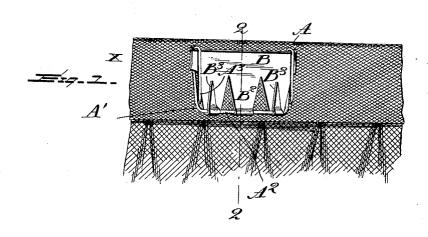
No. 657,015.

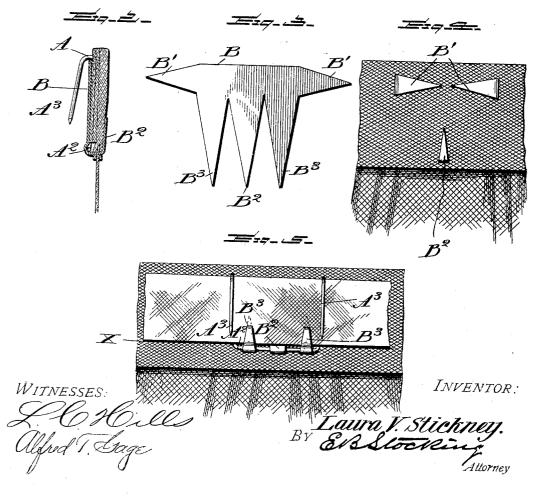
Patented Aug. 28, 1900.

## L. V. STICKNEY. GARMENT HOOK.

(No Model.)

(Application filed July 11, 1900.)





## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

LAURA V. STICKNEY, OF ATLANTIC CITY, NEW JERSEY.

## GARMENT-HOOK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 657,015, dated August 28, 1900.

Application filed July 11, 1900. Serial No. 23,247. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, LAURA V. STICKNEY, a citizen of the United States, residing at Atlantic City, in the county of Atlantic, State 5 of New Jersey, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Garment-Hooks, of which the following is a specification, reference being had therein to the accompanying drawings.

This invention relates to garment-hooks, and particularly to a device having pin-hooks adapted to enter an adjacent piece of fabric and secure two garments in relation to each

other.

The invention has for one object to provide means for supporting the hook in position, with its pin-points parallel with each other and also connecting both the holder and pin to a garment upon which it is to be applied.

A further object of the invention is to provide such an attaching means that the same can be readily applied by any person with-out the necessity of sewing the holder to the garment and is adapted to act as a substi-25 tute for the pins frequently used to connect such garments as the waist and skirt bands of ladies' apparel.

Other objects and advantages of the invention will hereinafter appear in the following 30 description, and the novel features thereof will be particularly pointed out in the ap-

pended claims.

In the drawings, Figure 1 is a perspective of the invention applied to the inner face of 35 a waistband. Fig. 2 is a vertical section on the line 2 2 of Fig. 1. Fig. 3 is a plan of the blank for the securing device. Fig. 4 is an elevation of the outer face of a waistband with the invention applied, and Fig. 5 is an 40 elevation of the interior of a waistband with the hook applied and a protecting strip covering the plate of the holder.

Like letters of reference indicate like parts throughout the several figures of the draw-

The letter A designates a garment-hook proper, which is composed of parallel shanks A', connected by a cross-bar A<sup>2</sup>, and above said shanks are the parallel hook-pins A3, 50 adapted to pass through the fabric of the garment, which is to be removably attached to

the hook. The hook is thus provided with attaching-pins, which are spaced from each other and disposed in parallel vertical planes, so as to secure the most efficient holding ac- 55 tion. For the purpose of securing this hook A in position I have provided a holdingplate B, which is provided with side prongs B', oppositely disposed, and a central depending prong B. At opposite sides of this cen- 60 tral prong there are located clamping-prongs  $B^3$ , adapted to embrace the cross-bar  $A^2$  of the A securing device is thus presented which can be formed by a single stamping operation from light flexible metal, thus re- 65 moving all necessity of stitching or otherwise securing the hook in position at several in-

dependent points.

The hook and holding-plate are adapted for application to any part or character of 70 garment; but as illustrating a desirable method of applying the same I have shown the hook as applied to the waistband of a skirt, upon the interior thereof, and the pin thereof adapted to pass through the body of 75 a waist and connect the two together in a most efficient and effectual manner. It will be observed that in this method of applying the hook there are no unsightly parts apparent, as only the securing-prongs pass to the 80 outer face of the waistband, and these may be covered with a braid or fabric, if so desired. In the application of the plate herein shown the same is placed over the shanks A' from the pins A<sup>3</sup> and the prongs B' at the 85 sides passed through the fabric of the waistband and bent downward upon the outer face thereof, as shown at Fig. 4. The central prong B<sup>2</sup> is also passed through the fabric of the waistband and bent downward, thus 90 clamping the shanks and cross-bar of the hook into contact with the fabric. In order to prevent a torsional pulling or straining upon the holding-plate and also a vertical movement of the hook on said plate, the 95 clamping-prongs B<sup>3</sup> are bent upward over the cross-bar A<sup>2</sup> and downward upon the upper surface thereof, so as to prevent a vertical movement of the hook within the plate B.

In Fig. 5 a slightly-modified application of 100 the invention is shown, wherein a coveringstrip is passed over the plate B, between the

hooks A<sup>3</sup> and said plate, which strip may be secured in position by passing the points of the prongs B<sup>3</sup> through the same. This prevents any oxidation or corrosive action upon 5 the plate B by reason of perspiration or other moisture coming in contact with the plate.

It will be obvious that the plate and hook may be formed of any desired material, suitably ornamented, and that the single blank to herein presented produces a quick and efficient method of firmly securing and attaching the hook to one garment in position to engage the pin-points thereof with an adjacent garment.

It is further obvious that changes may be made in the details of construction and configuration of the several parts without departing from the spirit of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

o Having described my invention, what I claim as new, and desire to secure by Letters

1. A garment hook comprising parallel pinpoints connected together by a cross-bar, a 25 plate adapted to embrace said hook and secure the same to a fabric, and clampingprongs carried by the said plate to engage the

cross-bar and prevent a vertical movement of said hook; substantially as specified.

2. A securing-plate for a garment-hook provided with oppositely-disposed side prongs, a downwardly-extending securing-prong at an angle to said side prongs and parallel depending clamping-prongs; substantially as specified.

3. A garment-hook comprising shank portions connected by a cross-bar, a securing-plate for said hook having at opposite sides prongs adapted to embrace said shank portions and pass through an adjacent fabric, a 40 central depending prong from said plate adapted to embrace the cross-bar of said hook and pass through said fabric, and clamping-prongs at each side of said central prong adapted to be bent downward upon said cross-bar to hold the same against vertical movement upon said plate; substantially as specified.

In testimony whereof I affix my signature in presence of two witnesses.

LAURA V. STICKNEY.

Witnesses:
GEO. M. CLINE,

GEO. M. CLINE, RICHARD C. CUSHING.