more effective than current therapies.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The present invention is directed to a pharmaceutical composition comprising: (a) a Factor IX polypeptide comprising human Factor IX fused to an FcRn Binding Partner (rFIXFBP polypeptide), wherein the polypeptide has long-acting Factor IX activity; (b) a carbohydrate mixture comprising sucrose and mannitol; (c) sodium chloride (NaCl); (d) L-histidine; and (e) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 1% (w/v) to about 2% (w/v) sucrose (e.g., about 1.2% (w/v) or about 1.7% (w/v) sucrose) or about 10 mg/ml to about 20 mg/ml sucrose (e.g., about 11.9 mg/ml or about 16.7 mg/ml sucrose). In another embodiment, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 2% (w/v) to about 4% (w/v) mannitol (e.g., about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol or about 3.3% (w/v) mannitol) or about 20 mg/ml to about 40 mg/ml mannitol (e.g., about 23.8 mg/ml mannitol or about 33.3 mg/ml mannitol). In other embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl (e.g., about 55.6 mM NaCl) or between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl (e.g., about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl). In some embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine (e.g., about 25 mM L-histidine or about 35 mM L-histidine) or between about 3

mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine (e.g., about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine or about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine). In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.020% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 (e.g., about 0.010% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 or about 0.014 % (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80) or between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.2 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 (e.g., about 0.10% mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 or about 0.14 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80).

[0008] The pharmaceutical composition can comprise an rFIXFBP polypeptide, which is rFIXFc polypeptide comprising a first subunit which comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% or 95% identical to amino acids 1 to 642 of SEQ ID NO:2, and a second subunit which comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90% to 100% identical to amino acids 1 to 227 of SEQ ID NO:4.

[0009] In some aspects, the rFIXFBP polypeptide with Factor IX activity is present at a concentration of between about 25 IU/ml and about 1200 IU/ml (e.g., 50 IU/ml, 100 IU/ml, 200 IU/ml, 400 IU/ml, or 600 IU/ml of the rFIXFBP polypeptide).

[0010] In one aspect, a pharmaceutical composition comprises: (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) between about 1% (w/v) and about 2% (w/v) of sucrose; (c) between about 2% (w/v) and about 4% (w/v) of mannitol; (d) between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl; (e) between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine; and (f) between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.015% of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. For example, a pharmaceutical composition can comprise: (a) about 50 IU/ml, about 100IU/ml, about 200IU/ml, or about 400IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0011] In another aspect, a pharmaceutical composition comprises: (a) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose; (c) about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol; (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (e) about 35 mM L-histidine; and (f) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0012] In other aspects, a pharmaceutical composition comprises: (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) between about 10 mg/ml and about 20 mg/ml of sucrose; (c) between about 20 mg/ml and about 40 mg/ml of mannitol;

(d) between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl; (e) between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine; and (f) between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.15 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. For example, a pharmaceutical composition comprises: (a) about 50 IU/ml, about 100IU/ml, about 200IU/ml, or about 400IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In some aspects, a pharmaceutical composition comprises: (a) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (b) about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose; (c) about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol; (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (e) about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and (f) about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0013] In certain aspects, the invention is directed to a pharmaceutical kit comprising: (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, wherein the powder comprises (i) a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) sucrose; (iii) mannitol; (iv) L-histidine; and (v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl to be combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container. In one embodiment, the pharmaceutical kit comprises: (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises (i) about 250 IU, about 500 IU, about 1000 IU, or about 2000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 50 IU/ml, about 100IU/ml, about 200IU/ml, or about 400IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, respectively; (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In another embodiment, the pharmaceutical kit comprises: (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises (i) about 3000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 83.3 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 167 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 27.2 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.7 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 3.3% (w/v) of

mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 35 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0014] In some aspects, the invention provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition of the invention at an initial dose of about 50 IU/kg, administered once per week or at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg, administered once every 10 to 14 days, wherein the administration prevents or reduces the frequency of bleeding episodes in the subject. In other aspects, the invention provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a minor to moderate bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition of the invention at an initial dose of about 30 IU/kg to about 60 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls, alleviates, or reverses the bleeding episode. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses every 48 hours if the subject exhibits further evidence of bleeding. In yet other aspects, the invention includes a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a major bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition of the invention at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls, alleviates, or reverses the bleeding episode. In one embodiment, the method further comprises administering an additional dose of the pharmaceutical composition at about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if the bleeding episode continues. In another embodiment, the method further comprises administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 24 hours for three days if the bleeding episode continues. In other embodiment, the method further comprises administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 48 hours until the bleeding episode is controlled.

[0015] In other aspects, the invention includes a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a hemophila B subject undergoing minor surgery a pharmaceutical composition of the invention at a dose of about 50 IU/kg to 80 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls bleeding in the subject during and after surgery. In one embodiment, the method further comprises administering an additional dose of the

pharmaceutical composition at about 50 IU/kg to 80 IU/kg at about 24 to about 48 hours after surgery if needed to control post-operative bleeding.

[0016] In still other aspects, the invention provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a hemophilia B subject undergoing major surgery a pharmaceutical composition of the invention at a dose of about 100 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls bleeding in the subject during and after surgery. In one embodiment, the method further comprises administering an additional dose of the pharmaceutical composition at about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if needed to control post-operative bleeding. In another embodiment, the method further comprises administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 24 hours for three days if needed to control post-operative bleeding. In other embodiments, the method further comprises administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 48 hours if needed to control post-operative bleeding.

[0017] In yet other aspects, the desired dose of the rFIXFBP polypeptide is obtainable from a single pharmaceutical kit of the invention or from two or more pharmaceutical kits of the invention, and wherein the contents of the two or more pharmaceutical kits are pooled prior to administration.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0018] This disclosure provides a method of treating FIX deficiency, *e.g.*, Hemophilia B, by administering a chimeric rFIXFBP polypeptide using optimal formulations, optimal dosing intervals, optimal dosing frequencies, and/or optimal pharmacokinetic parameters. Also provided are formulations and pharmaceutical kits for administration of rFIXFBP.

Definitions

[0019] Throughout this disclosure, the term "a" or "an" entity refers to one or more of that entity; for example, "a polynucleotide," is understood to represent one or more polynucleotides. As such, the terms "a" (or "an"), "one or more," and "at least one" can be used interchangeably herein.

[0020] Furthermore, "and/or" where used herein is to be taken as specific disclosure of each of the two specified features or components with or without the other. Thus, the term "and/or" as used in a phrase such as "A and/or B" herein is intended to include "A and B," "A or B," "A" (alone), and "B" (alone). Likewise, the term "and/or" as used in a phrase such as "A, B, and/or C" is intended to encompass each of the following aspects: A, B, and C; A, B, or C; A or C; A or B; B or C; A and C; A and B; B and C; A (alone); B (alone); and C (alone).

[0021] It is understood that wherever aspects are described herein with the language "comprising," otherwise analogous aspects described in terms of "consisting of" and/or "consisting essentially of" are also provided.

[0022] Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure is related. For example, the Concise Dictionary of Biomedicine and Molecular Biology, Juo, Pei-Show, 2nd ed., 2002, CRC Press; The Dictionary of Cell and Molecular Biology, 3rd ed., 1999, Academic Press; and the Oxford Dictionary Of Biochemistry And Molecular Biology, Revised, 2000, Oxford University Press, provide one of skill with a general dictionary of many of the terms used in this disclosure.

[0023] Units, prefixes, and symbols are denoted in their Système International de Unites (SI) accepted form. Numeric ranges are inclusive of the numbers defining the range. Unless otherwise indicated, amino acid sequences are written left to right in amino to carboxy orientation. The headings provided herein are not limitations of the various aspects of the disclosure, which can be had by reference to the specification as a whole. Accordingly, the terms defined immediately below are more fully defined by reference to the specification in its entirety.

[0024] The term "about" is used herein to mean approximately, roughly, around, or in the regions of. When the term "about" is used in conjunction with a numerical range, it modifies that range by extending the boundaries above and below the numerical values set forth. In general, the term "about" can modify a numerical value above and below the stated value by a variance of, *e.g.*, 10 percent, up or down (higher or lower).

[0025] The term "polypeptide," "peptide" and "protein" are used interchangeably and refer to a polymeric compound comprised of covalently linked amino acid residues.

[0026] The term "polynucleotide" and "nucleic acid" are used interchangeably and refer to a polymeric compound comprised of covalently linked nucleotide residues. Polynucleotides can be DNA, cDNA, RNA, single stranded, or double stranded, vectors, plasmids, phage, or viruses.

[0027] The term "administering," as used herein, means to, *e.g.*, prescribe or give a pharmaceutical composition comprising a long-acting rFIXFBP polypeptide to a subject. Examples of routes of administration include, but are not limited to, intravenous, *e.g.*, intravenous injection and intravenous infusion, *e.g.*, via central venous access. Additional routes of administration include subcutaneous, intramuscular, oral, nasal, and pulmonary administration. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a long-acting rFIXFBP polypeptide can comprise one or more excipients, as described herein. Advantages of the methods, compositions, and pharmaceutical kits provided herein include: improved regimen compliance; reduced break through bleeds; increased protection of joints from bleeds; prevention of joint damage; reduced morbidity; reduced mortality; prolonged protection from bleeding; decreased thrombotic events; and improved quality of life.

[0028] The terms "rFIXFBP" or "rFIXFBP polypeptide," as used herein refer to a recombinant fusion protein comprising human coagulation Factor IX (FIX) and an FcRn Binding Partner (rFIXFBP). FcRn binding partner ("FBP") comprises functional neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn) binding partners, unless otherwise specified. An FcRn binding partner is any molecule that can be specifically bound by the FcRn receptor with consequent active transport by the FcRn receptor of the FcRn binding partner. Thus, the term FcRn BP includes any variants of IgG Fc that are functional. For example, the region of the Fc portion of IgG that binds to the FcRn receptor has been described based on X-ray crystallography (Burmeister et al. 1994, *Nature* 372:379, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety). The major contact area of the Fc with the FcRn is near the junction of the CH2 and CH3 domains. Fc-FcRn contacts are all within a single Ig heavy chain. FcRn BPs include whole IgG, the Fc fragment of IgG, and other fragments of IgG that include the complete binding region of FcRn. The major contact sites include amino acid residues 248, 250-257, 272, 285, 288, 290-291, 308-311, and 314 of the CH2 domain and amino acid residues 385-387, 428, and 433-436 of the CH3 domain. References made to amino acid numbering of immunoglobulins or immunoglobulin fragments, or regions, are all based on Kabat et al. 1991, *Sequences of Proteins of Immunological*

Interest, U. S. Department of Public Health, Bethesda; MD, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. (The FcRn receptor has been isolated from several mammalian species including humans. The sequences of the human FcRn, rat FcRn, and mouse FcRn are known (Story et al. 1994, J. Exp. Med. 180: 2377), incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.) An FcRn BP can comprise the CH2 and CH3 domains of an immunoglobulin with or without the hinge region of the immunoglobulin. Exemplary FcRn BP variants are provided in WO 2004/101740 and WO 2006/074199, incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0029] In one embodiment, rFIXBP is rFIXFc, a recombinant fusion protein comprised of human coagulation Factor IX (FIX) and an Fc domain of a human antibody (IgG1 isotype). *See, e.g.*, PCT Application No. PCT/US2011/043569, filed July 11, 2011 and published as WO 2012/006624, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. The rFIXFc polypeptide is a heterodimeric protein with a FIXFc single chain (FIXFc-sc) and an Fc single chain (Fc-sc) bound together through two disulfide bonds in the hinge region of Fc. rFIXFc requires two protein subunits, FIXFc-sc (642 amino acids, SEQ ID NO:2) and Fc-sc (227 amino acids, SEQ ID NO:4), to assemble within a transfected cell line to form the final protein product, rFIXFc. The polynucleotide sequences encoding FIXFc-sc and Fc-sc are presented as SEQ ID NO:1 and SEQ ID NO:3, respectively.

[0030] The Factor IX portion of rFIXFc has a primary amino acid sequence that is identical to the Thr148 allelic form of plasma derived Factor IX and has structural and functional characteristics similar to endogenous Factor IX. The Fc domain of rFIXFc contains the hinge, CH2 and CH3 regions of IgG1. The assembled heterodimer mature form of rFIXFc contains 869 amino acids with a molecular weight of approximately 98 kilodaltons.

[0031] rFIXFBP is produced by recombinant DNA technology in a human embryonic kidney (HEK) cell line. The cell line expresses rFIXFBP into a defined cell culture medium that does not contain any proteins derived from animal or human sources. rFIXFBP is purified by a series of chromatography steps that does not require use of a monoclonal antibody. The process includes multiple viral clearance steps including 15nm virus-retaining nano-filtration. No human or animal additives are used in the cell culture, purification, and formulation processes.

[0032] The terms "long-acting" and "long-lasting" are used interchangeably herein. In one embodiment, the term "long-acting" or "long-lasting" indicates that a FIX activity as a result of administration of the rFIXFBP polypeptide is longer than the FIX activity of a wild-type FIX (*e.g.*, BENEFIX® or plasma-derived FIX ("pdFIX")). The "longer" FIX activity can be measured by any known methods in the art, *e.g.*, aPTT assay, chromogenic assay, ROTEM, TGA, and etc. In one embodiment, the "longer" FIX activity can be shown by the $T_{1/2\beta}$ (activity). In another embodiment, the "longer" FIX activity can be inferred by the level of FIX antigen present in plasma, *e.g.*, by the $T_{1/2\beta}$ (antigen).

[0033] Factor IX coagulant activity is expresses as International Unit(s) (IU). One IU of Factor IX activity corresponds approximately to the quantity of Factor IX in one milliliter of normal human plasma. Several assays are available for measuring Factor IX activity, including the one stage clotting assay (activated partial thromboplastin time; aPTT), thrombin generation time (TGA) and rotational thromboelastometry (ROTEM®).

[0034] The term "lyophilizate" or "lyophilisate" as used herein in connection with the formulation according to the invention denotes a formulation which is manufactured by freeze-drying methods known in the art *per se*. The solvent (*e.g.* water) is removed by freezing following sublimation under vacuum and desorption of residual water at elevated temperature. In the pharmaceutical field, the lyophilizate has usually a residual moisture of about 0.1 to 5% (w/w) and is present as a powder or a physical stable cake. The lyophilizate is characterized by a fast dissolution after addition of a reconstitution medium.

[0035] The term "reconstituted formulation" as used herein denotes a formulation which is lyophilized and re-dissolved by addition of a diluent. The diluent can contain, without limitation, water for injection (WFI), bacteriostatic water for injection (BWFI), sodium chloride solutions (*e.g.* 0.9% (w/v) NaCl), glucose solutions (*e.g.* 5% glucose), surfactant containing solutions (*e.g.* 0.01% polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80), a pH-buffered solution (*e.g.* phosphate-buffered solutions) and combinations thereof.

[0036] "Dosing interval," as used herein, means the amount of time that elapses between multiple doses being administered to a subject. Dosing interval can thus be indicated as ranges. The dosing interval for a rFIXFBP polypeptide in the methods provided herein can be at least about one and one-half to eight times longer than the dosing interval required for an equivalent amount (in IU/kg) of wild-type Factor IX.

[0037] The term "dosing frequency" as used herein refers to the frequency of administering doses of a rFIXFBP polypeptide in a given time. Dosing frequency can be indicated as the number of doses per a given time, *e.g.*, once a week or once in two weeks.

[0038] The terms "prophylaxis of one or more bleeding episodes" or "prophylactic treatment" as used herein mean administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide in regular, multiple doses to a subject over a course of time to increase the level of Factor IX activity in a subject's plasma, thereby preventing bleeding episodes from occurring. In one embodiment, "prophylaxis of one or more bleeding episodes" indicates use of a rFIXFBP polypeptide to prevent or inhibit occurrence of one or more spontaneous or uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes or to reduce the frequency of one or more spontaneous or uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes. In another embodiment, the increased FIX activity level is sufficient to decrease the incidence of spontaneous bleeding or to prevent bleeding in the event of an unforeseen injury. Prophylactic treatment decreases or prevents bleeding episodes, for example, those described under on-demand treatment. Prophylactic treatment can be individualized, as discussed under "dosing interval", *e.g.*, to compensate for inter-subject variability.

[0039] The term "about once a week" as used herein is meant to be approximate, and can include every seven days \pm two days, *i.e.*, every five days to every nine days. The dosing frequency of "about once a week" thus can be every five days, every six days, every seven days, every eight days, or every nine days.

[0040] The terms "individualized interval prophylaxis" or "individual prophylaxis," or "tailored prophylaxis" as used herein mean use of a rFIXFBP polypeptide for an individualized dosing interval or frequency to prevent or inhibit occurrence of one or more spontaneous and/or uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes or to reduce the frequency of one or more spontaneous and/or uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes. In one embodiment, the "individualized interval" includes every 10 days \pm 3 days, *i.e.* every seven days to every 13 days. The dosing frequency of the "individualized interval prophylaxis" thus can be every seven days, every eight days, every nine days, every ten days, every 11 days, every 12 days, or every 13 days.

[0041] The term "on-demand treatment," as used herein, means treatment that is intended to take place over a short course of time and is in response to an existing condition, such

as a bleeding episode, or a perceived short term need such as planned surgery. The "on-demand treatment" is used interchangeably with "episodic" treatment. Conditions that can require on-demand treatment include a bleeding episode, hemarthrosis, muscle bleed, oral bleed, hemorrhage, hemorrhage into muscles, oral hemorrhage, trauma, trauma capitis, gastrointestinal bleeding, intracranial hemorrhage, intra-abdominal hemorrhage, intrathoracic hemorrhage, bone fracture, central nervous system bleeding, bleeding in the retropharyngeal space, bleeding in the retroperitoneal space, or bleeding in the iliopsoas sheath. Bleeding episodes other than these are also included. The subject can be in need of surgical prophylaxis, peri-operative management, or treatment for surgery. Such surgeries include minor surgery, major surgery, tooth extraction, tonsillectomy, other dental/thoraco-facial surgeries, inguinal herniotomy, synovectomy, total knee replacement, other joint replacement, craniotomy, osteosynthesis, trauma surgery, intracranial surgery, intra-abdominal surgery, intrathoracic surgery. Surgeries other than these are also included.

[0042] Additional conditions that can require on-demand treatment include minor hemorrhage, hemarthroses, superficial muscle hemorrhage, soft tissue hemorrhage, moderate hemorrhage, intramuscle or soft tissue hemorrhage with dissection, mucous membrane hemorrhage, hematuria, major hemorrhage, hemorrhage of the pharynx, hemorrhage of the retropharynx, hemorrhage of the retroperitoneum, hemorrhage of the central nervous system, bruises, cuts, scrapes, joint hemorrhage, nose bleed, mouth bleed, gum bleed, intracranial bleeding, intraperitoneal bleeding, minor spontaneous hemorrhage, bleeding after major trauma, moderate skin bruising, or spontaneous hemorrhage into joints, muscles, internal organs or the brain. Additional reasons for on-demand treatment include the need for peri-operative management for surgery or dental extraction, major surgery, extensive oral surgery, urologic surgery, hernia surgery, orthopedic surgery such as replacement of knee, hip, or other major joint.

[0043] The term "treatment" or "treating" as used herein means amelioration or reduction of one or more symptoms of bleeding diseases or disorders including, but not limited to, hemophilia B. In one embodiment, "treatment of" or "treating" a bleeding disease or disorder includes prevention of one or more symptoms of a bleeding disease or disorder. In a bleeding disease or disorder caused by a FIX deficiency (e.g., a low baseline FIX activity), the term "treatment" or "treating" can mean FIX replacement therapy. By

administering a FIXFc polypeptide to a subject, the subject can achieve and/or maintain a plasma trough level of a FIX activity at about 1 IU/dl or above 1 IU/dl. In other embodiments, "treatment" or "treating" means reduction of the frequency of one or more symptoms of bleeding diseases or disorders, *e.g.*, spontaneous or uncontrollable bleeding episodes. "Treatment," however, need not be a cure.

[0044] The term "perioperative management" as used herein means use of a FIXFc polypeptide before, concurrently with, or after an operative procedure, *e.g.*, a surgical operation. The use for "perioperative management" of one or more bleeding episode includes surgical prophylaxis before (*i.e.*, preoperative), during (*i.e.*, intraoperative), or after (*i.e.*, postoperative) a surgery to prevent one or more bleeding or bleeding episode or reducing or inhibiting spontaneous and/or uncontrollable bleeding episodes before, during, and after a surgery.

[0045] Pharmacokinetic (PK) parameters include the terms above and the following terms, which have their ordinary meaning in the art, unless otherwise indicated. Some of the terms are explained in more detail in the Examples. PK parameters can be based on FIX antigen level (often denoted parenthetically herein as "antigen") or FIX activity level (often denoted parenthetically herein as "activity"). In the literature, PK parameters are often based on FIX activity level due to the presence in the plasma of some subjects of endogenous, inactive FIX, which interferes with the ability to measure administered (*i.e.*, exogenous) FIX using antibody against FIX. However, when FIX is administered as part of an Fc fusion protein as provided herein, administered (*i.e.*, exogenous) FIX antigen can be accurately measured using antibody to the heterologous polypeptide. In addition, certain PK parameters can be based on model predicted data (often denoted parenthetically herein as "model predicted") or on observed data (often denoted parenthetically herein as "observed"), and preferably are based on observed data.

[0046] "Baseline," as used herein, is the lowest measured plasma Factor IX level in a subject prior to administering a dose. The Factor IX plasma levels can be measured at two time points prior to dosing: at a screening visit and immediately prior to dosing. Alternatively, (a) the baseline in subjects whose pretreatment FIX activity is <1%, who have no detectable FIX antigen, and have nonsense genotypes can be defined as 0%, (b) the baseline for subjects with pretreatment FIX activity <1% and who have detectable FIX antigen can be set at 0.5%, (c) the baseline for subjects whose pretreatment FIX

activity is between 1 – 2% is Cmin (the lowest activity throughout the PK study), and (d) the baseline for subjects whose pretreatment FIX activity is $\geq 2\%$ can be set at 2%. Activity above the baseline pre-dosing can be considered residue drug from prior treatment, and can be decayed to baseline and subtracted from the PK data following rFIXFBP dosing.

[0047] "T_{1/2 β} ," or "T_{1/2 beta}" or "Beta HL," as used herein, is half-life associated with elimination phase, $t_{1/2\beta} = (\ln 2)/\text{elimination rate constant}$ associated with the terminal phase. The T_{1/2 beta} can be measured by FIX activity or by FIX antigen level in plasma. The T_{1/2 beta} based on activity is shown as T_{1/2 beta} (activity), and the T_{1/2 beta} based on the FIX antigen level can be shown as T_{1/2 beta} (antigen). Both T_{1/2 beta} (activity) and T_{1/2 beta} (antigen) can be shown as ranges or a geometric mean.

[0048] "Trough," as used herein, is the lowest plasma Factor IX activity level reached after administering a dose of chimeric polypeptide of the invention or another Factor IX molecule and before the next dose is administered, if any. Trough is used interchangeably herein with "threshold." Baseline Factor IX levels are subtracted from measured Factor IX levels to calculate the trough level.

[0049] The term "annualized bleeding rate" ("ABR") as used herein refers to the number of bleeding episodes (including spontaneous and traumatic bleeds) experienced by a subject during a defined time period, extrapolated to 1 year. For example two bleeds in six months would indicate an ABR of four. The median ABR provides a single number to describe all subjects, indicating that half of the subjects had individual ABRs less than or equal to the median and half had ABRs greater than or equal to the median.

[0050] "Subject," as used herein means a human. Subject as used herein includes an individual who is known to have at least one incidence of uncontrolled bleeding episodes, who has been diagnosed with a disease or disorder associated with uncontrolled bleeding episodes, *e.g.*, a bleeding disease or disorder, *e.g.*, hemophilia B, who are susceptible to uncontrolled bleeding episodes, *e.g.*, hemophilia, or any combinations thereof. Subjects can also include an individual who is in danger of one or more uncontrollable bleeding episodes prior to a certain activity, *e.g.*, a surgery, a sport activity, or any strenuous activities. The subject can have a baseline FIX activity less than 1%, less than 0.5%, less than 2%, less than 2.5%, less than 3%, or less than 4%. Subjects also include pediatric humans. Pediatric human subjects are birth to 20 years, preferably birth to 18 years, birth

to 16 years, birth to 15 years, birth to 12 years, birth to 11 years, birth to 6 years, birth to 5 years, birth to 2 years, and 2 to 11 years of age.

[0051] "Therapeutic dose," "dose," "effective dose," or "dosing amount" as used (interchangeably) herein, means a dose that achieves a plasma trough level of a FIX activity at least about 1 IU/dl or above 1 IU/dl in the subject administered with the FIXFc polypeptide. In one embodiment, the "dose" refers to the amount of the doses that a plasma trough level of a FIX activity is maintained at least about 1 IU/dl or above 1 IU/dl, at least about 2 IU/dl or above 2 IU/dl, at least about 3 IU/dl or above 3 IU/dl, at least about 4 IU/dl or above 4 IU/dl, or at least about 5 IU/dl or above 5 IU/dl throughout the administration of the FIXFc polypeptide. In another embodiment, an "effective dose" reduces or decreases frequency of bleeding or bleeding disorder. In other embodiments, an "effective dose" stops on-going, uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes. In still other embodiments, an "effective dose" prevents spontaneous bleeding or bleeding episodes in a subject susceptible to such spontaneous bleeding or bleeding episodes. A "therapeutic dose" need not cure hemophilia. Exemplary therapeutic doses of an rFIXFBP polypeptide in various bleeding situations are provided herein.

Factor IX-Fc Formulations

[0052] This disclosure provides formulations, or pharmaceutical compositions, comprising rFIXFBP. In certain formulations provided herein, rFIXFBP is formulated as a sterile, preservative-free, non-pyrogenic, lyophilized, white to off-white powder to cake, for intravenous (IV) administration. The formulation can be provided in a single-use vial. Certain exemplary formulations of rFIXFBP are also referred to as eftrenonacog alfa.

[0053] In certain embodiments, a rFIXFBP formulation is provided in a single-use vial manufactured to contain, following reconstitution with an appropriate amount of diluent, about 50 IU/ml, about 100 IU/ml, about 200 IU/ml, about 400 IU/ml, or about 600 IU/ml rFIXFBP. In certain embodiments in which diluent is added to a final volume of about 5 ml, a single-use vial can nominally contain about 250, about 500, about 1000, about 2000, or about 3000 International Units (IU) of rFIXFBP.

[0054] In certain embodiments, rFIXFBP is rFIXFc. In some embodiments, rFIXFc polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence at least 90%, 95%, or 100% identical to amino acids 1 to 642 of SEQ ID NO:2.

[0055] In certain embodiments the formulation includes, in addition to the active rFIXFBP: sucrose (which can act as a stabilizer or bulking agent), mannitol (which can act as a stabilizer or bulking agent), L-histidine (which can act as a buffer), and polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 (which can act as a stabilizer). The formulation is provided with a diluent comprising a sterile sodium chloride solution. In certain embodiments, the diluent is provided in a pre-filled syringe.

[0056] Accordingly, provided herein is a pharmaceutical composition comprising a specified amount of rFIXFBP (in IU), along with the excipients sucrose, mannitol, L-histidine, NaCl, and polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The compositions provided herein comprise various concentrations of the various excipients, and the concentrations can be expressed in various ways. For example, the concentration of a given excipient can be expressed as a molar concentration (e.g., M or mM) as a weight/volume percent, e.g., grams per 100 ml diluent), or as milligrams per milliliter (mg/ml). Formulations provided herein can contain specified amounts of the various excipients at a level of precision ranging from approximate, e.g., concentrations expressed only to one significant figure (e.g., about 0.1% (w/v)), or with more precision, e.g., out to 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 significant figures (e.g., about 3.88 mg/ml, with precision out to three significant figures). The necessary level of precision can vary depending on, e.g., the requirements of a given regulatory agency, or the manufacturing process. In certain embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises a reconstituted formulation, which can be provided as a lyophilizate, optionally accompanied by a diluent.

[0057] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 25 IU/ml to about 1200 IU/ml rFIXFBP, e.g., 50 IU/ml, 100 IU/ml, 200 IU/ml, 400 IU/ml, or 600 IU/ml of rFIXFBP. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises 50 IU/ml, 100 IU/ml, 200 IU/ml, or 400 IU/ml of rFIXFBP in a formulation comprising about 3.88 mg/ml or about 25 mM L-histidine, about 23.8 mg/ml or about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol, about 11.9 mg/ml or about 1.2% (w/v) sucrose, about 0.10 mg/ml or about 0.010% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80, and about 3.25 mg/ml or about 55.6 mM NaCl.

[0058] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises 600 IU/ml of rFIXFBP in a formulation comprising about 5.43 mg/ml or about 35 mM L-histidine, about 33.3 mg/ml or about 3.3% (w/v) mannitol, about 16.7 mg/ml or about 1.7% (w/v)

sucrose, about 0.14 mg/ml or about 0.014% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80, and about 3.25 mg/ml or about 55.6 mM NaCl.

[0059] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of sucrose. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 1% (w/v) to about 2% (w/v) sucrose, *e.g.*, about 1.2% (w/v) sucrose or about 1.7% (w/v) sucrose. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 10 mg/ml to about 20 mg/ml sucrose, *e.g.*, about 11.9 mg/ml sucrose or about 16.7 mg/ml sucrose.

[0060] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of mannitol. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 2% (w/v) to about 4% (w/v) mannitol, *e.g.*, about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol or about 3.3 % (w/v) mannitol. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 20 mg/ml to about 40 mg/ml mannitol, *e.g.*, about 23.8 mg/ml mannitol or about 33.3 mg/ml mannitol.

[0061] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises pharmaceutically acceptable amounts of both sucrose and mannitol. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 1.0% to about 2.0% sucrose and about 2.0% (w/v) to about 4.0% (w/v) mannitol, *e.g.*, about 1.2% (w/v) sucrose and about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol or about 1.7% (w/v) sucrose and about 3.3% (w/v) mannitol. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises about 10 mg/ml to about 20 mg/ml sucrose and about 20 mg/ml to about 40 mg/ml mannitol, *e.g.*, about 11.9 mg/ml sucrose and about 23.8 mg/ml mannitol or about 16.7 mg/ml sucrose and about 33.3 mg/ml mannitol. In certain embodiments, sucrose and mannitol are provided as part of a lyophilizate, which, upon reconstitution with an appropriate amount of diluent provides sucrose and mannitol at the desired concentration.

[0062] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl, *e.g.*, about 55.6 mM NaCl. In certain related embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl, *e.g.*, about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl. In certain embodiments, NaCl is provided at the desired concentration in a diluent solution in which a lyophilizate comprising rFIXFBP is reconstituted.

[0063] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of L-histidine. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine, *e.g.*, about 25 mM L-histidine or about 35 mM L-histidine. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine, *e.g.*, about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine or about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine. In certain embodiments, L-histidine is provided as part of a lyophilizate, which, upon reconstitution with an appropriate amount of diluent provides L-histidine at the desired concentration.

[0064] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable amount of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.020% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80, *e.g.*, about 0.010% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 or about 0.014 % (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In certain related embodiments the pharmaceutical composition comprises between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.2 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80, *e.g.*, about 0.10% mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 or about 0.14 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In certain embodiments, polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 is provided as part of a lyophilizate, which, upon reconstitution with an appropriate amount of diluent provides polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80 at the desired concentration.

[0065] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises: between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; between about 1% (w/v) and about 2% (w/v) of sucrose; between about 2% (w/v) and about 4% (w/v) of mannitol; between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl; between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine; and between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.015% of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In certain embodiments the pharmaceutical composition is provided as a lyophilizate and a diluent. In certain embodiments the amount of lyophilizate provides about 5 ml of a pharmaceutical composition with the desired ingredients at the desired concentrations.

[0066] In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition comprises: between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; between about 10 mg/ml and about 20 mg/ml of sucrose; between about 20 mg/ml and about 40 mg/ml of

mannitol; between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl; between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine; and between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.15 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. In certain embodiments the pharmaceutical composition is provided as a lyophilizate and a diluent. In certain embodiments the amount of lyophilizate provides about 5 ml of a pharmaceutical composition with the desired ingredients at the desired concentrations.

[0067] Exemplary compositions are provided in Table 1 and in Table 2 in the Examples.

[0068] For example, the disclosure provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; about 55.6 mM NaCl; about 25 mM L-histidine; and about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; about 55.6 mM NaCl; about 25 mM L-histidine; and about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; about 55.6 mM NaCl; about 25 mM L-histidine; and about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; about 55.6 mM NaCl; about 25 mM L-histidine; and about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose; about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol; about 55.6 mM NaCl; about 35 mM L-histidine; and about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0069] The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 200 IU/ml of a

rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80. The disclosure further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising: about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose; about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol; about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0070] This disclosure also provides the components of a pharmaceutical kit. Such a kit includes one or more containers and optional attachments. A kit as provided herein facilitates administration of an effective amount of rFIXFBP to a subject in need thereof. In certain embodiments, the kit facilitates administration of rFIXFBP via intravenous infusion. In certain embodiments, the kit facilitates self-administration of rFIXFBP via intravenous infusion.

[0071] In certain embodiments, the disclosure provides a pharmaceutical kit comprising: a first container comprising a lyophilized powder or cake, where the powder or cake comprises: (i) a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) sucrose; (iii) mannitol; (iv) L-histidine; and (v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising a 0.325% (w/v) NaCl diluent solution to be combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container. In certain embodiments, sufficient diluent is provided to produce about 5 ml of a rFIXFBP formulation with desired properties as disclosed herein. In certain embodiments, the second container is a pre-filled syringe associated with a plunger, to allow addition of the diluent to the first container, reconstitution of the contents of the first container, and transfer back into the syringe. In certain embodiments, the kit further provides an adaptor for attaching the syringe to the first container. In certain embodiments the kit further provides a needle and infusion tubing, to be attached to the syringe containing the reconstituted rFIXFBP formulation to allow IV infusion of the formulation.

[0072] In certain embodiments rFIXFBP is provided in a total amount from about 200 IU to about 4000 IU, *e.g.*, about 250 IU, about 500 IU, about 1000 IU, about 2000 IU, or about 3000 IU.

[0073] In one embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises (i) about 250 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0074] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 500 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0075] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 1000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0076] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 2000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume

sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0077] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 3000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 83.3 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 167 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 27.2 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.7 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose; (iii) about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol; (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl; (v) about 35 mM L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0078] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 250 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine, and (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0079] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 500 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0080] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 1000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0081] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 2000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose; (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol; (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0082] In a further embodiment, a pharmaceutical kit is provided which comprises a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises: (i) about 3000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide, (ii) about 83.3 mg of sucrose; (iii) about 167 mg of mannitol; (iv) about 27.2 mg of L-histidine; and (v) about 0.7 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising: (i) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide; (ii) about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose; (iii) about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol; (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl; (v) about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and (vi) about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

[0083] In certain embodiments the first container of a pharmaceutical kit provided herein is a glass vial comprising a rubber stopper. In certain embodiments, the second container of a pharmaceutical kit provided herein is a syringe body, associated with a plunger. In certain embodiments, the syringe is a pre-filled syringe containing the diluent. In certain embodiments, a pharmaceutical kit provided herein further comprises an adaptor to

connect the glass vial to the syringe body. In certain embodiments a pharmaceutical kit provided herein further comprises infusion tubing associated with a needle to be connected to the syringe, suitable for intravenous infusion.

[0084] In certain embodiments, a desired dose of rFIXFBP can be achieved through the use of one pharmaceutical kit as provided herein. In certain embodiments, more than one pharmaceutical kit can be used to achieve a desired dose. Provided herein is a method of combining, or pooling the formulations contained in two or more pharmaceutical kits as provided herein in order to achieve a desired dose.

Methods of Administering

[0085] The present invention provides methods of administering a 1 rFIXFBP polypeptide to a human subject in need thereof, comprising administering to the subject a specified or calculated dose of a rFIXFBP polypeptide at a specified or calculated dosing interval. Administration of the rFIXFBP polypeptide is a replacement therapy by adding a recombinant FIX to a subject with FIX deficiency. Administration of the rFIXFBP polypeptide can reduce or prevent a number of bleeding or bleeding episodes in the subject.

[0086] rFIXFBP is long-acting anti-hemophilic factor (recombinant) indicated in adults and children (≥ 12 years) with hemophilia B (congenital Factor IX deficiency) for, e.g., control and prevention of bleeding episodes, routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes, and perioperative management (surgical prophylaxis).

[0087] A subject as used herein is a human subject in need of control or prevention of bleeding or bleeding episodes. The subject can be bleeding at the time of administration or be expected to be bleeding, or can be susceptible to bleeding in minor hemorrhage, hemarthroses, superficial muscle hemorrhage, soft tissue hemorrhage, moderate hemorrhage, intramuscle or soft tissue hemorrhage with dissection, mucous membrane hemorrhage, hematuria, major hemorrhage, hemorrhage of the pharynx, hemorrhage of the retropharynx, hemorrhage of the retroperitoneum, hemorrhage of the central nervous system, bruises, cuts, scrapes, joint hemorrhage, nose bleed, mouth bleed, gum bleed, intracranial bleeding, intraperitoneal bleeding, minor spontaneous hemorrhage, bleeding after major trauma, moderate skin bruising, or spontaneous hemorrhage into joints, muscles, internal organs or the brain. Such subjects also include those in need of perioperative management, such as management of bleeding associated with surgery or dental

extraction. In one embodiment, the subject is in need of prophylaxis of one or more bleeding episodes. In another embodiment, the subject is in need of individualized interval prophylaxis. In other embodiments, the subject is in need of on-demand treatment of one or more bleeding episodes. In still other embodiments, the subject is in need of perioperative management of one or more bleeding episodes.

[0088] Provided herein are optimized and/or appropriate dosing amounts and dosing intervals for use with the formulations, pharmaceutical compositions, and/or one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein that can treat or prevent one or more bleeding episodes. Administration of the appropriate dosing amount for the dosing interval can achieve a plasma trough level of a FIX activity at least about 1 IU/dl or above 1 IU/dl during the interval in a subject administered with a rFIXFBP polypeptide. In one embodiment, the invention includes a dosing amount (or ranges of the dosing amount) and a dosing interval (or ranges of the dosing interval) that can maintain a plasma trough level of a FIX activity at least about 1 IU/dl (1%) or above 1 IU/dl (1%), at least about 2 IU/dl (2%) or above 2 IU/dl (2%), at least about 3 IU/dl (3%) or above 3 IU/dl (3%), at least about 4 IU/dl (4%) or above 4 IU/dl (4%), or at least about 5 IU/dl (5%) or above 5 IU/dl (5%) throughout the interval. In another embodiment, a dosing amount (or ranges of the dosing amount) and a dosing interval (or ranges of the dosing interval) that reduces or decreases frequency of bleeding or bleeding disorder.

[0089] In certain embodiments, the desired trough level of FIX activity is achieved through prophylactic treatment of rFIXFBP by a fixed dose at a fixed interval, a fixed dose at an individualized interval, an individualized dose at a fixed interval, or an individualized dose at an individualized interval.

[0090] In certain embodiments, the desired trough level of FIX activity is achieved through prophylactic administration of a fixed amount of rFIXFBP at a fixed interval. For example, rFIXFBP can be administered in an amount of about 50 IU/kg at an interval of about one week (e.g., every seven days), or rFIXFBP can be administered in an amount of about 100 IU/kg at an interval of about 10 days to about 14 days. In certain embodiments the subject's trough levels of FIX activity can be measured during a fixed dose and fixed interval schedule, and the dose and/or interval can be adjusted to achieve a desired trough level. In certain embodiments the average individualized weekly dose in a group of hemophilia B subjects is between about 30 IU/Kg and about 60 IU/kg, e.g., about 32

IU/kg and about 54 IU/kg, *e.g.*, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 56, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, or 54 IU/kg, *e.g.*, about 41 IU/kg. In certain embodiments the average individuals dosing interval for administration of 100 IU/kg is between about 10 days and about 14 days, *e.g.*, 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, or 14 days, *e.g.*, about 13 days.

[0091] In certain embodiments, prophylactic administration of rFIXFBP can reduce the subject's annualized bleeding rate (ABR) by at least 70% over the average annualized bleeding rate in subjects treated by an episodic (on demand) protocol.

[0092] In certain embodiments where a hemophilia B subject is treated prophylactically via a fixed dose at a fixed interval, *e.g.*, 50 IU/kg once weekly or 100 IU/kg once every 10 days, 11 days, 12 days, 13 days, or 14 days.

[0093] In certain embodiments where a hemophilia B subject is treated prophylactically via an individualized dose at a fixed interval, *e.g.*, *e.g.*, between about 30 IU/Kg and about 60 IU/kg once weekly, *e.g.*, about 32 IU/kg and about 54 IU/kg once weekly, *e.g.*, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 56, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, or 54 IU/kg once weekly, *e.g.*, about 41 IU/kg once weekly, the subject's ABR is reduced, relative to the average ABR upon episodic or on demand treatment, by between about 70% and about 90%, *e.g.*, the ABR is reduced by between about 76% and about 89%, *e.g.*, the ABR is reduced by about 70%, about 75%, about 76%, about 77%, about 78%, about 79%, about 80%, about 81%, about 82%, about 83%, about 84%, about 85%, about 86%, about 87%, about 88%, about 89%, or about 90%, *e.g.*, the ABR is reduced by about 83%.

[0094] In certain embodiments where a hemophilia B subject is treated prophylactically via a fixed dose at an individualized interval, *e.g.*, about 100 IU/kg administered between about every 10 days and about every 14 days, *e.g.*, every 10 days, every 11 days, every 12 days, every 13 days, or every 14 days, *e.g.*, or about every 13 days, the subject's ABR is reduced, relative to the average ABR upon episodic or on demand treatment, by between about 80% and about 95%, *e.g.*, *e.g.*, the ABR is reduced by between about 80% and about 92 %, *e.g.*, the ABR is reduced by about 80%, about 81%, about 82%, about 83%, about 84%, about 85%, about 86%, about 87%, about 88%, about 89%, about 90%, about 91%, about 92%, about 93%, about 94%, or about 95%, *e.g.*, about 87%.

[0095] In certain embodiments, prophylactic treatment of a hemophilia B subject with rFIXFBP by a fixed dose at a fixed interval, a fixed dose at an individualized interval, an individualized dose at a fixed interval, or an individualized dose at an individualized interval can achieve an ABR of less than 1, less than two, less than three, less than 4, or less than 5 bleeding episodes per year, *e.g.*, between about 1 and about 5 bleeding episodes per year.

[0096] In other embodiments, the dosing amount (or ranges of the dosing amount) and the dosing interval (or ranges of the dosing interval) of a rFIXFBP polypeptide stops ongoing, uncontrollable bleeding or bleeding episodes in a subject administered with the dosing amount during the dosing interval. In still other embodiments, the dosing amount (or ranges of the dosing amount) and the dosing interval (or ranges of the dosing interval) of a rFIXFBP polypeptide prevents spontaneous bleeding or bleeding episodes in a subject susceptible to such spontaneous bleeding or bleeding episodes. Various dosing amounts and dosing intervals are described in International Appl. No. PCT/US2011/043569 filed July 11, 2011 and published as WO 2012/006624 on January 12, 2012, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

[0097] In one aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at an initial dose of about 50 IU/kg, administered about once per week, *e.g.*, about once every seven days, which can include, *e.g.*, every 6, 7, or 8 days. According to this aspect, the administration can prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes in the subject. In a further aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg, administered once every 10 to 14 days, *e.g.*, about once every 10, 11, 12, 13, or 14 days. According to this aspect, the administration can prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes in the subject. As a further aspect of either of these methods, the prophylactic dose amount or dose frequency can be subsequently adjusted based on the subject's response, measured *e.g.*, by the one stage clotting assay (activated partial

thromboplastin time; aPTT), the thrombin generation time assay (TGA), or rotational thromboelastometry assay (ROTEM®). Those of ordinary skill in the art, *e.g.*, physicians treating hemophilia B subjects can easily envision how, and to what degree a subject's dose or dose frequency should be adjusted in order to proactively prevent and/or reduce bleeding episodes in the subject.

[0098] In one aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a minor to moderate bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at an initial dose of about 30 IU/kg to about 60 IU/kg, *e.g.*, 30 IU/kg, 40 IU/kg, 50 IU/kg, or 60 IU/kg. According to this aspect, the administration can control, alleviate, or reverse the bleeding episode. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses, with the first additional dose administered in about 48 hours, and subsequent doses administered every 48 hours, if the subject exhibits further evidence of bleeding. Administration can continue according to this aspect until the bleeding episode has subsided. A person of ordinary skill in the art, *e.g.*, a physician treating hemophilia B subjects can determine the initial dose based on the severity of the bleeding episode, the subject's response, and by the level of FIX activity in the subject's blood.

[0099] In one aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a major bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg. According to this aspect, the administration can control, alleviate, or reverse the bleeding episode. The method can further comprise administering an additional dose of about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if the bleeding episode continues. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses of about 80 IU/kg about every 24 hours for three days if the bleeding episode continues. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses of 80 IU/kg every 48 hours until the bleeding episode is controlled. Administration can continue according to this aspect until the bleeding episode has subsided.

[0100] In one aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a subject undergoing minor surgery, *e.g.*, an uncomplicated dental extraction, a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at a dose of about 50 IU/kg to about 80 IU/kg, *e.g.*, 50 IU/kg, 60 IU/kg, 70 IU/kg, or 80 IU/kg, to be administered perioperatively, *i.e.*, before, concurrently with, or after an minor operative procedure. According to this aspect, the administration can control bleeding in the subject during and after surgery. The method can further comprise administering an additional dose of about 50 IU/kg to about 80 IU/kg at about 24 to about 48 hours after surgery if needed to control post-operative bleeding.

[0101] In one aspect, this disclosure provides a method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a subject undergoing major surgery a pharmaceutical composition as disclosed herein, *e.g.*, reconstituted from one or more pharmaceutical kits provided herein, at a dose of about 100 IU/kg administered perioperatively, *i.e.*, before, concurrently with, or after a major operative procedure. According to this aspect, the administration can control bleeding in the subject during and after surgery. Major surgeries can include without limitation, total knee replacement, an arthroscopic procedure, *e.g.*, an arthroscopic ankle fusion, a close of a rectal fistula, an external fixation of a knee, a tendon transfer, incision and drainage of a dental abscess with extractions, incision and drainage of a pilonidal cyst, debridement, partial amputation, or amputation of a finger. The method can further comprise administering an additional dose of about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if needed to control post-operative bleeding. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses of about 80 IU/kg about every 24 hours for three days if the bleeding episode continues. The method can further comprise administering one or more additional doses of 80 IU/kg every 48 hours until the bleeding episode is controlled. Administration can continue according to this aspect until the bleeding episode has subsided.

[0102] In one aspect, this disclosure provides pharmacokinetic parameters of the pharmaceutical composition provided herein, in comparison with commercially-available rFIX (a polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX, *e.g.*, BENEFIX[®]).

[0103] In one embodiment the pharmaceutical composition provided herein has a mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) of about 70 hours to about 95 hours, *e.g.*, a mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) of about 82 hours following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition provided herein, administered as a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP, has a mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) is at least about 2-fold to about 3-fold higher than BENEFIX[®], *e.g.*, the mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) is about 2.4-fold higher than BENEFIX[®], following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg BENEFIX[®].

[0104] In one embodiment the pharmaceutical composition provided herein has a mean C_{max} of about 30 IU/dL to about 50 IU/dL, *e.g.*, about 40.8 IU/dL, following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP. In one embodiment the pharmaceutical composition provided herein has a mean area under the curve per dose (AUC/Dose) of about 27 IU*h/dL per IU/kg to about 35 IU*h/dL per IU/kg, *e.g.*, about 31.32 IU*h/dL per IU/kg, following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP. In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical composition provided herein, administered as a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP, has a mean AUC/Dose at least about 1.8-fold to about 2.1-fold, *e.g.*, about 1.99-fold higher than BENEFIX[®], following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg BENEFIX[®].

[0105] In certain embodiments of the invention, the method of the invention further comprises measuring a baseline FIX activity of a subject prior to the initial administration of a rFIXFBP polypeptide. Measuring of a baseline FIX activity can employ any known clotting assays in the art, *e.g.*, one step aPTT assay, two step chromogenic assay, ROTEM, TGA, or etc.

[0106] In some embodiments, the method of the invention further comprises measuring a $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) or $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (antigen) of the rFIXFBP polypeptide in the subject after administration of a rFIXFBP polypeptide.

[0107] Having now described the present invention in detail, the same will be more clearly understood by reference to the following examples, which are included herewith for purposes of illustration only and are not intended to be limiting of the invention. All patents and publications referred to herein are expressly incorporated by reference.

EXAMPLES

Example 1. Product Description

[0108] rFIXFc is a long-acting, fully recombinant fusion protein consisting of human coagulation Factor IX (FIX) covalently linked to the Fc domain of human immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1). The Factor IX portion of rFIXFc has a primary amino acid sequence that is identical to the Thr¹⁴⁸ allelic form of plasma derived Factor IX and has structural and functional characteristics similar to endogenous Factor IX. The Fc domain of rFIXFc contains the hinge, CH2 and CH3 regions of IgG1. rFIXFc contains 869 amino acids with a molecular weight of approximately 98 kilodaltons.

[0109] rFIXFc is produced by recombinant DNA technology in a human embryonic kidney (HEK) cell line, which has been extensively characterized. The cell line expresses rFIXFc into a defined cell culture medium that does not contain any proteins derived from animal or human sources. rFIXFc is purified by a series of chromatography steps that does not require use of a monoclonal antibody. The process includes multiple viral clearance steps including 15nm virus-retaining nano-filtration. No human or animal additives are used in the cell culture, purification, and formulation processes.

[0110] rFIXFc is in the pharmacotherapeutic group: antihemorrhagics, B02BD04. It is provided as a sterile, preservative-free, non-pyrogenic, lyophilized, white to off-white powder to cake, for intravenous (IV) administration in a single-use vial, accompanied by a liquid diluent in a pre-filled syringe. In addition to rFIXFc, the pharmaceutical composition comprises in the lyophilizate Sucrose, L-Histidine, Mannitol, and Polysorbate 20, and comprising in a sterile solvent Sodium Chloride Solution (0.325%). Each single-use vial contains nominally 250, 500, 1000, 2000, or 3000 International Units (IU) of rFIXFc. When reconstituted with provided diluent, the product contains the following excipients: sucrose, sodium chloride, L-histidine, mannitol, and polysorbate 20, at the concentrations shown in Table 1 or Table 2 below. The pharmaceutical composition is formulated for intravenous administration only after reconstitution.

[0111] Each pack contains a powder vial (type 1 glass) with a stopper (butyl) and a flip-off seal (aluminum), 5 ml solvent in a pre-filled syringe (type 1 glass) with a plunger stopper (butyl), a tip-cap (butyl), and a sterile vial adapter reconstitution device.

TABLE 1: rFIXFc Formulations

rFIXFc IU/ml*	% (w/v) Sucrose	% (w/v) Mannitol	NaCl (mM)	L-histidine (mM)	% (w/v) Polysorbate- 20
50 IU/ml	1.2	2.4	55.6	25	0.010
100 IU/ml	1.2	2.4	55.6	25	0.010
200 IU/ml	1.2	2.4	55.6	25	0.010
400 IU/ml	1.2	2.4	55.6	25	0.010
600 IU/ml	1.7	3.3	55.6	35	0.014

TABLE 2: rFIXFc Formulations

Component	Concentration				
	250 IU/vial	500 IU/vial	1000 IU/vial	2000 IU/vial	3000 IU/vial
rFIXFc*	50 IU/mL	100 IU/mL	200 IU/mL	400 IU/mL	600 IU/mL
L-Histidine	3.88 mg/mL	3.88 mg/mL	3.88 mg/mL	3.88 mg/mL	5.43 mg/mL
Mannitol	23.8 mg/mL	23.8 mg/mL	23.8 mg/mL	23.8 mg/mL	33.3 mg/mL
Sucrose	11.9 mg/mL	11.9 mg/mL	11.9 mg/mL	11.9 mg/mL	16.7 mg/mL
Polysorbate 20	0.10 mg/mL	0.10 mg/mL	0.10 mg/mL	0.10 mg/mL	0.14 mg/mL
NaCl	3.25 mg/mL	3.25 mg/mL	3.25 mg/mL	3.25 mg/mL	3.25 mg/mL
Water for Injection			5 mL		

*The potency (IU) is determined using One Stage Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time (aPTT) as per Ph.Eur 2.7.11 and USP <32> against an in-house standard that is referenced to the WHO concentrate standard. The specific activity of rFIXFc is \geq 55 IU/mg protein.

Example 2: Method of Formulation

[0112] The rFIXFc drug product is a sterile lyophilized powder for injection intended for intravenous administration. It is supplied in aseptically filled single use vials which contain nominally 250, 500, 1000, 2000, and 3000 IU per vial. The vials are 10 mL USP/Ph. Eur. Type 1 glass vials sealed with a 20 mm Teflon-coated butyl rubber lyophilization stopper and aluminum flip-off crimp seal. Prior to lyophilization, the nominal fill volume target for 250 through 2000 IU vials is 5 mL and 7 mL for the 3000 IU vial. The composition of the formulation excipients prior to lyophilization is the same for all dosage strengths. The powder for injection is reconstituted with 5 mL of diluent comprising 0.325% (w/v) sodium chloride supplied in a sterile prefilled syringe.

[0113] The compositions of the drug product solutions prior to lyophilization are presented in Table 3. and composition of the lyophilized powders are presented in Table 4. The compositions of the drug products following reconstitution are presented in Table 1 or in Table 2. (Example 1).

Table 3: rFIXFc Powder for Injection Composition Per mL Prior to Lyophilization

Component	Function	Quantity ⁱ⁾				
		250 IU Vial	500 IU Vial	1000 IU Vial	2000 IU Vial	3000 IU vial
rFIXFc	Active ingredient	50 IU	100 IU	200 IU	400 IU	429 IU
L-Histidine ⁱⁱ⁾	Buffer	3.88 mg	3.88 mg	3.88 mg	3.88 mg	3.88 mg
D-Mannitol	Bulking agent	23.8 mg	23.8 mg	23.8 mg	23.8 mg	23.8 mg
Sucrose	Stabilizer	11.9 mg	11.9 mg	11.9 mg	11.9 mg	11.9 mg
Polysorbate 20	Stabilizer	0.10 mg	0.10 mg	0.10 mg	0.10 mg	0.10 mg
Water for Injection	Solvent	QS to 1 mL				

ⁱ⁾ Amounts are nominal.

ⁱⁱ⁾ Small amounts of Hydrochloric Acid and/or Sodium Hydroxide are added during compounding to adjust the pH to 7.1.

Table 4: Nominal rFIXFc Powder for Injection Composition Per Vial

Component	Function	Quantity ⁱⁱ⁾				
		250 IU Vial	500 IU Vial	1000 IU Vial	2000 IU Vial	3000 IU Vial
rFIXFc	Active ingredient	250 IU	500 IU	1000 IU	2000 IU	3000 IU
L-Histidine ⁱⁱ⁾	Buffer	19.4 mg	19.4 mg	19.4 mg	19.4 mg	27.2 mg
Mannitol	Stabilizer/bulking agent	119 mg	119 mg	119 mg	119 mg	167 mg
Sucrose	Stabilizer/bulking agent	59.5 mg	59.5 mg	59.5 mg	59.5 mg	83.3 mg
Polysorbate 20	Stabilizer	0.5 mg	0.5 mg	0.5 mg	0.5 mg	0.7 mg

[0114] Administration can be carried out by attaching the syringe to a standard IV-infusion tubing/needle set, and delivering the rFIXFc intravenously by standard methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Example 3: Dosage and Method of Administration/ Method of Calculating Initial Estimated Dose

[0115] rFIXFc is long-acting anti-hemophilic factor (recombinant) indicated in adults and children (≥ 12 years) with hemophilia B (congenital Factor IX deficiency) for, *e.g.*, control and prevention of bleeding episodes, routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes, and perioperative management (surgical prophylaxis).

[0116] Dosing of rFIXFc, formulated as described in Example 1, can be estimated as described in this example, but can also be determined by standard tests such as FIX activity assays described elsewhere herein.

[0117] 1 IU of rFIXFc per kg body weight is expected to increase the circulating level of Factor IX by 1% [IU/dL]. rFIXFc has been shown to have a prolonged circulating half-life.

[0118] No dose adjustment for recovery is generally required. Since subjects may vary in their pharmacokinetic (*e.g.*, half-life, *in vivo* recovery) and clinical responses to rFIXFc, the expected *in vivo* peak increase in Factor IX level expressed as IU/dL (or % of normal) or the required dose can be estimated using the following formulas:

IU/dL (or % of normal) = [Total Dose (IU)/body weight (kg)] x recovery (IU/dL per IU/kg)

OR

Dose (IU) = body weight (kg) x Desired Factor IX Rise (IU/dL or % of normal) x reciprocal of recovery (IU/kg per IU/dL)

[0119] The following table (Table 5) can be used to guide dosing in bleeding episodes:

Table 5: Guide to rFIXFc Dosing for Treatment of Bleeding

Severity of Bleed	Factor IX Level Required (IU/dL or % of normal)	Dose (IU/kg)/Frequency of Doses (hrs)
Minor and Moderate For example: joint, superficial muscle/no neurovascular compromise (except iliopsoas), superficial soft tissue, mucous membranes	30-60	30-60 IU/kg Repeat every 48 hours if there is further evidence of bleeding
Major For example: iliopsoas and deep muscle with neurovascular injury, or substantial blood loss, retroperitoneum, CNS	80-120	For repeat dosing, follow guidelines for major surgery [<i>see Table 6</i>]

Adapted from: Roberts and Eberst, WFH 2008, and WFH 2012

[0120] Subsequent dosage and duration of treatment depends on the individual clinical response, the severity of the Factor IX deficiency, and the location and extent of bleeding (see pharmacokinetics in Example5 below).

[0121] The following table (Table 6) can be used to guide dosing for and perioperative management (surgical prophylaxis):

Table 6: Guide to rFIXFc Dosing for Perioperative Management (Surgical Prophylaxis)*

Type of Surgery	Initial Factor IX Level Required (IU/dL or % of normal)	Dose (IU/kg)/Frequency of Doses (hrs)
Minor Minor operations including uncomplicated dental extraction	50 to 80	50-80 IU/kg A single infusion may be sufficient. Repeat as needed after 24-48 hours.
Major	60 to 120 (initial level) Days 1-3: maintain level 40-60% Days 4-6: maintain level 30-50% Days 7-14: maintain level 20-40%	100 IU/kg (initial dose) A repeat dose at 80 IU/kg should be considered after 6-10 hours and then every 24 hours for the first 3 days. Based on the long half-life of rFIXFc, the dose may be reduced and frequency of dosing in the post-surgical setting may be extended after day 3 to every 48 hours.

Adapted from: Roberts and Eberst, WFH 2008, and WFH 2012

* See *Pharmacokinetics* (Example 5 below)

[0122] For routine prophylaxis, The recommended starting regimens are either: 50 IU/kg once weekly, or 100 IU/kg once every 10-14 days. Either regimen can be adjusted based on subject response (see *Pharmacokinetics* , Example 5 below).

[0123] rFIXFc is contraindicated in subjects who have manifested severe hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, to the product or its components.

[0124] The clinical response to rFIXFc may vary. If bleeding is not controlled with the recommended dose, the plasma level of Factor IX can be determined, and a sufficient dose of rFIXFc can be administered to achieve a satisfactory clinical response. If the subject's plasma Factor IX level fails to increase as expected or if bleeding is not controlled after rFIXFc administration, the subject's plasma can be tested for the presence of an inhibitor, *e.g.*, neutralizing antibodies. Subjects using rFIXFc can be monitored for the development of Factor IX inhibitors by appropriate clinical observations and laboratory tests known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

[0125] Subject's plasma can be monitored for Factor IX activity levels by performing, e.g., the one-stage clotting assay to confirm adequate Factor IX levels have been achieved and maintained, when clinically indicated. Subject's plasma can further be monitored for the development of Factor IX inhibitors.

Example 4: B-LONG Study Design

[0126] Design is Global, open-label, multicenter, Phase 3 study

[0127] Objectives is to evaluate the efficacy and safety of intravenously-injected recombinant Factor IX Fc fusion protein (rFIXFc) in the control and prevention of bleeding episodes, routine prophylaxis, and perioperative management in individuals with severe hemophilia B.

[0128] Key inclusion criteria (a) male, (b) older than 12 years of age, (c) having diagnosis of severe hemophilia B defined as $\leq 2\%$ (≤ 2 IU/dL FIX:C) endogenous Factor IX activity, and (d) having history of ≥ 100 prior documented exposure days with any currently marketed FIX product.

[0129] Treatment arms include Arm 1 (weekly prophylaxis), Arm 2 (individualized interval prophylaxis), Arm 3 (episodic [on-demand] treatment), and Arm 4 (perioperative management).

[0130] Under Arm 1 (weekly prophylaxis), subjects were treated weekly with an initial dose of 50 IU/kg, which was subsequently adjusted to maintain trough factor levels sufficient to prevent bleeding.

[0131] Under Arm 2 (individualized interval prophylaxis), subjects were treated with 100 IU/kg, at an initial interval of 10 days, which was subsequently adjusted to maintain trough factor levels sufficient to prevent bleeding.

[0132] Under Arm 3 (episodic [on-demand] treatment), subjects received rFIXFc episodic treatment as needed for bleeding.

[0133] Under Arm 4 (perioperative management), rFIXFc was administered prior to and following major surgery; subjects were allowed to enroll directly into the surgery arm, and then move into one of the treatment arms (Arm 1, Arm 2, or Arm 3) post-surgery; or to move into the surgery arm from another arm during the perioperative period if they required a surgery during the study.

[0134] For PK Assessment, all subjects in all arms had an initial PK assessment after their first dose of rFIXFc. A subset of subjects from Arm 1 were assigned to a protocol-specified sequential PK subgroup to compare the PK of rFIXFc with recombinant Factor IX (rFIX, BENEFIX[®]) as follows: (1) prior to treatment in Arm 1, PK was assessed after a single dose of BENEFIX[®] 50 IU/kg. PK was then assessed in these same subjects after a single dose of rFIXFc 50 IU/kg; and (2) PK of rFIXFc was repeated at Week 26. Key efficacy outcome measures include (1) annualized bleeding rate (ABR) in Arms 1, 2, and 3 ((i) weekly prophylaxis arm compared with the episodic treatment arm, and (ii) individualized interval prophylaxis arm compared with the episodic treatment arm); (2) number of injections required to stop a bleeding episode; and (3) treating physicians' assessments of subjects' response to surgery with rFIXFc using a 4-point scale.

[0135] Pharmacokinetic (PK) outcome measures include PK of rFIXFc and recombinant Factor IX (rFIX, BENEFIX[®]).

[0136] Key safety outcome measures include (a) incidence of inhibitor development and (b) incidence of adverse events (AEs) occurring outside of the perioperative management arm (Arms 1, 2, and 3 but not 4)

B-LONG Results

Subjects

[0137] The safety, efficacy and pharmacokinetics of rFIXFc was evaluated in a multicenter, open-label, prospective study that compared the efficacy of each of 2 prophylactic treatment regimens to episodic (on-demand) treatment; determined hemostatic efficacy in the treatment of bleeding episodes; and determined hemostatic efficacy during perioperative management of subjects undergoing major surgical procedures. A total of 123 previously treated subjects (PTPs) aged 12-71 with severe hemophilia B ($\leq 2\%$ endogenous FIX activity) were followed for up to 77 weeks. 93.5% of subjects completed the study, with 115 subjects treated at least 26 weeks and 56 subjects treated for at least 52 weeks.

[0138] Sixty-three (63) subjects in the fixed weekly interval arm received rFIXFc for routine prophylaxis starting at an initial dose of 50 IU/kg. The dose was adjusted to maintain trough between 1 and 3% above baseline or higher as clinically indicated to prevent bleeding. The median weekly dose during the last 6 months on study in 58

subjects who were on study for at least 9 months was 40.7 IU/Kg (interquartile range, 32.3, 54.1).

[0139] Twenty-nine (29) subjects in the individualized interval arm received rFIXFc for routine prophylaxis at a dose of 100 IU/kg every 10 days, with the interval adjusted to maintain trough between 1 and 3% above baseline or higher as clinically indicated to prevent bleeding. The median interval during the last 6 months in 26 subjects who were on study for at least 9 months was 13.8 days (interquartile range, 10.5, 14.0).

[0140] Twenty-seven (27) subjects received rFIXFc as needed for the treatment of bleeding episodes in the episodic (on-demand) treatment arm.

[0141] Twelve (12) subjects received rFIXFc for perioperative management in 14 major surgical procedures. Four subjects did not participate in the other arms.

Efficacy in Routine Prophylaxis

[0142] There was a reduction in annualized bleed rate (ABR) of 83% (76% to 89%) for subjects in the fixed weekly interval arm and a reduction of 87% (80% to 92%) for subjects in the individualized interval arm compared to the episodic (on-demand) treatment arm based on a negative binomial model.

[0143] The median duration of treatment on study was 51.4 weeks (range <1-77). A comparison of the ABRs in subjects evaluable for efficacy is summarized in Table 7.

Table 7: Summary of Median (IQR*) Annualized Bleed Rate (ABR) by Treatment Arm

Bleeding Episode Etiology	Prophylaxis Fixed Weekly Interval (N=61)	Prophylaxis Individualized Interval (N=26)	Episodic (On Demand) (N=27)
Median Overall ABR (IQR)	2.95 (1.01, 4.35)	1.38 (0.00, 3.43)	17.69 (10.77, 23.24)
Median Spontaneous ABR (IQR)	1.04 (0.00, 2.19)	0.88 (0.00, 2.30)	11.78 (2.62, 19.78)
Median Traumatic ABR (IQR)	0.99 (0.00, 2.13)	0.00 (0.00, 0.78)	2.21 (0.00, 6.81)

*IQR=interquartile range

Efficacy in Control of Bleeding

[0144] A total of 636 bleeding events were observed in the fixed dose, fixed interval, and the episodic (on-demand) arms. Assessment of response to each injection was recorded by subjects at 8-12 hours post-treatment. Bleeding episodes are summarized in Table 8.

Table 8: Summary of Efficacy in Control of Bleeding

New Bleeding episodes (N= 636)	
# of Injections to treat bleeding episodes	
1 injection	575 (90.4%)
2 injections	44 (6.9%)
3 injections	17 (2.7%)
Median dose per injection (IU/kg) to treat a bleeding episode (IQR)	46.07 (32.86, 57.03)
Median total dose (IU/kg) to treat a bleeding episode (IQR)	46.99 (33.33, 62.50)
Response to first injection	(N= 613)
Excellent or good	513 (83.7%)
Moderate	90 (14.7%)
No response	10 (1.6%)

Efficacy in Perioperative Management (Surgical Prophylaxis)

[0145] Fourteen (14) major surgical procedures were performed in 12 subjects. Hemostasis was assessed at 24 hours post-operatively by the investigator using a 4-point

scale of excellent, good, fair, and none. The hemostatic response was rated as excellent or good in 100% of major surgeries. There was no clinical evidence of thrombotic complications in any of the subjects. Hemostatic response to dosing during surgery and post-operatively is summarized in Table 9.

Table 9: Summary of Hemostatic Response During Surgery and Post-Operatively

Major Surgery	Number of Procedures (Number of Subjects)	Response			
		Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor/None
Total Knee Replacement	5 (5)	4	1		
Arthroscopic Procedure	1 (1)	1			
Arthroscopic Ankle Fusion	1 (1)	1			
Closure of Rectal Fistula	1 (1)	1			
External Fixation of Knee	1 (1)	1			
Tendon Transfer	1 (1)	1			
I & D ¹ of Dental Abscess with Extractions	1 (1)	1			
I & D ¹ Pilonidal Cyst	1 (1)	1			
Debridement, Partial Amputation	1 (1)	1			
Amputation of Finger	1 (1)	1			
Minor surgery²	15 (13)	10	1	1	

¹ Incision and Drainage

² Assessment of response not provided for 3 minor surgeries

Impact on Quality of Life

[0146] Quality of Life was measured using the HAEM-A-QoL, a quality of life instrument specific to hemophilia. HAEM-A-QoL was performed in adults (aged 18 and older) in the prophylactic treatment arms. Change from baseline at Week 26 in the combined prophylaxis arms by pre-study regimen are summarized in Table 10.

Table 10: Median Change from Baseline for the Haem-A-QoL Questionnaire (Fixed Weekly Interval and Individualized Interval Arms Pooled)

	Pre-Study Regimen					
	Prophylaxis		Episodic (On-demand)			
	N	Change from baseline	N	Change from baseline		
Total score	27	-6.82	(-22.8, 6.1)	26	-6.25	(-25.5, 12.8)
Domains, during the past month						
1. Physical health	27	-10.00	(-45.0, 20.0)	31	-15.00	(-60.0, 15.0)

	Pre-Study Regimen					
	Prophylaxis			Episodic (On-demand)		
	N	Change from baseline		N	Change from baseline	
2. Feeling	27	0.00	(-43.8, 50.0)	31	0.00	(-43.8, 62.5)
3. View of yourself	27	-5.00	(-25.0, 15.0)	30	-5.00	(-35.0, 25.0)
4. Sports and leisure	22	-7.50	(-70.0, 25.0)	21	-20.00	(-40.0, 35.0)
5. Work and school	22	0.00	(-31.3, 52.1)	25	-6.25	(-31.3, 18.8)
6. Dealing with hemophilia	27	0.00	(-100.0, 100.0)	31	-8.33	(-66.7, 75.0)
7. Treatment	27	-6.25	(-18.8, 18.8)	31	0.00	(-53.1, 37.5)
Domains, recently						
8. Future	26	-5.00	(-25.0, 10.0)	30	0.00	(-30.0, 20.0)
9. Family planning	15	0.00	(-29.2, 12.5)	13	0.00	(-43.8, 25.0)
10. Partnership and sexuality	26	0.00	(-50.0, 66.7)	30	0.00	(-25.0, 25.0)
NOTE: Summary statistics are median (minimum, maximum).						

[0147] The median dosing interval in the individualized interval prophylaxis arm was 14 days during the last 6 months on study.

[0148] Control of bleeding: Over 90% (90.4%) of bleeding episodes were controlled by a single injection of rFIXFc.

[0149] Perioperative management: Treating physicians rated the hemostatic efficacy of rFIXFc as excellent or good in 100% of surgeries.

[0150] Adverse drug reactions (ADRs) were reported in 10 of 119 (8.4%) subjects treated with routine prophylaxis or episodic (on-demand) therapy. Adverse drug reactions are considered adverse events assessed by the investigator as related or possibly related to treatment with rFIXFc. Adverse drug reactions are summarized in Table 11.

[0151] No subject was withdrawn from study due to an adverse drug reaction. In the study, no inhibitors were detected and no events of anaphylaxis were reported.

Table 11: Adverse Drug Reactions reported for rFIXFc

MedDRA System Organ Class	MedDRA Preferred Term	N=119* Number of Subjects n (%)
Nervous system disorders	Headache	2 (1.7)
	Dizziness	1 (0.8)
	Dysgeusia	1 (0.8)
Gastrointestinal disorders	Paresthesia oral	2 (1.7)
	Breath odor	1 (0.8)
General disorders and administration site conditions	Fatigue	1 (0.8)
	Infusion site pain	1 (0.8)
Cardiac disorders	Palpitations	1 (0.8)
Renal and urinary disorders	Obstructive uropathy	1 (0.8)
Vascular disorders	Hypotension	1 (0.8)

*119 previously treated subjects (PTPs) on routine prophylaxis or episodic (on-demand) therapy
The incidence of the adverse reactions below is expressed according to the following categories:

Very common ($\geq 1/10$)

Common ($\geq 1/100$ to $< 1/10$)

Uncommon ($\geq 1/1,000$ to $< 1/100$)

Rare ($\geq 1/10,000$ to $< 1/1,000$)

Very rare ($< 1/10,000$)

Example 5: Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics

Pharmacodynamics

[0152] rFIXFc is a long-acting, fully recombinant, fusion protein that temporarily replaces the missing clotting Factor IX needed for effective hemostasis. rFIXFc contains the Fc region of human immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1) that binds to neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn), which is part of a naturally occurring pathway that delays lysosomal degradation of immunoglobulins by cycling them back into circulation, and is responsible for their long plasma half-life.

[0153] rFIXFc is a long-acting, fully recombinant, fusion protein comprising human coagulation Factor IX (FIX) covalently linked to the Fc domain of human immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1), and produced by recombinant DNA technology.

[0154] Factor IX (FIX) is an approximately 55 kDa vitamin K-dependent serine protease, which is an essential clotting factor in the coagulation cascade critical to the hemostasis process. FIX is normally converted to activated FIX (FIXa) by the activated factor VII/Tissue Factor complex or by activated factor XI. FIXa forms a complex with activated factor VIII on phospholipid surfaces to convert factor X to activated factor X, and which ultimately converts prothrombin to thrombin and leads to the formation of a fibrin clot.

[0155] Hemophilia B subjects have a deficiency of functional FIX, which results in prolonged bleeding after trauma and recurrent spontaneous bleeds into soft tissue and joints. The FIX portion of rFIXFc has similar structural and functional characteristics as endogenous FIX, and promotes hemostasis by correcting the deficiency of functional FIX.

[0156] The other portion of rFIXFc is the Fc region of human immunoglobulin G1 (IgG1) which binds with the neonatal Fc receptor (FcRn). This receptor is expressed throughout life as part of a naturally occurring pathway that protects immunoglobulins from lysosomal degradation by cycling these proteins back into circulation, resulting in their long plasma half-life.

[0157] rFIXFc is used as a replacement therapy to increase plasma levels of Factor IX activity, thereby enabling a temporary correction of the factor deficiency and correction of the bleeding tendency.

[0158] Hemophilia B is a bleeding disorder characterized by a deficiency of functional clotting Factor IX (FIX), which leads to a prolonged clotting time in the activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT) assay, a conventional *in vitro* test for the biological activity of FIX. Treatment with rFIXFc can shorten the aPTT over the effective dosing period.

Pharmacokinetics

[0159] The pharmacokinetics (PK) of rFIXFc versus BENEFIX® [nonacog alfa] (rFIX) were evaluated following a 10-minute IV infusion in 22 evaluable subjects (≥ 19 years) from a clinical study. The subjects underwent a washout period of 5 days prior to receiving 50 IU/kg of BENEFIX®. PK sampling was conducted pre-dose followed by assessments at 8 time points up to 96 hours post-dose. Following a washout period of 120 hours (5 days), the subjects received a single dose of 50 IU/kg of rFIXFc. PK samples were collected pre-dose and then subsequently at 11 time points up to 240 hours (10 days) post-dose. A repeat PK evaluation of rFIXFc was conducted at Week 26.

[0160] PK parameters for rFIXFc were estimated based on the plasma FIX activity over time profile. For rFIXFc, the maximum activity (Cmax) was observed immediately following infusion, *e.g.*, at 10 minutes from the start of the dosing. The geometric mean increase in circulating FIX activity from pre-infusion level was 0.92 IU/dL per IU/kg and the elimination half-life was 82 hours. This half-life is influenced by the Fc region of rFIXFc, which in animal models was shown to be mediated by the FcRn cycling pathway.

The rFIXFc PK profile was stable over repeated dosing as shown by comparable PK parameters at Week 26.

[0161] A summary of PK parameters for rFIXFc and BENEFIX® are presented in Table 12.

Table 12: Pharmacokinetic Parameters of rFIXFc and BENEFIX® (rFIX)

PK Parameters ¹	rFIXFc (95% CI)	BeneFIX® (95% CI)	Ratio of rFIXFc to BeneFIX® (95% CI)
	N=22	N=22	N=22
C_{max} (IU/dL)	40.81 (33.60, 49.58)	43.08 (36.69, 50.59)	0.95 (0.81, 1.11)
AUC/Dose (IU*h/dL per IU/kg)	31.32 (27.88, 35.18)	15.77 (14.02, 17.74)	1.99 (1.82, 2.17)
t_{1/2α} (h)	5.03 (3.20, 7.89)	2.41 (1.62, 3.59)	2.09 (1.18, 3.68)
t_{1/2β} (h)	82.12 (71.39, 94.46)	33.77 (29.13, 39.15)	2.43 (2.02, 2.92)
CL (mL/h/kg)	3.19 (2.84, 3.59)	6.34 (5.64, 7.13)	0.50 (0.46, 0.55)
MRT (h)	98.60 (88.16, 110.29)	41.19 (35.98, 47.15)	2.39 (2.12, 2.71)
V_{ss} (mL/kg)	314.8 (277.8, 356.8)	261.1 (222.9, 305.9)	1.21 (1.06, 1.38)
Incremental Recovery (IU/dL per IU/kg)	0.92 (0.77, 1.10)	0.95 (0.81, 1.10)	0.97 (0.84, 1.12)

¹PK parameters are presented in Geometric Mean (95% CI)

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; C_{max} = maximum activity; AUC = area under the FIX activity time curve; t_{1/2α} = distribution half-life; t_{1/2β} = elimination half-life; CL = clearance; MRT = mean residence time; V_{ss} = volume of distribution at steady-state

[0162] A population PK model was developed based on PK data from 135 subjects, from 12 to 76 years old and weighing between 45kg and 186.7kg, in two clinical studies (12 subjects in a phase 1/2a study and 123 subjects in a phase 3 study). The population estimate for the typical CL of rFIXFc is 2.39 dL/h, typical volume of central compartment (V1) is 71.4 dL, and V_{ss} is 198.3 dL. The geometric mean terminal half-life of rFIXFc was approximately 82 hours, which is 2.4-fold longer than that of BENEFIX® (approximately 34 hours).

[0163] All subjects had an initial PK evaluation to characterize the PK of rFIXFc in a representative population of subjects with Hemophilia B.

[0164] More extensive PK sampling was conducted in a subset of subjects in the weekly prophylaxis arm (Arm 1) at baseline after a single dose of BENEFIX® 50 IU/kg followed by a single dose of rFIXFc 50 IU/kg. Blood samples were taken for BENEFIX® over a period of 96 hours. Blood samples were then taken for rFIXFc over a period of 240 hours. PK assessment of rFIXFc was repeated at 26 weeks.

[0165] The 100-IU/kg dose was selected based on PK results from the Phase 1/2 study, which showed this dose elevated FIX levels to approximately 100% of normal (Shapiro *et al* 2011). In the Phase 1/2 study, with rFIXFc 100 IU/kg (n=5), the time to FIX levels 1% above baseline was approximately 11 days, and ranged from 9 to 14 days. Based on these data, Arm 2 was designed to test whether a fixed dose of 100 IU/kg could provide protection from bleeding beyond one week.

[0166] The terminal half-life of BENEFIX® of approximately 34 hours determined in B-LONG is longer than that reported in the BENEFIX® package insert (~18 hours) as well as a number of studies (13.7 to 19.3 hours) (Ewenstein 2002; Kisker *et al*. 2003; Negrier *et al*. 2011) that followed EMA guidelines on FIX PK assessment using a 48-hour sampling duration. However, in published PK studies in which BENEFIX® was sampled up to 72 hours post dosing, a longer terminal half-life was also reported to be 21.3 to 33.4 hours (Ragni *et al*. 2002, Lambert *et al*. 2007, Chang *et al*. 2007, and Martinowitz *et al*. 2012).

[0167] To determine whether the discrepancy in terminal half-life of BENEFIX® resulted from the longer PK sampling schedule of 96 hours adopted in this study, BENEFIX® PK data were also analyzed using data only up to 48 hours post dose. This analysis yielded a significantly shortened terminal half-life of BENEFIX® (~17 hours) that is consistent with previous reports using 48-hour sampling duration.

[0168] In the B-LONG study, a head-to head comparison was made between rFIXFc and BENEFIX®, whereas in the Phase 1/2 study, the half-life of rFIXFc was compared to the historical data reported in the BENEFIX® Product Insert (2009). Thus, the measure of PK improvement of rFIXFC over BENEFIX® from the B LONG study is more reliable and accurate.

[0169] The foregoing description of the specific embodiments will so fully reveal the general nature of the invention that others can, by applying knowledge within the skill of the art, readily modify and/or adapt for various applications such specific embodiments, without undue experimentation, without departing from the general concept of the present invention. Therefore, such adaptations and modifications are intended to be within the meaning and range of equivalents of the disclosed embodiments, based on the teaching and guidance presented herein. It is to be understood that the phraseology or terminology herein is for the purpose of description and not of limitation, such that the terminology or phraseology of the present specification is to be interpreted by the skilled artisan in light of the teachings and guidance.

[0170] Other embodiments of the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art from consideration of the specification and practice of the invention disclosed herein. It is intended that the specification and examples be considered as exemplary only, with a true scope and spirit of the invention being indicated by the following claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - (a) a Factor IX polypeptide comprising human Factor IX fused to an FcRn binding partner (FBP) (rFIXFBP polypeptide), wherein the polypeptide has long-acting Factor IX activity;
 - (b) a carbohydrate mixture comprising sucrose and mannitol;
 - (c) sodium chloride (NaCl);
 - (d) L-histidine; and
 - (e) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
2. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising about 1% (w/v) to about 2% (w/v) sucrose.
3. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 2, comprising about 1.2% (w/v) sucrose.
4. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 2, comprising about 1.7% (w/v) sucrose.
5. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising about 10 mg/ml to about 20 mg/ml sucrose.
6. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 5, comprising about 11.9 mg/ml sucrose.
7. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 5, comprising about 16.7 mg/ml sucrose.
8. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 7, comprising about 2% (w/v) to about 4% (w/v) mannitol.
9. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 8, comprising about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol.
10. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 8, comprising about 3.3 % (w/v) mannitol.

11. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 7, comprising about 20 mg/ml to about 40 mg/ml mannitol.
12. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 11, comprising about 23.8 mg/ml mannitol.
13. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 11, comprising about 33.3 mg/ml mannitol.
14. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising about 1.0% to about 2.0% sucrose and about 2.0% (w/v) to about 4.0% (w/v) mannitol.
15. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 14, comprising about 1.2% (w/v) sucrose and about 2.4% (w/v) mannitol.
16. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 14, comprising about 1.7% (w/v) sucrose and about 3.3% (w/v) mannitol.
17. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising about 10 mg/ml to about 20 mg/ml sucrose and about 20 mg/ml to about 40 mg/ml mannitol.
18. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 17, comprising about 11.9 mg/ml sucrose and about 23.8 mg/ml mannitol.
19. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 17, comprising about 16.7 mg/ml sucrose and about 33.3 mg/ml mannitol.
20. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 19, comprising between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl.
21. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 20, comprising about 55.6 mM NaCl.

22. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 19, comprising between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl.
23. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 22, comprising about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl.
24. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 23, comprising between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine.
25. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 24, comprising about 25 mM L-histidine.
26. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 24, comprising about 35 mM L-histidine.
27. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 23, comprising between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine.
28. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 27, comprising about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine.
29. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 27, comprising about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine.
30. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 29, comprising between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.020% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
31. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 30, comprising about 0.010% (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
32. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 30, comprising about 0.014 % (w/v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
33. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 29, comprising between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.2 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

34. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, comprising about 0.10% mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
35. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, comprising about 0.14 mg/ml polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
36. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 35, wherein the rFIXFBP polypeptide is a rFIXFc polypeptide which comprises a first subunit comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% or 95% identical to amino acids 1 to 642 of SEQ ID NO:2, and a second subunit comprising an amino acid sequence at least 90% to 95% identical to amino acids 1 to 227 of SEQ ID NO:4.
37. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 36, wherein the rFIXFc polypeptide comprises a first subunit comprising amino acids 1 to 642 of SEQ ID NO:2, and a second subunit comprising amino acids 1 to 227 of SEQ ID NO:4.
38. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 37, wherein the polypeptide with Factor IX activity is present at a concentration of between about 25 IU/ml and about 1200 IU/ml.
39. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 38, comprising 50 IU/ml, 100 IU/ml, 200 IU/ml, 400 IU/ml, or 600 IU/ml of the rFIXFBP polypeptide.
40. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 39, comprising 50 IU/ml, 100 IU/ml, 200 IU/ml, or 400 IU/ml of the rFIXFBP polypeptide.
41. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 39, comprising 600 IU/ml of the rFIXFBP polypeptide.
42. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising:
 - (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;

- (b) between about 1% (w/v) and about 2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) between about 2% (w/v) and about 4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl;
- (e) between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.015% of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

43. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 42, comprising:

- (a) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

44. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 42, comprising:

- (a) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

45. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 42, comprising:

- (a) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

46. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 42, comprising:

- (a) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

47. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 42, comprising:

- (a) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 35 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

48. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 1, comprising:

- (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) between about 10 mg/ml and about 20 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) between about 20 mg/ml and about 40 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.15 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

49. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 48, comprising:

- (a) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

50. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 48, comprising:
 - (a) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
51. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 48, comprising:
 - (a) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
52. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 48, comprising:
 - (a) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.
53. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 48, comprising:
 - (a) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (b) about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (c) about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (e) about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (f) about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

54. A pharmaceutical kit comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) sucrose;
 - (iii) mannitol;
 - (iv) L-histidine; and
 - (v) polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl to be combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container.

55. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 250 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
 - (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

56. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 500 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;

- (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
- (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
 - (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

57. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 1000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
 - (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

58. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 2000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,

- (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
- (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
- (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
- (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and

(b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:

- (i) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
- (ii) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (iii) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (v) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (vi) about 0.01% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

59. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 3000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 83.3 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 167 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 27.2 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.7 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
 - (v) about 35 mM L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

60. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 250 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 50 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

61. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 500 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 100 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and

(vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

62. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 1000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 200 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

63. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 2000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 59.5 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 119 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 19.4 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.50 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 400 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;

- (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (v) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (vi) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

64. The pharmaceutical kit of claim 54, comprising:

- (a) a first container comprising a lyophilized powder, where the powder comprises
 - (i) about 3000 IU of a rFIXFBP polypeptide,
 - (ii) about 83.3 mg of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 167 mg of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 27.2 mg of L-histidine; and
 - (v) about 0.7 mg of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80; and
- (b) a second container comprising 0.325% (w/v) NaCl at a volume sufficient to produce, when combined with the lyophilized powder of the first container, a solution comprising:
 - (i) about 600 IU/ml of a rFIXFBP polypeptide;
 - (ii) about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose;
 - (iii) about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol;
 - (iv) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
 - (v) about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and
 - (vi) about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate 20 or polysorbate 80.

65. The kit of any one of claims 54 to 64, wherein the first container is a glass vial comprising a rubber stopper.

66. The kit of any one of claims 54 to 65, wherein the second container is a syringe body, and wherein the syringe body is associated with a plunger.

67. The kit of claim 66 further comprising an adaptor to connect the glass vial to the syringe body.

68. The kit of claim 66 or claim 67, further comprising infusion tubing associated with a needle to be connected to the syringe, suitable for intravenous infusion.

69. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to the subject the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at an initial dose of about 50 IU/kg, administered once per week, wherein the administration prevents or reduces the frequency of bleeding episodes in the subject.
70. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to the subject the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg, administered once every 10 to 14 days, wherein the administration prevents or reduces the frequency of bleeding episodes in the subject.
71. The method of claim 69 or claim 70, wherein the prophylactic dose amount or dose frequency is subsequently adjusted based on the subject's response.
72. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a minor to moderate bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at an initial dose of about 30 IU/kg to about 60 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls, alleviates, or reverses the bleeding episode.
73. The method of claim 72, further comprising administering one or more additional doses every 48 hours if the subject exhibits further evidence of bleeding.
74. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of treatment of a major bleeding episode, comprising intravenously administering to the subject the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at an initial dose of about 100 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls, alleviates, or reverses the bleeding episode.

75. The method of claim 74, further comprising administering an additional dose of the pharmaceutical composition at about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if the bleeding episode continues.
76. The method of claim 75, further comprising administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 24 hours for three days if the bleeding episode continues.
77. The method of claim 76, further comprising administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 48 hours until the bleeding episode is controlled.
78. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a hemophilia B subject undergoing minor surgery the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at a dose of about 50 IU/kg to 80 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls bleeding in the subject during and after surgery.
79. The method of claim 78, further comprising administering an additional dose of the pharmaceutical composition at about 50 IU/kg to 80 IU/kg at about 24 to about 48 hours after surgery if needed to control post-operative bleeding.
80. A method of administering a rFIXFBP polypeptide to a hemophilia B subject in need of surgical prophylaxis, comprising intravenously administering to a hemophilia B subject undergoing major surgery the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 at a dose of about 100 IU/kg, wherein the administration controls bleeding in the subject during and after surgery.
81. The method of claim 80, further comprising administering an additional dose of the pharmaceutical composition at about 80 IU/kg after about 6 to 10 hours if needed to control post-operative bleeding.

82. The method of claim 81, further comprising administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 24 hours for three days if needed to control post-operative bleeding.
83. The method of claim 82, further comprising administering one or more additional doses of the pharmaceutical composition at 80 IU/kg every 48 hours if needed to control post-operative bleeding.
84. The method of any one of claims 69 to 82, wherein the desired dose of the rFIXFBP polypeptide is obtainable from a single pharmaceutical kit of any one of claims 54 to 68.
85. The method of any one of claims 69 to 82, wherein the desired dose of the rFIXFBP polypeptide is obtainable from two or more pharmaceutical kits of any one of claims 54 to 68, and wherein the contents of the two or more pharmaceutical kits are pooled prior to administration.
86. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, wherein the rFIXFBP polypeptide has a mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) of about 70 hours to about 95 hours following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFBP.
87. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, wherein the mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) is about 82 hours.
88. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 86 or claim 87, wherein the mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) is at least about 2-fold to about 3-fold higher than a polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX (BENEFIX[®]), following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg BENEFIX[®].
89. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 88, wherein the mean $T_{1/2\beta\alpha}$ (activity) is about 2.4-fold higher than a polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX (BENEFIX[®]).

90. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 or 86 to 89, wherein the rFIXFc polypeptide has a mean C_{max} of about 30 IU/dL to about 50 IU/dL following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFc.
91. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 90, wherein the mean C_{max} is about 40.8 IU/dL.
92. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 or 86 to 91, wherein the rFIXFc polypeptide has a mean area under the curve per dose (AUC/Dose) of about 27 IU*h/dL per IU/kg to about 35 IU*h/dL per IU/kg following a single IV infusion of 50 IU/kg rFIXFc.
93. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 92, wherein the mean AUC/Dose is about 31.32 IU*h/dL per IU/kg.
94. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 92 or claim 93, wherein the mean AUC/Dose is at least about 1.8-fold to about 2.1-fold higher than a polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX (BENEFIX[®]), following a single IV infusion of the polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX (BENEFIX[®]) at 50 IU/kg.
95. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 94, wherein the mean AUC/Dose is about 1.99-fold higher than a polypeptide consisting of full-length mature Factor IX (BENEFIX[®]).
96. A method of reducing a hemophilia B subject's annualized bleeding rate, comprising administering fixed or individualized doses of the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53 and 86 to 95 prophylactically at regular or individualized dosing intervals.
97. The method of claim 96, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is administered to the subject by a fixed dose at a fixed dosing interval.

98. The method of claim 97, wherein the fixed dose of the pharmaceutical composition is about 50 IU/kg, and the fixed dosing interval is about one week.
99. The method of claim 97, wherein the fixed dose of the pharmaceutical composition is about 100 IU/kg, and the fixed dosing interval is between about 10 days and about 14 days.
100. The method of claim 96, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is administered to the subject at an individualized dose at a fixed dosing interval.
101. The method of claim 100, wherein the fixed dosing interval is about one week.
102. The method of claim 100 or claim 101, wherein the individualized dose is adjusted to achieve a plasma trough level of FIX activity of between about 1 IU/dl and about 3 IU/dl.
103. The method of any one of claims 101 to 102, wherein the individualized dose is between about 30 IU/kg and about 60 IU/kg, administered about once weekly.
104. The method of claim 103, wherein the individualized dose is between about 32 IU/kg and about 54 IU/kg, administered about once weekly.
105. The method of claim 104, wherein the average individualized dose is about 41 IU/kg, administered about once weekly.
106. The method of any one of claims 100 to 105, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 70% to about 90% over the average annualized bleeding rate of hemophilia B subjects being treated by episodic or on-demand dosing.
107. The method of claim 106, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 76% to about 89%.

108. The method of claim 107, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 83%.
109. The method of claim 96, wherein the pharmaceutical composition is administered to the subject at a fixed dose at an individualized dosing interval.
110. The method of claim 109, wherein the fixed dose is about 100 IU/kg.
111. The method of claim 109 or claim 110, wherein the individualized dosing interval is adjusted to achieve a plasma trough level of FIX activity of between about 1 IU/dl and about 3 IU/dl.
112. The method of any one of claims 109 to 111, wherein the individualized dosing interval is between about 10 days to about 14 days.
113. The method of claim 112, wherein the individualized dosing interval is about 13 days.
114. The method of any one of claims 109 to 113, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 80% to about 95% over the average annualized bleeding rate of hemophilia B subjects being treated by episodic or on-demand dosing.
115. The method of claim 114, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 80% to about 92%.
116. The method of claim 115, wherein the subject's annualized bleeding rate is reduced by about 87%.
117. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:
 - (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
 - (b) between about 1% (w/v) and about 2% (w/v) of sucrose;
 - (c) between about 2% (w/v) and about 4% (w/v) of mannitol;

- (d) between about 50 mM and about 60 mM NaCl;
- (e) between about 20 mM and about 40 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) between about 0.008% (w/v) and about 0.015% of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

118. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, comprising:

- (a) about 50 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

119. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, comprising:

- (a) about 100 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

120. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, comprising:

- (a) about 200 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

121. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, comprising:

- (a) about 400 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.2% (w/v) of sucrose;

- (c) about 2.4% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 25 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.010% (w/v) of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

122. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 117, comprising:

- (a) about 600 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 1.7% (w/v) of sucrose;
- (c) about 3.3% (w/v) of mannitol;
- (d) about 55.6 mM NaCl;
- (e) about 35 mM L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.014% (w/v) of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

123. A pharmaceutical composition comprising:

- (a) between about 25 IU/ml and about 700 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) between about 10 mg/ml and about 20 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) between about 20 mg/ml and about 40 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) between about 3 mg/ml and about 4 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) between about 3 mg/ml and about 6 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) between about 0.08 mg/ml and about 0.15 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

124. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 123, comprising:

- (a) about 50 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

125. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 123, comprising:

- (a) about 100 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;

- (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

126. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 123, comprising:

- (a) about 200 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

127. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 123, comprising:

- (a) about 400 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 11.9 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 23.8 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 3.88 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.10 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

128. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 123, comprising:

- (a) about 600 IU/ml of a FIX polypeptide;
- (b) about 16.7 mg/ml of sucrose;
- (c) about 33.3 mg/ml of mannitol;
- (d) about 3.25 mg/ml NaCl;
- (e) about 5.43 mg/ml L-histidine; and
- (f) about 0.14 mg/ml of polysorbate-20 or polysorbate-80.

129. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 117 to 128, wherein the FIX polypeptide is a long-acting FIX polypeptide.

130. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 128, wherein the long-acting FIX polypeptide comprises human FIX fused to an FcRn Binding Partner (rFIXFBP).
131. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 129, wherein the FcRn Binding Partner is an Fc region.
132. A method of reducing a hemophilia B subject's annualized bleeding rate, comprising administering fixed or individualized doses of the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 117 to 130 prophylactically at regular or individualized dosing intervals.
133. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, 86-95, and 117-130, further comprising a short-acting FIX polypeptide.
134. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 132, wherein the short-acting FIX polypeptide comprises or consists of wild-type FIX.
135. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, 86-95, 117-130, and 132-133, which is a liquid formulation.
136. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, 86-95, 117-130, and 132-133, which is a lyophilized powder.
137. The pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 1 to 53, 86-95, 117-130, and 132-133, which is a suspension.
138. A vial comprising the pharmaceutical composition of any one of claims 134 to 136.
139. A cartridge comprising the pharmaceutical composition of claim 134.
140. A syringe comprising the pharmaceutical composition of claim 134 or claim 135.

141. The syringe of claim 139, which is a dual chamber syringe.
142. The kit of any one of claim 54 to 68, wherein the second container comprises a preservative in an amount sufficient to provide antimicrobial activity.
143. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 134, wherein the liquid formulation further comprises a preservative in an amount sufficient to provide antimicrobial activity.
144. The kit of claim 141 or the pharmaceutical composition of claim 142, wherein the preservative is selected from the group consisting of phenol, m-cresol, benzyl alcohol, chlorobutanol, methyl paraben, propylparaben, phenoxyethanol, any other pharmaceutically acceptable preservative, and any combinations thereof.
145. The kit of any one of claims 141 or 143 or the pharmaceutical composition of claim 142 or 143, wherein the preservative is benzyl alcohol.
146. The kit or the pharmaceutical composition of claim 144, wherein the benzyl alcohol is at a concentration between 0.5% and 0.9%.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 14/29010

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
 IPC(8) - A61K 39/00, C07K 16/00, C12N 9/96, A61K 38/48 (2014.01)(8)
 USPC - 424/178.1

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
 IPC: A61K 39/00, C07K 16/00, C12N 9/96, A61K 38/48 (2014.01)(8)
 USPC: 424/178.1

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
 USPC: 530/391.7, 435/188, 424/94.64

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
 PatBase, PubWEST, Google Scholar, Google Patents: Factor IX, FcRn, fus*, FcRn Binding partner, FcRnBP, BP, rFIXFBP, polypeptide, long-acting, long*, sucrose, mannitol, L-histidine, polysorbate 20, polysorbate 80

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 2007/0135343 A1 (WEBB et al.) 14 June 2007 (14.06.2007) para [0011], [0014], [0015], [0024], [0066], [0070], [0072], [0082], [0084]	117-122
Y		1-19, 42-65, 123-131
Y	WO 2012/006624 A2 (JIANG et al.) 12 January 2012 (12.01.2012); para [0064]	1-19, 42-65, 123-131
Y	US 2011/0236412 A1 (DREW) 29 September 2011 (29.09.2011); para [0262]	65

Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- “A” document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- “E” earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date
- “L” document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- “O” document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- “P” document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- “T” later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- “X” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- “Y” document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
- “&” document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

20 June 2014 (20.06.2014)

Date of mailing of the international search report

18 JUL 2014

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US
 Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents
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 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201

Authorized officer:

Lee W. Young

PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300
 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US 14/29010

Box No. II Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

2. Claims Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

3. Claims Nos.: 20-41, 66-116 and 132-146 because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box No. III Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.
2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying additional fees, this Authority did not invite payment of additional fees.
3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest and, where applicable, the payment of a protest fee.
- The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest but the applicable protest fee was not paid within the time limit specified in the invitation.
- No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

摘要

本发明提供包含因子 IX-FcRn 结合物 (FIXFBP) 多肽的调配物及施用 FIXFBP 的方法。