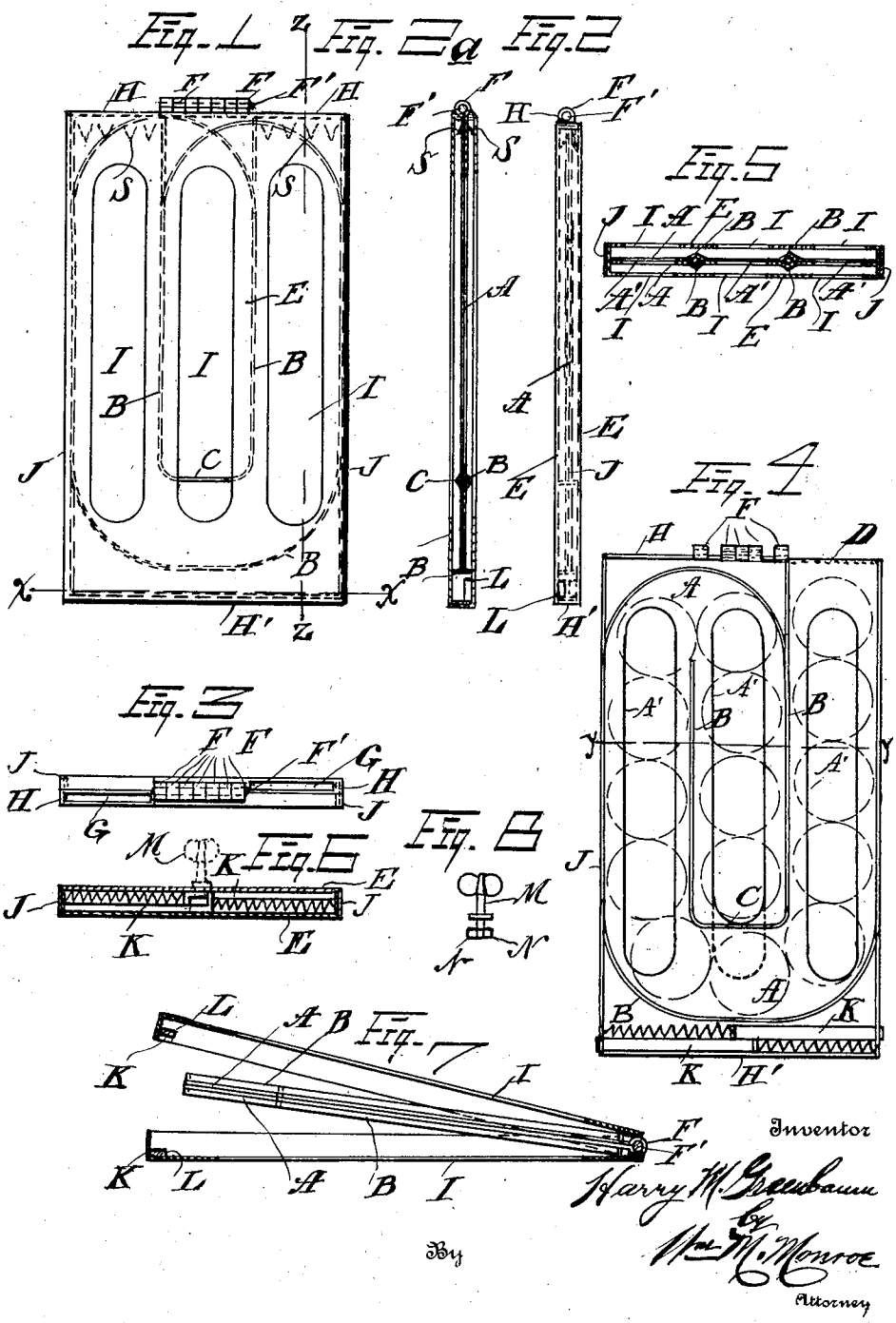
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H. M. GREENBAUM

POCKET COIN HOLDER

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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POCKET COIN HOLDER.

Application filed January 16, 1923. Serial No. 612,971.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, HARRY M. GREENBAUM, a citizen of the United States, and resident of Cleveland, in the county of Cuyahoga and State of Ohio, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Pocket Coin Holders, of which I hereby declare the following to be a full, clear, and exact description, such as will enable others skilled in the art to which it appertains to make and use the same.

The objects of the invention are to provide a coin holder which is adapted to be placed in a pocket or bill folder or pocketbook and is therefore constructed in a neat and compact form and is designed to carry one or more tiers of coins, according to the amount of thickness desired for convenience in use.

It is also designed to be completely opened to expose all the coins so that they can readily be removed at one time.

The invention includes a body provided with longitudinal open grooves in which the coins are stored, these openings being permanently closed at one end and provided at the other end with coin retaining means constructed and arranged to permit the introduction of coins but to prevent their removal through the entrance openings.

The invention also includes folding plates forming covers for the open sides of the grooves, and locking means which can only be operated by an especially designed key, which may be retained in the bank from which the portable banks are issued.

The invention is hereinafter more fully described, illustrated in the accompanying drawings, and specifically pointed out in the claims.

In the accompanying drawings, Fig. 1 is a top plan view of the device; Fig. 2 is an edge elevation thereof; Fig. 2^a is a longitudinal section on line z—z, Fig. 1; Fig. 3 is an elevation of the hinged end; Fig. 4 is a plan with the upper cover plate removed; Fig. 5 is a transverse section on line y—y, Fig. 4; Fig. 6 is a transverse section on line x—x, Fig. 1; Fig. 7 is a longitudinal section showing the parts opened for delivery of the coins. Fig. 8 is a side elevation view of the key.

In these views, A, A are thin plates secured together back to back, and provided with longitudinal slots A′, A′.

Coin runways are provided by raising the metal slightly in ridges, B, upon opposite sides of the plates.

The ridges form communicating longitudinal and transverse or inwinding storage passages for the coins on each side of the plates, ending in cross walls, C, and the outer ends of the passages are open at D, for the insertion of the coins.

These passages preferably wind in opposite directions and open upon opposite sides at the same end of the case and at different levels, as shown in Fig. 3.

The outer sides and faces of these passages are enclosed by covers, E, E, to which the thin plates are hinged by means of eyes, F, F, and pin F′, and extensions, G, G, of the passages pass through downwardly turned end flanges, H, H, of the covers. Spring keepers, S, S, permit the insertion of the coins, but prevent them from coming out of the case.

The covers are also slotted at I, I, over the coin passages, so that all the coins are visible through the slots.

The sides of the cover plates also preferably turn down one over the other at J, J, and their ends are also flanged and one overlaps the other at H′, and spring actuated bolts, K, K, pass through openings, L, L, therein.

These bolts are withdrawn by means of a key, M, having bitts, N, which engage and force back the bolts.

This key may be kept only in the bank in which the coins are deposited, so that they cannot be withdrawn by the depositor.

Having described the invention, what I claim as new and desire to secure by Letters Patent, is:

1. In a coin holder, a body composed of a pair of thin plates secured together, each plate having upon its outer surface an inwinding ridge, forming circuitous coin passages, open at one end of said body, and cover plates for said body, said cover plates hinged at one end to the ends of said body plates, said cover plates having flanged edges overlapping the ends and sides of said body, said flanges at one end of said cover plates having openings therein registering with said coin passages, and means for locking the flanges of said cover plates at their other ends.

2. In a coin holder, a body composed of

a pair of thin plates secured together, each plate having upon its outer surface an inwinding ridge, forming circuitous coin passages, open at one end of said body, and cover plates for said body, said cover plates hinged at one end to the ends of said body plates, said cover plates having flanged edges overlapping the ends and sides of said body, said flanges at one end of said cover plates having openings therein registering with said coin passages, and means for locking the flanges of said cover plates at their other ends, said body plates and cover plates being longitudinally slotted, substantially as described.

3. In a coin holder, a body composed of a pair of thin plates secured together, each plate having upon its outer surface an inwinding ridge, forming circuitous coin passages, open at one end of said body, and cover plates for said body, said cover plates hinged at one end to the ends of said body plates, said cover plates having flanged edges overlapping the ends and sides of said body, said flanges at one end of said cover plates having openings therein registering with said coin passages, and means for locking the flanges of said cover plates at their other ends, said body plates and cover plates being longitudinally slotted, substantially as described, and means adjacent to the mouths of said passages permitting the introduction of coins, and preventing their escape therefrom.

4. In a pocket coin holder, a flat hollow body portion, having a coin inlet opening at one end, and a plurality of coin passages in said hollow body, communicating with said coin inlet and with each other at the closed end, thus permitting coins entering said inlet opening to pass from one longitudinal coin passage to another around said closed end of said flat body portion.

5. In a pocket coin holder, a flat hollow body portion, having a coin inlet opening at one end and at one side of the end thereof and otherwise closed at both ends, and longitudinal coin passages in said body, communicating with said coin inlet opening and with each other to permit the free, unobstructed passage of coins therethrough.

6. In a pocket coin holder, a flat hollow body portion closed at both ends, having a coin inlet opening at one end and at one side of the end thereof, and longitudinal and transverse coin passages in said body, communicating with said coin inlet opening and with each other, said hollow body also provided with a similar coin inlet opening in the same end and in the other side of said end, and separate longitudinal and transverse coin passages in said hollow body communicating with said second named inlet opening.

7. In a coin holder closed at both ends, a flat hollow body, having a coin inlet opening in one end on one side of said end, longitudinal partitions in said hollow body, said partitions separating coin passages in said hollow body, one of said passages communicating with said inlet opening, and the other passages communicating with said first named passage and with each other.

In testimony whereof I hereunto set my hand this 13th day of January, 1923.

HARRY M. GREENBAUM.

In presence of—
WM. M. MOMON,
HOBART SWEENEY.