

PCTWORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION
International Bureau

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

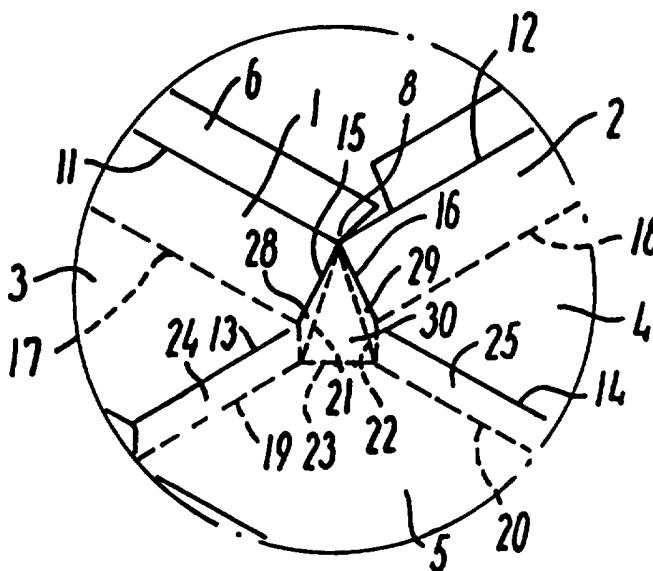
(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : E04D 13/02 // 13/14		A1	(11) International Publication Number: WO 97/13044
			(43) International Publication Date: 10 April 1997 (10.04.97)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/DK96/00395			(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DE (Utility model), DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, ARIPO patent (KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).
(22) International Filing Date: 18 September 1996 (18.09.96)			
(30) Priority Data: 1107/95 4 October 1995 (04.10.95) DK			
(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): V. KANN RASMUSSEN INDUSTRI A/S [DK/DK]; Tobaksvejen 10, DK-2860 Søborg (DK).			
(72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): EDVARDBSEN, Allan [DK/DK]; Møllegade 2c, DK-8660 Skanderborg (DK).			
(74) Agents: CARLSSON, Eva et al.; Internationalt Patent-Bureau, Høje Taastrup Boulevard 23, DK-2630 Taastrup (DK).			Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>In English translation (filed in Danish).</i>

(54) Title: A SHEET METAL FLASHING MEMBER FOR FRAME STRUCTURES OF ROOF WINDOWS OR SIMILAR ROOF PENETRATING BUILDING STRUCTURES AND A FLASHING FRAME COMPRISING SUCH A MEMBER

(57) Abstract

A flashing member for frame structures of roof windows with main frame side surfaces substantially perpendicular to the surrounding parts of the roof surface comprises a shaped corner piece made in one piece from folded sheet material and with a first pair of wall sections (1, 2) for covering end parts of main frame side members perpendicular to one another, and a second pair of wall sections (3, 4) for covering the parts of the roof surface which border on said main frame side member, and a corner section (5) for filling out between said second pair of wall sections (3, 4). The first and the second pair of wall sections and the corner section (1-5) are formed by folding from the same sheet billet, the parts (24, 25, 28-30) of the sheet material

not being part of said wall sections and said corner section being folded for providing partly two double-walled plane foldings (26, 27), which are parallel with the roof surface but perpendicular to each other, between said corner section (5) and each theirs of said second pair of wall sections (3, 4), partly a double-walled triangular folding (31) between the corner section (5) and each theirs of said first pair of wall sections (1, 2).



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AM	Armenia	GB	United Kingdom	MW	Malawi
AT	Austria	GE	Georgia	MX	Mexico
AU	Australia	GN	Guinea	NE	Niger
BB	Barbados	GR	Greece	NL	Netherlands
BE	Belgium	HU	Hungary	NO	Norway
BF	Burkina Faso	IE	Ireland	NZ	New Zealand
BG	Bulgaria	IT	Italy	PL	Poland
BJ	Benin	JP	Japan	PT	Portugal
BR	Brazil	KE	Kenya	RO	Romania
BY	Belarus	KG	Kyrgyzstan	RU	Russian Federation
CA	Canada	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	SD	Sudan
CF	Central African Republic	KR	Republic of Korea	SE	Sweden
CG	Congo	KZ	Kazakhstan	SG	Singapore
CH	Switzerland	LI	Liechtenstein	SI	Slovenia
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	LK	Sri Lanka	SK	Slovakia
CM	Cameroon	LR	Liberia	SN	Senegal
CN	China	LT	Lithuania	SZ	Swaziland
CS	Czechoslovakia	LU	Luxembourg	TD	Chad
CZ	Czech Republic	LV	Latvia	TG	Togo
DE	Germany	MC	Monaco	TJ	Tajikistan
DK	Denmark	MD	Republic of Moldova	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
EE	Estonia	MG	Madagascar	UA	Ukraine
ES	Spain	ML	Mali	UG	Uganda
FI	Finland	MN	Mongolia	US	United States of America
FR	France	MR	Mauritania	UZ	Uzbekistan
GA	Gabon			VN	Viet Nam

A SHEET METAL FLASHING MEMBER FOR FRAME STRUCTURES OF
ROOF WINDOWS OR SIMILAR ROOF PENETRATING BUILDING
STRUCTURES AND A FLASHING FRAME COMPRISING SUCH A
MEMBER

5

The present invention relates to a sheet metal
flashing member for frame structures of roof windows or
similar roof penetrating building structures with main
frame side surfaces substantially perpendicular to the
10 surrounding parts of the roof surface, comprising a
shaped corner piece made in one piece of folded sheet
material and comprising a first pair of wall sections
for covering end parts of main frame side members
perpendicular to one another and a second pair of wall
15 sections for covering the parts of the roof surface
which border on said main frame side members.

When flashing frame structures for roof windows to
protect them from the weather it is common to use
flashing covers of sheet metal, for instance aluminium,
20 copper, steel or zinc. Conventionally, such flashing
covers have been manufactured by ordinary tinman work
from a plane sheet material which is profiled for the
formation of two flanges for mounting against the outer
side of a main frame member perpendicular to the roof
25 surface and against the bordering part of the roof
surface, respectively.

The comparatively costly adjustment and assembly
work on location, which is required when using this
conventional craftsmanship, may be avoided by use of
30 pre-manufactured flashing members which are normally
carried out in such a way that four flashing members
for covering the four sides of the frame structure are
assembled by means of custom-made shaped corner pieces.

DK Patent No. 143.297 discloses a shaped corner
35 piece with a pair of wall sections for flashing end

parts of mutually perpendicular sides of the frame structure and a ledge portion running around the corner in question in form of sheet pieces bent from the planes of the wall sections. By folding the parts of
5 the basic sheet material which do not form part of the wall sections or the ledge portion, this known shaped corner piece may be manufactured without cracks or incisions in the sheet material, which means a reduced risk of leakage, just as labour is saved due to the
10 elimination of a part of the cutting and welding work which has been used in the conventional manual production.

As this known shaped corner piece only covers end parts of the mutually perpendicular side members of the
15 main frame structure itself, the flashing of the part of the roof surface positioned opposite the corner has, however, still to be carried out by means of adequately cut parts of the profile frame pieces, with which the shaped corner piece is connected, which means that a
20 certain cutting and assembly work is still required on location with a subsequent risk of leakage, for instance as a consequence of badly made soldering.

For use in connection with the same or other types of building structures other embodiments of prefabricated shaped corner pieces in form of flexible plastic
25 film pieces are known from US Patent No. 4,700,512, or cast, possibly flexible plastic components, US Patent No. 4,635,409 and DE published specification No. 36 03 303.

30 US Patent No. 3 247 632 discloses a flashing for roof windows, said flashing comprising a collar with wall sections for covering the end parts of the mutually perpendicular sides of the main frame structure and of the parts of the roof surface adjacent to these
35 sides. Thus, no care has been taken according to this

publication in respect of covering the part of the roof surface opposite the very corner.

On this background the object of the invention is to provide a flashing member comprising a shaped corner
5 piece made by folding of a one-piece sheet billet, said corner piece not only comprising flashing wall sections for the mutually perpendicular sides of the main frame structure, but also wall components for covering the adjacent parts of the roof surface all the way around
10 the corner in question.

In view of this a flashing member of the type stated is according to the invention characteristic in that said shaped corner piece also comprises a corner section for filling up between said second pair of wall
15 sections, whereby both the first and the second pair of wall sections and said corner section are formed by folding from the same sheet billet, the parts of the sheet material not being part of said wall sections and said corner section being folded for providing partly
20 two double-walled plane foldings which are parallel with the roof surface but perpendicular to each other, between said corner section and each theirs of said second pair of wall sections, partly a double-walled triangular folding between the corner section and each
25 theirs of said first pair of wall sections.

Hereby, a completely water and wind proof corner flashing is provided, said flashing requiring no adaptation on location.

Advantageously, the shaped corner piece in connection with said first pair of wall sections may comprise
30 flange pieces for abutting the top sides of the respective main frame side members.

A flashing member for covering for instance the main frame bottom member of a roof window may in itself
35 be made thereby that two shaped corner pieces designed

as above are connected with a side flashing member by means of conventional connections, for instance soldering.

In a preferred embodiment the flashing member
5 according to the invention comprises, however, two shaped corner pieces and a side flashing member extending therebetween which are all made by folding from one and the same sheet billet, the side flashing member comprising two wall sections perpendicular to each
10 other in connection with one of said first pair and said second pair of wall sections, respectively, in the respective shaped corner pieces.

Such generally U-shaped flashing members will typically be designed for flashing the bottom member
15 and the top member of a main frame structure for a roof window, whereby the part of the flashing member for the main frame top member abutting the roof surface may form a valley.

A complete flashing frame, which in a simple way
20 may be assembled on location without the need of soldering is obtained by comprising, with a view to being mounted along the main frame side members in parallel with the direction of the sloping of the roof, drain pieces with end portions which are doubled for
25 providing an engagement flange for engaging the plane folding in a shaped corner piece perpendicular to the direction of the sloping of the roof.

The invention will now be explained in detail in the following with reference to the schematic drawing,
30 in which

Fig. 1 is a plane view of a starting sheet billet for use in the manufacture of a flashing member according to the invention,

Fig. 2 is a sectional view illustrating the making
35 of bending operations for producing a shaped corner

piece by folding from a starting sheet billet as shown in Fig. 1,

Fig. 3 shows a part of a finished flashing member for mounting on a main frame bottom member of a roof window, and

Fig. 4 is a perspective view of a side drain piece for connection with a flashing member as shown in Fig. 3.

Fig. 1 shows in the right hand side a section of an embodiment of a starting sheet billet for a shaped corner piece for a flashing member according to the invention and comprises a first pair of wall sections 1 and 2 to be placed against end parts of the mutually perpendicular side members in a main frame structure for a roof window, a second pair of wall sections 3 and 4 intended for covering the parts of the roof surface bordering such main frame side members and a corner piece 4 for filling out between the second pair of wall sections 3 and 4.

The embodiment shown moreover comprises, in connection with the first pair of wall sections 1 and 2, flange pieces 6 and 7 to be positioned in abutment with the top sides of the main frame members. The flange pieces 6 and 7 are at the top point 8 of the geometrical corner separated from each other by cutting along a 90° bent cutting line 9, 10.

The shaped corner piece is made from the starting material shown by bending along a number of bending lines which appears most clearly from the sectional view in Fig. 2. The solid bending lines 11-16 indicate bending operations, in which the sheet material at one side of the bending line is bent in a direction inwards in the plane of the drawing relative to the sheet material at the other side of the bending line. Dashed bending lines 17-23 indicate on the other hand bending

operations, in which the sheet material at one side of the bending line is bent in a direction outwards of the plane of the drawing relative to the sheet material at the other side of the bending line.

5 The solid bending lines 11, 12 indicate thus 90° bendings between the flange pieces 6, 7 and the first pair of wall sections 1 and 2, respectively, and the dashed bending lines 17,18 indicate 90° bendings between one of the first pair of wall sections 1, 2 and
10 one of the second pair of wall sections 3, 4.

 The solid bending lines 13, 14 and the dashed bending lines 19, 20 indicate 180° bendings, by means of which parts 24 and 25 of the sheet material, which in the finished shaped corner piece are not to form
15 part of the wall sections 1-4 or the corner section 5, are shaped into two double-walled, mutually perpendicular plane foldings in parallel with the roof surface between the corner section 5 and each theirs of the second pair of wall sections 3, 4 as shown in Fig. 3.

20 The solid bending lines 15, 16 and the dashed bending lines 21-33 indicate similarly 180° bending operations, by means of which other parts 28-30 of the sheet material, which in the finished shaped corner piece are not to form part of the wall sections 1-4 or
25 the corner section 5, are formed into a double-walled triangular folding 31 between the corner section and each of the first wall sections 1, 2.

 With a view to obtaining an improved adaptation to a sharp corner edge between the outer sides of the main
30 frame side members, the triangular folding 31 may be bent 90° along a bending line 32 which in Fig. 1 is shown with a dash-dot line. This is, however, not absolutely imperative.

 The shaped corner piece shown in the right hand
35 side of Fig. 1 may in itself be connected with side

flashing members in a conventional manner, for instance through soldering, but forms preferably part of a substantially U-shaped flashing frame for mounting on the bottom member or the top member of a main frame structure for a roof window. Such a flashing member comprises as shown in the left hand side of Fig. 1 a further shaped corner piece 33 and a side flashing member 34 extending between the two shaped corner pieces and may according to the invention in its entity be made from a single continuous sheet billet.

Fig. 2 is a sectional view of parts of the shaped corner piece during an intermediate stage of the manufacturing process for a closer illustration of the bending operations.

Fig. 3 shows a part of a finished bottom flashing member 35 designed as explained above in connection with a subjacent skirt 36 of a manually deformable flashing material.

By flashing members as shown in Fig. 3 mounted on the bottom member and the top member of a main frame structure for a roof window a complete flashing is obtained by mounting drain pieces 37 along the main frame side members as shown in Fig. 4. The particular design of the shaped corner pieces thus makes a most simple assembly possible by bending end portions of such drain pieces as shown at 38 for the formation of engagement flanges for engagement with the plane folding 27 of a shaped corner piece perpendicular to the direction of the roof pitch.

Flashing frames manufactured in accordance with the invention may also be used in other types of roof penetrating building structures, for instance chimneys, by adapting the bendings between the wall sections at the sides of the building structure which do not form a right angle with the roof surface.

P A T E N T C L A I M S

1. A sheet metal flashing member for frame structures of roof windows or similar roof penetrating building structures with main frame side surfaces substantially perpendicular to the surrounding parts of the roof surface, comprising a shaped corner piece made in one piece of folded sheet material and comprising a first pair of wall sections (1, 2) for covering end parts of main frame side members perpendicular to one another and a second pair of wall sections (3, 4) for covering the parts of the roof surface which border on said main frame side members, characterized in that said shaped corner piece also comprises a corner section (5) for filling up between said second pair of wall sections (3,4), whereby both the first and the second pair of wall sections and said corner section (1-5) are formed by folding from the same sheet billet, the parts (24, 25, 28-30) of the sheet material not being part of said wall sections and said corner section being folded for providing partly two double-walled plane foldings (26, 27), which are parallel with the roof surface but perpendicular to each other, between said corner section (5) and each theirs of said second pair of wall sections (3, 4), partly a double-walled triangular folding (31) between the corner section (5) and each theirs of said first pair of wall sections (1, 2).

2. A flashing member according to claim 1, characterized in that the shaped corner piece in connection with said first pair of wall sections (1, 2) comprises flange pieces (6, 7) for abutting the top sides of the respective main frame side members.

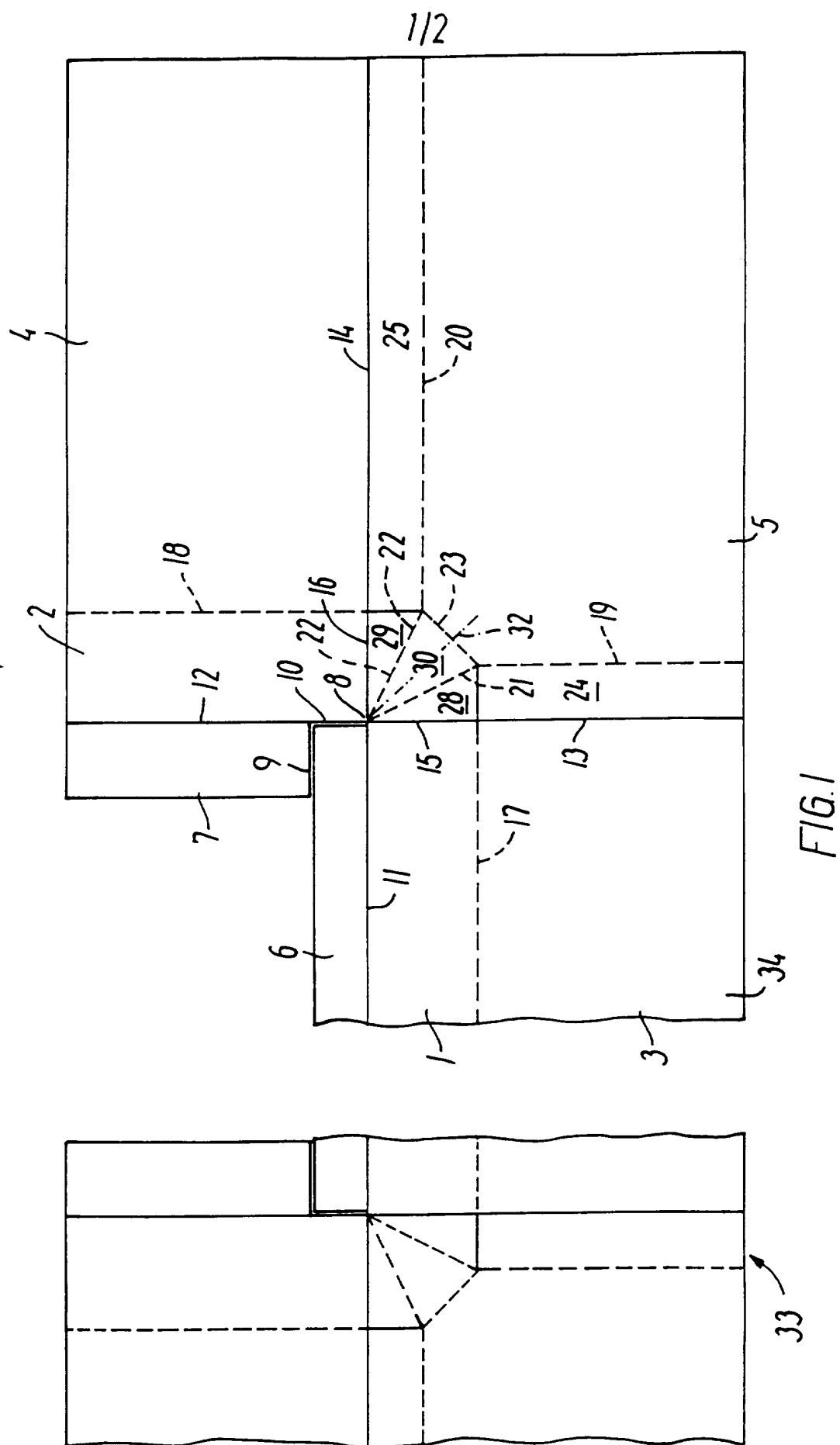
3. A flashing member according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in comprising two shaped

corner pieces (33) and a side flashing member (34) extending therebetween which are all made by folding from one and the same sheet billet, the side flashing member comprising two wall sections perpendicular to
5 each other in connection with one of said first pair and said second pair of wall sections, respectively, in the respective shaped corner pieces.

4. A sheet metal flashing frame for frame structures of roof windows or similar roof penetrating
10 building structures, comprising a flashing member according to claim 1, 2 or 3, characterized in comprising, with a view to being mounted along the main frame side members in parallel with the direction of the sloping of the roof, drain pieces (37)
15 with end portions (38) which are doubled for providing an engagement flange for engaging the plane folding perpendicular to the direction of the sloping of the roof in a shaped corner piece.

20

25



2/2

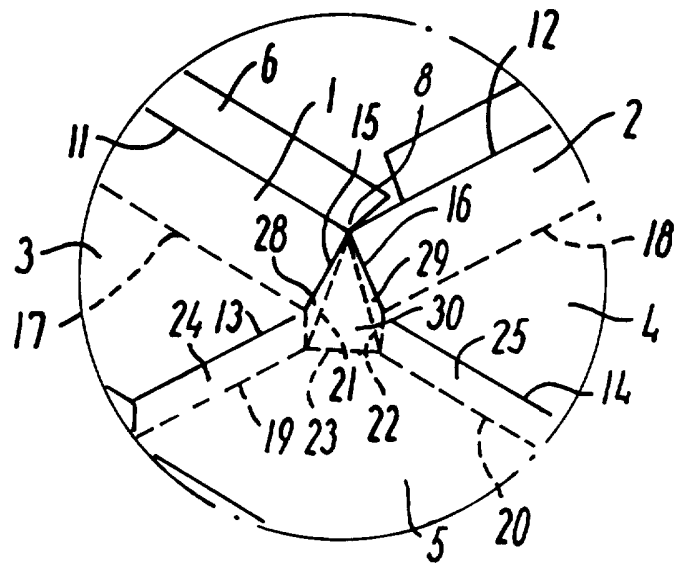


FIG. 2

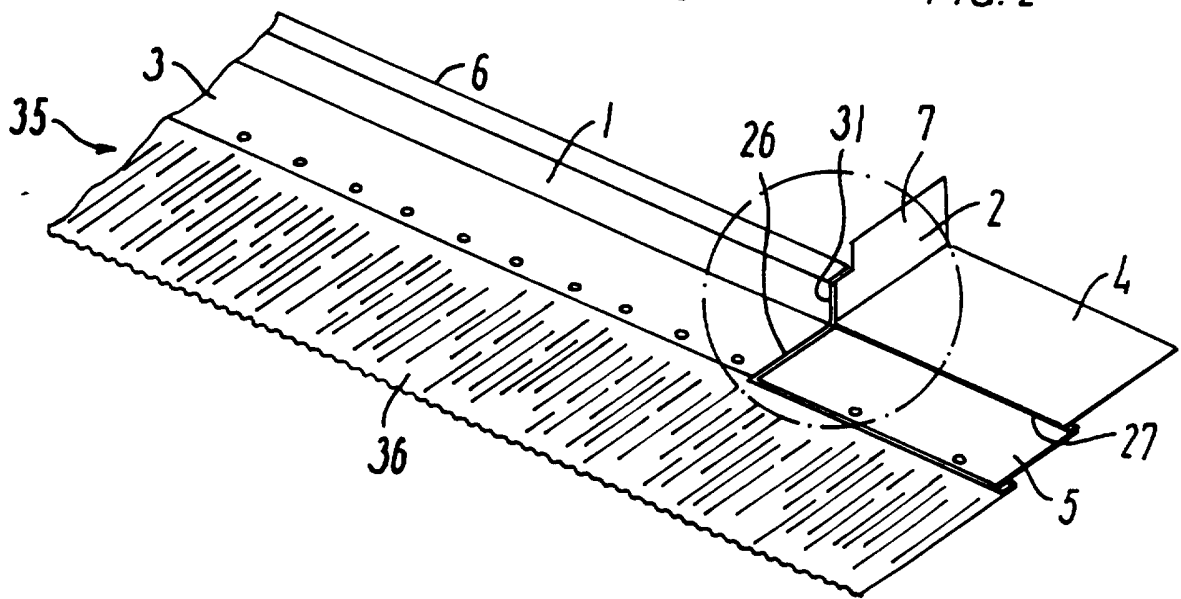


FIG. 3

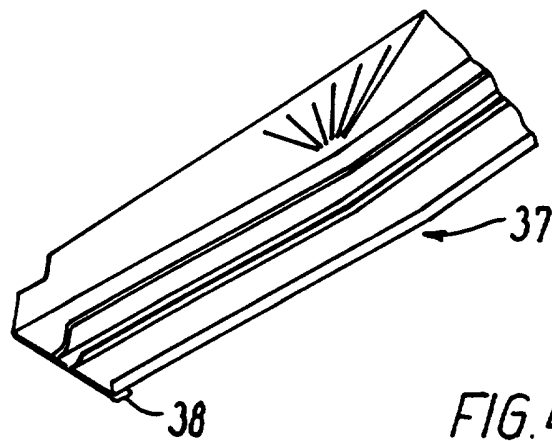


FIG. 4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/DK 96/00395

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: E04D 13/02 // E04D 13/14

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: E04D

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	DK 98982 C (AKTIESELSKABET FOR KEMISK INDUSTRI ET AL), 31 August 1964 (31.08.64), figure 1 --	1-4
A	US 3247632 A (D.E. BLOXSOM), 26 April 1966 (26.04.66), figure 2 --	1-4
A	US 4603517 A (G.W.LYONS, JR.), 5 August 1986 (05.08.86), figures 6,7, detail 40 --	1-4
A	US 5077943 A (D.L. MCGADY), 7 January 1992 (07.01.92), figures 3,4, detail 11 -----	1-4

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

9 December 1996

18 -01- 1997

Name and mailing address of the ISA/
Swedish Patent Office
Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM
Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

Authorized officer

Vilho Juvonen

Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

28/10/96

International application No.

PCT/DK 96/00395

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DK-C- 98982	31/08/64	NONE	
US-A- 3247632	26/04/66	NONE	
US-A- 4603517	05/08/86	NONE	
US-A- 5077943	07/01/92	NONE	