



(86) Date de dépôt PCT/PCT Filing Date: 2002/01/29
(87) Date publication PCT/PCT Publication Date: 2003/08/07
(85) Entrée phase nationale/National Entry: 2004/07/28
(86) N° demande PCT/PCT Application No.: AU 2002/000083
(87) N° publication PCT/PCT Publication No.: 2003/064902

(51) Cl.Int.⁷/Int.Cl.⁷ F16K 1/04, F16K 1/42, F16K 1/36,
F16K 1/32

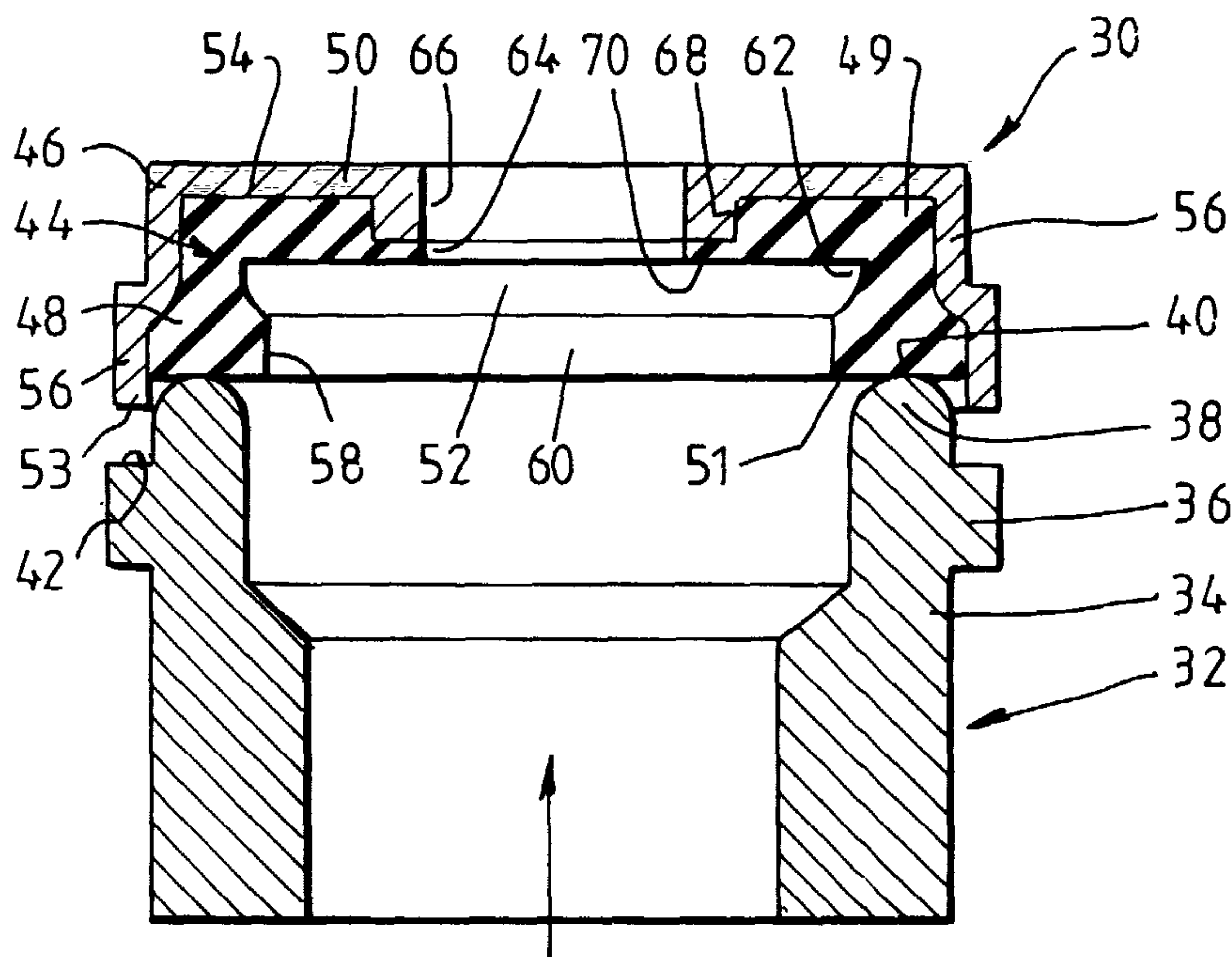
(71) Demandeur/Applicant:
DOUST, PHILIP GEORGE, AU

(72) Inventeur/Inventor:
DOUST, PHILIP GEORGE, AU

(74) Agent: SHAPIRO COHEN

(54) Titre : ENSEMBLE RONDELLE

(54) Title: WASHER ASSEMBLY



(57) Abrégé/Abstract:

A washer assembly (30) includes a resilient sealing member (44) having a cylindrical wall (48) with a first axial end (49) and an opposite second axial end (51). A wall (50) extends radially inward from first axial end (51). The member (44) is seated in a housing (46) having a base (54) and a skirt (56) extending axially from the base. The skirt (56) extends axially beyond the second axial end (51) of the member (44) and terminates in an annular surface (53) having an inner diameter which is substantially radially co-terminus with an outer diameter of the second axial end (51).



(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
7 August 2003 (07.08.2003)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 03/064902 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **F16K 1/04**,
1/36, 1/42, 1/32

(21) International Application Number: PCT/AU02/00083

(22) International Filing Date: 29 January 2002 (29.01.2002)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(71) Applicant and

(72) Inventor: **DOUST, Philip, George** [AU/AU]; 33 PARNELL AVENUE, MARMION, Western Australia 6020 (AU).

(74) Agent: **MIZZI, Anthony, Paul**; Griffith Hack Patent Attorneys, 256 Adelaide Terrace, PERTH, Western Australia 6000 (AU).

CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

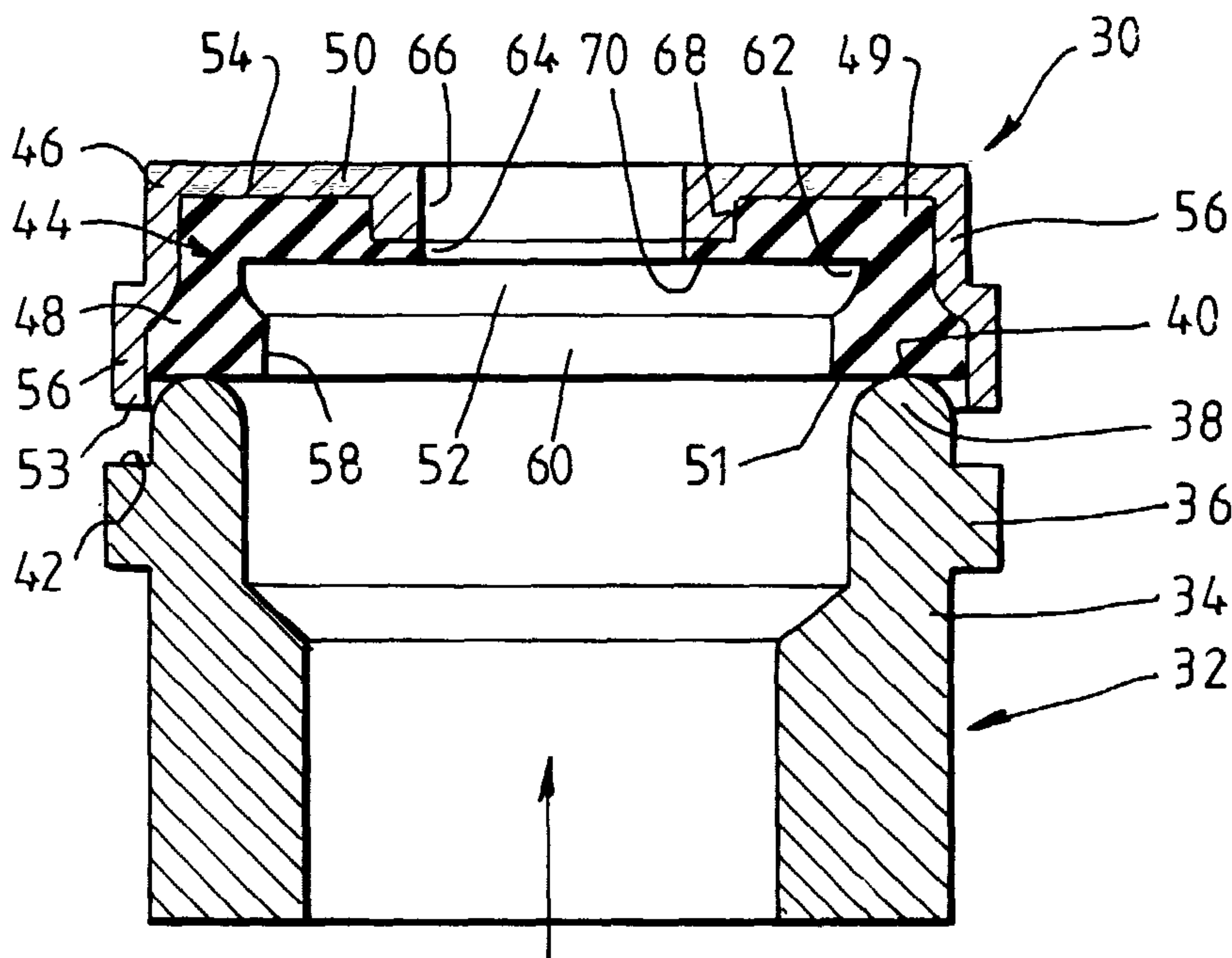
Published:

— with international search report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU,

(54) Title: WASHER ASSEMBLY



(57) Abstract: A washer assembly (30) includes a resilient sealing member (44) having a cylindrical wall (48) with a first axial end (49) and an opposite second axial end (51). A wall (50) extends radially inward from first axial end (51). The member (44) is seated in a housing (46) having a base (54) and a skirt (56) extending axially from the base. The skirt (56) extends axially beyond the second axial end (51) of the member (44) and terminates in an annular surface (53) having an inner diameter which is substantially radially co-terminus with an outer diameter of the second axial end (51).

WO 03/064902 A1

WASHER ASSEMBLY

5 Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a washer assembly particularly, though not exclusively, for a domestic tap or faucet.

Background of the Invention

10 Taps or faucets of the type typically available in the USA and Asia consist of a tap head threadingly connected to a tap body, the tap body including a water passageway having a fluid inlet, a fluid outlet, and a washer seat therebetween. A spindle is threadingly retained within the head so that rotation of the spindle in opposite directions moves it in an axial direction up and down within the tap body. A washer assembly typically including a disc
15 of resilient material is fastened by a screw to an end of the spindle. Accordingly, the washer assembly turns with the spindle. The washer seat is provided as a separately machined insert held with a web extending across the inside of the body. The insert is substantially cylindrical in form and has, at an upper end, a radially extending flange which is used to support the insert within the faucet body. Radially inward of the flange is
20 an upwardly extending spigot. The spigot is formed with a smoothly curved upper surface against which the washer assembly pushes when closing the faucet.

A fundamental problem with this type of tap is that because the washer assembly turns with the spindle it is subject to excessive wear and tear. Consequently substantially all of
25 the torque applied when turning the tap off is transmitted through the resilient disc onto the insert. The harder one turns the spindle the greater the compression and fictional forces on the washer assembly and disc. If the washer assembly suffers a catastrophic failure, eg tears aware from the spindle, the faucet is likely to leak with a relatively high flowrate.

30

Summary of the Invention

It is an object of the present invention to provide an alternate form of washer assembly.

- 2 -

According to the present invention there is provided a washer assembly for a faucet including at least:

- 5 a resilient sealing member having a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends and a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end, wherein said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with said faucet; and,
- 10 a housing having a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a seat in which said resilient sealing member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter dimensioned to be substantially radially coterminous with an outer diameter of said second axial end when said resilient sealing member is retained in said
- 15 seat.

Preferably said seat has an interior surface of a shape complimentary to an outside surface of said resilient sealing member with an outer circumferential surface of said cylindrical wall abutting said interior surface of said seat.

20

- Preferably said resilient sealing member is provided with a lip extending radially inward from said second axial end to an aperture through which fluid can enter said cavity, said lip creating, together with said cylindrical wall and said first wall, a rebate in said sealing member to accommodate axial compression of said cylindrical wall as well as fluid
- 25 pressure acting to urge outward deformation of said lip.

Preferably said base and said first wall are each provided with an axial hole through which a fastener can pass for fixing said washer assembly to a spindle of said faucet.

- 30 Preferably inside of said base is formed with an axially protruding ridge around the hole formed therethrough, and said first wall has a reduced thickness portion that covers said ridge.

- 3 -

According to the present invention there is also provided a faucet including at least:

a washer assembly including a resilient sealing member and a housing;

5 wherein said resilient sealing member includes a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends, a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end and said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with said faucet, and said housing includes a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a first
10 seat in which said resilient sealing member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter dimensioned to be substantially radially coterminous with an outer diameter of said second axial end when said resilient sealing member is retained in said first seat;

15 a spindle to which said washer assembly is coupled; and,

an insert forming a second seat for washer assembly, said insert provided with an annular flange and a spigot extending axially from said flange, said spigot having an outer diameter smaller than said inner diameter of said annular surface, wherein said faucet is in a fully closed position when said washer assembly is advanced by said spindle linearly
20 towards said insert to a position where said spigot abuts said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and said annular surface of said skirt abuts said flange.

According to the invention there is also provided a washer assembly for a faucet including at least:

25

a resilient sealing member have a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends and a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end, wherein said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with faucet; and,

30

a housing having a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a seat in which said resilient seating member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said

- 4 -

second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter of substantially the same dimension as an outer diameter of said second axial end such that an outer circumferential surface of said second axial end remains adjacent said annular surface when said resilient sealing member is retained in said seat.

5

Brief Description of the Drawings

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described by way of example only with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

10 Figure 1 is a schematic representation of the stem of a faucet incorporating a prior art washer

Figure 2 is a section drawing of a first embodiment of the present invention at the time of initial contact with an insert of a faucet;

15

Figure 3 is a cross sectional view depicting the washer assembly at full sealing contact with the insert; and,

Figure 4 is an isometric view of a sealing member incorporated in the washer assembly.

20

Detailed Description of Preferred Embodiments

As shown in Figure 1, the stem 10 of a faucet (not shown) comprises an outer body 12 and an axially extending spindle 14. A lower end 16 of the outer body 12 is formed with an outer thread for screwing the into the faucet body (not shown). First end 18 of the spindle 14 nearest the lower end 16 is formed with an increased diameter head 20. Second opposite end 22 of the spindle 14 is formed with a plurality of circumferentially spaced longitudinally extending ribs 24. A disc type washer 26 is attached to the head 20 by way of a screw 28. A handle (not shown) engages the ribs 24 at the second end 22 to facilitate manual rotation of the spindle 14 in clockwise or anticlockwise directions to allow opening and closing of the faucet.

30

Figure 2 illustrates an embodiment of the washer assembly 30 in accordance with the

- 5 -

present invention together with a typical faucet insert 32. The insert 32 is in the form of a short cylindrical tube 34 with a radially outward extending flange 36 formed about the outer circumference near an upper end of the tube 34. Extending axially upward from the flange 36 is a spigot 38 having a smoothly curved or radiused upper surface 40. A
5 shoulder 42 is formed about the outer circumference of the tube 34 between the flange 36 and spigot 38.

To turn OFF a faucet using the prior art washer 26 SHOWN IN Figure 1, the spindle 14 is turned in a clockwise direction to press the washer 26 onto the upper surface 40 of spigot
10 38. When there is full contact between the surface of the washer 26 and the upper surface 40, a seal is formed preventing water from passing through a central passage in the insert 32 thus turning the faucet OFF. If one continues to turn the spindle 14 further in a clockwise direction, the washer 26 is pushed harder against the spigot 38 further compressing the washer 26, and in particular an annulus of the washer 26, between the
15 spigot 38 and the head 20. Assuming that the washer 26 does not tear or otherwise fail, the limiting factor on the closing force of the faucet is the compressibility of the washer 26. That is, the clockwise rotation of the spindle 14 for closing the faucet is stopped when the person turning the spindle 14 cannot compress the washer 26 any further. This of course may vary from person to person depending on their physical strength.

20

A washer assembly 30 in accordance with an embodiment of this invention comprises a resilient sealing member 44 and a rigid housing 46 that houses the resilient sealing member 44. The resilient sealing member 44 has a cylindrical wall 48 with first axial end 49 and opposite second axial end 51, and a first wall 50 extending radially inward from the
25 first axial end 49 forming, with the cylindrical wall 48, a cavity 52 into which fluid can enter from the second axial end 51. The housing 46 has a base 54 and a skirt extending axially from the base to define a seat 56. The inside shape of the housing 46 (i.e. the shape of the seat) is complimentary to the outside shape of the resilient sealing member 44. The skirt 56 extends axially beyond the second axial end 51 of cylindrical wall 48, and
30 terminates in an annular surface 53 having an inner diameter which is substantially radially co-terminus with an outer diameter of the second axial end 51 of the member 44. As shown in Figure 3, the skirt 56 abuts the flange 36 and seats in the shoulder 42 when

- 6 -

the washer assembly 30 is forced or pushed to its maximum extent onto the insert 32, corresponding to the fully OFF or closed condition of the faucet.

5 The resilient sealing member 44 includes a lip or membrane 58 that extends radially inward across the second axial end 51 to an aperture 60 through which fluid can enter the cavity 52. The lip or membrane 58 together with first wall 50 and cylindrical wall 48 in effect create a circumferential rebate 62 on the inside of the sealing member 44. The rebate 62 has two effects. Firstly, it provides a region in which fluid pressure can act to tend to deform the lip (or membrane) 58 and adjacent portions of the resilient sealing member 54 outward from the cavity 52. In this way, the pressure of the fluid itself assists in the formation of a seal during the closing process by forcing the lip 58 and adjacent portions of the resilient sealing member against the spigot 38. A further effect of the rebate 62 is that it allows a degree of deflection of the lip 58 and cylindrical wall 48 diagonally inward tending to reduce the size of the rebate 62 as the washer assembly is pushed harder against the insert 32. This has the benefit of providing some give to the resilient sealing member 44 in addition to that provided by its natural resilient.

Both the first wall 50 and the base 54 are formed with respective axial holes 64 and 66 arranged in mutual alignment. When the washer assembly 30 is used with the stem 10, screw 28 passes through the holes 64,66 to fasten the washer assembly 30 to the head 20 of spindle 14.

The inside of the base 54 is formed with a protruding ridge 68 around the hole 66. Further, the first wall 50 has a portion 70 of reduced thickness that covers the ridge 68. When the screw 28 fastens the washer assembly 30 to the spindle 14, the head of the screw 28 clamps the portion 70 to the ridge 68. This assists in holding the resilient sealing member 44 in the housing 46. However the resilient sealing member 44 is primarily held within the housing 46 by relative dimensioning of those components to form an interference fit.

30

The operation of the washer assembly 30 will now be described. The washer assembly 30 is retrofitted to the stem 10 by unscrewing the screw 28, removing the conventional prior

- 7 -

art disc washer 26, passing the shank of the screw 28 through the holes 64 and 66 and then screwing the screw 28 back into the head 20 of spindle 14. Assume that the faucet is ON so that water is flowing upwardly through the insert 32. To turn OFF the faucet, the spindle 14 is rotated in the clockwise direction. This causes the spindle 14 to move axially in a downward direction advancing the washer assembly 30 toward the insert 32. As this advancement continues, the second axial end 51 of the resilient sealing member initially contacts the upper surface 40 of the spigot 38. This constitutes an initial OFF point for the faucet. Depending on the fluid pressure however, some fluid may still flow through the faucet. To fully turn OFF the faucet, the spindle 14 is further turned in the clockwise direction. Consequently, the resilient sealing member 44 is compressed by the spigot 38. Additionally, the lip 58 and adjacent portions of the resilient sealing member may deflect diagonally inward in a manner so as to squash the rebate 62. Simultaneously, fluid pressure within the cavity 52 and acting within the rebate 62 will have a counter effect tending to push the lip 58 against the spigot 38. Thus, the sealing effect is aided by the water pressure acting within the resilient sealing member 44. Eventually as one continues to rotate the spindle 14 in the clockwise direction, the skirt 56, and more particularly the annular surface 53 thereof, contacts the flange 36 seating in the shoulder 42. This constitutes the axial limit to the downward motion of the pressure assembly 30. If one attempts to further turn the spindle 14 in the clockwise direction additional force is applied to the housing 46 protecting the resilient sealing member 44 from excessive shearing/tearing forces.

It is envisaged that the housing would be made from a plastics material such as ACETAL. However alternately, the housing 46 may be made from a metal or alloy including, but not limited to, brass. The resilient sealing member 44 is advantageously made from a rubber material and preferably a rubber material having a hardness on the Shore scale in the order of 60 to 100. One particularly well suited material is SANTOPRENE.

All modifications and variations of the above disclosed embodiment as would be apparent to those of relevant skill in the relevant arts are considered to be within the scope of the present invention that nature of which is to be determined from the above description and the following claims.

- 8 -

The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. A washer assembly for a faucet including at least:

5

a resilient sealing member having a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends and a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end, wherein said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with said faucet;

10 and,

a housing having a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a seat in which said resilient sealing member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter dimensioned to be substantially radially coterminous with an outer diameter of said second axial end when said resilient sealing member is retained in said seat.

15

2. The washer assembly according to claim 1, wherein said seat has an interior surface of a shape complimentary to an outside surface of said resilient sealing member with an outer circumferential surface of said cylindrical wall abutting said interior surface of said seat.

20

3. The washer assembly according to claims 1 or 2, wherein said resilient sealing member is provided with a lip extending radially inward from said second axial end to an aperture through which fluid can enter said cavity, said lip creating, together with said cylindrical wall and said first wall, a rebate in said sealing member to accommodate axial compression of said cylindrical wall as well as fluid pressure acting to urge outward deformation of said lip.

25

30

4. The washer assembly according to any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said base and said first wall are each provided with an axial hole through which a fastener can

- 9 -

pass for fixing said washer assembly to a spindle of said faucet.

5 5. The washer assembly according to claim 4, wherein the inside of said base is formed with an axially protruding ridge around the hole formed therethrough, and said first wall has a reduced thickness portion that covers said ridge.

6. A faucet including at least:

a washer assembly including a resilient sealing member and a housing;

10

wherein said resilient sealing member includes a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends, a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end and said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with said faucet, and said housing includes a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a first seat in which said resilient sealing member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter dimensioned to be substantially radially coterminous with an outer diameter of said second axial end when said resilient sealing member is retained in said first seat;

20

a spindle to which said washer assembly is coupled; and,

an insert forming a second seat for said washer assembly, said insert provided with an annular flange and a spigot extending axially from said flange, said spigot having an outer diameter smaller than said inner diameter of said annular surface, wherein said faucet is in a fully closed position when said washer assembly is advanced by said spindle linearly towards said insert to a position where said spigot abuts said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and said annular surface of said skirt abuts said flange.

30

7. The faucet according to claim 6, wherein said first seat has an interior surface of a shape complimentary to an outside surface of said resilient sealing member with an

- 10 -

outer circumferential surface of said cylindrical wall abutting said interior surface of said first seat.

8. The faucet according to claim 6 or 7, wherein said resilient sealing member is provided with a lip extending radially inward from said second axial end to an aperture through which fluid can enter said cavity, said lip creating, together with said cylindrical wall and said first wall, a rebate in said sealing member to accommodate axial compression of said cylindrical wall as well as fluid pressure acting to urge outward deformation of said lip.

10

9. The faucet according to any one of claims 6 to 8, wherein said base and said first wall are each provided with an axial hole through which a fastener can pass for fixing said washer assembly to said spindle of said faucet.

15

10. The faucet according to claim 9, wherein the inside of said base is formed with an axially protruding ridge around the hole formed therethrough, and said first wall has a reduced thickness portion that covers said ridge.

11. A washer assembly for a faucet including at least:

20

a resilient sealing member having a cylindrical wall with opposite first and second axial ends and a first wall extending in a radially inward direction from said first axial end, wherein said first wall and said cylindrical wall form a cavity into which fluid can enter from said second axial end during operation of said washer assembly with said faucet; and,

25

a housing having a base and a skirt extending axially from said base to define a seat in which said resilient sealing member is retained, said skirt extending axially beyond said second axial end of said cylindrical wall and terminating in an annular surface having an inner diameter of substantially the same dimension as an outer diameter of said second axial end such that an outer circumferential surface of said second axial end remains adjacent said annular surface when said resilient sealing member is retained in said seat.

30

1/1

