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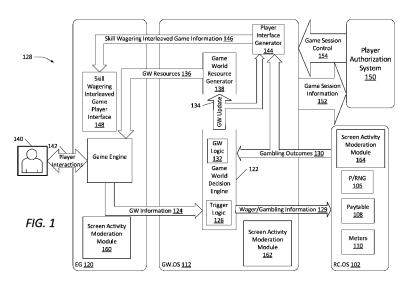
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(54) Title: SCREEN ACTIVITY MODERATION IN A SKILL WAGERING INTERLEAVED GAME



(57) Abstract: Systems and methods for operating a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game are disclosed. A screen activity moderated skill wagering game is provides an entertainment game and a gambling game. The entertainment game is provided by an entertainment system and is managed by a game world operating system. The gambling game is provided by a real credit operating system. The screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game also provides screen activity moderation to adjust gambling activity within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity within the entertainment game. During periods of high intensity game play within the entertainment game, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in some embodiments adjusts the gambling activity within the gambling game inversely based on the level of screen activity.



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SCREEN ACTIVITY MODERATION IN A SKILL WAGERING INTERLEAVED GAME

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to US Provisional Application No. 61/838,939, filed June 25, 2013, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference as if set forth herewith. This application references Patent Cooperation Treaty Application No. PCT/US11/26768, filed March 1, 2011, Patent Cooperation Treaty Application No. PCT/US11/63587, filed December 6, 2011, and Patent Cooperation Treaty Application No. PCT/US12/58156, filed September 29, 2012, the contents of each of which are hereby incorporated by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Embodiments of the present invention are generally related to gaming and more specifically to regulating the activity visible to a player while engaged in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game.

BACKGROUND

[0003] The gaming machine manufacturing industry has traditionally developed gaming machines with a gambling game. A gambling game is typically a game of chance, which is a game where the outcome of the game is generally dependent solely on chance (such as a slot machine). A game of chance can be contrasted with a game of skill where the outcome of the game can depend upon a player's skill playing the game. Gambling games are typically not as interactive as skill games and do not include graphics as sophisticated as the graphics presented in a skill game, such as a video game provided for entertainment.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Systems and methods in accordance with embodiments of the invention provide screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. A screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game may include an entertainment system constructed to execute an entertainment game, a real credit operating system constructed to execute a gambling game, and a game world operating system

constructed to manage the entertainment game. The entertainment system executes the entertainment game wherein the execution of the entertainment game includes generation of a display having a certain level of screen activity. The game world operating system monitors a level of screen activity of the display of the entertainment game. The game world operating system determines a change in a rate of gambling game play based upon the level of screen activity. The game world operating system transmits the change in the rate of gambling game play to the real credit operating system. The real credit operating system provides the gambling game based upon the change in the rate of the gambling.

[0005] In accordance with some embodiments, the game world operating system determines the change in the rate of gambling game play by comparing the level of screen activity of the entertainment game against at least one threshold.

[0006] In accordance with some embodiments, the game world operating system adjusts at least one of (i) a rate of gambling events and (2) a rate of wagers within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity.

[0007] In accordance with some embodiments, the game world operating system pauses gambling events within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity.

[0008] In accordance with some embodiments, the game world operating system pauses transmission of screen activity information to a function that determines the change in the rate of gambling game play within the game world operating system.

[0009] In accordance with some embodiments, screen activity is measured based on at least one of: collision detection, color changes, actions available, targets available, processing speed, latency, and input lag.

[0010] In accordance with some embodiments, the entertainment system adjusts gambling game graphics displayed within the entertainment game based on the level of screen activity.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0011] FIG. 1 illustrates a system diagram of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

[0012] FIG. 2 illustrates a block diagram of components of an entertainment game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

- **[0013]** FIG. 3 illustrates a block diagram of components of a real credit operating system in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.
- **[0014]** FIG. 4 illustrates a timing diagram of interactions between a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game and real credit operating system of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gambling game, and a Game World Operating System of a screen activity moderated wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.
- [0015] FIGS. 5A, 5B, 5C, and 5D illustrate various devices that host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with some embodiments of the invention.
- [0016] FIGS. 6A, 6B and 6C illustrate embodiments of a distributed screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with different embodiments of the invention.
- **[0017]** FIG. 7 illustrates a block diagram of components of a processing apparatus configured to provide a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with various embodiments of the invention.
- **[0018]** FIG. 8 illustrates a conceptual diagram of components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.
- **[0019]** FIG. 9 illustrates a conceptual diagram of the interplay between aspects of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game using Real World Currency (RC) in accordance with some embodiments of the invention.
- **[0020]** FIGS. 10A and 10B illustrate architectural flow charts of systems employing screen activity moderation in accordance with embodiments of the invention.
- [0021] FIG. 11 illustrates an architectural flow chart of an embodiment of a system employing screen activity moderation with a pause in function in the dataflow.

[0022] FIG. 12 illustrates an architectural flow chart of an embodiment of a system employing screen activity moderation with a pause as a function of f1.

[0023] FIG. 13 illustrates a process flow diagram for an embodiment of a system employing screen activity moderation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Turning now to the drawings, systems and methods for operation of [0024] screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games are illustrated. In several embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game is a form of a combined skill and wagering game that integrates both a gambling game and a skill-based entertainment game. The gambling game is provided by a real credit operating system (RC.OS) which manages the gambling game. An entertainment game system (EG) executes the skill-based components of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game for user entertainment. The EG is coupled to the RC.OS by a game world operating system (GW.OS). The GW.OS manages the configuration of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In certain embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game also includes a player interface that is associated with either or both RC.OS providing the gambling game and the EG providing the entertainment game. For purposes of the discussion, a player or player interactions are represented in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game by the electronic representation of interactions between the player and the game, typically received via the player interface, and a player profile of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game associated with the player.

[0025] In operation of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, a player acts upon various types of elements of the entertainment game in a game world environment. Elements are game world resources consumed within an entertainment game to advance entertainment game gameplay. During gameplay of the entertainment game using the elements, a player can optionally consume and/or accrue game world credits (GWC) within the entertainment game. These GWC credits can be in the form of, but are not limited to, game world credits, experience

points, and points generally. Wagers can be made on the outcome of gambling events in the gambling game as triggered by the player's use of one or more elements of the entertainment game. The wagers may be made using real world credits (RC). The real world credits can be credits in an actual currency, or can be credits in a virtual currency which may or may not have real world value. The outcomes of gambling events in the gambling game can cause consumption, loss or accrual of RC. In accordance with some embodiments, the outcomes of gambling events in the gambling game can influence game world resources and/or elements in the entertainment game such as, but not limited to, providing or removing a game world resource, restoring a consumed element; causing the loss of an element; and restoration or placement of a fixed element.

[0026] In many embodiments, the gambling games can facilitate a wager of GWC for a randomly generated payout of entertainment game GWC, game world resources, or elements on the outcome of a gambling event in a gambling game. The payout for a wager of entertainment game GWC, game world resources or elements may include a randomly generated payout of elements in accordance with some embodiments. In a number of embodiments, an amount of GWC and/or elements used as part of a wager can have a RC value if cashed out during and/or at the end of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay session.

elements (EE) that are game world resources utilized during a player's skillful play of the entertainment game and whose utilization by the player while playing the entertainment game can trigger a wager in a gambling game. Another, non-limiting, example of an element in an entertainment game is a reserve enabling element (REE), which is an element that converts into one or more enabling elements upon occurrence of a release event during skill wagering interleaved game gameplay. Yet another, non-limiting, example of element of an entertainment game is an actionable element (AE) which is an element that is acted upon during gameplay of the entertainment game to trigger a wager in the gambling game; and may or may not be restorable during normal play of the entertainment game. Still another, non-limiting, example of an element in an entertainment game is a common enabling element

(CEE) which is an element that may be shared by two or more players and causes a gambling event and associated wager to be triggered in the gambling game when used by one of the players during play of the entertainment game. In progressing through entertainment game gameplay, elements can be utilized by a player during interactions with a controlled entity (CE). A CE is a character, entity, inanimate object, device or other object under control of a player.

In accordance with some embodiments of a screen activity moderated skill [0028] wagering interleaved game, gameplay of the entertainment progresses triggering gambling events and associated wagers on the outcome of the gambling event in the The triggering of the gambling event and/or wager can be gambling game. dependent upon a game world variable such as, but not limited to: a required game object (RGO), a required environmental condition (REC), or a controlled entity characteristic (CEC). A RGO is a specific game object in an entertainment game acted upon for an AE to be completed. A non-limiting example of an RGO is a specific key needed to open a door. A REC is a game state present within an entertainment game for an AE to be completed. A non-limiting example of an REC is daylight whose presence enables a character to walk through woods. A CEC is a status of the CE within an entertainment game for an AE to be completed. A nonlimiting example of a CEC is requirement that a CE have full health points before entering battle. Although various gameplay resources such as, but not limited to, GWC, RC and elements as discussed above may be used to trigger a gambling event and/or wager in a gambling game, one skilled in the art will recognize that any gameplay resource can be utilized to advance screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay as well as form the basis for a trigger of a wager as appropriate to the specification of a specific application in accordance with various embodiments of the invention. Various skill wagering interleaved games are discussed in Patent Cooperation Treaty Application No. PCT/US11/26768, filed March 1, 2011, entitled ENRICHED GAME PLAY ENVIRONMENT (SINGLE and/or MULTIPLAYER) FOR CASINO APPLICATIONS and Patent Cooperation Treaty Application No. PCT/US11/63587, filed December 6, 2011, entitled ENHANCED SLOT-MACHINE FOR CASINO APPLICATIONS each disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0029] In many embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game integrates an entertainment game with a gambling game. several embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can utilize a GW.OS to monitor screen activity moderated gameplay of the entertainment game executed by an EG for a trigger of a gambling event. The trigger for gambling event can be detected from the skillful execution of the entertainment game in accordance with at least one gambling event occurrence rule. The trigger of the gambling event can be communicated to a RC.OS. In response to notification of the trigger, the RC.OS triggers a gambling event and a RC wager on the outcome of the gambling event that is made in accordance with a wager trigger rule within the gambling game executed by the RC.OS. The wager can produce a wager payout as a randomly generated payout of both RC and gameplay resources. In addition, gameplay of an entertainment game in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can be modified by the GW.OS upon the wager payout. In various embodiments, entertainment game gameplay can advance through the performance of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game player actions. For purposes of this discussion a game player action is an action during screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay that can be performed by a player or to a player.

[0030] In several embodiments, a gambling event occurrence can be determined from one or more game world variables within an entertainment game that are used to trigger a gambling event and/or associated wager in a gambling game. Game world variables can include, but are not limited to, passage of a period of time during screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay; a result from a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay session (such as, but not limited to, achieving a goal or a particular score); a player action that is a consumption of an element; or a player action that achieves a combination of elements to be associated with a player profile. [0031] In numerous embodiments, an entertainment game modification is an instruction of how to modify entertainment game gameplay resources based upon

entertainment game modification can modify any aspect of a screen activity

An

one or more of a gambling game payout and game world variables.

moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game, such as but is not limited to an addition of a period of time available for a current gameplay session for the entertainment game of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, an addition of a period of time available for a future screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay session or any other modification to entertainment game elements that can be utilized during entertainment game gameplay. In some embodiments, an entertainment game modification can modify a type of element whose consumption triggers a gambling event occurrence. In many embodiments, an entertainment game modification can modify a type of element whose consumption is not required in a gambling event occurrence.

[0032] In a number of embodiments, a player interface can be utilized that depicts a status of entertainment game in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. A player interface can depict any aspect of an entertainment game including, but not limited to, an illustration of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay advancement as a player plays the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game.

[0033] In a number of embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game uses screen activity moderation to adjust gambling activity within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity within the entertainment game. In particular, during the course of an entertainment game such as a firstperson shooter (FPS), there may be periods of light, moderate and high screen activity (SA) taking place within the entertainment game caused by, for example, higher difficulty opponents, greater number of opponents, landscape changes or a variety of other factors based on the particular characteristics of the entertainment game. Accordingly, during these periods of high intensity game play within the entertainment game, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in some embodiments adjusts the rate of gambling activity within the gambling game inversely based on the level of SA. By modifying the gambling game, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game facilitates a player's ability to focus on the gameplay within the entertainment game and reduces and/or eliminates the potentially distractive activity related to gambling events taking place within the

gambling game. In particular, screen activity moderation can continuously monitor and vary the level of screen activity in order to allow a player to experience periods of high intensity gameplay within the entertainment game without overwhelming the player with screen activity related to the gambling events taking place in the gambling game. SA levels can be calculated in a variety of ways, and moderated so as to allow gambling events during periods when it would not detract from the entertainment game gameplay and reduce gambling events during periods of high intensity gameplay within the entertainment game.

Screen Activity Moderated Skill Wagering Interleaved Games

[0034] In many embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game integrates high-levels of entertainment content from an entertainment game (game of skill) and a gambling experience from a game of chance (gambling game). A screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game provides for random gambling game outcomes that are independent of player skill while providing a gaming experience (as measured by obstacles/challenges encountered, time of play and other factors) shaped by the player's skill. A screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 1. The screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game 128 includes an RC.OS 102, and a GW.OS 112, and an EG 120. The RC.OS 102 is connected with the GW.OS 112. The EG 120 is also connected with the GW.OS 112.

[0035] In several embodiments, the RC.OS 102 is the operating system for one or more gambling games provided by the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game 128 and controls and operates the gambling games. The operation of a gambling game is enabled by RC such as money or other real world funds. A gambling game can increase or decrease an amount of RC based on random gambling game outcomes, where the gambling proposition of a gambling game is typically regulated by gaming control bodies. In many embodiments, the RC.OS 120 includes a, pseudo random or random number generator (P/RNG) 106; one or more real-world credit pay tables 108; RC meters 110; and other software constructs that enable a game of chance to offer a fair and transparent gambling

proposition, and the auditable systems and functions that can enable the game to obtain gaming regulatory body approval.

P/RNG 106 includes software and/or hardware performing processes that [0036] can generate random or pseudo random outcomes. The one or more pay tables 108 are tables that can be used in conjunction with P/RNG 106 to determine an amount of real world credits (RC) earned as a function of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay and are analogous to the pay tables used in a conventional slot machine. There can be one or more pay tables 108 in the RC.OS 102. The pay tables 108 are used to implement one or more gambling games. The selection of the pay table 108 to use to resolve a gambling event and/or wager can be based on factors including, but not limited to, game progress a player has earned and/or the eligibility of the player for bonus rounds. Real world credits (RC) are credits analogous to slot machine game credits which are entered into a skill wagering interleaved game by the user either in the form of money such as hard currency or electronic funds. RCs can be decremented and/or augmented based on the outcome of the P/RNG 106 according to a pay table 108 independent of player skill. In certain embodiments, an amount of RC can be used as criteria in order to enter higher levels of the entertainment game provided by the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In accordance with some embodiments, RC can be carried forward to higher game levels or paid out if a cash out is opted for by a player. The amount of RC used to enter a specific level of the game level n need not be the same for each level.

[0037] In many embodiments, the RC.OS includes a screen activity moderation module 164 that implements one or more features of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game as described herein.

[0038] In many embodiments, the GW.OS 112 manages the overall screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game operation, with the RC.OS 102 and the EG 120 being support units to the GW.OS 112. In several embodiments, the GW.OS 112 may include mechanical, electronic and/or software systems for a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. The GW.OS 112 provides an interface between screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game provided by EG 120 and the screen activity

moderated skill wagering interleaved game gambling game provided by RC.OS 102. The GW.OS 112 includes a game world decision engine 122 that receives game world information 124 from the EG 120. The game world decision engine 122 uses the game world information 124, along with trigger logic 126 to generate gambling and/or wagering information 129 about triggering a gambling event and/or an associated wager of RC in the RC.OS 102. In some embodiments, the game world information 124 includes, but is not limited to, game world variables from the EG that indicate the state of the EG and the entertainment game that is being played by a player 140; and player actions and interactions 142 between the player and entertainment game provided by the EG 120. The gambling and/or wager information 128 may include, but is not limited to, an amount of RC to be wagered, a trigger of a gambling game, and a selection of a paytable 108 to be used by the gambling game.

[0039] In some embodiments, the game world decision engine 122 also receives gambling game outcome information 130 from the RC.OS 102. The decision engine 122 uses the gambling game outcome information 130, in conjunction with the game world information 124 and game world logic 132 to generate game world update information 134 about what kind of game world resources 136 are to be provided to the EG 120. A game world resource generator 138 generates the game world resources 136 based on the game world update information 134 provided by the game world decision engine 122 and transmits the generated resources to the EG 120.

[0040] In various embodiments, the game world decision engine 122 also calculates the amount of GWC to award to the player 140 based at least in part on the player's skillful execution of the entertainment game of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game as determined from the game world information 124. In some embodiments, gambling game outcome information 130 may also be used to determine the amount of GWC should be awarded to the player.

[0041] In some embodiments, the game world update information 134 and gambling game outcome information 130 are provided to a player interface generator 144. The player interface generator 144 receives the game world update information 134 and gambling game outcome information 130; and generates screen activity

moderated skill wagering interleaved game information 146 describing the state of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In some embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game information 146 may include, but is not limited to, amounts of GWC amounts earned, lost or accumulated by the player through skillful execution of the entertainment game; and RC amounts won, lost or accumulated as determined from the gambling game outcome information 130 and the RC meters 110. The

[0042] The GW.OS 112 can further couple to the RC.OS 102 to determine the amount of RC available in the game and other wagering metrics of the gambling game. Thus, the GW.OS 112 may potentially affect the amount of RC in play for participation in the gambling events of a gambling game provided by the RC.OS 102 in some embodiments. The GW.OS 112 may additionally include various audit logs and activity meters. In some embodiments, the GW.OS 112 can also couple to a centralized server for exchanging various data related to the player and the activities of the player during game play of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game.

In some embodiments, the GW.OS 112 couples to the EG 120 to manage [0043] the entertainment game provided. In several embodiments, game world credits (GWC) are player points earned or depleted as a function of player skill as a function of player performance in the context of the game. GWC may be analogous to the score in a typical video game. A screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game can have one or more scoring criteria, embedded within the GW.OS 112 and/or the EG 120 that reflect player performance against the goal(s) of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In some embodiments, GWC can be carried forward from one level of sponsored gameplay of the entertainment to another level. embodiments, GWC can be used within the EG to purchase in-game items, including but not limited to, elements that have particular properties, power ups for existing items, and other item enhancements. In many embodiments, GWC may be used to earn entrance into a sweepstakes drawing; to earn entrance in a tournament with prizes; to score in the tournament; and/or to participate and/or score in any other game event. In many embodiments, GWC can be stored on a player tracking card

or in a network-based player tracking system where the GWC is attributed to a specific player.

In some embodiments, the operation of the GW.OS 112 does not affect [0044] the provision of the gambling game by the RC.OS 102 except for player choice parameters that are allowable in a gambling game. Examples of player choice parameters include, but not limited to, wager terms such as but not limited to a wager amount; speed of game play (for example, the pressing a button or pulling the handle of a slot machine); and/or agreement to wager into a bonus round. In accordance with these embodiments, the RC.OS 102 provides a fair and transparent, non-skill based gambling proposition co-processor to the GW.OS 112. In the illustrated embodiment, the transfer of gambling game outcome information 128 shown between the GW.OS 112 and the RC.OS 102 allows the GW.OS 112 to obtain information from the RC.OS 102 as to the amount of RC available in the gambling game. In various embodiments, the communication link can also be used to convey a status operation of the RC.OS 102 (such as on-line or tilt). In a number of embodiments, the communication link used to provide the gambling and/or wagering information 128 between the RC.OS 102 and the GW.OS 112 can further be used to communicate the various gambling control factors which the RC.OS 102 uses as input. Examples of gambling control factors include, but are not limited to. the number of RC consumed per gambling event; and/or the player's election to enter a jackpot round. In FIG. 1, the GW.OS 112 is also shown as connecting to the player's player interface 148 directly, as the GW.OS 112 can utilize the player interface 148 to communicate certain screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game information including but not limited to, club points; player status; control of the selection of choices; and messages which a player can find useful in order to adjust the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game experience or understand the gambling status of the player in the gambling game in the RC.OS 102.

[0045] In many embodiments, the GW.OS includes a screen activity moderation module 162 that implements one or more features of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game as described herein.

[0046] In various embodiments, the EG 120 manages and controls the visual, audio, and player control for the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In certain embodiments, the EG 120 accepts input from a player through a set of hand controls, and/or head, gesture, and/or eye tracking systems and outputs video, audio and/or other sensory output to a player interface. In many embodiments, the EG 120 can exchange data with and accept control information from the GW.OS 112. In several embodiments, the EG 120 can be implemented using a processing device executing a specific entertainment game software program. Examples of processing devices that may implement the EG 120 include, but are not limited to: a mobile computing device such as a smart phone, tablet computer, personal digital assistant or the like; an electronic gaming machine such as a cabinet-based casino game; a personal computer; and a game console such as a Sony PlayStation® (a video game console developed by Sony Computer Entertainment of Tokyo Japan), or a Microsoft Xbox® (a video game console developed by Microsoft Corporation of Redmond, Washington). In numerous embodiments, the EG 120 can be an electromechanical game system that provides an electromechanical skill wagering interleaved game. An electromechanical skill wagering interleaved game executes an electromechanical entertainment game for player entertainment. The electromechanical entertainment game can be any game that utilizes both mechanical and electrical components, where the game operates as a combination of mechanical motions performed by at least one player or the electromechanical game itself. Various electromechanical skill wagering interleaved Patent Cooperation discussed in Treaty Application games PCT/US12/58156, filed September 29, 2012, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0047] In the shown embodiment, the EG 120 operates mostly independently from the GW.OS 112. Via the transfer of game world resources 136, however, the GW.OS 112 can send certain screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game resources including control parameters to the EG 120 to affect the EG's execution, such as (but not limited to) changing the difficulty level of the game. In various embodiments, these entertainment game control parameters can be based on a gambling outcome of a gambling game that was triggered by an

element in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game being acted upon by the player. The EG 120 can accept this input from the GW.OS 112, make adjustments, and continue screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay all the while running seamlessly from the player's perspective.

[0048] The execution of the entertainment game by the EG 120 is mostly skill based, except for where the processes performed by the EG 120 can inject complexities into the game by chance in the normal operation of gameplay to create unpredictability in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. The EG 120 can also communicate player choices made in the game to the GW.OS 112, included in the game world information 124, such as but not limited to the player's utilization of the elements of the entertainment game during the player's skillful execution of the entertainment game. In this architecture, the GW.OS is interfaced to the EG 120 in order to allow the transparent coupling of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game to a fair and transparent random chance gambling game, providing a seamless perspective to the player that they are playing a typical popular screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game (which is skill based).

[0049] In many embodiments, the EG includes screen activity moderation module 160 that implements one or more features of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game as described herein.

[0050] In several embodiments, the RC.OS 102 can accept a trigger to resolve a gambling event in a gambling game in response to actions taken by the player in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game as conveyed by the EG 120 to the GW.OS 112. The GW.OS 112 triggers the gambling event in the gambling game using trigger logic 126, and the RC.OS 102 resolves the gambling event in the background of the overall skill wagering interleaved game from the player's perspective and provide information about the outcome of the gambling event to the GW.OS 112 to expose the player to certain aspects of the gambling game. Examples of aspects of the gambling game that may be exposed to the player include, but are not limited to, odds of certain outcomes, amount of RC in

play, and amount of RC available. In a number of embodiments, the RC.OS 102 can accept modifications in the amount of RC wagered on each individual gambling event, in the number of gambling events per minute the RC.OS 102 can resolve entrance into a bonus round, and other factors. One skilled in the art will note that these factors can take a different form than that of a typical slot machine. An example of a varying wager amount that the player can choose can include, but is not limited to, gameplay using a more difficult entertainment game level. These factors can increase or decrease the amount wagered per individual gambling game in the same manner that a standard slot machine player can decide to wager more or less credits for each pull of the handle. In several embodiments, the RC.OS 102 can communicate a number of factors back and forth to the GW.OS 112, via an interface, such that an increase/decrease in a wagered amount can be related to the change in player profile of the player in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In this manner, a player can control a wager amount per gambling event in the gambling game with the change mapping to a parameter or component that is applicable to the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game experience.

In many embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering [0051] interleaved game integrates a video game style gambling game provided by a gambling machine where the gambling game (including an RC.OS 102 and RC) may not be player skill based. In some embodiments, the gambling game may allow players to use their skills to earn club points which a casino operator can translate into rewards including, but not limited to, tournament opportunities and prizes for the The actual exchange of monetary funds earned or lost directly from gambling against a game of chance in a gambling game, such as a slot machine, is preserved. At the same time, a rich environment of rewards to stimulate gamers can be established within the entertainment game. In several embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can leverage entertainment game titles popular with gamers and provide a sea change in a casino environment to attract players with games that are more akin to the type of entertainment that a younger generation desires. In various embodiments, players can use their skill in the entertainment game towards building and banking GWC. The GWC may then by

be used to win tournaments and various prizes as a function of skills of the gamer. In a number of embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game minimizes the underlying changes applied to the aforementioned entertainment software for the skill wagering interleaved game to operate within a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game construct. Therefore, a plethora of complex game titles and environments can be rapidly and may be inexpensively deployed in a gambling environment.

[0052] In certain embodiments, screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games also allow players to gain entry into subsequent competitions through the accumulation of game world credits (GWC) as a function of the user's demonstrated skill at the game. These competitions can pit individual players or groups of players against one another and/or against the operator of a gambling game (such as but not limited to a casino) to win prizes based upon a combination of chance and skill. These competitions can be asynchronous events whereby players participate at a time and/or place of their choosing or synchronized events whereby players participate at a specific time and/or venue.

[0053] In many embodiments, one or more players can be engaged in playing a skill based screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game executed by the EG 120. In various embodiments, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can include an entertainment game that includes head to head play between a single player and the computer; between two or more players against one another; or multiple players playing against the computer and/or each other as well as a process by which a player can bet on the outcome of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In some embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game can be a game where the player is not playing against the computer or any other player such as games where the player is effectively playing against himself or herself.

[0054] In some embodiments, a player authorization system 150 is used to authorize a skill wagering inte gaming session. The player authorization system receives game session information 152, that may include, but is not limited to, player, Eg, GW.OS and RC.OS information from the GW.OS 112. The player

authorization system uses the player, Eg, GW.OS and RC.OS information to regulate a SWig gaming session. In some embodiments, the player authorization system may also assert control of a SWig game session 154. Such control may include, but is not limited to, ending a SWig game session, initiating gambling in a SWig game session, ending gambling in SWig game session but not ending a player's play of the entertainment game portion of the SWig game, and changing from real currency wagering in a SWig to virtual currency wagering, or vice versa.

[0055]

[0056] The components of an EG in accordance with an embodiment of the invention are shown in FIG. 2. The EG 200 may be part of the entertainment game system itself, may be a software module that is executed by the entertainment game system, or may provide an execution environment for the entertainment game on a particular host entertainment game system. The EG 200 and an associated entertainment game are hosted by an EG device. The EG device is a computing device that is capable of hosting the EG. Embodiments of devices include, but are not limited to, electronic gaming machines, video game consoles, smart phones, personal computers, tablet computers, or the like. In several embodiments, an EG 200 of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game includes a game engine 210 that generates a player interface 212 for interaction with a player. The player interface includes a player presentation 214 that is presented to a player through the player interface. The player presentation may include audio features, visual features or tactile feature, or any combination of these preceding features. The player interface 212 further includes one or more human input devices (HIDs) 216 that the player can use to interact with the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Various components or sub-engines 218 of the game engine can read data from a game state 220 in order to implement the features of the EG. In some embodiments, components or sub-engines 218 of the game engine 210 can include, but are not limited to, a physics engine 250, a rules engine 251, and/or a graphics engine 252. The physics engine 250 is used to simulate physical interactions between virtual objects in the game state. The rules engine 251 implements the rules of the entertainment game and an RNG that may be used for influencing or determining certain variables and/or outcomes to provide a

randomizing influence on game play. The graphics engine 252 is used to generate a visual representation of the game state to the player. Furthermore, the sub-engines 218 may also include an audio engine (Not Shown) to generate audio outputs for the player interface 214.

[0057] During operation, the game engine 210 reads and writes game resources 222 stored on a data store of the EG host. The game resources 222 may include game objects 261 having graphics and/or control logic used to implement game world objects of the entertainment game. In various embodiments, the game resources may also include, but are not limited to, video files 264 that are used to generate cut-scenes for the entertainment game; audio files 263 used to generate music, sound effects, etc. within the entertainment game; configuration files 262 used to configure the features of the entertainment game; scripts or other types of control code 265 used to implement various game play features of the entertainment game; and graphics resources 266 such as textures, objects, etc. that are used by the game engine to render objects displayed in an entertainment game.

[0058] In operation, components of the game engine 210 read portions of the game state 220 and generate the player presentation 214 for the player which is presented to the player using the player interface 212. The player perceives the presentation and provides player inputs using the HIDs 216. The corresponding player inputs are received as player actions or inputs by various components of the game engine 210. The game engine 210 translates the player actions into interactions with the virtual objects of the game world stored in the game state 220. Components of the game engine use the player interactions with the virtual objects of the entertainment game and the entertainment game state 220 to update the game state 220 and update the presentation 214 presented to the user. The process loops in a game loop continuously while the player plays the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game.

[0059] The EG 200 provides one or more interfaces between an EG 200 and other components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, such as a GW.OS 230. The EG 200 and the other screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game components communicate with each other using the interfaces. The interface may be used to pass various types of data; and to send

and receive messages, status information, commands and the like. In certain embodiments, the EG 200 and GW.OS 230 exchange game world resources 232 and game world information 234. In some embodiments, the communications include requests by the GW.OS 230 that the EG 200 update the game state 220 using information provided by the GW.OS 230. In many embodiments, a communication by the GW.OS 230 requests that the EG 200 update one or more game resources 222 using information provided by the GW.OS 230. In a number of embodiments, the EG 200 provides all or a portion of the game state to GW.OS 230. Is some embodiments, the EG 200 may also provide information about one or more of the game resources 222 to the GW.OS 230. In some embodiments, the communication includes player actions that the EG 200 communicates to the GW.OS 230. The player actions may be low level player interactions with the player interface 212, such as manipulation of an HID, or may be high level interactions with game objects as determined by the entertainment game. The player actions may also include resultant actions such as modifications to the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game state 220 or game resources 222 resulting from the player's actions taken in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved entertainment game. In some embodiments, player actions include, but are not limited to, actions taken by entities such as non-payer characters (NPC) of the entertainment game that act on behalf of or under the control of the player.

[0060] In some embodiments, the EG 200 includes a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game player interface 236 used to communicate screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game data 238 to and from the player. The communications from screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game interface 236 include, but are not limited to, information used by the player to configure gambling game RC wagers, and information about the gambling game RC wagers such as, but not limited to, RC balances and RC amounts wagered.

[0061] Components of an RC.OS in accordance with an embodiment of the invention are shown in FIG. 3. The RC.OS 304 has an operating system OS 321 which controls the functions of the RC.OS 304; a random number generator (RNG) 320 to produce random numbers or pseudo random numbers; one or more pay tables 323 which includes a plurality of factors indexed by the random number to be

multiplied with an amount of RC committed in a wager; and a wagering control module 322 whose processes may include, but are not limited to, pulling random numbers, looking up factors in the pay tables, multiplying the factors by an amount of RC wagered, and administering one or more RC credit meters 326. The RC.OS 304 may also include storage for statuses, wagers, wager outcomes, meters and other historical events in a storage device 316. An authorization access module 324 provides a process to permit access and command exchange with the RC.OS 304 and access to a repository (a credit meter) 326 for the amount of RC which player has deposited in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. An external interface 328 allows the RC.OS 304 to interface to another system or device, such as a GW.OS 330. The various RC.OS modules and components can interface with each other via an internal bus 325 and/or other appropriate communication mechanism.

[0062] In various embodiments, an RC.OS 304 may use an RNG provided by an external system. The external system may be connected to the RC.OS 304 by a local area network (LAN) or a wide area network (WAN) such as the Internet. In some embodiments, the external RNG is a central deterministic system such as a regulated and controlled random numbered ball selection device or some other system that provides random or pseudo random numbers to one or more connected RC.OSs. In numerous embodiments, the interface between the RC.OS 304 and other systems/devices including an external RNG may be the Internet. However, other methods of communication may be used including, but not limited to, a LAN, a USB interface, and/or some other method by which two electronic devices could communicate with each other.

[0063] In numerous embodiments, signaling occurs between various components of an RC.OS 304 and an external system, such as GW.OS 330. In some of these embodiments, the purpose of the RC.OS 304 is to manage wagering on gambling events and to provide random (or pseudo random) numbers from an RNG. The external system requesting wagering support instructs the RC.OS 304 as to the pay table 328 to use and/or the amount of RC to wager. Next, the external system signals the RC.OS 304 to trigger a gambling event with an associated wager on the results of the gambling event wager. The RC.OS 304 resolves the gambling event

and determines the outcomes of the wager. The RC.OS can then inform the external system as to the outcome of the wager (the amount of RC won,) and/or the amount of RC in the player's account in the credit repository.

[0064] In various embodiments, a second communication exchange between the RC.OS 304 and an external system relates to the external system using an RNG result support from the RC.OS 304. In this exchange, the external system requests an RNG result from the RC.OS 304. In response, the RC.OS 304 returns an RNG result as a function of an internal RNG or an RNG external to the RC.OS 304 to which the RC.OS 304 is connected.

[0065] In some embodiments, a communication exchange between the RC.OS 304 and an external system relate to the external system support for coupling an RNG result to a particular pay table contained in the RC.OS 304. In such an exchange, the external system instructs the RC.OS 304 as to the pay table 323 to use, and requests a result whereby the RNG result would be coupled to the requested pay table 323. The result of the coupling is returned to the external system. In such an exchange, no actual RC wager is conducted, but might be useful in coupling certain non-RC wagering entertainment game behaviors and propositions to the same final resultant wagering return which is understood for the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game to conduct wagering. In a number of embodiments, some or all of the various commands and responses discussed above can be combined into one or more communication packets.

[0058] The RC.OS 304 operates in the following manner in accordance with some embodiments of the invention. The process begins by a RC.OS 304 receiving signals from an external system requesting a connection to RC.OS 304 (352). The request includes credentials for the external system. The Access Authorization Module 324 determines that the external system is authorized to connect to RC.OS 304 (354) and transmits an authorization response to the external system (355). The external systems provide a request for a gambling event to be performed to the RC.OS 304 (356). The request may include an indication of a wager amount on a proposition in the gambling event, and a proper pay table 323 to use to resolve the wager. The external system then sends a signal to trigger the gambling event (358).

[0059] The OS 321 instructs the Wager Control Module 322 as to the amount of the RC wager and the Pay Table 323 to select as well as to resolve the wager (360). In response to the request to execute the gambling event, the wager control module 222 requests an P/RNG result from the P/RNG 320 (362); retrieves a proper pay table or tables from the pay tables 323 (364); adjusts the RC of the player in the RC repository 326 as instructed (366); applies the P/RNG result to the particular pay table or tables 323 (368); and multiplies the resultant factor from the Pay Table by the amount of RC wagered to determine the result of the wager (368). Wager Control Module 322 then adds the amount of RC won by the wager to the RC repository 326 (370); and provides the outcome of the wager, and the amount of RC in the repository and the RC won to the external system (372). It should be understood that there may be many different embodiments of an RC.OS 304 including embodiments where many modules and components of the RC.OS 304 are located in various servers and locations, so the foregoing is not meant to be exhaustive or all inclusive, but rather provide information on various embodiments of an RC.OS 304.

A timing diagram of a process that facilitates interactions between [0060] components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game providing an entertainment game and a gambling game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is shown in FIG. 4. The components of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game process include RC.OS 402, GW.OS 404, and EG 406. The process begins with EG 406 detecting a player performing a player action in the entertainment game using a player interface. The EG 406 provides a GW.OS 404 with game world data (408). In some embodiments, the game world data includes but is not limited to, the player interaction detected by the EG 406. In some embodiments, the GW.OS 404 can provide the EG 406 with information as to the amount of EE that will be consumed by the player action in response to receiving the game world data (410). The GW.OS 404 may also provide information to configure a function that controls EE consumption, decay or addition to the EG 406 in response to receiving the game world data. The EG 406 can, based upon the function, consume an amount of EE designated by the GW.OS 404 to couple to the player action. Upon detection that the player action is a gameplay gambling event, the GW.OS 404 can send a request to provide a gambling event to

an RC.OS 402 (412). The request for a gambling event may include the wager terms associated with the gameplay gambling event in some embodiments. The RC.OS 402 can consume RC in executing the gambling event and resolving the wager. The RC.OS 402 can return RC as a payout from the wager. The RC.OS 402 can inform (414) the GW.OS 404 as to the outcome of the gambling event and/or any associated wagers. Based on the outcome of the gambling event, the GW.OS 404 can determine game world resources in the entertainment game to award to the player. The GW.OS may provide information about the game world resources award to the EG 406 (416). In some embodiments, the game world resources may be a payout of EE based upon the outcome of the gambling event and/or a wager associated with the gambling event. The EG 406 can reconcile and combine the payout of EE with the EE already ascribed to the player in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. In various embodiments, the EG 406 can provide an update to the GW.OS 404 as to the updated status of the entertainment game based upon reconciling the payout of EE. The GW.OS 404 may then determine an amount of GWC to award in the entertainment game based upon the updated status and provide the GWC amount to the EG 406 in response to the status update in some embodiments.

[0061] The following is an example of the sequence of events in the timing diagram of FIG. 4 in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game provides a Sudoku game as the entertainment game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention. In a Sudoku game, a player can take an action, such as selecting a number to be placed in a section of a Sudoku board. The EG 406 provides information about the player action to the GW.OS 404 (408). The information about the player action may include, but is not limited to, the player's choice of a symbol, the position on the Sudoku puzzle board that the symbol is played, and whether or not the symbol as played was a correct symbol in terms of eventually solving the Sudoku puzzle. The GW.OS 404 can process the information concerning the placement of the symbol, and determine that the player action consumes a symbol (EE) with each placement. The GW.OS 404 provides information about the consumption of the symbol to the EG 406 (410). The EG 406 then will consume the the EE based upon the placement of the symbol. The GW.OS

can also determine that a gambling event is triggered by the placement of the symbol and transmit a request (412) to the RC.OS 402. The request may indicate that 3 credits of RC are to be wagered on the outcome of the gambling event to match the placement of the symbol (EE) that is consumed and indicate a particular pay table (table Ln-RC) that the RC.OS 402 is to use to resolve the wager. The RC.OS 402 can consume the 3 credits for the wager, execute gambling event, and resolve the specified wager. In executing the gambling event and resolving the wager, the RC.OS 402 can determine that the player hits a jackpot of 6 credits and allocate the 6 credits of RC to the credit meter. In other embodiments, any of a variety of credits, pay tables and/or payouts can be utilized in the resolution of gambling events as appropriate to the requirements of specific applications. The RC.OS 402 also provides gambling event outcome information to the GW.OS 404 (414) that informs the GW.OS 404 that 6 credits of RC net were won as a payout from the wager. Based on the gambling event outcome information, the GW.OS 404 can determine that 2 additional symbols are to be made available to the player. The GW.OS 404 provides the game world resources information (416) to the EG 406 informing the EG 406 to add 2 additional symbols (EE) to the set of symbols available to a player based upon the gambling game payout. The EG 406 can then add 2 symbols (EE) to the number of symbol placements available to a player in the Sudoku game. The GW.OS can receive an update (418) from the EG 406 as to the total amount of EE associated with the player. The GW.OS can log the new player score (GWC) in the game (as a function of the successful placement of the symbol) based on the update, and provide a score update (420) the EG to add 2 extra points of GWC to the player's score. Although the above discussion describes the performance of the processes shown in FIG. 4 in the context of a Sodoku entertainment game, similar processes can be utilized to provide other types of entertainment games appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[0062] In many embodiments, a player can bet on whether or not the player will beat another player. These bets can be made, for example, on the final outcome of an entertainment game, and/or the state of the entertainment game along various intermediary points (such as but not limited to the score at the end of a period of time

of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game session) and/or on various measures associated with the entertainment game. Players can bet against one another, or engage the computer in a head to head competition in the context of the player's skill level in the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game in question. As such, players can have a handicap associated with their player profile that describes their skill in the entertainment game which can be the professed skill of the player in some embodiments. The handicap may be used by a GW.OS to offer appropriate bets around the final and/or intermediate outcomes of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game; to condition sponsored gameplay as a function of player skill; and/or to select players across one or more screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games to participate in head to head games and/or tournaments.

[0063] Many embodiments of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game enable the maximization of the number of players able to compete competitively by handicapping the players based upon skill in the entertainment game and utilizing a skill normalization module to modify the entertainment game based upon the handicaps of players to even the skill level of players competing against each other. Handicapping enables players of varying performance potential to compete competitively regardless of absolute skill level, such as, but not limited to, where a player whose skill level identifies the player as a beginner can compete in head to head or tournament play against a highly skilled player with meaningful results.

[0064] In several embodiments, wagers can be made among numerous screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games with a global betting manager (GBM). The GBM is a system that coordinates wagers that are made across multiple screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games by multiple players. In some embodiments, the GBM can also support wagers by third parties relative to the in game performance of other players. The GBM can be a standalone system; can be embedded in one of a number of systems including the GW.OS, EG, or any remote server capable of providing services to a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game; or can operate independently on one or

a number of servers on-site at a casino, as part of a larger network and/or the Internet or cloud in general.

[0065] Although various components of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games are discussed above, screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games can be configured with any component as appropriate to the specification of a specific application in accordance with embodiments of the invention. In certain embodiments, components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, such as a GW.OS, RC.OS, and/or EG, can be configured in different ways for a specific screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay application. Stand-alone and network connected screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games are discussed below.

Stand-Alone Screen activity moderated Skill Wagering Interleaved Games

[0066] Various types of devices that may be used to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game on a stand-alone device in accordance with various embodiments of the invention are shown in FIGS. 5A to 5D. An electronic gaming machine 500 may be used to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. The electronic gaming machine 500, shown in FIG. 5A may be physically located in a casino or other gaming establishment. A portable device 502 shown in FIG. 5B is a device that may wirelessly connect to a network and may be used to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Examples of portable devices 502 include, but are not limited to, a tablet computer and/or a smartphone. A gaming console 504, shown in FIG. 5C, may also be used to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. A personal computer 506, shown in FIG. 5D, may also be used to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with several embodiments of the invention. Indeed, any device including sufficient processing and/network communication capabilities can be utilized to host a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game as appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

Network Connected Screen activity moderated Skill Wagering Interleaved Games

[0067] Some screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games in accordance with many embodiments of the invention can operate locally while being network connected to draw services from remote locations or to communicate with other screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games. In many embodiments, operations associated with a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game can be performed across multiple devices. These multiple devices can be implemented using a single server or a plurality of servers such that a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game is executed as a system in a virtualized space such as, but not limited to, where the RC.OS and GW.OS are large scale centralized servers in the cloud coupled to widely distributed EG controllers or clients via the Internet.

In many embodiments, a RC.OS server can perform certain functionalities [0068] of a RC.OS of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In certain embodiments, a RC.OS server includes a centralized odds engine which can generate random outcomes (such as, but not limited to, win/loss outcomes) for gambling events in a gambling game. The RC.OS server can perform a number of simultaneous or pseudo-simultaneous runs in order to generate random outcomes for a variety of odds percentages that one or more networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games can use. In a number of embodiments, an RC.OS of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can send information to a RC.OS server including, but not limited to, paytables, maximum speed of play for a gambling game, gambling game monetary denominations, or any promotional RC provided by the operator of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In some specific embodiments, a RC.OS server can send information to a RC.OS of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game including, but not limited to, RC used in the gambling game, player profile information, play activity, and/or a profile associated with a player.

[0069] In several embodiments, a GW.OS server can perform the functionality of the GW.OS across various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games. These functionalities can include, but are not limited to, providing a method for monitoring high scores on select groups of games, coordinating interactions

between gameplay layers, linking groups of games in order to join them in head to head tournaments, and acting as a tournament manager.

In a variety of embodiments, management of player profile information can [0070] be performed by a patron management server separate from a GW.OS server. A patron management server can manage information related to a player profile. The managed information in the player profile may include, but is not limited to, data concerning controlled entities (characters) in screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game gameplay; game scores; game elements; RC and GWC associated with a particular players; and tournament reservations. Although a patron management server is discussed separate from a GW.OS server, a GW.OS server also performs the functions of a patron management server in some embodiments. In a number of embodiments, a GW.OS of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can send information to a patron management server. The information sent by the GW.OS to the patron management system may include, but is not limited to, GWC and RC used in a game; player profile information; play activity; profile information for players; synchronization information between a gambling game and a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game; and/or information about other aspects of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In several embodiments, a patron management server can send patron information to a GW.OS of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. The patron information may include, but is not limited to, screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game title and type; tournament information; table Ln-GWC tables; special offers; character or profile setup and synchronization information between a gambling game and a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game; and information about any other aspect of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game.

[0071] In numerous embodiments, an EG server provides a host for managing head to head play operating on a network of EGs connected to the EG server via a network such as the Internet. The EG server provides an environment where players can compete directly with one another and interact with other players.

Although an EG server is discussed as separate from a GW.OS server, the functionalities of an EG server and GW.OS server can be combined in a single server in some embodiments.

Servers connected via a network to implement screen activity moderated [0072] skill wagering interleaved games in accordance with many embodiments of the invention can communicate with each other to provide services utilized by a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. In several embodiments, a RC.OS server can communicate with a GW.OS server. In some embodiments, the RC.OS server can communicate with a GW.OS server to communicate any type of information as appropriate for a specific application. Examples of the information that may be communicated include, but are not limited to, information used to configure the various simultaneous or pseudo simultaneous odds engines executing in parallel within the RC.OS to accomplish screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game system functionalities; information used to determine metrics of RC.OS performance such as random executions run and/or outcomes for tracking system performance; information used to perform audits and/or provide operator reports; and information used to request the results of a random run win/loss result for use in one or more function(s) operating within the GW.OS such as, but not limited to, automatic drawings for prizes that are a function of EG performance.

[0073] In several embodiments, a GW.OS server can communicate with an EG server. A GW.OS server can communicate with an EG server to communicate any type of information as appropriate for a specific application. The information that may be communicated between a GW.OS server and an EG server includes, but is not limited to, the information for management of an EG server by a GW.OS server during a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game tournament. Typically, a GW.OS (such as a GW.OS that runs within a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game or on a GW.OS server) is not aware of the relationship of the GW.OS to the rest of a tournament since the actual tournament play is managed by the EG server in a typical configuration. Therefore, management of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game tournament can include, but is not limited to tasks including, but not limited to, conducting tournaments according to system programming that can be coordinated

by an operator of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game; allowing entry of a particular player into a tournament; communicating the number of players in a tournament; and the status of the tournament (such as, but not limited to the amount of surviving players, the status of each surviving player within the game, and time remaining on the tournament); communicating the performance of players within the tournament; communicating the scores of the various players in the tournament; and providing a synchronizing link to connect the GW.OSs in a tournament with their respective EGs.

In several embodiments, a GW.OS server can communicate with a patron management server. A GW.OS server can communicate with a patron management server to communicate any type of information as appropriate for a specific application. Examples of information communicated between a GW.OS server and a patron management system include, but are not limited to, information for configuring tournaments according to system programming conducted by an operator of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game; information for exchange of data used to link a player's player profile to an ability to participate in various forms of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay (such as but not limited to the difficulty of play set by the GW.OS server or the GW.OS); information for determining a player's ability to participate in a tournament as a function of a player's characteristics (such as but not limited to a player's gaming prowess or other metrics used for tournament screening); information for configuring GW.OS and EG performance to suit preferences of a player on a particular screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game; and information for determining a player's play and gambling performance for the purposes of marketing intelligence; and information for logging secondary drawing awards, tournament prizes, RC and/or GWC into the player profile.

[0075] In many embodiments, the actual location of where various process are executed can be located either in the game contained devices (RC.OS, GW.OS, EG), on the servers (RC.OS server, GW.OS server, or EG server), or a combination of both game contained devices and servers. In a number of embodiments, certain functions of a RC.OS server, GW.OS server, patron management server and/or EG server can operate on the local RC.OS, GW.OS and/or EG contained with a screen

activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game being provided locally on a device. In some embodiments, a server can be part of a server system including multiple servers, where software can be run on one or more physical devices. Similarly, in particular embodiments, multiple servers can be combined on a single physical device.

[0076] Some screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games in accordance with many embodiments of the invention can be networked with remote servers in various configurations. A networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 6A. As illustrated, one or more end devices of networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games such as a mobile device 600, a gaming console 602, a personal computer 604, and an electronic gaming machine 605 are connected with a RC.OS server 606 over a network 608. Network 608 is a communications network that allows processing systems to share data. Examples of the network 608 can include, but are not limited to, a Local Area Network (LAN) and a Wide Area Network (WAN). In some embodiments, the processes of an EG and a GW.OS as described herein are executed on the individual end devices 600, 602, 604 and 605 while the processes of the RC.OS as described herein can be executed by the RC.OS server 606.

[0077] A networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games in accordance with another embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGS. 6B. As illustrated, one or more end devices of networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games, such as a mobile device 610, a gaming console 612, a personal computer 614, and an electronic gaming machine 615, are connected with an RC.OS server 616 and a GW.OS server 618 over a network 620. Network 620 is a communications network that allows processing systems to share data. Examples of the network 620 can include, but are not limited to, a Local Area Network (LAN) and a Wide Area Network (WAN). In some embodiments, the processes of an EG as described herein are executed on the individual end devices 610, 612, 614 and 615. The processes of the RC.OS as described herein are executed by the RC.OS server 616 and the processes of the GW.OS as described herein are executed by the GW.OS server 618.

[0078] A networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games in accordance with still another embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIGS. 6C. As illustrated, one or more end devices of networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games, such as a mobile device 642, a gaming console 644, a personal computer 646, and an electronic gaming machine 640 are connected with an RC.OS server 648 and a GW.OS server 650, and an EG server 652 over a network 654. Network 654 is a communications network that allows processing systems to share data. Examples of the network 654 can include, but are not limited to, a Local Area Network (LAN) and a Wide Area Network (WAN). embodiments, the processes of a display and player interface of an EG as described herein are executed on the individual end devices 640, 642, 644 and 646. The processes of the RC.OS as described herein can be executed by the RC.OS server 648. The processes of the GW.OS as described herein can be executed by the GW.OS server 650 and the processes of an EG excluding the display and player interfaces can be executed by the EG server 652.

[0079] In various embodiments, a patron management server may be operatively connected to components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game via a network. In other embodiments, a number of other peripheral systems, such as a player management system, a casino management system, a regulatory system, and/or hosting servers can also interface with the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games over a network within a firewall of an operator. Also, other servers can reside outside the bounds of a network within a firewall of the operator to provide additional services for network connected screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games.

[0080] In numerous embodiments, a network distributed screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can be implemented on multiple different types of devices connected together over a network. Any type of device can be utilized in implementing a network distributed screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game such as, but not limited to, a gaming cabinet as used in a traditional land-based casino, a mobile computing device (such as, but not limited to a PDA, smartphone, tablet computer, or laptop computer), and a game console (such as but not limited to a Sony PlayStation®, or Microsoft Xbox®) or on a

Personal Computer (PC). Each of the devices may be operatively connected to other devices or other systems of devices via a network for the playing of head-to-head games.

[0081] Although various networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games are discussed above, screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games can be networked in any configuration as appropriate to the specification of a specific application in accordance with embodiments of the invention. In some embodiments, components of a networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, such as a GW.OS, RC.OS, EG, or other servers that perform services for a GW.OS, RC.OS and/or EG, can be networked in different configurations for a specific networked screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game gameplay application. Screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game implementations are discussed herein. Processing apparatuses that can be utilized in the implementation of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game are discussed below.

Processing Apparatuses

[0082] Any of a variety of processing apparatuses can host various components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with embodiments of the invention. In accordance with some embodiments of the invention, these processing apparatuses can include, but are not limited to, a server, a client, a mobile device such as a smartphone, a personal digital assistant or the like, a wireless device such as a tablet computer or the like, an electronic gaming machine, a general purpose computer, a gaming console, a set-top box, a computing device and/or a controller. A processing apparatus that is constructed to implement a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with embodiments of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 7. In the processing apparatus 700, a processor 704 is coupled to memory 706 by a system bus 728. processor 704 is also coupled to non-transitory machine-readable storage media, such as a storage device 708 that stores executable instructions 712 and data 710 through the system bus 728 to an I/O bus 726 through a storage controller 718. The processor 704 is also coupled to one or more interfaces that can be used to connect

the processor to other processing apparatuses as well as networks as described herein. The processor 704 is also coupled via the system bus 728 and I/O bus 726 to user input devices 714. Examples of input device 714 include, but are not limited to tactile devices including, but not limited to, keyboards, keypads, foot pads, touch screens, and/or trackballs; as well as non-contact devices such as audio input devices, motion sensors and motion capture devices that the processing apparatus can use to receive inputs from a user when the user interacts with the processing apparatus. The processor 704 is connected to these user input devices 714 through the system bus 728, to the I/O bus 726 and through the input controller 720. The processor 704 is also coupled via the bus to user output devices 716 such as (but not limited to) visual output devices, audio output devices, and/or tactile output devices that the processing apparatus uses to generate outputs perceivable by the user when the user interacts with the processing apparatus. In accordance with some embodiments, the processor 704 is coupled to visual output devices such as (but not limited to) display screens, light panels, and/or lighted displays. ln accordance with particular embodiments, the processor 704 is coupled to audio output devices such as (but not limited to) speakers, and/or sound amplifiers. In accordance with many of these embodiments, the processor 704 is coupled to tactile output devices like vibrators, and/or manipulators. The processor 704 is connected to output devices 716 from the system bus 728 to the I/O bus 726 and through the output controller 722. The processor 704 can also be connected to a communications interface 702 from the system bus 728 to the I/O bus 726 through a communications controller 724.

[0083] In accordance with various embodiments, a processor 704 can load instructions and data from the storage device into the memory 706. The processor 704 can also execute instructions that operate on the data to implement various aspects and features of the components of a gambling hybrid game. The processor 704 can utilize various input and output devices in accordance with the instructions and the data in order to create and operate user interfaces for players or operators of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game (such as but not limited to a casino that hosts the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game).

[0084] Although the processing apparatus 700 is described herein as being constructed from a processor and instructions stored and executed by hardware components, the processing apparatus can be composed of only hardware components in accordance with other embodiments. In addition, although the storage device is described as being coupled to the processor through a bus, those skilled in the art of processing apparatuses will understand that the storage device can include removable media such as, but not limited to, a USB memory device, an optical CD ROM, magnetic media such as tape and disks. Also, the storage device 708 can be accessed by processor 704 through one of the interfaces or over a network. Furthermore, any of the user input devices or user output devices can be coupled to the processor 704 via one of the interfaces or over a network. In addition, although a single processor 704 is described, those skilled in the art will understand that the processor 704 can be a controller or other computing device or a separate computer as well as be composed of multiple processors or computing devices including one or more processors.

[0085] In numerous embodiments, any of an RC.OS, GW.OS or EG as described herein can be implemented on multiple processing apparatuses, whether dedicated, shared, or distributed in any combination thereof, or can be implemented on a single processing apparatus. In addition, while certain aspects and features of screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game processes described herein have been attributed to an RC.OS, GW.OS, or EG, these aspects and features can be implemented in a distributed form where any of the features or aspects can be performed by any of a RC.OS, GW.OS, and/or EG within a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game without deviating from the spirit of the invention.

Screen Activity Moderated Skill Wagering Interleaved Game Implementations

[0086] In several embodiments, a player can interact with a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game by using RC in interactions with a gambling game along with GWC and elements in interactions with a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game. The gambling game can be executed by a RC.OS while a screen activity moderated skill wagering

interleaved game entertainment game can be executed with an EG and managed with a GW.OS. A conceptual diagram that illustrates how resources such as GWC, RC and elements, such as but not limited to EE, are utilized in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 8. The conceptual diagram illustrates that RC 804, element E 808 and GWC 806 can be utilized by a player 802 in interactions with the RC.OS 810, GW.OS 812 and EG 814 of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game 816. The contribution of elements, such as E 808, can be linked to a player's access to credits, such as RC 804 and/or GWC 806. Electronic receipt of these credits can come via a smart card, voucher or other portable media, or as received over a network from a server. In some embodiments, these credits can be drawn on demand from a player profile located in a database locally on a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game or in a remote server.

[0087] A conceptual diagram that illustrates interplay between elements and components of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 9. Similar to FIG. 8, a player's actions and/or decisions can affect functions 906 and 907 that consume and/or accumulate GWC 902 and/or E 904 in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game executed by an EG 910, a RC.OS 914 and a GW.OS 912. The GW.OS 912 can monitor the activities taking place within a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game entertainment game executed by an EG 910 for gameplay gambling event occurrences. The GW.OS 912 can also communicate the gameplay gambling event occurrences to the RC.OS 914 that triggers a gambling event and/or wager of RC 916 in a gambling game executed by the RC.OS 914.

[0088] In the figure, the player commences interaction with the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game by contributing one or more of three types of credits to the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game: (i) RC 916 which is a currency fungible instrument, (ii) GWC 902 which are game world credits, and (iii) E 904 which is an element of the entertainment portion of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game executed by the EG. In many embodiments, an element is a game world resource or element consumed by, traded

or exchanged in, operated upon, or used by a player during the player's player of the entertainment game portion of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. There may be one or more types of elements present in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game's entertainment game. Embodiments of elements include, but are not limited to, bullets in a shooting game, fuel in a racing game, letters in a word spelling game, downs in a football game, potions in a character adventure game, and/or character health points, etc.

The contribution of one or more of these elements may be executed by insertion into the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game of currency in the case of RC, and/or transferred in as electronic credit in the case of any of the RC, GWC and/or elements. Electronic transfer in of these credits may come via a smart card, voucher or other portable media, or as transferred in over a network from a patron server or screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game player account server. In many embodiments, these credits may not be transferred into the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Instead the credits may be drawn on demand from player accounts located in servers residing on the network or in the cloud on a real time basis as the credits are consumed by the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Once these credits are deposited, or a link to their availability is made, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game has the credits at its disposal to use for execution of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Generally, the RC is utilized and accounted for by the RC.OS 914; and the E 904 and GWC 902 are utilized and accounted for by the GW.OS 912 and/or the EG 910.

[0090] In accordance with some embodiments of the invention, the following may occur during use of the gambling hybrid game. The user enters an input that represents an action or decision (950). The EG 910 signals the GW.OS 912 with the input decision or action (952). The GW.OS 912 responds by signaling to the EG 910 the amount of element that is consumed by the player action or decision (954). The signaling from the GW.OS 912 configures a function 906 to control the element consumption, decay, and/or accumulation.

[0091] The EG 910 then adjusts the E 904 accordingly (956). The GW.OS 912 signals the RC.OS 914 as to the profile of the wager proposition associated with the

action or decision and triggers a gambling event and the wager (958). The RC.OS 914 consumes the appropriate amount of RC 916, executes the gambling event and resolves the wager (960). The RC.OS 914 then adjusts the RC 916 based upon the outcome of the wager (962) and informs the GW.OS 912 as to the outcome of the wager (964).

[0092] The GW.OS 912 signals the EG 910 to adjust elemens to one or more of the elements of the EG entertainment game (966). Function 906 of the EG 910 performs the adjustment of E 904 (968). The EG 910 signals the GW.OS 912 as to the updated status (970). In response, the GW.OS 912 updates the GWC 902 using a function 907 (972) and may provide an update of the GWC to the EG 910.

[0093] The following is an example of the above flow in a first person shooter game, such as Call of Duty ®, using a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game sequence in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[0094] The process begins by a player selecting a machine gun to use in the game and then fires a burst of bullets at an opponent (950). The EG 910 can signal to the GW.OS 912 of the player's choice of weapon, that a burst of bullets was fired, and/or the outcome of the burst (952). The GW.OS 912 processes the information received and signals the EG 910 to consume 3 bullets (E) with each pull of the trigger (954). The ESE 910 consumes 3 bullets for the burst using function 906 (956).

[0095] The GW.OS 912 signals the RC.OS 914 that 3 credits (RC) are to be wagered on the outcome of a gambling event to match the three bullets consumed. The RC.OS 914 then performs the gambling event and determines the result of the wager and may determine the winnings from a pay table. On a particular pay table (Table Ln-RC), a determination is made by RC.OS 914 as to the amount of damage that the opponent has sustained. The RC.OS 914 consumes 3 credits of RC 916 for the wager and executes the specified wager (960). By way of example, the RC.OS 914 may determine that the player hit a jackpot of 6 credits and returns the 6 credits to the RC 916 (962) and signals the GW.OS 912 that 3 net credits were won by the player (964).

[0096] The GW.OS 912 signals the EG 910 to add 3 bullets to an ammunition clip (966). The EG 910 adds 3 bullets back to the ammo clip (E 904) using a function 906

(968). The ammunition may be added by directly adding the ammunition to the clip or by allowing the user to find extra ammunition during gameplay. The GW.OS 912 logs the new player score (GWC 902) in the game (as a function of the successful hit on the opponent) based on the EG 910 signaling, and adds 2 extra points to the player score since a jackpot has been won (970). The GW.OS then adds 10 points to the player score (GWC 902) given the success of the hit which in this example is worth 8 points, plus the 2 extra points (972). Note that the forEGoing example is only intended to provide an illustration of how credits flow in a gambling hybrid game, but is not intended to be exhaustive and only lists only one of numerous possibilities of how a gambling hybrid game may be configured to manage its fundamental credits.

[0097] Note that the foregoing embodiments are intended to provide an illustration of how credits flow in a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, but are not intended to be exhaustive, and only list one of numerous possibilities of how a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game may be configured to manage its fundamental credits.

In accordance with some embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill [0098] wagering interleaved game system of FIG. 9 may provide a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game with virtual currency versus using RC. Virtual currency can be thought of as a form of alternate currency which can be acquired, purchased or transferred in unit or in bulk by/to a player but does not necessarily directly correlate to RC or real currency. In a number of embodiments, there is a virtual currency called "Triax Jacks". 1000 units of "Triax Jacks" are given to a player by an operator of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game with additional blocks of 1000 units being available for purchase for \$5 USD for each block. Triax Jacks could be redeemed for various prizes. Alternatively, the Triax Jacks could never be redeemed but simply used and traded purely for entertainment value by players. It would be completely consistent with the architecture of the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game that Triax Jacks would be wagered in place of RC such that the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game could be played for free or with played with operator sponsored Triax Jacks.

Screen Activity Moderation

[0099] During the course of an entertainment game such as a first-person shooter (FPS), the entertainment game may have periods of light, moderate, and high screen activity (SA) taking place. In some embodiments, screen activity may be based on color changes within the display. In particular, a color detection system may run in the background concurrently with the entertainment game and the system may scan the player's screen for the total changes in color value and the speed at which the pixels are changed. In some embodiments, the measurement of change over time allows a determination of the activity being displayed. An increase in SA may be caused by higher difficulty opponents, greater number of opponents, landscape changes or a variety of other factors based on the particular characteristics of the entertainment game.

[00100] Furthermore, during a period of high SA within the entertainment game, a typical player is primarily focused on the areas within the screen that display where the action within the entertainment game is taking place to the exclusion of the portions of the screen corresponding to the gambling game. Thus, in order to facilitate the player's ability to focus on the gameplay within the entertainment game without overwhelming the player with distractive gambling game activity, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game in some embodiments uses screen activity moderation which adjusts the rate of gambling activity based on the level of SA. In accordance with some embodiments, the rate of gambling activity is adjusted inversely to the amount of SA. In particular, a screen activity moderation process continuously monitors and varies the level of screen activity in order to allow a player to experience periods of high intensity gameplay within the entertainment game without overwhelming the player with screen activity related to the gambling events taking place in the gambling game. Average SA levels can be calculated in a variety of ways and moderated so as to allow gambling events during periods when play of the gambling game would not detract from the entertainment game gameplay and reduce gambling events during periods of high intensity gameplay within the entertainment game.

[00101] SA may be quantified using a variety of different measurements including, but not limited to: collision detection, color changes, actions available, targets available, processing speed, latency, and input lag. Periods of high SA are characterized by high levels of collisions, faster color changes, greater number of actions available, higher percentage of processing capacity utilization, etc. When there is more SA, the player is more likely to be focused on the gameplay within the entertainment game to the exclusion of the gambling game. Thus, embodiments that utilize screen activity moderation may decrease the rate at which wagers are being placed on gambling events within the gambling game during the periods of increased SA. Some embodiments may modify various different properties of the wagers, including but not limited to a wager amount, speed of gambling game play, and/or agreement to wager into a bonus round.

[00102] In some embodiments, a player's actions within the entertainment game may trigger gambling events in one or more different gambling games. In a number of embodiments, the player interface may provide a display of multiple gambling game graphics. The gambling game graphics may represent a type of gambling game to be played and may be presented to the player within the context of an entertainment game. The player may interact with the gambling game graphics during the execution of the entertainment game, causing an execution of one or more gambling events in a gambling game.

[00103] For example, the entertainment game may be Casino Samurai™ which is a game that requires a player to skillfully slice (or cut) graphic objects that appear on the display of the entertainment game using a sword or similar weapon controlled by a controller mechanism of the entertainment game. When the player is able to successfully slice a graphic object, the entertainment game increases the player's GWC. In addition, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game can initiate a gambling event in a gambling game when the graphic object corresponds to a gambling game graphic. In many embodiments, the graphic object images that trigger gambling events may include graphic images that represent various gambling games including, but not limited to, slot machines; blackjack; roulette; wheel of fortune or big 6 wheel; poker; and/or other casino style gambling games. Through the skillful play of the entertainment game, the player is able to

selectively choose the particular gambling game to play. For example, in order to trigger a gambling event in the gambling game of roulette, the player may be required to successfully slice the roulette gambling game graphic as the graphic appears on the display of the entertainment game. In many embodiments, after a player has successfully sliced a gambling game graphic corresponding to a particular gambling game, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game executes a gambling event in the gambling game for a particular wager. During periods of high SA, these gambling game graphics may be altered to allow the skillful execution of the entertainment game. For example, the entertainment game can reduce the number of gambling game graphics displayed within the entertainment game display in some embodiments. In the example of the Casino Samurai™ game, the entertainment game would reduce the number of gambling game graphics (i.e., roulette wheel image, slot machine image, etc.) displayed on the screen. In some embodiments, during periods of high SA, the entertainment game removes all of the gambling game graphics in order to reduce the likelihood that the player may unintentionally trigger a gambling event in the gambling game as a result of gameplay within the entertainment gameplay during a high intensity period. Furthermore, the reduction in the number of gambling game graphics provided can give the player the ability to focus primarily on the gameplay within the entertainment game and can help reduce unnecessary distractions that may otherwise be present during the regular game play of the entertainment game including the displayed information regarding the gambling events taking place within the gambling game.

[00104] Architectural flow charts of systems utilizing screen activity moderation in accordance with embodiments of the invention are illustrated in FIGS. 10A and 10B. In particular, a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation and using thresholds to determine when to modify the gambling game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is shown in FIG. 10A and a configuration data flow for a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is shown in FIG. 10B. As illustrated in FIG. 10A, the player commences interaction with the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game by contributing different types of credits including RC, which is a

currency fungible instrument, and GWC, which are game world credits. In particular, the entertainment game provided by the EG consumes GWC and/or RC 1005 and produces a graphical display 1010 that varies according to the particular screen activity taking place within the entertainment game.

[00105] An activity detector 1020 within the game world operating system (GW.OS) can monitor the screen activity during gameplay of the entertainment game and check the screen activity level against a set threshold(s) (1025). The set of thresholds may be configured based on a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, the type of entertainment game, user preferences and/or other factors. In some embodiments, the screen activity level may be quantified based on a variety of different measurements including, but not limited to, collision detection of objects within the display; color changes taking place within the display; the number of targets on the display; and the total utilization of the processor(s) or processing capabilities. As can readily be appreciated, screen activity can be determined using any of a variety of techniques appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[00106] If the screen activity level is within the allowable limits as specified by the set of thresholds, then the system can proceed without modification to the gambling game. If the screen activity threshold is reached for one or more thresholds, then SA information can be communicated to function f1 1030 in the GW.OS. The SA information may include information such as, but not limited to, the rate of change or overall levels of screen activity. The entertainment game may also provide to function f1 1030, game world variable data 1015 that describes the particular state of the entertainment game to assist function f1 in determining when gambling events and/or associated wagers are to be triggered as well as the rate at which the gambling events are to occur and/or wagers should be placed on the gambling events within the gambling game.

[00107] In various embodiments, the function f1 1030 accepts the input from the GW.OS regarding the level of screen activity provided by the activity detector 1020 and/or the entertainment game variables data 1015. The GW.OS may use one or more measurements, as provided by the game world rules engine 1035, to specify and subsequently monitor various threshold(s) regarding the screen activity during

gambling gameplay. In the case where the screen activity is within the set thresholds 1025, the regular gambling game activity continues. In the case where one or more of the thresholds is reached, function f1 1030 may trigger an alteration or modification (e.g., decrease) in various aspects related to the gambling game, including the gambling event rate and/or wagering rate 1045 in the real credit operating system (RC.OS). As described above, the RC.OS manages the gambling game within the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game, including the various aspects of the wagers to be placed on gambling events within the gambling game. The scope of the decrease (or subsequent increase back to normal) in the gambling event and/or wagering rate and the length of the adjustment may be determined based on a variety of factors, including the total level of SA, type of entertainment game, user preferences and other factors as communicated to the RC.OS by function f1 1030 of the GW.OS. In some embodiments, wagering on gambling events may be completely stopped within the gambling game when the screen activity is within one or more thresholds in the set of thresholds 1025 in order to allow a player to focus primarily on the gameplay within the entertainment game.

[00108] In many embodiments, the RC.OS 1050 will process the gambling proposition for a particular wager amount 1045 based upon input received from f1 upon receiving input from function f1 1030 in the GW.OS. In the case of a winning wager, RC 1040 is returned to the player.

[00109] Although one embodiment of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation and using thresholds to determine when to modify the gambling game in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is described above with reference to FIG. 10A. Other embodiments may provide a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation and using thresholds to determine when to modify the gambling game in any configuration appropriate to the specification of a specific application in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[00110] Another example of an architectural flow chart of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 10B. In particular, unlike the processes described with reference to FIG. 10A, which use

thresholds to determine if and when to modify the gambling game, the process shown in FIG. 10B provides the screen activity data directly to the function f1 1030 (without monitoring the screen activity level with respect to various thresholds). As illustrated in FIG. 10B, the entertainment game provided by the EG produces a graphical display 1010 that varies in screen activity based on the gameplay within the entertainment game. An activity detector 1020 within the game world operating system (GW.OS) can monitor screen activity during gameplay of the entertainment game and communicate SA information to function f1 1030 in the GW.OS. The SA information may include information such as, but not limited to, the rate of change or overall levels of screen activity.

[00111] In various embodiments, the function f1 1030 accepts the input from the GW.OS regarding the level of screen activity. Function f1 1030 may trigger a modification to the gambling event rate and/or wagering rate 1045 in the real world operating system (RC.OS), which manages the gambling game within the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. Function f1 1030 may trigger the modification using a set of game world rules provided by the game world rules engine 1035 based on the screen activity level provided by the activity detector and the particular entertainment game state 1015 in some embodiments. Furthermore, the scope of the decrease and the length of the adjustment may be determined, using the game world rules engine 1035 and may be based on a variety of factors including, but not limited to, the total SA, type of entertainment game, user preferences, and other factors as communicated to the RC.OS by function f1 1030 in the GW.OS. Upon receiving input from function f1 1030 in the GW.OS, the RC.OS 1050 may process the gambling proposition based upon input received from function f1 1030. In the case of a winning wager, RC 1040 may be returned to the player.

[00112] Although various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation provided by a function in the GW.OS are described above with reference to FIG. 10B, various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation provided by a function within the GW.OS can be implemented as appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[00113] In some embodiments, the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game may pause or halt gambling events within the gambling game during periods of high intensity gameplay of the entertainment game. An architectural flow chart of an embodiment screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation with a pause in function in the dataflow in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 11. As illustrated, the entertainment game provided by the EG produces a graphical display 1110 that varies in screen activity levels based on the gameplay of the entertainment game. If the screen activity threshold 1125 is reached for at least one or more set thresholds, SA information is paused 1155, rather than communicated to function f1 1130 in the GW.OS. The SA information may include, but is not limited to, information such as the rate of change or overall levels of screen activity. The pause 1155 in information flow, in turn, may pause the wagering on gambling events within the gambling game during gameplay of the entertainment game.

[00114] An architectural flow chart of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation with a pause as a function of f1 in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 12. As illustrated, the entertainment game provided by the EG produces a graphical display 1210 that varies in screen activity. If the screen activity threshold 1225 is reached, SA information is communicated to function f1 1230 in the GW.OS. The SA information may include information such as, but not limited to, the rate of change or overall levels of screen activity. The RC.OS will process the gambling proposition based upon input received from f1 1230. In FIG. 12, this input can induce a pause 1255 in the gambling events and/or wagering 1245 taking place in the gambling game gameplay within the RC.OS.

[00115] Although an architectural flow chart of embodiments of various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation are discussed above with reference to FIG. 12, various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation can be in any configuration as appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[00116] A process flow diagram for a system employing screen activity moderation in accordance with an embodiment of the invention is illustrated in FIG. 13. At the start of play, entertainment game graphics are displayed (1305) to the player. Player input is received (1310), which may alter the state of the entertainment game variables, the entertainment game is updated appropriately, and displayed to the player. The process can detect (1311) the screen activity of the entertainment game. In the case that the player's input does not cause screen activity above an established threshold (1320), the process can continue (1325) the standard gambling gameplay. In the case that the player's input causes screen activity above an established threshold (1320), the appropriate adjustments (1330) can be made to the gambling game. Gambling game graphic display rate is updated (1335), which may include (but is not limited to) a decrease in wagering rate, simplification of graphics, or pauses in wagering. The updated display can be conveyed to the player via the display interface. If the entertainment game has reached its conclusion (1340), the game is ended. If the entertainment game has not reached its conclusion (1340), play can return to the entertainment game where further graphics can be presented to the player to interact with and the screen activity is detected (1311).

[00117] Although a flow diagram for various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation are discussed above with reference to FIG. 12, various screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved games utilizing screen activity moderation can be in any configuration as appropriate to the requirements of specific applications in accordance with embodiments of the invention.

[00118] In yet other embodiments of a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game utilizing screen activity moderation, the adjustment in the gambling game may be dynamic, rather than decreased. For example, an ideal screen activity level may not always be presented during an entertainment game. Rather than slowing or reducing the rate of wagering during high activity, a system may instead increase wagering availability during periods of slow activity. For example, if the GW.OS determines that the screen activity is below a certain set of threshold(s), the GW.OS may increase a wagering rate and/or wagering amount of gambling events

within the gambling game during the period of slow screen activity. The combination of gambling game and entertainment game graphics totaling the target screen activity can allow for an engaging hybrid game system.

[00119] In some embodiments, screen activity moderation may be based on collision detection within the GW.OS. The computational problem of detecting the intersection of two or more objects may be handled within the EG, but the activity detector within the GW.OS can use the total processing power devoted to collision detection to determine the activity being rendered on the screen.

[00120] As described above, in some embodiments, screen activity moderation may be based on color changes within the display. A color detection system may run in the background concurrently with the entertainment game. The system may scan the entirety, or parts of the player's screen for the total changes in color value and the speed at which the pixels are changed. The measurement of change over time allows a determination of the activity being displayed.

[00121] In another embodiment, screen activity moderation may be based on the targets available to the player. Target information may be established using the previously mentioned color detection programs, with targets being assigned a specific RGB color value. Alternatively, the system may use the application programming interface (API) which renders the entertainment game's graphics to the screen. Raw positional information for all the targets in the entertainment game may be extracted from the API, and total targets available calculated.

[00122] In another embodiment, screen activity moderation may be based on processing speed. A larger percentage of the processing capacity may be used during periods of high screen activity. This percentage may be detected by the activity detector within the GW.OS and used to create a threshold whereby the gambling game may be adjusted.

[00123] In another embodiment, screen activity moderation may be based on latency. Latency is a measure of time delay experienced in a system. Within computer entertainment games, perceptible latency has a strong effect on user satisfaction and usability. During periods of high latency, the screen activity may be decreased to improve the player's game experience.

[00124] In various embodiments, a combination of different measurements may be used to determine the activity threshold within the screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game. For example, processing speed and target availability may both be used to determine the total activity displayed during varying parts of the game.

[00125] While the above description may include many specific embodiments of the invention, these should not be construed as limitations on the scope of the invention, but rather as an example of one embodiment thereof. It is therefore to be understood that the present invention can be practiced otherwise than specifically described, without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention. Thus, embodiments of the present invention should be considered in all respects as illustrative and not restrictive.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for providing a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game having an entertainment game and a gambling game using a computing system, the method comprising:

configuring at least one processor to operate as an entertainment system constructed to execute the entertainment game;

configuring at least one processor to operate as a real credit operating system constructed to execute the gambling game;

configuring at least one processor to operate as a game world operating system constructed to manage the entertainment game;

executing the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured to operate as the entertainment system wherein the execution of the entertainment game includes generation of a display having a certain level of screen activity;

monitoring a level of screen activity of the display of the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system;

determining a change in a rate of gambling game play based upon the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system

transmitting the change in the rate of gambling game play to the at least one processor configured to operate as the real credit operating system using the game world operating system; and

providing the gambling game based upon the change in the rate of the gambling game using at least one processor configured to operate as the real credit operating system .

2. The method of claim 1, wherein determining the change in the rate of gambling game play comprises comparing the level of screen activity of the entertainment game against at least one threshold using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.

3. The method of claim 1 further comprising adjusting at least one of: (i) a rate of gambling events; and (ii) a rate of wagers within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.

- 4. The method of claim 1 further comprising pausing gambling events within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.
- 5. The method of claim 1 further comprising pausing transmission of screen activity information to a function that determines the change in the rate of gambling game play within the game world operating system using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein monitoring screen activity comprises measuring screen activity based on at least one of: collision detection, color changes, actions available, targets available, processing speed, latency, and input lag.
- 7. The method of claim 1 further comprising adjusting gambling game graphics displayed within the entertainment game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the entertainment system.
- 8. A system for providing a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game that includes an entertainment game and a gambling game, comprising:

memory; and

one or more processors configured by processor executable instructions stored in the memory to provide a screen activity moderated skill

wagering interleaved game that includes an entertainment system constructed to execute an entertainment game, a real credit operating system constructed to execute a gambling game, and a game world operating system constructed to manage the entertainment game, the one or more processors being further configured by the processor executable instructions to:

execute the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured as the entertainment system wherein the execution of the entertainment game includes generation of a display having a certain level of screen activity;

monitor a level of screen activity of the display of the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system;

determine a change in a rate of gambling game play based upon the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system

transmit the change in the rate of gambling game play to the at least one processor configured as the real credit operating system using the game world operating system; and

provide the gambling game based upon the change in the rate of the gambling game using at least one processor configured as the real credit operating system .

- 9. The system of claim 8, wherein determining the change in the rate of gambling game play comprises comparing the level of screen activity of the entertainment game against at least one threshold using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system.
- 10. The system of claim 8 wherein the instructions when executed further configure the one or more processors to:

adjust at least one of (i) a rate of gambling events and (2) a rate of wagers within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system.

11. The system of claim 8 wherein the instructions when executed further configure the one or more processors to:

pause gambling events within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system.

12. The system of claim 8 wherein the instructions when executed further configure the one or more processors to:

pause transmission of screen activity information to a function that determines the change in the rate of gambling game play within the game world operating system using the at least one processor configured as the game world operating system.

13. The system of claim 8 wherein the instructions when executed further configure the one or more processors to:

measure screen activity based on at least one of: collision detection, color changes, actions available, targets available, processing speed, latency, and input lag.

14. The system of claim 8 wherein the instructions when executed further configure the one or more processors to:

adjusting gambling game graphics displayed within the entertainment game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured as the entertainment system.

15. Non-transitory machine readable media accessible by one or more processors containing processor instructions for the one or more processors to perform a screen activity moderated skill wagering interleaved game that includes a an entertainment game and a gambling game, the process comprising:

configuring at least one processor to operate as an entertainment system constructed to execute the entertainment game;

configuring at least one processor to operate as a real world operating constructed to execute the gambling game;

configuring at least one processor to operate as a game world engine constructed to manage the entertainment game;

executing the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured to operate as the entertainment system wherein the execution of the entertainment game includes generation of a display having a certain level of screen activity;

monitoring a level of screen activity of the display of the entertainment game using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system;

determining a change in a rate of gambling game play based upon the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system

transmitting the change in the rate of gambling game play to the at least one processor configured to operate as the real credit operating system using the game world operating system; and

providing the gambling game based upon the change in the rate of the gambling game using at least one processor configured to operate as the real credit operating system .

- 16. The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15, wherein determining the change in the rate of gambling game play comprises comparing the level of screen activity of the entertainment game against at least one threshold using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.
- 17. The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15 wherein the processor further comprises:

adjusting at least one of (i) a rate of gambling events and (2) a rate of wagers within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.

The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15 wherein the processor further comprises:

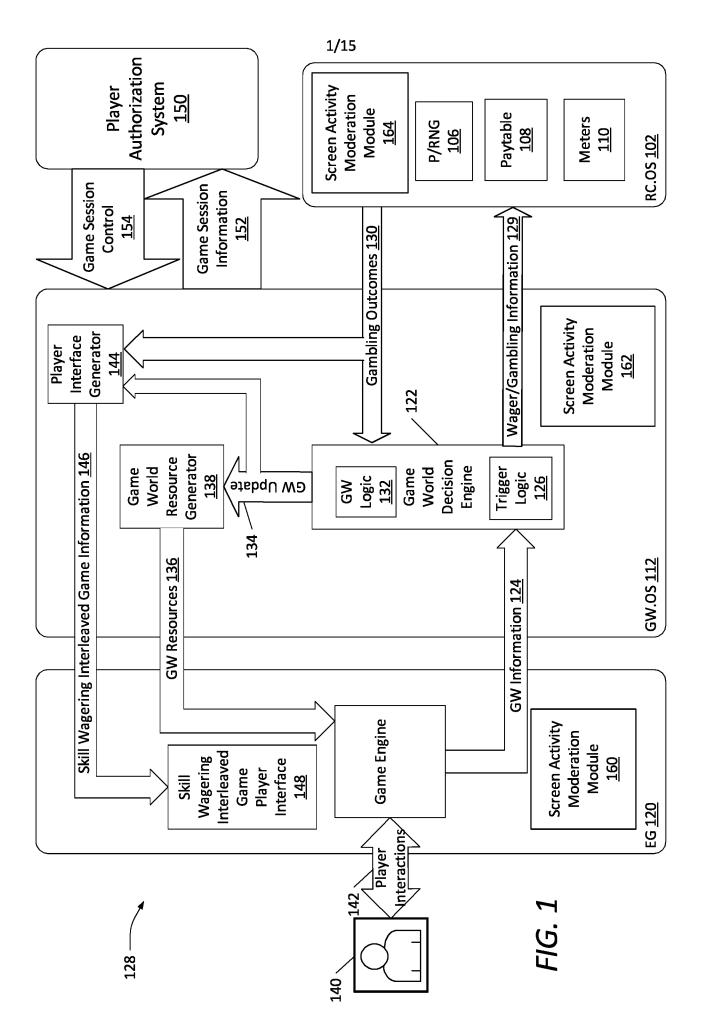
pausing gambling events within the gambling game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.

19. The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15 wherein the processor further comprises:

pausing transmission of screen activity information to a function that determines the change in the rate of gambling game play within the game world operating system using the at least one processor configured to operate as the game world operating system.

- 20. The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15, wherein monitoring screen activity comprises measuring screen activity based on at least one of: collision detection, color changes, actions available, targets available, processing speed, latency, and input lag.
- 21. The non-transitory machine readable media of claim 15 wherein the processor further comprises:

adjusting gambling game graphics displayed within the entertainment game based on the level of screen activity using the at least one processor configured to operate as the entertainment system.



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

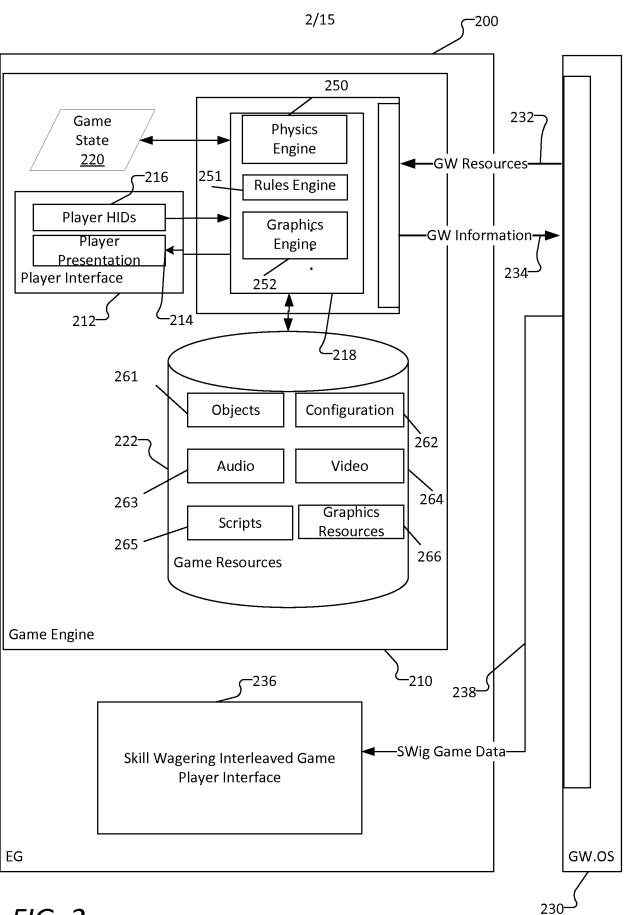


FIG. 2

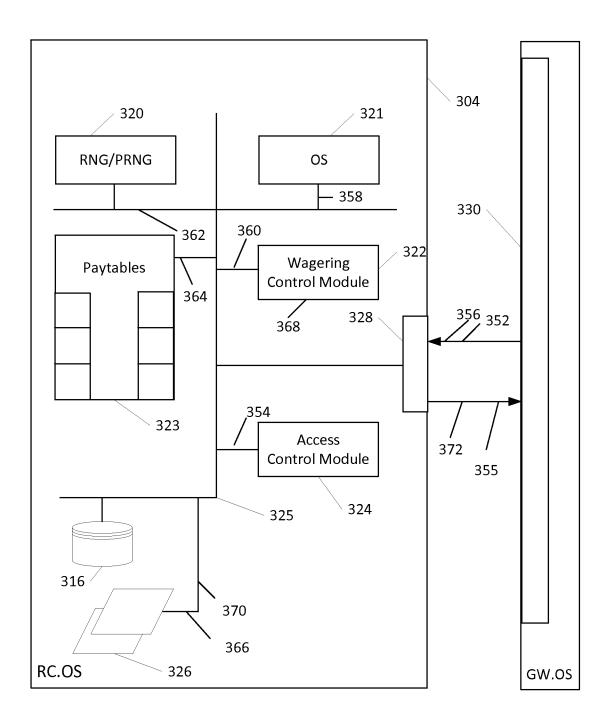
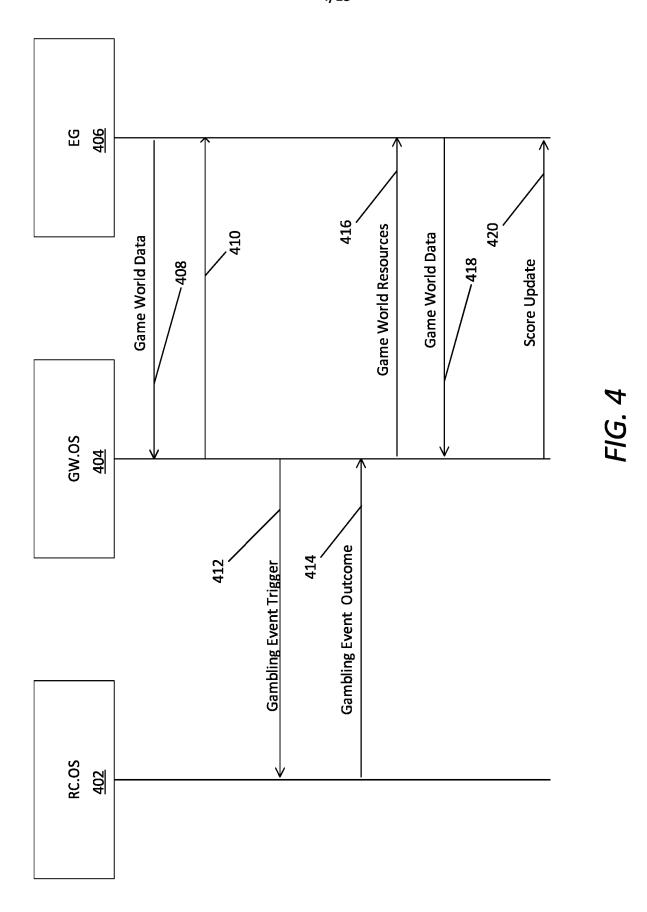


FIG. 3



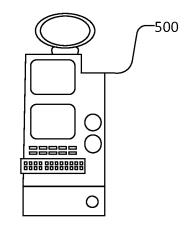


FIG. 5A

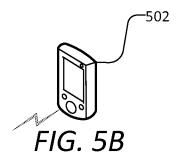
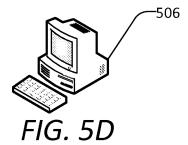
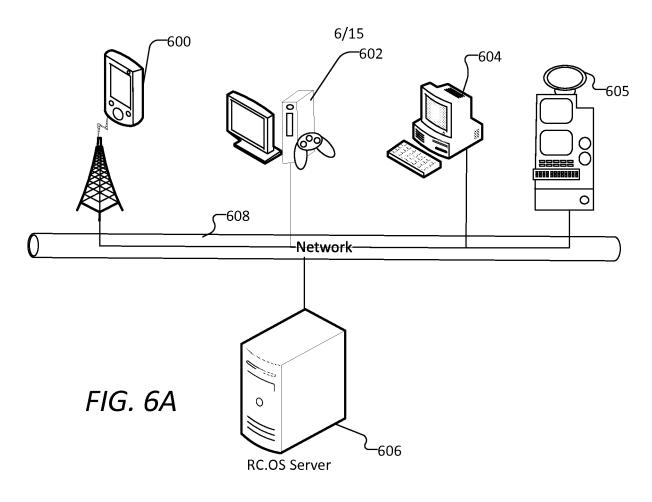
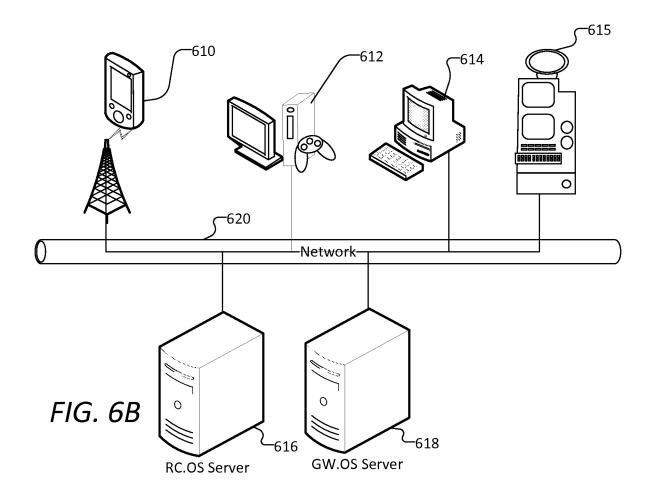




FIG. 5C







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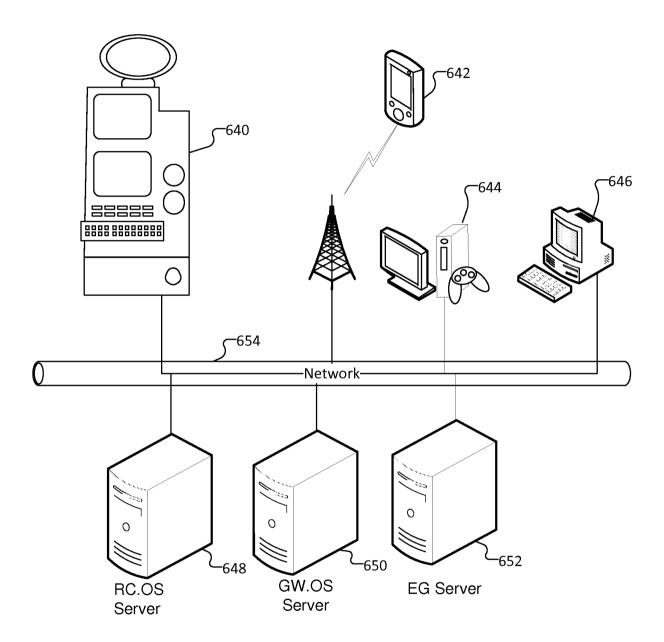


FIG. 6C

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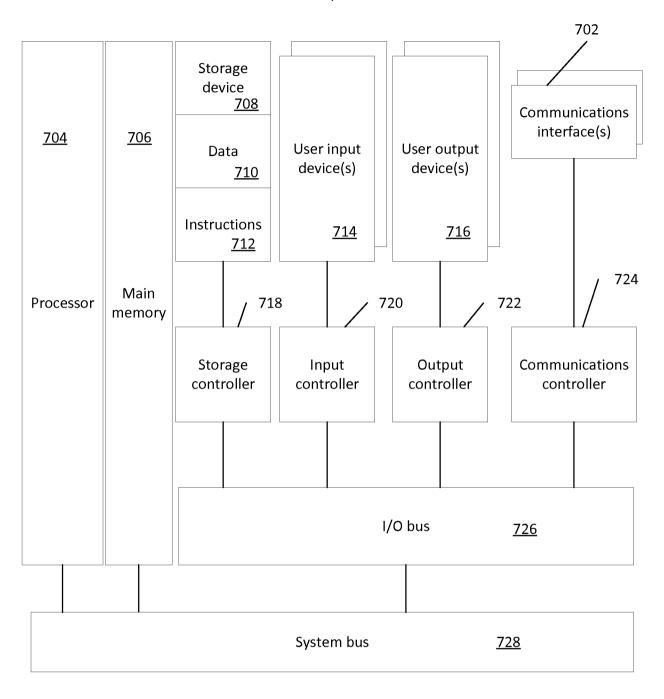


FIG. 7



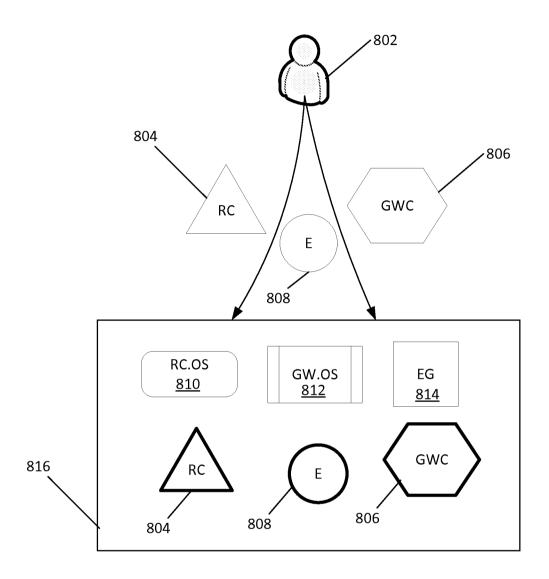


FIG. 8

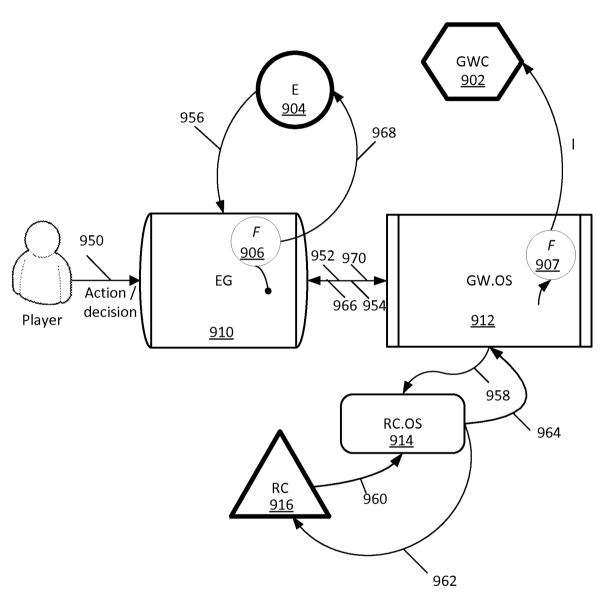
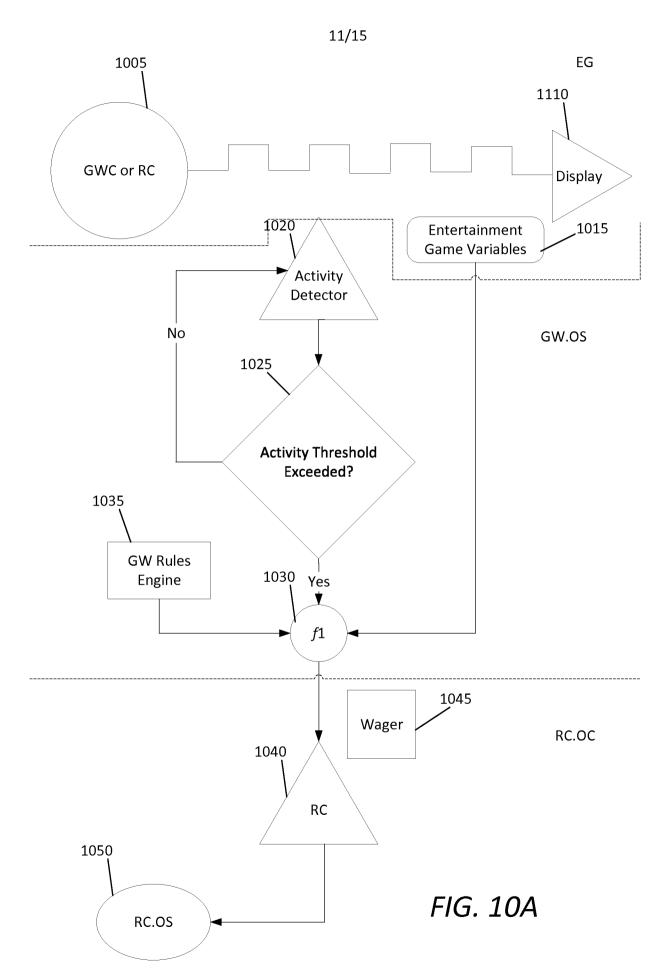
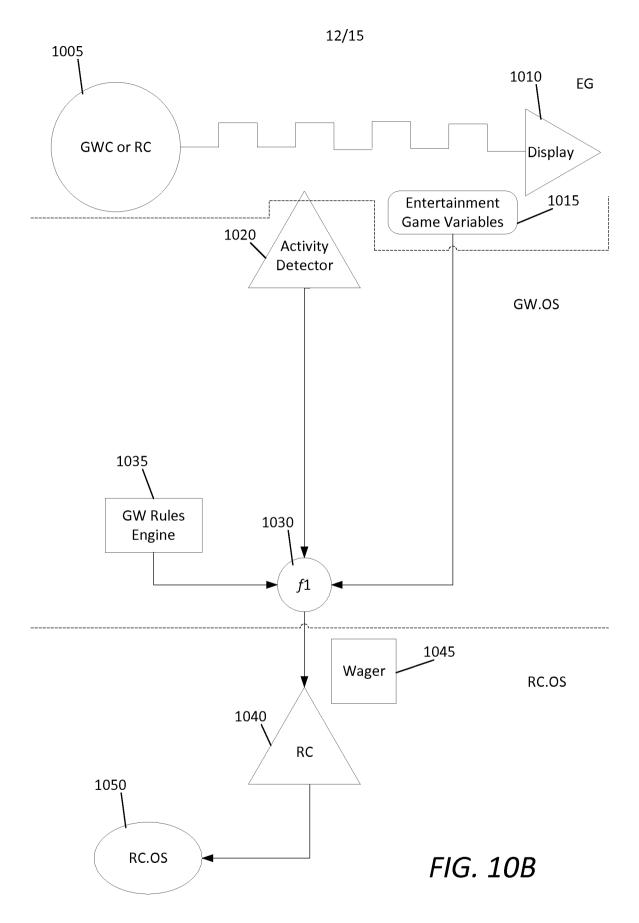
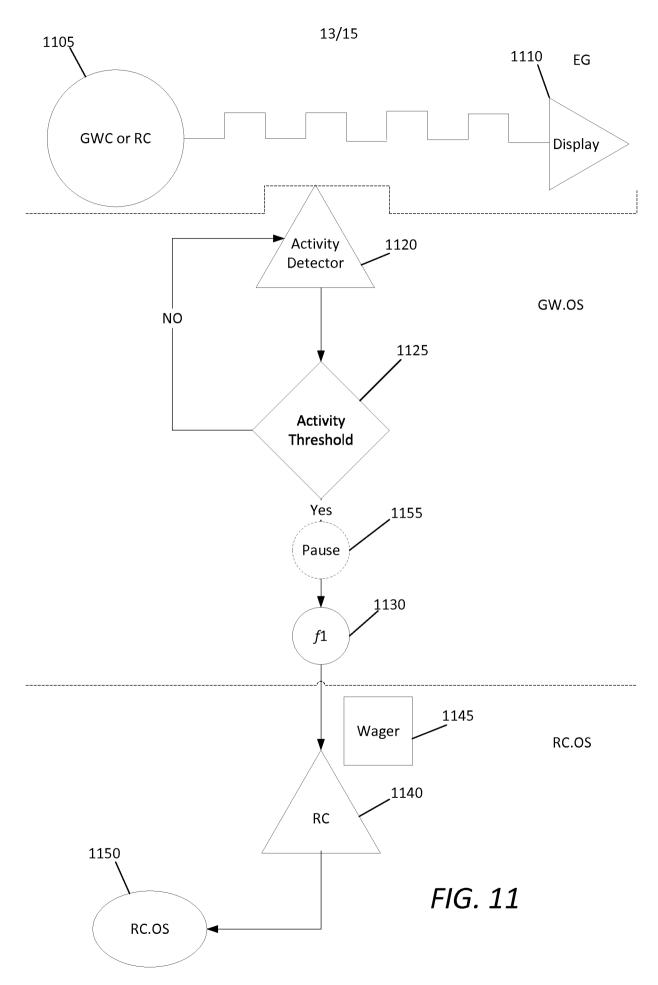
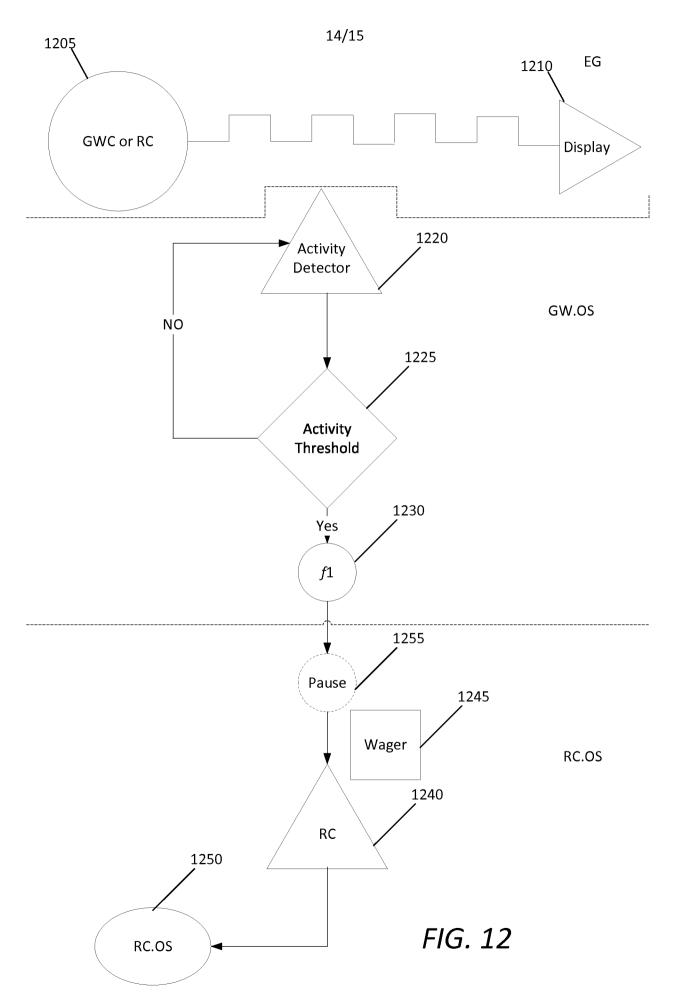


FIG. 9









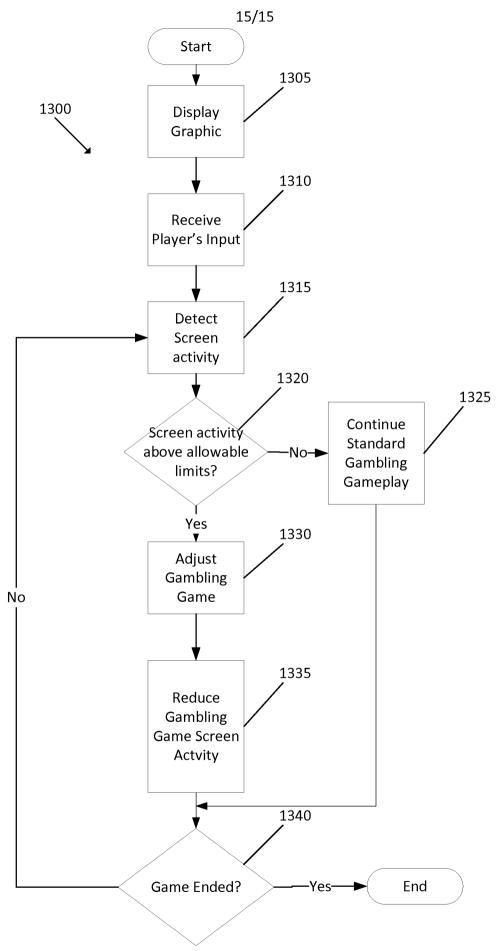


FIG. 13

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

		PCT/US2014/044194			
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC(8) - A63F 13/00 (2014.01) CPC - G07F 17/3206 (2014.09) According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
B. FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC(8) - A63F 13/00 (2014.01) USPC - 463/1, 9, 16, 23, 25, 29					
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched CPC - A63F 11/0011,13/00, 13/12; G07F 17/32, 17/3206, 17/3267, 17/3276, 17/3286 (2014.09)					
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) PatBase, Google Patents, Google Scholar					
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT					
Category*	Category* Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages			Relevant to claim No.	
Υ	US 2012/0322545 A1 (ARNONE et al.) 20 December 2012 (20.12.2012) entire document			1 - 21	
Y	US 2011/0250972 A1 (HORBAY et al.) 13 October 2011 (13.10.2011) entire document			1 - 21.	
Y .	US 2008/0090645 A1 (WALKER et al.) 17 April 2008 (17.04.2008) entire document			3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19	
Y	US 8,219,975 B2 (GOOSSEN et al.) 10 July 2012 (10.07.2012) entire document		6, 13, 20		
Y	US 8,425,308 B2 (DUQUENE et al.) 23 April 2013 (23.04.2013) entire document		7, 14, 21		
Α	US 2009/0291755 A1 (WALKER et al.) 26 November 2009 (26.11.2009) entire document		1 - 21		
Α	US 2002/0138461 A1 (SINCLAIR et al.) 26 September 2002) (26.09.2012) entire document		1 - 21		
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Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.					
 Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "I" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention 					
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive					
"L" docume	ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is establish the publication date of another citation or other	step when the document of part	step when the document is taken alone		
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other combine			volve an inventive s	step when the document is locuments, such combination	
"P" docume	·				
Date of the a	actual completion of the international search		Pate of mailing of the international search report		
28 September	er 2014	051	05 NOV 2014		
Mail Stop PC	nailing address of the ISA/US T, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents	Authorized officer: Blaine R. Copenheaver			
P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201		PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774			