METHOD FOR CONTROLLING THE ACTIVITY OF A BASE STATION ENTITY IN A MOBILE COMMUNICATION NETWORK, MOBILE DEVICE, BASE STATION ENTITY, MOBILE COMMUNICATION NETWORK AND PROGRAM COMPRISING A COMPUTER READABLE PROGRAM CODE

Fig. 1

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(57) Abstract: The invention relates to a method for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network by means of a mobile device, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity, wherein the method comprises the following steps: - in a first step, the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.
Method for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network, mobile device, base station entity, mobile communication network and program comprising a computer readable program code

BACKGROUND

[0001] The present invention relates inter alia to a method for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network.

[0002] It is known in the field of mobile communication systems, including mobile communication networks and mobile devices, that mobile devices can enter a so-called sleep mode with a reduced power consumption. This enables a prolonged time of usage of the mobile device between two successive battery charging processes.

[0003] Especially during periods of low usage of the mobile communication network, the situation exists that base station entities are not used at all, i.e. in at least one network cell or some network cells of the typically cellular mobile communication network, there are no mobile devices present at all that request a communication service from the mobile communication network. It would be desirable to reduce the power consumption of especially those base stations or base station entities in periods of low usage of the mobile communication network. Presently, it is possible to monitor the network usage, e.g. by means of an operations and maintenance/management center (OMC) controlling the mobile communication network. In case that low network usage (or absence of network usage) is detected in one network cell or in a plurality of network cells, it would be possible to switch off at least partly the corresponding network equipment such as base station entities or other network components.

[0004] However, such a centrally managed approach in monitoring the network activity and controlling the powering (off and on) of the network equipment (e.g., by the operations and maintenance/management center) would normally lead to comparably long switching intervals or to a time lag especially with regard to the reactivation of the network components, i.e. after a period of reduced activity. Therefore, it is difficult or impossible to provide a dynamical reaction (i.e. a comparably quick change in the presence of network services after a period of (locally) reduced activity) to low usage situations of the mobile communication network. The existence of comparably long activation time constants for powering on network components to provide certain services of the mobile communication network either means that a powering off (during low usage situations) is not realized at all or
that a powering off implies a reduction in the service level of the mobile communication network (e.g. such that only GERAN (Global System of Mobile Communication (GSM)/EDGE radio access network) functionalities are present and no (or only reduced) third (3G) or fourth (4G) generation services, such as Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS) or Long Term Evolution (LTE) services, are available during powering off periods due to the fact that locally 3G/4G network components and associated functionality is powered off). Especially, it is usually not possible to quickly activate a base station entity of a Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS) network or of an Long Term Evolution (LTE) network when a mobile device establishes a Packet Switched (PS) connection in a GERAN network in geographical vicinity.

SUMMARY

[0005] An object of the present invention is to provide a method for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network such that on the one hand it is possible to reduce power consumption of the base station entity where (and when) network functionality is not required due to low usage of the network and in the same time to provide the possibility to quickly provide the requested network functionality in case that a mobile device requests such a functionality.

[0006] The object of the present invention is achieved by a method for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network by means of a mobile device, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity
- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity,
- switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
- switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined sensitive time interval,
wherein the method comprises the following steps:
-- in a first step, the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first
reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile
device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the
second operational mode of the base station entity,
- in a second step, the mobile device transmits a second reactivation information to the
base station entity during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity,
wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station
entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0007] The object of the present invention is furthermore also achieved by a method for
controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network by means
of a mobile device, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first
and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base
station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a
radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second
operational mode corresponds to the base station entity not providing the control channel in
the radio coverage area of the base station entity, wherein the method comprises the
following steps:
- in a first step, the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first
reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile
device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the
second operational mode of the base station entity,
- in a second step, the mobile device transmits a second reactivation information to the
base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information
by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0008] According to the present invention, it is thereby advantageously possible that a
base station entity can be activated in simple and effective manner such that the network
functionalities and services can be provided to a user of the mobile device either
instantaneously or at least with only a very short time lag. For example, it is possible
according to the present invention
- to power off (i.e. switch to the second operational mode) such base station entities that
are only in idle mode (due to low network usage or absence of network usage) and
- nevertheless to provide a good service quality to such users of the mobile
communication network that request a service related to base station entity that has been
powered off.
This leads to an overall reduction of power consumption of the mobile communication
network as it is possible to power off certain base station entities and their auxiliary
components such as cooling entities or the like in a more granular manner (both in time and from a geographical perspective). It is especially advantageous according to the present invention to not only switch off the transmitter chain (or the components providing the transmitting functionality) of the base station entity (in its second operational mode) but also the receiver chain (or the components providing the transmitting functionality) of the base station entity during the predetermined inactivation time interval. This has the advantage of further power savings in comparison to switching off only the transmitter chain (or the components providing the transmitting functionality) of the base station entity in its second operational mode. Furthermore, this has the still further advantage that in the second operational mode of the base station entity, it is possible to switch off auxiliary devices such as cooling means (such as air conditioning or fan devices) as at least the average power consumption (and hence heat generation) of the base station entity, e.g., based on a succession of cycles comprising the predetermined inactivation time interval (e.g. 50 seconds) and the predetermined sensitive time interval (e.g. 10 seconds) is below a threshold such that these cooling means are not required.

[0009] According to the present invention, it is preferred that during the second operational mode of the base station entity, there is a succession of cycles comprising a (constant) predetermined inactivation time interval and a (constant) predetermined sensitive time interval, such as, e.g., a cycle comprising 60 seconds comprises 50 seconds of the predetermined inactivation time interval and 10 seconds of the predetermined sensitive time interval, which results in a time sharing between the predetermined inactivation time interval and the predetermined sensitive time interval of 5:1. Alternatives comprise constantly sharing a cycle of 30 seconds or of 40 seconds or of 50 seconds or of 60 seconds or of 90 seconds or of 100 seconds or of 120 seconds between the predetermined inactivation time interval and the predetermined sensitive time interval according to the following ratios: 10:1, or 9:1, or 9:2, or 8:1, or 7:1, or 7:2, or 6:1, or 5:2, or 4:1, or 3:1. Alternatively according to the present invention, it is also possible that, besides such a first (or fast) cycle (between the predetermined inactivation time interval and the predetermined sensitive time interval), there is a second (or slower) cycle, e.g. once every 20, or 30 or 60 first cycles, such that the ratio between the predetermined inactivation time interval and the predetermined sensitive time interval is modified, e.g. the sensitive time interval is relatively longer in the 20th, or 30th, or 60th first cycle.

[0010] It is preferred according to the present invention that the first reactivation information comprises an indication when the predetermined reactivation time interval and/or the predetermined sensitive time interval begins and/or ends. It is thereby advantageously
possible to provide the information about the sensitive time period or time interval (as well as its absolute beginning and/or end) of the base station entity to the mobile device.

[0011] It should be understood that according to the present invention, it is also possible - in the second operational mode of the base station entity - to deactivate or to use a second operational mode for only parts or components of a base station entity, e.g. power amplifiers related to certain transmission channels of the base station entity.

[0012] In the context of the present invention, it is to be understood that the principle of the invention is also applicable to other wireless technologies than GSM, UMTS, LTE or LTE-Advanced, namely to a TETRA mobile communication network, a satellite communication network, a WiMax communication network, a WLAN communication network or a cdma2000 mobile communication network.

[0013] Furthermore, in the context of the present invention, the term "base station entity" means an entity providing base station functionality such as — a BTS (Base Transceiver Station) according to the GSM standard, and/or - NodeB according to the UMTS standard, and/or - eNodeB according to the LTE or LTE-Advanced standard, and/or - Relay Node (RN) or Relay Station (RS), and/or - Access Point according to the WLAN standard.

[0014] According to the present invention, the control channel of the base station entity that is transmitted by the base station entity in the first operational mode (such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device) and that is not transmitted by the base station entity in the second operational mode is a physical control channel.

[0015] For example, in case that in a specific geographical region there is a 2G mobile communication network (such as a GERAN network) and a 3G or 4G mobile communication network (such as a UMTS or LTE network), it is possible according to the present invention to power off the 3G/4G network components (i.e. the base station entities or parts of base station entities related to the 3G/4G services are in the second operational mode) and to provide a basic service level of the mobile communication network in the form of 2G connectivity. According to the present invention, a mobile device that requests to have a 3G/4G service from the mobile communication network has the information (in the form of the first reactivation information) to activate or to reactivate (by transmitting the second reactivation information to the base station entity) the 3G/4G network components.
A reduced overall power consumption of the base station entity or of the plurality of base station entities of the mobile communication network is - of course - desirable as such but a reduced power consumption that is possible according to the present invention enables the use and deployment of mobile communication networks even in situation without the possibility to (economically) provide an electric grid. Furthermore, it is advantageous according to the present invention that the emission of radiofrequency radiation (by base station entities) is reduced in situations or during time intervals where such an emission is not beneficial at all.

According to the present invention, the base station entity, in its second operational mode, does neither provide control channels nor pilot channels, i.e. preferably both the emission of the control channel or control channels and the emission of the pilot channel or pilot channels is powered off. It is preferred according to the present invention, that the control channel is at least one out of the following:
- a Broadcast Control Channel (e.g. BCCH),
- a pilot channel (e.g. CPICH),
- a physical synchronization channel (SCH)
- a paging indicator channel (PICH).

A Broadcast Control Channel is present in mobile communication network according to the Global System of Mobile Communication (GSM) standard, according to the EDGE standard, according to the Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS) standard and according to the Long Term Evolution (LTE) standard. The Broadcast Control Channel is a point to multipoint, unidirectional (downlink) channel. The Broadcast Control Channel carries a repeating pattern of system information messages that describe the identity, configuration and available features of the base station entity.

According to the present invention, by means of transmitting the second reactivation information, the mobile device tries to activate the base station entity (in its second operational mode) such that as a result of the activation (or reactivation) of the base station entity the control channel (or Broadcast Control Channel) is emitted by the base station entity. This means that the mobile device actively seeks to attach to a network part or domain of a specific type without detecting a control channel such as the Broadcast Control Channel of this specific type (e.g. a GSM type Broadcast Control Channel or a UMTS type Broadcast Control Channel or an LTE type Broadcast Control Channel) (and preferably also without detecting a pilot channel of this specific type).
According to the present invention, it is preferred that the second reactivation information is at least one out of the following:
- a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing,
- a message or signal compliant to a communication on a Random Access Channel (RACH) of the base station entity.

Thereby, it is advantageously possible according to the present invention, that the second reactivation information can be transmitted easily and effectively. According to one embodiment of the present invention, the second reactivation information has the form or the format of a message compliant to the RACH of the base station entity. According to another embodiment of the present invention, the second reactivation information is simply a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing, e.g. a sinus impulse of a specific duration and at a specific frequency, or a suite of at least two impulses of a respective specific duration and at a respective specific frequency.

According to the present invention, the second reactivation information serves to transmit an information to the base station entity of the information content of one bit, namely to switch on the base station entity or to switch on a specific part of the base station entity (i.e. for example the UMTS Broadcast Control Channel and related transceiver and control capacities). It is preferred according to the present invention that no information relating to the mobile device is transmitted by the second reactivation information, e.g. such that the mobile device having sent the second reactivation information can be identified later on. However the transmission of such an identification information is not excluded according to the present invention. According to the present invention, it is very much preferred that a preamble signal (or a RACH preamble signal, especially according to 3GPP TS 25.21 1 of the UMTS standard or according to 3GPP TS 36.21 1 of the LTE standard) is used as the second reactivation information. By means of the first reactivation information, it is indicated (to the mobile device) which preamble signal (of a plurality of potentially different preamble signals) is to be used as second reactivation information.

Thereby, it is easily possible to transmit the first reactivation information by means of a functionality of the base station entity that is not powered off.

Furthermore, it is also preferred according to the present invention that the first reactivation information is dependent on or specific for at least one out of the following:
- which service of a plurality of different services provided by the mobile communication network is requested by the mobile device;
- whether the mobile device is in a roaming situation within the mobile communication
network;
- whether the base station entity or another base station entity is to be reactivated.

[0024] Thereby, it is advantageously possible to flexibly activate the base station entity by means of transmitting the second reactivation information by the mobile device to the base station entity. For example, it is possible that the first reactivation information is different (and indicates a different form or pattern of the second reactivation information) for the case that an activation of a Packet Switched (PS) service of the base station entity is requested compared to the activation of a Circuit Switched (CS) service of the base station entity.

[0025] Furthermore, it is possible and preferred according to the present invention that the first reactivation information is different and indicates a different second reactivation information for the case that the mobile device that potentially activates a service functionality of the base station is either roaming in the mobile communication network or not.

[0026] It is possible and preferred according to the present invention that the definition of the second reactivation information (by means of the first reactivation information) depends on different parameters such as the hour of the day or the day of the week or the like.

[0027] Furthermore, it is possible and preferred according to the present invention, that for a specific user of the mobile communication network or for a specific group of users of the mobile communication network, a specific first reactivation information (indicating or being related to a specific second reactivation information) is transmitted (e.g. in a dedicated manner, i.e. such an information is not transmitted to other users of the mobile communication network). Thereby, it is advantageously possible according to the present invention to provide a differentiation in the degree that a user (or a mobile device) is able to power on the base station entity or a part of the base station entity. For example, it could be allowed to a specific user (or its mobile device) or to a specific group of users (or their mobile devices) to power on not only the next base station entity but also the neighbouring base station entities (such that in case of a movement of such a user a handover to neighbouring network cells is more easily possible).

[0028] Furthermore, it is preferred according to the present invention that the first reactivation information refers to at least one out of the following:
- a radio access technology of the base station entity regarding to which the first operational mode of the base station entity is possible to activate;
- a frequency or a plurality of frequencies that is/are possible to use for the second
reactivation information;
- a format allowed for the second reactivation information;
- an indication of a discrete point in time or a plurality of discrete points in time or an indication of a time interval or a plurality of time intervals that is/are possible to be used for the second reactivation information, i.e. an indication about the predetermined inactivation time interval and/or the predetermined sensitive time interval and their starting and ending time;
- an indication about the geographic scope of validity of the first reactivation information.

[0029] Thereby, it is advantageously possible to provide both a comparably quick activation of the base station entity and the possibility for the base station entity to maximize the periods of time in the second operational mode resulting in a maximum of power saving while still providing an enhanced service level to the user of the mobile device. For example, it is possible that a specific radio access technology is indicated that can be activated by a specific second reactivation information. Furthermore, the parameters of the second reactivation information, such as the frequency, the format and the timing (that the second reactivation information has to comply with for successfully activating the base station entity), is defined and transmitted by the first reactivation information.

[0030] The parameters of the second reactivation information (transmitted by the first reactivation information) might also include the above mentioned parameters (i.e. especially the frequency, the format and the timing) for the activation of other base station entities (than the current base station entity), such as neighbouring base station entities. In case that for certain geographical areas (comprising typically a plurality of cells of the mobile communication network) the parameters of the second reactivation information are identical then the limits of these geographical areas are transmitted by means of the first reactivation information.

[0031] According to the present invention, the transmission of the first reactivation information (i.e. the distribution of the parameters of the second reactivation information) can be provided by means of a different mobile communication technology than the one to be activated by the mobile device (typically, in this case it is a mobile communication network of a different technology (e.g. 2G) of the same network operator than the mobile communication network to be temporarily and/or partly switched off).

[0032] Alternatively, it is also possible according to the present invention that the transmission of the first reactivation information (i.e. the distribution of the parameters of the second reactivation information) is provided by means of the same mobile communication
technology that is to be activated provided that during some (regularly repeating or not) periods of time, the corresponding base station entities are switched on to transmit the first reactivation information. A realisation thereof is a mobile communication network where the base station entities to be powered off temporarily have an activated Broadcast Control Channel (for some periods of time, preferably regularly repeated) that transmits the first reactivation information. Alternatively, it is also possible and preferred according to the present invention to provide a dedicated channel to transmit the first reactivation information with the above mentioned parameters (defining the second reactivation information) also in periods where the base station entity is in its second operational mode. Still alternatively, the first reactivation information can be transmitted using an Open Mobile Alliance (OMA) Device Management proceedings.

[0033] The present invention also relates to a mobile device for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity
- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity,
- switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
- switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined sensitive time interval,
wherein the mobile device is configured to receive a first reactivation information, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile device is configured to transmit a second reactivation information to the base station entity during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0034] The present invention additionally also relates to a mobile device for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein
the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency
signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station
entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base
station entity not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station
entity, wherein the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first reactivation
information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to
activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second
operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile device transmits a
second reactivation information to the base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception
of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of
the base station entity is applied.

[0035] The present invention also relates to a base station entity for being controlled by
means of a mobile device in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station
entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the
base station entity comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first
operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals
such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by
the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity
— switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio
coverage area of the base station entity,
— switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined inactivation
time interval, and
— switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined sensitive
time interval,
wherein the mobile communication network is provided such that a first reactivation
information is transmitted to the mobile device, the first reactivation information being related
to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational
mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station
entity, and wherein the base station entity is furthermore provided such that the base station
entity receives a second reactivation information from the mobile device during the
predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity, wherein dependent on a
reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational
mode of the base station entity is applied.
The present invention furthermore also relates to a base station entity for being controlled by means of a mobile device in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity, wherein the mobile communication network is provided such that a first reactivation information is transmitted to the mobile device, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the base station entity is furthermore provided such that the base station entity receives a second reactivation information from the mobile device, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

Furthermore, the present invention relates to a mobile communication network for controlling the activity of a base station entity by means of a mobile device, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity

- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity,

- switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and

- switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined sensitive time interval,

wherein the mobile communication network is provided such that a first reactivation information is transmitted to the mobile device, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile communication network is furthermore provided such that the base station entity receives a second reactivation information from the mobile device during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity, wherein dependent on a
reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0038] Furthermore, the present invention also relates to a mobile communication network for controlling the activity of a base station entity by means of a mobile device, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity, wherein the mobile communication network is provided such that a first reactivation information is transmitted to the mobile device, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile communication network is furthermore provided such that the base station entity receives a second reactivation information from the mobile device, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0039] Furthermore, the present invention relates to a program comprising a computer readable program code for controlling a mobile device for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity

- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity,
- switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
- switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity for a predetermined sensitive time interval,

wherein the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second
operational mode of the base station entity during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile device transmits a second reactivation information to the base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0040] Furthermore, the present invention also relates to a program comprising a computer readable program code for controlling a mobile device for controlling the activity of a base station entity in a mobile communication network, wherein the base station entity is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area of the base station entity by the mobile device, wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area of the base station entity, wherein the mobile device receives a first reactivation information, the first reactivation information being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity, and wherein the mobile device transmits a second reactivation information to the base station entity, wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information by the base station entity the first operational mode of the base station entity is applied.

[0041] The present invention also relates to computer program product comprising an inventive program.

[0042] These and other characteristics, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, which illustrate, by way of example, the principles of the invention. The description is given for the sake of example only, without limiting the scope of the invention. The reference figures quoted below refer to the attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0043] Figure 1 schematically illustrates a mobile communication network comprising a base station entity and a mobile device.
DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0044] The present invention will be described with respect to particular embodiments and with reference to certain drawings but the invention is not limited thereto but only by the claims. The drawings described are only schematic and are non-limiting. In the drawings, the size of some of the elements may be exaggerated and not drawn on scale for illustrative purposes.

[0045] Where an indefinite or definite article is used when referring to a singular noun, e.g. "a", "an", "the", this includes a plural of that noun unless something else is specifically stated.

[0046] Furthermore, the terms first, second, third and the like in the description and in the claims are used for distinguishing between similar elements and not necessarily for describing a sequential or chronological order. It is to be understood that the terms so used are interchangeable under appropriate circumstances and that the embodiments of the invention described herein are capable of operation in other sequences than described or illustrated herein.

[0047] In Figure 1, a mobile communication network 10 is schematically shown having a base station entity 11. The base station entity 11 typically comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain (or components providing the transmitting functionality of the base station entity, and components providing the transmitting functionality of the base station entity), and has a radio coverage area 11* and a mobile device 20 is depicted being located within the radio coverage area 11* of the base station entity 11. The base station entity 11 is able to be operated in at least a first operational mode and a second operational mode. The first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity 11 transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in the radio coverage area 11* of the base station entity 11 by the mobile device 20. This corresponds to the normal (and standardized) behaviour and situation of both the mobile device 20 and the base station entity 11.

According to the present invention, the base station entity is able to be operated in the second operational mode which corresponds to the base station entity 11 being at least partly switched off. This means that at least during power saving time intervals the control channel is not provided in the radio coverage area 11* of the base station entity 11 as the transmitter chain of the of base station entity 11 is switched off (or is deactivated) in the second operational mode. According to the normal (standardized) behaviour of the mobile
device 20 and the base station entity 11 (or the mobile communication network 10), the mobile device 20 interprets this situation as a situation where a specific requested service of the mobile communication network 10 is not available and an attachment, e.g. to a high bitrate Packet Switched (PS) service, is not possible. According to the present invention, also the receiver chain of the base station entity 11 is switched off (or is deactivated) (during the second operational mode) at least during a predetermined inactivation time interval. During a predetermined sensitive time interval (during the second operational mode of the base station entity), the receiver chain is switched on (or is activated).

[0048] According to the present invention, a first reactivation information 21 is provided to the mobile device 20 indicating that by means of transmitting a specific signal to the base station entity 11, a reactivation of the base station entity 11 (with the presence of the Broadcast Control Channel) is possible to achieve. This specific signal is a second reactivation information 22 to be transmitted by the mobile device 20 to the base station entity 11. The second reactivation information 22 is transmitted to the base station entity 11 during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity 11. During the second operational mode of the base station entity, it is preferred according to the present invention that there is a succession of cycles comprising the (preferably constant) predetermined inactivation time interval and the (preferably constant) predetermined sensitive time interval. As an example, such a cycle (comprising e.g. 60 seconds) comprises 50 seconds of the predetermined inactivation time interval and 10 seconds of the predetermined sensitive time interval, which results in a time sharing between the predetermined inactivation time interval and the predetermined sensitive time interval of 5:1. Of course, alternative sharing ratios and alternative cycle lengths are possible according to the present invention.
PATENT CLAIMS

1. Method for controlling the activity of a base station entity (11) in a mobile communication network (10) by means of a mobile device (20), wherein the base station entity (11) is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity (11) comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11) by the mobile device (20), wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11)
   — switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11),
   — switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
   — switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined sensitive time interval,
wherein the method comprises the following steps:
   — in a first step, the mobile device (20) receives a first reactivation information (21), the first reactivation information (21) being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device (20) to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity (11).
   -- in a second step, the mobile device (20) transmits a second reactivation information (22) to the base station entity (11) during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity (11), wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information (22) by the base station entity (11) the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) is applied.

2. Method according to claim 1, wherein the control channel is at least one out of the following:
   ~ a Broadcast Control Channel (e.g. BCCH),
   -- a pilot channel (e.g. CPICH),
   -- a physical synchronization channel (e.g. SCH)
   -- a paging indicator channel (e.g. PICH).
3. Method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the second reactivation information (22) is at least one out of the following:
   - a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing,
   - a message or signal compliant to a communication on a Random Access Channel (RACH) of the base station entity.

4. Method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first reactivation information (21) is transmitted using a first technology of a mobile communication network, wherein the second reactivation information (22) is transmitted using a second technology of a mobile communication network.

5. Method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first reactivation information (21) is dependent on at least one out of the following:
   - which service of a plurality of different services provided by the mobile communication network (10) is requested by the mobile device (20);
   - whether the mobile device (20) is in a roaming situation within the mobile communication network (10);
   - whether the base station entity (11) or another base station entity is to be reactivated.

6. Method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first reactivation information (21) comprises an indication when the predetermined reactivation time interval and/or the predetermined sensitive time interval begins and/or ends.

7. Method according to any of the preceding claims, wherein the first reactivation information (21) refers to at least one out of the following:
   - a radio access technology of the base station entity (11) regarding to which the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) is possible to activate;
   - a frequency or a plurality of frequencies that is/are possible to use for the second reactivation information (22);
   - a format allowed for the second reactivation information (22);
   - an indication about the geographic scope of validity of the first reactivation information (21).

8. Mobile device (20) for controlling the activity of a base station entity (11) in a mobile communication network (10), wherein the base station entity (11) is able to be
operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity (11) comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11) by the mobile device (20), wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11)

-- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11),

— switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and

~ switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined sensitive time interval,

wherein the mobile device (20) is configured to receive a first reactivation information (21), the first reactivation information (21) being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device (20) to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity (11), and wherein the mobile device (20) is configured to transmit a second reactivation information (22) to the base station entity (11) during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity (11), wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information (22) by the base station entity (11) the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) is applied.

9. Mobile device (20) according to claim 8, wherein the second reactivation information (22) is at least one out of the following:

- a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing,

10. — a message or signal compliant to a communication on a Random Access Channel (RACH) of the base station entity.

11. Base station entity (11) able for being controlled by means of a mobile device (20) in a mobile communication network (10), wherein the base station entity (11) is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity (11) comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11) by the mobile device (20), wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11)
-- switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11),
~ switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
- switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined sensitive time interval,

wherein the mobile communication network (10) is provided such that a first reactivation information (21) is transmitted to the mobile device (20), the first reactivation information (21) being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device (20) to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity (11), and wherein the base station entity (11) is furthermore provided such that the base station entity (11) receives a second reactivation information (22) from the mobile device (20) during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity (11), wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information (22) by the base station entity (11) the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) is applied.

12. Base station entity (11) according to claim 11, wherein the second reactivation information (22) is at least one out of the following:
   - a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing,
   - a message or signal compliant to a communication on a Random Access Channel (RACH) of the base station entity.

13. Mobile communication network (10) for controlling the activity of a base station entity (11) by means of a mobile device (20), wherein the base station entity (11) is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11) by the mobile device (20), wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11), wherein the mobile communication network (10) is provided such that a first reactivation information (21) is transmitted to the mobile device (20), the first reactivation information (21) being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device (20) to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity (11)
starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity (11), and wherein the mobile communication network (10) is furthermore provided such that the base station entity (11) receives a second reactivation information (22) from the mobile device (20), wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information (22) by the base station entity (11) the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) is applied.

14. Mobile communication network (10) according to claim 13, wherein the second reactivation information (22) is at least one out of the following:
   - a radiofrequency signal of a predetermined pattern regarding its frequency and timing,
   - a message or signal compliant to a communication on a Random Access Channel (RACH) of the base station entity.

15. Program comprising a computer readable program code for controlling a mobile device (20) for controlling the activity of a base station entity (11) in a mobile communication network (10), wherein the base station entity (11) is able to be operated in at least a first and a second operational mode, wherein the base station entity (11) comprises a transmitter chain and a receiver chain, wherein the first operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11) transmitting radio frequency signals such that a control channel is received in a radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11) by the mobile device (20), wherein the second operational mode corresponds to the base station entity (11)
   - switching off the transmitter chain and not providing the control channel in the radio coverage area (11') of the base station entity (11),
   - switching off the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined inactivation time interval, and
   - switching on the receiver chain of the base station entity (11) for a predetermined sensitive time interval,
   wherein the mobile device (20) receives a first reactivation information (21), the first reactivation information (21) being related to the possibility and/or to the manner for the mobile device (20) to activate the first operational mode of the base station entity (11) starting from the second operational mode of the base station entity (11), and wherein the mobile device (20) transmits a second reactivation information (22) to the base station entity (11) during the predetermined sensitive time interval of the base station entity (11), wherein dependent on a reception of the second reactivation information (22) by the base station entity (11) the first operational mode of the base
station entity (11) is applied.

16. Computer program product comprising a program according to claim 15.
**INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

**INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASSIFICATION (IPC) AND BOTH NATIONAL CLASSIFICATION AND IPC**

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**

INV. H04W 52/02

**ADD.**

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched: (classification system followed by classification symbols)

H04W

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, COMPENDEX, INSPEC, WPI Data

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

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<td>US 2009/285143 AI (Kwun Jong-Hyung [KR] ET AL) 19 November 2009 (2009-11-19)</td>
<td>1, 2, 6, 8, 11, 13, 15, 16</td>
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex.

*S* Special categories of cited documents:

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Date of the actual completion of the international search: 20 June 2012

Date of mailing of the international search report: 27/06/2012

Name and mailing address of the ISA:

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized office:

Rosenauer, Hubert
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