

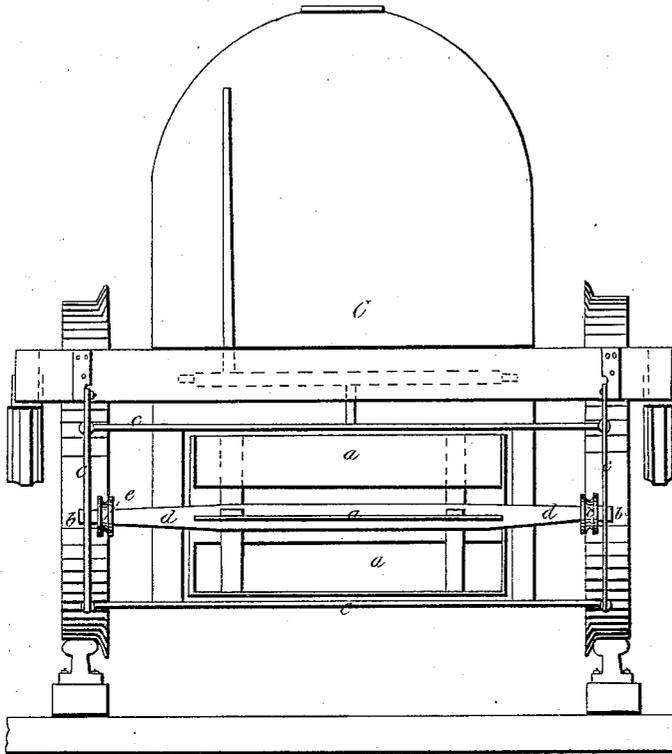
M. W. BALDWIN.

Locomotive.

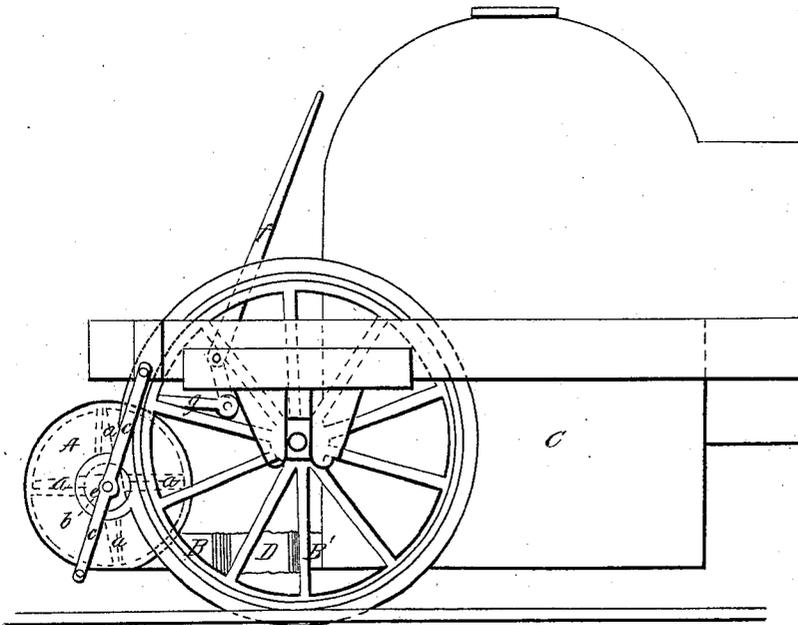
No. 1,921.

Patented Dec. 31, 1840.

*Fig. 2.*



*Fig. 1.*



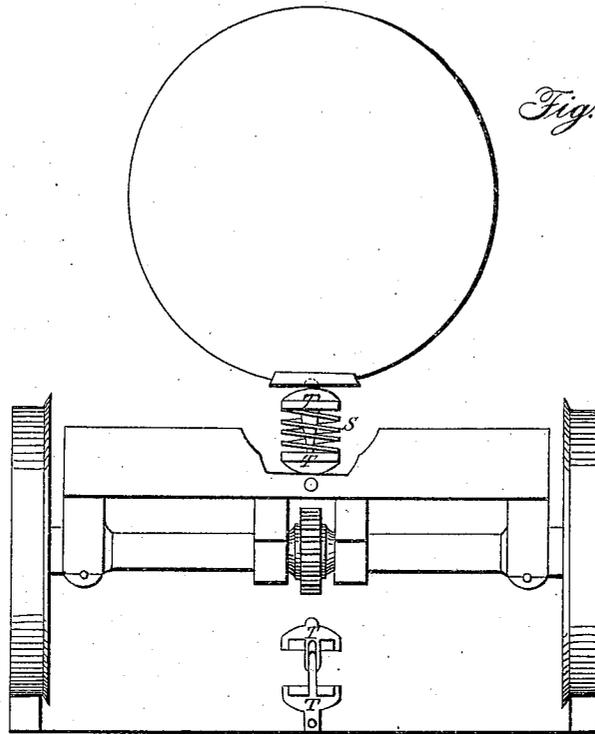
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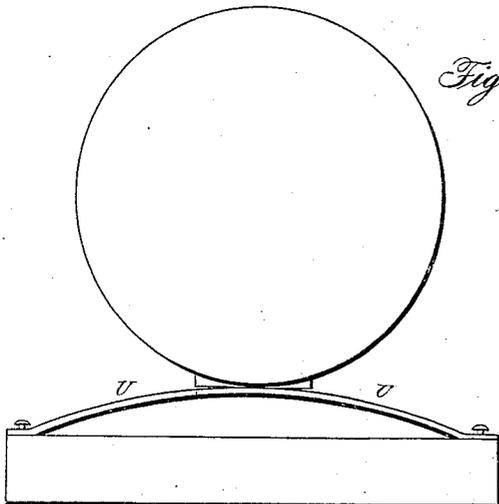
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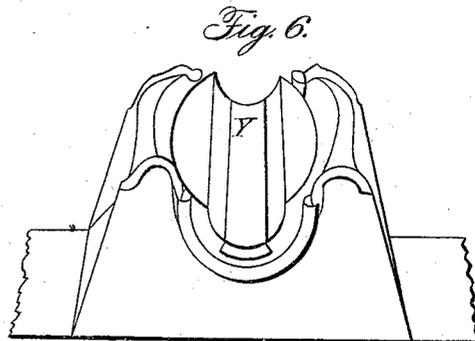
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*Fig. 4.*



*Fig. 5.*



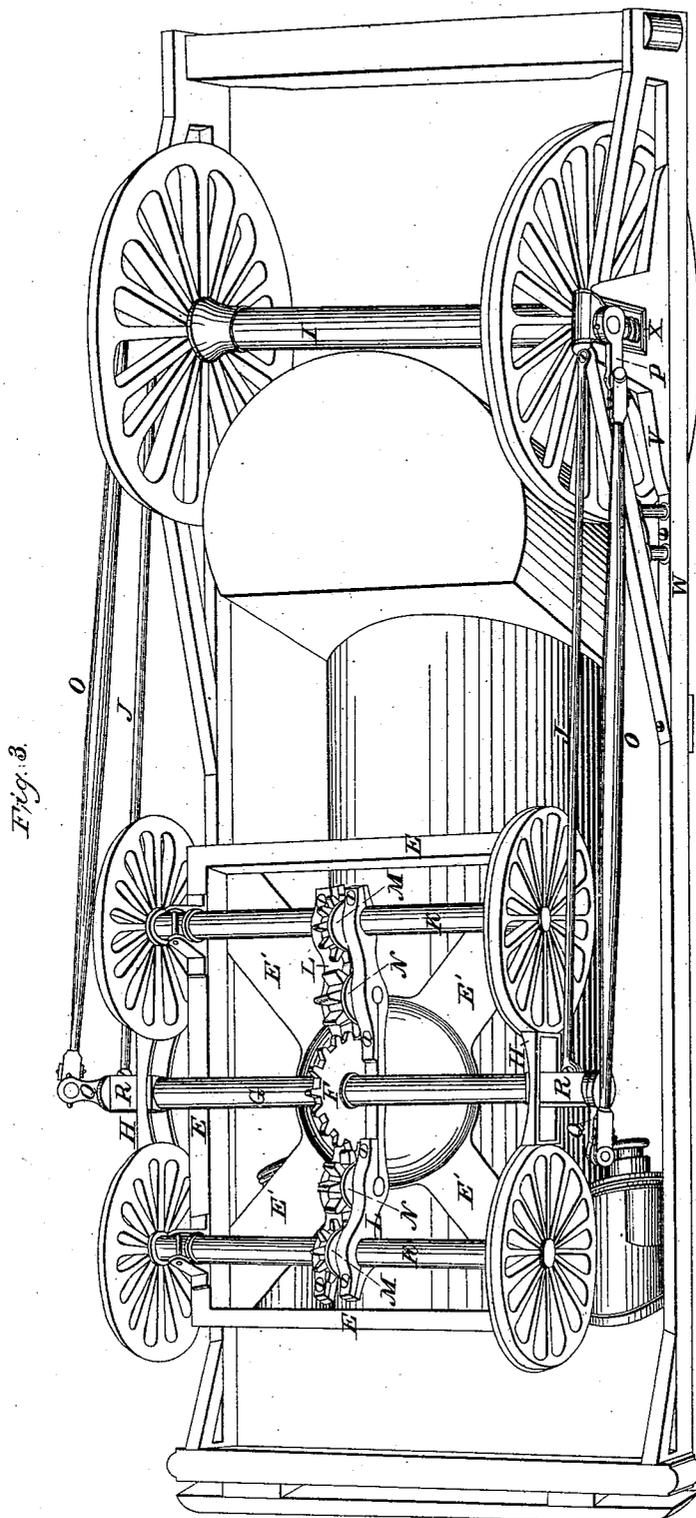
*Fig. 6.*

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# UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

M. W. BALDWIN, OF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

## LOCOMOTIVE-ENGINE.

Specification of Letters Patent No. 1,921, dated December 31, 1840.

*To all whom it may concern:*

Be it known that I, MATTHIAS W. BALDWIN, of the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, have made certain improvements in the Manner of Constructing Locomotive Steam-Engines; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full and exact description thereof.

My first improvement relates to the manner of operating a fan, or blowing wheel, for the purpose of blowing the fire, which fan, or blowing wheel, I cause to revolve by the friction of grooved pulleys which are made to embrace the flanches of the driving wheels of such engines, which, on my plan of making them will be behind the fire-box.

In the accompanying drawing, Figure 1, is a side view of a part of a locomotive engine, showing the fire-box, and such other parts as are requisite to exhibit the manner of fixing the blowing apparatus. A, is the drum within which the fan wheel revolves, the vanes of which are shown by the dotted lines *a, a*. The gudgeon on one end of the shaft of the fan is shown at *b*, having its bearing in a piece *c, c*, which constitutes a part of a frame within which the drum A, is embraced, and by which it is hung to the locomotive carriage. Fig. 2, is an end view of the locomotive, representing the same parts generally, as those shown in Fig. 1, and which are designated by the same letters of reference; but in this figure, the drum is not represented, being removed for the purpose of showing the vanes *a, a, a*, of the fan wheel, which are attached to the shaft *d, d*. Upon the projecting ends of this shaft, there are grooved pulleys *e, e*, the grooves of which embrace the flanches of the driving wheels, and are by this means made to give motion to the fan wheel. To enable these grooved wheels to adapt themselves to the inequalities in the motion of the driving wheels, I allow them to have a lateral motion on the shaft *d, d*, which may be effected by making the part of the shaft on which they are placed square, or by the use of a feather and groove, or other analogous device. The frame *c, c*, of the fan wheel, I suspend at its upper side to the frame of the locomotive, in such a manner that the pulleys *e, e*, shall bear upon the flanches of the driving wheels, against which they may be made to press not only by the gravity of the apparatus, but by means of a spring, or springs, or by a weight and pulley. A lever

*f*, attached to a joint piece *g*, is employed to enable the engineer to increase, or to diminish, the pressure of the pulleys upon the driving wheels, at pleasure. B, B', is an air tube leading from the drum A, into the ash-pit of the fire-box C; one part of this tube may be made to slide freely within the other, or there may be a flexible connecting piece D, covering the joint.

My next improvement consists in a new mode of arranging the gearing and general connection of the driving and truck wheels, in which arrangement the connecting axle is retained in its place, in part by being confined to the engine frame, and in part by the truck frame, in consequence of the particular manner in which I construct said frame. Fig. 3, in the accompanying drawings, which is a perspective view of the under side of my locomotive, represents this improved arrangement of the gearing, and of the respective parts connected therewith. E, E, E, is the truck frame, which is braced diagonally by the cross piece E', E', constituting a part of said frame; this piece is made dishing in the circular part at its center, to allow room for the gearing wheel F, which is made fast on the connecting axle G, G. The truck frame turns freely on a center pin projecting down from the under side of the boiler, in the usual manner, and is free to vibrate upon it in all directions. The ends of the connecting axle G, pass through the guide frames H, H, which frames are firmly attached to the truck frame, thus leaving the truck free to turn upon its center, and combining and connecting it with the said axle; this axle is thus allowed to vibrate vertically, while its parallelism to the axle I, of the driving wheels is preserved by means of the rods J, J, which are attached at one end to the connecting axle, and at the other to the main frame of the locomotive; these rods play sufficiently upon their points of attachment to allow the axle G, G, to vibrate vertically with the truck, as above stated. K, K, are the axles of the truck wheels, and L, L, is a gearing frame which embraces these axles, and also the toothed wheels M, M, which are attached to them. N, N, are intermediate wheels having their gudgeons in the frame L, L, and gearing into the wheels F, and M, M; the intermediate wheels N, N, are made of sufficient thickness to allow of the requisite lateral play of the truck, and, consequently, of the



that by making all the wheels of the same size in one, or both trucks, the connection between them and the connecting axle may be made by forming a crank on the center of each of those axles, and using a connecting rod common to each of these cranks, but I think the mode of gearing exhibited by me in Fig. 3, is preferable.

Having thus fully described the respective improvements in the locomotive engine which I desire to secure by Letters Patent, what I claim therein is as follows:

1. I claim the manner of combining and arranging the connecting axle placed intermediately between the truck wheels, and passing through guide boxes attached to the truck frame, substantially as set forth; while at the same time the parallelism of the said connecting axle of the driving wheels is maintained by the means herein described, or by arrangements similar there-

to in their nature and results; by which arrangement and combination of parts the connecting axle has a free vibration vertically with the truck frame, while the truck frame is also free to vibrate horizontally.

2. I claim the substituting a metallic stuffing, consisting of wire, instead of cotton, hemp, wool, or the other fibrous materials ordinarily employed, whether the same be used around the stems of valves, in stuffing boxes, or in other situations where such packing is required.

3. I claim the combining of spiral springs with the cylindrical boxes and pedestals for the wheels of locomotive cars &c., constructed and arranged as herein set forth.

M. W. BALDWIN.

Witnesses:

JOHN BINNS,  
PETER WINEMOT.